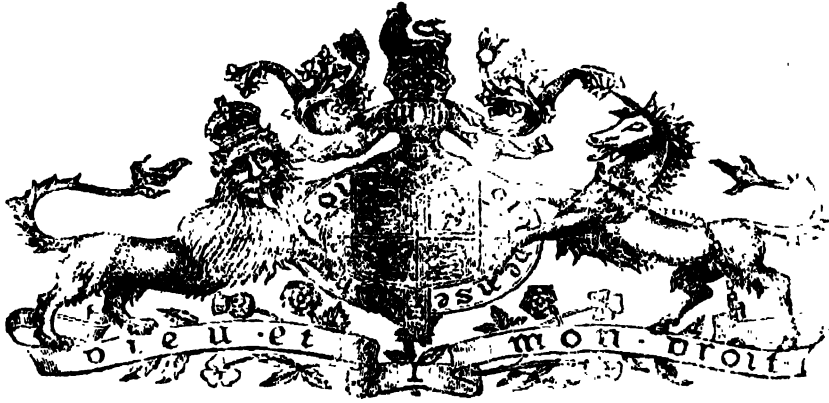


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The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

POST OFFICE

No. 10629.

Simla, the 1st October, 1918.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in rule 27 of the rules issued with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

“ In clause 6, the words ‘ myrrh ’ and ‘ mace ’ shall be inserted after the word ‘ ginger ’.”

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION

PUBLIC.

No. 1585.

Simla, the 2nd October, 1918.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that Monday, the 7th October 1918, be observed as a public holiday throughout British India in celebration of the cessation of hostilities between the Allies and Bulgaria and the recent successes on the various battle fronts.

S. R. HIGNELL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 4th October 1918.

No. 108-1. E.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following promotion in the said Order:—

To be a Knight Grand Commander.

The Honourable Sir WILLIAM STEVENSON MEYER, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E.,
Indian Civil Service, an Ordinary Member of the Council of the
Governor-General. Dated the 3rd October 1918.

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

*Secretary to the Most Eminent Order
of the Indian Empire.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1918

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 16th March, 1918.

On and after 30th March and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Simla. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Simla and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India."

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By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 5th October 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

September 23.

3897. S. T. Dutton. *An improved roller guide for point rodding on railways.*
 3898. W. & T. Avery Ltd. *Improvements in and connected with scales for automatically weighing granular or like substances.*
 3899. V. Mardon. *Rubber seed-removing knife.*
 3900. J. Walker. *An improved device for securing the doors of railway carriages.*
 3901. F. A. Hill. *Improved weighing machine with recording gear.*

September 24.

3902. S. M. Husain. *Bar soap for washing purposes.*
 3903. E. Bullock-Webster. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for the propulsion of vehicles and for the prevention of skidding.*
 3904. J. de Bruyn. *An improved food product of edible oils and fats, and process of producing same.*
 3905. Minerals Separation Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the concentration of ores.*
 3906. S. A. Pollock. *Improvements in or relating to the rectification of alternating currents of electricity.*

September 25.

3907. J. W. C. Hamilton and E. W. Quirk. *Improvements in sterilizing cereals, nuts, seeds and the like.*
 3908. Electrolytic Zinc Company of Australasia Proprietary Ltd. *Improvements in the treatment of zinc solutions preparatory to the recovery of zinc by electro deposition.*
 3909. Electrolytic Zinc Company of Australasia Proprietary Ltd. *Improvements in the treatment of zinc solutions preparatory to the recovery of zinc by electro deposition.*
 3910. G. Rigg. *Improvements in the desulphurisation of zinc sulphide ores.*

September 26.

3911. Nobel's Explosives Co. Ltd. *Improvements relating to explosives.*
 3912. Iswari Pershad Ramlal Co. *Diffusing material white.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3491. F. L. Rapson. *Improvements in or relating to lifting jacks and the like for use on motor road and other vehicles.*
 3782. E. S. Smith. *Improvement in carburettors.*
 3859. A. Woolley and E. F. Gethin. *Improvements in axlebox lubricators for railway vehicles and the like.*
 3861. W. C. Lewtey. *A light-fuel boiler furnace.*
 3864. H. McReynolds and E. F. Slade. *A new improved method for propelling boats.*
 3869. E. E. Ellis. *Spring wedge lock.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specification may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3409. G. Moore. *Adjustable shock absorber spring attachment for all wheeled vehicles.*
 3753. C. R. Carrington. *Light reflector.*
 3775. R. I. Datta. *Process of recovery of sulphur.*
 3780. W. A. Raye. *Improved drying gum.*
 3793. Burdons, Ltd. *Improvements in liquid fuel furnaces.*
 3794. C. A. Parsons. *Improvements in packing for rotating shafts.*
 3795. E. H. Belden. *Improvements in steering mechanism.*
 3797. R. G. Hall. *Improvements in or relating to process for concentrating ores.*
 3798. W. H. Drake. *Process of and apparatus for forming articles from pulp.*
 3799. M. P. Appell. *Automatic toy pistol.*
 3801. Electric & Ordnance Accessories Company, Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to regulating or controlling systems for electric motors.*
 3802. E. A. Bolinder. *Improvements in or relating to the method of manufacturing barrels, casks and the like.*
 3803. J. Lowe and J. J. Lyth. *Method of and apparatus for straightening web threads.*
 3804. J. Lowe and J. J. Lyth. *Tension equalizers.*
 3806. W. Walton. *Improvements in certain loom pickers.*
 3811. N. B. Mahomed Siddiq. *Improvements in padlocks.*
 3813. Grip Nut Company. *Improvements in lock nuts and process of making the same.*
 3820. K. Ohtani. *Leading-in wire of nickel.*
 3826. W. Small. *Improved rope driving band machine.*
 3827. S. R. Majumdar. *A new or improved arrangement and distribution of the Bengalee alphabetical characters, signs, symbols and marks and adapting the same to a type-writing machine for the purpose of perfectly type-writing the Bengalee language.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3209. Barraclough. | 3696. Barker. |
| 3341. Mukherjee. | 3700. Julius and Wilkinson. |
| 3683. Addis. | |

PATENTS SEALED.

- | | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 3103. Indra Shanker, Bankey Lal & Shiam Lal. | 3676. The Fibre Corporation Ltd. |
| 3620. Pillai. | 3677. The Fibre Corporation Ltd. |
| 3665. Griffin. | 3680. McEntire. |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 309 of 1905. Cross. (To 27 September 1919.)
 60 of 1907. Mills Equipment Co., Ltd. (To 24 September 1919.)
 141 of 1907. Metcalfe & anr. (To 24 September 1919.)
 166 of 1907. International Cigar Machinery Co. (To 24 September 1919.)
 409 of 1907. Imperial Automatic Light, Ltd. (To 9 October 1919.)
 342 of 1908. Hayes. (To 28 September 1919.)
 3 of 1910. Monotype Machine (Col. Pat.) Syndicate Ltd. (To 24 September 1919.)
 358 of 1910. Dutton & ors. (To 24 September 1919.)
 303 of 1911. Hendry & anr. (To 2 November 1919.)
 725 of 1911. Diplock. (To 24 July 1919.)
 861 of 1912. Diplock. (To 10 July 1919.)
 533 of 1912. Houlderfort & ors. (To 30 September 1919.)
 534 of 1912. Rechnitzer. (To 30 September 1919.)
 590 of 1912. Babcock & Wilcox Ltd. (To 4 November 1919.)
 695 of 1913. Bricknell and ors. (To 13 January 1920.)
 1213 of 1913. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. (To 30th September 1919.)
 1214 of 1913. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. (To 30 September 1919.)
 1217 of 1913. Tyer & Co. (To 30 September 1919.)
 1219 of 1913. Aziz and anr. (To 1 October 1919.)
 1308 of 1913. Wapshare. (To 15 November 1919.)
 1742 of 1914. Eneas. (To 30 June 1919.)
 1837 of 1914. Leparre. (To 17 August 1919.)
 1896 of 1914. Minerals Separation Ltd. (To 13 October 1919.)
 1897 of 1914. Minerals Separation Ltd. (To 13 October 1919.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1905.

7, (Moore).

1914.

1736, (Wil-on). 1737, (Das). 1738, (Hayes and anr).

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

From 23rd to 28th September 1918.

- Class 5. Nos. 7923 and 7924. Arthur Coulson Mullen, of The Mall, Amritsar, Punjab. September 23.
- Class 13. Nos. 7792 to 7821. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. September 18.
- Class 13. Nos. 7828 to 7913. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. September 23.
- Class 15. Nos. 7822 to 7826. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. September 18.
- Class 15. Nos. 7914 to 7922. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. September 23.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India applications should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*.

These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD . . .	R. C. Technical Institute.	HYDERABAD . . .	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
ALLAHABAD . . .	Public Library.	JALPAIGURI . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BANGALORE . . .	Indian Institute of Science.	KARACHI . . .	Office of City Deputy Collector.
BOMBAY . . .	Record Office.	LAHORE . . .	Punjab Public Library.
" . . .	Victoria Jubilee Textile Institute, Bynalla.	LONDON . . .	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
" . . .	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	MADRAS . . .	Record Office, Egmore.
CALCUTTA . . .	Patent Office, No. 1, Connaught House Street.	" . . .	College of Engineering
" . . .	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE . . .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE . . .	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR . . .	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSURAH . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA . . .	College of Engineering
CHITTAGONG . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON . . .	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
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7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the *Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888)* are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. *Specifications* and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	price.	
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(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)	1	0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi) each	0	2
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
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Annual Subscription with postage	3	0
(f) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index 1900-1908 and Chronological lists 1900-1904)	2	0
(g) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index 1900-1911 and Chronological lists 1905-1911)	3	0
(h) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly) each	0	8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917 each	1	0
(j) Specifications of Inventions each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

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List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

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- M. Mohd. Akbar Khan Haidari, The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
- M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
- M. Anand Sarup, Sadar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment (winter only).
- M. Shaikh Amir Bukhsh, Gyani, Munshi Fazil, Urdu Instructor, Officers' School, Ambala Cantonment.
- M. Amar Nath Varma, Young Officers' School of Instruction, Ambala Cantonment.
- M. Chhote Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.
- M. Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.
- *M. S. Habib Ullah, Professor of Oriental Languages, C/o Haji Masik Ullah, Syddar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment.
- M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R.M.S. and Sording, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.

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- M. Mohd. Imdad Hussain, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment.
- M. Hussain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
- *M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, 1, Gun Troop Road, Ulsoor P. O.; Bangalore Cantonment.
- M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
- M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).

BANNU.—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

BAROILLY—

- M. Mohd. Arif, B. I. Bazar, Baroilly.
- M. Rashid Ahmad Khan, Old City, Sailani, Baroilly.

BOMBAY—

- Mr. H. M. Anwar, Karelwadi, Thakurwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.
- Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

CALCUTTA—

- M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S., 2/1/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
- M. Badru-z-Zaman, 212/1, Linton Street, Calcutta.
- M. Abdul Badi, 5, Ramsanker Roy Lane, Calcutta.
- M. A. M. F. Wahhab, Librarian, Calcutta Madrassah, 34, Collin Street, Calcutta.
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- M. Abdul Karim Nashtar, 52, Ice Factory Lane, P. O. Entally.
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- *M. Badruddin Ahmed, B.A., 3, Elliot Lane, Calcutta.
- M. Mohd. Israil Khan, 5, Dootor Karam Hossain Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
- M. Syed Nawab Ali, 11, Colocotola Street, Calcutta.
- M. Wahidun Nabi Khan, 88/1, Old Baitak Khana Road, Harrison Road P. O.
- M. Daliluddin Ahmed, 37, Karaya Bazar Road, Balligunge, Calcutta.
- M. Abdul Wajid, 106, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
- M. A. M. Ubaidur Rashid, B.A., 4, Korabardar Lane, P. O. Wellesley, Calcutta.
- M. Mohd. Muslim, 12, Damzen's Lane, Chinapara, Calcutta.
- M. Nisar Ahmad Khan, 49, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta.
- M. Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
- *M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
- M. Azherus Sadain, 138/1, Karaya Road.
- M. Abdul Habib Khan, 44, Gora Chand Road, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
- M. Syed Abu Zafar, 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
- *M. Mohamed Sharafat Ali, 27, Jhowtala Lane, Balligunge P. O.
- M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, 28, Park Lane.

CAWNPORE—

- M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
- M. Syed Aulad Hussain, Second Master, 44/170, Ahta Kamal Khan, Halsey Road, Cawnpore.

DELHI.—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

FEROZEPORE—

- M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
- M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HAPUR.—M. S. Khursad Ali, Mohalla Kaziwara, Hapur, District Meerut.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHELUM.—M. Thakur Das Pahwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

- M. Abdul Bahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
- M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.

JULLUNDUR—

- M. Karam Chand, C/o Jacki Mull & Sons, Suddar Bazaar, Jullundur Cantonment.
- M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depot, Jullundur.
- M. Hari Chand (of Bahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Bai, Officers' Munshi, Bahon, Dist. Jullundur.

KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadomal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.

KASAUJI.—M. Anand Sarup, Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KHILCHIPUR.—M. Rameshwar Dayal, Head Master, A. V. M. School, Khilchipur, C. I.

KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.

LAHORE—

M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

*M. Sayyad Aulad Ali Gilani (Munshi Fazil), Miran Shah Lane, Taksali Gate, Lahore.

M. Mohd. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Sabri, Mohalla Sammian, Chhawni Manawala, Taksali Gate, Lahore.

M. Mool Chand Sahgal, Regimental Munshi, 1/5th Devonshire Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.

M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW—

M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.

M. Mohammad Musharraf Ali, Hewett Road, near Post Office, Lucknow.

M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, C/o M. Muzaffar Hamid, Oriental Professor, La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, Ed) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.

MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.

MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.

MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS—

M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).

M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

MUSSOORIE.—M. H. Ahmad Fakhriy, Islamia School, Mussoorie.

NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

PATNA.—M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR—

M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.

M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.

M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

POONA.—*M. S. Barkat Ali, Regimental Munshi, 1st Garrison Battalion, Norfolk Regiment, Poona.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

QUETTA—

M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Ahmed Bux, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mohamad Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Abdul Aziz, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.

M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Dittu Ram, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, King's Liverpool Regiment, Baboo Mohalla, Quetta.

M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judgo, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.

RAWALPINDI—

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).

M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

M. K. R. Mohta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).

M. Fazi Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.

RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.

ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.

SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU.—*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Urdu Instructor, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Mukhtarom Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallora.

KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothan, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Naray an Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavys-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.

Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.

SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.

Qualified Tamil Teachers.**MADRAS—**

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI.—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

CALCUTTA,

The 24th July 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

**SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE,
CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID
AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „
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QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ½-lb., ¼-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is available in ½-lb., ¼-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ½-lb., ¼-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ½ and ¼ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 3rd October 1918.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th September 1918.

RESERVE.															
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.				COIN AND BULLION.							SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICES).				
In Reserve Treasuries.		Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.		In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	Held in India.	Held in England.	TOTAL.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
1,36,92,535	39,90,13,110	41,27,12,645	3,27,83,973	2,46,30,378	6,31,02,072	12,35,865	...	...	...	...	7,96,28,800	9,99,99,946	75,99,06,300	1,08,12,87,034	(a) Nominal value— R10,20,81,500.
...	3,91,21,077	3,91,21,077	67,76,990	52,88,077	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,20,65,067	(b) Nominal value— R77,60,01,571.
...	11,03,01,090	11,03,01,090	1,64,61,994	1,77,90,464	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,42,52,483	(c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918.
21,24,950	49,78,65,468	49,99,90,425	4,80,71,505	14,64,36,231	1,23,17,230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,68,24,967	
...	4,90,72,472	4,90,72,472	36,50,328	21,88,700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57,95,028	
43,12,465	16,23,21,537	16,66,34,052	63,80,779	40,42,448	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,04,23,237	
...	7,60,06,684	7,60,06,684	97,06,062	34,84,605	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,31,90,667	
2,01,86,960	1,32,37,01,468	1,34,39,38,448	12,38,47,032	20,35,10,903	7,54,19,302	12,35,865	...	...	...	...	7,96,28,500	9,99,99,946	75,99,06,300	1,34,38,38,448	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue															
Deduct—Amount due on T. T.'s drawn by one Circle on another															
TOTAL CIRCULATION R 1,34,38,38,448															
TOTAL RESERVE R 1,34,38,38,448															

Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of issue

Deduct—Amount due on T. T.'s drawn by one Circle on another

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending the 30th September 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 30th September 1918.E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

Statement of Income and Expenditure of the Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund during the year 1917-18.

Income.		Expenditure.	
	Rs. A. P.	Expenses of management :—	Rs. A. P.
Balance on the 1st April 1917	. . . 5,66,669 3 8	Establishment . . . . .	. . . 2,616 0 0
Subscriptions . . . . .	. . . 54,012 11 9	Pension Contribution . . . . .	. . . 420 0 0
Deposits . . . . .	. . . 85 0 0	Medical Examination Fees . . . . .	. . . 144 0 0
Interest for the year 1916-17.	. . . 21,985 5 7	Money Order Commission . . . . .	. . . 1 6 0
1/3th share of Pension realized from Government for the year 1916-17 . . . . .	. . . 1,120 0 0	Postage and Telegram . . . . .	. . . 30 6 0
State subvention in Daughters' branch realized from the Government for 1916-17 . . . . .	. . . 2,051 2 2	Stamps on Entrance Certificates . . . . .	. . . 3 0 0
Additional contribution realized from subscribers on Foreign Service . . . . .	. . . 294 3 0	Miscellaneous . . . . .	. . . 2 6 3
		Refund of Deposits . . . . .	. . . 17 0 0
		Refund of Subscription . . . . .	. . . 47 3 4
		Additional contribution realized in 1916-17 credited to Government . . . . .	. . . 247 3 9
		Pension to Incumbents . . . . .	. . . 20,086 1 7
		Balance on the 31st March 1918	23,614 10 11 6,22,602 15 3*
	6,46,217 10 2		6,46,217 10 2

* Excluding March 1918, supply.

M. GHATAK,
Comptroller, India Treasuries.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund on the 31st March 1918.

Assets.		Liabilities.	
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Balance on the 31st March 1918	6,22,602 15 3	Annuities payable (outstanding)	3,113 9 1
Stamped Entrance Certificates	0 12 0	Establishment	253 0 0
Postage Stamps	4 2 0	Deposits	68 0 0
			3,434 9 1
		Balance of Assets	6,19,173 4 2
	6,22,607 13 3		6,22,607 13 3

M. GHATAK,
Comptroller India Treasuries.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 1st October 1918.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	6,85,52,145	0 0
Reserve Fund	2,26,00,000	0 0	Other authorized Investments	1,41,93,714	0 0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i>	67,50,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	12,60,50,193	1 9
	1,58,50,000	0 0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,78,25,524	6 4
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	2,30,52,234	6 2
Public Deposits at Head Office	4,53,76,684	14 10	Balances with other Banks	52,03,249	3 4
Public Deposits at Branches	3,67,33,734	1 0	Bullion	.....
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	28,79,61,218	3 10	Dead Stock	28,24,816	1 5
Bank Post Bills, etc.	23,65,388	12 1	Stamps	12,266	2 2
Sundries	21,80,194	4 4	Sundries	19,58,216	0 6
RUPREES	41,72,17,218	4 10		29,76,72,358	5 8
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	4,78,42,103	9 11
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	7,17,02,756	5 3
			RUPREES	41,72,17,218	4 10

* Includes Sovs. & ½ Sovs., value Rs. 3,77,825 0 0

† Do. do. do. .. 5,15,025 0 0

Rs. 892,350 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:

H. FISHER,

N. H. Y. WARREN,

Calcutta, 3rd October 1918.

Chief Accountant.

Secretary & Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 31·91.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

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 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

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J. A. CHAPMAN,

Librarian.

NOTICE.

Under the King of Oudh's Estate Validation Act (Act No. XII of 1917) the sum of Rs. 77,856 (Seventy-seven thousand and eight hundred and fifty-six) and the interest accrued due since 1st January 1914 on a share amounting to Rupees two hundred thousand in a certain Government Promissory Note No. 018878 for Rupees five hundred thousand and standing in the name of Malka Kishwar will be available for distribution from the office of the Collector of the 24-Parganas and Superintendent of Political Pensions to those issues of Malka Kishwar who are descended from her son, the late Wajid Ali Shah, the late King of Oudh and who are heirs under the Muhammadan Law. Persons entitled to a share in the distribution should apply to the undersigned before the 31st December 1918, in the form shown below.

1. Name and address of the applicant.
2. Relationship with the late King of Oudh.
3. The fractional share in the whole amount claimed by the applicant, 1 being taken to represent the whole amount available for distribution.
4. A brief statement showing how the share claimed is arrived at under the Mohammedan Law.

W. D. R. PRENTICE,

Collector of the 24-Parganas and Superintendent of Political Pensions.

Dated the 25th September, 1918.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.**NOTIFICATION.**

Lahore, the 25th September 1918.

No. 9.—Mr. H. H. Cooper, Assistant Loco. Superintendent in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani on the 1st July 1918.

S. P. FLOWERDEW,
for Agent, North Western Railway.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 25th September 1918.

No. 3916-G.—Lieutenant C. J. F. Dyer, 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, attached to the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, was granted leave in India under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 32 days, with effect from the 3rd July 1918.

No. 3917-G.—Lieutenant F. H. Drake, 2-4th Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, attached to the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 3rd (Lahore) Division, is granted leave in India under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 30 days, with effect from the 11th September 1918.

The 27th September 1918.

No. 3958-G.—Mr. W. E. Richards, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, in the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, on medical grounds, with effect from the 9th September 1918.

No. 3959-G.—Mr. H. F. Brisley, Superintendent, in the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 10th September 1918, during the absence of Mr. Richards on privilege leave.

The 1st October 1918.

No. 4073-G.—Major E. S. J. Anderson, I.A., Controller of Military Accounts, 7th (Meerut) Division, is granted leave in India under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 10 days, in extension of the leave granted to him in Military Accounts Department Notification No. 3641-G., dated the 16th September 1918, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, dated the 21st September 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant-General.

ORDER BY THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

Quetta, the 27th September 1918.

No. 6032.—It is notified for general information that the persons named in the subjoined table have passed the Naib Tahsildar's Examination held at Quetta on the 26th, 27th, and 28th August 1918 in the subjects noted in column 4.

Serial No.	Name.	Father's name.	REMARKS.	
			3	4
1	L. Ram Chandra	M. Hari Chand		Duties of Tahsildars in regard to assessment and collection of revenue (including Water Mills and Cattle Tax) and Tahsil Accounts (Completes the examination).
2	M. Sarwar Shah	Syed Sher Jan Shinghari		Arithmetic.
3	B. Bishan Singh	B. Jowahar Singh		(1) Duties of Tahsildars in regard to assessment and collection of revenue (including Water Mills and Cattle Tax) and Tahsil Accounts (2) the British Baluchistan Criminal Justice Regulation and the Criminal Procedure Code (Completes the Examination).
4	M. Abdur Rahman, Saddozai	M. Ahmad Khan, Saddozai		(1) The Punjab Land Revenue Act and Patwaris and Kanungos rules (2) Duties of Tahsildars in regard to assessment and collection of revenue (including Water Mills and Cattle Tax) and Tahsil Accounts (3) The British Baluchistan Civil Justice Regulation and the Civil Procedure Code (4) The British Baluchistan Criminal Justice Regulation and the Criminal Procedure Code.
5	M. Jiwan Singh	B. Sant Singh		(1) The Punjab Land Revenue Act and Patwaris and Kanungos rules (2) Duties of Tahsildars in regard to assessment and collection of revenue (including Water Mills and Cattle Tax) and Tahsil Accounts (3) Taccavi Advances, Registration and Excise Acts and local Rules thereunder (4) Arithmetic (5) Mensuration.
6				

A. B. DEW, Lt.-Col.,
Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, DELHI.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 25th September 1918.

Transfer and Taking over Charge.

No. 4599-80-E.-B.—Mr. H. J. Glenn, Executive Engineer, is transferred from the IV Project Division, which he left on the forenoon of the 2nd September 1918, to the New Cantonment Division, 2nd Circle, Delhi, which he joined at the same time.

Mr. Glenn took over Executive charge of the New Cantonment Division, from Mr. J. C. Stronach, Officiating Executive Engineer, on the afternoon of the 2nd September 1918.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 25th September 1918.

No. 3089-D.—Mr. A. C. Lothian, I.C.S., Assistant Political Agent in Bundelkhand, who was granted 2 months' privilege leave with effect from the afternoon of the 8th August 1918 in Central India Agency Notification No. 2803-D., dated the 30th August 1918 rejoined his duties on the forenoon of 20th September 1918. The unexpired portion of his leave is hereby cancelled.

By order,

H. R. LYNCH BLOSSE,

Offg. First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General in Central India.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 28th September 1918.

No. 1288—1093.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899) and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendments in the Ajmer-Merwara Petroleum Rules issued in this office Notification No. 1530—1093, dated the 14th October 1909 :—

In Chapter IV, Part II—

(1) The following shall be added to rule 9 (1) :—" Permanent licenses in Form F may be granted free of charge for the possession of dangerous petroleum for use on motor vehicles and for its transport thereon for the purpose of use therein. The licenses will be subject to the condition that the owners of the vehicles shall surrender the licenses to the licensing authority if they part with the vehicles on behalf of which they are granted. "

(2) The following words shall be inserted at the beginning of rule 1 of the same Chapter :—

" Save as provided in rule 9 (1) of this Chapter. "

(3) Insert the following as condition 12 at the back of the license Form F :—

" This license need not be renewed annually but the owner shall surrender the license if he parts with the motor vehicle on behalf of which the license is granted."

By order,

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 23rd September 1918.

No. 5063-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 88 of the British Baluchistan Bazaars Regulation, 1910 (V of 1910), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendment in the rules regulating the Provident Fund for employes of the Sibi Bazaar Fund promulgated with his Notification No. 152-R., dated the 8th January 1912 :—

“Substitute the following for rule 1 (1) :—

“‘Salary’, means monthly salary, and does not include travelling or conveyance allowance.”

By order,

R. CHENEVIX TRENCH,

First Assistant.

The 26th September 1918.

No. 6006-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the rules regulating the possession and transport of Petroleum in British Baluchistan issued with his Notification No. 2308, dated the 29th April 1909, as subsequently amended :—

(1) The following shall be added to rule 9 (i) Chapter IV, Part II.

“Permanent licenses in Form F may be granted free of charge for use on Motor Vehicles and for its transport thereon for the purposes of use therein. The licenses will be subject to the condition that the owners of the vehicles shall surrender the licenses to the licensing authority if they part with the vehicles on behalf of which they are granted.”

(2) The following shall be added at the end of rule 1 of the same Chapter.

“(save as provided in rule 9 (i) of this Chapter)”

(3) The following shall be inserted as condition 12 at the back of the license Form F:

“This license need not be renewed annually but the owner shall surrender the license if he parts with the motor vehicle on behalf of which the license is granted.”

By order,

R. CHENEVIX TRENCH,

Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR- GENERAL, RAJPUTANA, AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 27th September 1918.

No 995-A.B.—Mr. E. Kaye, Superintendent of Police, who was appointed to officiate as Inspector General of Railway Police and Police Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, *vide* Notification No. 3325, dated the 26th June 1918, is reverted to the United Provinces Police, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th September 1918, the date on which he relinquished charge of his duties in Rajputana.

By order, &

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 30th September 1918.

No. 6940-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 21st September 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.										Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
	Delhi	225,471	152	137	289	74	79	153	...	...	...	71	9	51	1	21	...	20	39	64	66.65	35.29
	Notified Area	3,673	1	..	1	1	2	3	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	14.15	42.47
	Total	229,144	153	137	290	75	81	156	...	...	...	73	9	52	1	21	...	27	38	65	65.81	35.31

No. 6941-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi, during the half month ending the 15th September 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Rural Circles in the Province.	Deaths registered in previous half month.	Total in present half month.	Death registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.
P. S. Alipur	67	49	...	...	...	26	...	21	1	...	1	1	4	8	12
Nangloi	54	39	...	...	...	17	1	18	...	...	3	...	9	8	17
Najafgarh	81	22	..	...	..	16	...	3	...	...	3	...	2	3	5
Subsimundi	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...
Paharganj . . . . .	...	2	...	...	..	...	...	1	1	..	...	...	...	...	...
Mehrauli	64	27	..	...	...	15	...	10	...	...	2	...	4	4	8
Raisina	16	37	...	...	...	37	..	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	6
Shahdara	85	9	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	1	..	3	2	5
New Cantonment	13	9	...	1	...	3	...	5	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
Total of the District	283	198	...	1	...	123	1	56	3	...	18	1	28	27	55

H. C. BEADON,

Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23RD TO 30TH SEPTEMBER 1918.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.					COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and anacurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres Closing balance of paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidary coinage.	Subsi- diary coin for coinage over.	Closing balance.	
Calcutta . . .	80	1	...	81	64	...	64	18	(a) 202	...	1	221	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	86	...	...	86	86	...	86	...	(b) 77	1	...	78	...	...	...	...	...	54

(a) Exclusive of 218 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

(b) Exclusive of 287 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 3rd Oct. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.****CASE No. 90 OF 1918.**

Rangoon, the 18th September 1918.

In the matter of Abdul Rahiman and Munnay, betel stall keepers, carrying on a partnership business at the corner of the 25th and Fraser Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Abdul Rahiman and Munnay insolvents pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 3rd day of September 1918.

CASE No. 145 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 13th September 1918.

In the matter of Khoo Thian San and Lee Guan Leong, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Khoo Thian San and Lee Guan Leong, formerly carrying on business in copartnership under the name and style of Soon Aik at No. 14, Oliphant Street, Rangoon, on the 12th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Khoo Thian San and Lee Guan Leong.

CASE No. 146 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 18th September 1918.

In the matter of Ee Kyat, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ee Kyat, Trader, residing at No. 19, 15th Street, Rangoon, on the 16th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ee Kyat.

CASE No. 148 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 19th September 1918.

In the matter of C. Hoke Hline, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by C. Hoke Hline, Clerk, residing at No. 45, Crisp Street, Rangoon, on the 5th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 19th day of September 1918, against the said C. Hoke Hline.

CASE No. 147 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 19th September 1918.

In the matter of Maung Tun Myaing, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Tun Myaing, late clerk of Messrs. Bombay Burma Trading Corporation, Ltd., Dunneadaw, now residing at No. 21, 61st Street, Rangoon, on the 18th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Tun Myaing.

CASE No. 149 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 23rd September 1918.

In the matter of Avana Swaminathan Chetty, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Avana Swaminathan Chetty, now a Civil Prisoner in the Rangoon Central Jail, Rangoon, on the 20th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Avana Swaminathan Chetty.

CASE No. 150 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 23rd September 1918.

In the matter of Maung Ba Sein, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Sein, Trader, Stall No. 409C, Surati Bara Bazar, residing at No. 25, Taunglonbyan Quarter, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Sein.

MAUNG GYEE,

Offg. Registrar.

II C 2

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
447-1918	Postanji Edulji Mistry <i>alias</i> Khambata.	Parsi	Panday's Chawl Thakurdwar	Carpenter	24th	September	1918	24th	September	1918
448-1918	Virchand Raghunath Sha.	Hindu	Pydhowni Tamba Kanta	Hawker in Silk cloth	"	"	"	"	"	"
449-1918	Narayan Damodar Lants	"	No. 38, Jairam Kamji's Buildings, Mughhat Cross Lane	Lately clerk in the G. I. P. Railway Wadi Bunder, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
450-1918	Mohanlal Panachand Sha.	"	Mazagon	Lately petty dealer in Red Powder, and now unemployed.	25th	"	"	25th	"	"
451-1918	Shaik Amir bin Shaik Mudoor <i>alias</i> Amir Meeya Mudoo.	Mahomedan	Chowki Molla, New Nagpada	Boiler maker in the P. and O. Company's Workshop, Mazagon.	26th	"	"	26th	"	"
452-1918	Raghunath Waman Vevikar	Hindu	2nd Fenaswadi	Goldsmith	"	"	"	"	"	"
453-1918	Ramji Narayan Bawlekar	"	Fergusson Road	Weaver in the Century Mills, Ltd.	27th	"	"	27th	"	"
454-1918	Dashrath Hanumanta Mooley	"	Tardeo	Lately bullock cart driver, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
455-1918	Pragji Lodha Thaker	"	Baroda lane, Dana Bunder	Lately carrying on business as Mucedum and Speculator in Hessian cloth, gunny bags, etc., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
456-1918	Liladhar Sunderji Roy Sampat	"	Sandhurst Road	Carrying on business as Import Merchant under the name of L. Roy Sampat.	"	"	"	"	"	"
457-1918	Govind Vithoo Kadam and Dhondoo Govind Kadam.	"	Kah Chowki	Jobber and Weaver in the Bombay Cotton Mills, Ltd., respectively.	"	"	"	"	"	"
458-1918	Dwarkanath Sunderji Donvalkar	"	Benham Hall Lane	Accountant in the G. I. P. Railway	"	"	"	"	"	"
459-1918	Mahomed Manlai Khan	Mahomedan	Nagdevi Street, Chhuna	Employee's Co-operative Credit Society, Ltd. Compositor in the <i>Times of India</i> Press, Bombay.	"	"	"	"	"	"
460-1918	Julius D. Penno	Anglo-Indian	Mazagon, Nawab Tank Road.	Fitter in H. M's Mint, Bombay	28th	"	"	28th	"	"
461-1918	Laxmon Baloo <i>alias</i> Shankar Rapoo Chawan.	Hindu	Elphinstone Road	Jobber in the Karimbhoy Mills, Ltd.	30th	"	"	30th	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 30th day of September 1918.

R. B. PATEL.

Chief Clerk.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM
IN BENGAL.
In Insolvency.**

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 136 of 1918.

Dated the 26th September 1918.

Re Sadhan Chander Dey and Bhawani Churn Sadkhan at No. 45, Hari Ghosh's Street in the town of Calcutta and lately carrying on business in copartnership under the name of Sadhan Chander Dey Bejoy Krishna Roy at No. 75, Hari Ghosh's Street in Calcutta aforesaid.

Ex parte Ramkrishna Rameswar Prosad—the creditors S. C. Dutta—Attorney for the creditors.

On the 23rd day of September 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the above-named as Insolvents.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.

Suit No. 16 of 1918.

Delhi, the 3rd September 1918.

In the matter of insolvency of Jamania, son of Mohan, Caste chamar, of Delhi.

It is hereby notified under Section 12 of Act 3 of 1907, that an application filed by Jamania to be adjudicated him an insolvent has been admitted in this Court, and will be heard on 19th October 1918.

TOPAN RAM,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATION.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 1st October 1918.

No. 9.—The undermentioned Officer is granted leave out of India on Medical Certificate with effect from the date and for the period specified against his name.

Engineer-Commander E. J. Ellery, R. I. M.	6 months, with effect from 20th September 1918.
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C. S. SCOTT,
for Offg. Director, Royal Indian Marine.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 25th September 1918.

No. 1832-s-4p.—Mr. Kshetrapada Banerji, retired Superintendent of post offices, is re-employed and appointed to act as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 4th September 1918 and until further orders.

Simla, the 26th September 1918.

No. 1836s-*Ap*.—Mr. Abdul Rahim, Inspector of Sorting, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 14th September 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1839s-*Ap*.—Mr. Rasik Lal Roy, Post Master, Sambalpur, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 1st September 1918, and until further orders.

G. R. CLARKE,

Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC).

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 28th September 1918.

No. 5563-*T*.—Mr. J. W. Steele, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, reverted to the grade of Telegraph Master, with effect from the 18th September 1918.

Mr. G. M. Plettell, Telegraph Master, and Officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, is appointed Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, on probation with effect from the 18th September 1918.

Mr. V. Stephens, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, with effect from the 18th September 1918.

No. 5569-*T*.—Mr. O. A. D. Ross, Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, has been granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 4th September 1918.

Mr. G. A. Cunningham, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. Ross.

G. R. CLARKE,

Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 2nd October 1918.

No. 5640-*T*.—Mr. A. J. Williams, Superintendent of post offices, Traffic, Punjab and North-West Frontier Circle, was granted privilege leave for fifteen days, with effect from the 16th September 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

The 3rd October 1918.

No. 5662-*T*.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 19th September to 2nd October 1918.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Office.</i>			
Lalgarh	Punjab	7th September 1918	Opened.

The following alterations in the names of Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

“Kot Radhakishen” instead of “Radhakishen”.

“Calcutta Amherst Street” instead of “Calcutta Harrison Road.”

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of an Absentee without leave from the 18th Rifle Brigade, dated at Rangoon, this 21st day of September 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—200768, Rifleman, Edwards,
A.
Age—45 years.
Height—5 feet 10 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fair ; hair, fair ; eyes, grey.
Trade—Glasier.

Date of enlistment—23rd September 1914.
Date of absence—17th September 1918.
Place of absence—Rangoon.
Marks—Wearing Long Service Medal Ribbon.
Under four years' service.

Report of an Absentee without leave from the 18th Rifle Brigade, dated at Rangoon, this 21st day of September 1918.

Number, Rank, and Name—200834, Rifleman, Welsh,
G.
Age—42 years.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark ; hair, dark ; eyes, blue.
Trade—Electric Wireman.

Date of enlistment—24th October 1914.
Date of absence—17th September 1918.
Place of absence—Rangoon.
Marks—Wearing S. A. Medal Ribbon.
Under four years' service.

C. A. S. MONTGOMERY, Colonel,
Commanding 18th Rifle Brigade.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2-61st K. G. O. Pioneers, dated at Dhond, this 26th day of September 1918.

Number, Rank, and Name—2nd-Lt. J. Brownley Kent.
Age—28 years.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh ; hair, dark, brushed well
back ; eyes, brown.
Date of Desertion or absence—14th September 1918.

Place of Desertion or absence—Dhond.
Marks—Large scar about 2 or 3 inches long just
above left elbow. Silver plate just under skin one
end of which can be felt just above left elbow.
Tattoo right forearm.
Under one year's commissioned service.

G. D. BRUCE, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 2-61st K. G. O. Pioneers.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1-1st Brecknockshire Battalion,
South Wales Borderers, dated at Mhow, India, this 1st day of October 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—202252, Private, Kerrigan,
John.
Age—24 years.
Height—5 feet 4 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fair ; hair, light brown ; eyes,
blue.
Trade—Coal Trimmer.
Date of Enlistment—21st April 1915, Service reckons
from 25th January 1916.

Place of Enlistment—Not known.
Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Home Address, 3, Etrol St., Glasgow.
Date of Desertion or absence—21st September 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Mhow, Central India.
Marks—Not known.
Under 3 years' service.

A. B. WIGLEY, Major,
Commanding 1-1st Brecknockshire Bn. (S. W. B.)

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RAILWAY BOARD.

Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways corrected up to 30th June 1918. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1 (2a).

Forms referred to in the State Railway Construction Code—Accounts of Sub-Divisional Officers, Executive Engineers, and Examiners of Accounts. Provisional issue. Foolscap. Boards. Rs. 6 (7a).

Technical Paper No. 192. Rules for the preparation of Railway Projects, 1918, with notes by Mr. G. Richards, M.I.C.E., Chief Engineer with Railway Board, India. Foolscap. Paper cover. Re. 1 (2a.)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM JULY TO SEPTEMBER 1918.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Indian Army Act, 1911 (Act No. VIII of 1911), as modified up to the 1st August 1918. Royal 8vo. Stitched. As. 14 (2a.)
Legislation and Orders relating to the War. Sixth Edition (corrected up to 18th May 1918). Royal 8vo. Boards. Re. 1 (5a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

List of Pleaders willing to execute commissions under Order XXVI, Rule IV of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908). Royal 8vo. Stitched. As. 8 (1a. 6p.)

Report on Indian Constitutional Reforms: being the Report submitted by H. E. Lord Chelmsford and the Rt. Hon'ble E. M. Montagu to H. M.'s Government. Royal 8vo. Boards. Cloth back. Re. 1 (8a.)

Report on the Administration of Civil Justice in the Province of Assam during the year 1917. R. 1-13 (1a.)

Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in the Province of Assam during the year 1917. Rs. 2-10 (1a.)

Sedition Committee Report, 1918. Royal 8vo. Board. Re. 1 (3a.)

Press List of Ancient Documents preserved in the Imperial Record Room of the Government of India, Public Department. Foolscap. Vols. II to VIII. Paper cover, the rest boards—

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 " XV (1795 to June 1797). Rs. 5 (6s. 6p.);
 " XVI (July 1797 to March 1799). Rs. 5 (6s. 6p.);
 " XVII (April 1799-1800). Rs. 5-8 (10s. 6p.);

An Abstract of the Early Records of the Foreign Department, Part I (1756-62). By S. C. HILL. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 3 (2s. 6p.)

A Calendar of Indian State Papers, Secret Series, Fort William, 1774-75. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 4 (2s. 6p.)

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Proceedings of the All-India Conference of Librarians, held at Lahore, 4th to 8th January 1918. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 43 (1s.)

A Guide to Taxila. By Sir JOHN MARSHALL, Kt., C. I. E. Royal 8vo. Cloth, boards. Rs. 3 (3s.)

Archaeological Survey of India—Annual Report 1915-16. Edited by Sir JOHN MARSHALL, Kt. Super-Royal. Cloth. Rs. 18 (10s.)

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(FOREST BRANCH.)

The Indian Forest Records, Volume VI, Part V.—Statistics compiled in the Office of the Sylviculturist, Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, during 1916-17. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 10 (1s. 6p.)

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly List of the Foreign and Political Department, No. 47, corrected up to 1st July 1918. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-8 (4s.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, Nos. 493 to 495, 25th May to 25th July 1918. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 4 (1s.) (each).

History of Services of Officers holding appointments in offices under the control of the Government of India, Finance Department, corrected to 1st July 1918. Royal 8vo. Limp. Rs. 1 (3s. 6p.)

Reports on the Administration of the Mints at Calcutta and Bombay for the year 1917-18 with a review. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1 (1s. 6p.)

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, BENGAL.

History of Services of Casteed and other officers serving under the Government of Bihar and Orissa (corrected to 1st July 1918), Part I. Royal 8vo. Limp. Rs. 1-8 (4s. 6p.); Part II, Rs. 1 (3s.)

Report on the Operations of the Paper Currency Department in the Calcutta Circle and the Revenue Operations in the Presidency of Bengal for the year 1917-18. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 3 (1s.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

List of Coal Mines worked under the Indian Mines Act, 1901, in British India during the year 1917, corrected up to 31st December 1917. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1-4 (2s. 6p.)

Report of the Chief Inspector of Mines in India (under the Indian Mines Act, VIII of 1901) for the year ending 31st December 1917. Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 1-12 (3s.)

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS.

Accounts relating to the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for each month during the year 1918-19 (July 1918), No. 4 of 1918-19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (1s. 6p.)

Cotton Press Return, Nos. 15 to 21 of 1917-18. Return showing the quantity of Cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories, and of Cotton received in the Spinning Mills in India, in the half-months ending 15th April to 15th July 1918, together with progressive totals from 1st September 1917. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

Crop Forecasts—
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* The above are obtainable from the Keeper of the Records of the Government of India, Calcutta.

Estimates of Principal Crops in India, 1917-18.

Preliminary statement showing the estimated total yield, the acreage, and the yield per acre of Principal Crops in India in the season 1917-18, with comparisons for 1916-17, and the average yield per acre of the ten years 1907-08 to 1916-17. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.)

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Imports into Chief Ports during April to June 1918. Return showing the quantities of the Principal Staples of Agricultural Products imported into Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and Madras ports by rail, river and sea during the months of April, to June 1918. Foolscap. As. 1-6 (1s.) each.

Indian Customs Revenue. Return showing the Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue) in the three months, April to June four months, April to July and five months April to August 1918-19, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding five years. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

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Large Industrial Establishments in India. Third issue. (No. 550.) Foolscap. Limp. Rs. 2-12 (2s.)

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Monthly Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in Indian Mills, April to June 1918. Nos. 1 to 3 of 1918-19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 3 (1s.) each.

Return showing the Imports into, and Exports from, Chief Ports of wheat, Jute, Cotton and Rice for the weeks ending 15th June to 14th September 1918. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each week.

Return, with a prefatory note, showing (1) the value of the Total Imports by sea of private Merchandise into British India from the Principal Countries, and (2) the value of the Total Exports by sea of Indian Merchandise from British India to the Principal Countries, for each of the Calendar years 1915, 1916 and 1917. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.)

Return, with a prefatory note, showing the Imports and exports of Merchandise (i.e., exclusive of Treasure and Government Stores) by Sea, from and to the Principal Countries in the three months, April to June 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.)

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Army Regulations, India. Volume II.—Regulations and Orders for the Army, 1918. Royal 8vo. Limp. As. 12 (3s.)

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RAILWAY BOARD.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engine and State Railway Revenue Establishments, corrected to 1st July 1918. Royal 8vo. Limp. Rs. 2-8 (3s. 6p.)

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Surveying, Part II. Originally compiled by Lieutenant-Colonel F. FREEBRACE, R.E.; re-written and revised by C. J. VEALE, Esq., Professor of Surveying and Drawing, 11th Edition, 1915. Rs. 2-6.

Thomason Civil Engineering College Manual, Section V, Examples of Estimating.—Originally compiled by the late Ensign Peter Keay, Head Master, Upper Subordinate Class, Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, 8th Edition, 1915, entirely revised by F. W. HART, Instructor in Applied Science, Thomason Civil Engineering College. Rs. 3-8.

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Vol. XII, 1916, Nos. 1-3. At Rs. 2.

Vol. XII, Nos. 4-6. Rs. 2 per number.

Vol. XIII, Nos. 1-5. At Rs. 2 each.

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Vol. VI. Zoological Results of a Tour in the Far East. Part II.—Aquatic Hemiptera from the Tale Sap in Peninsular Siam. By C. A. PAIYA. Aquatic Oligochaeta from Japan and China. By J. STEPHENSON, D.Sc. Hydrozoa and Ctenophora. By N. ANNANDALE, D.Sc., F.A.S.B. Batrachia. By N. ANNANDALE, D.Sc., F.A.S.B. Rs. 5. Part III.—Hirudinea. By Dr. SAJIRO OKA. Mollusca Nudi-branchiata (Ascoglossa). By Sir CHARLES ELIOT, M.A., K.C.M.G., C.B. Rs. 1-8.

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Bardic and Historical Survey of Rajputana. (Jacanica Rathora Ratana Singhaji ri Mahesadasota ri Khiriya Jaga ri Kahi.) Part I. Dingala Text with Notes and Glossary. Rs. 1-8.

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A Bibliography of Indian Geology and Physical Geography with an annotated Index of Minerals of Economic Value. T. H. D. LATOUCHE, M.A., F.G.S., Fellow of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. Bibliography of Geology of India. Rs. 4.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India—

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Volume XLV, Part 1. By A. M. HENON, B.Sc., F.G.S., Assoc. Inst. C.E., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India. The Geology of North-Eastern Rajputana and adjacent Districts. Rs. 8.

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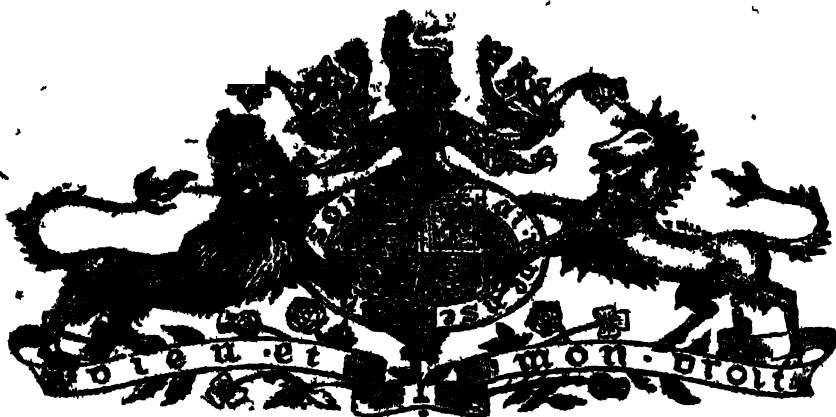
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 Volume XLIX, Part 1. By H. H. HAYDEN, C.I.E., F.R.S., Director, Geological Survey of India, J. COGGIN BROWN, M.Sc., M.Inst.M.M., M.I.M.E., F.G.S., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, and R. FOURMAN. General Report of the Geological Survey of India for the year 1917. The Cassiterite Deposits of Tavoy. Les Echinides des "Bagh Bels" (Plates 1, 2). Rs. 1.

NEW PUBLICATION ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1915. Rs. 2 or 2s. 8d.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ⁷⁷³⁰_{F.1}—Bom. of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 500, originally issued in the name of Ganeshlal Joharmal and Hardatta Jagannath, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Names of the Advertisers—GANESHALAL JOHARMAL AND HARDATTA JAGANNATH,

Residence—Dhulia Agra Road, District West Khandesh.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ^{5313 Bom.}_{F.1} of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Isabhail Tayabali, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—ISABHAI TAYABALI BOHARI,

Residence—Prakasha Taluka Shahada, West Khandesh.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 045084, of the 8 per cent. loan of 1896-97, for Rs. 800, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to Shib Chandra Mukerji, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above security.

SHIB CHANDRA MUKERJI,

Niaz Mohalla, Ghasipur.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all merchants, traders, and dealers having any claims in respect of any outstanding dues against the Orchha (Tikamgarh) State through the orders issued by Mohammed Nooruddin Khan, State Engineer, must send in full particulars of such claims to the undersigned on or before the 15th October 1918, after which date no claims or applications sent subsequently will be recognized or attended to; and all such merchants, traders, etc. are also hereby warned not to carry out henceforth any orders issued by the said Mohammed Nooruddin Khan for the supply or sale of any thing whatever for the Orchha (Tikamgarh) State.

MOHAMMED ZAMAN KHAN,

Khan Bahadur Madarul Moham Orchha State.

TIKAMGARH,

Dated the 10th September 1918.

Citation under Sec. 166, Act VII of 1913, Indian Companies Act.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF THE PUNJAB.

Case No. 9 of 1918.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, VII OF 1913, AND OF THE WINDING UP OF THE
BHARAT NATIONAL BANK, LTD., DELHI.

Notice is hereby given that a petition for winding up the above-named Company and for the appointment of a Provisional Liquidator was, on the 8th day of July 1918, presented to the Chief Court by Sardar Harbakhsh Singh, Barrister-at-Law, and Chaudhri Hira Lal, Municipal Commissioner, Hoshiarpur, contributories of the said Bank.

And whereas it has been directed that the said petition shall come up for hearing before the said Court on the 15th day of November 1918 notice is hereby given to any creditor or contributory of the said Bank desirous of opposing the making of an order for the winding up of the said Bank under the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913, to appear in the Chief Court of the Punjab at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 15th day of November 1918 either in person, or by an Advocate, or Pleader of this Court, or by Agent duly authorised.

It is further notified that a copy of the petition presented to the Court by the contributories aforementioned will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the Bank requiring the same, on application to this Court and on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Chief Court of the Punjab, this 20th day of August 1918.

By order, etc.

H. GILLMORE,

Deputy Registrar.

Abstract statement of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund for the quarter ending 31st October 1917, being the second quarter of the year 1917-18, compared with the corresponding quarter of the year 1916-17.

Particulars.	For the quarter ending 31st October 1917.	For the quarter ending 31st October 1916.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance in favour of the Fund at the end of the previous quarter	1,40,19,075 1 8	1,42,02,562 6 8	.....	2,74,667 5 0
ADD INCOME—				
Subscriptions from 1st August to 31st October in the Widows' Fund	66,000 0 0	71,050 4 0	.....	4,900 4 0
Subscriptions from 1st August to 31st October in the Children's Fund	23,001 11 0	26,011 1 0	.....	3,000 0 0
Income and outlay on Office buildings and grounds	1,408 15 0	1,361 15 0	142 0 0	.....
Fees and stamps	5 8 0	1 0 0	4 8 0	....
Total Income	91,100 2 0	98,882 4 0	160 8 0	7,980 10 0
GRAND TOTAL	1,41,09,184 3 8	1,42,91,404 10 8	146 8 0	A 2,82,456 15 0
Deduct EXPENDITURE—				
Pensions payable to incumbents in the Widows' Fund	1,00,229 11 5	1,00,500 5 3	3,643 6 2	.....
Ditto ditto in the Children's Fund	94,315 6 6	90,847 1 6	3,468 5 0	.....
Establishment and contingencies	5,020 3 7	6,479 1 11	.....	680 14 4
Loss by exchange on remittances out of India	6,447 2 9	9,328 6 8	....	2,781 2 11
Commission paid for money-orders	587 0 6	611 11 6	....	24 11 0
Total Expenditure	2,00,409 0 9	2,06,765 10 10	7,111 11 2	B 3,464 12 3
Balance in favour of the Fund	1,39,08,781 9 11	1,40,94,739 15 10	—6,965 3 2	(C) 2,78,992 2 9
GRAND TOTAL	1,41,09,184 3 8	1,42,91,404 10 8	146 8 0	2,82,456 15 0
Proportion of divisible surplus payable to qualified members of more than five years' standing	71,536 5 0	70,815 15 0	720 6 0	.....
	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.
Number of subscribers (on 31st October)	630	304	630	330
Number of incumbents (on 31st October)	780	312	784	796
Number of subscribers sharing abatement (on 1st May)	654	313	697	350

	Rs. A. P.
A.—Net decrease in grand total of income	2,82,310 7 0
B.—Net increase in total expenditure	3,646 14 11
C.—Decrease in balance	2,85,957 8 11

B. B. THOMSON,
Dependant.

NORMAN HAMILTON & Co.,
Chartered Accountants. } Auditors.
B. A. FREITAS.

Published by order of the Directors,

J. M. MURRAY,
Secretary.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 40. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 23 of 1917-18.

PREFATORY NOTE.

THE COTTON SEASON, 1917-18.

The yield of the cotton crop of 1917-18 was estimated in February, 1918, at 4,035,000 bales on an area of 24,781,000 acres, as compared with 4,489,000 bales on an area of 21,745,000 acres, the revised final figures of the preceding year. There was a decrease of 10 per cent in outturn. There were 1,650,000 bales of cotton pressed in the pressing factories, and 523,000 bales of unpressed cotton received in the spinning mills, from 1st September, 1917, to 15th August, 1918, as against 2,116,000 bales and 504,000 bales, respectively, during the corresponding period of last year, showing a decrease of 22 per cent in the case of presses, but an increase of 4 per cent in the case of mills. Too much stress should not be laid on the accuracy of these returns as a means of checking the forecast estimates of outturn, as there is at present no system in vogue of furnishing complete returns from all presses and mills. The figures for the Native States of Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore are, as will be seen from the footnotes to the tables, mostly incomplete and have been excluded from this comparison.

1.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 15th August, 1918.

(Season 1917-18, i.e., from 1st September, 1917, to 31st August, 1918.)

Province or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (a)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half- month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY PRESSED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 15th AUGUST (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda . . .	1,571,000	38.9	198	11	33,859	531,181	539,015
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States) . .	591,000	14.6	168	...	...	401,066	669,885
Madras	569,000	14.1	56	44	(b) 25,868	393,931	(f) 349,053
Punjab (including Native States)	271,000	6.7	92	...	...	70,349	161,724
United Provinces	198,000	4.9	85	...	...	125,407	244,555
Sind	67,000	1.7	15	...	...	41,354	55,050
Burma	54,000	1.3	16	...	...	60,035	50,780
Bihar and Orissa	17,000	0.4	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	19,000	0.5	3	...	...	11,937	11,630
Assam	12,000	0.3	...	...	...	...	...
North-West Frontier Province	10,000	0.3	1	1	...	4,186	3,126
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	0.4	9	...	...	10,223	33,088
Delhi . . . . .	...	...	1	...	...	121	1,177
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)	3,393,000	84.1	644	56	59,727	1,649,790	2,118,078
Hyderabad	450,000	11.2	44	(e)	(e)	...	3,541
Central India	116,000	2.9	35	(e)	(e)	...	...
Rajputana	54,000	1.3	10	(e)	(e)	1,727	41,500
Mysore	22,000	0.5	3	(e)	(e)	17,958	12,490
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)	642,000	15.9	92	...	...	19,685	57,531
GRAND TOTAL	4,035,000	100	736	56	59,727	1,669,475	2,175,609

(a) The figures in column 2 are the final estimates for 1917-18.

(b) Figures for the weeks ending 3rd, 10th and 17th August, 1918.

(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

(f) Revised figure.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 15th August 1918.
(Season 1917-18, i.e., from 1st September, 1917, to 31st August, 1918.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED FROM 1ST SEPTEMBER TO 15TH AUGUST (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
				Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda	165	25	8,964	331,013	283,274
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)	10	6	968	44,694	45,236
Madras	12	12	(a) 2,014	20,240	(c) 5,498
Punjab	3	2	103	8,913	6,867
United Provinces	15	...	...	10,486	19,671
Sind	1	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Bengal	10	10	5,468	94,589	92,095
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	325	9,589	42,326
Delhi	3	...	...	3,101	9,421
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)	221	57	17,842	522,625	504,388
Hyderabad	3	1	...	3,870	4,180
Central India	5	2	913	23,315	31,328
Mysore	2	(f)	(f)	1,906	1,612
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)	10	3	913	29,091	40,120
GRAND TOTAL	231	60	18,755	551,716	544,508

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of unpressed cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton coming through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 3rd, 10th and 17th August, 1918.

(b) No returns received.

(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(e) Revised figure.

(f) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in the Spinning Mills, from 1st September, 1917, to 15th August, 1918, in British Provinces (including Native States within provincial boundaries).

Province	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 15th August, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 15th August, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 3 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda	1,571,000	531,181	331,013	862,194	54.9
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)	591,000	401,066	44,694	445,760	75.4
Madras	569,000	393,931	20,240	414,171	72.8
Punjab (including Native States)	281,000	74,656	12,014	86,670	30.8
North-West Frontier Province					
Delhi					
United Provinces	193,000	125,407	10,486	135,893	69.6
Sind	67,000	41,354	...	41,354	61.7
Burma	54,000	60,035	...	60,035	111.2
Bengal	48,000	11,937	94,589	106,526†	221.9
Bihar and Orissa					
Assam					
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	10,223	9,589	19,812†	141.5
TOTAL	3,393,000	1,649,790	522,625	2,172,415	64.0

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.

* See footnote (a) to statement I.

† Includes cotton received from other provinces.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

September 28, 1918.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES.

Increase or decrease in the Capital of Companies, incorporated in India and registered under the Indian Companies Act (VII of 1913), during the half-year ending the 31st June, 1918.

PROVINCES.	TOTAL PAID-UP CAPITAL AT THE CLOSE OF THE PREVIOUS HALF-YEAR.		NEW COMPANIES REGISTERED DURING THE HALF-YEAR		COMPANIES WOUND UP DURING THE HALF-YEAR.		
	Share Capital.	Debenture Capital.	Number.	Authorised Share Capital.	Number.	Paid-up Share Capital.	Paid-up Debenture Capital.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Madras	(a) 6,25,70,860	34,66,491	23	12,90,600	4	2,60,810	...
Bombay	32,58,80,168	4,84,56,548	27	3,02,01,025	20	32,68,551	6,00,000
Bengal	40,27,91,223	6,43,27,919	82	6,72,66,200	44	13,09,196	...
United Provinces	4,62,78,814	19,38,880	4	11,02,000	4	4,89,400	...
Punjab	2,66,20,594	37,85,402	1	20,000	7	15,90,805	2,52,100
Delhi	43,02,623	...	1	5,00,000	...	...	...
North-West Frontier Province	2,30,324	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	5,86,18,900	...	9	74,30,000	...	2,406	...
Central Provinces and Berar	46,53,771	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	15,30,421	...	...	...	4	85,495	...
Assam	16,25,866	36,906	6	4,60,000	1	2,00,000	...
Bangalore (Civil and Mily Stn.)	7,06,327	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coorg	24,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ajmer-Merwara	18,22,669	19,980	1	20,000	...	64,000	19,580
TOTAL BRITISH INDIA	93,64,95,570	12,20,32,106	154	10,83,69,725	84	72,40,563	8,71,880
Mysore State (b)	48,17,695	...	4	4,30,000	3	34,170	...
GRAND TOTAL	94,13,13,265	12,30,32,106	158	10,87,99,725	87	72,74,723	8,71,880

PROVINCES.	INCREASE OR DECREASE IN THE PAID-UP CAPITAL OF COMPANIES EXISTING AT THE END OF THE HALF-YEAR AS COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS HALF-YEAR				TOTAL NET INCREASE (+) OR DECREASE (-) IN PAID-UP CAPITAL DURING THE HALF-YEAR.		TOTAL PAID-UP CAPITAL AT THE END OF THE HALF-YEAR.	
	Increase.		Decrease.		Share Capital.	Debenture Capital.	Share Capital.	Debenture Capital.
	Share Capital.	Debenture Capital.	Share Capital.	Debenture Capital.				
1	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Madras	43,55,387	6,000	8,51,419	1,700	+ 32,33,368	+ 4,300	6,57,44,208	84,70,791
Bombay	1,62,01,910	42,87,450	3,62,914	12,77,360	+ 1,25,70,168	+ 24,10,100	33,84,50,823	5,08,66,548
Bengal	2,88,61,462	3,50,891	17,729	14,68,235	+ 2,75,34,637	- 11,17,544	49,08,26,760	6,32,10,875
United Provinces	65,81,180	8,979	1,611	1,000	+ 61,40,149	+ 7,979	5,14,13,963	19,46,839
Punjab	1,94,092	...	...	3,67,998	- 13,96,713	- 6,20,098	2,52,38,531	31,66,804
Delhi	20,42,234	...	...	...	+ 20,42,234	...	63,44,857	...
North-West Frontier Province	1,844	...	...	...	+ 1,844	...	2,32,168	...
Burma	2,57,835	...	3,975	...	+ 2,51,864	...	5,87,65,284	...
Central Provinces and Berar	16,018	...	...	...	+ 16,018	...	46,69,789	...
Bihar and Orissa	89,633	...	...	...	+ 4,188	...	15,34,559	...
Assam	2,71,993	11,901	...	15,302	+ 71,993	- 4,001	16,97,869	32,905
Bangalore (Civil and Mily Stn.)	73,900	...	30,551	...	+ 43,349	...	7,48,874	...
Coorg	...	...	...	...	...	...	24,000	...
Ajmer-Merwara	10,120	...	...	...	- 58,880	- 19,580	17,68,819	400
TOTAL BRITISH INDIA	5,89,57,338	46,64,421	12,68,229	31,31,685	+ 5,04,48,556	+ 6,61,158	98,69,44,126	12,26,98,265
Mysore State (b)	1,04,328	...	985	...	+ 1,59,220	...	49,76,915	...
GRAND TOTAL	5,91,51,666	46,64,421	12,69,167	31,31,585	+ 5,06,07,776	+ 6,61,156	99,19,21,041	12,26,98,262

NOTE.—Columns 9 and 10 include the paid-up capital of new companies registered during the half-year.

(a) Revised.

(b) Registered under the Mysore Regulation III of 1895.

This statement is compiled from returns furnished half-yearly by Registrars of Joint Stock Companies. From a comparison of columns 2 and 3 with columns 15 and 16, it will be seen that at the end of June, 1918, the total paid-up share capital of companies registered under the Indian Companies Act (VII of 1913) in British India amounted to about Rs. 99 crores, and the debenture capital of such companies over Rs. 12 crores, showing a net increase of Rs. 5 crores in paid-up share capital, and of nearly Rs. 7 lakhs in debenture capital, as compared with the preceding half-year ending December, 1917. In the paid-up share capital Bengal shows a net increase of Rs. 2,75,35,000, Bombay of Rs. 1,25,70,000, the United Provinces of Rs. 61,40,000, Madras of Rs. 32,23,000, and Delhi of Rs. 20,42,000, while the Punjab shows a net decrease of Rs. 13,97,000. In the debenture capital Bombay shows a net increase of Rs. 24,10,000, while Bengal shows a net decrease of Rs. 11,18,000 and the Punjab of Rs. 6,20,000.

The following statement compares the total paid-up share and debenture capital in British India at the end of the half-year of report with the preceding half-year, the corresponding half-year of the previous year, and the pre-war half-year ending June, 1914 :—

	Share capital	Debenture capital
Half-year ending June	Rs.	Rs.
1914	75,30,83,000	9,61,56,000
" " June 1917	90,12,06,000	18,19,56,000
" " December 1917	98,64,96,000	12,30,32,000
" " June 1918	98,69,44,000	12,26,98,000

Since the outbreak of war there has been a steady increase in the paid-up share capital of companies registered under the Indian Companies Act (VII of 1913).



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 40. } **SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1918.**

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

OFFICE OF THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE VICEROY.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 5th October, 1918.

No. 5875-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India will leave Simla by special rail motor on the afternoon of the 8th October 1918. His Excellency's departure will be private.

(1591)

His Excellency will visit Kashmir and arrive at Delhi on the forenoon of the 3rd November.

The party accompanying the Viceroy will be :—

Her Excellency the Lady Chelmsford, G.B.E., C.I.

The Hon'ble Sir J. B. Wood, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., Political Secretary. (Will join at Kashmir).

J. L. Maffey, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. Verney, Military Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Austen Smith, C.I.E., I.M.S., Surgeon.

Major R. D. Alexander, A.-D.-C.

Captain J. A. Denny, A.-D.-C.

Captain Lord Carnegie, A.-D.-C.

Major E. H. Arkwright, A.-D.-C.

All communications of an urgent nature, intended to reach His Excellency and party during the tour, should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp" without the addition of any post town; all others to the headquarters of the several Departments at Simla and Delhi.

By Command,

R. VERNEY, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, 3rd October, 1918.

No. 1222.—Sir E. V. Levinge, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 12th August 1918.

POLICE.

The 28th September, 1918.

No. 1001.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1, sub-section (3), of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that sections 2 to 11 of the said Act shall come into force, with effect from the date of this notification, in the Ahmednagar district of the Presidency of Bombay.

The 4th October, 1918.

No. 1025.—The Governor General in Council directs that the following amendment shall be made in the description of the uniform to be worn by all the officers of the Indian Police published with the Home Department notification no. 612-C, dated the 2nd December 1914, as subsequently amended :—

Working Dress.

For the last sentence against "Frock," the following shall be substituted :—

"The frock to be worn with a Khaki collar and shirt and dark blue silk sailor knot tie."

PORT BLAIR.

The 30th September, 1918.

No. 240.—Saiyid Bunyad Husain, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Punjab, is appointed to be Revenue Assistant in the Andamans, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties.

S. R. HIGNELL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1918.

No. 2185-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. Windham, C.I.E., of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted temporarily as Resident, Western Rajputana States, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

No. 2186-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. D. Macpherson, of the Political Department, is posted temporarily as Political Agent, Kotah and Jhalawar, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

No. 2188-Est.-A.—Sir George Macartney, K.C.I.E., His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General at Kashgar, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for one year and nine months, with effect from the 11th August 1918, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2189-Est.-A.—Major P. T. Etherton, 39th Garhwal Rifles, is appointed to officiate as His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General at Kashgar, with effect from the 11th August 1918 and until further orders.

The 4th October, 1918.

No. 3180-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court fees Act, 1870 (VII of 1870), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department No. 2266-I.B., dated the 11th October 1916, namely:—

For the words 'Civil or Revenue Courts,' the words "Civil Courts" shall be substituted.

R. E. HOLLAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 2nd October, 1918.

No. 1071-Accts.—Major P. Ashfield, I.A., Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and Military Accountant, 4th class, sub. *pro tem*, Military Accounts Department, is promoted substantively to the grade of Military Accountant, 4th class, and sub. *pro tem* to the grade of Military Accountant, 3rd class, with effect from the 14th September 1918.

No. 1260-F.E.—Mr. R. M. Dalton, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the 18th September 1918 and until further orders.

M. M. S. GUBBAY,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 1262-F.E.—The Hon'ble Mr. H. F. Howard, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Controller of Currency, has been appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, with effect from the 1st October 1918, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. Howard.

Mr. E. M. Cook, I.C.S., has been appointed to officiate as Controller of Currency, with effect from the 26th September 1918, *vice* Mr. Gubbay.

G. RAINY,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

The 3rd October, 1918.

No. 1271-F.E.—Mr. A. W. Smart, Government Examiner of Accounts, Bengal and North-Western and Rohilkhand and Kumaun Railways, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 16th September 1918.

No. 1272-F.E.—Mr. F. W. Wilby, Assistant Auditor, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, has been granted privilege leave for 6 weeks, with effect from the 23rd September 1918.

Mr. S. N. Palit, an Accountant in the Office of the Chief Auditor, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Audit Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 23rd September 1918 and during the absence on leave of Mr. F. W. Wilby.

No. 1273-F.E.—Mr. W. R. F. Robinson, officiating Assistant Audit Officer, class II, office of the Chief Auditor, Eastern Bengal Railway, has been appointed a temporary Assistant Audit Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the 31st July 1918.

Mr. Ghulam Zakariah Khan, Officiating Assistant Audit Officer, class II, office of the Chief Auditor, North Western Railway, has been appointed a temporary Assistant Audit Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the 31st July 1918.

The 4th October, 1918.

No. 1281-F.E.—Mr. W. H. Scott, Deputy Auditor, North Western Railway, has been granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 23rd September 1918.

No. 1282-F.E.—The leave without allowances for one year, four months and twelve days granted to Mr. C. V. Raman, an officer of the General List of the Indian Finance Department, in Notification No. 798-F.E., dated the 20th July 1917, published on page 1243 of Part I of the *Gazette of India* dated the 21st July 1917, has been extended by seven months and eighteen days.

No. 1283-F.E.—Mr. E. J. Thomson, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, United Provinces, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the 20th September 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1284-F.E.—Mr. S. P. Varma has been posted as Assistant Auditor, North Western Railway, with effect from the 24th September 1918.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

The 4th October, 1918.

No. 2758-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.
August 1918. Lakhs of Rupees.

	AUGUST.		TO END OF AUGUST.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1917-1918.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation) ...	68	76	12.83	11.79	37.08	35.24
Opium ...	25	26	1.26	1.13	4.79	3.56
Salt ...	43	82	2.61	2.89	5.24	8.25
Stamps ...	76	76	3.84	3.71	8.91	8.40
Excise ...	1.23	1.17	0.77	0.92	15.97	15.20
Provincial Rates ...	...	...	2	2	4	4
Customs ...	1.46	1.53	7.43	5.87	16.22	16.50
Income Tax ...	79	61	3.25	2.50	9.21	9.16
Forest ...	31	26	1.22	1.08	4.03	3.89
Registration ...	7	7	39	38	81	79
Tributes from Native States ...	1	4	18	20	92	72
Other Civil Revenue ...	54	72	3.92	2.38	5.85	7.05
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS ...	6.53	6.99	43.72	37.97	1,09.07	1,08.79
Major Irrigation Revenue ...	22	21	2.18	2.24	4.63	4.85
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue ...	5	6	28	27	82	69
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works) ...	6.80	7.26	46.18	40.48	1,14.52	1,13.83
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works ...	-99	-67	-3.77	-3.16	-10.58	-9.10
Opium ...	-24	-23	-1.36	-1.25	-1.84	-1.65
Famine Relief (Civil) ...	...	...	...	...	-6	-1
Other Civil Expenditure ...	-1.17	-3.30	-21.63	-19.40	-54.46	-48.26
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS ...	-5.40	-4.80	-20.76	-23.81	-66.98	-59.02
Major Irrigation Working Expenses ...	-15	-17	-76	-80	-2.20	-1.87
Buildings and Roads Expenditure ...	-42	-46	-2.03	-1.90	-7.93	-6.00
Famine Relief (Public Works) ...	-1	-3	-16	-22	-59	-51
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure ...	-10	-8	-37	-48	1.39	-1.07
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works) ...	-6.08	-5.54	-30.18	-27.21	-75.09	-68.47
Irrigation Capital Expenditure ...	-2	-4	-13	-24	-68	-57
Delhi Capital Expenditure ...	-4	-1	-20	-13	-38	-36
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE ...	-6	-5	-33	-11	-1.06	-93
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Posts and Telegraphs (Net) ...	-51	-1.65	-4.97	-6.86	-6.12	-12.47
Marine (Net) ...	-53	-1.49	-3.80	-5.61	-9.51	-11.25
Military Works (Net) ...	-55	-18	-2.51	-3.09	-3.19	-5.96
Military Receipts ...	+1.27	+24	+3.26	+1.44	+3.46	+5.79
Military Issues ...	-12.59	-7.92	-62.86	-38.26	-1,21.41	-1,10.28
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway ...	+92	+63	+7.32	+3.73	+9.40	...
Other Railways ...	+4.90	+4.39	+25.51	+24.63	+60.01	+68.02
TOTAL ...	+5.82	+5.02	+32.86	+28.36	+60.41	+68.02
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway ...	-41	-40	-2.46	-2.31	-5.80	...
Other Railways ...	-2.81	-2.67	-16.31	-15.59	-34.55	-39.20
TOTAL ...	-3.22	-3.07	-18.77	-17.90	-40.35	-39.20
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.	-10.31	-9.31	-56.79	-41.92	-1,07.68	-1,05.35
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net + Receipts more, - receipts less than payments) ...	...	+2.76	-13	+42.89	+29.43	+43.15
Second War Loan ...	+9.67	...	+33.29	...	...	...
Temporary Loan ...	-4.63	...	-11.65	-50	-4.00	+46.97
Cash Certificates ...	+26	...	-38	...	...	...
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above) ...	-2	-13	+33	+3	...	+11
American Credits ...	+5.17	...	+10.05	...	+4.00	-3.80
Treasury Credits ...	-5	...	+17	...	...	...
Transfers through Currency ...	...	...	+3.00	...	+24.52	...
Currency Transfers against Silver ...	+35	+1.82	+8.40	+9.13	+19.42	+18.67
Deposits of District Funds ...	-32	...	+60	-17	+3	-4
Loans by Governments ...	+16	-3	+6	+19	+11	+70
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs. 15 per £ ...	-1.15	-5.06	-6.12	-13.02	-2.90	-37.36
Other Debt Heads ...	-1.30	-1.21	-5.11	-5.96	-3.67	-7.48
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS ...	+8.40	-1.85	+33.05	+32.69	+66.94	+60.97
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES						
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks ...	-1.25	-9.49	-8.07	+8.53	-6.37	+5
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks ...	16.17	35.96	22.99	22.94	24.78	22.94
	14.92	26.47	14.92	26.47	18.41	22.99

M. M. S. GUBBAY,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.**(AGRICULTURE.)**

Simla, the 2nd October, 1918.

No. 952-343-3.—In pursuance of rule 11-J. of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that it is necessary, for the purpose of securing the public safety, to control the supply of bajri in the Thar Parkar district of the Bombay Presidency.

METEOROLOGY.

The 3rd October, 1918.

No. 1040.—With reference to this Department Notification No. 197-C., dated the 31st January 1918, Mr. M. G. Subrahmanyam, officiating Imperial Meteorologist, *vice* Mr. C. W. B. Normand on military duty, is appointed to hold that office substantive *pro tempore* with effect from the 1st October 1918, and until further orders.

J. MACKENNA,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.**COMMERCE—WAR.**

Simla, the 5th October, 1918.

No. 10546.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No 2043, dated the 27th April 1918, as subsequently amended, *viz.* :—

Additions.

Consortium des Industriels Belges en extrême-Orient, Peking (Charles Ley, Representative).

Fernbach, R. R., Dr. (Mei Lung Silk Filature), Newchwang and Haicheng.

Kreglinger and Fernau (William Fog, Representative).

Lafille, J., Tientsin.

Mei Lung Silk Filature (Fernbach, R. R., Dr.), Newchwang and Haicheng.

Alterations.

Ley, C., Peking should read Ley, Charles (Representing Consortium des Industriels Belges en Extrême-Orient), Peking.

Fog, William Shanghai should read Fog, William (Representing Kreglinger and Fernau).

No. 10799.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following alterations shall be made in the Schedule appended to the Notification in this Department No. 3075-W., dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended, *viz.* :—

For the existing entry "(C) Linseed oil" substitute "(B) Linseed oil."

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 5th October, 1918.

No. 10772.—The following notices regarding imports issued by the War Trade Board of the United States is published for general information:—

LIST OF RESTRICTED IMPORTS NO. 2.

The following announcement was made by the War Trade Board on April 22, 1918 :

No import licenses for shipments made after May 13, 1918, will be granted for articles on this list, except as specifically herein provided. These provisions authorize the importation of the specified commodities only when the goods originate in one of the countries designated in the particular provision covering such commodity and do not permit the importation of goods originating in other countries but coming through such designated countries.

Licenses for the following articles may be granted only for shipments coming from Canada :

101. Lime.

102. Talc and soapstone.

Licenses for the following article may be granted only for shipments coming from Canada and Newfoundland :

103. Shellfish. (Does not include crab meat from Japan.)

Licenses for the following articles may be granted only for shipments coming from Canada and Mexico :

104. Molybdenum.

Licenses for the following article may be granted only for shipments coming from Cuba and West Indies :

105. Tobacco leaf.

Licenses for the following articles may be granted only for shipments coming from Canada, Mexico, Newfoundland and Scandinavia :

106. Fish, fresh, cured, or preserved.

Licenses for the following articles will not be granted for shipments from European countries, but may be granted for shipments from all other countries :

107. Animal oils.

Licenses for the following articles will be granted only for shipments coming overland or by lake from Canada, or coming overland from Mexico.

108. Alexite and boro-carbone.

109. Borax.

110. Cement for building purposes.

111. Chloride of lime.

112. Cyanide of Soda.

113. Dairy products.

114. Ferromanganese and spiegeleisen.

115. Lead.

116. Magnesite

117. Meat products and preserved meats.

118. Paraffin.

119. Pumice.

120. Starch.

121. Stone and manufactures thereof.

Licenses for the following articles will be granted only for shipments coming (a) overland or by lake from Canada ; (b) overland from Mexico . (c) as return cargo from European countries, and then only when shipped from a convenient port and when loaded without undue delay :

122. Argols, or wine lees.

123. Bones, hoofs, and horns, unmanufactured.

124. Baskets of wood, bamboo, straw, or compositions of wood.

125. Cork, unmanufactured, and manufactures thereof.

126. Edible substances, not specifically provided for in the tariff schedules.

127. Eggs, dried, frozen, prepared or preserved, and yolks of eggs.

128. Fans.

129. Fuller's earth.

130. Furniture.

131. Furs and manufactures thereof. (Does not include fur hats, fur not on the skin prepared for hatters' use, nor raw seal skins from Uruguay.)

132. Glass and glassware. (Does not include lenses, opera and field glasses, optical instruments, spectacles, eyeglasses, goggles, surveying instruments, telescopes, microscopes, and plates or disks for use in the manufacture of optical goods).
133. Glue and glue size.
134. Glue stock and rawhide cuttings.
135. Hair, human, and manufactures there of.
136. Horsehair, artificial, and manufactures thereof.
137. Indigo, synthetic.
138. Ivory, animal, and manufactures thereof.
139. Licorice root.
140. Moss and seaweed.
141. Paper and manufactures thereof (Does not include books and other printed matter.)
142. Paper stock, crude. (Does not include wood pulp.)
143. Straw and grass, unmanufactured, and manufactures thereof.
144. Tea waste, siftings or sweepings.
145. Vanilla beans.

Licenses for the following article may be granted from any country, but only for shipments coming as deck cargo or coming on vessels unfit for essential imports :

146. Quebracho wood.

All outstanding licenses to import the above articles from any country from which, under the above announcement, licenses for such article will not be granted shall expire and become void unless ocean shipment thereunder is made on or before May 13, 1918.

Also, all outstanding licenses to import from European countries articles covered by above items numbered 122 to 145, inclusive, and all outstanding licenses for quebracho wood shall expire and become void unless ocean shipment thereunder is made on or before May 13, 1918. As to these, new applications may be made for shipments after May 13, 1918.

NOTICE AS TO PRODUCTION OF NUMBERS OF IMPORT LICENSE

NEW TRADE BOARD RULE.

MUST BE OBTAINED ON ALL COMMODITIES BEFORE THEY LEAVE FOREIGN PORTS.

Expected the order will avoid uncertainty on form of procedure.

The War Trade Board issues the following : -

The War Trade Board, through its Bureau of Imports has issued a ruling to United States consular agents throughout the world, that on and after May 27th, 1918, no consular invoices for any commodity are to be consulated unless the shipper furnishes the Consul the number of the United States import license covering the shipment. The only exception to this rule is the case of shipments covered by general import licenses.

Extends present regulations.

Already it is necessary for importers to communicate to their shippers abroad the number of the United States import license for articles on the restricted lists before consular invoice can be obtained and shipments started from abroad. The present ruling extends this regulation to all articles, both restricted and unrestricted, except such as are covered by general import licenses. This means that import licenses must be obtained for the importation of all commodities before they leave foreign ports. It is believed that this will avoid much uncertainty in the minds of both importers here and consular agents abroad as to what import license numbers must be communicated abroad. It will also give the War Trade Board an opportunity of passing upon all importations from a standpoint of enemy trade connection before shipments are put in transit.

Prompt action on applications.

The Bureau of Imports will pass promptly on all applications for import licenses, so that, if the license is granted, the importer may be informed immediately of his license number and send it by mail or cable to his shipper abroad.

As intimated above, certain classes of importations are permitted to enter under general import licenses; and where these licenses exist it is unnecessary for importers to apply for individual import licenses. These general licenses are designated as "PBF Licenses." The principal ones now in effect are the following :—

"PBF-1."—Covering the importation of all commodities not on the restricted lists, where the value does not exceed one hundred dollars (100).

"P.B.F. 2."—Covering all importations into Alaska, Canal Zone, Paillippine Islands, Hawaii, Guam, Totuila, Porto Rico, Virgin Islands, when they are for consumption in those countries and not for transshipment.

"P.B.F. 3."—Covering the importation of all commodities from Canada and Newfoundland, except those mentioned in the President's import proclamation of November 29, 1917. Where such commodities are on the restricted lists, this general license covers them only when shipped by rail or lake, and when they originate in Canada or Newfoundland or in a country from which they would be licensed for importation directly.

"P.B.F. 4."—Covering the importation of fresh fruits and fresh vegetables, when transported overland from Mexico, or overland or by great Lakes from Canada, or by rail from Cuba.

"P.B.F. 5."—Covering the importation of goods previously exported from the United States, when the value thereof does not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).

"P.B.F. 6."—Covering the importation of personal baggage accompanying a passenger when containing only articles necessary for personal use on journey.

"P.B.F. 7."—Covering the importation of fresh vegetables from Bermuda when shipped on vessels approved by the War Trade Board.

"P.B.F. 8."—Covering the importation of fresh fruit and vegetables from Cuba when shipped on vessels approved by the War Trade Board.

"P.B.F. 9."—Covering importations of all empty drums, cylinders and containers American owned, which have been used in the exportation of commodities from the United States.

"P.B.F. 10."—Covering the importation of tobacco from Cuba and the West Indies.

"P.B.F. 11."—Covering the importation of cotton from Mexico.

Consuls Abroad Informed.

Consuls abroad have been informed of the existence of these general import licenses, and they will certify consular invoices for shipments coming under them without requiring the number of the individual import license.

Notice No. W.T.B.R.-114, dated the 17th May 1918, regarding Revocation of small shipment Import license.

The General License heretofore issued covering the importation of all commodities under \$100 value is hereby revoked as to all articles on Restricted Lists or any Supplements thereto, as to shipments made after May 10 1918. The General License covering the importation of all commodities under \$100 value is still effective as to the importation of commodities not on Restricted Lists or any Supplements thereto.

POST OFFICE.

The 5th October, 1918.

No. 10754.—In modification of the Notification in this Department No. 856-D., dated the 26th January 1918, it is hereby notified that the Dasehra will be observed as a Post Office holiday in the Bombay Circle on the 14th October 1918 in addition to the holidays already notified for that circle.

No. 10853.—Monday, the 7th October 1918, will be observed as a Post Office and Telegraph holiday, in the several postal and telegraph circles in India in celebration of the cessation of hostilities between the Allies and Bulgaria and the recent successes on the various battle fronts.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 5th October, 1918.

No. 10801.—Mr. Ramani Mohan Ghosh, Superintendent of Post Offices, 1st grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Bengal and Assam, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Madras, with effect from the 10th September 1918, and until further orders.

STATISTICS.

The 5th October, 1918.

No. 10777.—Mr. G. Findlay Shirras, I.E.S., Director of Statistics, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

TRADING BY FOREIGNERS.

The 5th October, 1918.

No. 10858.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by clause (b) of Sub-Section (1) of Section 4 of the Enemy Trading Act, 1916 (X of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to order the winding up of the business carried on in Aden by Max Klein, a hostile firm within the meaning of the said Act; and in pursuance of rule 4 of the Enemy Trading (Winding Up) Order, 1916 he is further pleased to direct that all proceedings connected with the winding up of the said business be transferred to the Government of Bombay.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Simla, the 4th October 1918.***APPOINTMENTS.****REGULAR FORCES.***Infantry.*

No. 2266.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officer to be Second Lieutenant subject to His Majesty's approval:—

The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.

Lance-Corporal James Michael Cassidy. Dated 20th September 1918.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S BODYGUARD.

No. 2267.—Captain E. V. F. Seymour, 9th Hodson's Horse, to be temporary Adjutant. Dated 9th September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2268.—The undermentioned officers whose appointment to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 2020, dated the 30th November 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 218, dated the 1st February 1918, No. 770, dated the 19th April 1918, No. 1315, dated the 21st June 1919, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918, and No. 1518, dated the 12th July 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army with effect from the dates specified:—

Reginald Wallace Copland. Dated 16th September 1918.

Arthur Alfred Farbrother. Dated 9th August 1918.

Harold James Carr. Dated 2nd October 1918.

Hamilton Samuel John Lloyd. Dated 16th September 1918.

John Henry Japheth Hampson. Dated 1st October 1918.

Cecil Alfred Strong, M.C. Dated 1st October 1918.

Ronald Bruce-Smith. Dated 1st October 1918.

George Edward Armitage Beazley. Dated 1st October 1918.

George Archibald Dundas Simpson. Dated 3rd October 1918.

No. 2269.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, and No. 1050, dated the 24th May 1918, revert to the British Service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates shown against their names:—

Lieutenant F. P. St. Maur. Dated 5th August 1918.

Lieutenant J. L. French. Dated 15th August 1918.

Unattached List.

No. 2270.—The undermentioned gentlemen cadets from the Cadet College, Wellington, to be Second Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to their appointment to the Indian Army:—

Herbert George Eric Tower, M.C. Dated 1st October 1918, but to rank from the 14th February 1917.

Dated 1st October 1918.

Aubertin Walter Sothorn Mallaby.
Robert Cecil Dent.
Robert Kenneth Garrow.
Justin Gerrard Pargiter.
Leonard Algernon Spencer.
Leonard Brown Stacey.
Alan Colquhoun Broadway.
Walter David Alexander Lentaigne.
Alfred William Nicholls.
John Norman Kerr.
Geoffrey Lionel Lowsley.
Robert David Lyons Gordon.
Albert Geoffrey Tribe.
George Vincent Leigh Coleman.
Frederick Eaton Straker.
Fergus Le Fanu Dobbin.
John Henry Dunningham Gardner.
John Lawrence Francis O'Ferrall.

Vincent David Pollock.
Gerald Ivan Crozier Peacocke.
Robert Thirkell Brown.
Malcolm Cecil Sinclair.
Charles Henry Irwin Akehurst.
Bernard Springett Watkins.
Denis Erroll Gostling.
Arthur Evans Coole.
Sydney Andrew Mitchell.
Francis Hugh Anthony Stables.
Philip Noel Stevenson.
Donald George Lowndes.
Terence Patrick Charles Seymour Keenan.
William Mitchell Carso.
Cyril Hugh Price.
Arthur Hedley Butler.
Reginald George Evelyn William Alban.

ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2271.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary commissions in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified:—

To be temporary Captains.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant
Charles John Murray, India Miscellaneous List.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant
William Albert Norris, India Miscellaneous List.

} Dated 4th October 1918.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Andrew Forde, India Miscellaneous List.	} Dated 4th October 1918.
Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Charles Thomas Morrow, India Miscellaneous List.	
Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Evan Victor Creak, India Miscellaneous List.	

No. 2272.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Cavalry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenants.

William Drummond Martin, attached 16th Cavalry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Arthur William Bromham, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Harold Stuart Harrison, attached 35th Scinde Horse. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

James Bruce Gordon Austin, attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Lawrence Hastings Dacent, attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Infantry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenants.

John Barwick Abbey, attached 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Patrick Aubrey Bapty, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Edward Heron Cook, attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 21st January 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Arthur Culley, attached 76th Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Charles Cecil Deakin, attached 67th Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

John Jellet Fitzgerald, attached 120th Rajputana Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Robert Bruce Gill, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Farnham Wilbraham Machin, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

John Murphy, attached 89th Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

George Frederick Nash, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Roy Edgardo Parry, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 21st January '18, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Leslie James Pocock, attached 67th Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

George Frederick Sharpe, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 21st January 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Reginald Shaw, attached 89th Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Richard Lynde Smart, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Charles Arthur Bernard Smith, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Brian de Havilland Stringer, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Claude Frank Townley, attached 76th Punjabis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Reginald Arthur Wright, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Herbert Wroe, attached 112th Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

William John Herridge, attached 94th Russell's Infantry. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 25th November 1917.

No. 2273.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenants.

Cavalry Branch.

Cecil Vere Hunt. Dated 14th September 1918.

Edward Francis Albert. Dated 18th September 1918.

Harold Frederick Hackett. Dated 19th September 1918.

Edward William Tyler. Dated 19th September 1918.

William Harwood Matthews. Dated 20th September 1918.

James Robert Cargill. Dated 21st September 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Ernest Cecil Roberts. Dated 7th August 1918.

Arthur James Leverstone Allen. Dated 30th August 1918.

Albert Gordon Lawrence. Dated 5th September 1918.

William Norman Kenderdine. Dated 13th September 1918.

Albert Vernon Sinclair. Dated 13th September 1918.

Frederick William Campbell.

Felix Batheridge Stark Meredith.

Herbert James Mitchell.

} Dated 14th September 1918.

Clarence Raymond Field Bion.

John Clayton.

Victor George Cobble.

Ernest Vernon James Shaw.

Felix Tom Wells-Smith.

Frederick Clarence Wright.

} Dated 16th September 1918.

George Carstairs,

Henry John Trechby.

} Dated 17th September 1918.

John Minty Baguley.

Eric Richard Dempster.

William Malcolm Frater.

Herbert Morris Gard.

Neville Horace Hollingbery.

William Hynes.

} Dated 18th September 1918.

John Joseph Leonard.

Donald Gordon MacLeod.

John Oliver Moncur.

Langford Frank Dennis Rae.

Ronald Shepherd.

James Francis Gordon Vivian.

Joseph Whelan.

Ernest Richard Engley.

Charles Carrington Northcote.

Thomas Slade Page.

Edward Walsh.

Harry Lewis Cooke.

Donald James Fleming.

Dundonald Gainsford.

John Charles Grange Glen.

Cyril George Grassby.

Thomas William Hinch.

Wilfred Maurice McCann.

} Dated 20th September 1918.

Clark John Shaw.

Charles William Stevens.

Alexander William Steward.

Albert Edward Walden.

John Vernon Watson.

Roland Campbell.

Thomas Charles Collins.

Mario Raffaele Losasso.

John Edward Prescott.

Henry Sully.

George Arthur Watson.

} Dated 21st September 1918.

Charles James Cornfield.

Marous Braden Dukes.

Pierre Noel Arthur Lucas.

Robert Howard Niblett.

} Dated 23rd September 1918.

William Ambrose Cary.

Frederick Harold Heppollette.

Stanley Warren.

} Dated 24th September 1918.

William David Scott. Dated 25th September 1918.

Henry Montague Prichard. Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 2274—Alfred Master to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and is granted the temporary rank of Major, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 31st August 1918.

No. 2275—Walter Ogle Fitch (Second Lieutenant, The Border Regiment), to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 20th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th January 1918.

No. 2276.—Hugh Kay Kennedy (Temporary Second Lieutenant) to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 19th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th July 1918.

No. 2277.—The following to be temporary Second Lieutenants in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Algernon Charles Legge Wilkinson.

Ernest Howard Hawes.

} Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 2278.—Army Department Notification No. 933, dated the 14th August 1916, is cancelled in as far as it relates to "John Henry Grace" and the following substituted :—

"John Henry Grace to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 14th August 1918, but to rank from the 24th December 1915."

No. 2279.—In Army Department Notification No. 450, dated the 15th May 1915, for date of appointment to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers of "Hugh Trotter" read "15th January 1915."

No. 2280.—The date of appointment to temporary commissions of the following officers is as stated against their names and not as shewn in Army Department Notification No. 1766, dated the 19th October 1917 :—

D. S. Davies. Dated 1st April 1917.

W. P. Reid. Dated 15th April 1917.

E. W. Lucas. Dated 15th April 1917.

G. T. B. Baddeley. Dated 1st May 1917.

No. 2281.—In Army Department Notification No. 1203, dated the 8th June 1918, against the name of "Cecil Robert Porrett" add "but to rank from the 21st December 1917."

No. 2282.—In Army Department Notification No. 2069, dated the 14th September 1918, for date of appointment to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers of "Edward Henning Lincoln" read "16th August 1918."

No. 2283.—Army Department Notification No. 2069, dated the 14th September 1918, is cancelled in as far as it relates to "Samuel Harold Patmore."

No. 2284.—Army Department Notification No. 1895, dated the 24th August 1918, is cancelled in as far as it relates to "Cyril Seymour Vere Kearns."

No. 2285.—In Army Department Notifications No. 1474 and No. 1521, dated the 5th and 12th July 1918, against the name of Second Lieutenant J. C. Blyth, attached 46th Punjabis, for "19th October 1917" read "29th August 1917."

INDIAN LAND FORCES.

No. 2286.—Rustom Day to be a temporary Second Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, while employed with Indian Labour Corps, with effect from the 4th October 1918 :—

No. 2287.—The undermentioned gentlemen to be temporary Second Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 4th October 1918 :—

Thakur Karan Singh.

Reyazuddin Ahmed Khan.

No. 2288.—The undermentioned gentlemen to be temporary honorary Second Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 4th October 1918 :—

Narendra Nath Ghatak, M.B.E.

Khagendra Chandra Nag.

Surendra Nath Sen Gupta.

Maulvi Muazzim Husein Mohor and Furrokh.

Ratansinh Shambhusinh.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2289.—The undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Desraj Kehar. 9th August 1918.

Nilkanth Purushottam Agharkar. 18th August 1918.

Ramkrishna Venkata Rajam. 19th August 1918.

Sanjiv Venkatrao Lajmi. 5th September 1918.

Panna Lal Basu. 7th September 1918.

Amar Nath Gupta. 11th September 1918.

Narendra Nath Ghosh. 11th September 1918.

Lall Mohan Ghosh. 12th September 1918.

Gearey Lall Whig. 13th September 1918.

Debendra Nath Banerjee. 14th September 1918.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 2290.—The following extracts are published for information :—

Third Supplement dated the 23rd July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 19th July 1918, pages 8573 and 8575.

War Office,
23rd July, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned Majors to be temp. Lt.-Cols :—

B. T. McEnergy, S. and T. Corps, Ind. Army, whilst specially empled. 26th Apr. 1918.

* * * * *

London Gazette dated the 23rd July 1918, pages 8606 and 8630.

*India Office,
23rd July, 1918.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointment to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with the war :—

To be an Additional Companion of the said Most Eminent Order.

Sirdar Kishen Singh, Lieutenant-Colonel in the Bharatpur Imperial Service Transport Corps.

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The KING has approved the appointment of the following officers to be Colonels of the regiments noted against their names :—

Major-Gen. Sir H. T. Brooking, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., Indian Army, 51st Pioneers.

Major-Gen. N. G. Woodyatt, C.B., Indian Army, 7th Gurkhas.

The King has approved the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Indian Army Departments, and Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

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INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Tempy. Lieut. to be Tempy. Capt.

C. A. L. Mayer. 9th June 1917.

* * * * *

Supplement dated the 24th July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 23rd July 1918, pages 8699, 8700, 8702, 8703, 8705 and 8706.

*War Office,
24th July, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * * *

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The undermentioned relinquish their appts. :—

(Graded for pay, "G.G.," R. Warrant, 9th July 1918) :—Bt. Col. G. P. Ranken, ret. pay, Ind. Army. 7th July 1918.

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The undermentioned temp. appointments are made :—

* * * * *

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

(Graded for pay, "B.B.," R. Warrant, 9th July 1918.)—Lt.-Col. the Hon. H. D. Napier, C.M.G., ret. pay, Ind. Army. 2nd July 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Temp. Lt. A. J. A. Craven is transfd. from Inland Water Trans. to R.A. Ind. Personnel. 3rd July 1918.

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The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. :—

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John William Emil Smith, for duty with R.A. Ind. Personnel. 13th July 1918.

* * * * *

INFANTRY.

General List.—Lt. J. Rayner, M.C. (T.F. Commn.), from Tank Corps, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 3 May 1918.

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Second Supplement dated the 25th July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 23rd July 1918, pages 8711 and 8714.

*War Office,
25th July, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Lt.-Col. A. McConaghey, C.I.E., Supern. List, Ind. Army, resigns his appt. 20th July 1918.

HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Rly. Traffic Officer—(Graded for pay "F.F.," R. Warrant, 9th July 1918.)—The relinquishment of his appt. by Maj. C. T. W. Forth, ret. pay, Ind. Army, is post-dated to 23rd June 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) H. B. Birdwood, Ind. Army, retains his temp. rank whilst empld. as a Brig.-Comdr. 27th Apr. 1918.

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James Henry Lang to be temp. 2nd Lt. for duty with Inland Water Trans. 26th July 1918.

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Fifth Supplement dated the 26th July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 23rd July 1918, pages 8733, 8734, 8736, 8741, 8744, 8747, 8768 and 8782.

*War Office,
26th July, 1918.*

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the following Awards to the undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers, in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the Field :—

* * * * *

Awarded a Bar to the Distinguished Service Order.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) Edward Arthur Fagan, C.M.G., D.S.O., I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When his front battalion was being overwhelmed he personally directed the action to be taken by other battalions, with the utmost disregard for his personal safety. He inspired all ranks with enthusiasm, and the success of the defence was largely due to his fine example.

(D.S.O. gazetted 1st January 1917.)

* * * * *

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

* * * * *

Maj. (A. Lt.-Col.) Hyde Ridgway Dyer, Ind. Cav.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. In the face of heavy fire he led his men in successful charges with great dash and ability. He twice had his horse shot under him. He proved himself a very able and gallant leader.

* * * * *

T.-Capt. (A.-Lt.-Col.) Kenneth William Mackenzie, M.C., M.B., R.A.M.C. (late Capt. I.M.S.).

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when in charge of the forward evacuation, when he kept in touch with the retiring infantry, continually searching for and collecting the wounded. It was largely due to his great energy, skill and foresight that so many of our casualties were so successfully evacuated.

* * * * *

Awarded the Military Cross.

* * * * *

Jemadar Budhibal Thapa, Gurkha Rif.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in an attack. This officer's dash and magnificent example carried his platoon on to the enemy's left flank, a movement which resulted in the capture of sixty-two unwounded prisoners by his company.

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Sixth Supplement dated the 26th July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 23rd July 1918, pages 8871, 8873, 8874 and 8878.

*War Office,
26th July 1918.*

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MEMORANDA.

The grant of the temp. rank of Brig.-Gen. to Bt. Col. H. F. Cooke, D.S.O., Sikh Pioneers Ind. Army, is antedated to 8th Oct. 1917.

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H. S. McLean to be temp. 2nd Lt. 1st Aug. 1917, and to be temp. Lt. for duty with Inland Water Trans. 16th Apr. 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 21st May 1918.)

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INFANTRY.**General List.**

Temp. Capt. A. P. Figgins, M.C., from Welsh R. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 27 May 1918, with seniority 5 Dec. 1917 (Substituted for Gaz. notification 18 July 1918, omitting date of transfer.)

Temp. Lt. F. W. Tyers, from R. War R. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 18 June 1918, with seniority 8 Oct. 1917. (Substituted for notification in Gaz. 17th July 1918, omitting date of transfer.)

Supplement dated the 27th July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 26th July 1918, pages 8955 and 8958.

*War Office,
27th July 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.**COMMANDS AND STAFF.**

The undermentioned appts. are made:—

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

(Graded for pay "G.G.," R. Warrant, 9th July 1918.)—Lt. Col. E. G. R. Wilkins, Ind. Army. 12th July 1918.

ARMY VETERINARY SERVICE.

A.V.C.—Capt. H. E. Cross, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be temp. Capt. 3rd July 1918, with seniority from 15th June 1917.

Second Supplement dated the 27th July, 1918 to the London Gazette of the 26th July 1918, pages 8967, 8968, 8969 and 8970.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S.W.,

27th July 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, for valuable services rendered in connection with Military Operations in East Africa. Dated 3rd June 1918:—

To be an Additional Member of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order:—

Lt.-Col. and Bt. Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) John Arthur Hannington, C.M.G., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

*Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George.*

*Downing Street,
27th July 1918.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointments to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, for services rendered in connection with Military Operations, in East Africa. Dated 3rd June 1918:—

To be Additional Members of the Third Class, or Companions of the said Most Distinguished Order:—

Lt.-Col. Reginald George Turner, D.S.O., F.R.C.S., Ind. Med. Serv.

*War Office,
27th July 1918.*

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service in connection with Military Operations in East Africa. Dated 3rd June 1918:—

To be Brevet Colonel.

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. H. de C. O'Grady, Sikhs, Ind. Army.

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T.-Lt.-Col.) G. M. Orr, D.S.O., Ind. Cav.

Lt.-Col. (T.-Col.) R. T. I. Ridgway, C.B., Punjabis, Ind. Army.

To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel.

Maj. R. B. Graham, Punjabis, Ind. Army.

Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) D. H. Powell, M.C., Lt. Inf., Ind. Army.

To be Brevet Major.

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Capt. (T.-Lt.-Col.) J. S. Marshall, D.S.O., Sikhs, Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

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Maj. Lionel Plomer Ball, L.I., Ind. Army.

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Lt.-Col. Westwood Norman Hay, C.I.E., Baluchis, Ind. Army.

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Maj. Alfred Ernest Mahon, Rif., Ind. Army.

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Col. Harry Christopher Tytler, Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Maj. Edward Charles Lloyd Wallace, Punjabis, Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Awarded a Bar to the Military Cross.

2nd Lt. Robert William Carrigan, M.C., R.A., attd. Mtn. Bty., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Capt. John Nethersole, M.C., Ind. Cav.

* * * * *

Awarded the Military Cross.

Lt. Clement Erwin Simon Abraham, S. Lan. R., attd. Baluch. L.I., Ind. Army.

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Lt. (A.-Capt.) Alexander Campbell, Ind. Army R. of O.

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Lt. (A.-Capt.) Edward Edelston, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Rif.

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Capt. William Kerr Fraser-Tytler, Ind. Cav.

* * * * *

Capt. Gordon Saffery Johnson, Pnrs., Ind. Army.

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Lt. Harry Reynold Jones, R.G.A., Spec. Res., attd. Mtn. Bty., Ind. Army

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Capt. George Jerome Dunlop Kellie, Punjabis, Ind. Army.

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Capt. James Burne Lapsley, M.B., F.R.C.S., Ind. Med. Serv., attd C.F.A.

* * * * *

T.-Lt. Leonard Adolphus Otto, K. Afr. Rif., attd. Punjabis.

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Lt. Ronald Leslie Piper, Rif., Ind. Army.

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Lt. Alexander McLeod Robertson, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Infy.

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T.-Lt. (A.-Capt.) James Shaw, Gen. List, attd. Punjabis.

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Lt. Colin Robert White, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Sappers and Miners.

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Note.—The Indian Awards published in London Gazette dated 25th February 1918, should bear date 1st January 1918, and the following alterations are notified to certain of these decorations :—

The award of the Indian Distinguished Service Medal is substituted for the award of the Indian Order of Merit, 2nd Class, to the following :—

Ressaidar Sundar Singh, Ind. Cav

Jemadar Fazar Ali Khan, Ind. Cav.

773 Havildar (A.-Hav.-Maj.) Ghazan Khan, Mtn. Bty., I.A.

1072 Havildar Hira Singh, Sikhs, I.A.

Jemadar Shaikh Abdulla, Burma Infy., Ind. Army.

The following have been granted the Order of British India, 2nd Class, and the awards published in London Gazette of 25th February 1918, are thereby cancelled :—

Subadar Santa Singh, Mtn. Bty., I.A.

Subadar Wazir Singh, Mtn. Bty., I.A.

Capt. Narain Singh, Sardar Bahadur, Imp. Serv. Troops, I.A.

Maj. Bishan Singh, Imp. Serv. Troops, I.A.

The award of the Indian Distinguished Service Medal to 1169 Gunner Indar Singh, Mtn. Bty., I.A., is cancelled.

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Third Supplement dated the 29th July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 26th July 1918, pages 8971, 8974 and 8979.

War Office,
29th July, 1918.

REGULAR FORUM.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.*Dep. Asst. Dir. of Inland Water Trans.--*

(Graded for pay "B.B.," R. Warrant, 9th July 1918.)—Temp. Capt. P. J. Jennings, R.E., and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld. 4th May 1918.

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. Lts.:—

S. L. Aspland, for duty with Inland Water Trans. 16th May 1918.

INFANTRY.**General List.**

Temp. Lt. F. L. Brooks, from M.G.C. (Inf.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 18 June 1918, with seniority 10 Mar. 1917.

*Fourth Supplement dated the 30th July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 26th July 1918, pages 8987, 8989, 8990 and 8992.**War Office,
30th July, 1918.***REGULAR FORCES.****COMMANDS AND STAFF.**

The undermentioned Appts. are made:—

GENERAL STAFF.*G. S. Os.***3rd Grade—**

Maj. W. W. Van Someren, D.S.O., Sikhs, Ind. Army, from a G.S.O., 3rd Grade, at the War Office. 5th June 1918.

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned to be temp. Capts.:—

Temp. Lt. (actg. Capt.) C. S. Maxted, for duty with Inland Water Trans. 1st July 1918.

Temp. Capt. T. F. Vernon, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List as temp Lt. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 30th June 1918.

INFANTRY.**Labour Corps.**

The appt. of Maj. H. G. Warburton (Ind. Army Res. of Offrs.) to be temp. Lt.-Col. notified in Gaz. 5 Feb. 1918, is cancelled.

PROMOTIONS.**No. 2291.**—Major G. Lee, M.C., The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, while holding an appointment as Commandant of a Bombing School. Dated 1st May 1918.**No. 2292.**—Lieutenant R. J. V. Michell, 4th Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 13th Hussars, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while holding an appointment as Assistant Commandant at a Bombing School. Dated 1st May 1918.**No. 2293.**—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for Lieutenant), while holding appointments as Instructors at a Bombing School, with effect from the dates shown against their names:—

Lieutenant A. L. Edwards, 2nd Black Watch. Dated 1st May 1918.

Lieutenant T. G. S. Hide, 29th Punjabis. Dated 1st May 1918.

Lieutenant D. Gillies-Reyburn, 93rd Burma Infantry. Dated 1st May 1918.

Lieutenant J. A. Lynch, 35th Sikhs. Dated 1st May 1918.

Lieutenant C. B. Shallow, 74th Punjabis. Dated 10th May 1918.

No. 2294.—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding appointments as Assistant Instructors at Musketry Schools, with effect from the 24th July 1918:—

Lieutenant C. H. Brunton, The East Yorkshire Regiment.

Lieutenant W. Guthrie, The Royal Sussex Regiment.

Lieutenant R. F. Mudie, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

No. 2295.—Lieutenant C. G. Snelling, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while holding an appointment as Platoon Commander at an Officer's School of Instruction. Dated 6th September 1918.

No. 2296.—Lieutenant J. Mahoney, The Durham Light Infantry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Company Commander at a School of Instruction for Non-Commissioned Officers. Dated 11th September 1918

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

Infantry.

No. 2297.—The following acting promotion is notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

Major W. H. Speke to be acting Lieutenant Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 31st May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. R. Paull, T.D., extra-regimentally employed with effect from the 16th May 1918.

(To be substituted for the entry relating to the grant of the acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel to Major W. H. Speke, notified in Army Department Notification No. 1603, dated the 19th July 1918.)

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

Infantry.

No. 2298.—The following acting promotions are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

The Essex Regiment.

Captain C. de St. Croix to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 12th April 1918, *vice* Major E. L. Christie, vacated with effect from the 28th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant R. N. Cox to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a Battalion, *vice* Captain E. L. Greenhow, relieved with effect from the 21st February 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2299.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Walter Bulmer Tait Abbey, Supernumerary List. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Vernon Hamilton Raynor, 87th Punjabis

George Geoffery Voelcker, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Cyril Muncaster Percy-Jones, 21st Punjabis.

Alan David Eugene Reiche, 38th Deccans.

Geoffrey Raymond Clarke, 72nd Punjabis.

Henry Ranthwells Traill, 87th Punjabis.

Edward Richard Kennedy, 18th Infantry.

William Ivor Parsons Feltham, M.C., 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Mervyn Robert Keene, 97th Deccan Infantry.

Lewine Charles James Bendyshe Walton, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

} Dated 1st October 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Thomas Arthur Pritchard, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 10th September 1918.

Wilfred George Sale, attached 112th Infantry.

Henry Sloane Larkin, attached 97th Deccan Infantry.

Harry Anderson McMahon, attached 97th Deccan Infantry.

Hugh Alexander Mullaly, attached 99th Deccan Infantry.

Arthur Patrick Walsh, attached 117th Mahrattas.

Robert Armstrong Alexander Badham, attached 61st King George's Own Pioneers.

John Wingate Rundall, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

} Dated 12th September 1918.

George Fredrick Paterson, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 19th September 1918.

Charles Hill, M.C., attached 89th Punjabis. Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 2300.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified :—

32nd Lancers.

Lieutenant F. P. G. Denehy, attached. Dated 11th August 1918.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Second-Lieutenant F. L. Sheridan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 18th August 1918.

Depôt, 19th Punjabis.

Lieutenant N. Unsworth. Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 23rd June 1918.

55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant F. K. Hutchens, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached ; from 23rd June 1918 to 28th August 1918.

Depôt, 62nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant J. S. P. Stoddart, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 18th June 1918.

63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant A. G. H. Jaynes, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 3rd September 1918.

82nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant T. C. D. Ricketts, attached. Dated 2nd August 1918.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Lieutenant W. M. Clapp, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 3rd August 1918.

113th Infantry.

Lieutenant C. E. Phillips, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached ; from 13th May 1918 to 8th June 1918.

Lieutenant N. G. B. Kirwan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 7th June 1918.

151st Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant B. G. Murray-Shirreff, 33rd Punjabis, attached. Dated 8th August 1918.

No. 2301.—The undermentioned officers relinquish the acting rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval, on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified :—

32nd Lancers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. D. Fraser, attached. Dated 11th August 1918.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Temporary Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. A. J. Hoggett, attached. Dated 3rd August 1918.

Depôt, 62nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. D. Thompson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 18th June 1918.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. Boorn, attached. Dated 19th July 1918.

95th Russell's Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. R. K. Wallace, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 11th August 1918.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Osbourne, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 1st August 1918.

113th Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. H. de C. Martin, 120th Infantry, attached. Dated 13th May 1918.

151st Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. E. Banks, attached. Dated 24th July 1918.

No. 2302.—The promotion of Captain (now Major) Lionel Schofield Fenton, 113th Infantry, to the rank of Major, notified in Army Department Notification No. 499, dated the 6th April 1917, is antedated to the 8th January 1916 (but without pay and allowances prior to the 1st September 1916) his previous forfeited service having been restored for good service in the field.

No. 2303.—Lieutenant Frank Moore Wardle, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs, will have seniority in the rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 7th August 1916.

No. 2304.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Depot, 28th Deccan Horse.

Temporary Lieutenant W. G. Figg to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 18th May 1918.

Temporary Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. G. Figg relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to be Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 5th June 1918.

Depot, 32nd Lancers.

Captain N. F. C. Mulloy, M.C., to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 12th August 1918, *vice* Major W. C. Reid, relieved with effect from the 28th July 1918.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Captain and Brevet Major C. A. Bird, D.S.O., R.E., to be acting Major from the 14th October 1917 to the 9th December 1917, while Second Senior Officer serving with the Corps.

Lieutenant G. M. Smith, Indian Army Reserve, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th April 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. A. Farquharson, Indian Army Reserve, transferred to command a field troop, with effect from the 13th April 1918.

Lieutenant L. J. Powis, Indian Army Reserve, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th June 1918, *vice* Captain G. D. Watson, R.E., vacated with effect from the 31st May 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant R. B. Woakes, M.C., Indian Army Reserve, to be acting Captain while commanding a company to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1918.

Second Lieutenant E. N. C. Marshall, R.E., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 30th April 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. B. Woakes, M.C., Indian Army Reserve, transferred to command a new company, with effect from the 15th April 1918.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant A. Lister-Jackson, Indian Army Reserve, to be acting Captain while commanding a company to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st July 1918.

Railway Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant R. F. Scrivener, R.E. to be acting Captain while commanding a company to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 5th May 1918.

Depot, 49th Bengalis.

Lieutenant N. Harley to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 24th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Jones, relieved with effect from the 9th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Jones relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to be Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 9th August 1918.

63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Major L. Phillips to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 8th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Ainslie, vacated with effect from the 24th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. Hurford Jones, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 8th September 1918, *vice* Major L. Phillips appointed temporary Commandant, with effect from the 24th August 1918.

73rd Malabar Infantry.

Captain T. R. Dawe to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 17th June 1918.

Major W. R. Lawrenson to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 30th July 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) T. R. Dawe, relieved with effect from the 15th July 1918.

Captain (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) T. R. Dawe relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 15th July 1918.

Captain T. R. Dawe to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 15th July 1918.

Lieutenant L. F. Theak to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th June 1918.

Lieutenant N. H. B. Rowcliffe to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st July 1918.

Lieutenant W. J. Chamberlain to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd July 1918.

81st Pioneers.

Major R. Maokie to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 16th February 1918.

Lieutenant C. Southgate, M.C., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. L. Shaw, relieved with effect from the 6th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. Shaw relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 6th September 1918.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

Lieutenant H. W. A. Hamlyn to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th May 1918, *vice* Captain B. S. Stone, transferred with effect from the 5th May 1918.

Depot, 94th Russell's Infantry.

Captain A. P. H. Caddell to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 13th June 1918, *vice* Major S. B. Coates, M.C., relieved with effect from the 29th May 1918.

95th Russell's Infantry.

Lieutenant H. F. Jeffreys to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st July 1918.

Lieutenant R. C. Grey to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. F. Jeffreys, vacated with effect from the 31st August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. F. Jeffreys relinquishes the acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 31st August 1918.

Lieutenant H. F. Jeffreys to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a Battalion. Dated 15th September 1918, *vice* Captain K. L. Fasken, vacated with effect from the 31st August 1918.

Lieutenant D. E. Andrews to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st July 1918.

Lieutenant H. G. Lang to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st July 1918.

98th Infantry.

Lieutenant W. R. Selby, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. T. Harman relinquishes the acting rank, with effect from the 14th May 1918.

Lieutenant R. A. Webb, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. G. Adams relinquishes the acting rank, with effect from the 14th May 1918.

119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Lieutenant F. W. Douse to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th June 1918, *vice* Major T. de B. Carey, relieved with effect from the 20th May 1918.

Lieutenant J. J. Dedman to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. C. Hutton, vacated with effect from the 7th June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. C. Hutton relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th June 1918.

Depot, 152nd Infantry.

Captain N. Coates to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 15th June 1918.

Captain G. D. Anderson to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 7th June 1918.

156th Indian Infantry.

Captain E. G. Phythian-Adams to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant T. S. Conner to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant F. A. Sitzler to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant J. A. Robinson to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant D. M. Williams to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant C. W. Cawood to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a Battalion. Dated 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant T. B. Robb to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. M. Williams, relieved with effect from the 9th June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. M. Williams relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 9th June 1918.

ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2305.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) C. A. Swainson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel whilst specially employed. Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 2306.—Lieutenant W. D. Moylan, Indian Army Reserve, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while commanding a Railway Sappers and Miners company. Dated 24th April 1918, *vice* Captain R. E. Gordon, M.C., R.E., vacated with effect from the 9th April 1918.

No. 2307.—Temporary Lieutenant G. W. Shaw, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while commanding the 118 Labour Corps. Dated 15th July 1918.

No. 2308.—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while holding appointments as Railway Transport Officers, with effect from the dates specified :—

Second Lieutenant H. H. G. Howard, Indian Army Reserve of Officers. Dated 1st August 1918.

Second Lieutenant G. L. Biddlecombe, Indian Army Reserve of Officers. Dated 13th August 1918.

No. 2309.—Second Lieutenant Herbert Huntley Shaw, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as Assistant Recruiting Officer. Dated 15th September 1918.

No. 2310.—Second Lieutenant F. S. Bond, Indian Army Reserve, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while commanding a Railway Construction company. Dated 16th August 1918.

No. 2311.—Second Lieutenant Edward Hinning Lincoln, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant, while employed as Cantonment Magistrate, Sialkot. Dated 16th August 1918.

No. 2312.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Cavalry Branch.

William Lancaster Ranking. Dated 8th November 1917.

Infantry Branch.

John Watson Lawson Claridge. Dated 5th August 1917.

Henry Newman. Dated 12th March 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Guy Fitzhardinge-Berkeley. Dated 23rd March 1918.

Herbert Victor Firth. Dated 26th April 1918.

Stanley Wilfrid Game. Dated 30th May 1918.

Albert George Fuller. Dated 27th June 1918.

John William Horrabine Gallienne. Dated 23th August 1918.

Richard Ernest Odling. Dated 26th September 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2313.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 1st September 1918.

Claude Harold Cross.

Robert Alexander Chambers, M.B.

Norman Skinner Simpson.

Kanwar Shumshere Singh.

Andrew Smith Leslie, M.B.

Alexander Patrick Gordon Lorimer, M. B.

Herbert Bodley Scott.

No. 2314.—Temporary Lieutenant Aiyappen Padmanabha Pillay, M.B., is, subject to His Majesty's approval, promoted to the rank of temporary Captain, with effect from the 18th February 1918.

No. 2315.—Lieutenant A. V. Milnes, Unattached List, Army Dental Surgeon, is, subject to His Majesty's approval, promoted to the rank of Captain, with effect from the 1st August, 1918.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Surgeon Branch.

No. 2316.—The following Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Captain on the retired list of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, who have been temporarily

re-employed, are granted the honorary rank of Major, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 2nd April 1918 :—

Julius Brown.
William Alfred Boucher.
Thomas Archibald Bay.
Frederick Francis Bedell.
Joseph Brandon.
Alexander Adolphus Cotton.
Arthur David Cotton.
Edward Patrick Clements.
Arthur D'Cruz
Charles Edward Davis.
Harry Day.
David Arthur Elkins.
William Eates.
William Forrester.
James George Fleming.

Edwin Walter Fraser.
George Gill.
Charles Nathaniel Gregg.
William Alexander Heppollette.
William Heathcock.
George Hynes.
Thomas William Minty.
Isaac Newton.
Charles Borromes Monisse.
William Frank O'Connor.
Donald Smith Ollenbach.
Servulo Joseph Pais.
James William Prichard.
Albert Robert Goddard Rodrigues.
Patrick Toomy.

Mark Windross.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 2317.—The undermentioned 2nd class Assistant Surgeons having completed five years' service in that class to be 1st class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 27th September 1918 :—

Hubert Felix DePenning.
Stanislaus George Smyth.
Lionel Vivian O'Brien Easdon.
William Hugh Maher.
Hermann Frank Otto.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 2318—Commissary and Honorary Captain William Thomas, late of the Indian Ordnance Department, temporarily re-employed is granted the honorary rank of Major, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 21st September 1917.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Bombay List.

No. 2319.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Edmund Septemus Hall to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval :

Conductor Edmund Henry Baillie Nagle to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval ;

Sub-Conductor Albert Gregory, Amalgamated List, to be Conductor on the Amalgamated List ; and

Staff-Serjeant Charles Crowther, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List ;

vice Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain George Webb, supernumerary, on attaining the age of 55 years ; with effect from the 10th September 1918.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 2320.—The following warrant officers are promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissary (supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the terms of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918 ; with effect from the 27th September 1918 :—

Conductors William Albert Norris and Charles Thomas Morrow.

INDIAN ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 2321.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officers of the Burma Military Police are appointed to be temporary Indian officers in the Indian Army with the rank and with effect from the date stated against their names :—

Havildars Gul Badan Singh and Sri Pat Tivari—Jemadars in the 90th Punjabis. Dated 18th May 1918.

No. 2322.—The following direct appointment is made :—

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Mughal Khan to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 16th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

No. 2323.—The following promotions are made :—

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumaden's) (Infantry).

Havildar Mangal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918, and Havildar Devi Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (Frontier Force).

Havildar Bal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Jubbulpore.

Havildar Abdul Ghafur Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Roorkee.

Havildar Murid Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Dinapore.

Acting Havildar-Major Muhammad Din (Remount Training Depot, Meerut) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Dasaunda Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Moungh Gyi to be Subadar and Havildar Maung Tun Kah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Ghulam Nabi, I.O.M., to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, Jemadar Kailas Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918, Havildar Sheochand Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st July 1918, Havildars Lalu Rajena, I.O.M., Mihr Dad, Ramji Sinde and Chandika Parshad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

17th (Divisional Signal) Company.

Jemadar Dharam Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Ismail Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

Burma Mounted Rifles.

Kot-Dafadar Karam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th May 1918; and Dafadar Ratipal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

8th Rajputs.

Havildar Ram Lal to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Havildars Atar Singh, Phera Singh, Abdul Haq Khan, Bans Bahadur Singh and Ram Nath Sharma to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Gopal Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 23rd March 1918, Jemadars Lekh Ram and Ram Sahai to be Subadars, with effect from the 13th May 1918, Colour-Havildar Sukhdeo Singh and Havildar Hardvari Lal to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd March 1918, Havildars Desraj Singh, Shaikh Ali Muhammad and Colour-Havildar Niaz Muhammad Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st May 1918 and Havildars Chandan Singh, Natha Ram and Colour-Havildar Rambal to be Jemadars, with effect from the 13th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

23rd Sikh Pioneers.

Havildars Dhauna Singh, Pala Singh and Dalip Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918, to complete the establishment.

25th Punjabis.

Havildar Chet Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd July 1918; to complete the establishment.

43rd Eriapura Regiment.

Havildars Salab Singh and Sanwat Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 18th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

49th Bengalis.

Temporary Havildar Sachindra Kumar Roy to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Jemadar Saiyid Ahmad to be Subadar, with effect from the 30th July 1918, and Jemadar Murugayya to be Subadar, with effect from the 8th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

64th Pioneers.

Naik Balasundaram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

66th Punjabis.

Havildar Jahandad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

74th Punjabis.

Jemadar Sultan Khan to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Nadir Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

Havildar Kotalayya, Havildar-Major Sayyid Husain, Havildars Duraisami Mudali and K. P. Gopala Menon to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

89th Punjabis.

Jemadar Santa Singh to be Subadar, and Havildars Janki Singh, Fazal Din, and Shiunarayan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st July 1918; to complete the establishment.

93rd Burma Infantry.

Jemadar Ghulam Muhammad to be Subadar and Havildar Khan Zaman to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st May 1918; to complete the establishment.

96th Berar Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Shaikh Mansur to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

104th Wellesley's Rifles.

Havildar-Major Bhiv Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Shallom Solomon to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st July 1918; to complete the establishment.

113th Infantry.

Jemadars Shama Ram and Rasal to be Subadars, with effect from the 13th May 1918, Colour-Havildar Angad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd December 1917, Colour-Havildars Ram Singh and Harinarayan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 13th May 1918 and Havildar Amichand to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Havildars Bijai Singh, Muhammad Ali Khan and Kalu Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 11th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

122nd Rajputana Infantry.

Jemadars Gopal Singh and Net Ram to be Subadars, Havildars Pura Rawat and Chunna Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 11th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Jemadar Dhali Khan to be Subadar, Havildars Hamidullah Khan and Saifullah to be Jemadars, with effect from the 4th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Colour-Havildar Bachan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Dalbahadur Thapa to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th July 1918, Jemadars Rup Sing Thapa and Birban Gurung to be Subadars, with effect from the 11th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

14th Labour Corps.

Havildar Subbiah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

108th Labour Corps.

Havildar Serbhi Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis.

No. 2324.—The date of the promotion of Havildar Badri Das, as published in Army Department Notification No. 501, dated the 6th April 1917, is antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 1st May 1915.

58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

No. 2325.—In Army Department Notification No. 1233, dated the 7th June 1918, delete "55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force)."

79th Carnatic Infantry.

No. 2326.—In Army Department Notification No. 2104, dated the 13th September 1918, for "Shaikh Unser" read "Shaikh Anser."

99th Deccan Infantry.

No. 2327.—In Army Department Notification No. 1814, dated the 9th August 1918, for "Karamyar Khan," read "Karamiyar Khan."

101st Grenadiers.

No. 2328.—The promotion of Jemadars Janojirao Bhawe and Shah Nawaz, Havildar-Major Gheba Khan, Colour-Havildars Tukaram Kate and Deoji Parte, as published in Army Department Notification No. 505, dated the 8th March 1918, are antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 14th November 1917, 7th December 1917, 14th November 1917, 17th November 1917 and 7th December 1917 respectively.

No. 2329.—The promotion of Havildar-Major Muhammad Ali Khan, as published in Army Department Notification No. 1555, dated the 12th July 1918, is antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 10th April 1918.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 2330.—The following appointments are made in the Supply and Transport Corps Reserve of Indian officers :—

To be Messaidar.

Ajit Singh of the Gurdaspur District.

Syed Israil Shah of the Meerut District.

Syed Muhammad Yousuf Ali Shah of the Meerut District.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

2nd (Madras) Group Garrison Artillery (The Duke's Own).

No. 2331.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Ian Simon Fraser. Dated 6th August 1918.

2nd Karachi Brigade Mobile Artillery.

No. 2332.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Ernest Archbell Pearson. Dated 20th September 1918.

1-17th Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Battalion.

No. 2333.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant.

Arthur Gordon Shorrocks. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Second Lieutenant.

Robert Hugh Middleton. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Captain Supernumerary List.

Alfred Master. Dated 1st April 1917.

25th Oudh and Rohilkhand Battalion.

No. 2334.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Arthur Knox Homan. Dated 18th September 1918.

35th Poona Battalion.

No. 2335.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Tom Dobson. Dated 15th July 1918.

57th Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

No. 2336.—Second Lieutenant Arthur Lucas William Fleming resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 1st August 1918.

1st Bihar Light Horse.

No. 2337. The date of the temporary commissions granted to John Tarlton Whitty, Stephen Leslie and Robert McNeil is 1st April 1917 and not as shown in Army Department Notification No. 2249, dated the 28th September 1918.

PURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 2338.—Colonel A. H. O. Spence, C.I.C., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department, was granted 60 days' war leave with effect from the 15th April 1918.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

Army Reserves.

No. 2339.—Captain Harry Baker Norton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted to resign the service on account of ill-health, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 30th September 1918.

INDIAN LAND FORCES.

No. 2340.—Second Lieutenant Aspandiar Rustamji Irani, Indian Land Forces, is permitted to resign his temporary honorary commission in the Indian Land Forces, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 24th September 1918.

RETENTIONS

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 2341.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain George Webb is retained in the service after the age of 55 years, with effect from the 10th September 1918, until further orders, and will be borne as supernumerary in his rank and grade.

REWARDS.

No 2342.—The following rewards have been granted to the undermentioned for gallantry or devotion to duty in the field :—

Awarded the Indian Order of Merit, 2nd class.

Subadar Labh Singh, Infantry.

For conspicuous bravery and initiative in action on the 17th and 18th October 1917. He was in command of his company on the 18th, his company officer having taken command of the battalion. His skilful control of fire and fearless example enabled determined enemy counter-attacks to be repulsed.

Ganeshi Lal, Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel), *Sardar Bahadur*, Bharatpur Imperial Service Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on the 17th October 1917. This officer stayed with and encouraged his men under the hottest fire for many hours at a critical period during the battle. Undoubtedly his courage contributed largely to the stand made by the men after severe casualties had been sustained.

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

No. 3870 Havildar Gurdit Singh, Infantry.

No. 1479 Lance-Naik Said Muhammad, Infantry.

No. 1691 Naik Ramchand, Bharatpur Imperial Service Infantry.

No. 2247 Naik Hira, Bharatpur Imperial Service Infantry.

No. 2020 Naik Nathi, Bharatpur Imperial Service Infantry.

No. 1817 Lance Naik Zormal, Bharatpur Imperial Service Infantry.

Subadar Durani, Infantry.

No. 290 Havildar Reshmin, Infantry.

No. 3394 Havildar Mir Sher, Infantry.

No. 4225 Naik Juma Khan, Infantry.

No. 791 Driver Muhammad Alsar, Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Prabh Dial, Infantry.

Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity)

No. 2557 Havildar Sona Singh, Infantry.

No. 1180 Havildar Chachan Mukandrao, 3rd Gwalior Imperial Service Infantry.

No. 2695 Sepoy Gyan Singh, 3rd Gwalior Imperial Service Infantry.

No. 1478 Havildar Aldur Rehman, Kapurthala Imperial Service Infantry.

No. 436 Naik Sudda Singh, Faridkot Imperial Service Sappers and Miners.

No. 665 Lance-Naik Jawahar Singh, Faridkot Imperial Service Sappers and Miners.

No. 1115 Havildar Ali Akbar, 2nd Kashmir Imperial Service Rifles.

No. 588 Naik Taju 2nd Kashmir Imperial Service Rifles.

No. 1296 Sepoy Muhammad Akram, 2nd Kashmir Imperial Service Rifles.

No. 83 Quartermaster Havildar Dal Bahadur, 3rd Kashmir Imperial Service Rifles.

No. 507 Naik Karbir, 3rd Kashmir Imperial Service Rifles.

No. 1051 Sepoy Shib Ram, 3rd Kashmir Imperial Service Rifles.

No. 2343.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned warrant officer of the Supply and Transport Corps, in recognition of his services in the field during the war :—

Conductor Samuel Fowles, supernumerary, to be Assistant Commissary, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 10th September 1918.

No. 2344.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned non-commissioned officer of the Supply and Transport Corps, in recognition of his services in the field during the war :—

Staff-Serjeant Peter Tanner to be Sub-Conductor ; with effect from the 10th September 1918.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

RESIGNATIONS.

Cooch and Mysore Rifles.

No. 2345.—Second Lieutenant John Milner Tomlinson resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917.

Burma Railway Volunteer Corps.

No. 2346.—Lieutenant-Colonel John Henry Sewell resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 2347.—Second Lieutenant Archibald Wallace Coles resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917.

JUDICIAL.

No. 2348.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Indian Soldiers (Litigation) Act, 1918 (IX of 1918), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that all the provisions of the said Act shall apply to the Indian personnel of the Inland Water Transport in the same manner as they apply to Indian soldiers.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 4th October 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 59.—The following appointments are made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the dates specified:—

To be temporary Lieutenant.

Lewis Jones, 29th August 1918.

To be temporary Engineer-Lieutenant.

Alexander Learmonth Gillespie, 28th August 1918.

(Marine Department Notification No. 56, dated the 13th September 1918, is cancelled.)

No. 60.—Second Lieutenant Herbert William Heslop, Inland Water Transport, is appointed as a Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant in the Royal Indian Marine Service, with effect from the 4th September 1918.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 2nd October, 1918.

No. 677-E-18.—*Corrigendum.*—In columns 2 and 3 of Railway Board's Notification No. 677-E., dated the 5th July 1918, *delete* the words "and Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, Officiating (superannuated)" against the name of Mr. D. L. McPherson.

No. 677-2-E-18.—Mr. D. L. McPherson, District Locomotive Superintendent, in Class II, Grade I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways (on special duty), is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, in Class I (Superannuated) of that establishment, with effect from the 24th April 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1454-E-18.—Mr. P. N. Hoon, officiating Assistant Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Controller of Stores on that Railway, during the absence of Mr. S. H. Maule-Cole, District Controller of Stores, on privilege leave.

The 3rd October, 1918.

No. 373-E-18.—Notification No. 373-E., dated the 14th March 1918, placing the services of Mr. S. H. Maule-Cole, Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, at the disposal of the Indian Munitions Board, is hereby cancelled.

No. 442-S-18.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 11-G. of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the purchase, sale, delivery of or other dealing in railway locomotives,

rolling stock, or parts thereof, except in accordance with the terms of a permit, issued in that behalf by the Railway Board.

No. 1571-E-18.—Mr. W. A. Amesbury, Temporary Engineer, North-Western Railway, is transferred to the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, with rank in class II, grade 3, with effect from the 13th September 1918.

No. 1618-E-18.—Mr. F. W. Hanson is appointed Controller of Despatches, Madras, with effect from the 21st September 1918.

The 4th October, 1918.

No. 1240-E-18.—Mr. B. Stapleton, Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, *s. p. t.*, State Railways, whose services are lent to the Burma Railways Company, is granted combined leave for two years, *viz.*, privilege leave due and furlough for the remaining period, under Articles 233, 304 and 308*b*, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 20th September 1918.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th October, 1918.

No. E.-772 (1).—The following appointments are made in connection with the organization of the Munitions Manufacture Branch of the Indian Munitions Board, with effect from the dates noted against each :—

Bengal Circle.

Mr. D. L. McPherson, Deputy Controller (Munitions), Calcutta, to be Senior Deputy Controller (Munitions Manufacture)	1st October 1918.
Mr. B. St. J. Newton, Assistant Controller (Munitions), Calcutta, to be Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture)	1st October 1918.
Mr. F. Eastmeade, Assistant Controller (Munitions), Calcutta, to be Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture)	1st October 1918.
2nd-Lieutenant W. C. Savage, I.A.R.O., Assistant Controller (Munitions), Calcutta, to be Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture)	1st October 1918.
Mr. P. L. Harrison to be Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture)	5th August 1918.

Bombay Circle.

Mr. W. Henderson, Secretary, Local Manufactures Committee, Bombay, to be Assistant Controller and acting Deputy Controller (Munitions Manufacture)	16th September 1918.
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Madras Circle.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. Churchill, Deputy Controller (Munitions), Madras, to be Deputy Controller (Munitions Manufacture)	1st October 1918.
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United Provinces Circle.

Lieutenant W. J. Craig, Deputy Controller (Munitions), United Provinces Circle, to be Deputy Controller (Munitions Manufacture)	1st October 1918.
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Punjab Circle.

Mr. E. A. Scott, Deputy Controller (Munitions),
Punjab, to be Deputy Controller (Munitions
Manufacture) 1st October 1918.

Burma Circle.

Mr. B. Raikes, Deputy Controller (Munitions), Burma,
to be Deputy Controller (Munitions Manufac-
ture) 1st October 1918.

No. E-772 (2).—Mr. C. A. Williams, Assistant Controller (Munitions), Calcutta, is appointed Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Simla, with effect from the 1st October 1918.

No. E-772 (3).—Mr. H. J. D. Stowe, Assistant Controller (Home Indents and Priority) is appointed Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Simla, with effect from the 1st October 1918.

No. E-744.—Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary E. Johnson, a Superintendent in the office of the Indian Munitions Board, is appointed Assistant Controller (Clothing), with effect from the 14th September 1918.

T. RYAN,

Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

PART VI.

Proceedings of the Indian Legislative Council.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ASSEMBLED UNDER
THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915
(5 & 6 Geo. V. Ch. 61).

THE Council met at the Council Chamber, Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on
Monday, the 23rd September, 1918.

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PRESENT :

His Excellency BARON CHELMSFORD, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., G.C.B.E.,
Viceroy and Governor General, *presiding*, and 52 Members, of whom
48 were Additional Members.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel asked :—

1. "(a) Will Government be pleased to state whether the system of examinations by compartment has been introduced by any Universities for any of their examinations? If so, by which Universities and for what examinations?"

11-3 A.M.

Examination by compartment.

(b) Was a communication on the subject addressed to Government by the Hon'ble Lala Sukhbir Singh in January 1917? If so, will Government be pleased to lay it on the table?"

The Hon'ble Sir C. Sankaran Nair replied :—

"(a) A statement* giving the information asked for is laid on the table. Further information will be found in the University calendars.

(b) As I mentioned in my reply to a question by the Hon'ble Raja Sir Rampal Singh at the meeting of the Legislative Council on the 5th September, 1917, I received a communication in January, 1917, from the Hon'ble Lala Sukhbir Singh regarding university examinations by compartments. The views of the Hon'ble Lala Sukhbir Singh were expressed in an article (copy of which he enclosed) in the issue of the Central Hindu College Magazine which appeared on the 1st September, 1916. It therefore seems unnecessary to lay the communication and its enclosure on the table."

* Not included in these Proceedings.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[*Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi*; [23RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]
Sir William Meyer; *Mir Asad Ali, Khan*
Bahadur; *Sir Robert Gillan*.]

The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi asked :—

Imperial
heads of
revenue.

2. "(a) Will Government be pleased to make a statement showing the amount of revenue received under each Imperial head of revenue in respect of the different Provinces during each of the last five years?

(b) Will Government be pleased to make a similar statement in regard to the various divided heads of revenue showing the amounts credited to the Imperial and Provincial Governments, respectively, under each head in the different Provinces during each of the last five years?"

The Hon'ble Sir William Meyer replied :—

"I lay on the table two statements* giving the figures asked for by the Hon'ble Member."

The Hon'ble Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur, asked :—

Construction
of railway
line between
Balharsha
and
Warangal.

3. "(a) Is it proposed to construct a railway line between Balharsha on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway and Warangal on the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway, and, if so, when?

(b) Is there any proposal to extend the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway line from Wanaparti Road to Kurnool or Nandyal, and, if so, at what point will the proposed line meet the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway?

(c) Is it proposed to construct a railway line between Hingoli and Akola, and, if so, when?"

The Hon'ble Sir Robert Gillan replied :—

"(a) The reply is in the affirmative. His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government who, as at present arranged, will finance the construction of the Balharsha-Warangal Railway, have proposed to defer the construction till the end of the war.

(b) It was at one time proposed to construct a metre gauge connection between Hyderabad and Kurnool or Nandyal, with a view to linking up the metre gauge system of Hyderabad State with the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway. This scheme has, however, been superseded in part by the Secunderabad-Gadag project, of which the Secunderabad-Wanaparti Road Railway forms the first section. There is no proposal at present before the Government of India for an extension of this railway to Kurnool or Nandyal.

(c) It is not proposed to construct a railway between Hingoli and Akola. A reconnaissance survey of a line from Akola to Basim has however recently been ordered by the Railway Board."

The Hon'ble Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur, asked :—

Changes
in the run-
ning of
trains
on the Great
Indian
Peninsula
Railway.

4. "(a) Have there been new changes in the running of trains on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, since the 1st of September, such as the cancellation of the Delhi 'Express' and the running of the 'Mail' only as far as Delhi?"

(b) Is it a fact that no carriage is provided in the Bombay-Delhi mail for intermediate class passengers, and that such passengers are in consequence put to inconvenience? If so, do Government intend to draw the attention of the railway authorities to this matter?"

* Not included in these Proceedings.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[28RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*Sir Robert Gillan; Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy;
His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief
in India.*]**The Hon'ble Sir Robert Gillan replied :—**

"The reply to part (a) of the question is in the affirmative. Before 1st September a mail train between Bombay and Peshawar and an express train between Bombay and Delhi ran *via* the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, and a mail train ran between Bombay and Lahore *via* Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway. With a view to reducing passenger train mileage, it was decided to run only one mail train between Bombay and the Punjab, and the Bombay Baroda and Central India train now runs between Bombay and Peshawar, the Great Indian Peninsula mail runs between Bombay and Delhi and the express train has been cancelled.

(b) Intermediate class accommodation has not hitherto been provided in the Great Indian Peninsula mail, and there may be difficulties in providing it now, but the matter will be taken up with the Great Indian Peninsula Administration."

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy asked :—

5. "Will Government be pleased to state the number of Engineering works engaged in India on private account and on Munitions work; and how many of the latter were before the war working on private account?"

Engineering works engaged on Munitions works.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India replied :—

"I regret that it is impracticable to give a complete answer to the Hon'ble Member's inquiry, but, with a view to giving the fullest information that could be obtained rapidly, inquiries were addressed by the Munitions Board to 95 engineering firms, this number including all the more important engineering works in India and Burma, but not the hundreds of small contractors who have been employed by provincial officers of the Munitions Board.

2. Replies have been received from 90 firms, and from these the following figures have been summarised. There are now 21 engineering firms engaged wholly on private work; 69 are engaged partly on munitions and partly on private work. Of these 69 firms, seven have come into existence since the outbreak of war; 42 were engaged partly on Government and partly on private work before the war; and 20 were doing only private work before the war.

3. There are two works not included in these figures, namely, the Albion Foundry, and the Kutra Iron Works, at Calcutta, which have been taken over by Government and are wholly employed on munitions work under Government control. It should also be understood that none of the Government Ordnance Factories nor the Railway Workshops have been included in the engineering firms, although large quantities of munitions have been manufactured in railway workshops.

4. The Hon'ble Member will understand that, in obtaining replies from a large number of firms, the replies have in many instances left much to be desired in point of fulness, and the time available has not permitted doubtful points to be cleared up."

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy asked :—

6. "Will Government be pleased to state the number of Railway waggons in India at the beginning of the war, the number of waggons now lying useless for want of repairs, and the number of waggons exported to Mesopotamia for use there?"

Railway waggons.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[*Sir Robert Gillan; Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea; Sir William Vincent.*] [23RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

The Hon'ble Sir Robert Gillan replied :—

"The number of waggons on Indian Railways on the 31st March 1914 was 170,444.

The number of waggons at present laid up for repairs is 10,290 or about 6 per cent., of which 1,860 or about 1 per cent. of the total, are laid up for want of materials. The number is lower than in normal times owing to the efforts railways are making to keep every available wagon on the road.

The number of waggons sent to Overseas Forces is 4,251, of which all but 57 were metre gauge or 2' 6".

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea asked :—

Political
prisoners
detained
under
Regulation
III of 1818.

7. (a) Do Government intend to repeal the rule under which political prisoners detained under Regulation III of 1818 are confined in separate cells, and are not allowed to associate with one another or other people?
- (b) Is it a fact that political prisoners detained under the Regulation were differently treated in 1908?
- (c) Do Government propose to permit political prisoners under the Regulation to read newspapers selected, if necessary, by Government?

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

(a) There is no intention of changing the rule; these prisoners are allowed to associate, in the morning and in the evening when they take their exercise, with a limited number of other political prisoners.

(b) Yes, in some respects. The circumstances of 1908 were different. There were only nine such prisoners and it was possible to arrange for their confinement in separate jails.

(c) Under existing orders political prisoners are allowed to read selected newspapers, magazines and books."

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea asked :—

Hunger
strikers
in Hazaribagh Jail.

8. (a) Has the attention of the Government been drawn to the reports which have appeared in newspapers regarding a hunger strike on the part of political detenus under Bengal Regulation III of 1818 in the Hazaribagh Jail?

(b) Is it the case that the Superintendent twitted the prisoners with their being Home Rulers and Bengalis?

(c) Is the statement of severe treatment set forth in the newspapers substantially correct? If not, will Government be pleased to point out the inaccuracies in the report?

(d) Is it true that the Superintendent personally dragged the State prisoners on their refusing to move and brought in a body of Gurkhas to overawe them?

(e) Is it the case that books and magazines which had been previously passed for use of the detenus were stopped by the order of the Superintendent? If so, why were they stopped?

(f) Is it the case as stated in the newspaper report that 'the most solemn promises of the Inspector General the late and the present Superintendent were

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[23RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee ; Sir William Vincent ; Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma ; Sir George Barnes.*]

being broken and they were threatened with all sorts of punishments and lived every hour in fear of actual bodily assault from the Jail officials ? ”

(g) Did any prisoners go on hunger strike, and, if so, has the Government ordered any official inquiry into the causes which led to the hunger strike ? If so, will Government be pleased to lay the report of such inquiry on the table ? ”

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

“ I lay on the table a Statement* which replies to the Hon'ble Member's questions.”

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

9. “ Will Government be pleased to state whether the quantities of salt in stock are expected to meet the normal requirements of the country, and, if not, what steps are proposed to be taken to meet the deficiency ? ”

Quantity of salt in stock.

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes replied :—

“ The Government of India are of opinion that the existing salt stocks, together with the anticipated output from the salt sources and expected imports from abroad, are quite sufficient to meet the normal requirements of the country.

The following particulars may perhaps prove of interest. The Sambhar lake, which is the largest source of supply in Northern India, has at present a stock nearly equal to the normal year's total output—a result arising mainly from favourable climatic conditions during the current season, and extensive improvements are also being taken in hand. A record output is expected from the Pachhadra source, and the yield of the Khewra mines was increased last year to 38 lakhs of maunds against the pre-war output of 34 lakhs of maunds, and the former figure will probably be considerably exceeded in the current year owing to the various improvements which have been effected in pursuance of a general scheme which is not yet complete. Further improvements in the working of the Northern India salt sources and in the distribution of their output are under consideration. The question is mainly one of the most efficient means of transport from the mines or the salt pans to the railway.

The stocks in Madras, with the additions expected before the end of the year, are more than twice as much as the estimated consumption for the remaining months of the current official year, and the area under cultivation in 1919 is expected to be 20,000 acres as against 12,000 acres in pre-war times.

There has been a similar expansion of local manufacture in Burma, where it is hoped, that three-quarters of the demand will be met from local sources.

Bengal still depends mainly on foreign imports, though several schemes for local production are being pursued. Improved shipping arrangements which we do not think will be interfered with by other demands have secured a great increase in supplies, the imports in the four months ending July having been nearly twice as much as in the corresponding period of 1917.

Stocks in Bombay are adequate, but steps have been taken which should increase the output by 15 to 20 lakhs of maunds, and the Government of India have under their consideration a large scheme for the reorganisation of the Kharaghoda works.

The Hon'ble Member will thus see that the Government of India have not been contented merely to meet the anticipated normal requirements of the

* Not included in these Proceedings.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[*Sir George Barnes; Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma; Sir William Vincent.*] [23RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

country, but are taking steps to render it possible to supply, if necessary, a margin in excess of those requirements to meet unforeseen emergencies."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

Control of
the stocks of
cotton cloth
in the
Madras
Presidency.

10. "Do Government propose to assume control of the existing stocks of cotton cloth in the Madras Presidency by issuing the necessary notifications and exercising their powers thereunder with a view to enable the poor to purchase cloths at reasonable rates ? "

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes replied :

"The Government of India have received no communication from the Madras Government on the subject referred to. The Hon'ble Member will doubtless have observed that action in the direction proposed has already been taken by the Government of India at the request of the Government of Bengal, but the scope of that action is for the present confined merely to the licensing of cloth dealers, with a view in the first instance to the elimination of speculators rather than to controlling prices. So far as imported piece-goods are concerned, these are still below the figure at which they can be replaced by fresh importations, and any step which had the result of a permanent reduction in prices would deprive the country of further imports."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

Internment
of Darisi
Chenchaiiah.

11. "Will Government be pleased to state—

(a) whether and how long Darisi Chenchaiiah, a native of Nellore District, Madras Presidency, has been interned under their orders ;

(b) the circumstances which led to his internment and to the continuance thereof ; and

(c) whether they intend to release him or bring him speedily to trial ? "

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

"(a) Darisi Chenchaiiah has been interned in India since the 7th April 1916.

(b) Before the war he was a member of the *Ghadr* party in California and a follower of the notorious Har Dayal. At one time he was reported to be in charge of the despatching of the *Ghadr* newspaper from the San Francisco Office. In 1915, he took part in an expedition to Siam, the object of which was to seduce the Indian troops and military police in Burma as a preliminary to an attack on India. This expedition was planned in concert with Germans and was financed with German money. Chenchaiiah was arrested in Bangkok in August 1915 along with other members of the expedition.

(c) It is proposed to reconsider his case at an early date."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

Shooting
affray at
Jhelum.

12. "Will Government be pleased to state—

(a) whether any, and if so, how many, military recruits were killed and how many were wounded during the recent affray at Jhelum ;

(b) to what regiments the said recruits had been attached and whether there were any complaints by them about their treatment ;

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[23RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma ; His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.*]

- (c) whether such complaints were inquired into and with what result ;
- (d) whether any investigation was made into the circumstances under which the men were fired on ;
- (e) whether any officers were found responsible for the incident, and, if so, what punishment was meted out to them ;
- (f) whether the Garhwali Brahmins distinguished themselves in France and other theatres of the war ; and
- (g) whether Government intend to form them into a separate regiment ? "

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India replied :—

"The Hon'ble Member will permit me, I hope, to read out a reply, which will cover the question* in the order in which it was referred to by the Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya. The reply will be quite complete, but not in the order in which the Hon'ble Member has asked his question.

(a) (i) It is a fact that during the present war two battalions of Garhwali Rajputs have served with distinction both in France and Mesopotamia.

(ii) The number of Garhwali Brahman recruits (in which are included Brahmans of Kumaon) enlisted during 1917 was 679 ; but since the beginning of the war and up to the end of June 1918 a total of 1,392 Brahmans of Garhwal and Kumaon have come forward, and these were formed into special companies attached to the 38th Dogras, the depot of which is now serving at Jhelum. Of these, some 450 have proceeded on service and are now with the 38th Dogras. The question of forming them into a separate battalion was carefully considered, but for administrative and other considerations the proposal was not proceeded with. It is rarely possible to form a battalion from a class which has not hitherto been recruited for the Indian Army.

(iii) As it had come to the notice of the General Officer Commanding at Jhelum that the Brahmans attached to the 38th Dogras considered they had grievances, a special Court of Inquiry was held to investigate their allegations. It was represented that the officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the 38th Dogras treated the Brahman recruits with undue severity. In support they put forward certain specific instances which were disproved or found to be greatly exaggerated. The evidence, however, tended to show that though there was no doubt that there were occasional acts of harshness on the part of the Instructors of the 38th Dogras, there was also no doubt that these recruits behaved in a most undisciplined and provocative manner. Their object was to force the hands of the authorities to form them into a separate battalion with its attendant advantages in the matter of promotion. Following on this Court of Inquiry disciplinary action was taken against any officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the 38th Dogras who were held to be in fault.

As it was obvious that the Brahmans had conceived a dislike for the Dogras, the General Officer Commanding at Jhelum made arrangements to place them under Instructors of other units at Jhelum. Later on, however, it was found impossible to adhere to these arrangements since the Instructors of one of the units so detailed were required for other duties. It therefore became necessary to bring the Brahmans under Dogra Instructors again, not the same Instructors, but others. The men almost immediately refused to drill and thereby committed a very grave military offence. The General Officer Commanding at Jhelum, however, in view of their military inexperience, acted with great forbearance and decided to give them another chance of obeying orders. The Brahmans who were encamped beyond the river outside Jhelum were ordered to march into Jhelum and parade

* The reply was framed in reply to a question of which notice was given by the Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and which was not asked in Council.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS; RESOLUTION *re* SEDITION COMMITTEE'S REPORT AND WORKING OF THE CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT.

[*His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India ; Mr. G. S. Khaparde.*] [28RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

before the General Officer Commanding They refused and an escort was detailed to bring them in. On their arrival the General Officer Commanding at Jhelum addressed them on parade, and after dismissing the recruits, definitely ordered the non-commissioned officers and attested sepoys of the Hill Brahmans to drill under a Dogra Instructor. They refused and were placed in arrest. Subsequently they were tried by Court Martial and with one exception convicted.

From what I have said it will be seen that the action of these recruits was mutinous to a degree, and the General Officer Commanding the Rawalpindi Division took a very grave view of their conduct. He ordered that every man, including the recruits, who had disobeyed orders should be brought to trial. A Court Martial was convened for the trial of these recruits on the morning of the 3rd July, and an escort was detailed to conduct them to the place of trial. The recruits refused to come out of barracks and fall in. The senior officer commanding the escort went into the barrack rooms and personally ordered the men to come out. As they refused he decided to employ force to compel the men to leave the barracks. This they eventually did but sat down near a pile of building bricks and refused to move. They were again ordered to fall in but still declined—some tried to break away and escape, others commenced to pelt the escort with bricks. One of the British officers with the escort was struck twice on the head. There was considerable confusion as small parties of the Brahmans were trying to escape and small parties of the escort trying to head them off. In the confusion a shot, so far as can be ascertained, accidentally discharged, was the signal for an uncontrolled outburst of firing which lasted some thirty seconds before it could be stopped by the officers both British and Indian. Eighteen of the Hill Brahmans were killed on the spot and many died afterwards in hospital, the total casualties amounting to 35 killed and died of wounds, and 53 wounded; in addition 2 men of the escort were wounded.

It has been clearly established that no orders to fire were given, and I am convinced that no officer would have given such orders in the undoubted state of confusion which existed at the time, as both the escort and the men of the Hill Brahmans were within a few yards of each other and often intermingled.

On the cessation of the firing the recruits quietly fell in and expressed their readiness to go anywhere. The General Officer Commanding, Northern Command, and the General Officer Commanding, Rawalpindi Division, both proceeded to Jhelum and personally issued orders for a Court of Inquiry which thoroughly investigated every circumstance in connection with this sad affair.

(b) As the result of the recommendations of the General Officer Commanding, Northern Command, severe disciplinary action has been taken against all officers, non-commissioned officers and men, both British and Indian, who were considered to be responsible in any way for errors of judgment or contravention of orders in this most deplorable incident."

RESOLUTION *re* SEDITION COMMITTEE'S REPORT AND WORKING OF THE CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT.

11-20 A.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde :—"My Lord, the Resolution which I have the honour to move reads as follows:—

'This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the consideration and disposal of the report of the Sedition Committee of 1918 be kept in abeyance, and that a thorough and searching inquiry be undertaken by a mixed Committee of an equal number of official and non-official Indians into the working of the Criminal Investigation Department, including the Central Intelligence Department.'

RESOLUTION re SEDITION COMMITTEE'S REPORT AND WORKING OF THE CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT.

[23RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[Mr. G. S. Khaparde.]

"It will be seen that this Resolution has two parts, the first being, as we often say, to stay proceedings on the Sedition Committee's Report, and the second being to investigate and examine by means of a mixed committee of officials and non-officials the working of the Criminal Investigation and the Central Intelligence Department. Both of these departments have the same initials—C I. D. I shall therefore only use the one set of initials to cover both departments. It will be seen that I ask for this inquiry because the two things are very much connected.

"As regards the Report that is now before us and that we have got to consider, I do not propose to go into the details of the matter, but merely to take the Report as a whole and deal with what appear to me to be considerations that arise *prima facie*. The first consideration that arises on looking at the report is one which I have already indicated with reference to the questions which I put earlier in this Session. I asked whether the names of the witnesses examined by this Commission could be given, and the answer was that for reasons of public safety and in the interests of public utility they could not be given. Then I asked whether their statements could be produced for inspection, and the Government said they could not. Then I asked whether certain information could be supplied to the Members of this Hon'ble Council, and they said that in the interests of public safety it could not be supplied. Then I asked whether two persons who had been specially mentioned had been called and examined; and the Government reply was that there is no positive information on the point before Government, but they believe that these two persons were not sent up for examination. That makes my first point with regard to the Report, namely, the terms of reference requiring the Committee to hold their sittings *in camera*. As I said once before, publicity by itself I regard as a great safeguard; but in this case there may be reasons why that safeguard should be to a certain extent limited. But in most of these *in camera* trials, usually the persons concerned, whom we may here call the accused, are present or are represented by their counsels; the prosecution also is represented by a learned counsel, and I suppose some officer of Government is also present. So all the elements of a fair and good trial are there. In this particular instance, what happened is, that those persons whose conduct was to be gone into were not there, nor were counsel permitted to represent them. There was of course no counsel at all. These papers, or documentary evidence as it is called, were arranged by members of the Civil Service and they were presented in a very proper and readable form. Now, about documentary evidence of that kind there is also this point to be considered, that by itself it is not evidence unless a person comes and says that he prepared the document and it correctly represents the state of things. It is only by that means that it can become evidence. Documents have got to be introduced by oral evidence. I do not know whether that was done or not; but we may take it that it might have been. Even then the safeguards are very few. The proceedings are *in camera*, counsel is not present, the parties are not present, except of course the Government. Then there is the further difficulty that there was some cross-examination, but we do not know who was cross-examined. For proper cross-examination, as the lawyers sitting on this Council will bear me out, we require a great deal of information from our clients about witness. You want to find out his antecedents, you want to find out if he has any motives in coming to give evidence; and you have got to find out a number of other things. Oftentimes you have got to test his memory and impartiality and all those things. I have no doubt, the eminent Judges who sat on this Committee probably did a great deal of this work; but naturally, not having the parties before them and not having had interviews with the persons concerned, they could not have the information necessary to effect a cross-examination of their witnesses. All that element of safety, that safeguard of justice, was also absent.

RESOLUTION *re* SEDITION COMMITTEE'S REPORT AND WORKING
OF THE CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DEPARTMENT.

[*Mr. G. S. Khaparde.*]

[23RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

"Now, these *ex parte* inquiries generally are difficult to accept. Perhaps it is my temperament, but I cannot accept such inquiries easily, because there is nobody to represent the other side and to urge the points that may be necessary for the defence of a particular person. Even if we brush that consideration aside, we are presented with this judgment, but the whole of it is not given. I can show at page 135 of my copy that one whole page is missing. Your Excellency will find a whole page blank marked only with stars; and I am expected to take it for granted, I suppose, that whatever is there is there. But if I am not permitted to examine the evidence, if the safeguards are not there, if the whole judgment is not there and in the body of the Report, as your Excellency will observe, various passages are omitted and only indicated by stars,—well this is a kind of thing which is rather difficult to accept.

"But still, even taking it as it is, I have read the report very carefully more than once, and I find that the method employed is what is known as Inductive. They examined various offences that were placed before them, and I suppose they went through all the police papers to find out how the alleged criminals acted and what they did; then from the consideration of all those factors, general conclusions were drawn. This is called a scientific method and is very useful and often employed. But I humbly submit that this method has its own limitations. This method of induction is very good, but unless you are able to isolate the phenomena you are investigating, and unless you are able to supply the varying conditions under which they are brought about, you can never regard the results as certain. Now political matters and matters of this kind are rather difficult to investigate by the inductive method for the reason that political phenomena cannot be reproduced. You cannot vary the concomitants thereof, and the results therefore are very uncertain. These limitations at any time are very important, but in this particular case they are enhanced in their vitiating power, so to say, and that in this way—The persons whose conduct is gone into and whose actions are inquired into belong to that class of people who generally excite disapprobation. In a scientific inquiry a man has got a perfectly impartial mind uninfluenced by any feelings on the matter; whereas when you contemplate these persons, who are called criminals, and the people who are known as anarchists, there is a sort of disapprobation that arises in the mind. It creeps unconsciously into your reasoning, and the conclusions to that extent get vitiated. "That is not all. A certain amount of prejudice also enters into this kind of inquiry. In a scientific inquiry there is nobody to represent sides; there are the facts to speak for themselves, and the facts are personally observed by the individual. In this case the facts are presented by persons who do not probably investigate the whole thing; they depend upon reports, and those reports have probably left a trace in them after passing through two or three stages. The Judges who hold the inquiry are no doubt most estimable persons; but there are the reports and these gentlemen are probably inclined to believe them without very minute inquiry. The facts which have come out, to be ascertained and to be, so to say, put judicially beyond doubt, require that the persons who gave them should be examined personally by the Judges. It also requires that the person concerned should be well represented by an able lawyer who will be able to point out circumstances which may have vitiated the judgment of the witness. I do not say that witnesses always come to tell a lie, but oftentimes their powers of observation are very poor and sometimes they misobserve and so on. So each step has to be guarded and looked after; that could not have been done and would not apparently be done under the procedure so far as we know it. In these circumstances, this report comes before us. My usual practice is that, when a judgment comes before me, I read the evidence on which it is based and try to reason out to myself and reconcile it with my law books

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and the principles laid down there. In this case I am denied that evidence and I am denied those other safeguards and the judgment itself is incomplete. So I said 'now, let us see how far you can go.' The utmost to which you can go by the inductive method is that a rule evolved through certain particular instances is correct. I see that in this case acts of these supposed criminals were investigated and looked into, and they evolved certain general conclusions. I say what does that concluding lead to? It leads to this, that these criminals acted in a particular manner; they went about their business by doing certain things and making certain arrangements. That is very interesting no doubt to a detective and will be very useful to the detective branch of the Government, I have no doubt. But to the legislative branch it is not those acts that attract much of our attention; we look to see the mentality of those persons who did those acts, the reasons which led them to do them and their mental condition which led them to those particular measures, and then we legislate I suppose, in order to give inducements to good-minded people to observe peace and so on and to take away the inducements to criminals to act in the manner in which they did. Well, in this particular instance I find that in the whole of this report there is no investigation made as to the causes which led these misguided people to go into wrong ways. Those causes are not set forth, no remedies are proposed to remove those causes, and this is the most serious part of the case. I cannot say that I am very much pleased myself with the remedies proposed. I cannot accept them for the reason that they are opposed to principles established for centuries and tested by the experience of centuries, principles which are held something like sacred in law; those principles are sought to a certain extent to be modified. I always want very exceptional evidence to induce me to depart from any of those principles. I do not wish to inflict a long speech detailing all those principles and my reasons and so on. There are many eminent lawyers here of great experience, and they will be able to judge it for themselves, but the real remedy to my mind appears to have been missed. Lord Bacon lays down that in order to prevent seditious acts, which I suppose meant seditious acts in the language of those times, in order to prevent it you must take away the matter of them, that is to say, you must remove the causes which led to these people into that seditious matter. This is a maxim which is, I believe, to be found quoted nearly everywhere and of immense use; and really if you want to prevent people from doing certain kinds of acts then you remove the causes which led those people to do those acts; that is an important requirement. But unfortunately that is not undertaken in this report. We do not see what the causes were, what the measures were, or what particular circumstances led these people to do so. Now, these are people known to be very peaceful as a rule. As Sir Henry Cotton mentions in his 'New India,' India is about the easiest country to be ruled; the population is peaceful and they do not want to create any trouble. Sir Henry Cotton's book is not very old and is a comparatively new publication, and I ask, then, if this population is so good and so peaceful and law-abiding, what is it that induced them to become criminals on such a large scale. Those causes I would like to be detailed and to be examined, and they are not there unfortunately. Well, proceeding further, I also want to see and to judge what the remedies are. I am not going to deal with them in great detail at this stage at any rate. The rule has been that to be admissible a confession must be voluntary, not induced by any threat or inducement, and it should be recorded in the presence of a Magistrate, and there are various other precautions given in the Criminal Procedure Code. The first proposal proposes to relax these precautions. The second proposal is to make trials very speedy. I agree that trials have got to be speedy. But I suppose the Criminal Procedure Code, the law which I have

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studied and practised under provides all reasonable facilities for disposing of the case as early as possible. It is rather difficult to make them more speedy because judicial inquiries cannot be hurried easily. Then comes a proposal which I feel it very difficult to agree with. Our tendency now-a-days is that when a man has been to jail and been punished and then comes out, we wish to make life easy for him, to make it possible for him to make a new beginning and become a law-abiding citizen. This proposal proposes that after the man comes out of jail the police surveillance should be continued and his residence always watched; so that nobody will employ him and after a time he again becomes desperate, and all that remains for him is either to seek the protection of the jail where he could get his food by a reasonable amount of work or go away altogether; it is altogether a difficult position for him. Now, I do not want to go into the details of all these proposals; as I said I only bring them forward in order to make out that this judgment as it stands is difficult to accept, because of its incompleteness, because of its absence of evidence in support of it and so on. It becomes still more difficult for me to accept it because admittedly the recommendations are made somewhat in a hurry. I will read out that passage to your Excellency:—

'On the other hand, if we are to inquire whether these amendments should be made in the general law, we feel that we should be embarking on an investigation which, though perhaps not literally outside the terms of our reference, must nevertheless be larger than we were really intended to pursue, it would involve the eliciting the opinions of persons of experience in all parts of India and would postpone our report to a date when it might be useless. These and many other matters connected with Indian Criminal Procedure may well be worth investigating, but we cannot engraft an inquiry of that magnitude upon our task. We therefore only note the above points and pass from them.'

This passage means that there was really no time limit imposed by the terms of reference, but as it is a practical matter and a matter connected with the administration generally one could not follow the same procedure which philosophers do, namely they collect evidence for years and then say there is not material enough to form a judgment. That cannot be done in politics. One has got to make up his mind within a certain time limit. They imposed a certain time limit upon themselves and then they found that a larger inquiry was necessary.

Well, I suppose they should have undertaken it for the reason that in the opening parts of the report they admit that the measures which we have passed in this Council have proved adequate. We have been able to control the crime. They also say that the crime has considerably lessened and all the contingencies arising therefrom have been properly met. If so, I say that there is any amount of time available to consider those matters and judicially come to a finding and embody them into the permanent law. There is no hurry about it. These recommendations unfortunately appear to have been made with insufficient inquiry. Much stress has been laid, I know, on the circumstance that the Committee was composed of five eminent Judges, so they really are, and I quite bow to their great authority, their great experience and their great learning. But when we ask them to judge and give a report upon a case like this, it is like asking a singer to make music without his instruments; it is like asking a painter to give us a good picture but to take away from him all his brushes, all his paints and all his colours. A Judge, as your Excellency knows, works under different circumstances. He takes nothing for granted, but there are the parties before him; they represent their case through their able counsel who presses all the points, and the Judge listens to both of them and then ultimately makes up his mind—he often takes weeks if not months—to make up his mind. Now in this particular instance, there were five eminent Judges, and I have no doubt about their integrity and honesty, even their sympathy, I take it; but as I said, it is like asking a painter to paint without his brushes; it is like asking a Judge to pass his decision with-

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out any witnesses before him or without any necessary material before him to cross-examine them and so on. If I differ from them and if I doubt the conclusions these eminent Judges have come to, I hope this Hon'ble Council will not attribute any reluctance of mine to any want of respect. I have very great respect for them, but I find that the conditions were so difficult that human beings at any rate could not come to a correct conclusion with the insufficient materials before them. I was thinking it out to myself and how does it come to me. It comes very near to what is called 'faith cure.' I have seen these faith cure people. They are very poor in their private life; they are very good people; they spend a long time in contemplation and sit on hills and so on; they have no axe to grind. If I go to them for any treatment, they look at me and say that 'alright, you are cured.' Now I do not feel that I am cured, but they say I am, and will you believe that you are cured. I say 'yes' and I look about. But they generally do not ask for money. But if they did, what I would reply is 'I give you no money because I ask you to believe that I have already paid you.' That is not the way to get out of the situation. Here is the Report without sufficient evidence, and I am asked to believe it. I will believe it. But when action is asked for I shall say 'kindly produce all these things.' It is like this when you go to a doctor, he gives you a prescription and you take it to the Chemist who has to dispense it, and then when I take the medicine I get cured. Similarly, it is the case here. If it is not like that, then it is like the faith cure man. He says I am cured, but I say I am not and if he asked me for money I would reply by asking him to believe that I have paid him. I do not wish to take up any more time of this Council by putting forward all the arguments that I can, but I move this Resolution, and I hope that this Hon'ble Council will be pleased to accept it."

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—"My Lord, I seek to put the case for the Government in this matter very plainly and frankly before this Council at the earliest opportunity. I cannot, I am afraid, however, treat the Resolution in the light manner adopted by the Hon'ble mover, because the subject-matter is to us a matter of grave moment. Too many lives have been lost, there have been too much anxiety, too much expenditure in labour and money, too much harassment to our officers, for us to approach this question in the spirit in which the Hon'ble mover does 11-45 A.M.

"My Lord, I should like in the first place to explain our reason for appointing this Committee. At the time of that appointment the Government of India were faced with this position. We were aware of the existence of a widespread conspiracy extending over India and beyond the borders which was aimed at the overthrow of the British Government. I do not refer merely to open manifestations of which we had instances at Singapore, in the Punjab, and elsewhere, or to the prevalence of revolutionary outrages in Bengal, but I refer also to persistent underground working with ramifications throughout India by which constant attempts were made to seduce loyal subjects of His Majesty from their allegiance. I say, my Lord, we were aware of this conspiracy, but for various reasons we were unable to make public the information in our possession. To do so would have been to endanger the lives of many of those who had given us that information. It would also have involved a serious breach of confidence in many cases. Finally, it would have necessitated a disclosure of information to which I am quite sure the Foreign Department and the Military Department would have objected. We were aware also, I should have added, that at the conclusion of the war we should be faced with very great difficulties in dealing with this class of crime. For the present we have certain machinery to deal with this class of crime under the emergency measures passed for the war, but this legislation is of a temporary character. In these circumstances, the Government decided, at the instance, I ought to say,

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of the Bengal Government, to appoint a thoroughly impartial Committee to inquire into the extent of these conspiracies and into the necessity for any special measures, outside the ordinary law, to cope with them. We were anxious that this inquiry should be as impartial and searching as possible, and I think if this Council will consider the terms of reference and *personnel* of the Committee which was appointed to deal with it, they will admit that the Government were perfectly fair in the matter. Let us see who the members were. The President was Mr. Justice Rowlatt, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature in England and a lawyer of the highest repute in no way connected with the Indian Government. Among the members was Sir Basil Scott, Chief Justice for many years of the Bombay High Court, a Barrister Judge of ripe experience whose reputation for impartiality and ability stands very high. We included in the Committee also Mr. Justice Coomaraswamy Sastri of the Madras High Court, an Indian whose repute as a Judge also stands deservedly high. The fourth member was Mr. Provash Chandra Mitter, a practising Vakil of the Calcutta High Court, and what Member of this Council will question his integrity or ability? The last member was Sir Verney Lovett, a Member of this Council, who will no doubt address you shortly, a man who has had great experience of Magisterial work and administration, and has peculiar knowledge of conditions in Bengal having served on the Bengal District Committee. That was the Committee, my Lord, we appointed. I want the Council to realise that the members were men of strict impartiality, well accustomed to weighing evidence, able to detect anything in the nature of false evidence that might be put before them and qualified, if any men are in this world, to arrive at a fair and just decision. By their professional tendencies they were, I suppose, also likely to view all administrative action, from a strictly legal, rather than from an executive, point of view.

"We placed no limitations on the powers of inquiry of this Committee save that the investigation was to be, for reasons already given, made *in camera*; we allowed the Committee absolute discretion in calling any witnesses or any evidence they liked. Well, my Lord, the Committee held their inquiry, they visited the various centres in which revolutionary crime had been prevalent, they recorded evidence, they examined also judicial records at great length and on these, I believe, to a large measure their recommendations are based, though they also had before them undoubtedly a number of police witnesses. The inquiries were, as a matter of fact, of the most exhaustive character that could be required. At the conclusion of these investigations, they submitted a unanimous decision on the questions referred to them, and this is the decision which we are asked to shelve, to pigeon-hole. I do not propose to go into the details of the recommendations which the Committee made: that will be for a future occasion; but I do maintain that it is unreasonable to ask this Council to treat a solemn decision, reached after such careful inquiry, in this manner. I further venture to put it that, if the Government were to accept this motion and were to pigeon-hole the Report in the manner suggested, they would be guilty of criminal weakness; they would be yielding really to that disloyal section of the community which sympathises with these criminals. I say that they should be acting unfairly to those police-officers who now go about their duty in daily peril of their lives; I say they should be acting in a manner insulting to the very members of this Committee which we had appointed; such action would be insulting to their intelligence, and insulting to their probity. We are not dealing here, my Lord, with politics as was suggested by the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde. We are dealing with the vilest forms of crime. I am told that the Judges approached this question from a prejudiced point of view, that they must necessarily have done so because the very words 'revolutionary' and 'anarchist' convey some reproach. That argument, I think, will appeal to nobody here. Judges are in the habit of trying criminals; but it does not follow that they are prejudiced; they are not prejudiced. It

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is their duty to ascertain whether a man is guilty or is not guilty, whether certain facts are established and whether they are not established and decide accordingly. There is no question of prejudice in the matter. Again, I am told that their decisions were really based on statements made to other persons. I will leave it to my Hon'ble friend Sir Verney Lovett to describe the manner in which the Committee proceeded, but it is apparent from the Report that this is not the case. Their decisions were reached after examination of judicial records, after recording or examining statements of men who had taken part in these crimes themselves. My Lord, I submit again, and I hope this Council will agree with me, that it is unreasonable to ask us to discard the results of an inquiry of this kind. I am told that the reason for the Hon'ble Member's dissatisfaction is, that the inquiry was not made in public. My Lord, I would ask this Council whether that is the real basis of the attitude which is taken up by the Hon'ble Member, and whether there is any weight in it. Is it likely that Judges of this eminence, accustomed to trying cases, would arrive at erroneous conclusions or be deceived by false evidence? Would any useful purpose be served by publishing such evidence? Is the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde himself more likely to arrive at a just decision on such matters than these eminent lawyers, who have had the facts before them? My Lord, it has been suggested also that the evidence was that of police-officers only. I have already explained that this is not so, and it is unnecessary for me, at this stage at any rate, to enter into a defence of the police force. All I need say with regard to the first part of this Resolution is, that the Hon'ble Member has given no reason of any kind why we should pigeon-hole this Report of the Committee in the manner proposed. And I earnestly hope that, whatever view the Members of this Council may take as to the recommendations—I know that there are varying views—I earnestly hope that they will not consent to such a preposterous proposition as this.

"As to the second part of the Resolution, I was surprised, my Lord. I confess, to find that the Hon'ble Member never said one word as to the reasons for his proposed inquiry into the C.I.D. I may be doing him an injustice, but I attempted to listen with the greatest care; I expected that we should have some attack on the department, something to justify such a proposal made during the war when all our officers are overworked. Surely, my Lord, some reasons should be given before we start a roving inquiry of this kind. If there were any such reasons, perhaps the Council heard them; I did not. The fact is, my Lord, that there is really no connection between the two parts of the Hon'ble Member's Resolution. The first part of the Resolution, as I have said, deals with the Rowlatt Report. The second part—I suppose I had better put up some reply to it as the Hon'ble Member has moved it—is really a separate matter. Perhaps the connection in the Hon'ble Member's mind was this:—'The Rowlatt Committee based its decision entirely on the evidence of the C.I.D., and so while we shelve the Report, and we will have a fresh inquiry into the C.I.D.'s methods.' My Lord, I have already shown that there is no foundation for that suggestion. The Rowlatt Committee based their Report on a number of considerations outside police evidence. As, however, an inquiry is suggested into the conduct of the C.I.D. at a time like this, I should like to take this opportunity of reminding this Council of the debt of gratitude which they owe to that Department of the dangers from which they have been saved by it, dangers from German conspiracy, dangers from intrigues within and without this country, and dangers from terrible revolutionary crimes which unhappily have from time to time disfigured the criminal records of some Provinces. My Lord, I do not wish to speak at any length of the admirable work rendered by the police, but I will quote an article from a magazine edited, I believe, by an Indian:—

'Those who hastened to treat lightly the Rowlatt Committee's Report will have to revise their views. Now that two Judges of such high standing as Sir Narain Chandavarkar and

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Mr. Justice Beachcroft have pronounced their opinion on each of the cases of internment examined by them, as members of the Bengal Advisory Board, and found only 6 cases out of 806, in which the evidence was not sufficient to warrant internment. The result of the inquiry redounds greatly to the credit of the much abused C. I. D. Indeed, Sir Charles Cleveland may well be proud of the Department which he has directed with such conspicuous success in these trying times.'

"My Lord, I am content to endorse those words. As a matter of fact I would add that, whenever any specific complaints have been brought against the police in connection with revolutionaries, the Government have always been ready to make investigation; in fact, my Lord, there are those who say that we have been too ready to make such inquiries. What has been the result? Let me take one, a very prominent instance, well known to many Members of this Council. Mrs. Besant put forward a number of allegations against police-officers in connection with these internees. We at once caused an inquiry to be made by two officers entirely unconnected with the police, one of them being a lawyer I may say of the highest repute, Sir Benode Chandra Mitra, and the other being Mr. Stevenson-Moore, a revenue officer of very high standing. These officers held an investigation into the allegations, and it was found that there was no foundation whatever for the charges. Indeed, there was room for suspicion that the complaints were the result of a deliberate conspiracy. I do not for one moment suggest that Mrs. Besant was a party to that conspiracy. I mean that there were grounds for thinking that these internees had conspired among themselves to get up an entirely false case.

"I have already referred to the report of Mr. Justice Beachcroft and Sir Narayan Chandavarkar, and I submit that it is impossible to read that report, which was published recently in the papers, without admitting that it really justifies the action of the C. I. D. at least in one province very completely. It not only corroborates much that is said in the Rowlatt Report, but definitely finds that in 800 cases out of 806 in Bengal, the orders of internment made by the Government are justified. I believe, though I have not the figures by me, that the position in the Punjab is still better, and that out of all the men interned there - I am sure Sir Michael O'Dwyer will correct me if I am wrong - in only one case has the order been reversed; and in the six cases in Bengal, I should have added, my Lord, it was not found that the men were innocent or anything of the kind. All that the Judges who examined the cases with the greatest care said was, that they thought there was not enough evidence in these cases to justify the order. I may add, for the information of this Council, that Government have immediately released these six men.

"Apart from the question of necessity, however, such an inquiry as the Hon'ble Member proposes in regard to the C. I. D., is impossible at the present moment, and I again here hope that Hon'ble Members will join with me in accepting this view. We are asked to appoint a roving Commission to inquire into the whole of the working not only of the Criminal Investigation Department, but also of the office of the Director of Central Intelligence. My Lord, if the inquiry is to be public and publicity is apparently the very breath of the nostrils of my Hon'ble colleague - then we shall have to reveal the names of all our informers, not only to the inquirers but also to the public, and any man who has any knowledge of the conditions in Bengal at present will admit that that would necessarily endanger the lives of those who gave evidence and whose statements are produced. Further, so careful are these men who make statements to the local officers, that many of them, when they make their statements, make it a binding condition that these are not published. My Lord, are we to break that undertaking and publish the information? Much of the information relates again to foreign politics, and I am quite sure that my Hon'ble friend Sir Hamilton Grant would object, on behalf of the Foreign

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Department, very strongly, to the publication of such information, on the ground that it would get at once into the hands of the King's enemies. Is that desirable when we are at war? There is other information which I am quite sure His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief would not let us publish for military reasons,—military reasons which would commend themselves to any one. What possibility then is there of a public inquiry in such circumstances being useful or complete? Is the present moment an opportune one for such an inquiry, when all our energies are engaged in the prosecution of the war? Further, it is clear that any inquiry of this nature would necessarily absorb the whole attention of the Criminal Investigation Department and the officers of the Director of Central Intelligence. Well, do the Council want these officers to be so employed at the present time? Do they want them to waste the whole of their time dancing attendance on a Committee of Inquiry, or do they want them to attend to their legitimate duty of detecting crime and preventing the King's enemies from the prosecution of their nefarious projects? What does the Council want in this matter?

“My Lord, finally, I wish to say that any inquiry of this kind must necessarily give rise to the idea that Government suspects the work of these officers to be unsatisfactory. Well, I have tried to show that we have no reason to suspect them. On the contrary, we owe them a great debt of gratitude for work done in peril of their lives, in the face of social ostracism, in the face of malignant false charges, and virulent abuse. And this is the reward that we are asked to give them, namely, to cause an inquiry to be made into their conduct, because we are doubtful whether their conduct has been satisfactory, although the Hon'ble Member has not put forward one single instance, or given one single reason for such an inquiry. My Lord, I submit that nothing could be more inopportune, more capable of misrepresentation, or more injurious to the administration, than the inquiry which the Hon'ble Member proposes, and I earnestly hope that the Members of this Council, whatever doubt they may feel as to various recommendations in the report, will not support this motion. They will have an opportunity to object to any specific proposal later, but for their own credit, for the credit of this Council, I earnestly hope that this Resolution will meet with no support from any reasonable Member.”

The Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett :—“My Lord, I must begin by expressing my great obligations to the Hon'ble mover for giving me an opportunity of saying something about the work of the Committee on which I had the honour to serve. For three months we have been subjected to a heavy bombardment from guns of various calibres, but our trenches are still in excellent preservation. Nevertheless, until to-day, I have found their air a little cramping.

“The Hon'ble mover proposes that the consideration and disposal of our Report should be postponed to a remote and nebulous date and that, in the meantime, the work of the Criminal Investigation Department should be subjected to a strict inquiry on the part of a new Committee. He presumably thinks that the result of that inquiry would be to consign the Rowlatt Report to the scrap heap. I do not share these anticipations, but I think that it would be a very great pity to postpone to any remote date consideration of a Report which deals with matters of such vital and such pressing importance as does the Report of our Committee.

“I am in no way surprised that our Report has been received by a number of Indians with expressions of disapprobation and incredulity. I expected

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nothing else. Quite apart from the fact that persons who merely see particular crimes chronicled from time to time in newspapers obtain comparatively small opportunities of tracing them to a general movement of outrage and intimidation, there is, and naturally must be, a reluctance both on the part of Indians and on the part of persons who, like myself, have eaten the salt of India for the best years of their lives, to believe that any sons of India should be capable of the strange and nefarious courses which are the subject of our narrative. But, my Lord, reluctance to believe disagreeable things to be true is no proof that they are not true, and is no security against their recurrence; and I would ask Hon'ble gentlemen who dislike the idea of precautionary measures to take some thought for those of their own countrymen who have suffered or are suffering now from the absence or inadequacy of such measures in the past. These people are not bureaucrats; they are not Moderates, nor are they Extremists, nor are they politicians at all; but I should like to say a word for them. Who are they? They are fathers and mothers who have seen their sons decoyed away by revolutionary societies. They are shopmen, who have been cruelly robbed and shot. They are poor schoolmasters and policemen who have been murdered in the execution of their duty. They are the bereaved widows and children of these men. They are the many innocent persons who have suffered from what I have seen euphemistically termed in a book written by one of its apologists 'guerilla warfare' against the British Government, or what the Hon'ble mover apparently calls 'political phenomena.'

'It was, curiously enough, of these people that we were mainly thinking when we told our story and proposed certain precautionary measures, when we traced and pointed out the history of the ideas and propaganda which had brought sorrow and calamity upon them.

"The Hon'ble mover says we did not investigate the causes of these things. I think that if he would only take the trouble to read our Chapter on the beginnings of the revolutionary movement in Bengal, he would find a very careful analysis of the causes of all the trouble that has come on Bengal; and I think if he were to look at some of the other Chapters a little more carefully, he would find there explanations of causes.

"I return, however, to the people who were our main preoccupation. What their sufferings have been is best exemplified by our Chapter IV, every incident in which was separately examined and considered by all the members of our Committee sitting together, before the Chapter was written. I cannot believe that if the Hon'ble Member had himself been one of these sufferers, if he had lost one dear to him through revolutionary crime, if even he had been robbed of a large sum of money, he would have moved this Resolution to-day. I hope at any rate, that when he looks at this side of the picture, which seems to me worthy of some attention, he will feel that I am talking of matters which deserve a consideration that cannot be postponed to a more convenient season.

"But it is said, how did we know that such a state of things existed? And much of the criticism which our Report has evoked is founded on the idea that the documentary evidence on which it is largely based consisted mainly of secret correspondence, cyphers, 'silk letters' and statements to the police. I should like to undeceive our critics on this point. I would invite their attention to the careful description of the evidence on which our conclusions regarding Bengali revolutionary crime were founded, which is given in Chapter III of our Report. Judgments and evidence contained in judicial records came first and foremost. We state that our general conclusions as to the character of the

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revolutionary movement, its aims and methods, have been affirmed again and again in the Courts. We devote a special annexure to illustrating this statement. I could give many other illustrations besides those detailed there, but I should be wasting the Council's time if I did this now. All that I need say at present is, that whenever we possibly could, we took our facts from judgments, judicial records and exhibits. Regarding the whole subject of evidence, I would like to recommend a careful and unimpassioned perusal of our Chapter III.

"I am prepared to answer the question put the other day to the Hon'ble the Home Member by the Hon'ble mover. He inquired if we had examined Messrs. Tilak and Bepin Chandra Pal, and if not, why not? We did not examine either of those gentlemen, and I will tell the Hon'ble mover why. The particular acts on the part of Mr. Tilak to which we refer in our Report belong to the years 1897, 1908 and 1914. For his actions in 1897 and 1908, Mr. Tilak was prosecuted and tried in Courts of law. He offered explanations, but notwithstanding those explanations, the Courts decided against him. We saw no reason whatever for asking him to tender further explanations to us. His declaration of loyalty in the year 1914 required no explanation, and we only mentioned it in fairness to him. Again, our brief account of Babu Bepin Chandra Pal's tour in Madras in 1907 is based on the strongest and clearest evidence. Our account of his speech at Calcutta, after his return, is the version given by his own newspaper. We were not trying Babu Bepin Chandra Pal. We ascribed no motives to him. We were merely considering the action which he took and its consequences on subsequent events. Of these we had no doubt whatever, and it would have been wasting his time to have asked him to appear before us.

"I would like to say a few words about our recommendations. The Hon'ble Member is not pleased with these. I would remind him that we were concerned merely with legislative remedies; but I will not now discuss in detail the remedies which we proposed. What I wish to point out is, that our proposals give ample margin for the application of a very potent cure-treatment which we have ventured briefly to suggest in our paragraph 106. It seemed to us that the spread and continuance of the propaganda and ideas which give rise to revolutionary crime would be more effectively combated by a widespread, determined, persistent, concentrated non-official effort than by anything else. We do indeed propose legal remedies; but we have expressly stipulated that the more rigorous thereof—those permitting internments, for instance—should only operate *if exceptional circumstances require them*. I would ask the Hon'ble mover and all who are concerned at the prospect of future internments to consider whether nothing can be done *on their part* to ensure that such circumstances shall never arise, whether nothing can be done to stop the poisoning of young minds, which is the original, the primal cause of all the trouble, of all the repression, of all the internments. If they say that they are helpless in this matter, and can do nothing, I would ask them to *try*. There is no reason why on this occasion the Hon'ble mover's head and his heart should not work together.

"The Hon'ble mover is anxious for an inquiry into the methods and working of the Criminal Investigation Department. As we saw much of the work of the officers of that Department, I would like to express my conviction that to them and to the labours of the Police Force, in general, India owes a heavy debt of gratitude. Had it not been for the courageous, loyal and faithful labours of these men, the plots and crimes which stained our record during the first period of the war would have multiplied exceedingly, the Bengal and

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Lahore conspiracies would have produced bloody outbreaks which would have caused incalculable mischief, and would have damaged confidence in the loyalty of the country, as a whole, to the great cause of Britain and of her Allies. There are, my Lord, various kinds of loyalty in India. I need only speak of two. There are those who follow loyalty to the battlefield, and live for her or die for her there. We all admire and applaud these men. There are also men who follow loyalty through evil report and good report, who follow her into dark places of great danger where their fidelity has hitherto procured them at the best a life of constant obloquy from a section of their countrymen, and at the worst, assassination. I confess, my Lord, that these men seem to me to deserve as much gratitude as those whom we all acclaim and applaud as heroes. Their faithful and courageous services attract little public attention, but bear strong testimony to the quality of the British officers who lead them.

“ I am far from wishing to assert that officers and men of the Criminal Intelligence Department are always right. Who *is* always right? Does the Bar consist of a phalanx of perfect individuals? Does the Civil Service? Does any Service, or any Department? Which of us is there, my Lord, who will not ask of his fellow-men that they should judge him fairly and generously in the light of his difficulties and temptations, that they should take his work as a whole? ”

12-21 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri:—“ My Lord, I must acknowledge that it is difficult for me, considering the first part of this Resolution, to accord my vote in favour of it. Apart from the difficulty of the case which involves many considerations which only lawyers of experience can unravel, there is the consideration that the Report deals with matters of serious import, and that it has the support of two of my own personal friends, Mr. Justice Kumaraswami Sastri and Mr. Provash Chunder Mitter to whose character testimony has been borne to-day which I heartily endorse. In the circumstances, I find it difficult to vote for the first part of my Hon'ble friend's proposition. I take it that, when measures are brought before this Council to carry out the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee, it will be time enough for us to scan them closely. But for the present I will not follow the Hon'ble Member and ask for the shelving of this Report. With regard to the second part, I take the line which the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent took, that it seems to bear no organic connection with the first part of the Resolution. But I cannot hide from this Council my personal feeling that, if it had been brought forward as a separate and independent proposition and if your Lordship puts it to us later in the course of the proceedings as a separate and independent proposition, I may vote in its favour. I am one of those who believe in the great work of the Criminal Intelligence Department. I fully endorse every word of the eloquent testimony borne to it by the Hon'ble Sir William Vincent and the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett. But there is a side of their operations to which perhaps the proper attention of the authorities has not been called. It is the way in which a certain section of them, probably the Intelligence Department, dog the foot-steps of and shadow those persons whom they suspect. There is a list, I am told, which I have never seen and probably am never destined to see, the entrance to which is like a valve, opening only inwards. The authorities take your names down readily enough in that list, but I am told it is exceedingly difficult to get out of that list. Your Excellency, I am one of those who have been subjected for a considerable time to the persecution of this branch of the service, and if I speak to-day, it is to unfold a plain unvarnished tale of the sufferings that I have borne at the hands of this service. Their activities are manifold. Your Excellency would find it difficult to believe that two men were always following me for a certain

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period, for two or three years; they sat outside my house when I was in, and the moment I got out they got out also; when I engaged a *jutka* (in the Madras Presidency we call the lowest class of conveyance by the name of *jutkas*), they invariably found out where I was going by inquiry, and they engaged another *jutka* and came with me. The astonishing thing is that, if they did not find a *jutka* fast enough, they found some means of telling my driver not to go so fast. Once in the town of Coimbatore, when I had important engagements to fulfil and was in the act of engaging a conveyance, these persecutors of mine, unwilling perhaps to forego their afternoon siesta, told every one of them not to drive me. The result was that my engagements had to remain unfulfilled. My Lord, there are other ways in which one has been made to feel that one is a suspect in one's own country for doing nothing worse than loving it. Once I remember being handed over by the railway police to the ordinary police. A humorous experience, will perhaps interest this Council. We are handed over like chattel. A man came and pointed me out to the ordinary police to take charge; unfortunately I then happened to be mixed up with a number of people who were more innocent, so to say, than I was. The ordinary police mistook one of my friends for me, with the result that his house and compound were for a whole week haunted by the two people who were after me. I thought I had a permanent release, but my friend told me afterwards that he had complained to the head of the police, with the result that they came back to their proper victim afterwards. But there is another funny thing about these people. Not many days ago, in this very town of Simla, where I stay, a friend of mine, a member of the bar, chanced to come to me as my guest. Within half an hour of his arrival came a person whom I mistook to be a beggar, for he took out a note-book and was turning over its pages. I thought he was a beggar and would ask me to read some testimonials. He stood at the gateway and had a suspicious leer which ought to have put me on my guard, but being during the last few years free from espionage, it did not strike me immediately how the land lay. In a minute the man came into my room, opened his book and presented it to my guest asking him to sign his name and address at a particular spot. My guest naturally resented it and asked him 'who are you to ask me to sign.' He said 'Police, Sir.' My friend refused. 'What business have you to come here and ask my friend to sign' I asked? 'If you do not sign,' he replied 'I can get an order.' 'Very well', I told him, 'go and get the order.' He went but has not yet returned, which shows, that there is really some intelligence in the Intelligence Department.

"My Lord, I wish to ask, how many of my Hon'ble friends on the official benches would have borne a thing of this kind? I am perfectly certain if it happened to either of the Hon'ble Members who have spoken, they would go to the Secretariat and indulge in language unbecoming the dignity of Members of this Council.

"My Lord, what was my offence that I had to undergo these strange experiences? I had given up my professional job and joined the Society founded by Mr. Gokhale, whose bust, subscribed for by many of our official friends, your Excellency unveiled the other day. He himself was not free from the attentions of this body of people, but I leave that alone. They are always not sure of the names of their victims. Once I remember Mr. Gokhale himself relating to a predecessor of this Council how they gave trouble to Sir Vithaldas Damodardas Thackersey, for the reason that his name had a *Das* in it that was suspected to have a Bengali sound. I myself happened often to be confounded with a gentleman in my province who bears my name, and with whom, for various reasons, I do not much like to be confounded. Your Excellency, I remember reading in the life of Mazzini that the Austrian Criminal Investigation Department followed him in his younger days in the same way, and the reason

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they gave was, 'We know nothing against this young man, but he goes about of mornings and evenings in a contemplative sort of mood. Our Government does not want young men to develop a contemplative mood.' I am afraid some members of the Criminal Intelligence Department have taken it into their heads that they do not want any men to give up their professional jobs and take to doing public duties in the missionary spirit. If a man is inclined to do that and wishes for ease and peace, I should advise him to go to Sir Charles Cleveland first and tell him of his intentions and ask him 'what precisely, Sir, are the ways of patriotism that you would tolerate? What are the activities which a man, minded like me to devote himself to the service of the country, would be allowed to pursue?' If he asks these questions and then sets about his business, he will at least enjoy peace and ease. Now that is an experience which is common to many men in this country. I have heard it said, your Excellency, that no man among us, not even the highest, is free from the attentions of these officers. If you would ask redress from a higher authority, as I know you would at once ask us to do, I know very well what the result would be, for many have told me from personal experience that if there is an authority higher than the Criminal Intelligence Department, it is not on this earth. I should be told that my petition had been received and would receive attention, and if on a convenient date after giving notice I put a question in this Council, I have no doubt the Hon'ble the Home Member will read a printed answer in his blindest manner—'The Government have no wish to make further inquiries into this matter' Now that is, as I said, a state of things which I would request the Government of India, if they can, to look into. I think the head of the Central Intelligence Department ought to have some method of sparing those people who lead honourable and high-aimed lives. Your Excellency, I make these remarks, as I said, with no intention to disparage the very useful work done by this Department, but a branch of its work requires very careful examination and considerable overhauling. It is because I strongly feel, as a former Chief Secretary to the Madras Government once told me when I complained to him, that even if a man is not inclined to be seditious at first, six months' attention from the Central Intelligence Department might convert him into a seditionist, it is because I feel that their methods have caused great humiliation to many young men of fine sensibilities in Bengal and elsewhere, it is because I feel, your Excellency, that in this way disloyalty may be hardened and sedition may even be created where it does not exist, it is because I feel these things that I wish to draw the attention of the Government, the earnest attention of the Government, to look after the ways in certain directions of the Central Intelligence Department, and I propose, as I said in the beginning, if the second part of the Hon'ble Member's Resolution be put to the Council as an independent proposition, to vote for it."

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The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:—"My Lord, it seems to me that if we have an opportunity, as I am sure we shall have, and probably the Hon'ble the Home Member will be able to give us that assurance, of discussing the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee, there is absolutely no reason for the acceptance of the first part of my Hon'ble friend's Resolution. Indeed, that Resolution seems to me to be inopportune looked at from that point of view. My Lord, those who have followed the debates in the House of Lords must be aware of the fact that one of the things that Lord Sydenham and those who support him urged, was the publication of the Report of the Rowlatt Committee and of the papers connected with the Secretary of State's delegation to this country. In the mind of Lord Sydenham and others of his way of thinking, the Reform proposals and this Report are linked together. The Reform proposals are to Lord Sydenham and his party gall and wormwood,

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they are poison, and this Report they regard as the antidote, and I cannot help regretting that my friend should have brought forward this matter at a time like this when the Reform proposals are being discussed, and every one of us here is determined to see that these proposals are carried through Parliament in a way favourable to the best interests of India.

"I do maintain that the first part of the Resolution is inopportune, and not only inopportune, but that it is calculated to do harm to us so far as the successful passage of the Reform proposals through Parliament is concerned. My Lord, I entirely associate myself with the observations which have fallen from my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Sastri in connection with the activities of the Criminal Investigation Department. I do not like to swell the list which he has presented to this Council, but one case does occur to my mind at the present moment in connection with a young man who had been interned, and who afterwards was released. He was shadowed by the Criminal Investigation Department, so shadowed, that his life was made a burden to him, and he committed suicide. He made the statement that he perpetrated this foul deed because life was so intolerable to him under the surveillance of the Criminal Investigation Department. I think this is a matter which deserves the serious consideration of the Home Member and the Government of India. I bear testimony to the pluck and devotion that certain members of the Criminal Investigation Department, especially the Bengali members, have exhibited, nevertheless their activities need to be controlled and guided by superior authority, so that they may not make the lives of others, especially of young men, a misery to them. It is the young who are shadowed, and this process of surveillance has added to the discontent and the dissatisfaction which prevails in connection with the activities of this Department. This is a matter to which I desire to call the attention of the Hon'ble the Home Member. Therefore, my Lord, in view of these suggestions, I do hope that, if not now, at any rate on some future occasion, an inquiry will be made into the working of the Criminal Investigation Department. There may be difficulties at present. The Criminal Investigation Department are now engaged in matters relating to the war. As my Hon'ble friend has pointed out they spy aliens; they have duties connected with the war; possibly an inquiry would be inopportune at the present moment. But I trust my Hon'ble friend will bear in mind that this is a matter in regard to which there is a great deal of public excitement and unrest, and the unrest can only be allayed and removed by an inquiry such as has been proposed by my Hon'ble friend Mr. Khaparde. But I maintain that the time for such an inquiry is not now, but hereafter, when the Criminal Investigation Department are not so engaged with war activities as they are now."

The Hon'ble Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru :—"My Lord, I regret that I am unable to support the first part of the Resolution, and so far as the second part of the Resolution is concerned, I shall presently say what I have to say with regard to it. Now, my Lord, I have carefully studied this interesting Report from cover to cover. I have made an attempt to study it as I would study a legal brief, and I have asked myself as to whether many of the statements to be found in the various Chapters read like fiction, or whether they read like facts. I must say, my Lord, that I have come to the conclusion that they do not read like fiction, though they are as interesting as fiction, sometimes is. I find, my Lord, that a great portion of the Report is based upon judgments delivered by the highest Courts of Appeal in India, and I also find that the Report refers to admissions and confessions made by members of the Revolutionary party which have been found to be perfectly true by the highest Courts of appeal in India. It is perfectly true, my Lord, that the Report is open to the objection that the Committee carried on their proceedings *in camera*,

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but, my Lord, we all know that it was not a Judicial Committee, that the Committee was not appointed to act as a Court of Justice is appointed, to record evidence, to allow the accused an opportunity to cross-examine witnesses or to submit any explanation. That was not the object of the appointment of the Committee, that was not its purview, that was not its scope. It was really an administrative inquiry, conducted subject to certain limitations. My Lord, I am not prepared to discard the findings of this Committee, a Committee consisting of men of the highest integrity and honour, both among the European members and the Indian members. I do not wish, therefore, my Lord, to say more with regard to the functions of the Committee. As regards the recommendations, my Lord, I myself have considerable doubt as to the propriety or efficacy of some of the recommendations, but I do not think this is the occasion when I can go into those recommendations. I reserve to myself the right and liberty of making any suggestions that I have got to make with regard to some of those recommendations. In fact, if my Hon'ble friend Mr. Khaparde had not adopted this flank movement, but had directly attacked those recommendations on the present occasion, possibly I would have had to submit what I have got to say with regard to those recommendations, but until that opportunity arrives, I do not think it would serve any useful purpose to say anything with regard to them.

“With regard to the second part of this Resolution, my sentiments are more or less the same as those of the Hon'ble Mr. Sastri. I am not one of those who are prepared to condemn the Criminal Investigation Department so far as their useful activities are concerned, and I am prepared to endorse the tribute which has been paid to it by the Hon'ble the Home Member and by my Indian friends on this occasion, but let it not be understood that there is not a strong feeling in the country with regard to some of the activities of the Criminal Investigation Department. I believe there is scarcely one among us, at any rate one among us Indians here, who has not been subjected to humiliation or harassment, or annoyance at the hands of the Criminal Investigation Department. I very well remember, my Lord, when a large number of Congressmen, after the Surat split, met at Allahabad and held a private Conference at my house.—Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee was there, and the late Mr. Gokhale, and Sir Dinshaw Wacha—a constable turned up and insisted on my giving him the names of my guests. Now, my Lord, every one of us has had to put up with those humiliations, and our position in public life is no security against them. It is these harassing, annoying tactics of the Criminal Investigation Department which require to be brought under control, if it really means to serve a useful purpose in our various towns. My Lord, so far as its useful activities are concerned, I have nothing but praise for them, but I wish the methods of work, especially in the smaller towns, were carefully looked into and examined. I do not wish to multiply those instances; some of them have been brought to the notice of the various Local Governments, and it would be a long tale, but I do endorse all the remarks of my Hon'ble friend Mr. Srinivasa Sastri in regard to the methods of the Criminal Investigation Department.”

12-40 P.M.

His Honour Sir Michael O'Dwyer :—“My Lord, I have two reasons for wishing to say something on this subject. In the last five years it has been my misfortune to have a good deal to say of the various Revolutionary conspiracies mentioned in the Rowlatt Report. At the same time it has been my good fortune to have had the assistance of the Criminal Investigation Department in that task.

“I cannot claim any knowledge of their operations outside my own province and I will not, therefore, refer to the instances which some Hon'ble Members have mentioned of the undue attentions of certain members of the Criminal Investigation Department, but within my own province, I think I can claim that

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my knowledge is fairly accurate, for it is based, not on vague allegations and hearsay, but on judicial findings and on my own personal experience.

"As we know, the Central Intelligence Department and its branches in the provinces have been organised within the last ten years to assist Government in combating seditious movements from without and also within India. Speaking for myself, I can say with confidence—and I welcome this opportunity of being able to say so—that, without the assistance of that agency during the last five years, we should never have been able in the Punjab to repress the various disorders, which threatened the public security, and if we had not repressed those disorders, we should not have been able to raise the 350,000 or 400,000 Punjabis who have rallied to the cause of the Empire since the war began.

"I will endeavour to prove my contention by a few illustrations of the help which we have received from the Central Intelligence Department and from its local agency at critical periods.

"The *Ghadr* movement was organised in 1911 on the Pacific coast of America, and that place was selected because several thousands of Punjabi emigrants were working there. These were as a rule ignorant but sturdy men of the peasant type, who had gone abroad to better their lot. By working on their ignorance, their credulity and their grievances (some of which were genuine) Har Dyal and his associates sought to enlist them in the movement, the object of which was to subvert the British Government in India. The infamous *Ghadr* newspaper was started in 1913 and circulated widely among Indians in Canada, America and the Far East, and also in the Punjab, spreading the gospel of murder and rebellion. The Council may remember that in that same year, 1913, three Indian delegates from Canada, all of them former residents of the Punjab, came to India to arouse public opinion as to the hardships of the Canadian immigration laws. The Punjab at that time was in a rather disturbed state, but as these delegates were outwardly at least carrying on a constitutional agitation, which had the support of many loyal men in the Punjab, and as we were then ignorant of the real intentions of the delegates, we did not in any way interfere with their mission. They held meetings throughout the province at some of which, in addition to quite reasonable criticism of the immigration laws, many inflammatory and violent speeches were made. They held a meeting in Simla in September 1913. That meeting was attended by several Hon'ble Members of this Council and, it need hardly be said, the tone of the meeting was quite reasonable. A few days later the delegates came to see me, and at my suggestion they were received by the then Viceroy, Lord Hardinge. In sending them to Lord Hardinge I warned him particularly in regard to one of them. They returned to Canada soon after. A year later, when our Criminal Investigation Department was organised and the *Ghadr* movement came out into the open, we discovered that those three men, who were outwardly conducting a legitimate constitutional agitation, were really advance agents of the *Ghadr* movement, and were secretly but actively all the time spreading that movement in the Punjab. On their return to Canada in 1914 one of them who had a knowledge of bomb-making was arrested by the United States authorities for smuggling arms to Indian revolutionaries in Canada. We next heard of him in the Far East where he was acting as a *Ghadr* leader and a German agent in pushing the revolutionary movement in Burma and India. He was finally arrested by the Siamese Government in August 1915, deported to India, tried in the second Lahore Conspiracy Case and sentenced to death.

"Another of the trio, a plausible and well-educated man, we discovered was one of Har Dyal's trusted lieutenants. We also discovered—and it was the irony of fate—that this man who waited on Lord Hardinge in September 1913 had been

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present at the banquet held in San Francisco on the 25th of December 1912 to signalise the outrage on Lord Hardinge two days before ; this was the very man I had warned Lord Hardinge against. I mention these facts only to show the difficulties and dangers we ran in 1913 owing to the absence of a properly organised Criminal Investigation Department.

" In 1914, we set ourselves to organise our Criminal Investigation Department, and I will give you a few illustrations to show how both the Imperial and Provincial Departments were able to assist us. Early in 1914, we received information from loyal sources in the Punjab that trouble was brewing from abroad. The extent and nature of that menace we in the Punjab were not then in a position to appraise. We turned to the Central Investigation Department, and received from them the most convincing proofs that the *Ghadr* movement had already captured thousands of our Punjabi emigrants abroad, that it had linked up with the various seditious movements in the province which had been working secretly since 1907, and which had been responsible for the Delhi and the Lahore bomb outrages, and that the Punjab had been selected for the first outbreak. Our next step was to ascertain how far the movement had spread within the province. The Imperial Criminal Investigation Department and our local Criminal Investigation Department set to work. They made very thorough inquiries, and they satisfied us that the movement, apart from the small band of seditionists already mentioned, had made no real progress, and that our people as a whole were perfectly loyal and reliable. That information was most valuable to us ; it prevented us from harassing the people and causing irritation by widespread preventive action. At the same time, it opened our eyes to the real source of the danger and enabled us to prepare for the coming storm.

" The first step to meet that storm was the passing of the Ingress Ordinance in September 1914. We were not a moment too soon. The war had broken out in the meantime, and our enemies were quick to capture the *Ghadr* movement and turn it to their hostile purposes. From September 1914 every ship that returned to India from America and the Far East brought back scores, in some cases even hundreds, of desperate revolutionaries who, confident in the early triumph of Germany, thought it would be an easy matter to overthrow the British Government in India. I will take the case of one of these ships only, the 'Tasu Maru.' The 'Tasu Maru' arrived in Calcutta in October 1914 bringing about 200 Indian emigrants from America and the Far East. Among them there was a small sprinkling of down-country seditionists, but the vast majority were Punjabis and included, fortunately, many of the revolutionary leaders. These men had been absent from the Punjab for years. We knew very little about them, we knew still less about their intentions. Here again the Central Investigation Department came to our aid, and long before the 'Tasu Maru' arrived in Calcutta had furnished us with full details as to the bearing of these men, which was violent and truculent, and as to their intentions, which were openly revolutionary.

" Armed with this information we intercepted the Punjabis on the 'Tasu Maru' at Calcutta, and brought them under a guard by special train to the Punjab. Their attitude both on the voyage to Calcutta and on their way up-country was so hostile, that we found it necessary straightway to intern 100 of them in jail ; 74 more who were less violent we sent to their homes and told to stay there. Our action at the time was stigmatized as oppressive, but subsequent events showed that we acted not only in the best interests of the province, but in the best interests of the men themselves, and that our only mistake was in not interning the whole lot. Of the 74 less dangerous men, who were not interned, many at once disobeyed the order of restriction to their homes, joined the revolutionary movement which had already begun, and at once started the *Ghadr* campaign of murder and outrage. Several of these men were speedily brought

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to justice. Six were convicted and hanged for murderous outrages in the Punjab that winter; six more were convicted of complicity in the *Ghadr* movement, outside India and after their return to this country, and were sentenced to transportation. Six more, with regard to whom we had strong suspicions but not positive proof of such complicity, were arrested and interned. Two more, who were among the leaders of the movement, became approvers.

"I turn now to the case of the 100 men whom we interned as specially dangerous and thus kept out of mischief. We found it necessary to prosecute only six of those men for their share in the *Ghadr* movement outside India. Those six men were convicted and sentenced to transportation. We might have prosecuted many more, but our object was preventive rather than punitive; and I ask the Council to consider what would have been the state of the Punjab that winter if those 100 men, including many of the *Ghadr* leaders, had been at liberty during the height of the *Ghadr* troubles. For in the meantime several thousands of men, more or less imbued with the *Ghadr* doctrines, had returned to the Punjab and, having secured local adherents among the lawless element in the Province, whose object was however, plunder rather than revolution, were openly prosecuting a campaign of violence and murder in the Punjab. In the absence of the special measures which we had asked for some months before, the state of the Province was steadily going from bad to worse.

"At this serious crisis the Criminal Investigation Department again came to our assistance. A general rising in the Punjab and in other parts of Northern India had been planned for the 21st February 1915. Our Criminal Investigation Department got inside the plot, whereupon the revolutionary leaders, among whom were Rash Behari Bose and the Mahratta Pingle, hastily decided to antedate the rising to the 19th February. Emissaries were at once sent from the Headquarters at Lahore all over the Punjab to precipitate matters. The programme in the Punjab was that on that night the *Ghadr* party should concentrate on the various cantonments where they expected to find adherents among the troops, with their aid raid the arsenals and magazines, secure arms and raise the standard of mutiny. All that was to happen on the night of the 19th February. At 4-30 on that afternoon our Criminal Investigation Department raided the *Ghadr* Headquarters at Lahore, seized several of the leaders and found all the panoply of revolution in full array. There were firearms, bombs, bombing materials, incendiary literature, maps, and lists of troops, and, last but not least, the new revolutionary flag. It took an hour or two to sift the information, but at 6-30 on that afternoon we were in a position to wire to the various outstations where an attack had been planned for that night, and warn the authorities. Again, we were only just in time. We found subsequently that at various centres—I need here only mention Lahore and Ferozepore Cantonments as they are named in the Rowlatt Report—revolutionary bands had already begun to assemble, but finding that the troops on whose assistance they had relied were on the alert and were under arms to resist them, they saw that the game was up and rapidly dispersed. Several of these men subsequently fell into our hands, and the facts I have cited in this Council are based entirely on the judicial findings in their cases.

"Well, my Lord, the disclosures following on the Lahore seizures showed the wide ramifications of the conspiracy, and influenced the Government of India to propose, and this Council to pass in March 1915, the Defence of India Act for which we, in the Punjab, had long been pressing. That Act, at once restored public confidence. It rallied to the cause of law and order the great mass of the loyal population. It enabled us, with their co-operation, and with the active assistance of the Sikh community and the Sikh States—Patiala, Jhind, Faridkot and Kapurthala—to deal promptly and speedily with the subsequent *Ghadr* manifestations. No doubt murders and other outrages continued well into the summer, but in every case our Criminal Investigation Department

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was able to bring the offenders to speedy and stern justice under the new procedure, and the movement as a whole rapidly collapsed. It had aimed particularly at capturing the Sikhs, but to show how thoroughly that brave and loyal people repudiated it, I may say that it was with their assistance that we were able to crush the conspiracy, and that in the last four years the Sikhs, who number 2½ millions in all, have provided 80,000 recruits to the Indian Army.

"I only mention these instances, my Lord, to prove the deep obligations which we in the Punjab are under to the Imperial and the Provincial C. I. D. I hope I have made it clear that we should not have succeeded in crushing these conspiracies without the combined operation of three forces—firstly, the loyalty and the courage of our own people; secondly, the vigilance of our C. I. D. and, thirdly, the special measures for which we were armed for the term of the war.

"But we know that the seditious activities of which the *Ghadr*, the Silk Letters and other conspiracies were merely temporary phases, were in force before the war; and that they will remain in force after the war. We also know that it is our duty to endeavour to suppress them and to prevent them from interfering with the political and social development of this country. The Rowlatt Commission has advised us what action should be taken, and their conclusions have received striking corroboration from the recent report, of the Bengal Advisory Committee. I am glad to see in this Council to-day a general disposition to accept as a basis for action the findings of that Commission. I hope that the Hon'ble Member who moved the Resolution will be convinced by the arguments that he has heard to-day and the scant support his Resolution has met with. But I gather that the Hon'ble Member is not convinced. He reminds me of the schoolmaster in one of Goldsmith's poems of whom it was said :

' In arguing too the Parson owned his skill,

' For e'en though vanquished he could argue still '

The Hon'ble Member will argue still; but I trust and I am confident from what we have heard to-day that the Council will convince him that he is vanquished, and will prove by their votes that they consider the Criminal Investigation Department, throughout a period of extreme strain and anxiety, has deserved well of the country, and that the Report of the Rowlatt Commission furnishes a sound and reasonable basis for legislative action which is necessary to secure the peaceful progress and the political development of this country—ends which every one in this Council desires."

1-7 P.M.

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi:—

"My Lord, my Hon'ble and learned friend has appealed to our legal instincts and legal experience in desiring us to offer a pronouncement on his Resolution. I can assure him that I am going to deal with his Resolution from the point of view of a lawyer and a lawyer alone. There is a proverb in Persian, which says

' Pesh az marg vavaila,

" Bewailing before the moment of death."

I could have well understood my Hon'ble and learned friend moving a Resolution in connection with any action that the Government of India actually proposed to take on the Rowlatt Committee's Report. But before the Government have formulated any proposals or placed before this Council anything in the shape of legislative action, my Hon'ble and learned friend comes forward with this Resolution which he has put before us to-day.

"My Lord, I contend that this Resolution should be rejected on this ground, that it is entirely premature. My Hon'ble friend Mr. Sastri, the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea and the Hon'ble Dr. Sapru have been unanimous in

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expressing the opinion that, with reference to the first part of the Resolution, they are absolutely unable to give my Hon'ble and learned friend their support. I do not propose to repeat what has been said by them, except simply to say that I entirely and heartily endorse what they said.

"But with regard to the second part of the Resolution, when I look at it from a lawyer's point of view, I find that, really and strictly speaking, I need not say anything in opposition to that part of the Resolution, and would be justified in asking the Council to reject it without any further ado. For my Hon'ble and learned friend knows that when a complaint is presented to a Court of justice, and even the complainant himself does not support that complaint with a statement justifying the complaint which he makes, nor does he adduce any evidence in support of that complaint, the only action which a Court of justice can, under those circumstances, take—and rightly take—is to reject the complaint *in limine*. I listened with patience and attention to the arguments—the lengthy arguments—addressed to this Council by my Hon'ble and learned friend this morning and to hear what he had to say in support of the second portion of his Resolution. But I must say I was surprised when my Hon'ble friend, having taken up almost the full half-hour which is allowed to him under the rules with the first part of his Resolution, quite quietly sat down without saying a single word in support of the proposal that a Committee of inquiry should be appointed into the working of the Criminal Investigation Department. As I have just said, under those circumstances, it is hardly necessary for me to deal with that part of his Resolution. For even my learned friend himself was unable to support the request embodied in that part of the Resolution by means of either any facts or by any argument. But one thing I would like to say, that even if the second part of the Resolution were put to the Council as an independent proposal, I am afraid that I would not be able to support my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Sastri in voting in favour of that portion of the Resolution, for the reason which my venerable friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea has placed before the Council, the reason being that even that portion of the Resolution is, to say the least, in the highest degree inopportune. We are all in this country engaged in two things just at this moment—in devoting our best energy and attention to supporting the Government to defeat the enemies not only of the British Empire, but of civilisation in the aggressive lust for world dominion which lies at the basis of their desire in plunging the whole world into discord, and, in the second place, we are so far as our domestic political activities are concerned engaged in supporting your Excellency's Reform Scheme. And I am entirely at one with my friend, the Hon'ble Mr. S. N. Banerjea, that in diverting our attention to inquiries of the character which my Hon'ble friend asks the Government and the country to make, we should be doing an immense amount of injury to the two main objects which the whole of this country has at this moment in view. My Lord, so far as the working of the Criminal Investigation Department is concerned, there may be some over-zealous members of that department who have shadowed even Hon'ble Members of this Council who occupy prominent positions in the public life of the country. I confess that on one occasion when I was engaged in defending certain accused persons in Jammu, I myself was shadowed by a member of the Criminal Investigation Department into Jammu territory. But surely these are very petty matters when compared with the immense services which that department has rendered to the cause of law and order, as well as to the detection of serious revolutionary movements of the kind of which the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett and His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab have spoken to-day. It seems to me that the working of the Criminal Investigation Department does require looking into, but not at this critical juncture. After the war possibly there are certain phases of that work which may require attention on the part of

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the Government of India. For these reasons, my Lord, I am unable to support the Resolution which has been moved by my Hon'ble friend."

1- 16 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—" My Lord, the Resolution as it is worded embarrasses one's position very much. I take it that the most important question to-day, is the question of the Rowlatt Committee Report. Now, the Resolution seeks this, that the Report or the consideration and disposal of it be kept in abeyance. I really cannot understand with the utmost possible respect for the mover what his object is in asking this Council to vote that the Report should be kept in abeyance. The second part of the Resolution is, that a Committee should be appointed consisting of official and non-official Members into the working of the Criminal Investigation Department, including the Central Intelligence Department. My Lord, I fail to see what connection there is between our dealing with the Report of the Rowlatt Committee and the working of the Criminal Investigation Department or the Central Intelligence Department. Possibly, there may be some connection so far as certain information or evidence might have been placed before the Rowlatt Committee by it. But the important question, as I understand it, is about the Rowlatt Committee Report. Now, the Rowlatt Committee, as you will find from the terms of reference to that Committee, were appointed to investigate and report (1) on the nature and extent of criminal conspiracies connected with the revolutionary movements in India. (2) To examine and consider the difficulties that have arisen in dealing with such conspiracies and to advise as to such legislation as would enable Government to deal effectively with them. I take it, my Lord, that the sole purpose of appointing the Rowlatt Committee was not to discover that there were criminal conspiracies in the land ; they are there and they have existed. But I take it that the real object of appointing that Committee, was to determine how to deal with this kind of offences when we return to normal times ; for the extraordinary remedies and powers which are now placed in the hands of Government by what may be termed war legislation will only last during the period of the war and no more, and their main purpose was to suggest what measures, legislative, should be adopted with a view to deal with these conspiracies. The Government had the evidence before them, they had all the papers before them, and they knew perfectly well that this kind of offences were being committed every day. The object was to find out what methods and measures could be adopted to deal with those offences. Now, therefore, I do not attach much importance to that part of the Rowlatt Committee Report, which does no more than put in readable form the narratives of various conspiracies that have existed, the various crimes that have been committed. But we are concerned more with the part which recommends the measures that we should adopt. Now, my Lord, it was said by the Hon'ble the Home Member that these are not political matters, but crimes. With the utmost respect I beg to differ from him. These are political matters and very much so. You must remember that, in India before 1906, there was no such thing as criminal conspiracies of revolutionary character. I believe that the first bomb that was thrown in India was after 1906, not before that. Therefore, my Lord, the question that we have to consider is this, what has happened to India, why was there all of a sudden in 1906 this signal of a bomb-throw given, and why is it that since 1906 up to 1918 you have these vast developments of this anarchical movement ? What is the cause of it ? It is no use for those who represent the Punjab to come forward and make a defence of their policy ; it is no use coming and saying that these dangers existed and that they have dealt with these dangers in a most magnificent manner. But I would urge upon this Council and the Government to find out what is the cause of it. Surely it cannot be that all of a sudden these men became regular criminals. The cause is this, my Lord, that there is discontent ; there is dissatisfaction ; there is unrest. Might I say, my Lord, that it is partly, if not wholly, due to your policy. What has been your policy ? You might consider it a little. The Hon'ble Sir

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Verney Lovett says that you recognise that unless the people of this country will co-operate with the Government, unless they will help, there will be no other method so effective,—I hope I am correctly reproducing the effect of his speech but just as you ask us, the people of India, to co-operate with you, we ask you to consult us,—and mind you,—and believe me, and I believe I am speaking on behalf of a very large body,—that nobody is more anxious than we are to prevent these crimes. But you cannot ask us to help you to prevent crimes when you lay down the policy without consulting us. If you want us to co-operate with you, then associate us with you and give us a certain amount of control, responsibility in the policies which you are laying down for the government of this country. My Lord, that is an aspect which no speaker has put before the Council. The whole question has been dealt with on the footing, as if some criminal tribes had sprung up in our midst and were a source of danger which it was the duty and business of everybody, without considering any further or anything more in connection with it, to lay down laws, and the moment you enact laws on the Statute-book, you think you have solved the problem. I say, my Lord, that no amount of laying down of laws on the Statute-book will solve this problem. You will have also to change your policy, and considerably, before you can remove the causes. Well, my Lord, with some of the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee I may agree, but there are others which I am quite sure no civilized Government will accept, no civilized Government will ever dream of putting those recommendations in the form of laws, and I refer particularly to the preventive measures which the Rowlatt Committee has recommended. I will only give some instances, although I quite see that to-day that question is not before us. The Rowlatt Committee while they made their recommendations, have particularly based them on, and invited our attention to, what they call important documents attached to their report as an Appendix. I feel that it would be very difficult for any one to deal with these recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee which are based on materials, which are not published, which are not before us, and to which the Rowlatt Committee attach the greatest importance and invite our attention most earnestly. Those papers, those documents, those materials are not before us because the Government decline to publish them. Therefore, I confess, my Lord, that it is not possible for me to criticise their recommendations without having access to the materials which are the foundation of their recommendations. But, my Lord, can you imagine measures of this kind being enacted which they put forward as preventive measures, and I will only read this :—

'The first group of powers should be of the following nature :—

'(i) To demand security with or without assurance from anybody,

'(ii) to restrict residence or require notification of change of residence ;

'(iii) to require abstention from certain acts such as engaging in journalism, distributing leaflets, or attending meetings ;

'(iv) to require that the person should periodically report to the police.'

I have no doubt in that case my Hon'ble friend Mr. Sastri will not be followed or shadowed by any officer of the police to which he so much objects. He will be relieved of the persecution that he described here, for then he may have to go and report himself to the police.

'The second group,

'(i) To arrest ;

'(ii) to search under warrant ;

'(iii) to confine in penal custody.'

"Now, my Lord, I say that on the face of it these are measures which not only will not put an end to the crimes that you want to see ended, but will lead to further

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crimes, and no civilized country, I make bold to say in this Council, can tolerate much less sanction measures of this character which are called preventive measures. But at the same time I wish to make my position clear. Whether the Government ultimately realises the point of view which I have put forward to-day or not, one thing is certain that these crimes must be dealt with, whatever our differences may be as to the policy which the Government pursues in this country. I myself think that it will be much better to adopt judicial procedure instead of having the laws which exist at the present moment and instead of continuing them, which give full powers to the Executive. In other words, to make this clear, instead of giving the power to the Executive, I would rather that the power was given to the Judicial, and I would rather even that these offences should be tried in a summary way, by judicial tribunals, because in my opinion, it is lesser evil than the Executive, I would rather that a proper bench was constituted and that these offences were tried by a special bench. But, my Lord, this is not the time for me to go into these matters. When the Government decide to bring any Bill or proposal I have no doubt this Council will have to deal with those measures. And then will be the time for us to think of it and give our verdict. Therefore, I regret I cannot support the Resolution because it says that this report should be kept in abeyance. I cannot see what useful purpose can be served by keeping this Report in abeyance. If the Government choose to take action on the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee, let them do so. Let them put before us a definite measure, and we shall deal with it.

"I will say one word more, and I have done. I cannot agree with my Hon'ble friend Mr. Banerjea. I really, my Lord, cannot see what the recommendations of the Rowlatt Committee have got to do with Reforms. If anybody chooses to use the Report against us, you cannot prevent it

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea :—"May I rise to a point of order to correct a mistake my friend has committed. I did not say in my speech that the Reform proposals have anything to do with the Rowlatt Committee, but what I did submit was, that Lord Sydenham and others are trying to make capital out of this Report as against the Reform proposals "

The Hon'ble Mr. M.A. Jinnah :—"Then, my Lord, I hope that they will miserably fail in their attempt, I trust, therefore, that my friend Mr. Khaparde will not press his Resolution in the form in which he has put it."

10-30 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—"My Lord, I desire not to let pass certain remarks which have fallen from my Hon'ble friend who has just sat down (Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah). It seems to me to be self-sufficiency indeed which will allow an Hon'ble Member of this Council to say with regard to recommendations which have been made by a Committee of five gentlemen of the standing and position of those who sat on the Sedition Committee, that they are recommendations 'which no civilised Government could ever dream of putting into effect.' I quote my Hon'ble friend's words. —Those are words which my Hon'ble friend, himself a lawyer, uses in this Council, of a legal Committee of that standing,—I say the words condemn the argument. It may be perfectly reasonable to disagree with their recommendations, and it is certainly open to my Hon'ble friend to disagree, but to suggest that a Committee of that standing has put forward recommendations which no civilized Government in the world could even consider

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—"The recommendations I read out."

The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes :—The recommendations he read out ! My Hon'ble friend carefully left out the preface to the recommendations ; he carefully left out the conditions under which those recommendations were put forward ; he did not read them to the Council.

"There is only one other point I desire to refer to, and that is, the suggestion which has been made to the Council that this Resolution might be conveniently

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put in two halves. With regard to the second half of it, my Hon'ble friend Mr. Sastri, and, I think, more than one other Member, suggested that if there were a separate motion asking for a Committee to inquire into the working of the Criminal Investigation Department, he would be prepared for the reasons he gave to support it. I venture to suggest that it is impossible to divide this Resolution in that manner, because the innuendo, which it is true, my Hon'ble friend the mover has not said much about, but which he has obviously intended by the Resolution, is that we cannot consider the Rowlatt Committee's recommendations until we have first considered the circumstances and working of the Criminal Investigation Department. It is not two separate recommendations, it is the single definite suggestion that, before we can take up the Rowlatt Committee's Report, we must deal with the Criminal Investigation Department. You cannot convert that into a request for an inquiry into the reasons why certain unwelcome attentions have been forced on my Hon'ble friend Mr. Sastri and others. I submit, therefore, that though another motion may be made for such a Committee upon proper materials, it is impossible to divide the present Resolution into two halves to attain this object."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Krishna Sahay :—" My Lord, 1-34 P.M.
I feel that I cannot support either the first part of the Resolution, or the second. It seems to me that a vicious principle underlies the first part of it, and it would be highly inopportune, if not positively dangerous, to adopt the suggestion which is contained in the second part. It does not quite clearly appear what my friend Mr. Khaparde really means by the first part of his Resolution. It runs thus : -

'This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the consideration and disposal of the Report of the Sedition Committee of 1918 be kept in abeyance'

I do not understand what he really wishes the Government to do. Does he wish the Government not to consider the conclusions which have been arrived at by such an important Committee as the Rowlatt Committee, consisting of such distinguished lawyers as that Committee did consist of, and to withhold their hand altogether in taking action upon the recommendations which have been made by that Committee? I do not know whether there is any evidence before my friend that the Government is actually at the present moment engaged in formulating any legislation with respect to the recommendations of that Committee. However, if the Government is engaged in such a task, it would be time for us, when their recommendations come before the Council, to take them on their own merits.

"As to the second part of the Resolution, the mover has said nothing, and it seems to me that, in spite of the fact that my distinguished friend Mr. Sastri has spoken in support of it and some other of my Hon'ble colleagues have followed him in giving instances of certain actions taken by the Criminal Investigation Department, concerning themselves, it seems to me that those illustrations may be regarded—those actions on the part of the Central Intelligence Department may be regarded—as mere eccentricities on the part of some of the officers of that Department. Surely that does not make out a case and I emphatically say that that does not make out a case for an inquiry by a Committee formed of official and non-official Members of this Council into the *whole* working of the Criminal Investigation Department, as also of the Central Intelligence Department, all the more so because the Members who gave instances in their personal lives of the worry and bother they had at the hands of some of the officers of the Criminal Investigation Department also bore eloquent testimony to the excellent work that has been done by that Department. I feel, therefore, that I cannot support either the first part, or the second part, of the Resolution."

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1.00 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—"I have listened to this debate with great interest, my Lord, and I am glad to say that the points that I made have not been answered at all. My first point was that this was an *ex parte* inquiry, and nobody has made a reply to say it was not. I said that those persons concerned were not represented by counsel. No negation of that has been made. I said that those witnesses that were called were not cross-examined with the knowledge that was necessary. That point also has not been negated. I said, your Excellency will remember, that I have the highest respect for the gentlemen who constituted that Committee, but human nature being what it is, they cannot do the impossible. I suppose I am not saying anything disparaging if I say that they cannot do the impossible. The English theory of jurisprudence and law, as I understand it, is that the Judge sits in the middle and each party tries to induce him to side with him by such arguments as he can deduce and by such evidence as he can put forward, and these two forces are acting upon that single individual sitting as a Judge, or individuals sitting as Judges, and those Judges take the matters into consideration, and weighing them carefully, they decide one way or the other. That is the theory as I understand it

"Now, in this instance, what happened was, that there were these eminent Judges no doubt, but there was nobody to represent those people who were charged with these offences, no body to pull the judges to their side. On the Government side or the prosecution side, there were probably the most able officers of the Civil Service, and here is where the difficulty came in. I am perfectly willing to believe that the Judges did their best for these people who were charged, but, in the absence of information that they had not effectively cross-examined those people, I still submit that I am not wanting in respect when I say that their judgment does not readily command my credence. I should still like to see the evidence on which it is based, should still like to examine it and make up my mind. I generally do not like in matters of this kind to take official authority. If I am asked to believe it, I should like to see the evidence, examine it and then make up my mind. I do not like to believe because one of the greatest people in the world says it is so. That is my frame of mind, and I suppose every judicial officer has that frame of mind.

"This point being conceded, I proceed to answer the second objection. It has been said that my Resolution is very inopportune. My friends have not been able to see why I put it forward at all, and then they made the very courteous request to see if I would not withdraw it altogether or drop the matter, or if I could not divide it. Now I shall answer all those questions, with your Excellency's permission, as briefly as I can. I say now what are the elements on which this Report has been based? It is based on the statements of witnesses that are not given to me; they are based upon reports that are not given to me. The whole judgment is not before me, only portions of it. What is the element that I can examine with a view to testing the conclusions that have been arrived at? My Lord, I thought that these reports of the police formed a part of the evidence on which the judgment was given. The statements are not there, the names are not there, only these reports are there. They are official, and, if they are correct, I ask if they could be put at my disposal. All that remains is to examine these and make sure how far they will take us. If I have not got all the materials, I suppose I am right in making the most of the few materials that are given to me, and I wanted to see if I could not agree with this report even on an examination of these little reports or whatever they are. For myself, I believe that this Report is mainly

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based probably on the statements made before the Commission and also on the reports that were submitted to it. It may have been, as I say, that it was not mainly based on the reports, but still the reports do form a part of that evidence on which this judgment was given; and, if I ask to see them or if I ask for a Committee to examine the Commission's findings, I do not commit any act of disrespect or do not show any want of reverence.

"Then, as regards the next point My friend the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi said that he was discussing it as a lawyer, and that as I had not given any reason for the second part of my Resolution, it should therefore be dismissed at once. Well, I thought that having mentioned all those circumstances that I did, it was not necessary to adduce further reasons for the second part. There is, also another reason why I did not like to say much about it, and that reason is, that my friends the Hon'ble Mr. Sastri and the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea and all those gentlemen have mentioned it, and it annoyed them tremendously. Unfortunately, I am a peculiar natured man and it pleases me to have these detectives follow me. I used to call them my orderlies. I had four of them in England but only two in India. The India Government do not look after me so well as the Home Government. These four orderlies in England and two in India followed me about wherever I went. I did not mind it in the least. I rather liked the publicity of these men following me and watching my movements. It was all right and very pleasant; it did not annoy me at all and I did not feel angry about that matter in the least. Then, why did I put my Resolution forward? It was for the reason given in the passage which I read out to your Excellency that if the Commission say that their conclusions had to be formulated within a certain time to be useful, and that they formulated those conclusions with so much earnestness, and I suppose some amount of haste, they themselves admit that they did not inquire into this point. I thought this was an urgent matter and that these recommendations might be taken up at any time. One does not know what these recommendations may lead to if they remain unchallenged, and I therefore took the earliest opportunity of bringing them to the notice of your Excellency and this Hon'ble Council. If Government hereafter undertake any legislation, if I am here, I shall be able to discuss it. It is not prejudicing their case in any way; if anything it helps Government, because Government, knowing what I and some of us feel about it, will, in putting forward their measures, take these matters into consideration, and probably the measure which comes before us will be more acceptable because of this discussion than it would otherwise have been.

"Now, disposing of all these matters, there still remains the question of my Resolution being in two parts. I said it consists of two parts and they are interdependent. Some of my friends suggested that I had better drop the first part and let the second part stand. But the first part is the important part, because of these recommendations which are partly based on the reports of the Criminal Investigation Department. In my humble judgment the second is an integral part of the first as the first is of the second. They make an undivided divided whole, and in this respect I agree with the Hon'ble the Law Member, and I also do not ask your Excellency to divide it. Put it as a whole proposition and let the whole proposition go down.

"Lastly, it was said that if these injuries had been done to me, probably I would not have moved this Resolution, and that my immunity from any trouble caused by the anarchists emboldened me to bring this Resolution. If I understand matters rightly, the more trouble they gave me the less inclined I would be to bring this Resolution, for the reason that I would be suspected of having a personal motive, an axe to grind. I have no grievance, my province has not been given a bad name. I am not a Chitpavin Brahman so it does not affect me in the least, and I have no personal reasons for moving it. But there is a point I should like to mention. I did not mention any names in moving my

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[*Mr. G. S. Khaparde; Sir. William Vincent.*] [23RD SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

Resolution. Unfortunately names have been mentioned. Mr. Tilak's name has been mentioned, and they say it is a judicial finding. But it is also a fact that, when Mr. Tilak brought a civil suit against Sir Valentine Chirol in the Queen's Bench, a Commission came to Bombay to examine witnesses there. Mr. Tilak asked to be shown the Chapekar papers on which certain allegations were based. He said 'Kindly produce these papers, and I shall rebut the allegations made therein; I have nothing whatsoever to do with it.' The Bombay Government claimed privilege and said they would not produce those papers. Of course they have the privilege of not producing the papers, and the papers were not produced. Yet they appear to have been laid before the Commission and allegations made in those papers have come out in the Report. Now, what is the remedy that a poor man can have? As children have the remedy of crying, so the poor man has the remedy of talking about it and agitating about it. Now, Mr. Tilak is a friend of mine, there is no doubt about it. I felt it as a grievance, but I was unwilling that that grievance should be put forward or that his name should be mentioned. Similarly, Babu Bepin Chandra Pal is a friend of mine. I do not want to make any grievance of that. I only based it, as I do base it, on considerations of both parties being represented and everything being done fair and above board. These reasons have not been, so far as I can see, refuted, so I expect that this Hon'ble Council will decide in my favour. In any case I hope your Excellency will kindly divide the Council, recording the votes 'Ayes' and 'Noes' separately.'

1-40 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"My Lord, I do not propose to say anything in reply to the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde, because there seemed to be very little to call for answer in his speech. There were, however, one or two things which fell from Mr. Sastri to which I think I should advert. He began with a description of a book in which names apparently of suspected characters were, as he said, entered and never expunged, something like the book of the 47,000 we heard of recently in a celebrated trial in England, and he went on to complain that respectable men were harassed by surveillance. But I do not understand that he had any very serious complaint to make against the investigations of the Central Intelligence Department into revolutionary crime. I am aware that in minor details overzealous officials are at times obtrusive and cause great inconvenience - at least I have been told so—and I much regret that Sir Charles Cleveland, who is the Director, Central Intelligence, and could have given us fuller information on details as to the rules on such matters, is not here. For myself, I am certainly no friend of police rule. Indeed, I believe it to be the negation of all good government. At the same time, I felt it my duty to-day not to allow that view to prevent me from defending the Police from what I conceive to be unfair attacks in regard to admirable work done in connection with the revolutionary movement. I am, however, as I said, aware that complaints have been made of the methods of the C. I. D. in shadowing particular people unnecessarily, and I will make it my duty to inquire into this matter and, so far as may be, to ask the proper authorities to put a stop to it. I trust that this will meet the wishes of my colleagues in this Council, and that they will not press for an inquiry into the whole working of the Central Intelligence Department and the Criminal Investigation Department on account of these minor inconveniences.

"The Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah, in his speech, told us that the revolutionary movement was a matter of politics and not of crime. My Lord, I cannot assent to that proposition for one moment. The cases to which the Report refers are cases of dacoities, of murders and of other offences often of a most brutal

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Lord. There are those possibly who call such offences politics: I call them crimes of the most dastardly character. The Hon'ble Member then said that we ought to go into the causes of all this sedition. His idea, as I understand it, is that no repressive measures alone will effectually eradicate such crime. To that extent I accept what he says, and that is one of the reasons for our Reform proposals. We do not propose to effect our object by repression alone, but simultaneously, as in the past, we intend to make a reasonable advance in political matters along safe lines. As, however, he asks me what are the direct causes of this revolutionary movement, I answer that there are misguided people, who wish to destroy the Government of this country before they are ready to substitute anything in its place. It is due to the entire failure of certain political leaders to control the non-politically minded masses. Certain members—not Members of this Council—but members of this party, have by their influence been able to excite visions in the minds of young men which lead to these crimes. They are able to rouse violent feelings, but when these develop into violent and criminal acts, they are absolutely unable to exercise any kind of control over those whom they have roused. That, my Lord, is one of the chief causes of revolutionary crime in this country. I have only to add that I hope, as I said before, that this Council will, by a large majority, reject this Resolution, because the acceptance of it would, in my opinion, be a great disservice to the country and would bring grave discredit on this Council, the good repute of which I cherish very jealously."

The Resolution was put and the Council divided as follows:—

Ayes—2.

The Hon'ble Pundit B. D. Shukul
The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde.

Noes—46

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.
His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief
The Hon'ble Sir William Meyer.
The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill
The Hon'ble Sir Sankaran Nair
The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes.
The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes
The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent.
The Hon'ble Sir Robert Gillan
The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Kesteven.
The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy.
The Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett
The Hon'ble Dr T. B. Sapru.
The Hon'ble Colonel S. L. Aplin
The Hon'ble Major-General W. R. Edwards.
The Hon'ble Mr G. B. H. Fell.
The Hon'ble Mr G. R. Clarke.
The Hon'ble Sir Hamilton Grant.
The Hon'ble Mr R. E. Holland.
The Hon'ble Mr. F. C. Rose.
The Hon'ble Mr. S. R. Hignell.
The Hon'ble Mr. C. E. Low.
The Hon'ble Sir Edward MacLagan
The Hon'ble Mr. H. Sharp.
The Hon'ble Mr. R. A. Mant.
The Hon'ble Mr. H. F. Howard.
The Hon'ble Major-General A. H. Bingley.
The Hon'ble Mr. A. P. Muddiman.
The Hon'ble Mr A. R. Loftus-Tottenham.

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Ayes—2.

Noes—46.—(contd.)

The Hon'ble Mr. S. Sastri.
 The Hon'ble Mr. M. N. Hogg.
 The Hon'ble Rai Sitanath Ray Bahadur.
 The Hon'ble Mr. W. A. Ironside.
 The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir M. C. Nandi of
 Kasimbagar.
 The Hon'ble Mr. F. J. Monahan.
 The Hon'ble Mr. S. N. Banerjee.
 The Hon'ble Mr. E. H. C. Walsh.
 The Hon'ble Khan Zulfikar Ali Khan.
 The Hon'ble Sir John Donald.
 The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Reid.
 The Hon'ble Sardar Sundar Singh.
 The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mirza Muhammad
 Shafi.
 The Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Thompson.
 The Hon'ble Rai Krishna Sahay Bahadur.
 The Hon'ble Mr. F. S. A. Slocock.
 The Hon'ble Mr. C. A. Kincaid.

The Resolution was accordingly rejected.

The Council then adjourned till Tuesday, the 24th September, 1918.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Government of India,

Legislative Department.

SIMLA;

The 30th September, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ASSEMBLED UNDER
THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915.
(5 & 6 Geo. V, Ch. 61.)

The Council met at the Council Chamber, Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on Tuesday,
the 24th September, 1918.

PRESENT :

The Hon'ble SIR GEORGE LOWNDES, K.C.S.I., K.C., Vice-President, *presiding*,
and 49 Members, of whom 48 were Additional Members.

APPOINTMENT OF A COMMITTEE TO INQUIRE INTO
THE ECONOMIC CONDITION OF AGRICULTURISTS.

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul :—“ Sir, the Resolution that I wish to move for the acceptance of the Council reads thus :—

‘ This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the Government of India be pleased to call upon the Provincial Governments to appoint Committees consisting of officials and non-officials to inquire into the economic condition of the agriculturists in a few typical Government, Zemindari and Inam villages or areas in the different provinces, and submit their report.’

“ Sir, I need not apologise, I think, for bringing forward this Resolution before the Council at this juncture, when the war clouds, which burst upon Europe in the fateful year of 1914, have not yet cleared up and the Empire is still in the throes of a deadly struggle. I am fully alive to the gravity of the present situation and the magnitude of the task that it imposes upon us. But the subject, to which the Resolution relates is of so important a nature, and of so supreme a consequence to our material and moral well-being, that its consideration cannot, in my humble opinion, be any longer deferred.

“ In the first place, this is the period of political transition for India. We stand at the dawn of a new era of political progress, and all of us are determined to carry India ahead on the path of political progress. But, Sir, the political progress of a country, I need not say, is indissolubly

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bound up with its economic development. The Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State and His Excellency the Viceroy have referred to the two dominating conditions in their joint Report on the Indian Constitutional Reform, one of which is that 'the immense number of the people are poor, ignorant and helpless far beyond the standard of Europe.' This is a fact, which educated India has always been cognisant of and the voice of criticism has never been silent, but to no effect, and I feel sure that if the counsel of perfection had prevailed, the authors of the Report would have had no occasion to speak of the incapability of the present régime to successfully cope with the complex problems of 'mass education, sanitation, peasant indebtedness and technical education' in such disparaging terms.

"Next, Sir, immediately after the glorious termination of the war, many questions of vital importance will press themselves upon the attention of the Government. The war has only deferred some of them. The introduction of various post-war reforms will naturally involve a very heavy expenditure, and the question of finding out ways and means will have to be seriously considered. I submit, therefore, it behoves us to make up our mind before we come to that stage, to institute a thorough and sifting inquiry into the economic condition of the people of the country, with a view to enable us to ascertain definitely their taxable capacity, which has such a close bearing upon the subject. India is essentially an agricultural country, over 80 per cent of its population are engaged in agricultural pursuits as against about 20 per cent. in England and Wales, and about 55 per cent. in Germany. It is upon the economic development of these agricultural classes that the stability of the economic prosperity of the whole country will mainly depend, and it is an inquiry into the economic conditions of these people that is sought for, half of whom according to Sir Charles Elliot, the late Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, 'never know from year's end to year's end what it is to have their hunger fully satisfied.' Within the past few months, the pinch of war has begun to be still more acutely felt by them, giving us a forecast of what is yet in store for them hereafter, and I hope that the Resolution which I have the honour to move will not for these reasons be considered premature.

"The complaint of the growing poverty of the people of India has been made times out of number, not only in the press and on the platform, but even within the sacred precincts of the British Parliament and the Indian Legislative Councils. It was so far back as 1886 that the Indian National Congress stated as its settled conviction that 'it regarded with deep sympathy and viewed with grave apprehension, the increasing poverty of vast numbers of the population of India.' Since then, it has been repeatedly urged 'that fully fifty millions of the population, a number yearly increasing, are dragging out a miserable existence on the verge of starvation, and that in every decade several millions actually perish by starvation'.

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill :—"I did not quite follow the Hon'ble Member. Did he say that every year several millions perish by starvation?"

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul :—"This is the opinion of the Congress. I said that they are dragging out a miserable existence, a number yearly increasing and not perishing by starvation every year. It was in the year 1900 that the Congress unanimously passed a resolution that 'having regard to the oft-recurring famines in India and the manifestly decreasing power of resistance on the part of its population to face a single failure of harvest, leading as it frequently does to human suffering, loss of life, destruction of live-stock, disorganization of rural operations and interference with the legitimate work of the administrative machinery

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it earnestly prayed that the Government of India might be pleased to institute, at an early date, a full and independent inquiry into the economic conditions of the people of India, with a view to ascertainment and substantial adoption of practical remedies'. Nearly 18 years have passed and this important inquiry has not yet been instituted. In the House of Commons also a Resolution was moved demanding 'an inquiry to be made into the conditions and the want of the people of India and their ability to sustain the enormous cost of Government' but to no purpose. The late lamented Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale also stated from his seat in this very Council, while speaking on the Budget in 1908, that no one would be better pleased than he himself 'if the Government of India were to order a regular and careful inquiry into the condition of a few typical villages, so as to ascertain whether the resisting power of the people was increasing or diminishing,' and his sound and sober advice too fell upon deaf ears. It was only lately that I interpellated the Council on the subject on 8th February 1917, when I suggested the appointment of a Committee for the purpose, but the reply received was, in the negative, and what was still more disappointing to me, was the strong exception taken by my friend the Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill to my references, in my last Budget speech, to the helpless condition of the agriculturists which, he said, was in conflict with mine, and which was quite pleasing to him by reason of the fact that 'when travelling he observed better houses, better agricultural implements and greater prosperity.' It is this spell, Sir, under which the official mind exists, that has to be dissipated, and on this point I respectfully join issue with my Hon'ble friend for whom I personally possess a high regard and for whose genuine sympathy with the agriculturists of the country I have not the least doubt. In this connection I feel it my duty to draw the attention of my friend to what Mr. W. H. Moreland, I.C.S., for some time Director of Agriculture, United Provinces, observes, namely, that 'while the masses of the people are provided with the necessities of bare existence they are in far too many cases badly housed, badly clothed, badly doctored and badly taught, often overworked and often underfed.'

" Well, so far as I am concerned, I do not know how to reconcile these two official statements. I do not propose here to challenge the accuracy of either. For the purpose of the Resolution, it is quite sufficient to show that two conflicting views exist as to the actual conditions of the agricultural classes. While, on the one hand, the improvement in communications and rise in prices are mentioned, as factors contributing to the growing prosperity of agriculturists, and while increase of trade returns, favourable balances, the imprest of gold and increase in the capital of Joint Stock Companies are pointed out as indications of the increased prosperity of the people, there are circumstances on the other hand, the stern actualities, too many to enumerate, which cannot fail to strike, as being most deplorable to any one like myself, living in the interior and being in constant touch with the everyday life of the indigent ryots and which are regarded as contributing to the growing deterioration in the economic conditions of the people, such as, the unarrested exhaustion of the soil caused by the repeated cultivation of the same soil, the more frequent damages to crops caused by the ravages of wild animals owing to a large diminution in the number of fire-arms, handled by villagers, the growing shortage of labour due to steady emigration to the urban areas, the diminution in the supply of cattle and the gradual deterioration in their condition for want of grazing facilities, due to the rigour of forest rules and regulations, the ever-increasing high rates of assessment, the repeated visitation of plague, cholera and other epidemics and the high rate of mortality as an outcome of insanitary and unhealthy surroundings, the oft-recurring famines and the manifestly decreasing power of resistance on the part of the people in the face of a single failure of harvest, and above all the widespread

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ignorance which have all combined to affect seriously the material and moral progress of the bulk of our population.

“ Sir, I cannot help stating that during a close and constant touch with the everyday life of the masses of the people extending over 30 years, I have been irresistibly convinced that the condition of the rural population in India is but deplorable, ‘40 millions of whom,’ says Sir William Hunter ‘pass through life with single meal a day.’ Is it not a pity, Sir, that even after 150 years of settled and enlightened British rule, India should stand at the lowest rung of the ladder of world’s prosperity. According to the most optimistic official estimates the average income per head of population does not exceed £2, *i.e.*, Rs. 30 as against £37 in the United Kingdom, £39 in the United States, £27 in France, £22 in Germany, £40 in Australia, £26 in Canada, £16 in Spain, £11 in Russia and £4 in Turkey the sick man of Europe. In spite of the security of life and prosperity which British rule has brought about, and which we gratefully acknowledge, the question still remains, as to whether there has been any substantial advance in the economic conditions of the masses, and there could only be one reply to it, and that is the negative. The recent investigations into the problems of poverty conducted by Dr. Harold Mann, Principal of the Poona Agricultural College, have disclosed a painful situation of affairs. It conveys an impression in the words of Sir Frederick Treves ‘of poorness and melancholy and that of a little below the most meagre comfort and a little above the nearest reach of starvation.’ Dr. Harold Mann is emphatically of opinion that ‘The position of an average cultivator has become very awkward. The debt which the villager incurred now hanging round his neck to the extent of 13 per cent of its total value and paid about 20 per cent on the average in interest.’ ‘The cultivation of a dry area,’ in his opinion, ‘could never pay for that.’ Rao Sahib A. L. Patro of the Madras Presidency whose special study of village economics entitles him to our respect and admiration, conducted similar inquiries in the Madras Presidency and has given in his extremely valuable pamphlet ‘Studies in the Village Economics’ four typical family budgets with the result that in the case of one there is a deficit of Rs. 22-9 per annum, in the case of the second a deficit of Rs. 52 per annum, in that of the third a deficit of Rs. 5-6 per annum, and it is only in the case of the 4th that a credit balance of Rs. 68 is discovered.’ It might be questioned as to how these recurring deficits are met. That question has been effectively met by Dr. Harold Mann himself who observes that, ‘They had seen how this was met firstly by the incurring of debt which now hangs round the neck of the villager to the extent of 13 per cent of its total value. The next step had been the going out of nearly 30 per cent of the whole male population to work on non-agricultural work that enabled the balance to be kept for the moment’ Such a state of affairs cannot, by any stretch of imagination, be regarded as conducive to the real welfare of the teeming millions, and is incapable of being tolerated any longer, if India has to stand upon her own legs, and if peace and prosperity are to be established permanently all over the country. Then, Sir, this inquiry, I hold, ought to be made. Poverty and discontent go hand in hand. Remove the one and you remove the other.

“ I am not unaware, Sir, of the measures which the Government have from time to time adopted with a view to better the conditions of the people. The introduction of various legislative and executive measures such as (1) the institution of special Courts and agencies for the cheap and summary disposal of suits against agricultural borrowers, (2) restrictions on the alienation of land, (3) the establishment of co-operative credit banks, and (4) the introduction of a large measure of elasticity in the collection of land-revenue, are all standing reminders of the various efforts on the part of the Government to secure the well-being of the masses for which we have every

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reason to be grateful. But, Sir, after all, there are palliative measures, and the fundamental question of poverty yet remains to be solved. The blue books of 1813 and of the preceding years and the reports on the Permanent Settlement are replete with references to it. But, it was not till 1875 when the agrarian situation in the Deccan assumed such serious proportions that the Government was compelled to have recourse to immediate legislation. The Deccan Agriculturists Relief Act was passed and has since been followed by a series of similar legislative measures, all having for their aim and object the relief of the Indian peasantry. The system of Co-operative Societies alone is a measure which is capable of infusing into the cultivators a spirit of co-operation and creating and fostering in them qualities of prudence, thrift, endurance and resourcefulness which can help them in their economic struggle for existence, but it would be a mistake to rely upon it, as the sole panacea for all the economic evils, and I think the time has come, when the Government should be prepared to adopt a bolder and more courageous policy and not be satisfied with palliative measures like this.

“ Sir, I think I have said enough to convince the Council that there cannot be any two opinions as to the existence of deep-rooted poverty in India. And after the weighty pronouncement to the effect, namely, that ‘ it is evident that the curve of wealth descends very steeply and that enormous masses of the population have little to spare for more than the necessities of life ’ which has been made by the Secretary of State and the Viceroy in their joint report (paragraph 135, page 67), I do not think it would be presumptuous on my part to assume ‘ bal, so far as the existence of the evil is concerned, all of us are at one. the only difference now being, as to the degree and the cause and effect and extent of poverty in India and as to the remedy which we have to apply. This in itself is a fact which emphasises the need for an inquiry of the nature I demand.

“ We are already aware that whenever the Government took up any measure of a mere palliative nature for the purpose, the political leaders of India, not only shook their heads and expressed their own doubts and misgivings about their success, but suggested quite a different type of measures of far-reaching consequences, with a view to strike at the very root of the evil, such as the introduction of free and compulsory education, the establishment of a large number of agricultural banks, the opening of an equally large number of agricultural and cattle-breeding farms, the relaxation of forest laws, the abolition of the indentured labour, the adoption of an improved excise policy, the revision of the present Settlement policy of over-assessing the land and not leaving enough margin of profit in the hands of the cultivator to enable him to tide over the difficulties of a bad year, the necessity of enforcing rigid economy in the administration, encouraging the growth of indigenous and local trades and industries, the introduction of a large element of popular control in the administration of Indian affairs, and the granting of fiscal autonomy for India ; but unfortunately the cry of the political leaders proved to be a cry in the wilderness.

“ I have only one word to add and I have done. The war has been an eye-opener with regard to several matters, and has taught us lessons which we cannot afford to forget with impunity. It has most prominently brought to the forefront the military importance, attached to the economic development of a country, to which India can no longer remain indifferent. To use the words of Mr. Montagu ‘ the economic development of India is more important than even an alteration of the machinery of development.’ It is for this reason that I say if in the competition of the world’s

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progress you wish India to occupy and maintain her position as a self-governing unit of the British Empire, she must be made self-contained and self-reliant, within a definite period of time. A weak and unprepared India will always mean the weakness of the British Empire. Strong and prosperous, she is bound to be a source of additional strength to her. And it will have to be remembered that it is a happy and contented peasantry alone, that can contribute to India's permanent strength and prosperity. It is for this reason above all that I have ventured to bring forward his Resolution, and in doing so I have tried to present it in as modest a form as I could. I only wish that an impartial and independent inquiry into the economic condition of the agricultural classes be made so that a definite conclusion may be arrived at as to the real cause of their economic depression. The Resolution, if accepted, will not prejudice the cause of either the Government or the people; rather it will throw a lurid light upon the whole subject and will have the distinct advantage of bringing about that complete harmony, mutual understanding of each other's motives and actions, unanimity of opinion, and mutual goodwill that is so desirable and essential in the best interests of the people, and that of the good and peaceful government of the country. The world is moving fast, and this is not the time to be satisfied with half-hearted palliative measures. In my humble opinion, it is high time that the Government should make up their mind to courageously grapple with this problem and find out a sovereign remedy. If my Resolution is accepted and inquiry made, the Government and the people will both have before them reliable data to proceed upon, otherwise I am afraid if an early attempt is not made to inquire into the conditions of the agricultural classes of the country and measures not taken to substantially improve their material conditions, the wheels of the administration will be hopelessly clogged and the real progress of the country will be found to be seriously at stake, for who knows what might prove to be the last straw to break the camel's back. I will conclude by appealing to the Council in the oft-quoted words of the Poet that :—

‘ Princes and Lords may flourish and fade ;
A breath can make them a breath has made ;
But a bold peasantry, their country's pride,
When once destroyed can never be supplied.’ ”

The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi :—

11-20 A.M. “ Sir, a new era of constitutional renaissance is bound to dawn upon us when the Reform proposals formulated by His Excellency the Viceroy and Mr. Montagu come into operation. That certainly will be the beginning of a new Chapter of our political life, but, before we are led into it, we are certainly entitled to know how the land lies about us and how we stand economically. Unfortunately, there is no sufficient light available to us at the present moment for a proper and accurate appreciation of the economic conditions of India. In this matter also, as in politics, there are two schools of opinion among the public men of India. One maintains that, under the Pax Britannica, India has attained a period of prosperity not dreamt of in any previous age in the story of our land. The enormous absorption of the precious metals in this country during the last quarter of a century, the great rise in the prices of all agricultural produces, and the rise in the standard of life among all classes of the people are set down by this school of opinion as sure indices to the great prosperity of India at the present day. On the other hand, a different school holds that the golden age of India is a thing of the past, and that she is growing poorer and poorer every day. The progressive indigence of the upper and lower middle classes, the enormous increase in her population without equivalent openings or new occupations, the unprecedented rise in the prices of things, together with the practical disappearance of all old-time arts

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[*Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi ;
Sir Verney Lovett ; Mr. E. H. C. Walsh.*]

and crafts are believed by this school of publicists as unmistakable proofs of India's poverty. I will not take the Council over the ground covered by such inquiries as the late Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, the late Mr. Romesh Chandra Dutt, or the late Mr. William Digby, made into the subject, nor is it much good at this time of the day to refer to the examination of it made from an official point of view by Lord Curzon. Much water has flown down the Ganges since the above examinations were made, and, no wonder, the conditions of India have changed a good deal since the beginning of this century. It is, therefore, incumbent on all public men of India to know exactly how we stand economically at the present moment. John Bright used to say that 'let me know the financial position of a country, and I will tell you how its government may be like.' Indeed, there is an indissoluble connection between the condition of the people and the government of a country. It is, therefore, essential that, before we make a move towards the progressive realisation of responsible government in this country, we should have an exact idea of the real condition of our people. Such a knowledge should be an indispensable guide, both to the people and the Government to enable India to proceed on the right lines in her way to responsible government. Leaping into the dark or jumping into the unknown can never help any of these parties in the right solution of India's many complicated problems, for politics, after all, is a twin sister of economics. Such a knowledge, therefore, being essential, it can only be obtained by the acceptance of my friend's Resolution. A careful inquiry conducted by a competent Committee composed of official and non-official Members in every province of the Empire, going carefully into the economic conditions of all classes of people in some typical rural areas, may give us all the light and illumination that we desire on the subject. I have, therefore, very great pleasure in according my whole-hearted support to the Resolution moved by the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Bishan Dutt Shukul."

The Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett:—"Sir, I am afraid that acceptance of the Hon'ble mover's Resolution would not be agreeable to the United Provinces Government at the present time. A great stress of work is now oppressing our official ranks. They have been largely depleted by the deputation of various of our officers to war work and military duty, and those who remain are very heavily worked indeed. I may say that their main duties and their main preoccupations are connected with the welfare and the prosperity of the agricultural classes. It is with the well-being of these most important classes that they are principally concerned. Any villages which are in a particularly precarious condition receive their special attention, and are made the subject of special reports to the Commissioner and the Board of Revenue. It is obvious that any failure in paying attention to these important matters would be very soon visited by some break-down in payment of revenue or by agrarian unrest, which would speedily reveal any serious dereliction of duty. Our officers are doing their best. They are assisted by special departments such as the Agricultural Department and the Co-operative Department, and by experts of considerable experience. What is really wanted to raise the condition of the agricultural classes is, improved methods of agriculture and more money. I am afraid that the need of more money is one which is not likely to be supplied by the appointment of such a Committee as my friend the Hon'ble mover has asked for. At present I would strongly deprecate the acceptance of a Resolution of this kind by His Excellency the Viceroy in Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. E. H. C. Walsh:—"Sir, after what the Hon'ble Sir Verney Lovett said with regard to the United Provinces, I think that I need say nothing more with regard to the province which I represent, than that the condition of the case in our province is exactly the same as Sir Verney Lovett has stated for the United Provinces, and that I entirely endorse what he

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has said. It would not be possible at the present time to spare any officer for an inquiry such as is proposed in the Resolution."

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The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill :—" Sir, I congratulate the Hon'ble mover on the way in which he has presented his proposal before the Council to appoint this Committee of non-officials and officials to inquire into the economic condition of typical villages ; and I have no complaints to make whatever on the score of the arguments which he has used, so far as they are based on abstract principles, some of which he enunciated with great force, *e.g.*, that political progress goes hand in hand with economic development, and so forth. I think those propositions will command the acceptance of this Council, and that I need not refer to them in greater particularity. But I should like to point out that, after all, the Hon'ble Member has made a specific proposal, namely, that Local Governments shall be asked to appoint Committees of a particular kind to inquire into the economic condition of selected areas—what he calls 'typical' villages—and that, in regard to this proposal, I hope I shall be able to show the Hon'ble Member and the Council that we could not hope for the comprehensive results which he anticipates from the adoption of such a course.

"The case for the Government was stated in very general terms in reply to a question put by Mr. Rama Rayanagar, when a Member of this Council, in which he asked 'if Government had under consideration the economic condition of the rural population in India. If not, will Government be pleased to consider the desirability of holding an inquiry into such condition.' To this question, I replied in March 1916: 'The economic condition of the rural population is one of the most intimate concerns of the Government. It is a matter on which they possess very full and continuous information, and it is the governing factor in many lines of administrative activity. There is no particular aspect of it, however, which in their view calls for special inquiry at the present moment.'

"Well, Sir, that proposal of Mr. Rayanagar related to a roving inquiry into economic conditions generally throughout India, and I readily admit that the Hon'ble Mr. Shukul's Resolution, which asks this Council to agree to recommend that Local Governments be asked to appoint such Committees, is, to that extent, a more reasonable proposition. I hope, however, to show that, even in its restricted scope, it should be held to be undesirable to adopt it. And I should like, first of all, to explain to the Council what has happened, and what continually happens, in regard to investigations into the economic condition of India as a whole. First of all, however, in reference to that, I should like to refer to two occurrences of 1902.

"In April 1902—Council will recall that that was about three years after the inception of the great famine of 1899 when we were all greatly concerned with the economic recovery of India—a Conference held in London recommended as follows :—

'This Conference is of opinion that it is urgently necessary that detailed local inquiries should be made into the economic condition of typical villages in the famine areas with a view to ascertaining the facts upon which preventive as well as remedial measures suited to the various provinces may be safely based.'

That Resolution was referred to the Government of Lord Curzon for consideration by the Secretary of State, and the Government of India for various reasons held that it was undesirable to adopt the proposal then made, especially with reference to the inquiry into 'typical villages' which were adverted to in the Resolution. Lord Curzon's Government in expressing this opinion pointed out the various measures which were continuously in motion

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for the ascertainment and, as far as possible, when adverse, for the remedy of the economic condition of rural India. They pointed out, for example, that the Conference appeared not to be aware of the existence of a Department of Land Records and Agriculture whose business it was continuously and without intermission to obtain data regarding the economic condition of rural India, and who have a continuing record of that condition. They further pointed out that in the temporarily settled tracts of India, after periods varying between 15 and 30 years, an inquiry of the most comprehensive character, extending over several years, was held by a specially qualified settlement officer into the economic condition, in all its aspects, of the whole of the area which was concerned with the inquiry into the proposals for re-settlement. It is also the case, I may add, that in regard to the permanently settled tracts of India there has of recent years been an endeavour made, as my Hon'ble friends from Bengal are aware, to establish a record of rights, and a continuing record of rights; and I am sure the Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea will bear me out when I say that the officers who are appointed to investigate those matters have made the most careful and comprehensive inquiries into the economic conditions of the districts with which they have been concerned. I should like to cite, as an example, a most interesting report on the Backarganj district by the late Major Jack, who was most unfortunately killed in France, whose report on that district reviews, in the greatest possible detail, the whole situation of that district from the economic standpoint; not of typical villages here and there, but of the whole area which was the subject of his investigation in due perspective.

" My Hon'ble friend Mr. Sastri the other day complained—I forget what his exact words were—of our 'delight in secrecy.' Well, I should like to describe the attitude of the Government of India in that regard not as a delight in secrecy but as a shrinking modesty which prevents their adequately advertising their goods. But, for the information of this Council, and in case I should be asked whether Major Jack's report is available to the public or not, I should like to observe that it *has* been published and that any Members who are interested in this kind of literature have only to refer to the general catalogue of all the publications of the Government of India and of the Local Governments to find out where those publications are and where they can be obtained. This report of Major Jack's I commend very cordially to the perusal of my Hon'ble friend who has moved this Resolution and to every other Member of this Council who is interested in the economic development of India.

" Well, Sir, in 1902 there also occurred a discussion, at the instance of my late friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, later than that referred to by the mover, Mr. Shukul. In 1902, in one of his most eloquent Budget speeches, Mr. Gokhale drew attention to the economic condition of the ryots in India and made almost verbatim the same proposal, but relating to the whole of India, as that which the Hon'ble Mr. Shukul has laid before the Council to-day. After giving a description of his understanding of the situation he said :—

' These and similar facts, taken cumulatively, lead, and lead irresistibly, to the conclusion that the material condition of the mass of the people in India is steadily deteriorating.An inquiry into the condition of a few typical villages has been suggested, and, if undertaken, will certainly clear many of the prevailing misapprehensions on the subject. It is urged on behalf of Government that no such inquiry is needed because similar inquiries have been already made in the past. There is no doubt that inquiries of some sort have been made and Government have in their possession a large body of valuable information on the subject—information which unfortunately they insist on withholding from the public.'

My Hon'ble friend, Mr. Sastri, has reiterated that charge and I plead guilty to our inability adequately to illumine the mind of the public in regard

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to the voluminous information which Government has collected from time to time. But, Sir, in regard to the first part of the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale's remarks it is interesting at all events to note that on the same day one who was quite equally capable of judging of the economic condition of India at that time, namely, Sayyid Husain Bilgrami, who was then a Member of this Council, made the following observations :—

' On the other hand, observation ' (and by this he meant personal observation) ' leads one to conclude that the level of domestic comfort has risen within the last fifty years among peasant proprietors and cultivators. They are better clothed and live in better built cottages and are altogether in better plight than their fathers. It has been observed that they resort oftener to law-courts and spend more on their weddings and other ceremonies.'

Well, Sir, I will finish with that side of the argument on which Mr. Shukul laid great stress from his personal observation, by referring him, if he is interested, to a series of articles (I regret that I am not able to furnish him with the exact dates) which were written by a great friend of mine, the late Mr. Sitaram Pandit, an eminent Barrister, between the years 1906 and 1908, in the course of which Mr. Pandit showed on his own observation which was close and to my personal knowledge exact, that there had been a very great increase in the material well-being of the people. He was referring particularly to that tract of country with which I am well acquainted and my Hon'ble friend Mr. Kincaid is also well acquainted, namely, Kathiawar and Guzerat; and I can endorse, without any fear whatever of contradiction, the statements made by the Hon'ble Mr. Sitaram Pandit that the condition of the people in Kathiawar and Guzerat is out of all recognition improved in comparison with what it was when I came to India 30 years ago. In place of thatched roofs we have tiled roofs: in place of mud walls we have brick walls, and in place of earthen-ware utensils we have brass utensils. That seems to me to be on that side of the question an answer at all events sufficiently worthy of consideration by my Hon'ble friend, Mr. Shukul, to his observations regarding the tract of country with which he is most acquainted. But if I understood him correctly it was not his contention that the condition even of his part of the country had deteriorated, but that it was deplorably bad. Now, in regard to that I am entirely at one with my Hon'ble friend. We should all like to see the economic condition of the ryot in every part of India very materially raised, and we hope it will be raised. Referring now to the precise proposal to have an examination into the condition of ' typical villages,' I should like to refer to what Sir Denzil Ibbetson, regarding whose authority there can be no question, said in reply to the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale in 1902, because this is very relevant to the form of the Resolution which has been moved. Sir Denzil Ibbetson said :—

' He (the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale) proposes an inquiry into ' the conditions of a few typical villages.' But who is to decide what villages are typical? Do villages indeed exist which can safely be assumed to be typical? I can imagine nothing more misleading, nothing more dangerous, than an inquiry of this nature, conducted with the avowed intention of arguing from the minute particular to the enormous general—of basing a huge pyramid of conclusions upon the slenderest apex of facts.'

Well Sir, I do not wish to dilate further on that side of the question which depends for a correct appreciation upon the results of personal observation as to whether there has been deterioration or not. I wish only to say in passing, and I am sure the Council will accept it without any hesitation whatever, that if, ten or fifteen or twenty years ago, India had been faced with the level of prices which obtains to-day starvation would have been rampant throughout India; and the fact that India, although with great trouble in some parts, is able to carry on with the level of prices as they stand at present, is surely a testimony to the very great advance in the material well-being of the rural

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population. In regard to that well-being, I should like to read one more quotation which is from Mr. Datta's Enquiry into the effect of the rise of prices in India, which was published, I think, in 1910. Mr. Datta says:—

‘There has undoubtedly been a real progress, an increase of wealth and a general diffusion of it, in consequence of an increase in the profits of agriculture, and a remarkable increase in wages greater than the cost of living in almost all parts of India during the period of rising prices. There has indeed been a very great increase in the annual income of India.’

And in paragraph 443 he goes on to say:—

‘The standard of living among all classes of the population, especially among the landholders, traders and ryots, has increased very considerably in recent years, and extravagance on occasions of marriage and other social ceremonies has seriously increased. The average villager lives in a better house and eats better food than did his father; brass and other metal vessels have taken the place of coarse earthen ware and the clothing of his family in quality and quantity has improved.’

Now, Sir, reference has been made by the Hon'ble Mr. Shukul to the great authority of Dr. Mann. (I hope, Sir, if I exceed the time-limit by a minute or two I shall have your indulgence.) No one has greater respect of Dr. Mann than I have, nor for his indefatigable labours on behalf especially of the well-being of the Deccan ryot. But I have in Dr. Mann's labours in one direction an admirable argument for contending that this Council should not accept the Resolution in the form in which it has been put. Dr. Mann with that zeal which characterises him entered upon, with three of his assistants, a meticulous examination of what he regarded as a typical Deccan village close to Poona. That inquiry extended over a long period of time and was the subject of great devotion on his part, and the conclusions at which he arrived were in many respects most valuable. But in one respect his conclusions, I suggest, demonstrate the danger of concentrating inquiry upon a typical village as was done by Dr. Mann in this particular case. I should like here to borrow a simile from my friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde, who, the other day, I think, in less appropriate circumstances, perhaps, demonstrated the drawback of taking a brick out of a house in order to judge of the condition of the house. Dr. Mann, I suggest, took a brick out of the rural house of India, held it up for examination, and came to certain conclusions. I suggest to this Council that those conclusions were not of conclusive value in reference to the economic condition even of that particular village; because I would now draw the attention of the Council to a review of Dr. Mann's book by Mr. Keatinge, whose authority is perhaps co-equal to that of Dr. Mann. In a most appreciative review of it published in the Agricultural Journal in July last, and with full recognition of the enormous value of the work done by Dr. Mann and his three assistants, he concludes, in the latter part, at page 477 as follows:—

‘The final conclusion of the authors is depressing, for they maintain that two-thirds of the families in the village are unable to attain to even the low standard of comfort which is considered essential by the people of such a village. To any one who knows what such a standard is, this can mean nothing else than that there is actual starvation in the village, or something very like it. Surely this is a matter which would have admitted so actual verification on the spot; but there is no word to show that any attempt was made, by observing the condition and health of the people, to verify this inference which the figures given so strongly suggest. The low standard of comfort in Deccan villages is deplorably evident even to the most casual observer, but if there is in this village anything like the actual starvation that is implied, this fact is more remarkable than any other which has been recorded; because it may be stated with confidence that in this village there is no able-bodied family the members of which are prepared to work, which could not, without going 20 miles afield, obtain wages which would not only maintain them in comfort, according to their own standard, but which would also allow them to save money.’

Well, the fact is that those two-thirds are not starving and yet the conclusion, the theoretic conclusion, is that they must be starving. I suggest that, if we were

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to apply that conclusion broad-cast to the conditions in the Deccan generally, (and it might quite easily be come to by an examination of a typical village without reference to its surroundings), in that case we might be very seriously misled.

"There is a further aspect of the question, and that is, the political aspect of the matter. It is, as I have said, more reasonable of the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Shukul to propose that the Local Governments be asked to institute this investigation because that does bring the inquiry into a more reasonable compass than the suggestion that the examination of typical villages should be undertaken with a view to furnishing deductions for the whole of India. I admit the great desirability that there is for a further ascertainment of the economic condition of agricultural areas, but the examination of typical villages would not give us the required information. Even though we get results in the Settlement Reports to which I have already referred, I agree that they might with advantage be supplemented, and I am quite ready to draw the attention of Local Governments to the subject-matter of the Hon'ble Member's Resolution. We know that Local Governments all recognise the vast importance of the question, but I am willing to draw their attention to the discussion which has taken place on this Resolution, and to invite them, when an appropriate time comes and suitable circumstances present themselves, to take into consideration the question whether such inquiries should not be held in particular areas. In view of the coming evolution of provincial autonomy, I suggest that that would be more in consonance with the policy of this Council that we should leave the Local Governments to exercise their discretion in the matter. It is to be anticipated that my Hon'ble friend will be able, within a few years' time perhaps, to bring greater pressure to bear on Local Governments than is possible at the present moment to take action on the lines suggested in particular areas, and I suggest that the action which I have said I am willing to take should for the moment suffice.

"I am not quite clear as to what the opening remarks of my Hon'ble friend the Maharaja of Kassimbazar were intended to convey ; but if I understood him correctly, he said that it is only right that the information to be obtained as a result of the proposed investigation into the economic condition of typical villages should be made available to us all before there was any question of political reform. I do not know whether I have interpreted his words correctly, but he certainly said that he was entitled to this economic investigation before any political reform. I do not know whether I have interpreted his meaning quite rightly, but I should like to point out that even on the smallest scale a thorough investigation into the economic condition of an area, such even as a taluka or sub-division of a district, is likely to take a competent body of persons a period of years. I feel quite certain that my Hon'ble friend did not intend the literal acceptance of what he said.

"Well, Sir, in conclusion, if I may summarise, I have suggested for the consideration of the Council that the selection of typical villages is extraordinarily difficult, that, though the Hon'ble Mr. Shukul's Resolution suggests a smaller scale investigation than was suggested by the late Mr. Gokhale, yet it is open to the objection which I have indicated, namely, that the results of such an inquiry, as illustrated by the results of Dr. Mann's inquiry, are liable to be misleading. A far greater value should be attached to reports to which I have drawn the attention of the Council, such, for example, as that of Major Jacks, when they deal with a whole homogeneous district. Theoretic conclusions, such as those arrived at by Dr. Mann, are liable to be misleading and are likely to give results contrary to facts. Finally, as my

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Hon'ble friend Sir Verney Lovett has indicated, we do think that this juncture is the most inappropriate one that could be selected for the diversion of the energies of our depleted staff to investigations of this nature. I doubt very much, though I am quite sure, that Hon'ble Members are in general aware of the fact, I doubt very much whether this Council as a body appreciates the extraordinary strain under which the whole of the revenue staff of every province in India is at present labouring. The numbers which have been spared for the war have reduced the cadres and staff to a minimum, while the activities resulting from the war have placed upon the remainder a burden which, if it had been predicted before the war, it might well have been said that it could not be borne. Leave has been stopped, and those who remain are heavily over-worked. They have to carry on the ordinary administration in addition to their work of recruiting and to the concentration of their attention upon the development of the war resources of the country; and I suggest that, even though this proposed additional inquiry may seem a small matter, we should bear in mind that it is the last straw that breaks the camel's back. It is, however, not a light thing that this Resolution would impose upon the revenue staff of the various provinces. I, therefore, venture to hope that this Council will see their way to decline to commit us to inviting the Local Governments now to divert their energies to the investigation suggested in the Resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:—"Sir, I think I speak the sense of this side of the Council when I say that we are all very thankful to the Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill for the very sympathetic speech which he has made in connection with this Resolution, and my advice to my Hon'ble friend Rai Bahadur Shukul would be to withdraw his Resolution on the assurance which has been given by the Hon'ble Member in charge that his Resolution and the discussions which take place to-day will be forwarded to the Local Governments for such action as the Local Governments may think fit to take. But, Sir, there are one or two observations made by the Hon'ble Member in charge which seem to me to call for criticism and comment. My Hon'ble friend does not dispute the necessity of an inquiry into the economic condition of our agricultural population. The debate to-day has disclosed the fact that there are two conflicting schools of thought, which have been in existence for a number of years ever since the question of the economic condition of our agricultural population has come under discussion. There being these two schools of thought, it does seem to me that an inquiry of the character suggested by my Hon'ble friend behind me would be very useful. Possibly the result of that inquiry would not be decisive, but at any rate it would help to clear the atmosphere and to promote possibly a general unity of feeling and of opinion on the subject. My Hon'ble friend has observed that the Government has always been making inquiries into the economic condition of the agricultural population. In the permanently settled tracts we have the cadastral survey, the record-of-rights, and careful inquiries are made, and I bear testimony to the care, the conscientiousness and the devotion which the late Major Jack exhibited in making these inquiries, and I understand that he has left behind a book which contains a valuable treasure of information regarding the economic condition of Bengal. I hope and trust that that book, if only as an honour to his memory, will be published by the Government and made easily available.

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill:—"It has been published as I explained in my speech."

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea:—"I am very glad to hear it, but will the Government be pleased to send a copy to Hon'ble Members, at any rate the book might be sent to proprietors and editors of

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newspapers, so that they may enlighten the public on the subject. However that may be, I thankfully admit the fact that there are these inquiries, and very careful inquiries, carried on by the officials of the Government when making the record-of-rights. I also admit 'render unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's'.—I also admit that in the temporarily settled areas when the revision of the settlement takes place, the inquiries are careful and exhaustive. But, Sir, we must bear in mind the character and the complexion of these investigations. They are all official inquiries. They are not aided or assisted by popular enlightenment or popular opinion. The public are getting aggressive and militant in these days. Popular leaders and the representatives of the popular party want to have their opinions expressed in connection with this vital problem of the economic condition of the agricultural population. You have not associated them in these inquiries. We demand that we should be so associated, and that seems to me to be the most important point in connection with my Hon'ble friend's Resolution. He suggests that the inquiry, whatever it be, in respect of typical villages, should be made by a Committee of a mixed character consisting of officials and non-officials. Hitherto we have had the official version of the case. I do not dispute its correctness. I do not challenge its soundness. But it is official and non-official opinion may differ, and may even modify the official view. Therefore, the point of my Hon'ble friend's Resolution is that, whatever inquiry is made in regard to this most vital of all problems, it should be an inquiry in which the non-official voice should be heard.

"Sir, I have heard it said by the official representatives of the United Provinces and Bihar, and I respect the view that has been put forward, that the officials are at the present moment engaged in war work. They are heavily engaged in war work, they are over-worked, I freely admit that. But the point to be borne in mind is that the scope of the inquiry which my Hon'ble friend suggests is of a very limited character. He does not recommend a comprehensive inquiry, but an investigation confined to a number of typical villages. Surely that cannot take away a large number of officials from their accustomed work. Surely it is possible to limit the scope of the inquiry so that it may be confined to a limited time, and to certain specific villages, which may be finished, say, in three months' time. Therefore, it seems to me that that argument will not stand the test of scrutiny. At any rate, Sir, I rejoice that the Hon'ble Member in charge has consented to forward this Resolution and the debate which will take place to-day to the Local Governments, and I hope and trust that some of them will at any rate see their way to direct an inquiry into a few typical villages, so that this very vital question of the economic condition of the agricultural population, in respect at any rate of a limited area, may be determined and a solution may be found. Sir, you have embarked upon the great consideration of industrial development. The economic condition of our agricultural population has an intimate bearing upon the industrial problem. The two are indissolubly linked together. Therefore, I say for the great purpose of industrial development, for the great purpose of political advancement, an inquiry of this kind is necessary.

"I think my Hon'ble friend, Sir Claude Hill, somewhat misunderstood the observations of the Hon'ble the Maharaja of Kassimbazar. He did not mean to suggest that economic development must precede political advancement. All these are inter-linked, bound up together. They are not divided into separate compartments, but progress in one direction means progress and advance along the entire sphere of all human activities. The human mind is an organic whole. We cannot confine progress to one department without making the impulse of progress felt along the entire line of human development."

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The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul :—" Sir, in view of the 12-15 P.M.
sympathetic attitude adopted by my Hon'ble friend Sir Claude Hill, I do not think I need say much. I am glad that he has accepted that my Resolution is a reasonable one, and that he has assured us that he will draw the attention of the Local Governments to this important point.

"I am particularly obliged to my Hon'ble friend Mr. Banerjea for replying to many of the points referred to by my Hon'ble friend Sir Claude Hill and by my Hon'ble friends from the United Provinces and Bihar, and I do not think I need say anything more on those points.

"Sir, great stress has been laid on the inquiries made at the time of the settlement in the temporarily settled areas. With regard to this, I have but one remark to make. The inquiries which are made at the time of the settlement are not made from an economic point of view. They are generally made with the object of bringing in more revenue. The ascertainment of the taxable capacity of the people is rather a very technical and difficult process.

"I do not think (and I hope my Hon'ble friend on the opposite will corroborate me when I say so) that the figures collected in a rough and ready manner by the local settlement staff such as *patwaris* and revenue inspectors, on whom the revenue officers have invariably to rely, can afford reliable data on which an inquiry from economic point of view could be conducted, with any accuracy.

'The notion of taxable capacity, says Mr. Charles S. Dewar, 'is of great importance and is not the absolute limit in each country of what can be extracted from the people by taxation, but rather is that limit of taxation which, if habitually exceeded, indicates over-taxation. To judge of this limit, we must recall the chapter on the theory of consumption regarding the limitation of human wants, the distinction of necessities and superfluities, the meaning of absolute and conventional necessities and of the standard of life.'

"The settlement *patwaris* and revenue inspectors, it will be admitted, are not the proper persons to conduct inquiries on these lines, and a more expert staff would be necessary. It has been further said that at present all the Government departments are overburdened. I fully recognise this, and I do not wish to place the Government in an embarrassed position. I am glad that the Hon'ble the Member for Revenue and Agriculture has given the assurance for which I am grateful and, in view of that assurance, I will not press my Resolution. I will withdraw it and hope that the assurance which the Hon'ble Member has given will go a long way to satisfy the people and to remove the general impression that the Government is fighting shy of this inquiry.

"With these words I beg to withdraw my Resolution."

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill :—"There are just one or two points 12-19 P.M.
which I should like to clear up. First, I should like to say that all Settlement Reports are published. In the second place, with reference to what my Hon'ble friend Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea said, I should like to explain that a three months' inquiry would be perfectly valueless. Any inquiry into the economic condition of agricultural tracts in India must be extended over at least a whole agricultural year to be of the smallest value, and this was fully realised by Dr. Mann, who spent more than a year over his investigation. And finally, with reference to what fell from the Hon'ble Mr. Shukul, I should like to assert most emphatically that every Settlement Officer personally verifies by visits and inquiries in every village with which the settlement is connected the figures which may be submitted to him by his subordinates. The figures are not the figures of revenue subordinates, but the figures arrived at by the Settlement Officer after the most meticulous examination."

The Resolution was, by leave of the Council, withdrawn.

APPOINTMENT OF AGENT GENERAL FOR INDIA IN LONDON.

[*Mr. G. S. Khaparde.*]

[24TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

APPOINTMENT OF AGENT GENERAL FOR INDIA
IN LONDON.

12-20 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde :—" Sir, the Resolution which I have the honour to move reads as follows :—

' This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the Secretary of State for India be moved to take into his favourable consideration the appointment in London of an Agent General of the Governor General to discharge for India the duties that are performed by Agents General for Colonies, and to adjust the existing machinery of the India Office accordingly.'

As it has happened in the case of nearly all my Resolutions, there are two questions which come under consideration, as I observed when speaking this morning. The first question is, the appointment of an Agent General in London, and the next is, the adjustment of the machinery of the India Office to the conditions that would be introduced by the appointment of the Agent General. The first part of this inquiry is rather easy, I should think, for this reason, that all British Colonies have up to this time, and have for a very long time, maintained an officer in England, variously called Agent General or High Commissioner, or something of that kind. This expression ' Agent General ' has come into a little disrepute just now, because in London one Agent General requested his painter to put those words on his windows to indicate his title, and the painter unfortunately did not think that ' Agent General ' was the right title, and he put ' General Agent,' and that created some amount of amusement all round, and that expression is now gradually going out and the proper words now, I suppose, are ' Resident Minister.' That is the latest. That is a good term, I quite agree. Now, these Agents General and High Commissioners in the case of British Colonies have both kinds of duties, political as well as financial, or fiscal as we now call it. Now it happens that India has got a history of its own with regard to its political relations, so I propose that this officer, who, if the Council consents and the proposition is accepted, may be appointed, may be relieved of his political duties. At any rate I do not propose to assign him any political duties, more especially as our political relations are in a somewhat fluid state. They are being considered and probably they will be settled gradually, because we are gradually being led from the position of a dependency to the position of a partner, so these relations will remain in a fluid state for some time. What principally I would propose to assign as duties of the Agent General would be something in the direction in which a beginning has already been made. In the earlier part of this Session I put a question about the Report of the Trade Commissioner. He will have to be something of that kind in the beginning, but I trust and hope that in course of time his office will develop and it will be the office, to give it its proper name, of the Resident Minister in London. The departments that I would like to make over to him—and when I speak of these departments to be made over to him—I am inevitably led to mention the establishment that we maintain at present in England in the India Office. There are something like 463 human beings whom we employ at the India Office, and we spend upon them £317,000, or, roughly speaking, about £318,000 we spend on maintaining them. And we have twelve Councillors to help the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State. I may say, and I think none of my friends will dispute the statement, that we have never liked this India Council that sits in England, and at the Congresses and elsewhere we have always asked that it may be dispensed with. One portion of this India Council is what is called the Finance Committee, and that Finance Committee is, I believe, composed of some members and experts. I will not speak about that. We have made our proposals about reducing the number of twelve Councillors. That is a different matter. What I propose is, that this Agent

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General, or Resident Minister, if he will be called so, will take the place of this Finance Committee, and he will look after the Stores Department. I wish to say one word about this Stores Department. We annually make purchases of something like £4½ millions roughly, about £4,000,000. This is rather a large sum to spend; and the Indian Empire is also large, so we need not complain about that. But the point is that, out of these 463 persons that the India Office employ, the Stores Department alone takes up 136 persons, more or less well paid and in the higher grades. This establishment will probably, at least in a great measure, be saved if it is taken from the India Office and made over to the proposed Agent General. The advantage of that will be, I suppose—I am not aware of it personally certainly, but I imagine—that it must be rather inconvenient to ask a superior officer to explain why a particular article was not purchased cheaper, or why it was not supplied in larger quantities and so on. This matter will become easy if we have got an Agent General, and even the Government of India will be in a position to call him to account, to pull him up and to ask him to go to cheaper markets, and so forth. So that if this Stores Department was removed from there and brought to India it would, I should sincerely hope, support our home industries and afford scope for a good deal of economy. It may be that scientific instruments and many other things which we are not able to produce in this country, would have to be always sent for from England, and for that purpose a department on a very small scale might have to be maintained, and this would be made over to this Agent General. Then the newly-established Department, which looks after students who go to England to study, may also advantageously be made over to this Agent General. Then, of course, he will do what our Trade Commissioner does now. I have not seen a report from that officer, but I believe he will give commercial information, he will advertise our products, bring our manufactures to the notice of English consumers, and also advise us where to purchase our machinery and so on. Then there is a great matter. We purchase a great deal of silver and a great deal of gold now-a-days I suppose to coin into our currency here, and this purchase is not carried out every year in a particular manner, but from the figures which have been kindly supplied to me, I see that in some years we do not purchase any silver or gold at all, but in the years that we do purchase we do not appear to purchase anything less than £4 million or £4½ million—the figures for silver alone; I have not got the figures for gold. But the silver figures I have got for the ten years from 1905 to 1915. Out of those in the years 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911 and 1912, we made no purchases at all, but in other years, when we purchased, we never purchased less than £1½ millions, and in one year, 1906, our purchases went up to £12 millions, or nearly up to £13 millions

The Hon'ble Sir William Meyer:—" May I make clear to the Hon'ble Member that we made no purchases of gold in these years, and that we have never purchased gold in England?"

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—" I am glad of that information, but fortunately my figures do not cover gold, so it is all right; it is only silver and we do purchase a great quantity of silver anyhow occasionally, and I propose that this duty of purchasing silver may be made over also to the Agent General whom I have proposed. Then we own a number of railways in India and for them a great many things have to be purchased and we appoint a Government Director. I trust that this Agent General will be our Director in London always sitting on the Directorates of all Companies that have got railways here, so as to supply that element of unity and continuity that is needed and a certain amount of inter-relation between us and the railways themselves.

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" I do not think that this project is likely to come off, but there was a project for establishing a State Bank, and this matter probably has attracted the attention of many Members of this Hon'ble Council. Also that there were large banks in England which were now mostly combined and they intended to include India also in their combination, but that our bankers here opposed that proposal. I am not going into the technical part of that discussion, but, I believe, the project is still there, and I hope it will fructify and come off, because if English capital comes to India and combines with the capital of the bankers here, it will mean that we shall get capital at a cheaper rate; and in India one great point is the want of cheap capital. So, I trust that this combination of bankers will extend its operations to India and establish branches in this country, so that our people will be able to borrow at cheaper rates.

" Now, this is the proposal which I submit for the consideration of this Hon'ble Council. I believe, incidentally, that this proposal of mine has another side to it also, not a political side but another side, which is that, as our fortunes are linked to the fortunes of England, the more links we establish to come together and work together, the better it will be for us. At present, our links with England consist only in students going there and coming back to this place and of the officers who come out here to serve, and that is about all. I should like that these links should be increased, and one of the increased links is the merchants who come out from England and trade here, and make their homes here, I hope some of them do. That establishes a third link. A fourth link I want to encourage and put in is one which I believe will be acceptable. At present there are 463 gentlemen whom we employ in England. I think some of these appointments might fall to the share of Indians, so that we shall have a colony of Indians there, we shall send about 100 or 200 Indians to go and settle in London. Where I was staying, in Earl's Court, there were something like 20,000 Germans staying round about me. I should like to see at least 20,000 Indians settled in London. I want to have an Indian colony in England. That is my ambition as I conceived it, and one way of bringing it about would be to find some appointments for Indians in this large establishment that we keep in the India Office. I also trust that another measure will be taken, i. e., that those who serve in the India Office will be compelled or encouraged to come to India and spend some time here before they take up their duties at the India Office. At present such people, I suppose, have never seen India and have merely earned their pensions in the India Office for generations perhaps. That is not a pleasant state of affairs. I should like those recruited for the India Office in England to be compelled to come to India and serve in the Government of India secretariats and be employed hereabouts and then be retransferred to England. Similarly, our people will also be engaged in the India Office and some of them, I hope, will settle there; others will return to this country, and in that way an intercommunication between England and India will be established. There is a fourth factor also. I suppose some Englishmen, when they retire, will settle down in some of our hill stations, and I trust that some of our people who go to England will settle there. In that way greater intercommunication and stronger links will be established between India and England. So my proposal, though I originally perhaps conceived it merely as a financial or fiscal measure, has, incidentally, another aspect, which may be called a quasi-political aspect. These are my reasons for putting it forward. I believe it will lead to links between England and India, and I certainly believe that it will lead to greater solidarity in this way. I trust, therefore, that this Hon'ble Council will be pleased to accord its assent to this proposal which I have put forward."

12-97 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy :—" Sir, I am surprised to hear the Hon'ble Member protest in one breath that we have got 463

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gentlemen, whom he calls human beings, in the India Office, to which number he objects, and in the next breath to hear him say that he wants to add to their number.

“Then, Sir, I also do not understand what are the functions which he prescribes for the Agent General. He wants him to buy stores and at the same time to purchase bullion. Can we get a man who will be an authority on bullion and at the same time be a subordinate officer buying these stores?”

“Sir, I am in a very difficult position with regard to this Resolution. The Industrial Commission have made certain recommendations which have a bearing on the subject of the present Resolution, but, unfortunately, as the Report has been delayed, I am not in a position to divulge any of the recommendations of the Report. But there is one recommendation which appears in the Report on Constitutional Reforms, and that is with regard to the establishment of a Stores Department in India. Now, I think, the establishment of a Stores Department in India is much more essential than the appointment of an Agent General in London. We want to buy stores in India as much as we can so that we may be able to improve our economic condition. The appointment of an Agent General in London without having the Department here will lead to the result that he will be more influenced by the people nearer to him, and in that way our stores will be purchased more in England than in India. I am not in a position to divulge more secrets, and, therefore, I would only ask my friend to withdraw his Resolution at present. In the meantime, the Report of the Industrial Commission will be published, and then he can bring the Resolution again in the Delhi Session, when Members will have a full opportunity of discussing this matter.”

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes:—“Sir, I took down a list of the 12-39 P.M.
duties which the Hon'ble Member thinks that the Agent General whose appointment he desires should undertake when appointed:—

- (1) he was to take over all the work of the Finance Committee of the India Council ;
- (2) he was to undertake the control of the Students Department, to look after the welfare of the students ;
- (3) he was to undertake the purchase of all sorts of stores needed by the Government of India ;
- (4) he was to undertake the work of collecting commercial intelligence;
- (5) he was further to act as the Indian Trade Commissioner in London ;
- (6) he was also to undertake the purchase of silver for the Government of India ;
- (7) he was further to be a Director of each and every one of the Indian Railways ; and
- (8) he was to be a Director of the State Bank when started, and I presume that he would also have to be the promoter of that institution because, so far as I know, it is not on its way.

“Well, Sir, I think that the post of Agent General will be what we might call a full-time job. I think that probably what the Hon'ble Member had in his mind more than anything else was the transfer of the Stores Department from the control of the India Office to the control of somebody who is responsible to the Government of India. Well, with regard to that, I agree entirely with what has just fallen from the Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy. The principle which the Hon'ble Member aims at is, that the purchases should be

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made in England. Sir Fazulbhoy has pointed out that that will not help India. The Hon'ble mover's proposal seems to entail, or at least to encourage, the continuance of the past practice which was to indent upon England for nearly all the Government requirements, without due inquiry as to whether those requirements could be met by manufacturers in India. We hope, and I feel sure, that my Hon'ble friend shares that hope, that India in the future will be far more independent and far more self-sufficing than she has been in the past. We hope that the industries of India will grow, and I can hardly imagine anything which would be more certain to encourage the growth of industries in this country than a fertilising stream of orders for as large a proportion as possible of the commodities which the Government may require. We have not, as I told the Council a few days ago, and as Sir Fazulbhoy has reminded us, yet received the Report of the Industrial Commission, but the Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy referred just now to the forecast of their Report on this question which is contained in paragraph 340 of the Reforms Report. This forecast referred to a recommendation by the Industrial Commission that a new Department of Government should be set up in India to undertake control, among other things, of the purchase of Government stores. I would ask the Hon'ble Member whether this suggestion, if it materialises, is not much more attractive from the Indian point of view than the proposal that all purchases on behalf of Government should be made by an Agent General sitting in London. I would ask him whether it is not probable that any purchasing authority is most likely to look first to the sources of supply which are nearest to him, and whether an Agent General in London is likely to have the full knowledge which he ought to have of Indian sources of supply. I would further ask him whether the suggestion, which we believe from the forecast to which I have referred, is likely to find a place in the Report of the Industrial Commission is not certain to lead to as large a proportion as possible of Government orders being placed with producers and manufacturers in India, the consequence of which orders must be the encouragement of Indian industries. It is difficult, I think, to imagine any better form of Government subsidy for Indian industries and Indian manufactures than Government orders, assuming of course that the Indian product is as good value as the imported article both in price and quality. Government has great power, or ought to have great power, to help Indian industries by reason of the fact that Government can be their largest customer. In my opinion this power would be largely diminished if the Hon'ble Member's Resolution was accepted. I am sure that my Hon'ble friend has the same end in view which we all have, and that he is as anxious as we are to encourage the growth of Indian industries, and I believe that he will on reflection agree that this end is not to be attained by setting up an Agent General in London as our general purchasing authority. Of course, however, rapid the progress of development of industry in India may be, it will be a long time before India is able to supply all her own needs, and it will be necessary during this period to make some purchases in England, that is to say, purchases of such commodities as India does not manufacture and consequently cannot supply. Through what agency these purchases should be made is a matter for future consideration in consultation with the Secretary of State.

"One possible solution would be that the necessary purchases should be made by skilled agents acting under the direction of the purchasing authority in India if the latter comes into existence.

"Then I want to refer to one suggestion that the Hon'ble Member made. He suggested that Mr. Chadwick, our present Trade Commissioner in England, should be entrusted with the work of making purchases in England. To this suggestion I must in present circumstances entirely demur. Mr. Chadwick

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has been sent to England as Indian Trade Commissioner, and his duties are to further Indian trade by every means in his power. He is from all accounts that we hear doing quite admirable work, and to load him at the present time with work of a perfectly different character would, I think, be a most unwise step, and detrimental to the interests of Indian trade. For instance, and here I really think that the Hon'ble Member will agree, it would be an absolute waste of Mr. Chadwick's time if he should have to look after Indian students. That is work for which different qualities and different experience are required. We want his whole energies at the present time to be devoted to the work of his own office, and to the furtherance of Indian commercial interests.

"The Hon'ble Member will, I think, gather from what I have said that the Government cannot accept his Resolution, and I hope that, if what I have said has satisfied him at all, he will consent to withdraw it, in accordance with Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy's advice."

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—"I am very glad, indeed, 12-48 P.M. Sir, to acknowledge that the sentiments of the Hon'ble Sir George Barnes are entirely in accord with mine so far as the Stores Department goes. In my opening remarks I suppose I made it clear that if the Stores Department was transferred to India, I would certainly be very glad, and I am very glad to learn that there is in this respect at any rate the support of the Industrial Commission. I also agree that Government orders if properly given here are really very fertilising, and I hope that this fertilising process will increase day by day. I quite agree to that; in fact it is my creed, the *Swadeshi* creed, as we say

"Then, as to the other duties which I tried to impose upon the Agent General, if he is created, there is a little difference of opinion. The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes thinks that asking Mr. Chadwick to look after the students would be a very onerous task and a difficult one. I had some experience of that when I was there, and it was nothing beyond really corresponding with the principals of the schools and colleges at which they are attending and so on, and that will be rather easily done and very willingly undertaken, because old people generally like to have young people in their charge and look after them and make them get on and so on, and that is rather easy and pleasant.

"That the other duties which I mentioned might impose a great deal of labour I quite agree. But I do not propose that this Agent General or Resident Minister will be a person without any establishment at all. I think we can afford it. On the Stores Department alone we spend in establishment (I had the figures somewhere here, but unfortunately I cannot find them now) and salaries something like £85,000 and odd or roughly speaking, £86,000. So, I think, we shall easily be able to put a few thousand pounds at the disposal of this Agent General, and he will employ persons whom he thinks fit; and if I have a chance I would ask him to take up some of our Indians also, young men who are promising and old men who have got experience and wisdom to advise, and out of this £85,000 spent annually we shall be able to maintain a small Indian colony in England.

"As to the rest of those duties about the purchase of things, etc., they really are matters of detail, the principal matter being whether we shall be represented for all purposes in England by the India Office, or whether we shall have an Agent General of our own who will be directly under the orders of the Government of India. That appears to me to be the principal question, and what his duties are to be would be a matter more or less of detail. This is all, I suppose, that requires a reply, and with these remarks I submit my proposition to the judgment of this Hon'ble Council. I am very sorry that a request for withdrawal is made in the case of almost all my Resolutions. I suppose somehow it is a fault of my nature that I generally do not like to withdraw. Having put a thing forward I like to take the consequences whatever they may be, pleasant, unpleasant or indifferent. I suppose if this is rejected

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POSTPONEMENT OF LEGISLATION GIVING EFFECT TO REFORMS IN LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

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it would not much matter, and if accepted it would not lead to immediate action. Having put it forward, let it be judged in the light of the experience which this Hon'ble Council possesses."

The Resolution was put and rejected.

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12-54 P M

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel:—"Sir, the Resolution which I have the honour and the privilege to move reads thus :—

This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council to rule that all legislation necessary to give effect to the reforms indicated in the Local Self-Government Resolution dated the 16th May 1918 shall be undertaken by the Provincial Legislative Councils to be constituted under the Chelmsford-Montagu Reforms and not by the existing Provincial Councils.

"I feel confident that the Government will welcome this Resolution, inasmuch as the Resolution, if accepted, will relieve Government officers of at least part of their work which they would otherwise have to do, and they would thus be free to attend more and more to the duties connected with the war. There are two sets of suggestions in the Government of India Resolution referred to in my proposal, one, those suggestions which could be given effect to without any further legislation, that is by executive orders, and secondly, those suggestions to give effect to which legislation is necessary. It is to this second class of suggestions that my Resolution applies. What I want really is, that all legislation that may be necessary to give effect to the recommendations contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in regard to local self-government should be postponed till the new Councils come into existence. I remember last September my Hon'ble friend, Mr. Sarma, moved a Resolution on somewhat similar lines. He moved that administrative sanction to proposals for legislation in regard to local self-government and primary education be withheld till the Reforms were finally settled. That Resolution was opposed by Government on three grounds. They said, firstly, that the Bills which Local Governments had already prepared were prepared after long and careful consideration. The second ground alleged was that they did not know what the reforms were going to be; and the third ground was that it was open to any Member of the local Legislative Council in which the Bill was introduced to move for postponement of the further consideration of that Bill. The first two of these grounds fortunately do not subsist now. As regards the first, Government said that those Bills which were then likely to be introduced in the local Councils were the result of a good deal of care and consideration by the Local Governments. I submit those Bills, if they are not already introduced by this time, will have to be materially recast on the lines of the suggestions contained in the Resolution of the Government of India on local self-government. That ground therefore no longer subsists. The second ground alleged was that the Government of India did not know what the reforms were likely to be. Now, it is known what those reforms are, and in the light of those reforms the Bills are to be prepared. So that ground also does not subsist. The third ground alleged was that it was open to any Member of the local Legislative Council to move for postponement of further consideration of the Bill. Although that ground does subsist now, my submission to this Council is that in the present constitution of the Council, it is impossible that a motion of that character would be favourably considered. But the real ground which has actuated me to bring forward this Resolution is, that local self-government is to be developed in the provinces by, if I have understood the Report on Constitutional Reforms aright, the Indian Minister and the newly constituted

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Legislative Councils, and the authors of the Report have in fact in so many words suggested in one of the paragraphs of their Report that local self-government should be developed by the new Councils taking the proposals of the Government of India as their basis. I would draw the attention of this Council to paragraph 197 of the Report, where the authors say :—

‘ If we are sincere in our advocacy of a policy of provincial autonomy, we must leave the work mainly to Local Governments. It would be highly inconsistent to insist on provincial autonomy, and simultaneously to leave no latitude of action to Provincial Governments in a field which is so peculiarly a matter for local development. But the proposals will constitute a basis on which those entrusted with the responsibility for such matters in future can build; and we expect the reformed Legislative Councils to carry forward the work thus begun.’

So the reformed Legislative Councils, if I understand the Report aright, are to take the proposals of the Government of India for the advancement of local self-government as the basis and on that they must build, and if they are to build as they like, they should be allowed full scope for undertaking such legislation as *they* may consider necessary for the development of local self-Government within their areas. It may be contended that the proposals for reforms in local self-government are clearly put before Local Governments, and they will, if they propose to undertake any legislation, follow the lines laid down. To that my reply is, our experience of some of the Local Governments towards the question of local self-government is unfortunately not very encouraging, in the past, and I beg to submit, therefore, that if, after all, the development of local self-government is to be placed in the hands of the Indian Minister and the newly constituted Legislative Councils, there are chances that the measures which will now be passed by the present Provincial Legislative Councils and the Provincial Governments will have to be materially modified afterwards. If, however, I am assured by the Government that they will take good care to see that proposals for any legislation regarding the advancement of local self-government submitted to them for sanction are not in any way repugnant to the spirit of the proposals contained in the Reforms Report, I do desire to press this Resolution. The Council will, therefore, first hear my Hon'ble friend Sir Sankaran Nair on the point, and if no assurance is forthcoming, I trust the Council will accept this Resolution. ”

The Hon'ble Sir C. Sankaran Nair :—“ Sir, if there was any 1-5 P.M.
hesitation on the part of Government to accept the Hon'ble Mr. Sarma's Resolution last year, there is no hesitation now to reject the Resolution which has been moved by my Hon'ble friend Mr. Patel to-day. The Resolution moved by my Hon'ble friend Mr. Sarma last year was opposed by me mainly on two grounds, first, that it was open to any Member of the local Legislative Council to move for the postponement of the consideration of any Bill that might be introduced into that Council till the publication of the Reforms Report, secondly, that if any Bill was introduced into the Council which was repugnant to the spirit of the reforms that were likely to be introduced, then it was not likely that the Government of India would accord their sanction to such a Bill. On these grounds, the Hon'ble Mr. Sarma withdrew his Resolution. Now when my Hon'ble friend Mr. Patel says that it is not likely that any request by a Member of a local Council for the postponement of the consideration of a Bill will be of any use, he is wrong. After that Resolution, there was a Bill brought forward in the Assam Legislative Council in March this year. One of the non-official Members moved that the consideration of the Bill be postponed till the Reform proposals were formulated. The Government, though very anxious to have the Bill passed, left the voting to the non-officials, and among the non-officials there was a considerable difference of opinion, but by a majority of eight to six, the motion for the postponement of the consideration of the Bill was carried and the Bill was not taken into consideration. In the same month another Bill

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came up for consideration before the Central Provinces Legislative Council. There also there was a Resolution by a non-official Member to the same effect, the non-official Members wanted the consideration of the Bill to be postponed and the Government postponed the consideration of that Bill. Now, after that we have got the Resolution of the Government of India, of May 1918. If then the Assam and the Central Provinces Legislative Councils thought it fit to postpone the consideration of those Bills last year, even before they knew what the reforms were, or what they were likely to be, there is no reason now to consider that any Local Government would go against this Resolution. The Local Governments are bound by the resolution of the Government of India, and they have to see that that Resolution is carried out. There is no reason, therefore, now to imagine that any Local Government will depart from the spirit of our Resolution, and if they depart from that Resolution, then when any measure comes before the Government of India for sanction, they will see whether adequate reasons have been adduced by the Local Government for departing from our Resolution. If adequate reasons are not adduced for departing from our Resolution, it is not likely that the Government of India will accord their sanction to any measure. I submit, therefore, to the Council that there is no reason whatever now why such a resolution as the one under discussion should be passed. There is no reason to think that the Local Governments will do anything against the Resolution of the Government of India. I am glad to notice that my Hon'ble friend by his resolution wants the local Councils to act according to the Resolution which we issued in May 1918. He does not want them to go beyond this Resolution. He does not tell the Council that he wants the matter to be left over to the future Councils on account of the inadequacy of this Resolution, nor does he want the Local Governments to go beyond our Resolution of May 1918. I can give the Hon'ble Mr. Patel the same assurance that I gave the Hon'ble Mr. Sarma last year, that if the Local Governments go against the Resolution, then unless we are satisfied that there were adequate reasons peculiar to that province which justified them to depart from this Resolution, it is not likely that the sanction of the Government of India will be given. On the other hand, if we tell them now not to go on with any Bills on local self-government, the result of it would be that any legislation, which may be absolutely necessary to carry out administrative reforms or which may be necessary on account of financial considerations, will have to be held up. Therefore, it appears to me that this Council ought not to pass this Resolution.

"Then there is one other reason to which the Council might not attach great weight, but to which I have no doubt the Hon'ble Mr. Patel will attach a good deal of weight. The special session of the Congress which met in Bombay a few weeks ago—my Hon'ble friend Mr. Patel was Chairman of the Reception Committee—objected to the proposed reforms unless they were considerably modified. We do not know therefore whether those reforms will ever come into operation if my Hon'ble friend and his friends have their way. That would be an indefinite postponement of the matter, but it may be that that reason will not weigh very much with the Council. For these reasons if he does not withdraw his Resolution, I ask the Council to oppose it."

1.15 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—"Sir, I am glad to know that the Assam and the Central Provinces Governments considered favourably proposals of non-official Members recommending postponement of legislation in the matter of local self-government. But let me also point out that a similar request was made by an Hon'ble Member of the Madras Legislative Council very recently recommending to postpone the Madras City [Municipal Bill], but that request was negatived.... .."

POSTPONEMENT OF LEGISLATION GIVING EFFECT TO REFORMS IN LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT; RESOLUTION re INCREASE OF PAY OF INDIAN SEPOYS.

[24TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*Sir C. Sankaran Nair; Mr. V. J. Patel; The Vice President; Mr. G. S. Khaparde; Major General J. H. Bingley.*]

The Hon'ble Sir C. Sankaran Nair :—"The Hon'ble Member did not refer to it."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—"However, that may be, the non-official Members of the Central Provinces and the Assam Legislative Councils seem to be exceptionally lucky. I am glad the Hon'ble Sir Sankaran Nair has given the assurance I asked for and, in view of that assurance, namely, that if any proposals or any measures which the local Governments will submit for sanction of the Government of India are repugnant to the spirit of the Reform proposals contained in the Government of India Resolution, the Government of India will not accord their sanction to those measures or those proposals. In view of that assurance, I propose to withdraw this Resolution, and I hope the Council will allow me to do so."

The Hon'ble the Vice-President :—"Does the Hon'ble Member withdraw his Resolution?"

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—"I beg to withdraw it."

The Resolution was, by leave of the Council, withdrawn.

RESOLUTION re INCREASE OF PAY OF INDIAN SEPOYS.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde : "I suppose I ought also to 1-15 P.M. withdraw my Resolution if the Council permits it."

The Hon'ble the Vice-President :—"I may suggest to the Hon'ble Member that he is entitled to withdraw his Resolution without leave if he does not desire to move it. It is only after he has moved the Resolution that he requires the leave of the Council to withdraw it."

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde :—"Sir I want to move my Resolution, and if one answer which I expect is given by Government, then I will withdraw it, otherwise it will take the usual course. The Resolution which I wish to move reads thus :—

'This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the recommendations of the Delhi War Conference as regards the pay of Indian sepoys be carried out at an early date.'

Since I sent in this Resolution it has been kindly pointed out to me that the emoluments of the Indian soldiers have been raised to Rs. 17 and odd annas, not as pay but as allowances during the war. Well, it does not matter whether we call that increase pay or allowances so long as the poor sepoys get the money, because everywhere one rupee sells for 16 annas and that does not make any difference. But if I know that this measure is not temporary and that after the war the whole question will be taken into consideration and a permanent amelioration of the conditions will be made, then I shall ask the Council leave to withdraw my Resolution. But if that is not so, then I will submit that proposition for the judgment of this Hon'ble Council."

The Hon'ble Major General A. H. Bingley :—"Sir, I am 1-16 P.M. unable to give the Hon'ble Member a categorical assurance such as he seems to demand, but I can tell him that after the war the whole question of the organization and strength of the army, which will involve the consideration of various questions such as pay, will receive the attention of Government. When these

RESOLUTION *re* INCREASE OF PAY OF INDIAN SEPOYS; RESOLUTION *re* DEVELOPMENT OF AN INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE.

[*Major General A. H. Bingley ; Mr. G. S. Khaparde ; Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma.*] [21TH SEPTEMBER, 1918]

points are examined, the points which the Hon'ble Member has referred to to-day and the necessity for generally improving the conditions of the Indian soldiers' service will no doubt also be considered. But in view of the re-organization which may ensue, it is obvious that the Government cannot commit themselves to any statement on such a point.

"The Hon'ble Member may be certain that His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, who is greatly interested in the welfare of the soldier, and who has done so much to secure the concessions which the sepoy is now enjoying, will not overlook the point to which he has referred."

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde :- "In these circumstances, I ask, Sir, the permission of this Hon'ble Council to withdraw my Resolution."

The Resolution was, by leave of the Council withdrawn.

RESOLUTION *re* DEVELOPMENT OF AN INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma : "I have the honour to move the following Resolution

'This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that immediate steps be taken which would enable the Government to assist and develop the building of an Indian Mercantile Marine at as early a date as possible.'

I move, Sir, this Resolution with the confident hope that the Government will see their way to accepting it. The principle underlying this Resolution was accepted by the Conference which met at Delhi on the recommendation of a Sub-Committee which was appointed to inquire into the resources of India to assist the Empire in the war. The Resolution which was then accepted, and to which I have made reference, was the second part of the first Resolution: -

'This Conference recommends that for the purpose of minimising the serious hardships to the public and the dislocation of trade caused by the congestion of traffic on railways it is necessary that the Government should, with as little delay as possible take measures for the construction by itself of river-craft for inland transport and of sailing ships for ocean transport, and also, as far as possible, of steamships, and should by the grant of subsidies or concessions encourage the construction of the same by private agencies.'

"Now the Resolution that I have the honour to move is, as I have said substantially founded upon similar grounds and upon the same policy as dictated the acceptance of that Resolution. I want this Legislative Council as a Council to determine the policy for the Government and to recommend the policy to the Government for adoption, so that there may be a continuity of policy, not merely for the purposes of the war, but after the closing of the war. Hon'ble Members must have already received considerable assurances on this point with regard to the attitude of the Government from the statement a very interesting and enlightening statement and an encouraging statement too made by the Hon'ble Sir George Barnes in reply to a question put by the Hon'ble Mr. Shukul. The statement shows that special facilities are being provided for payment for timber bought for shipbuilding, and about 77 lakhs of rupees were spent during last year on supplies with reference to river-craft. I therefore begin my Resolution under very encouraging auspices, and I may state, Sir, that the practical solution of the problem underlying my Resolution would encourage the people to understand correctly the industrial policy of the Government and allay, to a large extent, the unrest which I make bold to state is largely founded upon suspicion as to whether the Government of India are in a position to defend the true Indian interests. Well, with reference to ship-building the remark may be made that, having regard to the extremely inferior position which India occupies at the present moment, it is a very large order to ask the Government to take very early steps

1.18 P.M.

RESOLUTION *re* DEVELOPMENT OF AN INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE.

[24TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma.*]

to establish the Indian Mercantile Marine at early date, and I know several persons are somewhat sceptical as to whether India does possess the facilities in men, materials and otherwise to embark upon this enterprise with any hope of success. But I do not think that any one who has paid any attention whatsoever to the past history of India could for one moment hesitate in answering the sceptical questions that may be put in this respect. We are not asking the Government to embark upon an enterprise for establishing an industry which is not of indigenous growth, which is not peculiarly Indian, which had not taken root for centuries in Indian soil. We are not asking for the artificial establishment of an industry in the hope that we also might claim to be a shipping power in the world. A short reference to ancient history, a very short reference, will convince Hon'ble Members that for 30 centuries India was a maritime power, that she had colonies in Sumatra, Borneo and even the countries of the Far East as far as Japan. She had trading centres in Southern China, the Malay Peninsular and in all the chief cities of Persia and all over the east coast of Africa. She cultivated trade relations, not only with the countries of Asia, but also with the whole of the then known world, including the countries under the dominion of the Roman Empire. What a maritime power India was in those days is shown by the fact that the people printed the figures of ships on their coins. And Burma was largely colonised from the east coast of India. These facts are clear indications that India was a maritime power. And even during the early British days the position was exactly the same. It was not merely a matter of antiquarian interest that India was a maritime power. Lord Wellesley said :—

'The Port of Calcutta contains about 10,000 tons of shipping of a description calculated for the conveyance of cargoes. From the quantity of private tonnage now at the command of the Port of Calcutta and the state of progress which the art of ship-building has already attained in Bengal promising a still more rapid progress, and supported by abundance of supplies of timber, it is certain that this Port will always be able to furnish tonnage to whatever extent may be required for conveying to the Port of London the trade of the private British merchants of Bengal.'

And the tonnage then was much larger than the Indian tonnage now available. And it was also found that ships could be built in Bombay and in Calcutta at a much lower cost than they could be built in London. Ships could be built in Bombay one-fourth cheaper than in London, and whereas the English ships required to be renewed every 12 years, the Indian ships required to be renewed only after a period of 50 years. It is interesting also to remark that in regard to Bombay the Admiralty ordered men-of-war for the King's Navy to be constructed at this Port. They intended to have sent out a European builder, but the merits of a Parsi, Jamsetjee, being made known to their Lordships, they ordered him to continue as Master Ship-Builder. Well these few facts are enough to show that the industry is an indigenous industry; that it had taken firm root, and that the people of India are a maritime race, especially those living on the coast, which is about 4,000 miles in length, a coast much longer, I think, than any other country can boast of. We have vast resources in timber, we have a vast sea-faring population, and consequently I submit that the first part of the proposition, namely, as to whether we have the necessary facilities and have the necessary instinct, I think must be answered in favour of India, in favour of this proposition. Then the second question would be, as to whether there is any need for this Mercantile Marine. I think on this question there need also not be any very lengthy remarks to convince Hon'ble Members that the need is very great indeed. It is a sad tale, this tale of the sinking of ships, but it has brought into prominence the question as to whether India can any longer rely entirely and exclusively upon foreign shipping for the carrying of her trade. Hon'ble Members will notice that countries, such as Australia, Canada, Japan, Italy, Russia, China, not to mention many others, have far less foreign trade than India, but they possess, curiously enough with a far less foreign trade, a much larger

RESOLUTION *re* DEVELOPMENT OF AN INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE.

[*Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma.*]

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tonnage of their own to carry their foreign trade. It is not necessary to repeat the figures; they are to be found in 'Trade in India' for 1916-17. That is one established fact. Then the second point is, that a large part of the shipping of the world is missing owing to these sinkings. I believe it is estimated that about 5 to 6 million tons of the 12 million tons of shipping of England have been sunk. I know it is being replaced, and the enormous financial and ship-building power of Great Britain will, I am sure, replace the lost shipping. But there is the fact that the total tonnage of the world would be absolutely insufficient at the close of the war to meet the requirements of the trade of the world. And how cruelly have we not suffered during the war? We have not to complain because we have escaped perhaps much more than many others, but still that we have suffered is clear from the fact that in almost every article the freights have gone up four times, eight times, and ten times. For instance, from Calcutta to London the freight in respect of rice per ton was 11s. 7d. in 1896; it was only 18s. in 1906; £1 4s. in 1914; it is 18£ now, that is more than twelve times what it was at the commencement of the war. Similarly, with jute, it was 15s. 7d. in 1896; it was £1 6s. in 1914; it is very nearly the same now. With regard to freight by cubical measurements also it will be the same. Freights are not likely to be very considerably reduced having regard to the fact that we have bloated currencies all over the world, and that the shipping facilities are not as large as they were before. Consequently, we shall have to see how we can re-establish our export and import trade on a satisfactory basis with our own ships. Hon'ble Members will be interested to know that if we had the same export trade with regard only to two items, grain, pulse and seeds, etc., as we had in 1913-14, and with regard to jute and cotton, we would have had a larger trade balance of more than 78 crores if we had proper trading facilities. Now, that India would, therefore, suffer enormously if she does not take steps to re-establish the maritime trade which was peculiarly her own, needs no further argument to demonstrate. And it is a matter for considerable regret that even with so much encouragement, the number of ships that we built in the various dockyards was not very large. Dealing with this point, I may also point out to the Council that, whereas our shipping tonnage with cargoes in the inter-port trade was about 31 million tons in 1913-14, it became reduced to 15 million tons, or nearly half in 1916-17; and the number of ships generally and the tonnage which was built is remarkably small having regard to the requirements of the country. In 1912-13, it was 5,032 tons that we built; in 1914-15, it was only 4,265 tons; after the war it was in 1915-16, 4,695 tons; in 1916-17, there was a slight increase, i.e., which amounted to 7,020 tons. So that we cannot say we have been making very rapid progress, having regard to the recent figures which I have been able to obtain.

" Now the question is what are the steps which can be taken by India, a question that I ask the Government specifically in this Resolution. The policy, as I have said, has been accepted in a way at Delhi. Now, Sir, there may be difficulties, and I expect there will be difficulties, for sometime to come, during the currency of the war, with regard to getting all the iron and steel appliances and machinery for the building of steamers, and it is a good thing that we have started with wooden ships. But we had wooden ships in 1840; we had wooden ships in 1857, and we know to our cost how useful those wooden ships have been to us the moment they had to compete with steamers. Therefore, it would be a wrong policy, it would be a mad policy, to rely upon this wooden ship-building as in any way suited to our needs, except perhaps that it would encourage people to revive the art of ship-building for a time. As regards the correct position which we shall have to assume in regard to ship-building, India need not compete with England in regard to this part of the trade, in fact she cannot compete with her. There is more than 2 million

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[Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma.]

tons of foreign shipping entering the ports of this country every year, and therefore there is ample scope for an improvement in the ship-building of India without competing in the slightest degree with Great Britain. I lay great emphasis on this particular aspect for this reason, that, unfortunately for us, in 1801 and later also, it was felt by Great Britain or by people in authority in Great Britain that the encouragement of ship-building in India or the encouragement of ships going with lascar crews from India would be detrimental to their interest. We see the fruition of this policy in the complete elimination of the ship-building industry from India, and it is this that has excited considerable mortification in Indian minds. It is the feeling that there is this industrial jealousy that is at the bottom of the whole policy, and I am glad therefore to see distinct signs that a new policy is going to be the supreme policy of the hour and for sometime to come.

"Now, Sir, there has been a growth of about 25 per cent in ten years in the Indian merchant shipping. It was only 13·8 millions in 1904-5 and it increased to 17·3 millions or about 25 per cent. Far from keeping to that figure, the tonnage now entering and clearing from India is only about 10 million tons. Therefore, there has been a considerable fall, and, consequently, there is ample scope for the activities of Indians in the matter of ship-building. But we find that in almost every industry where a beginning has to be made, the trusts, the combines, and the large industrial capitalists will be able so to arrange their industries as to lose for a time in some branches or places, and thus to kill nascent industries which may prove rivals. That is a danger we shall have to guard against in India. I may make a specific allusion to one incident in the Madras Presidency, which has a direct bearing upon this. Feeling how miserably low we were in shipping, and seeing that Tuticorin was a port very near to Colombo, the capitalists, merchants and enterprising men there thought of encouraging Indian shipping on a small scale. I do not say that they did not make mistakes, but the net result of that enterprise was a considerable lowering of freights on the part of competing shipping owners, and the killing of that movement, with the result that there was industrial unrest in Tinnevely, and some of those incidents to which reference has been made in the Rowlatt Committee's Report were the sequel to this unhappy episode which filled the people of the Southern Presidency with suspicion as to the fair treatment they would obtain from British Officers and British merchants in the matter of industrial enterprise. But it will not be necessary, I hope, to feel nervous about British attitude. Foreign merchants would have a free change, if unprotected, to try to crush this nascent industry, because it is impossible for us to build on such a large scale as to defy such competition. We shall have to purchase ships also, and Government must undertake the organization of this industry just as they have undertaken the organization of the railway system, because the two are intimately connected. Inasmuch as the Government are the carriers of Indian merchandise in respect of railways, I do not see how they can logically object, in the interests of India, to be the carriers of Indian merchandise in respect of shipping also for a time until they can hand over that branch of the industry to Indians. I think there are signs that Indians themselves will be able to step in, if the Government would give the necessary guarantees and if they would see that their enterprise is not nipped in the bud.

"I therefore ask a straight question as to what steps Government intend taking to protect this infant ship-building industry which the Government as well as the people have so keenly at heart to promote. I ask that they should assist in the building of an Indian Mercantile Marine at an as early a date as possible. If private effort is not forthcoming, then, as far as I can see, I think it is the incumbent duty of the Government that they should develop this industry, having regard to the fact that all the materials are here and that they

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[*Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma; Sir George Barnes.*]

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are not bolstering up a trade which is not indigenous to this country, but which is one peculiarly Indian. The steps that I would therefore suggest, Sir, would be that in addition to the facilities which the Government have already so graciously granted to these ship-building owners, they should continue the policy after the war, of doing whatever may be needed to encourage it make a declaration of such policy with His Majesty's Government's approval and thus undertake the duty of starting a Mercantile Marine in India at as early a date as possible.

"The question may be raised by some people as to whether, if we have ship-building in India, we shall not also require a navy to protect the carrying trade. At present, of course, all our shipping trade is in the hands of Foreign merchants and so it is their look-out as to whether their ships are sunk or not; we have very little to do with it. Certainly, the position would be different if we carried our merchandise in our own ships, but I submit that the problem would not be difficult of solution, because the shipping profits would be larger than the cost of protection. They are larger than what is spent on the navy in England, and after all the total capital expenditure in England with her large fleet was only about £ 45 millions. We have raised in one year £ 35 to £40 millions in India in the shape of loans with the organisation of the Government, and I am certain that Government would be able to raise whatever capital may be necessary in this respect. If only they set their heart on it, capital will not be wanting, men will not be wanting, material will not be wanting. It is in their hands to see that the machinery is imported or manufactured here, and I do not see the slightest difficulty in the way of embarking on this enterprise. If only the Government has the will, they will have the co-operation of the people, and I am sure they will have the co-operation of the whole Empire. I hope, therefore, that it will be possible for the Government to accept this Resolution."

1-45 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes :—"The Hon'ble Member has moved a Resolution to the effect that immediate steps be taken which would enable the Government to assist and develop the building of an Indian mercantile marine at as early a date as possible. As he has told us the need of India for tonnage is great at the present time is certainly acute, but before the shortage of shipping had become anything like as acute as it is now, the Government had carefully considered what they could do to encourage the establishment of the ship-building industry in India, and a ship-building branch of the Indian Munitions Board was formed. We borrowed the services of an Officer from the Admiralty, and he travelled round India examining the possibilities of ship-building in this country. The results of these inquiries have some time ago been made public in Press Communiqués, but I am afraid that they must have escaped the notice of my Hon'ble friend. I can do little more to-day than to repeat what has already been published. Roughly speaking, the conclusion at which we arrived was that the encouragement of wooden ship construction in India was possible during the war, but that it was not possible to make any progress during the war towards the building of steel ships.

"In order to encourage the building of wooden ships, the Government of India promised the following measure of assistance to constructing firms.

"Though no guarantee could be given of general immunity from requisition by Government, an undertaking was given by the British Shipping Controller that in the event of any vessel built in India after 11th July 1918 being required by Government, special rates would be paid taking full account of the conditions under which it was constructed.

"The Admiralty Officer to whom I have already referred is willing to give on application and at his discretion such assistance as he reasonably can in the way of technical advice and the supply of plans and in other ways, moderate fees being charged in respect of any plans supplied.

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[*Sir George Barnes.*]

"Timber will be supplied by the Forest Department in Madras, Bombay and Bengal at moderate rates and on easy terms of payment, on the security of insurance policies on the vessels.

"Help will be given by the Indian Munitions Board in securing the provision of essential requirements of metal parts and accessories of the simplest possible description, as may be procurable in India, but which shipbuilders may experience difficulty in getting without assistance.

"The Board will also support applications for priority for the importation of accessories, such as anchors, cables and the like, and lastly,

"The Finance Department of the Government of India have agreed to grant licenses for the flotation of any ship-building company which has a fair prospect of being able to commence operations in a reasonable time.

"I think that the Hon'ble Member will agree that these promises imply a very considerable measure of Government assistance.

"The Hon'ble Member and the Council generally will. I think, be interested to know what sea-going wooden vessels are now being built in India under the encouragement which has been given to the industry.

"Taking, as I am sure the Hon'ble Member would desire, Madras first, there are 11 ships building each of between 200 and 300 tons at Calicut, and one of 500 tons at the same place. One ship of 700 tons is being built in Cochin, two of 200 tons at Masulipatam, one of 100 tons at the same place and three more at the same place, of which I do not know the tonnage.

"Taking Burma next, there are three ships of 1,000 tons burden building in Rangoon, one of 350 tons and eight more of 250 tons. In Moulmein there are two ships being built of 500 tons burden each.

"In Bengal, six ships are being built in Chittagong, the exact tonnage of which I do not know, but I believe them to be between 200 and 300 tons a piece, and one of 100 tons in Calcutta.

"In Bombay four ships are being built at 'Versova,' the largest being one of 750 tons, the next one of 600 tons, one of 250 tons and one of 125 tons.

"Thus in all there are at the present time 44 sea-going wooden vessels of over 100 tons burden a piece being built in India. This, I think, the Hon'ble Member will agree is not unsatisfactory progress.

"With regard to the building of cargo steamers of steel, the case is entirely different. The conclusion come to with regard to steel ship-building is that under present war conditions the resources of India cannot economically be turned to account. Apart from the insufficiency of steel in this country for the purpose, we cannot unfortunately at the present time in India roll steel plates, and it would consequently be necessary to import from abroad all the steel plates required. It would also be necessary to import boilers, most of the propelling machinery and the greater part of the structural steel work. It will be plain too that steel ships cannot be built without engineers, and the engineering firms and workshops in India on which it would be necessary to rely for the carrying out of any steel ship building programme are already employed in a manner more appropriate to their equipment and experience, and therefore to greater economic advantage on the construction of launches, barges and other small craft, and on the even more important work of repairs to existing vessels. I may tell the Hon'ble Member that during the war a large number of small craft has been either built entirely in India or assembled in India from materials sent from outside. These include hospital sternwheelers, barges, tugs, anchor boats and dinghys, which have been sent out to Mesopotamia and are now plying on the Shat-el-Arab and on the Tigris.

RESOLUTION *re* DEVELOPMENT OF AN INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE.

[*Sir George Barnes ; the Vice-President.*]

[24TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

“ Ship-building as our friend pointed out just now, is a very ancient industry in India, and I hope that immediately after war is ended and circumstances permit, vigorous efforts will be made to revive it. As His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief told the Hon’ble Mr. S. N. Banerjea last March, several wooden vessels were built for the British Navy in Bombay a little more than 100 years ago. The 36-gun frigate ‘ Pitt ’ was built there in 1805. Six ships of the line of 74-guns and 5 of 84-guns were built in the years shortly following that date, and the composite brig ‘ Fame ’ was constructed as late as 1889.

“ I feel quite sure that there are no more steps which the Government can take at the present time, but signs are not wanting that private enterprise in various directions is ready to embark on the establishment of a ship-building industry in India as soon as circumstances permit and materials are available. Whether any Government assistance will be required in the matter or not is a matter for consideration when the time arrives. If and when any application is made to Government, I may assure my Hon’ble friend that the application will be considered very sympathetically, but it will be perfectly plain to him that I cannot make any promise of a more definite character.

In its present form I cannot accept the Hon’ble Member’s Resolution, but if he likes to amend his Resolution (I do not know, Sir, whether leave can be granted) the wording I would suggest would be :

‘ That this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that as soon as circumstances permit the Government should consider in what way the industry of ship-building can best be encouraged in India ’

Now, if he will accept that wording, I will accept his Resolution.”

The Hon’ble the Vice-President: “The Hon’ble Member will have an opportunity of considering it. The Council will now adjourn till 11 o’clock to-morrow.”

The Council then adjourned till Wednesday, the 25th September, 1918.

SIMLA :

The 30th September 1918. }

A. P. MUDDIMAN, }

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ASSEMBLED UNDER
THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915.
(5 & 6 Geo. V, Ch. 61.)

THE Council met at the Council Chamber, Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on
Wednesday, the 25th September, 1918.

PRESENT :

The Hon'ble SIR GEORGE LOWNDES, K.C.S.I., K.C., *Vice-President, presiding*,
and 48 Members, of whom 41 were Additional Members.

**RESOLUTION *re* DEVELOPMENT OF AN INDIAN
MERCANTILE MARINE—contd.**

The Hon'ble the Vice-President:—"The Council will now resume 11-4 A.M.
the discussion on the Hon'ble Mr. Sarma's Resolution of yesterday. I propose
to read out to the Council the amendment which was suggested by Sir George
Barnes yesterday for Mr. Sarma's consideration. It reads thus :

'That this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that, as soon as
circumstances permit, the Government should consider in what way the industry of ship-build-
ing can best be encouraged in India.'

I hope the Hon'ble Mr. Sarma has considered it."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma:—"Sir, In speaking on 11-5 A.M.
the Resolution yesterday, I expressed my hearty appreciation of what was being
done to improve the ship-building industry. I take it, Sir, that this amendment
means, subject to correction, that the policy of the Government will be to
encourage the industry of ship-building, only they wish to have time to devise
ways and means how best to do it. I accept the amendment with pleasure."

The Resolution, as amended, was put and accepted.

**RESOLUTION *re* CONGRATULATIONS TO THE ALLIED
ARMIES.**

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi:
"Sir, never before in the history of the world has there been a war of such 11-6 A.M.
magnitude, so terrible in its .

The Hon'ble the Vice-President:—"I must remind the Hon'ble
Member that he should commence by moving his Resolution."

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[25TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi :—

" I did not know, Sir, that the Resolution must necessarily come in the beginning, and that a Member may not wind up his speech with the words of the Resolution.

" Sir, the Resolution which stands in my name runs thus :—

' This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the thanks and congratulations of this Council be conveyed to the Allied Armies now so successfully operating on the various fronts. '

As I said just now, never before in the history of the world has there been a war of such vast magnitude, so terrible in its methods and so far-reaching in its consequences, calculated to change the destinies of mankind. In the air and from the air, on the land and under ground, on the sea and under the sea, scientific weapons of warfare, some of them previously unheard of, are destroying the manhood of nations, devastating some of the fairest lands on God's earth, and bringing untold misery to millions of the human race in all parts of the world.

" Sir, on whom does the grave responsibility of bringing about this world catastrophe rest? To this question there can be but one answer. Fired with an unrighteous lust for world-dominion, confident in the extent and strength of its secret preparations, German militarism, and German militarism alone, has plunged mankind into this unparalleled conflagration. And the horrible acts of frightfulness with which the onward march of the modern Hun has been characterised are such as one hesitates to dwell on. Trampling under foot sacred obligations arising out of solemn International Treaties as mere scraps of paper, the modern Hun has carried fire and sword across poor little Belgium into the heart of France. Bombardment of undefended towns, wanton incendiarism resulting in the burning of thriving villages and of prosperous towns, massacre of innocent women and children; bombardment of even sacred places of worship, sending down to the bottom of the sea ships carrying innocent passengers from Continent to Continent, and in their retreat poisoning of wells, propagation of tubercular germs in prisoners' camps and acts of brutality, even on sacred persons, persons that ought to have been sacred to this so-called nation of modern *Kultur*, have sent a thrill of horror and indignation throughout the civilized world, and gradually brought on the side of the Allies almost every nation, barring a few, great and small in the old world and new, knitted together to smash this horrible military machine which has brought such unlimited misery to the human race.

" Sir, a consideration of the forces which are ranged on the opposing sides is calculated to convince, if proof were necessary, every reasonable person of the righteousness of the Allies' cause. Modern States are divisible into Republics, constitutional monarchies and autocracies. Consider for a moment who are ranged on opposite sides in this terrible conflict. In Asia, we have only one Republic, that of China, and China is one of the Allies, fighting on the side of righteousness. In Europe, there are two Republics, heroic France and Portugal and both are ranged on the side of the Allies. In America, the great Republic of the United States in the north and smaller Republics in the south are all ranged on the side of the Allies. In Asia, that advanced constitutional Monarchy, which may be said to be the home of liberty and freedom in the East, *i.e.* Japan, in Europe, that greatest of all constitutional Monarchies, England, and also Italy in the south are on the side of the Allies. On the other hand, who is it that these Republics and constitutional Monarchies are fighting? The forces of autocracy, every one of them without a single exception. I do not speak of Russia whose old autocracy has dearly paid for its past sins, and has been succeeded by another kind of autocracy which is at this moment weltering in its own blood. This one fact, that we have on the

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Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea.]

side of the Allies ranged all the forces of liberty and freedom, must convince every reasonable being that the cause of the Allies is righteous and true

“ Sir, to such a war as this there could be but one end, and thanks to the Allied Armies, the beginning of that end is now in sight. A succession of hammer blows, dealt in the North, in the East, in the South, and above all on the Western front, is slowly but surely smashing this gigantic military machine with which Germany sought to enthrall the civilised world into a condition of slavery. Day after day we hear of thousands of prisoners taken on almost every front, hundreds of guns, big and small, thousands of machine guns captured in the West and in the South. Only this morning's news, which must have reached the ears of all Hon'ble Members, has brought us the tidings of the capture of 25,000 combatants (which probably means 50,000 combatants and non-combatants), and 260 guns in Palestine. Surely, time and truth are the two most powerful forces which no nation can withstand. Truth is on the side of the Allies and the cause of righteousness, bound to triumph, is now in the process of receiving that triumph which is its due. To us here in India this is a matter for real thankfulness and of congratulations, for in the bringing about of these results our Indian armies are playing a most important part. On one front four-fifths of the forces now engaged in the war are Indians, on another three-fourths of the forces now actually pursuing their triumphant course are Indians, and on the Macedonian front, where the Bulgars are now retreating fast—so fast that I can see the restoration of Serbia looming at no great distance—a very large number of the forces engaged are Indians. Therefore, it is but in the fitness of things, that this Council, in a unanimous Resolution, should offer thanks and congratulations on behalf of this country to our great Allied Armies who are now successfully operating on the various fronts. Hon'ble Members have seen the fate of Belgium, of Serbia and of Northern France. It is to the Allied Armies that the safety of India is due, and that the war has been kept away from our borders by those brave and heroic troops who are fighting for the cause of righteousness. We in India therefore have an additional cause for thankfulness and congratulation that at last this great military machine is in the process of being smashed up, the cause of righteousness and of truth is about to triumph, and the future generations will remember with thankfulness and gratitude the great deeds of the Allied Armies, which in smashing this military machine, will bring triumph to the cause of righteousness and liberty. I therefore ask this Council to accept the Resolution unanimously and with acclamation.”

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea :—“ Sir, I desire 11-19 A.M.
to accord my whole-hearted support to the Resolution which has just been moved. I hope and trust that it will be carried with unanimity and enthusiasm. There seems to me to be a special appropriateness in this Resolution having been moved by a Member representing the great Province of the Punjab, for that Province, above all other Provinces, has made the largest contribution in respect of men to the military forces of the Empire in this crisis. Furthermore, Sir, it seems to me that the stars are auspicious at the present moment, for this Resolution has been introduced into this Council on a day when the good and cheering news of a great victory has been received by us in this country. May the triumphant course of the victorious army which has captured 25,000 combatants and 260 guns continue until the enemy has been cleared from Palestine and Mesopotamia and driven back to Turkey. I am sure that is the sentiment which is uppermost in the minds of us all.

“ Sir, the Resolution thanks the Allied Armies and offers to them the congratulations of this Council on their success, and I am sure in this matter we represent the whole country. For four long years dark clouds frowned upon the fortunes of the Allied Armies. They are now slowly melting away, and, I think, we are within measurable distance of final and complete victory. Sir, the Allies deserve to win, for never was there a juster or a more righteous

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cause than that for which they are fighting. They have unsheathed the sword in defence of righteousness and freedom, for the protection of minor nationalities, for the vindication of the sanctity of treaty obligations. I ask, is there an Indian here or outside of this Council Chamber, be he a Hindu or a Muhammadan, or a Christian, or a Sikh, who does not feel an added glow of patriotic fervour as he contemplates this titanic struggle in which the best interests of the human race are at stake? Never were graver issues presented for solution to the conscience and the judgment of mankind. Is Prussian militarism to prevail, or are the healing accents of peace, of concord, of amity and good-will among nations, to be the dominating factors in determining the counsels of mankind? That is the issue before us. It is not a war of conquest or aggression, but a war for the vindication of the loftiest principles of freedom and self-determination, so dear to the human race, and upon which the best prospects of the future of humanity so largely depend. To us Indians, as my Hon'ble friend Mr. Shafi has already said, it is a matter of special self-satisfaction to know that our country and our countrymen have borne so large, so honourable, a share in this great struggle for freedom. As an Indian, it is not for me to dilate upon the measure of our sacrifice of which we had an illustration the other day in the practically unanimous vote that we passed in this Council granting £15 millions in aid of the war. But, Sir, I am sorry to have to say, that there are some newspapers in England which are seeking to cast a slur upon our loyalty and our devotion to the Empire in this crisis. The other day an article appeared in one of the newspapers, which shall be nameless for the present, which said that, in view of the revelations that have been made in the Rowlatt Committee's Report, the British public should revise their attitude with regard to the Reform proposals. Sir, I am inclined to reply to these observations in the words of Lord Canning in 1857. When the Indian Mutiny was at its height, Lord Canning wrote to the Maharaja of Nadia saying that, if the rebels could be counted by thousands, the loyal population could be reckoned by millions. If the suspected revolutionaries can be counted only by hundreds—I think their number does not exceed 1,200—we, the loyal portion of the community, devoted to the British connection and the Empire, are three hundred millions. And are the prospects of our political advancement to be blighted by the follies and the crimes of a handful of misguided and fanatical young men? I am sure the verdict of the British democracy will be otherwise. Let me refer to the traditions, the great traditions, of British rule in India. In 1857, in the height of the Indian Mutiny, when the Empire was tottering to its foundations, the Indian Universities were established. In 1910, when the revolutionary movement in Bengal was at its culminating point, Lord Minto introduced the great Minto-Morley Reform Scheme. I am sure the same policy of justice and beneficence will now be followed. I am confident that the British democracy will not permit the follies and the crimes of a handful of misguided young to stand in the way of the fulfilment of England's great mission in India, and the satisfaction of our legitimate aspirations as outlined in the Reform Proposals upon which the future of this great and ancient country so largely depends.

"I desire, Sir, whole-heartedly to associate myself with this Resolution. It represents the unanimous, the enthusiastic, verdict not only of this Council, but of the entire, the vast, the multitudinous, population of the Indian Empire."

11-28 A.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde :—"Sir, I desire to be associated with this Resolution most whole-heartedly, and the reason of it is, first, that we are on the tide of success; and the second reason is, that this war from the beginning has always read to me like one of the passages that we read of in our sacred books. Probably some of you may remember that in the *Kali Puran* there is a long story of how a large number of demons got together in order to vanquish the goddess *Kali*, whom we regard as the Goddess of Liberty. Well,

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these demons assembled and she was alone. Then, on coming to the battle-field, other gods and goddesses came to her help to the tune of something like 33 crores. Well, it is more or less the same thing here. In Germany and round about that portion, they sat together and came to the conclusion that they would go and fight England alone and would put her down. Well, England took up the challenge and nearly the whole world is siding with England, as *Kali* was helped by all the gods and goddesses.

"Similarly, also, in these scientific days, we used to laugh at the old armour and old helmets, and all the other panoply of war, but now we see all those old things are coming back. We have got the helmet now to protect us from gas and so on. Then we are putting on breastplates to prevent us from being attacked in the front. Similarly, also, in old history, in India at any rate, one of our heroes used to be called a mountain rat because he introduced trench warfare. Well, trench warfare has come to the front now, and we are quite as good experts at it as the other people fighting against us.

"Well, there is something more than that, and the whole was illustrated very much as I should like to have it the other day in Poona where they had a pageant. It was something like the Lord Mayor's Show, I suppose, at home. The ancient monarchs marched first, the Moguls came next, and then the British and their Allies followed. It really was a symbolical representation of what we see in the field now, and I am very glad to see that, as in the old *Puran* the Goddess of Liberty won, so England is also going to win. There is no doubt about it now. We have got everything on our side; there is nothing wanting. In fact, we have got more than we require, I think, in certain ways. More men are coming in than we can train, more ammunition is being turned out than we can spend, and soon the time will come when we shall have more arms and ammunition than enemies; in fact, when there will be no more enemies, just as the darkness disappears when the sun shines out. I expect soon, very soon, all the old conditions of peace will be restored, and we shall have unity, even diversity. We shall preserve our individuality and yet be united in one, like the creation of the Almighty God. There will be a great deal of variety, but that variety will be merged in one beauty, and it will all mix together, like the colours of the rainbow or like the flowers and trees we see all around us. And there will be a beautiful home, a safe home—world made safe for righteousness, safe for goodness, safe for everything we can desire. Now, with this beautiful dream in my mind—a dream partially realised by the news we heard this morning—I most whole-heartedly support this Resolution."

The Hon'le Mr. C. A. Kincaid:—"Sir, I was asked at the door by 11-32 A.M.
a Member of the Executive Council of the Government of India to say a few words about a country and a people which, as I have already said in this Council before, are very dear to me,—that is, the Maratha people. I am not one of those who are given to making impromptu speeches of any length, and I would only like to say one thing.

"There has been for many years an impression that the Marathas are a treacherous people, and 'treacherous Marathas,' 'Maratha treachery,' are phrases found constantly in English histories of India. Indeed, a former Member of this Council, the late Sir Herbert Risley, went so far as to draw this remarkable conclusion. He said, Shivaji was a treacherous man: Shivaji was a Maratha: therefore Marathas are treacherous. The Scythians were also a treacherous people: therefore Marathas and Scythians were connected. A certain Mr. Vaidhya asked in reply pointed out, 'assuming that Marathas were treacherous, where was the evidence of Scythians being treacherous?' And, of course, there was no answer. I am glad to say that modern research has shown that the accepted story of the meeting of Afzal Khan and Shivaji is nothing but a

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pack of lies, and that so far from Shivaji having treacherously murdered Afzal Khan, he acted in legitimate self-defence. Now, Sir, on the lines of Sir H. Risley's reasoning, it follows that if Shivaji was not treacherous, Marathas are not treacherous. Therefore, it also follows that no connection between the Marathas and Scythians has been established!

"Well, Sir, there were other qualities that Shivaji showed—resourcefulness, courage, fertility of invention, endurance. All these qualities, I venture to think, have been abundantly shown by Maratha regiments at the front; and I am sure this Council will agree that the reputation which our Maratha troops have gained on that front has removed a slur on their reputation, which really never existed except in the imagination of incorrect historians."

11-35 A.M. **The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Krishna Sahay:**—"Sir, on behalf of the people of Bihar, whom I have the honour to represent in this Council, I desire to associate myself whole-heartedly with the sentiments embodied in the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi's Resolution and the eloquent and feeling terms in which he has expressed those sentiments.

"It is but a truism to say that the prosperity and happiness of this country—our own hopes and aspirations, - are bound up with the fortunes of this colossal war in which the British Empire is at present engaged. It is, therefore, with a personal concern, Sir, that every patriotic Indian has watched the progress of events on the battle fields of the East and the West, especially as on those fronts our own countrymen have been taking so honourable and so creditable a part. It is evident now that the tide of affairs has turned in our favour on both the fronts. Every Indian has been filled with hope and buoyancy at the news that we have been receiving for the last few months; and it is in the fitness of things that we, who represent here the various parts of India, should express our grateful thanks to the Allied Armies and offer them our congratulations for the success they have achieved. I support this Resolution."

11-37 A.M. **The Hon'ble Mr. W. A. Ironside:**—"Sir, when the hearts of people are full, few words are necessary to express our thankfulness. Day after day one reads stories of endurance and heroism—heroism by men just like ourselves, - some of them probably men who have gone from amongst us. The future, Sir, is full of hope to-day, though we have still to strive and do our best. The opportunity has been offered to us by the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi of expressing, through this Council and His Excellency on behalf of the people of India, our heartfelt gratitude to the Allied Armies for all that they have done for India and for the world. On behalf of the European non-official community of Calcutta and Bengal, few words, as I have already said, are necessary to express what we feel. I only wish to add my simple and inadequate tribute for all that our men have done,—the men of India the men of the Empire, the men of the Allied forces."

11-39 A.M. **The Hon'ble Sardar Sundar Singh Majithia:**—"Sir, in rising to support the motion of my Hon'ble friend, Mr. Shafi, I need not go again over the ground that has been covered by him with his usual eloquence. The services of the Indian Army, however humble they may be, in the cause of the Empire, have been a source of pride to us all. It has been our proud privilege to serve the Empire at this present juncture. Every unit of the Indian Army,—Sikhs, Gurkhas, Dogras, Muhammadans and all, -I am glad to say, have done their duty right valiantly in the different theatres of war. In offering our thanks to the Allied Armies—American, French, English and all others (of course with the English I associate our own Indian Army)—I think it is customary not only to give congratulations but something else with it. And that something else, I think, on behalf of India, should be nothing short of our preparedness, or our readiness to fight this war of aggression till victory has been finally achieved on the battle-fields of Europe. Every Indian should be prepared, nay, should be ready, to sacrifice his all till that final goal is

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[*Sardar Sundar Singh Majithia; Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy; Mr. Malcolm Hogg; Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur; Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul; Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru; Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi; Sir Claude Hill.*]

reached; till German militarism is crushed and the armies of the British Empire and its Allies valiantly bring the enemy down on his knees. So I would not say that we are satisfied unless and until we see the enemy finally vanquished. So my final congratulations to the army will be at the time when full peace is assured on the battle-fields, probably on the German soil."

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy :—" Sir, after the eloquent speeches delivered by the previous speakers, including my Hon'ble friend Mr. Shafi, nothing more remains for me to say, but to accord my whole-hearted support to the Resolution." 11-41 A.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. Malcolm Hogg :—" Sir, on behalf of those whom I represent I desire to offer our tribute of gratitude and admiration to all the fighting forces of the Empire and of our Allies. I need only add that I most heartily welcome and most warmly support this very timely Resolution." 11-42 A.M.

The Hon'ble Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur :—" Sir, I beg to support the Resolution on behalf of the Muslim community of the Madras presidency." 11-42 A.M.

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul :—" Sir, on behalf of the landed aristocracy, not of my province only, but of that of the whole of India. I rise to whole-heartedly associate myself with the sentiments just now given expression to by other Hon'ble colleagues of mine, and I beg that the Council should accept this Resolution unanimously." 11-42 A.M.

The Hon'ble Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru :—" I do not think, Sir, that it is necessary for me to speak at any length on this Resolution. I think the sentiments of all India, educated and uneducated, of all classes of the people of this country, have been expressed by Mr. Banerjea with his usual eloquence. But I do not think that it will be right for me to allow this opportunity to go without associating myself, on behalf of the province which I have the honour to represent, with this Resolution. Sir, we look upon the Allied Armies as the soldiers of freedom, fighting for the cause of righteousness, for justice and for freedom, and we who aspire to larger freedom in our own country cannot but feel grateful to these brave soldiers who are laying down their lives for the defence of the Empire, and not only for the defence of the Empire, but for those eternal ideals of justice and righteousness for which we do stand, and I hope shall always stand." 11-43 A.M.

The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi :—" Sir, I beg to associate myself with this Resolution, and I whole-heartedly support it on behalf of the Zemindars of Bengal." 11-44 A.M.

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill :—" Sir, I had not intended to speak on this Resolution, but I do feel that on behalf of the officials in this Council, it is as well that I should make it clear how whole-heartedly we endorse the vote of congratulations and thanks which my Hon'ble friend Mr. Shafi has proposed. I have an additional reason for venturing to trouble the Council, and that is this; that eloquent as has been the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi's tribute to the Allies, eloquent as has been the Hon'ble Mr. Banerjea's speech in supporting that motion, I venture to think there is reason to believe that perhaps we hardly realise the full meaning involved to India in the success of the cause for which the Allies are fighting. India has been, thanks partly to the protection afforded by the Navy, somewhat aloof from the more terrible features of this great struggle. India has not had an opportunity of visualising at close quarters the

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terrible hardships which are being undergone by the troops to whom we propose to convey our thanks and congratulations to-day, and consequently it seems to me, I suggest with deference, Sir, that we perhaps do not fully appreciate, unless we give considerable thought to the matter, the full effect of the meaning to us, the vital meaning, of success to the Allied arms in this struggle.

“ In regard to that I have no doubt that we are all aware of the existence of literature, partly of a secret and partly of a published character, which gave us some indication of what German ambitions meant in respect of the domination of the world, and what Germany proposed to do to the world when it had dominated it. We have all seen extracts from publications indicating quite frankly and cynically what Germany proposed to do with subject countries when she had obtained the necessary domination. We know of her schemes of conquest in Central Africa with a view to training up and maintaining an army of Central Africans of such enormous size and of such a high pitch of training, that Germany would be able with their assistance alone to dominate the rest of the world. We also know that the Germans had frankly indicated what they proposed to do with India when her penetration through Baghdad should have come to fruition. We know the cynical attitude which Germany adopted in her references to the treatment she proposed to accord to India, her Chiefs and peoples, and we have now, finally, within the last few days, learnt the kind of fate which might have been in store for India had her ambitions come to realization. In the revelations which have recently been published by Dr. Georges, regarding the treatment by Germany of South-west Africa, the Herreros in particular, we have some little fore-taste of what the world might have expected, at all events that portion of the world which was to be subjected to German domination. We have some little fore-taste of what India among other countries might have expected in the way of horrors and barbaric treatment at the hands of a victorious Germany. I suggest, therefore, for that reason, that we can now realise to the full, and should do so in no flippant spirit, the real and essential meaning to us here in India of success to the Allied arms, and that in conveying the thanks which my friend, Mr. Shafi, so eloquently proposed, to the troops which are fighting our battles and which, to our pride, include Indian troops who have acquitted themselves so well, that in doing so, we should fully visualise for what we are giving an expression of our gratitude. In regard to the terrible nature of the struggle, I venture to remind the Council also of the reality of the conditions which the Allies were up against when they entered upon this struggle.

“ For 40 years Germany had been silently preparing the engines of war for the subjugation of the rest of Europe, and consequently for the domination, at all events, of the greater part of the world. It is surely right to realise this, and then on the other side to see how long it has taken the cause of freedom to arm itself, and to fit itself to cope successfully against this world aggression. Four years have elapsed of a gigantic struggle of varying intensity and varying success ; and it is only now, at the beginning of the fifth year, that the forces of the Allies which stood in pre-war days, organized for peace and liberty, have been able to organize their forces successfully with a view to dealing with this vast aggressive preparation of the Central European powers. Therefore, now when we stand, as we hope, at the turn of the tide, it is well that we should, as my Hon'ble friend Mr. Shafi proposed, recognise to the full, and with full gratitude, the great effort that has been made, the great sacrifices in blood and treasure that have been made, in the great cause of the world, and that we, in India in particular, realising what I have suggested, namely, the fate which might have overtaken us had fortune turned the other way, that we, in doing so, should at the same time convey this vote of thanks with a sense of restraint, not too optimistically ; for, let us not imagine that the fight is over. We may have a long way to go yet before

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success is attained finally by the armies of our cause. But, in conveying this vote of thanks and appreciation to our Allies, let us hope and pray that the turn of the tide is definite and final, and let us show that India, in common with the other nations forming the alliance for freedom, is determined to persist as strenuously as in the past and to go on persisting until a successful issue is finally reached."

The Hon'ble Mr. Srinivasa Sastri :—"Sir, last but not least, sincere or glad of heart, Madras through me joins the rest of India in offering thanks and congratulations to the victorious armies of the Allies." 11-52 A.M.

The Hon'ble Khan Zulfikar Ali Khan :—"Sir, the Resolution, which my Hon'ble friend Mr. Shafi has moved in this Council, purports to convey to the Armies of the Empire the congratulations of this Council. The tribute of admiration which is called forth by the triumphs, endurance and sufferings of the Armies of the Empire fighting on the different fronts would be more enthusiastic and more hearty than it is possible to convey by simply making speeches, if only we realised what the extent of sacrifice and suffering that has been entailed by fighting under the modern conditions are. Sir, it is easy in this Council to speak, but it is very difficult even to realise what sufferings and what hardships those brave Armies, which the Empire has sent to fight the Germans, have endured. It was only in March last when the German offensive began on a great scale, and when the valiant Armies of the Empire were pushed back step by step fighting bravely, to the lines behind the original front; it was then that Hindenburg, when a deputation approached him said, that in April he would occupy Paris, and may even get a triumphant entry into that world-renowned capital. It was only after a few days that the Kaiser himself declared in a speech that this would be the last year of the war, and that the Germans would have a victorious peace according to their own conditions. Well, Sir, the world stood aghast as to what was going to happen, as to whether the Kaiser and his renowned Generals were going to sweep everything before them, or whether the Generals of the Allies would be able to stand that mighty on-set. The answer has, in due course, been given by the valiant Armies of the Allies. There is no eloquence required. The eloquence of the cannon, the eloquence of the brave Armies, has been sufficient to demonstrate the cause of liberty for which the Empire is fighting. It was then supposed that perhaps Paris and, if possible, the Channel ports on whose fate perhaps the destinies of this mighty Empire of Great Britain depended, would be captured by the Germans. It is now the predicament of the Germans to save their own capital if they can by any effort still left in them." 11-53 A.M.

"Well, Sir, who has made all this possible? Certainly, our brave Armies going from India, from Australia, from Canada and from Great Britain. All honour is therefore due to these Armies, and if we pay a tribute of admiration to their endurance, it is only a small, an insignificant tribute which we pay. I see that history is repeating itself. On this occasion the great Generals of the Kaiser are ranged against the Generals of the Allies. I see that the peninsular times are coming back to us when the great iron Duke triumphed against the best Generals that Napoleon could send against Great Britain. I see also that, on the one side, the great military talent that Germany could muster is ranged against the military talent of the Allies, and what is happening? It is so clear that the military talent and the military machinery organized by Germany during a period of forty years is already being smashed, smashed to pieces—I hope it will never come into existence again. Well, Sir, the Armies now fighting have deserved the tribute of honour and admiration. But what about those who have laid down their lives,—the young, fruitful, hopeful, lives in the defence of the Empire? They lie in France, in Mesopotamia, in Gallipoli."

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"All honour and glory are due to them and our mournful tribute of admiration goes out to them also. Those who have visited Greece perhaps may remember that the epitaph on the graves of those who fought against the Persians in the defence of their liberties at the Pass of Thermopylæ says—'Sparta we lie here in obedience to thy laws.' But those young men who have died in the defence of this great Empire deserve a tribute greater than that which is the source of admiration of the whole world and inspires the Greeks now. Will it not be possible in the case of these people to record an epitaph saying on their behalf, 'We lie here in defence of the liberties of the world.'"

12 P.M.

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma :—" Sir, on behalf of Madras and on behalf of the *Andhra* community, who number nearly 22 millions, I heartily associate myself with the Resolution which is now before the Council. Little did I dream that my words, uttered in 1914, June, in Edinburgh two months before the war began, that the British and Indians would be fighting together against Germany, would come so true and so soon. How unguarded the British were, how hospitably they treated the Germans only two months before the war, will be clear from the fact that the whole of Edinburgh, the whole of the Scottish community and many English towns entertained the Hamburg Jurists who were on a visit to Great Britain at the time. They were shown all over the dockyards; all over the ship-building yards, and little did one imagine from the cordial greetings of the two communities that secret machinations were going on in Berlin to bring the world's peace so cruelly to an abrupt termination and so shortly. Sir, it is clear to any one who understands the German temperament, that there is little of the democratic spirit pervading France, Great Britain and the United States either in Germany or in Austria-Hungary, and if there be Indians so deluded as to imagine for a moment that they would in any, the remotest, degree benefit by any unworthy alliance with, or hopes from Germany, I think they are traitors indeed to the country. My friends the Scotch were so enamoured of the Germans, that they thought that the Saxons and the Germans were going to guard the peace of the world. And I said that the economic jealousy was so great that the British and the Indians would have to be fighting together against German predominance, and I am glad that the soldiers in the East and the soldiers in the West are allied together in this glorious struggle for the vindication of the cause of righteousness and freedom. Our gratitude is due to them, and we are glad that Mr. Shafi had given us an opportunity of expressing it in this Council."

12-4 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah :—" Sir, after Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea had spoken, I thought that on this occasion he expressed the sentiments and the feelings of the non-official Members in this Council, as well as the people of India outside, but the occasion is one which requires that, on behalf of Bombay, I should rise and associate myself with this Resolution. Sir, it is obvious that, however backward the people of India may be, it has been demonstrated during the last four years that the people of India, as a whole, have loyally stood by the Empire. Why is that so? Because we fully realise the principles for which this titanic war is being carried on, those noble principles which have been reiterated by the Premier and by President Wilson. We feel we are fighting for the principles of liberty, freedom and for the rights of, and the safety of, small nationalities, nay international liberty. Those truths which stand for justice appeal to the people of India more than any other at the present moment, because we ourselves are struggling and fighting for those principles in our own country by constitutional methods, and let us hope we shall reach the goal for which we are fighting all over the world to-day."

12-6 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—" My Hon'ble friend Mr. Jinnah has usurped my right to speak on behalf of Bombay. I represent the whole of the Bombay Presidency here, returned as I am by the non-official Members,

RESOLUTION re CONGRATULATIONS TO THE ALLIED ARMIES.

[25th September, 1918.]

[*Mr. V. J. Patel; H. B. the Commander-in-Chief in India; Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi.*]

Hindus, Muhammadans, and Christians, of the Bombay Legislative Council. My Hon'ble friend Mr. Jinnah is returned by the Muhammadan members only. Speaking on behalf of the Presidency, therefore, I heartily associate myself with this Resolution. I do so with the prayer—the same prayer which the authors of the Report uttered in concluding it, namely—that the principles of justice and freedom may be saved to the world by the splendid endurance and self-sacrifice of His Majesty's and the Allied Armies."

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India:— 12-8 P.M.
 "Sir, the Resolution which the Hon'ble Member has just moved in such eloquent terms, and which was responded to so generously by all the Members of this Council, comes at a particularly opportune time. The news of the last two or three weeks has been one of continuous and striking successes on every front. In France, the Allies have driven the Germans back with immense losses in men and guns to beyond the line from which they developed their great offensive last March, and the last word has not yet been spoken in that particular theatre. In Italy, the Allies have driven the Austrians beyond the Piave, and inflicted such severe losses on them that their offensive power has been severely, if not permanently, crippled. In Salonika, we have heard of brilliant successes during the last ten days. The Greeks are now proving their value as soldiers and allies, and the Serbians, despite the misfortunes which overwhelmed them at the beginning of the war, are proving themselves stout fighters, and showing that they are not crushed as the Germans declared. Lastly, in Palestine, our troops have achieved a series of most striking victories, which seem to have almost destroyed the Turkish Armies opposed to them. Every Reuter's telegram brings news of fresh captures of prisoners and guns. This news is of special interest to us in India, as we learn that the newly formed Indian troops, raised as part of India's man-power contribution to the Empire, have taken a distinguished part in these successes. The present time, therefore, is thus particularly opportune for the passing of a Resolution such as the Hon'ble Member has proposed, a Resolution, moreover, which will hearten the soldiers who are fighting and lighten their tasks and make them march with their fibres and their nerves braced towards this victory which we see month by month more nearly in sight. On behalf of the Government, therefore, I cordially agree to the motion which has been proposed."

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi:— 12-10 P.M.
 "Sir, the complete unanimity with which my Resolution has been received by representatives of all Provinces and communities proves beyond all shadow of doubt that the heart of India, official as well as non-official, is with the brave Allied Armies in the terrible struggle which they are carrying on in order to crush German militarism.

"The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill in the excellent speech which he delivered this morning expressed a doubt whether we in India were fully conscious of the significance of an Allied victory in so far as India herself is concerned. I can assure him that not only are we conscious, but we fully realise that significance. Towards the conclusion of my speech I pointed out that we in India have special cause to offer our best thanks and congratulations to the Allied Armies, and I gave in brief words two reasons for that position. One was that our brave Indian soldiers were playing a prominent part in the triumphant struggle which is now going on in three of the six battle-fronts. The second was this very appreciation of the gravity of the situation, so far as we Indians are concerned, to which the Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill has referred. I pointed out that it was the brave Allied Armies that had kept the war away from the Indian frontiers, and had thus saved India from the fate which Belgium, Serbia and the northern portion of France had received at the hands of German militarism. I can assure the Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill

**RESOLUTION *re* CONGRATULATIONS TO THE ALLIED ARMIES;
RESOLUTION *re* DEPUTATION OF INDIAN NATIONAL CON-
GRESS AND ALL-INDIA MOSLEM LEAGUE TO ENGLAND.**

[*Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi; the Vice-President; Mr. V. J. Patel.*] [25TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

that we Indians fully realise the significance of an Allied victory, and it is because of that full realisation that we whole-heartedly pray for the ultimate triumph of the Allied arms "

The Hon'ble the Vice-President :—"To mark such a unique occasion as this, I venture to suggest that Hon'ble Members may like to rise in their places to acclaim the Resolution which I am about to read to them."

The Resolution was put and unanimously adopted, the Council standing.

**RESOLUTION *re* DEPUTATION OF INDIAN NATION-
AL CONGRESS AND ALL-INDIA MOSLEM
LEAGUE TO ENGLAND.**

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—"Sir, I beg to move the following Resolution :

'This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that immediate steps be taken to submit a representation to His Majesty's Government urging that the Indian National Congress and the All-India Muslim League Deputations be permitted to proceed to England without delay'

"Sir, the question of sending deputations to England has been under the consideration of the Indian National Congress and the All-India Muslim League for some time past. No doubt there were differences of opinion among the Congressmen, not on the question of the desirability of sending a deputation, but as to the appropriate time for doing so. In the meantime, in last February, His Excellency the Viceroy as President of this Council in his opening speech expressed his sympathy with the desire of the Congress to send a deputation, but suggested that that was not the right time. In order to avoid any misunderstanding, I will read the very words of His Excellency. He said :—

'Let me remind you of the words of the announcement that ample opportunity will be afforded for public discussion of the proposals which would be submitted in due course to Parliament. I notice that it has been suggested that a deputation should go home and lay the case of the Congress-League scheme before His Majesty's Government. The same intention may exist in other quarters. I think that at the right moment that course is worthy of consideration, and I would not have it thought that there is any desire on the part of Government to hamper any such representations. On the contrary, I will gladly give all the advice and all the help which it lies in my power to give.'

A few days after these words were uttered, the All-India Congress Committee met at Delhi and considered once again the question of sending a deputation in the light of this pronouncement, and the Committee came to the conclusion that it would not be wise to send a deputation to England before, at any rate, the proposals for Reforms were presented to Parliament and published for criticism. They therefore decided that no deputation should then proceed. This view, however, did not find favour with the two Home Rule Leagues in India, and they therefore decided to send their own deputations to England. We know that the two deputations of the two Home Rule Leagues started for England in April last. One deputation went as far as Gibraltar, and the other as far as Ceylon. The second deputation, which went as far as Ceylon, included my Hon'ble friend Mr. Khaparde. Of course they were armed with the necessary passports from the Government of India, but, unfortunately, the Home Government decided, at a very late stage indeed, to cancel the said passports. I have with me a letter addressed by the Colonial Secretary's Office in Ceylon to the

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members of the second deputation asking them to hand over their passports. The letter read thus :—

‘I am directed to state that a telegram has been received from the Indian Government requesting that you may be informed that under instructions from His Majesty’s Government the passports issued to you and the members of your party in order to proceed to England have been cancelled. It will not, therefore, be possible for you or your friends to continue your journey to Europe. Will you kindly return your passports which were endorsed at this office on the 3rd of April 1918 for the endorsements to be cancelled.’

As a result of the said letter, I believe the members of the deputation had to return their passports which were in due course cancelled, and my Hon’ble friend Mr. Khaparde and his colleagues had to return to India. After that— I should say, a few days after that, —Dr. Nair was granted a passport to go to England to recoup his health. The members of the Home Rule League deputation who were obliged to return thereupon urged both on the platform and in the press that it was not fair that Dr. Nair should be allowed to proceed when they had been stopped. It was then explained by the Government of India that Dr. Nair was allowed to go for purposes of his health, and that he would not be allowed to speak on politics whilst in England. The members of the Home Rule deputations were naturally satisfied with this assurance at the time; but it was found subsequently that Dr. Nair had been ‘unmuzzled,’ as they put it, and was allowed to go on with his campaign in England with the help of his friends without any hitch or hindrance. However, so far as this Resolution goes, I am not concerned with the fate that overtook the Home Rule deputations. The fact is only relevant in so far as it shows that the Congress and the Moslem League, who have expressed a desire and passed resolutions to send deputations are afraid that, even if passports are granted by the Government of India to their members to proceed to England, there is no knowing that at a subsequent stage, whilst on their way, their passports might not be cancelled by the Home Government and they might not have to return to India. What I really want to bring to the notice of this Council therefore is, that after the Reforms were published, the Indian National Congress and the Moslem League met in Bombay and passed Resolutions to the effect that deputations consisting of members of those bodies should proceed to England; but in view of what happened to the Home Rule League deputations, the Congressmen and the Moslem Leaguers are afraid to take the risk. It is with a view to eliciting information from the Government, as to what their attitude and the attitude of the Home Government in this matter is, that I have ventured to bring forward this Resolution before this Council. I trust, therefore, the Government will see their way to move His Majesty’s Government to consider this question favourably, and assure the Congress and the Moslem League that their deputations can safely proceed to England.”

The Hon’ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde :—“Sir, I have been mentioned by name by my Hon’ble friend Mr. Patel, so I rise to say that the facts detailed by him are entirely correct. When we were going a large number of people gathered on the platform at all the stations through which we passed; they cheered tremendously and brought fruits and flowers and other articles which they thought would be useful to us on the voyage out. It was a triumphal procession. We met with this good fortune all the way up to Madras and even up to the point of sailing from Cape Comorin, or whatever the name of the station is—I forget now. When we got further, the people of Colombo were very good to us. They also assembled and received us; but gradually we found that it was difficult to make a start. Some communications passed between our party and the officers of Colombo, and our stay got prolonged to the extent of nearly 13 days, so that

12-25 7-21

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[*Mr. G. S. Khaparde ; Sir William Vincent.*]

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we began to fear that we were overstaying our welcome, and it did look like that ; ultimately, came that letter which my Hon'ble friend has read out, and then we had to return. The persons concerned of course had various feelings about the matter. Some were amused. Some were very angry. I know I felt acutely the humour of the situation. There were those people coming with their good things to see us off ; and here was I returning like a bad penny. The whole thing looked very funny. Then I came back and since then I have applied for the renewal of my passport. I believe the matter is under consideration. It is not exactly that I am not concerned in this matter or that I speak entirely in a public-spirited way. There is some private feeling too in my case, and I hope that this Council will make the recommendation that is asked for in the Resolution. After all, the Reforms and the proposals made therein and the amendments we have suggested, and all those things, will have to depend upon the vote of Parliament, and it is desirable that those of us who can should be able to go and represent their countrymen there ; and in the fulness of knowledge, I suppose, the democracy of England will pronounce on the matter finally. But that it may do so and be enabled to do so, it is necessary that all shades of opinion should be represented, as far as possible, even pressed on the attention of the democracy of England, and also through the press and from the platform on such Members of Parliament as are willing to hear us. I believe, from what I have heard and what has been told me, the Government of India hold a very impartial opinion on this matter. They do not wish to favour one party and hamper another party. They are willing that the representatives of all schools of thought should be able to lay their case before the democracy of England and before Parliament ; and in those circumstances, so far as I can see, there appears to be no objection to the recommendation being made to the Government of India, as is suggested by my Hon'ble friend Mr. Patel. I therefore support the Resolution very whole-heartedly indeed."

12-50 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"Sir, I quite understand, if I may say so, the apprehensions of the Hon'ble mover in this matter, and I realize in view of what occurred in the spring of this year, that his desire for information on the subject is very reasonable. So far as I can, I will explain the facts to this Council, and I hope that when I have done so, the Hon'ble Member may either withdraw his Resolution, or that he will not secure any substantial support for it. If his real desire is mainly for information, I am sure that he will accept the explanation. The position is as follows. In March last, we issued a certain number of passports to delegates of the Home Rule League, and the members of the deputations started on their journey. We subsequently received instructions from His Majesty's Government to cancel those passports and did so. The delegates returned to India, and the reasons for which His Majesty's Government thought it necessary to issue their orders were explained in a Communiqué which was issued at the time. From that time onwards we have been in frequent communication with the Secretary of State on the question of these passports, and certain general principles have been laid down. The desire of His Majesty's Government is to reduce the number as much as possible, and it was therefore decided that there should be two tests for the issue of passports, one, whether the object of the journey was a matter of national importance (by which, I think, they meant Imperial importance), or secondly, whether it was a matter of cogent private necessity. Having decided those general principles, we have acted on them ever since. It is quite true that individual passports were issued to Mr. Tilak and to Dr. Nair, and I have no doubt in some other cases but these issues do not indicate any violation of the general rule. In Dr. Nair's case when we ascertained that a passport had been issued, an undertaking was taken from him that he would abstain from political agitation. This is the wording. "The Government of India are authorised to announce that Dr. Nair on arrival in England has given a written undertaking to abstain from every form of political activity." In the case of Mr. Tilak, we took a similar assurance. When, however, Dr. Nair arrived in the United Kingdom,

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it was thought unfair not to allow him, as he was already in England on private grounds, reasonable liberty in opposing certain of the Reform proposals to which he objected, and I understand also that His Majesty's Government which decided the point in the case of Dr Nair will consider, when Mr. Tilak arrives home, whether he should or should not be allowed similar liberty. But these individual cases are no violation of the general principle. They were issued only on genuine grounds of urgent private necessity. I would not however have any one in this Council think for one moment that we do not recognise that free criticism of the Reform proposals is a matter of national interest. That, I think, will be freely admitted, both here and elsewhere. The question, as was said by Mr. Patel, is really one of time and the Government is entitled to decide whether at this particular moment it can be said that a discussion of these Reform proposals is a matter of national interest. In our opinion and in the opinion of His Majesty's Government the first duty of Indians at present lies in India where the Committees on Reforms will shortly start work, and His Majesty's Government entertain the view, in which the Government of India concur, that no purpose of national importance would be served by deputations in the United Kingdom at present. It is not proposed to take any action in England on the Reform Scheme until the Reports of the Committees appointed in this country are received, and, until those Reports come before Parliament, no question of national interest really arises. At the same time, I am authorised to say that in the coming year all possible facilities will be given to properly accredited representatives of all shades of opinion in limited numbers to visit the United Kingdom to place their views on the subject of Reforms before the public in that country. This is of course, provided, that the war situation does not develop in some unexpected manner. In the opinion of the Secretary of State and of the Government of India, it will then be a matter of real national importance that such deputations should visit the United Kingdom. I hope, in these circumstances, that this Council will not ask the Government of India to press a hopeless request time after time on his Majesty's Government. The promise given by His Excellency in his speech of February 6th, 1917, has already been cited to this Council. He then said that he would not only give passports but all advice and assistance in his power to deputations at the proper time, and it is in fulfilment of that promise that I now state the intentions of Government. I hope that this undertaking will meet the Hon'ble Member. I think perhaps he does not realize sufficiently that at the present moment as in the spring in the United Kingdom the war overshadows everything, and that these Reform proposals, important as they are and more important as they will be, are really only an item, a matter of comparatively small interest to the British public. I have only to add before I sit down that the undertaking which the Government of India now give is given with the sanction of the Secretary of State."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—" Sir, my Hon'ble friend, Sir William Meyer.... 12-33 a.m.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent :—" I rise to a point of order Sir ; I am not Sir William Meyer, I am Sir William Vincent."

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel :—" I beg your pardon. My Hon'ble friend, the Home Member, Sir William Vincent, said in reply to my Resolution that the war was overshadowing every other thing at home and even in India. I quite agree, and I realise it. But, at the same time, you have got to take this fact into consideration, namely, that it is during the war, in the midst of the war that the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, Mr. Montagu, came over to India to make an inquiry into the question of Reforms. It is in the midst of the war that the Report has been made; and it is in the midst of the war that the said Report has been submitted to Parliament, and Members of the

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Committees are appointed and coming out to India. It is in the midst of the terrible war that the fate of three hundred millions of people is proposed to be decided by Parliament. It is a question of life and death with us, Indians, and at such a juncture we cannot allow the judgment to go *ex parte*. I cannot agree with my friend, the Hon'ble the Home Member, that it is for the Government of India to say what is the appropriate moment for the deputation to go to England. The Congress and the Moslem League maintain, and maintain very rightly, that it is for them to decide what the proper time, what the right time, for the deputations is, when they should go and press India's claims before the British public and the British Parliament. It is no use disguising the fact that the people of India are not in agreement with the authors of the Report in material particulars. To quote only two of many matters of differences, one, regarding the reforms in the Government of India and, two, regarding fiscal autonomy. We heard His Excellency to say on the opening day of this Session that nothing more than what was proposed in the Report was likely to be granted, and it was no use pressing for more. The Congress and the Moslem League, on the other hand, maintain that they are entitled to much more, and the reforms as they stand are not at all satisfactory. In view of these circumstances and these differences, it is the British Parliament, and it is the British public, who are the ultimate judges of our cause, and unless we go in time and represent our case fully to them, the judgment will, in all probability, go against us. Under these circumstances, I strongly hold that we should be allowed to go in deputation, particularly when we like to press our claims as against the views of the Government of India and the authors of the Reforms Report. I trust therefore the Council will accept the Resolution."

12-41 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent:—"Sir, I only wish to explain one or two points. The Government entirely realise the right of all shades of opinion to be adequately represented in the matter of these Reforms before the subject is discussed in Parliament; and to that extent we are in agreement with the Hon'ble Member. But when he says that the Congress party, and they alone, are to decide whether passports should be issued now to their delegates and whether the grounds on which they seek these passports are sufficient or not, then I join issue with him. No person can judge in his own case. The delegates seek the passports for themselves. Are they to say that the object of their visit is a matter of national importance? Sir, could you apply this rule to other cases in which passports are issued? Is every private individual to judge for himself whether his is a case of cogent private necessity or not? Such a proposition is absurd. There is, and there can only be, one authority to decide such a point, and that is the authority by which the passports are issued. No man can be allowed to judge for himself in a matter of that kind."

The Resolution was put and the Council divided as follows :—

Ayes—8

The Hon'ble Dr T B Sapru.
The Hon'ble Mr S. Sastri
The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah.
The Hon'ble Mr S. N. Banerjee.
The Hon'ble Pandit B. D. Shukla
The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde.

Noes—34.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.
The Hon'ble Sir William Meyer.
The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill
The Hon'ble Sir Sankaran Nair.
The Hon'ble Sir George Lowndes. •
The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes.

**RESOLUTION *re* DEPUTATION OF INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS AND ALL-INDIA MOSLEM LEAGUE TO ENGLAND;
RESOLUTIONS *re* MILITARY COLLEGE AT QUETTA AND
CADET BATTALIONS IN COLLEGES.**

[25TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*Sir William Vincent; Mr. G. S. Khaparde; The Vice-President.*]

Ayes—8.

Noes—31.

The Hon'ble Mr. V. J. Patel.
The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent.
The Hon'ble Sir Robert Gillan
The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Kesteven.
The Hon'ble Sir Veney Lovett
The Hon'ble Colonel S. L. Aplin.
The Hon'ble Major-General W. R. Edwards.
The Hon'ble Mr. G. B. H. Fell
The Hon'ble Sir Hamilton Grant.
The Hon'ble Mr. F. C. Rose
The Hon'ble Mr. S. R. Hignell
The Hon'ble Sir Edward MacLagan
The Hon'ble Mr. H. Sharp
The Hon'ble Mr. R. A. Mant
The Hon'ble Mr. H. F. Howard.
The Hon'ble Major-General A. H. Bingley.
The Hon'ble Mr. A. P. Muddiman.
The Hon'ble Mr. A. R. Loftus-Tottenham.
The Hon'ble Mr. W. A. Ironside.
The Hon'ble F. J. Monahan.
The Hon'ble Mr. E. H. C. Walsh.
The Hon'ble Khan Zulfikar Ali Khan.
The Hon'ble Sir John Donald
The Hon'ble Mr. W. J. Reid.
The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi.
The Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Thompson
The Hon'ble Rai Krishna Sahay Bahadur.
The Hon'ble Mr. F. S. A. Slocock
The Hon'ble Mr. C. A. Kincaid

The Resolution was therefore rejected.

**RESOLUTIONS *re* MILITARY COLLEGE AT QUETTA
AND CADET BATTALIONS IN COLLEGES.**

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Khaparde:—"Sir, in the earlier part of 12.51 AM, this Session I asked permission to move my Resolutions Nos. 10 and 11 together. I was told that this would have to be brought in as a motion in open Council, and that it could not be done by seeing the Hon'ble Members concerned, so I ask your permission to move these two Resolutions together. They relate to one and the same subject and form part of a scheme which I conceived I was framing in the interests of recruitment."

The Hon'ble the Vice-President:—"I think it will be convenient for the Hon'ble Member to move the two Resolutions together."

The Hon'ble Mr. Khaparde:—"These Resolutions read as follows:—

10. 'This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that, as a beginning towards establishing military colleges in all Provinces, the military college at Quetta be thrown open at once to Indian boys of such qualifications as the Government of India is pleased to prescribe, irrespective of all considerations of caste, creed or colour.'

11. 'This Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that Local Governments be directed to form cadet battalions on the lines of the territorial regiments in Great Britain in all colleges affiliated to Indian Universities, and also to constitute officers' training corps at all Indian University Headquarters to provide for the higher training of duly selected cadets.'

**RESOLUTIONS *re* MILITARY COLLEGE AT QUETTA AND CADET
BATTALIONS IN COLLEGES.**[*Mr. G. S. Khaparde.*]

[25TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

“As I said, these Resolutions were sent in with the idea of stimulating recruiting. It was believed during the Delhi Conference that recruiting was not so satisfactory as we would wish it to be. Now I am very glad to learn that it is proceeding very satisfactorily—in fact if my information is correct, more recruits are coming in than we can adequately or easily train. So that what I intended to be a help in recruiting is going to be, not exactly an embarrassment, but an inconvenience. If I am given to understand that these matters will be taken into consideration after the close of the war, I am willing to ask your permission to withdraw the Resolutions.

— “At present I do not think it is necessary to make any speech in support of them.”

The Resolutions were by leave of the Council, withdrawn.

The Council then adjourned to Thursday, the 26th September 1918.

SIMLA ;
The 1st October, 1918 }

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

**PROCEEDINGS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ASSEMBLED UNDER
THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915.
(5 & 6 Geo. V. CH. 61.)**

THE Council met at the Council Chamber, Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on
Thursday, the 26th September, 1918.

PRESENT :

His Excellency BARON CHELMSFORD, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., G.C.B.E.,
Viceroy and Governor General, *presiding*, and 52 Members, of whom 48
were Additional Members.

STATEMENTS LAID ON THE TABLE.

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent: "My Lord, I lay on the table a statement† showing the districts of the several Provinces where the system of trial by jury obtains, which was promised in reply to a question‡ asked by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel on the 5th September, 1918." 11 A M

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent: "My Lord, I lay on the table a statement‡ showing the newspapers and magazines whose entry into different Provinces has been prohibited, which was promised in reply to a question§ asked by the Hon'ble Mr. Patel on the 9th September, 1918."

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy asked : --

11-2 A M

1. "Will Government be pleased to state how much public money is locked up in commodities which are under control for—
- (1) Purchases on account of the United Kingdom.
- (2) Purchases with a view to re-sell in this country in order to eliminate profiteers.
- (3) Purchases essential for munitions work?"

Public money locked up in commodities under control for purchases.

* *Vide* Appendix D.

† *Vide* page 46 of Council Proceedings of 5th September 1918.

‡ Not included in these Proceedings.

§ *Vide* page 153 of Council Proceedings of 9th September 1918.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[*Sir William Meyer; Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya; Sir William Vincent.*] [26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

The Hon'ble Sir William Meyer replied :—

“(1) The more important among the purchases of controlled commodities on behalf of the United Kingdom are financed through the ordinary trade channels, for example, rice, tea, hides, wheat and other foodgrains, sandbags, beans, oil-seeds, etc. No Government money is therefore locked up in connection with these purchases. Advances made to firms, pending recovery from the Home Government on delivery of the output, are limited to one or two special cases, for example, mica, and the payments on this account awaiting recovery at any time are inconsiderable.

(2) Purchases with a view to resale in India in order to eliminate profiteers are under the control of Local Governments and no information is available as to the amounts, if any, locked up in this way, but it can be safely said that the amounts in question are not large.

(3) This part of the question presumably refers to direct purchases by Government for military and like purposes. I may explain that the purchases falling under this class are not made entirely, or even of necessity mainly, for the Home Government. It has been necessary to build up reserves of military stores, foodstuffs, clothing, etc., to meet demands that may arise for the various Indian Expeditionary Forces as well as for our own requirements. The cost of such reserve stores is charged to a suspense account which is cleared when the stores are actually issued to His Majesty's Government or for Indian requirements. The amount outstanding under the suspense head on the 31st March 1918 is not yet definitely known, as the accounts for 1917-18 will not be finally closed till January 1919. Rough calculations show, however, that the approximate figure was £11·5 million, distributed as follows :—

	£
Supply and Transport	1,800,000
Clothing	1,000,000
Remounts	1,400,000
Medical Stores	400,000
Ordnance	700,000
Other articles under the control of the Munitions Board ...	200,000
Total ...	11,500,000

It is possible that when the accounts are closed, the actual figure will be found to be somewhat higher. It may be added that the whole of the expenditure referred to above was not incurred in India. A large portion of the outlay on clothing, medical stores and ordnance was incurred in England.”

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya asked :—

Reforms suggested by Lord Hardinge before laying down his office.

2. “ Is it a fact that, before laying down his office as Governor General of India, Lord Hardinge submitted a memorandum to the Secretary of State for India in which he suggested that certain reforms should be introduced in India after the war? If so, will Government be pleased to lay the memorandum on the table? ”

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

“ The Hon'ble Member is referred to the Communiqué issued on the 2nd November, 1916, a copy of which is laid on the table. The Government of India have no information whether Lord Hardinge sent privately to the Secretary of State a memorandum of the nature mentioned by the Hon'ble Member.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*Sir William Vincent; Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi; Sir William Meyer.*]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 2nd November 1916.

COMMUNIQUE.

In view of the erroneous impression likely to be created by the statements made in certain organs of the Press that the demands formulated in a Memorandum submitted to the Viceroy by a number of elected members of the Imperial Council follow the lines of a note or despatch on the same subject forwarded to the Secretary of State by Lord Hardinge, the Secretary of State authorises the Government of India to say that no despatch of this character was sent by Lord Hardinge's Government, and that these demands do not correspond with the views expressed by him privately by note or otherwise to the Secretary of State.

J. H. DE BOULAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.***The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi** asked :—

3. "Will Government be pleased to make a statement showing Province by Province

Licenses granted to limited companies under Act XII of 1918.

(a) the number of limited companies which have been granted licenses up-to-date for raising capital under the Indian Companies Restriction Act (XII of 1918);

(b) their respective lines of business;

(c) the aggregate amount of capital they sought permission to raise, and the amount in respect of which license has been granted;

(d) the number and names of all such companies as may have been refused such license up-to-date;

(e) their respective lines of business;

(f) the amount of capital each of them sought permission to raise, and the proportion such amount bears to the total authorised capital and to the amount of capital, if any, they had already raised; and

(g) the reasons for the refusal of a license in each case?"

The Hon'ble Sir William Meyer replied :—

"(a) to (f). Two statements* giving the information for which the Hon'ble Member asks are laid on the table.

(g) In all the cases mentioned in the second statement, licenses were refused because it was considered that permission to raise capital would withdraw money from the market which might otherwise be invested in Government loans, while the objects of the companies concerned or their chances of carrying these into early effect, were not such as to warrant this objection being waived."

* Not included in these Proceedings.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[*Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi* ; [26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]
Sir George Barnes.]

The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi asked :—

Indian
and Cotton
piece-goods

4. “(a) Will Government be pleased to state—

(i) the respective quantities and values of Indian cotton and cotton piece-goods and yarns manufactured in India and exported to foreign countries in 1912, 1913, 1916, 1917 and the first six months of 1918; and

(ii) the respective quantities and values of raw cotton and cotton piece-goods and yarns imported into India in the same years and for the first six months of this year?

(b) Is it a fact that speculation in cotton goods has increased in an extraordinary manner, and that these goods pass at the present moment through the hands of more middlemen and speculators than they used to do before the war?

(c) Has cornering taken place in Calcutta and other places in regard to imported cloths bearing particular trade-marks?

(d) Is distress of a very acute and widespread character prevalent in Bengal and some other Provinces owing to the high prices of cloth?

(e) Have the Government of India invited or received the opinions of any Local Governments on the subject of this distress? If so, will Government be pleased to lay these opinions on the table?

(f) Do Government propose to take any measures for the relief of distress amongst the people due to scarcity of cloths?”

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes replied :—

“(a) With regard to the Hon'ble Member's question marked (a), all the information asked for is contained in the ordinary statistics issued by Government, and I should like to refer him to these publications. However, on this occasion, in order to save the Hon'ble Member trouble, I have had a typewritten copy made of the figures he wishes for, and this copy* I lay upon the table.

(b) Government understand that there has been lately in some centres much speculation in cotton piece-goods.

(c) Government have no information with regard to the cornering of imported cloths bearing particular trade-marks.

(d) There is, I regret to say, a considerable amount of suffering in Bengal and elsewhere owing to the high price of cloth.

(e) Since January last, the Government of India have been in consultation with Local Governments regarding the control of the supply of commodities of general use, including cotton cloth. Much of this correspondence relates to matters which are still under consideration, and cannot be laid on the table consistently with the public interest. The Hon'ble Member is doubtless aware that in a Press Communiqué of the 24th August last, the Government of India published the Report of the Committee which was convened in Bombay in March last to consider the question of the control of cotton cloth. They simultaneously addressed a circular letter, of which a copy* is laid on the table, to Local Governments, explaining the intentions of the Government of India and asking them to send a representative to confer with the officer who is to be placed in charge of the scheme.

(f) I would refer the Hon'ble Member to my reply to a question asked by the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul in this Council on September 19th.”

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.] [*Mr. Malcolm Hogg ; Sir George Barnes ; Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur ; Sir William Vincent ; Sir Robert Gillan.*]

The Hon'ble Mr. Malcolm Hogg asked :—

5. “(a) Since the prohibition of the export of pearls from India, have any special permissions to export pearls been granted to any firms or persons? Prohibition of export of pearls from India.

(b) If the answer to (a) is in the affirmative, will Government be pleased to lay on the table a list of such permissions, with the quantity for which each permission was granted and the special grounds on which it was granted?”

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes replied :—

“I lay on the table a statement*, showing particulars of the only cases—four in number, in which permission has been given to export pearls, since the prohibition was imposed.”

The Hon'ble Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur, asked :—

6. “(a) With reference to the reply given on the 27th February last to my question on the subject, will Government be pleased to lay on the table a statement of the views of Local Governments *re* the investigation of the indigenous system of medicine? Investigation of the indigenous system of medicine.

(b) What further action do the Government of India propose to take in the matter?”

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

“(a) The views of the Local Governments and Administrations are summed up in a statement† which I lay on the table.

(b) The matter is under consideration. In reply to his question on the subject in February last, the Hon'ble Member was informed that the Government of India were awaiting the opinion of the Committee of the All-India Ayurvedic and Unani Tibbi Conference. That opinion is still awaited.”

The Hon'ble Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur, asked :—

7. “(a) Is it a fact that third class passengers at important junction stations particularly at the terminal stations such as Egmore and the central station in Madras suffer great hardship because the ticket window is not kept open sufficiently early so as to expedite the sale of tickets to the large number of passengers, that some passengers have to pay heavy *bakshis* to obtain tickets, and that tickets are refused at the last moment? Hardship of third class passengers in obtaining tickets.

(b) Do Government propose to suggest to all Railway Administrations measures to remedy these evils?”

The Hon'ble Sir Robert Gillan replied :—

“A reference to the Time Tables and Coaching Tariffs of Railways shows that Railway Administrations arrange to keep booking offices open sufficiently long before the departure of trains to obviate inconvenience to intending passengers. No specific complaint has been received regarding the Central Station, Madras. A complaint received from the Railway Passengers' Association, Saidapet, regarding Egmore was referred to the Railway Administration, when it appeared that most of the points brought to notice had already been

* *Vide* Appendix A to these Proceedings.
† *Vide* Appendix B to these Proceedings.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[*Sir Robert Gillan ; Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma ; Sir William Vincent.*] [26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

attended to, and a satisfactory settlement effected at a meeting between the General Traffic Manager of the Railway and representatives of the Association. Railway servants are forbidden to accept illegal gratifications, and if they demand and accept wrongful payments before issue of tickets to passengers, they lay themselves open to criminal prosecution. The remedy for the evil where it exists lies, so far as the travelling public are concerned, in a prompt and definite complaint to the Agent of the Railway concerned.

(b) The question of ameliorating the conditions of 3rd class travel has been receiving the careful attention of railways and of the Railway Board. In this connection I lay on the table* for the information of the Hon'ble Member; copies of three letters recently issued by the Board to Railway Administrations and Senior Government Inspectors."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

Looting of
grain and
cloth shops
in the
Madras
Presidency.

8. "Is it a fact that riots accompanied by looting of grain and cloth shops occurred in the city of Madras and several mofussil towns, including district headquarters such as Vizagapatam, Anakapally, Ellore, Madura, Salem, Sathanur near Paramakudi, etc., in the Madras Presidency?"

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

"It is a fact that riots accompanied by looting of grain and cloth have occurred in the areas mentioned by the Hon'ble Member."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

Incidents in
connection
with rec-
ruitment in
the Punjab.

9. "(a) Will the Government be pleased to state whether the following incidents occurred in the Punjab in connection with recruitment in the said Province—

- (i) a Tahsildar was murdered in the district of Shahpur ;
- (ii) armed police fired on a large body of landholders at Leiah under the orders of a Magistrate accompanying them ;
- (iii) a similar incident occurred in the Shahpur district ;
- (iv) the Deputy Commissioners of Multan and Sialkot were roughly handled by certain villagers ?

(b) Have any inquiries been made and with what result ?

(c) What steps have been taken to prevent collision between the people and the officers ?"

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

"(a) A Tahsildar engaged in recruiting work was murdered in the Shahpur district. At Leiah and also in the Shahpur district, the police were forced in self-defence to fire on large mobs which attacked them. The Deputy Commissioner of Multan was assaulted when recruiting, but no report has been received of any assault on the Deputy Commissioner of Sialkot.

(b) Certain arrests have been made in connection with the murder of the Tahsildar, and proceedings are being taken against the property of those accused who are still absconding. The case of the rioters at Leiah is at present under trial, while the appeals of all those persons convicted for their part in the riot in the Shahpur district have been dismissed by the Chief Court.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[20th SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[Sir William Vincent ; Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma ; Sir Claude Hill ; Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee.]

(c) The Local Government has impressed on all its officers the necessity for discretion and tact in the matter of recruitment and the inexpediency of using the police for this work."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma asked :—

10. "(a) Is it a fact that the south-west monsoon has failed in several parts of India, including the greater portion of the Madras Presidency ?

Railway facilities afforded for the carriage of food stuffs and cloths in the Madras Presidency.

(b) Is it a fact that foodstuffs are being exported from this country in large quantities, and that from April to July 1918, the value thereof exceeded that of the corresponding four months during 1917-18 ?

(c) What steps do Government propose to take to enable the poor to buy foodstuffs at reasonable prices ?

(d) Do Government intend to direct that Railway facilities should be immediately afforded for the supply of food stuffs and cloths in the Madras Presidency ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill replied :—

"(a) There has been a partial failure of the monsoon in several parts of India, including a portion of the Madras Presidency, but the position was much improved by the rain which fell about a month ago and again last week in Madras, and if more rain comes within a month, the prospects of the spring crops will be generally good.

(b) The value of the exports of grain, pulse and flour during the four months April to July 1918 exceeded the value exported in the corresponding period of 1917 by less than 5 per cent. This increase was entirely due to exports of rice, mainly from Burma, which had large surplus stocks wanting a market. In the periods referred to the value of rice exports rose from 5½ crores to 9 crores, while wheat exports fell from about 8 crores to a little over 4 crores.

(c) The Hon'ble Member's attention is invited to paragraph 4 of the statement laid on the table in reply to a similar question asked by the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur B. D. Shukul on the 11th September 1918.* This statement shows the action already taken or under contemplation in the different provinces to prevent speculation and regulate prices of various articles (including food grains). I may add that the problem of securing adequate food supplies, which is largely one of distribution, is receiving the continual and anxious attention of the Central Transport and Foodstuffs and Communications Boards.

(d) The whole situation was reviewed and considered at the Conference of Directors of Civil Supplies convened at Nagpur in August, and it will be reviewed again at a further Conference to be held next month, and as a result of the deliberations of the former meeting, Government have already taken steps materially to increase the space allotted for the transport of necessary supplies to the Madras Presidency both by rail and sea."

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee asked :—

11. "(a) Has the attention of Government been drawn to the serious riots which recently took place in Calcutta and in Madras ?

Calcutta and Madras riots.

(b) Will Government be pleased to state—

(i) whether the authorities concerned had received any information beforehand of the likelihood of these disturbances ;

(ii) whether precautionary measures, if any, had been taken to prevent them ;

(iii) why such measures did not produce the desired results ; and

(iv) what were the causes of these disturbances ?"

* Vide page 213 of Council Proceedings of 11th September 1918.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS; THE INDIAN COMPANIES
(FOREIGN INTERESTS) BILL; THE INDIAN DEFENCE
FORCE (FOREIGN SERVICE) BILL; THE BRONZE COIN
(LEGAL TENDER) BILL.

[*Sir William Vincent; Sir George Barnes;
His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief
in India; Sir William Meyer.*]

[26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

The Hon'ble Sir William Vincent replied :—

“The Government of India have been in communication with the Governments of Bengal and Madras on the subject of these disturbances. They have been informed that the situation in Calcutta is now quite satisfactory, and the Government of Bengal are issuing a Resolution dealing with the matter.”

**THE INDIAN COMPANIES (FOREIGN INTERESTS)
BILL.**

11-14 A.M.

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes :—“My Lord, I beg to move that the Bill to take power to prohibit the alteration, except with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, of articles of association which restrict foreign interests in certain Companies, and to provide for other purposes connected therewith, be taken into consideration. I explained, my Lord, the object of this Bill when it was introduced. Its intention is to prevent companies which have adopted articles of association with the approval of Government, in order to sever themselves from enemy control, from altering those articles of association without the consent of the Governor General in Council.”

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes :—“I beg to move, my Lord, that the Bill be now passed. I should inform your Lordship that no criticisms have been received.”

The motion was put and agreed to.

**THE INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE (FOREIGN SERVICE)
AMENDMENT BILL.**

11-16 A.M.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India :—“My Lord, I beg to move that the Bill to provide that certain persons deemed to be enrolled under the Indian Defence Force Act, 1917, shall be liable to serve as well without the limits of India as within those limits, and that when so serving, they shall be subject to the said Act, be taken into consideration.”

The motion was put and agreed to.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India :—“My Lord, I beg to move that the Bill be now passed.”

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE BRONZE COIN (LEGAL TENDER) BILL.

11-17 A.M.

The Hon'ble Sir William Meyer :—“My Lord, I beg to move that the Bill to provide that certain bronze coins coined outside British India shall be legal tender in British India be taken into consideration. As I said when introducing the Bill the other day, the objects of it are fully explained in the Statement of Objects and Reasons, and we have had no criticism on it at all.”

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir William Meyer :—“My Lord, I beg to move that the Bill be now passed.”

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE INDUSTRIAL COMPULSION BILL.

[26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.*]

THE INDUSTRIAL COMPULSION BILL.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India :—“ My Lord, I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to provide that certain persons liable to military service under the Indian Defence Force Act, 1917, should be liable to perform war work. The object of this Bill is explained in the Statement of Objects and Reasons accompanying the Bill. Certain industries are at present of national importance owing to the outturn of the factories and workshops engaged in them being essential to the maintenance of the troops in the field. The working of these industries, which have expanded considerably since the commencement of the war and are still continuing to expand, involves the employment of men with special technical training and knowledge. In pre-war days these specialists were largely recruited from England, but owing to the operation of the Military Service Acts and the demands of Munitions factories at Home, such recruitment has now become very difficult, and in fact practically impossible. It is accordingly necessary to utilise, to the fullest extent, the services of persons available in India who possess the necessary technical qualifications and training. 11-18 A.M.

“ Experience has shown that Government employés whose services are essential to the working of Munitions factories and workshops have been induced from time to time to relinquish such employment in order temporarily to take up more remunerative work under private firms who are not always engaged solely on war work. It is imperative that this tendency should be stopped, so that all factories engaged fully and only in war work may be kept up to the highest pitch of efficiency. Work in such factories is as essential as active service in the field, and its dislocation may easily result in serious depreciation of our fighting capacity, as the loss of a single foreman may throw out of action a large body of artisans. We have, in fact, on various occasions released technical specialists from the Army, not only for Government factories, but for employment by firms engaged on war work.

“ In order that the services of those who have technical knowledge may be utilised to the best advantage of the State, it is essential that Government should have power to control their employment. The simplest way of securing this is, to treat such employment as military service. The present Bill is designed to give effect to this idea.

“ The Bill, as explained in the Statement of Objects and Reasons, provides for taking power by an Order in writing to require any member of the European portion of the Indian Defence Force, whether in possession of an exemption certificate or not, to take up or continue any employment in any industry declared to be of national importance by the Governor General in Council. Persons in respect of whom such an order has been made will be deemed to have been called upon to perform actual military duty, as the case may be, according as they belong to the general military service or the local military service class.

“ It is intended to pay reasonable salaries to men employed on technical work, and the provision made for this in the Bill will be worked to the satisfaction of all reasonable men. The services of the Selection Committees formed under the Indian Defence Force Act will be utilised in choosing the persons required for particular forms of war work. It is not proposed to employ these men in private businesses, whether engaged on Government work or not. The power which we propose to take will not be exercised, except for the purposes of Government service and industrial concerns under Government in which Government may control the profits as well as the output. This should ensure that no undue demand will be made either on the employers of labour or on the

THE INDUSTRIAL COMPULSION BILL.

[*The Commander-in-Chief in India ; Mr. Malcolm Hogg.*]

[20TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

men themselves, and every reasonable endeavour, consistent with obtaining our object, will be made to avoid interference with private employment. It is fully realised, however, that the measure closely affects private firms and the skilled hands whom they employ, and it is for this reason that we are doing no more than introduce the Bill this Session. In the interval between now and the February Session, private firms and Chambers of Commerce will have ample opportunity of discussing its provisions, and any opinions or suggestions which they may wish to put forward will be fully considered when the discussion on the Bill takes place next Session.

“ With these remarks, I beg to move for leave to introduce the Bill.”

11-24 A.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. Malcolm Hogg:—“ My Lord, I do not think it will be denied that this Bill raises wide issues of very considerable importance. In support of this statement I need only point out that the Bill proposes to introduce the principle of industrial conscription, of compulsory industrial service, a principle which, as far as I know, has not been accepted in any portion of the British Empire, and which has certainly been vigorously and successfully resisted in England. Further, the Bill proposes to utilise the Indian Defence Force Act for a purpose for which that Act was not intended when it was passed in this Council. Now, a Bill which raises issues of this importance must, I think, naturally meet with a certain amount of *prima facie* opposition from those concerned. If that opposition is to be overcome, and if the consent of those concerned is to be obtained, it is essential that Government should make out a very strong case for the passing of the Bill. It is not, I think, enough to show that the objects aimed at are necessary objects, objects of national importance, but it is also essential to show that those objects cannot be attained by simpler and less drastic methods. Now, I understand, that the objects of this Bill are really two. The first is, to prevent men who are already employed in Government factories on essential war work from leaving that work for more remunerative employment elsewhere. The second is, to enable Government to secure the services of a limited number of additional men of similar qualifications for similar work in Government factories. Now, no one will dispute the proposition that Government factories engaged on war work must be kept adequately staffed, nor will it be disputed that for that purpose Government must have a reasonable measure of control over their existing employees, and every assistance from the industrial community in obtaining such further employees as are required, if available. But, I think, it will strike every one that the objects of this Bill, important as they are, are of comparatively restricted scope, while the provisions of it raise issues of far-reaching importance, and at first sight certainly appear to be somewhat out of proportion to the requirements. I think that Hon'ble Members of this Council will ask themselves whether it is not possible to attain these objects by some simpler and less drastic methods. This Bill has only been before Hon'ble Members of this Council for some 36 hours, and I do not think, therefore, that the Council will expect me to attempt to answer that question to-day, but on the answer to that question my own ultimate attitude to this Bill must depend. If, therefore, I do not oppose the introduction of this Bill to-day, I do not wish to be understood as necessarily assenting either to its principles or to its detailed provisions. I must reserve to myself full liberty to oppose the Bill, either in part or in whole, at a later stage if, after due consideration by my community, such opposition appears to be necessary. My reason for not opposing the Bill to-day is, that I fully recognise Government's difficulties in the matter, and I also fully recognise that a way out of those difficulties must be found. But, in this connection, I feel bound to say that, in seeking a solution of these difficulties, I do not think that Government have followed the best possible method. In a matter of this sort when Government require a limited number of men with special qualifications, I should have thought that the first thing to do would have been to have stated their

THE INDUSTRIAL COMPULSION BILL.

[26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*Mr. Malcolm Hogg; Mr. W. A. Ironside.*]

difficulties fully and frankly to the European industrial community, from whose ranks these men are required, to have asked that community if the men were available, and to have invited their co-operation in securing them. I feel perfectly certain that, if that course had been pursued, the co-operation asked for would have been most willingly given. I do wish to impress most earnestly upon Government that the European community are only too anxious to co-operate with Government, and more particularly to co-operate in war work, and that we very much prefer to give co-operation rather than criticism. But by the course which has been pursued in this matter, we are put in the position that in order to co-operate we must criticise first. Now, I may be told that I am splitting hairs and drawing a distinction without a difference. But I do assure your Lordship that there is a very real difference in this matter. It is one thing to say to the industrial community 'we want such and such men with such and such qualifications, can you help us to get them?' If that course is pursued, not only would the co-operation of the industrial community be assured, but if that method of getting the men should fail, and if you should subsequently have to adopt more drastic measures, you would, to a great extent, disarm criticism. It is, I submit, quite a different thing to say to the industrial community, without having previously consulted them or invited their assistance, 'we make certain drastic legislative proposals; our object in making those legislative proposals is only to get a limited number of men, and you need not therefore fear that these drastic measures will be generally or to any great extent applied.' That course inevitably irritates public opinion. It creates a certain feeling of distrust, a feeling that Government have shown some lack of frankness in dealing with these particular needs, and in inviting the co-operation of the community in meeting those needs. When once those feelings of public irritation are aroused, they are not easily allayed, and they do not tend to create an atmosphere favourable to that whole-hearted co-operation which the European community is genuinely desirous of giving to Government in these matters.

"I have dwelt on this matter perhaps at some length, but it is because I feel most earnestly and most sincerely that it would be as much in the interests of Government as in the interests of my own community, and that it would do much to facilitate co-operation in war work between my community and Government, if, in matters of this nature which particularly affect my community and which deal with Government's needs for war work, we were taken into Government's confidence fully and frankly at an earlier stage than has been done in this case."

The Hon'ble Mr. W. A. Ironside :—"My Lord, I hesitate to strike any jarring note of dissent to a Bill such as this to provide man-power for national service, particularly in case that any words of mine may be open to misconstruction. The circumstances, however, are, I think, peculiar and demand at this stage some criticism, particularly in view of recent happenings, and particularly perhaps because the community in Calcutta, which I have the honour to represent, is so largely bound up with the industrial life of this country. This is the third amendment of the Indian Defence Force Act during the present Session. Perhaps the Government believe in the precept of Dickens' Immortal character Mrs. Gummidge Little and often? With all respect, my Lord, I make bold to say that the Bill seems to point to a policy of unmerited mistrust, shall I say, of the British European community, particularly the large industrial community in Calcutta and elsewhere. When the Defence Force Act was first instituted and discussed with His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in Calcutta, certain definite assurances were given on both sides, and every one of those assurances have on both sides been loyally and honestly carried out in a mutual feeling of good-will and trust, one to the other. But I think that the Act never contemplated anything beyond military obligations, and those of a

11-33 A.M.

THE INDUSTRIAL COMPULSION BILL.

[*Mr. W. A. Ironside.*]

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definite character. These naturally have been extended from time to time, and the extensions have been accepted cheerfully and loyally, on the full understanding that the original assurances had perforce to be tempered by necessities brought about by time and other changes. But, I think, I am correct in stating that my community in Calcutta will look on this proposal as rather hasty and ill-timed. In the original Act Government took the people of Bengal, and I think the whole of India, entirely into their confidence, and I cannot understand why they have not done so in the present case. You have laid yourself open to a charge which was actually included in a telegram which I received last night of breach of faith. I am aware that the powers that you seek may not amount to much, but the methods you have adopted appear so open to misconstruction, particularly to those uninitiated in the necessities and methods of Government. We feel you have laid our community open to the charge, shall we say, of disloyalty, and opposition to national service by this seeming necessity for compulsion and for reasons which, I believe, are quite inadequate and unreasonable. Had you been able to prove the necessity for this measure, I should not have thought of speaking at all. I attended one short Conference, my Lord, the other day when we discussed the question of the urgency of man-power for Government service. All we heard about was a few tailors, mechanical engineers and a number of supervisors for Stores on, I am rather afraid, inadequate salaries, and as a result of that meeting, I think my Hon'ble friend the Member for the Bombay Chamber, and myself were mutually of opinion that the whole of Government's requirements could be met in a very few days by personal application to the Chambers of Commerce and Trades Associations in both towns. But you are apparently insecure as to your premises, and if the objects and reasons for the measure are urgent, why not pass the Bill at once, why wait for six months for criticism? Would you like us to move that a committee of officials and non-officials be appointed to discuss the matter? If this measure is of national importance, why wait until next year?

" If it is not a necessity to-day, why waste time over it just now? My Lord, I hesitate to use the words, but we look on this measure as one of the pin-pricking order. My Lord, I shall doubtless be reminded again of what I said at Delhi, and, I would take this opportunity of explaining my action at Delhi. There we heard a great deal about the fullest possible use of the available man-power of the country. In order not to spoil the harmony of the proceedings, I withheld information which I had with me; I felt indeed that Government was out to cut away all top-hamper and get on with business. I could have given you then the names of scores of men who, in excess of zeal, had relinquished good posts to serve their country, and who were eating their hearts out acting in posts practically as junior clerks in various parts of the country on work which their Babus at home could have done equally efficiently; of men who, after throwing up lucrative and comfortable posts at home, waited for six and nine months for replies to their applications for Commissions of highly skilled technical men turned back, too old at 40. We had indeed come to the conclusion at that date that Government did not require any more men, and I know for a fact that young men in Calcutta were moving heaven and earth to get away from India and join the forces in Europe. And now in the light of my visit to Simla, I think I can go back to Calcutta with the firm conviction that the available man-power of military value exists in Simla in greater degree than it does in Calcutta. I expected a severe and salutary lesson in my duty to my country but I am going back to Calcutta, where the pressure of work is every bit as great, where the hours are every bit as long, and where the temperature and humidity is above the Simla average. My Lord, as a result of the Delhi Conference, the Military Department of the Government of India, forwarded us a letter dated

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the 1st June 1918, through our Provincial Government. Let me read one or two extracts from it:—

'As a result of the recent Delhi Conference, the Government of India have under consideration measures for increasing the armed forces of India to the utmost possible extent; in order to enable this country to exert its whole strength in the cause of the Empire * * *

'The Government of India believe that, apart from the Imperial and Provincial Services which have already contributed so largely to the increase in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, there are still many Europeans of military age in India employed in commercial firms, and other business concerns, or earning their living as journalists, brokers, lawyers, etc., occupations which cannot be classed as essential war industries: many gentlemen of these classes would be suitable for service as officers or subordinates in either the combatant or the non-combatant branches of the Indian Army. * * *

'I am accordingly to request that the whole question of European man-power may be examined and that the Government of India may be favoured with your views as soon as possible. In several provinces the Local Government will have the assistance of Chambers of Commerce, Trades Associations and the Provincial Controllers of Munitions, in framing proposals'

And further down it is said:—

'It is difficult to give a complete list of occupations, industries or trades which can be considered non-essential for the prosecution of the war, and the question must, in a large measure, be left to the decision of the local Committees. The Government of India are, however, of opinion that the number of Europeans of military age employed as actors, musicians, shop assistants, hair-dressers, etc, or engaged in trade as tailors, drapers, furniture makers, jewellers, photographers, booksellers, music sellers, art dealers, and many other occupations of the same nature, could be reduced without difficulty, and their places taken by women to a larger extent than is the case at present'

I submit, my Lord, that the gentleman who wrote that letter knew nothing whatever about Calcutta. Our proposals, however, to comply with this request were at once decided upon, conveyed and accepted, I think, within seven days by the Bengal Government, and the two large organisations in Calcutta, the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and the Calcutta Trades Association, got to work. Our members loyally supported us, and the Committees that were appointed, I assure you, worked hard and long. They are still finishing up. The budget of papers that I have here, my Lord, comprises the return of one firm, 250 men, and these are the epitomised figures for the whole of the men belonging to firms of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce. I will just give you a few figures. The total number of British firms in the Chamber is 185; the total number of European British-born subjects employed by these firms is roughly 3,399, say, 3,400 men. The present staff of those firms is 2,757. We have released for military service, not national service in Simla and other such places, but for national service in the field, 590 men out of the original number of 3,399. Out of that number 6 were Anglo-Indians, that is, roughly, 584 imported Europeans out of a total force of British-born subjects of 3,400. And we are prepared to release now, as a result of these papers, 98 more Europeans and 69 Anglo-Indians, a total of 167. The Committees who have examined these figures have gone into them thoroughly, man by man and firm by firm, and they have suggested to the firms 19 further Europeans and 21 Anglo-Indians, a total of 40 more men, altogether 200, these we are prepared to offer you. You have had already 600, it will now be 800. I think, my Lord, I have said enough. We have never failed you; we never will fail you, but you have gone to that same well often, and I do ask you earnestly in a matter of this sort to be careful not to risk that the pitcher may one day come away empty."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"My Lord, 11-49 A.M.
I strongly support the very well-reasoned and forceful appeal that has been made by the Hon'ble Mr. Ironside. There are only just a few remarks I will add to it. He rightly complained that the measure indicates a mistrust of the European community. I am sorry to add, my Lord, that it indicates a mistrust of the Indian community also. I thought, my Lord, that, in this matter at

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any rate, there might be an effort made to find out whether from the ranks of educated Indians men could not be found who could be trained for technical work during the time that lies between now and the time when these men will be required for service. I think that, having regard to what has been said by the Hon'ble Mr. Hogg and the Hon'ble Mr. Ironside, and also having regard to the period of time that is available to Government, an earnest, honest effort should be made to train as many Indians as it may be possible to, for the kind of work that is in contemplation. That is all I have to say."

11-50 A.M.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India:—"My Lord, I have listened with great sympathy to the speeches which have been delivered by my Hon'ble friends Mr. Hogg and Mr. Ironside. This Bill has undoubtedly been interpreted by them in a way which was never intended when it was prepared.

"The Hon'ble Members will agree with me that the present war is one of great magnitude, that it is increasing from month to month, and that demands to an increasing extent are made on the Government of India, and we are compelled to meet those demands with the very least delay that is possible. India is required to respond to these calls in an increasing degree, and we cannot afford to waste time or delay in responding to them. In fact, our duty is to respond with the very least delay that is possible, and that is really all that we have in mind. There is no reason whatever for imagining that we have any suspicion of our brother Englishmen out here. I do hope that my remarks will dispel any such idea.

"I am quite certain that both Mr. Hogg and Mr. Ironside know perfectly well that we are prepared to meet them on every occasion, and that we always tell them quite frankly what our needs are. They know perfectly well that, as far as the Indian Defence Force Act is concerned, we have tried to meet all their difficulties and adjusted our measures accordingly. We have nothing else in our minds but the prosecution of the war, and the demonstration of India's ability to respond to any demand that is made on her with the least possible delay. We are carrying out this policy with full sympathy for the work that our brethren are doing for us in Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and elsewhere, and with the full intention of doing nothing which will disturb the important work in which they are engaged. They cannot say that we have ever done anything to disturb them. Therefore, let them take that as our assurance. They seem to be hurt because this Bill has been brought in without their knowledge. We had no desire to hurt them. The only people we desire to hurt are our enemies; we have no desire to hurt our friends. Is not that obvious? Why then, I ask, should they take umbrage in this way. It is not reasonable for them to come here and make this laboured attack on us. I am not getting angry, but I do say that it is not reasonable as Englishmen for you to come here and make in these contemptuous tones this attack on us. We want to work with you, why not, therefore, ascribe to us the same good faith that we ascribe to you? At the same time, I do not want to have any recriminations over this. Our aims are the same as Mr. Hogg's aims and Mr. Ironside's aims and the aims of those whom they represent in Bombay and in Calcutta. This Bill is now merely being introduced, and, because we give them this notice, my Hon'ble friend Mr. Ironside gets up and gets very angry. What would he say if we gave him no notice? What does he want? And why the special pleading that, because the Bill is not wanted now, why should it be wanted six months hence? Our object is a perfectly honest one. We bring forward this Bill and we ask you, gentlemen, who know what the temper of the people is, and how they can be best employed in Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and elsewhere, to help us. There

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is nothing else we have got in mind, and I do hope that the Hon'ble gentlemen will now be satisfied that we have nothing else before us, but to get on with the war, to terminate it and to show that India can respond to all the calls that are made on her with the least possible delay. That is the only reason why we have brought this measure in. In the interval, we shall be prepared to receive these, our friends, into our confidence. We have got nothing to hide from them; we trust them, and I hope they will trust us.

"With these few words, my Lord, I will sit down, and I do hope that all this turmoil and excitement that has been got up about this very innocuous measure will now subside."

The motion was put and agreed to.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief:—"My Lord, I beg to introduce the Bill, and to move that the Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, be published in the Gazette of India and in the local official Gazettes in English."

The Hon'ble Sir Claude Hill:—"My Lord, if I am in order, I should like to say a word with reference to one observation of the Hon'ble Mr. Ironside's, in which he took credit for the fact that his community in Calcutta had surrendered a proportion which, from his figures, I gather to be approximately 12 per cent of the people whom he represents. I may say that one department of the Government, for which I happen to have figures, namely, the Public Works Department, has, from its superior staff, surrendered 40 per cent." 11-57 A.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. A. Ironside:—"My Lord, I should like to correct that. Of the original staff of 3,400, we have surrendered 600, and we are offering 200 more. The original 3,400 comprised everybody who was a European British-born subject. Out of the 600 who have gone all but 6 are British subjects, mainly men from home, consequently, we are nearly 60 per cent short of our original senior staff." 11-58 A.M.

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE COTTON CLOTH BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes:—"My Lord, I beg to move that the Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to take powers to provide for the cheap supply of cotton cloth to the poorer classes of the community be taken into consideration. This Bill, my Lord, was explained by me at some length when leave was asked to introduce it on the opening day of the present Session. Its object, my Lord, as I then told Council, is to alleviate in some measure the serious hardship which has been caused to the poorer classes by the great rise which has taken place in the price of cotton piece-goods." 11-59 A.M.

"Subsequently the Bill was referred to a Select Committee consisting of the following Hon'ble Members:—"

1. Sir George Lowndes.
2. Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy.
3. Rai Sita Nath Ray Bahadur.
4. Mr. Muddiman.
5. Sir Dinshaw Wacha.
6. Mr. Sarma.
7. Mr. Ironside.
8. Sir Verney Lovett.
9. Mr. C. B. Low, and
10. Myself.

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The Select Committee met and unanimously agreed upon certain amendments which I will shortly mention.

"Sir Dinshaw Wacha and Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy had intended to move an amendment in Select Committee with regard to forward contracts, but unfortunately by inadvertence they omitted to do so. Consequently, though the Report of the Select Committee is absolutely unanimous with regard to its recommendations, Sir Dinshaw Wacha and Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy signed it reserving to themselves the right, if so advised, of moving an amendment at a later stage of the Bill dealing with the question of forward contracts.

"The first amendment made by the Select Committee is a special power inserted in sub-clause (2) of clause 4 giving the Controller power to prescribe the manner in which standard cloth shall be marked. This was the suggestion of Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, and while at first he questioned whether it would be possible to mark standard cloth so that every yard of it should be recognisable, he subsequently agreed that efficient marking was quite feasible by running a coloured thread down the selvage of each piece of standard cloth.

"In sub-clause (2) (c) of clause 4 we inserted a few words to make it clear that a manufacturer might at his own risk pass on his obligation to manufacture standard cloth to another manufacturer by such private arrangement as he thought fit. Both Sir Dinshaw Wacha and Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy thought that this would be a great convenience to some mills which were adapted to weaving only the finer counts.

"In the last proviso to sub-clause (2) (d) a few words were inserted to make it clear that, while in normal circumstances the Controller should fix a flat rate governing mills in the same locality, he should have power to depart from this rule where special reasons existed.

"In the Bill as it originally stood, there was a power to inspect books. This Sir Dinshaw Wacha and Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy thought might be unduly harassing to the mills, and they urged us to trust the mill-owners. The Committee took into consideration the other powers conferred on the Controller, and decided to delete the power of inspection.

"An alteration of some importance was made in clause 5 of the Bill so as to provide that, where the majority of the Committee who have been consulted by the Controller differ from his opinion, the matter must be referred to the Government of India. In the Bill as it originally stood, reference was only to be made if the Committee were all opposed to the Controller's view.

"Clause 8 of the Bill has been modified so as to penalise misuse of any mark prescribed by the Controller.

"At the end of sub-clause (3) of clause 9, some words were inserted in order to impress on Local Governments the necessity for the utmost publicity with regard to prices fixed for standard cloth.

"At the suggestion of Mr. Sarma the penalty imposed by sub-clause (2) of clause 10 has been increased from three months to six months, and I think Council will agree that a severe penalty is needed to prevent the sale of standard cloth at a price higher than the price fixed by the Local Government.

"This enumerates, I think, all the changes made of any importance by the Select Committee. The other changes may be described as drafting changes only.

"After the meeting of the Select Committee the question was discussed with Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy and Sir Dinshaw Wacha whether an amendment was on the whole either necessary or desirable with regard to forward contracts.

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Eventually after discussion an amendment was agreed upon, which Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy will move, and which Sir Dinshaw Wacha, who is unfortunately not able to be present here to-day, has authorised me to say is entirely satisfactory to him.

“ At the same time that the Bill was being discussed by the Select Committee here, a very important Conference was being held in Bombay under the chairmanship of Mr. Noyce. At this meeting the Bombay Mill-owners Association, the Bombay and Cawnpore Chambers of Commerce, the Cotton Contracts Committee, the Ahmedabad Mill-owners Association, and the Bombay Native Piece-goods Merchants Association were all represented. In addition, the Directors of Civil Supplies or other representatives were present from Madras, the Punjab, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Assam, the United Provinces, the Central Provinces, Baluchistan, Central India, Baroda and Indore. I think it would be well that I should refer very shortly to some of the matters which were touched upon at the Bombay Conference. The discussion which took place at the Conference and the work done by it have been, I think, most valuable, and will prove to be of great assistance to Mr. Noyce as Controller in working out the details of the scheme.

“ One of the most important matters discussed at the Conference was the subject of the existing stocks in the country. Without doubt these stocks are at the present time large. The census which we have lately taken of stocks at the ports shows a much larger amount of cloth in hand than was estimated, and, I think, that it is a safe assumption that the returns are not on the high side. We may take it that no one has made a return of a larger amount than he actually holds, and it may be that some persons have omitted to make a full disclosure. Mr. Noyce informs me that the view taken by the Conference generally was that stocks were being unreasonably withheld from the market in the hope of obtaining higher prices, in many cases by those not accustomed to deal in cotton goods. I hope that the speculators who are trying to make a profit by these means will take warning in time and unload their stocks in the market.

“ In regard to the distribution of standard cloth, the view taken by the majority of the Conference was that, in addition to the distribution of cloth by means of Government, municipal or local board shops, the agency of licensed dealers should be utilised, if Local Governments considered it suitable. The representatives of the mill industry were, however, of opinion that licensed dealers should not form part of the scheme for the distribution of standard cloth. This difficult matter, and we are fully alive to its difficulty, must be left to be worked out by each of the Provinces, but the Controller will be instructed not to issue standard cloth to any Province until that Province has satisfied him that an efficient scheme of distribution exists.

“ Another important subject discussed was the control of the price of raw cotton. The Conference was of opinion that it was impossible, and that, if possible, it would be unwise to attempt to control directly the price of raw cotton in India. We must remember that India is not alone in this matter, and that America is a far larger producer of cotton than India. If the United States decide upon a policy of control, then some scheme of control might be worked out for Indian cotton in order to secure Indian parity. Apart from any direct control of the price of raw cotton, it was suggested by some members of the Conference that a system of licensing exports should be adopted, and the opinion was expressed that a policy based on these lines would have a most salutary effect. It is of course quite clear that any restriction of export of raw cotton would have the effect of artificially reducing the price of cotton for the Indian mills, but we must not forget that it would also have the effect of reducing the price of the raw cotton exported.

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“The amount of surplus cotton which India has year by year to export is large—I think that last year the amount exported was about 5,700,000 cwts.—and an artificial reduction in price consequently would entail a heavy net loss to India and a proportionately large present to our customers abroad. This side of the question must not be lost sight of. Though there are strong economic reasons against a policy of restriction of export for the purpose of producing an artificial reduction of the price of raw cotton, a policy of imposing some restriction on export might become alike desirable and necessary if there appeared to be any risk of a deficiency in the supply of raw cotton for the use of our Indian mills. We must watch the position and be careful to safeguard, if necessary, the supplies of our own mills.

“At the Conference the various representatives from the Provinces were asked what their requirements of standard cloth were likely to be. The only Provinces which were in a position to give a definite statement of what they would want were Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Assam. The Bengal representatives estimated their requirements at nearly 4 million yards a month. The Bihar and Orissa representatives said that they would need the same amount, and the Assam representative estimated the requirements for his Province at 2 million yards monthly. The other Provincial representatives expressed their inability to furnish a definite statement until they were in a position to see the samples of the cloth it was proposed to standardise and particulars of the price fixed for it. Mr. Noyce, who has come up to Simla after attending the Conference, reports to me that he has received assurances from the representatives of the mill-owners of Bombay, Ahmedabad, Cawnpore and Madras of their willingness to co-operate in the scheme to the utmost, and to assist us in every way that they possibly can, and I should like to tender them my best thanks to-day. By the kindness of the Agents of the textile mills in Bombay, a sample cloth which they thought suitable for standardisation was woven during Mr. Noyce's short visit to Bombay, which I have brought with me to-day. This sample was submitted to the representatives of Bengal, who pronounced it to be exactly what they required. The specification of it is 20s warp and 20s weft, 32 reed and 32 pick, and the price was estimated at about 5½ annas a square yard in Bombay. I have brought this sample with me to-day in case Members of this Council might like to inspect it.

“I beg to move, my Lord, that the Bill be taken into consideration.”

The motion was put and agreed to.

12-15 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy —: My Lord, with your Lordship's permission, I beg to move the amendment which stands in my name and which runs as follows: ‘That in clause 4 to the first proviso to (a) of sub-clause (2) of the Bill as amended by the Select Committee, the following should be added, namely:—

‘and if the Controller is satisfied that the manufacturer has incurred actual loss arising out of forward contracts entered into before the commencement of this Act, and that such loss is immediately attributable to an order under this Act, he may take such loss into account.’

“I will briefly explain to the Council why I thought it necessary to bring this amendment. Several mills have sold forward their products six to nine months ahead at high prices, and have purchased cotton to cover these sales, also at high prices, at a fair margin of profit. If, under the provision of the Bill, a certain portion of the looms is commandeered then the mill-owners will not be able to fulfil contracts within the contracted period, so *ipso facto* the contract is cancelled. The result will be that the mills will not only lose the profit on their sales, but will actually suffer loss, if the price of cotton goes down. To safeguard this, I have moved this amendment that if the Controller is satisfied

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that the mill has actually suffered loss, then he should take this matter into consideration, when he fixes the prices. I believe this is a just and fair solution, and I am obliged to the Hon'ble Member for Commerce and Industry for acceding to my request and accepting this amendment on behalf of Government.

"My Lord, I will now come to the Bill itself. In the Select Committee we have made certain alterations in the Bill, and as the Hon'ble mover has given full explanation regarding these changes I will not deal with them.

"My Lord, as this Council is aware the mill-owners of Bombay and Ahmedabad and the Indian Merchants Chamber of Bombay, whilst appreciating the object underlying this Bill, have expressed their opinion that there will be many practical difficulties in carrying out the object of the Bill. While realising these difficulties, I cannot help supporting this Bill when I consider the serious condition of the poor people, owing to the high prices of cloth and grain I support the Government with regard to this measure, fully expecting that the poor people will be benefitted and also feeling confident that the Government will properly safeguard the interests of all concerned.

"The Hon'ble mover has made reference to certain measures which the Government is considering and which have a bearing on the subject of the present Bill. As far as I know the Government do not contemplate at present the control of more than a small percentage of looms, say, about 10 per cent. In this case I am sure it will not in any way hamper the prosperity of the industry.

"If the agencies through which Government will distribute cheap cloth works satisfactorily, and if the object of supplying cheap cloth to the poor people is gained, then I am sure Government will need more cloth. Then, in that case, I think before taking further steps to control more of the production of the mills, it will be imperative for Government, in fairness to the industry, to control the price and the export of raw cotton, as also the control of the existing stock of cloth in the market, including the imported foreign cloth, as also to fix standard rates for the cloth.

"I am glad to learn from the speech of the Hon'ble Member that some of those above measures have been discussed at the Bombay Conference and are under the consideration of Government. The Hon'ble Member has also informed us that the Government, while appointing an Advisory Committee, mentioned in the Bill, will nominate on it representatives of the different Associations and Chambers concerned in the business. I wish a definite statement to the above effect had been included in the Bill, but on the assurance that my Hon'ble friend has given that this would be so, I did not press for this and I fully rely on this assurance.

"In conclusion I beg to assure the Government that the mill-owners of Bombay will heartily co-operate with Government and do their best to help Government in carrying out the object of the Bill. With these few words I beg to move the amendment."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes:—"I beg to move, my Lord, 12-20 P.M. that the Bill be passed."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya:—"I have 12-20 P.M. great pleasure in supporting the motion that the Bill be passed. The amendments which have been made have met some of the objections which had been pointed out on the first day, and the amendment which has been accepted to-day will meet with the difficulty which was represented by mill-owners to the Council through several of us. I hope, my Lord, that the Bill will now bring speedy relief to the very large number of people who have been undergoing great hardship on account of dearness of cloth. There are just two or three points, however, which I beg to press upon the attention of Government. I

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hope that this measure may be sufficient, but I apprehend it will not be, and while I recognise fully the weight of the considerations urged by the Hon'ble Member in the way of dealing with the controlling of the price of cotton, I would like to make a suggestion in that connection. I quite realise the difficulty of dealing with cotton which is to be exported, but may it not be, my Lord, that the price of cotton which is to be used in the country may be controlled and that the cotton which is to be exported may be left untouched. If the cotton that is to be used in the country is controlled, and if the cotton that is to be exported is left untouched, I think a great deal of relief may possibly be given.

"There is certainly another matter which I beg to press upon the attention of Government. As we are co-operating with the United States of America, I hope it will be possible to come to some arrangement with them which has been hinted at by the Hon'ble Member in order to do what may be necessary in this direction.

"The next point, my Lord, I would urge, is the supply of cheap yarn to hand-loom weavers in the country. The Government might bear a little loss in order to supply cheap yarn to hand-loom weavers, but by so doing the supply of cloth may be increased through the agency of hand-loom weavers.

"Another matter to which I should like to refer, is the difficulty about transport. I hope that greater facilities will be provided, both by rail and water, for the carriage of cloth from one place to another in the country.

"And the last thing which I would mention is, not the fixing of a price altogether for imported cloth, but fixing a maximum price beyond which imported cloth may not sell. I know the difficulties in the way of it, but I press it once more upon the consideration of the Hon'ble Member, and I hope something will be done in that direction.

"Lastly, I would once more suggest, as was mentioned by another Hon'ble Member the other day, that facilities may be provided to import textile machinery, so that the output of cotton cloth may be increased.

"With these suggestions I most heartily support the motion that the Bill be passed. The people will feel very grateful to the Government for having taken this measure."

12-25 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea :—"My Lord, I desire to associate myself with the note of satisfaction which has been sounded by my Hon'ble friend Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya on the passing of this Bill. To me, the only matter of regret is, that a measure of this kind should not have been placed on the Statute-book some three months back. We urged it, but as I have said in this Council and elsewhere, Government takes a long time to move, and if this matter had been placed on the Statute-book some three months back, I think much of the trouble with which Government is now confronted would have been avoided. Be that as it may, it is no use quarrelling over the past. We are thankful to the Government for the measure which it has passed, and I hope and trust, indeed I have not the slightest doubt in my own mind, that it will afford substantial relief to the poor and middle classes.

"My Lord, I have inspected the cloth which is meant for Bengal, the standard cloth, and my Hon'ble friend the Maharaja of Kasimbazar and myself both agree that it will do, and I think that sort of cloth will be helpful, if it is cheap, to the poorer classes of India. With these words, I have great pleasure in supporting the Bill."

12-26 P.M.

The Hon'ble Sir George Barnes :—"My Lord, I do not think I need say anything more. But I should like again to thank the mill-owners of this country for the way in which they have received the scheme and for their promise of co-operation in carrying it into effect."

The motion was put and agreed to.

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY'S SPEECH AT THE CLOSING
OF THE SIMLA SESSION OF THE IMPERIAL LEGISLA-
TIVE COUNCIL—SEPTEMBER 1918.**

[26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

[*The President.*]

**HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY'S SPEECH AT THE
CLOSING OF THE SIMLA SESSION OF THE IMPE-
RIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL—SEPTEMBER 1918.**

His Excellency the President :—"I think we may all look back with satisfaction on the Session which has now come to a close. The debates throughout have been informed by that spirit of co-operation, which was the key-note of the Scheme of Reforms proposed by the Secretary of State and myself. On the official side such co-operation rests on a recognition of Indian opinion ; on the non-official side on a recognition that Government has only one end in view—the well-being and progress of India.

" At the very outset of the Session the same note was struck, and stirred a sympathetic chord on all sides of the House. It was struck first by the Hon'ble Mr Surendra Nath Banerjea in his eloquent appeal to his non-official colleagues to grasp the hand of fellowship extended to them by Government. And in swift response the Hon'ble the Home Member pledged the whole-hearted co-operation of that fine Service to which he belongs, in the progressive fulfilment of India's destiny as a full partner in the Empire.

" Quickened by this spirit of co-operation, the Council may face the future with confidence. Diversity of opinion there must always be ; diversity indeed is the very law of life. But above diversity there is a higher law still, the law of unity. And it is the task of this Council to reconcile the many divergent interests of India into one whole, and to bring her ever nearer to the goal towards which we are all striving.

" How great is our essential agreement underlying all diversities of interests was demonstrated in the debate on Reforms. That debate has cleared the air. It has removed many misconceptions. It has done much to prepare the ground for the Committees that will be engaged this cold weather in investigating the all-important questions of Franchise, and of decentralisation and the provincial division into Transferred and Reserved Subjects.

" Some misconceptions no doubt still remain ; it could hardly be otherwise with a scheme of such complexity. Take, for instance, the disappointment voiced during the debate by some Hon'ble Moslem Members at the inadequate representation of their community which to them seemed foreshadowed in the scheme. May I remind them again of my words at the opening of the Session ? ' I am most anxious that the fullest representation should be secured to the various classes and communities in India, but I am frankly doubtful myself whether the best method for securing that representation is through a system of separate electorates. However, I am content to leave the unravelling of this important question in the hands of the Committee, who will have the fullest evidence placed before them and will be free to make such recommendations as they think right.' This assurance was general, addressed to all communities alike. But I would ask my Moslem friends in particular to lay it to heart. It is now for them to plead their cause before the Franchise Committee. That Committee, as also the Committee that is to deal with Subjects, will include a member of their community. And they may therefore plead their cause before it in the fuller assurance that all weight will be given to their claims. The strength of those claims no one recognises more readily than I. Their position under the Morley-Minto Reforms is secured ; any advance on that position is for them to make good before the Committee. Yet I have been told that there is a feeling among Moslems that Government is less mindful of their interests than in the past. I have even been told that the unfortunate incident in

HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY'S SPEECH AT THE CLOSING OF THE SIMLA SESSION OF THE IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL—SEPTEMBER 1918.

[*The President.*]

[26TH SEPTEMBER, 1918.]

Calcutta, the grievous death-roll at which I deeply deplore, was in some measure symptomatic of this discontent. If there is indeed such a feeling abroad, I call on the leaders of the Moslem community, in the spirit of co-operation which has fructified our work at this Session, to help me to dispel it. For my own part I will only add this. I have watched the unswerving loyalty of Moslems throughout these trying times, proffering manhood and money in the cause of the Empire, with admiration. And Moslems may rest assured that I shall see to it that there is no abatement of the promises they received from my predecessors in the matter of representation, and that the wider interests of the great Moslem community are always safeguarded.

“ Another feature by which this Session will be signalised in our history was the entrusting to the non-official vote the decision on India's further financial assistance towards the prosecution of the war. We embarked on this departure from precedent in full confidence. Our action was vindicated by the result. The readiness with which the non-official Members of this Council rose to their new-found responsibilities will stand out as a landmark on the road towards responsible government. Their assumption of a larger share in the Empire's war-burden will strike a note of Imperial solidarity that will carry far beyond India itself. And that they read the temper of India aright, is proved—if proof were needed—by the large subscriptions that were simultaneously pouring in, to swell the War Loan before its close to nearly 50 crores. I offer my thanks to India at large, and to the various War Loan Committees for their unflagging efforts. And to the patriotic spirit of Bengal, which headed the Provinces with a contribution of nearly 20 crores, I pay a special tribute. The combination of these achievements, in this Council and in the country, forms a fitting close to Sir William Meyer's long and distinguished career in the service of India. He has remained with us on the call of duty at personal sacrifice; and all of us are glad to think that his sacrifice has met with so gratifying a reward. In the name of the Council I bid him good-bye and Godspeed.

“ Our Session is over. We met three weeks ago buoyed with high hopes in the coming triumph of our cause. In three short weeks our hopes have gone from strength to strength. The first faint flicker of victorious peace, which then seemed dawning on the horizon, is now beginning to kindle the whole sky. From every front comes news of victory. And in the latest victory of all, India can proudly claim a glorious share. For great forces have gone forth from India to Palestine, manned from British India and the Native States, and by Gurkhas from Nepal, whose Prime Minister has ungrudgingly placed at our service the gallant man-power of his country. The full story of that victory has yet to be told; its far-reaching effect no one amongst us can foresee. But of this I am assured. When the record of that glorious campaign is unfolded, across the page of history will be writ large the name of India.”

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

SIMLA ;
The 3rd October, 1918.

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A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

APPENDIX A.

[Referred to in answer to Question No. 5.]

Statement showing particulars in respect of the grant of special permissions to export pearls from India since the 16th March 1918, the date on which the embargo was imposed.

Particulars.	Consignor.	Consignees.	Destination.	Special grounds for grant of concession.
(1) 600 tolas valued at Rs. 10,000 approximately. (Broken and shapeless pieces intended for medicinal use.)	Mr. F. P. Talati, Bombay	Not known	Hong Kong	Sanctioned as a special case as the pearls in question had originally come from Hong Kong, whence they were shipped to India prior to date of the prohibition. The case was thus merely one of re-shipment
(2) Unset pearls valued at over Rs. 50,000	Mr. N. D. H. Abdul Gaffoor, Colombo.	Self	Colombo	Mr. Gaffoor came to India in February last and had posted the pearls in advance of his departure from Ceylon. The pearls reached Bombay on 23rd February 1918, but having been delayed in transit. Mr. Gaffoor had to return to Ceylon without being able to dispose of them at Bombay as he had intended to do, and left instructions with his Agents to send them back to him at Colombo. On his return to Ceylon, Mr. Gaffoor applied for permission to re-export the pearls and sanction was accorded in view of the circumstances set forth above.
(3) (a) 34,938 carats baroque very rough and unfinished pearls valued at £ 350. (b) 20 ozs. baroque very rough and unfinished pearls valued at £ 200.	Messrs. David Sassoon and Company, Limited, Bombay.	(a) Mr. Israel Pinchasoff (b) Mr. S. Barouch	New York	The pearls were sent to Messrs. David Sassoon's for sale, but the firm having failed to dispose of them wished to return them under instructions from the owners in New York who are the consignees. Sanction was accorded subject to the Collector of Customs being satisfied that they were bona fide cases of re-shipment.
(4) 3 pearl scarf pins 3 pearl studs 1 pearl button valued at £ 1,000.	Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Company, Bombay	Firm's London House.	London	Sanctioned as the articles represented items of jewellery which were intended for sale—the sale proceeds to be devoted to charity in accordance with the will of the late Sir Jacob Sassoon.

APPENDIX B.

(Referred to in answer to Question No. 6.)

Statement summing up the views of Local Governments and Administrations on the question of placing indigenous systems of medicine on a scientific basis.

.. The opinion unanimously expressed by Local Governments is that it is practically impossible to place the indigenous systems of medicine on a scientific basis. The systems are a survival of a state of medical knowledge which once prevailed in Europe, but has been superseded by a series of scientific investigations and discoveries extending over several centuries. They ignore the instruments of scientific investigation which have made modern medicine and surgery possible, and the theories on which they are based are demonstrably unsound. Even at the present time there are numerous practitioners who have superimposed a knowledge of Western medicine on Ayurvedic instruction, or *vice versa*, but there is evidence that these men do not possess the confidence of the people to the same degree as practitioners who have been trained solely in accordance with the strict tenets of the Ayurveda, and the latter are strongly opposed to any form of Government interference. If advance is to be made on these lines, it is essential that there should be a strong movement among indigenous practitioners, supported by public opinion, to reform and organise themselves, and of such a movement there is at present little or no evidence.

The hold which the ancient systems undoubtedly have on the masses of the population is attributable in part to a form of credulity analogous to the belief in the magical efficacy of quack drugs and patent medicines which, in spite of constant exposures and a much higher level of education, is still so widespread even in Western countries; but the popularity of these systems is chiefly due to the smallness of the fees which their practitioners are willing to accept. Training in Western methods involves expense, and it is inevitable that practitioners so trained should raise their fees. The attendance at Government hospitals and dispensaries, where the treatment is gratuitous, proves that the value of Western methods is appreciated, and the policy of Local Governments is to increase the facilities for such treatment. To divert the funds available for the purpose to the encouragement of systems which they cannot but regard as unsound would, in their opinion, be a grave misuse of public revenues.

There is, however, one line of research which is likely to be fruitful; and that is, the scientific investigation of the properties of indigenous drugs. Several Local Governments have already considered measures for conducting such an investigation, but these measures have had to be postponed owing to the impossibility of obtaining during the war the services of competent pharmacologists.

APPENDIX C.

[Referred to in answer to Question No. 7.]

No. 552 T-17.

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD)**

To

THE SENIOR GOVERNMENT INSPECTORS OF RAILWAYS, CIRCLES Nos. 1, 2, 2-A., 3, 4, 5,
6 AND 7.

Simla, the 23rd January, 1918.

SIR,

In consequence of complaints which have appeared in Newspapers, and representations made to the Government of India on the subject of the discomfort of 3rd class passengers on Indian Railways, such as overcrowding, insanitary condition of railway carriages and station latrines and waiting halls, defective food, supply-etc., I am directed to state that the subject has again received the attention of the Railway Board. They recognise that, although a good deal has been done by Railways in these matters, there is still room for improvement. I am accordingly to request that you will give further careful attention in your inspections to the conveniences provided for 3rd class passengers, especially as regards the general arrangements for dealing with the traffic, booking and waiting accommodation, refreshment arrangements, latrines and the general sanitary condition of the same, and include these points especially in your reports.

2. For your information I am to send herewith copy of a letter which the Railway Board have addressed to Railways on the subject.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

B. STANLEY,

Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

Document accompanying.—

Copy of letter No. 552 T-17 of date
to Railways, etc.

APPENDIX C.

[*Referred to in answer to Question No 7.*]

No. 552T-17.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

To

THE AGENTS, ASSAM BENGAL, BARS LIGHT, BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN, BENGAL-NAGPUR, BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA, BURMA, EASTERN BENGAL, EAST INDIAN, GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA, MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHARATTA, NORTH WESTERN, OUDH AND ROHILKHAND, ROHILKUND AND KUMAON AND SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAYS.

THE AGENT AND CHIEF ENGINEER, HIS HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY.

THE MANAGER, JODHPUR-BIKANER RAILWAY.

Simla, the 23rd January 1918.

DEAR SIR,

I am directed to inform you that the Railway Board have recently received representations regarding the discomforts 3rd class passengers are subjected to and have also noticed many complaints on the subject in the press

2. The Board recognise that most railways have in recent years done much to improve matters in this direction, also that the present time, when everything possible is being done to discourage passenger traffic, and it is impossible either to obtain new, or improve existing stock, is not altogether a suitable time to take this matter up. They are, however, of opinion that in many cases more might be done in the direction of improvements which depend mainly on supervision and the provision of adequate staff, and in this connection I am to draw attention to the following points in connection with which it is considered there is frequently room for improvement and which call for the exercise of constant supervision on the part of both railway officers and subordinates:

- (a) Issue of tickets and weighment of luggage in ample time before departure of trains.
- (b) Admission of passengers on platforms earlier, in order to avoid the great crush and rush for seats which so frequently occurs.
- (c) Drawing up of trains at large stations as far as possible on the platforms which best meet the convenience of passengers.
- (d) Provision of sufficient and suitable waiting accommodation, with benches or seats for passengers.
- (e) The provision of sufficient and suitable refreshments, with accommodation for the vendors.
- (f) The provision at all large stations of an ample supply of good water with facilities for supplying the same to passengers.
- (g) The provision of sufficient latrine accommodation of approved type and the proper cleaning of the same.
- (h) The maintenance of all coaching stock and station premises in a clean and sanitary condition.

3. As examples of what has already been done in this direction, on certain railways Passenger Superintendents whose sole duty is to look after the comfort and convenience of passengers are employed. On the Bengal Nagpur Railway, Railway Train Conductors are provided, and on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway there are standing instructions for Guards on the subject. On the East Indian Railway a special Indian staff is employed for the supervision of the catering arrangements. The Railway Board consider that all these are steps in the right direction which might with advantage be extended. The general point they wish to bring to notice at the present time is that, though equipment cannot be improved, additional staff can be obtained, and the fact of the shortage of accommodation calls for increased attention by the railway staff, with constant and efficient supervision.

4. I am also to say that a suggestion has been made that bye-laws should be framed and notices pasted on the walls of carriages and at stations in order to secure cleanliness on the part of passengers. I am to ask for your opinion on this suggestion.

Yours faithfully,

B. STANLEY,

Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

Documents accompanying—

Nil.

No. 552T-17, dated Simla, the 23rd January 1918.

The Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Railway Branch
 The Governments of the United Provinces and Bihar and Orissa, Public Works Department
 The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam.
 The Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore.
 The Agents, Ambaji-Tanagra Light and Guzarat Railways
 The Managers and Engineers-in-Chief, Bengal Doonars, Cutch State, Gondal-Forbandar State, Jamnagar State and Junagad State Railways
 The Manager and Executive Engineer, Morvi Railway.
 The Managers, Bhavnagar State, Dholpur-Bari, and Udaipur Chitorgarh Railways.
 The Managing Agents, Ahmedpur-Katwa, Lankura-Damoodai River, Burdwan-Katwa, Jessore-Jhenida and Kalighat-Falta Railways
 The Managing Agents, Futwah-Islampur Railway
 The Finance Member, Government of Gwalior

A copy of the above is forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations and to the officers noted on the margin, for information and favour of necessary action, and to the Government of Bombay, for information.

By order,

B. STANLEY,

Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

APPENDIX C.

[Referred to in answer to Question No. 7.]

No. 552T-17.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.**RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.****(RAILWAY BOARD)**

To

THE AGENTS, ASSAM-BENGAL, BARSI LIGHT, BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN, BENGAL-NAGPUR, BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA, BURMA, EASTERN-BENGAL, EAST INDIAN, GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA, MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHARATTA, NORTH WESTERN, OUDH AND ROHILKHAND, ROHILKUND AND KUMAON AND SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAYS.

THE AGENT AND CHIEF ENGINEER, HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY.

THE MANAGER, JODHPUR-BIKANER RAILWAY.

Simla, the 23rd August 1918.

DEAR SIR,

In reference to the replies received from Railway Administrations to Railway Board's circular No. 552T.17, dated the 23rd January 1918, I am directed to forward, herewith, a Note by the Railway Board and to say that though the Board recognise that many railways have already done and are doing much in the directions required, they think it desirable to impress on them generally the need for giving constant attention to the points in the Note and especially for ensuring efficient supervision, to see that instructions are at all times properly carried out.

2. As regards the framing of a bye-law and the pasting of notices on walls of carriages and at stations in order to secure cleanliness, I am to say that while the Railway Board believe that under present conditions such a bye-law and notices cannot do much good, they are inclined to think, as a matter of policy and since railways do not seem to have any great objection, that it would be better to introduce them if it were only to show that everything possible is being done by railways by taking up the question.

Yours faithfully,

N. C. HALDAR,

Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

Document accompanying :—

Note referred to.

No. 552T.17, dated Simla, the 23rd August 1918.

Copy, with copy of enclosure, forwarded to the Senior Government Inspectors of Railways, Circles Nos. 1, 2, 2-A., 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, for information and guidance, with reference to Railway Board's letter No. 552T.17, dated the 23rd January 1918. It is requested that in addition to any special reports they may find necessary to make at any time, their reports on annual inspections of railways should contain remarks on the points dealt with in the Railway Board's Note.

By order,

N. C. HALDAR,

Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

No. 552-T-17, dated Simla, the 23rd August 1918.

The Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Railway Branch.

The Governments of the United Provinces and Bihar and Orissa, Public Works Department

The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

The Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore

The Agent, Ambaji-Taranga Light and Guzerat Railways

The Manager and Engineers-in-Chief, Bengal Doars, Cutch State, Gondal-Porbandar State, Jamnagar State and Junagad State Railways.

The Manager and Executive Engineer, Mouvi Railway.

The Managers, Bhavnagar State, Dholpur-Bari and Udaipur Chitor-garh Railways.

The Managing Agents, Ahmedpur-Katwa, Bankura-Damoodar River, Burdwan-Katwa, Jessore-Jhenidah and Kalighat-Falta Railways.

The Managing Agents, Futwah-Islampur Railway.

The Member for Trade, Customs and Excise, Gwalior Durbar.

A copy of the above (with enclosure) is forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations and to the officers noted on the margin, for information and favour of necessary action, and to the Government of Bombay, for information.

By order,

N. C. HALDAR,

Assistant Secretary, Railway Board.

Note by the Railway Board.

Where continuous booking has been arranged, it is not always the case that passengers get tickets at all hours. To ensure that the good intentions of the Railway are carried into effect, it is essential that frequent inspections are made to see that the staff required to be on duty are actually present, and that they do not put off intending passengers.

2. A study at all times of the fluctuating requirements of traffic is necessary to avoid the inconvenience that passengers sometimes have to undergo at the time of buying tickets. An exodus from business centres at week-ends, or a rush on account of large and local fairs, festivals, and the like, sudden applications for renewals of season tickets, all require careful watching by an officer, and such emergencies should be foreseen and met by providing more booking clerks and a larger number of ticket windows than usual. It may be necessary for an officer to be present at the station and see that the measures ordered are in full operation and are adequate.

3. The class of men employed generally as booking clerks and their education and training, do not as a rule go to make for efficiency. The question of their pay requires consideration. They run the constant risk of debits and on the other hand they are always open to temptations. It is essential therefore that they be sufficiently well-paid. To expect booking clerks to commence work after passing their examination and without any practical training appears to be to court trouble. Their training should be much more practical than is generally the case and by familiarity with dummy tickets and counters they should be made thoroughly efficient in their duties before being put on duty to sell tickets to passengers. While under training their general education, particularly with reference to the Railway geography of India, should be improved upon.

4. Long hours of duty for booking clerks make the service unattractive and lead to careless methods of working. The provision of a sufficient number of well-paid booking clerks of a class above the average of other station clerks, well-trained and of fair education, performing not too long hours of duty should be the ideal.

5. There is much to be said for the practice of keeping passengers off platform till trains have arrived and inward passengers cleared the platforms. But in the majority of instances, there is no necessity for the practice which undoubtedly causes trouble to the outgoing passengers. Except at stations where due to the narrow width of platforms or for particular trains by which there is

generally a great rush of inward passengers, and under the usual circumstances passengers should be allowed to gain admittance to their proper platforms as soon as possible after they have purchased tickets. This would necessitate entrance gates being manned for considerably longer periods than is generally done at present, and staff will also be required to see that the passengers distribute themselves along the length of the platform in the most convenient manner.

6. At terminal stations rakes should be placed along platforms well before the advertised time of departure and the little saving in gas or electricity at night should not be made a reason for keeping trains in the yard till the last moment.

7. The question of refreshments for Indian passengers has been kept prominently in view by railway administrations and much improvement has resulted in recent years, but the matter requires further consideration by railways generally. The points to remember are that, first, railways are required to cater for the needs of different religious sects; secondly, for the middle classes and the masses and, thirdly, for men and women. These various requirements require very careful study. The aim should be to provide a morning and an evening meal for the better class of passengers on long journeys, careful attention being given to the religious susceptibilities and customs of the people, and for the masses an abundant supply of food of the description they are used to in the locality. There is no reason why railways should suffer pecuniary loss in securing this aim. Catering on railways is a profitable undertaking and whether done departmentally or through contractors, loss can and should be guarded against. It is suggested that in this matter the co-operation might be obtained, if possible, of Indian gentlemen of standing in various centres. They are in a position to suggest how the wants of their countrymen can be best met, and the experience gained from a beginning made on these lines at a few towns will be found of use in framing the general policy for the line.

8. In the matter of supply of drinking water for passengers, it is not enough to have the number of hydrants on a platform increased, for during the hot months the water from the overhead iron tanks coming out of the hydrants is often quite unfit for drinking. Nor is it sufficient to appoint additional watermen at all stations during the hot weather; it is essential also to secure the men's attendance. A liberal supply of cold drinking water should be provided at all main stations and receptacles ready filled should be on the platform before arrival of trains and water-men present to supply the water to passengers in carriages. It again becomes a question of efficient supervision and constant inspection to see that the arrangements sanctioned are in proper working order. At small wayside stations and at stations where there is difficulty in procuring water, no arrangements other than increasing the staff of watermen seem possible, but it may be noted that in this matter also improvement is possible by proper supervision. It is possible to lay too much stress on the provision of a filtered water-supply, at least when a proper filtered supply is impracticable or difficult, till better arrangements can be made, a plentiful supply of the water available in the locality should be made accessible to the passengers, the majority of whom are not used to drinking sterilised water. A plentiful supply of water at all principal stations at all hours of the day and night and providing the water cold, would go a long way towards avoiding complaints.

APPENDIX D.

Statement showing the districts of the several provinces where the system of trial by jury obtains, the year in which and the offences for which the system was introduced and the subsequent modifications.

Presidency or Province.	Districts.	Date of first introduction.	Offences triable by jury.	Subsequent modifications.	REMARKS.
Madras ..	Chittoor, Cuddapah, Kistna, Godavari, North Tanjore, South Arcot, Vizagapatam Agency.	1862	Offences under sections 379, 380, 382, 392 to 395, 397 to 402, 411, 412, 414, 451 to 459 and 461 of the Indian Penal Code.	Suspended in South Arcot in 1870. Withdrawn from Vizagapatam Agency in 1883	
	Zillah of Tanjore ..	1863	Ditto ditto		
	Extended to all the districts except Ganjam and Godavari Agencies.	1883	Ditto ditto ..	In 1884 attempts to commit and abettments of the offences detailed in the previous column were added to the list of offences triable by jury.	
Bombay ..	Ahmedabad ..	1884	All offences punishable with death, transportation for life and imprisonment for ten years.	In 1885 trial by jury was limited in the Ahmedabad district to offences punishable with death only.	
	Surat ..	1885	Ditto ditto ..	In 1916 the system was extended to all offences in which the accused is charged that he is by reason of a previous conviction liable to enhanced punishment under section 75 of the Indian Penal Code.	
	Thana ..	1885	Ditto ditto ..	Ditto ditto.	
	The City of Karachi	1884	Ditto ditto ..	Ditto ditto.	

Statement showing the districts of the several provinces where the system of trial by jury obtains, the year in which and the offences for which the system was introduced and the subsequent modifications—contd.

Presidency or Province.	Districts.	Date of first introduction.	Offences triable by jury.	Subsequent modifications.	REMARKS.
Bombay—contd.	Belgaum	1885	All offences punishable with death, transportation for life and imprisonment for ten years.	In 1915 it was directed that, with effect 22nd December 1915, all offences cognizable by a Sessions Court and tried before such court in the Belgaum district, except offences punishable under sections 302, 303, 304, 304 A, 305 to 308, 311, 465 to 469, 471 to 477 A, 494, 485, 487, 488, 489 A, 489 B, 489 C, and 489 D of the Indian Penal Code and attempts to commit, or abetment of, any of these offences should be tried by jury.	
	Poona	1867	All offences under Chapters VIII, XI, XII, XVI, XVII, and XVIII of the Indian Penal Code, in which the punishment awardable is death, transportation for life or transportation for imprisonment for a period extending to ten years or upwards and also of all abetments or attempts to commit any of these offences.	Offences under the said Chapters for which, taken in connection with section 75 of the Indian Penal Code, such punishment is awardable, were added in 1895.	
Bengal	24 Parganahs, Hooghly (and Howrah), Burdwan, Murshidabad, Nadia, Dacca.	1862	Offences under Chapters VIII, XI, XVI and XVII of the Indian Penal Code.	Later on in 1892 offences under Chapter XVIII of the Indian Penal Code as well as abetments of, or attempts to commit, any of these offences were added. In 1892 offences under Chapters VIII, XVI (with certain exceptions) and XVIII of the Indian Penal Code were withdrawn but were restored in 1896.	From 1st January 1919 offences under Chapter XII of the Indian Penal Code and under section 53 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, with abetments of, and attempts to commit, these offences will be triable by jury.

<p>Chittagong, Mysore- singh, Rajshahi and Jessore.</p>	<p>1897</p>	<p>Offences under Chapters VIII, XI, XVI, XVII, XVIII and XX of the Indian Penal Code with abetments of, and attempts to commit, these offences.</p>	<p>....</p>	<p>Ditto</p>
<p>Kulu ..</p>	<p>1905</p>	<p>Ditto</p>	<p>....</p>	<p>Ditto</p>
<p>United Provinces ..</p>	<p>1885</p>	<p>Offences under sections 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 372, 373, 376, 378, 380, 381, 382, 392, 393, 394, 395, 397, 398, 399, 401, 403, 404, 411, 412, 413, 414, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 434, 435, 436, 440, 448, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 494, 495, 496, 497 and 498 of the Indian Penal Code, and abetments of, and attempts to commit, any of these offences—Chapters V and XXIII of the Indian Penal Code.</p>	<p>....</p>	<p>From 1st January 1919 offences under Chapters VIII, XI, XII, XVI, XVII, XVIII and XX of the Indian Penal Code and under section 52 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898, with abetments of, and attempts to commit, these offences will be triable by jury in the districts of Bakarganj, Benares, Bithur, Bonga, Dinajpur, Faridpur, Malda, Midnapore, Noakhali, Patna, Raipur and Tippera.</p>
<p>Bihar and Orissa ..</p>	<p>1892</p>	<p>Offences under Chapters VIII, XI, XVI and XVII of the Indian Penal Code, and abetments of, or attempts to commit, these offences.</p>	<p>Extended the same year to include offences under Chapter XVIII, Indian Penal Code.</p>	<p>In 1892 offences under Chapters VIII and XVI were withdrawn but previous position was restored in 1893. In 1895 offences under Chapter XX were added.</p>
<p>Muzaffarpur and Bhagalpur.</p>	<p>1918</p>	<p>Offences under sections 363 to 369, 372, 373, 376, 379-382, 392-395, 397-399, 401, 403, 404, 411-414, 426-432, 434-436, 440, 448, 450-462, and 483-486 of the Indian Penal Code and abetments of, or attempts to commit, any of these offences.</p>	<p>....</p>	<p>....</p>

Statement showing the districts of the several provinces where the system of trial by jury obtains, the year in which and the offences for which the system was introduced and the subsequent modifications—contd.

Presidency or Province.	Districts.	Date of first introduction.	Offences triable by jury.	Subsequent modifications.	REMARKS.
Burma ..	Towns of Rangoon, Moulmein and Akyab.	1863	All offences triable by the Court of Sessions.	<p>Revoked for offences from Akyab town in 1872.</p> <p>Modified in 1875 so as to extend trial by jury for all offences before Court of Records, Rangoon, and Court of Judge, Moulmein town.</p> <p>The latter order was modified in respect of Moulmein Court.</p> <p><i>Firstly</i> by a notification in 1895 directing trial by jury of all offences from Moulmein town before Moulmein town sessions court ;</p> <p><i>Secondly</i> by a notification in 1898 directing trial by jury of all offences from Moulmein sub-division before the Amherst Court of Session ;</p> <p><i>Thirdly</i> in 1900 due to the substitution of the Tennesseem for the Amherst Court of Session ; and</p> <p><i>Lastly</i> in 1910 by an order directing trial by jury before Tennesseem Court of Session of all offences from Moulmein township instead of Moulmein sub-division.</p>	
Assam ..	Lakhimpur, Sibsaigun, Nowgong, Kamrup, Darrang and Goalpara.	1862	All offences triable by the Court of Sessions.	<p>In 1868 the system was limited to offences under Chapters VIII, XI, XVI, XVII and XVIII of the Indian Penal Code. A change was made in 1892 but the order of 1892 was cancelled in 1893 by a notification which made all offences under Chapters VIII, XI, XVI, XVII and XVIII of the Indian Penal Code and abetments of, and attempts to commit, such offences triable by jury.</p>	

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 4th October, 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 21st September 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	6	7
		Ahmedabad District	4	1
		Kaira District	18	19
		Broach Port	20	25
		Broach District	202	146
		Surat District	36*	18*
		Thana District	30	25
	Central	Ahmednagar District	4	1
		West Khandesh District	175	118
		Satara District	361	160
		Poona City	81	39
	Southern	Sholapur District	6	5
		Vengurla Port	1	1
		Ratnagiri District	9	5
	Sind	Bijapur District	155*	85*
		Karachi Town and Port	10	11
		Keamari Port	1	
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	Political Charges	Baroda State	105	71
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	470*	308*
		Akalkot State	11	3
		Mandvi Port	1	1
		Mundra Port	7	7
		Catch State	5	6
		Satara Agency	43	36
		Porbunder Port	7*	7*
		Kathiawar Agency	455*	321*
		TOTAL	2 123	1,481
	..	Anantapur District	2	3
		Ballary District	41	35
		Chittoor District	3(a)	4(b)
		Coimbatore District	41	27
		Guntur District	1	1
		Mangalore Port	1	
		Kurnool District	4	4
		Salem District	7	5
		Nilgiris District	2	2
		TOTAL	102	81
UNITED PROVINCES, BIHAR AND ORISSA	Tirhut	Saran District	3	3
		Muzaffarpur District	4	4
	Gorakhpur	Basti District	3	2
		TOTAL	7	7
		TOTAL	3	2

*For two weeks. (a) Three imported. (b) Four imported.

The following additions should be made in the returns for the weeks ending :—

14th September 1918	{ Panch Mahala District	add 15 cases, 8 deaths.
	{ Mahi Kantha Agency	" 4 " 3 "
	{ Rewa Kantha	" 10 " 7 "
	{ Belgaum District	" 150 " 87 "
7th and 21st September 1918	{ Hubli City	" 85 " 67 "
	{ Dharwar District	" 389 " 194 "
	{ Savanur State	" 111 " 78 "

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Jullundur	Kangra District	1	.
		Jullundur District	4	..
	Multan	Montgomery District	2	2
		TOTAL	7	2
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	23	22
		Tharrawaddy District	2	
		Prome District	23	24
	Irrawaddy	Hensada District	2	2
		Maubin District	2	2
	Tenneserim	Thaton District	2	2
		Moulmein Town	1	1
	Magwe	Magwe District	1	1
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	4	4
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	1	
	Native States	Northern Shan States	2	2
		Southern Shan States	2	2
		TOTAL	65	62
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	66	71
		Jubbulpore District	26	19
	Nerbudda	Betul District	5	
	Berar	Akola District	7	6
		Buldana District	6	5
		TOTAL	120	101
MYSORE STATE		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	20	19
		Bangalore City	8	5
		Bangalore District	10	8
		Mysore City	52	40
		Mysore District	36	15
		Kadur District	49	30
		Shimoga District	111	68
		Chitaldroog District	18	7
		Tumkur District	88	62
		Kolar District	8	3
		TOTAL	380	257

Presidentcy or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE		Bir District	6	4
		Kauser District	15	9
		Galburgah District	18	8
		Raichur District	41	32
		Umanabad District	1	
		Bidar District	18	9
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	1	
		Secunderabad	43	26
		Atrafbaldah Sarkkhas District	11	10
		TOTAL	149*	108*
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State	61	51
		TOTAL	61	51
RAJPU- TANA.	...	Ajmer District	2	3
		TOTAL	2	3
		GRAND TOTAL	3,033	2,155

*Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths occurred during the week ending September 21, were 80 and 62 respectively.

The following additions should be made in the return for the week ending 14th September 1918 :—

Indore State add 1 case, 1 death.

Gwalior State „ 5 cases, 4 deaths.

The incidence of plague mortality continues very much below the mean. In no year since plague obtained a hold of the north of India have the three northern provinces been so free from the disease in the month of September as in the current year.

SIMLA :

The 4th October 1918.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 3rd October 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1 A shallow depression entered east Bengal from the Bay and disappeared in Assam. It gave moderately heavy and nearly general rain in Burma, Bengal and Assam, but after its disappearance rainfall in these areas diminished and by the close of the week had ceased almost entirely.

The Bombay monsoon was very weak and only gave a few falls of rain in the Peninsula.

2. *Burma.*—Nearly general rain fell in Lower Burma on the 26th, 27th, 28th and 30th September, and in Upper Burma from the 26th to the 30th September.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general in Assam on the 28th, 29th and 30th September, and fairly general in Bengal except the north on the 26th, 27th and 29th September.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Light rain fell at Akola and Pachmarhi.

Northwest India.—Light falls of rain occurred at Sonamarg, Drosh, Parachinar, Khushab, Lyallpur and Simla.

The Peninsula. There was nearly general rain in Mysore and Malabar on the 29th September, and on the north Madras coast on the 26th. There were a few scattered falls in other parts of the Peninsula.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

September 26th. Akyab 1.51", Minbu 1.66", Bham 1.31", Shillong 1.60", Cox's Bazar 8.91", Barisal 3.39", Jessore 1.72" and Vizagapatam 1.12".

„ 27th. Tavoy 1.90", Kyaukpyn 2.55", Lashio 1.62, Cherrapunji 2.03", Cox's Bazar 2.75", Barisal 2.67", Burdwan 1.39", Calicut 2.65" and Vizagapatam 1.77".

„ 28th. Kyaukpyn 5.15", Akyab 2.43", Sibsaagar 1.40", Mymensingh 2.77", Lyallpur 0.40", Dharwar 3.09" and Cochin 1.55"

„ 29th. Akyab 2.64", Myitkyina 1.31", Silchar 2.72", Cherrapunji 3.13" and Mysore 1.14".

„ 30th. Table Island 2.06", Bassein 1.92", Silchar 2.53" and Ootacamund 1.30".

October 1st. Malegaon 0.71" and Ahmadnagar 0.42".

„ 2nd. Ahmadnagar 0.64" and Mercara 1.15".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent. or more in excess in Burma and Bengal; and 20 per cent. or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan. No rain usually falls at this time of year in Baluchistan and Sind; in the remaining divisions rainfall was within 20 per cent. of the normal.

The rainfall from the 3rd May to date is 20 per cent. or more in defect in the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan. It differed from the normal by less than 20 per cent. in the remaining divisions.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 3RD OCTOBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD MAY TO 3RD OCTOBER 1918.			PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	
							Last week.	
Bay Islands	2.0	3.4	-1.4	95.7	84.6	+11.1	+18	+15
Lower Burma	5.6	8.6	+3.0	147.9	134.6	+13.3	+10	+9
Upper Burma	2.2	1.4	+0.8	47.2	40.7	+6.5	+16	+15
Assam	2.2	2.0	+0.2	99.5	72.9	+16.6	+28	+23
Bengal	2.1	1.3	+1.3	91.1	68.6	+22.5	+22	+32
Orissa	0.6	1.4	-0.9	45.9	52.0	-6.1	-12	-10
Chota Nagpur	0	1.1	-1.1	29.7	46.4	-6.7	-14	-12
Bihar	0	1.1	-1.1	60.7	47.4	+13.3	+22	+31
United Provinces, East	0	1.1	-1.1	23.4	37.3	-8.9	-24	-22
United Provinces, West	0	0.8	-0.8	19.0	37.3	-18.3	-49	-43
Punjab, East and North	0	0.2	-0.2	10.0	20.4	-10.4	-51	-50
Punjab, South-West	0.1	0.1	0	3.4	7.6	-4.2	-55	-56
Kashmir	0.1	0.2	-0.2	3.1	6.9	-3.7	-54	-54
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0.1	-0.1	2.0	5.3	-3.3	-62	-62
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.3	1.3	-0.8	-62	-62
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91
Rajputana, West	0.1	0.2	-0.1	1.6	10.5	-8.9	-85	-85
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	10.6	21.6	-11.0	-51	-51
Gujarat	0	0.2	-0.2	8.6	22.8	-14.2	-62	-62
Central India, West	0	0.5	-0.5	17.3	28.6	-11.0	-38	-37
Central India, East	0	1.1	-1.1	20.4	39.5	-19.1	-48	-47
Berar	0.1	1.2	-1.1	16.8	29.9	-12.3	-42	-40
Central Provinces, West	0	1.0	-1.0	30.2	48.0	-12.7	-30	-28
Central Provinces, East	0	1.3	-1.3	43.1	47.0	+1.1	+2	+5
Konkan	0	1.5	-1.5	70.3	91.6	-21.3	-23	-22
Bombay Deccan	0.4	1.4	-1.0	12.3	24.0	-11.7	-49	-47
Hyderabad, North	0	0.6	-0.6	18.7	30.5	-11.8	-39	-37
Hyderabad, South	0.3	1.0	-0.7	13.9	26.1	-9.1	-31	-20
Mysore	0.9	1.9	-0.9	12.4	20.0	-6.6	-33	-31
Malabar	1.3	1.7	+0.1	56.5	33.6	+27.1	-22	-23
Madras, South-East	0.1	1.3	-1.2	8.7	13.3	-4.6	-35	-28
Madras Deccan	0.3	1.2	-0.9	13.2	18.2	-4.9	-27	-24
Madras Coast, North	1.0	1.1	-0.1	20.3	23.4	-3.6	-11	-11

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
28th September 1918.

Burma.—The rainfall during the week was general throughout the Province. It was good in Lower Burma and moderate elsewhere. Transplantation of winter rice is approaching completion in Lower Burma, and in irrigated tracts of Upper Burma. Cultivation of miscellaneous crops is progressing in Upper Burma. Standing crops are generally in good condition. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has fallen slightly to rupees 152 but is still much above normal. The market for white rice is firm at Rs. 370 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather during the week was hot. Manufacture of tea continues. Harvesting of autumn rice and jute and transplantation of winter rice have been nearly finished. Prospects of crops are fair to good. Cattle disease is reported from four districts. The price of common rice is stationary, except in the Surma Valley where it has risen slightly.

Bengal.—During the week light and scattered showers fell over the greater part of the Province. Weeding of winter paddy continues. Cutting, steeping and washing of jute are still going on. Prospects of standing crops are generally reported to be fair. Fodder is reported to be scarce in the flooded tracts of North Bengal. Flood water is gradually subsiding. The price of common rice has risen further.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week light and insufficient showers fell in Orissa. There was no rain in Bihar and Chota Nagpur. Weeding of winter paddy and harvesting of autumn crops continue. More rain is urgently wanted generally and prospects are less favourable. The price of common rice has risen in twelve districts, fallen in three and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from eleven districts. The condition of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is, on the whole, good.

United Provinces.—No rain was received during the week and more rain is urgently needed everywhere. Crops have been damaged through drought in some districts. Preparation of land for spring crops and poppy, harvesting and irrigation of autumn crops and sugarcane and picking of cotton continue. Standing crops are suffering for want of rain. Prospects are unfavourable. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but slight cattle disease is still reported. Water and market supplies are adequate but fodder is getting scarce in some places. Prices are rising.

Punjab.—During the week light rain fell in some of the western parts of the Province. Elsewhere the weather was generally dry. Rain is urgently wanted both for standing autumn crops which are withering from drought and for spring sowings. Standing irrigated crops are average to good and unirrigated crops much below average. Picking of cotton and teapung of rice continue in some districts. The yield of cotton is below normal to normal. Gram and oilseeds are being sown and the area sown is below normal to normal. Cattle are generally healthy and water is sufficient. Fodder is scarce in some districts. Prices show an upward tendency and are generally above scarcity rates. Price of wheat:—Ambala and Ferozepore 8½, Lahore and Rawalpindi 8½ and Lyallpur 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—Slight rain has fallen in Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan. Sowings of autumn crops in Bannu and of spring crops in Peshawar are proceeding. Harvesting prospects are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to want of rain. Cotton is being picked and rice reaped in Peshawar with outturn average. Prices of wheat in Peshawar are 7½ and in Dera Ismail Khan 8½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are rising.

Kashmir.—Report not received.

Rajputana.—The weather during the week was rainless with cool nights. Irrigated crops are in fair condition and unirrigated crops are withering. Cattle are generally in fair condition. Fodder is getting scarce. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and rising.

Central India.—The rainfall during the week was insufficient except in Indore and Bhopal. Autumn crops are being weeded and harvested. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Standing crops are withering in Gwalior north and are in fair to good condition elsewhere except in parts of the Southern States where their condition is indifferent. They have been damaged in parts of Malwa and the Southern States for want of rain. Agricultural stock is in fair to good condition. Scarcity of fodder is reported in parts of Gwalior and Malwa. Prices are high.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been warm and occasionally cloudy. No rain fell during the week except 11 cents at Amroha. Standing crops are in good condition in Seoni, Mandla, Narmar, Raipur, Bilaspur, Akola and Amraoti. Late sown crops in Jabulpore, rice, *juar* and late sown winter millets in Saugor, Damoh, Betul, Chhindwara, Bhandara and Chanda, *juar* in Wardha and *juar* and cotton in Nagpur and those grown on light soils are deteriorating in parts of the plateau districts. Early *juar* (white) would have given a good crop but without rain it has been seriously damaged by smut but the early millets which have been now cut and early broadcast rice as well as maize have or are sure to yield a fair outturn. Rain is immediately required to save the crops from further deterioration and to provide moisture for the sowings of spring crops. Reaping of minor millets and pulses continues. Preparation of land and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Relief works in Simsha are proceeding. The condition of cattle is generally good but fodder and water are insufficient in parts of the Betul and Berar districts. Cattle disease prevails in a sporadic form in parts of five districts. The price of gram in Damoh and Akola, of wheat in Yeotmal, of rice in Seoni and Yeotmal and of *juar* in Nirmar and Wardha rose by 1 to 1½ seers per rupee while that of rice in Betul fell by 1 seer per rupee. Elsewhere prices fluctuated slightly, exhibiting an upward tendency.

Feudatory States.—Standing crops are doing well except on light soils. More rain is urgently required everywhere.

Bombay.—Moderately good rain fell during the week in parts of the Karnatak, Savantvadi, Sholapur, Ratnagiri and Kanara. More rain is needed everywhere. Standing crops have been damaged by rats, insects and winds in Karachi, by rats in Hyderabad, by wind in Sukkur and by insects in Thar and Parker. They are withering generally everywhere except in parts of the Konkan, Sholapur, the Karnatak and Satara where the recent rain has improved the situation slightly. Preparation for spring crops continues in parts of Sind, West Khandesh and Dharwar. Sowing for spring crops continues in Nasik, Poona, Sholapur, Satara and the Karnatak. The fodder supply is generally deficient but pasture has improved in some districts. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Kaira and Satara. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Poona and Dharwar. Prices of food grains are generally steady.

Hyderabad.—The rainfall during the week was light in six districts and fair to good elsewhere. The average fall was 1 inch and 55 cents. Autumn crops are in fair to good condition and are being harvested in places. Early rice is in fair to good condition and is being weeded. Lands for the sowing of spring crops are being prepared. Cattle are generally healthy. Fodder scarcity prevails in four districts. Prices of grains are abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at 3 seers per rupee in the Bir, Parbhani, Nander and Raichur districts.

Mysore.—The week was generally wet. Ploughing and sowing operations are in progress. Standing crops are in fair condition. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are fluctuating.

Ceorg.—Report not received.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was heavy in Guntur and Kurnool, good in Ganjam, the Visagapatam littoral, Godavari, Kistna, Banganapalle, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, North Arcot, Malabar, Cochin and the Carnatic except South Arcot, as in Pudukkottai and Tinnevely and fair or light elsewhere. Standing crops are in fair condition generally but more rain is still required urgently in parts. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is limited with outturn fair generally but poor in four districts and in parts of eight others. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding and are being much encouraged by recent rains. The condition of cattle is generally good. Water is insufficient except in five districts. Pasture is sufficient except in five districts and parts of three others. Fodder is sufficient except in two districts and parts of seven others. Prices are showing a tendency to fall.

J. MACKENNA,

Off. Secretary to the Government of India.

1974 SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, OCTOBER 5, 1918.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, OCTOBER 5, 1934

2021

* Include figures for Native State Section.
(a) From 1st June 1917. (b) From 15th August 1917. (c) Opened from 3rd January 1918. (d) Opened from 1st December 1917. (e) Opened from 10th June 1918. (f) Opened from 1st April 1918.

S. TOMKINS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

POST OFFICE.

No. 10953.

Simla, the 8th October, 1918.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in rule 27 of the rules issued with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

“ In clause 6, the word ‘ cardamom ’ shall be inserted after the word ‘ mace. ’ ”

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1918.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 8th October, 1918.

No. 3221-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to grant to Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George and the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, to whom His Majesty recently granted precedence as Commanders, the privilege of surrounding their armorial bearings with the circle and motto of their respective orders and of suspending therefrom a representation of their riband and badge.

R. E. HOLLAND,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 41. } **SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1918.**

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 5th October, 1918.

No. 931.—His Majesty the King-Emperor has been pleased to appoint Mr. G. C. Rankin, Barrister-at-law, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

The 9th October, 1918.

No. 949.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, Part II, of the Punjab Courts Act, 1918 (Punjab Act VI of 1918), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Chief Court, Punjab, during the absence on military duty of the Hon'ble Mr. L. H. Leslie Jones, I.C.S., first temporary Additional Judge, or until further orders :—

The Hon'ble Mr. A. B. Broadway, Barrister-at-law, second temporary Additional Judge of the Chief Court, to act as first temporary Additional Judge.

Mr. S. Wilberforce, I.C.S., a District and Sessions Judge, to act as second temporary Additional Judge *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. Broadway, officiating as first temporary Additional Judge.

(1621)

No. 950.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 4, Part II, of the Punjab Courts Act, 1918 (Punjab Act VI of 1918), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. E. Martineau, I.C.S., a District and Sessions Judge, on leave, to act as fourth temporary Additional Judge of the Chief Court, Punjab, for a period of three months, with effect from the 17th October 1918, or until further orders.

MEDICAL.

The 8th October, 1918.

No. 455.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to appoint Rai Baij Nath Vyas Bahadur, Chief Plague Officer, United Provinces, to be an Honorary Assistant Surgeon on His Excellency's personal staff, with effect from the 27th July 1918, *vice* Rai Chandra Mohan De Bahadur, deceased.

The 11th October, 1918.

No. 463.—In supersession of the Home Department notification no. 390, dated the 26th August, 1918, Major H. M. Mackenzie, I.M.S., is appointed to be Professor of Pathology, Medical College, Lahore, substantively *pro tempore* with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of that office.

POLICE

The 5th October, 1918.

No. 1039.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1, sub-section (3), of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that sections 3 to 1 of the said Act shall come into force, with effect from the date of this notification in the district of Saharanpur in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

S. R. HIGNELL,

Offg Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 9th October, 1918.

No. 1801-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. James Fletcher Simpson as Consul for Norway at Madras.

No. 1804-G.—With reference to Notification No 1400-G, dated the 7th September 1917 the provisional recognition of the appointment of Senor Don Arturo Cabrera as Consul General for Chile at Calcutta, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

A. H. GRANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 9th October, 1918.

No. 3237-IB.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is of the opinion that tanning bark can be utilised in connection with the prosecution of the present war and whereas it is necessary to increase supplies thereof for the tanning of hides ;

Now, therefore, the Governor General in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by rule 11-C C. of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as applied to the Administered Areas in the Hyderabad State, is pleased hereby to direct that no person shall, within the said Areas, put into tanning skins of sheep or goat after the date of the publication of this order, except as expressly permitted by a license from the Resident at Hyderabad.

R. E. HOLLAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 10th October, 1918

No. 2233-Est. B.—Major G. R. Hughes, 1-43rd Erinipura Regiment, is appointed to officiate as Inspecting Officer, Rajputana and Central India States Imperial Service Infantry, and in addition as Inspector of Signalling, Imperial Service Troops, with effect from the 1st October 1918, and until further orders.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.**APPOINTMENTS.**

Simla, the 9th October, 1918.

No. 1116-C.W.C.—Dr. C. A. Matley, D.Sc., F.G.S., of the Military Accounts Department has been appointed Deputy Controller of War Accounts with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Mr. F. I. L. Clarke of the Military Accounts Department has been appointed Assistant Controller of War Accounts with effect from the 26th September 1918.

Mr. C. N. Ramaswami Iyengar, M.A., temporary Assistant Controller of War Accounts, has been appointed Assistant Controller of War Accounts with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Mr. A. C. B. Varma, a Superintendent in the office of the Controller of War Accounts, has been appointed temporary Assistant Controller of War Accounts in that office with effect from the 1st October 1918, *vice* Mr. Ramaswami Iyengar.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 10th October, 1918.

No. 1306-F.E.—Mr. A. B. H. Conquest, an Accountant in the office of the Chief Auditor, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Audit Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 30th September 1918 and until further orders.

The 11th October, 1918.

No. 1318-F.E.—The services of Mr. H. Denning, I.C.S., Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, were placed at the disposal of the Indian Munitions Board from the 12th to the 26th September 1918.

M. M. S. GUBBAY,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.**INLAND NAVIGATION.**

Simla, the 12th October, 1918.

No. 10907.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Freight (Railway and Inland Steam-vessel) Tax Act, 1917 (XIII of 1917), the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt from the payment of the tax imposed under the said Act all oil-winning tools and plant carried from one oil-field to another by inland steam-vessels belonging to the individual, firm or Company owning such tools or plant.

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

The 12th October, 1918.

No. 10910.—The following Order in Council is published for general information :—

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 27th day of August, 1918.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a

state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade :

AND WHEREAS it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade :

AND WHEREAS by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, and made under Section 4 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, and Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, and Section 1 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited

AND WHEREAS by subsequent Orders of Council the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars

AND WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect :—

That the Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, as amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council, should be further amended by making the following additions to the Schedule to the same :—

That the following headings should be added —

Notes of the Bank of France to all destinations except to destinations in France.

Notes of the United States Government and United States Bank Notes to all destinations except to destinations in the United States.

Now, therefore, Their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, the Director of the War Trade Department and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Almeric Fitzroy.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MUNICIPALITIES.

Sinl, the 10th October, 1918.

No. 105.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Provident Funds Act 1897 (IX of 1897), the Governor General in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of the said Act to the Provident Fund established by the Bandra Municipality under the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1901 (III of 1901).

SANITARY.

The 11th October 1918.

No. 343—The services of Major J. M. Holmes, M.B., I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, for appointment as Health Officer, Imperial City, with the additional charge of the duties of the Health Officer, Notified Area, Delhi.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Simla, the 11th October 1918.***PART A.****PROMOTIONS.**

No. 2349.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while holding the appointments noted :—

Deputy Assistant Director, Medical Services.

Captain J. Cairns, R.A.M.C. (T.C.) Dated 20th August 1918.

Captain A. Hood, R.A.M.C. Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 2350.—Lieutenant B. J. Cafferata, Army Service Corps, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Workshop Officer at the Mechanical Transport Training Establishment, Rawalpindi. Dated 6th August 1918.

No. 2351.—The undermentioned are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding appointments as Instructors at the Mechanical Transport Training Establishment, Rawalpindi :—

Lieutenant A. C. Earp, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Lieutenant R. W. Downs, 25th London Regiment.

Lieutenant T. Tuckey, Army Service Corps.

} Dated 6th August 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2352.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captains to be Majors.

Charles Hemsley, 64th Pioneers. Dated 19th August 1918.

Henry Spencer Cardew, M.C., 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Brevet-Major Cyril Nisbet Steel, 25th Punjabis.

Montague Waco, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Montagu Chenevix Baldwin, M.C., 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Frank Alan Macartney, M.C., 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

John Ashton Pottinger, M.C., 30th Punjabis.

} Dated 10th October 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Carleton Stuart Searle, M.C., 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 8th August 1918.

James Clyde Johnson, M.C., 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 14th August 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Harold George Sheldon, attached 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse). Dated 3rd July 1916.

Cecil Charles Hooper Bowden, attached 38th King George's Own Central India Horse. Dated 31st August 1918.

Richard Arthur Burrridge, attached 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).

William James O'Brien, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Cecil Frederick East, attached 87th Punjabis.

Ralph Brown, attached 67th Punjabis.

James Miles Binden Chicheley Plowden, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Frederick Richard Dickinson, attached 20th Deccan Horse.

Clive Conrad Schokman, attached 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Richard Terence Robins, M.C., attached 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 9th October 1918.

} Dated 12th September 1918.

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

Joseph Fishburn. Dated 1st September 1918.

Albert James Dance. Dated 13th September 1918.

No. 2353.—The promotion of Major Eric Sortain Hancock, 90th Punjabis, to his present rank, notified in Army Department Notification No. 2211, dated the 21st December 1917, is antedated, subject to His Majesty's approval, to the 4th December 1916, his previous forfeited service having been restored for good service in the field.

No. 2354.—Lieutenant B. Meyer, 39th Garhwal Rifles, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while holding an appointment as Assistant Instructor at a School of Musketry. Dated 1st September 1918.

No 2355—(Captain G. Lennox, 37th Dogras, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Commandant of a School of Musketry. Dated 15th October 1918

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2356.—Major C. C. Murison is granted the acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 62 of 1918, while commanding No. 25 Combined Field Ambulance in the Field; from 29th May 1917 to 17th September 1917.

No. 2357.—In Army Department Notification No. 1495, dated the 5th July 1918, against the name of temporary Lieutenant Mahekshaw Dady, for "17th July 1917" read "17th May 1917."

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No 2358.—The following warrant officers are promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissary supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the terms of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918; with effect from the 27th September 1918:—

Conductors Charles James Prior and Charles Gowan Jackson.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE.

No. 2359—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—
Lieutenants to be Captains.

Cavalry Branch.

Marcus Hamilton Raikes Dated 5th August 1918

Infantry Branch.

John Ernest Buttery Hotson, O B E. Dated 16th December 1917.

Frederick Philip Boxer. Dated 5th August 1918.

Alfred George Ranelagh Horton-Bennett Dated 21st August 1918

Harold Hans Marshall Spink. Dated 14th September 1918.

Frederick Josiah Gibbs. Dated 16th September 1918.

Marmaduke Claude Sutton Hamilton Kittoe. Dated 26th September 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants

Cavalry Branch.

Angus Wardlaw Stewart.

Arthur Sidney Hamilton, M.M. } Dated 25th August 1918.

Reginald Harben Weitzal. Dated 29th August 1918.

Edward Thomas Warren. Dated 20th September 1918

Roland Westphal Morde. Dated 22nd September 1918.

Edward Sheepshanks. Dated 24th September 1918

Thomas Alex Whitehead.

Henry Beatty. } Dated 26th September 1918.

Colin Hales Finch.

Andrew Robert Barrett Palmer.

Infantry Branch.

Colin Gibbon Alexander. Dated 15th December 1916.

Leonard Charles Hardy Goode, M C. Dated 27th June 1918.

Frank Stewart Parsons. Dated 21st August 1918.

James Cameron Blyth

John Singleton Darling.

Andrew McCombe.

James Alexander McQueen.

Frank Blancher Winn.

Albert Charles Ellory.

Edgar Mark Moss

Herbert Richard Wellsman Mitchell. } Dated 16th September 1918.

William Orr.

Thomas Stephenson.

William Laidlaw Fraser.

Gilbert Isdell Harvey-Kelly.

Reginald Henry Mullin. Dated 25th September 1918.

Stephen Harris Covernton.

Herbert Leonard Offley Garrett.

Thomas Arthur Rowse.

Percival Wilkinson Mitchell.

George Mortimer Hugh Allen.

William Craig.

Charles James Savory Macbeth.

Neville Yorke Keith.

Gordon Mears Barker.

Thomas Ernest Hobson.

Alistair Cattinach.

Harry Evelyn Forrester.

Francis Sheed Anderson.

Harry Thomas Riddington.

} Dated 26th September 1918.

William Irving Kearns. Dated 28th September 1918.

Henry Richard Lanktree. Dated 29th September 1918.

Herbert James Page.

Leslie George Barnard.

Ronald Harry Culley.

William George Brian. Dated 8th October 1918.

Reuben McCarthy Newman.

Harold Simmonds.

Archibald Dargue Weir.

Alexander Thomas McKenzie. Dated 10th October 1918.

No. 2360.—Second Lieutenant William Bernard Finnigan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while employed as Registrar, Indian Troops War Hospital, Karachi, with effect from the 7th May 1918.

No. 2361.—Second Lieutenant Francis William Marrs, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as an Assistant Recruiting Officer. Dated 23rd September 1918.

No. 2362.—The undermentioned Second Lieutenants of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as Assistant Recruiting Officers, with effect from the 1st October 1918:—

Charles Beynon Williams.

Edmund Guilford.

No. 2363.—Lieutenant William Wailling, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, will take seniority in the rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 5th April 1916.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

37th Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

No. 2364.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—
Captain to be Major.

Edwin Greaves. Dated 7th August 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Edgar Thompson

Alexander Edward Mackenzie

} Dated 7th August 1918.

45th Aden Rifles.

No. 2365.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—
Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Cyril Eric Leman.

Stanley Nicholas Day.

} Dated 30th April 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 2366.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

ROYAL GARRISON ARTILLERY.

Captain F. N. C. Rossiter to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 9th September 1918, *vice* Major J. Hayes-Sadler, vacated with effect from the 25th August 1918.

Major J. Hayes-Sadler to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a brigade of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 11th September 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) P. H. Climo, vacated with effect from the 27th August 1918.

CAVALRY.

1st (King's) Dragoon Guards.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) B. M. Ward relinquishes the acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 6th September 1918.

Lieutenant C. E. Wilson to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 21st September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) B. M. Ward relinquished acting rank, with effect from the 6th September 1918.

INFANTRY.

The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment).

Second Lieutenant R. Wood to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a School of Instruction for Non-Commissioned Officers. Dated 11th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Mahoney, The Durham Light Infantry, appointed a company commander.

INDIAN ARMY

No. 2367.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

The Governor's Bodyguard, Madras.

Lieutenant D. E. Smith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 13th Duke of

Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse), to be Acting Captain, while holding an appointment as Commandant of a Bodyguard. Dated 1st January 1918.

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant F. W. Buckler, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron, from 1st May 1918 to 6th June 1918, inclusive.

Railway Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. E. Marriott, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 28th July 1918.

1st Brahmins.

Lieutenant J. H. B. O'Dowd, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th June 1918.

23rd Sikh Pioneers

Lieutenant J. Hearn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a combined depot, from 24th June 1918 to 26th June 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant J. Hearn, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while Assistant Commandant of a combined depot. Dated 27th June 1918.

26th Punjabis

Second Lieutenant T. W. Green, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 14th May 1918 to 14th June 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant W. de B. MacLaren to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th June 1918.

Lieutenant H. J. Furminger, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 30th June 1918 to 8th August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Second Lieutenant T. W. Green, vacated with effect from the 15th June 1918.

Lieutenant A. L. Rivey-Hill, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. J. Furminger, vacated with effect from the 9th August 1918.

28th Punjabis.

Major E. C. Smith, 22nd Punjabis, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 15th August 1918.

32nd Sikh Pioneers.

Captain H. W. Andrews to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 1st June 1918.

33rd Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. P. Richmond, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant C. Blomeley, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. P. Richmond, vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant F. Graham, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 8th September 1918, *vice* Captain J. B. Scott, M.C., vacated with effect from the 24th August 1918.

31st Sikh Pioneers.

Lieutenant C. O. Forth, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. J. Carr, vacated with effect from the 16th July 1918.

131st United Provinces Regiment.

Second Lieutenant K. M. Oriordan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st June 1918.

Second Lieutenant R. A. Horton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st June 1918.

Second Lieutenant the Honourable N. B. P. Shore, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. A. Inglis, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 31st July 1918.

151st Infantry.

Captain C. E. Stuart-Prince, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force), attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 24th May 1918.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. L. Harvey, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st August 1918.

3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant F. H. Lewis, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. J. L. Phillips, vacated with effect from the 1st July 1918.

5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. F. Murindin, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 27th July 1918.

6th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Crozier, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant J. T. B. Bookey, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 9th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant W. H. Crozier, vacated with effect from the 25th August 1918.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) P. R. J. Morgan, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant I. M. Forsyth, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 3rd July 1918 to 19th July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant P. R. J. Morgan, vacated with effect from the 18th June 1918.

Lieutenant L. E. W. Jackson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 4th August 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant I. M. Forsyth, vacated with effect from the 20th July 1918.

No. 2368.—Army Department Notification No. 791, dated the 19th April 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of the acting rank of Captain to Lieutenant R. G. Williams, 112th Infantry, for "Acting Captain while commanding a company" read "Acting Captain while commanding a wing."

No. 2369.—Army Department Notification No. 1712, dated the 2nd August 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of the acting rank of Captain to Lieutenant W. G. Figg, attached to Depot, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force), is cancelled and the following substituted:—

Depot, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant W. G. Figg, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 22nd June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. W. Buckler, vacated with effect from the 7th June 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2370.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified:—

To be Captains.

*Captain John Bushby Stubbs, Army Service Corps, attached 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse). Dated 26th October 1917, but to rank from the 1st September 1916.

*Captain Ralph Ponsonby Watts, The Hampshire Regiment, attached 99th Deccan Infantry. Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 23rd January 1918.

Lieutenant Charles Frederick Vernon Fulton, M.C., The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached Military Farms Department. Dated 28th September 1918, but to rank from the 15th August 1918.

To be Lieutenants.

Captain David Mitchell Anderson, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 3rd Brahmins. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 15th May 1916.

Lieutenant Frederick Thomas Macdonald Lake, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 22nd June 1916.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Lyon Taylor, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th July 1916.

Lieutenant Eric Lethbridge Paul Purcell Gilpin, 1st Derbyshire Yeomanry, attached 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 31st July 1916.

Lieutenant Cecil Alfred Stansfeld, Army Service Corps, attached 18th Infantry. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 3rd August 1916.

Captain Herbert Victor Henrotin, Army Service Corps, attached 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 26th August 1916.

Captain Roland Faulkner, M.C., The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment), attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 31st August 1918, but to rank from the 5th September 1916.

Lieutenant John Henry Charlesworth, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), attached 38th Dogras. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 10th September 1916.

Lieutenant Robert Mollroy Stobart, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 18th September 1916.

Captain Herbert Cecil Duncan, Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's) attached 98th Infantry. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 23rd September 1916.

Captain Noel Rothwell Taft, The Bedfordshire Regiment, attached 5th Light Infantry. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 10th October 1916.

Lieutenant Frank Mason Widdows, The Manchester Regiment, attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 24th October 1916.

*Have not forfeited 9 months' seniority towards promotion.

Lieutenant Joseph Gault, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 27th November 1916.

Lieutenant Reinhold George Tewson, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 16th December 1916.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Edleston Wheeler, The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment), attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 31st August 1918, but to rank from the 20th December 1916.

Lieutenant Cyril Justice Rowland, Machine Gun Corps, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Granadiers. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 7th January 1917.

Captain Harold Charles West Roberts, M.C., The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 23rd January 1917.

Lieutenant Cecil Harry Gore, Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's), attached 12nd Cavalry. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 3rd February 1917.

Lieutenant Roderick Hirsyn Jones, The South Wales Borderers, attached 88th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 25th August 1918, but to rank from the 6th February 1917.

Second Lieutenant George English Hinde, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 3rd March 1917.

Lieutenant Reginald Arthur Wesson, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment), attached 98th Infantry. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 22nd March 1917.

Lieutenant Cyril Dover Jones, Army Cyclist Corps, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 14th April 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Ralph Hind-Fletcher, Machine Gun Corps, attached 112th Infantry. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 30th April 1917.

Lieutenant Samuel William Bower, The Northamptonshire Regiment, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 23rd May 1917.

Lieutenant John Russell James Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment), attached 5th Light Infantry. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 13th June 1917.

Lieutenant Robert Kerr Weir Cormack, Machine Gun Corps, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 25th June 1917.

Lieutenant Frederick George Cadden, The Royal Sussex Regiment, attached 84th Punjabis. Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 28th June 1917.

Lieutenant Charles Oliver Crawford, M.C., The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 67th Punjabis. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 4th July 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Charles Herring, M.C., The East Yorkshire Regiment, attached 123rd Ostrau's Rifles. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 4th July 1917.

Lieutenant Samuel Whiteley Whitaker, General List, attached 16th Cavalry. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 18th July 1917.

Lieutenant John Jeston Willoughby, The Essex Regiment, attached 27th Punjabis. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 1st August 1917.

Lieutenant John Edward Broadbent Barton, The Manchester Regiment, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 10th August 1917.

Lieutenant Reginald Percival William Green, The Manchester Regiment, attached 128th Pioneers. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 16th August 1917.

Lieutenant Leslie Palmer Moffat, King Edward's Horse (The King's Oversea Dominions Regiment), attached 14th Cavalry. Dated 20th August 1918, but to rank from the 10th September 1917.

Lieutenant Frank Allen Hanson, The Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment), attached 61st Pioneers. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 28th September 1917.

Captain Walter Harold Sendall, The London Regiment (Royal Fusiliers), attached 96th Berar Infantry. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 30th September 1917.

Captain Edward Lionel Law, The Manchester Regiment, attached 26th Punjabis. Dated 18th August 1918, but to rank from the 6th October 1917.

Lieutenant William Frederick Piers, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, attached 27th Punjabis. Dated 31st August 1918, but to rank from the 8th October 1917.

Lieutenant Wilfred James Robinson, Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment), attached 90th Punjabis. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Lieutenant Joseph Desmond Pemberton, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 28th Punjabis. Dated 28th August 1918, but to rank from the 7th April 1918.

Lieutenant Ronald Edward Mac'ennan Mac'evon, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 38th Dogras. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 14th May 1918.

Lieutenant Leslie Gordon Cooper, Seaforth Highlanders (Ross-shire Buffs, The Duke of Albany's), attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th June 1918.

Lieutenant John Richard Hillingworth, The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), attached 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant Alfred Henry Mathew, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, attached 2nd Punjab. Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Lieutenant John Eustace Carstens, South African Infantry attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 6th July 1918.

Lieutenant Herbert Selway, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th July 1918.

Lieutenant Gordon Cecil Oswell, The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regiment), attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th July 1918.

No. 2371.—The Christian names of Second Lieutenant Herbert Pon Story Bullock, The Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 89th Punjab, are as now stated and not as published in Army Department Notification No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917.

No. 2372.—The following are admitted to the Indian Army from the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Captain.

Leonard Gyde Hudson-Heaven, attached 82nd Punjab. Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 14th July 1917.

To be Lieutenants

Ian Macbeth Orr, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment) Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 20th August 1916.

James Joseph Salt, attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th December 1916.

Frederic George Bevis, attached 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 9th January 1917.

Christopher Gardner Thomson, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 8th June 1917.

Bertram Crichton Waller, attached 36th Jacob's Horse Dated 23rd September 1918, but to rank from the 12th August 1917.

William Greenfield Mann Money, attached The 101st Grenadiers Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 10th September 1917.

Charles Edward Miller Judge, M.B.E., attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 21st September 1918, but to rank from the 15th February 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants

Patrick Joseph Leonard, attached 83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry. Dated 3rd October 1918, but to rank from the 5th February 1918.

Henry George Lang, attached 95th Russell's Infantry. Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 20th March 1918.

Frederick Roy Croft, attached 8th Rajputs Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 20th March 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE

No. 2373—The undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Debdra Chandra Majumdar. 14th September 1918.

Kiram Chand Uppal. 16th September 1918.

No. 2374—The date of appointment of Manekshaw Dady, as a temporary Lieutenant in the Indian Medical Service, is 17th May 1916, and not 17th July 1916, as stated in Army Department Notification No. 1150, dated the 29th September 1916.

No. 2375—William Nunan, M.D., to be honorary temporary Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 12th September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2376—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Cavalry Branch

To be Lieutenants.

Thomas Alexander MacWilliam, attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 23rd February 1916.

Frank Mollwraith Shaw, attached 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse). Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 16th January 1917.

David Price Owen, attached 4th Cavalry. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 21st December 1917.

To be Second Lieutenant

Harry Witchell, attached 16th Cavalry. Dated 26th February 1918, but to rank from the 29th June 1917.

Infantry Branch.

To be Lieutenants.

William Harrington Hulton Dawson, M.C., attached 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-e Ghilzie Regiment) Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 22nd September 1917.

Featherstone Hargrave-Carroll, attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 4th December 1917, but to rank from the 13th October 1916.

Henry Robert Caulfield-Giles, attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 7th December 1915.

Eric Fawcett Carroll, attached 10th Jats. Dated 5th October 1917, but to rank from the 9th December 1915.

Norman Harricks, attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 29th July 1917, but to rank from the 16th August 1916.

Sidney Melville Boddy, attached 94th Russell's Infantry. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 30th September 1916.

George Sidney Hearn, attached 112th Infantry. Dated 4th December 1917, but to rank from the 8th December 1916.

Cyril Stanley Platts, attached No. 39 (Divisional Signal) Company (Sappers and Miners). Dated 1st October 1917, but to rank from the 12th December 1916.

James McMorran, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 16th March 1918, but to rank from the 6th January 1917.

George Frederick Shaw, attached 112th Infantry. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 2nd June 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

William Henry St. John Sloane, attached 10th Jats. Dated 24th October 1917, but to rank from the 26th January 1917.

Ernest Williamson Logan, attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 24th March 1917.

Henry Arthur Eric Barker, attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th April 1917.

Harry Rostron, attached 67th Punjabis. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 26th April 1917.

Charles Whitfield Perraton, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 30th May 1917.

Thomas Henry Coles, attached 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment). Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 30th May 1917.

Horace Charles Druett, attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Donald Bruce Bowe Harris, attached 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

John Greville Bullocke, attached 81st Pioneers. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Basil Ogilvie Breton, attached 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

William Donald Francis, attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Norton Stephen Crockett, attached 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment). Dated 4th October 1917, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Ronald Wynne Oliphant, attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 6th December 1917, but to rank from the 19th October 1917.

Frank Dudley, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 29th January 1918, but to rank from the 24th October 1917.

William Edgar Pringle Harrison, attached 3rd Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 21st January 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Duncan Campbell, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 21st January 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Sidney Charles Weekes, attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Douglas McNaught, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Edward Robins, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th December 1917.

Richard George Cunliffe, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 13th December 1917.

Herbert Edward Walmisley, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 13th December 1917.

Arthur Lloyd Walmisley, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th December 1917.

Ernest Walter King, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 21st December 1917.

No. 2377.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenants.

Cavalry Branch.

Leslie Steel Bingemann. Dated 27th September 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Llewellyn Vivian Miller.

Otwell Grenville Miller.

} Dated 21st September 1918.

Alfred Harding Burnett. Dated 23rd September 1918.

Hugh Beard.

Lawrence George Bennet.

Alfred William Berriff.

Herbert Haddon Brown

Eric James Dickson.

Thomas Francis Furey

Vernon Winter Gregory.

Joseph Hayes-Flanagan.

Henry William James Holmes.

Arnold Earnest Marshall.

Marco Dennis Morrison.

Charles Rundle Perkin.

Gerald William Priestley.

James Slark.

Harry Young Spencer.

James Cockburn.

William Alexander Hardie.

Lewis Aldis Higham.

Frank Archibald Willoughby.

Lemuel Arthur Gidney.

Walter Henry Herbert Hitchcock.

Terence O'Brien.

William Sargeant.

Arthur Lionel Simons.

John Sutherland Christie.

Joseph Clemens Congdon.

Terrence Patrick Gateley.

Claude Melbourne Langshaw.

Michael Phillips McCarthy.

George Edward Lovelace Carter.

Michael Collingwood Garratty.

John George Grahamslaw.

Frank Leslie Jones.

John Ernest Sampson.

Denis Goodman Grange. Dated 1st October 1918.

William Henry Hamilton Leslie.

George William Winter.

Dated 24th September 1918.

Dated 25th September 1918.

Dated 26th September 1918.

Dated 27th September 1918.

Dated 28th September 1918.

Dated 2nd October 1918.

No. 2378.—Army Department Notification No. 2126, dated the 20th September 1918, is hereby cancelled in as far as it relates to "Lancelot Graham" and "Laurence Benjamin Kelaart."

No. 2379.—Army Department Notification No. 1522, dated the 13th July 1918, is cancelled as far as it relates to "Archibald James Barbour Carruthers."

No. 2380.—Army Department Notification No. 2198, dated the 28th September 1918, is cancelled in as far as it relates to "James Reaney Hood."

No. 2381.—Army Department Notification No. 2129, dated the 20th September 1918 is hereby cancelled.

No. 2382.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary commissions in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, as specified :—

To be temporary Captains.

Dated 11th October 1918.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Charles James Prior, India Miscellaneous List.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Charles Gowan Jackson, India Miscellaneous List.

No. 2383.—The following to be temporary Second Lieutenants in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Godfrey Davis. Dated 6th October 1918

Frederick William Harris. Dated 10th October 1918.

No. 2384.—With reference to Army Department Notifications No. 1318, No. 1319 and No. 1321, dated the 22nd June 1918, No. 1398 and No. 1399, dated the 29th June 1918, it is notified that the following officers of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers rank for seniority amongst themselves as shewn below :—

Alexander Warren Mercer.

Douglas Scott Hadow.

Henry James Creighton Malony.

• Frederick Charles Isomonger.

Reginald Johnston Adams.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

2nd Nagpur Rifles

No. 2385—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Lal Mohun Vivian Bose Dated 17th September 1918.

1-13th Great Indian Peninsula Railway Battalion.

No. 2386—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenants.

Cuthbert William Anderson. } Dated 1st April 1917.
Reginald Perry Bould. }

To be Second Lieutenants.

Percy Robert Billington }
Ernest Hubert Flower }
Lionel Edward Dowling }
Thomas Guthrie Russell. } Dated 19th July 1918
Robert Henry Husband. }
Samuel Henry Sharp }
Miles Walker. }

2-13th Great Indian Peninsula Railway Battalion.

No. 2387—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant Colonel.

John Smith McNeill, V.D. Dated 1st April 1917

To be Captain.

George Eliot Everett. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

John Everard Batton. Dated 1st April 1917.
Percy Albert Hirst Middleton. }
Lewis Barber. }
John Alexander Tower }
Percy Edward Hussey-Freke. } Dated 29th July 1918.
Gerald Meredith Darwin. }
Robert Lucas Hyattcock Clarke }

20th Virginia Mountain Battalion

No. 2388—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Major.

Hugh Reid Lockie. Dated 1st April 1917

To be Captain

Henry D'Aroy Cornelius Reilly. Dated 1st April 1917

To be Lieutenant

Albert Cyril Woodhouse. Dated 1st April 1917

7th Hyderabad Presidency Battalion

No. 2389—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenants.

Edward John Rawson Gardiner. }
Walter Becoroff. } Dated 7th August 1918.
Reginald Howe }

41st Eastern Bengal Company

No. 2390—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Captain (Supernumerary List).

Robert Barker McCormick Dated 1st April 1917.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2391—The undermentioned officers are permitted to relinquish their commissions in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers on being granted temporary commissions in the Indian Army, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Captain Hugh Reid Lockie Dated 31st March 1917.

Second Lieutenant Albert Cyril Woodhouse Dated 7th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant Henry D'Aroy Cornelius Reilly Dated 7th July 1918.

No. 2392—Second Lieutenant Alexander Radcliffe Hepburn Murray is permitted to relinquish his commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, on reverting to the Indian Police Establishment, with effect from the 10th August 1918.

PART B

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

PERSONAL STAFF

No. 2393.—The Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 1st October 1918:—

To be Honorary Surgeon

Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. Smith, C.B., M.B., I.M.S., *vice* Colonel H. F. Cleveland, C.I.E., I.M.S., tenure expired.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2394.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted honorary commissions in the Indian Army in the rank stated against their names for the duration of the war:—

1st Brahmins

Chaudhri Badan Singh to be temporary honorary Jemadar

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Thakur Basant Singh to be temporary honorary Subadar

16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).

Thakur Surendra Bahadur Singh to be temporary honorary Jemadar.

94th Russell's Infantry

Chaudhri Padam Singh to be temporary honorary Jemadar.

113th Infantry.

Chaudhri Narain Singh to be temporary honorary Jemadar.

Randhir Singh, Rai Narpal Singh Sahib, Thakur Raidal Singh and Chaudhri Ram Das to be temporary honorary Subadar; Thakur Naubat Singh, Thakur Bansidhar, Thakur Tunda Singh, Thakur Jaisi Ram, Thakur Bhabhuti Singh, Sabdal Singh, B Chandresh Singh, Chaudhri Sadho Singh, Chaudhri Diwan Singh and Chaudhri Ram Singh to be temporary honorary Jemadars.

No. 2395.—The following direct appointments are made:—

30th Punjabis

Kapur Singh and Fateh Muhammad Khan to be Jemadars, on probation, with effect from the 26th June 1918; Muzaffar Khan to be Jemadar on probation, with effect from the 1st July 1918; Ahlulla Khan to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 2nd July 1918; Sapuan Singh to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 5th July 1918 and Ahlul Haq to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 1st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 2396.—The following retired Indian officers have been re-employed in the Indian Army, with effect from the date specified against their names:—

Rank and Name	Former Regiment.	How employed.	Date of re-employment
Subadar Major Sayid Padsha	75th Carnatic Infantry	Marine Lines Camp, Bombay.	28th June 1918
Subadar Natha Singh	32nd Sikh Pioneers	Indian Garrison Company, attached 31th Sikh Pioneers	2nd May 1918
Subadar Harnam Singh	34th Sikh Pioneers	Ditto	1st January 1918
Subadar Bohan Singh, <i>Bahadur</i>	72nd Punjabis	Depot, 72nd Punjabis	3rd August 1918
Subadar Ajodhya Singh	96th Bihar Infantry	8th Rajputs	22nd July 1918
Subadar Pudi Khan	119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment)	Depot, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment)	11th August 1918.
Subadar Chaud Khan	121st Pioneers	Depot, 121st Pioneers	20th March 1918.
Subadar Sitlamang Lama, <i>Sardar Bahadur</i>	2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles)	Indian Convalescent Section No. 1. (Gurkhas).	17th October 1917.
Subadar Bhowan Sing Sahi	3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.	Depot, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.	8th August 1918
Subadar Tilbir Bhandari	9th Gurkha Rifles	Indian Convalescent Section No. 1. (Gurkhas)	1st April 1918
Resendar Hayat Gul Khan	38th King George's Own Central India Horse	Depot, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse	10th April 1918
Jemadar Gulab Khan	33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.	Marine Lines Camp, Bombay	27th June 1918
Jemadar Sarjan Singh	8th Rajputs	8th Rajputs	22nd July 1918

Rank and Name.	Former Regiment.	How employed.	Date of re-employment.
Jemadar Mit Singh	34th Sikh Pioneers ...	Indian Garrison Company, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers.	4th March 1918.
Jemadar Tulairam Nagarkoti	2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).	Indian Convalescent Section No. 1. (Gurkhas).	21st October 1916.
Jemadar Shersing Kharka ..	Ditto ...	Ditto	1st December 1917.
Jemadar Rupsing Bisht ...	2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).	Ditto	31st October 1918.
Jemadar Mohansing Rana	6th Gurkha Rifles ...	Ditto	1st April 1917
Jemadar Nathu Sani ...	7th Gurkha Rifles ...	Ditto	11th September 1916.
Jemadar Lalbahadur Ghale ...	Ditto ...	Ditto	16th November 1916.
Jemadar Dhanraj Khattri ..	Ditto ...	Ditto	15th February 1917.
Jemadar Narpati Lama ...	10th Gurkha Rifles ...	Ditto	4th September 1916.

No. 2397.—The following promotions are made :—

10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Holson's Horse).

Dafadar Sayyid Aftab Shah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Jemadar Daya Kishan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 15th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Kot-Dafadar Sohbat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Kot-Dafadar Khan Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st July 1917 and Dafadar Daud Khau to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

40th Indian Cavalry Regiment.

Jemadar Mohan Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 1st April 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

30th Mountain Battery.

Havildar-Major Ali Akbar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

38th (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Havildar-Major Gurmukh Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Roorkee.

Havildar (Salutry) Muhammad Yar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Fazal Ahmad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Maroti Jadhao to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Hayat Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th July 1911 ; to complete the establishment.

3rd Brahmans.

Havildar-Major Becha Misr, Havildars Datnarayan Dube, Dinbandhu Tiwari, Sukhpal Dube, Shiunath Misr and Ramamujh Upadhyia and Naik Shiumungal Tiwari to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st January 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

10th Jats.

Havildars P. hkar and Chandgi to be Jemadars, with effect from the 28th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Havildar Inam Din to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

47th Sikhs

Colour-Havildar Rura to be Jemadar, with effect from the 28th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Subadar Mir Baz Khan, Bahadur, to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 1st May 1918 ; *vice* Lachhman Singh transferred to the pension establishment.

63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Abdul Karim to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918 and Havildar Abdul Wahid to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

75th Carnatic Infantry.

Havildars Munisami and Abdul Majid Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 9th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

83rd Wallojhabad Light Infantry.

Jemadar Munisami Raju to be Subadar, with effect from the 26th May 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

92nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Hazara Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th January 1916 to complete the establishment

94th Russell's Infantry.

Jemadar Ramdhani Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 18th May 1918, Havildar Dal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd December 1917, Colour-Havildars Shiujadik Singh, Baramdeo Singh and Bhim Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 18th May 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Havildar-Major Rambarat Singh, Colour-Havildars Sher Singh, Shaikh Abdul Manaf and Darshan Singh and Havildar Lekh Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th July 1918 , to complete the establishment

95th Russell's Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Ramlal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1917 , to complete the establishment

97th Deccan Infantry.

Jemadar Ranjit Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Harphul to be Jemadar with effect from the 14th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Havildar-Major Krishnasjirao Bhosle to be Jemadar with effect from the 1st February 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

117th Mahrattas.

Havildars Govind Ghorpade and Kamta Kurmi to be Jemadars, with effect from the 10th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment

153rd Indian Infantry.

Havildar Deosi Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th May 1918 and Colour-Havildar Niamat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Subadar Kalu Ram Thapa to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 1st August 1918, *vice* Rudinarain Nagarkoti, Bahadur, transferred to the pension establishment

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles)

Havildar-Major Bharat Sing Thapa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 , to complete the establishment.

9th Gurkha Rifles

Havildars Shiuprasad Thapa, Wazir Singh Khatri and Bhagwan Singh Phakur to be Jemadars, with effect from the 5th June 1917 ; to complete the establishment.

5th Labour Corps.

Havildar Badhawa Singh (39th King George's Own Central India Horse) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th May 1918, Havildar Karna Bahadur (9th Gurkha Rifles) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd June 1918, Havildars Harnam Singh (26th Mountain Battery) and Ramnarayan (6th Jat Light Infantry) to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th June 1918 and Havildar Gulab Singh Rawat (39th Garhwal Rifles) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment

10th Labour Corps

Colour-Havildar Ganpat Singh [13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment)] to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th May 1918, Colour-Havildar Chanda Singh (22nd Punjabis) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st June 1918, Havildar Mewa Singh (48th Pioneers) to be Jemadar with effect from the 4th June 1918 and Colour-Havildar Labh Singh (48th Pioneers) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th June 1918, to complete the establishment.

11th Labour Corps.

Havildar Dewa (14th Merwara Infantry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th June 1918 and Colour-Havildar Kaku Singh (9th Bhopal Infantry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918; to complete the establishment

110th Labour Corps.

Jemadar Cuppasami Pillai to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 2398—The date of the appointment of Jemadar Khuda Dad Khan, 126th Baluchistan Infantry, is the 6th August 1918 and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 1813, dated the 9th August 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH

Bombay Establishment

No. 2399 The undermentioned 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeons having completed five years' service in that class to be 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 16th September 1918:—

- No. 337 Ganesh Raghunath Shirodker
- No. 338 Gordhandas Jethabhai Desai.
- No. 339 Yeshvant Shiveramji Masoji
- No. 341 Bilwant Narayan Masurker
- No. 342 Joseph Appaji Kavekar
- No. 343 Waman Ramkrishna Rajpathak
- No. 345 Maganlal Kanji
- No. 347 Vithal Mahadeo Satpute
- No. 349 Bhakchandra Sakhamam Shede
- No. 350 Aaron Ezekeil Ziradker.
- No. 351 Shanker Laxman Matker.
- No. 353 Yeshvant Ramchandra Jadhav

No. 2400 The undermentioned 3rd class Sub-Assistant Surgeons having completed five years' service in that class to be 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeons with effect from the 15th September 1918

- No. 416 R. G. Joglekar.
- No. 417 Chhotchal Duryaw Singh Verma
- No. 418 Maniklal Motilal Talati.
- No. 419 Nabr Jan Husain Ali Shaikh.
- No. 420 Kakaobhai Jayantilal Trivedi.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS

3rd (Mesopotamia) Camel Corps.

No. 2401. The following promotions are made:

No. 915 Kot-Dafadar Asaa Singh, to be Jemadar to complete the establishment; with effect from the 26th December 1916.

Jemadar Sher Ali Khan to be Risaldar to complete the establishment; with effect from the 18th December 1917

Jemadar Asaa Singh to be Ressaidar to complete the establishment; with effect from the 15th December 1917.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

No. 2402.—Staff-Sergeant Thomas Hughes, Telegraphist, Unattached List, is promoted to the rank of Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 22nd September 1918

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2403—Lieutenant Walter Scott, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is cashiered by sentence of a General Court Martial, with effect from the 15th July 1915.

JUDICIAL.

PARDON FOR DESERTERS.

No. 2404.—His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to approve of pardons being granted to all persons subject to the Indian Army Act, who were in a state of desertion or were absent without leave on the date of the issue of this notification and who surrender themselves at any place in or out of India where there are regular troops on or before the 1st day of January 1919.

2. The provisions of this notification will not apply to men who have deserted whilst on field service and to men who, subsequent to desertion, have enrolled themselves improperly in the same or any other corps or department.

3. This general amnesty to deserters and to persons who are absent without leave is final.

4. Men who have deserted or become absent without leave before the introduction of an enrolment bonus and who now surrender themselves before the 1st January 1919 will not be eligible for this bonus. They will, however, if recruits, be considered eligible for the training bonus sanctioned in Army Instruction (India) No. 893 of 1918, on passing the recruits' course.

5. Men who desert or become absent without leave after the date of the issue of this notification and men who deserted or became absent without leave before the issue of this notification and who do not avail themselves of this amnesty before the date prescribed in paragraph 1 of this notification, will, on apprehension or on surrendering, if retained in the service, be ineligible to receive any enrolment, training or war bonus [Army Instruction (India) No. 893 of 1918] to which they would otherwise have been entitled, except as may be directed by the Brigade Commander on the recommendation of their Commanding Officer.

No 2405—The following Proclamation by His Excellency the Governor-General, dated the 8th October 1918, is published for general information :—

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor has been graciously pleased to grant on certain conditions His Imperial pardon to all persons subject to the Indian Army Act, who on the 11th October 1918 were in a state of desertion or absence without leave, excluding such persons as have deserted whilst on field service and such persons as after desertion have enrolled themselves improperly in the same or any other corps or department ;

AND WHEREAS, it is expedient that a pardon should likewise be granted to all persons subject to the Indian Army Act, 1911, who have been convicted, by Court-Martial held in India (excluding Aden), of the offences of desertion or absence without leave other than persons who have deserted whilst on field service and persons who after desertion have enrolled themselves improperly in the same or any other corps or department ;

Now, therefore, I, Frederic John Napier, *Baron Chelmsford*, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.L.E., G.B.E., Viceroy and Governor-General of India, in exercise of the prerogative of pardon delegated to me by His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, do hereby pardon such persons and remit the unexpired portions of the sentences of transportation or imprisonment now being undergone by such persons subject to the condition that they at once re-enter military service on the same terms as those on which they were originally enrolled.

GIVEN under my hand and seal at Simla this eighth day of October one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

CHELMSFORD,

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

No. 2406.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that persons wishing to serve in the Indian Technical Air Companies of His Majesty's Indian Army for two years or for the duration of the war, whichever is less, shall be enrolled and attested on the following form :—

FORM No. III-E.

NON-COMBATANTS.

(*Indian Technical Air Companies*)

Enrolment of

No. — — — Name — — — as a Non-Combatant
(craftsman) in an Indian Technical Air Company.

(Questions to be put before enrolment.)

You are warned that if after enrolment it is found that you have given a wilfully false answer to any of the following eight questions you will be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act.

1. What is your name ?

1. _____

2. What is your father's name ?

2. _____

3. What is your religion, class, and tribe ?

3. _____

4. What is your Village, Thana, Pergunnah and District ?
5. Have you ever been imprisoned by the Civil Power ?
6. Do you now belong to His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State, or the Nepal State Army ?
7. Have you ever served in His Majesty's Forces, the Reserve, or the Imperial Service Troops of any Native State, or in the Nepal State Army ? If so, state in which, and the cause of discharge. (a)
8. Are you in receipt of any allowance from Government ; if so, on what account ?
9. Are you willing to be enrolled in an Indian Technical Air Company ?
10. Are you willing to go wherever ordered, by land or sea, and to allow no caste usages to interfere with the duties for which you are enrolled ?
11. Are you willing to be transferred, at any time when necessity arises, to any company of the Indian Technical Air Companies ?
12. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated ?
13. Are you willing to serve until discharged in accordance with the following conditions, provided that His Majesty shall so long require your services ?
- You will proceed overseas as soon as arrangements can be made to send you thither, and when you have served for two years from the date of your leaving India or for the period of the war, whichever is less, you will be discharged with all convenient speed.

(a) If so, the person should be asked to produce his discharge certificate.

I do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements made

Signature or thumb impression of person enrolled _____

Signature of Witness _____

CERTIFICATE OF ENROLLING OFFICER.

The conditions of the service for which he is now enrolled were read and explained to the above named person by me (in my presence).

After having cautioned him that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions, Nos. 1 to 8, he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Indian Army Act, I put these questions to him and his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to.

I am satisfied that he fully understands the questions put to him and consents to the conditions of service.

Signed at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19 ____.

Signature of Enrolling Officer _____

No 2407—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 133 (2) of the Air Force Act, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Rules for Military Prisons and Detention Barracks in India, issued under the notification of the Government of India in the Army Department No. 921, dated the 29th November, 1908, shall apply to Air Force Prisons and Detention Barracks subject to the following modifications:

(1) For the words "Army Act," in Rules 1 and 2 (2) of the said Rules, the words "Air Force Act" shall be substituted.

(2) For the word "Military" wherever it occurs as qualifying the words "Prison" or "Prisons," "Offender" or "Offenders," the word "Air Force" shall be substituted.

(3) For the words "Soldier" or "Soldiers," wherever they occur with reference to persons under or sentenced to imprisonment or detention, the words "Airman" or "Airmen," shall be substituted, respectively.

(4) For the words "to the colours," wherever they occur the words "to the Air Force" shall be substituted.

(5) For the words "battery, squadron or company" in Rule 51 of the said Rules, the word "unit" shall be substituted.

(6) For the words "Paymaster of the corps" to the end of Rule 54 of the said Rules, the words "Officer Commanding the unit to which the airman belongs" shall be substituted.

(7) For Rule 133 of the said Rules, the following shall be substituted, namely:

"Airmen who are committed to Prisons and Detention Barracks will take with them the whole of their personal clothing and necessaries. Deficiencies will be made good on payment to a canteen to the scale laid down in Army Instruction (India) No. 443 of 1918. In addition they will take with them a rifle (if armed therewith) and the articles of equipment etc. laid down in paragraph 10."

(8) For the words "Regiment or Corps," in Rule 15 of the said Rules, the word "unit" shall be substituted.

(9) For the word "Army," in Rules 156 and 158-C, of the said Rules the word "Air Force" shall be substituted.

(10) For the word "Regiment" in Rule 164 of the said Rules, the word "unit" shall be substituted.

(11) In rule 213 of the said Rules after the word "airman," as substituted for "soldier" the words "and his baggage (if necessary)" shall be inserted.

No 2408—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Police Act, 1884, notice is hereby given:—

First—That intimation has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table.

Second—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite to his name in the same table.

Third—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name	Corps or Department	Place of death	Date of death	Testate or intestate	Amount of surplus	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Lieutenant G. W. Bayly	1st Garrison Battalion, London Irish Regiment	India	23rd February 1918	Not known	204 10 9	Administrative Control, London

REWARDS.

No 2409. His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Major Hyde Clarendon Gowan, 2nd Nagpur Rifles, Indian Defence Force.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

No 2410 The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 170 Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned Warrant Officer for reserve, rendered in the field during the present war:—

Sub-Conductor Thomas Huggle, Indian Telegraph Department, to be Conductor, with effect from the 23rd September 1918.

No 2411—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Trumpet-Major Charles Benjamin Turner, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry, with effect from the 30th September 1918.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

RESIGNATIONS.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No 2412—Surgeon-Major William Stokes M. B., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

Madras Volunteer Rifles

No 2413 Captain (Honorary Major) Walter Macleod Paxton, V. D. (Supernumerary List), resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his honorary rank.

Dated 1st March 1917

(This officer transferred from the Lucknow Volunteer Rifles.)

London Gazette.

No 2414 The following extracts are published for information : —
Supplement dated 31st July 1918 to the London Gazette of the 30th July 1918, pages 9072 and 9073.

*War Office,
31st July, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
INFANTRY	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

General List

Temp. Lt. H. E. Stenson from Glouce R. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army 18th June 1918, with seniority 30 Jan. 1918.

(Substituted for notification in Gaz. 20 July 1918, page 8557, incorrectly specifying date of seniority.)

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Second Supplement dated 1st August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 30th July 1918, pages 9077, 9079, 9080, 9081 and 9083.

*War Office,
1st August, 1918.*

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
MEMORANDA	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. Lts.

F. R. d. t. with Indian Water Trans. : —

P. E. Chandra. 15th May 1918.

T. J. Lock. 21st May 1918.

T. C. Bilson. 1st June 1918.

E. I. Goddard. 1st July 1918.

The undermentioned Cadets to be temp. 2nd Lts. Gen. List, for duty with Ind. Army Res. (Inf.) on prob. 26th June 1918.

Harold Gilbert Perkins.

Cufford Thomas Powell.

Ivan Charles Cowper-Smith.

William Brown.

Percy Ray Chman.

Harry Claude Beverley Shephard.

Andrew Forbes.

Henry Briston.

Alfred Davidson Brown.

John Epton Olinrod.

Cuthbert Frank Harry Riches.

Jack Cecil Vidgen-Jenks.

Herbert William Crowe.

William Davison Taylor.

Alfred White-side.

William Gerrard Baumter.

Alfred Percival Holland.

Tom Woodcock.

David Richard Howells.

William Charles Roberts.

Samuel John Edward Medlicott.

Fred Severn.

Cyril Dawson.

Henry Clarke.

Harry Jesse Stansfield Allen.

Wilfrid John Bance.

Ernest Stanley Newman.

Harold Lawrence Martin.

Arthur Bancroft Thompson.

Herbert Cave.

Charles Dawson Hayward.

Wallace George Letheren.

Leslie Edgar Shallcroft.

Ritson Thoinley.

Francis Cornforth Watts.

Richard Harvey Wycherley.

REGULAR FORCES.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
INFANTRY.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

General List

The undermentioned temp. Lts. from M. G. C. (Inf.), to be temp. Lts. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army 18 June 1918, with seniority specified against their names :

T. R. Hindle-Clutcher. 20 Apr. 1917.

G. C. R. Pili. 5 May 1918.

V. D. Piller. 5 June 1918.

Temp. Lt. F. C. Gibson, from Welsh R. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army 7 June 1918.

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General List

Temp Lt R. A. Wesson, from R. Lane R (aid) to be temp Lt. on app't. as prob'r to Ind. Army. 4 July 1918, with seniority 3 Ma 1917

* * * * *

UNSATISFACTORY LIST FOR INDIAN ARMY

With a view to his appointment to the Indian Army

Gentlman Cadet John Norman Gilder, from the R. Mil Coll to be 2nd Lt 7th Aug. 1918 with seniority as from 25th June 1918

* * * * *

4th Supplement dated 6th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 2nd August 1918, pages 9219, 9220, 9224 9.25 and 9.28

War Office,
6th August 1918.

EAST AFRICA.

The names of the undermentioned have been brought to the notice of the Secretary of State for War by Lieutenant General Sir J. L. van Deyver K C B, Commander-in-Chief, British Forces, East Africa, for distinguished services during the operations from 30th May to December 1917 described in his despatch of 21st January, 1918—

* * * * *

IMPERIAL FORCES**STAFF**

Bazley, Capt and Bt Maj W E, M C, Staff, I A

* * * * *

Clomeshu, Lt-Col (T-C) W W, M. D. Ind Med Serv

* * * * *

Jacob, Capt R M, M C, Baluchis I A

Jelly, Capt G G, M. D. Ind Med Serv

* * * * *

Price, Lt-Col and Bt Col C U, C M. G., Baluchis

St. Leon, Capt and P. Maj G B, C D S O, Inf, I A

* * * * *

Leach, Sgt. P. R. Corps of M. Lys Staff Clerks, India

* * * * *

INDIAN ARMY**CAVALRY**

Barnes, Maj P W

Watts, Lt Col G A R

Abdul Samad, Lt Col I. Lalchar

Asa Singh, 2087 Lt Dalchar.

Ishta Singh, 3502 Lt Dalchar.

Late Muhammad, 336 Lt Dalchar.

Gilsher Khan, 4520 Sowar.

Lal Bahar Singh, 2042 Dalchar.

Val Singh, 3137 Dalchar.

Shor Ali Khan, Resadar, I. D. S. M.

Thakur Chand, Risaldar

MOUNTAIN BATTALIONS

Cole, Maj A F R A (I S Troops).

Crowdy, Maj C R R A (I F).

Lal, Maj E M, R. A (F F).

Potter, 2nd Lt S R A (F F).

Jagjit Singh, Jemadar

Abdul, 288 Lt Naik I S Troops).

Abdul Khan, 627 Dvr. (Naik) (F F).

Faiz Muhammad, 77 Havildar (I S Troops)

Fateh Bahadur, 4302 Dvr. (Lt Naik) (I S

Troops

Gulam Singh, Bhiti I D S. M (F F).

Gharadhya Singh, 355 Naik (I S Troops)

Isht Singh, 209 Dvr. (Naik) (I S Troops).

Muhammad Dan, 4177 Dvr. (Naik) (I S Troops)

Mohamed Akbar, 445 Gur. (Naik) (F F).

Muhammad, 76 Havildar (I S Troops)

Mughal Khan, 582 Gnr, I D S. M. (F F).

Naik Chand, 585 Dvr. I D S. M. (F F)

Nandu, 4432 Dvr. (Lt Naik) (I S Troops)

Prem Singh, 1170 Gur

Rahalo, 4105 Dvr. (Naik) (I S Troops).

Rajore Singh, 185 Havildar (I S Troops).

Ram Singh, 604 Gur, I D S. M (F F)

Sherbaz Khan, 353 Gur (Naik) (I S Troops).

Sohoni, 4028 Dvr (Havildar) (I S Troops).

Yakub Shah, 264 Naik (I S Troops).

RAILWAY BATTALION SAPPERS AND MINERS

Watts, Capt J H, 2nd R L (S R).

Mahomed Ali, Jemadar

Abdul, 294 Havildar

Zinnah, 241 Havildar

Basant Singh, 670 Naik

Basant, 39 Spr

Faisal Din, 551 Naik

Ghulam Mahomed, 652 Lt Naik

Hishmat Ali, 237 Clr Havildar

Mohamed Alam, 445 Spr

Mohamed Dan, 3522 Lt Naik.

Mohamed Kasim, 330 Naik

Jir Alan, 1006 Lt Naik.

Mahata Khan, 615 Naik (Lt Havildar).

Nasir Khan, 334 Lt Naik.

Nawaz Khan, 1326 Lt Naik.

Sahib Din, 611 Lt Naik

SAPPERS AND MINERS

Ajmer Singh, 707 Lt Naik

Gulab Singh, 656 Spr

Han Singh, 716 Lt Naik

Jay Mahomed, 750 Lt Naik.

Pali Singh, 627 Spr.

Sham Singh, 768 Lt Naik.

Veryam Singh, 691 Spr

INFANTRY

Barron, Capt A H. D., M C, Inf

Blackburn, Lt B. M., Pms.

Cameron, Lt J H, I A R O, I S Inf

Dubois, Lt H A, I A R O, I S Inf

Dundas, Maj D. G. M., Inf.

Forbes, Maj L., Rff.

Ford, Capt. J M R., M C, Pms.

Fuge, Lt. T. L. M., I A R O., Pms

Ganpatrao Rao Narayan-Nimbalkar, Lt.-Col.

O. B. I., Inf.

Hamrick, Capt. E., Inf.	Mohamed Zaman Khan, 428 Havildar, I.S. Inf.
Hamrick, Capt. St. V. F., Rajputs, attd. I. S. Inf.	Mohan Singh, 2178 Sepoy, Punjabis.
Jackson, Lt. H. J. R., Rif.	Narayanrao Surve, 1177 Havildar, I S. Inf.
Jacob, 2nd Lt. (T. Capt.) E., I. A. R. O., attd. Inf.	Nur Ali, 1578 Havildar, Rif.
Lethbridge, T./2nd Lt. W. B., Gen. List, attd. Pnrs.	Onkhar Singh, 2002 Pte. I.S. Inf.
Mein, Capt. D. B., M. C. Rif.	Periyakolandi, 2842 Sepoy, Pnrs
Merriman, Maj. A. B., Baluch L. I.	Phoop Singh, 708 Havildar, I S Inf.
Money, Lt. W. G., I. A. R. O., attd I. S. Inf.	Rahmat Khan, 2428 Havildar, Rif.
Natha Singh, Maj.-Gen. Sardar Bahadur C.I.E., I. S. Inf.	Ran Singh, 3463 Naik, Rif.
Nihl Singh, Lt.-Col. Bahadur, I. S. Inf.	Reshmin Khan, 290 Clr.-Havildar, Baluch L.I.
Stone, Capt. B.S., Inf. attd. I. S. Inf.	Rumgasami, 1986 Sepoy, Pnrs.
Taylor, Lt. J. N., M. C. (died of wounds), I. A. R. O., attd. Rif.	Said Wazir, 4505 Cl.-Havildar (killed in action) Baluchis.
Abdul Hakim Khan, Maj., I. S. Inf.	Sanjivi, 3594 L.-Naik, Pnrs.
Ali Bahadur Khan, Subadar (A./Subadar-Maj.), Inf.	Shaik Moula, 3839 Sepoy, Pnrs.
Asidret Ali Khan, Subadar, I. S. Inf.	Syed Ahmed, 40 Bhisti, Pnrs.
Ayub Khan, Jemadar, Rif.	Talok Singh, 4732 Havildar, Inf., attd Rif.
Dalel Singh, Jemadar, Rif.	Venkata, 3703 L.-Naik, Pnrs.
Din Mahomed, Hon. Jemadar, I. S. Inf.	Yosaf, 2156 Havildar, Punjabis.
Gurcharan Singh, Subadar (Sub-Asst. Surg.) I S Inf.	SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS
Hussain Khan, Subadar, Inf.	Beattie, Capt. J. O.
Kalandar Khan, Subadar, Punjabis.	Croft, Lt. T. de C., I.A.R.O
Karam Dad Khan, Jemadar, Burma Mil. Police attd. Baluchis.	Ruel, Maj. W. G., D.S.O
Muhammad Abdul Azim, Jemadar, Pnrs.	Benson, 121518 Gur. (T.-Sjt) 41 (R G A.)
Muhammad Bakhsh, Subadar, Baluchis.	Curtis, Condr, H. C.
Munisami, Jemadar, Pnrs.	Dawson, S.-Sjt T. P.
Pahal Singh, Subadar, I.S. Inf.	Lalit Mohon Mukerjee, 3131.
Pandangrao Seinde, Jemadar, (Asst. Surg.), I.S Inf	1st Gde. Hosp. Storekeeper.
Rabel Singh, Subadar, Rif.	INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.
Sikandar Ali, Subadar, I S Inf.	Hay, Capt. F.W., M.B., attd. Inf.
Thannau Singh, Subadar, I.S Inf.	Hughes, Capt. T. A., M.B.
Zargir, Jemadar, Rif.	Husband, Maj. J. M.B., F.R.C S.E.
Akram, 2099 Naik, Punjabis.	Inman, Capt. H. M.
Ankadoo, 8 Sweeper, Pnrs	Irvine, Capt. M. L. C., M.B.
Appalsami, 82 Cook, Pnrs.	Lupton, Capt. W. M.
Appaunish, 21 Cook, Pnrs.	O'Neill, Maj. P.L.
Appasami, 3429 Naik, Pnrs.	INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT
Balwantrao Kadam, 1065 Q.M Havildar, I.S. Inf	Assistant Surgeon Branch
Buddhan Khan, 605 Sepoy, I S. Inf.	Bayley-de-Castro, 2nd Cl. Asst. Surg A
Chanau Singh, 2176 Sepoy, I.S. Inf.	Harvey, Asst Surg. (Hon Lt.) J. A F
Chandhri, 2140 Sepoy Punjabis.	Shave, 1st Cl. Asst. Surg. E D.
Channan Singh, 1614 Havildar, Rif.	Sub-Assistant Surgeon Branch
Chinnasami, 4267 Sepoy, Pnrs.	Bhag Singh, 1328, 2nd Cl. Sub-Asst Surg
Ghoseoor Baig, 2979 Sepoy, Pnrs	Gordhandas Jethabhai Desai, 398, 2nd Cl. Sub-Asst. Surg.
Ghulam Haidar, 4400 Clr.-Havildar, Baluchis.	Goviud Ramchandra Upalekar, 375, 2nd Cl. Sub-Asst. Surg.
Ghulam Mohi Uddin, 411 Sepoy (Ward Orderly), I.S. Inf.	Hari Singh, 1434, 2nd Cl. Sub-Asst Surg
Ghulam Rasul, 2594 L.-Naik, Rif	Kashi-Nath Ram-Chandra Kalamkar, 288, 1st Cl. Sub-Asst. Surg.
Gopaul, 5 Sweeper, Pnrs.	Mihra Khan, 1047, 1st Cl. Sub-Asst. Surg
Goral Singh, 2061 Naik, I.S. Inf.	Muhammad Kusain, 1866, 2nd Cl. Sub-Asst. Surg.
Guruva Reddy, 3315 L.-Naik, Pnrs.	Muhammad Riazuddin, 1282, 1st Cl Sub-Asst. Surg.
Habibullah, 2611 L.-Naik, I.S. Inf.	Mukand Ram, 1403, 3rd Cl. Sub-Asst. Surg.
Ismail Khan, 5379 Sepoy, Rif.	Nand Lal, 1200, 1st Cl. Sub-Asst. Surg.
Karim Bux, 525 Havildar, Baluchis.	Nur Muhammad, 908, 1st Cl. Sub-Asst Surg.
Khushal Singh, 1383 Naik, Rif.	Shambhu Nath, 1275, 2nd Cl. Sub-Asst. Surg.
Lachhman Singh, 1671 L.-Naik, Punjabis.	Miscellaneous.
Lakshmanan, 3425 Bugler, Pnrs.	* * * * *
Male Khan, 3524 Col.-Havildar, Baluchis.	Muttosawmy, 9285, 1st Gde. Ward Servant, Army Hosp. Corps.
Manajurau, 17 Mule Dvr., Pnrs.	Pussu, 7667, 3rd Gde. Ward Servant, Army Hosp. Corps.
Mangal Singh, 2214 Naik, I.S. Inf.	
Maonar, 3346 Sepoy, Pnrs.	
Mahomed Jan Khan, 649 Havildar, I.S. Inf.	

Roberts, 13617 Pte. J (R. Fus.).	INDIAN POSTAL CORPS.
Samuel, 4595 Hosp. Writer A, Misc. Dept. (Ind. Writers).	Harrer, Lt. T.
Subramoney, 9338, 3rd Gds. Ward Servant, Army Hosp. Corps.	Pascoe, Lt W.
Williams, 290259 Gnr. N. C. F., E. G. A.	Abdul Aziz, Subadar.
MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.	Gurdas Singh, Jemadar.
De Labilliere, Maj. E. G. D., Ind. Army.	Kotoo Ram, Jemadar
* * *	Rannaswamy Canpatty, Jemadar.
	Muhammad Ali Shah, 140 Havildar.
	* * *

LINES OF COMMUNICATION.

* * *	* * *
Jones, Maj. T. W. H., Ind. Army, R. P.	* * *
* * *	* * *
Allah Bakhsh, 1718 Havildar Lt. Inf. (Ind. Sec.), G. H. Q.	
Ghulam Ali, 981 Sepoy (L.-Naik), Mn. By. (Ind. Sec.), G. H. Q.	
* * *	* * *

Supplement dated 7th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 6th August 1918, pages 9321, 9324, 9327 and 9331.

*War Office,
7th August, 1918.*

MEMORANDA

Bt. Col (temp. Brig.-Genl.) A. W. Peek, C.M.G., Ind. Cav., to be temp. Maj.-Genl whilst empd. as D.A. and Q.M.G., *vice* Maj.-Genl. P. G. Twining, C.B., C.M.G., M.V.O 15th Feby. 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 28th Feby 1918)

Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) C. O. O. Tanner, Ind. Army, retains his temp. rank whilst comdg. a Brig in India 25th June 1918.

Col. H. L. Richardson, Ind. Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gen whilst empd. as a Brig. Comdr. 7th July 1918

The undermentioned temp. Lts. are transfd to Genl. List:—

H. S. MacCulloch, A.S.C., for duty with Ind. Army (on prob.). 3rd July 1918, with seniority from 8th Apr. 1918.

The undermentioned to be temp. 2nd Lts. —

John Robertson, for service with Ind. Army Res of Off. (on prob.). 14th Nov. 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt E. A. Berrisford, from S. Staff. R., for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 4th July 1918.

REGULAR FORNS.

* * *	* * *
INFANTRY	* * *
* * *	* * *

General List.

Temp. Capt. G. B. Fyldes, M.C., from a Serv. Bn., Notts. and Derby. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 18 June 1918, with seniority 22 June 1918.

A. H. BINGLEY, Major-General,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.*Simla, the 11th October 1918.***APPOINTMENTS**

No. 61.—The services of Engineer-Lieutenant-Commander W G Horley, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment as Second Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to that Government, *sub. pro tem, vice* Engineer-Lieutenant-Commander E. S. Borner, Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 9th September 1918.

RANK.

No. 62.—Lieutenant-Commander E. C. Withers, C.I.E., Royal Indian Marine, is granted the temporary rank of Commander in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 20th September 1918 and for so long as he holds the appointment of Chief Examining Officer, Rangoon

SHIPS.

No. 63.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915 as subsequently amended, namely :—

After rule 14-A of the said Rules the following rule shall be inserted, namely :—

" 14 A.A. The owner or person in charge of a dockyard or shipyard or industrial concern shall not carry out or cause or permit to be carried out the work of repairing, equipping, refitting, converting or altering any vessel propelled wholly or in part by the agency of steam, electricity or other mechanical power, save in accordance with the terms and conditions of a general or special license issued in that behalf by the Governor General in Council, or

- (a) in the case of such vessels owned or chartered by His Majesty's Government or the Government of India by the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, or
- (b) in the case of other vessels—by the Controller (Shipbuilding), Indian Munitions Board.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.**(RAILWAY BOARD.)****NOTIFICATIONS***Simla, the 9th October, 1918.*

No. 535-S-18.—Whereas the Governor General in Council is of opinion that the rails of the Sialkot-Narowal Branch of the North Western Railway, together with all fastenings, sleepers, plant and material connected therewith, can be utilised in connection with the prosecution of the present war. Now therefore in pursuance of Sub-Rule (1) of Rule 11 A A of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to require the Agent of the North Western Railway being the person in charge of the said things, to place at his disposal at Sialkot Station the said rails of the Sialkot-Narowal Branch of the North Western Railway, together with all fastenings, sleepers, plant and material connected therewith.

The 11th October, 1918.

No. 1455-E-18.—Mr. E. G. Townshend, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in Class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent in Class II of that Establishment, with effect from the 5th August 1918 during the absence of Mr. A. Cornish, officiating District Locomotive Superintendent, on privilege leave.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th October, 1918.

No. E-823.—Mr C. G. Freke, I.C.S., is appointed Deputy Controller of Munitions, Bombay Circle, with effect from the 24th September 1918.

The 8th October, 1918.

No. E-114.—Mr. H. F. Davy, Assistant Laboratory Officer, Government Test House, Alipore, is granted privilege leave for 19 days, with effect from the 21st September 1918, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. E-744.—Captain T. L. Noble, I.A.R.O., is appointed an Assistant Director of Army Clothing Factories, with effect from the 18th September 1918.

The 11th October, 1918.

No. E-788.—Mr C. S. Oehme, Barrister-at-Law, is appointed an Assistant Secretary to the Indian Munitions Board, with effect from the 5th October 1918.

T. RYAN,

Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 11th October, 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 28th September 1918 is published for general information.—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	2	
		Ahmedabad City	1	1
		Ahmedabad District	4	3
		Kaira District	16	11
		Broach Port	6	6
		Broach District	186	115
		Surat Town and Port	1	1
		Surat District	9	4
		Thana District	2	2
	Central	West Khandesh District	139	88
		Satara District	185	133
		Nasik District	72	58
		Pooné City	4*	4*
		Poona District	234*	174*
	Southern	Sholapur District		1
		Vengurla Port	1	1
		Ratnagiri District	2	3
	Sind	Belgaum District	112	60
		Karachi Town and Port	3	4
	Political Charges	Keamari Port	4	4
		Baroda State	61	38
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	105	95
		Akalkot State	2	
		Mandvi Port	6	4
		Mundra Port	7	6
		Cutch State	2	2
		Satara Agency	100	89
		Bewa Kantha Agency	43*	29*
		Porbunder Port	8	8
		Kathiawar Agency	935	250
		Camboy State	18	12
	TOTAL		1,611	1,211
MADRAS PRESIDENCY		Anantapur District	2(a)	2(a)
		Bellary District	48	21
		Coimbatore District	70	48
		Guntur District	2	2
		Mangalore Port		1
		Kurnool District	7	7
		Salem District	6(a)	3(a)
		Nalgonda District		1
		Malabar District	1	
	TOTAL		131	85
UNITED PROVINCES, BIHAR AND ORISSA	Tirhut ..	Saran District	2	2
		TOTAL	2	2
	Benares	Mirzapur District	1	1
		Ghasipur District	3	1
	Gorakhpur	Asamgarh District	13	6
		TOTAL	17	10

*For two weeks. (a) One imported.
In return for the week ending 21st September 1918, the following additions should be made—
Panoh Mahals District add 19 cases, 10 deaths.
Mahi Kantha Agency " 7 " 4 "

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague	
			cases.	deaths.
PUNJAB.	Lahore	Stalkot District	10	10
	Multan	Montgomery District	11	8
		TOTAL	12	9
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	20	20
		Insein District	4	2
		Tharrawaddy District	5	5
		Prome District	18	17
	Irrawaddy	Henzada District	3	3
		Maubin District	2	1
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	11	9
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	1	1
	Native States	Northern Shan States	1	1
		Southern Shan States	1	1
		TOTAL	66	60
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur ...	Nagpur District	11	5
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	73	63
		Jubbulpore District	18	10
	Nerbudda	Betul District	16	9
	Berar ...	Akola District	2	1
		Buldana District	2	2
		TOTAL	119	90
MYSORE STATE		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	35	28
		Bangalore City	20	14
		Bangalore District	9	12
		Mysore City	45	34
		Mysore District	18	14
		Kadur District	78	55
		Shimoga District	91	42
		Chitaldroog District	29	15
		Tumkur District	20	16
		Kolar District	7	3
		TOTAL	382	224

*Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE		Nander District	27	18
		Gulbarga District	19	24
		Ralegar District	27	20
		Umanabad District	4	3
		Bidar District	1	1
		Medak District	15	9
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	21	16
		Secunderabad	54	51
		Atrafialdah Sarfukhas District	18	6
		TOTAL	191(a)	147 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	{ Bhopal State	49	40
		{ Gwalior State	93(b)	91(b)
		TOTAL	142	131
RAJPU- TANA.	...	Ajmer District	5	3
		TOTAL	5	3
		GRAND TOTAL	2,647	1,982

(a) Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths occurred during the week ending September 28, were 150 and 114 respectively.
(b) For two weeks.

In the return for the week ending 31st September 1918 add 4 cases, 3 deaths against Indore State.

SIMLA . }
Th. 11th October 1918. }

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 10th October 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A western disturbance gave some rain and snow in the extreme north of India, two heavy falls being recorded at Gulmarg. Rainfall was of daily occurrence in Burma, chiefly in the coast districts, and local falls were reported from Assam, the southern half of the Peninsula and the Bombay Deccan.

2. *Burma*.—Rainfall was nearly general in the coast districts on the 5th.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—The only stations that reported rain were Tezpur, Silchar and Shillong.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Nagpur and Jagdalpur had light falls of rain : elsewhere weather was dry.

Northwest India.—Light rain fell at Lyallpur, and falls of rain and snow occurred in the hills of the extreme north.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general in Mysore on the 5th. A few falls occurred during the week in the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, northwest Hyderabad and Madras.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

October 3rd. Victoria Point 3·04", Toungoo 1·68", Nagpur 0·35" and Aurangabad 0·59".

4th. Victoria Point 2·23", Toungoo 1·73" and Poona 1·28".

5th. Victoria Point 1·68", Yamethin 1·55", Gulmarg 2·77" and Mysore 1·75".

7th. Gulmarg 2·85" and Masulipatam 0·95".

8th. Murree 0·36" and Sinagar 0·19".

9th. Yamethin 0·99", Mercar 0·79" and Kodaikanal 0·75".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province and Hyderabad North ; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad South, Mysore and the whole of the Madras Presidency. Rainfall in Lower Burma was within 20 per cent of the normal. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the Punjab Southwest, Baluchistan and Sind.

The rainfall from the 3rd May to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Assam, Bengal and Bihar, and differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent in the remaining divisions.

Division	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 10th OCTOBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD MAY TO 10th OCTOBER 1918.			PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
Bay Islands	1.9	2.9	-1.0	97.6	87.5	+10.1	+12	+13
Lower Burma	2.6	2.5	+0.1	150.5	137.1	+13.4	+10	+10
Upper Burma	0.9	1.5	-0.6	48.1	42.2	+5.9	+14	+16
Assam	0.8	1.5	-1.2	89.8	74.4	+15.4	+21	+23
Bengal	0	1.2	-1.2	91.1	69.8	+21.3	+31	+38
Orissa	0	1.0	-1.0	45.9	53.0	-7.1	-13	-12
Chota Nagpur	0	0.6	-0.6	39.7	47.0	-7.3	-16	-14
Bihar	0	0.9	-0.9	60.7	48.3	+12.4	+26	+28
United Provinces, East	0	0.8	-0.8	23.4	33.1	-9.7	-25	-24
United Provinces, West	0	0.3	-0.3	19.0	37.6	-18.6	-49	-49
Punjab, East and North	0	0.1	-0.1	10.0	20.5	-10.5	-51	-51
Punjab, South-West	0	0	0	3.4	7.6	-4.2	-56	-55
Kashmir	0.3	0.1	+0.2	3.4	6.9	-3.5	-51	-54
N.-W. Frontier Province	0.1	0	+0.1	2.1	5.3	-3.2	-60	-62
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.5	1.3	-0.8	-62	-62
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91
Rajputana, West	0	0.1	-0.1	1.6	10.6	-9.0	-85	-85
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	10.6	21.7	-11.1	-51	-51
Gujarat	0	0.1	-0.1	8.6	22.9	-14.3	-62	-62
Central India, West	0	0.2	-0.2	17.6	28.8	-11.2	-39	-38
Central India, East	0	0.5	-0.5	20.4	40.0	-19.6	-49	-48
Borax	0	0.4	-0.4	16.8	29.4	-12.6	-43	-42
Central Provinces, West	0.1	0.3	-0.2	30.4	43.3	-12.9	-30	-30
Central Provinces, East	0.2	0.7	-0.5	48.3	47.7	+0.6	+1	+2
Konkan	0.1	0.8	-0.7	70.4	92.4	-22.0	-24	-23
Bombay Deccan	0.3	0.8	-0.5	12.6	24.8	-12.2	-49	-49
Hyderabad, North	0.3	0.2	+0.1	19.0	30.7	-11.7	-38	-39
Hyderabad, South	0	0.5	-0.5	18.0	26.6	-8.6	-32	-31
Mysore	1.0	1.8	-0.8	14.4	21.8	-7.4	-34	-33
Malabar	0.2	2.0	-1.8	56.7	35.6	+21.1	-34	-32
Madras, South-East	0.1	1.3	-1.2	8.8	14.6	-5.8	-40	-35
Madras Deccan	0.2	1.0	-0.8	13.5	19.2	-5.7	-30	-27
Madras Coast, North	0.2	1.0	-0.8	21.0	24.4	-3.4	-14	-11

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

J. MACKENNA,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
5th October 1918.

Burma.—The rainfall during the week was general throughout the Province. It was moderate on the Arakan and Tenasserim coasts and light elsewhere. Transplantation of winter rice has been completed in Lower Burma and in irrigated tracts of Upper Burma. Harvesting of early sesamum has been completed. Cultivation of miscellaneous crops continues in Upper Burma. Standing crops are generally good. Livestock is healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has risen slightly to Rs. 155 per hundred baskets and is much above normal. The market for white rice is steady at Rs. 865 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Manufacture of tea continues. Harvesting of autumn rice and jute and transplantation of winter rice are approaching completion. Ploughing for mustard and *masticata* is proceeding. Prospects of crops are fair to good. Cattle disease is reported from four districts. The price of common rice is stationary.

Bengal.—The rainfall during the week was generally light in the western and northern districts and was moderate elsewhere. Standing crops are suffering for want of rain in places in the Burdwan division. Weeding of winter paddy still continues. Cutting, steeping and washing of jute are well advanced. Prospects of standing crops are generally fair. Lands are being prepared in places for the cultivation of spring crops. Fodder is reported to be scarce in parts of the Rajshahi division. The average price of common rice has risen by about 3·3 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week. Harvesting of autumn crops continues. Rain is urgently wanted for winter paddy which is withering on high lands and in unirrigated areas. In the Orissa, Chota Nagpur and Patna divisions cultivation of lands for the sowing of spring crops has also been retarded. Prospects are now distinctly gloomy. The price of common rice has risen in twelve districts, fallen in one and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from twelve districts. The condition of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is generally fair but more rain is badly wanted in almost all States.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless and more rain is very urgently needed everywhere. Damage to crops through drought is reported from several districts. Preparation of land for spring crops and poppy, harvesting and irrigation of autumn crops and sugarcane and picking of cotton continue. Standing crops are reported to be suffering for want of rain. Prospects are unfavourable. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but slight cattle disease is still reported. Water and market supplies are adequate but fodder is scarce in some places. Prices are rising generally.

Punjab.—Except for light showers in parts of a few western districts the weather remained dry. Rain is urgently wanted for standing autumn crops which are withering and for the sowing of spring crops. The condition of standing irrigated crops is average to good and of unirrigated crops much below average. Picking of cotton and reaping of rice and maize continue with yield below normal to normal. Sowings of gram and oilseeds are in progress and are below normal to normal. Cattle are generally healthy and water is sufficient. Fodder is scarce in some districts. Prices are generally stationary but have risen slightly in some districts. They are generally above scarcity rates. Price of wheat :—Ambala and Rawalpindi 6, Ferozepore and Lahore 6½ and Lyallpur 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Province. Sowings of spring crops are proceeding in places. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to want of rain. Cotton is being picked and rice reaped in Peshawar with outturn average. Prices of wheat in Peshawar and in Dera Ismail Khan are 7½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—Report not received.

Rajputana.—The weather during the week was rainless. Irrigated crops are in fair condition but unirrigated crops are withering. Cattle are generally in fair condition. Fodder is getting scarce. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and rising.

Central India.—The rainfall during the week was practically nil, except in Indore and in Bhopal. Autumn crops are being weeded and harvested. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops are in progress except in Bundelkhand where the operations have been stopped for want of rain. Standing crops are in bad condition in Gwalior, are withering in Bundelkhand and are in fair to good condition elsewhere. Their probable cutturn is fourteen annas in Bhopal, fair in the Southern States, Indore and Malwa and two to four annas in Bundelkhand if rain falls. They have been damaged in Bundelkhand and in parts of Bhopal and Malwa for want of rain. Agricultural stock is in fair to good condition. Scarcity of fodder is reported in parts of Gwalior. Prices are high.

Central Provinces.—The weather during the week has been hot with occasional clouds. During the week Nagpur received 38 cents of rain and Betul, Chhindwara, Akola and Yeotmal also had a sprinkling of rain not exceeding 17 cents at any place. Standing crops on light soils are withering and rain is immediately required everywhere. Harvesting of minor crops and of early rice is proceeding. Ploughing of fields for spring sowings is in progress and sowings continue but the operations are hampered for want of moisture in the soil. Relief work in Sironeha continue and a test work has been opened in the Harsud tahsil of the Nimar district. Wages are low in Akola. Fodder is dear or scarce in Berar. Wheat in Akola, gram in Mandla and rice in Saugor, Betul and Bilaspur rose by 1 to 1½ seers per rupee. Other variations are insignificant but indicate an upward tendency.

Residual States.—Crops on poor soils are withering. Rain is badly required everywhere. Early rice is being gathered.

Bombay.—Moderately good rain fell during the week in parts of the Karnatak and Kolhapur. It was slight in the Deccan. More rain is needed everywhere. Standing crops have been damaged by rats in Hyderabad and are withering generally everywhere except in parts of the Karnatak and the Deccan where the recent rainfall has slightly improved the situation. Preparation for spring crops continues in parts of Sind. Sowing for spring crops continues in parts of the Deccan, the Karnatak and Kolhapur. Harvesting of autumn crops continues in parts of Sukkur, Hyderabad, Surat, Thana, the Panch Mahals, Rewa Kantha, Khandesh and Satara. The fodder supply is generally deficient but pasture has improved in some districts. Agricultural stocks is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Nasik, Satara and Kolhapur. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Poona and Dharwar. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady.

Hyderabad.—The rainfall during the week was light to nil. The average fall was 15 cents. Autumn crops are generally in fair to good condition and are being harvested. Early rice is in fair to good condition and needs rain. Spring crops are being sown. Cattle are generally healthy. Fodder scarcity prevails in four districts. Prices of grains are abnormally high. Juar is selling at three seers per rupee in the Bir, Parbhani, Nander and Raichur districts.

Mysore.—Report not received.

Coorg.—More rain fell during the week except in two talukas. It was insufficient for the standing paddy crop in two talukas. Picking of cardamom continues with outturn fair. Reaping of dry crops in north Coorg continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder are sufficient. The public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was good in Malabar, South Kanara and in the hills, fair in Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Travancore and Cochin and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops are in fair condition generally but more rain is still required urgently in parts. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is limited with outturn fair generally but poor in two districts and in parts of ten others. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts for want of more rain. The condition of cattle is generally good. Water is insufficient except in four districts. Pasture is sufficient except in three districts and in parts of six others. Fodder is sufficient except in one district and in parts of eight others. Prices are stationary or have fallen in the majority of cases.

J. MACKENNA,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 21st September 1918.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.						TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."		
		Area affected in square miles	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.		Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.	
1	2	3	4	5	Dependants of relief-workers, relieved on work.	Believed in villages, kitchens, poor-house, etc.	Total.	9	10	11
					UNITED PROVINCES.					
	Garhwal	1,400	173,414	...	...	...	...	...	...	961
	Total	1,400	173,414	..	...	...	...	..	...	961
					UNITED PROVINCES.					
	Garhwal	1,400	173,414	..	...	...	..	...	...	961
	Total	1,400	173,414	.	...	...	...	...	...	961

For the week ending 28th September 1918.

					UNITED PROVINCES.					
	Garhwal	1,400	173,414	..	...	...	..	...	...	961
	Total	1,400	173,414	.	...	...	...	...	...	961

J. MACKENNA,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

No. 996.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

AGRICULTURE.

Simla, the 11th October, 1918.

RESOLUTION.

The Government of India have decided to discontinue further purchases of wheat for export overseas other than (1) wheat which is absolutely necessary on military and Government account and (2) supplies to Mesopotamia; and they have under consideration the question of reducing these commitments. The Government of India further purpose to exercise closer control over the export of all other kinds of food grains. These decisions, which have been taken in order to conserve for use in the deficit provinces in India such supplies of wheat and other foodstuffs as are not immediately required for local consumption in those provinces which have a surplus, are now to be supplemented by further measures designed to secure the most effective distribution to deficit provinces of the supplies of wheat, rice and subsequently of other foodstuffs, which are not required for local consumption in the surplus provinces. For this purpose the Government of India propose to set up a single executive authority, working directly under them, to be designated the Foodstuffs Commissioner. When the Government of India have, after consultation with the various Provincial Governments, decided what quantities of foodstuffs are available for transfer from time to time from surplus to deficit provinces, and the maximum prices at which such foodstuffs should be purchased, the Foodstuffs Commissioner will arrange, through the Agency of selected commercial firms, for the purchase of the foodstuffs in question and their despatch to the destinations and consignees indicated by the Directors of Civil Supplies in the deficit provinces.

2. Initially the operations of the Foodstuffs Commissioner will be directed to the question of supplies of wheat and rice, in respect of which there are already in full working order the two agencies represented by the Wheat Commissioner, whose headquarters are in Karachi, and the Rice Commissioner in Burma. These two agencies will continue to work, generally speaking, on their present lines as regards purchases of wheat and rice, and will in addition exercise such other functions as may be allotted to them by the Foodstuffs Commissioner to whom they will in future be subordinate.

3. It will be a primary condition of supplies to dealers in deficit provinces that they should be licensed by the Director of Civil Supplies, or other local authority, and that the grant and continuance of such licenses shall be conditional on the holder selling within such prices as the Local Government may fix, with due regard to the prices previously fixed for purchases by the Foodstuffs Commissioner. It will also be within the discretion of Local Governments, if they think this necessary, to arrange for the opening of Government and municipal depots or shops for the sale of foodstuffs at fixed prices.

4. Under this scheme it is contemplated that licenses for the export of wheat and rice, and subsequently of other foodstuffs shall not be granted by the Director of Civil Supplies of any surplus province save in respect of purchases made through the Foodstuffs Commissioners; nor shall the Director of Civil Supplies in any deficit province issue licenses for import in respect of articles under the control of the Foodstuffs Commissioner to a larger aggregate amount than the total quantity of such articles allotted by the Government of India for import into such province.

5. The essence of this scheme is inter-provincial allotment, the fixing and control of the quantities to be supplied by surplus to deficit provinces, the control within each province of arrangements for distribution and sale and the appointment of a Foodstuffs Commissioner as an essential link between Local Governments and the Government of India and as the authority to arrange for the purchase and despatch of foodstuffs from one province to another.

6. The Foodstuffs Commissioner will enter on his functions at the beginning of November, and the Governor General in Council has selected for this post Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, C.S.I., C.I.E., by reason of his financial experience and ability, and his successful management of the somewhat analogous Wheat Scheme of 1915-16. Pending the assumption of his duties by Mr. Gubbay, steps are being taken to give such immediate effect as is possible to the scheme formulated in this Resolution.

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to all Local Governments and Administrations; to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India; to the several Departments of the Government of India; to the Wheat Commissioner for India; to the Rice Commissioner in Burma; to the Secretary to the Central Transport and Foodstuffs Board; to the Secretary to the Communications Board; to the Publicity Board; to the Controller of Traffic; and to Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S.

ORDERED also that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India* for general information.

J. MACKENNA,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 30th September, 1918.

On and after 9th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777-79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India "

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

[illegible]

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

THE TREASURY,
Calcutta, the 10th October 1918

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 12th October 1918.

CORRIGENDA.

The following entry which appeared in the Notification published by this office in Part II of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 20th January 1917, under the heading "Cessation of Exclusive Privileges" is hereby cancelled :—

1911—114. (Neame.)

The following entry which appeared in the notification published by this office in Part II of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 28th September 1918, under the heading "Cessation of Exclusive Privileges" is hereby cancelled :—

1914—1710. (Hahl.)

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

October 1

- 3913. H. F. Harvey and T. C. Bose. *An improved lubricant.*
- 3914. E. R. Godward. *A method of producing a dry gaseous mixture for use as an explosive charge or fuel for internal combustion engines.*
- 3915. J. MacFarlane. *Improvements in silos, breaker, drawing and roving cans or cap boxes or the like.*

October 3

- 3916. S. A. M. Nurul Hoda Qadri. *Automatic Paper Currency.*

October 5.

- 3917. G. A. Overstrom. *Improvements in ore concentrators.*
- 3918. National Lead Company. *Mechanically operated Scotch hearth.*
- 3919. The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research. *Improvements in and relating to arsenical compounds.*
- 3920. R. D. Khan and A. Rashid. *Improvements in machines for husking paddy and other grain.*
- 3921. E. Graham and G. Bowman. *Improvements relating to fluid pressure jacks.*
- 3922. F. W. Simpson and R. Simpson. *Improvements in presses for pressing food such as cheese, meat, fruit and the like.*
- 3923. American Linseed Co. *An improved artificial fuel and process and apparatus for manufacturing same.*
- 3924. American Linseed Co. *Apparatus for containing and consuming fuel.*
- 3925. The Tinogen Products Co., Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the manufacture of power gas and the recovery of hydrocarbon oils.*
- 3926. Vickers Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to sewing machines.*
- 3927. L. Y. Squibb. *Improvements in automatic talking machines.*
- 3928. A Newton-Smith. *Improvements in or in connection with the picking mechanism of looms.*
- 3929. A Newton-Smith. *Improvements in picking mechanism for looms.*
- 3930. Society of Chemical Industry in Basle. *Manufacture of acetaldehyde.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 3837. K. A. Peerbhoy. *Improvements in trunks, portmanteaus and the like.*
- 3865. S. T. Dutton. *An improved hand lever for working points on railways.**
- 3872. A. J. Gerrard. *Improvements in wire-stretchers.*

3874. H. J. Craymer. *Improvements in or relating to unloading or discharging devices.*
 3876. I. Waine. *Improvements in the manufacture of bricks and artificial stones.*
 3877. (Mrs.) O. Beaumont. *An improved life saving jacket.*
 3878. The British Potash Co. Ltd. *Improvements in the production of potassium chloride.*
 3879. W. Scott. *Improvements in let-off mechanism for looms.*
 3882. H. C. Carter and H. Maconochie. *Improvements in and connected with means for vaporizing and atomizing liquid fuel and for the production of combustible mixtures for motive power purposes.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specification may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3443. A. J. Gange. *Rotating bullet for smooth bore guns.*
 3796. E. H. Belden. *Improvements in motor vehicles.*
 3812. J. H. Stewart. *Improved tiffin carrier.*
 3831. E. E. Dutt and P. C. Dutt. *A process for the manufacture and production of potassium sulphate.*
 3832. E. E. Dutt and P. C. Dutt. *A process for the manufacture and production of potassium chloride.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 3671. Fergus. | 3706. Proudlock. |
| 3690. Wadia. | 3709. Powell. |
| 3701. Cuninghame. | 3711. Crozier. |

PATENTS SEALED.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| 1199. White. | 3536. Macdonald. |
| 2914. Gowlland. | 3658. Sanghani |
| 2993. Marconi's Wireless Tele. Co., Ltd. | 3675. Powell. |
| 3013. Davda. | 3687. Cary, Hally and Stephen. |
| 3530. Macdonald. | 3691. Denley |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 239 of 1906. Stokes. (To 12 October 1919.)
 111 of 1908. British Automatic Aerators Ltd. (To 22 October 1919.)
 400 of 1908. Fessenden. (To 6 November 1919.)
 188 of 1910. Mullick. (To 1 July 1919.)
 114 of 1911. Neame. (To 12 October 1918.)
 440 of 1911. Sabow. (To 15 January 1920.)
 495 of 1912. Greenstreet. (To 10 September 1919.)
 496 of 1912. Greenstreet. (To 10 September 1919.)
 549 of 1912. Davidson. (To 14 October 1919.)
 569 of 1912. Mascart. (To 28 October 1919.)
 1025 of 1913. Audibert. (To 30 June 1919.)
 1144 of 1913. Calcar and anr. (To 28 August 1919.)
 1150 of 1913. Bradford. (To 1 September 1919.)
 1199 of 1913. White. (To 15 September 1918.)
 1257 of 1913. Holt Manufacturing Co. (To 22 October 1919.)
 1710 of 1914. Hahl. (To 15 June 1919.)
 1840 of 1914. Musso. (To 18 August 1919.)
 1866 of 1914. Musso. (To 9 September 1919.)
 1868 of 1914. Musso. (To 14 September 1919.)
 1869 of 1914. Musso. (To 14 September 1919.)
 1879 of 1914. Lucas. (To 5 October 1919.)
 1904 of 1914. Thomas Transmission Ltd. (To 20 October 1919.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1909.

241, (Solano).

1912.

335, (Bent). 341, (Elliott). 342, (Elliott). 348, (Montgomery).

1914.

1741, (Sutton and ons.). 1716, (Abdul Karim). 1747, (Raja Ram Majhi).

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India applications should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD . . .	R. C. Technical Institute.	HYDERABAD . . .	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government
ALLAHABAD . . .	Public Library	JALPAIGURI . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BANGALORE . . .	Indian Institute of Science.	KARACHI . . .	Office of City Deputy Collector.
BOMBAY . . .	Record Office.	LAHORE . . .	Punjab Public Library.
" . . .	Victoria Jubilee Textile Institute, Byenlla.	LONDON . . .	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
" . . .	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	MADRAS . . .	Record Office, Egmore.
CALCUTTA . . .	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	" . . .	College of Engineering.
" . . .	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE . . .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE . . .	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR . . .	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHENSCHAH . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA . . .	College of Engineering.
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DELHI . . .	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.	SHOLAPUR . . .	Office of the Collector.
		WASHINGTON, U.S.A.	The Patent Office.

7. *Specifications of inventions which have been notified in the Gazette of India as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras*

8. *Publications on sale at the Patent Office:—*

	price	
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(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
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(g) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index 1900-1911 and Chronological lists 1905-1911)	3	0
(h) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	0	8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917	1	0
(j) Specifications of Inventions	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W G. WOOD,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee

NOTICE.

Under the King of Oudh's Estate Validation Act (Act No XII of 1917) the sum of Rs. 77,956 (Seventy-seven thousand and eight hundred and fifty-six) and the interest accrued due since 1st January 1914 on a share amounting to Rupees two hundred thousand in a certain Government Promissory Note No 018978 for Rupees five hundred thousand and standing in the name of Malka Kishwar will be available for distribution from the office of the Collector of the 24-Parganas and Superintendent of Political Pensions to those issues of Malka Kishwar who are descended from her son, the late Wajid Ali Shah, the late King of Oudh and who are heirs under the Muhammadan Law. Persons entitled to a share in the distribution should apply to the undersigned before the 31st December 1918, in the form shown below.

1. Name and address of the applicant.
2. Relationship with the late King of Oudh.
3. The fractional share in the whole amount claimed by the applicant, 1 being taken to represent the whole amount available for distribution.
4. A brief statement showing how the share claimed is arrived at under the Mohammedan Law.

W. D. R. PRENTICE,

Collector of the 24-Parganas and Superintendent of Political Pensions.

Dated the 26th September, 1918.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.**Text-books, etc., for sale.**

List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

Persian and Arabic Instructors.

Two fully qualified instructors, natives of Persia and Arabia, respectively, are maintained by the Government of India, for the convenience of officers wishing to study Persian and Arabic. The services of these instructors may be obtained in Calcutta, on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners.

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- M Shaikh Mohammad Ismail, South Malaka, Allahabad
- M Syed Mazhar ul Husain, 253A, Mohtashim Gau, Allahabad

AMBALA—

- M Mohd Miyan Khan, Sular Bazar, Ambala
- M Mohd Akbar Khan Haidari, The Oriental Lodge, Ambala
- M Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala
- M Anand Sarup, Sadar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment (winter only)
- M Shaikh Amir Bukhsh, Giani, Munshi Fazil, Urdu Instructor, Officers' School, Ambala Cantonment.
- M Amar Nath Varma, Young Officers' School of Instruction, Ambala Cantonment.
- M Chhoto Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala
- M Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala
- *M S Habib Ullah, Professor of Oriental Languages, C/o Haji Musik Ullah, Suddar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment.
- M Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R M S and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.

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- M Mohd Imdad Hussain, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment.
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- M Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore
- M Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).

BANNU—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

BAREILLY—

- M Mohd Arif, B I Bazar, Bareilly
- M Rashid Ahmad Khan, Old City, Sailani, Bareilly

BOMBAY—

- Mr H. M. Anwar, Kachwadi, Thakurwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.
- Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

CALCUTTA—

- M Reza Ali Wahshat, M R A S, 21/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Ballingunge, Calcutta
- M Badru z Zaman, 212/1, Lanton Street, Calcutta
- M Abdul Badr, 5, Ramsanker Roy Lane, Calcutta
- M A M F Wahhab, Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah, 31, Collin Street, Calcutta
- M Habibun Nabi Khan Saulat, 27, Karaya Bazar Road, Ballingunge, Calcutta
- M Akmal Ali Akmal, 25, Nur Ali Lane, P O Entally, Calcutta
- M Abdul Karim Nishitar, 52, Ice Factory Lane, P O Entally
- M Mohd Ghulam Kibriya Ibrat, 17/1, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Ballingunge Road, Calcutta.
- *M. Badruddin Ahmed, B A, 3, Elliot Lane, Calcutta
- M Mohd Israel Khan, 5, Doctor Karam Hossain Lane, Ballingunge, Calcutta.
- M Syed Nawab Ali, 11, Colocota Street, Calcutta
- M Wahidun Nabi Khan, 85/1, Old Butak Khana Road, Harrison Road P O
- M Dahluddin Ahmed, 37, Karaya Bazar Road, Ballingunge, Calcutta
- M Abdul Wajid, 106, Harrison Road, Calcutta
- M A M Usaidur Rashid, B A, 4, Korabarilar Lane, P O Wellesley, Calcutta.
- M Mohd Muslim, 12, Damson's Lane, Chinapara, Calcutta
- M Nisar Ahmad Khan, 49, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta
- M Shahabuddin Ahmad Siddiqi, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P O, Calcutta.
- *M S M. Abdullah Afzal, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P O, Calcutta.
- M Azherus Sadain, 138/1, Karaya Road.
- M Abdul Habib Khan, 14, Gora Chand Road, Entally P O, Calcutta.
- M Syed Abu Zafar, 38, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta
- *M Mohamad Sharifat Ali, 27, Jhowtala Lane, Ballingunge P O
- M Mohd Quirban Ali Asri, 23, Park Lane

CAWNPORE—

- M S Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
- M Syed Aulad Hussain, Second Master, 41/170, Ahta Kumal Khan, Halsey Road, Cawnpore

DELHI—M. Aziz ur Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

FEROZEPORE—

- M Suraj Narain, B A, Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore
- M Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HAPUR—M. S. Khursad Ali, Mohalla Kaziwara, Hapur, District Meerut.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN)—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad

JHELUM—M. Thakur Das Pahiwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum

JUBBULPORE—

- M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
- M Mohd. M Hique, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
- Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchants, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

JULLUNDUR—

- M. Karam Chand, C/o Jacki Mull & Sons, Suddar Bazaar, Jullundur Cantonment.
- M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depot, Jullundur
- M. Hari Chand (of Bahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Bahon, Dist. Jullundur.

KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadama, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.

KASAUJI.—M. Anand Sarup, Depot Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KHILCHIPUR.—M. Rameshwar Dayal, Head Master, A. V. M. School, Khilchipur, C. I.

KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.

LAHORE—

M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

*M. Sayyad Aulad Ali Gilani (Munshi Fazil), Miran Shah Lane, Taksali Gate, Lahore.

M. Mohd. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Sabri, Mohalla Sammian, Chhawani Manawala, Taksali Gate, Lahore.

M. Mool Chand Sahgal, Regimental Munshi, 1/5th Devonshire Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.

M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW—

M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.

M. Mohammad Musbarraf Ali, Hewett Road, near Post Office, Lucknow.

M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, C/o M. Muzaffar Hamid, Oriental Professor, La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.

MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/10, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.

MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.

MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.

MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS—

M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).

M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

MUSSOORIE.—M. H. Ahmad Fakhriy, Islamia School, Mussoorie. ♦

NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

PATNA.—M. S. Fashuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR—

M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.

M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.

M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

POONA.—*M. S. Barkat Ali, Regimental Munshi, 1st Garrison Battalion, Norfolk Regiment, Poona.

QUETTA—

M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Ahmed Bux, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Abdul Aziz, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.

M. Shor Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Dittu Ram, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, King's Liverpool Regiment, Bahoo Mohalla, Quetta.

M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

RAWALPINDI—

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).

M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

M. K. B. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).

M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Bukh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Messy Gate, Rawalpindi.

RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.

ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street Sialkot.

SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU.—*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Urdu Instructor, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Mukhtaram Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallora.

KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothon, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.

Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Poth, Poona City.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.

SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.

Qualified Tamil Teachers.**MADRAS—**

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

CALCUTTA,

The 24th July 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

**SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE,
CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID
AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. (Only small quantities available when in stock.)	„ 12 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „
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QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins

Cinchonidine is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Cinchona Febrifuge is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 10th October 1918.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th October 1918.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE.										SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		REMARKS.		
			COIN AND BULLION.													TOTAL.	
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.		In transit between India, England and H. M.'s Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	Held in India.	Held in England.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R			
Calcutta	72,06,870	38,68,24,081	2,99,48,494	2,46,45,863	6,64,58,612	12,35,865	...	...	...	...	5,85,98,500	9,99,99,946	75,99,04,650	1,04,07,91,490	(a) Nominal value— £10,30,91,500.
Cawnpore . . . . .	..	4,00,74,284	66,97,181	52,88,302	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,19,85,483	(b) Nominal value— Rs 177,55,45,001.
Lahore . . . . .	...	12,00,19,672	1,92,59,742	1,77,90,464	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,10,50,206	(c) Included Treasury Bills purchased under Section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918.
Bombay	12,455	49,41,12,310	4,83,45,511	1,61,45,124	3,70,47,280	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,15,37,865	
Kanachi . . . . .	..	4,95,79,843	31,28,170	21,38,700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52,66,870	
Madras	13,78,700	16,29,45,688	63,66,360	40,42,448	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,04,08,808	
Bangoon . . . . .	...	8,07,26,349	94,16,492	34,84,605	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,29,01,097	
85,98,025	1,34,42,82,227	1,35,28,80,252	11,71,61,050	20,35,35,006	10,35,05,842	12,35,865	...	...	...	...	5,85,98,500	9,99,99,946	75,99,04,650	1,34,39,41,759	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of issue			Deduct—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			1,34,39,41,759	TOTAL RESERVE R

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th October 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 7th October 1918.

E. M. COOK,

Offg. Controller of Currency.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for July 1918 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1918-19.

REVENUE AND RECEIPTS.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1918-19			Receipts in July 1918		RECEIPTS FROM 1ST APRIL 1915 TO 31ST JULY 1918		
	Imperial	Special	TOTAL	Rs.	Rs.	Imperial	Special	TOTAL.
i.—Land Revenue	Rs. 3,000	Rs. 23,44,000	Rs. 23,47,000	7,60,952	Rs. 8,69,241	..	Rs. 8,69,241	8,69,241
ii.—Opium	..	64,000	64,000	6,734	26,123	..	26,123	26,123
iv.—Stamps	..	7,47,000	7,47,000	67,698	2,48,298	..	2,48,298	2,48,298
v.—Excise	..	4,70,000	4,70,000	3,951	1,73,673	..	1,73,673	1,73,673
vi.—Provincial Rates	..	1,000	1,000	..	..	..	..	..
vii.—Customs
viii.—Income Tax	6,000	2,94,000	3,00,000	11,568	56,623	1,617	55,006	56,623
ix.—Forest	..	5,75,000	3,75,000	24,045	76,185	..	76,185	76,185
x.—Registration	..	50,000	50,000	4,162	17,873	..	17,873	17,873
xi.—Tribute from Native States
xii.—Interest	47,000	..	47,000	12,727	19,404	..	..	19,404
xvii.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	..	2,28,000	2,28,000	18,036	73,263	..	73,263	73,263
xviii.—Ditto—Jails	..	39,000	39,000	4,578	11,875	..	11,875	11,875
xviii.—Police	..	32,000	32,000	1,406	5,103	..	5,103	5,103
xix.—Education	..	25,000	25,000	3,354	10,226	..	10,226	10,226
xxa.—Medical	..	1,000	1,000	..	57	..	57	57
xxb.—Sanitation
xxc.—Agriculture	..	11,000	11,000	60	199	..	199	199
xxd.—Scientific and other Miscellaneous Departments	..	28,000	28,000	12	136	..	136	136
xxv.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	..	29,000	29,000	2,177	9,493	..	9,493	9,493
xxvi.—Stationery and Printing	..	29,000	29,000	1,500	4,622	..	4,622	4,622
xxvii.—Miscellaneous	..	1,54,000	1,54,000	4,346	24,745	..	24,745	24,745
xxviii.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	9,13,000	4,21,000	13,34,000	72,140	86,395	96,395	..	1,72,790
xxix.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation
xxx.—Civil Works	..	1,74,000	1,74,000	10,561	36,541	..	36,541	36,541
Ad-d—Debt Accounts	9,69,000	54,57,000	64,58,000	1,14,473	1,07,416	..	17,29,093	18,36,509
TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS	1,20,82,225	..	..	..	4,63,74,457
TOTAL	1,31,26,962	..	..	..	4,82,10,966
Opening Cash Balance	18,37,993 (b)	..	..	..	21,55,208 (a)
GRAND TOTAL	1,49,64,955	..	..	..	5,03,66,173

(a) On 1st April 1918. (b) On 1st July 1918.

F. DUKOFF GORDON,
Accountant-General, Punjab.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB
LAWSON;
The 2nd October 1918.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for July 1918 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1918-19.

EXPENDITURE.	BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR 1918-19.			Disbursement in July 1918.	DISBURSEMENT FROM 1st APRIL 1918 TO 31st JULY 1918.		
	Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.		Imperial.	Special.	TOTAL.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	13,000	13,000	26,000	1,974	5,097	6,096	10,193
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	9,000	18,000	598	5,205	5,206	10,411
3.—Land Revenue	4,26,000	3,01,000	7,27,000	76,230	1,39,074	1,02,324	2,41,398
6.—Stamps	14,000	15,000	29,000	1,471	3,010	3,004	6,019
7.—Excise	8,000	8,000	16,000	1,310	2,862	2,362	5,704
10.—Income Tax	2,000	2,000	4,000	165	182	183	365
11.—Forest	87,000	87,000	1,74,000	6,216	19,151	19,152	38,303
12.—Registration	6,000	7,000	13,000	1,196	2,403	2,403	4,806
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other obligations	2,75,000	1,40,000	4,15,000	38,682	86,334	42,468	1,28,803
18.—General Administration	4,77,000	2,39,000	7,16,000	68,302	1,56,039	73,158	2,28,997
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	1,64,000	1,65,000	3,29,000	35,031	60,909	60,908	1,21,817
19B.—Ditto	14,12,000	14,11,000	28,23,000	2,14,349	4,33,183	4,33,184	8,66,367
20.—Police	3,49,000	3,48,000	6,97,000	2,13,819	1,63,476	1,63,475	3,26,931
22.—Education	65,000	...	65,000	5,021	23,630	...	23,630
23.—Ecclesiastical	96,000	96,000	1,92,000	12,911	27,753	31,821	49,574
24A.—Medical	79,000	78,000	1,57,000	3,092	4,586	4,586	9,172
24B.—Sanitation	24,78,000	23,07,000	47,85,000	3,97,606	7,68,339	7,20,376	14,88,715
25.—Political	72,000	72,000	1,44,000	3,223	13,294	13,295	26,589
26A.—Agriculture	5,000	6,000	11,000	767	1,714	1,705	3,409
26B.—Scientific and other Miscellaneous Departments	61,000	...	61,000	4,113	41,665	...	41,665
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	98,000	97,000	1,95,000	14,011	34,296	34,296	68,592
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	68,000	67,000	1,35,000	8,002	14,783	14,384	28,767
30.—Stationery and Printing	27,000	28,000	55,000	4,978	7,225	7,224	14,449
32.—Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
33.—Famine Relief	12,34,000	3,00,000	15,40,000	51,339	84,456	84,456	1,59,312
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	25,000	25,000	50,000	1,498	11,960	11,967	23,933
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	12,98,000	12,92,000	25,90,000	30,393	67,052	67,053	1,34,105
45.—Civil Works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44d.—Debt Accounts	88,48,000	71,19,000	1,59,67,000	11,68,913	21,75,464	18,95,541	40,72,045
	...	...	...	1,18,20,846	...	...	4,48,39,831
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	1,30,09,659	...	...	4,84,10,876
	...	...	...	1,95,5296	...	...	19,65,296
TOTAL	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Balance on 31st July 1918	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	1,49,64,955	...	...	5,03,66,172

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, PUNJAB;
LAHORE,
The 2nd October 1918.

F. DUKOFF GORDON,
Accountant-General, Punjab.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th September 1918.

PARTICULARS	3 PER CENT OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS			4 PER CENT			INDIAN WAR LOAN.			2nd INDIAN WAR LOAN		GRAND TOTAL
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55	of 1865	of 1879	of 1900-01	TOTAL.	Termable Loan of 1915-16	5 per cent War Loan 1923-1947.	5½ per cent War Bonus 1921	5 per cent 5½ per cent War Bonus 1922	5 per cent 5½ per cent War Bonus 1923.	
Balance of 15th Sept. 1918	27,45,800	91,80,300	3,83,01,800	1,42,05,300	62,55,000	19,55,500	6,98,97,900	47,00	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	2,50,000	7,46,56,700
Add—													
Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 7th September 1918	18,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,000
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 30th September 1918	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,00,000	7,00,000
Deduct—													
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	91,80,300	3,83,01,800	1,42,05,300	62,55,000	19,55,500	6,98,97,900	47,00	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	9,50,000	7,44,04,700
Balance on 30th Sept. 1918.	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,83,01,800	1,42,05,300	62,55,000	19,55,500	6,98,97,900	47,00	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	9,50,000	7,44,04,700

NOTE.—From 9th June 1887 to 31st July 1918 Enfaced from India 12 42½ lakhs, re-transferred from London 13,03½ lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 5th October 1918.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

13,036

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 8th October 1918.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	6,65,74 697	0 0
Reserve Fund 2,26,00,000	0 0		Other authorized Investments	1,41,96,714	0 0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i>	67,50,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	12,37,24 608	2 4
	1,58,50,000	0 0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5 87,13,025	6 6
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	2,33,00,058	5 5
Public Deposits at Head Office 3 61,21,513 12 8			Balances with other Banks	61,72 851	14 5
Public Deposits at Branches 3,89,79,336 13 6	7,01,00,850	10 2	Bullion . . . . .	.. ..
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	29,08,09,320	15 11	Dead Stock	28 27,105	9 7
Bank Post Bills, etc	17,97,897	13 11	Stamps	12,450	12 2
Sundries	23,53,995	3 3	Sundries	18 56,951	13 2
RUPEES	40,76,72,064	11 3	Rs	29,73,64,522	15 7
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* 4,21,77,341 8 10		
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† 6,81,25,900 2 10	11,03,03 241	11 8
			RUPEES	40,76,72,064	11 3

* Includes Seps & ½ Seps., value Rs. 3,77,175 0 0

† Do do do .. 5,12,670 0 0

Rs 889,845 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL :

Calcutta, 10th October 1918.

H. FISHER,

Chief Accountant.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 30·21.

N. H. Y. WARREN,

Secretary & Treasurer.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,

Librarian.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the last day of July 1918 and of the form in which they were held :—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	1,509,675	...
Short loans	10,849,992	6,000,008
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL	12,359,667	6,000,008
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts .	18,359,675	

THE TREASURY;
Calcutta, the 10th October 1918.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Note of the Calcutta Circle is stated to have been destroyed, and payment of its value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the number. Any other person claiming a right to it is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

NOTE WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Note.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
W D-4 of 1917-18 . . .	V A 31727 . . . 26	Rs. 10	Srimati Dayaman Devi, Village Nartan, P. O. Kulaurn, District Sylhet.

N. B. DEANE,

Deputy Controller. In charge Paper Currency, Calcutta.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT
Calcutta, the 8th October 1918. }

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 2nd October 1918.

No. 4111-G.—Mr. Sarat Chandra Bhadra, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, in the office of the Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, reverts to his own grade with effect from the 19th June 1918, and is reappointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 19th June 1918.

No 4112-G.—Khan Sahib S. Mahmood Mean Sahib, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, is appointed as a temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 19th June 1918.

No. 4113-G.—Mr. Moti Lal Ghose, Superintendent, temporary and supernumerary, in the office of the Senior Controller of Military Supply Accounts, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 16th September 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General,

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 9th October 1918.

No. 791.—Captain W. E. Perry, R.E., Officiating Deputy Superintendent, is granted special medical leave for 3 months from 1st May 1918 under the Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 811-C. S. R., dated the 4th September 1917, and in continuation furlough on medical certificate for 5 days under Article 308(a) of the Civil Service Regulations.

S. G. BURARD, Colonel, R.E.,

Surveyor General of India.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 1st October 1918.

No. 15.—The services of No. 1141, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Fazl Karim, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 30th March 1918.

No. 16.—The services of Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Major P. McCarthy, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma, for Civil employment, with effect from the 13th August 1918.

Simla, the 3rd October 1918.

No. 17.—No. 1053, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Khuda-baksh, I.S.M.D., attached to the Medical Store Depot, Calcutta, is granted, under the terms of paragraph 269, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, 60 days' leave on full pay combined with 2 months' leave on 7th pay, with effect from the 21th June 1918.

(This office Notification No. 8, dated the 27th June 1918, is hereby cancelled).

No. 18.—The services of No. 1204, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Muhammad Barkat-ullah, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, for Military duty, with effect from the 17th April 1918.

R. A. NEEDHAM, Major, I.M.S.,

for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Central India Agency, Indore, the 2nd October 1918.

No. 3163-D.—Mr. A. C. Lothian, I.C.S., assumed charge of the Office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong, from Lieutenant-Colonel J. Frizelle on the forenoon of the 20th September 1918.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 4th October 1918.

No. 1551-W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, as applied to the Administered Areas in Central India, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to declare Monday, the 7th October 1918, to be a public holiday in the said areas in celebration of the cessation of hostilities between the Allies and Bulgaria and of the recent victories of the Allied Arms.

By order,

H. R. LYNCH BLOSSE,

Offg. First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General in Central India.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 3rd October 1918.

No. 7005-Home—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 12, sub-section (1) of the Indian Press Act, 1910 (I of 1910), the Chief Commissioner of Delhi declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of a book in Hindi entitled "America Ko Swadhinata Kaise Mili," on the ground that the said book contains matter of the nature described in Section 4, sub-section (1), clause (c) of the said Act.

No. 7024-Home—It is hereby notified for general information that the 7th of October 1918, shall be observed as a public holiday on account of the cessation of hostilities between the Allies and Bulgaria and the recent success on the various battle fronts, within the meaning of section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881, in all the public offices in the Province of Delhi.

Delhi, the 8th October 1918.

No. 7096-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 25th September 1918, is published for information —

No	Name of Municipal Towns	Population of 1911.			Births			Deaths			Cause of Death								Infants under one year of age			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
		Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Cholera.	Small-pox	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoea	Respiratory	Injuries	All other causes	Measles and chicken pox	Males	Females	Total				
	Delhi .	235 471	153 134	287	82	78 160					75 12		54	...	19		24 25	48	66.19	36.90			
	Notified Area	9 673	1 1	2	1	1 2	...				2	...		"	"	...	1 1	2	28.31	28.31			
	Total	229,144	154 135	289	83	79 162					77 12		54	.	19		25 26	51	66.01	36.76			

H. C. BEADON,

Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 1st October 1918.

No. 7001-R—M Gul Muhammed Khan, provisional Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nushki, is granted privilege leave for 3 months, with effect from the 6th October 1918.

No. 7002-R.—Rai Sahib Jhangli Ram, Head Clerk of the office of the Political Agent, Chagai, is appointed to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade and is posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nushki, with effect from the date of taking over charge.

By order,

R. CHENEVIX TRENCH,

First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 1st October 1918.

No. 4863—240.—The following promotion is ordered in the Mewar Bhil Corps with effect from the 11th August 1918 :—

Havildar Hackra to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Bhima pensioned.

The 3rd October 1918.

No. 4889.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 31 of Act I of 1871 (The Cattle Trespass Act) as amended by Act I of 1891, as applied to the District of Abu, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana is pleased—

(1) to transfer to the Municipal Committee of Abu the functions of the Magistrate of the District of Abu under sections 5, 6, 12, 14 and 17, and of the Local Government under section 18 of the said Act within the local area subject to the jurisdiction of the said Committee.

(2) to direct that the whole of the surplus accruing under section 18 of the said Act from pounds within the said local area shall be placed to the credit of the Municipal Fund.

No. 4890.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of Act I of 1871 (The Cattle Trespass Act), as amended by Act I of 1891, as applied to the District of Abu, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana is further pleased to direct, with respect to the limits of the Abu Municipality, that the first portion of the said section shall be read as if it had reference to cattle generally, instead of to pigs only, and as if the words " fifty rupees " were substituted for the words " ten rupees ."

By order,

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 1st October 1918.

No. 1305—330.—Lieutenant J. H. Riley Irving, Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, is granted War leave for 30 days with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

The 4th October 1918.

No. 1333.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 15 (1) of the Cantonment Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to impose, with effect from the 1st April 1919, an annual tax leviable for each official year or part of a year on all dogs kept within the limits of the Nasirabad Cantonment at the following rates :—

Rs. 1 for each dog if the owner possesses one dog only,

Rs. 1-8 for each dog if the owner possesses two dogs only,

Rs. 2 for each dog if the owner possesses three dogs only,

Rs. 6 for each dog if the owner possesses more than three dogs.

Provided that no tax shall be leviable—

(a) on any dog kept within the Cantonment limits for a period not exceeding one month in any official year;

(b) on any dog borne on the register referred to in section 64, sub-section (2), clause (a) of the Cantonment Code, 1912.

2. Notification No. 1005-1216, dated the 12th July 1910, will cease to have effect from the 1st April 1919.

No. 1345—65.—Under section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to declare the 7th October 1918 to be a public holiday in connection with the celebration of the recent successes of the Allies on various battle fronts and the armistice with Bulgaria.

By order,

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Ziarat, the 30th September 1918.

No. 1853-Z.—The next half-yearly examination in the Baluchi language by the Higher Standard will be held at Quetta in the Durbai Hall on Monday, the 4th November 1918, and the following day commencing at 10-30 A.M. each day.

By order,
R. H. CHENEVIX TRENCH,
First Assistant.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 11th October 1918

No. 10—Mr. F. J. deSouza, Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani held at Lahore Cantonment on the 1st and 2nd July 1918.

R. R. GALES,
Agent, North Western Railway.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment, dated at Gharial, this 2nd day of October 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—29541, Private, J. Reid

Age—40 years

Height—5 feet 10 inches

Colour of—Complexion, fair, eyes, grey.

Trade—Baker

Date of Enlistment—9th November 1915.

Place of Enlistment—Glasgow

Date of Desertion or absence—25th September 1918

Place of Desertion or absence—Gharial

Marks—Scotch accent when talking. Swings arms in front of body when walking.

A. O. L. DAVIS, Captain, *for* Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding 1st Battalion The Duke of Wellington's Regiment.

**IN THE COURT OF LALA RAM NARAYAN B.A., MUNSIFF
II CLASS AT DELHI.**

SUIT No. 305 OF 1917.

Cheranji Lal, son of Govind Ram, caste carpenter, of Tehwarah, Delhi—Plaintiff,

VERSUS

Abdullah alias Hatiya, son of Chanda, caste Shaikh, Contractor, of Haldwari, District Naini Tal—Defendant.

Suit for rendition of accounts and partnership

To

Abdullah alias Hatiya, son of Chanda, caste Shaikh, Contractor, of Haldwari, District Naini Tal.

Whereas it has been satisfactorily proved that the defendant named above evades service: Notice is hereby given to the abovenamed defendant that he should appear in this Court on Friday, the 11th day of October 1918, to defend the above case. In case of his default the case shall proceed *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the court this 1st October 1918.

RAM NARAYAN,
Munsiff 2nd Class, Delhi.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICA- TION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
462—1918	Ahmedbhai Ramjimbhai Shaik .	Mahomedan .	Pinjrapole Lane .	Hawker in embroidery and now servant in the employ of Abdul Karim Miya Mahomed.	30th	September .	1918	30th	September .	1918
463—1918	Kashibai, widow of Saktaram Hindu . Babaji Patil.	Hindu .	Arthur Road .	Dealer in Country bidees, etc.	2nd	October .	"	2nd	October .	"
577—1917	Munshi Mahomed Esmail alias Esmail Kadarbhai.	Mahomedan .	Null Bazar .	Tea Broker	13th	November .	1917	13th	November .	1917
464—1918	Keshou Ragho Agradh .	Hindu .	Parbhadevi Road .	Lately Jobber in the Spring Mills, Ltd., and now unemployed.	3rd	October .	1918	3rd	October .	1918.
465—1918	Rahimtula Silleman Khoja .	Mahomedan .	Dongro	Lately bullock cart keeper and driver and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
466—1918	Vilayatkhan Zirkhan Hindas- tani.	"	New Nagpada .	Lately petty dealer in boots, shoes, etc, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
467—1918	Anolino Philippe Martin .	Portuguese .	Girraum Road .	Lately carrying on business as general merchant under the name of A. F. Martin & Co, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
468—1918	Shaik Ali Mahomed Ali Karoda- wala.	Mahomedan .	Bhendy Bazar .	Lately dealer in tin plate and now un- employed.	5th	"	"	5th	"	"
469—1918	Ishwar Bhawan Dabgar .	Hindu .	Ardesir Dady Street .	Lately preparer of and dealer in musical instruments and now servant in the employ of Sadabai, widow of Chhogan.	5th	"	"	5th	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 5th day of October 1918. }

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.

FORM No. 8.

Notice to Creditors of the date of consideration of a composition or scheme of arrangement.

SECTION 27.

IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSES AT DELHI.

In the matter of Insolvency of Mr. Katz & Co of Delhi, Mori Gate.

STIR No. 12 of 1918.

Dated the 2nd October 1918.

Take notice that the Court has fixed the 17th day of October 1918, for the consideration of a composition (or scheme of arrangement) submitted by Mr. Katz, the debtor in the above Insolvency petition. No Creditor who has not proved his debt before the aforesaid date will be permitted to vote on the consideration of the abovementioned matter.

If you desire to be represented at the abovementioned hearing you should be present in person or by duly instructed pleader with your proofs.

TOPAN RAM,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction

CASE No. 147 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 19th September 1918.

In the matter of Maung Tun Myaing, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Tun Myaing, late clerk of Messrs. Bombay Burma Trading Company Ltd, Dunneelaw, now residing at No. 31, 61st Street, Rangoon, on the 18th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Tun Myaing.

CASE No. 149 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 23rd September 1918.

In the matter of Avana Swaminathan Chetty, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Avana Swaminathan Chetty, now a Civil Prisoner in the Rangoon Central Jail, Rangoon, on the 20th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Avana Swaminathan Chetty.

CASE No. 150 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 23rd September 1918.

In the matter of Maung Ba Sein, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Sein, Trader, Stall No. 409C, Surati Bara Bazar, residing at No. 25, Taunglonhyan Quarter, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Sein.

CASE No. 151 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 24th September 1918.

In the matter of Mahamed Esahaque, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Mahamed Esahaque, Tailor, residing at No. 45, Merchant Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Mahamed Esahaque.

CASE No. 152 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 25th September 1918.

In the matter of Kain Taik *alias* Kain Khet, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kain Taik *alias* Kain Khet, formerly residing at Bogale, Pyapon District, now a civil prisoner in the Central Jail, Rangoon, on the 24th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kain Taik *alias* Kain Khet.

—
CASE No. 153 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 30th September 1918.

In the matter of Maung San Shwe, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung San Shwe, Clerk, residing at No. 37, 24th Street, Rangoon, on the 27th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung San Shwe.

—
CASE No. 154 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 30th September 1918.

In the matter of Khuda Bux, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Khuda Bux, fish seller, residing at No. 207, Merchant Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Khuda Bux.

—
CASE No. 155 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 30th September 1918.

In the matter of S. Nandi, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by S. Nandi, Clerk, residing at No. 34, Oliphant Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said S. Nandi.

MAUNG GYEE,

Offg. Registrar.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**POST OFFICE.**—
NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 2nd October 1918.

No 1876a.-Ap—Mr Becharam Basu, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 21th October 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC).**—
NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 8th October 1918.

No. 5738-7.—Mr. H. Sur, Assistant Postmaster-General, Telegraph Traffic, Bengal and Assam Circle, is placed on deputation with the East Indian Railway Company for five weeks, with effect from the 2nd October 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

**POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING).**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd October 1918.

No. 1468-s.-E.-E.—The following permanent promotion in the upper subordinate establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned on probation for six months with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. H. R. McHugh .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, permanent.	9th April 1917.

This cancels this Department Notification No. 72c-E.-E., dated 14th February 1918.

No. 1471-s.-E.-E.—In this Department Notification No. 548s.-E.-E., dated 18th May 1917 against the name of Mr. G. Sambasivan

For 9th April 1917

Read 23rd March 1917.

No. 1480-s.-E.-E.—The following officiating promotions in the Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force are sanctioned with effect from the dates specified :—

Names	From	To	With effect from
Mr. W. Carter .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class, officiating.	29th May 1918.
„ J. W. Adams .	Inspecting Telegraphist .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	30th May 1918.
„ W. L. Hector .	Inspecting Telegraphist .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	29th May 1918.

The 4th October 1918.

No. 1495-s.-E.-E.—Khan Bahadur H. R. Khan, Deputy Superintendent, Engineering is granted a further extension of furlough for nineteen days with effect from the 8th August 1918 in continuation of the leave granted to him in this Department Notification No. 703s-E.-E., dated the 10th June 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Offg Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 10th October 1918.

No. 2826.—Dr. L. L. Fermor, D. Sc, F. G. S., Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is granted privilege leave from 21st to 31st October 1918, inclusive.

H. H. HAYDEN,

Director, Geological Survey of India.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1ST TO 7TH OCTOBER 1918.

(In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.										COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.	
	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.				BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.			Receipt of Bullion for transferred from Currency balance.			Receipt of Bullion for subsidary and paid over.	
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasures, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees small silver coins delivered to Treasury or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and in- current coins.	TOTAL.	Piastres Closing and paid over.	Sub- sidary coin closing balance.	Sub- sidary coin closing balance.
Calcutta . . .	52	1	.	53	47	..	47	30	(a) 195	2	..	227	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	..	...	...	..	39	..	38	...	(b) 39	1	..	40	..	...	54

(a) Exclusive of 265 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 287 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 11th Oct. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-COLONEL, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ^{5813 Bom.}_{F-1} of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Isabhai Tayabali, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—ISABHAI TAYABALI BOHARI,

Residence—Prakasha Taluka Shahada, West Khandesh.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 045084, of the 3 per cent. loan of 1896-97, for Rs. 300, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to Shib Chandra Mukerji, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above security.

SHIB CHANDRA MUKERJI,

Niaz Mohulla, Ghazipur.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all merchants, traders, and dealers having any claims in respect of any outstanding dues against the Orhha (Tikamgarh) State through the orders issued by Mohammed Nooruddin Khan, State Engineer, must send in full particulars of such claims to the undersigned on or before the 15th October 1918, after which date no claims or applications sent subsequently will be recognized or attended to; and all such merchants, traders, etc., are also hereby warned not to carry out henceforth any orders issued by the said Mohammed Nooruddin Khan for the supply or sale of any thing whatever for the Orhha (Tikamgarh) State.

MOHAMMED ZAMAN KHAN,

Khan Bahadur Madarul Moham Orhha State.

TIKAMGARH,

Dated the 10th September 1918.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 171388 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 10,000, originally standing in the name of Nistariney Dasree, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—**SARAT KUMAR DAS,**

Residence—11, Suri Lane, Calcutta.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ^{254-Bom.}_{F. I.} of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 200 originally issued in the name of D. Raphael, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser.—**D. RAPHAEL,**

Residence.—204, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 41.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

INDIAN CUSTOMS REVENUE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

		IN THE SIX MONTHS, APRIL TO SEPTEMBER, OF									
		1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
SEA CUSTOMS—IMPORTS											
<i>Special Duties</i>											
Arms, ammunition, and military stores		2,38	2,81	3,11	2,71	3,16	3,01	2,64	3,08 ^a	2,80 ^a	2,30 ^a
Coal, coke, and patent fuel (a)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	8	20
<i>Liquors</i>											
Ale, beer, porter, older and other fermented liquors		2,43	3,87	3,75	4,37	3,88	3,30	2,46	4,33	3,05	2,58
Spirits and liquors		45,03	51,43	50,74	49,52	54,33	55,10	48,94	53,58	46,16	47,44
Wines		1,63 ^a	2,47	2,50	2,29	2,45	2,13	2,21	2,97	2,02	2,06
Opium		1	4	3	3	4	2	3	4	1	1
Petroleum		22,87	26,72	26,64	34,47	30,57	40,31	33,13	16,74 ⁺	20,65 ⁺	10,85 ⁺
<i>Silver</i>											
Silver bullion and coin (b)		31,98	26,95	20,67	63,28	43,76	79,39	63,52	11,22	15,55	—
Manufactures (c)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,79	1,96	94
Sugar, all sorts (d)		26,80	26,68	26,49	30,57	39,85	21,67	23,46	53,67 [†]	50,30 [†]	75,49 [‡]
Tobacco (b)		2,23	12,24	12,50	12,76	14,29	13,09	12,47	24,67	20,63	24,73
<i>Duty at 2½ per cent</i>											
Machinery (a)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,95	4,23	4,44
Metals—Iron and Steel		4,47	4,64	4,72	4,96	7,39	6,53	4,70	10,01	8,53	11,24
Railway plant and rolling stock (a)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,59	78	1,93
Other articles		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,17	1,46	1,66
<i>Duty at 7½ per cent</i>											
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar and vinegar) (e)		10,32	10,93	10,72	11,99	12,96	11,98	12,94	23,10	20,22	22,62
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured (f)		7,79	8,02	7,51	9,43	7,52	8,54	7,28	18,03	19,34	*19,92
<i>Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—</i>											
Outfurn, hardware, implements and instruments		12,63	12,16	12,60	14,02	12,18	15,29	11,51	22,13	17,30	21,36
Metals, other than Iron and Steel		8,63	10,59	10,73	7,93	13,30	14,96	5,61	5,13	6,57	11,82
<i>Cotton manufactures—</i>											
Piecegoods, grey		22,22	23,60	20,13	42,46	44,69	38,36	35,49	22,75	57,98	97,08
White		10,78	15,31	17,67	21,81	25,43	20,16	18,36	23,97	54,69	54,41
Coloured		12,70	19,45	22,06	23,66	33,02	20,71	12,63	24,97	66,93	57,93
Other goods		2,71	3,74	3,69	4,08	6,02	3,42	1,93	4,33	7,41	5,23
Yarn and textile fabrics (other than cotton manufactures) (g)		13,33	17,40	12,74	21,19	23,96	16,10	14,24	30,50	27,15	31,43
All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured (h)		30,64	37,62	27,91	40,64	51,97	42,33	41,92	90,46	79,24	92,32
Miscellaneous (i)		2,97	2,28	4,57	6,06	4,25	4,65	3,13	12,06	7,96	13,52
TOTAL IMPORTS		2,79,27	3,96,40	3,64,07	4,06,78	4,43,13	4,21,50	3,58,46	4,73,47	5,51,96	6,23,73
SEA CUSTOMS—EXPORTS											
Jute (a)—											
Raw		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14,91	13,40	
Manufactured		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18,78	54,47	
Rice		39,57	52,40	59,43	66,31	56,39	37,95	33,45	33,48	40,66	(?)
Tea (a)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18,50	13,89	
TOTAL EXPORTS		39,57	52,40	59,43	66,31	56,39	37,95	33,45	90,62	1,23,42	1,39,22
SEA CUSTOMS—MISCELLANEOUS (j)											
LAND CUSTOMS (k)		4,95	4,89	5,53	6,39	6,56	6,57	6,59	2,32	3,79	4,79 [§]
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON MANUFACTURES		15,96	15,96	13,42	20,81	21,73	17,91	13,93	19,17	26,53	58,60
ON MOTOR SPIRIT		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13,70	23,16
WAREHOUSE AND WHARF RENTS (l)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	13	13
MISCELLANEOUS (j)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,57	1,57	2,56
GRAND TOTAL		3,29,95	4,69,68	4,47,51	5,00,29	5,27,36	4,83,98	4,15,43	5,96,12	7,24,86	9,05,63
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports											
Bengal	Imports	97,39	1,21,49	1,24,89	1,26,11	1,40,42	1,47,99	1,37,94	1,75,09	2,37,66	2,24,34
	Exports	4,99	5,43	10,34	13,56	9,24	5,41	1,91	51,51	31,45	1,22,33
Bihar and Orissa	Imports	—	—	—	52	64	13	—	—	—	—
	Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bombay	Imports	1,04,20	1,22,24	1,40,03	1,63,65	1,63,14	1,67,07	1,40,82	1,75,56	1,99,85	2,20,97
	Exports	1,42	92	60	82	99	1,03	1,36	2,35	3,16	4,69
Sind	Imports	25,95	32,95	35,60	39,69	49,70	54,59	31,53	41,94	53,97	61,97
	Exports	1,12	79	88	81	1,60	1,65	1,30	2,26	2,15	1,44
Madras	Imports	24,80	27,49	24,79	31,21	32,74	37,37	27,96	43,46	43,21	43,53
	Exports	3,33	2,95	4,12	3,31	4,23	4,26	6,47	7,30	5,44	5,14
Burma	Imports	23,95	31,39	22,76	36,12	44,15	24,65	20,15	43,26	45,15	47,47
	Exports	23,71	29,30	45,49	47,49	23,69	23,51	23,70	23,70	20,22	56,23

(a) Not subject to duty prior to March, 1916

(b) Figures for the year 1909-10 were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff

(c) Figures prior to March, 1916, are included with "All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured"

(d) Figures prior to March, 1916, were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff

(e) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include vinegar

(f) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are exclusive of raw silk, raw hemp, and raw jute, which are included with

(g) "Yarn and textile fabrics"

(h) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include raw silk, raw hemp, and raw jute but exclude haberdashery and millinery

(i) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include haberdashery and millinery and coral

(j) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent articles imported by post only

(k) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are included under "Land Customs"

(l) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent the old combined head "Land Customs and miscellaneous"

(m) The publication of the detailed figures has been temporarily discontinued

(n) Exclude the duty collected on explosives, namely, blasting gun powder, etc., at 7½ per cent ad valorem

(o) Exclude the duty collected on petroleum which has its flashing point at or above 140°F. or 200°F. at 7½ per cent ad valorem

(p) Exclude the duty collected on confectionery at 7½ per cent ad valorem

(q) Includes indigo cess

G. FINDLAY SHERRAS,

Secretary of Statistics.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 16th October 1918.

No. 3336-I.C.—The following correspondence is published for general information.

J. B. WOOD,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

Kharita, dated Simla, the 25th April 1918.

From—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India,

To—LIEUTENANT-GENERAL HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS ASAF JAH MUZAFFAR-UL-MULK WAL MAMALIK, NIZAM-UL-MULK NIZAM-UD-DAULA, NAWAB MIR SIR USMAN ALI KHAN, BAHADUR, FATEH JANG, G.C.S.I., G.B.E., Nizam of Hyderabad.

After compliments.—I have much pleasure in transmitting to your Exalted Highness the enclosed letter from His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, addressed to Your Exalted Highness in which His Imperial Majesty has been graciously pleased to confer on you the special style of "Exalted Highness" and to confirm to you formally the honourable title of "Faithful Ally of the British Government."

His Imperial Majesty's letter is an abiding testimony to the loyal assistance which Your Exalted Highness has rendered during the war and a signal token of the friendship which has existed for so long between the British Government and Your Exalted Highness's illustrious House.

In offering to Your Exalted Highness my warmest congratulations on this mark of His Imperial Majesty's favour, I desire once more to express my deep gratitude for the staunch and generous assistance which I have received from Your Exalted Highness during the past two years.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

24th January 1918.

Your Exalted Highness,

It has given me great satisfaction to show my appreciation of the eminent services which you have rendered to my Empire during the war by conferring on you the special style of "Exalted Highness" and by confirming to you formally the honourable title of "Faithful Ally of the British Government" by which Your Exalted Highness and your predecessors have long emphasized your loyalty to my ancestors and myself.

Following the high example of your illustrious predecessors at the time of the signature of the early treaties between the British Government and the Hyderabad State, and afterwards in the days of the Indian Mutiny, Your Exalted Highness has again given in your own person clear proof of your right to bear that historic title. In the prominent position enjoyed by Your Exalted Highness as the leading Muhammadan Prince of India, your loyalty was displayed in the early months of the present war by the issue of a proclamation enjoining on your subjects and impressing on your co-religionists throughout India the duty of firm and steadfast devotion to my Throne and Empire.

The munificent contributions made by Your Exalted Highness from time to time for objects connected with the war have borne striking and public testimony to the strength of the enduring bond which unites the destinies of Great Britain and Hyderabad.

Trusting that Your Exalted Highness may long continue to enjoy health and prosperity, I sign myself

Your sincere friend,

and Emperor,

GEORGE R. I.

Kharita, dated Hyderabad, Deccan, the 23rd May 1918.

From—LIEUTENANT-GENERAL HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS ASAF JAH MUZAFFAR-UL-MULK WAL MAMALIK, NIZAM-UL-MULK NIZAM-UD-DAULA, NAWAB MIR SIR USMAN ALI KHAN, BAHADUR, FATEH JANG, G.C.S.I., G.B.E., Nizam of Hyderabad,

To—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

After compliments.—I have much pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of Your Excellency's *Kharita*, dated the 25th April 1918, enclosing a letter from His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, conferring the special style of "Exalted Highness," and confirming formally the honourable title of "Faithful Ally of the British Government."

I enclose herein my reply, which I hope will be duly transmitted to His Imperial Majesty.

I am exceedingly obliged to Your Excellency for your kind congratulations which I highly appreciate.

I was glad to see from the newspapers that the recent War Conference at Delhi passed off successfully, and I take this opportunity of expressing my deep appreciation of the way in which Your Excellency laid the situation before the Princes and people of India. With respect to the demonstration of unity which the Conference has called forth, I can only repeat the assurance of my State's co-operation and practical support.

HYDERABAD,

DECCAN.

23rd May 1918.

Your Imperial Majesty,

I desire to offer to Your Imperial Majesty my loyal and sincere thanks for the gracious letter, dated the 24th January 1918, which I have had the honour to receive through His Excellency the Viceroy, conferring on me the special style of "Exalted Highness" and confirming formally the honourable and historical title of "Faithful Ally of the British Government."

It is a matter of supreme gratification to me that whatever services I, following in the footsteps of my ancestors, have been able to render to Your Imperial Majesty's Crown during the present war, should have met with this signal recognition at the hands of the Emperor himself.

There was nothing of which my late lamented father was more proud, than being styled "The Faithful Ally of the British Government." And the formal confirmation of this title is therefore an honour which I shall always prize very highly. I am led to value this title all the more by the admiration we feel at the glorious part which is being played by the mighty British Empire in the present struggle to preserve the freedom and civilization of the world. The longer the war lasts the closer will be drawn the bonds uniting the Princes of India with your Imperial Majesty's Throne, Person and Government, and with the assurance that my State will always be ready and willing in every way to assist according to its means the Government of Your Imperial Majesty,

I beg to subscribe myself Your Imperial Majesty's sincere Friend and the Faithful Ally of the British Government.

MIR OSMAN ALI KHAN,

Nizam of Hyderabad.

His Imperial Majesty

King-Emperor of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 30th September, 1918.

On and after 9th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India."

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.**Text-books, etc., for sale.**

List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

Persian and Arabic Instructors.

Two fully qualified instructors, natives of Persia and Arabia, respectively, are maintained by the Government of India, for the convenience of officers wishing to study Persian and Arabic. The services of these instructors may be obtained in Calcutta, on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners.

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- M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
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- M. Amar Nath Varma, Young Officers' School of Instruction, Ambala Cantonment.
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- M. Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.
- *M. S. Habib Ullah, Professor of Oriental Languages, C/o Haji Masik Ullah, Suddar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment.
- M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.

BANGALORE—

- M. Mohd. Imdad Hussain, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment.
- M. Husain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
- *M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, 1, Gun Troop Road, Ulsoor P. O.; Bangalore Cantonment.
- M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
- M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 68, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).

BANNU.—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

BAREILLY—

- M. Mohd. Arif, B. I. Bazar, Bareilly.
- M. Rashid Ahmad Khan, Old City, Sailani, Bareilly.

BOMBAY—

- Mr. H. M. Anwar, Karelwadi, Thakurwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay.
- Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

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- M. Azherus Sadain, 138/1, Karaya Road.
- M. Abdul Habib Khan, 44, Gora Chand Road, Entally P. O., Calcutta.
- M. Syed Abu Zafar, 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta.
- *M. Mohamad Sharafat Ali, 27, Jhowtala Lane, Balligunge P. O.
- M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, 28, Park Lane.

CAWNPORE—

- M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
- M. Syed Aulad Husain, Second Master, 44/170, Ahta Kamal Khan, Halsey Road, Cawnpore.

DELHI.—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

FEROZEPORE—

- M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
- M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HAPUR.—M. S. Khursad Ali, Mohalla Kaziwara, Hapur, District Meerut.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad

JHELUM.—M. Thakur Das Pahwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

- M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
- M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
- Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

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- M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depot, Jullundur.
- M. Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.

KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadamal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.

KASAUJI.—M. Anand Sarup, Depot Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KHILCHIPUR.—M. Rameshwar Dayal, Head Master, A. V. M. School, Khilchipur, C. I.

KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.

LAHORE—

M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

*M. Sayyad Aulad Ali Gilani (Munshi Fazil), Miran Shah Lane, Taksali Gate, Lahore.

M. Mohd. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Sabri, Mohalla Samman, Chhawni Manawala, Taksali Gate, Lahore.

M. Mool Chand Sahgal, Regimental Munshi, 1/5th Devonshire Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.

M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW—

M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.

M. Mohammad Musharruf Ali, Hewett Road, near Post Office, Lucknow.

M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, C/o M. Muzaffar Hamid, Oriental Professor, La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.

MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.

MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.

MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.

MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS—

M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).

M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

MUSSOORIE.—M. H. Ahmad Fakhriy, Islamia School, Mussoorie.

NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

PATNA.—M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR—

M. Ahmad Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.

M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.

M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

POONA.—*M. S. Barkat Ali, Regimental Munshi, 1st Garrison Battalion, Norfolk Regiment, Poona.

QUETTA—

M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Ahmad Bux, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Abdul Aziz, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.

M. Shor Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Dittu Ram, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, King's Liverpool Regiment, Baboo Mohalla, Quetta.

M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

RAWALPINDI—

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi

(winter only).

M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).

M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.

RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.

ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.

SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU.—*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Urdu Instructor, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Mukhtaram Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.

KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothan, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.

Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 670, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.

SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

AHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.

Qualified Tamil Teachers.**MADRAS—**

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission (Girls' High School, Royapettah.
M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam,
Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI.—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

CALCUTTA,

The 24th July 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

**SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE,
CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID
AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system, and are obtainable from the* SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „
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QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ½ and ¼ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lbs. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

TREASURE TROVE.**NOTICE.**

Under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act it is hereby notified that the treasure mentioned below was found by Konnath Chekkutti of Cheruvayur amsam, Ernad Taluk, while digging the foundation of an old house in Thekkekonnath paramba in Chaliyaprom desam.

Serial No.	Description.	No.	Value.	
			Rs.	A. P.
1	Brass Karandakani	1	0	4 0
2	Gold puthia panam	75	16	9 9
3	Gold ring	1	1	14 0
TOTAL . . .		...	18	11 9

All persons claiming the treasure or any portion thereof are required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Malabar at Calicut on Saturday the 8th March 1919 in order that their claims may be enquired into and determined according to law.

Illegible,
for Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on or about 1st August 1918 treasure consisting of 48 gold coins known as " Rama Tenkalu " and a dagger valued at Rs. 200, were found in the house of Madiga Nirugatti Nakkavadu of Chapad village of Proddatur taluk.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Cuddapah on 15th March 1919 in view of the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

List of property found.

48 gold coins valued at	Rs. 200
1 dagger	Nil.

H. G. GHARPUREY,
Collector.

CUDDAPAH COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Dated 30th September 1918.

NOTICE.

Under the King of Oudh's Estate Validation Act (Act No. XII of 1917) the sum of Rs. 77,856 (Seventy-seven thousand and eight hundred and fifty-six) and the interest accrued due since 1st January 1914 on a share amounting to Rupees two hundred thousand in a certain Government Promissory Note No. 018878 for Rupees five hundred thousand and standing in the name of Malka Kishwar will be available for distribution from the office of the Collector of the 24-Parganas and Superintendent of Political Pensions to those issues of Malka Kishwar who are descended from her son, the late Wajid Ali Shah, the late King of Oudh and who are heirs under the Muhammadan Law. Persons entitled to a share in the distribution should apply to the undersigned before the 31st December 1918, in the form shown below.

1. Name and address of the applicant.
2. Relationship with the late King of Oudh.
3. The fractional share in the whole amount claimed by the applicant, 1 being taken to represent the whole amount available for distribution.
4. A brief statement showing how the share claimed is arrived at under the Mohammedan Law.

W. D. R. PRENTICE,

Collector of the 24-Parganas and Superintendent of Political Pensions.

Dated the 25th September, 1918.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of an Absentee without leave from the No. 22 Machine Gun Squadron, dated at Nowshera, this 8th day of October 1918.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—121344, Pte. Downes William. Age—29 years. Height—5 feet 7½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, grey. Trade—Ship's Steward.</p>	<p>Date of Enlistment—3rd December 1909. Place of Enlistment—Hounslow. Parish and County in which born—Walton, Surrey. Date of Desertion or absence—5th October 1918. Place of Desertion or absence—Nowshera. Marks—2 scars back of left hand. Under nine years.</p>
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Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the No. 22 Machine Gun Squadron, dated at Nowshera, this 8th day of October 1918.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—163716, Pte. Powell Richard. Age—36 years 6 months. Height—About 6 feet 6 inches. Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, dark; eyes, grey. Trade—Mining Engineer. Date of Enlistment—26th October 1915.</p>	<p>Date of absence—3rd October 1918. Place of Desertion or absence—Nowshera. Remarks—This man was previously in the Herts Yeomanry, his number then being 13934. "On Furlough to Meerut." Under 3 years.</p>
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C. A. RENNIE, Lieut., *for* Major,
 Commanding No. 22 M. G. Squadron.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Highland Light Infantry, dated at Bangalore, this 8th day of October 1918.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—33612, Private McKendrick, T. Age—20 years. Height—5 feet 1 inch. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark; eyes, blue. Trade—Munition Worker. Date of Enlistment—9th October 1916.</p>	<p>Place of Enlistment—Glasgow. Parish and County in which born—No records. Date of Desertion or absence—30th September 1918. Place of Desertion or absence—Bangalore. Marks—Tattoo right forearm. Under three years' service.</p>
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G. H. BEAUMONT, Major, *for* Lieutenant-Colonel,
 Commanding No. 1 Reserve Battalion (India).

Report of an Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Royal Sussex Regiment, dated at Lower Barian, this 10th day of October 1918.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—8942, Lance-Corporal Albert Allen Reeves. Present Age—29 years. Height—5 feet 6 inches. Colour of—Complexion, freckled; hair, auburn; eyes, grey. Trade—Labourer. Date of Enlistment—17th December 1907.</p>	<p>Place of Enlistment—Brighton, Sussex, England. Parish and County in which born—Brighton, Sussex, England. Date of Absence—Reveille 4th October 1918. Place of Absence—Lower Barian, Murree Hills. Marks—Scar of operation left groin. Scar right shin. Star tattooed back right hand. Under eleven years' service.</p>
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L. A. SMITH, Lieut., *for* Lieut.-Colonel,
 Commanding 1st Battalion, The Royal Sussex Regiment.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 10th October 1918.

No. 7165-C. & I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information :—

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Delhi District during the fortnight ending 30th September 1918.

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82½ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.	ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Rice, unhusked . . . . .	...	Cotton seed	4 8 0
.. husked, common	7 8 0	Ghi	74 0 0
Wheat, white	7 0 0	Flour (wheat)	7 8 0
Barley	5 0 0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8 0 0
Oats . . . . .	...	Turmeric (unground)	20 0 0
Jowar . . . . .	..	Salt, Sambhar. (The increase is due to decrease in importation of Salt.)	3 4 0
Pajra . . . . .	..	Raw hides (cow)	52 0 0
Maize . . . . .	...	Bran	4 4 0
Gram	5 5 0	Grass (dry)	2 4 0
Arhar ! dā	7 0 0	Bhusa (white)	2 0 0
Linseed	7 0 0	Jowar stalks. (The increase is due to the scarcity of rain.)	2 8 0
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	7 0 0	Bengal coal	1 4 0
Poppy-seed . . . . .	...	Kerosine oil (per tin) Elephant Brand	4 7 0
Til (jijili seed), white. (The increase is due to decrease in importation of Til.)	12 8 0	Plough bullocks, per pair	300 0 0
Sugar (raw), Gur Lawar	7 0 0	Sheep, per score	115 0 0
Cotton (cleaned) . . . . .	..	Bejhar	4 12 0

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi district at the close of the half month ending 30th September 1918.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.	ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.
	Srs. Chts.		Srs. Chts.
Wheat, white	5 8	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	7 4
Barley	7 12	Maize . . . . .	...
Rice { Best sort	3 0	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dāl)	5 8
.. { Common sort	5 0	Firewood	50 0
Jowar (Andropogon sorghum) . . . . .	...	Salt { Wholesale . . . . .	...
Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum). . . . .	...	.. { Retail. (The decrease is due to decrease in importation of Salt.)	11 8
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...	Gur, Lawar	5 8
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...	Cotton (unginned) . . . . .	...
		Bejhar	8 0

No. 7166-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending the 30th September 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Rural Circles in the Province.	Deaths registered in previous half month.	Total in present half month.	Deaths registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.
P. S. Alipur	49	38	...	...	...	20	1	5	...	...	3	...	4	1	5
Nangloi	39	34	...	...	...	20	...	9	2	...	3	...	3	5	8
Najafgarh	22	16	...	...	...	9	...	5	...	...	2	...	1	2	3
Subsimundi	4	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
Paharganj	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mehrauli	27	30	...	...	...	19	...	5	1	...	5	3	4	1	5
Raisina	37	23	...	...	...	22	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	4
Shahdara	9	22	...	...	...	18	...	4	...	...	...	...	3	3	6
New Cantonment	9	9	...	...	...	6	...	2	...	...	1	...	3	...	3
Total of the District	198	180	...	...	...	131	1	31	3	...	14	3	22	15	37

No. 7173-Home.—On return from privilege leave granted to him in Notification No. 6364-Home, dated the 2nd September 1918, Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. James, I.M.S., assumed charge of his duties as Chief Medical Officer, Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st October 1918, relieving Major H. T. Stack, R.A.M.C.

H. C. BEADON,

Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated the 12th October 1918.

No. 3342-D.—Mr. F. G. Taylor assumed charge of the office of the Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Mhow, with effect from the afternoon of the 2nd October 1918.

By order,

H. R. LYNCH BLOSSE,

Offg. First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

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J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (LII of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
472—1918	John William Allen	European	No. 27, Berkeley Place, Bynulla, Bombay.	Guard in the G. I. P. Railway Company, Bombay.	9th	October	1918	9th	October	1918
470—1918	Kushiram Topandas Lohana.	Sindhi Hindu	Dana Bunder, Bombay	Lately trading as Dwartkadas Ishwardas as commission agent and merchant in grain and opium, and now unemployed.	8th	"	"	"	"	"
473—1918	Purshotam Govindji Thucker	"	Courla	Lately petty dealer in tobacco at Courla and since salesman in the employ of Tokersy Jiwaraj, and now broker in piece goods at Malji Jetha Market, Bombay.	9th	"	"	"	"	"
474—1918	Ballaaji Baji Baijkar	"	Girgaon Ovalwady, Bombay	Compositor in the Government Central Press	10th	"	"	10th	"	"
475—1918	Debidin Gangadin Parleshi	"	Arthur Road	Carpenter in the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Co., Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"
477—1918	Herbert Leonard Williamson	Anglo-Indian	No. 48, Station Cottage, Mahalaxmi.	Supervisor in the Chief Auditor's office, Non-Military Pay and Pension Accounts, Dadar.	"	"	"	"	"	"
478—1918	Kashinath Govindji Mantri	Hindu	Gandevi	Carrying on business of Building Contractor under the name of Kashinath Govindji Mantri & Co.	"	"	"	"	"	"
479—1918	Kelly Joseph Noma	Jewish	Belasis Road.	Lately taxidriver and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
480—1918	Albert Emmanuel Chambers.	Eurasian	Building, Parel, Railway Building.	Charzenman in the service of the G. I. P. Railway (Parel Workshop).	11th	"	"	11th	"	"
481—1918	Vithal Mahadeo Vengurdekar, alias Pandurang Namji Kamli.	Hindu	Magbhat	Lately Idol maker and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 12th day of October 1918.

K. A. BHOGWANI,
for Chief Clerk.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.**

No. 471 OF 1918.

Dated the 9th October 1918.

Re Manilal Gordhandas, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at 2nd Bhoiwada, outside the Fort, an adjudged Insolvent.

Ex parte. Messrs. Abdulkader Mulla Ebrahimji and others, the Petitioning Creditors. Whereas the abovenamed Manilal Gordhandas has been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said insolvent do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvent do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon him, attend the office of the said Official Assignee.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

Chief Clerk's Office, High Court,
Bombay, the 9th day of October 1918.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.
In Insolvency.**

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said insolvents in the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of petition.	Date of presentation.	Name, address and description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination.
152 of 1918	23rd August 1918	Syed Zainulabdeen Saib carrying on business under the name and style of Sved Zainulabdeen & Co., at No. 1-38, Varada Muthiappen Street, George Town, Madras and residing at No. 1-182, Portuguese Church Street, George Town, Madras.	23rd August 1918	11th November 1918.
159 of 1918	30th August 1918	M. Abdul Wahab Sahib, residing at No. 49, Venkatasa Maistery Street, George Town, Madras.	30th August 1918	6th November 1918.
164 of 1918	5th September 1918.	T. Sriman Kauti Mathinada Pillay, residing at No. 52, High Road, Egmore, Madras.	5th September 1918.	Ditto
171 of 1918	11th September 1918.	K. Srinivasacharry, residing at No. 4, Peyalwar Covil Street, Triplicane, Madras.	11th September 1918.	9th December 1918.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE,
Madras, 10th October 1918.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

**IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE No. 151 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 24th September 1918.

In the matter of Mahamed Esahaque, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Mahamed Esahaque, Tailor, residing at No. 45, Merchant Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Mahamed Esahaque.

CASE No. 152 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 25th September 1918.

In the matter of Kain Taik *alias* Kain Khet, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kain Taik *alias* Kain Khet, formerly residing at Bogale, Pyapon District, now a civil prisoner in the Central Jail, Rangoon, on the 24th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kain Taik *alias* Kain Khet.

CASE No. 153 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 30th September 1918.

In the matter of Maung San Shwe, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung San Shwe, Clerk, residing at No. 37, 24th Street, Rangoon, on the 27th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung San Shwe.

CASE No. 154 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 30th September 1918.

In the matter of Khuda Bux, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Khuda Bux, fish seller, residing at No. 207, Merchant Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Khuda Bux.

CASE No. 155 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 30th September 1918.

In the matter of S. Nandi, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by S. Nandi, Clerk, residing at No. 34, Oliphant Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of September 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said S. Nandi.

CASE No. 156 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 3rd October 1918.

In the matter of M. H. Johary, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by M. H. Johary, Rice Miller, residing at No. 78, 29th Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said M. H. Johary.

MAUNG GYEE,

Offg. Registrar.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 10th October 1918.

No. 1907-s.-Ap.—Mr. Naresh Chandra Dutt, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 23rd September 1918 or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

G. R. CLARKE,

Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING).

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th October 1918.

No. 1548s-E-E.—The following reversion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. J. H. Moore . . .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	Inspecting Telegraphist .	20th September 1918.

No. 1555s-E-E.—The following permanent promotions in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) are sanctioned on probation for six months with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. F. W. Stone . . .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class (pay Rs. 325- 15-40).	27th June 1918.

The 10th October 1918.

No. 1624s-E-E.—Mr. J. J. Harvey, Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, is granted a further extension of medical leave for one month with effect from the 29th September 1918 in continuation of the leave granted to him in this Department Notification No. 1209s-E-E., dated the 13th September 1918.

No. 1627s-E-E.—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	Period
Mr. R. A. Hayes . . .	Inspecting Telegraphist .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	24th July 1918 to 16th August 1918.

The 14th October 1918.

No. 1691s-E-E.—Mr. C. N. Garnier, Assistant Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, is granted special (field) leave for sixty-seven days with effect from the 20th December 1917 under Army Department letter No. II-5332, dated 1th June 1915.

G. R. CLARKE,

Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 26th September 1918.

No. 165.—The following acting promotions and reversions of officers in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department are ordered during the month of August 1918 :—

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	With effect from
Mr. Abdul Aziz Beg .	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Reversion . . .	1st.
Mr. G. L. Fanthome .	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	1st.
Mr. E. R. Goodwin .	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Reversion . . .	1st.
Mr. A. David . . .	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Promotion sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	1st.

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	With effect from
2. In the vacancy caused by the appointment as General Manager of Salt Mines of Mr. F. D. Reid, Assistant Commissioner, on Rs. 500—30—800 (acting in Rs. 900 grade) from 27th February 1917—				
Mr. E. S. McGurley	Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, 3rd grade.	Reversion . .	11th.
Mr. H. H. Bryan	Superintendent, 3rd grade.	Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Promotion . .	11th.
Mr. G. L. Fanthome	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Reversion . .	1st.
Mr. Abdul Aziz Beg	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	1st to 10th.
Mr. Bijay Krishna De	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Ditto.	11th.
Mr. A. David	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Reversion . .	1st.
Mr. E. R. Goodwin	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Promotion sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	1st to 10th.
Mr. R. Aers	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Ditto.	11th.
Mr. A. Gardner	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, 2nd grade.	Reversion . .	3rd.
Mr. A. Gardner	Inspector, 1st grade	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Promotion sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	3rd.
3. In the vacancy caused by the absence on combined leave of Mr. P. C. Scott O'Connor, Deputy Commissioner, from 13th May 1917—				
Mr. Bijay Krishna De	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Reversion . .	1st.
Mr. Shiv Charan Das	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion . .	1st.
4. In the vacancy caused by the absence on 1½ years combined leave of Mr. W. O. Davey, Superintendent, (4th grade, promoted to 3rd grade from 11th August 1918, but the promotion to take effect on his return from leave) from 10th July 1917—				
Mr. Mohammad Ibrahim.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Superintendent, 3rd grade.	Promotion sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	11th.
Mr. Shiv Charan Das	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Reversion . .	1st.
Mr. E. R. Goodwin	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion . .	1st to 10th.
Mr. E. R. Goodwin	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Do. . .	11th.
Mr. Abdus Samad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, 1st grade	Reversion . .	11th.
Mr. Azizuddin Ahmad	Inspector, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Promotion . .	11th.
5. In the vacancy caused by the absence on 2 months' and 30 days' privilege leave of Mr. A. G. O. Howard, Superintendent, from 18th May 1918 to 16th August 1918—				
Mr. E. R. Goodwin	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Reversion . .	1st.
Mr. Bijay Krishna De	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion . .	1st to 10th.
Mr. Sham Narayan Tikku.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, 3rd grade.	Reversion . .	17th.
6. In the vacancy caused by the absence in transit from Sultanpur Salt Works to Khewra of Mr. Hargobind Singh, Assistant Superintendent from 25th July 1918 to 2nd August 1918—				
Mr. Ghulam Akber	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, 3rd grade	Reversion . .	3rd.
7. In the vacancy caused by the absence in transit from Pachbadra to Agra of Mr. Lakhmir Singh, Sardar Bahadur, Assistant Commissioner on Rs. 500—30—800 (acting in Rs. 900 grade) from 25th July 1918 to 1st August 1918—				
Mr. G. W. C. Lisle	Assistant Commissioner on Rs. 900.	Assistant Commissioner on Rs. 500—30—800.	Reversion . .	2nd.
Mr. E. D. Wilson	Assistant Commissioner on Rs. 500—30—800.	Superintendent, 1st grade.	Do. . .	2nd.
Mr. R. Aers	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Do. . .	2nd.
Mr. Sheoraj Nath Koul	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, 2nd grade.	Do. . .	2nd.

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	With effect from
8. In the vacancy caused by the absence in transit from Agra to Sambhar of Mr. E. D. Wilson, Superintendent, on 2nd and 3rd August 1918—				
Mr. R. Aers	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion	2nd only.
Mr. Sheoraj Nath Koul	Inspector, 2nd grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Do.	2nd only.
9. In the vacancy caused by the absence on 3 months' privilege leave of Mr. Bijay Krishna De, Assistant Superintendent (Acting Superintendent) from 3rd August 1918—				
Mr. R. Aers	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion	3rd to 10th.
Mr. R. Aers	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Do.	11th.
Mr. Sheoraj Nath Koul	Inspector, 2nd grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Do.	3rd.
10. In the vacancy caused by the absence on 2 months, privilege leave of Mr. N. Daly, Superintendent, from 11th August 1918—				
Mr. Saiyid Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent 4th grade.	Promotion	11th.
Mr. Bhagwan Das	Inspector, 3rd grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Do.	11th.
11. In the vacancies due to the creation of the 2 temporary appointments in the 2nd grade of Assistant Superintendents sanctioned by the Government of India, Commerce and Industry Department, in their letter No. 790 D., dated 21st January 1918—				
Mr. Saiyid Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, 3rd grade.	Reversion	11th.
Mr. Abdus Samad	Inspector, 1st grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Promotion <i>pro tem.</i>	sub. 11th.

(F. 439 P. of 1918.)

The 2nd October 1918.

No. 169.—Mr. H. A. H. Scott, Superintendent, Jatta Circle, Kohat Mines Division, is granted privilege leave for 2 days in extension of the period sanctioned in notification No. 119, dated 17th August 1918.

(639 P. of 1918.)

J. C. FERGUSON,

Offg. Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all merchants, traders, and dealers having any claims in respect of any outstanding dues against the Orchha (Tikamgarh) State through the orders issued by Mohammed Nooruddin Khan, State Engineer, must send in full particulars of such claims to the undersigned on or before the 15th October 1918, after which date no claims or applications sent subsequently will be recognized or attended to; and all such merchants, traders, etc., are also hereby warned not to carry out henceforth any orders issued by the said Mohammed Nooruddin Khan for the supply or sale of any thing whatever for the Orchha (Tikamgarh) State.

MOHAMMED ZAMAN KHAN,

Khan Bahadur Madarul Moham, Orchha State.

TIKAMGARH,

Dated the 10th September 1918.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 171383 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1865 for Rs. 10,000, originally standing in the name of Nistariney Dassee, the proprietress by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—**SARAT KUMAR DAS,**

Residence—11, Suri Lane, Calcutta.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ^{254-Bom.}~~F.I.~~ of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of D. Raphael, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—D. RAPHAEL,
Residence—204, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 42. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

RETURN SHOWING the WHOLESALE and RETAIL PRICES of CEREALS, PULSES, OILSEEDS, SUGAR (RAW), SALT, ETC., in INDIA by DISTRICTS for the FORTNIGHT ENDING 15TH SEPTEMBER 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

October 10, 1918

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending 15th September, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917.

Province	RICE (Common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i> .)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer ariselinum</i>)		ARHAR DÁL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 15th September of																			
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma	100	116	100	123	...	...	100	100	100	100	100	115	100	101	100	118	...	...	100	115
Assam	100	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	108	100	94	100	85
Bengal	100	95	100	114	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	119	100	113	100	122	100	100	100	82
Bihar and Orissa	100	135	100	138	100	180	...	...	100	159	100	141	100	114	100	108	100	82	100	90
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	124	100	102	100	155	100	300	100	156	100	167	100	151	100	120	100	83	100	117
Delhi	100	136	100	160	100	137	...	...	...	...	100	160	100	200	100	117	100	93	100	114
Punjab	100	172	100	133	100	132	100	182	100	150	100	142	100	130	100	112	100	123	100	160
North-West Frontier Province	100	158	100	118	100	120	...	...	100	94	100	114	100	125	100	108	100	127	100	145
Sind and Baluchistan	100	104	100	116	100	116	100	133	100	106	100	117	100	112	100	107	100	110	100	87
Bombay	100	148	100	208	100	161	100	345	...	...	100	173	100	182	100	126	100	96	100	149
Central Provinces and Berar	100	150	100	162	...	...	100	216	...	...	100	159	100	149	100	103	...	...	100	152
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	138	...	...	100	133	100	123	100	141	100	91	100	112
India	100	140	100	143	100	142	100	202	100	127	100	140	100	132	100	116	100	100	100	117

NOTE.—Compared with the corresponding fortnight of the preceding year, the increase in the price of maize in Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces and the Punjab, of ghi in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, of raw sugar in the North-West Frontier Province, and of salt in the Punjab, the Central Provinces and Berar, the Bombay Presidency and the North-West Frontier Province is noteworthy. There has been a general rise in the prices of rice (except in Bengal), wheat, barley, jawar, gram and arhar dāl in almost all the reporting provinces.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2.

Comparison with previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending 15th September, 1918, as compared with the previous fortnight.

Province	RICE (common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer ariselinum</i>)		ARHAR DÁL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending																			
	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918	31st Aug. 1918	15th Sept. 1918
Burma . . .	100	104	100	100	...	...	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	106	...	...	100	97
Assam . . .	100	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	104	100	106	100	100
Bengal . . .	100	109	100	108	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	110	100	100	100	101	100	103	100	100
Bihar and Orissa . . .	100	115	100	102	100	107	...	...	100	103	100	104	100	106	100	103	100	105	100	98
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh . . .	100	102	100	114	100	110	100	86	100	117	100	118	100	107	100	105	100	110	100	99
Delhi . . .	100	117	100	120	100	118	...	...	...	...	100	126	100	140	100	106	100	100	100	97
Punjab . . .	100	106	100	109	100	108	100	86	100	94	100	117	100	86	100	103	100	100	100	109
North-West Frontier Province . . .	100	100	100	102	100	105	...	...	100	105	100	98	100	96	100	100	100	108	100	101
Sind and Baluchis- tan . . .	100	107	100	103	100	104	100	100	100	100	100	108	100	100	100	104	100	100	100	91
Bombay . . .	100	96	100	111	100	98	100	111	...	...	100	107	100	108	100	108	100	102	100	102
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	100	112	100	112	...	...	100	122	...	...	100	111	100	102	100	108	...	...	100	100
Madras . . .	100	98	...	...	...	...	100	109	...	...	100	100	100	107	100	108	100	91	100	99
India . . .	100	106	100	108	100	106	100	108	100	104	100	109	100	106	100	105	100	102	100	99

NOTE.—Compared with the previous fortnight, the rise in the price of rice in Delhi and Bihar and Orissa, of wheat and barley in Delhi, of jawar in the Central Provinces and Berar, and of maize in the United Provinces is noticeable, as well as that of gram in Delhi, the United Provinces and the Punjab, and of arhar dāl in Delhi. The fall in the price of jawar in the United Provinces and the Punjab and of arhar dāl in the Punjab is also noteworthy.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 3.

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82½ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, bajra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending 15th September of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918.

MARKETS	WHEAT (Triticum sativum)			RICE (common) (Oryza Sativa)			JAWAR (Andropogon sorghum)			BAJRA (Pennisetum typhoides)			GRAM (Cicer arabianum)		
	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta . . .	6 6 0	5 0 0	4 5 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 8 0
Bombay . . .	9 5 0	5 11 5	4 12 2	7 2 3	4 15 1	4 11 9	12 8 0	8 10 0	3 2 0	10 9 4	4 0 4	8 11 3	6 0 6	3 7 10	3 6 2
Karachi . . .	5 8 0	4 8 0	4 5 0	8 0 0	4 14 0	5 2 0	...	2 2 0	3 1 0	5 0 0	3 0 0	3 4 8	...	...	...
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	4 14 5	5 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 1	4 9 5	4 3 4
Rangoon . . .	6 10 8	...	5 1 2	3 15 7	2 9 10	3 5 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 13 7	3 8 0	3 10 10
Dacca . . .	...	...	...	5 8 0	5 4 0	6 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna . . .	5 0 0	3 8 0	3 7 6	4 11 0	3 8 0	4 12 0	...	2 2 0	2 13 6	...	...	...	3 12 0	2 4 0	3 1 3
Ranohi . . .	6 8 0	4 8 0	4 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	3 4 0	3 12 0
Cuttack . . .	6 1 6	4 5 8	4 1 4	4 11 3	3 9 6	4 8 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	3 12 11	4 1 2
Benares . . .	*	4 2 10	4 0 8	*	4 13 5	5 4 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	*	2 6 1	3 3 1
Lawnpore . . .	6 10 6	4 1 6	4 0 0	6 0 0	5 6 0	5 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 10 0	2 13 0	3 2 0
Meerut . . .	6 6 6	8 14 5	3 18 0	6 10 9	5 5 4	5 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 11 0	2 15 5	3 2 3
Agra . . .	6 7 1	4 7 1	4 5 2	7 8 9	6 6 4	6 15 3	7 4 4	2 6 9	2 10 8	7 4 1	2 4 6	2 11 4	4 12 3	3 3 2	3 6 5
Lucknow . . .	6 6 4	4 8 4	4 0 0	5 11 5	4 3 4	4 7 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 11 3	2 9 3	2 10 8
Ferozepur . . .	5 5 3	3 14 6	3 11 6	8 14 3	5 5 3	5 0 0	...	2 10 9	2 5 9	...	2 12 0	3 5 3	4 9 3	2 15 6	3 0 3
Lahore . . .	5 8 3	4 3 3	3 13 0	7 10 0	4 18 6	5 0 6	...	3 1 3	3 1 3	6 6 6	3 0 3	3 7 6	4 5 3	3 1 3	3 8 3
Amritsar . . .	5 6 0	3 13 0	3 10 0	8 0 0	5 0 0	5 2 6	6 0 0	2 3 6	...	...	...	...	4 11 0	3 1 3	3 2 3
Kawalpindi . . .	5 8 3	4 6 0	3 13 0	8 14 3	4 12 0	5 11 0	5 0 0	2 12 0	2 8 0	5 8 3	2 10 0	3 7 6	4 7 0	3 5 0	3 5 3
Faisalpur . . .	5 4 0	4 1 0	3 11 6	9 0 0	5 1 0	6 0 0	...	2 14 0	2 0 0	...	...	...	4 2 0	3 1 6	3 3 0
Ambala . . .	5 8 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	6 8 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	8 0 0	2 14 0	3 0 0	...	3 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	3 0 0	3 2 0
Delhi . . .	6 10 0	4 2 3	3 13 0	8 8 0	6 4 0	6 0 0	...	2 14 0	2 12 0	...	2 15 0	2 14 0	4 13 0	3 0 3	3 3 0
Peshawar . . .	4 13 7	4 2 6	3 9 6	8 12 4	5 5 4	8 13 11	...	3 2 5	2 4 6	4 10 2	2 12 3	3 11 6	3 14 7	3 3 6	3 7 11
Quetta . . .	4 13 6	4 14 6	4 13 9	...	...	...	4 4 0	3 3 0	3 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . .	*	5 3 4	4 2 8	*	5 11 3	5 8 0	*	3 7 7	2 8 0	*	4 2 8	3 9 9	*	3 12 8	3 10 5
Ahmednagar . . .	9 3 1	4 6 10	3 8 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 12 2	3 5 4	...	5 10 7	...	3 4 4
Ahmedabad . . .	8 0 0	4 6 0	4 3 0	8 6 0	6 8 0	6 12 0	...	2 13 0	2 11 0	10 0 0	2 6 0	3 3 0	5 4 0	3 4 0	3 10 0
Nagpur . . .	7 3 1	4 8 2	3 13 2	6 14 10	4 4 10	4 3 8	...	3 0 10	2 8 5	...	...	...	5 6 6	3 6 5	3 7 6
Jabalpur . . .	6 4 5	4 0 0	3 14 10	6 2 5	4 0 0	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 2 7	2 15 5	3 6 6
Godavari . . .	...	...	...	5 10 5	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	6 8 6	5 6 11	5 2 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Figures have not so far been reported

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER.

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma *—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui . . .	...	...	40.25	40.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	32.99	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	...	...	27.47	27.47	80	71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Bangoon . . .	...	...	39.75	26.12	66.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	40	29.63	110.36	62.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	39.75	28.88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—															
Henzada . . .	...	...	34.41	26.02	96.97	71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	30.19	26.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—															
Shan State . . .	...	...	32.99	32.99	61.65	48.48	...	...	...	...	19.69	19.69	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	44.14	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—															
Akyab . . .	...	...	33.33	36.36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*—															
Surma—															
Sylhet (Balaganj) . . .	25	25	42.5	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—															
Goalpara . . .	18.12	20	37.5	137.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . .	18.12	28.75	47.5	47.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal *—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong . . .	...	...	43.75	43.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	27.5	27.5	55	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—															
Calcutta . . .	27.5	25	55	50	63.75	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—															
Burdwan . . .	20.62	21.25	40.62	40	55	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore . . .	28.75	20	40	41.25	72.5	53.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Pahna . . .	21.25	25	42.5	46.25	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . .	22.5	25	50	47.5	52.5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*—															
Bihar, north—															
Bhagalpore . . .	22.5	22.5	36.25	35	45	37.5	...	...	22.5	18.75	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . .	26.56	22.10	50	50	53.12	40	...	...	30.78	22.19	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—															
Patna . . .	25	20	48.75	35	50	35	...	...	30	20	...	21.25	...	...	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack . . .	17.92	16.04	47.03	35.94	60.94	48.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Banars† . . .	...	24.84	...	43.36	...	41.77	...	43.16	...	26.67	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Cawnpore . . .	32.5	22.5	60	53.75	66.56	40.94	70	47.5	45.62	27.5	...	...	...	...	...
Jhansi . . .	...	...	69.53	48.44	65.81 and 68.12	83.12 and 40.62	...	...	40.94	25.78	...	28.59	...	...	...
Western—															
Meerut . . .	...	...	66.72	53.83	63.75	39.01	75.62	43.23	40.94	28.59	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . .	52.29	...	72.84	63.96	64.43	44.43	74.48	53.38	42.13	28.54	72.71	24.23	72.55	22.61	...
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahanpur . . .	35	20	60	38.28	63.75	38.87	66.25	42.6	40.94	25.94	...	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow . . .	...	...	57.13	42.08	63.96	42.08	69.53	50	42.08	25.78	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Fyzabad . . .	33.23	24.22	59.22	48.12	55	39.53	...	...	...	26.41	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Figures have not so far been reported

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district head quarters) in each province on the last (or nearest) market day of each fortnight.

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

[illegible]

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM Til or linseed		GRI		SUGAR RAW (Gds)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIE		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	
Burma—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui	...	...	860	881.83	...	...	35.75	27.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	640	640	...	...	25.7	25.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	711.11	457.14	...	...	35.36	24.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Bangoon	...	...	914.29	538.83	...	...	35.16	34.59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	640	538.83	...	...	48.12	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	640	640	...	...	45.71	45.71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—															
Hensada	...	...	914.29	711.11	...	...	44.72	35.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toangoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	41.56	36.16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay	...	...	711.11	711.11	...	...	44.14	41.83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	914.29	711.11	...	...	45.89	45.39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—															
Akyab	...	...	800	640	...	...	40	72.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—															
Burma—															
Sylhet (Balaganj)	...	...	660	610	85	65	36.25	42.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—															
Goalpara	...	...	650	620	95	90	35	41.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ganhati	...	...	700	605	85	95	40	45.62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong	...	...	700	600	80	70	29.37	43.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	720	570	100	120	35	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—															
Calcutta	...	...	720	700	85	80	26.87	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—															
Burdwan	...	...	700	580	{ 62.5 to 90 }	60	37.5	41.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	{ 700 to 720 }	{ 550 to 600 }	82.5	90	31.25	40.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Pabna	...	...	900	610	80	85	48.75	42.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	600	580	70	70	48.75	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—															
Bihar, north—															
Bhagalpur	35	52.5	640	640	55	70	35	40	100	80	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	588.12	538.12	50	44.37	28.12	33.28	200	266.56	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—															
Patna	80	50	540	520	60	65	31.09	45	15	20	...	...	5	5	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack	98.75	...	609.58	583.28	51.41	64.74	36.35	25	121.87	91.41	...	...	6.25	5.62	6.25
United Provinces															
(a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Benares*	...	87.97	...	521.41	...	52.97	...	29.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Cawnpore	90	66.87	600	480	55.25	75	24.58	25.6	160	140	150	150	...	...	...
Jhansi	...	59.75	609.58	496.87	67.5	...	27.5	26.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—															
Meerut	...	...	691.87	581.82	61.25	61.56	22.03	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	114.27	57.13	632.29	556.51	72.5	94.11	30	25	94.55	120	187.24	150	6.25	10	6.25
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahanpur	...	47.19	580	550	61.56	...	32.55	26.87	180	180	{ 180 to 160 }	{ 135 to 165 }	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow	...	...	535	500	...	...	30	29.63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Fyzabad	...	...	490	470	45	...	40	25	...	...	...	...	4.87	2.5	...

* Figures have not so far been reported.

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAG.
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer . . .	26.67	26.67	...	...	64.32	43.28	...	...	40.99	23.96	52.80	25	66.56	26.67	...
Delhi—															
Delhi . . .	...	...	85	62.5	66.25	41.41	67.5	45	45	28.75	...	28.75	...	29.69	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozepur . . .	58.91	26.72	88.91	53.28	53.28	39.06	61.56	44.37	36.41	26.72	...	26.72	...	27.5	...
Central—															
Lahore . . .	44.37	25	76.25	48.44	55.16	42.08	59.22	48.44	35.68	27.97	...	30.78	64.06	30.16	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar . . .	40	22.10	80	50	53.75	38.12	58.91	43.28	...	25.78	60	22.19	80	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . . .	...	...	88.91	47.5	55.16	43.75	64.06	46.87	36.41	27.5	50	27.5	55.16	26.25	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . .	...	27.5	90	50.82	52.5	40.82	57.5	45.62	36.25	26.25	...	25.75	...	...	...
Multan . . .	40.62	25	70	46.09	51.56	40	54.06	43.75	35	29.53	47.5	29.69	50	29.37	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar . . .	...	...	87.71	53.33	48.49	41.56	58.14	46.72	28.59	23.91	...	31.51	46.35	27.97	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . .	...	...	87.66	60.94	45.1	37.97	50.99	38.59	34.37	28.44	...	27.5	45.1	27.5	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . .	...	...	80	48.75	55	45	...	...	...	...	...	21.25	50	30	...
Shikarpur . . .	...	...	110	49.37	73.75	47.5	...	...	45	...	...	...	...	27.5	...
Quetta . . .	...	...	...	...	46.25 50.62	48.12 50	...	71.2 79.22	43.44	37.5	42.5	31.87	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Konkan—															
Bombay . . .	48.65	33.8	71.41	49.43	93.12	57.13	...	...	52.92	32.81	125	36.25	105.83	40.21	...
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli) . . .	...	...	70.1	...	92.5	37.29	...	...	...	...	109.79	30.83	...	...	...
Sholapur . . .	...	...	74.05	50.57	54.63	46.46	...	...	...	...	102.24	31.82	...	...	...
Poona (a) . . .	...	...	...	57.03	...	52.08	...	...	...	...	...	34.74	...	41.67	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—															
Ahmednagar . . .	...	...	...	...	91.93	44.27	...	...	...	...	...	29.01	97.6	38.38	...
Dhulia . . .	...	...	...	...	80.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	84.53	35.42	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad . . .	...	...	88.75	65	80	43.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	33.18	100	23.75
Central Provinces*															
Western—															
Nagpur . . .	...	...	69.25	43	71.94	42	100	51.5	...	...	...	30.5	...	...	...
Central—															
Jabalpur . . .	...	...	61.5	40	64	40	76.79	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur . . .	42	30	51	35	60	35	65	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar—															
Akola . . .	...	...	54.81	40.75	68.19	42.19	...	...	...	...	56.25	28.44	...	...	...
Amroli . . .	...	...	61.12	44.44	68.19	47.06	...	...	...	...	72.5	31.25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51.7	38.8	56.1	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49.7
Central—															
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65.9	33.9	...	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	44.9	39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59.8	35.5	47.7	...	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—															
Madras . . .	37.3	21.5	...	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore . . .	...	33.9	57.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43.2
Southern—															
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48.8	38.8	48.4	44.6	...
Mysore (a)—															
Mysore . . .	...	28	...	64	...	58	...	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangalore . . .	...	22	...	60.	...	54	...	67.76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the price of cleaned rice
(a) Figures have not so far been reported.

(The figures state prices in rupees per 100 pounds)

RICE	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	
...	45.26	25	40.99	32.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	123.12	92.86	...	...	Rajputana—
...	48.13	30.18	70	35	...	...	38.12	30	70	60	66.25	48.75	Eastern— Ajmer
...	45.78	29.09	76.25	66.72	...	...	42.03	36.41	72.5	80	...	44.37	Delhi— Delhi
...	76.25	30.16	43.23	30.78	59.22	47.03	42.68	32.08	43.23	30.78	66.72	55.16	55.16	44.37	Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur
...	33.12	...	46.87	30.78	61.25	46.25	...	...	33.75	37.5	67.5	...	77.5	...	Central— Lahore
...	39.06	30	44.37	33.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	43.75	50	45	Submontane— Amritsar
...	45.81	33.91	41.25	30.94	60	46.25	37.5	32.08	37.5	36.25	55	55	71.25	42.5	Northern— Rawalpindi
...	39.87	31.87	...	...	...	...	36.25	34.69	...	...	70	40	Western— Lyallpur Multan
...	31.51	33.65	39.11	32.19	46.35	37.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	51.2	41.3	N.W. Frontier Province—
...	35.78	33.59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Peshawar Dera Ismail Khan
...	46.56	29.37	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	43.75	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	30.78	...	...	...	32.19	Karachi Shikarpur
...	45	{ 40 to 45	...	...	{ 61.86 to 75	{ 55 to 65	57.5	51.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
...	60.31	34.9	74.53	55.31	50	57.5	48.96	25.52	74.11	52.24	...	...	Bombay— Konkan— Bombay
...	40.36	...	70.16	...	...	36.35	22.19	...	40.42	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar (Hubli)
...	62.6	36.83	67.81	54.58	...	...	...	20.83	59.27	...	...	...	Sholapur Poona
...	37.92	...	52.19	...	...	...	23.7	...	...	...	...
...	56.61	...	...	48.49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N. E. Deccan— Ahmednagar Dhulia
...	
...	52.5	32.5	72.5	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmedabad
...	54.06	34	65.94	...	...	...	33	25	71.94	56	...	...	Central Provinces Western— Nagpur
...	51.62	29.62	57.12	38.06	44.44	33.31	42.06	26.69	61.5	47.06	...	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	45	29	55	38	...	...	...	...	59	50	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	54.87	35.94	60.56	41.19	...	...	34.69	22.87	63	59.37	...	...	Berar— Ikola Imroli
...	53.12	40	63.5	47.06	...	...	40	18.37	68.81	60	...	...
...	77.3	55.8	...	...	...	...	53	35.2	...	...	...	...	Madras— South, central— Coimbatore Salem
30.7	76.6	40.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	61.7	46.3	44.1	35.3	...	...	23.6	25	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
...	
29.7	40.3	40.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
...	60.7	45.9	...	...	38.8	56.6	37.6	57.6	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
29.6	
...	41.6	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
30	33	...	62	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore
28	32	...	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER.—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjil)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Qds)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	106.50	58.59	609.53	492.34	94.08	67.45	...	...	...	...	...	...	13.7	...	...
Delhi— Delhi	100	62.5	740	632.5	65	70	27.19	23.75	80	80	180	165	22.5	10	...
Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur	72.08	72.66	691.87	595.31	76.25	69.58	42.03	25	177.81	160	160	145.47	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	80	56.09	691.87	640	66.72	63.91	39.01	21.56	180	138.28	200	199.28	...	10	...
Submontane— Amritsar	95	...	693	632.5	70	50	47.5	27.5	100	90	180	187.5	...	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	609.53	540	66.72	45	36.41	27.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Lyallpur	90	60	630	590	60	55	40	25	200	140	180	150	...	...	...
Multan	100	52.5	630	580	65	53.28	40	25	180	122.5	180	132.5	12.5	8.44	...
N.W. Frontier Province— Peshawar	...	...	595.86	533.33	80	61.56	24.06	18.59	106.67	101.61	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	673.02	640	71.87	58.12	35	22.03	...	...	...	...	17.5	13.28	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi	...	...	...	...	...	...	17.5	17.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	640	590	71.25	65	21.41	27.5	63.75	38.12	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	635 to 572.5	630 to 660	...	...	23.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay— Konkan— Bombay	185.73	64.27	914.27	721.41	95.26	84.37	35	25	...	...	156.35	142.86	24.01	14.37	...
Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	77.97	71.98	...	33.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	558.85	73.18	75.26	55	28.75	...	141.93	...	133.33	...	...	...
Poona (a)	...	...	...	547.34	...	82.45	...	32.92	...	200	...	...	...	...	...
Shandesh and N.E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	...	...	...	78.33	81.67	44.84	29.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	843.23	670.26	...	...	...	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	760	640	...	...	17.19	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provin- ces— Western— Nagpur	...	80	600	590	...	...	47.5	32.5	135.81	110	171.37	...	9.87	9	...
Central— Jubbulpore	88.87	55.19	610	510	...	...	30	26.69	150	106.69	160	177.75	...	...	...
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	616	520	...	...	48	29	180	160	140	120	...	...	...
Berar— Akola	98	68.62	761.87	609.5	...	...	44.06	33.31	123.81	123.81	...	...	...	...	...
Amravati	...	82.69	580	600	...	...	39	27.5	216.19	160	...	...	...	...	...
Madras— South, central— Coimbatore	139.6	87.9	731.7	487.8	48	57.6	28.8	26.2	...	...	128	121.6	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	719.2	486.5	...	...	...	...	171.3	171.3	130	126.9	...	...	7.7
Central— Bellary	110.8	78.1	1015.9	507.9	71.4	71.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	769.7	559.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	128.6	123.6	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	333.3	66.7	98.6	116.9	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.7
East Coast, south— Madras	98.8	...	724.3	526.7	52.7	57.6	19.2	18.1	279.8	139.9	127.5	108.7	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	600	466.7	...	...	23.4	23.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tiruchinopoly	...	...	610.7	523.7	...	...	30.6	23.1	123.4	123.4	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	101.6	60.7	709.5	675.7	...	...	...	...	141.1	141.1	...	...	...	...	15
Mysore (a) — Mysore	...	60	...	548.59	...	111.41	...	...	...	205.73*	...	154.37	...	4.43	...
Bangalore	...	72	...	548.54	...	77.13	...	...	...	240*	...	120	...	8.3	...

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 106 per 10 mounds
(a) Figures have not so far been reported

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW	JAWAB STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		COAL (BENGAL)		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918		
...	64.88	32.97	..	..	110	.	{ 80 to 90 }	{ 80 to 90 }	3 75	3 25	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	
...	17.5	10	17.5	10	40	17.5	10	8.75	105	80	300	250	2 80	2 58	Delhi— Delhi	
...	10	8.91	28.59	24.22	...	...	113	142 5	225	295	...	3 5	Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur	
...	14.22	11.41	32.66	26.72	12.5	11.25	200	150	170	170	5.75	3.59	Central— Lahore	
...	15	11.25	30	21 25	10	8.75	160	130	...	...	4.48	3.56	Submontane— Amritsar	
...	25	15.81	...	...	...	..	130	100	140	120	4	3.75	Northern— Rawalpindi	
...	10	8.12	22.5	20	12.5	10	140	124	270	180	5 25	3.53	Western— Lyallpur	
...	...	3.28	10	7.84	31.25	22 19	...	...	105	105	...	..	4	3 5	Multan	
...	7.5	6.8	25.1	19.22	13.49	13 38	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	5	3.67	N.W. Frontier Province— Peshawar	
...	11.87	11.09	35.78	22.03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 81	Dera Ismael Khan	
...	3 28	3.08	Sind and Baluchis- tan—
...	17.5	9.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 62	3.27	Karachi Shikarpur
...	11.25	11.67	30.94	27.5	15.42	12.86	{ 120 to 220 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	..	4.47	3.47	Quetta	
...	39 27	16.09	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	3.31	3 06	Bombay— Konkan— Bombay
...	90	...	...	5	3 25	Deccan and Karnat- ak—	
...	2 64	3 22	Dharwar (Hubli)	
...	22.86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 11	Sholapur	
...	Poona
...	Khondesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	Ahmednagar
...	Dhulia
...	Gujarat— Surat
...	35	22.5	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	3 44	Ahmedabad
...	Central Provin- ces—
7 5	24	21	.	...	...	...	10	6.69	75	60	125	125	3.25	2	...	Western— Nagpur
...	30	32	...	...	60	60	70	70	3 25	2 37	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	2.87	2.62	Eastern— Raipur
...	95	90	64	64	3 81	2 62	...	Berar— Akola
...	27.56	...	...	...	...	...	12.5	6.44	70	70	70	70	3.37	3.37	...	Amroli
...	Madras— South, Central—
...	8	6.1	...	...	102.9*	90 5*	...	...	100†	100†	60	60	6 25	3.19	...	Coimbatore
7 7	3 03	...	Salem
...	12.5	10.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	100†	150	150	4.57	3.36	...	Central— Bellary
...	3.25	3 16	Cuddapah
...	7	3.75	Karnul
...	3.44	2.11	East Coast, Central— Nellore
5 7	East Coast, South— Madras
...	45.6	27.0	14.7	14.3	225†	208†	...	...	2 41	...	...	Tanjore
...	11	10 5	...	...	150†	150†	...	...	3	2.41	...	Trichinopoly
...	28.2	28.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3.57	...
...	Southern— Madura
15	20.4	20.4	...	...	...	...	...	60	60	3 5	3 5	Mysore—
...	Mysore
...	...	4.43	...	...	...	...	...	15.48	...	{ 50 to 100 }	...	{ 50 to 100 }	...	...	3 75	Bangalore
...	160	...	...	...	...	3.25	...

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER, 1918

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Burma—												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 9	8 9	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	11 12	11 12	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	4 10	4 10	...	...	11 3	11 3	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 1	9 1	9 1	11 3	...	...	...	...
Bangoon . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 9	9 12	9 2	10 7	...	...	...	...
Maubin	3 8	3 12	...	...	8 2	9 2	9 12	10 7	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	13 4	9 11	13 14	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Tharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 10	9 2	10 9	...	...	...	...
Hensada	4 —	4 —	...	...	8 15	8 15	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 5	9 6	9 11	10 6	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 6	11 3	12 2	13 4	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 1	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>												
Mandalay	5 11	6 11	...	...	8 13	10 1	11 3	12 2	17 14	17 14	...	...
Bhamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 6	11 3	10 12	12 2	...	...	...	...
Pak'oku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 9	8 9	9 12	...	...	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	12 2	12 2	16 3	16 3	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>												
Sandoway	2 —	2 —	...	...	15 4	15 4	21 3	21 3	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpada	2 —	2 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 —	11 —	11 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
<i>Burma—</i>												
Sylhet . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 —	9 —	...	12 8	...	...	...	...
Cachar	5 5	5 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 10	11 11	...	...	...	...
<i>Hill Tracts—</i>												
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	5 5	5 11	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	10 —	11 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	28 —	28 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Prasmaputra—</i>												
Goalpara	7 —	11 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup (Gauhati)	7 —	7 8	...	...	6 —	6 8	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 12	7 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Sowgong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	5 8	5 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Nonkhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	8 —	...	...	...	...
Tippers . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 10	7 9	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 15	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krisnagarh) . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Jessore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Government and Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest market) day of each fortnight.

MARUA OR RAGI (<i>Hieracium coracense</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		MAIRH (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARKAN DAI (<i>Oryza Indica</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	9 7	9 7	Burma—
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Tenasserim—
...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 10	5 10	9 5	9 5	Mergul
...	7 2	8 —	...	...	4 15	4 15	10 2	10 2	Tavoy
...	7 9	8 4	...	...	5 1	5 1	9 7	9 7	Moulmein and
...	6 4	6 4	...	...	5 10	5 10	8 —	8 —	Amherst
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	7 7	7 7	...	...	7 13	7 13	8 9	8 9	Pegu
...	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 11	4 11	8 —	8 —	Bangoon
...	7 6	7 6	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 2	8 2	Maubin
...	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	8 2	8 2	Bassein
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Pegu (inland)—
...	9 2	9 8	10 12	10 12	6 10	6 1	7 7	7 7	Tharawadi
...	10 11	10 11	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Henzada
...	12 13	12 13	32 1	32 1	4 10	4 10	7 —	7 —	Prome
...	10 10	10 10	2 10	2 10	11 6	11 6	Toungoo
...	16 —	16 —	Thayetmyo
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	Upper Burma—
...	6 8	8 4	...	...	5 12	6 12	11 —	10 —	Mandalay
...	7 —	7 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	9 —	8 —	Bhamo
...	7 3	7 1	12 4	12 4	5 1	5 8	7 3	6 10	Pakokku
...	5 4	5 4	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	Mektila
...	4 —	4 —	21 —	24 —	4 8	1 8	5 8	5 8	Arakan—
...	5 4	5 4	...	...	4 8	4 3	5 4	5 4	Sandoway
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	Kyaukpau
...	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	Akyab
...	7 —	8 —	...	...	5 4	6 8	9 —	9 —	Assam—
...	6 12	8 —	...	...	5 8	6 8	8 —	7 —	Burma—
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	7 —	Sylhet
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 —	8 —	Cachar
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	Hill Tracts—
...	12 —	10 —	Khasi and Jaintia
...	Hills
...	Garo Hills
...	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Goalpara
...	Kamrup (Gauhati)
...							

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER, 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUK (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Best sort	Common	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Bengal—continued												
<i>Western—</i>												
Bankura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	...
Burdwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	9 —	...	...	...	...	...
Birbhum . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 1	...	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	8 4	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 —	...	...	...	...	...
Malda . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Darjeeling . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa												
<i>Bihar, north—</i>												
Purnea	9 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 8	...	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	8 8	9 —	15 —	15 —	...	11 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	8 4	8 12	14 5	15 6	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...	...
Saran	7 8	8 8	13 —	13 —	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	...
Champaran	8 —	8 —	13 1	13 4	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>												
Santhal Parganas	4 8	8 —	9 —	8 —	...	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	7 6	7 11	15 —	15 —	...	6 14	8 —	...	...	...	...	...
Gaya	6 8	7 —	10 8	11 —	...	8 —	8 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	...
Patna	9 —	8 8	13 —	14 —	...	8 —	9 4	...	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	7 8	8 —	13 —	17 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>												
Singbhum	7 8	7 8	10 —	10 —	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	...
Palaman	7 8	7 5	11 4	11 4	...	6 12	7 14	...	...	...	...	...
Hazaribagh	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>												
Puri	5 9	5 9	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	6 9	6 9	...	...	...	8 8	9 13	...	...	...	...	...
Balasore	5 5	5 —	...	...	...	8 11	9 —	...	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	6 —	7 —	...	...	...	10 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
<i>(a) AGRA—</i>												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mirzapur	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 6	10 —	...	...	...
Benares* . . . . .	...	6 14	10 10	10 10	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	6 4
Ghazipur	6 14	7 11	11 1	11 14	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 15	13 2	13 2	6 —	9 8
Jaunpur	6 8	7 4	10 5	11 5	3 12	4 12	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	6 4	7 —	9 —	10 4	4 4	4 8	6 —	6 4	7 —	8 4	5 —	6 4
<i>Central—</i>												
Banda	6 4	6 14	9 2	9 14	4 8	4 8	5 8	5 14	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	6 12	7 12	8 12	9 12	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 12	6 14	7 4	...	...
Hamirpur	5 8	7 4	7 4	9 —	4 4	4 4	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Jalaun	6 1	7 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore	5 12	7 —	8 8	10 —	...	...	5 15	5 14	8 —	7 12	6 8	7 —
Itanagar	6 —	6 6	9 12	10 4	3 11	3 11	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Katwa	6 3	7 11	8 7	9 15	3 11	3 5	6 —	6 —	9 3	8 3	4 11	6 —
Farrukhabad	5 8	6 12	9 —	9 12	3 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Mainpuri	6 12	8 —	9 —	11 —	4 —	3 —	5 4	5 —	...	...	...	...
Etah	6 4	7 4	9 5	11 4	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Meerut	6 —	6 12	9 8	10 13	3 —	3 —	5 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
Agra	6 2	7 1	9 6	10 13	4 3	4 3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muttra	5 10	6 14	8 12	10 14	3 1	3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Allgarh	6 12	7 4	10 4	11 4	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 8	4 8	5 8	3 12	...
Bulandshahr	6 8	7 8	9 8	11 4	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —
<i>Submontane, east—</i>												
Ballia	7 18	9 2	13 —	14 6	5 10	5 3	7 8	8 7	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	7 8	8 —	12 —	13 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	7 12	8 —	12 8	13 —	6 12	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Basti	7 —	8 —	12 8	12 8	5 12	6 4	6 8	6 12	...	...	...	...

* Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

EAST OR HAWA (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANSUI OR KANUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Scleria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAT, OR SUNDRA (<i>Oler crispum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DAL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 —	6 8	10 8	10 —	Bengal—continued
...	6 8	7 —	9 —	9 —	Western—
...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 8	Bankura
...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Burdwan
...	6 8	7 —	11 —	11 —	Birbhum
...	5 8	5 8	6 8	7 —	Midnapur
...	5 4	5 4	9 12	9 12	Murshidabad
...	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	Northern—
...	6 12	6 12	8 —	8 —	Pabna
...	6 8	7 —	8 —	8 —	Rajshahi
...	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	Malda
...	6 8	7 —	8 —	8 —	Bogra
...	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	Jalpaiguri
...	8 —	8 —	Dinajpur
...	5 8	5 8	6 8	7 —	Rangpur
...	5 8	5 8	6 8	7 —	Hills—
...	5 8	5 8	6 8	7 —	Darjeeling
...	11 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	6 8	7 —	11 —	11 —	Bihar and Orissa—
...	14 8	14 —	15 —	20 —	8 8	10 —	10 8	8 12	Bihar, north—
17 9	16 8	...	...	11 —	13 3	14 5	14 5	7 11	7 11	12 1	10 —	Purnea
...	10 12	10 12	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	13 4	13 4	Bhagalpur
10 —	...	8 —	...	9 8	10 8	13 —	13 —	8 —	9 —	10 —	9 8	Darbhanga
16 —	13 —	...	...	11 8	12 —	12 8	16 —	8 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	Muzaffarpur
...	11 —	11 8	15 —	14 —	8 —	8 8	10 8	10 8	Saran
17 —	15 8	12 —	11 —	11 9	12 4	14 12	16 —	9 8	13 —	11 —	11 —	Champanan
...	...	12 —	12 —	8 8	10 8	12 —	14 —	7 8	8 —	13 10	13 10	Bihar, south—
...	10 4	11 —	13 —	15 —	7 8	9 —	13 —	13 —	Santhal Parganas
...	11 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	7 8	8 —	13 —	13 —	Monghyr
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	6 8	6 —	10 8	10 12	Gaya
18 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	13 —	12 —	6 4	6 8	9 —	8 —	Patna
...	8 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	Shahabad
16 —	16 —	...	...	9 9	9 4	...	...	6 12	7 5	12 15	12 15	Ohota Nagpur —
...	9 8	9 5	...	...	6 —	6 1	18 —	13 —	Singbham
...	6 14	7 3	...	...	5 9	5 15	11 13	11 13	Manbham
...	7 3	7 14	...	...	6 9	6 9	11 —	11 —	Ranohi
...	8 4	8 —	...	...	5 5	5 5	11 8	11 8	Palaman
...	8 8	9 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	9 —	Hazaribagh
...	9 —	9 4	...	...	7 —	7 —	11 —	8 —	Orissa—
...	9 3	10 9	...	...	7 —	8 6	9 5	9 5	Puri
5 2	5 10	10 11	13 5	9 12	10 8	...	...	7 5	7 6	12 10	14 12	Cuttack
...	8 8	10 4	...	...	5 4	6 12	8 12	10 —	Balasore
...	7 14	8 14	...	...	7 4	7 4	12 8	13 8	Sambalpur
...	8 12	9 4	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	United Provinces—
...	7 4	8 14	...	...	7 4	8 —	13 —	11 12	(a) AGRA—
...	8 8	9 6	...	...	6 8	7 —	17 —	16 —	Eastern—
...	...	6 8	7 —	8 1	9 15	...	...	8 11	8 2	7 4	16 —	Mirzapur
...	8 1	8 11	...	...	6 8	6 8	14 —	11 8	Bonares
8 —	3 8	4 —	4 —	7 13	9 7	9 —	9 7	6 11	7 15	12 —	11 10	Ghasipur
...	8 —	9 —	10 —	14 8	5 8	7 5	16 —	16 —	Jampur
...	9 —	9 —	10 —	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	9 —	Allahabad
...	8 4	10 8	10 —	...	7 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Central—
...	8 4	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	18 8	Banda
...	8 5	10 5	11 —	...	...	...	...	...	Fatehpur
...	8 —	11 —	10 8	8 —	6 8	8 —	15 —	13 8	Hamirpur
...	...	6 —	4 —	9 8	10 4	12 —	13 4	6 8	7 4	16 —	16 —	Jalaun
...	8 8	10 —	8 —	6 —	7 —	8 8	16 —	16 —	Cawnpore
...	10 —	12 8	13 —	13 —	7 2	7 12	10 —	9 12	Jhansi
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 8	8 8	13 —	13 —	Etawah
...	10 8	11 —	15 —	12 4	7 12	8 8	9 8	9 8	Farrakhabad
...	11 4	12 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	15 8	15 8	Malupuri
...	Etah
...	Western—
...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Muttra
...	Aligarh
...	Balaudshahr
...	Submontane, east—
...	Balla
...	Asanagarh
...	Gorakhpur
...	Basti

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER, 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CHAMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Sulaimania, east—												
Shahjahanpur . . .	6 1	6 11	9 8	10 10	3 —	3 —	6 8	6 —	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Budaun . . .	6 6	6 9	9 15	10 10	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Pilibhit . . .	6 2	6 12	11 4	11 —	4 2	4 —	6 1	6 6	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Baroli . . .	6 7	7 —	10 5	11 —	3 12	3 12	6 3	6 2	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Moradabad . . .	5 15	6 14	8 14	10 12	1 4	1 4	6 6	6 11	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Bijnor* . . .	7 2	7 2	13 —	13 —	1 —	1 —	6 6	6 11	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Muzaffarnagar . . .	6 9	7 6	11 —	11 12	4 6	4 6	5 8	5 8	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Saharanpur . . .	6 6	7 3	9 9	11 9	3 12	3 12	4 13	5 1	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Dehra Dun . . .	6 4	6 8	10 8	11 4	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Hills—												
Naini Tal . . .	5 —	5 8	8 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 8	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Almora* . . .	5 —	5 8	8 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 8	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
Garhwal . . .	1 8	4 8	7 —	7 —	2 8	2 8	3 8	3 8	10 —	9 4	7 8	6 4
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh . . .	7 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	3 —	3 —	6 8	6 8	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 —
Sultanpur . . .	7 4	8 —	11 8	11 12	4 —	4 —	6 8	7 —	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 —
Rae Bareilly . . .	6 10	7 6	9 12	10 1	4 —	4 —	6 3	6 2	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 —
Unao . . .	6 1	7 2	9 2	9 12	1 4	4 1	6 4	6 1	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 —
Lucknow . . .	6 —	7 —	9 —	10 —	4	3 8	6 —	6 4	10 —	10 —	8 —	8 —
Hardoi* . . .	6 —	7 8	9 —	11 12	4 —	4 —	6 —	6	10 —	10 —	8 —	8 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad . . .	7 —	7 6	11 —	11 4	4 2	4 5	6 6	6 8	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 4
Barabanki . . .	7 —	7 8	10 —	10 9	4 2	4 5	6 11	6 5	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 4
Gonda . . .	7 —	7 8	10 1	11 4	4 8	4 8	6 4	6 4	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 4
Bahraich . . .	6 8	7 8	10 8	11 8	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 12	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 4
Citapur . . .	6 —	7 —	9 4	10 4	3 —	3 —	6 4	6 —	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 4
Kheri . . .	6 4	7 —	9 4	11 2	2 8	2 8	6 8	6 8	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 4
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Mewar (Udaipur) . . .	7 13	8 11	10 12	10 13	1 —	4 11	4 15	5 7	13 2	15 8	7 15	8 13
Ajmer . . .	6 3	6 12	9 2	9 4	1 4	1 8	5 8	6 —	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —
Kishangarh . . .	6 —	6 8	8 12	10 —	2 8	2 8	4 1	4 —	7 8	8 8	7 —	6 —
Tonk . . .	5 9	6 2	10 2	10 10	4 1	4 1	5 5	5 5	10 —	10 2	..	..
Jaipur . . .	6 5	6 14	8 14	9 14	4 9	4 5	1 13	4 9	8 2	8 2	4 9	4 9
Karauli . . .	6 14	7 8	5 7	10 —	4 6	5 —	5 5	6 4	8 2	7	8 2	8 2
Dholpur . . .	6 11	7 5	9 11	10 1	1 1	4 1	4 8	1 8	1 —	5 9	6 10	7 —
Bharatpur* . . .	..	8 4	..	12 10	..	11	..	..	..	7 12	..	7 12
Alwar* . . .	..	8 ..	..	10 11	..	4 2	..	5 3	..	8 10	..	8 4
Nasirabad . . .	5 14	6 4	..	..	5 8	5 8	..	6 —	..	10 —	8 —	8 —
Western—												
Bikaner . . .	5 4	6 4	7 8	9 —	3 4	4 4	4 8	4 12	..	4 12	5 —	5 —
Jaisalmer . . .	5 —	5 —	..	..	2 8	2 10	3 4	3 3	..	5 —	5 —	5 —
Jodhpur . . .	{ 6 — and 6 8 }	{ 6 8 and 6 15 }	8 4	8 14	3 12	3 12	5 —	4 6	..	8 14	7 —	{ 7 12 and 8 15 }
Central India—												
Indore . . .	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	6 8	7 —	8 8	..	..
Neemach . . .	6 —	6 8	..	..	6 —	5 —	6 8	6 —	8 4	8 4	..	..
Gwalior* . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delhi—												
Delhi . . .	5 12	7 —	8 8	10 —	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 —	4 —	4 —	4 —	4 —
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar . . .	7 —	7 4	10 —	11 —	..	..	5 —	5 —	..	..	7 —	7 —
Ferozepur . . .	7 4	8 —	10 12	11 8	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	..	..
Central—												
Lahore . . .	7 —	7 12	11 —	11 8	..	..	4 12	5 —	..	..	6 —	6 —
Gujranwala . . .	7 1	3 —	10 8	12 8	..	..	4 12	5 4	..	..	..	..
Faisalabad . . .	7 8	7 12	10 —	11 —	..	..	5 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Jhelam . . .	7 4	7 12	10 —	10 8	..	..	4 12	5 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —

* Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR NAUJI (<i>Morus coccinea</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUM, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, OHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAT, OR SUDAGA (<i>Oler aristatum</i>)		MAISE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
...	8 6	9 6	10 11	11 4	7 —	7 8	12 —	12 —	Shahjahanpur
...	...	6 —	5 —	8 14	9 6	...	...	7 —	6 8	17 —	15 —	Budaun
...	9 —	10 10	10 9	10 10	8 4	8 —	14 —	10 4	Pilibit
...	8 15	9 7	...	...	7 7	7 7	13 —	15 —	Bareilly
...	8 8	9 14	...	...	7 4	7 12	12 6	14 12	Moradabad
...	9 8	...	...	...	6 12	...	13 8	Bijnor
...	8 8	9 12	8 12	8 12	5 8	5 8	15 —	15 —	Muzaffarnagar
...	8 4	9 9	...	...	7 7	5 5	16 —	16 —	Saharanpur
10 —	10 —	...	...	9 4	9 8	10 8	12 —	6 12	7 —	8 8	9 —	Dehra Dun
Hills—												
...	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	11 8	10 —	Naini Tal
...	6 8	...	...	...	6 8	...	...	...	5 8	...	7 —	Almora
6 —	6 —	...	...	4 12	5 —	...	...	4 4	4 —	6 —	6 —	Garhwal
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
10 —	10 —	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	6 8	7 —	9 —	9 —	Partabgarh
...	10 8	10 8	...	...	7 8	8 4	9 —	9 —	Sultanpur
...	...	12 —	12 —	9 12	10 2	...	...	7 —	7 —	11 —	10 8	Rae Bareilly
...	8 8	9 12	...	...	7 8	7 8	12 12	13 8	Unao
...	8 4	10 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	13 —	13 —	Lucknow
...	9 6	...	...	...	6 8	...	11 —	Hardoi
Northern—												
...	...	7 6	8 —	9 12	10 4	...	...	7 14	8 0	10 —	14 —	Fyzabad
13 8	10 —	9 10	6 —	10 1	10 3	11 —	10 8	7 2	7 3	13 12	13 12	Barabanki
...	9 12	10 —	14 —	11 8	7 4	7 8	14 10	14 10	Gonda
...	...	7 8	7 8	8 12	10 —	10 —	10 —	7 4	7 8	15 —	15 —	Bahraich
...	...	8 —	5 —	9 4	10 —	12 —	11 —	7 —	7 8	13 —	13 —	Sitapur
...	9 8	9 8	13 —	...	7 12	8 —	15 —	15 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
...	...	5 6	5 15	7 8	9 5	13 2	12 7	5 10	6 8	11 11	12 15	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	4 5	4 —	9 2	9 4	...	9 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Ajmer
...	9 —	10 4	8 —	6 8	...	...	20 —	13 —	Kishangarh
...	10 2	10 2	...	...	...	...	13 13	13 13	Tonk
...	...	8 2	8 2	{ 8 14 and 10 2 }	{ 9 6 and 10 2 }	9 6	8 2	10 2	10 2	...	12 11	Jaipur
...	8 7	10 —	...	...	...	...	14 6	12 8	Karauli
...	...	6 12	7 4	9 11	10 8	...	...	6 12	7 7	17 —	17 —	Dholpur
...	13 —	...	9 12	...	7 4	...	12 6	Bharatpur
...	9 12	...	12 5	...	11 4	...	14 13	...	17 13	Alwar
...	9 —	9 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	18 —	18 —	Nasirabad
Western—												
...	7 8	9 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Bikaner
...	8 —	6 12	...	...	...	...	{ 22 — and 24 — }	{ 22 — and 24 — }	Jaisalmer
...	8 4	9 3	7 2	...	5 —	5 10	20 —	20	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	7 4	9 —	7 8	9 —	6 8	6 8	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	7 12	8 4	...	...	6 4	6 4	14 —	14 —	Neemuch
...	Gwalior
...	8 —	10 —	...	...	5 8	7 8	14 —	13 12	Delhi— Delhi
Punjab—												
Southern—												
...	8 12	10 4	...	...	...	...	13 —	14 —	Hissar
...	8 8	10 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	Ferozepur
Central—												
...	...	10 —	10 —	9 —	10 12	5 —	5 —	6 8	5 12	10 —	11 —	Lahore
...	9 —	10 8	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	Gujranwala
...	9 4	10 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	Gujrat
...	9 4	10 4	...	8 —	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Jhelam

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoidum</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	6 8	7 12	8 12	11 —	..	..	6 —	6 —	5 —	8 8	5 —	4 —
Rohtak	6 12	7 —	9 —	11 —	..	..	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	8 —	9 —
Karnal	7 —	7 1	10 —	11 8	..	..	5 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Submontane—												
Ambala	7 2	7 12	9 12	10 8	..	..	5 14	6 8	4 12	4 12	4 8	7 12
Ludhiana	7 —	7 12	9 —	11 9	..	..	5 —	5 8	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8
Jullundur	7 4	8 —	10 —	11 —	..	..	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	2 —	2 —
Hoaharpur	6 12	7 12	11 —	11 —	..	..	5 4	5 4	4 —	4 —	..	..
Gurdaspur	7 8	7 8	10 8	11 8	..	..	5 8	5 8	4 —	4 —	4 12	6 12
Amritsar	7 4	8 —	9 12	11 8	..	..	4 12	4 12	6 —	5 12	..	..
Shikot	7 8	8 —	10 8	12 —	..	..	4 —	4 8	..	..	..	..
Hills—												
Simla	5 12	6 8	7 8	9 —	..	..	5 —	5 12	3 9	3 12	4 4	4 12
Kangra	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	..	..	5 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	7 —	7 2	10 12	11 1	..	..	4 4	4 4	7 12	5 12	7 —	7 12
Attock	7 12	7 8	12 —	12 —	..	..	5 —	5 —	..	..	8 —	9 —
Western—												
Shahpur	8 —	8 4	11 12	12 —	..	..	1 8	4 8	2 12	2 12	..	..
Jhang	7 14	8 6	11 12	11 12	..	..	1 8	4 8	..	..	..	..
Lyallpur	7 8	8 4	11 —	11 8	..	..	4 —	4 4	8 —	7 12	7 12	7 12
Multan	7 8	7 12	10 12	11 —	..	..	5 8	6 —	..	..	..	..
Montgomery	7 12	8 6	10 12	10 12	..	..	4 6	5 —	9 —	8 —	..	..
Muzaffargarh	8 2	7 14	10 —	10 —	..	..	5 8	6 —	6 9	5 12	8 8	8 8
Dera Ghazi Khan	8 2	8 2	11 12	11 12	..	..	5 8	5 8	..	..	..	..
N.-W. P. Province—												
Hasdra	6 10	6 6	10 2	10 6	2 14	2 14	5 1	5 7	..	..	8 —	8 8
Peabawar	8 2	8 5	13 13	14 —	4 4	4 4	4 9	4 9	..	..	8 8	9 2
Kohat	7 6	7 9	11 —	11 —	..	..	8 2	5 14	..	..	8 12	7 12
Banna	9 1	9 11	13 2	13 12	3 5	3 5	5 10	5 10	13 12	8 7	10 10	10 10
Dera Ismail Khan	4 12	9 1	11 8	12 —	3 —	3 2	4 9	4 9	..	..	8 12	10 —
Toohl	7 —	9 5	10 —	13 5	..	..	5 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Kurram	9 12	9 14	14 —	14 —	1 12	4 2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malakand	9 —	9 4	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	..	..	..	..
Wano	6 10	6 11	9 8	12 —	2 9	2 8	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Kardohi	7 —	7 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	4 8	4 8	..	..	7 —	7 8
Hyderabad	5 8	6 —	..	..	3 12	3 12	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khas)	5 8	6 —	..	..	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	..	..	5 —	5 8
Shikarpur . . . . .	..	..	..	..	3 12	3 12	3 8	4 8	6 10	7 —	5 5	6 —
Upper Sind Frontier	5 12	6 8	..	..	3 —	3 —	3 8	4 —	6 —	7 —	5 —	6 8
Quetta . . . . .	..	..	8 13	9 —	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 8	8 14	8 14	6 6	6 8
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	3 3	3 6	..	..	3 9	3 13	3 14	4 2	..	..	..	4 10
Ratnagiri	3 7	4 2	..	..	4 10	4 10	5 1	5 1	..	4 10	..	5 1
Alibag	4 10	4 10	..	..	3 11	3 11	4 10	4 10	..	..	5 1	5 1
Bombay	3 13	4 7	..	..	3 —	3 10	4 7	5 7	2 12	3 6	2 14	3 8
Thana	4 7	4 7	..	..	4 5	4 10	4 10	5 9	..	..	4 7	4 7
Deccan and Karnatth—												
Dharwar	4 14	5 2	..	..	3 7	3 15	4 6	4 2	4 4	4 8	5 6	5 6
Belgaum	3 2	3 14	..	..	2 15	3 7	3 12	4 —	8 2	4 2	4 6	4 6
Satara	3 2	4 3	..	..	1 5	3 5	3 15	1 5	8 1	3 11	3 1	3 11
Sholapur	4 8	4 6	..	..	3 11	3 11	5 4	4 12	3 9	4 7	..	..
Bijapur	4 10	4 14	..	..	4 1	4 5	4 10	5 2	4 3	4 4	..	..
Poona	3 14	4 13	..	..	3 4	3 12	3 15	4 4	3 —	4 8	3 5	4 3
Khandesh and N.-E.												
Deccan—												
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 11	..	..	4 9	4 9	4 15	4 15	3 15	4 10	3 18	4 3
Nasik	4 7	5 3	..	..	4 1	4 13	4 7	5 3	..	..	4 —	4 6
Dhulia	4 6	4 13	..	..	4 11	5 2	5 —	5 8	5 5	5 5	4 7	4 14
Jalgaon	4 6	4 13	..	..	4 12	4 12	5 10	5 10	5 1	5 1	4 6	4 6
Gujarat—												
Surat	3 11	4 10	..	..	3 4	3 9	4 10	5 1	3 4	4 10	3 11	4 10
Broach	5 12	5 12	..	..	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	5 —	5 —
Kaira	4 —	4 4	..	..	..	..	4 —	4 12	..	..	3 12	4 4
Baroda	5 4	5 8	..	..	4 4	4 8	5 —	5 —	5 12	6 —	4 4	4 8
Ahmedabad	4 8	5 6	..	..	3 12	3 12	4 8	4 8	..	..	3 8	4 8
Godhra	5 —	5 —	..	..	3 6	3 8	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 8	4 8
Disa	4 8	5 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	..	..	6 —	6 4
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	4 8	4 4	..	..	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	..	6 —	3 12	3 12
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	5 1	6 3	..	..	4 8	4 8	6 8	7 6	5 14	6 15	..	..
Hoshangabad	5 11	6 4	..	..	3 —	3 —	7 6	8 —	..	..	..	..
Betul	5 3	6 1	..	..	2 12	4 —	7 12	9 8	6 8	..	..	..
Chhindwara	5 10	6 4	..	..	5 —	5 —	6 4	7 8	..	..	..	..
Nagpur	5 12	6 1	..	..	5 3	5 8	..	..	..	7 2	..	..
Wardha	5 5	5 10	..	..	4 8	4 8	7 1	7 12	7 2	7 2	..	..

* Relates to Khandwa wheat

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

RASI OR MARUA (<i>Hleusine corvaca</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLER (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAT, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oleria aristatum</i>)		MAISE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ABHAR DAL (<i>Cajanus Indicum</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	
...	8 12	11 —	8 —	6 —	5 8	7 —	13 —	13 —	Punjab—continued
...	8 12	10 —	...	...	6 8	7 8	13 —	10 8	South-eastern—
...	8 12	10 4	...	...	6 —	6 8	12 —	12 —	Gurgaon
...	...	9 12	9 12	8 12	9 8	4 12	7 12	7 12	7 12	9 12	10 4	Rohtak
...	...	4 —	4 —	8 8	10 —	9 8	10 —	7 —	7 —	9 8	9 8	Karnal
...	...	8 —	8 4	8 —	9 10	7 —	7 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	Submontane—
...	8 4	9 10	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	Ambala
...	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	10 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	Ludhiana
...	...	9 12	10 4	8 8	10 4	11 12	6 12	6 4	6 4	8 —	10 —	Jullundur
...	8 8	9 8	...	5 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	Hoshiarpur
...	7 —	8 —	7 —	7 8	4 12	5 4	7 8	8 —	Gurdaspur
...	7 —	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	11 —	11 —	Amritsar
...	8 12	9 12	10 —	8 12	5 4	5 12	10 4	11 4	Shikot
...	10 4	10 4	11 —	11 —	5 8	5 8	20 —	20 —	Hills—
...	10 —	11 —	...	6 —	...	...	9 8	10 —	Simla
14 —	14 —	11 8	11 8	10 —	10 6	8 4	8 4	...	...	8 8	10 —	Kangra
...	9 4	10 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 8	9 —	Northern—
...	...	10 —	12 —	10 —	10 4	8 9	8 —	...	...	9 12	11 12	Rawalpindi
...	10 6	11 4	10 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	Attock
...	9 12	9 8	9 —	...	...	...	10 —	9 12	Western—
...	10 5	10 10	...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	Shahpur
...	...	8 —	8 —	8 4	8 6	8 —	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	9 —	Jhang
...	...	13 —	13 —	10 9	9 7	12 6	11 1	...	8 2	16 5	16 5	Lyallpur
...	...	12 6	12 6	9 13	10 1	9 5	9 5	...	...	21 —	21 —	Multan
...	12 1	12 3	10 —	11 9	...	...	18 12	20 —	Montgomery
...	11 —	11 6	...	...	...	...	11 4	11 8	Muzshargarh
...	7 11	9 3	...	...	14 —	14 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	8 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	11 —	N. W. F. Province —
...	9 —	9 —	14 —	15 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	Hazara
...	8 8	10 8	...	...	...	...	Peshawar
...	Kohat
...	Bannu
...	Dera Ismail Khan
...	Tdohi
...	Kurram
...	Malakand
...	Wano
...	7 8	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	20 —	20 —	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	8 —	8 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Karachi
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Hyderabad
...	8 8	9 —	...	...	5 8	5 —	16 —	16 —	Thar and Parkar
...	8 8	9 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	(Mirpur Khas)
...	8 5	8 5	8 7	8 7	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
...	to	to	16 —	16 —	Upper Sind Frontier
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	Quetta
6 8	6 12	...	...	6 8	6 12	...	...	4 18	4 13	10 15	10 15	Bombay—
7 7	8 2	...	...	7 —	6 14	...	...	5 13	5 13	8 2	8 2	Konkan—
4 3	5 4	...	...	7 6	7 6	...	...	5 14	5 18	6 6	7 3	Karwar
...	4 13	5 6	...	...	4 14	5 8	9 7	9 7	Ratnagiri
...	6 5	7 8	...	...	5 5	5 5	7 14	7 14	Alibag
4 6	5 8	...	...	5 11	5 11	...	...	3 15	4 6	6 12	6 12	Bombay
4 8	5 7	6 —	...	...	4 1	4 7	9 4	9 4	Thana
...	5 11	5 11	...	...	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 6	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	5 3	5 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Dharwar
...	5 15	5 15	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 6	7 6	Belgaum
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	Satara
5 7	5 12	...	...	6 8	7 8	...	...	4 —	5 1	8 10	8 10	Sholapur
...	6 1	6 15	...	...	6 12	6 12	6 4	5 7	Bijapur
...	7 1	7 1	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Poona
...	6 4	8 5	...	...	4 10	5 1	9 4	10 10	Khandesh and N. E.
...	7 4	7 4	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 8	Deccan—
5 8	6 4	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	20 —	20 —	Ahmednagar
...	6 8	8 —	...	...	5 4	5 8	18 —	18 —	Nasik
...	7 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 8	21 —	20 —	Dhulia
6 8	8 —	...	...	6 8	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Jalgaon
...	6 4	7 4	...	...	6 —	6 —	18 —	18 —	Gujarat—
...	5 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	60 —	60 —	Surat
...	Broach
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Ahmedabad
...	Godhra
...	Disa
...	Kathawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	Western—
...	Nimar
...	Hoshangabad
...	Betul
...	Chhindwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1918—concluded

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Central Provinces—												
<i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	6	5 10	..	..	3 8	3 8	5 14	5 14	..	..	..	..
Saugor . . .	6 —	6 8	..	..	5 —	5 —	6 8	7 —	..	..	..	..
Damoh . . .	6 3	7 2	..	..	5 —	5 11	6 11	8 5	..	..	..	..
Jubbulpore . . .	6 —	6 12	..	..	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 12	..	..	..	..
Mandla . . .	5 12	6 5	..	..	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 4	..	..	..	..
Seoni . . .	5 —	7 —	..	..	5 8	5 8	7 —	8 —	..	..	..	..
Balaghāt . . .	5 8	6 2	..	..	4 11	5 12	7 12	7 12	..	..	..	..
Bhandāra . . .	5 14	6 6	..	..	..	..	5 12	6 8	..	..	..	..
Chānda . . .	5 11	6 8	..	..	5 4	5 4	5 13	6 2	6 2	7 6	..	..
Eastern—												
Bilāspur . . .	6 8	7 1	..	..	7 —	7 4	8 —	9 —	..	..	..	..
Raipur . . .	6 4	6 2	..	..	5 8	5 8	7 8	8 —	..	..	..	..
Drug . . .	6 6	6 15	..	..	7 —	7 10	8 3	7 18	..	..	..	..
Berar—												
Buldana . . .	4 14	5 8	..	..	4 9	5 —	5 —	7 2	4 13	7 —	..	..
Akola . . .	5 8	5 13	..	..	5 12	5 12	6 15	6 15	6 4	7 —	..	..
Amrāoti . . .	5 5	5 11	..	..	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 12	5 —	6 —	..	..
Yotmal . . .	5 5	5 13	..	..	4 8	4 8	6 12	7 11	..	6 13	..	..
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad . . .	4 4	4 11	..	..	3 8	3 8	5 7	5 13	5 7	5 13	7 —	7 —
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 4	6 10	..	..	..	..
S. Canara . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 11	6 14	..	..	..	..
South, central—												
Coimbatore . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 13	5 12	7 1	..	..	..
Nilgiris . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 9	5 9	7 7	9 7	7 9	9 4
Salem . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 6	5 12	..	..	..	..
Central—												
Bellary . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 1	5 4	5 12	6 12	..	..
Anantapur . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 1	6 10	6 4	9 6	..	..
Cuddapah . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 8	6 10	..	10 1	..	..
Karnul . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 3	6 10	7 2	7 9	..	..
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 14	7 11	..	..	9 6	9 6
Vizagapatam . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 4	6 4	..	..	12 —	12 —
Godāvari . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 1	6 10	..	..	..	..
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 9	8 9	7 —	7 5	..	..
Guntur . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 1	6 10	6 —	7 —	7 —	8 —
Nellore . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 14	8 12	9 6	9 6	..	..
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 6	6 9	..	..	..	..
Chingleput . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 —	6 5	..	..	..	..
N. Arcot . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 10	6 3	..	..	8 4	9 9
S. Arcot . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 8	6 8	..	..	..	..
Tanjore . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 12	5 12	..	..	8 15	8 15
Trichinopoly . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 1	5 12	7 11	7 14	8 4	8 4
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 9	5 10	..	..	7 9	6 1
Madura . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 6	5 12	7 14	8 10	7 9	8 15
Mysore*—												
Mysore . . .	..	4 2	..	4 —	..	4 8	..	5 4	..	9 —	..	..
Bangalore . . .	..	4 4	..	4 6	..	4 —	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coorg—												
Coorg . . .	3 8	4 —	..	..	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 4	..	..	..	..
Aden . . .												
Aden . . .	4 5	4 5	..	..	4 1	4 1	4 4	4 4	5 —	5 —	4 11	4 11

* Figures have not so far been reported

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

**RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA
FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE FIRST HALF OF
SEPTEMBER, 1918.**

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

October 10, 1918

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	FORTNIGHT ENDING					
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 0	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3	4 12 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Peasay)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	...	5 0 3
	Calcutta (Club No 2).	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	5 1 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 2	3 11 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	3 11 6	4 7 0
	Ferozepur	3 5 3	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Lyallpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0	4 8 0
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	4 7 0
	Ambala	3 10 3	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6	4 12 0
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 6 0	4 3 0	4 12 6
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5	4 10 6
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5	4 9 3
	Cawnpore	4 3 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 0
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	6 2 6	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0	4 10 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1	5 2 6
	Fyrabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0	4 13 0
	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 13 6
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0	4 12 10
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 2	4 13 7
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 5	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10	4 11 2
	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7	3 15 7
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 3 10	4 3 10	3 8 10	4 6 2
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 0	5 5 2	4 7 3	4 3 3
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	5 11 7	5 6 2	5 1 4	5 8 11
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 13 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1	4 15 6
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 5 4
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 10 6	3 11 9	3 12 1
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0	5 0 0
	Bhagalpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0	5 9 7
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0	5 0 0
	Ranchi	4 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 12 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 11 3	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3	5 1 3
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7
(Median Average)		4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 8	5 0 0	4 6 2	4 12 10
Index Numbers (a).		100	104	125	121	106	116

* 5% barley, 8% dirt, and 30% red

NOTE—These statistics are compiled from fortnightly returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight. The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India pay mands of 32½ lbs

FORTNIGHT ENDING								
31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th Septem- ber 1916.	31st December 1915.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 9 3	3 15 3	3 10 2	4 4 3	4 14 9	5 1 3	5 1 3	4 12 9	4 13 6
5 0 5	4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 12 7	4 8 9	4 10 7	4 9 10
5 3 0	3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 13 0
4 7 0	3 9 0	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 5 3	4 7 0	4 9 3	4 5 3	4 5 3
4 5 3	3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 1 9	4 5 3
4 2 0	3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 4 6	4 2 0	4 3 0
4 5 0	3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	4 6 0	4 3 6	4 2 0	4 2 0
4 3 6	3 7 0	3 3 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 5 3	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6
4 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 11 0
4 9 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 9 0	4 9 0
4 13 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 10 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 9 0
4 14 3	4 2 10	3 14 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 9 4
4 15 8	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 8 11	4 8 11	4 5 2	4 5 4	4 5 5
5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 7 0
4 9 0	3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 11 3	4 11 3
4 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 4 0
5 5 4	4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0
5 2 8	3 10 3	3 12 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 5 6	4 7 0	4 6 0
5 0 0	3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 3	4 9 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4
4 9 7	3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 6
4 14 10	3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 9 1	4 7 1	4 4 4	4 3 5
4 6 5	3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 10	4 0 0	4 0 0
4 12 3	3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10
4 7 7	3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 4 9	4 5 8	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 9 8
4 10 6	4 9 4	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0
5 6 3	4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	...	4 11 7	4 10 5	...	4 11 7
3 10 9	3 11 8	3 11 2	3 9 10	3 8 1	3 8 11	3 4 5	4 1 1	3 13 6
5 5 4	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 12 8	3 0 10	3 0 1	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 4 10	3 2 4	3 8 2	4 0 2
5 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 15 0
6 3 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0
5 5 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
6 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
5 9 0	4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	5 1 5	5 1 5	4 11 3	4 11 3
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
5 7 6	4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 8 7	3 5 7	3 8 7
4 14 3	3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 7 1	4 6 2	4 6 0
118	95	90	95	107	110	107	106	106

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending					
		15th March 1917	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	4 13 3	4 12 3	4 13 3	4 13 3	4 5 3	4 7 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	4 10 9	4 9 10	4 10 11	4 9 10	4 10 7	4 11 8
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 14 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 8 0
Punjab	Lahore	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	3 13 0	3 14 3
	Ferozepur	4 5 3	4 1 9	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 10 3	3 11 6
	Lyallpur	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	3 11 0	3 12 0
	Amritsar	4 1 0	3 13 6	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 10 0
	Multan	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0
	Rawalpindi	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 5 0
Delhi	Ambala	4 6 0	3 14 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 11 6	3 11 6
	Delhi	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 15 3
United Provinces	Benares	4 5 10	4 5 0	4 3 1	4 3 1	4 1 2	4 2 10
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 5 4	4 3 8	3 14 6	3 13 0	3 11 5	3 14 4
	Cawnpore	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 14 0	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6
	Meerut	4 11 3	4 5 0	4 1 6	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 14 6
	Shahjahanpur	4 1 6	4 1 9	3 12 0	3 8 3	3 9 0	3 11 0
	Agra	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 9 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	4 7 1
	Fyzabad	4 1 9	4 1 7	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0
Central Provinces and Berar.	Lucknow	4 7 1	4 0 0	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 0	4 3 4
	Nagpur	4 1 11	3 13 2	4 0 4	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11
	Jubbulpore	4 3 5	4 5 2	4 1 8	3 14 5	3 10 2	3 11 6
	Raipur	4 0 0	3 12 10	3 12 10	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
North-West Frontier Province.	Akola	3 4 8	3 4 8	3 7 6	3 10 11	3 7 3	3 11 11
	Peshawar	4 9 8	4 8 7	4 10 2	4 2 14	2 10	4 2 11
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 2 6	5 0 0
Bombay	Poona	4 13 9	4 11 7		4 10 5	4 9 4	4 14 11
	Ahmednagar	3 13 0	3 9 11	3 15 5	3 13 7	3 12 8	4 0 5
	Ahmedabad	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	3 5 11	3 3 10	3 9 4	3 2 6	3 7 11	3 6 1
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 15 0	4 6 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 5 0	3 1 0
	Bhagalpur	4 6 0	4 6 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
	Muzaffarpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 5 3	3 5 3
	Ranchi	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	4 14 0	4 6 0	4 6 0
	Cuttack	4 11 3	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 1 3	4 1 3
Bengal	Rangpur	5 4 0	4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
	Mandalay	3 10 10	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 7 8	3 3 5
	(Median Average)	4 6 0	4 5 0	4 0 8	4 0 0	3 13 0	3 14 6
Index Numbers (a)		106	104	98	97	92	94

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs.—contd.

Fortnight ending											
15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
4 7 3	4 7 3	4 7 9	4 10 9	4 8 3	4 9 3	4 11 9	4 11 9	4 12 3	4 14 3	5 2 3	
4 13 11	4 15 4	4 14 7	4 13 2	...	4 6 6	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 12 5	5 2 3	4 15 6	
4 7 0	4 8 6	4 8 6	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 12 6	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 11 0	
4 0 9	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 9	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 3	4 9 3	4 11 3	
3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 7 0	
3 11 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 3 0	4 6 0	
3 11 6	3 13 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 4 3	4 5 3	
3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	
4 3 5	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 3 8	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 2	
3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 0	4 0 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 10 0	
4 0 9	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 2 3	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	
4 2 10	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 1 7	4 3 5	4 3 10	4 3 10	
3 14 5	3 14 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 1 9	3 14 6	4 1 8	4 5 3	4 5 3	
3 14 6	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	1 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 0	4 5 0	
4 1 6	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 5	3 12 11	3 14 5	4 0 0	4 5 2	
3 11 0	3 11 3	3 11 6	3 12 6	3 11 0	3 11 6	3 11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	
4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 7 1	...	4 11 3	4 11 3	
4 1 6	4 3 4	...	4 3 4	4 2 0	3 15 3	3 15 3	3 15 3	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	
4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 5 2	
4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 1 10	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 3 2	5 11 4	4 11 4	
3 15 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 5	3 10 10	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 14 10	
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	
4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 7 11	...	...
4 2 1	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 2 6	4 2 6	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 5 3	
4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 13 0	4 13 6	4 12 10½	4 14 6	5 0 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	
4 13 9	5 3 4	5 4 5	5 4 5	5 2 2	5 4 5	5 3 4	5 2 2	5 13 4	5 15 7	5 8 11	
4 2 2	4 4 1	4 7 9	4 5 11	4 6 10	4 11 5	4 6 10	4 15 1	5 2 9	4 9 7	4 13 3	
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	
3 11 8	3 11 8	3 11 8	4 1 7	4 1 8	4 1 8	3 11 8	4 8 11	4 6 0	4 5 1	4 1 8	
3 5 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	
3 12 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	
3 10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	
4 1 3	4 1 4	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	
3 8 7	3 14 1	3 14 1	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 10 2	4 8 1	4 8 1	4 4 3	
4 1 6	4 0 2	4 0 11	4 2 10	4 1 10	4 1 10	4 2 10	4 3 3	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 6 6	
99	97	98	101	99	99	101	102	104	104	106	

A--Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING									
		30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	29th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Port (a)	Karachi (white)*	5 6 4	5 3 9	5 6 4	5 4 4	4 14 9	5 3 3	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	5 1 7	5 0 10	5 1 2	5 0 10	5 0 1	5 1 11	5 2 10	5 1 4	5 1 9	
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	5 6 0	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 12 6	6 6 6	5 1 0	5 2 0	
Panjab	Lahore	4 9 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	
	Ferozepur	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 11 3	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	
	Lyallpur	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 2 0	
	Amritsar	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	
	Multan	4 12 0	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 12 6	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 10 0	
	Rawalpindi	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 5 3	5 14 9	5 14 9	6 2 6	
	Ambala	4 10 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	
Delhi	Delhi	4 10 0	5 0 0	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 1 0	5 8 0	5 3 6	4 15 0	
United Provinces	Benares	4 5 5	4 10 3	4 11 5	4 11 5	4 11 5	5 3 6	5 3 6	5 1 11	4 10 9	
	Aligarh (Hathras).	4 9 5	4 13 7	4 14 9	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 7 2	5 6 8	5 8 2	4 11 2	
	Cawnpore	4 7 0	4 14 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 3 0	5 5 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	
	Meerut	4 11 4	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 5 4	5 5 3	4 13 9	5 0 0	
	Shahjahanpur	4 4 3	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	
	Agra	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 11 5	5 14 5	5 5 4	
	Fyzabad	4 1 0	4 5 3	4 12 0	4 13 6	4 11 3	4 12 0	4 15 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	
Lucknow	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 5 4	4 5 3	4 7 1		
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	4 11 4	5 1 6	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	5 0 0	
	Jubbulpore	4 14 10	5 0 0	5 2 7	5 3 11	5 9 10	5 5 5	5 1 4	5 1 4	5 1 4	
	Raipur	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Akola	...	...	...	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 4	5 9 11
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	4 8 0	4 13 7	4 15 4	4 15 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 6 9	5 1 3	5 1 11	
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 13 0	5 12 0	5 8 0	5 2 3	4 13 6	
Bombay	Poona	...	6 2 11	...	7 6 11	...	...	...	6 12 11	6 9 7
	Ahmednagar	4 15 1	5 11 11	5 13 10	...	6 0 7	5 13 10	5 15 2	5 10 1	6 10 3	
	Ahmedabad	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	
	Dharwar (Hubh)	...	4 8 11	...	4 3 4	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	4 13 3	4 8 11	
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 12 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	
	Bhagalpur	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	
	Muzaffarpur	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	
	Ranchi	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	
	Cuttack	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	
Bengal	Rangpur	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	7 3 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	
	Mandalay	4 4 3	4 6 2	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	
	(Median Average)	4 11 2	4 14 9	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 7	5 1 11	5 3 2	5 1 0	4 15 0	
Index Numbers (b)		118	119	120	121	119	124	126	122	119	

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.
(a) Prices at ports after 15th September 1918, are as follows :—

Ports	Rate per	On 20th September 1918.	On 27th September 1918.	On 4th October 1918.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Karachi (white)	Maund	5 12 4	6 8 4	6 8 4
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	"	7 9 3	7 12 2	7 2 3
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	7 0 0	9 1 0	8 13 0

(b) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs.—*cond.*

Fortnight ending												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th September 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight.
15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.		
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Per cent	
5 3 3	5 4 4	5 4 4	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 5 3	5 8 4	8 4	5 8 4	5 10 4	+2	
5 3 9	5 2 10	5 7 10	5 8 3	5 13 8	6 0 7	6 3 11	6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	+5	
5 2 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 1 0	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 6 0	+6	
4 13 6	4 10 3	4 1 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	+10	
4 7 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 2	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 5 3	+10	
4 4 0	4 2 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	4 0 1	4 5 0	4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	+11	
4 4 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 11 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 6 0	+11	
4 13 0	4 6 3	3 13 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	+3	
5 2 6	5 11 6	4 13 6	4 11 3	5 6 2	5 1 3	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 9	5 8 3	+2	
4 8 0	3 13 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 5 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	+13	
5 0 8	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	+20	
4 1 2	4 3 2	4 4 0	4 6 3	4 7 1	4 10 6	4 8 3	5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 3	...	...
4 3 8	4 1 8	4 1 8	4 2 6	4 7 2	4 14 6	5 1 4	5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7	6 10 0	+10	
4 14 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	5 5 4	5 15 0	5 8 3	6 10 0	+21	
4 7 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	...	4 11 3	5 2 6	5 8 3	...	6 6 0	...	
4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 7 9	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 9 9	5 9 9	6 6 0	+14	
5 11 6	5 5 4	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 14 10	5 12 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	+14	
4 1 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 9	4 1 9	4 5 0	5 0 0	5 1 3	...	5 8 0	...	
4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 14 0	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 3	6 6 4	+16	
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 8	5 14 1	5 14 1	5 10 8	5 7 10	5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	+12	
4 6 1	4 9 1	4 9 1	4 14 10	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 5 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	+12	
4 0 0	4 0 10	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 6 5	1 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 2	6 0 0	+5	
5 3 11	5 3 10	5 3 11	5 3 11	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	6 1 0	6 13 1	+12	
4 15 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 10 9	4 3 9	4 1 2	4 1 2	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	+3	
4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	Nil	
7 1 11	7 3 7	8 3 17	7 9 8	...	7 6 11	7 15 9	8 0 11	7 8 0	*8 3 1	...	...
6 10 8	6 1 6	5 15 8	6 3 4	6 5 1	6 5 1	6 7 11	6 14 4	7 5 8	...	9 3 1	...	
7 4 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 6 0	6 2 0	5 12 0	6 2 0	6 6 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	+21	
4 12 1	5 7 6	6 2 6	...	5 15 0	5 8 7	5 14 11	7 3 7	7 9 1	9 8 10	9 4 0	-3	
3 8 0	3 7 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	+5	
4 7 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	+12	
5 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	Nil	
6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	Nil	
6 1 6	6 1 6	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 5 4	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	Nil	
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	Nil	
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	Nil	
4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 7 6	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	+11	
4 13 7	4 10 3	4 9 1	4 8 11	4 9 1	4 14 3	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 9	6 6 0	+15	
117	112	110	110	110	118	124	125	133	134	154		

*Since reported

†Revised

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th September, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917:—

	1918.			1917.		
	31st August.	15th September.	Increase or Decrease.	31st August.	15th September.	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India	100	115	+15	100	102	+2
Punjab	100	110	+10	100	100	Nil
United Provinces .	100	115	+15	100	102	+2
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	112	+12	100	105	+5

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING					
		31st July 1914	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 0
	Bombay	6 13	6 8	5 14	5 8	5 14	5 3
	Calcutta	9 0	8 4	6 5	...	...	...
Punjab	Lahore	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 12	10 8	8 12
	Ferozepur	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Amritsar	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Rawalpindi	12 1	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8
	Lyallpur	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 0
	Multan	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 12	10 12	8 14
	Amritsar	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2
Delhi	Delhi	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0
United Provinces	Benares	9 3	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15
	Cawnpore	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 0
	Meerut	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12
	Agra	9 12	9 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8
	Lucknow	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0
	Aligarh	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	9 6	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12
Central Provinces and Berar	Fyzabad	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0
	Nagpur	9 0	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 2
	Jubbulpore	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 4	8 8	8 0
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0
North-West Frontier Province	Akola	8 6	7 6	6 5	7 6	8 6	9 7
	Peshawar	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½
Bombay	Poona	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 3
	Ahmednagar	8 2	8 1	5 14	8 2	7 6	7 6
	Ahmedabad	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0
	Dharwar	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12
	Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14
	Muzaffarpur	9 0	0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8
	Ranchi	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12
	Cuttack	9 3	8 8	7 3	6 9	8 8	7 14
Bengal	Dacca	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein)	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10
	Mandalay	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 6	7 6
(Median Average)		9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 12	8 0
Index Numbers(a)		100	106	127	123	109	120

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in acres of 80 talas.]

FOURTIEST ENDING

31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
...
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	8 12	8 8	9 0	9 0
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	9 1	9 4	9 7	9 7
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 6	8 14	8 14	8 10	8 4	8 4
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	8 12	9 4	9 8	9 8
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	8 6	8 6	8 8	8 8
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	8 4	8 6	8 6	8 0
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 4
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 0	7 12	7 8	7 12
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	10 0	8 4
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	8 6	8 10	8 10	8 14
8 2	10 0	10 8	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	8 8	8 12	9 2	9 4
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11
8 11	10 0	10 0	11 4	9 3	9 2	9 3	8 11	8 10
8 9 1/2	8 11	9 0	8 6 1/2	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
7 3	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 12	7 12	8 6	8 6	8 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 8	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0
6 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	8 8	8 6	9 4	9 8
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	9 8
6 8	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 4	7 4
7 3	9 3	10 8	9 3	7 14	7 14	7 14	8 8	8 8
...
...
...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	10 5	10 12	10 5
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 12	8 14
120	96	93	96	111	112	111	109	108

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd.

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING					
		15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port . . .	Karachi . . .	7 8	7 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8
	Bombay* . . .	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	10 4	10 0
	Ferozepore . . .	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 12	10 8
	Amritsar . . .	9 9	10 0	9 14	9 12	11 2	10 6
	Rawalpindi . . .	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0
	Lyallpur . . .	9 4	9 12	9 12	9 8	10 8	10 4
	Multan . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	10 8	10 12	10 8
	Ambala . . .	8 14	10 0	9 12	9 10	10 8	10 8
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	8 8	8 12	9 0	10 4	9 12	9 12
United Provinces . . .	Benares . . .	8 13	9 1	9 1	9 10	9 8	9 8
	Cawnpore . . .	8 8	8 8	10 0	10 4	9 12	9 12
	Meerut . . .	8 4	9 0	9 8	10 4	10 8	10 0
	Agra . . .	8 0	7 12	8 4	9 8	8 8	8 12
	Lucknow . . .	8 12	9 12	10 4	10 4	10 0	9 4
	Aligarh . . .	9 4	9 4	10 12	11 4	11 4	10 12
	Shahjahanpur . . .	9 8	9 8	10 0	11 4	11 4	11 0
Central Provinces and Berar.	Fyzabad . . .	8 14	9 12	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 14
	Nagpur . . .	9 9	10 3	9 9	10 3	10 8	9 9
	Jubbulpore . . .	9 4	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 12	10 8
	Raipur . . .	10 0	10 2	10 2	11 0	11 0	11 0
North-West Frontier Province.	Akola . . .	10 12	10 12	10 12	9 11	10 9	9 7
	Peshawar . . .	8 10	8 12	8 9	9 10	9 7	9 7
Baluchistan . . .	Quetta . . .	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 12	8 0
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13
	Ahmednagar . . .	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7
	Ahmedabad . . .	7 8	7 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
	Dharwar . . .	10 4	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11
Bihar and Orissa . . .	Patna . . .	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	13 0
	Bhagalpur . . .	9 4	9 0	10 8	10 12	11 3	11 3
	Muzaffarpur . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	12 0	12 0
	Ranchi . . .	7 4	7 4	7 4	8 4	8 14	8 14
	Cuttack . . .	8 8	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 13	9 13
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moulmein) . . .	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
	Mandalay . . .	10 5	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 13	11 5
(Median Average) .		8 14	9 3	9 8	9 10	10 4	9 14
Index Numbers (a)		108	104	101	99	98	97

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING										
15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0
7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 6	6 6	5 12
9 12	9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 8	8 4
10 4	10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	8 8
10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0	10 4	10 7	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0
9 4	9 4	9 8	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 14	9 0	8 12	8 8
10 8	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0
10 4	10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 10
10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 8
9 10	9 12	9 12	9 7	9 8	9 8	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 12
9 8	9 1	9 1	9 1	9 3	9 4½	9 4½	9 6½	9 2½	8 15	8 15
9 4	9 4	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 12
9 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 0
8 12	8 8	8 8	9 0	9 0	8 8	...	8 8	...	8 1	8 0
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0
10 8	10 7	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	9 8	9 4
10 12	10 12	10 10	10 8	10 10	10 8	10 8	10 4	10 4	9 14	9 12
9 8	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0	9 10	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 8	9 12
9 9	9 9	9 9	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 15	8 5	8 5
9 14	9 12	9 12	9 12	10 0	10 10	9 12	9 0	8 12	8 12	7 14
11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	7 13	...	...
9 10	9 14	9 14	9 14	9 14	9 9	9 9	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 2
8 3½	8 3½	8 3½	8 5½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7 18	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	6 0	6 0	6 0
8 11	8 11	8 11	8 11	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	7 10	7 10
8 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 0
9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6
12 0	10 8	10 8	11 0	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	9 12	10 0	10 0
10 8	10 0	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0
11 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8
8 8	8 8	8 12	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12
9 18	9 13	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
10 5	9 9	9 9	8 4	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 4	8 4	8 14
9 9	9 8	9 8	9 5	9 4	9 6½	9 4½	9 4	9 2½	9 0	8 12
100	100	100	108	108	102	108	108	105	106	109

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—*continued*.

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING									
		30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	29th February 1918.	15th March 1918.		
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.		
Port . . .	Karachi . . .	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 0	6 0	6 0		
	Bombay* . . .	5 12	5 7	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2		
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 0	7 12		
	Ferozepore . . .	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8		
	Amritsar . . .	8 8	8 4	8 6	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 4	8 8		
	Rawalpindi . . .	8 8	7 12	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	6 8	6 8		
	Lyallpur . . .	8 4	8 0	7 8	8 0	8 0	8 8	8 4	8 8		
	Multan . . .	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2	8 2		
	Ambala . . .	8 8	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 0	7 12	7 12	8 0		
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	8 10	7 12	7 12½	7 12	8 0	7 10	7 0	7 6		
United Provinces . . .	Benares . . .	8 13	8 4	8 1½	8 1½	8 1½	7 5½	7 5½	7 7½		
	Cawnpore . . .	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	7 8	7 4	8 0		
	Meerut . . .	8 4	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 4	8 0		
	Agra . . .	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 12	6 8	6 8		
	Lucknow . . .	8 4	7 8	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 4	9 0		
	Aligarh . . .	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 4	7 12	7 12		
	Shahjahanpur . . .	9 2	8 11	8 14	8 4	8 1	7 10	7 10	8 10		
	Fyzabad . . .	...	8 14	8 4	8 0	8 2	8 0	7 14	9 2		
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	Nagpur . . .	8 5	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11		
	Jubbulpore . . .	7 14	7 12	7 8	7 6	6 14	7 4	7 10	7 10		
	Raipur . . .	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	9 8		
	Akola . . .	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	6 9		
North-West Frontier Province . . .	Peshawar . . .	8 13	8 2	8 0	8 0	7 13	7 13	7 8	7 13		
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	6 0	6 0	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6		
	Ahmednagar . . .	7 4	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8		
	Ahmedabad . . .	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 0		
	Dharwar . . .	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	8 6	7 15	7 15		
Bihar and Orissa . . .	Patna . . .	10 0	9 0	8 8	9 0	9 0	7 8	7 0	8 0		
	Bhagalpur . . .	8 12	8 8	8 14	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0		
	Muzaffarpur . . .	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 0	7 0		
	Ranehi . . .	7 0	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0		
	Cuttack . . .	7 14	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 14	7 14	7 14		
Burma . . .	Amberst (Moulmein) . . .	5 1	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0		
	Mandalay . . .	8 14	8 9	7 12	7 12	8 4	7 12	7 12	7 5		
(Median Average) . . .		8 4½	7 14	7 12	7 12	7 15½	7 9	7 6½	7 12		
Index Numbers (a) . . .		115	121	123	123	120	126	129	128		

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 20 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th September 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight
31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	Per cent.
6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 0	7 0	Nil
4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 12	4 12	4 12	4 12	4 7	4 7	3 13	+16
8 0	8 0	8 8	9 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 0	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 0	+11
8 12	8 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 8	10 4	9 8	8 8	8 4	8 0	7 4	+10
8 10	9 0	9 8	9 10	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 4	8 0	8 0	7 4	+10
6 4	7 8	6 12	8 0	8 4	7 8	7 10	7 8	7 8	6 12	7 2	7 0	+2
9 8	9 0	9 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	9 4	8 6	8 2	8 4	7 8	+10
8 6	8 2	8 14	10 4	10 4	9 12	9 8	9 0	8 12	8 0	7 12	7 8	+2
8 14	8 8	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 2	8 12	7 12	7 12	7 2	+9
7 14	7 11	8 6	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	5 12	+22
8 10	9 8	8 16	8 14	8 13	8 11	8 4	8 8	7 10	7 9	6 14	...	...
8 4	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	7 0	7 4	6 8	7 0	5 12	+22
7 8	8 12	10 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 12	8 4	7 8	7 0	7 12	6 0	+12
7 0	7 0	7 8	8 4	8 4	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 12	7 0	7 1	6 2	+15
8 12	8 12	9 4	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	8 0	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 0	+17
9 0	9 0	10 8	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	8 12	8 0	7 12	7 4	6 12	+7
8 10	8 14	10 0	9 9	9 14	9 8	8 14	8 7	8 0	6 14	6 14	6 1	+13
9 10	9 6	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 4	9 4	9 0	7 12	7 8	7 6	7 0	+5
7 11	7 11	7 10	7 0	6 11	6 11	6 11	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 1	5 12	+5
7 10	8 14	8 8	8 8	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	6 14	6 12	6 0	+12
9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	6 2	6 4	-2
5 14	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 10	6 10	6 10	6 10	6 10	5 13	5 8	+6
7 10	8 0	8 8	8 5	8 8	9 5	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	+2
5 6	5 6	5 6	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	3 14	+24
5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 7	5 1	4 11	4 5	+9
6 0	5 0	5 8	5 8	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 8	4 8	+22
7 15	7 15	7 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	5 9	5 2	5 2	4 14	+5
8 12	*10 8	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	9 8	9 0	8 8	8 0	+6
9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	+1
7 0	8 0	*9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	7 0	7 0	Nil
6 0	*6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 12	6 4	6 4	6 0	6 0	Nil
7 14	6 9	6 9	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 8	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	Nil
7 0	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	Nil
7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5	6 14	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	5 14	+14
7 14	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 10	8 9	8 6	7 10	7 9	7 0	7 0	6 2	+14
121	120	118	118	111	111	114	125	127	137	137	156	

* Revised figure.

† Since reported.

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th September as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	31st August.	15th September	Increase or Decrease.	31st August.	15th September	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India . . .	100	114	+14	100	101	+1
Punjab . . .	100	107	+7	100	100	Nil
United Provinces.	100	115	+15	100	100	Nil
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	104	+4	100	105	+5

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	KARACHI				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE PERRY).		CALCUTTA CLIVE No. 2.	
	WHITE (5% HARLEY 3% DIRT, AND 30% RED)		RED (5% HARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 93% RED)					
	Price	Index Numbers	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
Week ending 30th July 1914	s. d. 31 6	100	s. d. 31 3	100	s. d. 32 9	100	s. d. 34 9½	100
" 6th August "	31 3	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	100
" 3rd September "	34 6	110	34 3	110	...	...	34 10½	100
" 1st October "	35 9	113	35 1½	113	33 7	103	...	...
" 5th November "	38 9	123	38 0	123	34 9½	106	41 8½	120
" 3rd December "	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	127
" 30th " "	41 3	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	...
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	136
" 4th February "	45 0	113	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	140
" 25th " "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 2	126	50 10	146
" 4th March "	44 6	141	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	143
" 1st April "	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	117
" 6th May "	37 6	119	36 9	118	38 5	117	34 4½	99
" 3rd June "	36 6	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	100
" 2nd July "	34 0	108	33 3	106	...	...	35 10½	103
" 23rd " "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	107
" 6th August "	34 9	110	34 0	109	...	...	38 7½	111
" 27th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	41 4½	126	39 4½	113
" 3rd September "	36 3	115	35 3	113	42 1	128	40 10	117
" 29th " "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	123	40 4½	116
" 8th October "	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	117
" 5th November "	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	122
" 3rd December "	36 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	120
" 7th January 1916	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	42 4	122
" 4th February "	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	109
" 3rd March "	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 5	114	38 10	113
" 7th April "	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	108	32 11	95
" 5th May "	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 8	103	32 11	96
" 12th " "	34 3	109	30 0	96	33 8	103	32 5	98
" 2nd June "	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 3	96
" 30th " "	29 0	93	28 9	93	33 4	103	32 8	94
" 7th July "	29 9	94	29 6	94	34 0	104	32 5	93
" 14th " "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	103	32 3	96
" 28th " "	33 6	106	33 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	98
" 4th August "	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	32 10½	94
" 11th " "	35 0	111	34 6	110	36 0½	110	34 1½	98
" 25th " "	35 10½	114	34 10½	112	36 5	111	34 4½	99
" 31st " "	36 3	115	34 3	113	36 2½	111	33 4½	96
" 8th September "	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	98
" 22nd " "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	98
" 13th October "	36 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	106	34 1½	98
" 20th " "	34 3	109	33 3	106	34 4	105	34 1½	98
" 27th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 2	107	34 1½	98
" 3rd November "	36 3	115	35 3	113	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 10th " "	36 9	117	35 9	114	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 17th " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 7	112	36 10	103
" 24th " "	37 9	120	36 9	115	37 3	120	37 10	109
" 1st December "	38 6	122	37 6	120	39 8	120	41 1	118
" 8th " "	38 9	123	37 9	121	39 4	120	40 7	117
" 22nd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	39 0	116	38 10	112
" 29th " "	39 3	125	38 3	123	37 6	114	...	...
" 5th January, 1917	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 1	116	39 3	113
" 12th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	38 3	117	39 4	116
" 19th " "	40 3	128	39 3	125	37 6	114	38 4	115
" 26th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	38 3	117	39 4	116

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, OCTOBER 19, 1918.

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*
IN LONDON.

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DEHLI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
30th July, 1914	39 6 July-Aug.	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st August "	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st October "	44 9	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th November "	48 3	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th December "	50 6	128	50 0	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May sellers.	100
30th " "	51 6 May-June.	130	58 0	106	52 0	102	...	...	...	...	52 0 April-May.	103
8th January, 1915	52 3 Do.	132	Jany.-Feb.	...	58 3 May-June.	105	...	...	...	...	58 6 Do.	106
4th February "	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4 Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	...
25th " "	60 3 Do.	153	Do.	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar-April.	128
4th March "	59 0 Do.	149	Do.	...	59 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	118
8th April "	58 0 Do.	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 3 Do.	127
6th May "	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	129
12th " "	68 9 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do.	127	68 0	100	87 0	100	...	...
4th June "	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	93	61 0 June-July.	121
2nd July "	53 0 June	134	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	105	53 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	52 9 Do.	104
23rd " "	56 0 July	142	55 7 1/2 July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	83	56 3 July	84	51 9 July	110
6th August "	56 6	143	56 1 1/2	112	56 9	112	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
27th " "	54 0	137	56 1 1/2	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
3rd September "	54 0 July, Sellers.	137	53 7 1/2 July, Sellers.	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July, Sellers	85	...	...
24th Sept., '15 to	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18th April, '16	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th April to	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15th May 1916.	63 0 May-June.	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th May, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd and 9th June, 1916	57 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th June, 1916	56 0 June, Sellers.	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23rd " "	55 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30th " June to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7th July, 1916.	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th July, 1916	59 0 Do.	149	58 6 July-Aug. Sellers.	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	61 3 Do. Sellers.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	65 0 Aug-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11th " "	71 0 Do.	180	70 6 Aug-Sept.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	69 3 Do. Sellers.	175	68 9 Do., Sellers.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25th " "	72 0 Do. Sept.-Oct.	182	Nominal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31st " "	73 6 Sept., Sellers.	184	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th September, "	73 0 Oct., Paid.	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	72 8 Oct., Sellers.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23rd " "	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30th " "	71 9, Sellers.	182	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th October "	72 8 Oct., Paid.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th " "	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21st " "	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd November "	79 3, Paid	200	Nominal.	...	79 6 Sellers.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
10th " "	80 0, Passage	203	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th " "	80 3 Nov.-Dec., Sellers.	203	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
24th " "	81 3 Paid	205	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st December "	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th and 16th Dec. 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th December, 1916	83 0 Paid	208	81 6 Paid.	163	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd to 29th Dec., 1916.	No sellers	...	Nominal.	...	79 6 Do.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th to 12th Jan. 1917.	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...
13th and 26th Jan. 1917.	83 0	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*
IN INDIAN PORTS—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914=100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 White Freest).				CALCUTTA Club No. 2.			
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 8% DIRT, AND 90% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 8% DIRT, AND 92% RED).		Price.		Index Numbers.		Price.		Index Numbers.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.								
Week ending 2nd February 1917	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.				s. d.			
" 9th "	40 0	127	39 0	125	36 8	112			36 10		106	
" 16th "	39 6	125	38 6	123	37 2	113			36 10		106	
" 23rd "	38 3	121	37 3	119	37 2	113			37 4		107	
" 2nd March "	39 0	124	38 0	122	37 2	113			37 10		109	
" 9th "	38 7½	123	37 7½	120	36 9	112			38 4		110	
" 16th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 0	113			37 10		109	
" 23rd "	38 0	121	37 0	118	36 9	112			36 4		104	
" 30th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116			37 4		107	
" 6th April "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 4	114			37 4		107	
" 13th "	37 0	117	36 0	115	36 7	112			34 2		98	
" 20th "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 8	115			34 2		98	
" 27th "	34 6	110	33 6	107	37 2	113			34 8		100	
" 4th May "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 6	114			35 8		103	
" 11th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	37 8	115			35 10½		108	
" 18th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 2	120			35 2		101	
" 25th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119			35 5		102	
" 1st June "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119			36 1		104	
" 8th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 6	121			36 1		104	
" 15th "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 6	121			36 1		104	
" 22nd "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 2	120			36 1		104	
" 29th "	36 9	117	35 9	114	39 6	121			36 7		105	
" 6th July "	37 3	118	36 3	116	38 5	117			37 4		107	
" 13th "	37 3	118	36 3	116	38 1	116			37 4		107	
" 20th "	37 3	118	36 3	116	...	...			35 8		103	
" 27th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...			26 4		104	
" 3rd August "	36 0	114	35 0	112	36 3	111			36 4		104	
" 10th "	36 6	116	35 6	114	35 2	107			36 4		104	
" 17th "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 3	111			35 10		103	
" 24th "	37 3	118	36 3	116	37 2	113			35 10		103	
" 31st "	37 9	120	36 9	118	38 1	116			35 10		103	
" 7th September "	38 0	121	37 0	118	37 8	115			38 2		110	
" 14th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 11	116			37 4		107	
" 21st "	37 9	120	36 9	118	38 1	116			37 4		107	
" 28th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116			37 7		108	
" 5th October "	38 4	122	37 6	120	40 8	124			...		...
" 12th "	38 9	123	37 9	121	41 0	125			37 10		109	
" 19th "	38 9	123	37 9	121	40 1	122			37 1		107	
" 26th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	39 7	121			37 4		107	
" 2nd November "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 1	122			39 4		113	
" 9th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	40 8	124			42 10		123	
" 16th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123			42 4		123	
" 23rd "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123			40 10		117	
" 30th "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 2	123			41 7		120	
" 7th December "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 5	123			...		...
" 14th "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 5	123			45 10		132	
" 21st "	43 0	137	42 0	134	41 0	125			46 4		133	
" 28th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 3	123			44 10		129	
" 4th January, 1918 "	42 3	134	41 3	132	40 2	123			45 7		131	
" 11th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	39 11	122			45 7		131	
" 18th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 5	123			44 10		129	
" 25th "	40 0	127	39 0	125	40 10	125			48 10		140	
" 1st February "	39 3	125	38 3	122	41 3	126			51 1		147	
" 8th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	41 1	125			48 4		139	
" 15th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 6	124			40 4		116	
" 22nd "	42 6	135	41 6	133	40 6	124			39 4		113	
" 1st March "	42 6	135	41 6	133	40 9	124			40 10		117	
" 8th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 2	126			40 10		117	
" 15th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 9	127			41 1		118	
" 22nd "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 10	128			42 10		123	
" 29th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 3	126			40 4		116	
" 5th April "	41 6	132	40 6	130	42 1	128			39 4		113	
" 12th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	43 5	133			39 10		114	
" 19th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 9	134			40 4		116	
" 26th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 7	133			41 1		116	
" 3rd May "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 11	134			40 4		116	
" 10th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 6	130			41 1		116	
" 17th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	46 8	142			40 10		117	
" 24th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	42 10	131			40 10		117	
" 31st "	42 6	135	41 6	133	48 1	147			40 4		116	
" 7th June "	42 0	133	41 0	131	47 8	146			41 7		120	
" 14th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	49 8	152			43 4		125	
" 21st "	41 6	132	40 6	130	49 9	152			44 10		130	
" 28th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	50 7	153			45 1		130	
" 5th July "	41 6	132	40 6	130	50 9	153			45 7		131	
" 12th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	53 9	164			46 4		133	
" 19th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	55 10	170			47 7		137	
" 26th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 7	164			51 10		142	
" 2nd August "	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 3	169			48 1		138	
" 9th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	56 2	173			50 10		146	
" 16th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	59 6	183			50 10		146	
" 23rd "	44 0	140	43 0	138	60 5	184			55 10		160	
" 30th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	61 10	189			72 3		203	
" 6th September "	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 11	174			70 8		203	
" 13th "	45 0	143	44 0	141								
" 20th "	46 0	146	45 6	146								
" 27th "	52 0	165	51 6	165								
" 4th October "	52 0	165	51 6	165								

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*IN LONDON—*contd.*

[Index Numbers.—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DALHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
2nd February to 30th March 1917	83 0 Feb.-Mar. & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers ..	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th April ..	83 0 April-May	210	Do. .	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
13th Apl. to 4th May '17	85 0 " "	215	Do. .	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
5th to 11th May ..	86 9 May-June quoted.	220	Do. .	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
18th May to 6th July..	86 9 ..	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	...	..
13th to 20th July ..	86 9 ..	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	89 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
27th July to 10th Aug. 1917.	No sellers. Nominal ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th to 24th Aug. ..	86 9 sellers .	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	...	...
31st Aug. 1917 ..	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 N.	172	86 9 N.	171	89 6 N.	132	86 9 N.	129	...	...
7th September '17 to 2nd Jan. '18	78 0. .	197	77 6	155	77 6	153	79 0	116	..	...	78 0	154
3rd January to 4th October '18.	80 0 .	203	79 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	...	80 0	158

NOTE.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly by the Chambers of Commerce. The statistics for London are compiled from Reuters' telegrams.

COTTON PRESS RETURN

No. 24 OF 1917-18.

PREFATORY NOTE.

THE COTTON SEASON, 1917-18.

The yield of the cotton crop of 1917-18 was estimated in February, 1918, at 4,035,000 bales on an area of 24,781,000 acres, as compared with 4,489,000 bales on an area of 21,745,000 acres, the revised final figures of the preceding year. There was a decrease of 10 per cent in outturn. There were 1,675,000 bales of cotton pressed in the pressing factories, and 541,000 bales of unpressed cotton received in the spinning mills, from 1st September, 1917, to 31st August, 1918, as against 2,169,000 bales and 527,000 bales, respectively, during the corresponding period of last year, showing a decrease of 23 per cent in the case of presses, but an increase of 3 per cent in the case of mills. Too much stress should not be laid on the accuracy of these returns as a means of checking the forecast estimates of outturn, as there is at present no system in vogue of furnishing complete returns from all presses and mills. The figures for the Native States of Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore are, as will be seen from the footnotes to the tables, mostly incomplete and have been excluded from this comparison.

1.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 31st August, 1918.

(Season 1917-18, i.e., from 1st September, 1917, to 31st August, 1918.)

Provinces or State	Total estimated output of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (a)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half- month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY PRESSED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 31st AUGUST (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda . . .	1,571,000	38.9	198	5	11,683	542,864	548,604
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States) . . .	591,000	14.6	168	...	...	401,066	669,885
Madras	569,000	14.1	56	44	(b) 13,309	407,240	(c) 393,447
Punjab (including Native States)	271,000	6.7	92	...	...	70,349	161,724
United Provinces	198,000	4.9	85	...	...	125,407	245,186
Sind	67,000	1.7	15	...	...	41,354	55,050
Burma	54,000	1.3	16	...	...	60,035	50,780
Bihar and Orissa	17,000	0.4	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	19,000	0.5	3	...	...	11,937	11,630
Assam	12,000	0.3	...	...	...	...	...
North-West Frontier Province	10,000	0.3	1	1	...	4,186	3,126
Ajmer-Merwara	14,000	0.4	9	1	...	10,223	33,083
Delhi . . . . .	...	...	1	...	...	121	1,177
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (a)	3,398,000	84.1	644	51	24,992	1,674,732	2,168,642
Hyderabad	450,000	11.2	44	(e)	(e)	...	3,541
Central India	116,000	2.9	35	(e)	(e)	...	...
Rajputana	54,000	1.3	10	(e)	(e)	1,727	46,636
Mysore	22,000	0.5	3	(e)	(e)	17,958	12,490
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)	642,000	15.9	92	...	...	19,685	62,717
GRAND TOTAL	4,035,000	100	736	51	24,992	1,694,417	2,231,359

(a) The figures in column 2 are the final estimates for 1917-18.

(b) Figures for the weeks ending 24th and 31st August, 1918.

(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

(f) Revised figure.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 31st August, 1918
(Season 1917-18, i.e., from 1st September, 1917, to 31st August, 1918.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 31st AUGUST (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
				Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda	165	24	11,090	342,103	300,476
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)	10	8	3	44,697	45,288
Madras	12	11	(a) 1,653	21,893	(c) 6,624
Punjab	3	1	233	9,146	7,182
United Provinces	15	...	...	10,486	19,871
Sind	1	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Bengal	10	8	4,829	99,418	95,413
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	778	10,367	42,874
Delhi	3	...	...	3,101	9,456
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)	221	54	18,586	541,211	526,934
Hyderabad	3	(f)	(f)	3,870	4,189
Central India	5	(f)	(f)	23,315	37,412
Mysore	2	(f)	(f)	1,906	1,612
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)	10	...	...	29,091	43,213
GRAND TOTAL	231	54	18,586	570,302	570,147

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of unpressed cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton coming through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 24th and 31st August, 1918.

(b) No returns received.

(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(e) Revised figure.

(f) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in the Spinning Mills, from 1st September, 1917, to 31st August, 1918, in British Provinces (including Native States within provincial boundaries).

Province	Total estimated output of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 31st August, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 31st August, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 2 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda	1,571,000	542,864	342,103	884,967	56.3
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)	591,000	401,066	44,697	445,763	75.4
Madras	568,000	407,240	21,893	429,133	75.4
Punjab (including Native States)	281,000	74,656	12,347	86,903	30.9
North-West Frontier Province					
Delhi	198,000	125,407	10,486	135,893	68.6
United Provinces					
Sind	87,000	41,354	...	41,354	61.7
Burma	54,000	60,035	...	60,035	111.2
Bengal	48,000	11,937	99,418	111,355†	232.0
Bihar and Orissa					
Assam	14,000	10,328	10,367	20,695†	147.1
Ajmer-Merwara					
TOTAL	2,593,000	1,694,782	541,211	2,235,993	86.3

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.

* See footnote (a) to statement I.

† Includes cotton received from other provinces.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

October 11, 1918.

G. FINDLAY SHIRREAS,

Director of Statistics.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 42. } **SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1918.**

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 18th October 1918

No. 49.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Thompson, of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 50.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Patrick James Pagan, C.S.I., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 51.—Mr. Satish Chandra Gupta, Barrister-at-Law, Legal Assistant, Legislative Department, Government of India, has been granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 17th October, 1918.

No. 52.—Mr. C. H. F. Pereira, Registrar, Legislative Department, Government of India, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the appointment of Legal Assistant in the Legislative Department in addition to his own duties during the absence on leave of Mr. S. C. Gupta.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

(1649)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 15th October, 1918.

No 1280.—The services of Mr J Hullah, Indian Civil Service, officiating Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, are placed at the disposal of the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th October 1918

The 16th October 1918

No 1290.—In the Home Department notification no 1010, dated the 26th August 1918, regarding the grant of privilege leave to Mr U C Stuart, a temporary Superintendent in the Home Department, for "two months" read "two months and twelve days"

J H DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

JUDICIAL.

The 14th October 1918.

No. 976.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 25, sub-section (1), of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the following Original Suits from the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Coorg to the High Court of Judicature at Madras:—

(1) Original Suit No 1 of 1917—

K Kuttappa and others,

versus

K. Appayya and others

(2) Original Suit No 2 of 1917—

K. Kuttappa and others

versus

The District Magistrate of Coorg and another.

S R HIGNELL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

The 16th October, 1918

No 988—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Lower Burma Courts Act, 1900 (VI of 1900), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr H S Pratt, I.C.S., at present a temporary Additional Judge of the Chief Court Lower Burma, to officiate as a Judge of the Chief Court with effect from the 1st November 1918, during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble Mr Justice Rigg, I.C.S. or until further orders

J H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India

MEDICAL.

The 14th October, 1918.

No 469—Civil Assistant Surgeon R N Bhatia, M.B., F.R.C.S., (Edin), is appointed to be Professor of Surgery at King George's Medical College, Lucknow, as a temporary measure, with effect from the date on which he takes charge of the duties of that office.

S. R. HIGNELL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

The 16th October, 1918.

No. 479—The services of Brevet Colonel H F. Cleveland, C.I.E., V.D.O., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

The 18th October, 1918.

No. 482.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab with effect from the dates noted against their names. Their services will remain temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

Major H. Hallilay, M.B., I.M.S.	...	...	16th August 1917.
Major A. K. Laudie, M.B., I.M.S.	...	...	1st October 1917.
Major W. W. Jeudwine, C.M.G., M.D., I.M.S.	...	...	20th December 1917.

POLICE.

The 17th October, 1918.

No. 1079.—Sir Charles Cleveland, K.C.I.E., K.B.E., I.C.S., Director, Central Intelligence, is granted privilege leave for 6 weeks, with effect from the 15th November 1918.

No. 1080.—Mr. D. V. B. Hare-Scott, Deputy Director, Central Intelligence, appointed to officiate as Director, Central Intelligence, during the absence on leave of Sir Charles Cleveland, or until further orders.

No. 1081.—Mr. G. C. Denham, C.I.E., O.B.E., on special duty, is appointed to officiate until further orders as Deputy Director, Central Intelligence, with effect from the 15th November 1918.

WAR.

The 16th October, 1918.

No. 224.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Foreigners Ordinance, 1914 (III of 1914), read with the Emergency Legislation (Continuance) Act, 1915, (I of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the orders regulating and restricting the entry of foreigners into British India and their departure therefrom, issued with the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, no. 909, dated the 22nd August 1914, as subsequently amended, namely :—

After clause 1 of the said orders the following shall be inserted as clause 2, namely :—

“ 2. No foreigner shall depart from British India by sea for Ceylon or Portuguese India or for any port in British India.”

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 12th October, 1918.

No. 1872-G.—Under Section 3 of the Persian Coast and Islands Order in Council, 1907, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant Archibald Craigmile Duff, I.A.R.O., on special duty under the orders of the Hon'ble the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, to be a Judicial Assistant to His Majesty's Consul-General for Fars and the Coasts and Islands of the Persian Gulf, *vice* 2nd Lieutenant B. H. Bourdillon, I.A.R.O., with effect from the 1st October 1918.

The 15th October, 1918.

No. 2279-Est. A.—The undermentioned officers have been placed on special duty under the orders of the Hon'ble the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the date noted against each :—

Major J. Davidson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.	2nd May 1918.
Capt. A. G. H. Sievwright, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.	2nd May 1918.
Lieutenant H. F. Warren, 1-5th Battalion, Hampshire Regiment.	2nd May 1918.

Lieutenant V. H. Hoogwerf, Indian Army Reserve of Officers. 10th May 1918.

Lieutenant S. V. Guest, Indian Army Reserve of Officers. 14th May 1918.

Lieutenant N. V. Ringrow, Indian Army Reserve of Officers. 18th May 1918.

A. H. GRANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 15th October, 1918.

No. 2277-Est. A.—Mr. J. G. C. Scott, Indian Educational Service, is appointed as Principal, Duly College, Indore, *sub pro tem.*, with effect from the 16th September 1918, and until further orders.

The 16th October, 1918.

No. 3337-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. Bocquet, Inspector of Mines, Kolar Gold Fields, being a European British Subject, to be a Justice of the Peace within the State of Mysore.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 18th October, 1918.

No. 1331-F.E.—Mr. W. J. Jones, Assistant Accountant General and Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 2nd October 1918.

No. 1332-F.E.—Mr. N. Sethurama Ayyar, officiating Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, office of the Accountant General, Madras, was granted privilege leave from the 15th August to the 9th September 1918.

Paragraph 2 of Notification No. 1239-F. E., dated the 26th September 1918, published on page 1527 of Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 28th September 1918, relating to Mr. Sethurama Ayyar has been cancelled.

M. M. S. GUBBAY,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION

Simla, the 18th October, 1918.

No. 26.—Mr. B. H. Moss, Sub-Engineer and Honorary Assistant Engineer, Punjab, is appointed to the Provincial service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, and is posted to the Punjab.

F. C. ROSE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

AGRICULTURE.

Simla, the 16th October, 1918.

No. 1019-357.—Dr. W. H. Harrison, Imperial Agricultural Chemist, is appointed to officiate as Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India, in addition to his own duties, for the period that Mr. J. MacKenna, C.I.E., I.C.S., officiates as Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, or until further orders.

The notification of the Government of India in this Department, No. 985, dated the 20th September 1918, in so far as it relates to Dr. Harrison, is hereby cancelled.

The 17th October, 1918.

No. 1032-358.—Mr. J. Hullah, I.C.S., is appointed Deputy Foodstuffs Commissioner with the Government of India, with effect from the 14th October 1918, afternoon.

J. MACKENNA,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS—WAB.

Simla, the 19th October, 1918.

No. 11363.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in this Department Notification No. 1223-D, dated the 8th December 1917 :—

In the preamble *insert* the word "Finland" *before* the word "Norway".

From proviso (1) (g) *delete* the words "wood pulp, mechanical (not including cellulose)".

POST OFFICE.

The 19th October, 1918.

No. 11443.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st November 1918, the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In rule 1 of the said rules, under the head *parcels*, for the entries—

"(a) *Parcels not exceeding 440 tolas in weight*—

For a parcel not exceeding forty tolas in weight ... Two annas.

For every additional forty tolas or part of that weight ... Two annas.

(b) *Parcels exceeding 440 tolas in weight*—

For a parcel exceeding 440 tolas, but not exceeding 180 tolas

in weight ... Three Rupees.

For every additional forty tolas or part of that weight ... Four annas."

the following shall be substituted —

"(a) For a parcel not exceeding twenty tolas in weight .. Two annas.

(b) For a parcel exceeding twenty tolas, but not exceeding

eight hundred tolas ... Four annas for every
forty tolas or
fraction thereof."

TRADING BY FOREIGNERS.

The 19th October, 1918.

No. 11429.—Whereas certain hostile foreigners were on the 3rd of August 1914 members of the Leipzig Evangelical Lutheran Mission, Rangoon, and whereas the said Mission or religious association is a Company within the definition contained in section 2 of the Enemy Trading Act, 1916 (X of 1916) .

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 12 of the said Act, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the powers conferred by section 7 of the said Act shall extend to the property moveable and immoveable of the said Mission.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

EDUCATION.

Simla the 18th October, 1918

No 875.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to renominate the following gentlemen to be Ordinary Fellows of the University.

(1) The Hon'ble Sir R. N. Mookerjee, K.C.I.E. (with effect from 22nd January 1919)

(2) Revd. Dr. G. Howells, M.A., Ph.D., B.Litt., B.D. (with effect from 5th December 1918).

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 18th October 1918.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 2415—Major H. W. Woodall, The Dorsetshire Regiment, is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 30th September 1918.

No. 2416—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while holding appointments as Platoon Commanders at a School of Instruction, with effect from the dates shown against their names:—

Second Lieutenant E. A. Paury, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 4th Wiltshire Regiment. Dated 20th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant R. L. Curphey, 4th East Lancashire Regiment. Dated 6th September 1918.

(Army Department Notification No. 2215, dated the 27th September 1918, is cancelled.)

No. 2417—Lieutenant N. S. Willis, Royal Army Medical Corps, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Assistant Embarkation Staff Officer (Medical). Dated 12th March 1918.

No. 2418—In Army Department Notification No. 1264 dated the 14th June 1918, for "1st May 1918" read "25th February 1918."

No. 2419—In Army Department Notification No. 1961, dated the 30th August 1918, for "Lieutenant (temporary Captain) G. G. Rickell" read "Captain G. G. Rickell."

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2420—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Brevet-Colonel Richard Alexander Steel, C I E, 17th Cavalry. Dated 5th October 1918.

Captain to be Major.

Geoffrey Valence Comyn, Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 10th October 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

William Boyd Gilligan, attached 85th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 14th July 1917.

Geoffrey Pitt, attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 10th September 1918.

James Fiddes, attached 88th Carnatic Infantry

Bertie Percival Dicker, attached 83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry. } Dated 12th September 1918.

Eric Douglas Macvean, attached 7th Haryana Lancers.

Harry Eden Thornton, attached 96th Berar Infantry. Dated 25th September 1918.

Wallscourt Steen Kelly, attached 94th Russell's Infantry. Dated 17th October 1918.

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

Dated 1st September 1918.

Archibald Brown.

Walter Taylor.

William Frederick Husband.

Frederick George Wicks. Dated 12th September 1918.

Charles Joseph Roberts.

Frederick William Cesari Elles.

Harold Richard Down.

Dated 13th September 1918.

James Wilfred Cockerill

Angus McCuish.

Trevor Charles Cotton.

David Crozier. Dated 14th September 1918.

Ernest Dumper. Dated 25th September 1918.

Stanley David Cross.

Arthur Alexander Stephen.

Dated 1st October 1918.

Albert John Moore.

Ernest Charles Freeman.

Cyril Jack Wyatt.

Bertiam Frederick Fox

George William Walton.

Thomas George Warwick

Leonard William Samuel Middleweek.

Samuel Norman Roberts.

Herbert Harpham Rhodes.

Harry Peak Dyson.

Thomas Percy Jones.

Maurice Hiram Wood.

Frank Harold Cullingford.

Ernest Frank Bugler.

Samuel George Stephens Rose.

Reginald Robert Mitchell.

Clement Edgar Bowditch.

Samuel John Guppy.

Charles Baker Lambden.

Herbert Reginald Belben.

Charles Rendall.

Louis Leslie Bunce.

Herbert George Leat.

Wilfred John Manthei.

Edgar John Chapman.

Dated 5th October 1918.

George Challice Josland.
 Alfred John Eite Armstrong.
 Albert Ernest Watson.
 Albert Alexander Wright.
 Philip George Hammond Gibson.
 George Henry Clack.
 Frank Marlow Pugh.
 Harold Frederick Holbrook.
 Walter Langley Curley.
 Archibald Tom Hore.
 Eric Mesney Hodder.
 Frederick Norman Carter.
 William Ewart Laver.
 Ronald Harry Pitt.
 George Hartle Horace Carter.
 Thomas Harold Cliffe Brown.
 Henry James Farley.
 Cecil Thomas Ashton.
 Ernest Richard Pook.
 Peter Wiseman Rottie Stephen.
 Robert Hume.
 Arthur John Shepard.
 Sidney Havelock Buloy.
 William Edwin Waitt.
 Henry John Newnham.
 Fredric Van Houten.
 William Greenwood Spencer.
 William Francis Bell.
 Charles Page.
 Frederick Claud Valentine Swanborough.
 William Ernest Dover.
 Edwin Wykes.
 George Mallan Baker.

Patrick Stephen Mullarkey.
 Henry Alexander Woods.
 George Howitt.
 Algernon Percy Grimmith Stone.
 Charles James Bishton Linell.
 Frederick Ernest Ingram.
 Stanley Hugh Harmer.
 Lionel Leslie Linker.
 Archibald Charles Henry Stillman.
 Clarence Edwin Brett.
 John Vinson Higgs.
 Norman Richard Cleaver.
 Herbert Woods.
 Percy Ralph White.
 Frederick John Bonner.
 Edward Henry Wallace.
 William Richard James
 Edward Hubert Hallam
 Arthur Frederick Murrell.
 Thomas George Mugford
 Percy Cecil Legg.
 Gordon Waight.
 Herbert Harvey
 Sydney Herbert Hewitt.
 Thomas Louis Brookes.
 Montague George Richmond.
 Charles Victor Bethell.
 Albert James Falkenstein
 Philip Anthony Tietgenmeier.
 Walter Henry Saunders.
 Francis Kind.
 Samuel Hughes.

William John Combear. Dated 10th October 1918.

No. 2421.—Captain W. A. K. Fraser, M.C., 39th King George's Own Central India Horse, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding a special appointment graded as Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General. Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 2422.—Major (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) Hercules Neville Francis MacDonnell Military Accounts Department, will have seniority in the rank of Major, next below Major Allen Edwin Johnson, and next above Major Gerald Leslie Pepys, D.S.O., his forfeited seniority having been restored for good service in the field.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2423.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 2233, dated the 27th September 1918, it is notified that Major General Hendley's tenure of appointment will reckon from the 6th September 1918.

No. 2424.—Major C. A. Sprawson, M.D., to be temporary Lieutenant-Colonel while holding the appointment of Consulting Physician, Amara, with effect from the 8th November 1917.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army.

No. 2425.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Alexander Robertson to be Commissary with the honorary rank of Major, subject to His Majesty's approval ;

Supernumerary Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Michael Cahill to be supernumerary Deputy Commissary with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval ;

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George Henry Edward Guerdon, seconded, to be Deputy Commissary with the honorary rank of Captain and to remain seconded subject to His Majesty's approval ;

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Arthur Theodore Petri to be Deputy Commissary with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval ;

Conductor Jonathan Balmforth to be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval ;

vice Commissary and Honorary Major Robert Sharpe, supernumerary, on attaining the age of 55 years ; with effect from the 28th September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE.

No. 2426.—The following promotions are made subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Cavalry Branch.

Archibald William Harrison. Dated 16th April 1918.

Infantry Branch.

William Leonard Pollard Willison Dated 2nd September 1918.

Henry Alley Palmer. Dated 14th September 1918

*Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.**Cavalry Branch*

Harry Witchell. Dated 29th June 1918

Infantry Branch.

William Henry St John Sleane Dated 26th January 1918.

Ernest Williamson Logan Dated 25th March 1918.

Henry Arthur Eric Barker. Dated 26th April 1918

Harry Rostron Dated 26th April 1918

Charles Whitfield Perraton. Dated 30th May 1918.

Thomas Henry Coles Dated 30th May 1918

Horace Charles Druett Dated 29th August 1918

Donald Bruce Bowo Harris Dated 29th August 1918.

John Griville Bullocke. Dated 29th August 1918.

Basil Ogilvie Breton Dated 26th September 1918.

William Donald Francis Dated 26th September 1918

Norton Stephen Crockett Dated 26th September 1918

Aubrey Simons Piper Parmenter Dated 15th October 1918.

Ronald Wynne Oliphant Dated 19th October 1918

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants

T. S. Smith. Dated 5th April 1918

W. Dorward Dated 13th April 1918.

F B Wilkins. Dated 19th April 1918.

P. S. Doubell. Dated 25th April 1918

R L. Stephen. Dated 25th April 1918.

H. E. Woolmer. Dated 7th May 1918

No 2427 - Lieutenant R A Coulson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while commanding a depot at Sibi; from 19th January 1918 to 28th July 1918.

No. 2428 - Lieutenant Edwin Alfred Dickens, V. D., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while employed as Commandant, Pallavaram Combined Porter Corps Depot. Dated 9th September 1918

No 2429. Second Lieutenant C H Clubbe, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Assistant Embarkation Staff Officer. Dated 15th September 1918.

No 2430 - Second Lieutenant William Sinclair, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain. Dated 26th September 1918.

No. 2431. - Second Lieutenant J. D. Penny Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 3rd grade. Dated 29th September 1918

No 2432. - Lieutenant Frank Herbert Jones, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while employed as Censor, Port Blair. Dated 1st October 1918

No 2433 - Second Lieutenant H. R. Fry, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Railway Transport Officer. Dated 4th October 1918

No 2434 - Lieutenant J R Blair, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 15th October 1918

No 2435 - The promotion of Crevelli Shelton Agar, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to the rank of Lieutenant, notified in Army Department Notification No 685, dated the 4th May 1917, is hereby cancelled

*INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.**2nd Karachi Brigade Mobile Artillery.*

No 2436 - The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval -

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Ernest Archibell Pearson. Dated 2nd October 1918

37th Calcutta Presidency Battalion

No 2437 - The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :-

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Clifford George Warren-Boulton.

Richard Francis Read

Roy Drummond Whitehorn

} Dated 3rd October 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No 2438. - The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :-

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery

Temporary Captain S. C. Hallett, Royal Horse Artillery, to be acting Major while commanding a Royal Artillery Depot. Dated 23rd July 1918.

Lieutenant G. Sanders, Royal Field Artillery, to be acting Captain while commanding a Royal Artillery Training Depot. Dated 23rd July 1918, *vice* Captain R. D. Newil, Royal Horse Artillery, relieved.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Second Lieutenant T. F. Hennessy to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 23rd August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. Bosher, transferred with effect from the 8th August 1918.

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

INFANTRY.

The Bedfordshire Regiment.

Lieutenant S. Williams to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while performing the duties of Adjutant. Dated 8th September 1917, *vice* Captain E. Small vacated.

British Convalescent Section.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) P. Clow, Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire, Regiment), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant of the British Convalescent Section, Dagahai. Dated 9th September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2439.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

3rd Skinner's Horse.

Lieutenant G. J. Eccles, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron, from 16th September 1917 to 18th September 1917, inclusive; *vice* Major V. A. Coaker, vacated with effect from the 1st September 1917.

Lieutenant H. B. Watson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 4th October 1917, *vice* Lieutenant G. J. Eccles, relieved with effect from the 19th September 1917.

Lieutenant A. N. Jefferis, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 3rd January 1918, to complete the establishment.

Lieutenant H. H. Lyons, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 16th April 1918, *vice* Major J. H. Bennett appointed temporary second-in-command, with effect from the 1st April 1918.

Major J. H. Bennett to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a regiment. Dated 19th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel E. W. Wall, C.M.G., specially employed, with effect from the 4th September 1918.

Captain W. A. Broadfoot to be acting Major while second-in-command of a regiment. Dated 19th September 1918, *vice* Major J. H. Bennett appointed temporary commandant, with effect from the 4th September 1918.

Lieutenant J. D. Hardie, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while temporary Adjutant of a Regiment. Dated 19th September 1918, *vice* Captain W. A. Broadfoot appointed temporary in command, with effect from the 4th September 1918.

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Captain W. T. Allen to be acting Major while commanding a depot, from 26th November 1917 to 1st May 1918, inclusive.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant W. G. Melvin, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a mobilised field park. Dated 4th September 1918.

5th Light Infantry.

Captain W. G. Strover to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 17th July 1918, *vice* Major G. A. M. Praed granted leave on medical certificate, with effect from the 2nd July 1918.

Lieutenant D. B. M. Rawbone, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 17th July 1918, *vice* Major G. A. M. Praed granted leave on medical certificate, with effect from the 2nd July 1918.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rifles.

Lieutenant E. A. Titchmarsh, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant R. G. McCall relinquishes the acting rank, with effect from the 31st August 1918.

Lieutenant V. J. Garrow, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. J. Asquith relinquishes the acting rank, with effect from the 6th September 1918.

22nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant F. H. Bourdillon, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th September 1918, *vice* Captain M. E. de B. Goldman-Monk, vacated with effect from the 21st August 1918.

34th Sikh Pioneers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. L. Young, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 29th August 1918.

35th Sikhs.

Lieutenant H. W. Andrew, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 17th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. J. Purves, vacated with effect from the 2nd September 1918.

Second Lieutenant T. G. Mugford, attached to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. J. Purves, vacated with effect from the 2nd September 1918.

38th Dogras

Lieutenant (acting Captain) I. Stewart, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant R. B. Ledward attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant, from 16th August 1918 to 31st August 1918 inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant I. Stewart, vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant A. Schneider attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. B. Ledward, vacated with effect from the 1st September 1918.

43rd Bikanpura Regiment

Lieutenant L. E. Randall to be acting Captain with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 22nd July 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant F. J. Harris, vacated with effect from the 7th July 1918.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Captain A. J. L. Wallace to be acting Major while commanding a depot, from 27th April 1918 to 2nd June 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain C. W. Molony, vacated with effect from the 19th April 1918.

Captain W. M. Grylls to be acting Major while commanding a depot, from 18th June 1918 to 16th July 1918, inclusive, *vice* Captain A. J. L. Wallace, vacated with effect from the 2nd June 1918.

Captain D. B. Mein, M.C., 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force), attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depot, from 20th July 1918 to 19th August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain W. M. Grylls, vacated with effect from the 5th July 1918.

Captain W. M. Tate, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force), attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 14th September 1918, *vice* Captain D. B. Mein, M.C., vacated with effect from the 20th August 1918.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force)

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. D. Hickie Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st August 1918.

Brevet-Major F. K. Fowler, M.C., to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 5th September 1918, *vice* Captain J. A. Clegg, vacated with effect from the 21st August 1918.

Lieutenant L. A. S. Clarke D.S.O., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant N. G. Guy, vacated with effect from the 6th August 1918.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

Captain J. M. R. Ford to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 30th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel G. C. Burn, relieved with effect from the 15th August 1918.

73rd Malabar Infantry.

Lieutenant R. F. Field to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st July 1918.

Lieutenant R. L. Maxwell to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. G. Chamberlain, relieved with effect from the 26th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. G. Chamberlain relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 26th August 1918.

75th Carnatic Infantry

Lieutenant F. K. Hillman to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant of the Depot. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. M. Han, relieved with effect from the 16th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. M. Han relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 16th September 1918.

81st Pioneers

Second Lieutenant J. G. Watson to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 14th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. H. Scott, relieved with effect from the 20th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. H. Scott relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th July 1918.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Macallum relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 10th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. W. A. Hamlyn relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 10th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant W. E. R. Jones to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant E. C. Freeman to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. E. R. Jones, vacated with effect from the 26th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. E. R. Jones relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 26th August 1918.

Lieutenant A. A. Robb to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. D. Robb, vacated with effect from the 1st September 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. D. Robb relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant F. C. E. Rendall to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. A. King, vacated with effect from the 16th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. A. King relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 16th September 1918.

(Army Department Notification No 2224, dated the 27th September 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank of Captain to Lieutenant A. A. Robb, is cancelled.)

(Army Department Notification No 2224, dated the 27th September 1918, so far as it relates to the relinquishment of the acting rank of Captain by Lieutenant J. A. King, is cancelled.)

94th Russell's Infantry.

Second Lieutenant G. A. Marks to be acting Captain while commanding a company to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 26th February 1918.

Lieutenant W. T. C. Clyde to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th June 1918, *vice* Major C. A. J. Smith, transferred with effect from the 25th May 1918.

Lieutenant W. G. Fennell to be acting Captain while commanding a company, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 9th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. A. Marks relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant C. G. Richdale to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th June 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. A. Marks, relieved with effect from the 20th May 1918.

Lieutenant S. M. Boddy to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. G. Fennell, relieved with effect from the 20th June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. G. Fennell relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 20th June 1918.

Lieutenant A. G. Scott to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. R. Richdale, relieved with effect from the 15th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. R. Richdale relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 15th July 1918.

95th Russell's Infantry.

Captain A. P. H. Cadell to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 26th November 1917, *vice* Major E. G. W. Pratt, vacated with effect from the 5th November 1917.

Captain (acting Major) A. P. H. Cadell relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 4th December 1917.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Captain (acting Major) R. B. Harward relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 8th September 1918.

106th Hazara Pioneers.

Lieutenant N. K. Boll, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a special company, from 19th March 1918 to 12th August 1918, inclusive.

112th Infantry.

Captain C. W. d'A. Steward to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 16th September 1918, *vice* Major A. H. Stuart-Menteth, relieved with effect from the 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant G. S. Carstairs to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, *vice* Captain E. de V. Moss, vacated with effect from the 24th September 1918.

119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Second Lieutenant J. R. Weston to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 17th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. R. Huggins, vacated.

122nd Rajputana Infantry.

Second Lieutenant J. F. Davies, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 2nd February 1918, *vice* Lieutenant D. R. Marchant, officiating Adjutant, vacated.

123rd Ouiram's Rifles.

Lieutenant J. Martin, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th June 1918, *vice* Captain T. R. Dawe, vacated with effect from the 5th June 1918.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Lieutenant M. A. Davies to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th August 1918.

Lieutenant F. E. Sheppard to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 23rd August 1918.

Second Lieutenant D. I. Gardiner to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 31st August 1918.

141st Bikaner Infantry.

Major G. T. Van der Gucht to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 20th July 1918.

Captain J. A. Collum to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 10th July 1918.

Lieutenant R. G. Innes to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd August 1918.

Lieutenant J. Wickham to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 11th July 1918.

Lieutenant A. G. Blake to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th July 1918.

Second Lieutenant R. S. Read to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while Adjutant of a Battalion. Dated 10th July 1918.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Dhermooz Rifles).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. H. D. Woolcombe, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 6th September 1918.

3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. W. Langlands relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 24th June 1918.

Lieutenant C. F. S. Nicholson to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 24th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. W. Langlands, vacated with effect from the 24th June 1918.

Lieutenant E. W. Langlands to be acting Captain while Assistant Commandant of a combined depot. Dated 24th June 1918.

Machine Gun Corps.

Lieutenant L. J. Lumby to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 18th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. W. Brierley, vacated with effect from the 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. W. Brierley relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Combined Labour Corps Depot, Bombay.

Lieutenant R. V. Norris, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while employed as Assistant Commandant, Combined Labour Corps Depot, Bombay. Dated 22nd September 1917.

Lieutenant G. W. Betteridge, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Adjutant and Quartermaster. Dated 22nd September 1917.

Lieutenant C. Kavanagh, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding Works Directorate Camp. Dated 22nd September 1917.

Lieutenant A. V. Stevens, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding Wali Bunder Camp. Dated 22nd September 1917.

Lieutenant C. J. Fitzpatrick, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding Rest Camp, Dadar. Dated 22nd September 1917.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. J. Fitzpatrick, Indian Army Reserve, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on being transferred. Dated 11th October 1917.

No. 2440.—Army Department Notification No. 2024, dated the 13th September 1918, so far as it relates to Lieutenant W. S. G. Cleland, Royal Scots Fusiliers, is hereby cancelled.

APPOINTMENTS.

GENERAL LIST.

INFANTRY.

No. 2441.—The undermentioned to be temporary Quartermasters, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Walter Good-Gaunt, from Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment).

Dated 5th October 1918.

Richard Beard, from Royal Field Artillery. Dated 5th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2442.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Lieutenants

Captain Harold Edward Templer, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 18th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1916.

*Lieutenant Archibald Francis Wise Brown, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), attached 9th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 26th October 1917, but to rank from the 12th May 1916.

Lieutenant Walter Donald Churcher, The East Surrey Regiment (Indian Army Reserve of Officers), attached 67th Punjabis. Dated 16th August 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1916.

Lieutenant Ernest Alfred Thornton, The Royal Munster Fusiliers, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 30th June 1918, but to rank from the 21st June 1916.

Lieutenant Jeffrey Armstrong Blood, The Royal Irish Fusiliers, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 17th October 1917, but to rank from the 50th June 1916.

Lieutenant Arthur Maitland Popham Lusecombe, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), attached 17th Infantry (The Royal Regiment). Dated 18th September 1918, but to rank from the 3rd July 1916.

*Captain Frank Clifford Sykes, The Manchester Regiment, attached 29th Punjabis. Dated 18th August 1918, but to rank from the 20th October 1916.

Lieutenant Crawford Jordan Rutledge, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 126th Baluchistan Infantry. Dated 31st August 1918, but to rank from the 31st December 1916.

Lieutenant Ronald Ashley-Smith, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment) (Indian Army Reserve of Officers), attached 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 16th August 1918, but to rank from the 10th March 1917.

Lieutenant Percival Long, The Hampshire Regiment, attached Signal Service. Dated 22nd August 1918, but to rank from the 22nd April 1917.

Second Lieutenant Henry James Frederick Gennard, Royal Field Artillery, attached 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse). Dated 5th September 1918, but to rank from the 17th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Edward Collin Jewell, The East Lancashire Regiment, attached 46th Punjabis. Dated 19th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th June 1918.

*Second Lieutenant George Lloyd Bowen, The Welsh Regiment, attached 3rd Brahmans. Dated 1st September 1918, but to rank from the 19th June 1918.

*Second Lieutenant John Elisha Grimshaw V.C., The Lancashire Fusiliers attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 24th June 1918.

*Second Lieutenant Reginald Augustus Charles Baker, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 8th Rajputs. Dated 31st August 1918, but to rank from the 27th June 1918.

*Second Lieutenant William John Norris, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 27th June 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants

Lieutenant Geoffrey Pitt, Tank Corps, attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 10th September 1917.

Second Lieutenant Harry Eden Thornton, M.C., The Yorkshire Regiment, attached 96th Berar Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th September 1917.

Second Lieutenant Sydney Lewis-Lewis, The Welsh Regiment attached 128th Pioneers. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

Second Lieutenant William Scholes, The East Lancashire Regiment attached 106th Hazara Pioneers. Dated 31st August 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

Second Lieutenant Frederic George Ralphs, The York and Lancaster Regiment, attached 81st Pioneers. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th December 1917.

Captain William Cranwick, The East Yorkshire Regiment, attached 8th Rajputs. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 26th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Henry Whelton, Machine Gun Corps, attached 1st Brahmans. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 26th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Norman Cyril Clay, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 16th September 1918, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant George Durrant, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 31st July 1918.

Second Lieutenant Peginald William Wallers, The London Regiment (Finsbury Rifles), attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 31st July 1918.

Second Lieutenant Eric Johnathan Shand Tully, Buckinghamshire Yeomanry, attached 44th Cavalry. Dated 1st September 1918, but to rank from the 24th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant Gilbert Fryer Butt, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse). Dated 4th July 1918, but to rank from the 18th September 1918.

* Have not forfeited 9 months' seniority towards promotion.

Second Lieutenant George Forrest, The Highland Light Infantry, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 18th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Augustus Christal, The Lincolnshire Regiment, attached 74th Punjabis. Dated 14th July 1918, but to rank from the 18th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant Patrick Francis O'Collins, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 25th Punjabis. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant William Potts, Army Service Corps, attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 20th August 1918, but to rank from the 30th September 1918.

No. 2443. Army Department Notification No. 2005, dated the 6th September 1918, so far as it relates to Lieutenant Frederick Stanley Helms, attached 33rd Punjabis, is cancelled.

No. 2444. Temporary Second Lieutenant C. G. Agar, General List (Indian Army Reserve of Officers), is transferred to the British Service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 2nd July 1918.

No. 2445.—John George Maddison to be temporary Second Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 3rd October 1918.

No. 2446.—In Army Department Notification No. 1684, dated the 5th October 1917, for "Charles Rendell" read "Charles Rendall" and for "Philip Anthony Tegetmeier" read "Philip Anthony Tegetmeier."

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2447.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants, with effect from the dates specified :—

Ram Chandra Ganda. 5th August 1918.

Hondanaballu Shama Rao. 15th September 1918.

Bhanwarlal Khubilal Vardya. 19th September 1918.

INDIAN LAND FORCES.

No. 2448.—The undermentioned gentlemen to be temporary honorary Second Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 8th October 1918 :—

Raja Ram Gopal Singh Bahadur of Manda.

Raja Sardar Singh Bahadur of Katera Jhansi District.

Raja Bishnath Sarau Singh Bahadur of Tiloi, Rae Bareilly District.

The Hon'ble Raja Chandra Chur Singh of Atia Chaudapur, Rae Bareilly District.

Sardar Amar Singh of Bela Bhela, Rae Bareilly District.

Sheikh Imtiaz Rasool Khan of Jahangirabad, Bara Banki District.

Sheikh Shahid Husain of Lucknow.

Chaudhri Balwant Guja Singh of Landhaura Punwar, Saharanpur District.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2449.—Henry Norcutt Lyon, Second Lieutenant, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment) to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 26th April 1918.

No. 2450.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenants.

Cavalry Branch.

Philip Geoffrey Munns.

Dated 8th October 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Alexander Stewart Munro.

Dated 19th September 1918.

Desmond Allan Blackburn.

Dated 21st September 1918.

Stephen Nairne Mackenzie.

Dated 25th September 1918.

William Samuel Girsham.

} Dated 26th September 1918.

Swithin Smith.

Dated 27th September 1918.

Antony James O'Flynn.

Chamberlain Francis George Dobson.

} Dated 28th September 1918.

Albert Henry Dyton.

Francis Edward Lucey.

Rowland Shannasay Mahoney.

Daniel Farren.

} Dated 30th September 1918.

Francis Filconer Madan.

James Wilson.

Joseph Edgar Bown.	}	Dated 1st October 1918.
Cyril Templeton Brett.		
Philip Henry Anthony Butterfield.		
Joseph Edward Warn.		
William Tyler.		
John Arratoon.	}	Dated 2nd October 1918.
Douglas Lionel Beveridge.		
Archibald James Donne.		
Donald Frederick Swan MacArthur.		
Henry Montgomery.		
Ernest Harcourt Rushton.	}	Dated 3rd October 1918.
Vernon Lamphier Travers-Drapes.		
William George Barrie.		
Alfred Christopher Cotton.		
Richard Anthony Fitzherbert.		
Bertie Hunneybun.	}	Dated 4th October 1918.
Harry Leonard MacLeod Marchant.		
Francois Harry Barron.		
Harold Hayden Goode.		
Arthur Allen Hayling.		
Frank Donald Rodgers	}	Dated 5th October 1918.
Alexander Scarff.		
Robert Tait.		
Lindsay Ash.		
Walter Alfred Coventry.		
James Edward Danter.	}	Dated 6th October 1918.
Cyril Beaufort Fitzgerald Lynsdale.		
Clarence Gladwin Morgans.		
Julian Durani MacLean Ives Warburton.		
George Edward Clarence Halsey.		
Charles John Stall.	}	Dated 7th October 1918.
Frederick Whistondale.		
Frederick Foyster.		
Alexander Edward Jones.		
Robin Lescher.		
Edward Francis Sykes.	}	Dated 8th October 1918.
David Sinclair Allan.		
Clement John Archer.		
Edward Francis Banyard.		
Frederick Berry.		
James Alexander Cochrane.	}	Dated 9th October 1918.
Charles Finch.		
John Cleeson.		
Norman Maling Grant.		
Robert Scotson.		
John Henry Charles Spinks.	}	Dated 10th October 1918.
John Arthur Bredin.		
James Grant.		
William Patrick O'Callaghan.		
Charles James O'Gorman.		
Allan Leslie Von Hogh.	}	Dated 15th October 1918.
Henry Oscar Atkinson.		
Albert Hampson.		
Roy Neville Haygarth.		
Thomas Mahoney.		
Stanley David Shubart.	}	Dated 15th October 1918.
Charles Beaumont Slatter.		
Claude Albert Whalley.		
Percival William Stephenson.		

No. 2451.—In Army Department Notification No. 860, dated the 5th April 1918, and as amended by Army Department Notification No. 831, dated the 26th May 1918, against the name of Herbert John Harris for "19th March 1918" read "15th March 1918".

No. 2452.—Army Department Notification No. 1839, dated the 10th August 1918, in so far as it relates to Edward Charles Abrahams, is cancelled.

No. 2453.—Army Department Notification No. 2273, dated the 4th October 1918, in so far as it relates to John Minty Baguley, is cancelled.

No. 2454.—In Army Department Notification No. 2273, dated the 4th October 1918, against the name of James Francis Gordon Vivian, for "19th September 1918" read "15th October 1918".

No 2455 —In Army Department Notification No. 2176 dated the 20th September 1918, against the name of 'William Travers Marshall' read " 0th September 1918 " read " 5th September 1918 "

No 2456 —In Army Department Notification No. 276, dated the 23rd April 1915, against the name of Donald Bevan Sthers read " 2nd April 1915 " read " 15th January 1915 "

No 2457 —In Army Department Notification No. 2275 dated the 4th October 1918, for ' John Henry Grace ' read ' John Henry Cline '

No. 2458 Marsh Hesketh to be temporary Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval Dated 15th October 1918

INDIAN DISTANCE FORCE.

11th (Bombay) Group Garrison Artillery.

No 2459 —The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval

To be Captains

Harry Royal.	} Dated 1st April 1917
Alan Michael Green	
George William Murray	

To be Lieutenants

William Dunkerley.	} Dated 1st April 1917.
Wilfred Neville Cartland	
Noel Wilkinson.	} Dated 31st July 1918.
William Ellis Jones	

To be Second Lieutenants

Arthur Thomas Anall	} Dated 31st July 1918
John Charles Walker	
Herbert Russell Hambley.	
George Boyagi	
Vincent Alpe Grantham.	

5th Calcutta Battalion.

No 2460 —The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval —

To be Second Lieutenant.

Edgar Geoffrey Dixon Dated 30th September 1918.

2-17th Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Battalion.

No 2461 —The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval

To be Second Lieutenant

Charles Ingh H Lloyd Martelli Dated 30th September 1918.

1-36th Bengal-Vagp Railway Battalion.

No. 2462 —The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

George Cochran Godfrey Dated 1st April 1917.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE

No. 2463 —In Army Department Notification No. 1405, dated the 24th August 1917, for ' 14th April 1917 ' read " 12th April 1917."

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No 2464 —Subject to His Majesty's approval, Colonel John Smyth, M.B., I.M.S., Madras, Superannuation Committee to retire from the service, with effect from the 31st October 1918

PART B.

INDIAN ARMY.

A REINSTATEMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 2135 The undermentioned retired Indian officers have been re-employed in the Indian Army, with effect from the date stated against their names —

Rank	Name	Former Unit	How employed	Date of re-employment
Subadar-Major	Nanung Singh	15th Ludhiana Sikhs	11th Porter Corps	15th November 1917
Subadar-Major	Sundar Singh, Bahadur	32nd Sikh Pioneer	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Subadar-Major	Jalandar Singh, Bahadur, I.O.M.	19th Punjab	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Kamptee	17th April 1918
Subadar-Major	Shi Gajadhar, Piesad Tewan	98th Infantry	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow	2nd October 1917
Subadar-Major	Himab Rattio	121st Engineers	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	20th August 1918
Risaldar	Sadda Singh	8th Cavalry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	13th August 1918
Risaldar	Lakur Singh	12th Cavalry	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow	30th April 1918
Risaldar	Chahal Singh	16th Cavalry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	10th July 1918
Subadar	Diva Singh	Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lancers) (Infantry)	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow	11th April 1918
Subadar	Blawan B. K. V.	1st Cavalry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Kamptee	11th February 1918
Subadar	Kachhau Dey	1st Pioneer	Combined Jail Labour and Convalescent Depot, Lucknow	16th February 1918
Subadar	Raghu Dey	1st Cavalry	Combined Jail Labour and Convalescent Depot, Lucknow	29th January 1918
Subadar	Sahabul Singh	7th Duke of Cornwall's Own Cavalry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	11th July 1918
Subadar	Kulu Singh	8th Rajputs	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Kamptee	12th March 1918
Subadar	Harnam Singh	8th Rajput	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	2nd August 1918
Subadar	Gonda Singh	9th Infantry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Subadar	Gul Khan	12th Pioneers (The Khetri Ghulz Regiment)	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	6th April 1918
Subadar	Sudha Ram	12th Pioneers (The Khetri Ghulz Regiment)	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	2nd September 1918
Subadar	Despathi Singh	15th Ludhiana Sikhs	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow	18th August 1916
Subadar	Ishar Singh	15th Ludhiana Sikhs	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow	20th April 1918
Subadar	Sher Khan	17th Infantry (The Loyd Regiment)	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	31st July 1918
Subadar	Labbh Singh	19th Punjab	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	29th July 1918
Subadar	Chanda Singh	30th Punjab	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918

Rank	Name	Former Unit	How employed	Date of re-employment.
Subadar	Phuman Singh	31st Punjab	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	4th July 1918
Subadar	Hari Singh	32nd Sikh Light Infantry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Subadar	Sundar Singh	3rd Sikh Pioneer Battalion	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	22nd April 1918
Subadar	Khushu Singh	26th Sikhs	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	8th May 1918
Subadar	Hari Singh	24th Sikhs	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	25th April 1918
Subadar	Jas Singh	41st Dogra	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Subadar	Mulla Singh	41st Dogra	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Subadar	Ram Singh	14th Mountain Battery	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	18th March 1918
Subadar	Gur Singh	17th Sikhs	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Subadar	Lal Singh	58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force)	Labour Corps Depot Lucknow	18th March 1918
Subadar	Keshu Singh	58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force)	Labour Corps Depot Lucknow	21st March 1918
Subadar	Narain Singh	58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force)	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Subadar	Bhingar Singh	2nd Punjab	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	20th March 1918
Subadar	Yashu Ram Chavan	18th Infantry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	27th August 1918
Subadar	Jalal Uddin	11th Infantry	Combined Indian Labour and Convalescent Depot Bareilly	31st February 1917
Subadar	Fateh Singh	124th Division of Central India Balaistan Infantry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Resendar	Bhagwan Singh	3rd Skinner's Horse	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Resendar	Abdul Majid Khan	5th Cavalry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	27th March 1918
Jemadar	Humayt Ali Khan	21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse)	Followers Central Depot Meerut	8th May 1917
Jemadar	Shookaran Singh	3rd Skinner's Horse	Followers Central Depot, Meerut	21st April 1917
Jemadar	Kala Singh	3rd Skinner's Horse	Labour Corps Depot Lucknow	28th March 1918
Jemadar	Imdad Khan	4th Cavalry	Followers Central Depot Meerut	27th April 1917
Jemadar	Narain Singh	16th Cavalry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	24th July 1918
Jemadar	Natha Singh	19th Lancers (Daly's Horse)	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	16th May 1918
Jemadar	Sardar Muhammad	2nd Queen's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force)	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	27th August 1918
Jemadar	Ramji Lal	27th Light Cavalry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	13th July 1918
Jemadar	Sahibdad Khan	32nd Lancers	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	2nd September 1918
Jemadar	Phuman Singh	36th Jacob's Horse	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Jemadar	Kapur Singh	37th Lancers (Daly's Horse)	9th Labour Corps	4th June 1918

Rank.	Name	Former Unit	Now employed	Date of employment.
Jemadar	Bir Singh	30th Mountain Battery	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.	22 July 1916
Jemadar	Sat Wahi Khan	3rd Sepoys - 1 Mir-eas	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.	...
Jemadar	Lakshman Prashad Pandey	1st Brahmins	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Kaimpoor	317
Jemadar	Neki Ram	6th Jat Light Infantry	Followers Central Depot Meerut.	6th December 1916.
Jemadar	... Kunda Singh	... 6th Jat Light Infantry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	30th August 1918
Jemadar	... H. Kora	6th Jat Light Infantry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	31st August 1918
Jemadar	Deep Chand	10th Jats	Labour Corps Depot Lucknow	25th August 1918
Jemadar	Dusrat Singh	11th Rajputs	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Kaimpoor	8th March 1918.
Jemadar	Gujar Singh	14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs	Labour Corps Depot Lucknow	6th November 1917
Jemadar	... Singh	15th Ludhiana Sikhs	Labour Corps Depot Lucknow.	25th October 1918
Jemadar	Panna Singh	15th Ludhiana Sikhs	Combined Labour Corps Depot Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Jemadar	Wazir Khan	17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment)	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	14th March 1918
Jemadar	Anwar Khan	17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).	Followers Central Depot, Meerut	14th October 1916
Jemadar	Husam Shah	17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	25th June 1918
Jemadar	H. Kama Dad Khaw	21st Punjabis	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	18th March 1918
Jemadar	Sundarlal	29th Punjabis	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	9th July 1918
Jemadar	Sundar Singh	34th Sikh Pioneers	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	19th June 1918
Jemadar	Shyam Singh	35th Sikhs	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow.	14th May 1918
Jemadar	Prem Singh	35th Sikhs	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	16th May 1918.
Jemadar	Jawan Singh	36th Sikhs	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	10th July 1918
Jemadar	Bhura	44th Merwara Infantry.	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	25th July 1918.
Jemadar	Nand Singh	47th Sikhs	Labour Corps Depot Lucknow.	11th April 1918
Jemadar	Sawan Singh	72nd Punjabis	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Poona	9th July 1918
Jemadar	Bastan Khan	76th Punjabis	Followers Central Depot, Meerut.	1st July 1917
Jemadar	Fatch Muhammad	89th Punjabis	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow	9th June 1917
Jemadar	Sripal Singh	98th Infantry	11th Porter Corps	19th November 1917.
Jemadar	Kala Singh	107th Pioneers	11th Porter Corps	8th January 1917.
Jemadar	... Singh	107th Pioneers	11th Porter Corps	8th January 1917
Jemadar	Hazrat Singh	126th Baluchistan Infantry	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow	27th March 1918.
Jemadar	Durga Ma	5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).	Labour Corps Depot, Bhim Tal.	10th September 1917
Jemadar	... Nakul Sing Adhikari	9th Gurkha Rifles	Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow.	30th October 1917.

No. 2466. The following direct appointment is made :—

6th Jat Light Infantry.

Chiranji Lal to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 1st September 1918, to complete the establishment.

No. 2467.—The following promotions are made :—

5th Cavalry.

Kot-Dafadar Man Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th August 1918, to complete the establishment.

12th Cavalry.

Dafadar Mauladad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Ressaidat Amir Muhammad Khan to be Risaldar, Jemadar Hak Nawaz to be Ressaidat, and Kot-Dafadar Abdul Latif to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th October 1917 and Kot-Dafadar Sobail Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th November 1917 ; to complete the establishment.

38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Ressaidat Nihal Singh to be Risaldar, with effect from the 21st January 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (Frontier Force).

Jemadars Ghulam Jilani and Bagga Singh to be Subadars and Havildar Harnam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; *vice* Fateh Din, Sardar Bahadur, transferred to the pension establishment.

33rd (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Havildar Madad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

4th Prince Albert Victor's Lancers.

Jemadar Maharam Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 30th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Havildars Baldeo Singh, Ramji Lal Singh and Phul Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

9th (Delhi) Infantry.

Jemadar Puran Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, to complete the establishment.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Havildars Pahlal Singh, Sher Singh, Jaskaran Pande, Prithipal Singh, Lat Singh and Nand Lal to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

22nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Bichitar Singh to be Subadar, Colour-Havildars Haran Singh, Dula Singh, Havildars Sardar Khan and Khan Muhammad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 10th August 1918, and Havildars Bakhsh Muhammad and Abbas Ali to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

35th Sikhs.

Jemadar Sheo Chand to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, Colour-Havildar Pritam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th June 1918 ; Havildar Naram Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st June 1918 ; Colour-Havildar Sundar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th July 1918 ; Havildar Sant Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 27th July 1918, and Havildar Ami Chand to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

39th Garhwal Rifles.

Havildars Rupchand Sing Bisht and Madan Sing Gusain to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th September 1918 and Havildars Autar Sing, Butola and Keshar Sing Danu to be Jemadars, with effect from the 21st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Havildar-Major Bijai Sing Rawat to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

44th Merwara Infantry.

Jemadars Padma, Dewa, Bhura and Kundan Lal to be Subadars, Havildars Persa and Dhanna to be Jemadars, with effect from the 24th May 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

49th Bengalis.

Havildar Nagendra Vohari Mukerjee to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Havildar Allah Ditta to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd May 1918 and Havildar-Major Surayan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

66th Punjabis.

Jemadar Moti Singh to be Subadar, Havildars Simrat Singh and Jodh Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

69th Punjabis.

Havildar Nur Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Jemadars Khiali Ram and Shan Ram to be Subadars, with effect from the 26th June 1918, Jemadar Raja Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 27th June 1918, Colour-Havildar Jan Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th June 1918, Havildars Pat Ram and Tuls Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 26th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

75th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Y. Samuel to be Subadar, Havildar Iyvasami Pillai, Quartermaster-Havildars Saminathan Pillai and Govindarajulu and Colour-Havildar Mari Muthu to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry

Acting Subadar-Major Madurai to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 15th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

90th Punjabis.

Jemadars Dali Ahmad, Chet Singh and Ram Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

95th Russell's Infantry.

Jemadars Fateh Singh and Khem Ram to be Subadars, Colour-Havildar Babu Singh and Havildar Faiz-ul-Hasan Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 17th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Jemadars Ramu Singh, Lachman Singh, Bostan Khan and Ganpat Singh to be Subadars; Colour-Havildar Maula Dad, Havildars Piru Ram and Mangla Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th August 1918; Colour-Havildar Khuda Bakhsh, Havildars Baksha Ram and Ramnath Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 22nd August 1918; to complete the establishment.

150th Indian Infantry.

Jemadar Saligram to be Subadar, with effect from the 22nd May 1918; to complete the establishment.

155th Indian Pioneers.

Colour-Havildar Kahna Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Havildars Dalbahadur Rana and Bala Sing Gurung to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st June 1918; to complete the establishment.

4th Labour Corps

Havildar Shankar Singh (99th Deccan Infantry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

11th Labour Corps

Havildar Moti (14th Merwara Infantry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

12th Labour Corps

Havildar Sundar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Porter Corps.

Dafadar Abdul Ghafor Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, to complete the establishment.

12th Burma Jail Porter Corps.

Havildars Maung Thu Kha and Shah Nawaz Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

ARMY REMOUNT DEPARTMENT

No 2468 The following promotion is made:—

Res-saidar Ewaz Khan to be Rissaidar, 3rd class; with effect from the 27th September 1918.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No 2469—*Rai Sahib* Sarat Chandra Biswas, B A, Superintendent, 2nd Grade, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 3 days with effect from the 21st October 1918.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 2470.—Lieutenant-Colonel P. N. Leslie, Indian Army, Supernumerary List, was granted combined leave out of India for six months on medical certificate, the first three months being privilege leave under civil leave rules, and the remainder furlough under the Leave Rules for the Indian Army of 1886; with effect from the 28th March 1918.

Pension service.—Twenty-eighth year, commenced 29th November 1917.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

No 2471—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India has decided that, with effect from the 2nd October 1918, the Indian Subordinate Medical Department shall be designated the Indian Medical Department

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

NORTHERN ARMY.

No 2472.—Sub-Conductor Thomas Denton to be Conductor on the Southern Army List; *vice* Conductor Jonathan Balmforth promoted, with effect from the 28th September 1918

REWARDS.

No. 2473—The revised Statutes of the Distinguished Service Order are published below:—

GEORGE R I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, to all to whom these presents shall come, greeting;

Whereas Her late Majesty Our Beloved Grandmother Queen Victoria by a Warrant dated the 6th day of September 1886 did institute and create a new Naval and Military Order of Distinction designated the Distinguished Service Order for the purpose of rewarding individual instances of meritorious or distinguished service in war;

And Whereas the said Royal Warrant was subsequently amended by Royal Warrants dated 24th July 1902, 2nd July 1905, 15th October 1903 and 23rd August 1916,

And Whereas it is Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the Officers of Our recently constituted Air Force shall be eligible for appointment to Our said Distinguished Service Order;

And Whereas We deem it expedient that all amendments to the Statutes of Our said Order heretofore promulgated, or now to be promulgated, shall be incorporated in a Royal Warrant under Our Sign Manual;

Now Therefore We do hereby declare that the rules and ordinances heretofore in force for the government of Our said Order shall be abrogated, cancelled and annulled, and We are graciously pleased to make, ordain and establish the following rules and ordinances in substitution for the same, which shall henceforth be inviolably observed and kept;

Firstly: It is ordained that this Order shall henceforth be styled and designated the "Distinguished Service Order"

Secondly: It is ordained that the Order shall consist of the Sovereign, and of such Members or Companions as We, Our Heirs or Successors, shall appoint.

Thirdly: It is ordained that We, Our Heirs and Successors, Kings and Queens, Regnant of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Emperors and Empresses of India, are and for ever shall be Sovereigns of this Order

Fourthly: It is ordained that no person shall be eligible for this distinction who doth not actually hold at the time of his nomination, a Commission in Our Navy, in Our Land Forces or Marines, in Our Air Force or in Our Indian or Colonial Naval or Military Forces, or a Commission in one of the Departments of Our Navy, Army or Air Force, the holder of which is entitled to Honorary or relative Navy, Army or Air Force rank; nor shall any person be nominated unless his services shall have been marked by the especial mention of his name, by the Admiral or Senior Naval Officer Commanding a Squadron or detached Naval Force, or by the Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in the Field, in despatches for meritorious or distinguished service in the field, or before the enemy.

Fifthly: It is ordained that Foreign Officers who have been associated in Naval, Military or Aerial operations with Our Forces shall be eligible to be Honorary Members of this Order.

Sixthly: It is ordained that when We, Our Heirs and Successors, shall be pleased to appoint any person to be a Member of this Order, such appointment shall be made by Warrant under Our Sign Manual, and countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State.

Seventhly: It is ordained that anyone who, after having performed services for which this Order is awarded, subsequently performs an approved act of gallantry which, if he had not received the Order, would have entitled him to it, shall be awarded a Bar to be attached to the ribbon by which the Badge is suspended, and for every additional such act an additional Bar may be added.

Eighthly: It is ordained that an Officer shall be appointed to this Order, that is to say, a Secretary and Registrar.

Ninthly: It is ordained that the Secretary and Registrar of this Order shall be appointed by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, and shall have the custody of the archives of the Order. He shall attend to the service of the Order and shall execute such directions as he may receive from our Principal Secretary of State for War.

Tenthly: It is ordained that this Order shall rank next to and immediately after our Order of the British Empire, and that the Companions thereof shall in all places and assemblies whatsoever have place and precedence next to and immediately after the Commanders of Our said Order of the British Empire and shall rank among themselves according to the date of their respective nominations.

Eleventhly: It is ordained that the Badge of the Order shall consist of a gold cross, enamelled white, edged gold, having on one side thereof in the centre, within a wreath a laurel enamelled green, the Imperial Crown in gold upon a red enamelled ground and on the reverse, within a similar wreath and on a similar red ground, the Royal Cypher, and shall be suspended from the left breast by a red riband, edged blue, of one inch in width.

Twelfthly. It is ordained that the names of those whom We may be pleased to admit to Membership of this Order shall be published in the *London Gazette*, and a registry thereof kept in the Office of Our Secretary of State for War.

Thirteenthly: In order to make such additional provision as shall effectively preserve pure this honourable distinction, it is ordained that if any person admitted to Membership of this Order shall be convicted of treason, cowardice, felony, or of any infamous crime, or if he be accused of any such offence and doth not after a reasonable time surrender himself to be tried for the same, his name shall be erased, by an Order under the Royal Sign Manual, from the register of Members of the said Order. And it is hereby declared that We, Our Heirs and Successors, shall be the sole judge of the conduct which may require the erasure from the register of the name of the offending person, and that it shall at all times be competent for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, to restore the name if such restoration should be justified by the circumstances of the case.

Lastly: We reserve to Ourselves, Our Heirs and Successors, full power of annulling, altering, abrogating, augmenting, interpreting or dispensing with these Regulations or any part thereof by a notification under the Sign Manual of the Sovereign of the Order.

Given at Our Court at St. James's this first day of April, in the eighth year of Our Reign, and in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

By His Majesty's Command,

MILNER.

No. 2474—The Governor General in Council is pleased to announce that His Majesty the King Emperor has approved the grant of a Recruiting Badge, for which Indians only will be eligible, to selected Indian serving soldiers, military pensioners and civilians for recruiting work during the War.

2. The Badge consists of a five-pointed bronze star enclosing a gilt plaque bearing an effigy of His Majesty; the plaque is surrounded by a wreath bearing the inscription "For recruiting work during the War."

3. The Badge will be worn only with plain clothes, except when attending a Durbar on which occasion it may be worn in full dress suspended by a gilt ring to a dark green ribbon 27 inches in length worn round the neck.

4. The conferment of the Badge will not carry with it any title, alphabetical letters, or privilege other than that of wearing it.

5. Subsidiary instructions with regard to the distribution of the Badge will be issued separately.

No. 2475—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Honorary Colonel Percy Bingham Arbuthnot, 35th East Coast Battalion, Indian Defence Force.

No. 2476—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the following reward for devotion to duty in the field:—

Admission to the 2nd class of the Order of British India with the title of "Bahadur"

Mirza Kader Beg, Captain in the 1st Hyderabad Imperial Service Lancers, Imperial Service Troops.

This appointment will be supernumerary to the authorised establishment.

London Gazette.

No. 2477—The following extracts are published for information:—

Third Supplement dated 8th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 6th August 1918, pages 9341, 9342 and 9350.

*War Office,
8th August, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

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CAVALRY.	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *	* * *

Remt Serv.

Dep. of Remounts (Cl. X)—Maj. W. H. Anderson, Ind Army, and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 20th July 1918.

The undermentioned Capts., Ind Cav, to be temp Majs whilst empld as Comdts of Remt Depot 20th July 1918.—

R W Munderson

J M Lommer.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

General List

The undermentioned temp 2nd Lts to be temp 2nd Lts on appt as probers to Ind. Army

3 July 1918

R G McCall, from a Serv Bn, R Ir Fus

W E Dwyer, from North'd Fus. (attd)

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Fourth Supplement dated 9th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 6th August 1918, pages 9355, 9361, 9362, 9363 and 9366.

War Office,
9th August 1918

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MEMORANDA

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The undermentioned Capts to be temp Majs whilst holding appts as Asst Instrs. School of Mountain Warfare, in India.

R. A Sparkes, Sikhs, Ind. Army. 1st Mar. 1918.

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The undermentioned temp Lts are transf'd to Gen List —

A A Smith, A S C, for duty with Ind. Army (on prob.). 3rd July 1918, with seniority from 2nd Dec 1916

A. J O'Mara, A S C, for duty with Ind Army Res. of Off (on prob.). 13th July 1918

Ernest Glegg to be temp Lt. for duty with Inland Water Trans 15th Nov. 1917. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 11th July 1918)

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COMMANDS AND STAFF

The undermentioned appts are made —

GENERAL STAFF

G S O's, 3rd Grade —Capt M Saunders, D S O, Sikhs, Ind Army 15th Jan 1918

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A G's & Q M G's STAFF

A I G —Maj D I Robertson Ind. Cav, from a D A A G and to be temp Lt-Col whilst so empld. *see* Maj A J M Binny, Ind Cav 5th Feb. 1918

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D I Q M G —Maj C W G Walker, D S O, Dogras, Ind Army, from a D. A A & Q M G 20th Jan 1918

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS

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C/BB —Lt (temp Capt) G R Ashton, Ind Army Res of Off, and to retain his temp rank whilst so empld 17th Oct 1917

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C/LL.—Lt (temp Capt) F J Ashton, Ind Army Res of Off, from an A E S O (C I F), and to retain his temp rank whilst so empld 7th Dec 1917

C/GG —Lt B W Richards, Ind Army Res of Off, from 30th Aug to 21st Sept 1917

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Lt H. G. Allum, Ind Army Res. of Off, *see* temp Lt P H J Sheil, Res Regts of Cav. 6th Feb. 1911

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ATTD TO HD-QR UNITS

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Staff Cpts.—Capt H A Woodfall E Surr R, T F, *see* Capt H A Cole, Ind Inf. 11th Jan 1918 (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 12th June 1918)

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Lt (temp Capt) G D C Beaver, Ind Army Res of Off, and to retain his temp rank whilst so empld 24th Feb 1918

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3rd Mar 1918

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Capt N L C Coshy, M C, Ind Army Res of Off

Asst Prov-Marshal Lt E H Aikman, Ind Army Res. of Off, and to be temp Capt. whilst so empld 4th Feb 1918

Administrative Comdt (Cl. X).—Bt. Lt.-Col. P. R. Dundas, D. S. O., Jat L. I., Ind. Army. 24th Feb. 1918.

HD.-QRS. ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPT.

Asst. Dir. of Trans.—Maj. C. R. Lloyd, D. S. O., S. & T. Corps., Ind. Army, and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld., *vice* Lt.-Col. W. P. Haydon, D. S. O., S. & T. Corps., Ind. Army. 25th Jan. 1918.

Dep. Asst. Dir. of Trans.—Capt. G. V. Comyn, S. & T. Corps., Ind. Army, *vice* Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) C. R. Lloyd, D. S. O., S. & T. Corps., Ind. Army. 25th Jan. 1918.

Asst. Dir. of Supplies & Trans.—Lt.-Col. W. P. Haydon, D. S. O., S. & T. Corps., Ind. Army, *vice* Maj. W. H. B. Salmon, S. & T. Corps. 25th Jan. 1918.

Rty Traffic Officer.—Lt. W. G. Thrupp, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 24th Feb. 1918.

HD.-QRS. FOR EMBARKATION DUTIES

Embarkation Staff Officers (Cl. BB).

Lt. (temp. Capt.) W. Parsley, M. C., Norf. R., from a Staff Capt., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld., *vice* Lt. T. B. McGuire, Ind. Army Res. of Off., who relinquishes the temp. rank of Capt. 21st Feb. 1918.

Lt. T. B. McGuire, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt. whilst so empld. 28th Feb. 1918.

Asst. Embarkation Staff Officers (Cl. FF).

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Temp. 2nd. Lt. S. Patterson, atttd. R. Lanc. R., to be transfd. to Genl. List, and to be temp. Capt. whilst so empld., *vice* Lt. J. G. Duncan, Ind. Army Res. of Off., who relinquishes the temp. rank of Capt. 21st Feb. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Capt. N. L. C. Irwin, D. S. O., from a Serv. Bn., R. W. Fus., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probt. to Ind. Army. 3 July 1918, with seniority 19 Dec. 1916.

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Supplement dated 10th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 9th August 1918, pages 9417, 9421 and 9426.

War Office,
10th August, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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ADJD. TO HD.-QBR UNITS

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Staff Capt.—Capt. A. Neville Reife, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. W. H. Bradford, Sam. L. I., T. F. 23rd Feb. 1918.

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The undermentioned relinquish their appts. :

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GENERAL STAFF.

G. S. O., 1st Grade.—And to be temp. Lt.-Cols. whilst so empld.

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Maj. R. E. Cecil, Irs., *vice* Bt. Lt.-Col. S. F. Muspratt, D. S. O., Ind. Cav. 21st June 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probts. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

L. Gilliat, from Norf. R. (atttd.). 3 July 1918, with seniority 1 May 1918.

C. Stearn, from Worc. R. (atttd.). 4 July 1918, with seniority 1 May 1918.

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Third Supplement dated 12th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 9th August 1918, pages 9435, 9436, 9439 and 9441.

War Office,
12th August 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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CL III

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Mr C H Williams, ret pay Ind Army 20th July 1918
 Lt Col H M Allen, C M G D S O ret pay, Ind Army, relinquishes his appt 1st July 1918

ROYAL LIVING COINS

Md Wajid The undermentioned app'ts are made —

Flying Officers Observer

Lt Ind Army Res of OI

1st Mar 1918, with seniority from 31st Jan 1918

S I Matthews

J W W Treble

J B Coker 18th Mar 1918 with seniority from 18th Feb 1918

MEMORANDA

Major J S Lavery, ret pay Ind Staff Corps to be actg. Lt-Col whilst in charge of 1st Cl Recd Section Ind 1st Jan 1918

COMMENTS AND STATE

The undermentioned app'ts are made

PRISON STAFF

Lt Col Capt R K Makin, M C V Ian R L F and to be sec'd Lt Col P Hareck, Mahratta Ind Army 6th Mar 1918. Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 3th Feb 1918.

Lt actg. Capt C P Hareck, Mahratta Ind Army and to relinquish his actg rank, Lt Col H Bown, Ind Army Sec Res 18th Feb 1918

ADD TO HQ-QR UNITS

Staff Capt — Lt Col F Lence Ind Army Res of OI, and to be temp Capt whilst so employed 1st Mar 1918

Capt H Isham, Gadhwal Ind Army Lt Col Maj C de M Wellborne, Ind Army Res of OI 10th Mar 1918

Lt Col F Lence 1st Feb 1918 —

Lt Col F Lence 1st Feb 1918

Lt temp Maj C B Bown Ind Army Res of OI, and to return his actg rank whilst so employed

Dep Dir of Intell Lt Col A J (tem Maj) P L Bowers, M C Ind Army Res of OI, and to be temp Lt Col whilst so employed 1st Feb 1918

Lt Dir of Intell Lt Col A J (tem Maj) P L Bowers, M C Ind Army Res of OI, and to be temp Lt Col whilst so employed 1st Feb 1918

MIXED

Lt temp Capt — Lt Col F Lence

Lt temp Capt — Lt Col F Lence Ind Army Res of OI whilst employed as an Asst Dir of Intell 1st Feb 1918

Lt Col J A J Ind Army Res of OI, whilst employed as a Dep Mil Governor, from 10th Apr to 1st Aug 1918

Lt temp Capt — Lt Col F Lence and R W Ius to be transf'd to the Gen List and to be temp Capt (with pay and allowances) whilst employed as an Asst of an Area, vice Lt H I Bleckham Ind Army Res of OI 17th Feb 1918

Lt actg. Capt H G Cook Ind Army Res of OI, to return his actg rank (with pay and allowances) whilst employed as an Asst of a Depot 2nd Feb 1918

Lt F N Baver Ind Army Res of OI, to be temp Capt (with pay and allowances) whilst employed as an Asst of a Depot 2nd Feb 1918

For full statement see 13th 14th 1918 to the London Gazette of the 9th August 1918, pages 511, 911, 912 and 915.

War Office,
 15th August, 1918.

MEMORANDA

Capt the Hon Sir L H Bray, Calcutta Sec Vols, to be temp Brig-Gen whilst

holding the appt. of Dir. of Contracts in India. 23rd June 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 22nd June 1918.)

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REGULAR FORCES.

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MACHINE GUN CORPS (MOTOR).

Maj. P. De L. Temple (Ind. Army) to be Maj. 12 Mar. 1918, with seniority 18 Oct. 1916.

Capt. H. J. D. O'Neill (Ind. Army) to be Capt. 12 Mar. 1918, with seniority 29 Aug. 1915.

The undermentioned Lts. (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) to be Lts. 12 Mar. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

M. T. Graham. 1 Dec. 1916.

C. S. Elm-lic. 15 Sept. 1917.

The undermentioned 2nd Lts. (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) to be 2nd Lts. 12 Mar. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

J. T. Tanner. 22 June 1917.

D. Farquhar. 5 Oct. 1917.

INFANTRY.

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General List.

The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army.
3 July 1918.

Maj. H. E. Bastin, M.C. from Austrln. Inf.

Capt. A. B. Lodge, D.S.O., from Austrln. Inf.

Temp. Lt. G. S. Carstairs, from Western Ontario Regt., with seniority 5 June 1916.

Temp. Lt. M. B. Thornhill, M.C. from Manitoba Regt., with seniority 5 May 1917.

Lt. E. J. Ryan, from Austrln. Inf.

Temp. Lt. T. H. Witherow, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif. 4 July 1918.

The undermentioned to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army.
3 July 1918.

Temp. Lt. E. J. Boughton, from Manitoba Regt.

Temp. Lt. A. R. Kirkpatrick, from S. Afr. Inf.

Lt. W. A. Keeley, from Austrln. Inf.

Temp. 2nd Lt. F. H. Moorhouse, from M.G.C. (Inf.).

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Supplement dated 14th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 13th August 1918, pages 9521, 9523, 9524, 9525, 9529 and 9530.

*War Office.
14th August, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned Officers, Indian Army, are appointed A.D.C. to H.M. The King, and to be Bt. Cols. Dated 3rd June 1918 :—

Lt.-Col. Arthur Le Grand Jacob, C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., A.A. and Q.M.G.

Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) Claude Lumsden Norman, M.V.O., D.S.O., Corps of Guides, Director of Staff Duties, India

Lt.-Col. Alexander Leigh Tarver, D.S.O., Baluchis, General Staff Officer, 1st Grade.

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MEMORANDA.

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2nd Lt. John Rupert Fifth, Simla Vol. Rif., to be temp. Lt. 3rd May 1916. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 7th Nov. 1916.)

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COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

PERSONAL STAFF.

A.D.C.

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Lt. W. R. H. Browne, attd. Baluch. L. I., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 12th Feb. 1918.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Dep. Insp.-Gen. of Communications (Cl. X).—Bt. Col. C. U. Price, C.M.G., Rif. Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. on reduction of estab. 24th Feb. 1918.

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ATTACHED TO H.Q. UNITS.

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Column Companies	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

3rd Lb LBS

Bt Lt Col F O Fitzgerald, M.C., R. Line R (temp Lt-Col K. Afr. R.), and to be temp Col whilst on duty vice Bt Lt-Col P H Dyke D.S.O. Rtl, Ind Army, who relinquishes the temp rank of Col.

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OVERSEA COMPANIES	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Western Outpost Regt

Temp Lt Col S. Carstairs resigns his commn on transfer to the Indian Army 2 July 1918

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Mantala Regt

The undermentioned temp Lts resign their commns on transfer to the Indian Army 2 July 1918

M B Thornhill, M.C.

F J Brighton

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British Companies	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Temp Lt D G Clarke relinquishes his commn on transfer to the Indian Army 3 July 1918

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See Supplement dated 15th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 13th August 1918, pages 9555, 9559 and 9561

War Office
15th August, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES

COMMANDS AND STAFF

The undermentioned appts are made

GENERAL STAFF

Col S O, Lt Col Lt Lt Col C J B Haw, D.S.O., Grades Ind Army 10th Sept 1918

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ARMY CHAPLAINS DEPARTMENT

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The undermentioned relinquish their commns. on transfer to the Indian Ecclesiastical Dept

Rev P R Clough, temp Chapln to the Forces, 3rd Cl 18th Mar 1918

Rev H Helling temp Chapln to the Forces 1st Cl 18th Mar 1918

Rev P H Crozier, temp Chapln to the Forces 3rd Cl 20th Mar 1918

The undermentioned Chaplains of the Indian Ecclesiastical Dept are transf'd to the Army Chaplains Department with other alterations in the condition of their service

to be temp Chapln to the Forces 3rd Cl

Rev Edmund Richard Clough 1st Apr 1918

to be temp Chapln to the Forces, 4th Cl

Rev Henry Craven Carden 1st Feb 1918.

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MELIANDA

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Temp Lt R H Hughson D of C 1st Lt, is transf'd to Gen List for serv with Ind Army Res of Off (on prob) 4th July 1918

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Lt Dudley George Clarke Canadian Re Bn to be temp 2nd Lt for duty with Ind Army Res of Off (on prob) 20th Jan 1918

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INFANTRY

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General List.

Temp Lt S R Cockrill, from M.G.C. (Inf), to be temp Lt on appt as prob to Ind Army 1 July 1918 with seniority 24 Sept 1916

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See Supplement dated 16th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 13th August 1918, pages 9552, 9555 and 9556.

War Office,
16th August, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF

The undermentioned appts are made :—

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ATTACHED TO HD.-QRS. UNITS.

Brig Maj—Capt I Burn-Murdoch, Ind Inf 20th Mar 1918

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HD.-QRS OF ADMINS. SERVS. AND DEPTS

Dep. Asst. Dir. of Inland Water Transport (C/B B).

17th Mar 1918

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Lt (temp. Capt) A L Hill, M C, Ind Army Res of Off, and to retain his temp rank whilst so empd

Dep Controller of Native Craft, I W P—Lt (temp Capt) A. L. Hill, M C, from Asst Controller, vice Lt E S Hearn, Ind Army Res of Off., from 21st June 1917 to 16th Mar 1918

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INFANTRY.

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General List

Temp Lt R A. Wesson, from R Lane R (attd.), to be temp Lt on appt. as probr. to Ind Army 4 July 1918, with seniority 22 Mar 1917 (Substituted for Gaz. notification 6 Aug 1918, incorrectly specifying seniority)

Temp Capt T C Herring, M C, from a Serv Bn., E York R., to be temp Lt. on appt as probr. to Ind Army 19 July 1918, with seniority 4 July 1917

Temp Lt F Beard, from a Serv Bn, E Surr R., to be temp Lt on appt as probr. to Ind Army 3 July 1918, with seniority 2 Aug 1917

Temp Lt R E M. Finlayson, from a Serv Bn, North'd Fus, to be temp Lt on appt. as probr to Ind Army 3 July 1918, with seniority 14 May 1918.

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Fourth Supplement dated 16th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 13th August 1918, pages 9559, 9560, 9561, 9562 and 9564

War Office,
16th August, 1918.

With reference to the awards conferred as announced in the London Gazette dated 14th March, 1918, the following are the statements of service for which the decorations were conferred —

Awarded a Bar to the Distinguished Service Order.

* * * * *

Maj. and Bt. Lt-Col. (T/Bug-Gen) Charles Alexander Campbell Godwin, D S. O., Cav, I A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty He attacked and captured an enemy position in the face of heavy shell, machine-gun and rifle fire Later, he directed the attack by his brigade on a strong enemy position, and by his skill and determination contributed largely to the success of the operation

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Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

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Maj Harold Yorke Salkeld, Ias, I A

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty He led his squadron forward with great skill under heavy fire, and seized a commanding position He then led a dismounted attack on a further enemy position, which he captured and held against the enemy, although surrounded on three sides He set a splendid example to his men

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Awarded the Military Cross

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Lt. Arthur George Cecil Fane, I A R O

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty Under heavy fire his leadership was most determined, and he displayed exceptional skill and courage in returning at great personal risk to relight fuzes, an action which had the most beneficial results in the success of the operations

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A. H. BINGLEY, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 18th October 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 64.—Lieutenant Robert Kidd, Inland Water Transport, Royal Engineer is appointed as a Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant in the Royal Indian Marine Service, with effect from the 1st October 1918

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 65.—The following extracts are published for information :—
Third Supplement dated the 2nd August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 30th July 1918, pages 9091 and 9093.

*War Office,
 2nd August 1918.*

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MEMORANDA	*	*	*	*	*	*

The undermentioned to be temp. Capts. :—

Temp Lt P R Morgan, from R Ind Mu, for duty with Inland Waterways and Docks 7th June 1918

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th October, 1918

No 1008-E-18—Mr R W Church, Mining Engineer, Railway Department, is granted combined leave for two years (privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period) under Articles 233, 260 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 26th June 1918

No 1008-E-1-18—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No 1008-E-18, dated the 11th October 1918, Mr C S Whitworth, whose services were lent to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, reverted to the State Railway Coal Department, from the 23rd June 1918, and is appointed to officiate as Mining Engineer, Railway Department, with effect from the 26th idem

No 1008-2-E-18—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No 1008-E-1-18, dated the 11th October 1918, the services of Mr J R Harrison, Assistant Coal Superintendent, State Railways, are lent to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, with effect from the 20th June 1918

No 1676-E-18—Mr F A Rokeby, Assistant Traffic Superintendent North Western Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent, in class II of that Establishment, with effect from the 31st August 1918 and during the absence of Mr T S Scott, District Traffic Superintendent, on privilege leave

No 1677-E-18—Mr E G Townshend, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent in class II of that Establishment, with effect from the 18th September 1918 and until further orders

The 16th October, 1918.

No 1101-E-18—Mr J P Williams, Deputy Locomotive and Carriage Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is at his own request permitted to resign the service of Government with effect from the 17th October 1918.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th October, 1918.

No. E-442 (1).—Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Wilson, I A R.O., Controller (Jute Manufactures), Calcutta, is granted war leave under India Army Order 291 of 1917, for one month, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

No E-442 (2).—Lieutenant T A Kay, Assistant Controller (Jute Manufactures), is appointed to hold charge of the office of Controller (Jute Manufactures) during the absence on war leave of Lieutenant-Colonel R B Wilson

No E-862.—Lieutenant D G White is appointed an Assistant Controller (Clothing), with effect from the 28th September 1918

The 16th October, 1918

No E-614.—Mr P E Aitchison was on return from the leave granted in the Indian Munitions Board notifications No. E-614, dated the 15th and 17th June 1918 placed on special duty as additional Timber Purchasing Officer, Bombay, from the 1st to the 28th July 1918, both days inclusive.

The services of Mr P E Aitchison are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 29th July 1918

No. E-805.—Mr. J I Haddrell, Assistant Controller (Stores), Bombay, is appointed Assistant Controller (Transit), Bombay, with effect from the 6th October 1918.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board,

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Weeks, the 18th October, 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 26th September 1918 is published for general information:—

Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND NWD	Northwest	Dombay City	3	3
		Ahmedabad District	3	3
		Kaira District	115	61
		Broach Port	3	3
		Broach District	101	90
		Surat District	3	5
	Central	West Khandesh District	96	60
		Satara District	50	57
		Nashik District	88	55
		Ahmednagar District	1	1
		Poona City	37	68
	Southern	Hubli Town	54	54
		Dharwar District	387	387
	Sind	Bijapur District	90	60
		Karachi Town and Port	1	1
	Sind	Kemari Port	1	1
MAHARASHTRA PRESIDENCY	Political Charges	Baroda State	117	112
		Alwar Kot State	3	5
		Mundra Port	4	3
		Satara Agency	68	40
		Rawa Kantha Agency	17	17
		Kanliwar Agency	211	150
		Camby State	14	7
		Savanur State	82	56
		Mali Kantha Agency	2	...
		TOTAL	1,006	1,190
SINDH PROVINCE	...	Anantapur District	3	3
		Sellary District	68	45
		Coimbatore District	21(a)	13(b)
		Mangalore Port	4	4
		Karnool District	5	6
		Madura District	1(b)	1(b)
		Salem District	6	6
		Nilgiris District	9(b)	8
		Malabar District	2	1
		TOTAL	118	79
SINDH AND ORISSA	Patna ...	Patna District	3	3
		TOTAL	3	3
	Gorakhpur	Asamgarh District	1	2
		TOTAL	1	2
	Gorakhpur	Asamgarh District	1	2
		TOTAL	1	2
	Gorakhpur	Asamgarh District	1	2
		TOTAL	1	2
	Gorakhpur	Asamgarh District	1	2
		TOTAL	1	2

For two weeks. (a) Two imported. (b) One imported.
In the return for the week ending 26th September 1918, and 2 cases, 6 deaths against Panah Mahale District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Punjab.	Lahore	Lahore District	2	
	Rawalpindi.	Jhelum District	2 ^a	3 ^a
		Rawalpindi District	1 ^a	1 ^a
		TOTAL	6	4
Burma	Pegu	Rangoon Town	22	21
		Tharrawaddy District	2	2
		Pyaw District	17	16
	Irrawaddy	Hennada District	1	1
		Maubin District	1	1
	Mandalay	Maymye Town	40	14
	Mektila	Mektila District	1	1
		Yamethin District	1	1
	Native States	Northern Shan States	2	2
		Southern Shan States	5	
		TOTAL	72	50
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur District	1	6
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	73	44
		Jubbulpore District	31	30
		Seoni District	1	1
	Narmada	Hoshangabad District	1	1
		Narsinghpur District	1	1
		Betul District	13	5
	Berar	Akola District	5	4
		TOTAL	126	108
Madras	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	54	47
		Bangalore City	29	20
		Bangalore District	13	10
		Mysore City	30	38
		Mysore District	19	5
		Kadur District	29	31
		Shimoga District	62	30
		Chitaldroog District	24	78
		Tumkur District	38	18
		Kolar District	15	8
		TOTAL	422	308

^aImported.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, OCTOBER 18, 1918. 1833

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	HYDRABAD STATE	Faridkot District	7	7
		Rander District	40	22
		Gulbarga District	10	11
		Raichur District	64	38
		Umanabad District	1	3
		Bidar District	6	8
		Mahabubnagar District	6	5
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	31	26
		Secunderabad	25	25
		Atraf-ul-Dakhil District	22	27
		TOTAL	205*	255*
CENTRAL INDIA	Bhopal State	. . . . .	33	32
		TOTAL	33	32
RAJPU- TANA.	Ajmer District	. . . . .	15	11
		TOTAL	15	11
		GRAND TOTAL	2,006	2,048

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths occurred during the week ending October 5, were 220 and 122 respectively.

SINLA
The 18th October 1918. }

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

*Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.*

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 17th October 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. During the week rainfall was confined to Burma, Assam, Bengal and the south of the Peninsula. It was unusually heavy on the Arakan and Chittagong coasts, being associated with a cyclonic storm which passed from the Bay into southeast Bengal.

2. *Burma.*—There was nearly general rain in Upper Burma on the 10th and 11th, and in Arakan on the 12th.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general on the southeast Bengal coast on the 12th and 13th; there was local rain over the rest of Bengal on the 12th and 14th, and in Assam on the 11th and 15th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Weather was dry.

Northwest India.—The week was rainless.

The Peninsula.—Nearly general rain fell in Malabar on the 11th and 12th. A few falls occurred during the week in southeast Madras and Mysore.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows:—

October 10th	Yamethin 0·94", Mandalay 0·74", Maymyo 1·14", Bhamo 0·93", Coimbatore 0·51", Madura 1·02" and Kodaikanal 0·92"
" 11th	Akyab 2·02", Lashio 0·85", Myitkyina 1·47", Shillong 0·84", Barisal 0·83", Dinajpur 2·25", Mangalore 0·58", Calicut 1·22" and Tinnevely 1·74".
" 12th.	Akyab 11·64", Minbu 2·64", Cox's Bazar 4·24", Chittagong and Barisal each 0·86", Jalpaiguri 0·94", Naya Dumka 0·70", Cochin 3·37", Calicut 0·78" and Trivandrum 0·65".
" 13th.	Table Island 2·01", Barsein 3·72", Akyab 1·57", Kyaukpadaung 1·55", Cox's Bazar 3·38", Chittagong 4·91", Cherrapunji 1·06" and Cochin 0·66".
" 14th.	Akyab 2·27", Mymensingh 1·07" and Cherrapunji 0·93".
" 15th.	Dibrugarh 0·76", Sibsagar 1·60", Shillong 1·13", Cherrapunji 3·81" and Ootacamund 0·64".
" 16th.	Victoria Point 0·83", Dibrugarh 1·05", Mangalore 0·70", Pamban 0·57" and Madura 0·85".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Burma; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, Kashmir, Rajputana East, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and the whole of the Madras Presidency. Rainfall was within 20 per cent of the normal in Assam and Bengal. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana West, Gujarat and Central India West.

The rainfall from the 3rd May to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, and the whole of the Madras Presidency. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Assam, Bengal and Bihar, and differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent in the remaining divisions.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 17TH OCTOBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD MAY TO 17TH OCTOBER 1918.						
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.			
							This week	Last week		
Bay Islands	0.9	2.3	-1.4	98.5	89.8	+8.7	+10	+12		
Lower Burma	3.2	2.5	+0.7	153.7	139.6	+14.1	+10	+10		
Upper Burma	1.8	1.1	+0.7	49.9	43.3	+6.6	+15	+14		
Assam	1.0	1.0	0	90.8	75.4	+15.4	+20	+21		
Bengal	1.7	1.6	+0.1	92.8	71.4	+21.4	+30	+31		
Orissa	0	2.0	-2.0	45.9	53.0	-9.1	-17	-13		
Chota Nagpur	0	0.8	-0.8	39.7	47.8	-8.1	-17	-16		
Bihar	0.1	0.8	-0.7	60.8	49.1	+11.7	+24	+26		
United Provinces, East	0	0.4	-0.4	28.4	38.5	-10.1	-26	-25		
United Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	19.0	37.7	-18.7	-50	-49		
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	10.0	20.5	-10.5	-51	-51		
Punjab, South-West	0	0	0	3.4	7.6	-4.2	-55	-55		
Kashmir	0	0.2	-0.2	3.4	7.1	-3.7	-52	-51		
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	2.1	5.3	-3.2	-60	-60		
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.5	1.3	-0.8	-62	-62		
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91		
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	1.6	10.6	-9.0	-85	-85		
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	10.6	21.3	-11.2	-51	-51		
Gujarat	0	0	0	8.6	22.9	-14.3	-62	-62		
Central India, West	0	0	0	17.6	28.8	-11.2	-39	-39		
Central India, East	0	0.3	-0.3	20.4	40.3	-19.9	-49	-49		
Berar	0	0.4	-0.4	16.8	29.8	-13.0	-44	-43		
Central Provinces, West	0	0.2	-0.2	30.4	43.5	-13.1	-30	-30		
Central Provinces, East	0	0.7	-0.7	43.3	48.4	-0.1	0	+1		
Konkan	0.1	0.8	-0.7	70.5	93.2	-22.7	-24	-24		
Pombay Deccan	0	0.5	-0.5	12.6	25.3	-12.7	-50	-49		
Hyderabad, North	0	0.5	-0.5	19.0	31.2	-12.2	-39	-38		
Hyderabad, South	0	0.7	-0.7	18.0	27.3	-9.3	-34	-32		
Mysore	0	1.5	-1.5	14.4	23.3	-8.9	-38	-34		
Malabar	2.2	2.9	-0.7	58.9	86.5	-29.6	-33	-34		
Madras, South-East	0.7	2.1	-1.4	9.5	16.7	-7.2	-43	-40		
Madras Deccan	0	1.0	-1.0	13.5	20.2	-6.7	-33	-30		
Madras Coast, North	0	2.5	-2.5	21.0	26.9	-5.9	-22	-14		

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

J. MACKENNA,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
12th October 1918.

Burma.—The rainfall during the week was general throughout the Province. It was light in Lower Burma and good in Upper Burma. Replanting of the flooded areas is progressing in Lower Burma. Gathering of groundnuts, picking of cotton and cultivation of miscellaneous dry crops in Upper Burma are proceeding. Standing crops are in good condition. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice has risen further to Rs. 165 per hundred baskets and is much above normal. The market for white rice is strong at Rs. 426 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather during the week was seasonable. Transplantation of winter rice has been finished, manufacture of tea and ploughing for mustard and *matikalai* are in progress. Prospects of crops are fair to good. Cattle disease is reported from three districts. The price of common rice is practically unchanged.

Bengal.—The week was almost rainless. Standing crops are suffering for want of rain. Weeding of winter paddy has been finished. Cutting, steeping and washing of jute are approaching completion. Lands are being prepared for cultivation of spring crops. Scarcity of fodder is reported from Dinajpur. The average price of common rice has risen by about 1.5 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week. Harvesting of autumn crops has been nearly completed. Rain is urgently wanted for winter paddy which is withering on high lands and on unirrigated areas in many districts especially in those of the Orissa, Chota Nagpur and Patna divisions. Prospects of standing crops are bad. Preparation of lands for spring sowings has also been retarded. The price of common rice has risen in nine districts, fallen in seven and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from ten districts. The condition of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is generally fair but more rain is badly wanted in almost all the States.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless except for a slight fall at Sitapur. Rain is urgently wanted everywhere. Standing crops are withering generally for want of rain. Prospects are mostly unfavourable. Land is being prepared for spring crops and irrigation of autumn crops and sugarcane is going on where possible. Picking of cotton continues. Very little cattle disease is reported. The condition of agricultural stock is fair. Fodder is becoming scarce in places. Water and market supplies are generally sufficient. Prices are almost stationary with a tendency to rise.

Punjab.—During the week the weather remained dry almost throughout the Province. Rain is badly wanted everywhere. Standing crops are suffering from drought, especially on unirrigated areas. Their present condition is average to good on irrigated and much below average on unirrigated areas. Picking of cotton and reaping of rice, maize and fodder continue with yield below normal to normal. Spring crops are being sown. The area sown is below normal to normal. Cattle are generally healthy and water is sufficient. Shortage of fodder is reported from some districts. Prices are generally stationary and are above scarcity rates. Price of wheat:—Ferozepore, Lahore and Rawalpindi 6½ and Lyallpur 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—During the week some showers fell in one district. Sowing of spring crops is proceeding in places. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to want of rain. Harvesting of rice in Peshawar and picking of cotton in Peshawar and Bannu are proceeding with outturn average. Prices of wheat in Peshawar are 7½ and in Dera Ismail Khan 7½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—During the week the weather was generally rainy and cold. Crops are being harvested and the outturn will probably be below normal. Prices are high. Cattle are generally healthy.

Rajputana.—The weather during the week was rainless. Irrigated crops are in fair condition but unirrigated crops are withering. The condition of cattle is generally fair. Fodder is getting scarce. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and are rising.

Central India.—During the week the rainfall was insufficient in Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. Autumn crops are being weeded and harvested. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops are in progress except in Bundelkhand where the operations have been stopped for want of rain. Standing crops are withering in Gwalior, parts of Indore and Bundelkhand and in parts of Bhopal. They are below average in Baghelkhand and fair to good elsewhere. Their probable outturn is average in Bhopal, below average in Baghelkhand, fair to good in the Southern States and Indore if rain falls. They have been damaged in Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Gwalior (north) for want of rain. Agricultural stock is in fair to good condition. Scarcity of fodder is extending gradually in Gwalior. Prices are high. Scarcity is apprehended in Bundelkhand and in the Nagod State in Baghelkhand.

Central Provinces.—The days are clear and warm but the nights and the mornings are cool. During the week no rain fell anywhere. Autumn crops particularly on light soils are deteriorating for want of rain. Reaping of minor crops and of early rice continues and picking of cotton has begun in parts of Nagpur and Berar. Preparation of land for the sowing of spring crops is in progress and sowings have been started in several districts but the continued drought has considerably retarded the operations. Relief works are proceeding in the Sironcha tahsil. Cattle disease prevails in a sporadic form in parts of four districts. The supply of fodder is inadequate in Berar. The price of wheat and rice in Narsinghpur and of rice in Buldana rose and that of *juar* fell in Bhandara by one seer per rupee. Elsewhere prices remained stationary or fluctuated slightly exhibiting an upward tendency.

Penodatory States.—Rain is urgently required everywhere to save the crops from withering and to push on spring operations.

Bombay.—Moderately good rain fell during the week in parts of the Karnatak, Ratnagiri and Kanara. The fall was very slight in Kathiawar and the Deccan. More rain is generally needed. Standing crops have been damaged slightly by rats and winds in Karachi, by rats in Hyderabad, by winds in Nasik and by blight in Nawabshah. They are withering generally everywhere except in parts of Kanara, the Karnatak and Ahmadnagar where the recent rainfall has slightly improved the situation. Preparation for the sowing of spring crops continues in parts of Sind. Sowing of spring crops continues in parts of the South, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Baroda and Kolhapur. Harvesting of autumn crops continues in parts of Sind, the Konkan, Surat, the Deccan and Baroda. The fodder supply is generally deficient but pasture has improved in some districts. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Kaira, Satara and Kolhapur. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Poona, Dharwar and Sholapur. The Indus gauge is 3½ feet against 7 feet on the same date last year. Prices of food grains are very high but steady.

Hyderabad.—Slight showers were received during the week. The average fall was 5 cpts. Autumn crops are in fair to good condition and are being harvested. Early rice is in fair to good condition but needs rain. Spring crops are being sown generally. Cattle are healthy. Fodder scarcity prevails in parts of four districts. Prices of grains are abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at three seers per rupee in the Bir, Nander, Parbhani and Gulbarga districts.

Mysore.—The week was slightly wet. Weeding operations are in progress. Standing crops are withering for want of rain. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are stationary.

Coorg.—Moderate rain fell during the week. Rain is insufficient in parts. Picking of cardamom continues. Reaping of dry crops in north Coorg continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. The public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was good in Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Pudukkottai, Madura, Malabar, Cochin and the hills, fair in Ramnad, Tinnevely and South Kanara and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops are in fair condition generally but are withering in parts and require rain immediately. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is limited with outturn fair generally but poor in two districts and in parts of ten others. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts for want of more rain. The condition of cattle is generally good. Water is insufficient except in four districts. Pasture is sufficient except in three districts and in parts of five others. Fodder is sufficient except in one district and in parts of eight others. Prices are stationary or have fallen generally but show a tendency to rise in places.

J. MACKENNA,

Offy. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

2.7.—As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE WORKED PER WEEK			TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING			EARNINGS PER GRAIN MILE WORKED FOR WEEK			TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO—			COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1913-14.		COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1911-12.		
	During official year 1914-15.	1913.	1912.	11 days of September 1913.	9 days of September 1912.	9 days of September 1911.	11 days of September 1913.	9 days of September 1912.	9 days of September 1911.	30th September 1913.	30th September 1912.	30th September 1911.	Increases.	Decreases.	Increases.	Decreases.	
State Railways.																	
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	388	2,500	2,600	18,04,859	18,21,920	14,15,000	501	572	535	1,96,40,940	3,58,49,578	3,96,16,000	1,01,60,751	...	29,97,488	...	
Bombay-Katamon	448	31	31	11,798	11,798	11,798	433	441	439	1,88,853	3,61,146	2,45,000	56,147	...	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	761	946	1,008	10,94,177	12,94,351	10,35,000	1,088	1,361	1,389	1,68,51,318	3,27,54,253	3,34,87,000	66,35,238	...	37,25,148	...	
Eastern Bengal (including 2' 6" and 2' 0" gauge lines)	457	1,573	1,572	15,10,750	9,08,535	9,88,000	998	577	580	1,71,04,438	1,04,53,100	1,78,35,000	2,82,561	...	3,41,500	...	
Great Indian Peninsula	598	2,551	2,620	24,00,980	37,27,493	36,61,000	1,257	1,048	1,401	6,00,63,018	5,78,92,320	6,79,14,000	1,78,28,000	...	1,06,30,511	...	
Agro-Delhi Chord	462	186	126	66,674	81,823	1,00,000	50	724	873	10,22,300	15,27,453	20,78,000	10,46,510	...	5,48,547	...	
Bombay-Katamon	117	40	40	4,380	4,380	4,380	107	150	150	20,231	22,910	1,31,000	40,700	...	25,081	...	
Bombay-Katamon (British Section)	1,883	457	12	4,00,000	1,411	23,700	716	1,51	1,082	4,55,862	4,51,700	5,51,000	3,04,992	...	50,081	...	
Cawnpore-Banda	80	33	78	1,143	1,917	6,100	35	304	197	21,844	1,90,889	1,71,000	1,71,000	...	16,111	...	
Madras and Northern Malabar (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	348	2,585	2,587	23,14,001	11,58,576	11,98,000	381	451	470	1,67,32,444	2,59,53,038	2,79,14,000	91,1,386	...	19,90,988	...	
North Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	463	3,227	4,071	23,14,001	34,84,100	37,00,000	380	610	602	4,49,3,162	6,21,57,781	6,45,36,000	2,15,98,330	...	4,78,419	...	
Orissa and Bokharo (including Cawnpore-Bombay 2' 6" link)	815	1,800	1,806	5,88,340	7,11,815	2,05,000	374	443	129	1,18,02,865	1,43,04,023	1,46,82,000	28,50,105	...	3,78,197	...	
Assam-Bengal	137	1,000	1,000	1,15,780	1,15,780	1,15,780	127	243	243	31,20,000	35,77,735	34,78,000	3,92,585	...	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	359	1,622	1,800	1,40,302	1,40,302	1,40,302	440	403	487	1,30,09,558	1,76,94,456	1,93,50,000	1,93,50,000	...	46,38,144	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	420	1,553	1,342	1,342	4,35,367	6,65,000	370	369	364	1,10,05,518	1,00,76,535	1,29,50,000	10,93,068	...	19,53,145	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	213	187	187	1,409	61,000	...	268	316	...	9,35,630	12,34,010	12,34,000	...	...	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	23	70	70	12,345	12,345	...	700	171	...	2,31,094	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	84	32	32	1,409	1,409	...	83	100	...	1,07,079	77,200	77,200	...	...	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	101	194	124	1,409	1,409	...	309	274	309	7,38,241	9,91,194	11,85,000	8,96,468	...	1,48,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	137	207	207	1,409	1,409	...	174	170	174	11,57,733	12,47,448	15,04,000	4,56,247	...	3,06,982	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	180	411	401	1,409	1,409	...	245	219	221	1,07,27,241	10,76,238	21,94,000	5,96,668	...	2,47,418	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	388	1,651	1,587	1,587	2,47,780	2,47,780	637	500	504	1,44,65,303	1,81,50,338	1,85,32,000	40,86,797	...	3,81,811	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	100	100	1,409	1,409	...	228	228	228	4,58,232	5,34,338	7,16,000	3,27,278	...	1,51,178	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	234	791	812	804	2,56,567	1,33,844	324	774	260	36,16,184	44,35,688	51,78,000	4,76,816	...	7,70,306	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	87	...	30	30	4,300	3,700	...	143	90	...	68,481	75,300	75,300	...	7,019	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	80	80	80	80	4,467	3,887	140	120	91	62,757	72,745	55,000	...	7,707	...	30,785	
Total	468	35,861	36,208	36,208	1,68,04,203	1,58,86,116	1,80,27,400	648	648	677	37,08,19,448	38,69,29,558	37,90,38,000	30,71,90,888	...	4,18,03,437	...
All other Railways.																	
Assam-Bengal	880	56	56	31,044	6,003	15,000	418	121	236	3,00,737	3,20,737	3,40,000	...	...	3,20,000	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	481	...	...	...	...	...	671	607	...	5,51,737	5,51,737	6,00,000	6,00,000	...	61,788	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	211	114	114	30,485	30,485	30,485	170	775	103	5,16,947	5,09,078	5,09,000	...	...	11,667	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	75	149	149	15,000	15,000	15,000	77	95	...	3,76,374	3,31,881	3,31,881	...	...	1,60,777	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	234	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00,000	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	128	200	200	1,08,281	1,15,105	1,15,105	403	406	406	15,79,300	20,90,100	20,90,100	6,00,000	...	1,00		

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 43. } **SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1918.**

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 24th October, 1918

No. 1325.—The services of Mr. Denys de S. Bray, C.I.E., of the Political Department of the Government of India are replaced at the disposal of the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 8th October 1918.

No. 1327.—The services of Mr. R. H. Courtenay of the Indian Civil Service, Officiating Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras, with effect from the 24th October 1918.

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

Amul, the 23rd October 1918.

No. 2321-Est.-B.—The following revised rules for the examination of officers in the Pashtu language in the North West Frontier Province, and Chilas, are hereby published for general information in supersession of the rules published in the Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 1476 G, dated the 25th June 1909, as amended by subsequent Notifications —

RULES FOR EXAMINATION IN THE PASHTU LANGUAGE.

1. The following Officers will be required to pass an examination in Pashtu according to Appendix A to these rules.

1. Officers serving in the territories under the administration of the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province

- (a) Officers of the Political Department of the Government of India serving in the territories indicated, whose substantive pay does not amount to Rs. 1,600 a month
- b European and Eurasian Extra Assistant Commissioners.
- c) District Superintendents of Police and Assistant Superintendents of Police
- d) Executive and Assistant Engineers, and Temporary Engineers of the Irrigation Branch of the Public Works Department.
- e) Military officers serving with the 'Frontier' Militia or Levy Corps.
- (f) Officers of the Indian Medical Service holding the appointments of whole-time Civil Surgeons or Deputy Sanitary Commissioners
- (g) Cantonment Magistrates Peshawar and Nowshera, whose pay of rank and staff pay do not amount to Rs. 1,500 a month.

If The Assistant Political Agent in Chilas

2 The officers mentioned in Rule 1-I a), who fail to pass the examination within two years of being posted to the North-West Frontier Province, may have their annual increment of pay suspended until they do pass the examination

3 (a) The officers mentioned in Rule 1-I, who have passed the examination, will be entitled to receive the following allowances while they are serving in the territories under the administration of the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, other than the Hazara District—

- (a) The officers mentioned in Rule 1-I a), an allowance of Rs. 100 a month so long as their substantive pay does not amount to Rs. 1,600 a month
- b) The officers mentioned in Rule 1-I (b) (d), (e), (f), an allowance of Rs. 100 a month so long as their substantive pay does not amount to Rs. 1,500 a month.
- (c) The officers mentioned in Rule 1-I (g), an allowance of Rs. 100 a month so long as their pay of rank and staff pay do not amount to Rs. 1,500 a month
- (d) District Superintendents of Police and Officiating District Superintendents of Police, an allowance of Rs. 100 a month Assistant Superintendents of Police, an allowance of Rs. 50 a month

(e) On passing the examination the Assistant Political Agent, Chilas, shall be entitled to draw an allowance of Rs. 100 a month, so long as he remains in Chilas

4 The following officers serving in the territories administered by the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North West Frontier Province may, with the previous permission of the Chief Commissioner, present themselves for examination according to Appendix A to these rules—

- a) Officers of the Political Department of the Government of India whose substantive pay amounts to Rs. 1,600 a month or more
- (b) The Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, North Punjab and North-West Frontier Province, the Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, North-West Frontier Province, the Director of Public Instruction, North-West Frontier Province, and members of the Indian Educational Service who are Inspectors of Schools in the North-West Frontier Province; the Inspector-General of Police, North-West Frontier Province, the Chief Medical Officer, North-West Frontier Province, and the Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Frontier Circle.

(c) Cantonment Magistrates, Peshawar and Nowshera, whose pay of rank and staff pay amount to Rs. 1,500 a month or more, and the Cantonment Magistrate, Abbottabad.

(d) All executive officers of the Military Works Services whether engaged on Civil or Military Works.

(e) Chaplains.

5. On passing the examination the officers mentioned in rule 4 (a), (b) and (c) will be entitled to a reward of Rs. 1,000. Those mentioned in rule 4 (d) will be entitled to an allowance of Rs. 100 a month while they are serving in the territories under the administration of the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, other than the Hazara District, or to the reward of Rs. 800 sanctioned under paragraph 376, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, but not to both. Chaplains will be entitled to a reward of Rs. 800, and not to the monthly allowance.

6. Indian Extra Assistant Commissioners, Indian Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioners, Munsiffs, Officiating Munsiffs, Tahsildars, Naib Tahsildars, Officiating Tahsildars and Naib Tahsildars, Assistant Surgeons, Sub-Assistant Surgeons in civil employ, Deputy Superintendents, Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors of Police, Subordinates of the Public Works Department and Military Works Services of the rank of Sub-Overseer and upwards, and Veterinary Inspectors, serving in the territories administered by the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, and not being by birth, domicile or education natives of the North-West Frontier Province, will be permitted to present themselves for examination in Pashtu according to Appendix B to these rules.

Note. The words "Extra Assistant Commissioners, Tahsildars, Naib Tahsildars, and Officiating Tahsildars and Naib Tahsildars" include officers serving in the Settlement Department as well as those in the regular line.

7. On passing the examination Indian Extra Assistant Commissioners and Canal Upper Subordinates in Sub-Divisional charge will be entitled to a reward of Rs. 300 and officers of the other classes enumerated in rule 6, except Assistant Surgeons and Sub-Assistant Surgeons in civil employ, to a reward of 200, provided that those who are only officiating in these appointments will not receive the reward till they are confirmed. Assistant Surgeons and Sub-Assistant Surgeons on passing the examination will be entitled to draw a Pashtu allowance at the rate of Rs. 30 and Rs. 5 per mensem, respectively, for so long as they remain stationed in the North-West Frontier Province. Officers who have to leave their districts to attend the examinations will also receive travelling allowance if they succeed in passing the examination.

8. (a) Military officers, other than those mentioned in rules 1 and 4, may appear at an examination according to Appendix A to these rules with the sanction of the authority to which they are subordinate, and will on passing receive the reward laid down in paragraph 376, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, for the Higher Standard examination. Civil officers serving in Provinces or Departments, other than those specified in rules 1, 4 and 6, may appear at an examination according to Appendix A or Appendix B to these rules, as the case may be, with the sanction of the authority to which they are subordinate.

(b) Other persons with the special permission of, and subject to any conditions as to fees or other matters that may be laid down by the Chief Commissioner, may also be admitted to an examination under these rules.

(c) With the special permission of the Punjab Government, a limited number of officers of the Punjab Commission and Police who are either quartered in the Dera Ghazi Khan, Mianwali and Attock Districts, or likely to be so quartered, may appear at an examination according to Appendix A. Such officers will, on passing the examination, be entitled to a reward of Rs. 500.

9. The following officers who, while serving in other Provinces, have passed an examination according to Appendix A or Appendix B to these rules, as the case may be, or an equivalent examination, shall, on appointment to a locality where the allowance is admissible, be entitled to the following allowances and rewards:

(a) the officers mentioned in rule 1-I (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g), to the allowances specified in rule 3.

(b) the officers mentioned in rules 4(a), (b) and (c), and 6 to the rewards to which they would have been entitled had they passed the examination when serving in the North-West Frontier Province provided that they have not already received such reward;

(c) the officers mentioned in rule 4 (d), to the allowance to which they would have been entitled under rule 5 had they passed the examination while serving in the North-West Frontier Province or to the reward admissible under paragraph 376, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, provided that they have not already received such reward; but in the event of their having already received such reward outside the

North-West Frontier Province or in the North-West Frontier Province previous to the 29th November 1917, they may be permitted to refund the reward and draw the allowance under rule 3, this refund being made by forgoing the monthly allowance for the requisite number of months. Advantage may not, however, be taken of the option above allowed to draw the allowance with effect from an earlier date than the 22nd March 1916.

10. No officer who is eligible for an allowance under these rules will be permitted to draw it until he has refunded the lump sum reward if any, that he has already received for the same, or an equivalent, examination held on or after the 31st April 1917. This refund may be made by forgoing the monthly allowance for the requisite number of months.

APPENDIX A.

I.—The following are prescribed as text-books for the examination —

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| (1) Ganj-i Pakhtu | } | As given in the Kalid-i-Afghani |
| (2) Tarikh-i Mahmud-i-Ghaznavi | | |

II. The following are the subjects of the examination and the marks allotted to each :—

First day.

Examination in the colloquial consisting of

	Marks.
(a) Translation <i>aud voce</i> and with readiness a paper of conversational sentences	100
(b) Conversation with a native of the country with fluency and such correctness of grammar, idiom and pronunciation as to be at once intelligible	100

Second day

(c) A written translation of a passage in narrative or historic style from English into Pashtu	100
(d) Reading and construing portions of the text-book	100

Candidates who fail in either of the colloquial tests on the first day will be liable to be excluded from the examination on the second day.

III.—No candidate will be held to have passed the examination who does not obtain half-marks on the whole at least 50 marks in the conversational sentences [subject (a)], and at least 50 marks in the conversation with a native. No candidate will be held to have passed with credit who does not obtain at least 65 marks in each of the four subjects, and at least 200 in the total. The object of Government is to ensure a good colloquial knowledge of the language, and consequently no officer will be considered to have passed the examination, however thorough his grammatical knowledge may be, unless he is able to converse fluently with the people.

IV.—Examinations will be held at Peshawar, Dehra Ismail Khan, Lahore Cantonment, Gilgit and Chitral twice a year, on the first Monday in April and on the last Monday in October and the following days.

V. All officers in civil and military employ, who may wish to attend the Pashtu examination, must forward their applications, through their superior officers, to the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, or the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, or the Resident in Kashmir, or the Political Agent for Dir, Swat and Chitral, according as they desire to be examined at Peshawar, Dehra Ismail Khan, Lahore Cantonment, Gilgit, or Chitral, not less than a month before the time fixed for the examination. The foregoing part of the rule is not intended to give candidates the option of selecting any of the five places at which examinations are held, as a rule they must present themselves for examination at the place nearest to the station at which they are residing.

VI.—For the conduct of these half-yearly examinations, the following Committee will be appointed

By the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North West Frontier Province—

- (a) A Central Committee to assemble at Peshawar, consisting of a President and four members, one of whom shall be an Indian whose vernacular language is Pashtu.
 (b) A Local Committee to assemble at Dera Ismail Khan, consisting of a President and two members.

By the Commissioner of Lahore—

- (c) A Local Committee to assemble at Lahore Cantonment, consisting of a President and two members.

By the Resident in Kashmir—

- (d) A Local Committee to assemble at Gilgit, consisting of a President and two members.

By the Political Agent for Dir, Swat and Chitral—

- (e) A Local Committee to assemble at Chitral, consisting of a President and two members.

VII.—Officers who are in receipt of a monthly allowance for having passed this examination, or who are otherwise eligible for the allowance, but are debarred from drawing it because their substantive pay amounts to Rs. 1,500 a month or more (Rs. 1,600 a month or more in the case of officers of the Political Department of the Government of India) shall, when available, be employed as examiners for the conduct of this examination and of the examination according to Appendix B, and shall not be entitled to any remuneration in respect of such examinations. When such officers are not available, other duly qualified persons, whether officials or non-officials, may be employed and shall be entitled to rewards at the following rates :—

European Examiner.

A minimum honorarium of Rs. 100, and, when the number of candidates for examination exceeds ten, an additional honorarium of Rs. 10 for each candidate in excess of that number.

Indian Examiner.

A minimum honorarium of Rs. 50, and, when the number of candidates for examination exceeds ten, an additional honorarium of Rs. 6 for each candidate in excess of that number.

VIII.—The Central Committee shall set the papers and arrange for having them printed. The Central Committee shall also be responsible for sending a sufficient number to the Local Committees at Dera Ismail Khan, Lahore Cantonment, Gilgit, and Chitral. The Committees at Dera Ismail Khan, Lahore Cantonment, Gilgit, and Chitral shall examine only in subjects (b) and (d) mentioned in Rule II of this Appendix, and shall report to the Central Committee the marks given in those subjects, forwarding at the same time the written translations of the candidates in the case of subject (c), and the rendering of the colloquial sentences [subject (a)], which shall be taken down by the Board in the Roman characters as the candidate repeats each sentence. With the rendering of the colloquial sentences shall be forwarded the remarks made by the Local Committee on the candidates' fluency and accent, with their recommendations as to the marks to be awarded to each. The Central Committee shall assign marks in all subjects for candidates examined at Peshawar, and in subjects (a) and (c), for candidates examined at Dera Ismail Khan, Lahore Cantonment, Gilgit and Chitral, and shall report the results of the examinations to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, for publication in the *Gazette of India*.

APPENDIX B.

I.—The following are the subjects of the examination and the marks allotted to each :—

	Marks.
(a) Translation <i>word for word</i> and with readiness a paper of conversational sentences read out by one of the examiners	100
(b) Conversation with a native of the country with fluency and such accuracy of grammar, pronunciation and idiom as to be at once intelligible	100
	<hr/> 200

Order to pass the examination candidates must obtain half marks in each subject.

IV—The examination will be held at Peshwar twice a year, on or about the first Monday in April and the last Monday in October. Candidates will be examined in colloquial Pashtu only, but the examination will be searching.

III—Such officer as the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province may appoint, shall be President of the Committee of examination in Pashtu of Indian Extra Assistant Commissioners, Tahsildars and others referred to in Rule 6, and the President shall, with the previous concurrence of the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, appoint two further members of the examining Committee, one of whom shall be an Indian whose vernacular language is Pashtu, and the other an officer who shall have passed the examination according to Appendix A.

IV—Officers who are in receipt of a monthly allowance for having passed the examination according to Appendix A, or who are otherwise eligible for the allowance, but are debarred from drawing it because their substantive pay amounts to Rs. 1,500 a month or more (Rs. 1,600 a month or more in the case of officers of the Political Department of the Government of India) shall, when available, be employed as examiners for the conduct of this examination and shall not be entitled to any remuneration in respect of such examination. When such officers are not available other duly qualified persons whether officials or non-officials, may be employed, and shall be entitled to rewards at the following rates:—

European Examiner—Rs. 10 per candidate

Indian Examiner—Rs. 6 per candidate.

V. Candidates who may wish to attend the Pashtu examination must forward their applications, through their superior officers, to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North West Frontier Province, not less than a month before the time fixed for the examination.

VI—The Committee of Examiners shall report the results of the examinations, with the marks obtained by the candidates, to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province.

A. H. GRANT,

Secretary to the Government of India

The 24th October, 1918.

No. 3429-I.B.—The Governor-General in Council, with the concurrence of His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the rules issued with the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department No. 2598-I B, dated the 9th November 1917, namely:—

(a) For Rule 3 of the said rules, the following shall be substituted:—

“3. The following State demands only shall be realised for His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government, or forwarded to His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government, for realisation under these rules, namely, items of land revenue and incomes connected with land revenue, items of other revenue relating to stamps, opium, income-tax, super-tax, water-rates, alkali or customs, or debts due on contracts for the farm or collection of the same between individuals and His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government or the British Government or fines or forfeitures leviable from such contractors or their sureties or items not heretofore specified which are realisable under any enactment in force in the Hyderabad State or in Berar, as the case may be, as arrears of land revenue.”

(b) For the words “His Highness”, wherever they occur in the said rules, the words “His Exalted Highness” shall be substituted.

The 25th October, 1918.

No. 1995-G—The privilege leave for one month granted to Mr. D. A. Clarke, Superintendent, 1st Grade, Government of India, Foreign and Political Department, in notification No. 1651-G, dated the 24th September 1918, is extended by four days.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 25th October, 1918.

No. 2330-Est. A.—The services of the undermentioned officer are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the 14th October 1918.—

Capt T. C. W. Fowle, Government of India, Political Department.

A. H. GRANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.**LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.**

Simla, the 21st October, 1918.

No. 1355-F.E. Mr. E. W. Saxton, Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, office of the Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Madras, has been granted privilege leave for 36 days with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Mr. A. Ramaswamy Ayyar, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Madras has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office with effect from the 1st October 1918 and during the absence on leave of Mr. E. W. Saxton.

The 23rd October, 1918.

No. 1359-F.E.—Mr. V. Narahari Rao, Assistant Accountant General, Madras, has been granted privilege leave for five weeks with effect from the 5th October 1918.

Mr. G. J. C. Hodson, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office with effect from the 8th October 1918 and until further orders.

The 24th October, 1918.

No. 1360-F.E. Mr. H. Denning, I.C.S., Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 27th September 1918.

M. M. S. GUBBAY,

Cyfg. Secretary to the Government of India

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.**COMMERCE—WAR.**

The 26th October, 1918.

No. 11653.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 2043, dated the 27th April 1918, as subsequently amended, *viz.*—

Additions.

Chung, C. P., Mr., (Manager, Nanking Dispensary, Nanking and Tientsin).
Clark-on Dye, Mr., Shanghai.
Clerici, Bedoni and Company, Shanghai.
Government Dock and Engineering Works (Foochow Dock and Arsenal, Pagola Anchorage), Foochow.
Hon Mee Company, Limited, The, Shanghai.
Klauber Trading Company, Shanghai.
Kaong Sang Hong Limited, Shanghai.
Louis, G., Shanghai.
Miyawaki and Company, Shanghai.
Podarikis, Nicholas, Shanghai.
Watson, A. S. and Company, Shanghai and Tientsin.
Union Commerciale Sino-Francaise (Letanneur, E.), Tientsin.
United States Trading Company, Shanghai.

Alterations.

- Compagnie Generale de Extreme Orient, Tientsin
should read
Compagnie-Generale d'Extreme Orient.
Debenham-, Limited, Chefoo
should read
Debenham and Company Limited, Chefoo.
Fairchild, F. A., Shanghai
should read
Fairchild, F. A., Tientsin.
Foochow Dock and Arsenal, Pagoda Anchorage
should read
Foochow Dock and Arsenal, Pagoda Anchorage (Government Dock and Engineering
Works), Foochow.
Gaillard, J., Shanghai
should read
Nile, Rheims and Cie, Shanghai.
Markt and Company, Shanghai
should read
Dodge and Seymour (China) Limited, Shanghai.
Mitsubishi Company,
should read
Mitsubishi Goshi Kaisha.
Nanking Dispensary, Nanking
should read
Nanking Dispensary, Nanking and Tientsin (Manager Mr. C. P. Chung,
Saiseido Japanese Pharmacy, Shanghai,
should read
Saiseido and Company, Shanghai.
Savonerie-Franco-Chinoise, Tientsin,
should read
Savonerie Franco-Chinoise, Tientsin.
Touliatos, Gerassime, Manjuria Station, C. E. R.
should read
Touliatos Gerassimo, Manchuria Station, C. E. R.
Waston, A. S. and Company, Limited
should read
Watson, A. S. and Company, Limited, Canton
Whitmore, R. A., Shanghai
should read
Whitmore, R. A., Tientsin.
Yates, F. M.
should read
Yates, T. M., Shanghai.

Removals.

- Audinet, Jean and Cie, Shanghai.
Clutch Missionary Society.
Gaston Williams and Wigmore Electrical Engineering Corporation, Shanghai.
Hipwell, P., Shanghai
Kiv, C. B. and Company, Shanghai
Kochien Transport and Towboat Company, Limited, Shanghai.
London Mission.
Opium Bonded Godown, Shanghai.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

Simla, the 25th October, 1918.

No. 1153C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in this Department Notification No. 1223-D, dated the 24th December 1917, as subsequently amended:

From proviso (ii) *q* delete the words "granite and granite setts for paving," "kerb-stone" and "strawboard".

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 26th October, 1918.

No. 11813.—Mr. W. W. Nind, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 1st November 1918, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the leave.

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

The 26th October, 1918

No. 11730—The following War Trade Department list, dated the 6th August 1918, of goods the export of which from the United Kingdom is prohibited or restricted, is published for general information :—

WAR TRADE DEPARTMENT,

4, CENTRAL BUILDINGS,

WESTMINSTER, S.W. 1.

6th August, 1918.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited by the Royal Proclamation of the 10th May, 1917, as amended by Orders of Council of the 22nd June, 1917, the 13th July, 1917, the 14th August, 1917, the 28th August, 1917, the 18th October, 1917, the 27th November, 1917, the 18th December, 1917, the 22nd January, 1918, the 8th February, 1918, the 26th February, 1918, the 8th March, 1918, the 12th April, 1918, the 25th April, 1918, the 14th May, 1918, the 11th June, 1918, the 2nd July, 1918, the 30th July, 1918, and the 6th August, 1918, to be exported from the United Kingdom to the following Destinations, viz. :—

Goods marked (A) to All Destinations ;

Goods marked (B) to All Ports and Destinations Abroad other than Ports and Destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates ;

Goods marked (C) to all Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, and Portugal, and to all Ports in any such Foreign Countries.

The dates appended to various prohibitions are those of Orders of Council imposing or amending those prohibitions since the Royal Proclamation of 10th May, 1916. Where no date appears it may be assumed that the prohibition stands as it did on the 10th May, 1916.

List E (page 1706).—Goods specially prohibited by Royal Proclamation of the 25th June, 1918, to be exported to Switzerland. The goods in this list are consignable to the Société Suisse de Surveillance Economique. It must be understood, however, that all goods mentioned in the General List, pages 1088-1706, are prohibited to be exported to Switzerland whether mentioned in List E or not. Goods mentioned in the General List but **not** in List E are **not** consignable to the Société Suisse de Surveillance Economique.

List F (page 1714).—Goods specially prohibited by Royal Proclamation of the 29th September, 1917, to be exported to Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland.

Orders of Council issued subsequently to the date of this list are published in the "Board of Trade Journal," which may be obtained either directly or through any bookseller from the undermentioned branches of H. M. Stationery Office :—

London : Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C. 2 ;

Cardiff : 1, St. Andrew's Crescent ;

Manchester : 37, Peter Street ;

Edinburgh : 23, Forth Street ;

or from Messrs. E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 115, Grafton Street, Dublin.

The attention of exporters is drawn to the fact that various articles marked B or C may, in view of the percentage of copper contained in them, be subject to the Copper Prohibition (List A) (See "Copper.")

Application must therefore be made to the War Trade Department for licences to export goods which fall within the aforementioned copper prohibition on account of the quantity of copper contained therein. Such applications should always indicate clearly the actual quantity of copper and/or copper alloys the goods contain.

A

- Abrasives, artificial, see Emery.
- (v) Accessories, not otherwise prohibited; (14-5-17).
- (A) Acetanilide; (11-6-18).
- (A) Acetates, all metallic.
- (A) Acetic acid.
- (A) Acetic anhydride; (19-2-17).
- (A) Acetocelluloses.
- (A) Acetons and their compounds and preparations; (7-6-16).
- Acetylene burners, see Burners.
- (A) Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin) and its preparations.
- (c) Acid-resisting apparatus made of quartz and parts of such apparatus made of quartz; (16-5-19).
- (A) Aconite root; (11-6-18).
- (A) Acetylamine, pyridine and other acridine derivatives having antiseptic or therapeutic properties, and mixtures or preparations containing any of those substances; (18-10-17).
- (c) Alkaline; (22-6-17).
- Adzes, see Tools, see also Handles.
- (A) Aerial and Mineral Waters; (1-5-17).
- (A) Air plane dope.
- (A) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
- (c) Agar-agar; (23-11-16).
- Agricultural machinery, see Machinery.
- (A) Aircraft of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
- Aircraft, Steel stampings suitable for, see Steel.
- Ajowan seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Albumen; (8-5-16) (19-2-17).
- (A) Alcohol, absolute.
- (A) Alcohol, ethylic, mixtures and preparations containing (not otherwise prohibited); (14-5-17).
- (A) Alcohol methyllic, and its esters; (15-1-17).
- Alc, see Beer.
- (c) Algae; (1-5-17).
- (b) Algin and its compounds; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (22-1-18).
- Alkaline bromides, see Bromine.
- Alkaline tartarates, see Tartaric Acid.
- Alms; (30-3-17); (12-1-18).
- Alumina, see Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Aluminium, alloys of aluminium and manufactures of aluminium, or of its alloys; (18-10-17).
- (A) Aluminium nitrate.
- (v) Aluminium, oxides of, and mixtures containing aluminium oxides.
- (A) Aluminium powder.
- (c) Aluminium, salts of (except aluminium-nitrate and sulphate, aluminoferric, and ammonium alum).
- (v) Aluminium sulphate.
- (b) Aluminoferric.
- Alundum, see Emery.
- (b) Alumite.
- (v) Alypin; (22-6-17).
- (A) Ambergris; (8-2-18).
- (A) American cotton ties, varnished or blacked; (28-7-16).
- (A) Amidol and mixtures containing amidol.
- (b) Am dopyrine; (10-5-17).
- (A) Ammonia and its salts, whether simple or compound, and mixtures containing such salts; (19-1-17) (22-1-18) (6-5-18).
- (A) Amyl acetate and other amyl esters; (15-1-17).
- Amyl alcohol, see Fuel Oil.
- (c) Amylene; (22-6-17).
- (A) Anchors; (30-3-17).
- (c) Anchusa; (22-6-17).
- (c) Anchusin; (22-6-17).
- (A) Aneroids suitable for aircraft.
- Animal fats, see Fats.
- Animal hair, see Hair.
- Animal hoofs, see Gluestock.
- Animal oils, see Oils.
- Animal waxes, see Waxes.
- (A) Animals, living, for food; (12-12-16).
- (A) Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war; (8-1-15).
- (A) Anthracene oil, and mixtures and preparations containing anthracene oil; (26-7-16) (2-2-17).
- (v) Antimony and alloys of antimony.
- (c) Antimony, compounds of (except sulphides and oxides of antimony).
- (A) Antimony, sulphides and oxides of, and mixtures containing sulphides and oxides of antimony; (11-6-18).
- (A) Atipyrine (phenazone) and its preparations.
- (A) Anti-tetanus serum.
- (A) Anvils; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
- Apatites, see Phosphate Rock.
- (c) Apicol; (22-6-17).
- (c) Apparel, waterproof wearing, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (17-11-16).
- (A) Araroba or Gou powder; (27-11-17) (11-6-18).
- (A) Arca or betel nuts; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Arccoline; (27-11-17) (12-1-18).
- (A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
- (A) Arms, not being firearms and their component parts.
- (A) Arrowroot.
- (b) Ar-enical ore; (18-10-17).
- (b) Arsenic, compounds of arsenic, and mixtures containing arsenic; (18-10-17).
- (A) Asbestos and articles manufactured wholly or partly of asbestos; (27-11-17).
- Aspirin, see Acetylsalicylic Acid.
- (A) Asphalt and articles containing asphalt; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).

- (A) Asphalt, coal tar; (25-5-16) (22-6-17) (22-1-18).
 Augers see Tools.
 A) Axes; (10-5-17) (27-11-17); see also Handles.
 Axles, see Carts; Bicycles; Motor Vehicles; Railway Material; Waggonage.
- B**
- (A) Baggings, old
 (A) Bags and sacks made wholly or partly of jute other than such bags or sacks as constitute the covering of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
 (C) Bags, wrappers or sacks not otherwise specifically prohibited (except unwoven paper bags) other than such bags, wrappers or sacks as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (19-12-16).
 Bakery, utensils, see Implements.
 (A) Baking powder; (12-3-17).
 Balata, see Rubber.
 Ball bearings, see Bearings.
 Ball clay, see Clay.
 (A) Balsams; (12-4-18)
 (C) Bamboo; (1-7-16).
 (A) Banana meal and banana flour and preparations containing banana meal and banana flour; (22-6-17).
 Bandoliers, leather, see Leather Goods.
 Barbed wire, see Wire.
 (B) Barium peroxide; (30-3-17).
 (A) Barium sulphate and mixtures containing barium sulphate; (11-6-18) (6-8-18).
 Barley, see Cascarilla, Cinchona, Cupira, Quina, Quercitron, Saponaceous berries.
 (A) Barley, barley meal and pearled and pot barley.
 (A) Barographs suitable for aircraft.
 (A) Barometers and their component parts; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
 (A) Barrels and casks wooden (other than such barrels or casks as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods), whether whole or in shocks, and their distinctive component parts; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (10-5-17) (11-5-18).
 (A) Basic slag; (26-10-16)
 (A) Baskets and basket ware; (1-5-17) (22-1-18).
 (A) Baudruche skin.
 (B) Bauxite.
 (A) Bayonets and their component parts.
 (A) Beans of all kinds including haricots, but not including Calabar and St. Ignatius beans, which see, (12-12-16) (27-11-17).
 (A) Bean flour and meal.
 Bearded needles, see Needles.
 (A) Bearings, ball and roller and steel balls and rollers suitable for bearings; (15-8-16).
- (B) Bedding, (not including bedsteads and parts thereof); (1-5-17) (8-3-18).
 (A) Bedstead, metal, and metal frames for bedsteads; (12-4-18).
 (A) Beer and ale; (1-5-17).
 (A) Beeswax; (28-8-17).
 Beet seed see Seeds.
 Belaying pins, see Ships' rigging.
 (A) Belladonna and its preparations.
 (A) Belladonna alkaloids, and their salts and preparations.
 Belt fastener, see Castings and Wire.
 (A) Belting, cotton, including belting made with cotton duck impregnated with balata or with rubber; (11-5-18).
 (B) Belting, woven hair; (8-3-18).
 (C) Belting, not otherwise prohibited; (8-3-18).
Belting, see Cotton; Leather; Linen; Rubber, etc.
 Belts, see Leather Goods.
 Benzamine, see Eugenic Hydrochloride.
 (A) Benzene acid (synthetic) and benzoates; (12-4-18).
 (A) Benzol and its compounds and preparations.
 Betelnuts, see Araca.
 (C) Bicycle and their component parts not otherwise prohibited; (11-5-17) (see also Motor).
 (A) Binder twine; (23-10-16) (12-3-17).
 (A) Binnacles; (30-3-17).
 (A) Binoculars and their component parts; (10-5-17) (2-7-18).
 (A) Bins, iron or steel; (12-4-18).
 Biscuit meal, see Cakes and Meals.
 (A) Biscuits.
 (C) Bismuth and its salts (except bismuth nitrate).
 (A) Bismuth nitrate.
 (A) Bitumen, liquid or solid, and articles containing bitumen; (10-5-17) (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
 (A) Bladders, (10-2-17), see also Fish Bladders.
 (B) Blankets, manufactured wholly or partly of wool or hair; (8-3-18).
 (C) Blankets, not otherwise prohibited; (8-3-18).
 (A) Bleaching powder; (5-9-16).
 Blocks, wood and iron rigging, see Ships' rigging.
 (A) Boats and craft; (10-5-17) (18-12-17).
 (A) Bobbins and their component parts; (22-6-17).
 (A) Boilers, including portable boiler, and their component parts; (25-5-16) (1-5-18).
 Boiler packings, see Packings.
 (A) Boiler tubes.
 (A) Bolts, iron or steel; (13-7-17).
 Bolts, see also Ships' rigging.
 Bone ash, see Bones.
 (A) Bone black; (15-1-17) (2-7-18).
 (A) Bones except fish bones in any form and bone ash see also Fish bones; Whalebone.
 (A) Boots and shoes, with soles or uppers of leather; (8-7-16) (30-3-17).
 (C) Boots and shoes not otherwise prohibited; (30-3-17).
 Boots and shoes materials and tools used in the manufacture of, the following; (5-9-16) (15-1-17) (19-1-17) (1-5-18) (22-6-17) (13-7-17).

- (A) Boot and shoe giundry, including clog nails
 (A) Cutters; (2-7-18).
 (A) Drivers; (2-7-18).
 (A) Eyelets; (2-7-18).
 (A) Groovers; (2-7-18).
 (A) Hooks; (2-7-18).
 (A) Lasts; (14-8-17).
 (A) Shoemakers' machines and their component parts; (14-8-17).
 (A) Shoemakers' tools, hand and machine; (14-8-17).
- (c) Borax and mixtures containing borax.
 (c) Boric acid.
 Boung cutters, see Tools.
 (c) Boron compounds.
 (A) Bottles, metal, such as can be used for containing mercury; (1-5-17).
 Bottles, metal, see Hollow-ware.
 Tinsplate.
 Bowls, see Tinsplate.
 Braces and bits, see Tools.
 Braid, see Hemp; Silk.
 Bran, see Offals of Corn.
 Brass, see Copper.
 Braziers, see Hollow-ware.
- (A) Bread.
 Brewers' grains, see Grains.
 Bricks, see Fireclay, Magnesite; Silica.
 (A) Bristles, (26-6-16) (8-3-18) (2-7-18).
 Broccoli seed, see Seeds.
 (A) Bromine and alkaline bromides; (12-4-18).
 Bronze, see Copper.
 (A) Bronze powder; (10-5-17).
 (A) Brooms and brushes; (1-5-17) (8-3-18) (2-7-18).
 Brussels sprouts seed, see Seeds.
 (A) Buchu leaves; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
 (A) Buckets, iron or steel; (12-4-18).
 Buckles, see Castings.
 (A) Buckwheat; (12-12-16).
 Buffalo hides, see Hides.
 Builders' ironmongery, see Castings.
 Bulbs, see Silver.
 (c) Burners, acetylene.
 (A) Butter.
- C.**
- Cabbage seed, see Seeds.
 (A) Cables, chain.
 (B) Cables, insulated.
 Cables, see also Copper manufactures.
 (B) Cadmium, alloys of cadmium and cadmium ore; (15-8-16).
 (A) Caffeine and its salts; (10-5-17) (12-4-18).
 (A) **Cakes and Meals** (which may be used as forage or food for animals), the following:—
 Biscuit meal;
 Calf meal;
 Coconut and poonac cake;
 Compound cakes and meal;
 Cotton seed cake and cotton seed meal;
 Fish meal and concentrated fish;
 Gluten meal or gluten feed;
 Ground nut or earth nut cake and meal;
 Hemp seed cake and meal;
 Husk meal;
 Linseed cake and meal;
 Locust bean meal;
 Maize germ meal;
 Maize meal and flour;
 Meat meal;
 Palm nut cake and meal;
 Poppy seed cake and meal;
 Rape seed or colza seed cake and meal;
 Sesame seed cake and meal;
 Soya bean cake and meal;
 Sunflower seed cake and meal;
 Whale cake;
 Whale meal.
- (A) Cakes.
 (A) Calabar beans; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
 (A) Calcium carbide; (12-3-17).
 (c) Calcium silicide; (1-5-17).
 (c) Calcium sulphate.
 (c) Calcium sulphide.
 Calf meal, see Cakes and Meals.
 (A) Calfskins.
 (A) Calumba root; (11-6-18).
 (A) Calves' stomachs; (25-5-16).
 Cambrics, see Cotton.
 (B) Camp equipment, military articles of, not otherwise prohibited; (14-8-17).
 Camp kettles, see Kettles.
 (B) Camphor; (1-5-17).
 Canary seed, see Seeds.
 (A) Candles; (1-5-17) (8-2-18).
 (A) Canes, unmounted; (14-5-18).
 Cannabis Indica, see Indian hemp.
 (A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their component parts.
 Cans, see Hollow-ware; Tinsplate.
 (A) Cantharides; (12-4-18).
 Canvas, cotton, see Cotton.
 (c) Canvas, old ship.
 (A) Canvas cuttings.
 Canutohoue, see Rubber, also Gums.
 (A) Capsicum, including oleo-resin of capsicum; (2-7-18).
 (A) Caramel, liquid or solid; (1-5-17).
 (A) Carbolic acid and compounds thereof, and preparations containing carbolic acid.
 (A) Carbon, Brazilian.
 (A) Carbon coke oven; (6-8-18).
 (A) Carbon disulphide.
 Carbon electrodes, see Electrodes.
 (A) Carbon, gas; (19-2-17).
 (A) Carbon, pitch; (6-9-18).
 (A) Carbon tetrachloride and its preparations.
 (A) Carbons, suitable for searchlights.
 Carbonyl chloride, see Phosgene.
 Carborundum, see Emery.
 (A) Card clothing; (1-5-17) (10-5-17).
 Card pins, see Steel.
 Card board, see Papers.
 Carnauba wax, see Wax.
 (B) Carpets and carpet rugs made wholly or partly of wool or hair; (8-3-18).
 (c) Carpets and carpet rugs, not otherwise prohibited; (8-3-18).
 Carrot seed, see Seeds.
 (A) Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and their component parts.
 Carriages, see Railway.
 (A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for the filling and repair of rifle and shot gun cartridges; (8-2-18).

- (B) Cart, two wheeled, capable of carrying 15 cwt. or over, and their component parts.
- (A) Casein and preparations thereof; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
- (A) Cascara Sagrada and its preparations; (30-3-17) (2-11-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Cascarilla bark; (12-4-18).
- (A) Casings; (19-2-17).
- Casks, see Barrels.
- (A) Cassava powder
- (A) Castings, malleable, hematite iron, the following; (12-3-17) (14-8-17) —
 Belt fasteners;
 Buckles;
 Builders' ironmongery;
 Chain fittings;
 Coat and hat hangers;
 Conduit fittings;
 Cycle fittings;
 Furniture fittings;
 Hinges;
 Horse clippers;
 Lamp fittings;
 Pipe flanges;
 Spurs;
 Stove fittings;
 Tramway fittings;
- Castings, see Armour Plates and Ship-building material.
- Cast iron guttering, etc., see guttering.
- Cast iron pipes, see Pipes
- (A) Catechu; (11-6-18).
- Cattle foods, see Cakes and Meals.
- Cattle foods, patent and proprietary, see Patent.
- Cattle hides, see Hides
- Cauliflower, see Seeds
- Caustic potash, see Potash.
- Caustic magnesite, see Magnesite.
- Caustic soda, see Soda.
- Celery seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Celluloid.
- (A) Celluloid articles, wholly or partly manufactured of; (1-5-17) (10-5-17) (22-1-18).
- (A) "Celluloid" sheet, non-inflammable, and similar transparent material non-soluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water.
- (A) Cement for building and engineering purposes; (14-5-18).
- (A) Cereals. Prepared foods derived wholly or partly from.
- (B) Cerium, oxide and salts of; (10-5-17).
- (A) Cerium and its alloys (except ferrocerium, the exportation of which is prohibited to all ports and destinations abroad other than ports and destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates).
- Chain cables, see Cables.
- Chain fittings, see Castings.
- Chains, rigging, see Ships' rigging
- Chamois, see Leather and Leather goods.
- (C) Charcoal.
- Charges, see Cartridges.
- (A) Cheese.
- Chestnut extract, see Tanning extracts.
- (A) Chicory; (30-3-17) (27-11-17).
- Chicory seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Chick peas; (12-12-16).
- China clay, see Clay.
- China fibre, see Fibre.
- (C) China stone.
- Chisels, see Tools
- (A) Chloral and its compounds and preparations; (10-5-17); (12-4-18).
- (A) Chloroform; (12-4-18). See also Halogen derivatives, &c.
- (A) Chlorates, all metallic
- (C) Chlorides metallic and metallidic, not otherwise prohibited; (22-6-17).
- (B) Chlorine.
- Choppers, see Tools.
- (B) Chrome ore.
- (B) Chromium, compounds of (except chromium acetate, chromium chlorate and chromium nitrate), and mixtures containing such compounds of chromium.
- (A) Chromium acetate.
- (A) Chromium chlorate.
- (A) Chromium nitrate.
- (A) Chronometers; (23-10-16).
- (A) Chrysarobin; (27-11-17) (11-6-18).
- Chucks, see Tools.
- Cigarette paper, see Paper
- (A) Cinchona bark, its alkaloids and their salts and preparations of any of these substances; (1-5-17) (27-11-17) (22-1-18).
- (A) Cinematograph films.
- Cisterns, see Hollowware.
- (B) Citrates; (22-6-17).
- (B) Citric acid; (25-5-16) (30-3-17).
- (C) Clay, china, potters and ball.
- Clay, fire, see Fireclay.
- Cleats, see Ships' rigging
- Cleavers, see Tools.
- Clog nails, see Boots and Shoes.
- Clothing**, see Card; Uniform, Apparel
- Wool; Silk
- Cloth**, see Cotton; Hemp; Insulating materials; Jute; Wool; etc.
- Clover seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal; (27-11-17)
- (A) Coal tar.
- Coal tar asphalt, see Asphalt.
- (A) Coal tar and products obtainable from and derivatives thereof, suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives (26-7-16).
- Coat and hat hangers, see Castings.
- (B) Cobalt, cobalt ore, and alloys of cobalt
- (A) Cobalt nitrate
- (B) Cobalt, oxides and salts of (except cobalt nitrate), and mixtures containing such oxides or salts of cobalt.
- (A) Cobaltchrom and similar alloys; (12-4-18)
- (A) Coca leaves and their preparations; (27-11-17) (12-4-18)
- (A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations; (17-11-16).
- Coconut cake, see Cakes and Meals
- Coconuts, see Oleaginous Kernels, etc.

- (A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof, (19-2-17).
- (A) Cocoa husks; (19-2-17).
- (A) Cocoa shells; (19-2-17).
- Cocoons, see Silk.
- (A) Coffee; (19-2-17).
- (A) Coffee essence, including coffee essence, containing Chicory; (27-11-17).
- (B) Coir yarn; (1-5-17).
- (A) Coke and manufactured fuel; (18-12-17).
- (B) Colchicum and its preparations.
- Collar check, see Wool.
- (A) Collodion.
- (A) Colocynth; (27-11-17) (12-1-18).
- Colza seed, see Oleaginous Kernels.
- Comb pins, see Steel.
- Combs, see Curry.
- Combings, see Malt.
- (A) Compasses for ships, and component parts thereof; (30-5-17).
- (A) Compasses (other than ships' compasses), and their component parts; (2-7-18).
- Compound cakes and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- Condenser tubes, see Shipbuilding Materials.
- (A) Condiments (except Table Salt) not otherwise specifically prohibited; (1-5-17) (2-7-18).
- Conduit fittings, see Castings.
- (A) Confectionery manufactured wholly, or partly of sugar; (12-2-17).
- (A) Copper acetate.
- (C) Copper, compounds of (except copper acetate, copper iodide, copper nitrate, copper sulphate, and sub-oxide of copper) and mixtures containing such compounds of copper.
- (B) Copper iodide.
- (A) Copper manufactures, the following:— (23-2-17).
- All articles wholly or partly manufactured of copper or its alloys except articles partly manufactured of copper or its alloys in which the total weight of copper and copper alloy does not exceed 5 per cent. of the total weight of the article, and does not exceed 56 lbs.
- (A) Copper nitrate.
- (A) Copper ore; regulus, matte, concentrate and precipitate; (27-2-17).
- (A) Copper, whether refined or unrefined, unwrought, wrought, or partly wrought of all kinds and descriptions, including brass, bronze, yellow metal, and all other alloys of copper; (23-2-17).
- (A) Copper stamps for stamping woven piece goods; (28-6-16).
- (B) Copper suboxide of, and mixtures containing suboxide of copper.
- (A) Copper sulphate; (12-4-18).
- (A) Coppers and their component parts; (14-5-18).
- Copra, see Oleaginous Kernels.
- Cordage and Twine**, see Binder twine; Flax, Hemp manufactures; Jute cordage.
- Corute presses, see Implements, &c.
- (A) Cork and cork dust, and articles manufactured therefrom, not otherwise, specifically prohibited; (22-1-18) (14-5-18).
- (B) Corks, crown; (14-5-18).
- (A) Cornflour.
- (A) Corn grits.
- Corn offals, see Offals.
- Corundum, see Emery.
- Corrugated sheets, see Galvanised sheets.
- Cotton, manufactures of, the following:—
- (A) Typewriter cloth and fine cotton cambrics, in the grey, from 40 to 50 inches wide and weighing from 1½ ounces to 4 ounces per square yard; (11-6-18).
- (C) Cotton, all manufactures, mixtures, and products of, not otherwise specifically prohibited.
- Cotton belting, see Belting.
- (A) Cotton canvas, duck, or sailcloth, weighing more than 25 ounces per square yard; (14-5-18).
- (A) Cotton pulp.
- (A) Cotton rags and rags containing cotton.
- (A) Cotton, raw; (12-3-17).
- (A) Cotton, yarn, made from or containing Sea Island cotton, whether grown in the United States of America or the West Indies; (1-5-17) (14-5-18).
- Cotton seed, see Oleaginous Kernels, &c.
- Cotton seed cake, and cotton seed meal, see Cakes and Meal.
- (A) Cotton shoddy.
- Cotton ties, see American.
- (A) Cotton wadding, and articles containing cotton wadding.
- (A) Cotton waste, and articles containing cotton waste.
- (A) Cotton wool, and articles containing cotton wool.
- Craft, see Boats.
- Cramps, see Tools.
- Cream of Tartar, see Tartaric Acid.
- (A) Creosote and creosote oils (except wood tar oil, for which see Oils) and mixtures and preparations containing such creosote or creosote oils; (26-7-16) (2-2-17).
- (A) Cresol, compounds and preparations of cresol and nitro-cresol; (18-10-17).
- Crowbars, see Tools.
- (B) Crucibles (plumbago).
- (A) Crysolite; (15-8-16).
- Crystolon, see Emery.
- (A) Cubebs; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- Culms, see Malt.
- (C) Cuprea bark; (27-11-17).
- (A) Curry combs; (15-8-16).
- (A) Cutch, and extracts thereof; (28-8-17).
- Cutters, see Boots and Shoes, materials for; Tools, small; Wire, barbed.
- (A) Cyanamide.
- Cycle fittings, see Castings.
- Cycles, see Bicycles, Motor Vehicles.
- (A) Cylinders, metal, capable of use for the storage of gasses or liquids under pressure; (14-8-17).
- D.**
- Dairy utensils, see Tinplate.
- (A) Damiana; (12-4-18).
- (A) Dari.
- Deadeyes, see Ships' rigging.
- (B) Deer skins.
- Delta metal, see Copper.

- (A) Dextrine and all articles and mixtures and preparations, containing dextrine; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
Dhol, see Gram.
- (A) Diamonds suitable for industrial purposes
- (L) Diatomite or infusorial earth; (2-7-18).
Dies for cartridge cases, see Implements, &c.
- (A) Diethylbarbituric acid (veronal) and veronal sodium.
Diesel engines, see Shipbuilding material.
- (c) Digitaline; (22-6-17).
- (A) Dimethylaniline.
Distillers' grains, see Grains, &c.
- (B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
- Domestic Utensils, see Hollow-ware; Tinplate.
Down, see Feathers.
- Drawings, see Maps.
- (B) Draw plates, jewelled for drawing wire; (8-1-16).
Drilling posts, see Tools.
- Drivers, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
- (A) Drums, iron or steel, other than such drums as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods; (14-5-18)
Duck, cotton, see Cotton
- (A) Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs.
- (c) Dyes, vegetable, and dyestuffs and their extracts used in the preparation of vegetable dyes, and articles containing such dyes, dyestuffs and extracts, not otherwise prohibited; (28-8-17).
- E.**
- Earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
Earth nuts, see Oleaginous kernels.
- (A) Eggs in shells.
- (A) Egg Powder; (1-5-17).
- (A) Egg, yolk and liquid; (8-9-16) (19-2-17)
- (c) Electrical apparatus and plant for the generation, distribution and utilisation of electric power not otherwise prohibited, see also Copper and Magnets; (17-1-16).
Electrical insulating materials, see Insulating.
- (B) Electric lamps (except carbon filament lamps, arc lamps for street lighting and pocket electric lamps and their component parts; (7-6-16) (12-12-16)).
- (c) Electric lamps, pocket, and their component parts; (12-12-16)
Electric lamp filaments, see Tungsten.
- (A) Electrodes, carbon, for electric furnaces
- (A) Emery and corundum and manufactures thereof, carborundum, alundum, cryston, and all other artificial abrasives and manufactures thereof; (7-6-16) (17-11-16) (11-6-18)
- (A) Emetin and its salts.
Enamel, gold, see Gold.
Engine packings, see Packings
Engines, internal combustion, see Shipbuilding material.
- Engines**, see Aeroplane; Railway carriages.
- (B) Equipment, military, not otherwise prohibited; (14-8-17).
Equipment web, see Web.
- (A) Ergot of rye; (10-5-17) (12-4-18).
- (c) Ergotine; (22-6-17).
- (c) Eryngo; (22-6-17).
- (c) Eserine; (22-6-17).
- (A) Esparto glass
Essential oils, see Oils.
- (A) Ether, acetic.
- (A) Ether, formic.
- (A) Ether, sulphuric.
Ethylic alcohol, see Alcohol.
- (A) Eucaine hydrochloride, eucaine (benzamine), lactate, and their preparations.
- (c) Exalgin; (22-6-17).
- (A) Explosives.
Eyelets, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
Eyeplates, see Ships' rigging.
- F.**
- Faller pins, see Steel.
- (A) Farina; (19-2-17)
Farming implements, see Machinery, agricultural
- (A) Fats, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such fats, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (19-2-17) (27-11-17)
- (A) Fatty acids, and articles and mixtures containing fatty acids, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (27-11-17)
- (c) Feathers and down, except ornamental feathers; (4-7-16) (15-8-16) (29-9-16).
- (c) Felspar; (4-7-16).
Fencing staples, see Wire.
- (B) Felt made wholly or partly of wool or hair (except roofing felt and saddle felt, which see); (5-3-18)
- (c) Felt, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (8-9-16) (26-2-14).
- (A) Felt, roofing (26-2-18).
Felt, saddle, see Wool
Fennugreek seed, see Seeds
Ferberite, see Tungsten Ores
- (c) Ferrets; (19-12-16).
Ferro-alloys, the following —
- (B) Ferro-cerium
- (B) Ferro-chrome
- (A) Ferro-manganese; (22-6-17)
- (A) Ferro-molybdenum
- (B) Ferro-titanium.
- (B) Ferro-vanadium
- (B) Silicon spiegel; (15-8-16).
- (B) Spiegeleisen
- (A) Ferro-silicon
- Fibre, Maguey, see Hemp.
Fibre matting, see Mats.
- (A) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (15-8-16) (19-12-16) (1-5-17) (28-2-17) (8-2-18).
- (c) Fibres, vegetable, tissues and manufactures thereof not otherwise specifically prohibited; (8-2-18).
Fibre, vulcanised, see Insulating materials.

- (A) **Field glasses**, and their component-parts; (2-7-18)
Filaments for Electric Lamps, see Tungsten
Files, see Shoemakers' tools; Tools, small.
Films, see Cinematograph, Photographic.
Finings, see Glue
- (A) **Firearms and their component parts**, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for use in connection therewith; (8-2-18).
- (A) **Fireclay**, and articles wholly manufactured of fireclay including firebricks; (28-8-16) (18-12-17) (28-2-18).
- (A) **Fish**.
Fish bladders, see Gluestock.
(n) **Fish bones**; (12-12-16).
Fish glue, see Glue.
(A) **Fish hooks**; (18-10-17).
Fish oil, see Oils.
Fish skins, see Gluestock, etc.
(o) **Fishing gear**, including tackle (other than fish hooks, which see) for fishing by rod and line; (2-2-17) (18-10-17).
Fishmeal and concentrated fish; see Cakes and Meal
Fittings, harness, see Harness
Fittings, metal, see Castings.
- (A) **Flax and linen**, all goods wholly or partly manufactured of, except made up articles of wearing apparel; (29-9-16) (25-8-17) (27-11-17) (18-12-17) (8-2-18).
- (o) **Flax and linen**, made up articles of wearing apparel wholly or partly manufactured of, not otherwise prohibited; (8-2-18) (8-3-18)
- (A) **Flax cordage and twine**; (18-12-17)
(A) **Flax, raw**.
(A) **Flax shakings**
(A) **Flax tow**.
(A) **Flax waste**.
Fleshies, see Pickled Grains.
Flour, see Banana; Bean; Corn; Lentil; Malt; Maize; Pea; Potato; Rice; Rye; Sago; Tapioca; Wheat.
- (o) **Fluorine compounds**, not otherwise prohibited; (1-5-17).
Flyers, see Steel.
Foods prepared from cereals, see Cereals.
Forage and food which may be used for animals, see specific headings as, e.g., Beans; Cakes; Hay, Oats, etc.
- (A) **Forage, green**.
(B) **Forges, portable**
Forks, see Tools, see also Handles.
- (o) **Formates**, not otherwise prohibited; (12-12-16)
(A) **Formic acid**; (27-11-17).
(A) **Formic aldehyde**; (12-4-18).
Formic ether, see Ether.
Fountains, see Hollow-ware.
Froch chalk, see Talc
- (A) **Fruit and fruit preserves**; (29-9-16) (15-1-17) (19-2-17)
- (A) **Fuel economisers constructed of cast iron pipes**, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connection with land or marine steam boilers; (12-12-16).
Fuel, manufactured, see Coke.
Fuel oil, see Oil.
Furniture fittings, see Castings.
- (c) **Furs and manufactures thereof (except Seal-skin Fur, which see)** (12-3-17) (1-5-17).
- (A) **Fusel oil (amyl alcohol)**.
(A) **Fuses**.
(A) **Fustic (chips and extracts)**; (22-1-18).
- G.**
- (A) **Gall nuts and extracts thereof**; (28-8-17).
(A) **Galvanised sheets, corrugated or flat**; (2-7-16) (10-5-17).
Galvanised wire, see Wire.
(A) **Gambier and extracts thereof**; (28-8-17).
(A) **Game**.
Gas carbon, see Carbon.
Gas mantles, see Incandescent, Mantles, Rame.
Gas masks, see Respirators.
Gasmeters, see Tinplate.
Gauges for cartridges and shells, see Implements, etc.
Gelatine, see Glue.
(A) **Germanium root**; (12-4-18).
(A) **Gentian root**; (10-5-17) (11-6-18).
Gilding solution, see Gold.
Gill pins, see Steel.
Gimlets, see Tools.
- (A) **Ginger, crystallised or preserved**; (2-2-17) (10-5-17).
- (A) **Glass for optical instruments**.
Glasses, Field, see Field.
- (B) **Gloves made wholly or partly of leather**, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (8-9-16) (23-10-16) (10-3-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) **Gloves, men's, made wholly or partly of leather**; (12-4-18).
- (A) **Glucose, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing glucose**; (19-2-17) (10-5-17)
- (A) **Glue, osseine, and concentrated size (and other sizes and sizings made from glue)**, fishglue, isinglass, finings and other kinds of gelatine; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (22-1-18).
- (A) **Gluestock of all kinds**, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts, not otherwise specifically prohibited, fish bladders, and fish skins; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (14-5-18)
Gluten meal, or gluten feed, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) **Glycerine, and preparations containing glycerine not otherwise specifically prohibited**.
Gua powder, see Araroba.
- (A) **Goat skin**; (18-10-17).
(A) **Goosebeater's skin**.
(A) **Gold, liquid**, including gold paint, gold enamel, gilding solution and all other pigments containing gold (12-4-18).
(c) **Gold paint containing sulphide of tin**; (1-5-17).
Gouges, see Tools.
- (A) **Grains, Brewers' and Distillers**; (12-12-16).
Grains, Pickled, see Pickled.
- (A) **Gramophone and other sound records, including perforated music rolls**; (10-5-17).
- (c) **Gramophone record compositions**; (8-9-16).
- (A) **Gram or dhol**; (12-12-16).
- (B) **Graphite, and mixtures containing graphite**.
- (A) **Grass, esparto**.
Grass seed, see Seeds.
Grass matting, see Mats.
- (A) **Grates and registers for heating purposes, and their component parts**; (6-8-18).
- (A) **Green forage**; (12-12-18).
- (A) **Green oil, and mixtures and preparations containing green oil**; (26-7-16) (2-2-17):

(A) Grenades and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).

(A) Grindelia; (12-1-18).

Grindery, see Boots and Shoes, Material for.

(A) Grindstones; (8-9-16).

Ground nut, or earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.

Ground nuts, see Oleaginous Kernels.

Groovers, see Boots and Shoes, Material for.

(B) Guaiacol and guaiacol carbonate.

(A) Guanos; (2-2-17).

(B) Gums containing caoutchouc.

(A) Gums not otherwise specifically prohibited; (1-5-17) (12-4-18).

Guns, see Cannon, Firearms, Machine.

Gun-metal, see Copper.

Gutta-percha, see Rubber.

(A) Guts; (19-2-17). See also Silkworm.

(A) Gutting cast iron, and cast iron gutter fittings and connections; (2-7-18).

H.

Hackle pins, see Steel.

Hacksaws and their component parts; see Tools.

(A) Hair, animal, and tops, nails, mixtures, waste, and yarns thereof; (8-9-16) (18-10-17).

(B) Hair, human, and tops, nails, mixtures, waste, and yarns thereof; (10-5-17) (14-8-17).

(B) Hair, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations; (8-3-18).

Hair, see Belting; Blankets; Carpets; Feet; Rugs.

(C) Halogen derivatives of aliphatic hydrocarbons (except carbon tetrachloride, chloroform and iodoform, which see); (12-4-18).

(B) Hammers, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-3-17) (27-11-17); see also Tools, also Handles.

(A) Handles and helms for grubbers, pickaxes, spades, and shovels; (12-3-17).

(A) Handles for adzes, axes, forks (agricultural, stone, roadmaking, and coke), hammers (hand), hose, hooks (brushing and reaping), road scrapers and scythes; (27-11-17) (14-5-18).

(A) Harness and metal fittings therefor, see also Leather.

Harness and saddlery, materials and tools used in the manufacture of, the following (18-12-17):—

(A) Harness and saddlery making machines and their component parts;

(A) Harness and saddlery tools, hand and machine;

(A) Needles for harness and saddlery making machines.

Haricots, see Beans.

(A) Hatchets; (10-5-17) (14-5-18).

Hat hangers, see Castings.

Hawseers, see Steel.

(A) Hay.

(A) Hellographs and their component parts (2-7-18).

Hemp and hemp manufactures, the following:—

(A) Hemp ropes, old.

(A) Hemp waste.

(A) Hemp of all kinds (including Indian hemp used in textile manufacture), Maguey fibre and manufactures thereof, except Tagalbraid; (8-3-18).

(C) Tagalbraid; (7-6-16) (29-9-16) (23-10-16) (17-11-16).

See also Indian Hemp

Hempseed, see Oleaginous Kernels.

Hempseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.

(B) Henbane and its preparations; (10-5-17).

(A) Hexamethylene tetramin (urotropine) and its compounds and preparations; (11-6-18).

(A) Hides of cattle, buffaloes and horses.

(A) Hides and pelts, clippings of; (1-12-16) (14-5-18).

Hides and pelts untanned, see also Gluestock, etc.

Hides, manufactures of, the following:—

(A) Pickers and drop box pickers; (14-8-17) (4-3-18).

(B) Pinions, centres and other goods manufactured from hide, suitable for textile machinery, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (14-8-17) (4-3-18).

Hinges, see Castings.

Hods, see Hollow-ware.

Hoe handles—see Handles.

Hollow-ware, wrought made wholly or or partly from iron and steel sheet or plate the following (2-7-18):

Bottles, empty, brazers, cans, measures, scoops, pails, pans, riddles, skips, troughs and trunks;

Cisterns and tanks;

Domestic utensils;

Fountains;

Hods;

Hoppers, seed;

(A) Hominy.

(A) Honey and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing honey; (25-6-16) (19-2-17).

Hoofs, animal, see Gluestock.

Hooks, see Boots and Shoes, material for; Fish; Handles.

Hoppers, seed, see Hollow-ware.

(A) Horns, animal, and articles manufactured therefrom in which the total weight of horn exceeds fifty per cent of the total weight of the article (2-7-18).

Horse clippers, see Castings.

Horsehides, see Hides.

Horse rugs, see Rugs.

(B) Horse, mule, and pony shoes; (23-2-17).

Hosiery needles, see Needles.

Hosiery, see Cotton manufactures.

Hosiery, see Wool.

Hubnerite, see Tungsten Ores.

Hulk meal, see Cakes and Meals.

(B) Huts, wooden.

(A) Hydrastis canadensis and hydrastine; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (12-1-19).

(A) Hydrobromic acid; (11-6-18).

(B) Hydrochloric acid.

(A) Hydrocyanic (prussic) acid and solutions thereof; (22-6-17).

(B) Hydrogen peroxide, (30-3-17).

(A) Hydroquinone, and mixtures containing hydroquinone.

I.

(A) Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea, the following:—

Cordite presses;

- Dies for cartridge cases;
 Gauges for cartridges or shells;
 Incorporators;
 Lapping machines;
 Rifling machines;
 Wire winding machines
 Implements for cutting or fixing barbed wire, see Wire.
- (A) Incandescent gas mantle rings; (18-12-17)
 Incandescent mantles, see Mantles; Ramie
 Incorporators, see Implements.
- (B) Indian hemp (*Cannabis indica*), (27-11-17)
 (C) Indigo, natural; (6-5-18)
 (A) Indigo, synthetic; (6-5-18)
 Infusorial earth, see Diatomite
 (A) Ingot moulds manufactured of hæmatite iron; (14-5-18).
 (C) Insecticides, not otherwise prohibited; (22-6-17).
 Insulated cables, see Cables.
 Insulated wires, see Wires.
- (C) **Insulating materials** (28-6-16) (17-11-16) (2-2-17) (30-3-17), the following:—
 (C) Compounds intended for the purpose of electrical insulation;
 (C) Leatheroid;
 (A) Oiled insulating cloth, paper silk and tape; (14-5-18).
 (B) Vulcanised fibre; (14-5-18).
 See also Mica.
- (A) Invert sugar, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing invert sugar; (28-8-17)
 (C) Iodine and its compounds and preparations (except in form); (12-4-18).
 (A) Iodoform; (12-4-18).
 (A) Ipecacuanha root.
- (B) Iridium and its alloys and manufactures containing iridium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
 (B) Iridium compounds; (27-11-17).
 Iron and steel casings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships, see Shipbuilding Material.
- (A) Iron and iron articles containing chrome, cobalt, molybdenum, nickel, tungsten or vanadium; (1-5-17).
- Iron** (1-5-17) the following:—
 (A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other sectional material.
 (A) Bars, including flats, rounds and other sections and shapes.
 (A) Billets, blooms and slabs.
 Bins, see Bins.
 Bolts, see Bolts.
 (A) Bridgework, pierwork and constructional material.
 Buckets, see Buckets.
 Castings (see also Shipbuilding material).
 Channels, see Angles above.
 Constructional material, see Bridge work above.
 Drums, see Drums.
 Flats, see Bars above.
 Forgings (see Castings, also Shipbuilding material).
 Gutterming, etc., cast, see Gutterming.
 Hollow-ware; see Hollow-ware.
 (A) Hoops and strips.
 (A) Ingots.
 Joists, see Angles above.
 Moulds; see Ingot.
 Nails, see Nails.
 Nuts, see Nuts.
- (A) Ore.
 Pierwork, see Bridgework above.
 (A) Pig.
 (A) Pipes, wrought (see also Pipes, cast)
 Piping, see Piping.
 (A) Plates and sheets.
 (A) Pyrites.
 Radiators, see Radiators.
 Rails, see Railway material.
 Rivets, see Rivets.
 Rounds, see Bars above.
 (A) Scrap.
 Sections, see Bars above.
 (A) Sheet bars.
 Sheets, see Plates above.
 Slabs, see Billets above.
 Sleepers, see Railway material.
 Springs, see Railway material.
 Tees, see Angles above.
 (A) Tubes.
 Tubs, see Tubs.
 Wire and wire rods, see Wire.
- (A) Iron, oxides of, and mixtures containing iron oxides (2-7-18).
 (C) Iron sulphate.
 Ironmongery, builders, see Castings.
 Isinglass, see Glue.
- (A) Ivory, vegetable and manufactures thereof; (10-5-17) (22-6-17).
- J.**
- (A) Jalap; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
 Jellies, see Mineral; Rubber.
 Jimcrows, see Tools, small.
- (A) Jute cordage and twine; (7-6-16) (18-12-17).
 (A) Jute padding; (30-3-17) (18-12-17).
 (A) Jute, piece goods made wholly or partly of; (28-7-16) (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
 (A) Jute rags; (15-1-17).
 (A) Jute, raw and carded; (12-3-17).
 (A) Jute threads; (18-12-17).
 (A) Jute twist; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
 (A) Jute waste.
 (A) Jute webbing; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
 (A) Jute wrappers (Sunat tares) other than such wrappers as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (28-6-16) (19-12-16).
- (A) Jute yarns; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
- K.**
- Kale seed, see Seeds.
 Kernels, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
- (B) Kettles, camp.
 Knives, see Tools, small.
 Kihl rati seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Kola seeds (14-5-18).
- L.**
- (A) Lacs, not including lac dye; (12-4-18).
 (A) Lactates, not otherwise prohibited; (22-6-17).
 (A) Lactic acid; (22-6-17).
 Lactose, see Milk Sugar.
 Lamp fittings, see Castings.
 Lamps, see Electric; Signalling Tinplate.
- (B) Lanterns suitable for camp use.
 Lapping machines, see Implements.
- (A) Lard of all kinds and imitation lard (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
 Lasts, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
 Latch needles, see Needles.
 Lathe tools, see Tools, small.
- (A) Lead coated sheets; (15-8-16).
 (A) Lead ore; (18-10-17).

(A) Lead, lead alloys, and manufactures of lead or of lead alloys; (12-12-16) (30-3-17).

(A) Lead compounds and mixtures containing lead compounds; (30-3-17).

(A) Leather; (30-3-17).

Leather goods of the following descriptions:—(8-9-16) (30-3-17).

(A) Articles of personal equipment suitable for military purposes; (6-8-18).

(A) Bandoliers; (6-8-18).

(B) Belting, leather manufactures suitable for textile machinery (except pickers and drop box pickers, which see), and leathers cut or shaped for hydraulic or pump purposes; (18-10-17) (8-3-18).

(A) Belts; (6-8-18).

Boots, see Boots.

Gloves, see Gloves.

Hydraulic leather, see Belting above.

(A) Laces; (6-8-18).

(A) Pickers and drop box pickers (8-3-18).

(A) Pouches; (6-8-18).

Pump leather, see belting above.

Shoes, see Boots.

Textile machinery leather, see Belting above.

(B) Goods manufactured wholly or partly of leather, not otherwise prohibited; (19-2-17) (22-1-18).

(A) Waste, leather (8-3-18).

Leatheroid, see Insulating materials.

Leek seed, see Seeds.

(A) Lentil flour and meal.

(A) Lentils; (12-12-16).

Lettuce seed, see Seeds.

Levels, spirit, see Tools, small.

(A) Levulose; (22-6-17).

(C) Lichens; (1-5-17).

Lime phosphate, see Phosphate Rock.

Lime Soda, see Soda.

Linen, see Flax.

(A) Linen rags.

(A) Linen waste.

(A) Linoleum; (15-8-16) (22-1-18).

Linseed, see Oleaginous Kernels.

Linseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.

(A) Liquorice roots and juice; (22-6-17) (11-6-18).

(C) Lithium; (22-6-17).

(C) Lithium compounds; (22-6-17).

Locomotives, see Railway Carriages.

Locust bean meal, see Cakes and meals.

(A) Logwood (chips, extract, and preparations); (22-1-18).

(A) Lubricants not otherwise specifically prohibited and articles and mixtures containing such lubricants; (22-3-17) (27-11-17).

Lupin seed, see Seeds.

(C) Lycopodium; (22-6-17).

M.

(A) Macaroni.

(A) Machine guns, mountings for machine guns, and component parts thereof.

(A) Machinery, agricultural or farming, and component parts thereof, including hand tools for agricultural or farm purposes; (26-7-16) (12-12-16) (12-3-17) (14-5-17) (18-10-17).

(C) Machinery, metal-working, and component parts and accessories thereof, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (27-11-17).

Machinery, Ships, see Shipbuilding material.

Machines, harness and saddlery making, see Harness.

Machines, shoemakers, see Boots and Shoes, material for.

(A) Magnesite and magnesite bricks.

(A) Magnesite, caustic or lightly calcined, and dead burnt magnesite.

(B) Magnesium chloride, and sulphate and mixtures containing magnesium chloride or sulphate.

(A) Magnesium and its alloys.

(A) Magnetos and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).

Manuey Fibre, see Hemp.

(A) Maize; (12-12-16).

(A) Maize germs; (12-12-16).

Maize germ meal, see Cakes and Meals.

Maize meal and flour, see Cakes and Meals.

(A) Male fern rhizome; (12-4-18).

(A) Malt; (19-2-17).

(A) Malt dust, malt flour, culms, sprouts or combings; (12-12-16).

(A) Malt sugar (maltose) and articles and preparations containing malt sugar; (19-2-17) (28-8-17).

(A) Mandioca.

(C) Manganese compounds not otherwise prohibited; (1-5-17).

(A) Manganese, peroxide of, and mixtures and preparations thereof; (12-12-16).

(B) Manganese and Manganese ore.

Mangold seed, see Seeds.

(A) Manna; (22-6-17).

(A) Mannite; (22-6-17).

(A) Mantle, Incandescent.

Mantles, see Ramie.

(A) Manures, compound; (2-2-17).

(A) Manures, organic; (2-2-17).

(B) Maps and Plans of any place within the territory of any belligerent or within the area of military operations, on a scale of four miles to one inch or on any larger scale, and reproductions on any scale by photography or otherwise of such maps or plans.

(A) Margarine; (19-2-17).

(C) Marjoram leaves; (28-8-17).

(A) Matches; (29-9-16) (18-12-17).

(A) Matchets; (10-5-17) (14-5-18).

(C) Maté or Yerba Maté (paraguay tea); (2-7-18).

(C) Mats and matting made of fibre, grass or straw; (19-2-17).

(A) Mattresses, wire, fixed on wooden frames; (14-5-18).

Meals, see Banana; Barley; Bean; Cakes; Lentil; Oat; Pea; Rye; Sago; Whalebone; Wheat.

Measures, see Hollow-ware; Tinplate.

Measuring tools, see Tools, small.

(A) Meat of all kinds (including tinned and potted meat); (19-2-17).

(A) Meat, extract of; (19-2-17).

- Meat meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (c) Menthol; (10-5-17).
- (A) Mercury.
- (B) Mercury, compounds and preparations of (except nitrate of mercury), and mixtures containing such compounds of mercury.
- (A) Mercury nitrate.
- (c) Mess tins.
- Metals and Ores, see specific headings, e.g., Copper, Iron, &c.
- Metal containers, see Bottles; Cylinders.
- Metal harness fittings, see Harness.
- Metal nozzles, see Nozzles.
- Metal saddlery fittings, see Saddlery.
- Metal-working machinery, see Machinery.
- (A) Methylaniline.
- Methylated spirits, see Spirits.
- (B) Methyl salicylate; (10-5-17).
- (A) Methyl alcohol and its esters; see Alcohol.
- (A) Metol and mixtures containing metol.
- (A) Mica block, mica sheets, and mica splittings; (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
- (A) Mica waste, mica powder, mica, and articles made from and insulating materials containing mica in any form; (17-11-16) (22-1-17) (27-11-17).
- Middlings, see Offals of Corn.
- (A) Milk, condensed or preserved.
- (A) Milk powder; (12-12-16).
- (A) Milk sugar (lactose); (22-6-17)
- Mill dust and screenings, see Offals of Corn.
- Millboard, see Paper.
- (A) Millet; (12-2-16).
- Millinery cutters, see Tools, small.
- (A) Mineral jellies, (22-6-17).
- Mineral waters, see Aerated.
- Mineral waxes, see Waxes.
- (B) Mines and their component parts.
- (A) Molasses, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing molasses, (26-7-16) (22-6-17).
- (B) Molybdenum and molybdenite.
- (B) Molybdic acid and its salts; (29-9-16).
- (c) Monazite sand.
- (A) Moss, Carrageen; (12-12-16) (1-5-17)
- (c) Mosses, other than Carrageen Moss; (12-12-16) (1-5-17).
- Motor ploughs, see Machinery, Agricultural.
- (A) Motor spirit; (22-6-17).
- (A) Motor vehicles, motor bicycles, and their component parts and accessories; (11-8-17) (12-4-18).
- Moulds, ingot, see Ingot.
- Mule shoes, see Horse.
- Mungo, see Woollen Rags.
- Music rolls, perforated, see Gramophone.
- (A) Mustard; (1-5-17) (11-6-18)
- Mustard seed, see Seeds.
- N.**
- (A) Nails, wrought and cut iron, or steel; (11-6-18).
- (A) Naphthalene and its compounds and preparations.
- (A) Nautical instruments and their component parts; (30-3-17) (2-2-18).
- (A) Needles for bootmaking machines; (10-5-17).
- Needles, harness and saddlery making machine, see Harness.
- (A) Needles, hosiery machine (latch and bearded); (23-10-16) (18-10-17).
- (A) Neo-salvarsan.
- (A) Nickel, its ores, alloys, and manufactures (except nickel-plated goods not otherwise prohibited); (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
- (A) Nickel nitrate.
- (B) Nickel, oxides and salts of (except nickel ammonium sulphate and nickel nitrate, which are prohibited to all destinations), and mixtures containing such oxides or salts of nickel; (22-1-18).
- (A) Nicotine and its compound; (6-8-18).
- (A) Nightlights; (18-12-17) (8-2-18).
- Nitrate of soda, see Soda.
- (A) Nitrates, all metallic.
- Nitre cake, see Sodium Sulphate.
- (A) Nitric acid.
- Nitro cresol, see Cresol.
- (A) Nitro-toluol.
- Noils, see Hair; Silk; Wool.
- (A) Notes, Russian ruble; (26-2-18).
- (A) Novocain and its preparations.
- (B) Nozzles, metal, having an orifice less than one and one-half inches in diameter; (11-8-17).
- (A) Nuts, iron or steel; (13-7-17).
- (A) Nuts used as fruit.
- Nuts, see Ground Nuts, Oleaginous, saponaceous.
- (A) Nux vomica; (12-4-18) (11-5-18) (11-6-18).
- (B) Nux Vomica preparations of, (11-6-18).
- (B) Nux Vomica alkaloids and their preparations; (12-4-18).
- O.**
- (A) Oakum; (8-2-18).
- (A) Oats.
- (A) Oatmeal and rolled oats.
- Offals of corn and grain which may be used as food for animals, the following:—**
- (A) Bran.
- (A) Middlings.
- (A) Mill dust and screenings.
- (A) Pollard.
- (A) Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
- (A) Sharps.
- Oils, various:—**
- Oil anthracene, see Anthracene.
- (A) Oil, blast furnace; (12-4-18).
- Oils, crocote, see Crocote.
- (c) Oils, essential (except sandalwood and turpentine oils, for which see below); (17-11-16) (18-10-17).
- (A) Oils, fish, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing such oils; (1-5-17) (18-10-17) (12-4-18).

Oils, various—*contd.*

- (A) Oil fuel, except oil fuel allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped for use on board the exporting ship; (22-6-17).
 - (A) Oil fuel, shale; (22-6-17).
Oil fusel, see Fusel.
Oil green, see Green.
Oil, paraffin, see Paraffin.
Oils, petroleum, see Petroleum.
 - (B) Oil, sandalwood; (18-10-17).
Oil, tar, see Tar.
 - (B) Oil waste.
 - (B) Oil, wood tar.
 - (A) Oils, fixed, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such oils, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (27-11-17).
 - Oiled insulating cloth, paper, silk and tape, see Insulating Material.
 - (A) Oilstones; (27-11-17).
 - (A) Oleaginous kernels, nuts, seeds, and products of all kinds; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
 - (A) Oleo-margarine; (19-2-17).
Oleo-resin of capsicum, see Capsicum.
Oleum, see Sulphuric Acid.
 - (A) Onions.
Onion seed, see Seeds.
 - (A) Opium and its preparations
 - (A) Opium alkaloids and their salts and preparations.
Optical glass, see Glass.
Ordnance, see Cannon; Carriages.
Osiers, see Willows.
 - (B) Osmium and its alloys and manufactures containing osmium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
 - (B) Osmium compounds; (27-11-17).
Osseine, see Glue.
 - (B) Ovens, suitable for camp use.
 - (C) Oxalates, not otherwise prohibited; (12-12-16).
 - (B) Oxalic acid.
- P.**
- (A) Packing cases, empty wooden, and their distinctive component parts, including box shooks and staves, other than such wooden packing cases as have been previously imported full and are being returned empty whether whole or in parts.
 - (C) Packings, engine and boiler
Paddings, see Jute.
Pails, see Hollow-ware.
Paint, gold, see Gold.
 - (B) Palladium and its alloys and manufactures containing palladium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
 - (B) Palladium compounds; (27-11-17).
 - Palm nuts, and palm kernels, see Oleaginous Kernels.
 - Palmnut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
 - Pans, see Hollow-ware; Tinplate.
 - Paper, printing, see Photographic
 - (A) Paper, cigarette; (2-7-18).
 - (B) Paper and cardboard (including straw-board pasteboard, millboard, and wood pulp board) and manufactures of paper and cardboard, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (2-7-18).
 - (A) Paper, waste.
 - (B) Paper, waxed.
 - (A) Paraffin liquid medicinal; (22-6-17).
 - (A) Paraffin oil; (22-6-17).
 - (A) Paraffin wax, and mixtures and preparations thereof containing 20 per cent and upwards of paraffin wax, but not including waxed paper; (1-5-17) (2-7-18).
 - (A) Paraformaldehyde.
 - (A) Paraldehyde.
 - (C) Parchment; (27-11-17).
Par-nip seed, see Seeds.
Pasteboard, see Paper
 - (A) Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
 - (A) Pea flour and meal.
Peanuts, see Oleaginous Kernels.
 - (A) Peas; (2-2-17).
 - (C) Peat.
 - (A) Pegs, wooden, suitable for use in the manufacture of boots and shoes; (15-1-17).
Pelts, see Gluestock, &c.; hides, sheep-skins.
 - (A) Pencils, carpenters'; (27-11-17).
 - (A) Pencils, copying ink; (8-2-18).
 - (A) Pepper; (19-2-17) (22-6-17) (12-4-18).
 - (C) Pepsin; (22-6-17).
 - (C) Peptone; (22-6-17).
 - (A) Perchlorates, all metallic.
 - (A) Periscopes and their component parts; (10-5-17).
 - (A) Petroleum fuel oil; (22-6-17)
 - (A) Petroleum gas oil; 22-6-17.
 - (A) Petroleum lighting oil; (22-6-17).
 - (A) Petroleum spirit and articles containing petroleum spirit; (22-6-17).
 - (A) Petroleum and its products not otherwise specifically prohibited; and mixtures thereof; (22-6-17).
 - (A) Phenacetin and its preparations
Phenazone, see Antipyrine
 - (A) Phosgene (carbonyl chloride)
 - (A) Phosphate rock, namely—Apatites; Phosphates of lime and alumina; (2-2-17).
 - (A) Phosphorus and its compounds; (22-1-18).
 - (A) Photographic materials, sensitised, of all kinds, whether exposed or not; (11-5-18).
Photographs, see Maps.
 - (A) Pickaxes (see also Handles); (12-3-17).
Pickers see Hides, also Leather.
 - (B) Pickled grains and fleshes; (26-7-16).
 - (A) Pickles; (15-1-17).
 - (A) Picric acid and its components.
 - (A) Pigeon Peas; (12-12-16).
 - Pigments containing gold, see Gold.
 - (B) Pigskins.
 - (C) Pilocarpine; (22-6-17).
 - (C) Pimento
Pincers, see Tools, small.
Pins, see Steel.
 - Pipe cutters, see Tools, small.
Pipe flanges, see Castings.
 - (A) Pipes, cast iron, and cast iron pipe fittings and connections; (26-7-15) (2-7-18).
Pipes, see also Copper; Iron; Lead.
 - (A) Piping, sheet iron or steel, for stoves or for ranges, and parts thereof; (11-5-18).
 - Pistols, see Firearms.
 - (C) Pitch, and all mixtures, preparations and commodities of which pitch forms an ingredient not otherwise specifically prohibited; (26-7-16) (26-2-18).
 - Planes, wood and iron, see Tools, small.
 - Plans, see Maps

- Plates, see Copper ; Drawplates ; Iron ;
Photographic ; Steel ; Tin Plates.
- (A) Platinum, alloys of platinum, and manu-
factures containing platinum.
- (A) Platinum, salts of.
- Ploughs, see Machinery, Agricultural
- (B) Plumbago, see also Crucibles.
- (A) Plywood ; (1-5-17)
- Pocket lamps, see Electric lamps.
- (A) Podophyllum rhizome ; (12-4-18)
(14-5-18).
- Pollard, see Offals of Corn.
- Ponyshoes, see Horse.
- Poonac cake, see Cakes and Meals.
- Poppy seed cake, and meal, see Cakes
and Meals.
- Poppy seeds, see Oleaginous Kernels
- Pork, see Meat.
- (A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing
caustic potash.
- (A) Potash, muriate, nitrate (saltpetre),
sulphate, and crude manurial potash
salts, and mixtures containing any of
these substances ; (19-2-17).
- (B) Potash salts, and mixtures containing
such potash salts, not otherwise pro-
hibited ; (19-2-17).
- (A) Potassium bicarbonate and mixtures
containing potassium bicarbonate,
(13-7-17).
- (A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures con-
taining potassium carbonate, (22-6-17).
- (A) Potassium chlorate, and mixtures con-
taining potassium chlorate.
- (A) Potassium cyanide, and mixtures con-
taining potassium cyanide
- (A) Potassium perchlorate.
- (A) Potassium permanganate
- (A) Potassium prussiates and mixtures con-
taining potassium prussiates, (12-3-17).
- (A) Potatoes ; (7-6-16)
- (A) Potato flour ; (7-6-16) (19-2-17)
- Pots, see Tinplate.
- Potter's clay, see Clay
- (A) Poultry ; (1-7-16) (29-9-16) (19-2-17)
- (A) Prepared foods wholly or partially derived
from cereals
- Preserves, see Fruit
- Prints, see Maps.
- Proflavine, see Acriflavine
- (A) Projectiles of all kinds and their com-
ponent parts
- Prussic Acid, see Hydrocyanic
- Pulp, see Cotton ; Tomato ; Wood
- (A) Pulp-board waste.
- (C) Pumice stone, including powdered pumice
stone, (14-8-17).
- Pump leather, see Leather
- (A) Pyridine.
- (C) Pyrites cinders ; (28-8-17).
- Pyrites, see Iron ; Copper.
- (A) Pyrogallie acid, and mixture con-
taining pyrogallie acid.
- Q.**
- Quartz, see Acid-resisting apparatus
- (A) Quassia wood ; (11-6-18).
- (A) Quercitron bark and extracts thereof ;
(30-9-17) (10-5-17) (28-8-17).
- (C) Quillain bark ; (23-10-16).
- Quinine, see Cinchona.
- R.**
- (A) Radiators manufactured of cast iron pipes ;
(2-7-18).
- (A) Radium and its compounds ; (27-11-17).
- (A) Raffia ; (12-3-17).
- Rags, see Cotton ; Jute ; Linen ; Wool.
- Railbenders (or Jimerows), see Tools,
small.
- (A) Railway material of iron or
steel ; (1-5-17), the following :—
Rails.
Sleepers.
Springs.
Wheels, axles and tyres.
Other railway constructional mate-
rial.
- (A) Railway carriages, locomotives and wa-
gons and their component parts.
- (C) Railway material (except railway carri-
ages, locomotives and wagons and their
component parts, steel rails and steel
sleepers)
- (B) Ramie stockings and ramie fabrics suit-
able for the manufacture of gas mantles
- (A) Range finders and their component
parts.
- (A) Ranges, cooking, and their component
parts ; (14-5-18)
- Ranges, piping for, see Piping.
- Rape or colza seed, see Oleaginous Ker-
nels
- Rapeseed, or colza seed cake, and meal,
see Cakes.
- (A) Rattan, woven ; (28-6-16) (14-5-18)
- (A) Rattans, (30-3-17)
- Reamers see Tools, small.
- Receptacles, empty, see Tinplate
- Records, and Record Compositions, see
Gramophones.
- Registers, see Grates.
- (A) Rennet powder, rennet extract, and other
preparations of rennet ; (1-7-16).
- (A) Resins, resinous gums and resinous sub-
stances (except such as contain caout-
chouc) and articles containing them,
(1-7-16) (1-5-17) (12-4-16)
- (B) Resinous substances containing caout-
chouc.
- (A) Respirators and self-contained breathing
sets intended to afford protection to the
wearer against toxic atmospheres.
(22-1-18).
- (A) Revolution indicators suitable for au-
craft
- Revolvers, see Firearms
- (A) Rhatany root ; (27-11-17) (12-1-18)
- (B) Rhodium and its alloys and manufac-
tures containing rhodium ; (12-12-16)
(22-6-17) (27-11-17)
- (B) Rhodium compounds ; (27-11-17).
- (A) Rhubarb (medicinal), (30-3-17) (12-4-18)
- Rice meal (or bran) and dust, see Offals
of Corn
- (A) Rice and rice flour, and articles, mixtures,
and preparations containing rice or rice
flour.
- Riddles, see Hollow-ware.
- Rifles, see Firearms.
- Rifling machines, see Implements
- (A) Rivets, iron or steel ; (13-7-17).
- Road scrapers, see Tools.
- (C) Rock crystal.
- Rock salt, see Salt.
- Roller bearings, see Bearings.
- Roofing felt, see Felt.

Rope made of steel wire. see Steel.

Ropes, see Hemp.

Rouble notes, see Notes.

- (b) Rubber (raw, waste, and reclaimed), solutions containing rubber, jellies containing rubber, and any other preparations containing rubber, and also balata, gutta-percha, and the following varieties of rubber, viz:—Borneo, Guayule, Jelutong, Palembang, Pontianac, and all other substances containing caoutchouc; (20-11-14).
- (c) Rubber, gutta-percha or balata, goods made wholly or partly or not otherwise specifically prohibited; (29-9-16) (23-10-16) (19-2-17) (14-5-18), see also Tyres.
- (d) Rubies, natural or synthetic; (2-2-17).
- (e) Rugs, manufactured wholly or partly of wool or hair; (8-3-18).
- (c) Rugs, not otherwise prohibited; (8-3-18); see also Carpets.
- (d) Rugs, horse.
- Russian rouble notes, see Notes.
- (b) Ruthenium and its alloys and manufactures containing ruthenium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
- (c) Ruthenium compounds; (27-11-17).
- (A) Rye, rye flour and meal.

S.

Sabudilla seeds, see Seeds.

- (A) Saccharin and articles, mixtures and preparations containing saccharin; (28-8-17).
- (b) Sacks, coal.
- Sacks, other sorts, see Bags.
- (A) Sackings, old.
- Saddle felt, see Wool.
- Saddle serge, see Wool.
- (A) Saddlery, and metal fittings therefor, see also Leather.
- Saddlery, materials and tools used in the manufacture of, see Harness.
- (c) Saffron; (22-6-17).
- (A) Sago and sago flour and meal.
- Sailcloth, cotton, see Cotton.
- (c) St. Ignatius beans; (27-11-17).
- (b) Salicylic acid and its preparations; (10-5-17).
- (b) Salipyrine; (10-5-17).
- (b) Salol and its preparations; (10-5-17).
- (b) Salt, rock and white (except table salt).
- Saltpetre, see Potash, Muriate, etc.
- (A) Salvarsan.
- (b) Sandalwood for medicinal purposes; (18-10-17).
- Sandalwood oil, see Oils.
- (A) Santonin and its preparations; (10-5-17) (12-4-18).
- (c) Saponaceous berries (soap nuts and saporita), barks and root; (27-11-17).
- (b) Sapphires, natural or synthetic; (2-2-17).
- (A) Sassafras root; (12-4-18).
- (c) Sauces; (29-9-16) (19-2-17) (1-5-17).
- (A) Sausages; (2-2-17).
- (A) Sausage skins; (19-2-17).
- Saws, see Tools, small.
- (A) Sammony root; (12-4-18).

Screenings, see Offals of Corn.

Scheelite, see Tungsten Ores.

Scoops, see Hollow-ware.

Scrap, see Copper; Iron; Steel; Tin.

Scythe handles, see Handles.

Screwdrivers, see Tools, small.

Screwing tackle, see Tools, small.

Screws, rigging, see Ships' rigging.

- (A) Sealskins, fur and hair; (12-3-17) (3-2-18).

- (b) Searchlights, and their component parts; (1-5-17).

Searchlight carbons, see Carbons.

Seeds; (12-12-16) (12-3-17), the following:—

- (A) Ajowan; (11-6-18).
- (A) Beet; (14-8-17).
- (A) Broccoli; (14-8-17).
- (A) Brussels sprouts; (14-8-17).
- (A) Cabbage; (14-8-17).
- (c) Canary.
- (A) Carrot.
- (A) Cauliflower.
- (A) Celery; (11-5-17).
- (A) Chicory; (14-8-17).
- (A) Clover; (11-5-17).
- (A) Fenugreek; (22-6-17) (2-7-18).
- (A) Grass; (14-8-17).
- (A) Kale; (11-5-17).
- (A) Kohl rabi.
- (A) Leek; (14-8-17).
- (A) Lettuce; (14-8-17).
- (A) Lupin; (12-12-16).
- (A) Mangold.
- (A) Mustard; (23-2-17).
- (A) Onion.
- (A) Parsnip.
- (c) Sabadilla seeds and preparations therefrom.
- (A) Shallot; (14-8-17).
- (A) Spinach; (14-8-17).
- (A) Strophanthus; (12-4-18).
- (A) Sweet.
- (A) Tomato; (11-5-17).
- (A) Turnip.
- (c) Vegetable, not otherwise prohibited; (15-10-17).

Seeds, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.

- (b) Selenium.
- (A) Semolina.
- (A) Senega root; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Senna leaves and pods; (12-4-18).
- (A) Serpentry rhizome; (12-4-18).
- (c) Sera, except anti-tetanus serum which is prohibited to all destinations; (13-7-17).

Sesame seed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.

Shackles, see Ships' rigging.

Shale, see Oil, Fuel.

Shallot seed, see Seeds.

Sharps, see Offals of Corn.

Shave, see Tools, small.

Shears and snipes, see Tools, small.

- (A) Sheepskins, haired or woolled and pelts; (23-10-16) (18-10-17).

Sheets, see Galvanised; Iron; Lead coated; Mica; Steel.

Shipbuilding Materials; (15-1-17) (30-3-17), the following:—

- (A) Condenser tubes.

- (A) Engines for use on board ships (including Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion) and component parts of such engines.
- (A) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships.
- (A) Machinery for steam ships and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
- (A) Sectional materials for shipbuilding; (26-7-16).
- (A) Ships' auxiliary machinery.
- (A) Ships' telegraphs and component parts thereof.
- (A) Steering gear and component parts thereof.
- (A) Winches.
- (A) Windlasses.

See also Fuel Economisers.

Ships' Rigging; (27-11-17) Fittings for the following:—

- (A) Belaying pins.
- (A) Blocks, wood and iron rigging.
- (A) Bolts.
- (A) Chains, rigging.
- (A) Cleats.
- (A) Deadeyes.
- (A) Eyeplates.
- (A) Screws, rigging, set or stretching.
- (A) Shackles.
- (A) Thimbles.

Ships' compasses, see Compasses.

Shoddy, see Cotton, Wool.

Shoemakers' tools and materials, see Boots.

Shoes, see Boots; Horse.

- (A) Shovels; (13-7-17).
- (A) Shuttles and their component parts; (22-6-17).
- (A) Siennas; (2-7-18).
- (A) Signalling lamps and their component parts.
- Signalling apparatus, see Submarine.
- (A) Silica bricks.
- (A) Silicon; (22-6-17).
- (A) Silicon manganese; (10-5-17).
- (A) Silicon-speigel; (15-8-16).

Silk and Silk Manufactures; (23-10-16) (15-1-17) the following:—

- (A) Articles of clothing for men's wear, not otherwise prohibited, manufactured from tissues and fabrics of silk of all kinds (including artificial silk), whether pure or mixed with other yarns or materials, in the grey, or discharged, undyed, dyed or printed, unweighted or weighted; (14-8-17) (8-3-18).
- (A) Cocoons.
- (A) Raw silk and all threads, yarns and twists thereof; (15-1-17).
- (A) All threads, yarns and twists of Tussah silk and of artificial silk.
- (A) Silk waste of all kinds (including artificial silk waste) and all threads, yarns and twists thereof, including noils and noil yarns.
- (A) Tissues and fabrics of silk of all kinds (including artificial silk) whether pure or mixed with other yarns or materials in the grey, or discharged, undyed, dyed or printed, unweighted or

weighted, with the exception of velvets, plushes, laces, mourning crepe, trimmings, braids, ribbons, not exceeding 6 inches in width, furnishing fabrics (embroidered or brocaded), fabrics containing any kind of metal thread, and all made-up articles, not otherwise prohibited; (15-1-17) (22-6-17) (14-8-17) (8-2-18).

- (A) Silkworm gut (surgical); (12-4-18).
- (A) Silver bullion, specie and coin and articles wholly or mainly manufactured of silver; (12-4-18).

(A) Sisal strings, old.

(A) Sisal waste.

- (B) Size and sizings of all kinds (whether nitrogenous or not), not including articles, the exportation of which is prohibited to all destinations under the prohibition attached to farinaceous substances, dextrine, concentrated size and other size and sizings made from glue (which see); (22-1-18).

Skins, see Baudruche, Calf; Deer; Fish, Gluestock; Goat; Goldbeater; Hides, Pig; Sausage; Sheep.

Skips, see Hollow-ware.

- (C) Slagwool.
- Slitting saws, see Tools.
- Small tools, see Tools.
- (A) Soap including soft soap; (26-2-18).
- Soap nuts, see Saponaceous.
- (A) Soda, caustic, and mixtures containing caustic soda; (5-2-15).
- (C) Soda lime; (12-12-16).
- (C) Soda, nitrite of; 27-11-17).
- (B) Sodium.
- (A) Sodium bicarbonate; (25-5-16) (6-5-15).
- (A) Sodium carbonate in all forms, including sodium sesquicarbonate and mixtures containing any of these substances; (25-5-16) (22-1-18).
- (A) Sodium cyanide, and mixtures containing sodium cyanide; (12-3-17).
- (B) Sodium hyposulphite (thiosulphate) and mixtures containing sodium hyposulphite.
- (B) Sodium peroxide; (22-6-17).
- (A) Sodium prussiates and mixtures containing sodium prussiates; (12-3-17).
- (B) Sodium salicylate and its preparations; (10-5-17).
- (C) Sodium silicate and mixtures containing sodium silicate; (1-5-17).
- (C) Sodium sulphate and bisulphate (nitric cake).
- (B) Sodium sulphide; (12-4-18).
- Solder, see Copper; Lead.
- Sound records, see Gramophone.
- (A) Soups, compressed and desiccated; (19-2-17).
- Soya beans, see Oleaginous Kernels.
- Soya bean cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Spaghetti.
- Spanners, see Tools, small.
- (A) Sparking plugs; (15-8-16).
- (A) Spelter and spelter dross.
- (A) Spent oxide.
- (A) Spermaceti; (1-5-17).
- (A) Spices and mixtures thereof, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-12-16) (12-4-18) (2-7-18).
- (B) Spiegeleisen.
- Spinach seed, see Seeds.
- Spirit, Motor, see Motor.

Spirit, Petroleum, see Petroleum

(A) Spirits, methylated, and mixtures containing methylated spirits.

(A) Spirits of a strength of not less than 43 degrees above proof.

(A) Spirits, potable, of a strength less than 43 degrees above proof, (26-7-16) (22-1-18)

Spokeshaves, see Tools small.

(B) Sponges, raw and prepared.

Spurs, see Castings.

Squares, see Tools, small.

(A) Squills; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).

Stamps, copper, used for stamping woven piece-goods. See C pier

(A) Starch, articles containing starch and mixtures, and preparations of starch, (19-2-17).

Steel; (1-5-17) (10-5-17), the following:—

(A) Ang'les, channels joists, tees and other steel sectional material

Balls, see Bearings.

(A) Bars, including flats, rounds, and other sections or shapes; (1-5-17).

(A) Billers.

Bins, see Bins.

(A) Blooms.

Bolts, see Bolts.

(A) Bridgework, pierwork, and structural material.

Buckets, see Buckets

Castings, see Shipbuilding Material.

Channels, see Angles, &c., above

Drums, see Drums.

(A) Flats, see Bars above.

(A) Flyers; (10-5-17).

(A) Hawseers; (25-5-16)

Hollow-ware, see Hollow-ware

(A) Hoops; (8-9-16).

(A) Joints.

Joists, see Angles, &c., above.

Nails, see Nails

Nuts, see Nuts

Pierwork, see Bridgework, &c., above.

Piping, see Piping.

(A) Plates and sheets; (2-9-16) (1-5-17)

Pins, see Textile, below

Rails, see Railway Material.

Rivets, see Rivets

Rounds, see Bars, &c., above

(A) Scrap.

Screws, see Wood Screws.

Sectional material, see Angles, &c., above.

Sections, see Bars, &c., above.

Sheets, see Plates, &c., above.

(A) Sheet bars.

(A) Slabs.

Sleepers, see Railway Material

Spring, see Railway Material.

(A) Stampings suitable for aircraft structural material, see Bridge-work, above.

Tees, see Angles, &c., above.

(A) Textile pins of all kinds, including card pins, comb pins, fish pins, gill pins, and Lackle pins.

(A) Travellers.

(A) Tubes

Tubs, see Tubs.

Wire and wire rods, see Wire.

(A) Wire rope; (25-5-16).

(A) Steel, containing tungsten or molybdenum, and any tools or other articles made from such steel

(A) Steel and steel articles containing chrome, cobalt, nickel, or vanadium; (29-9-16) (1-5-17).

(A) Stellite and similar alloys; (12-6-18).

(A) Sticks, unmounted, (1-5-18).

(A) Stoves, heating, capable of consuming coal, coke or other solid fuel, and their component parts; (11-5-17).

Stoves, piping, for, see Piping.

Stove fittings, see Castings

(B) Stramonium leaves and seeds.

(A) Straw.

Straw-board, see Paper

(A) Straw-board waste

Straw matting, see Mats.

(C) Straw plait; (13-7-17).

(A) Strontium compounds, and mixtures containing strontium compounds; (19-12-10).

Strontium sulphate, see Strontium Compounds.

Strophanthus seeds, see Seeds

(B) Submarine sound signalling apparatus.

(A) Sugar, cane and beet, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing sugar, cane or beet; (10-5-17), see also Confectionery, Malt Sugar; Milk Sugar; Invert Sugar.

Sulphate, Iron, see Iron

(C) Sulphites, metallic, not otherwise prohibited; (12-12-16).

(C) Sulphocyanides, not otherwise prohibited; (2-6-17).

(C) Sulphurates; (22-6-17).

(A) Sulphonal

(A) Sulphur and preparations containing sulphur.

(A) Sulphur, chlorides of

(A) Sulphur, dioxide, liquid

(A) Sulphuric acid and mixtures containing sulphuric acid, (26-7-16)

(A) Sulphuric acid, fuming (oleum).

Sunflower seed, see Oleaginous Kernels.

Sunflower seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.

(A) Superphosphates.

Surat tare, see Jute Wrappers

(A) Surgical bandages and dressings; (12-4-18).

(A) Surgical instruments; (14-5-18).

Swedes seed, see Seeds.

(A) Swords and their component parts.

(B) Syringes, hypodermic.

(A) Syrups which may be used as food for man; (19-2-17).

T.

Tagil brand, see Hemp.

(C) Tale, all forms, including French chalk; (7-6-16) (1-5-17).

(A) Tallow, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing tallow; (19-2-17) (1-5-17) (22-6-17).

Tanks see Hollow-ware

(C) Tannin; (22-6-17).

(C) Tannin; (22-6-17).

(A) Tanning extracts, and substances for use in tanning, (23-10-16) (30-3-17) (14-8-17) (28-8-17).

(A) Tantalum, alloys of tantalum, and ores containing tantalum.

- (b) Torpedo tubes.
Tramway fittings, see Castings.
Travellers, see Steel.
- (A) Tri-nit.
(A) Trioxymethylene.
(A) Triphenyl phosphate
Troughs, see Hollow-ware.
Trunks, see Hollow-ware.
Tubes, see Boiler; Copper Manufactures;
Iron; Shipbuilding Material; Steel;
Torpedo; Umbrella
- (A) Tubes, washing, iron or steel; (12-4-18).
(A) Tungsten alloys; (22-6-17).
(A) Tungsten (except tungsten filaments
for electric lamps).
(b) Tungsten filaments for electric lamps
(b) Tungsten ores (including ferberite, hub-
nerite, scheelite and wolframite; (19-12-16).
(b) Tungsten compounds; (10-5-17)
(A) Turnbuckles suitable for aeroplanes.
Turnip seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Turpentine (oil and spirit), and articles
containing turpentine; (18-12-17).
(A) Turpentine substitute, and articles con-
taining turpentine substitute; (22-6-17)
(22-11-17) (28-12-17).
- Twine** see Binder; Hemp; Jute.
Twist drills see Tools small
Typewriter cloth, see Cotton manufac-
tures.
- (A) Typewriters and parts there for, (13-7-17)
11-8-17 (22-11-17)
(b) Tyres for motor vehicles and bicycles
(with or without a valve) or cycle
or not, together with articles and
materials or ready adapted for use in
the manufacture or repair of tyres

U

- (A) Ultramarine and mixtures containing
ultramarine
(A) Umbels (27-18)
(A) Umbel-like tubs and tub-like vessels
(b) Uniform clothing (except second-hand
clothing and or any uniform clothing)
(A) Uniform clothing second hand mixed and
separate, (15-1-17).
(A) Uranium alloys of uranium and uranium
ores; (12-3-17).
(c) Uranium compounds, (10-5-17).
(b) Urea and its compounds
Urotropin, see Hexamethylene.

V

- (c) Vaccines; (22-6-17).
(c) Valerianates, not otherwise prohibited;
(22-6-17)
(c) Valerianic acid; (22-6-17).
Valves for wireless telegraphic appara-
tus, see Telegraphs
(c) Valves, gas, steam and water not other-
wise prohibited, (29-9-16) (12-12-16)
(14-8-17).
(b) Valves, metal, of all descriptions;
(14-8-17).
(b) Vanadium.
(c) Vanadium compounds; (1-5-17).
(b) Vanadium ore; (28-8-17).
(A) Vanillin, vanilla and vanilla pods;
(22-6-17, (28-8-17) (2-7-18).
(c) Varnishes not otherwise prohibited;
(17-11-16).

V getable fats, see Fats.

V getable ivory, see Ivory.

Vegetable oils, see Oils

- (A) Vegetables of all kinds, whether fresh,
dried, preserved, canned or bottled;
(19-9-16) (12-12-16) (15-1-17) (10-5-
17).
Vegetable seeds, see Seeds.
(c) Verun; (7-11-17)
Venison, see Poultry and Game
Veronal, see Diethylbarbituric Acid.
(A) Vessels; (18-12-17).
(A) Vemicelli
(A) Vices; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
(b) Vinegar containing not more than 6 per
cent. of acetic acid; (28-6-16).
(A) Vinegar essence and similar preparations
containing more than 6 per cent. of
acetic acid; (28-6-16).
Vulcanized fibre, see Insulating Materials

W

- Wadding, see Cotton
(b) Waggon, four-wheeled, capable of
carrying one ton or over, and their
component parts.
Waggons, see Railway Carriages.
(A) Waggon covers.
Waste see Cotton; Flax; Hair;
Hemp; Jute; Leather; Linen, Mica,
Oil; Paper, Polyband; Rubber;
Silk; Sisal; Strawboard; Wool.
(b) Watches and watch movements, (18-10-
17) 18-1-17)
(c) Waterbottles suitable for military use
Waterproof wearing apparatus, see
Apparel.
(A) Wax carnauba; (1-7-17)
(A) Wax, paraffin; (1-5-17).
(c) Waxed paper.
(b) Waxes, animal, mineral and vegetable
not otherwise prohibited; (5-3-15)
(1-5-17) (18-10-17)
(A) Waxes composite; (18-10-17).
(b) Web equipment.
Wedges wood splitting; see Tools.
(A) Welshbone, (1-5-17)
(A) Welsh bone meal, (1-5-17).
White cake, see Cakes and Meals
(A) White lime; (1-5-17).
White meal, see Cakes and Meals
(A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal
and all articles, mixtures and prepara-
tions containing wheat, wheat flour, or
wheat meal
Wheels, see Carts; Cycles; Motor
vehicles; Railway materials, Wag-
gons.
(A) Willows, and osiers; (22-1-18).
Winches, see Shipbuilding material.
Winches, see Shipbuilding ma-
terial.
(A) Wine; (19-12-16) (22-1-18)
(A) Wire, barbed, and galvanised wire, and
implements for cutting or fixing
such wire; (28-6-16) (19-5-17).
(A) Wire, card.
(A) Wire, heald.
Wire mangles, see Machines or
(A) Wire, steel.

- (A) Wire rods, and wire of iron or steel and articles manufactured wholly of such wire rods or wire; (5-2-18).
Wire-winding machines, see Implementments.
- (B) Wires, insulated.
- (B) Wolfenite.
Wohramite, see Tungsten ores.
- (A) Wood and timber of all kinds, hewn, sawn, or split, packed or dressed; (29-9-16) (15-1-17) (2-2-17) (12-3-17) See also Plywood
- (A) Wood pulp; (1-12-1).
Wood-pump-howl, see Saper.
Wood tar, see Tar.
Wood tar oil, see Oils.
Wood packing cases see Packing.
Wooden pegs, see Pegs.
- (A) Wool crews, made of iron or steel; (29-9-16) (1-12-1) (18-10-17).
- (A) Wool grease, and articles and mixtures containing wool grease; (1-4-18).
- Wool and Woollen Goods:—**
Blankets, see Blankets.
Carpets, see Carpets.
Collar check, see below.
Felt, see Felt.
Rugs, see below.
Rugs, see Rugs, also Carpets.
- (A) Salt felt.
- (A) Salt serge.
Sheep skins, woolled or haired see Sheep skins.
Shoddy, see below.
- (A) Wool reys and mixtures thereof; (8-9-16) (18-10-17).
- (A) Wool tops and mixtures thereof; (18-11-17)
- (A) Wool nobs and wool waste and mixture thereof; (18-10-17)
- (A) Woollen and worsted yarn and mixture thereof; (18-11-17)
- (A) Woollen collar check.

Wool and Woollen Goods—cont'd.

- (A) Woollen rags, shoddy and mungo applicable to other uses than manure; (18-10-17).
- (A) Wool, all manufactures, mixtures, and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations; (17-11-1) (8-3-18).

Wrappers, see Bags, Jute.

Wrenches, see Tools, small.

X.

- (A) X-ray apparatus, (14-5-18).
- (A) Xylol and its compounds and preparations

Y.

Yarns, see Coir; Cotton; Hair; Jute; Silk; Wool.

- (A) Yeast, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing yeast; (8-9-16) (2-6-17)
- Yellow metal, see Copper.

Z.

- (A) Zinc, alloys of zinc, manufactures of zinc and zinc dust; (2-2-17).
- (A) Zinc ashes.
Zinc barium pigments, see the various headings affecting zinc salts.
- (B) Zinc chloride and sulphate, and mixtures containing zinc chloride, or sulphate.
- (B) Zinc ore.
- (A) Zinc oxide; and mixtures containing zinc oxide; (2-2-17) (14-8-17).
- (A) Zinc sulphide and mixtures containing zinc sulphide; (10-5-17) (14-8-17).
- (A) Zirconium and its alloys; (12-12-16).
- (A) Zirconium compounds; (12-12-16).
- (A) Zirconium minerals; (12-12-16).

LIST E.

List of goods in the schedule appended to the Royal Proclamation of the 25th June, 1918, prohibiting the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to any destination in Switzerland; the prohibition also applies to any articles composed wholly or partially of such articles. (See page 165i)

Abaca
Abaca yarn.
Accumulators, electric, and accumulator plates.
Acetanilide.
Acetates.
Aceto-cellulose.
Acetone.
Acids—
Acetic.
Benzoic.
Boric.
Carbolic.
Chlorophyll.
Citric.
Fatty.
Formic.
Gallic.
Hydrobromic.
Hydrochloric.
Lactic.
Nitric.

Oleic.
Oxalic.
Palmitic.
Phenic.
Pyrogallie.
Salicylic.
Stearic.
Sulphuric.
Tannic.
Tartaric.

Aconite and its preparations and alkaloids.

Aconitine.

Acorus, roasted or not.

Aeroplane and airships, and engines and parts.

Aeroplanes, component parts of, with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.

Agar agar.

Albumen including yolks of egg.

Alcohol, industrial.

Alcohol, potable.

Aldehyde.

- Alfa.
 Alimentary paste.
 Alkaline bromides.
 Alkaline tartrates.
 Alkaloids (vegetable).
 Almonds.
 Almond oil.
 Alpaca yarn.
 Alpiste.
 Alum.
 Alumina: anhydride, hydride, salts.
 Alumina (sulphate).
 Aluminium ore.
 Aluminium in all forms: pure metal; alloys of;
 Aluminium manufactures of, not including aluminium jewellery.
 Aluminium oxides and salts of.
 Aluminium bronze.
 Alundum, cast or not.
 American cloth.
 Amidopyrine.
 Ammonium salts.
 Ammonium.
 Amyl alcohol (fusel oil).
 Ambre (materials for).
 Aniline and its compounds.
 Animal wax, beeswax, spermaceti.
 Animals living.
 Aniseed and starred aniseed.
 Anthracene.
 Anti bacterium.
 Anti-febrine.
 Antimony, metallic (native antimony and regulus of antimony); alloys of.
 Antimony, native sulphide, ore and other combinations of antimony.
 Apples, residue of.
 Arms of all kinds and component parts.
 Arsenic ore and metal.
 Arsenic, compounds of arsenic, mixtures containing arsenic.
 Asbestos crude.
 Asbestos, manufactured.
 Asphalt all kinds.
 Asces.
 Atropine.
 Automobiles, and parts and accessories.
 Axes, shoe makers.
 Axes.
 Bacon.
 Bags (except paper bags).
 Bala, all forms.
 Balalaiching.
 Balloons and parts.
 Balloon stuffs.
 Balloons.
 Bananas.
 Banana meal.
 Barges.
 Barium nitrate of.
 Barium sulphate.
 Bark for tanning and dyeing.
 Barley.
 Barrels.
 Batteries, electric, and parts.
 Bauxite.
 Bayonets.
 Beans, dried, whole.
 Beans for cattle feeding.
 Beans, split and meal.
 Beans, locust.
 Beef, corned.
 Beef tallow for margarine.
 Bees'-wax, crude or worked and articles in bees'-wax.
 Beet pulp for cattle.
 Betroot salin.
 Belladonna and its preparations and alkaloids.
 Bell-metal, all forms.
 Belting (Machine) in all materials.
 Benzene.
 Benzo-naphthol.
 Benzol, benzoates.
 Berries for dyeing and tanning.
 Billhooks.
 Bi-phosphate of lime.
 Biscuits.
 Bismuth, ore and metal.
 Bismuth salts.
 Bitumen, and bituminous compositions.
 Bladders.
 Blankets (woollen).
 Blasting powder.
 Blocks, stereos, clichés (copper).
 Boats for river use (barges, &c.).
 Boiler compositions.
 Bone fat.
 Bones, whole, dissolved, melted, calcined, and bone ash.
 Bootmakers' tools.
 Boots and shoes, rubber and leather, including footwear in textile with leather soles or parts, also parts thereof, and grindery used in the manufacture thereof.
 Borax (borate of soda) and mixtures containing borax.
 Boron compounds.
 Bran.
 Brass, all forms.
 Brazil nuts.
 Bread.
 Bristles, pigs', assorted and in bundles.
 Brine and bromides, and their compounds and salts.
 Bronziform.
 Bronze, all forms.
 Brooms, Sorghum fibre.
 Brucine.
 Buckwheat.
 Burners, acetylene.
 Butter.
 Butter substitutes.
 Buttons and eyelets for boots and shoes (technical or mechanical).
 Buttons of vegetable ivory.
 Cabbages.
 Cable, insulated.
 Cables, conductors, telegraphers' wares, of any textile materials.
 Cadmium ore and metal.
 Cadmium salts.
 Cacao.
 Calcine and its salts.
 Cakes.
 Calcium, carbide of.
 Calcium cyanamide.
 Calves.
 Camel's hair.
 Camels' hair yarn.
 Camouflage.
 Camphor.
 Canary seed.
 Candles, nightlights, tapers, of bees'-wax, stearine, spermaceti, and other substances.
 Canees.
 Cantharides and its preparations.
 Canvas.
 Capoteone.
 Carabins.
 Caraway seeds.
 Carboic acid and its compounds, and mixtures containing carboic acid.
 Carbon sulphide.
 Carbon chloride and tetrachloride and their preparations.

- Carbon (gas).
 Carbons (electric).
 Carborundum in all forms.
 Cardamoms.
 Cardon d'asphalted.
 Card clothing.
 Carpets of animal hair, wool, linen, jute, and cotton and mixtures thereof.
 Carriages and carts.
 Carlets.
 Cartidges.
 Caseine.
 Cashew nuts.
 Casks.
 Cassava root.
 Cassia.
 Cast iron.
 Cattle.
 Cattle cake.
 Cattle feeding stuffs, brewery grains, and other; also prepared cattle foods.
 Caul flowers.
 Celluloid in all forms; including wares.
 Celulose.
 Cellulose yarn.
 Cement.
 Cement, dental.
 Cereals, cereal foods.
 Ceresin.
 Cerium, ore and metal.
 Cerium, salts of.
 Chaouis leather.
 Charcoal.
 Charente (pork butchers' meat).
 Charts.
 Cheese.
 Chestnuts, fresh or dried.
 Chestnut meal.
 Chicory, ground.
 Chicory root, dried or roasted, and substitutes.
 "Chirident" fibre.
 Chloris.
 Chloral and its compounds and preparations.
 Chloroform.
 Chlorides.
 Chloride of ammonia.
 Chlorine, liquefied and in solution.
 Chlorine and its compounds.
 Chloroform.
 Choccolate.
 Chromium and metal.
 Chrome salts.
 Chromocyanides.
 Cigars and cigarettes.
 Cigarettes.
 Cinnamon.
 Cinnamon, and other citrates.
 Citrate of magnesia.
 Clay (china, etc.).
 Clashes.
 Clothing for men, non-waterproofed.
 Clothing for women, non-waterproofed.
 Clothing waterproofed.
 Cloves.
 Cloves, essence of.
 Coal-tar, its products and derivatives capable of being utilised in the manufacture of dyes or explosives; compounds containing such products and derivatives (except coal-tar dye).
 Cobalt, salts, and oxides of cobalt, and articles containing cobalt.
 Cocoa and its preparations.
 Cocoa and its salts and preparations.
 Cocoa.
 Cocoa beans, cocoa pods, husks and dust.
 Cocoa butter.
 Cocoa powder.
 Coconut butter.
 Coconut oil.
 Coconuts.
 Codeine (alkaloid of opium).
 Coffee, raw, roasted, and hygienic coffee, coffee substitutes not otherwise specified, in a dry state including ground acorns, kabin, cacao, ground chicory.
 Coffee extracts, essences, and substitutes, liquid.
 Coin, nickel, bronze, and copper.
 Coir yarn and wares.
 Colchicum and its preparations.
 Collodion.
 Colophony.
 Colts.
 Colza oil.
 Conicine.
 Copal gum.
 Copper: ore (including pyrites); pure metal and alloys of, in all forms; waste.
 Copper wires, including carbons for electricity containing copper, and including all metal articles containing 10 per cent. or more of copper or its alloys; enamelled or plated copper wares; perforated copper plates; copper leaf; insulated and non-insulated copper cables; insulated electrical copper wires; copper cables with lead sheath, or iron fittings; electrical cables of all kinds containing copper; copper trellis work; copper bolts, screws, nails, rivets; church and other bells; unfinished brass machine parts; brass valves and taps imported apart from their machines; copper or alloyed copper wares not otherwise specified, whether turned or not; bronze wares.
 Copper, suboxide of, and articles containing suboxide of copper.
 Copper, sulphate of.
 Copra butter.
 Copra oil.
 Cordage.
 Cordage (old).
 Cork in sheets, including cork unworked, waste and old corks.
 Corks worked, including corks.
 Cornflower.
 Corozo (vegetable ivory) nuts and buttons made thereof.
 Corundum, all forms.
 Cotton and cotton waste (including cotton yarn waste), carded or not; cotton wool.
 Cotton rags.
 Cotton-seed oil.
 Cotton stearine.
 Cotton tissues, all kinds, made up or otherwise.
 Cotton yarn.
 Cream.
 Cream of tartar.
 Creosote, wood.
 Creosote oil.
 Cresol and nitro-cresol, and their compounds and preparations.
 Crucibles.
 Cryolite.
 Crystalline.
 Cutch.
 Cyanides.
 Cycles and motor cycles and component parts.

- Cylinders and discs for phonographs and gramophones with or without impressions, new or old, broken or waste.
 Cylinders and receptacles of iron or steel for compressed or liquid gas.
 Damar gum.
 Dari.
 Dates.
 Datuline.
 Degras.
 Delphinine.
 Dental apparatus, teeth sets, and their accompaniments.
 Dental rubber, waxes, cement, and fillings.
 Dermatol.
 Detonators.
 Dextrines.
 Diamonds, cut or pierced for industrial use.
 Diamonds, industrial, including rough diamonds for cutting into Jewellery gems, and bort.
 Digitaine.
 Di-methyl-aniline.
 Distillers' grana, and residues from apples, raisins, or olives.
 Diuretic.
 Down.
 Drains, rubber.
 Draw-plates, jewelled.
 Dress protectors proofed.
 Dyeing substances, all kinds, except coal-tar dyes.
 Dynamite.
 Dynamos.
 Earth containing infusoria.
 Ebouite.
 Eggs.
 Eggs, preserved and egg yolk.
 Electrical appliances adapted for use in war, and their component parts.
 Electric fire-lighters.
 Electrical insulated wire and cables.
 Electric insulation, compositions or products, suitable for.
 Electrodes, (unmounted).
 Electrodes (mounted), piles and component parts.
 Emery, all forms including wheels and paper.
 Emetine and emetic salts.
 Engines (loc motive).
 Engines, marine and aerial, and parts.
 Equipment military.
 Erasers, rubber.
 Ether sulphuric and ether acetic.
 Eucaine, hydrochloride, eucaine (benzamine) lactate and their preparations.
 Explosives, gunpowder and similar explosives, nitroglycerine, dynamite, melinite, etc.
 Extracts, liquid and solid, for dyeing; extracts of colouring matter other than those derived from coal-tar.
 Extracts tanning.
 Extracts of meat.
 Farinaceous articles of all kinds being food-stuffs: wheat, rye, oats, barley, maize, buckwheat, grain, meal and flour, malt, bread and biscuits, groats, semolina, Italian paste, sago, salep, mandiocca and flour, tapioca and flour, rice of all kinds, dried vegetables of all kinds and their meal, chestnuts and flour, dari, millet, and alpiste, (long millet).
 Fats, animal.
 Fats, vegetable, comestible.
 Feathers, feather waste and down (other than fancy feathers).
 Fecula of all kinds.
 Felapar.
 Felts, asphalted.
 Felts of animal hair.
 Ferro-chrome and ferro-nickel, and all other ferro-alloys.
 Ferro-cyanides.
 Fibre.
 Figs, fresh, dried.
 Figs, roasted.
 Filings and scrap, of old copper, lead, tin, zinc, and their alloys.
 Firearms of all kinds and their component parts.
 Fish, in brine, preserved, dried, salted.
 Fish, potted or canned, all kinds.
 Flannels (cotton).
 Flannels (woollen).
 Flax, raw, as tow or combed; waste.
 Flaxen canvas: hammock canvas, kit-bag canvas, navy canvas, tent canvas.
 Flaxen fabric suitable for balloons.
 Flour: wheat, maize, rice, peas, beans, and other sorts of.
 Flour-mill waste.
 Foodstuffs, preserved, all kinds.
 Forges, portable.
 Formaldehyde, denatured.
 Formaldehyde, non-denatured.
 Formol.
 Fruit juice and syrup.
 Fruit kernels.
 Fruits, fresh.
 Fruits, dried, preserved, drained.
 Fruits for dyeing and tanning.
 Fullers earth.
 Furs rough or prepared, but not worked or made up.
 Fusel oil.
 Fuses (miners').
 Fustic.
 Gambier.
 Game.
 Game (preserved).
 Garlic.
 Galvanic instruments.
 Ginger.
 Ginger, preserved.
 Glass paper.
 Gloves (leather).
 Gloves (rubber).
 Gloves (woollen).
 Glucose, liquid.
 Glucose, solid.
 Glucose, solid, for the manufacture of artificial silk.
 Glue.
 Gluten, all kinds.
 Glycerine and preparations containing glycerine.
 Glycophosphates.
 Goats.
 Goatskins.
 Goldbeaters' skin.
 Grains (brewery and distillery).
 Grapes, fresh and pressed grapes.
 Grapes, residue of.
 Graphite, all forms, including crucibles.
 Grease.

Grease, curriers' and leather dressers'.	Painted, varnished, and boxes for packing food.
Grease for vehicles and machinery.	L-glass.
Grease, machine.	Jams, with or without sugar.
Grenadines	Jellies, fruit.
Grindery used in the making of boots and shoes, including rivets, plates, nails, buttons, etc.	Jellies, mineral.
Grindstones.	Jewellery, imitation.
Groils, all kinds.	Jute, raw, carded, etc.
Ground nut oil.	Jute yarn.
Guaiacol and guaiacol carbonate.	Jute sacks.
Guano.	Jute : piece-goods.
Gums, all kinds, solid and liquid, such as arabic, cherry, tragacanth, Senegal, acacia, agar, Bissorah, and mahogany.	Kaolin (china clay).
Gun cotton.	Kermes, mineral.
Gunpowder.	Kernel oil for industrial use.
Gun-metal, all forms.	Kernels of fruit.
Guns and parts.	Kino.
Gut, animal, in all forms.	Kubin.
Gut, cords of (except those for musical instruments), including gut cords for machinery	Lac.
Guts of oxen.	Laces, for boots and shoes, all kinds.
Gutta-percha, all forms.	Lamps, signalling.
Hair, human and animal, rough, cleaned, spun or otherwise prepared or manufactured.	Lard.
Hair, textiles of.	Lard, imitation.
Halogen derivatives of aliphatic hydrocarbons.	Lava, volcanic.
Hams.	Lead (ore and metal, pure and alloyed) in all forms, including lead type, old or new.
Hand carts.	Lead, salts and compounds of.
Handles of tools.	Leather, hides, and skins, raw.
Haricot beans.	Leather, hides, and skins, tanned and dressed.
Harness and parts.	Leather wares, including travelling articles in leather, but not including fancy light leather goods ("maroquinerie.")
Haulers.	Leaves for dyeing and tanning.
Hausers and ropes of iron and steel wire.	Leeks.
Hay.	Lemons and fresh lemon skins.
Heliograph's.	Lemon juice.
Hematite cast iron in pig and other forms.	Lentils.
Hemp, cloth.	Lichens for dyeing and tanning.
Hemp, cordage and twine	Lime, acetate, and pyrolignite of.
Hemp, crushed, dressed, and combed ; waste.	Lime, chloride, and phosphate of.
Hemp, yarn and knotted.	Lime, phenate of.
Hexamethylene-tetramine.	Linen tissues.
Hides and skins, rough or prepared, including fur skins not put together.	Linen yarn.
Honey, natural or artificial.	Lingerie, cotton.
Horn.	Linoleum.
Hosiery cloths of hair.	Linseed.
Horsehair, and vegetable substitutes for horsehair	Linseed meal.
Horses.	Linseed oil.
Horseshoes	Liqueurs.
Hosiery (cotton).	Liqueurs, wines containing a higher percentage of alcohol than that indicated in the Swiss Tariff.
Hosiery (woollen).	Liquorice.
Hydrocarbons and hydrocarbides.	Liquorice juice (in cakes, sticks, etc.).
Hydroquinone.	Liquorice root.
Indigo, natural	Llama hair, yarns, and tissues.
Injectors, rubber.	Logwood.
Isomerisms, nautical, of all kinds.	Lorries motor.
Insulating materials.	Lubricants.
Iodine and its compounds and preparations.	Macaroni.
Iodolium.	Mace.
Ipecacuanha root.	Machine tools and parts thereof.
Iridium, ore and metal.	Machinery, agricultural, all kinds, and spare parts thereof.
Iridium compounds of.	Machinery and mechanical apparatus of all kinds, including spare parts.
Iron, unworked, forged, rolled or drawn, including wire, unworked cast iron, all forms.	Machinery and parts thereof, suitable for use in marine and aerial navigation.
Iron alloys	Machinery and parts thereof, exclusively used for the manufacture of munitions and weapons of war.
Iron ore (including pyrites).	Machinery and parts thereof in special steel, such as high speed steel, nickel steel, etc.
Iron and steel plate, all kinds, including black, tinned, annealed, terne, nickelled, leaded, coppered, zincd, galvanised, corrugated,	

- Machinery, electrical, electric dynamos, and motors.**
Machinery, metal-working.
Machinery, refrigerating.
Magnesia, calcined.
Magnesium chloride and sulphate, and mixtures containing magnesium chloride and sulphate.
Magnetos and their parts.
Maize.
Maize flour.
Maize meal.
Maize stalks.
Malt.
Malt (exhausted) and malt germs, for cattle.
Mandarines.
Mandiocca and flour.
Manganese, ore and metal, all forms ; dioxide and perioxide of manganese.
Manganese salts.
Mangrove bark and extract.
Manilla yarn.
Manioc, raw or dried.
Manures of all kinds, chemical and other.
Maps.
Marble, unworked or sawn.
Marcs (residue).
Margarine, oleo-margarine, copra butter, and similar products.
Marmalade.
Mats of horse-hair.
Mats of straw and fibre.
Meal, farmaceous, all kinds.
Meat meal for cattle.
Meats, fresh and refrigerated.
Meats, salt and smoked.
Meats, tinned, and extracts of.
Melinite.
Mercury, and its compounds and preparations, and mixtures containing such compounds of mercury.
Mercury, fulminate of.
Metal, anti-friction.
Methylene, methylic alcohol, crude or chemically pure.
Methyl-ethyl-acetone.
Mica, crude or in sheets, mica splittings : ground mica
Mica, cut, manufactured and mica wares.
Milk, condensed, sweetened or not.
Millet
Millet, long (alpistol).
Millinery, cotton.
Mineral oils and essences.
Mohair yarn and tissues.
Molasses.
Molybdenum : ore and alloys.
Molybdenum salts
Mopazite sand.
Morphia ; morphine.
Mosses, Iceland, Irish, caragheen, and sphagnum
Motor-cars, motor-lorries ; parts and accessories.
Motor-cycles and parts and accessories.
Motors, electric, all kinds
Mowing machines and spare parts.
Mules
Munitions.
Muriate of ammonia.
Mustard seed.
Nails for boots and shoes
Naphtha
Napthalene.
Napthol ; naphthylamine and similar products.
Narcotine.
Nets, fishing and other.
Nickel : ore, metal, pure and alloyed, all forms.
Nickel wares and coin.
Nickel, salts and combinations.
Nicotine
Nitro-benzine.
Nitro-cresol and its compounds and preparations.
Nitro-glycerine.
Novocaine.
Nutmegs.
Nuts.
Nuts and seeds, oleaginous.
Nuts for dyeing and tanning.
Nuts, pistachio.
Nux vomica and its alkaloids and preparations.
Oats.
Oatmeal.
Observation instruments.
Oil, animal, including neat's foot oil.
Oil, fish.
Oil, mineral, crude, refined, heavy.
Oil (tar).
Oil, vegetable, all kinds.
Oil, whale.
Oil and grease for machinery.
Oil, residual of distillation of alcohol
Oil-cake, whole or ground.
Oils, essential
Oiled cloth for furniture.
Oiled cloth for packing.
Oleine.
Oleo-margarine.
Olive oil, comestible
Olive oil, denatured.
Olives, packed in oil.
Olives, residue of.
Onions, including small pickling onions, both edible and for planting
Opium and preparations containing opium
Optical instruments, not including spectacles.
Oranges and fresh orange skin
Orange juice, citronelle, citrates
Oscers.
Osmium ore and metal
Osmium, compounds of oxalates
Oxen.
Oxide of tin and stanniferous waste.
Oxides of lead (litharge and minium)
Ozokerit
Packings, engine and boiler
Paleine.
Palladium compounds of.
Palm nuts
Palm oil.
Paper, Japanese, and similar paper, including serviettes of Japanese paper
Papers, sensitised.
Paraffin.
Paraffin, liquid medicinal.
Paraffin wax.
Paraformaldehyde.
Paraldehyde.
Paste, Italian.
Peaflour.
Peas, dried, whole.
Peas, split and meal.
Peel, candied.
Pepper.
"Peptone Witte."
Perchlorates.
Peroxides, metallic.
Petroleum, crude, refined and spirit.
Petroleum jelly.
Petroleum residue and waste.
Pewter, all forms.
Phenacetine.

- Phenazone.
 Phenetidina.
 Phosgene (oxychloride of carbon).
 Phosphor bronze.
 Phosphorus.
 Phosphoric acid and compounds of phosphorus.
 Photographic papers.
 Photographic plates and films.
 Pickles.
 Picks.
 Pigeons, live and dead.
 Pigs.
 Pimento.
 Pineapples.
 Pitch.
 Pitch (wood tar).
 Plait, straw, hemp, tagal or other, for hat-making.
 Plants for dyeing and tanning.
 Plated wares.
 Plates for bootmaking.
 Platinum, in all forms, including manufactures (except platinum jewellery).
 Platinum salts.
 Plumbago.
 Pollards.
 Poppy oil.
 Pork-butchers' meat ("charcuterie").
 Potash, prussiate of.
 Potassium, chlorate and perchlorate.
 Potassium, cyanide of.
 Potassium nitrate.
 Potatoes.
 Pottery and refractory bricks with magnesite base.
 Poultry, live and dead.
 Precious stones, uncut, and artificial precious stones, cut or uncut.
 Presspahn ("carton américain").
 Projectiles and other munitions of war.
 Prunes, dried.
 Pyridine (base).
 Quebracho extract.
 Quebracho wood.
 Quinine and its salts.
 Quinine, extracts of.
 Rabbits.
 Radium and its salts.
 Rags of all kinds.
 Railway carriages, trucks, and lorries.
 Raisins, dried.
 Ramie, raw and waste.
 Ramie tissues.
 Ramie yarn.
 Rapeseed.
 Rattans, all kinds, and articles wholly or partly composed of rattans.
 Reaping machines and spare parts.
 Regurine.
 Rennet.
 Residues, exhausted, from gas production (Masse d'épuration épuisées).
 Resin and resin pitch.
 Resin oil.
 Resinous substances, pine and fir.
 Rhodium, ore and metal.
 Rhodium compounds of.
 Rice.
 Rice flour.
 Rifles and parts.
 Rigging.
 Rivets used in bootmaking.
 Roots for dyeing and tanning.
 Ropes and rope-makers' wares.
 Rosin, rosin pitch.
 Rubber: Balata, gutta-percha, raw or remelted, including waste vulcanised rubber and ebonite and rubber substitutes; rubber wares; rubber-proofed and rubber-mixed goods; rubber preservatives.
 Rum.
 Ruthenium, ore and metal.
 Ruthenium, compounds of.
 Rye.
 Rye, ergot of.
 Sabadilla seeds.
 Sacks, satchels and bags of all textile material including paper thread.
 Saddlery, leather.
 Saddlery, metal parts.
 Safrol.
 Sago and flour.
 Salad oil.
 Salep.
 Salicine.
 Salipyrine.
 Salophene.
 Saltpetre, refined.
 Saltpetres (Chile), crude.
 Salts of—
 Thorium, cerium, platinum, titanium, molybdenum, vanadium, and other salts of rare earths.
 Salts of copper, chrome, tin, mercury, and other metals.
 Sandarac gum.
 Sandpaper.
 Santonin and its preparations.
 Satches.
 Sausage casings.
 Sausages.
 Saws.
 Scheelite.
 Scrap steel, i.e. scrap, filings and waste of special steel; broken-up special steel wares.
 Scraps, metal, and filings: copper, lead, tin, zinc, and their alloys.
 Screws.
 Sealing wax.
 Searchlights.
 Seeds, sowing.
 Selenium, ore and metal.
 Semolina.
 Senna leaves and pods.
 Sesamum oil.
 Shale oil.
 Sheep.
 Sheepgut.
 Sheepskins.
 Shellac.
 Shell-fish, preserved.
 Shipbuilding materials, rigging and apparatus.
 Ships, all kinds.
 Shoddy (wool).
 Shoe fittings, shoe mercery, grindery.
 Shovels.
 Silica bricks.
 Silica paper.
 Silicon.
 Silk; cocoons, raw, spun and tissues (including artificial silk); all kinds and forms.
 Silver, raw, bar, ingot, powder, scrap, coin.
 Skins, raw and dressed.
 Slag wool.
 Sledges.
 Snuff.
 Soap (including "Monkey Brand").
 Perfumed toilet soaps.
 Socks and stockings (wool).
 Soda, carbonate of, in all forms, including bicarbonate.
 Soda, caustic.
 Soda, peroxide of.

- Soda, prussiate of.
 Sodium bichromate.
 Sodium chlorate.
 Sodium cyanide.
 Sodium (metal).
 Sodium nitrate.
 Sodium nitrite.
 Sodium, sulphate, sulphide and hyposulphite.
 Soles, lifts, and other out leather for boots and shoes.
 Soups, compressed, desiccated, preserved.
 Soy.
 Spades.
 Spaghetti.
 Spelter.
 Spermaceti.
 Spices, ground or not.
 Spirits, potable.
 Spirits of wine.
 Sponges of all kinds, including waste.
 Sprayers and spraying machines, other than those for toilet, medicinal and domestic use.
 Starch; also starch waste for cattle.
 Stearine.
 Stearine, cotton for industrial purposes.
 Steel, special, containing 0.5 per cent. of nickel, chrome, or tungsten, 0.2 per cent. of molybdenum, 0.1 per cent. of vanadium or titanium, 9 per cent. of manganese, 0.5 per cent. of cobalt (stellite); scrap, filings and waste of special steel.
 Steel, unworked, forged, rolled or drawn (including wire).
 Stencil paper.
 Stereos.
 Stirrups.
 Stramonium leaves and seeds.
 Straps (textile).
 Straw.
 Strontium, compounds of.
 Strychnine.
 Sublimates, corrosive.
 Suet.
 Sugar, raw, refined, candy.
 Sugar of milk.
 Sulphate of copper and cuprous powders; green copper.
 Sulphoricinates.
 Sulphur in all forms.
 Sulphur dioxide (anhydride).
 Surgical bandages and dressings.
 Surgical, medical and orthopaedic instruments and apparatus.
 Swords, and other arms.
 Syrups of molasses.
 Tagal plait.
 Talc.
 Tallow.
 Tanning substances of all kinds.
 Tapioca and flour.
 Tar.
 Tar (coal), derivatives and products of, for the manufacture of dyes.
 Tar oil derivatives.
 Tarpaulins.
 Tartar, cream of tartar and its alkaloids; tartrates.
 Tea.
 Tedders and spare parts.
 Teeth, artificial.
 Telegraph apparatus, parts of, and materials for.
 Telephone apparatus, parts of, and materials for.
 Tents and fittings.
 Terpene; terpinol.
 Textile fabric for balloons.
 Theobromine.
 Thio-sulphates and polythionates.
 Thorium ore and metal.
 Thorium nitrate.
 Thorium salts.
 Thyme, essence of.
 Thymol and its preparations.
 Tin, chloride of.
 Tin: ore, metal, pure and alloyed, in all forms.
 Tin oxide.
 Tin wares, including alloys.
 Tinned plate, andterne plate; tinned plate boxes for packing foodstuffs.
 Titanium, ore, and metal.
 Titanium salts.
 Tobacco, unmanufactured and substitutes.
 Tobacco, manufactured and substitutes.
 Toluidine; toluol.
 Tomatoes, fresh.
 Tomatoes, preserved.
 Tools, edge, with or without handles, of ordinary iron or steel; also spades, chisels, picks, axes, shovels, saws farriers', carpenters', wheelwrights', and saddlers' tools, entrenching tools, billhooks, hoes.
 Tools, instruments, and their parts, of special steel (such as high-speed steel, nickel steel) etc., except watchmakers' tools.
 Tools used in the making of boots and shoes.
 Toys, rubber.
 Traction engines.
 Treacle.
 Trioxal.
 Trioxymethylene.
 Trucks and trollies, railway and other.
 Tubes and tubing for boilers; cocks, (vannes) for steam, gas and water.
 Tubes, drain.
 Tungsten, ore and metal and tungstic acid.
 Tungsten, compounds of.
 Turkey red oil, and other sulfericimates.
 Turnips.
 Turpentine and mixtures containing turpentine.
 Twine.
 Type, metal.
 Typewriters.
 Tyres, solid or pneumatic.
 Union cotton goods (containing 25 per cent. of cotton).
 Uranium, ore and metal.
 Urea and its compounds.
 Urethane.
 Urotropine (hexamethylene tetramine) and preparations containing urotropine.
 Vanadium, ore, and metal.
 Vanadium salts.
 Vanilla.
 Varnishes, all kinds.
 Vaseline.
 Vegetable fibre; also yarn and wares, vegetable substitutes for horsehair; vegetable substances for plaiting; rough, spun, or manufactured in any way.
 Vegetable ivory (corozo).
 Vegetables, dried, and their meal.
 Vegetables, fresh.

Vegetables, preserved.	Burgundy (over 15 degrees), Madeira (up to 21 degrees), Marsala (up to 18 degrees), and Port (up to 23 degrees).
Vegetaline (butter substitute)	Wine, in casks.
Vehicles of all kinds, haulers and traction engines of all kinds, all articles (unmanufactured or manufactured) for military, naval, or ; transport purposes.	Wire, barbed.
Ventilators of 50 to 250 kilogrammes.	Wire, insulated.
Veratrine.	Wolfram (tungsten), ore and metal.
Vermouth.	Wood alcohol.
Vessels, sailing, steam, motor.	Wood, ash, beech, birch, lime, mahogany, okoumé, plane, teak.
Vinegar.	Wood, for building.
Vitriol, oil of vulcanised fibre, all forms.	Wood, for rifle stocks and rifle parts.
Waggons.	Wood spirit.
Walnuts.	Wood, walnut, unhewn, squared and sawn.
Waterproofed clothing, with or without rubber	Wool of all kinds, including waste ; artificial wool.
Waterproofed (rubber) goods.	Woollen hosiery and knitted goods.
Wax, animal	Woollen tissues (including alpaca, mohair and camels' hair, but excluding felted woollen cloths in circular bands having a felted surface and warp and weft, and exclusively used for paper-making).
Wax paper	Woollen yarn.
Wax polish for flours, leather, furniture, etc.	Xeroform.
Wax cloth.	Yarn of vegetable fibre.
Waxes, dental.	Yeast.
Waxes, mineral.	Zinc, ore ; metal, pure and alloyed, in all forms, not including zinc wares.
Waxes, vegetable.	Zinc chloride and mixtures containing zinc chloride
Wheat, in grain.	Zinc sulphate and mixtures containing zinc sulphate
Wheat flour.	Zinc dust.
Wheat meal.	
Wheel-barrow-	
Wheelwrights' tools	
Whisky	
White spirit	
Wicker, osier and rattan wares	
Wines, in bottles and registering over 15 degrees Gay-Lussac ; but not including	

LIST F.

Goods of every description [other than (1) such printed matter of all descriptions, as is not prohibited under the specific heading : (B) Paper, etc (see page 19) ; and, (2) personal effects accompanied by their owners], whether mentioned in the foregoing lists or not, are prohibited from export to Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland in accordance with the Royal Proclamation of 29th September, 1917.*

Licences will however be granted, in approved cases, for exports to Norway and Sweden subject to the conditions laid down in the notices published in the issues of the Board of Trade Journal dated 16th May (page 605), 27th June (page 814), 25th July (page 135), and 1st August, 1918 (page 147). Licences will not be granted for exports to Denmark and Holland except in respect of the following *goods : -

Adding and calculating machines	Cutlery, the following :—
Alabaster for statuary purposes.	Bowie knives.
Artists' material, excluding oils and turpentine.	Bread knives.
Athletic goods not containing rubber or leather	Budding knives
Automobiles, passenger and spare parts, but not tyres or accessories.	Butchers' knives.
Bicycles and spare parts, but not tyres or accessories.	Carving forks.
Buttons of bone or horn.	Carving knives.
Carpets, Oriental, of high value.	Cooks' knives.
Cash registers.	Dessert knives.
China.	Hunting knives.
China clay	Painters' knives.
Clocks, including clocks for time checking.	Palette knives.
Clothing (made up) of silk or mixed silk.	Pocket knives.
Coral.	Pruning knives.
	Razors.
	Scissors.
	Shoemakers' knives.
	Table forks, steel.
	Table knives.

* Export licences will not be granted in respect of any article in this schedule should it contain an undue proportion of silver, tin, copper, or lead

Dental burs.
 Dental filling materials, other than such as contain platinum or other rare metals.
 Diamonds other than industrial diamonds.
 Drugs, &c., the following :—
 Acetyl salicylic acid.
 Aconite.
 Agaric.
 Albacea root.
 Amidol and substitutes.
 Argentamin.
 Arsenobillon.
 Arsenous acid.
 Barium sulphate.
 Beta naphthol.
 Bromine.
 Butylchloralhydrate.
 Cacodylic acid.
 Camomile.
 Chromic acid.
 Diethylbarbituric acid.
 Digitalis.
 Duboisin sulphuric.
 Eucaine.
 Ferric compounds.
 Ferrum redactum.
 Folia hyoseyami.
 Fructus feeniculi.
 Hydrobromic acid.
 Ichthyol.
 Inula root.
 Kharasevan.
 Metol.
 Nitrate of silver.
 Opium, alkaloids of.
 Paraldehyde.
 Phenacetin.
 Salicylic acid.
 Saltcake (subject to special conditions).
 Sodium arsenate.
 Sodium bromide.
 Sodium nitroprusside.
 Sodium salicylate.
 Veronal sodium.
 Dyes and dyestuffs.
 Earthenware.
 Electro-plated goods and silverware containing not more than 5 per cent. of nickel or copper.
 Feathers of high value.
 Films (subject to special conditions).
 Flower seeds, except seeds of oil-bearing plants.
 Flowers, artificial.
 Fountain pens.
 Furs of high value.
 Gauge glasses.
 Glassware.
 Hair ornaments and combs, except such as are manufactured from casein or ebono.
 Hardware (builders), if of iron or steel.
 Hats, felt, trimmed ready for wear.
 Hats, straw.
 Household furnishings, fixtures and equipment

if manufactured of wood, iron, or steel.
 Jewellery, imitation.
 Laces, hand-made, such as Maltese lace
 Laundry machinery not containing rubber or copper.
 Ledgers, loose leaf and similar stationery (subject to special conditions).
 Lighting fixtures if of iron or steel.
 Machinery for manufacture of cotton goods.
 Machinery, spare or replacement parts of (subject to special conditions).
 Marble for statuary purposes.
 Medical appliances, other than appliances containing rubber.
 Morocco leather, small fancy goods.
 Motor cycles and spare parts, but not tyres or accessories.
 Musical instruments, except instruments composed entirely or mainly of metal.
 Office furniture, equipment and supplies.
 Oil paintings.
 Opera glasses for use in theatres.
 Pen nibs.
 Perfumery, but not essential oils.
 Phonographs.
 Phonographic records.
 Photographic goods other than cinema films.
 Pianos.
 Pictures, reproductions of.
 Precious stones (real and imitation).
 Printing presses, not containing an undue proportion of copper, nickel or antimony.
 Razors, safety (and blades) not containing nickel or tin
 Ribbons, silk.
 Sanitary ware (plumbers' goods), if of iron or steel or earthenware.
 Scales and balances, not including weights of copper or brass.
 Screw spanners for cycles.
 Sewing machines
 Straps
 Spectacles
 Sugar-refining machinery (subject to special conditions).
 Surgical appliances other than appliances containing rubber.
 Teeth, artificial (except such as contain platinum, iridium, or other rare metals).
 Toilet preparations (excluding soap) not in tin or lead containers and not containing more than 1 per cent. of glycerine.
 Tooth brushes.
 Toys.
 Trimmings, silk.
 Truffles, fresh or preserved.
 Type-setting and type-casting machinery (excluding type metal).
 Typewriters and spare parts and accessories (except typewriter ribbons not cut for use and except those over two inches wide).
 Wall paper.
 Wines.

INTERNAL - RADE.

The 26th October, 1918.

No. 11738.—In pursuance of section 5 of the Cotton Cloth Act, 1918 (XXIII of 1918), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be members

of the Committee to assist the Controller of Cotton Cloth with their advice in the performance of his duties:

- (1) Mr. G. Wiles, I.C.S.,
- (2) Mr. C. N. Wadia,
- (3) Mr. N. B. Saklatwala,
- (4) Mr. R. H. Brooke,
- (5) Sir Vithaldas Thackersey, Kt
- (6) Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai,
- (7) The Hon'ble Mr. T. Smith,
- (8) Sir Clement B. Simpson, Kt.,
- (9) Mr. F. Stones,
- (10) The Hon'ble Mr. Parushottam Thakurdas,
- (11) Mr. Devidas Madhowji Thackersey.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 26th October, 1918

No. 11808.—Mr. M. P. C. Byrne, Postmaster-General, officiating in the 3rd grade, is permitted to retire from the service of Government with effect from the afternoon of the 5th September 1918.

The following appointments in the grades of Postmasters-General are made with effect from the 6th September 1918.

Mr. J. Monteath, I.C.S., sub *pro tem* Postmaster-General, 4th grade, Madras, to be confirmed in that appointment and to continue to officiate in the 3rd grade until further orders;

Mr. W. A. Roussac, Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and officiating Postmaster-General, 4th grade, to officiate as Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Bihar and Orissa, until further orders;

Mr. A. W. Lane Ryan, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs 1,200—1,400 and officiating Postmaster-General, 4th grade and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office to officiate in the 3rd grade, until further orders.

STATISTICS.

The 26th October, 1918

No. 11571.—Mr. Nabagauranga Basak, a Deputy Collector in the Bengal Provincial Service, is appointed to officiate as Director of Statistics with effect from the 21st October 1918, or the subsequent date on which he assumes charge, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. G. Findlay Shirras, I. E. S.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ARCHÆOLOGY AND EPIGRAPHY.

Simla, the 19th October, 1918.

No. 125.—Dr. D. B. Spooner, Ph. D., Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Eastern Circle, is placed on deputation to the Office of the Director General of Archaeology in India, for a period of one year for employment as Assistant Director General of Archaeology in India, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties.

The 23rd October, 1918

No. 131.—In consequence of the deputation for one year of Dr. D. B. Spooner, Ph. D., for employment as Assistant Director General of Archaeology in India, as notified in the Department of Education notification No. 125, dated the 19th October 1918, Pandit K. N. Dikshit, Curator, Provincial Museum, Lucknow, will continue to officiate as Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Eastern Circle.

SANITARY.

The 25th October, 1918.

No. 368.—Captain E. S. Phipson, D.S.O., M.B., I.M.S., is appointed substantively *pro tempore* to be Health Officer, Simla, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th October 1918 until further orders.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Simla, the 25th October 1918.***PART A.****PROMOTIONS.**

No 2478.—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary ranks specified while holding the appointments noted :

To be temporary Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major M. Synge, D. S. O., Supply and Transport Corps, while holding the appointment of Assistant Director of Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 28th September 1918.

To be temporary Majors.

Captain G. C. R. Taylor, The Essex Regiment, while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 24th September 1918.

Captain W. L. E. Fretz, Royal Army Medical Corps, while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Director, Medical Services. Dated 1st September 1918.

Captain H. S. Blackmore, Royal Army Medical Corps, while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Director, Medical Services (Sanitary). Dated 8th October 1918.

To be temporary Captains.

Lieutenant D. G. Whigham-Teasdale, M C, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, while holding the appointment of General Staff Officer, 3rd grade. Dated 5th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. Langford, 1st (King's) Dragoon Guards, while holding the appointment of Staff Captain. Dated 28th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant C. L. Wallace, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, while holding the appointment of Intelligence Officer (graded as General Staff Officer, 3rd grade). Dated 27th March 1918.

No. 2479.—The undermentioned officers to be Captains, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

RADIOGRAPHERS, UNATTACHED LIST.

Lieutenant T. W. Barnard. Dated 13th January 1918.

Lieutenant H. E. Hill. Dated 18th January 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2480.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

William Cotter Williamson Hawkes, D.S.O., Commandant, 1st Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment) Dated 20th October 1918

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 19th August 1918.

John Herald Gore Palmer, 21st Punjabis.

Denis Erskine Knollys, 19th Punjabis.

Eric Harry Pemberton, 19th Punjabis.

Dated 10th October 1918.

Harold George Chesney, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 15th August 1918.

Reginald Humphrey Loder Minchin, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Dated 1st October 1918.

Eric Giles Savage, 112th Infantry.

John Rochfort Armstrong Henry, 10th Jats

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Eric Guy Pottinger, Indian Army. Dated 30th January 1918.

Dated 12th September 1918.

Reginald Charles Walmington Johns, attached 92nd Punjabis.

Joseph Devoncher Jackson, attached 92nd Punjabis.

Leslie Evan Smith, attached 112th Infantry.

Eric Bruce Stratton, attached 112th Infantry.

John Frederick Fortisoué Barnes, attached 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Dated 4th October 1918.

Patrick Alan Douglas Larmore, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles

Dated 25th October 1918.

James Russell Gibson, attached 110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Douglas Cyril Hawthorn, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse.

Albert Benjamin Charles Piper, attached 120th Rajputana Infantry.

Donald Frank Smith, attached 50th Kunawon Rifles

William Ivon Gosden, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Sydney Lewis-Lewis, attached 128th Pioneers.

William Scholes, attached 106th Hazara Pioneers.

Temporary Lieutenant to be temporary Captain.

George Gerald Pearse. Dated 27th February 1918.

No. 2481.—Captain W. H. Blood, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 7th October 1918.

No. 2482.—Major Alfred Patrick Sandeman, Supernumerary List, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, while employed as Commandant, Prisoners of War Camps, Southern Shan States; with effect from the 17th September 1918

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

The undermentioned officers to be acting Lieutenant-Colonels, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No 62 of 1918, while commanding Medical Units in the field, for the periods stated :—

Major (now Lieutenant-Colonel) N. R. J. Rainier, Officer Commanding, No. 110 Indian Field Ambulance, from 21st July 1915 to 16th October 1915.

Major H. C. Keates, Officer Commanding, No. 170 Indian Field Ambulance, from 29th July 1918 to 20th August 1918.

Major L. Cook, Officer Commanding, No. 176 Indian Field Ambulance, from 1st September 1918.

Major W. H. Tucker, Officer Commanding, No. 123 Indian Field Ambulance from 29th October 1914 to 5th December 1916

Captain J. F. James, Officer Commanding, No. 44 Indian General Hospital, from 18th April 1918 to 6th May 1918.

Captain W. L. Harnett, Officer Commanding, No. 154 Indian Field Ambulance, from 5th March 1918 to 31st March 1918.

Captain H. H. Thorburn, Officer Commanding, No. 165 Indian Field Ambulance, from 17th February 1918 to 27th April 1918.

Major F. E. Wilson, Officer Commanding, No. 166 Indian Field Ambulance, from 27th January 1918 to 16th February 1918.

Major J. Masson, Officer Commanding, No. 31 Combined Clearing Hospital, from 26th April 1918

Major G. W. Maconachie, Officer Commanding, No. 169 Indian Field Ambulance, from 7th June 1918.

Major C. W. F. Melville, Officer Commanding, No. 171 Indian Field Ambulance, from 26th July 1918

Major A. C. MacGilchrist, Officer Commanding, No. 2-A. Indian Field Ambulance, from 3rd March 1917 to 1st October 1917

Major J. J. Urwin, Officer Commanding, No. 32 Indian Clearing Hospital, from 9th February 1916 to 8th May 1918.

Major J. McA. MacMillan relinquished the acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel on ceasing to command No. 123 Indian Field Ambulance in the field, from 22nd January 1918.

No. 2483.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval —

Captain to be Major.

Frederick Charles Fraser. Dated 4th October 1918

Lieutenants to be temporary Captains.

Robert Hay, M.B.

George Arthur Stuart Ramsey, M.D.

George Shanks, M.D.

Basil Cedric Ashton

Rustam Merwan Kharegat, M.B.

Jelal Mochool Shah.

William Maurice Crombie, M.B. Dated 22nd May 1917.

} Dated 23rd January 1917

Temporary Captains to be Captains.

Robert Hay, M.B. Dated 7th September 1917.

George Arthur Stuart Ramsey, M.D. Dated 22nd September 1917.

George Shanks, M.D. Dated 24th September 1917.

Basil Cedric Ashton. Dated 23rd November 1917.

Rustam Merwan Kharegat, M.B. Dated 11th September 1918.

(Army Department Notification No. 1788, dated the 9th August 1918, is cancelled.)

No. 2484.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned honorary temporary Majors to be honorary temporary Lieutenant-Colonels during the period of their honorary service in Bombay, with effect from the 4th October 1918.

Raghavendra Row, M.D.

Vinayak Narayan Bhajekar, F.R.C.S.E.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, MADRAS.

No. 2485.—Deputy Commissary and honorary Captain Charles Henry Briant to be Commissary, with the honorary rank of Major, subject to His Majesty's approval,
 Assistant Commissary and honorary Lieutenant James O'Connor Phelan to be Deputy Commissary, with the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,
 Conductor Michael Power to be Assistant Commissary, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,
vice Commissary and Honorary Major George Ellard Brand, deceased; with effect from the 7th August 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2486.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

*Lieutenants to be Captains.**Cavalry Branch.*

Henry Bacon Humphrey Dickinson. Dated 6th April 1918.

George Barrett Goyder. Dated 9th April 1918.

Charles Morden Collett. Dated 9th September 1918.

*Infantry Branch.**Captain to be Major.*

Robert William Hodges (since retired). Dated 17th May 1916, but without pay and allowances prior to the 1st September 1916.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Allan Stafford Thornewill. Dated 22nd July 1918.

Geoffrey Nares Rawlings. Dated 5th August 1918.

Claude Douglas Saunders. Dated 24th August 1918.

Thomas Edwin Furze. Dated 25th August 1918.

Basil St. John Smith. Dated 24th September 1918.

William Henry Richard Clifford. Dated 16th October 1918.

No. 2487.—Second Lieutenant George Chesney Novill Stevens, who was appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers in Army Department Notification No. 212f, dated the 21st September 1918, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, with effect from the 6th July 1918.

No. 2488.—Captain Joseph O'Brien, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while employed as Audit Officer for Irrigation and Agriculture, with effect from the 3rd September 1918.

No. 2489.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) William Stephen Griffiths, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted to retain the temporary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval, while employed as Deputy Controller (Hardware, Implements and Metals), Bombay, with effect from the 6th September 1918.

No. 2490.—Second Lieutenant John Patrick Nicholson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as an Assistant Recruiting Officer, with effect from the 9th October 1918.

No. 2491.—Second Lieutenant C. O. Liddell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as an Assistant Embarkation Staff Officer. Dated 10th October 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 2492.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant J. F. Cair to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 18th September 1918, *vice* Captain J. W. English transferred with effect from the 3rd September 1918.

INFANTRY.

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

The Norfolk Regiment.

Major J. Norrie to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 12th September 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) A. B. Black, vacated with effect from the 28th August 1918.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) A. B. Black relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 28th August 1918.

Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers).

Lieutenant A. T. H. Pinkerton to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 12th September 1918, *vice* Captain L. W. Algoe, extra-regimentally employed with effect from the 28th August 1918.

Reserve Battalions (India).

Captain (acting Major) F. S. Leslie, Highland Light Infantry, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 7th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. B. East, The East Yorkshire Regiment, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Adjutant of a Battalion. Dated 5th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant R. B. Preiss, The Hampshire Regiment, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Battalion. Dated 21st August 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. B. East, The East Yorkshire Regiment, vacated with effect from the 5th August 1918.

Lieutenant R. D. Warnford-Davis, The Dorsetshire Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 31st July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. D. Harrup, The Dorsetshire Regiment, vacated with effect from the 16th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. D. Harrup, The Dorsetshire Regiment, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 16th July 1918.

Lieutenant W. D. Harrup, The Dorsetshire Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. W. Llewellyn, The Dorsetshire Regiment, vacated with effect from the 26th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. W. Llewellyn, The Dorsetshire Regiment, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 26th July 1918.

Lieutenant J. E. Ogle, The Dorsetshire Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 7th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. D. Harrup, vacated with effect from the 23rd August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. D. Harrup, The Dorsetshire Regiment, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 23rd August 1918.

Lieutenant W. W. Llewellyn, The Dorsetshire Regiment, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a battalion. Dated 28th September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. B. Preiss, The Hampshire Regiment, vacated with effect from the 13th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. B. Preiss, The Hampshire Regiment, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Adjutant of a Battalion. Dated 19th September 1918.

No. 2493.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified subject to His Majesty's approval.—

7th Hariana Lancers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. W. Lickman relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to be officiating squadron commander, with effect from the 18th August 1918.

25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. B. Pecker relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 3rd October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. B. Turle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 3rd October 1918.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. J. Lyall, Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while commanding a mobilised field company. Dated 11th September 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Captain A. E. Collier, M.C., Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while commanding a mobilised field company of Sappers and Miners. Dated 17th September 1918.

Captain C. R. Gurney, Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while commanding a mobilised field company of Sappers and Miners. Dated 23rd September 1918.

No. 3 Wireless Signal Squadron.

Second Lieutenant P. Ryan, General List, relinquishes the acting rank of Lieutenant on the termination of the duties for which granted. Dated 7th October 1918.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Captain C. H. F. Nixon, D.S.O., Company Officer, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry) attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 1st May 1918 to 26th May 1918, inclusive; *vice* Major P. H. McCleverty, vacated with effect from the 10th April 1918.

Lieutenant J. Robertson, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant W. M. Frankish, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant W. Green, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st August 1918.

15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Captain A. E. Barstow, M.C., to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 2nd July 1918, *vice* Major C. F. W. Hughes, M.C., vacated with effect from the 17th June 1918.

24th Punjabis.

Lieutenant C. Gault to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 25th May 1918.

49th Bengalis.

Second Lieutenant J. W. T. Colsey to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 29th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. Harley, relinquished with effect from the 14th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. Harley relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 14th September 1918.

66th Punjabis.

Lieutenant J. Mackay, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st June 1918, *vice* Captain C. W. d'A. Steward, vacated with effect from the 1st June 1918.

90th Punjabis.

Lieutenant A. Nimmo to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd August 1918.

Lieutenant S. B. Holmes to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th August 1918.

91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. M. L. Wardle to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 16th August 1918, *vice* Major T. T. Oakes, vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant H. T. Davidson to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th August 1918, *vice* Major T. T. Oakes, vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

Second Lieutenant E. W. Shenton to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a battalion. Dated 1st August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. T. Davidson, relieved.

98th Infantry.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) J. P. Mitford, D.S.O., relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 14th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant B. Angel, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 4th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. A. Webb, relinquishes the acting rank with effect from the 20th July 1918.

99th Deccan Infantry.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. McClelland relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 4th August 1918.

Major M. C. Nangle to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 20th October 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) R. J. Hilson, vacated with effect from the 4th October 1918.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) R. J. Hilson relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 4th October 1918.

106th Infantry.

Lieutenant T. Z. D. Babington to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 3rd August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. N. Howitt, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. N. Howitt relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to be Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 3rd August 1918.

109th Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. H. Souther, M.C., to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 6th August 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) N. F. C. Mulloy, M.C., vacated with effect from the 21st July 1918.

Captain (acting Major) N. F. C. Mulloy, M.C., relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to be employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 21st July 1918.

Captain Max Emile De Baillon Goldman Monk to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 9th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) J. H. Souther, M.C., vacated with effect from the 24th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) J. H. Souther, M.C., relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to be employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 24th August 1918.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Second Lieutenant G. Jacob to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while acting as Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 25th June 1918.

Lieutenant J. A. C. Kiddle, M.C., to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 10th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. G. Torrens, vacated.

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Captain R. B. G. Cuddeford to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 21st September 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) A. A. Mercer, vacated with effect from the 6th September 1918.

Captain (acting Major) A. A. Mercer relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to be employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 6th September 1918.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Captain E. J. Corse-Scott, M.C., to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 1st August 1918, *vice* Captain R. V. Brandon, vacated with effect from the 17th July 1918.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant F. B. Webb, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 23rd February 1918.

Rajput Garrison Company, Bellary.

Lieutenant H. E. J. Beal, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Bidwell, vacated with effect from the 5th September 1918.

57th Wilde's Rifles Frontier Force)

No. 2494.—Army Department Notification No. 2221, dated the 27th September 1918 so far as it relates to the relinquishment of acting rank by Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. E. Pedley, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force), is cancelled.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

No. 2495 — In Army Department Notification No. 540, dated the 26th April 1918, so far as it relates to the relinquishment of acting promotion by Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. S. Conner, 88th Carnatic Infantry, for "1st July 1917" read "1st September 1917," and so far as it relates to the acting promotion of Lieutenant L. M. Quin, 85th Carnatic Infantry, for "16th July 1917" read "16th September 1917."

No. 2496.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified:—

12th Cavalry.

Lieutenant J. P. Trousdell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 17th September 1918.

21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).

Lieutenant B. H. Bevan-Potman, attached. Dated 1st September 1918.

1st Brahmins

Lieutenant A. M. A. Collins, 35th Dogras, attached. Dated 25th August 1918.

17th Infantry The Loyal Regiment).

Lieutenant S. G. Vaughan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. From 4th April 1918 to 19th August 1918.

Lieutenant I. D. Rees, attached. Dated 4th September 1918.

26th Punjabis.

Lieutenant F. C. Heathcote, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 2nd September 1918.

36th Sikhs.

Lieutenant F. T. Birdwood, attached. Dated 15th August 1918.

46th Bengalis.

Lieutenant S. H. Gordon, 99th Deccan Infantry, attached; from 15th August 1918 to 16th August 1918.

Lieutenant E. W. B. Gibbs, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry, attached. Dated 31st August 1918.

84th Punjabis.

Lieutenant A. R. Booth, attached. Dated 18th August 1918 (one day).

Lieutenant C. R. Jones, attached. Dated 19th August 1918.

85th Burman Rifles.

Lieutenant F. O. N. Ford, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 14th August 1918.

94th Russell's Infantry.

Lieutenant J. R. H. Tweed, attached. Dated 16th August 1918.

95th Russell's Infantry.

Lieutenant W. B. Farrar, 5th Infantry, attached; from 26th August 1918 to 31st August 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant J. R. K. Wallace, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 16th September 1918.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Lieutenant W. C. Collinge, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached; from 16th August 1918 to 31st August 1918.

9th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant R. C. Mannoek, attached. Dated 8th September 1918.

No 2497.—The undermentioned officers relinquish the acting rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval, on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified :—

8th Rajputs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. C. T. Gompertz. Dated 30th September 1918.

26th Punjabie.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. C. T. Teape, attached. Dated 2nd September 1918.

84th Punjabie.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Light. Dated 3rd August 1918.

85th Burman Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. W. T. Moore, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 14th August 1918.

97th Deccan Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. R. Dawe, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 30th August 1918.

105th Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. M. Dowling, attached. Dated 16th September 1918.

4th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. R. Nye, M.C., attached. Dated 21st September 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.
INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2498.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 1958, dated the 9th November 1917, No. 2020, dated the 22nd November 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, No. 2128, dated the 14th December 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 770, dated the 19th April 1918, No. 1050, dated the 24th May 1918, No. 1193, dated the 7th June 1918, No. 1315, dated the 21st June 1918, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918, No. 1518, dated the 12th July 1918, No. 1638, dated the 26th July 1918, No. 1715, dated the 2nd August 1918 and No. 1778, dated the 9th August 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army with effect from the dates specified :—

Evelyn Lennox Turner. Dated 6th August 1918.

Ralph Lenox Herring. Dated 22nd October 1918.

Ivor Ballantyne Evans. Dated 17th October 1918.

Wilfrid Shuttleworth Holden. Dated 24th October 1918.

Joseph Henry Gervase Peters. Dated 24th October 1918.

Eric Roberts Greer. Dated 18th June 1918.

Frederick Hill Ledgerwood. Dated 21st August 1918.

Henry Pattinson. Dated 28th July 1918.

Alfred Cecil Elliot. Dated 9th August 1918.

John Henry Gradidge. Dated 24th October 1918.

Charles Kenneth Marsh. Dated 20th October 1918.

Richard Narcissus Nunn, M.C. Dated 29th July 1918.

John Keane Jones. Dated 20th August 1918.

Arthur Milton Lewis. Dated 29th July 1918.

Charles Dennis Balding. Dated 11th April 1918.

Walter Ross Laird. Dated 17th October 1918.

Bertram Kingston Sheppard. Dated 7th September 1918.

Percival Walter Thorogood. Dated 20th October 1918.

Frederick William Hawthorne English, M.C. Dated 5th October 1918.

James Leonard Woollam. Dated 31st July 1918.

William James Woodward. Dated 5th October 1918.

Francois Malcolm Moore. Dated 6th May 1918.

Fred Parmenter. Dated 24th October 1918.

Frederick Hay Christison. Dated 17th October 1918.

David William Evetts. Dated 25th June 1918.

Edward Ellis Anson. Dated 24th October 1918.

Wallace Adelbert Lyon. Dated 16th September 1918.

Guy Brigham. Dated 9th August 1918.

Archibald Ernest Brown. Dated 24th October 1918.

James Dow Sainter, M.C. Dated 16th September 1918.

Arthur Besley Ellis. Dated 5th October 1918.

Charles William Gordon Thorpe. Dated 17th September 1918.

Edward Basil Kirkman Loyd. Dated 1st August 1918.

Maurice Campbell Walsh. Dated 17th October 1918.

Frederick Jackson Matthews. Dated 5th October 1918.

Walter Notley, M.C. Dated 5th October 1918.

No. 2499.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 2020, dated the 22nd November 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, No. 2244, dated the 28th December 1917, No. 58, dated the 12th January 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 1576, dated the 19th July 1918, No. 1715, dated the 2nd August 1918, No. 1950, dated the 30th August 1918, No. 2005, dated the 6th September 1918, and No. 2370, dated the 12th October 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the dates specified :—

John Bushby Stubbs. Dated 26th October 1918.

Ferdinand Cromwell Field. Dated 4th October 1918.

John Teague, M.C. Dated 5th October 1918.

Arthur Conrad Robert Welsh, M.C. Dated 17th October 1918.

Arthur Tresillian Teague. Dated 11th September 1918.

Alexander Wood Goolden. Dated 25th September 1918.

Harold John Spencer. Dated 31st October 1918.

Victor Kenneth Neville Davies. Dated 28th October 1918.

James George Avent. Dated 28th July 1918.

Ernest Alfred Field Stanfield. Dated 31st October 1918.

Sylvanus Luke Landou. Dated 27th September 1918.

Fenwick Temperley Gass. Dated 27th July 1918.

Arthur Clarence Everett Caiger. Dated 31st October 1918.

Esmond Randolph Luscombe Poole. Dated 12th June 1918.

No. 2500.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment with effect from the date specified :—

To be Captain.

Captain Stephen Douglas Mills, M.C., The Bedfordshire Regiment, attached 43rd Erinpura Regiment. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 14th February 1916.

To be Lieutenants.

Captain Hugh Geoffrey Watkin, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 28th Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1916.

Captain Ernest Henry Bickersteth, The East Yorkshire Regiment, attached 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 24th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1913.

Lieutenant Ralph Firebrace Barton, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 29th September 1918, but to rank from the 15th May 1916.

Captain Lawrence Vincent Clare Hawkes, The Yorkshire Regiment, attached 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 12th June 1916.

Captain Herbert Cyril James, The Welsh Regiment, attached 117th Mahrattas. Dated 24th September 1918, but to rank from the 14th August 1916.

Captain Vernon Howell, The Welsh Regiment, attached 26th Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 30th August 1916.

Lieutenant Ronald George Williams, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment) (Indian Army Reserve of Officers), attached 154th Indian Infantry. Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 11th September 1916.

Lieutenant Harold Norman Powell, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 39th King George's Own Central India Horse. Dated 25th September 1918, but to rank from the 9th October 1916.

Lieutenant George Warren Tickell, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, attached 36th Sikhs. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 1st November 1916.

Lieutenant Laurence Foley Atteridge, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 24th September 1918, but to rank from the 26th November 1916.

Lieutenant Ernest William Williams, The Royal Sussex Regiment, attached 28th Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 16th December 1918.

Lieutenant Allan Thomas Davis, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London) Regiment, attached 18th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th December 1918.

Lieutenant Wilfred Edward Chetwode Spencer, The Royal Sussex Regiment, attached 89th Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 31st December 1918.

Lieutenant Ronald Francis Burn, The Worcestershire Regiment, attached 40th Cavalry. Dated 4th September 1918, but to rank from the 2nd February 1917.

Lieutenant Frank Calvert Robinson, The Devonshire Regiment (Indian Army Reserve of Officers), attached 123rd Outram's Rifles. Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 20th February 1917.

Captain Thomas William Denholm Hay, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 24th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1917.

Lieutenant Rowland Dawson Battye, Army Service Corps, attached 96th Berar Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 3rd March 1917.

Lieutenant John Henry Arundel Godolphin St. Aubyn, Royal Fusiliers (City of London) Regiment, attached 156th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 10th March 1917.

Lieutenant Ernest Robson, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 24th July 1918, but to rank from the 10th March 1917.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Briggs, The South Staffordshire Regiment, attached 1st Brahmans. Dated 28th September 1918, but to rank from the 22nd March 1917.

Lieutenant Robert Richardson Burnett, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 27th Punjabis. Dated 1st October 1918, but to rank from the 3rd April 1917.

Captain Laban Lester, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 89th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th April 1917.

Captain Clive Lane Bayliss, The Yorkshire Regiment, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 22nd April 1917.

Lieutenant Malcolm Glover, The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment), attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 23rd September 1918, but to rank from the 24th April 1917.

Lieutenant Harry Jones, The Essex Regiment (Indian Army Reserve of Officers), attached 49th Bengal. Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 7th May 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Dixon, M.C., The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment), attached 28th Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 16th June 1917.

Lieutenant John Douglas Jardine, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th June 1917.

Second Lieutenant Charles Victor Tustin, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), attached 40th Cavalry. Dated 27th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th July 1917.

Second Lieutenant Leo Patrick Winters, The Bedfordshire Regiment, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 29th September 1918, but to rank from the 7th July 1917.

Lieutenant James Brown, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders) attached 40th Pathans. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th July 1917.

Lieutenant Richard Wing, Nottinghamshire Yeomanry, attached 16th Cavalry. Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th July 1917.

Lieutenant John Gardiner Rains-Bath, The Devonshire Regiment, attached 25th Punjabis. Dated 28th September 1918, but to rank from the 2nd August 1917.

Lieutenant Reginald Rowland Jones, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 87th Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 9th September 1918.

Lieutenant Hugh Aubrey Porteous, The Devonshire Regiment, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 24th September 1918, but to rank from the 11th October 1917.

Lieutenant William Dewar Souter, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, attached 44th Merwara Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 18th April 1918.

Lieutenant Edmund Roy Lodge, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 80th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 1st June 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Second Lieutenant John Lawson, The Highland Light Infantry, attached 27th Light Cavalry. Dated 25th September 1918, but to rank from the 1st December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Robert O'Neill Butler, The Leinster Regiment, attached 112th Infantry. Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 1st December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Sydney Phillips Cane, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 70th Burma Rifles. Dated 27th April 1918, but to rank from the 15th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant Wilfred Vaughan Davies, The Wiltshire Regiment, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 28th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th January 1918.

Lieutenant George Thomas Bradshaw, 4th Reserve Regiment of Cavalry (Indian Army Reserve of Officers), attached 121st Pioneers. Dated 26th September 1918, but to rank from the 1st February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Percy Wright, Royal West Kent Regiment, attached 117th Mahrattas. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Norman Elliot John Gourlie, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, attached 34th Sikh, Pioneers. Dated 24th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Horace George Dolman, The Hampshire Regiment, attached 95th Russell's Infantry. Dated 28th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Russell Bridgman Preiss, The Hampshire Regiment, attached 18th Infantry. Dated 20th September 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant James Campbell, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders), attached 180th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant Gilbert Mallieu Haworth, The King's Own (Shropshire Light Infantry), attached 109th Infantry. Dated 24th September 1918, but to rank from the 18th September 1918.

No. 2501.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Army from the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified.—

To be Lieutenant.

W. A. Lovat-Fraser, attached 92nd Punjabis. Dated 30th July 1918, but to rank from the 5th November 1916.

(Army Department Notification No. 1893, dated the 23rd August 1918, so far as it relates to this officer, is cancelled.)

No. 2502.—The undermentioned to be temporary Second Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified.—

Arthur John Sawyer. Dated 25th September 1918

Dated 7th October 1918.

Ernest Augustus Down.
Frank Ledsome Cooper.
Albert Pentland.
Alfred Lewis Mendoze.
Edwin Borton.
James William Fraser
Ernest Leonard Bridgwater
Oliver William Drew.
Ernest Dudley Jacks.
Frank Henry Joseph Brown.
Henry Albert Harden.
Augustus Shackell.
Joseph Haines Stiles.
Arthur Brown.
Charles Frederick Everett.

Harry Hedger.
Albert James Carter
Cecil Arthur Sampson.
Albert Everett Watts
Samuel Bertiam Bennett.
Frederick Leslie Hawkins
Arthur Barrow
Francis Edward Perrin.
Harry Greenwood
John Fielding
Arthur James Lord
William Francis Vanston-Rumney.
Joseph William Miles
Frederick Brewer Jeffery
William Albert Tumber.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE

No. 2503.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants, with effect from the dates specified.—

Coimbatore Sivaramkrishna Suryanarayan Sarma 20th July 1918.

Priyadar Gupta. 28th September 1918.

No. 2504.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Dais Raj Ranjit Singh to be honorary temporary Captain, for the period of his honorary service in Allahabad, with effect from the 5th October 1917.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2505.—In Army Department Notification No. 361, dated the 22nd February 1918, for "24th August 1916" read "24th August 1915"

No. 2506.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Infantry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Henry Bayly. Dated 23rd September 1918.

Alfred Christopher Cotton.

John Rowton.

James Ronald Stewart.

Aelian Wells.

William Henry Scheffer Jansz. Dated 3rd October 1918.

Harry Ainslie Shannon Christophers.

Edward Herbert Glover.

Osbert Large.

Arthur Lucas Shelton-Palmer.

Dudley Muriel Tibbs.

Herbert John Whitworth.

Dated 2nd October 1918.

Dated 4th October 1918.

Claude Baker Hamilton.
 Edward Pritchett Williams.
 William Bowman.
 Samuel Culling Croghan.
 Ernest James Hawkins.
 James Nicholson.
 William George Holmes.
 Ivor Montague Morgan.
 Arthur Goodger.
 Percy Hugh Hazzard.
 Thomas Cyril Pouncey.
 William George Howson.
 Daniel Teire.
 Bertram Harry Boniface.
 Ernest John Price.
 William Henry John.
 Frank Kniveton.
 Charles Stanley Denbigh Dillingham.
 Thomas Nicholas.
 Herbert Theodore Phillips.
 William John Burnett Donne.
 Ernest Charles Henry Foster.
 Edward Richard Louis Taylor.
 Frank Ernest Hitchin.
 Frederick Tom Collins.
 Edwin Tutte.
 Howard Richard Rutherford.
 Charles Arthur Edgar Edlin.

Dated 7th October 1918.

Herschel Dear Christian. Dated 8th October 1918.

Edward Seaton Corner. Dated 10th October 1918.

George Henry Best.
 Arthur Clement Holmes.
 George Lionel Korb.
 William Hessel Priestley.
 George Justus Schrader.
 Charles George Oliver Speldewinde.
 Julian Basil Toussaint.
 Robert Francis Harold Wharton.
 James Charles Montgomery Wilson.

Dated 11th October 1918.

Charles Leslie Breeze.
 James Everard Hastings.
 William Ernest Holton.

Dated 12th October 1918.

George Horrace Booley.
 Robert Ernest Crisp.
 Nelson Porter.
 Alexander Standish.
 Albert Tingley.

Dated 14th October 1918.

Douglas Benjamin Oakeshott.
 Michael John O'Brien.
 Wilfrid Thomas Stonor.
 Eric John Willmer.

Dated 15th October 1918.

Cecil Jermyn Brown.
 John Bews Tottle.

Dated 16th October 1918.

John William Edwards.
 Robert Smith McWhinnie.
 George Sinclair.
 Harold William Woods-Jennings.

Dated 17th October 1918.

Samuel Harold Patmore. Dated 20th October 1918.

No. 2507.—William Edward Lowry to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and is granted the temporary rank of Major subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 14th October 1918.

No. 2508.—Hamlet Cunningham Vachell Philpot, who was appointed Second Lieutenant in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, in Army Department Notification No. 2014, dated the 7th September 1918, is hereby granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain. Dated 2nd October 1918.

No. 2509.—Army Department Notification No. 1642, dated the 27th July 1918, in so far as it relates to Dennis Duncan Pritchard Rule is hereby cancelled.

No. 2510.—Army Department Notification No. 2126, dated the 21st September 1918, in so far as it relates to Cecil Charles Swayne is hereby cancelled.

No. 2511.—Commissary and Honorary Major Thomas Taylor, Ind a Miscellaneous List, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, with effect from the 18th October 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

5th (Lucknow) Group Garrison Artillery.

No. 2512.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenant (Supernumerary List).

Robert Charles Hobart. Dated 1st April 1917.

7th (Southern) United Provinces Horse.

No. 2513.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Alexander Watson. Dated 1st April 1917.

13th Great Indian Peninsula Railway Battalion

No. 2514.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenant

Frederick Percy Manson. Dated 1st April 1917.

14th Tennessee Battalion

No. 2515.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenant

Bryan Ward Perkins. Dated 26th September 1918.

16th Bombay Battalion

No. 2516.—The date of the temporary commission granted to Henry Pelham Wentworth Maonaghten is 23rd June 1917 and not as shown in Army Department Notification No 612, dated the 22nd March 1918

35th Poona Battalion

No. 2517.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenants

Frederick St. John Gebbie.

Eric Harper.

} Dated 20th September 1918

37th Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

No. 2518.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Robert Leonard Jenks. Dated 1st April 1917.

41th Calcutta Scottish.

No. 2519.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Major.

Sir Francis Hugh Stewart, C I E. Dated 1st April 1917

To be Second Lieutenant

Harold Browne. Dated 4th October 1918

To be Major (Supernumerary List)

The Hon'ble Mr. Nicholas Dodd Bent on Bell, C S I, C I E. Dated 1st April 1917

To be Second Lieutenant (Supernumerary List).

Howard Charles Linney Barber. Dated 4th October 1918.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE

No. 2520.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the services of temporary Lieutenant Joseph Augustine Pereira are dispensed with, with effect from the 12th October 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

RESIGNATIONS

8th (Northern) United Provinces Horse.

No. 2521.—Lieutenant-Colonel Peter Henry Clutterbuck, C.I.E., V.D. (Supernumerary List), resigns his temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 30th September 1918.

PART B.**APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.****INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 2522.—*Khan Sahib* Ressaider Habib-ur-Rahman Khan, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), is appointed Assistant Translation Officer, Army Headquarters, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 24th September 1918.

No. 2523.—The following temporary appointments are made:—

Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.

Subadar Hazara Singh (Burma Military Police) to be temporary Subadar, with effect from the 28th May 1918, Subadar Ganga Din (Burma Military Police) to be temporary Subadar, with effect from the 24th June 1918 and Subadar Prem Singh (Burma Military Police) to be temporary Subadar, with effect from the 13th July 1918, Jemadars Prem Singh, Hira Singh and Jamal Singh (Burma Military Police) to be temporary Jemadars, with effect from the 9th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment

Followers Central Depot, Meerut

Naurang Khan (late Jemadar, Maler Kotla Imperial Service Sappers) to be temporary Jemadar, with effect from the 1st July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

No 2524 —The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on No. 1005, Pay Havildar Hari Krishan, 27th Mountain Battery, with effect from the 1st October 1918.

No. 2525 —The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred on retirement, on No 2084 Dafadar Muhammad Yusuf Beg, 9th Hudson's Horse, with effect from the 16th October 1918.

No. 2526.—The following promotions are made —

5th Hodson's Horse.

Kot-Dafadars Sher Khan, Khalil-ul-Rahman Khan, Chanan Singh and Mohan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

15th Lancers (Curton's Multanis)

Kot-Dafadar Khan Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Burma Mounted Rifles.

Quartermaster-Dafadar Zaman Ali Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 27th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumaden's) (Infantry).

Temporary Havildar Abdul Rahman to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, and temporary Havildar Malik Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment

23rd Peshawar Mountain Battery (Frontier Force).

Havildar Muhammad Din to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

27th Mountain Battery

Havildar-Major Haidar Khan and Quartermaster-Havildar Natha Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment

23rd Machine Gun Squadron.

Kot-Dafadar Bishan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

24th Machine Gun Squadron

Dafadar Wariam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

260th Machine Gun Company.

Havildar Muhammad Yusuf to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918 ; *vice* Bishan Singh transferred to the pension establishment.

No. 46 (Divisional Signal) Company.

Jemadar Shunmagam to be Subadar, with effect from the 31st July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

1st Brahmans.

Havildars Ramshankar Tewari, Mahabir Misir and Bachhulal Aginhotri, to be Jemadars, with effect from the 13th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Jemadar Chiranji Singh to be Jemadar, Colour-Havildars Tikam Singh and Sanwat Singh, Havildars Harwar Singh and Raghubir Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 31st August 1918, to complete the establishment.

10th Jats.

Colour-Havildar Bhagwant to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

11th Rajputs

Colour-Havildar Chhattarpal Singh and Havildar Dukhi Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918 and Havildar-Major Sital Pershad Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

18th Infantry.

Jemadar Isa Khan to be Subadar, Colour-Havildar Mirdad Khan and Havildar Abdullah Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st July 1918; to complete the establishment.

19th Punjabis.

Jemadar Sahib Shah to be Subadar and Colour Havildar Ghulam Haidar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th July 1918, Colour-Havildar Sultan Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd August 1918, and Havildar Qasim Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 29th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

21st Punjabis

Havildar Wariam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

25th Punjabis.

Havildar Nagina Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Kajir Khan to be Subadar and Havildars Firoz Khan, Gheba Khan, Mani Ram and Indar Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

30th Punjabis.

Havildar Mata Din Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

31st Punjabis.

Havildar Rajwali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918, to complete the establishment.

34th Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadars Karam Singh and Jagat Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 15th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

37th Dogras.

Havildar-Major Teku to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

39th Garhwal Rifles

Jemadar Jit Singh Pundir to be Subadar and Havildar Dhan Singh Negi to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918, to complete the establishment.

41st Dogras.

Jemadar Kesar Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 12th November 1917, Jemadar Sarju to be Subadar, with effect from the 26th August 1918, Havildars Gauri Saran and Sundar to be Jemadars, with effect from the 3rd December 1917, Havildar-Major Tara to be Jemadar, with effect from the 29th July 1918, Havildars Udham Singh and Sundar to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd August 1918, Havildar Laobhman to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th August 1918, and Havildar Rohlu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Temporary Naik Bahawal Sfier to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Havildar-Major Fateh Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Havildar Rahmat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Havildar Amir Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

69th Punjabis.

Jemadars Sardar Khan (11) I.O.M., Nabi Bakhsh and Labh Singh to be Subadars with effect from the 8th August 1918, Jemadar Prabdayal to be Subadar, with effect from the 14th August 1918, Havildar Lal Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th August 1918, Havildars Muhammad Bakhsh and Kapura Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 21st August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

70th Burma Rifles.

Havildar Silas San Wa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

75th Carnatic Infantry

Jemadar Muhammad Jalaluddin to be Subadar, Colour-Havildar Sayyid Hussain, Havildar Sayyid Qadir, Colour-Havildars Subbavva Naidu and Kasturirungam Pillu to be Jemadars, with effect from the 18th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment. The promotion of Sayyid Hussain to be antedated without pay and allowances to the 1st August 1918.

76th Punjabis.

Havildar-Major Ghulam Nabi to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

82nd Punjabis

Havildars Faiz Talib and Phusa Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

89th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Bal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 and Havildars Ramjanaan Singh and Muhammad Saluq to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 , to complete the establishment.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry

Colour-Havildar Gyanu Jadhao, Havildars Rajji Powar and Harun Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 16th August 1918 , to complete the establishment.

121st Pioneers.

Colour-Havildars Ramji Lal, I.D.S.M., and Shankar Baber to be Jemadars, with effect from the 13th June 1918, Colour-Havildar Antu Burge to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th June 1918 and Colour-Havildar Phul Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Havildar Muhammad Din to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 , to complete the establishment.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Havildar-Major Mihr Ilahi to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918, Lance Havildar Fuz Ali Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th September 1918 and Havildars Mubarak Khan and Ghulam Muhammad Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

151st Indian Infantry

Havildars Dattu Thapa and Ram Ditta to be Jemadars, with effect from the 24th May 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

152nd Indian Infantry.

Jemadar Niamat Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 24th May 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Jemadars Rahim Dad Khan and Man Singh to be Subadars, Havildars Shamzada Khan, Mir Haidar and Chhog Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 13th May 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

153rd Indian Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Shiv Nath Tewari to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

154th Indian Infantry.

Colour-Havildars Munshi Ram, Mohbta and Safdar Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 24th May 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

7th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Surjiman Rai to be Subadar and Havildars Thaman Singh Rai and Jasbahadur Limbu to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

9th Gurkha Rifles.

Colour-Havildar Tekbahadur Mal to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

11th Gurkha Rifles.

Havildar Tilok Sing Limbu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No 2527—The following promotions are made—

8th Brigade Supply and Transport Company.

No 953 Kot-Dafadar Shah Muhammad Khan, 12th Mule Corps, to be Jemadar, to complete establishment, with effect from 29th May 1918.

5th Mule Corps.

No. 2133 Kot-Dafadar Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, to complete establishment; with effect from 4th December 1916.

51st Brigade, Supply and Transport Company.

No 313 Kot-Dafadar Muhammad Azim, 4th Mule Corps, to be Jemadar, to complete establishment; with effect from 18th June 1918.

4th (Mesopotamia) Camel Corps.

No. Rawalpindi 333 Kot-Dafadar Firoz Khan to be Jemadar, to complete establishment; with effect from 8th August 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BEARER.

No. 2528.—The undermentioned Civil Sub-Assistant Surgeons, who are employed on temporary military duty, in accordance with paragraph 16, Army Regulations, India, Volume VI, are granted, while so employed, military rank as shown below:—

CIVIL SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

Temporarily ranking as warrant officers.

- Shapurji Sorabji Kapadia. 14th October 1918
 Bhawanishanker Dwivedi. 25th April 1918
 Hiranand Jamnadas Bhabla 1st May 1918
 309 Daniel Sabboth. 3rd May 1918
 Rahim Buksh 4th May 1918.
 1112 Mappally Krishan Nayar 6th May 1918.
 Dwijendra Narayan Mallik. 8th May 1918.
 Upendra Narayan Das Gupta. 9th May 1918.
 Raddiarpatti Sinnakannoreddiar Subbiah. 16th May 1918.
 Suresh Chandra Mukharji. 17th May 1918.
 Sarda Charan Pal Sadiya. 18th May 1918.
 Malak Sita Ram. 20th May 1918
 785 Sidh Das. 31st May 1918.
 Jitendra Nath Banerjee. 30th May 1918.
 Barkat Ali. 31st May 1918.
 Rama Kanta Dass 2nd June 1918.
 Davabhai Jethabhai Patel. 8th June 1918
 Mohini Kumar Pal. 9th June 1918.
 752 Harnam Das. 10th June 1918.
 1097 Cuddalore Somasundram Mohanalingam. 10th June 1918.
 1094 Uthandi Tulasayi Venkatakrishnan. 11th June 1918.
 Harsukh Rai Narsing Prasad. 11th June 1918.
 Paras Ram. 12th June 1918.
 Reoti Parbad. 13th June 1918.
 1092 Munta Sounalingam. 15th June 1918.
 Lakhan Singh 15th June 1918.
 Gopal Shrinivas Betigeri. 20th June 1918.
 Chanau Singh. 25th June 1918.
 594 Kanumaratah Kunhappa Nambiar. 30th June 1918.
 1093 Edward Isreal Deva Priam. 3rd July 1918.
 Brijnandan Sabai. 3rd July 1918.
 Anadi Kumar Bhattacharji. 4th July 1918.
 Dalil-ud-Din. 5th July 1918.
 Teja Singh. 16th July 1918.
 Trilok Nath 17th July 1918.
 667 Hari Chand. 19th July 1918.
 Vinayak Vishnu Oak. 22nd July 1918.
 Hara Bhoshan Ganguli. 29th July 1918.
 Govind Joshi. 9th August 1918.
 Uttam Chand Wadhmal Adwani 9th August 1918.

Autar Singh. 15th August 1918.
 782 Bakhtawar Lal. 17th August 1918
 Wasudeo Narhar Medhekar. 24th August 1918.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Surgeon Branch.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 2529.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotions of the under mentioned Warrant Officers of the Indian Medical Department, for services during the War, with effect from the dates specified :—

2nd class Assistant Surgeon, Geoffrey Carl Rehling to be 1st class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 20th October 1918.

3rd class Assistant Surgeon William Stanislaus Martin to be 2nd class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st October 1918.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, MADRAS.

No. 2530.—Sub-Conductor John Henry Thomas to be Conductor, *vice* Conductor Michal Power promoted with effect from the 7th August 1918

JUDICIAL.

No 2531.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 62 and 65 of the Air Force Act, the Governor General in Council is pleased, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India, to appoint the following prison as an authorised prison for the purposes specified in those sections :—

The Central Jail, Lahore

No 2532.—The following amendment is made to *Gazette of India*, Army Department, Notification No. 753, dated 12th April 1918 :—

After "Bombay" in the first column of the statement add, "and Central Provinces."

No 2533—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given :—

First.—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Lieutenant-Colonel, F. J. B. Campbell	Indian Army	Bombay ...	1st July 1918.	Testate ...	5,035 1 0	Secretary, Army Department.

REWARDS.

No 2534.—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Major George Augustus Webb, 9th Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles, Indian Defence Force.

No. 2535.—With the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Governor General in Council sanctions, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of Sub-Conductor William Harrison, India Miscellaneous List, to the rank of Conductor ; with effect from the 8th February 1918.

No. 2536.—The following rewards have been granted to the undermentioned for gallantry or devotion to duty in the field :—

Awarded the Military Cross.

Subadar Harnath Singh, I.O.M., Infantry.

During an attack at dawn on the 11th April 1918, when there were heavy casualties, he was the only Indian officer left in that portion of the line. He assumed command of two platoons, rallied the men and three times gallantly led them against the enemy. His utter disregard for personal safety greatly inspired the men and set a splendid example to all.

● Resaidar Bur Singh, Cavalry.

On the night of the 22nd-23rd May 1918, in a raid on enemy trenches he led the attack on the right hand post with great dash and resolution. Though only leading a troop, he did not hesitate to attack a post estimated to contain seventy-five or more of the enemy, under heavy machine gun and rifle fire at point blank range. His troop killed and wounded a large number of the enemy.

Jemadar Pola Khan, Infantry.

On the night of the 18th-19th June 1918 he was sent in command of a patrol of twelve other ranks. When nearing a village the patrol came across three of the enemy. The patrol called on the enemy to surrender, but this they showed no signs of doing making ready to throw bombs and open rifle fire. Seeing this Jemadar Pola Khan at once dashed forward, seizing the lumber with one hand and the rifle of another man with the other and calling on his men to follow. All three of the enemy were captured. On seeing these three men captured, a party of the enemy about thirty-five strong, who were apparently out as an ambush a short distance off, immediately charged, but were repulsed with loss. There is no doubt that but for Jemadar Pola Khan's cool courage and prompt action both in capturing the prisoners and conducting his fighting retirement with prisoners to guard, the patrol would have suffered badly, both in casualties and morale. He showed a splendid example and leadership, many of the men being under fire for the first time.

Awarded the Indian Order of Merit (1st Class)

Subadar Bahadur Thapa, I.O.M., Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry during a night attack on a hill on the 11th April 1918. After the first assault had failed owing to the first line having become nearly all casualties, Subadar Bahadur Thapa crawled back to the second line in the dark, immediately led in another rush on the position. This attack also failed, but he rallied a party of slightly wounded and stragglers in the dark and led them to a third assault.

Awarded the Indian Order of Merit (2nd Class).

Jemadar Dhamraj Gurung, Infantry.

For most conspicuous bravery and resource in action under adverse conditions. On the 10th April 1918, during an attack he led his men with great dash and utter disregard of danger. When the advance was held up by the heavy casualties from machine gun fire from the front and both flanks, he directed the fire of his platoon with the greatest skill, thus inflicting many casualties on the enemy. When owing to repeated counterattacks part of the line gave way, he held his men together, telling them that they were not to retire till orders had come from a British officer.

1344 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Abdul Rahim, Indian Medical Department.

For conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty. On the 9th April 1918, during an attack he frequently exposed himself to heavy shell fire in search of wounded men. When the stretcher bearers had failed to find an officer who was severely wounded, he went into the firing line and brought him in himself.

3741 Rifleman Man Sing Thapa, Infantry

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty. On the 10th April 1918, during an attack he was an ammunition carrier in a Lewis gun section. The whole of his section became casualties, he himself being wounded in the foot, but he took over the Lewis gun and continued to fire it until ordered to withdraw, when he carried back his Lewis gun over one thousand yards in spite of his wounds, being under fire the whole way, and posted it on the forward slope of the next hill.

Jemadar Nanig Ram, Infantry.

On the 11th April 1918, during an attack he gallantly led a charge against the enemy and drove them from their positions. He behaved most gallantly, regardless of his own safety. Also on the night of the 11th-12th April 1918, when all other Indian officers had become casualties, he assumed command of a company, and in a critical situation when the enemy in force had approached to within bombing distance, he held up their counterattack and drove off the enemy with bombs and rifle fire, rallying the men and keeping the line intact.

Jemadar Bhagwan Singh, Lancers.

On the night of 22nd-23rd May 1918, in a raid on enemy trenches he led the attack on a post with the greatest dash and resolution. Though only leading a troop, he did not hesitate to attack a post estimated to contain fifty of the enemy, under heavy machine gun and rifle fire at point blank range.

Subadar Rahim Khan, Infantry.

On the night of 30th-31st May 1918, he displayed much skill and initiative in leading his patrol forward to surround an enemy post. At the head of his men, he personally sprang upon the enemy sentry, silenced and disarmed him without raising an alarm, with the result that the total enemy post of four was brought in, although the neighbouring occupied enemy posts were within 150 and 200 yards of either flank. He set a splendid example of dash and pluck to his men.

Bhagwan Singh, Captain in the Patials Imperial Service Infantry.

For gallantry and devotion to duty on the night of the 24th-30th April 1918, when in command of the advance guard, which was suddenly held up by a party of the enemy with machine guns concealed in thick scrub. Captain Bhagwan Singh led his men in such a prompt and fearless manner that the enemy were forced to retire hastily.

Subadar Dharm Singh, Patials Imperial Service Infantry.

For gallantry and devotion to duty on the 30th April 1918. His platoon came under very heavy shell and machine gun fire.

An order was issued for the company to withdraw to a more sheltered position, but Subadar Dharm Singh remained where he was, as he had two seriously wounded men with him whom he could not remove. He remained there for over two hours until stretcher bearers could go out and bring the men in.

Subadar-Major Manbir Thapa, Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry, devotion to duty and initiative. On the 8th June 1918, Subadar-Major Manbir Thapa was in command of a platoon at a time when a position was counter attacked. The occupants of the positions were giving way and some ground had already been lost when Subadar-Major Manbir Thapa called upon his platoon to stand their ground and led them forward to counter attack the enemy. His personal example and leading inspired his men with confidence at a very critical moment, and largely assisted in the recapture of the position.

2283 Sowar Shahzad Khan, Lancers

For gallantry and devotion to duty on the 17th June 1918. During an attack by two troops under Ressaidar Imdad Khan on a party of the enemy, Ressaidar Imdad Khan's horse was shot. Sowar Shahzad Khan dismounted and gave up his horse to his Ressaidar. Having done so he went on foot to the assistance of Jemadar Muhammad Yusuf Khan, whose horse had been shot and the Jemadar himself wounded in the thigh, extricated him from the dead horse, carried him on his back into thick scrub, caught a loose horse, placed the wounded Jemadar on it and brought him back to the support squadron. This occurred under continuous machine gun fire at about 150 yards from the enemy.

Awarded a Bar to the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

Subadar Akbar Khan, I.D.S.M., Infantry.

(The Indian Distinguished Service Medal was awarded in Army Department Notification No. 1388 of 1916)

Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 4138 Lance-Naik Man Singh Rana, Infantry. | 4203 Lance-Naik Babadur Singh, Infantry. |
| 3322 Lance-Naik Pairam Pun, Infantry | 3847 Havildar Mangal Singh, Infantry. |
| 3548 Rifleman Setia Pun, Infantry | 559 Sepoy Lakhmir Khan, Infantry. |
| 3060 Rifleman Kushal Sing Bisht, Infantry. | 344 Naik (temporary Havildar) Rattan Singh, |
| 1878 Havildar Manbir Sing Gurung, Infantry. | Patiala Imperial Service Infantry |
| 3627 Rifleman Harke Gharti, Infantry | 725 Sepoy Sewa Singh, Patiala Imperial Ser- |
| 3286 Rifleman Kishen Bahadur Chettri, In- | vice Infantry. |
| fantry. | 151 Dafadar Dalip Singh, Lancers. |
| 3704 Lance-Naik Diwan Singh, Infantry. | 1684 Dafadar Nihal, Lancers |
| 4779 Sepoy Bhola Singh, Infantry | Subadar Saida Khan, Infantry |
| 2803 Rifleman Tota Ram, Infantry | 234 Naik Allah Khan, Infantry. |
| 6350 Lance-Naik (Acting Naik) Karan | 5672 Sepoy Kabiraj, Infantry |
| Bakhsh, Army Bearer Corps. | 5752 Lance-Naik Manbahadur, Infantry |
| Jemadar Muhammad Fakrudin, 1st Hyder- | 7161 Lance-Naik Kanjan, Army Bearer Corps. |
| abad Lancers, Imperial Service Troops. | 1960 Lance-Naik Jowala Singh, Infantry. |
| 557 Dafadar Abdul Basita Khan, 1st Hyder- | 058 Sepoy Isar Singh, Infantry |
| abad Lancers, Imperial Service Troops. | 1502 Havildar Mangal Singh, Infantry |
| 3477 Rifleman Bhagat Bir Thapa, Infantry. | 2588 Sowar Ali Muhammad Khan, Horse |
| 2889 Dafadar Ram Singh, Lancers. | Jemadar Sarbaland Khan, I. O. M., Lancers |
| 1390 Kot-Dafadar Gujar Singh, Cavalry. | 2819 Lance-Naik Abdul Satar Khan, Infantry. |
| Jemadar Gurdial Singh, Infantry. | 3659 Dafadar Ali Muhammad, Lancers. |

Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity).

- | | |
|---|---|
| 180 Havildar Agar Singh, Infantry. | 2409 Rifleman Monghel Singh, Infantry |
| 292 Rifleman Gome Singh, Infantry | 1573 Rifleman Anne Singh, Infantry |
| 556 Havildar Ganga Singh, Infantry. | 614 Naik Bhani Ram, Infantry |
| 3189 Havildar Daula Ram, Infantry. | 727 Lance-Naik Jorawar Singh, Infantry. |
| 1504 Rifleman Fateh Muhammad, Infantry | 782 Naik Ganesh Ram, Infantry. |
| 693 Naik Lekh Ram, Infantry | 2508 Lance-Naik Ranbir Gurung, Infantry |
| 2846 Colour-Havildar Arjun Ram, Infantry. | 3172 Havildar Kharak Bahadur Rana, Infan- |
| 224 Havildar Nathu Ram, Infantry. | try |
| 330 Havildar Ladu Ram, Infantry. | 3071 Havildar Dewan Sing Gurung, Infantry |
| 799 Lance-Naik Gida Ram, Infantry. | 2831 Havildar Churamani Rana, Infantry. |
| 772 Naik Ladhu Singh, Infantry. | 1878 Havildar Maubar Sing Gurung, Infan- |
| 52 Havildar Mohbat Khan, Infantry. | try |
| 337 Havildar Nathu Singh, Infantry. | 2610 Lance Naik Ranbir Rana, Infantry. |
| 738 Naik Lal Singh, Infantry. | 2289 Havildar Kemi Lohar, Infantry |
| 608 Havildar Baz Khan, Infantry | 3203 Havildar Bahadur Rana, Infantry |
| 297 Colour-Havildar UDMI Ram, Infantry. | 5632 Lanc.-Naik Ait Singh Thapa, Infantry |
| 2659 Havildar Rassa Singh, Infantry | 2394 Rifleman Pehar Sing Gurung, Infantry |
| 204 Havildar Teja Ram, Infantry | 3257 Naik Bahadur Gurung, Infantry |
| 336 Havildar Rup Singh, Infantry. | 2272 Naik Ram Sing Khawas, Infantry |
| 2596 Lance-Naik Ramchand Ram, Infantry. | 2236 Naik Indrabir Thapa, Infantry. |
| 1076 Lance-Naik Dhokal Ram, Infantry. | 4399 Rifleman Lalbahadur Thapa, Infantry |
| 2153 Lance-Naik Godu Singh, Infantry. | 2120 Naik Khamba Sing Thapa, Infantry. |
| 1315 Rifleman Shadi Khan, Infantry. | |

No. 2537. The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the following awards for meritorious service in the field :—

Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity).

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1775 Sowar Sabr Ali Khan, Lancers. | 202 Havildar Muhammad Walayat, Coast Artillery. |
| 1873 Sowar Abdul Shakoor Khan, Lancers. | 2892 Havildar Rattan Singh, Infantry. |
| 2164 Sowar Ruknuddin Khan, Cavalry. | 2703 Havildar Sawan Singh, Infantry. |
| 2015 Farrier Nur Muhammad Khan, Cavalry. | 3897 Havildar Singh, Infantry. |
| 1621 Lance-Dafadar Ram Nath, Cavalry. | 3982 Havildar Thakur Singh, Infantry. |
| 1731 Kot Dafadar Ram Kala, Cavalry. | 4845 Havildar Pancham, Infantry. |
| 1260 Dafadar Chhajan Singh, Cavalry. | 4369 Havildar Dalbara Singh, Infantry. |
| 1771 Sowar Ramnast Khan, Cavalry. | 3916 Sepoy Sham Singh, Infantry. |
| 2115 Lance-Dafadar Dasaundah Singh, Cavalry. | 4272 Havildar Waryam Singh, Infantry. |
| 2220 Kot-Dafadar (Salutri) Sheikh Qudratullah, Lancers. | 4348 Havildar Mall Singh, Infantry. |
| 2691 Kot-Dafadar Narain Singh, Lancers. | 4362 Mangal Singh, Infantry. |
| 3837 Dafadar Muhammad Husain, Lancers. | 4434 Sepoy Rattan Singh, Infantry. |
| 3169 Dafadar Mat Ram, Lancers. | 4536 Naik Sham Singh, Infantry. |
| 3518 Kot-Dafadar Harnam Singh, Lancers. | 4634 Havildar Kehar Singh, Infantry. |
| 2851 Dafadar Siri Chand, Lancers. | 4675 Havildar Ganjan Singh, Infantry. |
| 2063 Acting Lance-Dafadar Ghulam Muhammad Khan, Lancers. | 36 Naik Dhera Singh, Infantry. |
| 353 Dafadar Fatehullah Khan, Lancers. | 51 Lance-Naik Tulsa Singh, Infantry. |
| 340 Dafadar Choor Singh, Lancers. | 4829 Sepoy Sher Singh, Infantry. |
| 2805 Acting Lance-Dafadar Dost Muhammad Khan, Lancers. | 2536 Sepoy Teja, Infantry. |
| 363 Dafadar Khuda Bakhsh Khan, Lancers. | 2529 Sepoy Raghu, Infantry. |
| 362 Dafadar Sarbuland Khan, Lancers. | 1807 Lance-Naik Parmodh Singh, Infantry. |
| 1737 Lance-Dafadar Gul Muhammad Khan, Lancers. | 1924 Lance-Naik Uddham Singh, Infantry. |
| 1511 Dafadar Qudratullah Khan, Cavalry. | 1934 Lance-Naik Shibdyal, Infantry. |
| 1510 Sowar Shamroz Khan, Cavalry. | 2690 Rifleman Bhawan S. Pharswan, Infantry. |
| 3084 Dafadar Atma Singh, Cavalry. | 2181 Havildar Mitau Singh Kabkoti, Infantry. |
| 3384 Dafadar Harnam Singh, Cavalry. | 2378 Rifleman Khushal S. Koranga, Infantry. |
| 1400 Sowar Isai Singh, Cavalry. | 2800 Lance-Naik Mcharwan S. Gusain, Infantry. |
| 176 Kot-Dafadar Ram Charan, Cavalry. | 2203 Havildar Pan Singh Danu, Infantry. |
| 1962 Dafadar Meeka Singh, Lancers. | 1797 Havildar Moti Singh Bisht, Infantry. |
| 1766 Dafadar Kehar Singh, Lancers. | 1524 Jemadar Man Singh Bisht, Infantry. |
| 2601 Lance-Dafadar Des Ram, Lancers. | 2248 Naik Daulat S. Poudir, Infantry. |
| 1667 Dafadar Jind Singh, Lancers. | 1227 Havildar Radha Kishan, Infantry. |
| 2733 Kot-Dafadar Ajmer Singh, Lancers. | 511 Havildar Gobinda, Infantry. |
| 2778 Dafadar Muhammad Yasin Khan, Lancers. | 1247 Havildar Bhup Singh, Infantry. |
| 1866 Dafadar Chandni Ram, Lancers. | 953 Naik Bhangra Singh, Infantry. |
| 2719 Dafadar Mangal Singh, Lancers. | 724 Havildar Partap Singh, Infantry. |
| 3458 Acting Lance-Dafadar Santok Singh, Lancers. | 339 Havildar Kirpa Ram, Infantry. |
| 2827 Lance-Dafadar Kasim Ali Khan, Cavalry. | 914 Naik Devi Ditta, Infantry. |
| 2915 Farrier Harnam Singh, Cavalry. | 552 Naik Shankar, Infantry. |
| 3145 Dafadar Tulsiram, Cavalry. | 1160 Naik Ralla, Infantry. |
| 3452 Dafadar Nur Muhammad Khan, Cavalry. | 1454 Lance-Naik Partapa, Infantry. |
| 8280 Lance-Dafadar Nazir Khan, Cavalry. | 852 Havildar Sohan Singh, Infantry. |
| 2979 Dafadar Ganga Singh, Cavalry. | 2360 Sepoy Beli Ram, Infantry. |
| 3514 Lance-Dafadar Harnarain Singh, Cavalry. | 3929 Colour-Havildar Sundar Singh, Infantry. |
| 3501 Sowar Mukarrab Khan, Cavalry. | 183 Lance-Naik Santa Singh, Infantry. |
| 111 Dafadar Muhammad Amin Khan, Lancers. | 1001 Lance-Naik Ujagar Singh, Infantry. |
| 1881 Dafadar Tungle Singh, Cavalry. | 2173 Sepoy Rukham Din, Infantry. |
| 6 Pay Havildar Muhammad Din, Mountain Artillery. | 2146 Lance-Naik Gauhar Din, Infantry. |
| 1051 Quartermaster-Havildar Nizam Din, Mountain Artillery. | 163 Havildar Fateh Khan, Infantry. |
| 744 Lance-Naik Hira Singh, Mountain Artillery. | 1585 Havildar (now Jemadar) Sakni Muhammad, Infantry. |
| 590 Havildar Piran Ditta, Mountain Artillery. | 2378 Havildar Teja Singh, Infantry. |
| 432 Havildar Khwaja, Mountain Artillery. | 1816 Havildar Sheorattan Singh, Infantry. |
| 544 Driver (Ward Orderly) Sardara Singh, Mountain Artillery. | 1654 Havildar Harzam Singh, Infantry. |
| | 2254 Havildar Chiragh Din, Infantry. |
| | 2518 Lance-Naik Mutsaddi Singh, Infantry. |
| | 2720 Lance-Naik Saudagar Khan, Infantry. |
| | 2824 Sepoy Nawab Khan, Infantry. |
| | 2079 Lance-Naik Sirinowas Mir, Infantry. |
| | 2070 Naik Is-er Singh, Infantry. |
| | 2129 Havildar Kishun Singh, Infantry. |

- 1684 Lance-Naik Chanda Singh, Infantry.
 1122 Colour-Havildar Janki Singh, Infantry.
 2306 Lance-Naik Fateh Ali, Infantry.
 2337 Lance-Naik Hukm Dad, Infantry.
 2081 Lance Naik Sawaya Singh, Infantry.
 3137 Sepoy Durga, Infantry.
 2560 Havildar (now Jemadar) Jaising Rao Sinde, Infantry.
 3695 Havildar Mir Kalandar Husain, Infantry.
 4108 Private Sheikh Bahauddin, Infantry.
 4008 Private Sheikh Abdul Karim, Infantry.
 3680 Private Hari Gaekwad, Infantry.
 4421 Private Shivram Sirke, Infantry.
 4088 Private Daud Khan, Infantry.
 4442 Private Vishnu Labde, Infantry.
 2170 Havildar (now Jemadar) Udey Singh, Infantry.
 2608 Naik (now Havildar) Sheonath Singh, Infantry.
 2337 Lance-Naik (now Naik) Jodh Singh, Infantry.
 1926 Rifleman (now Lance-Naik) Jorawar Singh, Infantry.
 2082 Rifleman (now Naik) Chander Singh, Infantry.
 1628 Reservist Uda Ram, Infantry.
 2992 Rifleman (now Naik) Jhabar Ram, Infantry.
 2584 Havildar Jaisukh Ram, Infantry.
 2614 Havildar Chandra Ram, Infantry.
 2962 Rifleman Ruda Ram, Infantry.
 Havildar (now Subadar) Bhopat Ram, Infantry.
 2365 Colour-Havildar Samela Ram, Infantry.
 1776 Havildar (now Jemadar) Sheikh Dada, Infantry.
 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.
 2591 Havildar Daulat Rao Chowan, Infantry.
 2715 Naik Lbanu Rode, Infantry.
 3286 Private Atmaram Dalwi, Infantry.
 3249 Naik Ramchandra Sakpal, Infantry.
 3296 Private Hari Palande, Infantry.
 3287 Private Genu Dhanawde, Infantry.
 3352 Lance-Naik Raghunath Saste, Infantry.
 2996 Lance-Naik Laxuman Chalke, Infantry.
 1536 Private Tukaram Ambekar, Infantry.
 180 Havildar Dattaram Sawant, Infantry.
 478 Havildar (now Jemadar) Narayan Kadam, Infantry.
 2132 Naik Harkbir Gharti, Infantry.
 1738 Havildar Sherbahadur Thapa, Infantry.
 3219 Havildar Baskar Gurung, Infantry.
 2189 Lance-Naik Tulbir Gurung, Infantry.
 1890 Havildar Hastabir Gurung, Infantry.
 2246 Lance-Naik Ganes Sing Gurung, Infantry.
 3791 Rifleman Jitman Gurung, Infantry.
 2009 Lance-Naik Shamsheer, Infantry.
 2548 Rifleman Saru Gurung, Infantry.
 2588 Rifleman Gopal Pun, Infantry.
 2639 Rifleman Bombahadur Rana, Infantry.
 2488 Rifleman Prem Sing Thapa, Infantry.
 2324 Rifleman Setia Gurung, Infantry.
 4200 Havildar Kharak Sing Pun, Infantry.
 4563 Havildar Singbir Thapa, Infantry.
 2625 Havildar Tekbahadur Gurung, Infantry.
 4937 Rifleman Nepte Gurung, Infantry.
 4206 Havildar Randhoj Gurung, Infantry.
 3964 Havildar Jaspati Gurung, Infantry.
 48 Lance-Naik Ramrattan Rana, Infantry.
 4649 Lance-Naik Gorja Gurung, Infantry.
 4751 Havildar Bhim Sing Gurung, Infantry.
 4690 Naik Narbir Thapa, Infantry.
 4646 Naik Narain Mal, Infantry.
 4650 Havildar Bahadur Gurung, Infantry.
 4457 Havildar Sherbahadur Newar, Infantry.
 4458 Naik Chabilal Damai, Infantry.
 2138 Naik Manbir Thapa, Infantry.
 3071 Rifleman Tula Sing Bura, Infantry.
 4927 Rifleman Shamsheer Mal, Infantry.
 4307 Naik Khambasing Thapa, Infantry.
 4332 Havildar Lokhahadur Thapa, Infantry.
 4889 Havildar Tilbir Thapa, Infantry.
 4056 Havildar Bhimal Thapa, Infantry.
 4693 Rifleman Kesar Pun, Infantry.
 4345 Lance-Naik Harkabahadur Thapa, Infantry.
 4649 Rifleman Kamansing Gurung, Infantry.
 4799 Naik Binbahadur Thapa, Infantry.
 4818 Naik Debiram Thapa, Infantry.
 4683 Naik Anaram Pun, Infantry.
 4362 Naik Napa Ghirth, Infantry.
 2529 Rifleman Bhanbir Rana, Infantry.
 2701 Lance-Naik Chandrabir Ale, Infantry.
 345 Havildar Mane Thapa, Infantry.
 284 Rifleman Dalbir Thapa, Infantry.
 678 Rifleman Nalbahadur Gurung, Infantry.
 515 Rifleman (now Havildar) Mane Gurung, Infantry.
 265 Rifleman (now Naik) Panchabir Gurung, Infantry.
 528 Rifleman (now Naik) Ganjasing Gurung, Infantry.
 589 Rifleman Jire Gurung, Infantry.
 371 Havildar Bahadur Pun, Infantry.
 617 Lance-Naik (now Naik) Chandrasing Bura, Infantry.
 4785 Naik (now Havildar) Dalbahadur Rana, Infantry.
 443 Rifleman (now Naik) Bahadur Thapa, Infantry.
 396 Rifleman Amarsing Rana, Infantry.
 757 Havildar Mandrabahadur Gurung, Infantry.
 1050 Lance-Naik Kansiram Thapa, Infantry.
 1074 Lance-Naik Garbasing Gurung, Infantry.
 1178 Rifleman Narsuba Gurung, Infantry.
 484 Havildar Janaklal Lama, Infantry.
 3206 Lance-Naik Chandre Thapa, Infantry.
 3977 Havildar Bhaktabir Gurung, Infantry.
 4858 Rifleman Dewan Sing Gurung, Infantry.
 1482 Havildar Dhojor Mal, Infantry.
 1490 Havildar Kulman Khattri, Infantry.
 1728 Havildar Churamani Khandka, Infantry.
 1867 Havildar Bakhtbahadur Kanwar, Infantry.
 1893 Lance-Naik Mathar Thapa, Infantry.
 2080 Rifleman Balbahadur Mal, Infantry.
 2212 Havildar Gerakhbahadur Mal, Infantry.
 2396 Lance-Naik Satbahadur Sahi, Infantry.
 2412 Havildar Lalbahadur Sen, Infantry.
 2588 Rifleman Sherbahadur Chand, Infantry.
 2643 Naik Sobhan Sing Adhikari, Infantry.
 2877 Rifleman Santbir Thapa, Infantry.

2916 Rifleman Kulman Khattri, Infantry:	282 Havildar Ram Sing Rawat, Military Police.
2940 Rifleman Dalbahadur Sahi, Infantry.	
3284 Rifleman Chandrabahadur Khattri,	1931 Lance-Naik Jit Sing Gusain, Military Police.
2965 Rifleman Kharakbahadur Bhandari, Infantry.	1232 Naik Chandrabir Chattri, Military Police.
1427 Havildar Gajman Rai, Military Police.	
1159 Naik Jaimardan Rai, Military Police.	29 Havildar Atma Singh, Military Police.
1443 Havildar Singbir Lama, Military Police	1513 Havildar Hira Singh, Military Police.
1213 Havildar Sasikarn Rai, Military Police	Kot-Dafadar Muhammad Khan, Mule Corps.
4977 Rifleman Kubirman Rai, Military Police	134 Sapper Gyan Sing Negi, Tehri Imperial Service Sappers and Miners.

No 2538.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the following rewards for devotion to duty in the field:—

Award of the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

Abdul Karim, Indian Postal Corps.

Bindraban, Indian Postal Corps.

Shah Ghafur Khan, Indian Postal Corps

No. 2539.—The award of the 2nd class Order of British India sanctioned in Army Department Notification No 1629, dated the 19th July 1918, to Subadar-Major Sundar Singh, I O M, Sikhs, is cancelled as this Indian officer was admitted to the 2nd class of the Order in Army Department Notification No. 1175, dated the 3rd June 1918.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

UNITED PROVINCES HORSE

2nd (Northern) Regiment

No 2540.—Lieutenant-Colonel Peter Henry Clutterbuck, C.I.E., V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

East Coast Volunteer Rifles

No. 2541.—Major Hugh Aglionby Shore resigns his commission Dated 31st March 1917

London Gazette.

No 2542.—The following extracts are published for information:—

1st Supplement, dated 12th March 1918, to the London Gazette of the 9th March 1918, pages 3111 and 3112.

*War Office,
12th March 1918*

The Secretary of State for War has received the following despatch addressed to the Chief of the General Staff, India, by Lieut.-General Sir Stanley Maude, K.C.B., Commanding in Chief, Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force:—

General Headquarters,
Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force,
2nd November 1917

Sir,--With reference to the concluding paragraph of my Despatch dated 15th October, 1917, I have the honour to submit herewith a list of names of those officers, ladies, non-commissioned officers and men serving, or who have served, under my command, whose distinguished and gallant services and devotion to duty I consider deserving of special mention.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

F. S. MAUDE,

Lieut.-General,
Commanding in Chief,
Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force.

* * * * *

STAFF AND HEADQUARTERS.

Hughes, Temp Maj. A.J., R.E.

* * * * *

Supplement, dated 18th May 1918, to the London Gazette of the 17th May 1918, pages 5925, 5926 and 5927.

*War Office,
18th May 1918.*

The Government of India has forwarded the following list of officers, ladies, non-commissioned officers and men whose names have been brought to notice by Lt.-Gen. Sir A. A. Barrett, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., for valuable services rendered during the operations against the Mahsuds, March-August 1917:—

COMMANDS AND STAFFS.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Beynon, Maj. Sir W. G. L., K.C.I.E., C.B., D.S.O.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Crocker, Brig.-Gen. G D., Br. Serv.							
Dickson, Bt Col (T./Brig.-Gen.) W. E R., R.E.							
Engledow, Capt. F.L., R. W. Kent R.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Loch, Bt Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) S. G., D.S.O., Br. Serv							
Luard, Bt Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) C.C., Br. Serv.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Roseveare, Capt. E., Devon R.							
Rulich, Maj O. H., Asst Director of Postal Serv.							
Sorsbie, Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) R. F., Br. Serv.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Walter, Col. (T./Maj.-Gen.) J. MacN, C.B., D.S.O., Br. Serv							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

ROYAL AIR FORCE (MILITARY WING).

Fletcher, Lt (T/Capt) H.E.
 Robinson, 2nd Lt. E R. A
 New, No. 1655 Sjt. (now Fl. Lt) J.

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Climo, Maj. P. H.							
Coombes, Lt II P., R.G.A							
Walker, 2nd Lt F. McF							
Wyatt, Maj. P. O., M V O.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Bell, Maj A H., D.S.O.
 Haswell, Maj C. H.
 King, Capt C J. S
 Sandford, Capt H R.
 Tree, Lt P. B. D
 Prince, 14013 Staff Sjt. V J.

THE ROYAL SUSSEX REGIMENT.

Brown, 2nd Lt S L
 Johnson, Lt -Col F W F
 Vaughan, Maj L
 Kitchen, 1455 Sjt W
 Barford, 1415 Pte J
 Cook, 1814 Pte T H

THE LONDON REGIMENT

Ambrose, Lt J
 Hynes, Maj (T/Lt -Col) B M
 Chapman, 740285 Pte S P

DIVISIONAL COMPANIES (SAPPHERS AND MINERS)

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Haydon, 65 Sjt. A							
Barnett, 21 L/Cpl A							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

MEDICAL SERVICES.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Addams-Williams, Lt -Col L., R.A.M.C.							
Faulkner, Lt -Col P. H., R.A.M.C.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Brown, Sen. Nursing Sister F.C., A.A.N.S.							
Furness, Nursing Sister							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Jack, Nursing Sister							
McAllister, Staff Nurse							
Steel, Nursing Sister V., A.A.N.S.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

SIGNAL AND TRANSPORT SERVICES.

Bird, Capt W F
 Fordyce, Lt -Col H L D
 Lucas, Capt. C A
 Rebeck, Capt. W K, D.S.O.
 Ryan, Commy and Hon Capt, E J.
 Smith, Lt -Col. W. F. S.

Twiss, Maj. H. W. F.

Bosworth, Con. J. A.

Kirby, S./Sjt. J. N.

* * * * *

ORDNANCE SERVICES.

Beamish, Maj. W. S., R.A.

MISCELLANEOUS.

* * * * *

Chamberlain, Sjt. J., Corps of Military Staff Clerks.

* * * * *

Leese, No. 8227 Pte. J. H., N. Staff. R.

O'Neill, A./Sjt. E. J., Ill-sars.

West Skinn, Pte. J., Som. L.I.

Wilmott, Sjt. G. W., Royal Garrison Artillery.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Donald, The Hon. Sir J. S., K.C.I.E., C.S.I.

Fitzpatrick, J. A. O., Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S.

* * * * *

CIVILIANS.

Brown, Mr. H. A., Dist. Loco. Supt., N.W. Railway.

Cox, Dr. R., C.M.S.

Cruikshanks, Mr. W. M. G., Ind. Telegraph Dept.

Haldar, Mr. N. C., Deputy Traffic Manager, N. W. Railway.

Holloway, Mr. A. H. C., Stn. Master, Bannu,

Martin, Mr. A., Ferry Engr.

Martin, Mr. F. B., Supt., Kalabagh-Bannu Railway.

Speechly, Mr. A. G., Telegraph Master, Jandola.

Wallis, Mr., Traffic Inspector, N. W. Railway.

Diwan Chand, Stn. Master, Kalabagh Ghat.

Cox, Mrs. M. E., C.M.S.

Pennell, Mrs. A. M., C.M.S.

Wigram, Mrs. M., C.M.S.

Supplement, dated 17th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 16th August 1918, pages 9637, 9638, 9642 and 9644.

War Office,
17th August, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made:—

* * * * *

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY.

* * * * *

R II and R F. A.—Lt. W. M. Browning, from Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be temp.
Lt 18th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 22nd Oct. 1916.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

General List.

Temp. Capt. F. G. Cangle, D.S.O., M.C., from a Serv. Bn., L'pool R., to be temp.

Lt on appt. as prob. to Ind Army 4 July 1918, with seniority 23 Feb. 1918

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Second Supplement, dated 17th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 16th August 1918, pages 9649, 9650, and 9651.

War Office,
17th August, 1918.

The following are among the Decorations and Medals awarded by the Allied Powers at various dates to the British Forces for distinguished services rendered during the course of the campaign:

His Majesty the King has given unrestricted permission in all cases to wear the Decorations and Medals in question.

Decorations and Medals presented by
THE PRESENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

* * * * *

Croix de Guerre.

* * * * *

Major-General Sir Harold Bridgwood Walker, K.C.B., D.S.O., Indian Army, commanding Australian Division.

* * * * *

Fourth Supplement, dated 19th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 16th August 1918, pages 9661, 9666, 9667, 9668, 9669 and 9670.

*War Office,
19th August, 1918.*

MEMORANDA.

Lt.-Col. R. F. R. Formby, ret. pay, Ind. Army, relinquishes temp. rank of Col. on ceasing to be empld. 20th Aug. 1918.

Temp. Lt. A. H. Mathews, from R. Dub. Fus., to be temp. Lt. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 19th July 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

MACHINE GUN CORPS (CAVALRY).

The undermentioned Capts. (Ind. Army) to be Capts. :—

T. M. Carpendale. 10 Feb. 1918, with seniority 18 Jan. 1918.

H. A. Garstins, M.C. 10 Oct. 1917, with seniority 1st Sept. 1915.

INFANTRY.

General List.

Temp. Lt. J. C. Carson, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 3 July 1918, with seniority 31 Mar. 1916.

Fifth Supplement, dated 20th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 16th August 1918, pages 9679, 9681 and 9682.

*War Office,
20th August, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY.

General List.

Temp. Capt. D. W. Reid, M.C., from a Serv. Bn., Sea. Highrs., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 3 July 1918, with seniority 7 Jan. 1917.

Temp. Lt. A. Pawson, from M. G. C. (Inf.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 4 July 1918, with seniority 30 Apr. 1917.

Second Supplement, dated 21st August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th August 1918, pages 9761, 9764, 9765, 9767, 9768 and 9769.

*War Office,
21st August, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made.—

A. G.'s AND Q. M. G.'s STAFF.

A. A. and Q. M. G.—Maj. G. R. Maitland, D.S.O., Irs., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. and the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. 11th May 1918.

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cl. GG.—Col. E. H. Rodwell, C. B. Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 18th Nov. 1917.

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned to be temp. Brig.-Gens. :—

Col. A. B. H. Drew, C.I.E., Ind. Army, whilst in charge of administration of a Div. in India. 8th May 1918.

Bt. Col. D. R. Adye, Ind. Army, whilst comdg. a Brig. in India. 14th July 1918.

Temp. Capt. G. L. Harris, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List as temp. Lt. for duty with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 23rd July 1918.

Temp. Lt. D. J. McLaurin, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List for duty with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 23rd July 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. Lts.:—

H. B. Metcalfe, for duty with Inland Water Trans. 2nd July 1917.

REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

The undermentioned to be actg. Capts. while comd'g. a Co. :—

2nd Lt T. E. O'Doherty (Ind. Army, R s. of Off.). 23 July 1918.

Gen List

Temp 2nd Lt N. Preston to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 23 July 1918.

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

ROYAL DEFENCE CORPS.

Lt.-Col H. E. Monck-Mason, Late Lt-Col, Ind. Army, from R.D.C., to be Lt.-Col., retaining his seniority. 24th June 1918.

Third Supplement, dated 22nd August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th August 1918, pages 9771, 9773, 9775, 9776 and 9779.

*War Office,
22nd August, 1918.*

MEMORANDA.

Temp. 2nd Lt. O. H. Bailly, from R. Mun. Fus., to be temp. 2nd Lt. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 27th May 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 22nd June 1918)

REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY (ATTD.).

Fork and Lanc. R.

Temp. Lt-Col E. E. Wilford, D.S.O. Maj (Ind. Army), relinquishes his temp. rank on appt. to R.D.C., T.F. 18 May 1918.

INFANTRY.

General List.

Temp Lt. M. F. Edwards, from a Serv. Bn., Bedf R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 3 July 1918, with seniority 7 July 1917.

Sixth Supplement, dated 23rd August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th August 1918, pages 9807, 9808, 9809 and 9812.

*War Office,
23rd August, 1918.*

MEMORANDA.

Bt Col (temp Brig-Gen.) H. F. Cooke, D.S.O., Ind. Inf., to be temp. Maj-Gen whilst empld as Dep. Adjt.-Gen in India. 1st Apr. 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY.

General List.

Capt. B. S. Gaynor, from Austrln. Imp. Force to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army 3 Aug. 1918, with seniority 1 Apr. 1916.

Seventh Supplement, dated 23rd August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th August 1918, page 9817,

*India Office,
23rd August 1918.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most

Exalted Order of the Star of India in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia :—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Exalted Order.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur William Neufville Taylor, Gurkha Rifles, Indian Army

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia :—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Eminent Order.

Major Walter Fellowes Cowan Gilchrist, Sikhs, Indian Army

*Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George,
Downing Street,
23rd August 1918*

The KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointments to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, for services rendered in connection with Military operations in Mesopotamia. Dated 23rd August 1918 :

To be Additional Members of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

Maj -Gen. Charles John Melliss, V.C., K.C.B., Ind. Army

Maj -Gen Walter Sinclair Delamain, C.B., D.S.O., Ind Army

War Office,

23rd August 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia, dated 23rd August 1918, unless otherwise stated :—

To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel

Maj C W Neumann, Pnrs, Ind. Army (Dated 1st Jan 1917)

To be Brevet Major.

Captain N M Wilson, D.S.O., Gurkha Rif, Ind Army. (Dated 1st Jan. 1917)

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

Capt Leonard William Henry Mathias, Pnrs., Ind. Army

Lt -Col Philip Frederick Pocock, Inf, Ind Army

Awarded the Military Cross.

Capt. Ronald Alister Percival Grant, Inf, Ind Army

2nd Lt F. Mayo, Sirmur Sapper Corps

Second Supplement, dated 24th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, pages 9901, 9902, 9904, 9905, 9906, 9907, 9909, 9910, 9911, 9912, 9913, 9914, 9915, 9916, 9917, 9918, 9919 and 9921

War Office,

24th August, 1918

With reference to the awards conferred as announced in the London Gazette dated 26th March 1918, the following are the statements of service for which the decorations were conferred

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order

Maj. (A -Lt.-Col) George Kendall Channer, I A

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. During the defence of the ridge his position was subjected to heavy artillery bombardment and repeated and determined enemy attacks, which had as their object the envelopment of his left flank. These attacks were only frustrated by heavy counter-attacks, led by himself, and although he was wounded on two successive days he continued to command his battalion personally directing and organising the defence. By his total indifference to danger cheerfulness and splendid example he maintained the spirits of his men and enabled them to hold out.

Awarded a Bar to the Military Cross

Lt. (A.-Capt.) Wilfred Philip Oddie, M.C., I.A. R.O., attd. Punjabis

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When his commanding officer was killed during an attack he took command of the battalion in a most difficult situation, and showed the greatest ability and courage throughout the engagement

Awarded the Military Cross.

* * *
 Lt. Denis Robert Ambrose, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When in command of three platoons during the attack he lost touch with the battalion, and finding that he had missed his original objective, he rushed three successive lines of trenches and penetrated 3,000 yards beyond his original objective. Though he had captured thirty prisoners and a machine gun, he found himself outflanked, outnumbered, and in danger of being surrounded, but he succeeded in withdrawing his command coolly and skilfully and in rejoining his battalion. His skilful leadership was beyond all praise.

* * *
 T. Lt. V. K. Apte, I.M.S.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He attended to the wounded during an action with great courage and coolness.

Capt. Edwin James Caldwell Ashmore, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He led his company across the open under heavy fire with exemplary steadiness, assaulted the enemy's position with great dash and complete success, and consolidated the ground gained with marked skill. His conspicuous courage throughout was an inspiring example to his men.

* * *
 Lt. Claude Wells Woolloton Baxter, I.M.S.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When under heavy shell and rifle fire he displayed great gallantry and devotion to duty in attending to and evacuating the wounded. His services proved of incalculable value.

* * *
 Subadar (A-Subadar-Maj.) Bhagwan Singh, Baluchis.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When his company commander was wounded early in an engagement he took command, and led the company with great courage and skill, setting a most inspiring example to the men. Later when the adjutant and the Subadar Major became casualties, he carried out their duties in addition to commanding his company, and rendered invaluable assistance during the ensuing night.

* * *
 Lt. (A-Capt.) Rainald Hugo Burne, I.A.R.O.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He led an attack in a most courageous and determined manner, and showed the greatest coolness and skill. His dispositions were excellent, and it was largely due to his splendid example that the attack was successful.

* * *
 Lt. (A-Capt.) George Roy Dowland, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He took his platoon right up to a hill, whence he came under fire of some hostile picquets. Driving back one picquet, he rushed the second, capturing seven prisoners. Remaining in this position all night, at dawn the next day he captured a further nine prisoners, the position he took up being essential to the safe passage of the division through the pass. His endurance and courageous determination were of the highest order.

* * *
 Capt. Charles Aubrey Godson, I.M.S.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an attack. All day he organised stretcher parties and collected the wounded often under shell fire and at night searched the whole area covered by the attack and cleared it of all the wounded. It was largely due to his courage and initiative that the evacuation of the wounded was carried out so successfully.

* * *
 Lt. (A-Capt.) Gordon Edward Hawker, Sikhs, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He rallied parties of men who were being forced back by the enemy's attack. He collected a small party, with which he formed a rear guard, and held up the enemy's advance. His courageous example was of the greatest value at a critical time.

* * *
 Jemadar Janak Singh, Dogras.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in an engagement. He led his men with great success, continually exposing himself to the enemy's fire. Though severely wounded, he remained with his men until he was ordered to go to the aid post. He set a most inspiring example to all ranks by his courage and contempt of danger.

* * *
 2nd Lt. Alfred Henry Bertram Joyce, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He showed great courage in attempting to bring in a wounded man under heavy fire. He has rendered valuable service on several other occasions.

* * *
 Lt. Joseph Harold Lang, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an attack. When the advance was held up he personally got a Lewis gun into action with great effect. At the final assault he showed great courage and captured a number of prisoners single-handed.

Lt. Arthur Geoffrey Lucas, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. His courage and energy under heavy fire during an action furnished a splendid example to his men, and contributed largely to the success of the attack.

* * * *

Subadar Mit Singh, Sikhs.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When his company commander was wounded during an engagement, he at once took command, and led the company with great coolness and skill. By his excellent dispositions he repelled a counter-attack, and maintained the ground won. He set a magnificent example to his men.

* * * *

Capt. Charles Newton-Davis, M.B., I.M.S.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. During the attack, when the battalion was brought to a standstill by frontal and enfilade fire of all kinds he exposed himself continually in moving from place to place to render aid to wounded cases. It was owing to his courage, devotion to duty and skilful organisation that the wounded were successfully collected and evacuated.

* * * *

Lt. Albert Victor Rooth, I.A.R.O.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an attack. When all communications had been cut and the two runners who were sent back had been killed, he went back under heavy fire and personally directed the advance of the reserve company, whose officers had become casualties. His prompt and courageous action enabled the advance to continue successfully.

* * * *

Lt. Gerald Noel Storrs, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. During the defence of the position gained he held off a number of the enemy and led a counter-attack which cleared the flanks of the position and enabled the relief to arrive safely. He displayed a skill and leadership of the highest order.

* * * *

Capt. Edward George Thomas Tuite-Dalton, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. After the battalion had cleared three successive heights and had received orders to advance in the open, he finding that battalion headquarters had temporarily lost touch, assumed command, and on his own initiative issued orders to join in the attack, to the success of which his prompt action materially contributed.

* * * *

Lt. Robert Geoffrey Woodward, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He held his men together in the face of a strong enemy attack, encouraging them by his courageous example. His gallantry afforded a most inspiring example at a critical time.

* * * *

Fourth Supplement, dated 26th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, pages 9943 and 9957

War Office,
26th August 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF

The undermentioned appts. are made:—

* * * *

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS

Cl. BB.—Capt. H. W. Young, Ind. Inf. 10th Mar 1918.

* * * *

INFANTRY.

* * * *

General List.

Capt. T. F. McC. Bursey, M.C., from Austrln. Imp. Force to be temp. Lt. on app^t as prob^r. to Ind. Army. 29 July 1918, with seniority 20 Nov 1917.

The undermentioned temp. Capt^s, from Serv. Bns., Manch. R., to be temp. Lts on app^t. as prob^rs. to Ind. Army:—

19th July 1918.

E. L. Law.

E. Wood, M.C.

* * * *

Fifth Supplement, dated 26th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, pages 9963, 9965, 9966 and 9967.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S.W.,

26th August 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to

the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, for valuable services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia. Dated 3rd June 1918 :—

To be Additional Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Honourable Order :—

Col (T-Brig.-Gen) Stanley Malcolm Edwardes, C M G., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Lt.-Col and Bt Col (T-Brig.-Gen) Edward Herbert Boome, C.M.G., Ind Army.

* * * * *

Col (T-Brig.-Gen) Michael Edward Willoughby, C.M.G., Ind Army.

* * * * *

*Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George.*

*Downing Street,
26th August 1918.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointments to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, for services rendered in connection with Military Operations, in Mesopotamia. Dated 3rd June 1918 :—

To be Additional Members of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

Col (T-Brig.-Gen) Leslie Napier Younghusband, C.B. Ind Army.

Lt.-Col and Bt Col. Francis William Pirrie, C I E, Sup'y List, Ind Army

* * * * *

Lt.-Col (T-Brig.-Gen) Hugh Frederick Bateman-Champain, Gurkha Rif. I A

Lt.-Col Thomas Louis Leeds, D.S.O., Rif., Ind Army

* * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick William Gee, I.M.S.

Lieutenant-Colonel Harry George Melville, I.M.S

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Edward Archibald Hamilton, I.A., Political Department

* * * * *

Major (Temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) George Macpherson, I M S

Major Norman Emil Henry Scott, I.M.S.

Major William Reith John Scroggie, I M S

Captain Stewart George Cromartie Murray, Indian Army, attached to Political Department

Captain (temporary Major) Arthur Mowbray Berkeley, I A R O, attached to Railway Directorate

Mr Guy Sutton Bocquet, Indian Railways

Mr Cuthbert Vivian Bliss, Indian Railways.

Mr Colin Campbell Garbett, I C S

*War Office,
26th August 1918*

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia Dated 3rd June 1918: unless otherwise stated :—

* * * * *

To be Brevet Colonel.

* * * * *

Maj and Bt Lt.-Col W S Leslie, D S O., Punj, Ind Army

Lt.-Col (T-Brig.-Gen) G. M. MORRIS, D.S.O., Punj, Ind. Army

Lt.-Col W H Norman, D.S.O., Cav., Ind Army

Lt.-Col C B Winter, C.M.G., D.S.O., Inf., Ind. Army

To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel.

(On Retired List, Reserve of Officers, Special Reserve, New Army, or Territorial Force, in the case of Officers belonging to these categories as applicable)

Maj J F H Anderson, D.S.O., Army Remount Dept., Ind Army

* * * * *

Maj (T-Lt.-Col) T C Catty, D.S.O., Punjabis, Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Maj G W Cochran, D.S.O., Pnrs., Ind Army.

Maj J C Freeland, Sikhs, Ind. Army

* * * * *

Maj J T Kirby, D.S.O., S and T. Corps, Ind Army.

* * * * *

Maj C R Lloyd, D.S.O., S & T. Corps, Ind. Army.

Maj C. A Milward, D.S.O., Sikhs, Ind Army.

Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) T Nisbet, D.S.O., Cav., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Maj N. Ogle, D.S.O., Punjabis, Ind. Army

Maj. S. B. Ortor, Garhwal Rif., Ind. Army.

Maj E. S Percy-Smith, Ind. Army (Supn List).

Maj (A.-Lt.-Col.) C Reed, D.S.O., R A., Ind. Ord. Dept.

Maj. J. R. Rowan-Robinson, D.S.O., S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army.

Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) H. H. Smith, D.S.O., Inf., Ind. Army

Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) C. B. Stokes, C.I.E., Cav., Ind. Army.

Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) W. E. Wilson-Johnston, D.S.O., S. khs, Ind. Army.

To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel on Promotion to Major.

Capt. A. T. Wilson, C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., Ind. Army.

To be Brevet Major.

* * * * *

Capt. A. MacD. Dick, M.B., F.R.C.S., Ind. Med. Serv.

Capt. R. C. Duncan, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.

Capt. T. J. C. Evans, M.C., F.R.C.S., Ind. Med. Serv.

Capt. (A-Maj.) M. Everett, D.S.O., R.E., attd. Sappers and Miners, Ind. Army.

Capt. H. A. Goldsmith, M.C., Inf., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Capt. (T.-Maj.) R. B. Phayre, M.C., Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army (Attd. M. G. C.).

Capt. C. T. M. Smith, Punjabis, Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Capt. T. N. Watson, M.C., Cav., Ind. Army.

Capt. (A-Maj.) G. Williamson, A.V.C.

Capt. W. C. F. A. Wilson, Rif., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

Lt. Col. Henry Stirling Alexander, Int., Ind. Army.

Lt. Col. George Arthur Reener, Cav., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Lt. Col. (T.-Col.) Herbert Walter Bowen, R.A., Ind. Ord. Dept.

* * * * *

T. Col. (T.-Lt.-Col.) (Lt.-Comdr., R.F.M.) Charles Ross Campbell, R.E.

Maj. Walter Valentine Copping, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., Ind. Med. Serv.

Maj. James Duncomb Crowdy, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.

Maj. & Bt. Lt.-Col. Robert John Cuning, Pioneers, Ind. Army.

Maj. William Isart Davall, Punjabis, Ind. Army.

Maj. & Bt. Lt.-Col. Dennis Deane, Cav., Ind. Army.

Maj. Frank Etheridge, Rajputs, Ind. Army.

Capt. Charles Hemmley, Pioneers, Ind. Army.

Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) Walter Hesketh, Cav., Ind. Army.

Maj. & Bt. Lt.-Col. Frederick Charles Jenkin, R.A., Ind. Ord. Dept.

Maj. Percy Douglas Campbell Johnston, Rajputs, Ind. Army.

Capt. & Bt. Maj. Harry Macdonald, Cav., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Maj. James Carmichael More, Sikhs, Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Capt. (A.-Lt.-Col.) Francis Lethian Nicholson, M.C., Dogras, Ind. Army.

Maj. Paul Ernest Prince, R.E. S. & M., Ind. Army.

Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) Alfred Henry Proctor, M.D., Ind. Med. Serv.

Lt. Col. Alfred Colver Ralph, Rajputs, Ind. Army.

Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) Brinsley Alexander McHenry Rice, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.

Maj. Gerald Domnick Rice, S. & T. Corps.

* * * * *

Lt. Col. Henry William Richard Senior, late Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Maj. Frank Phillips Wernicke, M.B., Ind. Med. Serv.

Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) Augustus John Williams, F.R.C.A.S., A.V.C.

Maj. & Bt. Lt.-Col. Roger Cochrane Wilson, M.C., Mahrattas, Ind. Army.

Maj. James Ainsworth Yates, C.I.E., Mahratta L. I., Ind. Army.

Awarded the Military Cross.

* * * * *

Subadar Anthony, I.D.S.M., S. & M., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Lt. (T.-Capt.) Douglas Aylward, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Pioneers.

* * * * *

Capt. Robert Mason Bruce, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Capt. Frank Owen Newdigate Burne, Pioneers, Ind. Army.

Lt. George Symington Cameron, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. S. & T. Corps.

* * * * *

Capt. Geoffrey Valence Comyn, S. & T. Corp., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Asst. Surg. 4th Cl. Arthur Norman de Monte, Ind. Sub. Med. Dept.

* * * * *

Lt. Ernest Fiddaman, Ind. Sig. Serv.

* * * * *

Capt. Frederick Noel Fox, Garwhal Rif., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

T.-Lt. Edward Alexander Marie Joachim Goldie, Ind. Med. Serv.

Lt. Marcar Sheridan Gregory, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Imp. S. & M.

Capt. Harold Monck Mason Hackett, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.
 Lt. (T.-Capt.) Oswald Aubrey Harman, Ind. Army, R. of O. attd. S. & T. Corps.
 Lt. John Arthur Hewer, Ind. Army R. of O. attd. S. & T. Corps.
 * * * * *
 Capt. William Leith-Ross, Rif., Ind. Army.
 * * * * *
 Capt. Charles Geoffrey Lloyd, S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army.
 Lt. (T.-Capt.) Horace John Lloyd-Evans, Ind. Army Res. of O
 * * * * *
 Capt. Harold Hamilton Marshall, Pioneers, Ind. Army.
 * * * * *
 Lt. (T.-Capt.) Arthur Macdonald McLean, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Sikh Pioneers.
 Capt. (A-Maj) Arthur Elsdale Meredith, Mahrattas, Ind. Army, attd. Divl Sig. Coy.
 Capt. Eric Debonnair Theophilus Metcalfe, S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army.
 Capt. Edward Cecil Frederick Moore, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Rajputs.
 * * * * *
 Lt. (A.-Capt.) George Rackstraw, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Pioneers.
 * * * * *
 Capt. Edward Johnson Ross, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.
 Capt. Kenneth Robert Scott, Punjabis, Ind. Army.
 * * * * *
 Lt. (A.-Capt.) Finlay Graeme Stewart, Ind. Army R. of O., attd. Infy.
 * * * * *
 Lt. (A.-Capt.) Gerard Lionel Tomkins, Pioneers, Ind. Army.
 * * * * *

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to award the Royal Red Cross to the undermentioned ladies of the Nursing services in recognition of their valuable services with the British Forces in Mesopotamia :—

Awarded Royal Red Cross, 1st Class.

* * * * *
 Miss Mary Gertrude Gilmore, Matron, Q. A. M. N. S. I.
 * * * * *

Awarded the Royal Red Cross, 2nd Class

* * * * *
 Miss Minnie Eda MacLean, Nursing Sister, Q. A. M. N. S. I.
 Miss Edith Osbourne Marshall, Nursing Sister, Q. A. M. N. S. I.
 * * * * *

Sixth Supplement, dated 27th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, pages 9969, 9970, 9973, 9974 and 9978.

*War Office,
 27th August, 1918.*

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ATTACHED TO HD.-Qr. UNITS.
 * * * * *

Staff Capts.—Lt A. V. Myles, Lab. Corps (ret., Ind. Army), to be seed., and to be temp. Capt. whilst so empld. 22nd May 1918.
 * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. Lts.:—

For duty with Inland Water Trans.

J. Wheeler. 5th Apr. 1918.

J. P. Saul. 6th May, 1918.

N. A. Bray. 28th May, 1918.

S. S. Shadwick. 11th June, 1918.
 * * * * *

Temp. 2nd Lt. W. Potts, A.S.C. is transfd. to Gen. List for duty with Ind. Army (on prob.). 23rd July 1918.

The undermentioned Cadets to be temp. 2nd Lts., Special List, for service with Ind. Army Res of Off. (on prob.), 31st July, 1918 :—

Gordon Smetham Bonney.

Charles John Edwin Gregory.

John Scott McGregor.

Percival Henry Denyer.

John Leonard Jones.

Hawley Rufus Evans.

Bernard Ray Forster.

Edwin Graham Tatem.
 * * * * *

Alfred Berry.

Arthur Lewis Brett.

James Webster.

Gordon Davison Will.

Frank William Alderton.

Charles William Dybell.

Charles Edwin Tweed Newman.

Ronald Frederick Holwill.
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REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * *

INFANTRY.

General List.

Temp. Lt. J. E. Carstens, from S. Afr. Inf., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr to Ind. Army. 29 July 1918, with seniority 6 July 1918.

Seventh Supplement, dated 27th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 27th August 1918, pages 9983, 9984, 9985, 9986, 9987, 9989, 9990, 9991, 9992, 9993, 9994, 9995, 9996, 9997, 9998 and 9999.

War Office,

27th August, 1918.

The Secretary of State for War has received the following despatch addressed to the Chief of the General Staff, India, by Lieut.-General W. R. Marshall, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., Commanding-in-Chief, Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force :—

*General Headquarters,
Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force,
15th April, 1918.*

Sir,—With reference to the concluding paragraph of my despatch dated the 15th April, 1918, I have the honour to submit herewith a list of names of those officers, ladies, non-commissioned officers and men serving, or, who have served, under my command, whose distinguished and gallant services and devotion to duty I consider deserving of special mention.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

W. R. MARSHALL,

Lieut.-General,

Commanding-in-Chief,
Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

Lindop, Lt A. H. E., M.C., I.A.R.O.

Nixon, Capt. B. G. M. F., Dogras.

Tregale, Lt J. W. W., I.A.R.O.

STAFF AND HEADQUARTERS.

Andrew, Lt.-Col (T.-Brig.-Gen.) A. W., C.M.G., Mahrattas.

Ayscough, Maj. G. M. Mahrattas.

Bateman-Champain, Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) H. F., Gurkha Rif.

Becker, Lt.-Col. G. A., Ind. Cav.

Bell-Kingsley, Capt H. E. W., D.S.O., Gurkha Rif.

Boome, Lt.-Col. and Bt. Col (T.-Brig.-Gen.) E. H., C.M.G., Ind Army.

Brooking, Maj.-Gen. Sir H. T., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., Ind Army.

Brown, Capt. E. C., Gurkha Rif.

Brownlow, Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) d'A. C., C.M.G., C.I.E., Ind. Army.

Burn, Capt. A. H., Scinde Rif.

Burnett, Maj. A. H., D.S.O., Punjabis.

Camptell, Maj. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) W. N., C. M. G., D.S.O., Ind. Army, R.P.

Cassels, Maj. and Bt. Col (T.-Brig.-Gen.) R. A., C.B., D.S.O., Ind. Cav.

Catty, Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) T. C., D.S.O., Punjabis.

Chambers, Maj. P. R., D.S.O., Ind. Cav.

Cobbe, Maj.-Gen. (T.-Lt.-Gen.) A. S., V.C., K.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O.

Cochran, Maj. G. W., D.S.O., Purs.

Costello, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) E. W., V.C., C.M.G., D.S.O., Punjabis.

Cox, Lt.-Col. (Hon. Maj.-Gen.) Sir P. Z., G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I.

Crowdy, Maj. J. D., Gurkha Rif.

Daniels, Capt. and Bt. Maj. A. M., Ind. Cav.

Dawson, Dep Commy and Hon Capt F D, I M L	*	*	*	*	*	*
Dwyrell Maj W S, Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*
Dennys Capt G T, Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*
Dodd, Maj A H R, Ind Cav	*	*	*	*	*	*
Duffy, T-Capt, Dep Commy, and Hon Maj T A, I M L						
Duncan Capt R C, Gurkha Rif						
Dunsford, Lt-Col (T-Brig-Gen) F P S, D S O, Rajput L I						
Edwards, Col (T-Brig-Gen) S M C M G, D S O, Ind Army						
Ederton, Lt-Gen Sir R G, K C B, K C I I						
Etheridge Maj F, Rajputs	*	*	*	*	*	*
Farr, Maj-Genl V B, K C I E, C B	*	*	*	*	*	*
Forster Maj W M A, D S O, Ind Cav						
Foster, Lt-Maj and Lt Lt-Col (T-Brig-Gen) H S E, D S O, Sikhs	*	*	*	*	*	*
Frederick Maj J C, Sullis						
Fry, Capt and Bt Maj (T-Col) F D, M C S and T Corps						
Fulton Capt J D M C, Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*
Gallagher Maj K O, Ind Cav						
Gardner Lt Col A V C, I A R O						
Gordon Capt L L, Ind						
Gordon, Lt Col G H, D S O, Ind Cav						
Hackett, Capt H J M, Gurkha Rif	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hadden Col L A, Ind Army	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hay Maj and Bt Lt Col C J P, D S O, Corps of Guides						
Hendley Capt C, Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hill and Pryor, Lt-Col and Bt Col (T-Brig-Gen) P, C M G, M V O, D S O, Ind Army						
Hopwood Lt Col and Bt Col T-Maj-Gen H R, C S I, Ind Cav	*	*	*	*	*	*
Horton Maj (T-Lt-Col) J C M, D S O, Merwari Inf	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hutchinson Maj W C, Brahmans	*	*	*	*	*	*
Jones Lt Col and Bt Col (T-Maj-Gen), Lt Col C M G, M V O, Ind Cav						
Kamitz, Maj B C, Ind	*	*	*	*	*	*
Kings-Salter Capt N H, Gurkha Rif	*	*	*	*	*	*
Lakin, Maj (T-Lt-Col) J H F, Gurkha Rif	*	*	*	*	*	*
Leith-Ross Capt W, R f	*	*	*	*	*	*
Lush, Maj and Bt Lt-Col W S, D S O, Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*
Lock Col (T-Brig-Gen) F. R E, D S O, Ind Army	*	*	*	*	*	*
MacDonald, Maj H, Ind Cav						
Macintyre, Lt L P, Ind Cav	*	*	*	*	*	*
MacLachlan, Lt-Col and Bt Col (T-Brig-Gen), T F, C M G, Punjabis						
MacMahon Maj and Bt Lt-Col H. F E, M C, S. and T Corps						
MacMunn, Maj-Gen G F, K C B, C S I, D S O. (frmy. R.A)						
Marjombanks, Maj (T-Lt-Col) R D, Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*
Maxwell, Maj. P A, Brahmans	*	*	*	*	*	*
Miller, Capt G N, Punjabis						
Milward, Maj A., D S O, Sikhs	*	*	*	*	*	*
Moore, Lt (T-Capt.) L. C F, I A R O						
More, Maj J C, Sikhs	*	*	*	*	*	*

Morris, Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) G.M., D.S.O., Punjabis.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Nightingale, Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) M. R. W., C.M.G., D.S.O., Gurkha Rif.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Nisbet, Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) T., D.S.O., Ind. Cav.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Norman, Lt.-Col. W. H., D.S.O., Ind. Cav.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ogle, Maj. N. D.S.O., Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Orton, Maj. S. B., Garhwal Rif.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Palmer, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. G. S., Inf.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Peart, Maj. C. L., Pnrs.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Peroy-Smith, Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) E.S., Ind. Army.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Pirrie, Lt.-Col. and Bt. Col. F. W., C.I.E., Ind. Army.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ricketts, Capt. E. L., Inf.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Robertson, Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) D.E., Ind. Cav.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Roffey, Asst. Commy. and Hon Lt. H. R., D.C.M., I.M.L.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Roughton, Capt. F. A. G., Inf	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sams, Mr. H. A., I.C.S. (D. of Post. Serv.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Scott, Capt. K. R., Punjabis.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Senior, Lt.-Col. H. W. R., Gurkha Rif.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Seymour, Maj. M. H., Gurkha Rif	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Shearer, Capt. E. J., M.C., Ind. Cav.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sheringham, Maj. A.T., D.S.O., Pnrs.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Shuttleworth, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. D. F., Gurkha Rif	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Smith, Capt. C. T. M., Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Spence, Capt. R. B., Inf	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Stokes, Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) C. B., C.I.E., Ind. Cav	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Stoney, Maj. P. S., Punjabis	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Todd, Capt. E. T. T., Pnrs.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Turner, Lt.-Col. A. G. B., D.S.O., Ind. Army.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Venning, Maj. F. E. W., D.S.O., Punjabis.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Weatherall, Capt. N. E., Ind. Cav.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Wellborne, Maj. C. de M., Ind. Army.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Whittall, Capt. J. M., Gurkha Rif.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Willis, Maj. E. S. C., D.S.O., Rif.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Willis, Lt. (T.-Capt.) R.D., I.A.R.O.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Willoughby, Maj. D. V., D.S.O., Brahmans.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Willoughby, Col (T.-Brig.-Gen.) M.E., C.M.G., Ind. Army.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Wilson, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. R. C., M.C., Mahrattas	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Wilson-Johnston, Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) W. E., D.S.O., Sikhs.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Winter, Lt.-Col. C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Inf.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Yates, Maj. J. A., C.I.E., Mahratta L.I.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Younghusband, Lt.-Col. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) L. N., C.B., Ind. Army.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Addinal, S.-Sjt. (Local Sub-Cond.) F. W., I.M.L.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Brown, S.-Sjt. (Local Sub-Cond.) W., I.M.L.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Carver, Sjt. (Local Sub-Cond.) H. R., I.U.L., C.M.S.C.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Downes, Sub-Cond. E. F. F., S. and T. Corps.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Etheridge, Sjt. A. E., I.U.L., C.M.S.C.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Harrison, Sub-Cond. W., I.M.L.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Howe, S.-Sjt. (Local Sub-Cond.) J.D., I.M.L.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hubble, S.-Sjt. A. C., I.M.L.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Meaking, S.-Sjt. G. E., I.M.L.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Peel, Codr. A. W., I.M.L.

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Piper, S.-Sjt. (Local Sub-Cond.) J., I.M.L.

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Truscott, Sjt. J. F. P., I.U.L. (C.M.S.C.).

Tully, Sjt. A., I.U.L. (C.M.S.C.).

Wadsworth, Sjt. W., I.U.L. (C.M.S.C.).

Wallace, S.-Sjt. (Local Sub-Cond.) R., I.M.L.

Whetstone, Sjt. P., I.U.L. (C.M.S.C.).

Wilkinson, Sjt. G., I.U.L. (C.M.S.C.).

Wilson, Sjt. C., I.U.L. (C.M.S.C.).

Arokia Christy, W. D., 1526, Civilian Clerk.

Fernandez Saturnino, 1925-P.N.A., Civilian Clerk.

Ismail Ibn Bilal, Interpreter.

Mohammed Ayub, 3520 L.-Dafadar, Ind. Cav.

Mohammed Hassan, 1453 Havildar, Sappers and Miners.

Sawan Singh, 2782 Havildar, Punjabis.

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SPECIAL SERVICE OFFICERS.

Bovill, Capt. W. J., Erinpura R.

* * * * *

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Bampton, Lt. (A.-Capt.) J. A. H., I.A.R.O.

* * * * *

Bridcut, T.-Lt. (T.-Maj.) S.H., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

Davis, Lt. W. J., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

Gimson, Lt. W. M., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

Harrison, Lt. (A.-Capt.) W. N., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

Hosking, Lt. B. C., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

Longdin, Capt. W. G., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

Mason, 2nd Lt. H.C., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

Northey, Lt. H. S., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

Pearson, T.-Maj. (T.-Col.) H. L.

* * * * *

Rice, Lt. (A.-Capt.) E. M., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

Rose, Lt. (A.-Capt.) P. T., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

Stevens, Lt. (T.-Capt.) T. H. G., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

Venables, Capt. A.V., M.C., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

Wilson, Lt. (A.-Capt.) C. H., I.A.R.O., attd. R.E.

* * * * *

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

Infantry.

* * * * *

Darby, Lt. (A.-Capt.) G. S., I.A.R.O.

* * * * *

Phayre, T.-Maj. R. B., M.C., (Capt., Gurkha Rif.)

* * * * *

Amar Singh, Jemadar, late Ind. Mn. By., R.G.A.

Dharam Singh, Jemadar (Rajputs).

Sheraf Din, Jemadar, frmly. Ind. Mn. By., R.G.A.

* * * * *

Cavalry.

Garstin, Capt. H.A., M.C.

* * * * *

Dadan, Khan, 121 Dafadar (Lrs.)

Kundan Singh, Salutri Dafadar.

Mastan Singh, Jemadar.

* * * * *

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Molony, Capt. J. B. de W., M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Munro, Maj. D., C.I.E., M.B., F.R.C.S., Edin., I.M.S.							
Nelson, Capt. J. J. H., M.C., M.D., F.R.C.S., Edin., I.M.S.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Wernicke, Capt. F. P., M.B., I.M.S.							
Wimberley, Lt.-Col. (T.-Col.) C. N. C., C.M.G., M.B., I.M.S.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S MILITARY NURSING SERVICE, INDIA.

Gilmore, Matron Miss M. G.
 Maclean, Nursing Sister Miss M. E.
 Marshall, Nursing Sister Miss E. O.
 Wilson, Senior Nursing Sister Miss J. S. R., R.R.C.

TEMPORARY NURSING SERVICE, INDIA.

Burke-Roche, T.-Matron Miss G.
 Gaskin, T.-Matron Miss J.
 May, T.-Nursing Sister Miss T.
 Minchin, T.-Nursing Sister Miss L. L. M.

ANGLO-INDIAN FORCE.

Gillson, 2431 Sjt. H. V. P.
 Martin, 4227 Lt.-C. G.
 Tresham, 303 Cpl. R.

INDIAN ARMY.

CAVALRY

Alexander, Lt. C. G., I.A.R.O., Lrs.
 Blood, Capt. W. H., Corps of Guides.
 Cahusac, Capt. S. D. N., Lrs.
 Dacres, Lt. L. S. L., I.A.R.O.
 Davidson, Lt. (A.-Capt.) J. W.
 Egerton, Maj. J. B.
 Fraser, Lt. (A.-Capt.) J. D., Lrs.
 Gibson, Capt. J. G., Lrs.
 Henmer, Lt.-Col. L. A. G., D.S.O. (Killed in action)
 Harding, Lt. (A.-Capt.) K. O'B.
 Hawes, Lt.-Col. C. H., M.V.O., D.S.O.
 Hesketh, Maj. W.
 Hodson, Maj. V. C. P., Lrs.
 Keogh, Lt.-Col. J. B., D.S.O., Lrs.
 Lawrence, Capt. R. T., Lrs.
 Mackenzie, Lt.-Col. C., D.S.O., Lrs.
 Mackintosh, Maj. G. H. T.
 McCudden, Maj. J. H., D.S.O., M.C.
 Malet, Capt. W. de C., Lrs.
 Nicholl, Lt. E. McK., I.A.R.O., Lrs.
 O'Brien, Lt. D. P., I.A.R.O., Lrs.
 Paske, Capt. C. A. M.
 Slingsby, Maj. T. W.
 Souter, Lt.-Col. A. B.
 Stewart, Lt.-Col. A. C., Corps of Guides.
 Taylor, Maj. E. M.
 Thwaytes, Lt. L. L.
 Watson, Capt. T. N., M.C.
 Wilson, Capt. H. A. M. (Killed.)
 Abnash Ram, Risaldar-Maj., Corps of Guides.
 Bakhshish Singh, Risaldar.
 Fazil Husain, Risaldar-Maj., I.O.M., Lrs.

Hargyan Singh, Risaldar, I.O.M., Lrs.
 Husamuddin Khan, Risaldar-Maj., Bahadur.
 Mansa Ram, Risaldar (A.-Risaldar-Maj.), Lrs.
 Narayan Singh, Ressaidar (A.-Risaldar)
 Nawab Singh, Ressaidar
 Nigah Ali Shah, Jemadar, Lrs.
 Nur Khan, Risaldar, Corps of Guides
 Ramnath, Risaldar, att'd Lrs.
 Sant Singh, Risaldar
 Sohan Singh, Risaldar, Lrs.
 Sukhdayal Singh, Risaldar-Maj.
 Surayan Singh, Jemadar.
 Thakur Jor Singh, Risaldar (A.-Risaldar-Maj.), Lrs.
 Uttam Singh, Risaldar-Maj., Lrs.
 Yakub Ali Khan, Risaldar
 Abdul Latif, 3210 Dafadar.
 Abdul Rezak, 2970 Sowar.
 Ali Mohamed, 2183 Dafadar, Lrs.
 Basant Singh, 303 Sqdn. Q.M. Dafadar (Kot-Dafadar), Lrs.
 Bhagat Singh, 3184 Sowar, Lrs.
 Gajjan Singh, 4655 Havildar Corps of Guides.
 Hoshier Ali Khan, 1335 Dafadar
 Inder Singh, 2600 L.-Dafadar, Lrs.
 Narain Singh, 907 Sowar (A.-L.-Dafadar).
 Nihal Singh, 2563 Dafadar, Lrs.
 Ralla Singh, 303 Dafadar, Lrs.
 Suhail Singh, 3092 Dafadar

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Abdul Kadir Khan, Jemadar, R.F.A.
 Muhammad Bakhsh, Jemadar, I.O.M.
 Multani Ram, Jemadar, Indpt. D.A.C.
 Naringan Singh, Jemadar, R.H.A.
 Nawab Khan, Jemadar, Indpt. D.A.C.
 Ahmed Khan, 551 Gnr. Naik, Mn. By.
 Allah Ditta, 4202 Havildar
 Dost Mahomed, 452 Havildar, Mn. By.
 Faujdar, 18272 Havildar

Fazal Khan, 11416 Dvr. Naik.
 Ghulam Jilani, 1402 Havildar, Mn. By.
 Kasam Khan, 941 Naik, Mn. By.
 Madha, 1441 Havildar.
 Mota Khan, 4160 Havildar.
 Rurh Singh, 298 Havildar, Mn By
 Sher Ali, 20334 Naik.
 Sultan Mohammed, 6198 Naik

ENGINEERS

Sappers and Miners

Agnew, Maj. H. C., R.E.
 Everett, Capt. M., D.S.O., R.E.
 Fletcher, Lt. H., I.A.R.O.
 Fox, Capt. E. B., R.E.
 Gidley-Kitchin, Capt. E. G., R.E.
 Gornert, Lt. G. H. M., I.A.R.O.
 Gray, Capt. J. F., R.E.
 Joly-de-Lothiniere, Capt. H. A., R.E.
 Jones, Lt. R. T., I.A.R.O.
 Lester-Jackson, Lt. A., I.A.R.O.
 Mackay, Lt. T. I. S., I.A.R.O.
 Muggeridge, Lt. H. C., I.A.R.O.
 Pennol, Capt. K. E. L., M.C., R.E. (S.R.)
 Price, Lt. A. R. P., I.A.R.O.
 Pringle, Capt. J. C., R.E.
 Wheeler, Capt. E. O., M.C., R.E.
 Witts, Capt. F. V. B., D.S.O., M.C., R.E.
 Bhola Singh, Jemadar
 Gujar Singh, Jemadar
 Darnam Singh, Jemadar
 Joseph, Subadar
 Ramasami, Subadar.
 Ram Rup Singh, Subadar, I.O.M.
 Sardar Khan, Subadar
 Varadaraju, Subadar.
 Bambergur, 8866 C.S.M.E., R.E.
 Bag Khan, 761 Havildar.
 Gulab, 2912 Naik
 Krishna-ami, 3312 Havildar.
 Kuppasami, 3617 Havildar
 Lal Khan, 3130 L-Naik
 Moung San Yah, 431 Clr Havildar

Signal Service.

Allen, Capt. (T-Lt-Col) H. I., D.S.O., N Staff. R.
 Barker, Capt. R. E., S. Lan. R.
 Blake, Capt. A. L., Som. L. I.
 Childs, Lt. E., R.G.A.
 Collier, Lt. S. L., Welsh R.
 Gordon T.-Lt. W. N., D.C.M., R.E. (Lt., S.R.)
 Higgs, T-2nd Lt. H. J., R.E.
 Hornor, Lt. R. S., R.E.
 Hutchison, Lt. B. O., Hrs.
 James, T-2nd Lt. A. S., M.C., R.E.
 Johnston, Maj. P. D. C., Rajputs.
 McGarry, 2nd Lt. J., I.A.R.O.
 Meredith, Capt. (T-Maj.) A. E., Mahrattas
 Nichols, Lt. F. W., I.A.R.O.
 Hadley, Capt. (A-Maj.) H. P., M.C., Punjabis.
 Walker, T-Lt. R. H., R.E.
 Wheeler, Lt. C., W. Rid. R.
 Wilkinson, Lt. (T-Capt.) R. J., I.A.R.O.
 Wimberley, T-Lt. R. J., R.E.
 Ashman, 78151 Sjt. R. Y., R.E.
 Beck, 44 Cpl. H. F., I.U.L.
 Betts, 11 Sjt. S., I.U.L.
 Black, 6474 Sjt. J. M., R.E.
 Brown, 9666 Cpl. J. (L'pool R.).
 Bryant, 53228 Sjt. B., (R.F.A.).
 Cain, L-2660 L-C. (A-2nd Cpl.) H. O. (Lrs.).
 Craven, 4523 Sjt. T. (Hrs.).

Dumphy, 161437 L-C (A-2nd Cpl.) H., R.E.
 Duncan, 47534 Sjt. H. (Hrs.)
 Dyer, 240309 Sjt. (A-C.Q.M.S.) R. (Som. L.I.)
 Falk, 8523 Pte. (A-Sjt.) E. (N. Staff. R.).
 Farrant, 5. 0462 Sjt. W. G., R.E.
 Heigh, 47984, C.S.M. J., D.C.M., R.E.
 Jefferies, 240088 S.-Sjt. W. A. (Hamp. R.).
 Kenny, 86662 Cpl. P. J. T., R.E.
 Kinnard, 26 C.Q.M.S. G. H., I.U.L.
 Lightowler, 72300 Sjt. C. A., R.E.
 Longhurst, 60588 Dvr. N., R.E.
 Masters, L-9530 Pte. G. (R. Suss. R.).
 McCrae, 29668 M.C. Cpl. H., R.E.
 Naylor, 56821 Sjt. J., R.E.
 Reid, 11 2nd Cpl. J., I.U.L.
 Shepherd, 9117 Sjt. Instr. (A-Q.M.S.) E., R.E.
 Simpson, 9579 Pte. (L-C.) S. (W. Rid. R.).
 Smith, 227104, L-C. (A-Mech S-Sjt.) J. H., R.E.
 Strawbridge, 4859 Sjt. S. (Hrs.)
 Stuart, 76238 Sjt. J., R.E.
 Ward, H-46198 C.Q.M.S. B. J. (Hrs.) (frmly 9512)
 Weston, 201408 Pte. G. T. (Som. L. I.)
 White, 951 Cpl. G. J., R.E.
 Wise, 201274 Cpl. E. (Hamp. R.).
 Woodruff, 200526 C.Q.M.S. C. J. (E. Kent R.)

Young, 200453 Pte. W. (Hamp. R.).
 Kasam Ali Bahadur, Subadar-Maj
 Lehru, Subadar.
 Narainsami, Subadar.
 Chhaja Singh, 1307 Dafadar (Ind. Cav.)
 Debi Chand, 2478 Havildar (Gurkha Rif.)
 Dhes Dhoj Rai, 2933 Naik (Gurkha Rif.)
 Feroz Din, 43 Pay Havildar
 Karim Ullah Khan, 14029 Havildar, (R.F.A.).
 Neki Ram 5808 Paok Dvr.
 Ram Singh 3785 Sepoy (L-Naik) (Sikhs)
 Said Nur, 3357 Sepoy (Inf.)

INFANTRY

Alexander, Lt.-Col. H. S., Merwara Inf.
 Angelo, Lt. N. L., I.A.R.O., Berar Inf.
 Badcock, Lt.-Col. F. F., D.S.O., Gurkha Rif.
 Baillie, Maj. S. M. H., Punjabis.
 Bampfild, Capt. G. C., Punjabis.
 Barstow, Capt. T. C. E., Gurkha Rif.
 Bartlett, Lt. G. D. N., I.A.R.O., Punjabis.
 Bateman-Champain, Maj. (A-Lt.-Col.) C. E., Gurkha Rifles.
 Beddy, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. P. L., Sikhs.
 Bennett, Lt. W. G., Sikhs.
 Bliss, Lt.-Col. J. A., M.V.O., D.S.O., Pmr.
 Bourne, Lt.-Col. W. Fitz G., Jat Lt. Inf.
 Boxwell, Maj. A., C.I.E., Infy.
 Bradshaw, Maj. (A-Lt.-Col.) C. R., Gurkha Rif.
 Browne, Lt. (A-Capt.) M., I.A.R.O., Punjabis.
 Brunlees, Capt. L. N., Gurkha Rif.
 Cattell, Maj. (A-Lt.-Col.) C. L., Civil attd. Gurkha Rif.
 Colan, Maj. H. N., D.S.O., Punjabis.
 Colan, Lt.-Col. W. R. B., D.S.O., Punjabis.
 Collins, T-Lt. (A-Capt.) R. T., N. and Derby. R.
 Combie, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (A-Lt.-Col.) S. B., M. C., Sikhs.
 Conolly, Lt. J. J. P., Sikhs.
 Cosby, Capt. N. R. C., M.C., I. A. R. O., Gurkha Rif.

- Cosens, Capt. F. R., Rajputs.
 Critchley, Lt. (A.-Capt.) D. R., Sikh Pnrs.
 Crowther, Capt. A. H., Punjabis.
 Cumming, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (A.-Lt.-Col.) R. J., Pns.
 Curnow, Lt. E., I.A.R.O., Punjabis.
 Davson, Maj. H. J. H., Punjabis.
 Day, Maj. A. D., Punjabis.
 Dods, Lt. (A.-Capt.) E. R. S., M.C. Grenadiers.
 Eberhardie, Capt. (A.-Maj.) R. C., Mahrattas.
 Evans, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) W. J., Gurkha Rif.
 Faris, Maj. J. G., Gurkha Rif.
 Fletcher, Lt. (A.-Capt.) A. B., Jat.
 Ford, Lt. C. W. W., Sikhs.
 Fordham, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) W. M., Inf.
 Fox, Capt. F. N., Garhwal Rif.
 Gazzard, Lt. T., Sikh Pnrs.
 Geoghegan, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. N. M., Punjabis.
 Gladstone, Lt. A. C., I.A.R.O., Gurkha Rif.
 Gladstone, Lt. S. D., M.C., Gurkha Rif.
 Goodard, Lt. E. N., Pnrs.
 Goodfellow, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (A.-Lt.-Col.) N. G. B., Pnrs.
 Hannah, Lt. A. J., I.A.R.O., Punjabis.
 Happell, Capt. W. H., Deccan Inf.
 Hauser, Lt. S. B., Deccan Inf.
 Hayne, Lt. A. R. S., I.A.R.O., Punjabis.
 Hayne, Lt. (A.-Capt.) M. L., Dogras.
 Herbert, Lt. (A.-Capt.) D. A. M., Punjabis.
 Hogg, Lt.-Col. J. McK. T., Garhwal Rif.
 Holmes, Lt.-Col. G. V., Erinpura R.
 Hughes, Capt. I. W., Napier's Rif.
 Jardine, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. C. H., Berar Inf.
 Jones, Capt. B. I., M.C., Dogras.
 King-Masson, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) A. R. L., Inf.
 Lane, Capt. F. N., Gurkha Rif.
 Lee's, Lt.-Col. T. L., D.S.O., Scinde Rif.
 Light, Lt. (A.-Capt.) H., Punjabis.
 Lloyd-Jones, Lt. W. R., Pnrs.
 Machonchy, Lt. G. A., Gurkha Rif.
 Mann, Lt. S. H., Rajputs.
 Martyn, Lt. (A.-Capt.) W. W., I.A.R.O., Mahrattas.
 Maturn, Capt. H. G., Pnrs.
 Mitchell, Lt.-Col. W. J., Baluchistan Inf.
 Mosse, Capt. C. B., Mahrattas.
 Mangle, Lt.-Col. K. E., Berar Inf.
 Nepean, Capt. H. D. H. Y., D.S.O., Gurkha Rif.
 Newitt, Lt. D. M., I.A.R.O., Sikhs.
 Nicholas, Lt. C. A. N., Inf.
 Nicholson, Capt. (A.-Lt.-Col.) F. L. M. C., Dogras.
 Peele, Lt. (A.-Capt.) C. R. de C., I.A.R.O., Punjabis.
 Pickthall, Lt. C. M., Gurkha Rif.
 Powell, Lt. F., M.C., Garhwal Rif.
 Prevost, Lt.-Col. G. H., Punjabis.
 Prissick, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (A.-Lt.-Col.) C., Punjabi Rif.
 Ralph, Lt.-Col. A. C., Rajputs.
 Ralston, Maj. W. H., D.S.O., M.C., Sikhs.
 Rice, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) B. A., McH., Gurkha Rif.
 Ridgerson, Capt. A. P., D.S.O., Garhwal Rif.
 Robbison, Lt. A. E. W., I.A.R.O., Punjabis.
 Salvessen, Lt. (A.-Capt.) H. K., Deoli R.
 Scott, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) H. S. G. S., D.S.O., Gurkha Rif.
 Seagrim, Lt. (A.-Capt.) C. B., Deccan Inf.
 Smith, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) H. H., D.S.O., Bhopal Inf.
 Stuart, Lt. (A.-Capt.) F. G., I.A.R.O., Merwara Inf.
 Swan, Lt. J. C. E., Gurkha Rif.
 Taylor, Capt. N. S., Sikh Pnrs.
 Tilly, Capt. R. Rif. attached Sikhs.
 Upton, Lt. R. B. E., Gurkha Rif. attd Garhwal Rif.
 Warhurst, Lt. A. E., Gurkha Rif.
 Waring, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) E. H., Carnatic Inf., attd. Punjabis.
 Watson, Lt.-Col. A. C., Rajputs.
 Weatherby, Lt. (A.-Capt.) E. F. C. F., Dogras.
 Weld, Capt. C. J., Punjabi Rif.
 Wellesley, Capt. H. A., M.C., Gurkha Rif.
 Wigley, Capt. P. J. R., M.C., Punjabis.
 Winn, Lt. H. E., I.A.R.O., Gurkha Rif.
 Wooldridge, Lt.-Col. W. H., Baluchistan Inf.
 Abdul Shakur Khan, Subadar (Subadar-Maj.), Inf.
 Ahmed Khan, Subadar, Punjabi.
 Alam Khan, Jemadar, Punjabis.
 Alam Sher, Subadar, Punjabis.
 Amar Singh, Jemadar, Bhopal Inf.
 Argan Singh, Subadar, Sikh Pnrs.
 Arjun Thapa, Subadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Babu Singh, Subadar, Punjabis.
 Bala Bhor, Subadar, Mahratta Lt. Inf.
 Bhag Singh, Subadar-Maj., I.O.M., Dogras.
 Bishanbir Thapa, Jemadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Brahmdoo Singh, Subadar-Maj., Deccan Inf.
 Chanda, Subadar-Maj., Deoli R.
 Chhetradhoj Limbu, Subadar (A.-Subadar-Maj.), I.O.M., Gurkha Rif.
 Dalpat Singh, Subadar-Maj., I.O.M., Jat Lt. Inf.
 Darweza Khan, Subadar, Baluchistan Inf.
 Dewa, Jemadar, Merwara Inf.
 Dharmalingam, Jemadar, Pnrs.
 Faqirullah, Subadar-Maj., Sikhs.
 Fateh Singh, Subadar, I.O.M., Punjabis.
 Ganda Sing, Subadar, Pnrs.
 Ghulam Hussain, Jemadar, Punjabis.
 Goma, Subadar, Erinpura R.
 Gurdit Singh, Jemadar, Punjabis.
 Hari Singh, Jemadar, Rajput Lt. Inf.
 Hasturam Gurung, Subadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Hukini, Subadar, Pnrs.
 Imam Ali Jemadar, Punjabis.
 Imam Din, Subadar, 90th Punjabis.
 Indar Singh Negi, Subadar, Garhwal Rif.
 Jadunandan Singh, Subadar (A.-Subadar-Maj.) Berar Inf.
 Jasbir Thapa, Jemadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Jaswant Singh, Jemadar, Sikhs.
 Jiwan Singh, Jemadar, Punjabis.
 Kalu Gurung, Subadar (A.-Subadar-Maj.), I.O.M., Gurkha Rif.
 Kansbir Rana, Jemadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Karan Bahadur Thapa, Subadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Karkahadur Rana, Subadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Karm Singh, Subadar, Pnrs.
 Kaulesar Singh, Subadar, Deccan Inf.
 Khanzana, Subadar, Punjabis.
 Kharak Singh, Subadar, I.O.M., Sikh Pnrs.
 Khushal Singh, Bahadur Subadar (A.-Subadar-Maj.), Punjabis.
 Krishna Bhosle, Subadar-Maj., Pnrs.
 Labh Singh, Subadar-Maj., Punjabis.
 Lachman Singh, Bahadur, Subadar, Sikh Pnrs.

- Madurai, Subadar, Walaajabhad Lt. Inf.
 Mahammad Saiyid, Subadar, Punjabis.
 Mangia Singh, Subadar, I.O.M., Pnrs.
 Manlahadur Thapa, Subadar-Maj., Gurkha Rif
 M. Chura Singh, Subadar, Rajputs.
 Meharwan Singh Butola, Subadar, 39th Garhwal Rif.
 Mihan Singh, Jemadar, Punjabis.
 Mit Singh, Jemadar, Pnrs.
 Moti, Subadar, Merwara Inf.
 Moti Chand, Subadar, Dogras.
 Musa Khan, Subadar, I.O.M. Pnrs.
 Mushak Ali Khan, Subadar Maj., Inf.
 Nain Sing Thapa, Jemadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Naine Lama, Subadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Nangappa, Subadar, Pnrs.
 Narayan Kadam, Jemadar, Mahrattas.
 Narbahadur Gurung, Jemadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Nizam-ud-Din, Jemadar, Napier's Rif.
 Pertab Singh Subadar (A.-Subadar-Maj.), Sikhs.
 Prem Singh Bisht, Bahadur, Subadar-Maj., Gurkha Rif.
 Raghbir Singh, Subadar, Rajputs.
 Ramlal Singh, Subadar, Napier's Rif.
 Rugha Singh, Jemadar, Jat Lt Inf.
 Rup Chand, Subadar, Jats.
 Sahabir Gurung, Subadar, Gurkha Rif.
 Sailendra Nath Basu, T.-Subadar-Maj., Bengalis.
 Sar Gul, Subadar, Inf.
 Sardar Khan, Subadar, Punjabis.
 Sayad Shams-ud-Din, Jemadar, Mahrattas.
 Sher Gul, Subadar, Sikhs.
 Sher Shar, Subadar, Punjabis.
 Sujan Singh, Subadar-Maj., Rajputana Inf.
 Sunder, Jemadar, Dogras.
 Sundar Singh, Subadar-Maj., I.O.M., Sikhs.
 Sundar Singh, Subadar, Punjabis.
 Sunder Singh, Jemadar, Bhopal Inf.
 Surajbali Singh, Jemadar, Rajputs.
 Thakur Singh, Subadar-Maj. M.C., Sikhs.
 Thakur Singh, Subadar (A.-Subadar-Maj.), Punjabis.
 Tota Singh, Subadar, Grenadiers.
 Uttam Singh, Subadar, Sikhs.
 Wazira, Subadar, Erinpura R.
 Yar Muhammad, Subadar, Grenadiers.
 Zorawar Singh Subadar, Deoli R.
 Ahmad Khan, 4955 Havildar, Pnrs.
 Aimansingh Rama, 1437 Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Akbar Khan, 4199 Naik, Scinde Rif.
 Baburnao Pisal, 1521 Havildar, Marhatta Lt. Inf.
 Bahadurman Rai, 4848 Rfn., Gurkha Rif.
 Basant Singh, 169 Clr.-Havildar, Punjabis.
 Bisman Rana, 4848 Rfn. (L.-Naik), Gurkha Rif.
 Bostan, 928 L.-Naik (A.-Naik), Punjabis.
 Chanan Singh, 525 Naik, I.O.M., Sikhs.
 Deobar Gharti, 283 Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Dhaubahadur Gurung, 637 Naik, Gurkha Rif.
 Dhaubar Gurang, 695 Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Dhanbir Thapa, 2842 Naik, Gurkha Rif.
 Dipe Rawat, 3050 Rfn., Gurkha Rif.
 Faujdar Bhishti, Jat Lt Inf.
 Fazal Din, 1848 Rfn., Napier's Rif.
 Fazal Elahi, 3102 Naik, Grenadiers.
 Feroz Khan, 741 Havildar, Punjabis.
 Galbir Thapa, 2676 Rfn. (L.-Naik), Gurkha Rif.
 Gauda Singh, 4815 Havildar, Punjabis.
 Ganesh Babadur Rana, 2199 Rfn. (L.-Naik), Gurkha Rif.
 Ganpatrao Kadam, 1718 L.-Naik, Mahrattas.
 Gopi Sali, 2461 Naik, Gurkha Rif.
 Gul Hassan, 1684 Naik, Punjabis.
 Haring Guain, 903 Clr.-Havildar, Garhwal Rif.
 Hayat Khan, 3567 Havildar, Inf.
 Hayat Mohamed, 303 L.-Naik, Punjabis.
 Hazara Singh, 194 Clr.-Havildar, Punjabis.
 Indray, 1072 L.-Naik Jat Lt. Inf.
 Jaharsing Gurung, 4608 Naik, Gurkha Rif.
 Jamali Roka, 3035 Rfn., Gurkha Rif.
 Jhanda Singh, 2734 Sepoy, Punjabis.
 Jowala Singh, 557 Naik, Punjabis.
 Judbir Khattri, 6431 Rfn., Gurkha Rif.
 Juhata, 2391 Sepoy, Jat Lt Inf.
 Kalu, 1585 Havildar, Jats.
 Kalu, Gurung, 3017 Naik, Gurkha Rif.
 Kaluram, 1063 Havildar, Punjabis.
 Kannaro Sing Gurung, 3627 Naik Gurkha Rif.
 Kehar Sing Thapa, 4381 Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Kesar Singh, 4792 Havildar, Punjabis.
 Kesri Singh, 1929 Naik, Grenadiers.
 Kharak Sing Gurung, 3799 Gurkha Rif.
 Kharjit Gurung, 4145 Clr.-Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Khowaja Mohamed, 25 Sepoy, Pnrs.
 Khushal Singh, 1970 Naik (A.-Havildar), Punjabis.
 Kulbahadur Rana, 2806 Rfn. (L.-Naik), Gurkha Rif.
 Lachman Gurung, 2910 Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Lachman Singh, 2528 Havildar, Burma Mil. Police, attd. Dogras.
 Lachman Singh, 4861 Havildar, Punjabis.
 Lal Singh, 103 Naik Punjabis.
 Laukapati Jaici, 305 Clr.-Havildar, Burma Mil. Police, attd. Gurkha Rif.
 Lehari, 588 Havildar, Jat Lt Inf.
 Mahomed Muzaffar Hussein, 2823 Q. M. Havildar Deccan Inf.
 Makardhuj Khandki, 2712 Rfn. (L.-Naik) Gurkha Rif.
 Malak Din, 4459 Sepv, Punjabis.
 Mangal Singh, 617 Havildar, Inf.
 Mangla Ram, 2746 Havildar, Grenadiers.
 Mangha, 3933 Naik, Jats.
 Mattar Sing Gurung 3413 Rfn. Gurkha Rif.
 Matu, 2954 Sepoy Jat. Lt. Inf.
 Meo Singh, 2777 Havildar, Deccan Inf.
 Mukanda Singh, 2107 Clr.-Havildar, Grenadiers.
 Nar Singh Gurung, 4407 Rfn. (L.-Naik) Gurkha Rif.
 Narangan Singh, 156 L.-Naik, Sikhs.
 Narbahadur Sahi, 2035 Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Naud Singh, 3452 Naik, Sikhs.
 Nawab Khan, 2565, Punjabis.
 Parbal Rana, 2747 Rfn., Assam Mil. Police, attd. Gurkha Rif.
 Punjab Singh, 2197 Sepoy (L.-Naik) Dogras.
 Puran Singh, 1834 Naik Punjabis.
 Ragbir Sahi, 421 Naik, Gurkha Rif.
 Rahmat Khan, 1915 Havildar, Punjabis.
 Ramasami, 694 L.-Naik, Pnrs.
 Ram Kishen Gurung, 2203 Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Ram Singh, 3771 Sepoy, Grenadiers. ©
 Ramji Lal, 2321 Clr.-Havildar, Pnrs.
 Rankarn Singh, 1608 Havildar, Rajputs.
 Rampidarath, 2559 Sepoy, Jat Lt. Infy.

Ramsarup 3649 Sepoy, Jat Lt. Inty
 Rataubir Ale, 702 Rfn (L-Naik) Gurkha Rif.
 Rudrabir Pun, 2256 Naik, Gurkha Rif
 Salakhan Singh, 2610 Havildar Punjabis.
 Samarbahadur Bhaudari, 2011 Havildar Gurkha Rif
 Santabar Gurung, 3142 Rfn, Gurkha Rif
 Sarabjit Gurung, 2727 Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Sarabjit Thapa, 1330 Rfn, Gurkha Rif
 Shah Baz Khan, 1632 Havildar, Punjabis
 Sheodival Ram, 2458 Sepoy Pirs
 Sherbadur Ale, 1032, Rfn Gurkha Rif
 Shibal, 1322 Sepoy, Jat Lt Int
 Shibal, 350 Sepoy, Jat Lt Int
 Shiv Shankar Dube, 1939 L-Naik, Punjabis
 Sahan Singh, 2654 Sepoy Sikhs
 Sri Ramloo, 1761 Havildar, Deccan Inf
 Sundar, 1786 Naik, D grns
 Sunder Singh, 4480 Sepoy (L-Naik), Pnrs
 Sure Ali, 4266 Ch-Havildar, Gurkha Rif.
 Tahal Singh, 4097 Ch-Havildar, Punjabis
 Thakur Das, 2 Havildar, Dogras.
 Toto Ram, 42 Havildar, Punjabis
 Tulbir Gurung 3714 Havildar, Gurkha Rif
 Tulbir Thapa 1508 Rfn, Gurkha Rif
 Yusufali, 3211 Havildar, Deccan Inf
 Yusuf Khan, 1902 Sepoy, Pnrs

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS
 Bispham, Lt G I A R O
 Boyce, Maj C J
 Brook, Maj T F
 Carter, Capt F G, I A R O
 Cattell, Lt A S I A R O
 Chanter, Maj A D
 Clarke, Maj R C, M C
 Cockman, 2nd Lt G R, I A R O
 Crealock, Lt, (A-Capt) W E W, I A R O
 Dix, Lt W, R W Kent R
 Duff, Mr C (Hon Lt, Gov't Farms Dept)
 Ewart, Maj (T-Lt-Col) R F
 Fisk, Lt E A, I A R O
 Frost, Mr G H (Hon Capt, Gov't Farms Dept)
 George, Lt A B, I A R O
 Harman, Lt (A-Capt) O A, I A R O
 Hart, Maj (T-Lt-Col) E G
 Haydon, Lt-Col W P, D S O
 Hext, Maj J E
 Hurst, Lt (T-Capt) I, I A R O
 Kirby, Maj J T, D S O
 Kirwan, Lt (T-Capt) L E, I A R O
 Leitch, Dep Commy and Hon Capt, G
 Lewis, Asst Commy and Hon Lt C
 Lloyd, Lt, (A-Capt) A C, I A R O
 Lloyd, Maj (T-Lt-Col) C R, D S O
 McCallum, Capt R E, R Scots
 Metcalfe, Capt E D T, Gurkha Rif
 Mulliken, Capt E M Mahrattas
 Porch, Maj and Bt Lt-Col E A, M C
 Rawlings, Lt G N
 Rice, Maj G D
 Rowan-Robertson, Maj (A-Lt-Col) J R, D S O
 Scholefield, Lt (A-Capt) M T, I A R O.
 Scott, Capt W R A
 Smyth, Lt (A-Capt) G C G, I A R O.
 Spiller, Lt (A-Capt) T R, I A R O
 Stevenson, Capt H D M, M C.
 Thomson, Lt (A-Capt) R S, I A R O
 Turner, Lt N T. B, I A R O
 Wardell, Maj T-Lt-Col) G. F. E.
 Woodhouse, Maj and Bt Lt-Col. P. St. J. R.

Anderson, S-St. R W.
 Beale, T-Sjt, E H. W.
 Broadshaw, T-Sjt. C. H
 Bruce, Sub-Cond'r H.
 Buncher, Sjt A E
 Burdett, Sub-Cond'r H
 Cain, 2431 Pte (A-Sjt) C A
 Crowther, S-Sjt (A-Sub-Cond'r) C
 Denny, S-Sjt (T-Sub-Cond'r) J W
 Doyle, S-Sjt M J
 Edgerley, Sub-Cond'r H F
 Fraser, Sjt A C
 Glendenning, 13291 T-Sjt S
 Harper, S Sjt (A-Sub-Cond'r) C
 Harris, 200876 Pte (A-Sjt) A J, Devon. R
 Harris, T-Sjt H M
 Hayward, S-Sjt G
 Herlen, S-Sjt W, I M L, Gov't Farms Dept
 Hewson, Sub-Cond'r (A-Cond'r) J W
 Houlihan, T-Sjt J A
 Howe, Sub-Cond'r A J
 Hughes, Cond'r W B
 Iliff, 1918 Sjt F W, Conn Rgrs
 Kendall, 4312 S-Sjt J W, R F A
 Lyons, 28006 T-Sjt G M
 Mathews, Sub-Cond'r F
 Miller, 6789 Sjt T H
 North, S-Sjt (T-Sub-Cond'r) S A
 Poole, Cond'r F A
 Rayan, T-Sjt A T.
 Sole, S-Sjt F G
 Staton, S-Sjt (A-Sub-Cond'r) W
 Tattersall, Cond'r O
 Taylor, T-Sjt J N
 Tebb, Cond'r H
 Tovey, Sub-Cond'r (A-Cond'r) W.
 Turk, Sjt T J
 Veale, L-4182 S-Sjt H W Lus, attd. Gov't Farms Dept
 Whitley, Sub-Cond'r C
 Williams S-Sjt (A-Sub-Cond'r) A E
 Williams, Cond'r C H
 Williams, 200827 Pte (Local Sjt) H, Devon R
 Young, S-Sjt (A-Sub-Cond'r) H

Abdullah Khan Jemadar, 1st Gde Vet Asst
 Abdul Rasal Jemadar, 1st Gde Vet Asst
 Akbar Khan Jemadar, Mule Corps
 Alam Khan Ressadar, Mule Corps
 Baisakhi Ram Jemadar, Mule Corps
 Ehir Singh, Jemadar, Mule Corps
 Gama Jemadar (T-Residar), Mule Corps
 Jahan Dad Khan, Jemadar, Mule Corps
 Khuda Dad Khan Jemadar, Mule Corps
 Maluk Khan Ressadar, Bahadur, Mule Corps
 Mohamed Khan Jemadar Mule Corps
 Abdul Huq 3rd Gde Vet Asst
 Abdul Rahim Khan 156 S-Smith
 Alladad, 991 Dvr (A-L-Naik) Mule Corps
 Auran, 939 Kot-Dafadar, Mule Corps
 Bahawal Khan 358 Naik, Mule Corps
 Chhidani 874 Blacksmith, Mule Corps
 Dost Mahomed, 991 L-Naik (A-Kot-Dafadar), Mule Corps
 Fakir Mahomed, 1236 Dvr, Mule Corps.
 Fattah Ahmed, 745 4th Gde Vet Asst., Mule Corps
 Fazal Elahi, 1445 Naik (A-Kot-Dafadar), Mule Corps
 Gulam Hussain, 231 L-Naik, Mule Corps.
 Gurdit Singh, 1206 L-Naik Mule Corps.

Haider, 895 L.-Naik, Mule Corps.
 Hassan Mahomed, 1597 L.-Naik Mule Corps.
 Inayat Hussain, 1227 Blacksmith, Mule Corps.
 Jiwan Shah, 1608 Naik, Mule Corps.
 Karim Khan, 237 Blacksmith, Mule Corps.
 Kasham Ali, 788 Naik, Mule Corps.
 Kershad Ali Shah, 798 Dvr. (A.-Kot-Dafadar), "C" Complement, Poona S. & T. Corps.
 Khrishna Swamy, 855 Naik (A.-Q.M. Dafadar), Mule Corps.
 Kundan Singh, 895 Dvr, Mule Corps.
 Mahbub Khan, 3rd Gde Vet Asst.
 Mahomed Akbar, 573 Kot-Dafadar, Mule Corps.
 Mahomed Beg, 644 Naik, Mule Corps.
 Medhi Khan, 6 Kot-Dafadar, Mule Corps.
 Meer Khan, 346 Kot-Dafadar, Mule Corps.
 Nadir Khan, 27 L.-Naik, Mule Corps.
 Nasrullah, 1720 Dvr., Mule Corps.
 Nathoo, 573 Sadd., Mule Corps.
 Nathu, 236 Kot-Dafadar, Mule Corps.
 Neaz Ali, 820 L.-Naik, Mule Corps.
 Niaz Ali, 587 L.-Naik, Mule Corps.
 Nur Mahomed, 2nd Gde. Vet. Asst., Mule Corps.
 Nur Hussain, 1773 Kot-Dafadar, Mule Corps.
 Nur Hussain, 986 Dvr. (A.-Naik), Mule Corps.
 Rai Wali, 899 Naik (A.-Kot-Dafadar), Mule Corps.
 Ramayah, 876 Blacksmith, Mule Corps.
 Sahib Din, 1699 L.-Naik, Mule Corps.
 Sakhi Mahomed, 1537 L.-Naik, Mule Corps.
 Sher Baz, 811 L.-Naik, Mule Corps.
 Abdul Rahman, Syed, 4th Grade Clerk.
 Authmoolam Pillai, temp. 2nd Class Agent
 Girish Chandar Ghosh, 4th Grade Clerk.
 Hari Chand Suri, 1st Class Agent.
 Karam Dad, 5th Grade Clerk.
 Khanol Kar, 6th Grade Clerk.
 Mahadeo, No 462 (Mhow), 7th Grade actg. 3rd Grade Clerk Naik.
 Monamed Abdul Baki, 7th Grade Clerk.
 Mohammad Abdul Kakim Khan, 1st Class Agent.
 Mohamed Ebrahim, Supernumerary 5th Grade Clerk.
 Pearay Lal Gorga, 6th Grade Clerk.
 Riaz Ahmed, No 710 Clerk, Mule Corps.
 Shambu Nath, 6th Grade Clerk.
 Sher Singh Ramgarhia, 5th Grade Clerk.
 Veera Samy Dharalingum Pillai.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Barron, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) R.M., D.S.O.
 Bilderbeck, Capt. A. C. L. O'S., M.B.
 Brassey, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) L. P., M.B.
 Brown, Capt. H. H.
 Christophers, Maj. S. R., C.I.E., M.B.
 Coppinger, Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) W. V., M.B., F.R.C.S.I.
 Cruddas, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) H. M., C.M.G.
 Dabholkar, T.-Lt. A. Y., M.C., M.B.
 Dick, Capt. A.M., M.B., F.R.C.S.
 Evans, Capt. T. J. C., M.C., F.R.C.S.
 Gee, Lt.-Col. F. W., M.B.
 Gupta, T.-Lt. S.C.S., M.D., F.R.C.S.
 Hickling, Mr. (Hon. Capt.) A. S., Dental Surg.
 Hill Capt. A. H. C.
 Hingston, Capt. R. W. G., M.C., M.B.
 Innes, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) H., M.D.
 Kelley, Lt.-Col. T.B., D.O., S. F.R.C.S., Edin.

Leonard, Maj. W. H., F.R.C.S.
 Lorimer, Capt. A. P. G., M.B.
 Macgregor, Capt. R. F. D., M.C., M.B.
 Mackie, Maj. F. P., M.B., F.R.C.S.
 Maddox, Lt.-Col. R. H., M.B.
 McPherson, Lt.-Col. G., M.B., F.R.C.S., Edin.
 Mearns, Maj. W. A., M.B.
 Melville, Lt.-Col. H. G., M.D., F.R.C.S., Edin.
 Naidu, T.-Lt. B. P. B.
 Nicholson, Capt. M. A., M.B.
 Norman, T.-Lt. C. E. R.
 Proctor, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) A. H., M.D.
 Furvis, Capt. M., M.B.
 Scroggie, Maj. W. R. J.
 Sen, Capt. J. L., M.C., M.B.
 Sheppard, Capt. A. L., M.B.
 Singh, Lt. B. H.
 Stocker, Capt. C. J., M.C., M.B.
 Symes, Capt. A. J., M.B.
 Tarr, Maj. W., M.D., F.R.C.S., Edin.
 Walker, Capt. W. O., M.B.
 Watson, Capt. W. L.
 Wright, Maj. W.D., M.B.
 Young, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) G. J. G., M.B.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

D'Arcy, 3rd Cl. Asst. Surg. A. F. J., D.C.M.
 Edward, 252 1st Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg. J.
 Fox, 1st Cl. Asst. Surg. H. A.
 Graham, 4th Cl. Asst. Surg. F. M.
 Howatson, 1st Cl. Asst. Surg. G. A. S.
 Lawrence, 2nd Cl. Asst. Surg. G. H.
 Mathews, 4th Cl. Asst. Surg. V. M.
 Murphy, 3rd Cl. Asst. Surg. H. N.
 Rosair, 2nd Cl. Asst. Surg. H. B.
 Vanderwart, 4th Cl. Asst. Surg. S. C.
 Vincent, 4th Cl. Asst. Surg. J. F. de S.
 Barkat Ram, 1st Cl. Senr. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Ghulam Dastgir Khan, 2nd Cl. Senr. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Karam Chand, 1st Cl. Senr. Sub. Ass. Surg.
 Niaz Ali Khan, 1st Cl. Senr. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Chail Behari Lal Dina, 1st Gde Civil Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Chhattar Singh, 1317 2nd Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Chunilal Himatram Bhatt, 388 2nd Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Durga Par-had Misra, 1294 2nd Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Ganga-Parshad, 1306 2nd Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Gukul Singh, 136 2nd Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Hira Singh, 953 1st Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Kalathil Gopalan, 382 2nd Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Parmanand, 156 1st Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Ram-Ditta Mall, 1094 1st Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Rati-Lal Kershav Lal Modi, 1344 3rd Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Shaik Ghulam Mohamed Lal Sahib, 421 3rd Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.
 Sharpurje Munshirjee Bharucha, 115 1st Cl. Sub. Asst. Surg.

Ward Servants and Orderlies.

Abdul Hamid, 2840 Packstore Havildar, Inf.
 Babaji Rao Surve, 1980 Sepoy, Mahrattas.
 Gaya Bakhsh Singh, 2219 Sepoy, Rajputs.
 Ghamandi Singh, 1511 Sepoy, Rajputs.
 Gulab Sing Negi, 1773 L.-Naik, Gurkha Rif.
 Ismail Khan, 4183 2nd Gde. Ward Servant A. H. C.
 Jassanath, 1450 Sowar Ind. Cav. ●
 Karim Khan, 1781 Packstore Havildar, Inf.
 Kesar, L.A.R. 1012, Sweeper Bildar A.H.C.

Lall Khan, 765 Sepoy, Punjabis.
Mangli, 2028 1st Gde Ward Sweeper, A.H.C.
Mohideen Khan, 3329 Havildar, Inf.
Piram Ditta, P.-87 Sweeper, A.H.C.
Sheodan Singh, 665 Sowar, Ind. Cav.
Surjan Singh, 27 9 Sepoy, Punjabis.
Thamam Singh, 1716 Havildar, Sikhs.

Army Bearer Corps.

Ash Roo, 3039 L.-Havildar.
Chetan, 7224 Bearer.
Goma, 5375 Bearer (B.-Naik).
Harnath, 5344 L.-Naik.
Kishen, 5251 Naik.
Laloo, 8035 L.-Havildar.
Manohar, 1309 Bearer.
Muni Lal, 3609 L.-Naik.

REMOUNT DEPARTMENT.

Anderson, Maj. J. F. H., D.S.O.
Bell, Lt. A. J., I.A.R.O., att'd. Ind. Cav.
Cazalet, Lt. (A.-Capt.) R. G., I.A.R.O.
Manderson, Capt. R. W., Ind. Cav.
Walker, Maj. A. M. E. H. T., Ind. Army
(Supernumerary List).
Chuter, 30078 Cpl. (A.-Sjt.) L. W., Nesf. E.
Cook, S. Sjt. H. C.
Crocker, S. Sjt. E.
Bhawani Singh, Bahadur, O.B.I.
Hira Singh, Jemadar.
Nathe Khan, Res-aidar, Ind. Cav.
Nur Muhammad Khan, Jemadar, Ind. Cav.
Shari Khan, Jemadar, Ind. Cav.
Taj Muhammad Khan, Jemadar, Ind. Cav.
Bakhtawa Singh, 96h Kot-Dafadar, Ind. Cav.
Bhairoo Singh, 1808 Dafadar, Ind. Cav.
Jaswant Singh, 20695 Dafadar, Ind. Cav.
Karam Sher, 111 L.-Dafadar.
Lall Khan, 766 Kot-Dafadar, Lt. Cav.

VETERINARY SERVICES.

Hitching-, 4815 Farr. Q.M.S. H.
Langley, 8538 Farr. S. Sjt. A.
St. kef, 39231 Farr. Sjt (A.-Farr. S.-Sjt.)
W. K.
Westacott, 25851 Farr S. Sjt. W. L.
Janga 45 Naik Syce, 17th Lrs.
Shah Datta Datta, 1 Clk.
Shuk Adam, Clk.
Sonan Singh, Vet. Asst.
Sowa, M.T.C.D. 9144 Syce (A. Nalbund).

INDIAN ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Bowen, Lt.-Col. (T.-Col.) H. W., R.A.
Jenkin, Maj and Bt. Lt.-Col. F. C., R.A.
Meredy, Maj. H., R.A.
Redd, Maj. (T.-Lt. Col.) C., D.S.O., R.A.
Rough, Maj. G. M., D.S.O., R.A.
Stavelov, Dep. Commy. of Ord. and Hon.
Capt. W.
Arblaster, Sjt. (A.-Sub-Cond.) E.
Coates, S.-Sjt. (T.-Sub-Cond.) H.G.
Cormack, Cond. W.
Greenford, Cond. C.
Hyde, Cond. C. B.
Langrish, Sub-Cond. F.
Marsh, S.-Sjt. (T.-Sub-Cond.) H. W.
Mathews, Sub-Cond. J.
O'Neill, S.-Sjt. (T.-Sub-Cond.) E. M.
Perriton, Sub Cond. (T.-Cond.) W. L.
Wade, Cond. J.
Abdul Aziz, 1632 Carpenter.
Bhagan, 86-482, Ferozepore Arsenal, Tindal.
David, 573-3029, Rangoon Arsenal, Sirdar.

90GI

INDIAN SURVEY DEPARTMENT.

Perry, Cart. W. E., R.E.
Strog, Mr. (Hon. Lt.) W. H.
Ahmad Shah, frmlv. Ind. Cav (Jemadar).
Hamid Gul (Subadar).
Nanak Chand Puri, B. A. (Subadar).

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Broadhurst, Capt. A. F. B., H. L. I.
Murray, Maj. H., Ind. Army.
Rountree, Lt. A. F., I.A.R.O.
Rose, 60744 Sjt. J. A., R.F.A.
Whittaker, 200888 Pte. W. V., R.W. Sur. R.
Atkinson, 3rd Gde. Acct. A.
Badal, 3rd Gde. Acct. G. B.
Lalla Bhagwan Dass, T. 4th Gde. Clk.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICE.

Beard, S.-Sjt. A. W.
Brown, Sub-Cond. (A.-Cond.) G. J. F.
Lewis, S.-Sjt. (A.-Cond.) C.
Newbould, M.W.S. 112 Acct. T. B. M.
Stevens, S.-Sjt. E. J.
Webster, W.D., 2835 Overseer J. M., P.W.D.
Amar Chand, W.D., 3097 Sub-Overseer,
P.W.D.
Balkrishendass, T. Acct. M. W. S.
Balmokard Bhatia, E.F.P. 17 Storekeeper.
Ellahi Bux, W.D., 2986 Sub-Overseer (T.
Overseer).
Ernest Dias, W.D. 5168 Overseer, P.W.D.
Fakir Chand, Sub-Overseer.
Ibrahim, 181-A. Carpenter Mistri.
Maya Ram, W.D. 1180 Overseer (T. M.W.S.
Nikka Ram Diddes, W.D. 5605 T. Overseer
(T.M.W.S.).
Salig Ram, W.D. 2920 Overseer.
Shri Gopal, W.D. 2778 Overseer (T.-M.W.S.).
Tota Ram, Sub-Engr.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

Hedges, T.-Lt. H. E., R.E.
Power, T.-Capt. (T.-Maj.) G. B., C.I.E., R.E.
Whitting, T.-Lt. J. M., R.E.
Fraser, 237199 Pnr. C., R.E.
Reeves, 240262 Sjt. T. F., Hamps R.
Thomson 20920 Spr (Local Sjt.) J.C., R.E.
Arkell, 90 Mr. C. B.
Costello, Mr. M. W.
De Silva, Mr. S. D. V.
Foregarde, Mr. J. A. V.
Francis, 1228 Mr. L. M.
Franklin, 154 Mr. J. E.
Thoy, Mr. H. D.
Wancor, 674 Mr. F. A.
Bankin, Chaudra Ghosal, Clk.
Bhiku Gunaji, 141.
Bhutanath Sinha, 2624.
Fazal Din, T.-Sub-Inspr.
Kirparam, T.-Sub-Inspr.
Suba Khan, 1309 Sub-Inspr.

POSTAL DEPARTMENT

Angelo, Mr. A. (relative rank Maj.).
Bell, Mr. C. H. (relative rank Lt.).
Clerici, T.-Capt. C. J. E., C.I.E., R.E.
Everett, M. E. V. (relative rank Asst.
Commy.).
Ferguson, T.-2nd Lt. J., R.E.
Gonsalves, Mr. A. D. (relative rank Asst.
Commy.).
Gonsalves, Mr. G. F. (relative rank Asst.
Commy.).

Hebbard, Mr. H. H. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Hemlev, Mr. H. G. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Homer, Mr. W. W. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Jacob, Mr. T. A. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Kuna Chandra Sen, T.-Hon. 2nd Lt., R.E.
 Lovejoy, Mr. C. E. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 O'Callaghan, Mr. S. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Ostoch, Mr. H. (relative rank Lt.).
 Percira, Mr. J. A. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Rebello, Mr. C. G. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Smith, T.-Lt. C. P., R.E.
 Taylor, Mr. A. W. (relative rank Lieut.).
 Verne, Mr. A. W. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Weile, Mr. O. (relative rank Asst. Commy.).
 Cutting, Mr. A. B. (relative rank Sjt.).
 Murphy, 147976 Sjt. T.F., 74th Coy., R.G.A.
 Richman, 48913 Sjt. (A.-C.S.M.) R.E., 2nd (Garr.) Bn., North'd Fus.
 Abdar Rahman, Mr. (relative rank Subadar).
 Trichinopoly Rama Krishneswamy, Mr. (relative rank Jemadar).
 Kai Khuree Sorabji Sarti, Mr. (relative rank Jemadar).

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Brown, Lt. L. N., I.A.R.O.

Bullard, Mr. R. W., C.I.E.
 Cunliffe-Owen, Lt.-Col. F., C.M.G., R.A.
 Edmonds, T.-Cap. C.
 Fairley, Lt. J. W.
 Fernandez, Mr. R.
 Garbett, Mr. C. C., B.A., LL.B., I.C.S.
 Goldsmith, Capt. H. A., M.C., Inf.
 Hamilton, Lt.-Col. R. E. A., Ind. Army (Supernumerary List).
 Howell, T.-Lt.-Col. E. B., C.I.E., B.A., I.C.S.
 Leachman, Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. G.E., C.I.E.
 Marra, Lt. (T.-Capt.) R.
 Marshall, Capt. W. M., Dogras. (Killed in action.)
 McLeod, Mr. D.
 Meek, Capt. (T.-Maj.) A. S., Ind. Army (Supernumerary List).
 Mosse, Maj. A. H. E., Ind. Army (Supernumerary List).
 Murray, Capt. S. G. C., Pnrs.
 Parry, Lt. D. G., I.A.R.O.
 Philby, Mr. H. St. J. B., C.I.E., I.C.S.
 Scott, Maj. N. E. H., M.B., I.M.S.
 Sherrard, T.-Capt. G. C.
 Soane, T.-Maj. E. B.
 Wilson, Capt. A. T., C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., Ind. Army.
 Wilson, Mr. P. D.
 Wilson, Capt. W. C. F. A., Rif.
 Abdallah Beg Bin Ahmed Sanah Pasha.
 Farhud al Muebashghash, Shaikh.
 Haji Athar Bin Mir Salman.
 Saeed Bin Hafiz.

LINES OF COMMUNICATION.

Aitken, Lt. (T.-Capt.) A. B., M.C., I.A.R.O.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Bowers, Lt. (T.-Lt. Col.) P. L., M.C., I.A.R.O.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Brock, Capt. (T.-Maj.) C. H., I.A.R.O., attd. Inf.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Fleming, Maj. W. E., M.C., Dogras.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
O'Leary, Lt. M. G., I.A.R.O.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Pollard, Lt. (T.-Capt.) A. R., I.A.R.O.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Skinner, Capt. A. L., Rajputana Inf.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Smith, Lt. J. H., I.A.R.O., attd. Gurkha Rif.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Thorne, Lt. H., I.A.R.O., attd. Rajputs.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Trueman, Maj. H. J. H., Erinpura R.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Boult, T. Sjt. N. C., S. & T. Corps.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Moorman, S.-Sjt. (Local Sub-Cond. W. B., I. M. L.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sadlier, Sub-Cond. R. W. C. T., S. & T. Corps.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ranjan Singh, Ressaidar, Ind. Cav.							
Jalal Khan, Jemadar, Benares State Amb. Corps.							
Ramlal Singh, Subadar, Napier's Rif.							
Sundar Singh, Subadar, Sikhs.							
Abdul Wahid, 2747 Havildar, Inf.							
Gopal Singh, 1471 Sepoy, Punjabis.							
Munshi Singh, 1755 L.-Naik (A.-Naik), Rajput L.I.							
Rajab Bakhsh, 16031 Dvr. (L.-Naik) (A.-Havildar), R.F.A.							
Roderiques, P.N.A.-1656, Civilian Clerk.							
Teja Singh, 1663-L.-Naik, Sikhs.							

RAILWAYS.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Angell, Mr. C. H. C. (relative rank Maj.), Ind. Ry. Civ. Engr.							
Berkeley, Capt. T.-Maj. A. M., I.A.R.O.							

Bliss, Mr. C. V. (relative rank Lt.-Col.), Ind. Rlys.

Bocquet, Mr. G. S. (relative rank Lt.-Col.), Ind. Rlys.

Bowen Lt. (T.-Capt.) C. H. C., I.A.R.O.

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Cunningham, Mr. G. (relative rank Capt.), Ind. Rlys. Mech. Engr.

Glanville, Lt. (T.-Capt.) E. A., I.A.R.O.

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Lakeland, Lt. (T.-Capt.) W. J., I.A.R.O.

McIntosh, Mr. A. (relative rank Maj.)

* * * * *

Stowell, Lt. (T.-Capt.) G. C., I. A.R.O.

Tannah, Capt. (T.-Maj.) J. R., V.D., I.A.R.O.

Thorpe, Mr. W. A. C. (relative rank Lt.-Col.), Ind. Rlys. Mech. Engr.

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Brabson, 15599 Mr. A. C.

Brenchley, 15470 Mr. R. J.

Henderson, 6624 Mr. A. K.

Holmes, 7100 Mr. C. E.

Joyce, 8763 Mr. F.

Watts, 15724 Mr. H. T.

Bejoy Krishna Mukerji, 17001 Head Clk.

Bhur Singh, 2282 Sepoy (A.-Naik), Rajputs.

Faqir Chand, 8518 Stationmaster.

Ghulam Mahomad, 0553 Dvr.

Nihal Chand, 0554 Dvr.

Prem Sing, 6021 Supervisor.

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Huggins, 2nd Lt. (A.-Capt.) F. M., I.A.R.O.

Hyde-Smith, Lt. (A.-Capt.) V. G., I.A.R.O.

Jackson, Lt. (A.-Capt.) J. D., I.A.R.O.

* * * * *

Mackay, Lt. (A.-Capt.) F. F., I.A.R.O.

Mitchell, Lt. (A.-Capt.) G. G., I.A.R.O.

Rae, Lt. (A.-Capt.) C., I.A.R.O.

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Smart, Lt. C. N. B., I.A.R.O.

Smith, Lt. (A.-Capt.) K. C., I.A.R.O.

Wilson, Lt. (A.-Capt.) J. M., I.A.R.O.

Yeates, Lt. (A.-Capt.) R. M. M., I.A.R.O.

Moir, Mr. W. R.

* * * * *

Hewson, Sub-Cond. F. M., M. W. S., Labour Corps.

* * * * *

Walsh, 11135 S.-Sjt. M., M.W.S. and P.W.D., Labour Corps.

* * * * *

Abdul Ghani, Subadar-Maj., Sappers and Miners, Labour Corps.

Basawa Singh, Jemadar, Lrs., Labour Corps.

Faujdar Khan, Jemadar, Pnrs., Labour Corps.

Hamil Singh, Jemadar

Hardit Singh, Labour Corps.

Iman Din, Jemadar, Mule Corps.

Kala Singh, Jemadar, Sikhs, Labour Corps.

Kanayathi Sahapathi, Subadar-Maj., Sappers and Miners, Labour Corps.

Karim Bax, Jemadar, Mule Corps.

Kirpa Singh, Risaldar, Lrs., Labour Corps.

Rahmatullah, Jemadar, Sikhs.

Ramalingham Pillai, Subadar, Inf.

Sudhan Singh, Jemadar, Labour Corps.

Atma Singh, 3536 Carpenter, Labour Corps.

Bhawani Singh, 1607 Havildar, Labour Corps.

Chuhnr Khan, 2070 X.L.C., Havildar, Ind. Police, Labour Corps.

Faqir Muhammad, 578 Havildar, Labour Corps.

Fazl Din, 346 Blacksmith, Labour Corps.

Ghulam Muhammad, 1789 Havildar, Labour Corps.

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LOCAL RESOURCES.

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Faehurst, Mr. A. Mil. Accts. Dept.

* * * * *

Joseph, Bom. 116 6th Gde. Clk. B. P. S., S. & T. Corps.

LABOUR AND PORTER CORPS.

Anderson, Lt. M. L., I.A.R.O.

Armitage, Lt. C. C., I.A.R.O.

Barnett, Lt. (A.-Capt.) A. H., I.A.R.O.

Bridgewater, Lt. A. G. B., I.A.R.O.

Cantlie, Lt. (A.-Capt.) K., I.A.R.O.

Cox, Lt. (A.-Capt.) E. O., I.A.R.O.

Dickens, Lt. W. S., I.A.R.O.

Elliott, Lt. (T.-Maj.) G. F., I.A.R.O.

Falgar, Lt. (A.-Capt.) R. J., I.A.R.O.

Garrett, Lt. (A.-Capt.) E. C. McN., I.A.R.O.

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EMBARKATION.

Dundas, Maj. & Bt. Lt.-Col. P. H., D.S.O., Jat. L.I.

MASTERS OF TRANSPORTS.

Beale, Mr. E. W.

Carre, Mr. E. G.

Elton, Mr. G. R.

Galgey, Mr. J. H.

Kelner, Mr. J. G.

Langlands, Mr. D. H.

Haji Matook Bin Jassin, 9822 Head Caulker, R.I.M.

Hassim Bin Ibrahim, 9858 Head Sailmaker, R.I.M.

Kasim Ibram, 6060 Lascar, R.I.M.

Lall Meah, Abdul Karim, 8, 2nd Cl. Master, R.I.M.

Mangal Singh, 9906 Wireman Mistri, R.I.M.

Mohamed Hoosin Nazib, 5019 Serang, R.I.M.

Nazoo Meah, 2029, 2nd Cl. Master, R.I.M.

Sando Ali, 999 Seacunny, R.I.M.

Shaikh Booran, 6160 Sailmaker, R.I.M.

Unir Din, 9901 Workshop Foreman, R.I.M.

Croad, Lt. A., I.A.R.O.

Hendry, Lt. (A.-Capt.) F. C., M.C., I.A.R.O.

Shand, Lt. G., I.A.R.O.

PROVOST ESTABLISHMENT.

Harley, Maj. A. B., D.S.O., Pnsr.

Shallow, Lt. (A.-Capt.) G., I.A.R.O., Attd. Rif.

Thyne, Capt. (T.-Maj.) W., Punjabis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dixon, Mr. L. A., Y.M.C.A.

Gordon, Capt. (T.-Maj.) J. de la H., M.C., Punjabis.

Venn, Lt. (T.-Capt.) T. W., I.A.R.O.

Fateh Singh, Subadar-Muj., late Malay States Guides.

IMPERIAL SERVICE TROOPS.

PATIALA IMPERIAL SERVICE LANCERS.

Pennington, Lt.-Col. A. W., M.V.O., Spec. Serv. Offr.

Trench, Capt. J. S., I.A.R.O., Spec. Serv. Offr.

Reed, Lt. M. W., I.A.R.O., Spec. Serv. Offr.

Balwant Singh, Maj.

Jaimal Singh, Risaldar-Maj.

MALER KOTLA IMPERIAL SERVICE SAPPERS AND MINERS.

Bond, Capt. and Bt. Maj. L. V., R.E., Spec. Serv. Offr.

Basant Singh, 95 Havildar, Artfr.

Karim Baksh, 260 Naik-Bugler.

MYSORE IMPERIAL SERVICE TRANSPORT CORPS.

Essa, 438 L.-Dafadar.

Martuza Beip, 708 Subadar.

Mon Singh, 1042 Jemadar.

GWALIOR IMPERIAL SERVICE TRANSPORT CORPS.

Barjor Singh, 1359 L.-Dafadar.

Hardial, 1559 L.-Dafadar.

JAIPUR IMPERIAL SERVICE TRANSPORT CORPS.

Thakur Hukam Singh, Maj.

Macdonald, Mr. C.

Morris, Mr. W. J. (Chief Offr.)

Oake-Shott, Mr. C. A.

Salmon, Mr. R. H. N.

Saunders, Mr. J. W. T.

Simpson-Jones, Mr. G.

Walker, Mr. H.

A. H. BINGLEY, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

*Simla, the 26th October 1918.***London Gazette.**

No. 66.—The following extracts are published for information :—
Seventh Supplement, dated the 23rd August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th August 1918, page 9818.

Admiralty, 23rd August 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Service Cross to Lieutenant Reginald Dundas Merriman, R.I.M., for valuable services in connection with the defence of Kut el Amara.

Fifth Supplement, dated the 26th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, page 9954.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

*St. James's Palace, S.W.,**26th August 1918.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia :—

To be additional Companions of the said Most Eminent Order.

Commander Alexander Gordon Bingham, R.I.M.

Seventh Supplement, dated the 27th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, page 10000, 10001 and 10002.

*War Office.**27th August, 1918.*

The Secretary of State for War has received the following despatch addressed to the Chief of the General Staff, India, by Lieut.-General W. R. Marshall, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., Commanding-in-Chief, Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force :—

*General Headquarters,
 Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force,
 15th April, 1918.*

Sir,—With reference to the concluding paragraph of my despatch dated the 10th April, 1918, I have the honour to submit herewith a list of names of those officers, ladies, non-commissioned officers and men serving, or, who have served, under my command, whose distinguished and gallant services and devotion to duty I consider deserving of special mention.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

W. R. MARSHALL,

Lieut.-General,

Commanding-in-Chief,

Mesopotamian Expeditionary Force.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
SEA TRANSPORT.				*	*	*	*
Poyntz, Lt. A. R. C., D.S.O., R.I.M.							
Turbett, Lt. Comdr. (T.-Comdr.) L. W. R. T., R.I.M.							
Burrows, Gnr. A., R.I.M.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
INLAND WATER TRANSPORT.				*	*	*	*
Baker, T.-Maj. A. H., R.E. (R.I.M.).							
Bayfield, T.-Capt. E. M., R.E. (R.I.M.).							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Cairns, T.-Capt. W., Spec. List (R.I.M.).							
Campbell, T.-Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) C. R., R.E. (R.I.M.).							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Dickson, T.-Capt. A. W., Spec. List (R.I.M.).							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Flint, T.-Capt. J. H. Spec. List (R.I.M.).							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Garstein, T.-Maj. R. H., R.E. (R.I.M.).							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Harvey, Lt. (A.-Maj.) B. L., I.A.R.O.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ingram T.-Lt. (A.-Capt.) V. O., Spec. List (R.I.M.).							
James, T.-Capt. R. McG., Spec. List (R.I.M.).							
James, T.-Capt. W. J., Spec. List (R.I.M.).							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Kidby, T.-Capt. E. W. B., Spec. List (R.I.M.).							
Kinch, T.-Maj. A. G., D.S.O., R.E. (R.I.M.).							
Knowles, T.-Capt. E. O., Spec. List (R.I.M.).							

Lee, T.-Lt. (A.-Capt.) O. C., Spec. List (R.I.M.).								
MacCullum, T.-Maj. H., M.C., Spec. List (R.I.M.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Metcalf, T.-Maj. J. N., D.S.O., R.E. (R.I.M.).								
Morgan, T.-Lt. P. R. (R.I.M.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Pigg, T.-Lt. A. H., Spec. List (R.I.M.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Robertson, T.-Lt.-Col. H., C.M.G., R.E. (R.I.M.).								
Ross, T.-Lt. D. E., Spec. List (R.I.M.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Smithson, T.-Lt. (A.-Capt.) E., Spec. List (R.I.M.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Thompson, T.-Capt. T., Spec. List (R.I.M.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ward, T.-Maj. (A.-Col.) J. C., D.S.O., R.E. (R.I.M.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Green, T.-Gnr. A. V. (R.I.M.).	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Lovett, T.-Gnr. A. H., R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
McNeil, T.-Gnr. A., R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Parker, T.-Engr. and Artfr. D., R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Thompson, T.-Engr. and Artfr. J., R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Gania, Meah, 8448 2nd Cl. Master, R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Haboo, 5634 Serang, R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
PORT ADMINISTRATION AND CONSERVANCY.								
Bingham, Comdr. A. G., R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Nicoll, Lt. C. J., D.S.C., R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Bawson, Lt. G., R.I.M.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th October, 1918.

No. 1710-E-18.—Mr. H. W. Huggins, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent in class II of that Establishment, during the absence of Mr. C. E. Spurgeon, District Locomotive Superintendent, on privilege leave.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 22nd October, 1918.

No. E-816.—Mr. H. Denning, I. C. S., Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, was placed on special duty under the Indian Munitions Board at Bombay from the 12th to the 26th September 1918, both days inclusive.

The 24th October, 1918.

No. E-545.—Mr. C. A. W. Luke is appointed Assistant Controller (Miscellaneous Stores), Calcutta, with effect from the 16th September 1918.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

SUMMARY.

Plague.

State, up to 31st October, 1915.

Summary of the number of cases and deaths reported in India during the week ending 31st October, 1915, for general information.

		Plague cases of 25,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.		Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND BOMBAY PORT	Northern	Bombay City	1	1	1
		Ahmedabad District	1	1	1
		Kaira District	24	91	118
		Surat District	140		
	Central	West Khandesh District	71	59	59
		Solapur District	108	23	16
		Nashik District	17	16	35
		Poona District	63		
	Southern	Belgaum District	154	94	
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	1	1
		Koramat Port	4	8	
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	Political Charges	Baroda State	63	41	
		Mundra Port	8	8	
		Natura Agency	72	45	
		Kathiyar Agency	196	166	
		Gambay State	13	12	
		TOTAL	1,001	803	
MADRAS PRESIDENCY		Railary District	105	61	
		Colombatore District	16	5	
		Mangalore Port	1	3	
		Kurnool District	5	3	
		Malabar District	8	6	
		Palom District	15	1	
MADRAS PRESIDENCY		Nilgiris District	1		
		TOTAL	146	75	
BENGAL AND ASSAM	Patna	Patna District	1	1	
		TOTAL	1	1	
OTHER PROVINCES	Banara	Mirzapur District	2	2	
	Gorakhpur	Assamgarh District	3	1	
		TOTAL	5	3	

In the return for the week ending 31st October 1915, 617 cases and 319 deaths against Kolhapur and Southern Maharashtra Country States.

1864 SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, OCTOBER 26, 1918.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Rawalpindi	Jhelum District	8	2
		Rawalpindi District		4
		TOTAL	8	6
	Pegu	Pangoon Town	22	22
		Ins in District	2	2
		Tharrawaddy District	7	8
		Prome District	12	11
BURMA	Irrawaddy	Bassoon Town	1	1
		Honsada District	4	8
	Pinnas-seeim	Thahton District	1	1
		Moulmein Town	1	1
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	12	11
	Moiktila	Yamethin District	1	1
	Native States	Northern Shan States	1	1
		Southern Shan States	7	7
		TOTAL	71	66
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur District	1	1
		Bhandara District	1	
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	108	91
		Jubbulpore District	21	13
	Nerbudda	Betul District	6	7
MYSORE STATE	Chhattisgarh	Raipur District	1	1
		TOTAL	186	118
		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	67	64
		Bangalore District	19	16
		Mysore City	41	31
		Mysore District	10	4
		Kadur District	54	32
		Shimoga District	85	82
		Chitaldroog District	28	18
		Tumkur District	40	30
		Kolar District	4	4
		TOTAL	356	251

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE		Pir District	9	9
		Nander District	19	14
		Gulburgah District	129	109
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	63	30
		Secunderabad	107	96
		Atrafbedah Sardkhas District	29	25
		TOTAL	356*	283*
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State	27	20
		TOTAL	27	20
RAJPU- TANA.	...	Ajmer District	14	6
		TOTAL	14	6
		GRAND TOTAL	2,180	1,646

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths reported during the week ending October 12, were 807 and 243 respectively.

In the return for the week ending 5th October 1918 add 6 cases, 36 deaths against Gwalior State.

The incidence of plague remains extremely low for the time of year. There were only 1,646 deaths reported during the week ending the 12th of October as compared with 7,898 in the corresponding week of 1917. The mean daily incidence of plague mortality in the month of October, for the last twenty years, works out at 900. The continued relative freedom from plague of the northern provinces of India augurs well.

SIMLA :
The 25th October 1918. }

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 24th October 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The monsoon was very weak and gave merely light local rain in Madras and Mysore, and a few falls in Burma.

2. *Burma*.—Rainfall occurred only at Bhamo, Yamethin, Toungoo, Victoria Point, Mergui and Tavoy.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Sibsagar had a light fall of rain.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Weather was rainless.

Northwest India.—There was no rain.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general in Malabar on the 18th, and in Mysore on the 21st. There were local falls in southeast Madras, and a few falls in the Konkan, the Madras Deccan and on the north Madras coast.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

October 17th. Pamban 0·95", Coimbatore 1·26", Mercara 1·15" and Ootacamund 0·59".

„ 18th. Toungoo 0·93", Mangalore 1·21", Trivandrum 0·55", Kodaikanal 0·83" and Calingapatam 0·76".

„ 19th. Mysore 0·87", Mangalore 1·10", Coimbatore 0·63", Salem 0·72", Ootacamund 0·80" and Kodaikanal 1·05".

„ 20th. Kurnool 0·40", Ootacamund 1·68" and Kodaikanal 0·66".

„ 21st. Bangalore 0·59" and Masulipatam 0·80".

„ 22nd. Trivandrum 1·40".

„ 23rd. Trivandrum 1·28" and Pamban 0·60".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, Rajputana East, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and the Madras Presidency. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the Punjab Southwest, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind and Rajputana West.

The rainfall from the 3rd May to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and the Madras Presidency. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal and Bihar, and differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent in the remaining divisions.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 24TH OCTOBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD MAY TO 24TH OCTOBER 1918.			PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	hTis week.	Last week.
Bay Islands	0	2.2	-2.2	98.5	92.0	+6.5	+7	+10
Lower Burma	0.2	2.0	-1.8	153.6	141.6	+12.0	+8	+10
Upper Burma	0.1	0.9	-0.8	50.0	44.2	+5.8	+13	+15
Assam	0	0.8	-0.8	90.8	76.2	+14.6	+19	+20
Bengal	0	0.8	-0.8	92.8	72.2	+20.6	+29	+30
Orissa	0	0.8	-0.8	45.9	55.8	-9.9	-18	-17
Chota Nagpur	0	0.4	-0.4	39.7	48.2	-8.5	-18	-17
Bihar	0	0.4	-0.4	60.8	49.5	+11.3	+23	+24
United Provinces, East	0	0.3	-0.3	28.4	38.8	-10.4	-27	-26
United Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	19.0	37.8	-18.8	-50	-50
Punjab, East and North	0	0.1	-0.1	10.0	20.6	-10.6	-51	-51
Punjab, South-West	0	0	0	3.4	7.6	-4.2	-55	-55
Kashmir	0	0.2	-0.2	3.4	7.3	-3.9	-53	-52
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	2.1	5.3	-3.2	-60	-60
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.5	1.3	-0.8	-61	-62
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	1.6	10.6	-9.0	-85	-85
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	10.6	21.9	-11.3	-52	-51
Gujarat	0	0.1	-0.1	8.6	23.0	-14.4	-63	-62
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	17.6	28.9	-11.3	-39	-39
Central India, East	0	0.3	-0.3	20.4	40.6	-20.2	-50	-49
Berar	0	0.5	-0.5	16.8	30.3	-13.5	-45	-44
Central Provinces, West	0	0.4	-0.4	30.4	43.9	-13.5	-31	-30
Central Provinces, East	0	0.5	-0.5	48.3	48.9	-0.6	-1	0
Konkan	0.1	1.0	-0.9	70.6	94.2	-23.6	-25	-24
Bombay Deccan	0	0.7	-0.7	12.6	26.0	-13.4	-52	-50
Hyderabad, North	0	0.5	-0.5	19.0	31.7	-12.7	-40	-39
Hyderabad, South	0	0.6	-0.6	18.0	27.9	-9.9	-35	-34
Mysore	0.7	0.9	-0.2	15.1	24.2	-9.1	-36	-38
Malabar	2.0	2.6	-0.6	61.0	91.1	-30.1	-33	-33
Madras, South-East	1.0	2.4	-1.4	10.5	19.1	-8.6	-45	-43
Madras Deccan	0.2	0.8	-0.6	13.7	21.0	-7.3	-35	-33
Madras Coast, North	0.3	1.8	-1.5	21.5	28.7	-7.2	-25	-21

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

J. MACKENNA,
Off. Secretary to the Government of India.

SINHA ;
Dated the 24th October 1918.
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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
19th October 1918.

Purma.—During the week light to moderate rain fell in several districts of the Province. In Upper Purma gathering of cotton and groundnut is proceeding. Cultivation of miscellaneous dry crops continues and standing crops are satisfactory. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice has fallen considerably but is still much above normal. The market for white rice is steady at Rs. 400 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather during the week was seasonable. Manufacture of tea, ploughing for mustard and sowing for pulses are in progress. Prospects of crops are in fair to good condition. Cattle disease is reported from two districts. The price of common rice is practically unchanged.

Bengal.—During the week light scattered showers fell in parts of the western and northern districts. Elsewhere the rainfall was generally light to moderate. More rain is needed for growth of winter paddy especially in the Western districts. Steeping and washing of jute is almost finished. Preparation of lands for spring crops is proceeding and sowing has commenced in places. Prospects of standing crops are generally fair. The average price of common rice has fallen by about 0.37 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week there was no rain except a few light showers in parts of the Santhal Parganas. Harvesting of autumn crops is completed. Rain is urgently wanted for sowing of spring crops which is being retarded. Paddy is withering for want of rain in most districts and prospects are very bad. The price of common rice has risen in twelve districts and remained stationary in the remaining districts, as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from ten districts. The condition of standing crops in the Feudatory States of Orissa is fair but rain is badly wanted in all the States.

United Provinces.—Report not received.

Punjab.—During the week the weather was dry. Rain is badly wanted for spring sowings and for standing crops which are withering from drought, specially on unirrigated areas. Condition of irrigated crops is average to good and of unirrigated generally bad. Picking of cotton and reaping of rice and other autumn crops are in progress with yield below normal to normal. Sowings of wheat, gram, etc., continue and are below normal to normal. Cattle are generally healthy and water is sufficient. Fodder is scarce in some districts. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat :—Ambala and Rawalpindi 6, Ferozepore and Lahore 6½ and Lyallpur 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Sowings of spring crops are in progress. The condition of standing crops is average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan for want of rain. Cotton is being picked in Peshawar and Bannu with outturn average. Harvesting of maize has commenced in Peshawar. Prices of wheat in Peshawar are 7½ seers and in Dera Ismail Khan 7½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Report not received.

Kashmir.—During the week the weather was generally dry and cold. Autumn crops are being harvested with outturn fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are high.

Rajputana.—During the week the weather was rainless. Irrigated crops are in fair condition but unirrigated crops are withering. Sowings of spring crops are proceeding in places. The condition of cattle is generally fair. Fodder is getting scarce. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and rising.

Central India.—During the week the rainfall was nil. It was insufficient in Gwalior and Baghelkhand. Autumn crops are being harvested. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops are in progress. Standing crops are bad in Gwalior and Baghelkhand, withering in Malwa and parts of Nimar in Indore and fair elsewhere. Their probable outturn is 7 to 12 annas of normal crop in Gwalior, below average in Baghelkhand and fair elsewhere. They have been damaged in Baghelkhand, Malwa and Manipur in the Southern States. Agricultural stock is in fair condition. Scarcity of fodder prevails in parts of Gwalior, Malwa and the Southern States. Prices are high.

Central Provinces.—During the week the weather has been clear. The days are warm and the nights and the mornings are cool. No rain fell anywhere. Unirrigated autumn crops have generally suffered considerably for want of rain. Harvesting of minor crops and of early rice and picking of cotton are in progress. Sowings of spring crops on restricted areas continue. Germination is generally fairly satisfactory but early rain is required in some places to save the young seedlings from withering. Relief operations continue in the Sironcha Tehsil. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition but cattle disease is reported in parts of Damoh, Jabulpore, Chanda and Raipur. Fodder is dear or scarce in parts of Berar. Gram in Chhindwara and Nagpur, rice in Drug and rice and *juar* in Yeotmal rose by one to one and half seers per rupee. Other variations are unimportant but indicate an upward tendency.

Feudatory States.—Standing crops are withering and spring operations are hampered for want of rain.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Karnatak, Kanara, Kolhapur and Savantvadi. More rain is needed everywhere. Standing crops have been damaged by blight in Nawabshah. They are withering generally everywhere except in parts of Dharwar where the recent rainfall has slightly improved the situation. Preparation for the sowing of spring crops continues in parts of Sind. Sowing of spring crops continues in East Khandesh, Satara, Dharwar and Baroda. Harvesting of autumn crops continues in parts of Sind, Konkan, the Deccan, Baroda and Savantvadi. Picking of cotton continues in Nawabshah, Thar, Parkar and Khandesh. Fodder supply is generally deficient. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in affected districts. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Kanara, Poona and the Karnatak. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady.

Hyderabad.—During the week the rainfall was nil. Autumn crops are being harvested and have suffered in parts. Early rice is in fair to good condition and is being harvested. Spring crops are being sown. Sprouts have been damaged by insects in parts of the Nalgonda district. Cattle are healthy. Fodder scarcity prevails in parts of four districts. Prices of grains are abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at three seers per rupee in the Bir, Parbhani, Nandor and Gulbarga districts.

Mysore.—The week was practically rainless. Weeding operations are in progress. Standing crops are withering for want of rain. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are fluctuating.

Coorg.—Light rain fell during the week. Picking of cardamon and reaping of crops continue. Agricultural prospects are fair. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. The public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was heavy in Malabar and in the hills, good in Vizagapatam agency, Coimbatore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely and on the West Coast except Malabar, fair in Vizagapatam littoral, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Pudukottai, and light or *nil* elsewhere. Standing crops are in fair condition generally but in parts they are withering and require immediate rain. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is limited with outtura fair generally but poor in two districts and in parts of eleven others. Sowing of paddy and dry crops is proceeding but is restricted in parts for want of more rain. The condition of cattle is generally good. Water is insufficient except in four districts. Pasture is sufficient except in five districts and parts of six others. Fodder is sufficient except in four districts and parts of six others. Prices show a tendency to rise.

J. MACKENNA,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 11279.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

(POST OFFICE.)

Simla, the 14th October, 1918.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Letter from the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs No. 16s-B.P., dated the 1st October 1918, embodying the Administration Report of the Posts and Telegraphs of India for the year 1917-18.

ORDERED that a copy of the letter be forwarded to His Majesty's Secretary of State for India and that it be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ANNUAL REPORT
ON
THE POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS OF INDIA
FOR THE YEAR
1917-18.

No. 16s.-B.P., dated Simla, the 1st October 1918.

FROM—THE HON'BLE MR. G. R. CLARKE, O.B.E., I.C.S., DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS,

TO—THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report on the Posts and Telegraphs of India for the year 1917-18.

2. The administration was in the hands of Sir William Maxwell for practically charge the whole year as I took over charge from him on the 26th March 1918.

POSTS—General Remarks.

3. The year 1917-18 has been remarkable for a general increase in postal work. On March 31st, 1918, there were 97,364 postal officials, 19,410 post offices and 157,606 miles of mail lines. During the year, 1,114 million articles, including over 28½ million registered articles, were posted; stamps worth Rs. 3 crores 24 lakhs were sold for postal purposes; over 35 million money orders of the total value of Rs. 75½ crores were issued; a sum of nearly Rs. 14½ crores was collected for tradesmen and others on value-payable articles; over 3½ million insured articles valued at over Rs. 89 crores were handled; customs duty aggregating about Rs. 23½ lakhs was realised on parcels and letters from abroad; pensions amounting to nearly Rs. 53½ lakhs were paid to Indian military pensioners; 17,307 lbs. of quinine were sold to the public. On the 31st March 1918 there were 1,637,600 Savings Bank accounts with a total balance of over Rs. 16½ crores

and 27,095 Postal Life Insurance policies with an aggregate assurance of over Rs. 3 crores 81 lakhs. Cash certificates representing a face value of nearly 13 crores were sold to the public. The total revenue and expenditure for the year, after making the various administrative adjustments, amounted to Rs. 4 crores 36½ lakhs and Rs. 3 crores 90 lakhs, respectively, leaving a surplus of 46½ lakhs.

Principal events in the inland post.

4. With effect from the 1st April 1917, the Post Office undertook the duty of issuing War Loan Bonds and five-year Cash Certificates. The latter were on sale at all post offices authorised to transact Savings Bank business and the number of Certificates sold during the year was 4,694,233 with a face value of 12 crores and 90 lakhs of rupees. The work of dealing with Cash Certificates entailed a special procedure which had to be devised at very short notice and which was perhaps at first a little too complicated for the less educated portion of the public. The procedure has been greatly simplified and Certificates can now be presented for discharge at any post office in the country which transacts Savings Bank business.

Postal arrangements in Bombay were considerably disturbed by the postmen's strike which occurred on the 19th September 1917. 813 out of 837 postmen of the Bombay General Post Office and its town sub-offices struck work. The demand of the strikers was for more pay and had they not been led astray by political agitators, whose only object was to harass the Government, it is probable that no strike would have taken place, as the question of improving the men's pay was under consideration at the time. The best possible arrangements were made for dealing with the delivery work at Bombay by utilising the clerical and telegraph staff and also by the help of unofficial agency. Undoubtedly a certain amount of inconvenience was caused to the public, but on the whole the situation was dealt with promptly and effectively, and the strike ended on the 8th October with the unconditional surrender of the postmen.

On the 1st January 1918 the constitution of the Railway Mail Service was revised. The Railway Mail Service of India which was formerly divided into four circles was reduced to three by the abolition of the Southern Circle, which had not sufficient work to justify its existence as a separate administrative unit.

It is regrettable to note that the number of deaths which occurred from plague during the year under report increased by 110 as compared with the previous year, the numbers being 265 against 155. Plague was especially prevalent in the Bombay Presidency, Central Provinces and United Provinces. Very great courage and devotion to duty were displayed by all ranks of the Department in recognition of which rewards were given to a large number of postal officials.

Postal Co-operative Credit Societies were in existence at Rangoon, Bombay, Nagpur, Lucknow, Madras, Calcutta and Jalpaiguri with a total membership of 5,079 and a subscribed capital of Rs. 1,50,830. They are all making satisfactory progress and are doing much useful work.

Foreign post.

5. The letter mails for and from the United Kingdom continued to travel *via* Marseilles up to the end of November 1917, but since then both the letter and parcel mails have been conveyed all the way by sea.

Owing to the shipping position caused by the war, the weekly mail service for and from the United Kingdom was reduced to a fortnightly one with effect from July 1917. Consequently the British Post Office tried the experiment of sending an alternate weekly despatch to India *via* Colombo by the Messageries Line steamers, and five mails were received in India by that route. However, this arrangement was not a success and was abandoned.

The following mail steamers of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company were lost at sea through enemy action :—

The "Salsette," with London parcel mails of the 18th July 1917, was sunk off Dover.

The "Mongolia," which left London on the 1st June 1917, struck a mine and sank off Bombay on the 23rd June 1917 with letter and parcel mails for India on board.

The "Medina" and the "Namur," which left Bombay on the 30th March 1917 and the 28th September 1917, respectively, were sunk in the English Channel with the parcel mails on board, the letter mails having already been landed at Marseilles.

The "Mooltan," sailing from Bombay on the 7th July 1917, was lost in the Mediterranean with all its mails on board.

The British India Steam Navigation Company had to contend with many difficulties in supplying the mail services on its various contract lines. The Company were, however, able to provide an almost regular service between Calcutta and Rangoon (16 knots), Rangoon and Mergui (10 knots) and Bombay and Durban (10 knots), and an irregular service on five other contract lines.

Owing to the discontinuance of the services to Australia provided by the Peninsular and Oriental and the Orient Lines, special arrangements had to be made during the year for the transmission of mails from India to the Australasian colonies. The British India Steam Navigation Company generously agreed to convey these mails free of charge.

A telegraphic money order service was established between India and the United Kingdom with effect from the 1st November 1917.

A very important territorial addition to the Imperial penny postage rate was the South-West Africa Protectorate (late German South-West Africa) and the foreign money order service and the British postal order system were extended to that country and to British Togoland. The parcel post service was extended to the territory formerly known as German East Africa.

The Phillippine Islands, the Virgin Islands of the United States of America and the Portuguese colony of Macao joined the International Reply-Coupon system.

The rate of conversion from sterling to Indian money and *vice versa* in respect of foreign money orders and British postal orders was altered from 1s. 4d. to 1s. 5d. to the rupee. As money order remittances to India from certain foreign countries increased to an alarming extent owing to speculators taking advantage of the favourable rates of exchange, it was found necessary to place restrictions on the remittances from those countries to India. For the same reasons, it had also to be arranged not to pay to any person in India in one day more than £20 worth of British postal orders issued from one and the same country.

In fact the war has been the cause of such kaleidoscopic changes in foreign postal arrangements, that the staff has found great difficulty in coping with them and some excuse can be found for the bewilderment of the postal clerk who is in doubt when asked whether he can accept a pound of butter or a Madeira cake for despatch by letter or parcel post to Jerusalem.

6. On the 31st March 1918 the total number of postal officials was 97,364 as Post Office staff, compared with 96,260 at the close of 1916-17. The figure includes 269 pensioned soldiers of the Indian Army and 114 women of whom 401 were Europeans or Eurasians.

The number of officials dismissed was 490 against 498 in the previous year. Of this number 257 were postmen or village postmen.

Increases of pay.

7. The question of improving the pay of the subordinate staff of the Department is one that is always under the consideration of the Director-General. It cannot be denied that with the present abnormal rise in prices, the market rates of wages in many places are higher than the rates of pay given to lower paid clerks and menials. To make a general revision of pay on this artificial basis would have been an unwise policy and to meet the temporary deficiency a special war allowance on a 5 per cent. basis was sanctioned with effect from 1st November 1917, for all non-gazetted officials up to the grade of Rs. 600. Though nominally 5 per cent., this war allowance with its minimum of 1 rupee gave menials increases of pay varying from 15 to 5 per cent. and to clerks increases varying from 10 to 5 per cent. In addition to this special war allowance the pay of 17,251 employes was raised during the year as shown in the following table :—

Head Postmaster	1
Assistant Postmasters	2
Sub-postmasters	664
Deputy Sub-postmasters	2
Branch Postmasters	301
Inspectors of post offices	3
Clerks and Sorters	1,452
Mail Guards	32
Overseers	17
Postmen and Village postmen	6,159
Paid probationers	479
Runners	4,183
Other inferior servants in the Post Office	3,953
Total ..	17,251

In the city of Bombay, the entire menial establishment of both the Post Office and Telegraph Department was granted a further allowance of 10 per cent. of their pay subject to a minimum of Rs. 2 in each case.

It will therefore be seen that the Department has not neglected its duty to its employes, for whose benefit it devotes annually a very large portion of the finances at its disposal.

Recruitment.

8. Recruitment of capable clerks was a difficulty in some parts of India. The usual standard of education demanded is the entrance examination of a recognised university, but it cannot be said that this examination is a satisfactory test for a commercial department. An examination on the lines of the Second Division, Civil Service Examination in England is required for the clerical appointments in the Posts and Telegraphs. An examination of this kind at least ensures that a passed candidate has a fair knowledge of such subjects as English, Arithmetic, Accounts, Geography, Précis writing, etc., which fit him to be an intelligent clerk. There is no likelihood that the University entrance passed man has a working knowledge of any of these subjects and the result is that the Department has to educate its own employes of whom many are inefficient clerks for the first few years of their service. It is of the highest importance to the subordinate branches of the public service that some examination should be devised, which, having no connection with any university, would guarantee that a man who has passed it possesses a fair general education.

Field Post Office work.

9. During the year under report Indian Field post offices continued to work with the overseas forces in France, Egypt, East Africa, Mesopotamia, South Persia and Aden and the Post Office was further called upon to serve the Waziristan Field Force, the Marri Punitive Forces and the Eastern Persian Cordon. The number of postal officials serving with the various overseas Expeditionary Forces increased during the year from 1,087 to 1,708 and all ranks performed their duties in a very creditable manner.

The Chief Base Post office for all the overseas Expeditionary Forces, which was established in the Bombay General Post Office at the very beginning of the war, was separated from the General Post Office in February 1918 and placed in charge of a retired officer of the department. It was removed to the Mole Building at the Alexandra Docks, which was originally intended to be the sorting office for foreign mails. This office maintains a record under the Card Index system of all officers and men who are absent from their units and had at the close of the year a record of the movements of 133,000 officers and men from the overseas Forces as against 50,000 at the close of the year 1916-17. The card index system has worked most successfully as is evidenced by the fact that out of 3,830,171 letters (registered and unregistered) for officers and men received in the Enquiry Branch of the Chief Base Office during the year, 2,420,831 were redirected for delivery at hospitals, camps, depots, etc., and 1,409,340 were returned to the country of origin for delivery to the senders, as the addressees were either deceased or untraceable.

The Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force is far the largest of all the Expeditionary Forces served by the Indian Post Office, but the Egyptian Expeditionary Force has been increasing in importance too. The work of the Indian Postal Services in all the theatres of the war was carried on satisfactorily and several of the officers of the Department serving with each of the Forces have been granted distinctions or been mentioned in Despatches. Over 200 officials also have, since 1914, been rewarded departmentally for specially meritorious services in the field.

All members of the staff of the Department on Field Service greatly appreciated the interest taken in their behalf by the "Post and Telegraph Comforts Fund" which continued to provide them with special comforts. The management of this fund was under Mrs. Harrison up to the close of the year. It is now entrusted to Mrs. Sharpe, wife of Mr. W. S. Sharpe, Director of Telegraph Engineering, Bombay.

10. Owing to the difficulties created by the war the weekly mail service to and from Europe by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's steamers was reduced to a fortnightly one with effect from July 1917. Working of the P. and O. Contract

Thirty-one steamers were despatched with letter and parcel mails from the United Kingdom during the year. Two of these were lost at sea and the remaining twenty-nine reached India safely. In the reverse direction thirty-five steamers were despatched from Bombay with letter and parcel mails of which two were lost at sea and the remaining thirty-three reached London safely.

Post Offices and Postal Communications.

11. There were 19,410 post offices and 49,749 letter-boxes at the close of the year, or one post office more and 14 letter-boxes less than in the preceding year. There was a slight falling off in the number of post offices in charge of schoolmasters and other extra-departmental agents. Post Offices, letter boxes and village postmen. (Appendix A page 23.)

12. The total length of all mail lines by road, rail, river or sea was 157,606 as detailed below :— Postal communications. (Appendix B page 23.)

	Runners.	Railway.	Mail carts, horses, camels, etc.	Steamers.	Motor cars.
Mileage at close of 1917-18	90,986	35,179	12,149	18,420	972
Increase (+) or decrease (—)	—551	+255	+ 191	+14	+231

The expansion of the railway system and the substitution of mail cart and motor services have caused a large reduction in the total length of runners' lines. The figure 972 represents an annual travel of about nine hundred thousand miles by motor car.

Postal Articles and Postage Stamps.

Statistics of postal
articles.
Appendix II,
page 24.)

13. The total number of postal articles of all kinds, excluding money orders, transmitted during the year is estimated at 1,114 millions, being 26 millions more than in the preceding year, as detailed below :—

Classes of postal articles.	1917-18.	Increase (+) or decrease (—).	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—).
<i>Articles of the letter mail.</i>			
Paid unregistered letters	424,899,003	+8,671,176	+2.06
Unpaid letters	24,409,762	—637,188	—2.58
Registered letters and packets (including insured and value-payable). ..	21,467,095	+1,300,987	+6.45
Postcards	531,629,566	+21,820,296	+4.28
"Registered" newspapers	54,540,432	—498,779	—.91
Ordinary unregistered packets	42,822,737	—5,092,820	—10.63
Total	1,099,868,195	+25,572,672	+2.32
<i>Articles of the parcel mail.</i>			
Registered parcels	7,216,159	+471,720	+7.04
Unregistered parcels (including value payable unregistered packets). ..	6,934,789	—68,283	—.99
Total	14,150,948	+543,003	+3.99
GRAND TOTAL	1,114,019,143	+26,115,675	+2.40

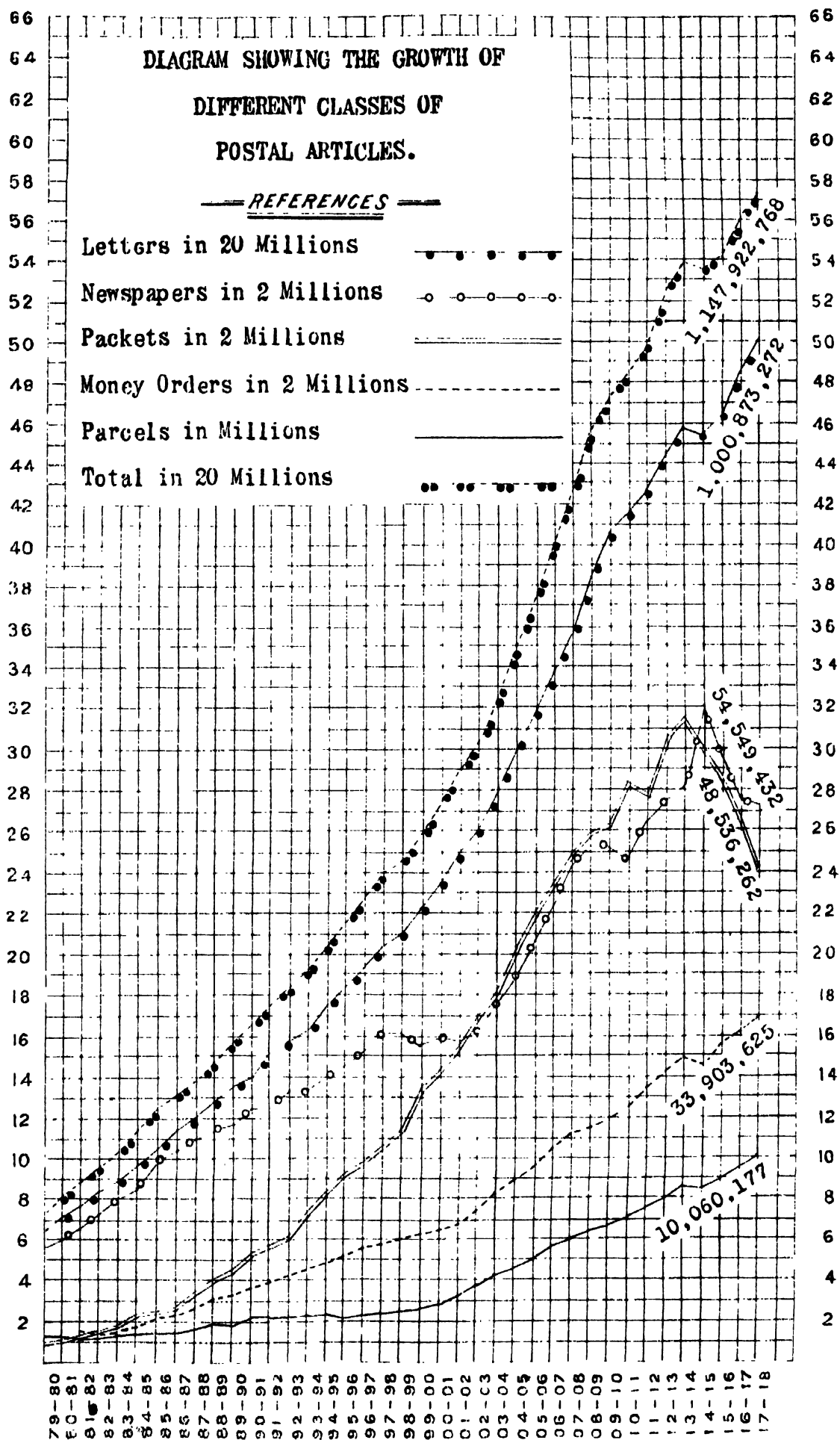
The diagram on the adjoining leaf shows graphically the growth of postal traffic in its principal branches since 1879-80.

14. It is computed that out of the total of 1,149 million articles and money orders which were posted 99.78 per cent. were actually delivered or paid, as compared with 99.76 per cent. out of a total of 1,121 millions in the preceding year.

15. The following details show the work done by Dead Letter Offices :—

	1916-17.	1917-18.
Postal articles received in Dead Letter Offices	12,252,680	13,537,018
Redirected to addressees	43 per cent.	47 per cent.
Re-directed to senders	26 per cent.	27 per cent.
Finally treated as undeliverable	2,557,399	2,161,335

In Bengal, Madras and Bombay alone 155 articles without address, many containing money or valuables, were posted every day on an average. In articles opened by the five larger Dead Letter Offices, cheques, hundies, currency notes,



bills of exchange, coins and other property of the nominal value of over 12 lakhs of rupees were found, and the great majority of these were successfully redirected to the addressees or the senders.

16. Owing to the general dislocation of the foreign mail service, statistics of ^{Foreign correspondence.} correspondence sent to and received from foreign countries during the year were not kept.

17. The total number of parcels despatched by the foreign post from this ^{Foreign parcels.} country was 551,054 as compared with 513,596 during the previous year, and the number received was 609,839 as compared with 760,240 in 1916-17. There was thus an increase of 7·29 per cent. in the number of parcels exported and a decrease of 19·78 in the number imported.

The parcels sent to and received from the United Kingdom numbered 187,660 and 436,285 as compared with 184,506 and 594,163, respectively, during 1916-17. In addition 1,013 parcels were despatched from India through the medium of the Peninsular and Oriental Company while none were received in this country through that agency.

18. The aggregate value of stamps issued for sale from treasuries was :— ^{Postage stamps.}

Ordinary postage stamps and postal stationery.	Nearly Rs. 4 crores 88 lakhs—increase 33½ lakhs.
Service postage stamps and postal stationery.	Nearly Rs. 67 lakhs— increase about 4 lakhs.

The varieties of ordinary postage stamps and postal stationery issued in the largest quantities from the Central Stamp Depots were as follows :—

	Number issued in	
	1916-17	1917-18
	(In millions)	
¼ anna single postcard	231½	241½
½ anna adhesive stamp	156½	159
1 anna adhesive stamp	89	97½
¼ anna adhesive stamp	105	95
¼ anna reply postcard	80½	93
Small ½ anna envelope	78	86½

The total number of stamp booklets issued from the Central Stamp Depots was 3,902,268 as compared with 3,286,925 in 1916-17, the increase being 18·72 per cent. Trade advertisements were printed on the covers and interleaves of a number of these booklets.

In addition to postage stamps, non-judicial and court-fee stamps are sold in many post offices but, except in Burma, postmasters act as private vendors of these stamps which do not form part of the Post Office balance. In Burma where such stamps are kept by postmasters in the same way as postage stamps the sales during the year amounted to Rs. 75,945-8-0 against Rs. 91,666 in 1916-17.

Insured and Value-payable Post.

19. The number of insured letters and parcels posted was 3,606,045 of the ^{Insurance business.} aggregate declared value of more than 89 crores of rupees, being an increase of 284,689 or 8·57 per cent. in number and 10·24 per cent. in value. The insurance fees realised amounted to 11½ lakhs of rupees.

20. The number of claims for compensation received in respect of insured ^{Claims for compensation.} articles was 346, of which 160 were admitted as well grounded. The total amount

paid as compensation was Rs. 38,701, against Rs. 25,375 in 1916-17. Recoveries to the extent of Rs. 19,964 were, however, made so that the net loss to the Department was Rs. 18,737 compared with Rs. 13,299 in the preceding year.

Value-payable business.

21. The total number of value-payable articles posted advanced from 9,819,015 to 10,068,093 and the aggregate amount specified for recovery from Rs. 13,68,66,943 to Rs. 14,45,14,114, an increase of 5.59 per cent.

In Calcutta alone 2,403,604 value-payable articles were posted, and the Department realised for the tradesmen of that city a total sum of Rs. 3,21,20,136. The corresponding figures for the city of Bombay were 1,249,997 articles and Rs. 2,03,57,057 collected.

The number of value-payable articles despatched from India to Ceylon was 152,284 representing a total sum of Rs. 19,19,406, as compared with 148,524 articles valued at Rs. 17,11,955 in 1916-17.

Money Orders.

Money order business generally.
[Appendix IV (a), page 26.]

22. The total number of money orders of all kinds, Inland and Foreign, issued was a little over 35 millions of the aggregate value of Rs. 75½ crores as compared with over 33 million money orders for Rs. 63 crores in the preceding year. This enormous increase is due partly to large numbers of foreign money orders received owing to favourable exchange and partly to the fact that all family remittances are sent by money order from regimental depots to the dependents of men serving in the field.

Inland money orders.
[Appendix IV (b), and IV (c), pages 27 and 28.]

23. More than 33½ million inland money orders, ordinary and telegraphic, for a total sum of 62½ crores of rupees were issued, on which 74 lakhs of rupees was realised as commission. There was an increase over the previous year of 4.86 per cent. in number and of 9.10 per cent. in value.

Telegraphic money orders.
[Appendix IV (b), page 27.]

24. The number of telegraphic money orders issued fell from 898,104 to 875,012, while their total value increased from Rs. 6 crores 8 lakhs to Rs. 6 crores 21 lakhs. The commission realised was Rs. 6,55,242 as compared with Rs. 6,27,098 in the preceding year.

Foreign money orders.
[Appendix IV (d), page 29.]

25. In the sterling exchanges, which are in force with the United Kingdom and British Dominions and with foreign countries generally, the total number of money orders sent and received was 268,123 of the aggregate value of £4,490,313 as against 185,734 orders for £1,372,316 in the preceding year.

Foreign rupee money orders which are exchanged with Ceylon, the Portuguese Settlements in India and countries and places in East Africa and the Far East rose from 547,940 to 606,444 in number and from Rs. 2 crores 67 lakhs to Rs. 5 crores 48 lakhs in amount.

Remittances to India exceeded those from this country, the balance in India's favour being over £3,750,000 on sterling money orders and Rs. 5,05,00,000 on foreign rupee orders. In the case of the sterling money order exchanges the largest amounts were received from Egypt (£2,727,944), Union of South Africa (£508,252), the United Kingdom (£467,024), Italy (£219,099) France (£56,216), New South Wales (£25,083) and Fiji Islands (£21,350) and in the case of the rupee exchanges from the Straits Settlements (Rs. 187 lakhs) the Federated Malay States (Rs. 185 lakhs), Ceylon (Rs. 103 lakhs) and British East Africa (Rs. 20 lakhs).

26. The following figures show the year's transactions in British postal orders :— *British postal orders*

	SOLD IN INDIA.		PAID IN INDIA.		Commission realised.
	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.	
		£		£	Rs.
1917-18	157,338	92,704	435,273	218,357	17,778
Increase (+) or decrease (—) ..	—123,671	—84,984	+139,043	+92,207	+461

Nearly three-fourths of the orders sold were for 1, 5, 10 and 20 shillings although there are 41 denominations of postal orders ranging from 6d. to 21 shillings. 42,031 orders of the total value of £24, 694 were sold in the field post offices with the Indian Expeditionary Forces overseas.

Of the orders cashed, 15,006 had originally been issued in India and their value aggregated £7,829.

Post Office Savings Bank.

27. The number of active accounts was 1,637,600 representing a decrease of 60 per cent. The total balance at the credit of depositors exceeded 16 crores 58 lakhs, which is less by 1 lakh, or 06 per cent., than the balance at the close of the preceding year. The average balance at the credit of a depositor was 101 as compared with Rs. 100 in 1916-17. *General results. [Appendix V (a), page 30.]*

28. There has been a remarkable increase of investments in Government securities through the Post Office as shown in the following statement :— *Transactions in Government securities.*

	GOVERNMENT PROMISSORY NOTES. (NOMINAL VALUE).			INVESTMENT CERTIFICATES FOR FRACTIONAL AMOUNTS OF (GOVERNMENT PROMISSORY NOTES. (NOMINAL VALUE).	
	Purchased or obtained by conversion.	Sold or converted.	Held in custody of Accountant- General, Posts and Telegraphs, on behalf of depositors.	Purchased.	Sold.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	4,58,36,375	22,08,525	3,65,68,875	16,659	1,23,813
Increase (+) or decrease (—)	+ 4,34,27,075	+ 14,42,525	+ 1,61,44,275	—52,140	—95,871
Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (—)	+1,802.47	+188.32	+79.04	—75.79	—43.64

These transactions have been almost wholly in War Loan, 1929-47 and War Bonds, and in the exercise of the conversion rights afforded by the former. Of the total value of the notes held on behalf of saving bank depositors Rs. 1,77,62,975 is invested on the 1st Indian War Loan.

Financial result of
working of the Post
Office Savings Bank.

29. The following estimate of the financial result of working the Savings Bank is prepared in accordance with Resolution No. 2428, dated the 13th May 1902, of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department :—

Receipts.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Interest at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum on total balance at credit of depositors.	54,71,763	Interest actually paid to depositors	44,40,317
		Estimated cost of managing the Bank	5,49,800
Total	54,71,763	Total	49,89,017

Miscellaneous Post Office Matters.

Post Office Guar-
antee Fund.
(Appendix
page 32.)

30. The surplus of receipts over charges against the Guarantee Fund during the year was Rs. 28,799 as against the deficit of Rs. 50,307 which occurred in 1916-17 owing to an unusual charge of Rs. 58,773 for converting $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Government Promissory Notes into the 4 per cent Conversion Loan of 1916-17. The amount decreed against the Fund was Rs. 7,179 as compared with Rs. 12,321 in the previous year. A sum of Rs. 8,014 was paid as compassionate gratuities to deserving postal officials and their families as compared with Rs. 13,453 in 1916-17.

The balance of the Fund was Rs. 10,53,895.

Complaints by the
public.

31. The number of complaints made by the public was 93,991 as against 81,531 in 1916-17. Of the total number 34 per cent. were found to be justified as compared with 36 per cent. in 1916-17, while 44,757 or 47 per cent. proved to be groundless. In the remaining cases either no definite conclusion could be arrived at or the investigation had not been completed by the end of the year.

Compensation for
uninsured registered
articles.

32. Compensation amounting to Rs. 4,430 was paid during the year in respect of inland uninsured registered letters, packets and parcels lost or damaged in course of transmission by post.

Offences by postal
officials.
(Appendix VII,
page 33.)

33. The number of postal officials dealt with for criminal offences was 419, of whom 232 were convicted in Court and the remainder punished departmentally, as against 485 offenders and 253 convictions in the preceding year. The defalcations and losses amounted to Rs. 43,165 as compared with Rs. 47,738 in 1916-17. By the end of the year adjustments had been effected to the extent of Rs. 20,962, of which only Rs. 1,441 was written off.

Offences by other
persons.

34. The offences against the Post Office committed by persons not belonging to the Department included 36 cases of money order fraud involving a sum of Rs. 5,259 and 3 cases of fraudulent withdrawal from the Savings Bank of sums amounting to Rs. 818. There were 157 cases of theft of Government money amounting to Rs. 15,377 from mails and post offices, in addition to highway robberies which are dealt with in the next paragraph. The total amount stolen was Rs. 21,454,

of which Rs. 5,697 was recovered and Rs. 2,181 written off as finally lost, Rs. 13,576 remaining unadjusted at the close of the year.

35. There were 29 cases of highway robbery, six of which were attended with murder. Highway robbery of mails.

At Makrapara in the Jalpaiguri district a postman was murdered while on his beat. Another postman was strangled to death while returning from his beat at Pearpur in the district of Mymensingh, and an overseer was stabbed to death while conveying cash from Bolaram to Secunderabad. In none of these cases were the culprits traced.

A runner was murdered while conveying mails from Danipiplia to Sarwan in the Banswara Native State. The murderer is undergoing trial in the Rutlam State Court.

A village postman at Bindwall in the Azamgarh district who was carrying a mail bag containing Rs. 151 in cash was robbed and murdered. Three men were convicted of murder and sentenced to death. A runner was murdered on the way from Masauli to Bindaura Railway Station in the Bara Banki district. Two men were tried for the murder, of whom one was sentenced to death and the other acquitted.

There were six cases of raids on mails in transit through the districts of Zhob and Dera Ismail Khan.

Of the total number of robberies 25 occurred in British territory and 4 in Native States. The mail was recovered entirely in 4 and partly in 7 cases, the loss to Government up to the close of the year amounting to Rs. 502. Prosecutions were instituted in ten cases, in seven of which convictions were obtained.

36. A runner and a postman were murdered, the former as the result of a private quarrel and the latter for causes which could not be ascertained. A sub-postmaster was shot dead by Mahsuds who raided a post office in the Punjab. Of other postal servants who met their deaths while on duty, one, a mail peon, died from the effects of a severe beating by the owners of a field in which he was trespassing, another, an overseer, from a fall down the slope of a hill, while a third, a runner, was carried off by a tiger. Other casualties.

37. The most important buildings completed during the year were the Postal Administrative Offices including the post and telegraph offices at Patna and the telegraph office at Rangoon. Among other less important projects finished were the post offices at Gaya and Azamgarh. Buildings.

38. The revenue obtained from post offices situated in the Kashmir and Jammu State was Rs. 3,08,239 as compared with Rs. 2,69,115 in 1916-17 and Rs. 2,47,919 in 1915-16, while the expenditure amounted to Rs. 3,09,487 as against Rs. 2,86,054 in 1916-17 and Rs. 2,80,124 in 1915-16, the actual deficit during the year being Rs. 1,248. The growth in expenditure was chiefly owing to increases in the cost of establishment. Financial results of working the posts in Kashmir.

Non-Postal Branches of the Post Office.

39. There were 1,566 new Life Insurance and Endowment Assurance policies of the aggregate value of Rs. 22,81,293 against 1,739 for Rs. 25,43,685 last year. The number taken by pure Asiatics was 1,485. Of the policies held by women two were surrendered and one discharged by death of the insurant and there are now 27 female policy-holders. Five new contracts for monthly allowances were entered Post Office Insurance Fund.
[Appendix VIII
(a) VIII (1) and in
pages 24, 25 and 26.]

into for a total amount of Rs. 83-0-0. Four Life Annuities were also purchased from the Post Office under Article 807 of the Civil Service Regulations.

The total sum realised on account of premia on old and new policies taken together amounted to Rs. 15,06,303 as compared with Rs. 14,68,152 representing the revised figures for the previous year. Claims to the extent of Rs. 10,26,972 were discharged compared with Rs. 8,96,850 in 1916-17, while 472 policies for a gross sum of Rs. 4,95,693 lapsed or were surrendered or cancelled.

Receipt of salt revenue.

40. The Post Office acted as an agent for the receipt of salt revenue at certain selected offices in the Punjab and North-West Frontier, United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, Bengal and Assam, and Central Circles. As shown by the following figures, there was a decrease in this class of business which was due to some extent to the temporary stoppage of the issue of salt in November last and the restriction subsequently imposed on the acceptance of indents from the general public :—

		1917-18.	1916-17.
Post offices authorised to receive salt revenue	Number	353	298
Indents received ..		1,263	1,871
Quantity of salt indented for ..	Mds	173,132	528,290
Value of salt indented for ..	Rs.	6,87,631	7,61,580
Postal commission realised ..	Rs.	1,012	1,293

At the instance of the Indian Munitions Board a number of offices in the Bihar and Orissa Circle were authorised to receive indents for salt towards the end of the year, and this accounts for the increase in the number of post offices doing this business.

Sale of quinine

41. The Post Office obtained 17,307 lbs. of quinine for sale to the public during the year under report compared with 16,873 lbs. in the preceding year.

Payment of Indian military pensioners.

42. The number of men of the Indian Army whose pensions were paid through the agency of the Post Office in the Punjab and North-West Frontier Province was 76,611 as compared with 65,670 in 1916-17, the amount disbursed being Rs. 53,31,750 against Rs. 43,55,347 in the previous year. The Post Office received Rs. 39,988 as commission for this special service.

Post Office cash certificates. [Appendix V (b), page 31.]

43. Post Office Cash Certificates of all denominations issued during the year numbered 4,694,233 representing an investment of approximately 10 crores of the nominal value of 12 crores 90 lakhs. The amount repaid to investors on 606,185 certificates was 1 crore 11½ lakhs leaving a net investment for the year of about 8 crores 88 lakhs of rupees.

Financial Results of the Post Office.

Financial position of the Post Office. (Appendix X, page 37.)

44. The Post Office accounts show the following results :—

				Receipts.	Charges.	Surplus.
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1916-17	..	..	..	3,93,37,391	3,17,21,057	76,16,334
1917-18	..	..	..	4,16,10,225	3,54,24,461	61,85,764

After allowing for the sum of Rs. 6,98,619 charged against the Post Office in the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India and after making the usual adjustments, notably in connection with free services rendered by or to the Department, the net surplus was Rs. 46,51,397 as compared with Rs. 56,39,292 for the previous year. This amount is exclusive of any credit for the maintenance of unremunerative post offices and lines required for military or political purposes. The decrease in the surplus is largely due to the cost of the special war allowance given to the staff and partly to the increased cost of all postal services arising from the high prices prevailing in the country.

TELEGRAPHS—General Remarks.

45. At the close of the year under review the total number of telegraph officials was 10,960 of whom 169 were women. The number of telegraph offices was 10,559 of which 9,044 were open to the public. The latter comprised 202 departmental offices, 3,337 combined post and telegraph offices, 5,498 railway and 7 canal offices. General Survey.

During the year 19,897,787 telegrams were transmitted over the lines of the Department, an increase of 600,095 over 1916-17.

The total number of signalling operations entailed in the transmission of all telegrams from the office of origin to the office of destination was 94,811,022 with an average of 4.76 operations per telegram as against 4.78 for 1916-17.

The need for conserving stores referred to in last year's report continued during the year and the construction of new lines was again curtailed and was practically confined to meeting urgent military and political requirements.

To meet the shortage of stores many miles of lines along railways which had been temporarily abandoned were dismantled, and in some cases where two telegraph lines ran parallel along railways the wires were placed on one set of posts and the disused posts recovered for issue to more urgent works. The net extension to the telegraph and telephone system was 234 miles of line and 4,419 miles of wire and cable conductors and on the 31st March 1918 the whole system consisted of 87,714 miles of line and 347,906 miles of wire and cable conductors.

Statistics maintained by 75 of the principal offices showed that 31 per cent. of the telegrams handed in were transmitted within 10 minutes of acceptance and 49 per cent. within 20 minutes, also that 65 per cent. of the telegrams received for delivery were sent out to the addressees within 10 minutes of receipt.

The total receipts of the Telegraph Department amounted to Rs. 2 crores and 47 lakhs and the working charges to Rs. 1 crore and 27 lakhs as against Rs. 2 crores and 8 lakhs and Rs. 1 crore and 37 lakhs respectively for the previous year:—

The chief items of revenue were:—

	Rs.
Fees on telegrams	1,86,86,000
Claims from railways and canals	30,59,000
Claims from guarantors	88,100
Rent of telephone connections	12,06,000
Royalties from telephone companies	1,25,000

Despatches. 46. With effect from the 4th January 1918 a reduction of 10 annas a word was made in the rate for press telegrams exchanged between India and the Union of South Africa.

With effect from the 1st November 1917, a telegraphic money order service was introduced between India (including Burma) on the one side and the United Kingdom on the other. The telegraph charges for these advices are the same as for private foreign messages, at the full or deferred rate.

Certificates in telegraphy were granted to 212 soldiers and 475 post office clerks.

The Co-operative Credit Societies at Central Telegraph Offices have all continued to do very good work.

The sum of Rs. 1,51,850 was disbursed to the members of the signalling establishment as overtime allowance for the disposal of work outside the ordinary hours of duty, as compared with Rs. 1,26,357 in the preceding year. The increase was due to the replacement of the skilled telegraphists deputed to the various expeditionary forces by less highly trained and experienced operators and to the growth in the traffic.

A sum of Rs. 2,06,096 was earned by telegraphists as "Pie-money" or remuneration for messages disposed of in excess of certain standards, the corresponding amount for 1916-17 being Rs. 1,87,255. The increase in the pie-money earnings is due to some extent to the extension of pie-money to the Wheatstone system from the 1st April 1917, but largely to the growth in traffic.

In connection with the tribal rising in Waziristan in the early part of the year temporary telegraph offices had to be opened at Khirgi, Jandual, Mari-Indus, Chagmalai, Haidri-Kach and Manzal and the offices at Rawalpindi, Bannu, Dera Ismail Khan and Tank had to be strengthened. A number of Field telegraph offices had also to be opened in February between Derajat and Eastern Baluchistan for the punitive expedition sent out to suppress the Marri tribes.

During the strike of the postal peons of Bombay in September and October 1917 a number of delivery peons were lent to the Presidency Postmaster by the departmental telegraph offices in Bombay, and rendered valuable assistance in accelerating the delivery of letters, etc., under the supervision of the Inspector of Peons of the Central Telegraph Office.

The Allahabad Engineering Division was abolished with effect from the 25th January 1918, its area being absorbed in the Lucknow and Delhi Divisions. From the same date a new division was created with headquarters at Rawalpindi, comprising portions of the Lahore and Karachi Divisions. The result of this re-arrangement will be that the North-West Frontier lines will be more closely controlled.

The pay and prospects of the Line Staff were improved by increasing the numbers in the higher grades and the establishment of training classes for linemen has proved a great success.

The Telegraph contingents in Mesopotamia and East Africa at the end of the year numbered 3,327 composed as follows:—

Superior officers	17
Deputy Superintendents, telegraph masters, inspecting telegraphists, civil and military telegraphists, clerks, telephone inspectors and operators	807
Sub-inspectors, linemen (Indian and British) and workmen	2,066
Other staff	437

In addition a considerable number of men have been deputed for service with other military forces and to the Indo-European Telegraph Department.

The total value of Telegraph stores issued to Mesopotamia and East Africa amounted to Rs. 14,44,350 and Rs. 30,764, respectively. Stores worth Rs. 1,34,090 was supplied direct to the Military authorities and the Indo-European Telegraph Department.

Inland Telegrams.

47. The number of inland telegrams was 17,148,230, an increase of 143,579 ^{Inland telegrams.} over the preceding year or about 84 per cent. in number and of Rs. 16,71,172 or ^[Appendix XIV (1), page 45.] about 14 per cent. in value. The disproportionate increase in value is due to the enhancement of the unit charge for ordinary telegrams from 6 to 8 annas which took place with effect from 1st December 1916.

State telegrams which constitute about 11 per cent. of the inland traffic rose by about 9 per cent. in number and by about 9 per cent. in value.

Private telegrams increased by 22 per cent. in number and by 15 per cent. in value.

Press telegrams decreased by 13 per cent. in number and 2·5 per cent. in value. The decrease in the number of this class of traffic is partly due to a reduction of the number of Government officials authorised to receive Reuter's Summary.

The average value of a State telegram was Rs. 1·496 as compared with Rs. 1·498 in the previous year; of a private telegram Re. 0·706 as against Re. 0·611 in 1916-17; and of a press telegram Re. 0·899 in 1917-18 and Re. 0·795 in 1916-17.

48. The total number of inland telegraphic money orders was 849,307 yielding ^{Inland telegraphic money orders.} telegraph revenue of Rs. 4,76,216 as against 922,759 and Rs. 4,48,144, respectively. ^[Appendix XIV (2), page 46.] in the previous year.

49. During the year further expansion of Printing Telegraph systems has taken ^{Apparatus.} place. Creed apparatus has been installed in Simla, Delhi and Madras, and Baudot apparatus has been installed at Rawalpindi. A considerable quantity of replacement apparatus which had been on order for a long time was received during the year. Five of the early pattern Creed receivers have been replaced by receivers of the latest pattern, and eight of the earlier Baudot sets have been replaced by new apparatus.

In Non-Printing Telegraph systems there has also been development, the reintroduction of Quadruplex working being the most important. At the request of the Telegraph administration in Mesopotamia experiments were carried out with a view to devising a system of Central Battery Duplex working which would work

satisfactorily on lines of 100 to 150 miles practically double the distance that any previously known method of Central Battery Duplex was capable of working over. Such a system was successfully devised and has given great satisfaction, and the use of it is being extended as opportunity offers.

The following new and improved patterns of telephone apparatus were introduced.

Central Battery private sub-exchange switch boards.

Portable Magneto telephones.

Pillar pattern Magneto desk telephones.

Combined post and telegraph offices.

50. The total number of combined post and telegraph offices open on 31st March 1918 was 3,337 with a staff of 4,827 clerks employed on signalling against 3,332 offices and 4,724 signallers at the close of the preceding year. The net increase in the number of combined offices was 5 compared with 44 in the preceding year.

Excluding free messages, the number of telegrams sent from combined offices increased from 11,188,649 to 11,349,659 or by 1 per cent. The revenue rose from Rs. 65,05,568 to Rs. 82,05,119 or by 26 per cent. The number of telegrams delivered by these offices was 9,297,575 against 9,241,692 during 1916-17.

Postal receiving offices.

51. In addition to the messages sent and received from combined post and telegraph offices, 72,755 telegrams were accepted by other post offices for transmission by post to telegraph offices and the revenue realised on them was Rs. 46,250. The corresponding figures for 1916-17 were 73,721 and Rs. 41,328.

The total number of telegrams received at post offices in the Persian Gulf, for the Indo-European Telegraph Department, was 273, as against 180 during the preceding year, and the fees levied on them amounted to Rs. 1,298 as compared with Rs. 884 in 1916-17.

Growth of inland traffic, private and state.

52. Charts are appended showing year by year the number and value of inland private, and inland state telegrams during the ten years 1907-08 to 1917-18. These have been drawn on a logarithmic scale so as to show clearly to the eye the relative changes which have taken place. The actual changes in number and value can be inferred from the numerical scales. Any causes which have affected the normal increase in the growth of traffic have been noted at the appropriate points on the charts themselves.

Foreign Telegrams.

Foreign telegrams generally.
[Appendix XIV (3), page 48]

53. The total number of foreign telegrams dealt with rose from 1,715,35 containing 30,799,724 words in 1916-17 to 1,988,825 containing 38,245,565 in 1917-18, the increase being 16 per cent. in the number of telegrams and 24 per cent. in the number of words. The Indian share of the value was Rs. 44,14,551 as against Rs. 34,36,794 in the previous year, an increase of 28 per cent.

The chief items responsible for this increase were State foreign telegrams which rose by 31 per cent. in number, 28 per cent. in words and 26 per cent. in value and private foreign telegrams at full rates which increased by 18 per cent. in number, 24 per cent. in words and 32 per cent. in value.

Telegrams exchanged with Ceylon.

54. The total number of telegrams originating in India for delivery in Ceylon and *vice versa* was 253,583, an increase of 59 per cent. over the preceding year.

55. The number of telegraphic money order advices exchanged with Ceylon was 45,702 as against 44,058 in the previous year, an increase of 3 per cent.

Telegraphic money order advices exchanged with Ceylon, Mesopotamia, the Persian Gulf and the United Kingdom.

There were 1,206 telegraphic money order advices exchanged with Mesopotamia and the Persian Gulf during the year as compared with 45 in the previous year during the period from 1st September 1916 to 31st March 1917.

There were 1,451 telegraphic money order advices exchanged with the United Kingdom during the period from 1st November 1917 to 31st March 1918.

56. There was only one direct telegraphic route, namely *viâ* Suez, open from India to the United Kingdom during the year. The routes to Europe *viâ* Teheran and *viâ* Turkey remained interrupted and the result was that the traffic on the Suez route was congested on several occasions when it became necessary for the Eastern Telegraph Company to restrict the booking of deferred and week-end telegrams.

Interruptions of telegraphic communication with foreign countries.

The route to China *viâ* Bhamo was interrupted for 337 hours beyond India and 17 hours within India. During 1916-17 this route was totally interrupted from the 31st January to the 19th July 1916, and subsequently for 199 hours beyond India and 9 hours within India.

Direct cable communication with Australia *viâ* Madras was maintained throughout the year without interruption.

57. Charts are appended showing the changes in number and value of foreign private and state telegrams during the ten years 1907-08 to 1917-18. The remarks made under the heading "Inland Telegrams," regarding the corresponding charts, apply to the charts for foreign telegrams also.

Growth of foreign traffic, private and state.

Wireless Telegraphy.

58. The wireless stations in India continued to work satisfactorily except during periods of atmospheric disturbance.

Working of wireless stations.

The accumulator batteries at three stations were renewed during the year the work being carried out, without interruption of communication.

A small wireless station was opened at Serampore on the 28th of October 1917 and the four mobile wireless stations at Miranshah, Bannu, Thull and Landikotal were transferred to No. 3 wireless signal squadron in January 1918.

His Majesty's Navy took over control of the maritime traffic and discipline of the staff of the Coast Radio stations at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Karachi, Rangoon and Port Blair on the 28th February 1918, this Department remaining responsible for providing the personnel and apparatus required, and for technical supervision of the stations.

A fire broke out in the Butcher Island Radio station on the 29th of March and much damage was caused. Repairs were effected with commendable energy and while the station was out of action His Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief deputed a Naval vessel to carry on the wireless duties of the Bombay station.

Telephones.

59. The policy of restricting new telephone connections was continued during the year and they were allowed only for military or political purposes.

Progress in provision of telephonic communication.

Non-departmental exchanges were established for the military at various centres and some of these were connected by junction lines to existing neighbouring exchanges.

A non-departmental exchange was opened for the civil department at Hazaribagh.

The telephone system in the Bengal Coal-fields was largely extended at the request of the Coal Controller as a war measure.

The telephone toll trunk from Calcutta to Asansol and Loyabad erected last year was brought into use in May 1917 and the revenue from this source showed a steady increase throughout the year.

A 100-line extension to the Simla automatic exchange was installed during the year replacing the Central Battery board which had been in use temporarily. The latter has had again to be added to pending the arrival of further extensions which have been ordered from England.

The Delhi exchange was put out of action by fire owing to a contact between the telephone and power wires on the 3rd March 1918, but temporary connections were made for the principal officials of the Government of India without any appreciable loss of time. The annual move to Simla made it possible to restore the connections of the permanent subscribers by the end of March.

The Rangoon exchange was removed to the new telegraph office.

The work of laying underground cables for the Lahore telephone system was in progress at the end of the year.

Progress has continued in the use of systems for simultaneous telegraphy and telephony. The 4-wire phantom system, giving three telephone and one telegraph circuit simultaneously on four wires, has continued to give satisfaction on the Delhi-Simla trunk lines and the system has been extended to other lines. The 2-wire phantom system giving one telephone and one telegraph circuit simultaneously on two wires has also continued to give satisfaction and its use has been extended. The 2-wire composite system giving one telephone and two telegraph circuits simultaneously on two wires has been successfully introduced.

Telephonic statistics.

60. The gross rental of all telephones provided by this Department, excluding those supplied to railways and canals, was Rs. 11,99,213 in 1917 against Rs. 10,56,625 for the preceding year. There are now 238 telephone exchanges owned and maintained by Government of which 58 are operated by this Department and the number of connections at the end of 1917 was 6,905 against 226 exchanges with 6,511 connections on the 31st December 1916. There were also 1,127 offices connected to independent non-exchange circuits compared with 1,115 in the previous year. The number of operators employed in the exchanges worked by the Department was 207.

Telephone exchanges worked by Companies.

61. At the end of 1917 the number of exchanges established by licensed telephone companies was 13 with 14,741 connections compared with 13 exchanges and 12,894 connections at the close of the preceding year. The rental of these systems rose from Rs. 23,68,685 to Rs. 24,86,193. The restrictions referred to in paragraph 53 apply also to these systems and must have adversely affected their extension during 1918.

Construction and Maintenance.

Line Construction and Maintenance.

62. No important construction works were carried out, but certain extra wires were erected in the Northern and Southern Circles to cope with extra traffic caused by military expeditions on the frontier and the general growth of traffic in these districts due to the war. Further extensions and re-arrangement of railway control working on the Great Indian Peninsula and Bengal-Nagpur Railways were carried

Three river cables to replace existing ones, were laid across the Ganges at Mokamehghat, the Meghna at Ashuganj and the Channel Creek at the Mudpoint Island.

The telegraph lines between Rupsa and Baripada were severely damaged by the rioters in the Sonthal rising of May 1917. The lines in the Shahabad district were also damaged by rioters in September 1917. Communication was promptly restored in both cases.

The storm in the Chittagong District in April 1917, and the unprecedented floods in the Gya District did considerable damage. In these cases, too, communication was promptly restored.

Telegraph Stores and Workshops.

63. The value of the stock at the beginning of the year was Rs. 41,78,926 and stores to the value of Rs. 45,38,870 were received during the year, of which Rs. 20,83,402 represented the value of stores imported from England ready for issue, Rs. 10,89,373 the value of stores transferred from the workshops and Rs. 7,27,223, the value of stores purchased in India. The issues during the year amounted to Rs. 39,96,254 of which Rs. 15,08,300 was transferred to other Government Departments and sold to the public. The value of stock in hand on 31st March 1918 was Rs. 47,21,542. Telegraph Stores

64. Notwithstanding the great decrease in expansion of telegraphs in India the telegraph workshops continue very busy. The value of outturn was Rs. 13,58,000 as against Rs. 15,05,000 in 1916-17. Telegraph Workshops.

The output of galvanized tubes for posts numbered 59,000 as against about 140,000 in normal times. 1,233 tons of iron castings were made as against 1,500 tons in 1916-17.

Considerable attention has during this year been given to redesigning patterns of standard articles by means of which many previously imported are now being made in the workshops and others hitherto made of imported materials are being made from materials produced locally. Among such articles were 32,000 insulator stalks, 59 steel masts and quantities of special field service stores.

The instrument shops were fully employed. 9,197 of the principal instruments were made; many of them, including 1,500 field telephones, being for the Army Department. 14,329 instruments were repaired as against 14,661 in 1916-17.

The workshops throughout the year assisted with the manufacture of munitions. An important addition of recent years to their work is the maintenance of the vans of the Calcutta Motor Postal Service which numbered 15 on the 31st March and are being added to rapidly. The workshops are also equipping a Motor Postal Service for Kashmir, which includes the fitting of 20 touring chassis and six lorries with van bodies.

The value of raw materials and stores consumed during the year was Rs. 10,42,352 of which about half were obtained by local purchase.

Financial Results of the Telegraph Department.

Financial position of
the Telegraph De-
partment.
(Appendix XVII,
page 50.)

65. The Telegraph Accounts for the last four years show the following extraordinary results :—

	Receipts.	Revenue charges.	Surplus.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1914-15	1,70,59,934	1,40,66,947	29,92,987
1915-16	1,85,78,406	1,41,20,653	43,57,753
1916-17	2,07,82,482	1,36,74,010	71,08,472
1917-18	2,46,85,258	1,27,22,959	1,19,62,299

There are several reasons for these remarkable results :—

1. The increase in the unit charge for ordinary telegrams with effect from 1st December 1916.
2. The extended use by the public of foreign fully paid cables due to the uncertainty of the mail service and the delays to deferred traffic.
3. The increase in State traffic due to the war.
4. The reduction in revenue charges owing to the substitution of lower paid staff in the place of telegraphists sent on field service.

Revenue charges include gratuities, leave allowances paid out of India and the average capitalised value of pensions paid to telegraph officials, while the receipts include the *pro forma* value of news free and concessional traffic. No credit is, however, taken for the services rendered by the Department in the care and maintenance of large quantities of mobilisation telegraph stores which are kept at the disposal of the military authorities at various centres ; nor is any allowance made for the very heavy expenditure, both initial and recurring, that has been incurred in connection with the erection and upkeep of the various wireless stations for which there is practically no monetary return.

The capital account of the Department was increased by Rs. 29,40,980 during 1917-18 and amounted to Rs. 13,32,55,339 at the end of the year.

PERSONAL MATTERS.

Personal matters.

66. During the year under review the following rewards were conferred upon officials of the Department for meritorious service in the field :—

POST OFFICE.

Lieutenant J. H. Owens, R.E. .. Created a Companion of the Indian Empire.
Mr. R. K. Gossain Awarded the Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

TELEGRAPHS.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. L. Bagshawe, C.I.E., R.E. Appointed a Member of the Distinguished Service Order.
Captain J. G. P. Cameron, R.E. .. Created a Companion of the Indian Empire.
Captain G. E. O. deSmidt, R.E. .. Appointed a Member of the Distinguished Service Order
Mr. F. Rowland Appointed a Member of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire.

24 postal and 37 telegraph officials were mentioned in despatches for service in the field.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

G. R. CLARKE, *

Director General of Posts and Telegraphs.

APPENDIX I.

Number of post offices, letter-boxes and village postmen and mileage of mail lines.

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	POST OFFICES, LETTER-BOXES AND VILLAGE POSTMEN.						DISTANCE OVER WHICH MAILED WERE CONVEYED BY —													
	NUMBERS ON 31ST MARCH 1917.			NUMBERS ON 31ST MARCH 1918.			RAILWAY.		MAIL CARRS, HORSES, CAMELS, ETC.		REFREES AND BOATS.		STEAMER SERVICES—SEA AND RIVER.		MOTOR SERVICES.		TOTAL.			
	Post Offices.	Letter-boxes.	Village postmen.	Post Offices.	Letter-boxes.	Village postmen.	1916-17.	1917-8.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1916-17.	1917-18.		
							Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
Bengal and Assam ..	2,637	10,360	404	3,639	10,554	485	20	26	201	245	16,457	16,398	16,457	16,398	2,436	2,446	148	148	19,499	19,448
Bombay ..	5,031	9,736	1,287	5,023	9,700	1,410	37	37	1,971	2,040	13,031	13,031	13,031	13,031	4,351	4,351	185	185	20,419	20,419
Madras ..	4,535	8,485	1,471	4,535	8,485	1,490	..	..	1,743	1,707	17,357	17,205	17,357	17,205	1,919	1,946	202	202	20,351	20,351
United Provinces ..	2,351	6,876	1,972	2,349	6,866	1,974	..	..	1,059	1,011	9,045	8,985	9,045	8,985	..	..	..	..	12,113	12,113
Punjab and North-West Frontier ..	3,267	6,133	1,340	3,260	6,069	1,381	..	..	1,411	1,411	11,808	11,821	11,808	11,821	..	..	..	..	10,921	10,921
Bihar and Orissa ..	1,280	3,422	396	1,282	3,442	390	..	..	24	24	8,296	8,284	8,296	8,284	..	..	..	..	16,948	16,948
Burma ..	1,564	4,964	740	1,562	4,962	737	..	..	1,020	1,046	1,585	1,576	1,585	1,576	8,314	8,334	45	45	18,064	18,064
Central ..	1,634	4,964	751	1,632	4,962	757	..	..	1,046	1,046	1,585	1,576	1,585	1,576	1,156	1,138	218	218	13,066	13,066
Railway Mail Service ..	..	284	..	..	1,283	..	33,242	33,497	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34,368	34,368
TOTAL ..	19,409	49,703	9,223	19,410	49,749	9,269	34,924	35,170	11,958	12,049	91,337	90,986	91,337	90,986	18,406	18,420	741	741	187,546	187,606
Increase (+) or decrease (—)	..	..	..	+1	—14	+66	..	+255	..	+91	..	—561	..	..	+14	..	..	..	..	+40

Number of post offices and letter-boxes (including the letter-boxes at post offices) in relation to area and population and number of postal articles (excluding money orders) in relation to population.

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	Area in square miles.	CENSUS OF 1911.		ONE POST OFFICE SERVES --		ONE LETTER-BOX SERVES --		Total number of postal articles (excluding money orders).	NUMBER OF POSTAL ARTICLES PER HEAD OF --	
		Population.	Literate population.	Square miles.	Population.	Literate population.	Square miles.		Population.	Literate population.
Bengal and Assam ..	114,381	53,453,410	3,912,534	40	14,604	1,069	3,740	312,593,082	3.98	154.82
Bombay ..	120,125	29,117,115	2,099,198	51	6,032	694	2,289	212,768,962	1.81	111.59
Madras ..	182,111	69,020,175	4,215,549	31	19,690	1,272	5,814	106,017,316	2.66	141.25
United Provinces ..	161,886	45,014,060	1,659,107	69	20,440	700	5,187	121,895,971	2.53	78.47
Punjab and North-West Frontier ..	236,100	31,975,747	1,125,052	90	8,806	1,343	3,432	167,122,191	5.23	148.81
Sindh ..	143,733	1,413,523	17,779	17	1,030	133	3,283	59,471,221	1.54	40.24
Burma ..	236,728	3,776,679	2,776,679	545	27,978	6,134	9,284	72,851,969	2.77	13.61
Central ..	1,282,614	36,122,117	1,030,424	132	19,668	556	9,492	2,900,000	2.90	70.66
TOTAL ..	1,621,844	319,479,622	18,468,135	83	10,436	982	4,619	1,104,645,506	3.46	69.75

* Excluding figures of the Indian post offices at places in the Persian Gulf

APPENDIX II.

Estimated number of unregistered articles of the letter mail given out for delivery and actual number of registered articles and parcels posted.*

Classes of articles.	Bengal and Assam.	Bombay.	Madras.	United Provinces.	Punjab and North-West Frontier.	Bihar and Orissa.	Burma.	Central.	Railway Mail Service.	TOTAL.	
										1917-18.	1916-17.
Articles of the letter mail —											
Fluid unregistered letters ..	79,816,975	88,531,480	85,270,127	41,951,510	57,246,521	22,256,814	22,748,521	25,907,100	1,169,955	424,899,003	416,227,827
Unpaid letters ..	4,395,095	3,008,380	2,488,205	4,929,533	3,058,308	1,714,926	3,007,965	1,897,330	..	24,499,762	26,136,950
Registered letters, { Ordinary and packets. { Value-payable	2,904,154	2,503,450	3,440,287	2,334,468	2,680,443	890,435	774,581	1,100,354	150,624	16,787,796	15,748,926
Insured letters ..	517,086	318,310	251,204	272,543	265,268	49,128	81,242	53,098	..	1,837,879	1,819,956
Postcards ..	616,311	290,562	..	300,474	356,276	199,445	67,542	115,124	..	2,842,020	2,597,826
Registered newspapers ..	103,289,163	124,774,833	85,642,713	60,050,348	86,910,124	29,452,085	3,765,366	37,348,208	416,726	531,629,566	509,800,270
Ordinary unregistered packets	9,863,604	10,135,920	10,792,529	5,814,163	8,391,428	2,671,435	2,690,232	3,571,280	618,831	54,549,432	55,048,211
Total	7,558,759	8,884,022	8,748,494	4,504,673	6,026,489	1,941,539	2,348,062	2,578,400	233,209	42,822,737	47,915,557
	208,941,177	238,566,987	197,536,685	120,157,712	164,934,957	59,175,807	35,484,511	72,481,014	2,589,345	1,099,868,195	1,074,295,523
Articles of the parcel mail —											
Ordinary registered parcels	939,705	1,002,625	625,588	498,687	850,629	136,633	309,650	202,985	..	4,560,504	4,255,935
Insured parcels ..	108,888	190,933	116,299	60,947	118,452	18,006	62,608	41,748	..	717,881	674,306
Value-payable registered parcels	665,105	347,789	324,985	217,118	217,230	15,265	118,604	22,778	..	1,928,774	1,811,298
Ordinary unregistered parcels	112,520	148,927	181,012	94,541	52,254	13,386	5,350	24,828	..	632,818	678,745
Value-payable unregistered parcels and packets.	1,761,637	1,305,333	1,129,847	866,964	948,669	112,124	104,751	72,646	..	6,301,971	6,187,761
Total	3,587,855	2,995,607	2,380,631	1,738,259	3,187,234	295,414	600,963	364,985	..	14,150,948	13,607,945
GRAND TOTAL	212,529,032	241,562,594	199,917,316	121,895,971	167,122,191	59,471,221	36,085,474	72,845,999	2,589,345	1,114,019,143	1,087,903,468
DEBENT — Number of articles deposited as "dead," i.e., as undeliverable to either the addressee or the sender ..	295,439	946,182	127,744	92,570	617,828	..	76,672	104,950	..	2,161,335	2,557,399
Total number delivered	212,233,593	240,716,462	199,789,572	121,803,401	166,504,363	59,471,221	36,008,802	72,741,049	2,589,345	1,111,857,808	1,085,346,069

*Computed from the actual figures of 14 days of the year.

APPENDIX III.

Number of articles dealt with by Dead Letter Offices.

Names of Dead Letter Offices.	RECEIVED FOR DISPOSAL.*					Total for 1917-18.	Total for 1916-17.
	Unregistered letters and postcards.	"Registered" newspapers.	Unregistered packets.	Registered letters, post- cards and packets.	Parcels.		
Bombay	2,728,755	30,904	101,100	42,919	16,568	2,920,246	2,269,474
Calcutta	3,022,252	28,496	79,257	35,474	35,930	3,201,409	3,775,949
Lahore	3,296,753	32,349	47,090	12,696	15,350	3,404,238	2,466,511
Lucknow	1,588,770	10,167	15,096	17,539	15,379	1,646,951	1,314,238
Madras	1,258,755	20,153	30,347	101,049	23,863	1,434,167	1,427,443
Nagpur	403,138	4,084	4,020	5,689	2,914	419,845	406,089
Rangoon	489,985	2,581	5,032	7,011	5,553	510,162	592,966
Total (a)	12,788,408	128,734	281,942	222,377	115,557	13,537,018	12,252,680
(1) Issued for delivery to addressees	6,280,588	43,748	72,250	14,064	19,927	6,430,577	5,367,317
Percentage on total (a)	49.11	33.98	25.63	6.33	17.24	47.60	43.81
(2) Issued for delivery to senders	4,561,122	74,239	185,483	189,853	83,243	5,093,940	4,494,820
Percentage on total (a)	35.67	57.67	65.79	85.37	72.04	37.63	36.68
(3) Total of (1) and (2)	10,841,710	117,987	257,733	203,917	103,170	11,524,517	9,862,137
Percentage on total (a)	84.78	91.65	91.42	91.70	89.28	85.13	80.49
(4) Actually delivered to addressees or senders.	10,700,760	117,852	257,645	199,555	99,862	11,375,683	9,695,281
Percentage of (4) on (3)	98.70	99.89	99.97	97.86	96.79	98.71	98.31
(5) Returned as undeliverable	140,941	135	88	4,362	7,308	148,834	166,856
Percentage of (5) on (3)	1.30	.11	.03	2.14	3.21	1.29	1.69
(6) Deposited originally as "dead," i.e., as undeliverable to either the addres- sers or the senders.	1,946,698	10,747	24,209	18,460	12,387	2,012,501	2,390,543
Percentage of (6) on total (a)	15.22	8.35	8.58	8.30	10.72	14.87	19.51
(7) Total deposited as "dead"	2,087,639	10,882	24,297	22,822	15,695	2,161,335	2,557,399
Percentage of (7) on total (a)	16.32	8.45	8.62	10.26	13.58	15.97	20.87

*The figures represent the total number of articles of each kind received in each Dead Letter Office from post offices and other dead letter offices after deducting articles transferred to other dead letter offices.

APPENDIX IV (a).

Money order business in the last ten years.

Year.	INLAND ORDERS.				FOREIGN ORDERS.				GRAND TOTAL.			
	Number.	Amount.	Percent- age of increase (+) or decrease (-) in number.	Percent- age of increase in amount.	Number.	Amount.	Percent- age of increase (+) or decrease (-) in number.	Percent- age of increase (+) or decrease (-) in amount.	Number.	Amount.	Percent- age of increase (+) or decrease (-) in number.	Percent- age of increase (+) or decrease (-) in amount.
		Rs.				Rs.				Rs.		
1908-09	23,132,115	39,19,26,114	+4.62	3.22	745,522	3,58,68,601	+1.15	-6.22	23,877,637	42,77,94,715	+4.51	+2.35
1909-10	23,888,149	39,96,74,848	-3.27	1.98	781,012	3,60,53,890	+1.76	+1.52	24,669,161	43,57,28,738	+3.31	+1.85
1910-11	24,781,847	41,85,13,441	+3.74	4.71	851,781	4,15,04,945	+9.06	+15.12	25,633,628	46,00,18,089	+3.91	+5.57
1911-12	26,322,257	44,29,23,702	+6.22	5.83	921,152	4,42,15,288	+8.14	-6.53	27,243,409	48,71,38,990	+6.28	+5.90
1912-13	28,624,470	47,39,38,492	+8.75	7.00	994,114	4,88,76,411	+7.92	+10.54	29,618,584	52,28,14,903	+8.72	+7.32
1913-14	29,940,631	51,18,35,732	+4.60	8.00	1,045,742	5,28,78,944	+5.19	-8.19	30,986,373	56,47,14,676	+4.62	+8.01
1914-15	29,317,377	51,54,81,941	-2.08	.71	935,005	4,52,78,475	-10.59	-14.37	30,252,382	56,07,60,416	-2.37	-7.70
1915-16	31,281,231	53,92,17,506	+6.70	4.61	1,041,363	4,74,18,701	+11.39	+4.73	32,322,594	58,66,36,207	+6.84	+4.61
1916-17	32,331,652	57,54,48,259	+3.36	6.72	1,117,513	5,55,24,532	+7.31	+17.09	33,449,165	63,09,72,791	+3.49	+7.56
1917-18	33,903,625	62,77,87,899	+4.86	9.10	1,285,727	12,92,78,378	+15.05	+132.83	35,189,352	75,70,66,277	+5.20	+19.98

APPENDIX IV (b).
Inland (ordinary and telegraphic) money order business.

Names of Circles.	ORDINARY MONEY ORDERS.						TELEGRAPHIC MONEY ORDERS.						TOTAL.		
	ISSUES.			PAYMENTS.			ISSUES.			PAYMENTS.			Number.	Amount.	Commission.
	Number.	Amount.	Ra.	Number.	Amount.	Ra.	Number.	Amount.	Ra.	Number.	Amount.	Ra.			
Bengal and Assam	8,738,793	12,46,22,694		7,782,430	11,61,87,715		124,655	95,77,220		179,729	1,17,92,741		8,863,448	13,41,89,914	17,49,523
United Provinces	4,560,255	6,77,17,648		6,039,109	9,76,17,112		39,031	23,96,688		103,420	61,62,093		4,599,286	7,01,14,334	8,50,676
Madras	4,838,569	7,02,69,608		4,998,998	7,21,69,827		114,036	76,70,390		290,337	1,81,61,861		4,952,625	7,79,38,998	9,39,415
Bombay	4,691,391	11,69,18,049		4,324,607	8,05,52,888		82,595	69,60,914		88,241	69,09,268		4,773,686	12,39,08,963	13,52,795
Punjab and North-West Frontier	3,848,346	6,72,46,031		4,312,841	8,94,29,772		46,051	38,21,651		52,953	52,20,733		3,894,397	7,10,67,682	8,56,020
Poona	1,532,082	3,74,15,366		750,559	2,13,18,222		36,767	2,09,75,169		89,136	1,09,15,826		1,928,849	6,43,50,535	8,96,398
East and Central	2,523,605	3,85,89,182		3,182,558	4,69,94,614		29,312	18,58,137		43,730	27,76,628		2,552,917	4,04,47,319	4,60,385
Central	2,295,552	4,28,19,316		1,296,716	2,85,36,483		42,865	29,00,898		31,486	25,53,375		2,338,417	4,57,20,154	5,01,788
Total for 1917-18	33,028,613	50,55,96,894		32,687,318	55,28,06,633		875,912	6,21,91,905		870,052	6,44,92,525		33,903,625	62,77,87,809	74,16,200
Total for 1916-17	31,433,548	51,45,70,470		31,312,934	50,83,72,665		898,704	6,08,77,789		913,481	6,22,72,124		22,321,652	57,54,48,359	65,49,047
Balance	1,595,005	5,10,26,424		1,374,880	4,44,34,768		..	13,13,216		..	22,40,401		1,571,973	5,23,39,619	8,67,153
Provision .. .. .	..	..		..	..		23,002	..		34,420	..		..	..	..

APPENDIX IV (c).

Special classes of money order business.

[N. B. These figures are included in those given in Appendix IV (b).]

Names of Circles	REVENUE MONEY ORDERS.			RENT MONEY ORDERS.			OFFICIAL MONEY ORDERS.					
	Number.		Value.	Number.		Value.	Number.		* Value.			
	1916-17.	1917-18.		1916-17.	1917-18.		1916-17.	1917-18.	1916-17.	1917-18.		
Bengal and Assam	215,522	204,688	18,87,236	18,48,321	67,349	65,454	12,29,777	10,74,619	151,492	149,092	35,87,045	36,81,930
Bihar and Orissa	172,964	150,498	12,92,147	14,03,348	35,976	34,125	5,19,383	5,02,350	96,050	96,652	34,11,664	36,17,991
United Provinces	354,920	401,440	65,62,649	77,00,427	167,881	165,649	19,40,863	19,49,128	168,312	155,630	17,64,252	15,60,165
Central	51,434	45,953	18,36,569	16,43,836	3,884	3,191	1,07,456	88,743	..	..	..	..
Punjab and North-West Frontier.	16,699	16,165	17,28,319	17,94,816	..	..	..	..	5,601	13,418	1,57,458	2,21,640
Madras	10,293	11,065	1,19,917	1,29,349	..	..	..	..	5,248	5,541	93,400	97,877
Bombay	17,674	20,891	4,32,757	5,27,158	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burma	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	277	270	10,298	8,459
TOTAL	839,506	890,700	1,38,59,594	1,50,47,255	274,990	268,419	37,94,479	36,15,440	426,980	400,603	90,24,177	91,88,062

APPENDIX IV (d).

Money order transactions with the United Kingdom, British possessions and foreign countries and with five Native States of India.

NAME OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND NATIVE STATES WITH WHICH DIRECT EXCHANGE PAID	ORDERS ISSUED BY INDIA.						ORDERS PAID IN INDIA.					
	1916-17.		1917-18.		Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (-) in number.	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (-) in amount.	1916-17.		1917-18.		Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (-) in number.	Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (-) in amount.
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.			Number.	Amount.				
A.—FOREIGN STERLING ORDERS.						A.—FOREIGN STERLING ORDERS.						
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.				£ s. d.		£ s. d.			
United Kingdom	96,506	29,410 2 4	98,900	30,340 2 4			41,352	279,175 19 2	48,525	467,024 18 2		
India .. .. .	..	..	..	..			..	..	..	..
British Guiana	27	61 8 11	24	34 1 6			476	1,585 17 5	380	1,711 5 3		
Island Protectorate	3	26 3 11	19	25 13 0			692	6,916 8 0	1,040	18,243 5 11		
Sierra Leone	36	87 5 4	50	177 15 0			112	1,089 5 11	88	895 6 1		
Port	1,350	11,467 13 10	1,176	9,376 17 7			9,229	237,364 10 2	70,953	2,727,944 8 10		
Sierra	1,852	6,105 0 0	1,302	3,326 12 5			1,819	34,727 8 1	2,293	56,216 11 10		
Sierra .. .. .	..	..	..	..			..	..	..	..
.. .. .	826	5,779 7 0	615	3,023 7 8			3,053	106,748 4 6	5,861	2,19,099 9 9		
.. .. .	163	794 11 0	184	762 12 5			492	13,515 10 10	403	13,513 3 2		
South Wales	663	2,727 13 11	556	2,640 17 9			2,252	32,491 4 6	1,801	25,083 10 9		
Island	263	1,200 19 4	203	899 16 4			1,685	14,766 9 11	1,795	10,938 14 5		
Sierra	40	199 16 7	7	15 3 2			75	663 18 8	43	406 11 6		
Island	187	593 10 7	160	616 1 3			829	11,880 3 9	795	13,015 18 0		
Africa, Union of—Provinces of Cape of Good Hope, Orange Free State, Natal and Transvaal	343	1,833 7 5	415	1,946 13 6			14,051	178,747 1 0	25,477	508,252 19 0		
Australia	169	1,008 19 9	103	444 19 7			587	3,239 14 5	366	1,647 14 8		
Island	547	4,292 5 0	247	1,262 0 3			192	794 9 3	157	975 1 2		
Sierra	151	1,207 2 11	122	691 11 1			177	490 17 5	162	470 9 6		
Island	8	51 9 7	13	67 4 8			699	4,622 4 3	511	3,624 6 3		
.. .. .	659	3,174 7 10	514	2,038 14 6			2,002	27,453 11 6	4,599	19,208 17 3		
Island	250	1,226 5 1	186	788 12 1			647	6,667 9 2	607	4,917 7 11		
Islands	8	117 14 0	9	71 7 10			1,334	18,051 7 5	1,421	21,360 14 0		
TOTAL	104,029	391,304 13 4	103,921	367,672 3 11	-10	-6.04	81,705	961,011 15 4	164,202	41,22,640 13 5	+100.97	+320.24
AS ABOVE WITH AMOUNTS CONVERTED INTO RUPEE CURRENCY AT THE FIXED RATE OF RS. 15 TO A POUND FOR 1916-17 AND PARTLY AT THE RATE OF RS. 15 TO A POUND AND PARTLY AT THE RATE OF RS. 14-2 AS A POUND FOR 1917-18 (A)	104,029	58,69,570 0	103,921	53,49,553 11	-10	-8.86	81,705	1,47,15,176 8	164,202	6,02,17,705-11	+100.97	+309.28
	B.—FOREIGN RUPEE ORDERS.						B.—FOREIGN RUPEE ORDERS.					
	Rs. A.		Rs. A.				Rs. A.		Rs. A.			
East Africa	361	31,059 9	371	27,079 12			20,186	18,30,185 4	20,581	20,51,190 9		
Sierra	16,295	6,37,497 15	16,508	6,98,484 9			341,646	1,13,91,816 12	331,240	1,03,99,351 15		
United Malay States	826	49,376 7	727	37,013 12			61,941	50,12,688 7	97,283	1,85,43,538 1		
East Africa .. .. .	..	..	..	..			..	..	..	..
Hong Kong	2,792	2,62,556 15	2,505	3,00,166 13			5,222	5,22,023 8	2,849	3,41,625 14		
Sierra	317	27,303 11	259	16,864 15			1,254	95,204 7	1,998	5,68,340 13		
Borneo	5	203 13	7	105 15			387	31,200 8	234	15,743 11		
Indo-European Settlements in India	18,409	7,47,036 14	18,484	9,14,425 12			8,405	1,70,514 13	8,865	2,19,010 12		
Sierra	3	172 3	8	244 3			592	36,913 2	234	17,197 1		
Sierra	82	4,421 6	60	5,572 7			481	1,14,412 3	828	3,52,101 11		
Island (Br. Protectorate)	236	15,891 10	274	31,703 7			1,726	68,241 5	1,396	61,745 8		
Indo-European Settlements	1,105	71,553 2	2,747	9,562 10			58,080	48,59,265 8	59,713	1,87,08,896 13		
Sierra (Br. Protectorate)	114	23,702 0	97	7,488 12			5,422	5,02,672 11	6,922	11,40,846 6		
.. .. .	40	2,659 14	58	3,190 8			2,213	1,76,534 4	2,194	2,38,658 5		
TOTAL (B)	49,787	13,73,435 7	42,105	21,40,573 7	+4.26	+14.28	507,353	2,48,20,672 12	564,339	5,26,58,247 7	+11.19	+112.15
	C.—NATIVE STATE RUPEE ORDERS.						C.—NATIVE STATE RUPEE ORDERS.					
	Rs. A.		Rs. A.				Rs. A.		Rs. A.			
Sierra	1,773	39,147 2	2,304	42,055 13			4,096	69,181 4	3,734	67,156 3		
Sierra	34,943	13,55,765 11	54,216	12,43,229 8			124,460	23,66,603 7	119,153	23,10,197 7		
Sierra	18,483	4,05,395 1	25,540	5,79,618 5			8,905	3,99,108 7	18,131	4,06,567 3		
Sierra	15,905	4,18,871 11	20,938	5,29,352 12			385	2,32,503 3	11,863	2,56,650 4		
Sierra	69,546	17,44,848 14	88,938	21,73,845 0			65,043	12,14,253 11	66,323	13,03,126 1		
TOTAL (C)	159,750	39,64,028 7	1,91,936	45,68,301 6	+20.15	+15.24	224,089	42,81,650 0	219,224	43,43,897 2	-2.17	+1.45
GRAND TOTAL, BEING TOTALS OF (A), (B) AND (C)	304,164	1,17,07,933 14	337,952	1,20,58,728 8	+11.11	+3.00	813,349	4,38,17,499 4	947,765	11,72,19,650 4	+16.53	+167.62

APPENDIX V (a).
Business of the Post Office Savings Bank.

Names of Circles.	Number of Head Banks.	BALANCE OF ACCOUNT.				Opening balance.	Deposits.	Interest.			Total.	Withdrawals.			Balance.	Average number of depositors per bank.	Average balance in each bank.	Average balance at credit of each depositor.									
		Number of Sub-Banks.	Balance of the preceding year.	Opened during the year.	Closed during the year.			Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.					Rs.	A.	P.						
Bengal and Assam	38	2,622	4,46,896	29,655	24,607	452,044	3,76,76,570	10	2	1,94,67,194	6	3	9,70,983	11	2	5,83,16,748	11	7	2,32,59,738	1	9	2,30,57,010	9	10	176-58	13,694-10	77-59
Bihar and Orissa	20	827	106,194	9,367	8,165	107,896	94,70,891	7	1	46,36,142	7	1	2,44,100	2	5	1,44,01,134	0	7	55,93,482	9	10	89,07,651	6	9	127-39	10,398-64	81-53
Bombay	29	1,556	337,632	34,603	30,701	341,534	4,23,26,635	5	8	2,35,46,168	11	6	11,72,121	13	5	6,75,46,975	14	6	2,48,79,342	8	7	4,26,97,683	5	11	215-48	24,919-64	124-93
Burma	23	320	71,380	10,513	15,262	66,636	58,89,343	6	0	43,72,925	4	5	1,44,329	11	4	1,04,06,598	5	9	48,42,414	3	1	55,64,164	2	8	104-27	16,522-11	83-50
Central	21	946	84,908	10,648	11,311	84,245	93,76,799	14	2	72,35,416	11	10	2,47,042	12	4	1,65,59,259	6	4	74,45,925	2	2	94,13,334	4	2	87-12	9,734-52	111-74
Madras	36	1,772	211,733	25,381	47,216	189,998	1,13,26,862	5	8	85,14,394	5	3	2,87,754	16	5	2,01,29,001	10	4	95,24,827	6	10	1,06,04,174	3	6	104-92	5,853-46	65-84
Punjab and North-West Frontier ..	39	992	191,724	39,214	34,643	196,895	2,73,12,567	12	1	5,07,82,352	14	4	7,81,988	5	9	6,83,76,859	0	2	2,77,39,381	5	6	3,11,37,477	10	8	190-49	30,301-24	153-55
United Provinces	47	1,785	196,952	28,841	26,841	198,952	2,18,71,690	6	9	2,32,20,392	10	1	5,92,046	1	6	4,46,84,039	2	6	2,20,89,034	15	3	2,55,95,004	3	3	108-60	12,333-51	113-57
Total for 1917-18	255	10,720	1,647,419	188,827	194,646	16,37,900	16,59,83,401	3	7	12,08,26,807	6	8	44,40,317	9	6	29,12,30,616	3	9	12,53,74,146	5	0	16,58,46,469	14	9	149-21	15,111-29	101-27
Total for 1916-17	255	10,160	1,660,424	197,307	210,312	1,647,419	15,32,12,517	3	1	11,10,23,999	7	6	45,47,315	13	11	26,87,83,895	8	6	10,28,30,434	4	11	16,59,33,401	3	7	158-08	15,924-96	100-73
Increase (+) or decrease (-) ..	..	+ 554	-13,005	-5,480	-11,666	-9,819	-1,27,40,664	0	6	+ 95,02,897	15	2	-1,07,001	4	5	+ 22,136,780	11	3	-2,25,45,712	0	1	-1,06,931	4	10	-8-37	-613-61	+ 54
Percentage of increase (+) or decrease (-)	..	- 5-45	- 78	-1-30	-3-35	- 90	+ 6-32			+ 8-35			- 2-35			+ 8-35			+ 21-92			- 0-06			- 5-61	- 3-11	+ 58

(a) This includes Rs. 2,35,97,948-4-10 on account of Savings Bank transfers from one post office to another

APPENDIX V (b).

Statement of Post Office 5-Year Cash Certificates issued and discharged.

Names of Circles.	ISSUED.					DISCHARGED.					Amount paid.				
	Denominations.					Denominations.									
	10	20	50	100	500	Cost price realised.	Rs.	A.	10	20	50	100	500	Rs.	A.
Bengal and Assam ..	245,919	41,781	16,057	64,979	3,029	94,08,546	8	28,716	3,326	931	2,740	108	5,64,533	4	
Bihar and Orissa ..	139,568	27,993	7,115	18,239	710	34,79,897	4	11,988	2,853	511	684	20	2,17,689	12	
Bombay ..	758,043	309,338	71,183	144,711	2,853	2,57,48,553	8	208,106	93,257	22,886	23,238	439	58,77,445	0	
Burma ..	217,333	64,810	20,941	39,513	1,331	70,78,369	8	46,336	14,648	4,251	5,247	40	11,73,016	12	
Central ..	540,987	238,827	52,721	77,948	1,733	1,86,49,914	0	38,043	19,140	5,220	6,317	72	13,11,245	12	
Cedres ..	60,760	17,949	9,032	27,274	1,279	37,08,437	0	5,154	1,231	525	1,677	40	2,24,835	4	
Punjab and North-West Frontier ..	321,306	157,386	56,569	131,752	3,396	1,86,48,398*	12	20,279	11,840	5,818	10,108	98	13,87,474	12	
United Provinces ..	562,972	123,200	28,405	80,688	4,001	1,51,77,034	4	9,367	2,291	846	2,073	111	3,91,057	4	
Total ..	2,846,890	981,284	262,623	586,104	18,332	9,98,99,150	12	362,989	148,596	40,988	52,664	928	1,11,47,297	12	

*Excludes Rs. 1,18,231-8-0 omitted for want of details.

APPENDIX VI.

Transactions of the Post Office Guarantee Fund.

	Government securities (nominal value).	Cash.
	Rs.	Rs.
Balance of 1916-17	8,10,200	2,65,896 ^(a)
Government Promissory notes purchased	+ 2,50,000	..
Cost of purchase of Government Promissory notes	—	— 2,37,500
	10,60,200	28,196
Receipts —	Rs.	
Interest on cash balance	3,280	
Interest on Government Securities of 3½ per cent. loans	4,602	
Interest on Government Promissory notes of 4 per cent. Conversion loan of 1916-17	23,189	
Interest on Government Promissory notes of 5 per cent. War Loan	16,267	
Recoveries against awards made in previous year	1,234	
Recoveries of travelling expenses for medical examination for Post Office Life Insurance	4	
Total	48,576	
Charges —		
Sums decreed against the Fund	7,179	
Refund to subscribers on account of returnable subscription	45	
Reward for information in Post Office robbery cases	3,118	
Compensation to postal servants for loss of private property	1,061	
Compassionate gratuities	8,014	
Travelling expenses for medical examination for Post Office Life Insurance	75	
Charges for conversion of 3½ per cent. Government Promissory notes to the 4 per cent. Conversion loan of 1916-17	285	
Reduction in the nominal value of 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. Securities converted into 5 per cent. War Loan of 1929-47	— 63,300	
Total	19,777	
Surplus for the year	28,799	28,799
Balance on 31st March 1918	9,96,900 (b)	56,995

(a) Differs from the closing balance shown in the annual report for 1916-17 by Rs. 316 owing to that amount having been entered under the head "Recoveries of Awards of previous year" on the credit side after the publication of the report.

(b) The market value on 31st March 1918 of 3½ per cent. loan was Rs. 201, of 4 per cent. Conversion loan of 1916-17 was Rs. 3,47,840* and of 5 per cent. of 1929-47 was Rs. 5,28,092.

*Bombay market quotation.

APPENDIX VII.

Number of cases in which postal officials were guilty of offences punishable by law and number punished in those cases.

ASCERTAINED CASES AGAINST POSTAL OFFICIALS.

Names of Circles.	CONVICTIONS IN COURTS OF LAW.			DEPARTMENTAL PUNISHMENTS.			TOTAL.
	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	Number of cases.	Number of offenders.	
Bengal and Assam	55	52	32	32	87	84	
Bombay	35	35	20	19	55	54	
Madras	53	34	23	17	76	51	
United Provinces	34	32	16	16	50	48	
Punjab and North-West Frontier	15	15	37	37	52	52	
Burma	24	24	11	11	35	35	
Bihar and Orissa	26	23	17	17	43	40	
Central Circle	14	8	18	11	32	19	
Railway Mail Service	9	9	20	27	29	36	
Total for 1917-18	265	232	194	187	459	419	
Total for 1916-17	273	253	225	232	498	485	

NOTE.—The figures in this appendix show the cases in which punishment was awarded during the year, as it is only when a case is closed that it can be entered with certainty as having been committed by a postal official. Besides the 499 cases shown above there were 100 cases in which postal officials were charged with offences, but no punishment was imposed owing to the cases not being concluded or to the death or escape of the offenders.

APPENDIX VIII (a).
Business of the Post Office Insurance Fund in Life Insurance, Endowment Assurance and Monthly Allowances.

	LIFE INSURANCE.				ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.				GRAND TOTAL.				MONTHLY ALLOWANCES.																																																																							
	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium, including fines and medical fees.	Amount of claims met, including cost of establishment maintained for the work.	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium, including fines and medical fees.	Amount of claims met, including cost of establishment maintained for the work.	Number of lives insured.	Amount insured.	Amount received in premium, including fines and medical fees.	Amount of claims met, including cost of establishment maintained for the work.	Number of subscribers.	Amount of monthly allowances secured.	Amount of subscriptions received.	Amount of claims met, including cost of establishment maintained for the work.																																																																				
Post office	472	2,00,450	Rs. A. P. 82,680 0 10	Rs. A. P. 1,09,048 2 4	518	5,44,871	Rs. A. P. 2,58,880 15 10	Rs. A. P. 2,00,911 18 4	600	7,44,121	Rs. A. P. 3,51,681 0 8	Rs. A. P. 3,15,960 15 8	Rs. A. P. 308 2 4	Rs. A. P. 513 8 0																																																																				
Telegraph Department	9	16,000	21,507 11 7	48,472 1 4	63	1,07,000	82,063 8 6	68,163 15 10	71	1,52,000	1,04,471 4 1	1,08,008 1 2	502 4 0																																																																				
Public Works Department	1	2,000	3,924 8 5	5,585 10 0	15	28,123	26,569 4 7	93,225 4 6	16	81,153	34,513 13 0	94,393 14 5	289 4 0																																																																				
Local Fund	3,578 8 4	1,500 0 0	16	15,500	22,049 4 6	12,108 8 0	16	15,500	24,867 7 10	13,008 9 0	4	35 0 0	4,858 1 4	5,132 0 11																																																																				
Other Civil Departments	131	2,41,557	1,52,843 10 11	70,172 11 2	591	10,34,744	7,50,086 7 7	3,94,715 6 0	723	12,76,301	9,02,839 2 6	4,04,868 1 2	1	50 0 0	8,877 11 4	1,166 11 0																																																																				
Military Department	19	32,500	17,327 0 4	9,580 11 4	40	68,500	55,614 14 3	17,687 7 6	59	1,01,000	73,841 14 7	27,508 2 10	114 9 6	46 8 0																																																																				
Total for 1917-18.	(a) 332	4,95,507	2,84,867 12 3	2,39,224 4 2	(b) 1,254	17,87,786	12,41,433 6 9	7,87,747 7 1	1,566	22,81,293	15,06,303 3 0	10,26,971 11 3	(c) 5	83 0 0	11,787 4 4	7,800 3 11																																																																				
Total for 1916-17	321	5,21,150	2,62,929 13 8	1,50,990 14 1	1,418	20,32,435	12,05,221 15 1	7,39,850 5 9	1,739	2,643,685	14,68,151 12 9	8,94,960 3 10	8	35 15 0	4,781 9 6	6,137 14 10																																																																				
Increase	11	..	1,937 14 7	82,224 6 1	36,318 7 8	47,867 1 4	33,151 6 3	1,30,131 7 5	2	47 10 0	7,016 10 10	1,142 6 1																																																																				
Decrease	27,643	154	2,34,749	173	2,62,802																																																																				
<table border="0"> <tr> <td>(a) 1917-18</td><td>332</td><td>4,95,507</td><td>2,84,867 12 3</td><td>2,39,224 4 2</td><td>(b) 1,254</td><td>17,87,786</td><td>12,41,433 6 9</td><td>7,87,747 7 1</td><td>1,566</td><td>22,81,293</td><td>15,06,303 3 0</td><td>10,26,971 11 3</td><td>(c) 5</td><td>83 0 0</td><td>11,787 4 4</td><td>7,800 3 11</td></tr> <tr> <td>(a) 1916-17</td><td>321</td><td>5,21,150</td><td>2,62,929 13 8</td><td>1,50,990 14 1</td><td>1,418</td><td>20,32,435</td><td>12,05,221 15 1</td><td>7,39,850 5 9</td><td>1,739</td><td>2,643,685</td><td>14,68,151 12 9</td><td>8,94,960 3 10</td><td>8</td><td>35 15 0</td><td>4,781 9 6</td><td>6,137 14 10</td></tr> <tr> <td>1916-17</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td></tr> <tr> <td>1916-17</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td><td>..</td></tr> </table>																	(a) 1917-18	332	4,95,507	2,84,867 12 3	2,39,224 4 2	(b) 1,254	17,87,786	12,41,433 6 9	7,87,747 7 1	1,566	22,81,293	15,06,303 3 0	10,26,971 11 3	(c) 5	83 0 0	11,787 4 4	7,800 3 11	(a) 1916-17	321	5,21,150	2,62,929 13 8	1,50,990 14 1	1,418	20,32,435	12,05,221 15 1	7,39,850 5 9	1,739	2,643,685	14,68,151 12 9	8,94,960 3 10	8	35 15 0	4,781 9 6	6,137 14 10	1916-17	1916-17
(a) 1917-18	332	4,95,507	2,84,867 12 3	2,39,224 4 2	(b) 1,254	17,87,786	12,41,433 6 9	7,87,747 7 1	1,566	22,81,293	15,06,303 3 0	10,26,971 11 3	(c) 5	83 0 0	11,787 4 4	7,800 3 11																																																																				
(a) 1916-17	321	5,21,150	2,62,929 13 8	1,50,990 14 1	1,418	20,32,435	12,05,221 15 1	7,39,850 5 9	1,739	2,643,685	14,68,151 12 9	8,94,960 3 10	8	35 15 0	4,781 9 6	6,137 14 10																																																																				
1916-17																																																																				
1916-17																																																																				

APPENDIX VIII (b).

Abstract of Life Insurance Policies, Endowment Assurance Policies and Monthly Allowance Contracts issued, discharged, lapsed and surrendered.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES ISSUED.			ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE POLICIES ISSUED.			MONTHLY ALLOWANCE CONTRACTS ISSUED.		
Number.	Amount.	Ra. A. P.	Number.	Amount.	Ra. A. P.	Number.	Amount.	Ra. A. P.
Balance of 1916-17	5,655*	86,71,022 0 0	20,863	80	2,84,49,911 0 0	813 3 3
Issued during the year	332	4,93,507 0 0	1,234	5	17,87,786 0 0	83 9 0
TOTAL	5,987	91,64,529 0 0	22,097	85	3,02,37,697 0 0	896 12 3
Deduct:—Discharged during the year. By death								
..	104	1,64,875 0 0	214	3	2,53,823 0 0	67 8 0
..	199	..	3,21,883 0 0	..
..	72	88,935 0 0	336	1	3,76,922 0 0	0 8 0
..	7	4,700 0 0	50	..	23,186 0 0	..
..	1	150 0 0	6	..	1,800 0 0	..
TOTAL	184	2,58,680 0 0	805	4	9,77,614 0 0	68 0 0
Balance on 31st March 1918	5,803	89,05,849 0 0	21,292	81	2,92,60,083 0 0	828 12 3

(a) In addition to this sum Ra. 26,146 was paid as bonus on Life Insurance Policies.

*Revised figures.

(b) In addition to these sums Ra. 26,839 was paid as bonus on Endowment Assurance Policies.

APPENDIX IX.
Financial results of the Post Office Insurance Fund.

Life Insurance.			Endowment Assurance.			Monthly Allowances.		
			Receipts —			Receipts —		
Balance on 1st April 1917 ..	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Balance on 1st April 1917 ..	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.	Balance on 1st April 1917 ..	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
Premium realised on Life Insurance Policies ..	23,40,286 12 5	....	Premium realised on Endowment Assurance Policies ..	99,07,323 0 7*	....	Subscriptions realised ..	694 7 0	82,831 3 7
Fines realised ..	2,64,675 2 5	....	Fines realised ..	12,40,465 4 5	....	Amount paid in lump for purchase of immediate monthly allowances ..	11,101 13 4	....
Medical fees realised ..	164 9 10	....	Medical fees realised ..	728 2 4	....	Fines realised ..	1 0 0	....
TOTAL ..	28 0 0	....	TOTAL ..	252 0 0	....	TOTAL ..	....	11,797 4 4
Payments —			Payments —			Payments —		
Life Insurance Policies paid ..	1,90,334 0 0	....	Endowment Assurance Policies paid ..	5,97,083 5 7	....	Allowances paid ..	7,102 3 11	....
Surrender values paid ..	33,649 0 0	....	Surrender values paid ..	1,37,588 0 0	....	Surrender values paid ..	14 0 0	....
Medical fees paid ..	1,856 0 0	....	Medical fees paid ..	3,788 0 0	....	Refunds of subscription ..	....	....
Refunds of medical fees ..	4 0 0	....	Refunds of medical fees ..	20 0 0	....	Cost of postal establishment, including printing, etc. ..	184 0 0	....
Other refunds ..	436 4 2	....	Other refunds ..	1,797 1 6	....	Fee for actuarial report ..	....	....
Cost of postal establishment, including printing, etc. ..	12,945 0 0	....	Cost of postal establishment, including printing, etc. ..	47,471 0 0	....	TOTAL ..	....	7,300 3 11
Fee for actuarial report ..	....	....	Fee for actuarial report ..	....	....	Interest on balance ..	....	3,021 3 1
TOTAL ..	2,39,224 4 2	....	TOTAL ..	7,87,747 7 1	....	Balance on 31st March 1918 ..	....	90,349 7 1
Interest on balance ..	1,17,726 2 2	....	Interest on balance ..	3,55,569 10 3	....		
Balance on 31st March 1918 ..	34,83,656 6 8	....	Balance on 31st March 1918 ..	1,07,16,580 10 6	....		

* Revised figures.

APPENDIX

RECEIPTS, CHARGES AND GENERAL FINANCIAL

Part I.— Receipts and

RECEIPTS.	Amount.	
	Rs.	Rs.
Postage realised in cash	12,52,074	
DEDUCT—Refunds of postage	5,880	
		12,46,194
Gross sale of ordinary postage stamps	4,87,99,918	
DEDUCT—Civil Department share	19,00,800	
Net payments made by India in respect of correspondence and parcels exchanged with other countries	— 1,09,305	
	17,91,495	
Net Post Office and Telegraph Department share of sale of ordinary postage stamps ..	4,50,08,423	
Gross sale of service postage stamps	66,70,888	
Total Post Office and Telegraph Department share of sale of postage stamps ..	5,16,79,311	
DEDUCT—Telegraph Department share	1,92,08,868	
Net Post Office share of sale of postage stamps .. .. .	..	3,24,70,443
Receipts on account of money orders and British postal orders .. .. .	..	75,92,672
Fees and other receipts—		
Fees for window delivery tickets	32,680	
Contributions from private individuals and Native States	38,252	
Supply of overprinted stamps to Native States	16,348	
Recoveries on accounts of mail robberies .. .. .	..
Other receipts	2,44,867	
TOTAL ..	3,32,147	

K.

POSITION OF THE POST OFFICE.

Charges.

CHARGES.							Amount.		
(A).—CHARGES SHOWN IN THE POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS.							Rs.	Rs.	
CONTROL	{	Salaries	5,86,638	25,18,221	
		Establishment	..	..	..	..	10,33,263
		Other charges	..	..	..	..	8,68,809
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	..	10,420
		Other special items	..	..	..	..	19,091
OFFICE OF ACCOUNT AND AUDIT.	{	Salaries	1,06,942	9,53,189	
		Establishment	..	..	..	..	8,35,778
		Other charges	..	..	..	..	60,374
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	..	6,188
		Other special items	..	..	..	..	1,087
DEDUCT—Cost of establishment of the Life Insurance section of the Accountant-Gen- eral's Office debitable to Postal Insurance section							—52,180		
PRESIDENCY AND DISTRICT OFFI- CES.	{	Salaries	10,38,925	2,14,42,133	
		Establishment	..	..	..	..	1,66,18,776
		Other charges	..	..	..	..	30,27,964
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	..	3,86,354
		Other special items	..	..	..	..	3,70,113
CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.	{	Subsidies	23,37,027	72,59,445	
		Road establishment and charges	..	..	..	..	20,30,296
		Ferry and boat establishment and charges	..	..	..	..	28,738
		Gratuities to masters of ships	..	..	..	..	7,185
		Special train hire	..	..	..	..	1,41,314
		Construction of vans	..	..	..	..	—10,742
		Other payments to railways	..	..	..	..	25,68,554
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	..	1,12,249
		Other special items	..	..	..	..	44,824
STATIONERY AND PRINTING.	{	Stationery supplied by Superintendent, Government Printing	11,19,793	19,77,265	
		Stationery supplied from Central Stores	..	..	..	..	5,07,967
		Stationery purchased or manufactured in the country	..	..	..	..	6,447
		Printing at Government presses	..	..	..	..	2,41,758
		Printing at jail and private presses	..	..	..	..	30,637
		Printing at departmental presses.	Establishment		49,005
			Other charges		19,392
			Grain compensation allowance		48
			Other special items		1,718
STORES AND WORK- SHOP ESTABLISH- MENT.	{	Salaries	8,643	21,519	
		Establishment	..	..	..	..	10,939
		Other charges	..	..	..	..	1,640
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	..	..
		Other special items	..	..	..	..	297
MISCELLANEOUS	{	Cost of ordinary and service stamps	11,22,434	12,47,689	
		Compensation for lost or damaged insured and other articles	..	..	..	..	54,812
		Receptacles for foreign mails and cost of repairs	..	..	..	..	50,872
		Other miscellaneous charges	..	..	..	..	14,571
TOTAL CHARGES AS PER POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS							3,54,24,46		

APPENDIX

Part I.—Receipts and

RECEIPTS.						Amount.	
						Ra.	Ra.
DEDUCT—Refunds of window delivery fees						27	
Refunds of other receipts						31,204	
						31,231	
Net fees and other receipts ..						..	3,00,916
TOTAL RECEIPTS AS PER POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS						For 1917-18 ..	4,16,10,225
						For 1916-17 ..	3,93,37,391

Part II.—General Financial

								Credit items.	
								1916-17.	1917-18.
								Ra.	Ra.
RECEIPTS.									
Post Office Accounts								3,93,37,391	4,16,10,225
Finance and Revenue Accounts								3,00,210	3,45,000
ADJUSTMENTS.									
(a) Share of marine subsidies strictly chargeable to other Departments								4,43,729	4,43,729
(b) Estimated cost of managing the Post Office Savings Bank								5,78,300	5,49,600
(c) Estimated value of free services rendered to Native States								4,48,105	4,73,426
(d) Estimated cost of War Loan operations .. .. .								..	2,18,395
Total								4,11,07,735	4,36,40,375
Less debit-total								—3,54,68,443	—3,89,88,978
Net surplus								56,39,292	46,51,397

X.—contd.

Charges—contd.

CHARGES.	Amount.	
	Rs.	Rs.
(B).—CHARGES NOT SHOWN IN THE POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS BUT DEBITED TO THE POST OFFICE IN THE FINANCE AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS.		
Stores from England .. .. .	..
Payments under postal arrangements with the Lords of the Treasury	6,86,820	
Absentee allowances and contingent expenses	11,799	
		6,98,619
GRAND TOTAL .. { For 1917-18 .. ..	..	3,61,23,080
.. { For 1916-17 .. ..	..	3,26,47,506

Position.

CHARGES.	Debit items.	
	1916-17.	1917-18.
	Rs.	Rs.
Post Office Accounts	3,17,21,057	3,54,24,461
Finance and Revenue Accounts	9,26,449	6,98,619
ADJUSTMENTS.		
(a) Estimated Railway free services	34,262	34,176
(b) Rent of Government buildings .. YHE	8,41,056	8,98,344
(c) Gratuities	10,769	7,235
(d) Pensions (average of 5 years capitalised at 10·165 years' purchase)	19,01,844	19,02,790
(e) Absentee allowances not included in the Finance and Revenue Accounts	33,006	23,353
Total ..	3,54,68,443	3,89,88,97

APPENDIX XI.

PRINCIPAL STEAMER SERVICES.

By the British India Steam Navigation Company.

- (1) Direct communication three times a week between Calcutta and Rangoon.
- (2) Weekly communication between Chittagong, Akyab, Kyaukpyu, Sandoway (during fair season only) and Rangoon.
- (3) Weekly communication (during fair season only) between Chittagong, Akyab and Rangoon.
- (4) Weekly direct communication between Madras and Rangoon.
- (5) Weekly communication between Rangoon, Tavoy and Mergui.
- (6) Fortnightly communication between Moulmein, You, Tavoy, Mergui, Victoria Point and Penang.
- (7) Fortnightly communication between Rangoon, Tavoy, Palaw, Mergui, Kamaw, Bokpyin, Karathuri, Victoria Point and Maliwun.
- (8) Weekly direct communication between Bombay and Karachi.
- (9) Weekly communication between Bombay and Karachi *via* the Coast ports.
- (10) Weekly communication between Karachi and Basra *via* the principal Persian Gulf ports.
- (11) Fortnightly communication between Karachi and Busra *via* the Persian Gulf ports.
- (12) Fortnightly communication between Karachi and Bushire *via* the Persian Gulf ports.
- (13) Weekly communication from Negapatam to the Straits.
- (14) Direct weekly communication between Rangoon and Penang.
- (15) Fortnightly communication between Bombay, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban with calls on the outward voyage every four weeks at the Seychelles, Lamu, Mozambique and Dar-es-Salaam.
- (16) Additional services between any of the ports served by the above-mentioned lines and between any of the ports on the Coromandel Coast and Rangoon.

Under contract with the Post Office from 1st February 1913 on an annual subsidy of Rs. 10,12,000.

By the Asiatic Steam Navigation Company.

- (17) Six-weekly communication between Calcutta and Port Blair, with extensions to Madras and Rangoon.

Was under contract with the Post Office for five years from 1st July 1909 and thereafter was terminable at six months' notice. The consideration was not in the form of a money subsidy, but of guaranteed rates for the transport of Government stores. The contract was terminated in April 1916 and the mail service to and from the Andamans is since being performed under special arrangements made by Government.

APPENDIX XI.—*contd.*

PRINCIPAL STEAMER SERVICES—*contd.*

By the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company, Limited.

- (18) Communication three times a week between Rangoon and Bassein.
- (19) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Bassein and Myaungmya.
- (20) Daily communication (Saturdays excepted on the up trip and Sundays excepted on the down trip) between Promé and Thayetmyo and Minbu.
- (21) Communication twice a week between Thayetmyo and Pakokku.
- (22) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Magwe and Salé.
- (23) Daily communication (Fridays excepted) between Salé and Pakokku.
- (24) Daily communication (Fridays excepted) between Myingyan and Pakokku.
- (25) Weekly communication between Pakokku and Kindat.
- (26) Weekly communication (provided the depth of the water permits) between Kindat and Homalin.
- (27) Daily communication between Katha and Bhamo.
- (28) Daily communication between Rangoon and Kyauktan.
- (29) Daily communication between Kyauktan and Thongwa.
- (30) Daily communication between Rangoon and Pyawon.
- (31) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Yandoon and Pyawon.
- (32) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Wakema and Myaungmya.
- (33) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Myaungmya and Moulmein.
- (34) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Wakema and Moulmein.
- (35) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Wakema and Kyaukse.
- (36) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Yandoon and Moulmein.
- (37) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Myaungmya and Fime.
- (38) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Kyaukse and Kyaukse.
- (39) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Henzada and Yandoon, *via* Zalun, Apyauk and Danubyu.
- (40) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Promé and Henzada.
- (41) Daily communication (Sundays excepted) between Moulmein and Kaya-in.
- (42) Daily communication (Sundays excepted on the up trip and Mondays excepted on the down trip) between Moulmein and Kyondo.
- (43) Daily communication between Moulmein and Kado.
- (44) Daily communication between Moulmein and Natmaw.
- (45) Daily communication (Sundays excepted on the up trip and Mondays excepted on the down trip) between Moulmein and Shwegun.
- (46) Communication three times a week between Bassein, Ngaputaw and Pyinkeying.

Under contract with the Burma Government for a period of six years from 1st January 1914. The annual subsidy is Rs. 1,32,540, of which Rs. 57,682 is paid by the Post Office.

APPENDIX XI.—*contd.*PRINCIPAL STEAMER SERVICES—*contd.**By the Arracan Company, Limited.*

- (47) Communication three times a week between Akyab and Buthidaung.
- (48) Communication twice a week between Akyab and Paletwa.
- (49) Communication twice a week between Akyab and Kyauktaw.
- (50) Communication once a week between Akyab and Myaungbwe.
- (51) Weekly communication between Akyab and Sakaunaw *via* Myebon and Kyaukpyu.
- (52) Weekly communication between Akyab and Kyaukpyu.
- (53) Weekly communication between Kyaukpyu and Choduba *via* Ramree.
- (54) Weekly communication between Sandoway and Kyaukpyu *via* Ramree and Taungup.
- (55) Weekly communication between Kyaukpyu and Sandoway *via* Ramree.

Under contract with the Burma Government for five years from 1st April 1915. The subsidy, which is Rs. 1,05,200 a year, is paid by the Burma Government.

By the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.

- (56) Weekly communication on the river Tigris between Busra and Baghdad.

Was under contract with His Majesty's Secretary of State for India for ten years from 1st May 1904. Subsidy Rs. 24,000 per annum: steamers ran in connection with line No. (10). The contract expired on the 30th April 1914 but was extended up to the 31st July 1914. Owing to the War it has not been renewed.

By the British India Steam Navigation Company and the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company.

- (57) Communication at irregular intervals between Calcutta and the Straits Settlements and Hong Kong.

The consideration is not in the form of a money subsidy but of a guarantee of certain concessions.

By other Agencies.

- (58) By the Bombay Steam Navigation Company—Daily communication between Bombay and Goa.

Under annual contract with the Post Office from 1st October to 31st May. The monthly subsidy paid by the Post Office is Rs. 3,000, towards which the Government of Portuguese India contributes Rs. 200.

- (59) By Messrs. Cowasjee, Dinshaw and Brothers—Weekly communication between Aden, Berbera and Zeyla.

Under contract with the Government of the Somaliland Protectorate for 12 months from 1st April 1917 to 31st March 1918. The monthly subsidy is Rs. 1,050, of which Rs. 300 is at the sole charge of the Protectorate Government and the balance Rs. 750 is paid in equal shares by that Government and the Indian Post Office.

- (60) By the Retriever Flotilla Company—Communication four times a week between Chittagong and Cox's Bazar, and also between Cox's Bazar and Maungdaw during fair season only (provided weather permits).

Under contract with the Post Office for three years from 1st January 1914 and terminable at six months' notice. Subsidy Rs. 6,600 a year.

- (61) By Babu C. K. Paul—Weekly communication between Mergui, Palaw and Palaak and between Mergui and Tagu *via* Tenasserim.

Under contract with the Post Office for two years from 1st November 1916 on an annual subsidy of Rs. 7,200

APPENDIX XII.

Total number of sent telegrams, total number of signalling operations entailed in their despatch from the office of origin to destination, with the necessary repetition of intermediate offices, and average number of signalling operations per sent telegrams, for the last five years.

Year.	Total number of sent telegrams paid and free.	Total number of signalling operations.	Average number of signalling operations per sent telegram.
1913-14.. .. .	16,864,178	85,730,358	5.08
1914-15.. .. .	16,541,659	85,976,138	5.19
1915-16.. .. .	18,129,748	88,983,206	4.98
1916-17.. .. .	19,297,692	92,315,117	4.78
1917-18.. .. .	19,897,787	94,811,022	4.76

APPENDIX XIII.

News-free and concessional message traffic during 1917-18.

Particulars.	Number.	Pro forma value.
	Ra.	Ra.
Mail Steamer reports	15,418	15,418
Reuter's Government and Press	485,714	3,78,648
French Government Service	528	2,132
Portuguese Government Service	5,628	21,928
Kalat State	50	267
Kashmir State.. .. .	8,665	11,612
British, Indian and Colonial Governments	93,780*	*5,29,834
On His Majesty's Service (Free State Messages)	150,349	4,39,342
Total	760,732	13,99,121
Total of 1916-17	577,856	8,98,992

* Represents half the total number and value of British, Indian and Colonial Government telegrams.

APPENDIX XIV.

STATISTICS OF TELEGRAMS.

(1) Inland Telegrams.

Particulars.	STATL.				PRIVATE.				PRESS.				GRAND TOTAL.	
	EXPRESS.		ORDINARY.		EXPRESS.		ORDINARY.		EXPRESS.		ORDINARY.		Number.	Receipts.
	Number.	Receipts.	Number.	Receipts.	Number.	Receipts.	Number.	Receipts.	Number.	Receipts.	Number.	Receipts.		
1917-18	346,714	14,10,044 2 0	1,544,681	14,20,648 5 0	1,873,645	23,58,161 12 0	13,148,061	77,61,981 7 0	117,067	79,456 8 0	118,022	1,35,130 10 0	17,148,230	1,86,62,522 12 0*
1916-17	333,146	12,96,514 10 0	1,408,745	13,14,453 8 0	1,568,572	23,68,288 6 0	13,404,148	67,94,810 3 0	156,903	96,333 1 0	116,137	1,20,821 4 0	17,004,651	1,19,91,351 0 0†
Increase	13,568	1,13,529 8 0	135,938	1,06,804 13 0	285,073	4,89,873 6 0	..	9,66,941 4 0	..	..	1,885	11,302 6 0	153,379	16,71,171 12 0
Decrease .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	255,087	..	39,808	16,906 9 0	..	..	..	..
Percentage of Increase ..	4.07	8.75	9.61	8.09	18.16	20.68	..	14.23	..	..	1.63	9.36	84	13.03
Percentage of Decrease ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.91	..	25.36	17.55	..	..	..	..
Percentage on total of each class for 1917-18.	18.38	49.81	81.67	50.19	12.47	26.91	87.58	73.09	49.80	37.54	50.20	62.46	..	..
Percentage on total of each class for 1916-17.	19.13	49.66	80.87	50.31	10.58	25.56	89.42	74.15	57.47	44.96	42.53	55.64	..	..

* Inclusive of Rs. 1,91,554-13-0 on account of abbreviated addresses and exclusive of Rs. 3,64,422-9-0 on account of debit adjustments.

† Inclusive of Rs. 1,21,001-2-0 on account of abbreviated addresses and exclusive of Rs. 2,75,188-12-1 on account of debit adjustments.

(2) Inland Telegraphic Money Orders.

Particulars.	EXPENSE.			ORDINARY.			GRAND TOTAL.		
	Number.	Telegraph charges.	Rs. A. P.	Number.	Telegraph charges.	Rs. A. P.	Number.	Telegraph charges.	Rs. A. P.
1915-16	32,376	39,490 6 0	310,931	816,931	4,94,535 3 0	849,367	849,367	4,76,715 9 0	
1916-17	44,643	51,876 8 0	878,116	878,116	3,94,767 3 0	922,769	922,769	4,48,149 11 0	
Increase ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Decrease ..	12,267	11,696 2 0	61,128	61,128	38,768 0 0	73,458	73,458	22,671 14 0	

(3) Foreign Telegrams.

Particulars.	STATE.				PRIVATE.								GRAND TOTAL.						
	Number.	Words.	Indian share of value.	Rs. A. P.	ORDINARY.				WEEK-END.				Number.	Words.	Indian share of value.	Rs. A. P.			
					Number.	Words.	Indian share of value.	Rs. A. P.	Number.	Words.	Indian share of value.	Rs. A. P.							
1915-16	110,576	4,494,843	5,77,864 2 0	1,290,659	21,244,881	39,49,451 14 0	490,146	38,288,009	8,10,878 14 0	72,578	1,081,648	39,645 8 0	25,088	3,964,189	36,710 15 0	1,988,925	38,945,595	44,14,551 6 0	
1916-17	94,028	3,474,760	4,56,766 4 0	1,085,770	17,003,801	22,29,695 0 0	480,803	7,925,799	6,93,619 13 0	36,854	536,905	19,534 1 0	27,670	1,806,459	32,130 2 0	1,715,165	30,799,724	34,36,794 4	
Increase	26,488	940,083	1,21,098 14 0	194,769	4,183,080	7,19,756 14 0	9,948	812,210	1,12,269 1 0	86,672	536,798	29,061 7 0	7,368	1,455,790	4,560 13 0	273,640	7,445,841	9,77,757 1 0	
Decrease	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Percentage of Increase.	21.40	27.63	20.51	17.93	24.51	32.28	1.94	3.98	16.06	96.79	101.46	102.43	26.62	80.46	14.25	15.95	24.17	28.45	
Percentage of Decrease.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

P. R.—The number and value of "Deferred," "Week-end," and "Private" Telegrams shown above relate only to telegrams from and to India. The number and value of all Telegrams are included under the head, "Private Ordinary."

APPEN

Growth of Telegraph Department

Year.	MILES OF				NUMBER OF OFFICE.			NUMBER OF PAID TELEGRAMS.									
	Cable.	Wire in Cable.	Line including Cable.	Wire, including cable.	Departmental.	Combined post and telegraph.	Total.	FOREIGN.			INLAND.			TOTAL STATE.	TOTAL PRIVATE.	TOTAL PRESS.	GRAND TOTAL.
								State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.				
1854-55	..	..	3,255	3,314	48	..	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1859-60	..	..	10,589	10,944	131	..	131	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1864-65	..	..	13,358	14,137	174	..	174	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1869-70	..	..	13,793	21,378	190	..	190	..	48,391	..	39,403	371,924	..	39,403	415,215	..	454,618
1874-75	..	..	16,155	39,347	216	..	216	1,305	100,388	..	77,328	658,522	..	78,531	784,654	4,206	837,391
1879-80	..	..	20,520	52,914	262	..	262	3,272	281,287	..	290,622	1,037,880	..	293,894	1,261,267	7,850	1,562,511
1884-85	..	..	25,387	75,115	254	..	257	6,088	359,352	877	286,966	1,351,818	12,996	293,054	1,711,170	13,873	2,018,097
1889-90	..	..	35,279	106,309	248	..	248	5,947	438,313	3,224	493,442	2,166,856	24,789	499,389	2,805,169	28,018	3,132,571
1894-95	..	..	41,648	138,526	253	1,109	1,362	6,804	564,302	3,094	585,571	3,205,853	28,202	592,375	3,769,556	29,296	4,391,228
1899-00	..	..	52,909	171,049	239	1,612	1,851	11,069	816,300	6,524	702,055	4,655,527	45,226	713,724	5,471,927	51,750	6,237,301
1904-05	..	..	61,684	227,749	472	1,917	2,189	16,042	990,477	8,022	801,170	7,241,710	40,024	818,112	8,232,187	48,046	9,098,345
1909-10	327	3,892	72,746	287,206	279	2,483	2,762	15,174	1,259,650	11,897	884,435	9,802,124	161,417	849,009	11,061,774	173,314	12,084,097
1910-11	416	4,062	74,828	292,001	279	2,577	2,856	10,096	1,86,368	14,745	989,459	10,541,418	142,257	1,006,445	11,926,781	157,002	13,090,228
1911-12	425	4,200	76,578	299,343	243	2,715	2,958	19,541	1,498,560	17,333	1,207,810	11,814,609	118,966	1,227,851	13,313,169	181,299	14,671,819
1912-13	432	8,102	78,862	311,034	255	2,860	3,115	13,144	1,571,722	21,283	1,190,721	12,525,782	186,149	1,143,865	14,097,504	207,702	15,448,071
1913-14	450	8,949	81,593	321,801	249	3,147	3,396	13,593	1,620,102	24,601	1,276,788	13,485,126	176,537	1,390,331	15,105,228	201,138	16,596,697
1914-15	465	9,133	84,124	330,033	299	3,199	3,498	35,688	1,214,500	21,159	1,551,930	13,084,915	232,774	1,687,618	14,248,815	253,933	16,190,866
1915-16	468	10,354	86,067	337,720	196	3,295	3,481	62,307	1,381,182	22,091	1,737,901	13,096,050	343,557	1,800,208	15,377,232	365,448	17,542,888
1916-17	492	11,319	87,480	344,437	191	3,352	3,520	84,088	1,603,427	27,670	17,41,891	14,989,720	273,040	1,822,979	16,593,147	300,710	18,719,836
1917-18	527	14,687	87,714	347,006	202	3,337	3,539	110,576	1,849,211	35,088	1,961,895	16,021,706	285,129	2,001,971	16,864,917	270,167	19,187,055

(a) Inclusive of 80,560 State press telegrams, value Rs. 41,099.

(b) Inclusive of 150,368, State press telegrams, value Rs. 75,652.

(c) Inclusive of 135,941 State press telegrams, value Rs. 72,936.

DIX XV.

and its operations from 1854-55 to 1917-18.

VALUE OF PAID TELEGRAMS.									NEWS-FREE AND CONCESSIONAL TELEGRAMS.		Year.	
FOREIGN.			INLAND.			TOTAL STATE.	TOTAL PRIVATE.	TOTAL PRESS.	GRAND TOTAL.	Number.		Proforma value.
State.	Private.	Press.	State.	Private.	Press.							
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	
..	..	..	24,050	40,760	..	24,050	40,760	..	64,810	..	..	1854-55
..	..	..	1,15,980	4,10,210	..	1,15,980	4,10,210	..	5,26,190	..	..	1859-60
..	..	..	1,13,818	7,92,558	..	1,13,818	7,92,558	..	9,06,376	..	10,048	1864-65
..	2,55,253	..	1,36,760	7,38,967	..	1,36,760	9,94,220	..	11,30,980	3,595	35,490	1869-70
11,053	5,74,676	..	2,57,315	10,73,835	..	2,68,368	16,30,690	17,820	19,16,878	7,365	1,58,670	1874-75
49,232	9,79,809	..	11,86,638	15,32,853	..	12,35,868	24,61,164	51,498	37,48,530	3,856	1,13,973	1879-80
52,493	12,73,116	3,998	6,63,648	11,65,286	49,347	7,16,141	27,28,601	53,285	34,98,027	1,683	29,349	1884-85
46,244	17,38,047	18,175	9,40,586	21,90,087	79,213	9,91,830	39,37,134	97,388	50,26,852	2,464	45,363	1889-90
56,993	19,97,375	18,678	11,52,852	31,13,170	1,02,804	12,09,845	51,10,545	1,21,482	64,41,872	6,546	1,14,572	1894-95
80,922	31,14,782	32,286	10,63,062	42,59,729	1,57,502	17,43,984	63,74,511	1,89,788	88,08,283	9,262	1,36,767	1899-00
1,18,023	22,22,835	42,003	15,87,734	47,46,565	93,449	17,05,757	69,69,400	1,35,452	88,10,608	10,960	1,18,791	1904-05
54,599	21,21,935	19,173	7,71,555	54,72,633	1,68,303	8,26,155	75,93,868	2,07,536	86,27,550	217,090	1,81,798	1909-10
63,529	24,02,704	35,308	9,78,675	57,19,354	1,53,505	9,42,204	81,22,658	1,88,033	92,53,795	277,484	2,61,447	1910-11
68,939	25,59,720	46,986	11,10,630	64,35,934	1,43,586	11,79,569	89,95,600	1,89,522	1,03,64,761	263,110	2,52,082	1911-12
76,758	25,30,649	17,777	3,88,200	69,37,409	1,83,011	10,02,958	94,68,148	2,20,788	1,07,61,894	315,194	2,50,383	1912-13
74,961	24,87,124	34,529	11,71,152	74,50,496	1,97,949	12,46,113	99,37,620	2,32,478	1,14,16,211	287,892	2,52,753	1913-14
2,69,515	22,81,934	29,790	23,79,660	73,59,952	(a) 2,03,210	26,49,175	96,41,886	(a) 2,33,000	1,25,34,067	351,293	4,86,578	1914-15
4,98,560	25,24,380	30,000	23,39,430	79,25,254	(b) 2,67,612	28,37,990	1,04,49,634	(b) 2,97,612	1,35,85,236	586,860	6,15,187	1915-16
4,66,765	29,47,499	32,130	20,10,968	91,63,229	(c) 2,17,154	30,67,733	1,21,11,128	(c) 2,49,284	1,54,28,145	(d) 577,856	(d) 8,98,992	1916-17
5,77,864	37,99,976	36,711	28,30,893	1,06,20,073	(e) 2,11,557	34,08,757	1,44,20,049	(e) 2,48,268	1,80,77,074	(f) 760,732	(f) 13,99,121	1917-18

(d) Exclusive of 292 Inland O.H.M.S. telegrams, value Rs. 1,103 handed in at licensed telegraph offices.

(e) Inclusive of 96,975 State press telegrams, value Rs. 54,919.

(f) Exclusive of 5,448 Inland O.H.M.S. telegrams, value Rs. 23,615 handed in at licensed telegraph offices.

APPENDIX XVI.

Working expenses per telegram under signalling and line maintenance and average value of a paid telegram from 1899-1900 to 1917-18.

Year.	Total number of paid telegrams in millions.	TOTAL WORKING EXPENSES IN LAKHS OF RUPEES.			WORKING EXPENSES PER TELEGRAM IN RUPEES.			Average value of a paid telegram.
		Line maintenance.	Signalling	Total.	Line maintenance.	Signalling.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1899-00	6·237	16·56	57·97	74·53	·265	·929	1·194	1·332
1900-01	6·449	16·30	61·83	78·13	·259	·958	1·211	1·437
1901-02	6·475	17·69	64·16	81·84	·273	·990	1·263	1·342
1902-03	6·742	17·50	68·12	85·62	·269	1·011	1·289	1·280
1903-04	7·367	17·60	70·50	88·10	·241	·964	1·205	1·160
1904-05	9·088	17·28	71·75	89·03	·190	·788	·978	·968
1905-06	10·461	17·13	79·67	96·80	·165	·762	·927	·884
1906-07	11·385	18·40	86·91	105·31	·161	·763	·924	·836
1907-08	12·750	23·19	98·13	121·32	·182	·769	·951	·786
1908-09	13·007	22·45	102·12	124·57	·172	·785	·957	·748
1909-10	12·084	21·76	102·44	124·20	·180	·847	1·027	·713
1910-11	13·090	22·68	99·73	122·41	·173	·762	·935	·707
1911-12	14·672	21·16	103·90	125·06	·144	·708	·852	·706
1912-13	15·449	25·67	104·66	130·33	·139	·677	·816	·696
1913-14	16·596	22·63	115·67	138·30	·136	·697	·833	·688
1914-15	16·190	22·93	118·29	141·22	·142	·731	·873	·774
1915-16	17·542	28·25	126·44	154·69	·161	·721	·882	·774
1916-17	18·719	23·68	111·53	135·21	·127	·596	·723	·824
1917-18	19·137	22·46	105·05	127·51	·117	·549	·666	945

N.B.—Charges not properly debitable to signalling are excluded. "Interest charges" are taken into account in calculating the working expenses connected with the handling of message traffic.

APPENDIX XVII.

APPEN

RECEIPTS, CHARGES AND GENERAL FINANCIAL

Part I.—*Rece*

RECEIPTS	AMOUNT	
	Rs.	Rs.
MESSAGE REVENUE—		
Telegraph Department share of gross sale of ordinary stamps	1,92,08,868	
Receipts from other Telegraph Administrations	1,73,013	
Receipts from Bearing State messages, River Service, etc.	54,63,334	
Total ..	2,48,45,215	
DEDUCT—		
Payments to the Indo-European Telegraph Department	2,90,622	
Net payments to other Telegraph Administrations	55,31,896	
Refund of overcharges and payments of delivery charges	3,36,821	
TOTAL DEDUCTION ..	61,59,339	
NET MESSAGE REVENUE ..		1,86,85,876
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE—		
Rent of wires and instruments leased to Railways and Canals	30,58,633	
Rent of Telephones	12,05,556	

ipts and Charges.

CHARGES.						AMOUNT.	
						Ra.	Ra.
(A)—CHARGES SHOWN IN THE TELEGRAPH ACCOUNTS.							
CONTROL	{	Salaries	..	..	..	4,73,775	
		Establishment	..	..	..	2,48,013	
		Other charges	..	..	..	1,27,655	
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	2,019	
		Other special items	..	..	..	4,769	
						8,56,231	
ADD—Store Suspense Account .. .. .						..
TOTAL CONTROL ..						8,56,231	
DEDUCT—Share of establishment debitable to Telegraph Lines and Buildings.						93,386	
Share of establishment debitable to other Departments ..						..
NET CONTROL ..						..	7,62,845
OFFICE OF ACCOUNT AND AUDIT.	{	Salaries	..	..	..	45,495	
		Establishment	..	..	..	2,82,010	
		Other charges	..	..	..	37,702	
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	749	
		Other special items	..	..	..	57	
						3,66,013	
DEDUCT—Indo-European Telegraph Share of Account Establishment ..						13,860	
Share of Establishment debitable to Telegraph Lines and Buildings						23,346	
Share of Establishment debitable to other Departments ..						..
NET ACCOUNT AND AUDIT ..						..	3,28,807
PRESIDENCY AND DISTRICT OFFICERS.	{	Salaries	..	..	..	80,983	
		Establishment	..	..	..	55,22,577	
		Other charges	..	..	..	24,21,874	
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	50,148	
		Other special items	..	..	..	96,629	
						81,72,211	
DEDUCT—Amount chargeable to other Governments .. .. .						..
NET PRESIDENCY AND DISTRICT OFFICES ..						..	81,72,211
STATIONERY AND PRINTING.	{	Stationery supplied by Superintendent Government Printing.				2,79,948	
		Stationery supplied from Central Stores				1,26,992	
		Stationery purchased and manufactured in the country.				2,311	
		Printing at Government presses				60,439	
		Printing at Jail and Private presses				6,522	
		Printing at Telegraph Gazette press				5,703	
TOTAL STATIONERY AND PRINTING ..						..	4,81,915
STORE AND WORK- SHOP ESTABLISH- MENTS.	{	Salaries	..	..	..	25,775	
		Establishment	..	..	..	1,56,447	
		Other charges	..	..	..	2,88,164	
		Grain compensation allowance	..	..	..	745	
		Other special items	..	..	..	2,709	
						4,73,840	

APPEN

RECEIPTS, CHARGES AND GENERAL FINANCIAL

Part I,—Rece

RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	
	Rs.	Rs.
OTHER RECEIPTS—		
Royalties from Telephone Companies	1,25,055	
Recoveries from Guarantors	88,411	
Sale of Books, Forms and Maps	8,523	
Sale of Telegraph Gazette	10,306	
Other Receipts	51,992	
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE ..	..	45,48,476
TOTAL RECEIPTS AS PER TELEGRAPH ACCOUNTS ..	..	2,32,34,352

Part II.—General

RECEIPTS.	Credit items.	
	1916-17.	1917-18.
	Rs.	Rs.
Telegraph Accounts	1,98,64,177	2,32,34,352
ADJUSTMENTS.		
(a) News free messages	3,49,285	4,17,681
(b) Concessions to French and Portuguese India, etc.,	5,50,811	10,06,055
(c) Imperial share of the guarantee for working and maintaining the telegraph lines and offices at Kankar and Jagdalpur	297	364
(d) Rent of Telegraph Buildings realised and paid to the Public Works Department.	17,912	27,806
Total ..	2,07,82,482	2,46,85,258
LESS DEBIT TOTAL ..	1,36,74,010	1,27,22,959
NET SURPLUS ..	71,08,472	1,19,62,299

DIX XVII—contd.

POSITION OF THE TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Receipts and Charges—contd.

CHARGES.						Amount.	
						Rs.	Rs.
DEDUCT—Percentages realised on stores issued to other Departments—						5,64,092	
Shares of store contingencies chargeable to Telegraph Lines and Buildings.						29,306	
Share of Workshop Establishment chargeable to manufacture						54,187	
Amount chargeable to other Departments						2,781	
Share of Workshop Contingencies chargeable to Machinery						38,118	
Share of repairs to Plant and Machinery						1,412	
NET STORE AND WORKSHOP ESTABLISHMENTS							—2,16,056
MAINTENANCE OF TELEGRAPH LINES.	Salaries					2,48,455	
	Establishment					11,72,912	
	Other charges					3,27,533	
	Annual Repairs to Lines, etc.					6,22,325	
	Grain compensation allowance					17,221	
						27,753	
						24,16,199	
DEDUCT—Amount chargeable to other Departments						10,399	
Share of establishment debitable to Telegraph Lines and Buildings						1,16,733	
Share of establishment chargeable to Store Departments						38	
NET MAINTENANCE OF TELEGRAPH LINES							22,89,030
MISCELLANEOUS—(Cost of ordinary and service stamps)							7,302
TOTAL CHARGES AS PER TELEGRAPH ACCOUNTS							1,18,26,054
(B)—CHARGES NOT SHOWN IN THE TELEGRAPH ACCOUNTS BUT DEBITED TO TELEGRAPHS IN THE FINANCE AND REVENUE ACCOUNTS.							
Absentee allowances							47,196
GRAND TOTAL							11,18,73,250

Financial Position.

CHARGES.						Debit items.	
						1916-17	1917-18
						Rs.	Rs.
Telegraph Accounts						1,27,50,262	1,18,26,054
Finance and Revenue Accounts						50,964	47,196
ADJUSTMENTS.							
(a) Cost of repairs to Signal Office Buildings by Public Works Department ..						1,05,727	1,19,362
(b) Cost of repairs to Buildings other than Signal offices by Public Works Department.						10,271	14,324
(c) Pensions						7,37,612	7,04,799
(d) Commutations of Pensions						9,944	7,293
(e) Gratuities						3,415	2,419
(f) Absentee allowances not included in the Finance and Revenue Accounts ..						5,815	1,512
TOTAL ..						1,36,74,010	1,27,22,959

APPENDIX XVII—*contd.*

RECEIPTS, CHARGES AND GENERAL FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Part III.—Capital outlay.

	Amount.	
	1916-17.	1917-18.
	Rs.	Rs.
I—Indian Expenditure—		
Telegraph Lines	3,13,455	5,79,804
Telegraph Buildings	300	..
Apparatus and Plant	46,593	50,754
Purchase of Stores in India	11,85,624	13,06,062
Share of Establishment charges, etc.	3,20,247	3,16,956
	18,66,219	22,53,576
DEDUCT—Credits for issue of stores to other Minor heads ..	5,67,920	7,30,897
Credits for sales and issues to other Departments ..	17,25,349	16,41,683
Adjustment.	4,27,050	—1,19,004
Capital cost of the works executed by the Public Works Department	3,78,684	2,67,509
Total Indian Expenditure ..	48,366	1,48,505
II—Expenditure in England—		
Stores	28,50,891	26,09,439
Freight on English stores	1,57,067	1,83,036
Payments to Marconi and Company and Automatic Telephone Company. ..	54,609	...
Total Expenditure in England ..	30,62,567	27,92,475
GRAND TOTAL ..	30,14,201	29,40,980

APPENDIX XVIII.

APPENDIX
Post Office and

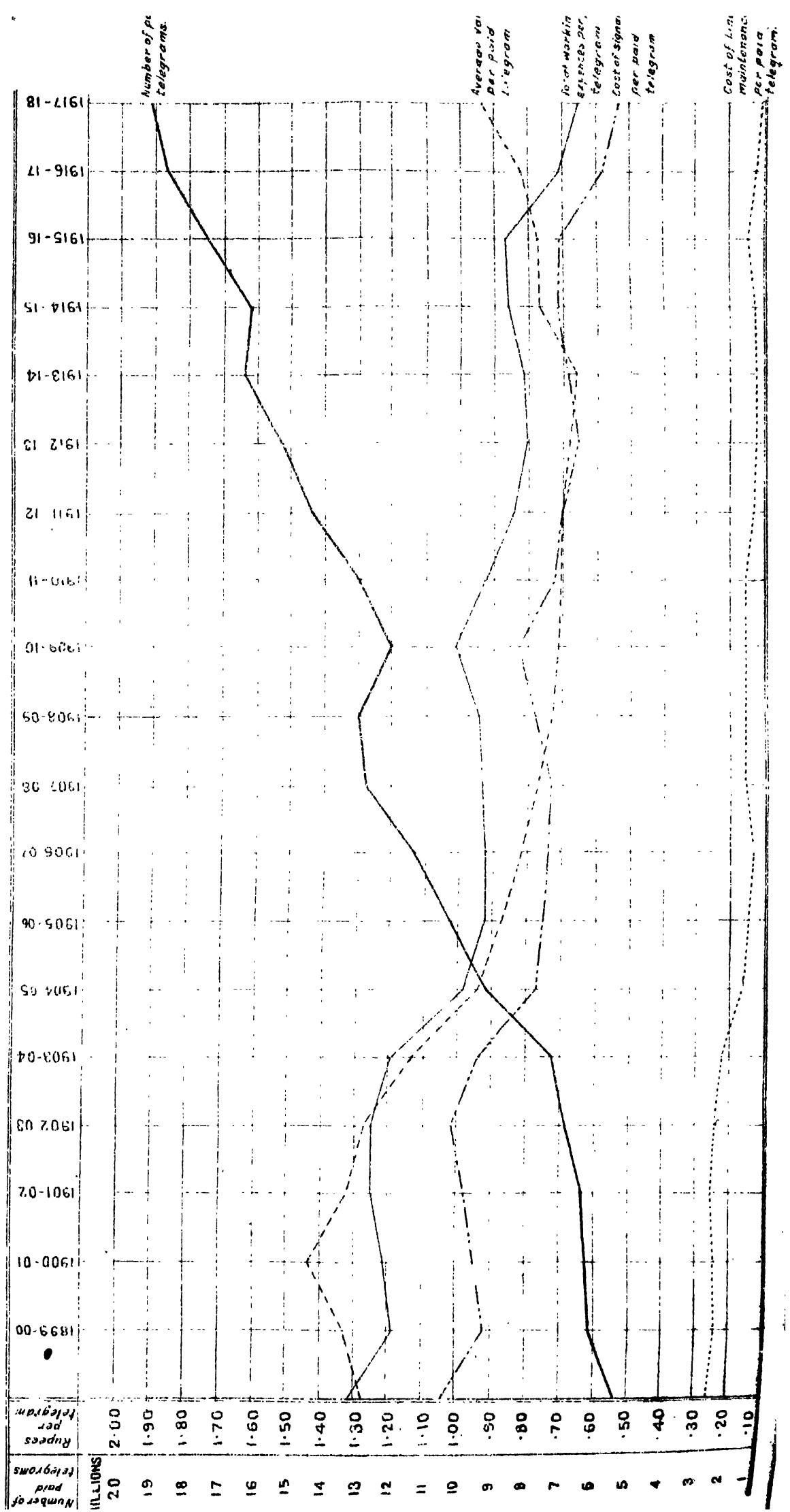
	Direction		Office of Account and Audit.		Banga- and Assam.		Bihar and Orissa		Bombay.		Burma.		Central.	
	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.
1. Director General of Posts and Telegraphs	1	1		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Chief Engineer, Telegraphs	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Postmasters General and Deputy Directors-General of the Post Office	2	2	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4. Directors of Telegraph Engineering			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Deputy Director General of Telegraph Traffic	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Deputy Postmasters General (including R. M. & Sorting) and Assistant Directors General of the Post Office	4	4	..	..	2	2	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
7. Deputy Postmasters General, Telegraph Traffic, Superintendents, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras Telegraph Offices and Assistant Director General of Telegraph Traffic	1	1	..	..	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1
8. Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Telegraph Engineering including Superintendent and Assistant Superintendents of Stores, Assistant to Chief Engineer, Personal Assistant to the Director-General, Chief Electrician and Assistant Electricians and Officers attached for Wireless Telegraphs	5	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Superintendent of Telegraph Workshops			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Superintendent of Postal Press and Workshop			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Works Manager, Foremen and Assistant Foremen			..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Accountant-General Posts and Telegraphs.			1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Deputy Accountants General, Posts and Telegraphs			6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Assistant Accountants General, Posts and Telegraphs, and Chief Superintendents			7	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Superintendents, Probationary Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents and Inspectors in the Post Office	2	2	..	..	90	89	38	34	65	65	20	22	45	41
16. Assistant to the Deputy Director General, Telegraph Traffic Assistant Postmasters-General, Traffic Superintendents of Post Offices, Traffic Superintendents in charge of Agra, Bangalore, Karachi, Lahore and Delhi Telegraph Offices and Assistant Superintendents, Calcutta and Bombay Telegraph Offices	1	1	..	..	4	4	1	1	5	5	2	2	2	1
17. Deputy Superintendents Telegraph Engineering Traffic and Technical including Personal Assistant to Directors, Telegraph Engineering and Deputy Superintendents employed under Superintendent of Stores	2	1	..	..	8	7	1	1	10	8	4	3	3	4
18. Postmasters including Presidency Postmasters and Deputy Assistant, Sub and Branch Postmasters			..	..	1,482	1,406	646	645	882	895	376	383	681	642
19. Extra departmental Agents (School masters, Station Masters, etc.), in charge of post offices			..	..	2,225	2,125	645	643	2,168	2,167	62	59	1,214	1,308
20. Signalling Establishment including Telegraph Masters and Telegraphists (Technical), Telephone Supervisors and Assistant Supervisors, Inspecting Telegraph Masters, Inspecting Telegraphists, Indian Inspecting Telegraphists, Military Mechanists, Military Telegraphists and Signallers (whole-time) in combined offices			..	..	602	617	64	70	730	821	325	334	177	220
21. Clerks (including Telephone operators), Accountants and all other superior servants of the Post Office and the Telegraph Department not referred to in preceding items including establishments of the Director General's Office, the Account Offices, the Postal and Telegraph Workshops and the offices of Postmasters General, Directors, Telegraph Engineering etc.	206	197	1,884	1,868	2,857	2,928	724	728	2,464	2,614	879	914	824	815
22. Road Establishment of the Post Office including overmen, runners, boatmen, coolies, rickshaws, etc.			..	..	4,881	4,087	2,022	2,045	1,914	1,918	109	308	2,172	2,106
23. Postmen, village postmen and inferior servants of the Post Office not referred to in other items.	145	145	146	134	7,248	7,532	2,406	2,429	6,557	6,647	1,520	1,539	2,687	2,684
24. Telegraph Line Maintenance Establishment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Telegraph peons, messengers in combined offices and all other inferior servants of the Telegraph Department not referred to in other items including those in administrative and combined offices.	..	..	..	..	540	550	29	29	475	489	233	255	85	85
TOTAL	371	362	1,994	2,011	18,412	18,950	6,672	6,627	15,876	15,508	2,681	2,721	7,902	7,908

XVIII.

Telegraph Staff.

Madras.		Punjab and North-West Frontier.		United Provinces.		Sorting Circles.		Engineering Circles.		Telegraph Stores and Workshops.		Officers on deputation.		Total.	
1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.	1917.	1918.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
1	1	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	10
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	8	..	..	..	..	8	8
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	4	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	14
2	2	1	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	12
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	24	1	1	12	11	42	42
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	1
..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	7	2	1	8	8
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	7
86	75	86	86	60	65	117	110	..	..	..	..	20	27	636	636
2	1	5	5	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	26	26
10	9	5	5	8	8	..	..	49	48	4	6	12	12	115	112
1,060	1,033	988	943	911	913	..	..	..	..	..	..	83	67	6,969	6,896
2,549	2,541	2,928	2,390	1,478	1,477	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12,659	12,598
544	552	458	509	403	820	..	..	138	130	1	1	185	215	2,575	2,871
2,095	2,072	1,687	1,843	1,431	1,495	8,837	8,900	167	166	126	126	218	363	19,429	20,024
8,217	8,280	2,323	2,412	2,076	2,068	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	8	18,905	18,108
6,561	6,696	4,984	5,081	5,812	5,830	1,800	1,777	..	..	..	..	37	27	29,912	40,521
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,613	2,575	..	..	279	294	2,391	2,906
285	283	268	281	208	205	..	..	201	200	77	77	..	..	2,544	2,559
10,408	10,321	13,230	12,808	12,425	12,464	8,800	8,799	8,198	8,146	216	219	780	1,041	157,391	168,374

DIAGRAM SHEWING FOR EACH YEAR, FROM 1899-00 TO 1917-18, THE TOTAL NUMBER OF PAID TELEGRAMS, THE WORKING EXPENSES AND THE AVERAGE VALUE OF A TELEGRAM.

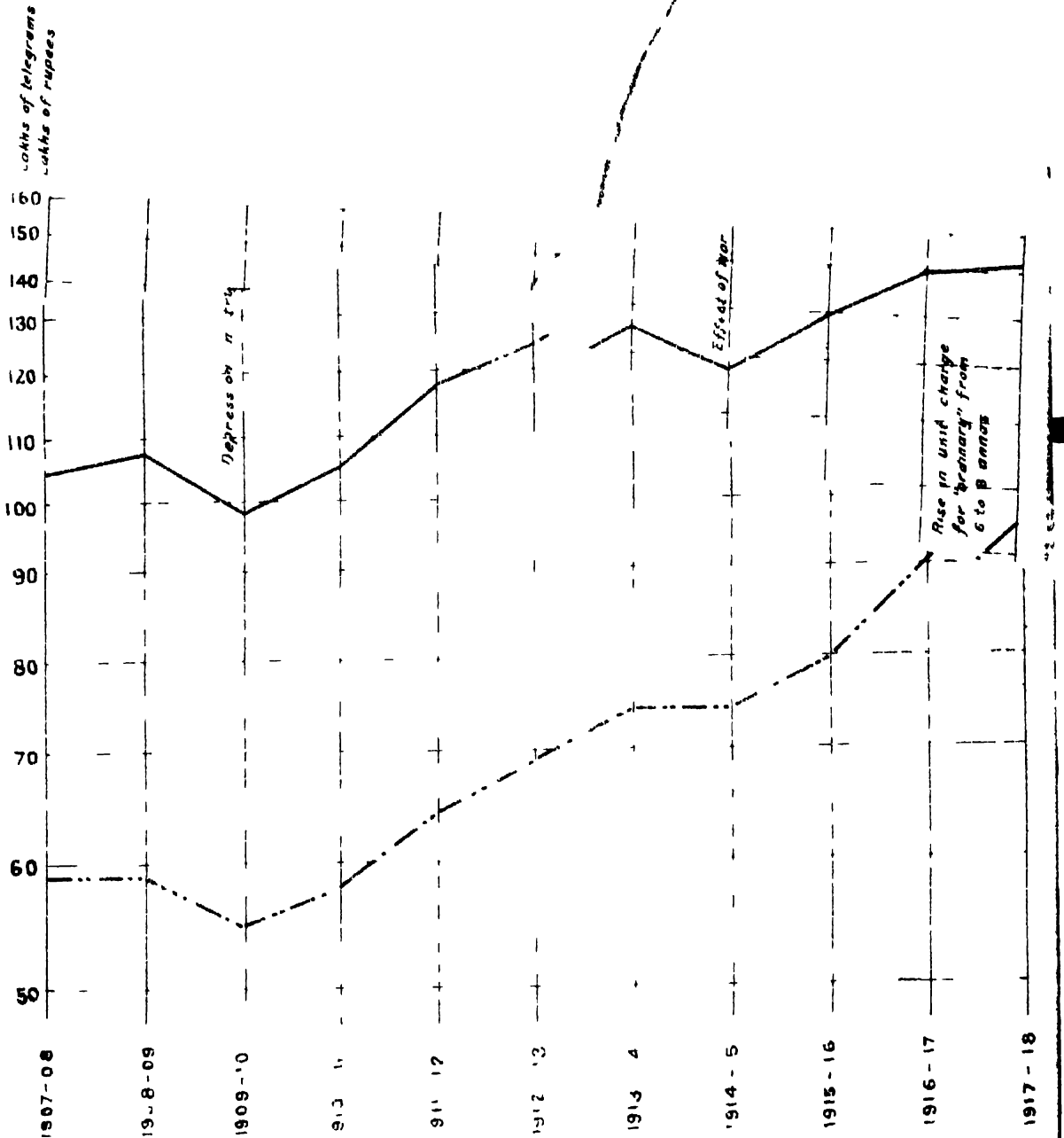


LOGARITHMIC CHART OF INLAND PRIVATE TELEGRAMS.

(Excluding Press)

Value of telegrams shown thus

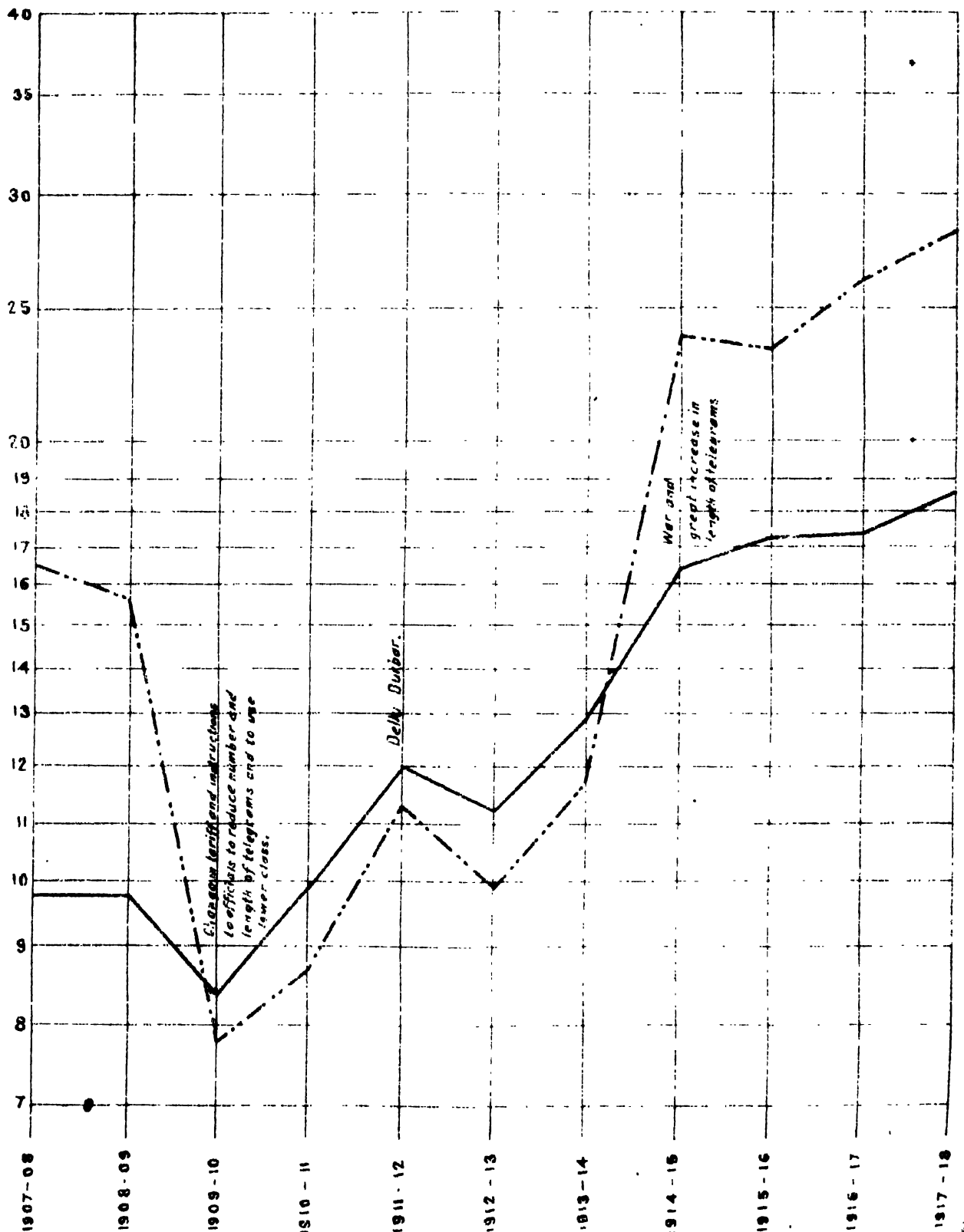
Number of telegrams "



LOGARITHMIC CHART OF INLAND STATE TELEGRAMS. (Excluding Press)

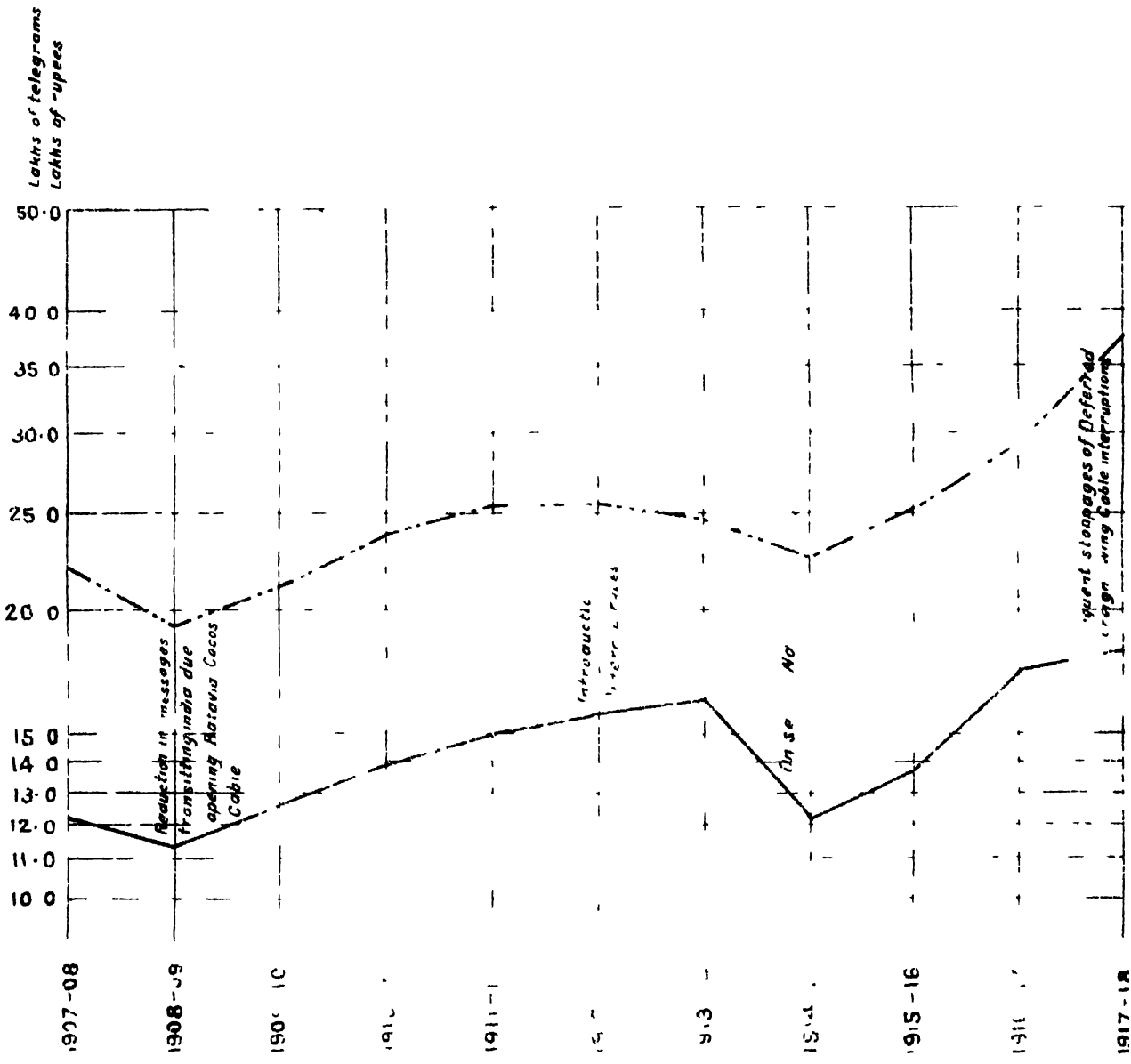
Value of telegrams shown thus.....
Number of telegrams.....

Lakhs of telegrams.
 Lakhs of rupees.



LOGARITHMIC CHART OF FOREIGN PRIVATE TELEGRAMS. (Excluding Press)

Value of telegrams shown thus.....
Number of telegrams " " —————



STATEMENT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, OCTOBER 21, 1912

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railway

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

* Include figures for Native State Section.

Winnipeg, the 24th October 1918.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, LONDON.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 30th September, 1918

On and after 9th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India "

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J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 26th October 1918.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The last issue of the Notices of the Patent Office appeared in the "Gazette of India," Part II, dated the 12th October 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

October 8.

- 3931 J. Elland and Jagmal Raja. *Side gas ports solid bridge regenerator, tank furnace.*
 3932. J. M. Cooper. *Improvements in pneumatic or resilient tyres*
 3933 W. A. Raye. *Envelope machine quick drying gum.*
 3934 T. Bateman. *Auto-interlocking detachable wheel.*

APPLICATION ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on the application, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specification in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order

3819. T. Egan-Wyer *Improvements in or relating to rubber soles for boots and shoes.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

- 3830 E. E. Dutt and P. C. Dutt. *A new and improved process for the manufacture and production of sodium carbonate and alumina*
 3833 F. E. Dutt and P. C. Dutt. *A process for the manufacture and production of potassium salts from silicate minerals.*
 3834. E. E. Dutt and P. C. Dutt *A new and improved process for the manufacture and production of magnesium sulphate.*
 3835 E. E. Dutt and P. C. Dutt. *A new and improved process for the manufacture and production of potassium carbonate and alumina.*
 3836. A. H. Doran. *Improvements in rail chair keys.*
 3838. C. S. Powell. *Railway signal wire midway compensator*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 3159. General Rubber Co. | 3723 Hutchins. |
| 3160. General Rubber Co. | 3725 Bowman and Graham. |
| 3161. General Rubber Co. | 3727. Rigby. |
| 3162. General Rubber Co. | 3728 Pluperfect Ice Co, Ltd, and |
| 3247. Morgan. | Wheater |
| 3295. Segay. | 3729. Stock and Chandler. |
| 3382. Grondal | 3730. Chakravarty Roy Chowdhury. |
| 3478. Hume | 3731. Mills Equipment Co, Ltd., and |
| 3585. Woolley. | Lethern. |
| 3641. Hume | 3733. Hession Tiller & Tractor Corpora- |
| 3714 Heatly and Gresham, Ltd. | tion. |
| 3715 Heatly and Gresham, Ltd. | 3735. Dutt and Dutt. |
| 3716. General Electric Co | 3738. Hargreaves. |
| 3717. Wheeler. | |
| 3722 Wordsell and Callender's Cable and | |
| Construction Co., Ltd. | |

PATENTS SEALED.

3192. Solms.
 3209. Barraclough.
 3344. Mukherjee.
 3480. Billinghamurst.
 3505. Thorpe and Beecroft.
 3527. Hamilton.
 3548. Thompson.
 3587. Carey.

3655. Beadon.
 3656. Le Mesurier and Le Mesurier.
 3659. Craven.
 3664. Robinson and Kenvin.
 3683. Addis.
 3689. Sinel.
 3696. Barker.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

425 of 1907. Sheehan. (To 25 October 1919.)
 130 of 1909 Linotype & Machinery, Ltd. (To 14 October 1919.)
 438 of 1909. Spencer. (To 12 October 1919.)
 769 of 1911. Lumiere. (To 11 October 1919.)
 509 of 1912. Wilson. (To 16 September 1919.)
 556 of 1912. Williams and ors. (To 14 October 1919.)
 1235 of 1913. Chetwynd. (To 16 October 1919.)
 1242 of 1913. White. (To 16 October 1919.)
 1253 of 1913. Norsk Hydro-Elektrisk Kvaestofaktieselskab (To 20 October 1919.)
 1906 of 1914. Monotype Machine (Col. Pat.) Synd., Ltd. (To 20 October 1919.)
 1907 of 1914. Mauss Continuous Centrifugal Separator, Ltd (To 20 October 1919.)

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

From 7th to 12th October 1918.

Class 13. Nos. 7925 to 8006. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. September 27
 Class 14. Nos. 8007 to 8017. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. September 27.

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.**

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India applications should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in

British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD . . .	R. C. Technical Institute.	HYDERABAD . . .	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
ALLAHABAD . . .	Public Library.	JALPAIGURI . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BANGALORE . . .	Indian Institute of Science.	KARACHI . . .	Office of City Deputy Collector.
BOMBAY . . .	Record Office.	LAHORE . . .	Punjab Public Library.
" . . .	Victoria Jubilee Textile Institute, Bygonia.	LONDON . . .	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
" . . .	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.	MADRAS . . .	Record Office, Egmore.
CALCUTTA . . .	Patent Office, No. 1, Connaught House Street.	" . . .	College of Engineering.
" . . .	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE . . .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE . . .	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR . . .	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINBURAH . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA . . .	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON . . .	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA . . .	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROORKEE . . .	Thomason College.
DELHI . . .	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.	SHOLAPUR . . .	Office of the Collector.
		WASHINGTON, U.S.A.	The Patent Office.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

8. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	price.
	Rs. a.
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions) . . .	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 . . .	0 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi) . . . each	0 2
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 . . .	0 2
(e) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>) . . .	0 1
Annual Subscription with postage . . .	3 0
(f) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index 1900-1908 and Chronological lists 1900-1904) . . .	2 0
(g) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index 1900-1911 and Chronological lists 1905-1911) . . .	3 0
(h) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly) . . . each	0 8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917 . . . each	1 0
(j) Specifications of Inventions . . . each	0 8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—

- (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
- (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

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List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

Persian and Arabic Instructors.

Two fully qualified instructors, natives of Persia and Arabia, respectively, are maintained by the Government of India, for the convenience of officers wishing to study Persian and Arabic. The services of these instructors may be obtained in Calcutta, on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners.

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M. Syed Mazhar-ul-Hussain, 253A, Mohtashim Ganj, Allahabad.

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M. Mohd. Akbar Khan Haidari, The Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.
M. Anand Sarup, Sadar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment (winter only).
M. Shaikh Amir Bukhsh, Gyani, Munshi Fazil, Urdu Instructor, Officers' School, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Amar Nath Varma, Young Officers' School of Instruction, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Chhote Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.
M. Jawala Parshad, Regimental Munshi, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.
*M. S. Habib Ullah, Professor of Oriental Languages, C/o Haji Malik Ullah, Suddar Bazar, Ambala Cantonment.
M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R.M.S. and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.

BANGALORE—

M. Mohd. Imdad Hussain, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment.
M. Husain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
*M. Din Mohammad Khan Talib, 1, Gun Troop Road, Ulsoor P. O., Bangalore Cantonment.
M. Mukhtar Ahmad, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
M. Ghulam Ahmed Sahib, 58, Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment).

BANNU.—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

BAREILLY—

M. Mohd. Arif, B. I. Bazar, Bareilly.
M. Rashid Ahmad Khan, Old City, Sailani, Bareilly.

BOMBAY—

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Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

CALCUTTA—

M. Reza Ali Wahshat, M.R.A.S., 2/1/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Balligunge, Calcutta.
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M. Abdul Badi, 5, Ramsanker Roy Lane, Calcutta.
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*M. Mohamad Sharafat Ali, 27, Jhowtala Lane, Balligunge P. O.
M. Mohd. Qurban Ali Asri, 28, Park Lane.

CANPORE—

M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
M. Syed Aulad Hussain, Second Master, 44/170, Ahta Kamal Khan, Halsey Road, Cawnpore

DELHI.—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

FEROZEPUR—

M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HAPUR.—M. S. Khursad Ali, Mohalla Kaziwara, Hapur, District Meerut.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHELUM.—M. Thakur Das Pahwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
Mr. Mahmomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahmomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

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M. Hari Chand (of Bahon), Son of P. Dhanpat-Rai, Officers' Munshi, Bahon, Dist. Jullundur

KARACHI.—M. Anandram Thadomal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.

KASauli.—M. Anand Sarup, Depôt Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KHILCHIPUR.—M. Rameshwar Dayal, Head Master, A. V. M. School, Khilchipur, C. I.

KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.

LAHORE—

M. Sham Lal Bhaigava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

*M. Sayyad Aulad Ali Gilani (Munshi Fasil), Miran Shah Lane, Taksali Gate, Lahore.

M. Mohd Khali-ur-Rahman, Sabri, Mohalla Samman, Chhawani Manawala, Taksali Gate, Lahore.

M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Regimental Munshi, 1/5th Devonshire Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.

M. Mohd Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

V. Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

LUCKNOW—

M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.

M. Mohammad Musharraf Ali, Hewott Road, near Post Office, Lucknow.

V. Mohd Ashfaq Husain, C/o M. Muzaffar Hamid, Oriental Professor, La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.

MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.

MHOW.—Mr Thomas Shah Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.

MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.

MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS—

M. S. C. Bagechi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.

V. Ghulam Mohy ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).

V. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).

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PATNA.—M. S. Fasihuddin Baikhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR—

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M. Abdul Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.

M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.

V. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

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QUETTA—

M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Ahmed Bux, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Abdul Aziz, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.

V. Shor Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Dittu Ram, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, King's Liverpool Regiment, Baboo Mohalla, Quetta.

M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mahmud Hasan Israih, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

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M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).

M. Ghulam Rasool, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.

V. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).

M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.

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SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.

SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

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RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

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KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothan, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

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Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

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SHOLAPUR.—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

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LAHORE.—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.

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Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI.—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

CALCUTTA,
The 24th July 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

**SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE,
CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID
AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs 28 per lb
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 11 per lb
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 5 per lb
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 6 per lb
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „
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QUINOIDINE TABLETS

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs 6 per lb
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins

Cinchonidine is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Cinchona Febrifuge is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	Rs. A. P.
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	0 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1 0 0
	1 8 0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 21st October 1918

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th October 1918.

RESERVE.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.								SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).			REMARKS.	
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		In England.		In His Majesty's Possessions.		In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Possessions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	Held in India.	Held in England.		TOTAL.
			Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	4,38,550	41,08,59,000	2,59,85,460	2,46,45,363	6,31,50,613	12,85,565	...	7,35,08,500	9,99,99,946	75,99,06,865	1,04,88,22,633	(b) (c)	(a) Nominal value— R10,30,81,500. (b) Nominal value— R77,55,45,001. (c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under section 2, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918.		
Cannore	4,00,83,386	4,00,83,386	79,03,477	52,88,302											
Lahore	12,23,97,056	12,23,97,056	1,39,37,310	1,78,31,964											
Bombay	48,46,39,400	48,46,39,400	4,52,45,546	14,62,65,124	3,32,47,30										
Karachi	4,97,11,704	4,97,11,704	31,18,818	21,85,700											
Madras	15,89,71,291	16,11,50,451	60,12,633	40,42,448											
Rangoon	8,28,70,494	8,28,70,494	97,46,331	34,64,605											
	34,43,120	1,94,90,93,911	11,18,49,575	20,36,95,508	9,66,97,843	12,35,865	...	7,35,08,500	9,99,99,946	75,99,06,865	1,34,69,84,120				
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue													55,53,911		
TOTAL CIRCULATION IN													1,34,69,84,120		
Deduct—Amount due on T. T.'s drawn by one Circle on another													...		
TOTAL RESERVE IN													1,34,69,84,120		

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserves and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending the 15th October 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 15th October 1918

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending the 15th October 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 15th October 1918

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th October 1918

PARTICULARS.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS						4 PER CENT.			INDIAN WAR LOAN.		2ND INDIAN WAR LOAN.		GRAND TOTAL
	3 PER CENT OF 1896-97.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55	of 1865	of 1879	of 1900-01	TOTAL	Terminable Loan of 1915-16	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.	5 per cent War Loan 1920-1947.	5½ per cent War Bonds 1920	5½ per cent War Bonds 1922	5½ per cent War Bonds 1923.	
Balance of 30th Sept. 1918	27,63,800	91,91,300	3,83,01,800	1,42,05,300	62,55,000	19,55,500	6,98,97,900	4,700	100	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	9,50,000	7,44,04,700
<i>Add—</i>														
Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. . . . .	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	..	..	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to . . . . .	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between and 1918 . . . . .	...	..	..	...	...	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deduct—</i>														
Amount written off in the London Registers	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,83,01,800	1,42,05,300	62,55,000	19,55,500	6,98,97,900	4,700	100	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	9,50,000	7,44,04,700
Balance on 15th Oct. 1918	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,83,01,800	1,42,05,300	62,55,000	19,55,500	6,98,97,900	4,700	100	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	9,50,000	7,44,04,700

NOTE.—From 9th June 1897 to 15th Aug. 1918 Enfaced from India 12,420 lakhs, re-transferred from London 13,05 lakhs.

16th Aug. " 31st " " 2 lakhs
 1st Sept. " 15th Sept. " ditto
 16th " " 30th " " 7 lakhs.
 1st Oct. " 15th Oct. " ditto

12,429

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
 BANK OF BENGAL;
 Calcutta, 23rd October 1918.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
 Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 22nd October 1918

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS			
	Rs.	A	P.		Rs.	A	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities . .	6 51,73,047	0	0
Reserve Fund	2,26,00,000	0	0	Other authorized Investments .	1,41,96,714	0	0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i>	67,50,000	0	0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .	11,89,51,694	10	4
	1,58,50,000	0	0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,98,88,086	8	0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0	0	Bills discounted and purchased .	2,33,06,785	6	8
Public Deposits at Head Office	2 78,63,273	7	5	Balances with other Banks .	65,02 555	15	5
Public Deposits at Branches	3,50,73,525	2	11	Billion			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches . .	28,79,55,293	4	5	Dead Stock	28,18,108	11	0
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .	13,97,088	8	7	Stamps	12,175	7	1
Sundries	29,92,443	9	3	Sundries	17,83 251	12	11
Rs. Pcs	39,78,81,574	0	7	Rs. A P	29,26,32,422	7	5
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* 3,58,08,065	0	7	
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† 6,94,41,083	8	7	
				Rs. Pcs	39,78,81,574	0	7

* Includes Sows & ½ Sows., value Rs. 3,77,175 0 0

† Do do do. .. 5,12,655 0 0

Rs 689,830 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:
Calcutta, 24th October 1918.H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.
Percentage 29·62N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.**BANK OF BENGAL.****NOTICE.**

Calcutta, the 21st October 1918

The Directors have made the following change in the Bank's European Establishment :—

Mr. S. B. Moultrie on return from privilege leave to resume charge of Agra Branch from Mr. S. A. H. Sitwell, Inspector of Branches, as from the 10th October 1918.

By order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.
11 B 2

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.**TRANSFER.**

Delhi, the 21st August 1918.

No. 3782—39-E-B.—Mr. Mohamed Solaiman, Temporary Engineer, is transferred from the VI Project Division to the Provincial Division, 2nd Circle, Delhi, with effect from the afternoon of the 7th October 1918.

LEAVE

Delhi, the 22nd October 1918

No. 5036—18-E B.—Mr. T. S. Malik, Officiating Executive Engineer, attached to the Provincial Division 2nd Circle, Delhi, is granted privilege leave for ten days in continuation of the leave granted to him in notification No. 3090—18-E. B. of 1918, dated the 19th July 1918.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary.

ODDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.**NOTIFICATION**

Lucknow, the 19th October 1918.

No. 1—Mr. L. E. Vining, District Traffic Superintendent, has been granted 12 months' combined leave on Medical Certificate, *viz.*, Privilege Leave for 2 months and 4 days and Furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the forenoon of 21st September 1918.

H. B. HOLMES,

Agent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Simla, the 15th October 1918

No. 19.—The services of No. 984, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kishan Singh, I.N.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 29th September, 1918.

W. R. EDWARDS, Major-General, I.M.S.,

Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Central India Agency, Indore, the 16th October 1918.

No. 3370-D.—The following promotion is hereby made in the Malwa Bhil Corps with effect from the 1st October 1918:—

Havildar Khema to be Temporary Jemadar *vice* Jemadar Roopsingh retired.

By order,

H. R. LYNCH BLOSSE,

First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General in Central India.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 18th October 1918.

No. 7273-Home.—On his services being placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, Major J. M. Holmes, I.M.S., assumed charge of the duties of the Superintendent, District Jail, Delhi, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th October 1918, from Mr. T. S. Farmer and Assistant Surgeon M. Munir-ud-Din, who relinquished charge of their executive and medical duties at the Jail respectively on the afternoon of the same date.

The 19th October 1918.

No. 7301-Education.—The Reverend J. Strand Jones assumed charge of his duties as Additional Chaplain of Delhi, Kingsway Camp, with effect from the forenoon of the 4th October 1918.

No. 7312-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 5th October 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.								Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.	
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.			Total.
	Delhi . . .	225,471	107	105	212	105	106	211	...	...	...	104	12	71	1	23	...	39	26	65	48.80	48.60
	Notified Area	3,673	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	28.31
	Total . . .	229,144	107	105	212	107	106	213	...	...	...	106	12	71	1	23	...	40	26	66	49.10	48.31

The 22nd October 1918.

No. 7389-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 12th October 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.										Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
	Delhi . . .	225,471	169	135	304	173	169	342	...	...	...	168	12	119	1	42	...	37	32	69	70.11	78.87
	Notified Area	3,673	1	1	2	2	...	2	..	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28.31	28.31
	Total . . .	229,144	170	136	306	175	169	344	...	...	...	170	12	119	1.	42	...	37	32	69	69.43	78.06

W. M. HAILEY,
Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.S

Quetta, the 5th October 1918.

No. 2-Q.—The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner is pleased to declare that Monday, the 7th October 1918, will be observed as a holiday throughout British Baluchistan and Baluchistan Agency territories and will be a public holiday within the meaning of section 25 of Negotiable Instruments Act XXVI of 1881 for public celebrations in honour of the cessation of hostilities between allies and Bulgaria and recent successes of the allies on various battle fronts.

The 15th October 1918.

No. 2365.—A special examination in the Pushtu language by the Higher Standard will be held at Quetta in the Darbar Hall on Thursday, the 17th October 1918, and the following day commencing at 10-30 A.M. each day.

By order,

R. H. CHENEVIX TRENCH,

First Assistant.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,

Librarian.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 156 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 3rd October 1918.

In the matter of M. H. Johary, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by M. H. Johary, Rice Miller, residing at No. 78, 29th Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said M. H. Johary.

CASE No. 158 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 15th October 1918.

In the matter of A. K. Nagoor Guny, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. K. Nagoor Guny, Butcher, residing at No. 60, 121st Street, Kalabusty, Rangoon, on the 15th day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. K. Nagoor Guny.

MAUNG GYEE,

Offg. Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination	Address in Bombay	Description	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
493—1918	Varjag Tejpal Vams	Hindu	Mandvi, Chinch Bunder	Whita in the service of Lalji Poonav	12th	October	1918	12th	October	1918
496—1918	Pragnu Ludha Thaker		Baroda Lane, Dana Bunder	Lately carrying on business as Mucadum and speculator in Hessian cloth, gunny bags, etc. and also on his own account in the name of Ran hoddas Pragnu as Seeds Merchant and Commission Agent and now unemployed	27th	September	"	27th	September	"
494—1918	John Lni	European	Par	Machine-man in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Workshop, Pare	17th	October	"	17th	October	"
495—1918	Gulabchand Jethabhai Sha	Hindu	Old Modikhana	Lately Speculator in shares of different Joint Stock Companies and now unemployed			"	"	"	"
496—1918	Gangadhar Ramkrishna Waid		Gurgaum	Lately Boarding House keeper and now unemployed	1st	"	"	1st	"	"
497—1918	Vasant Rao Kashinath Mantri and Yeshwantrao Kashinath Mantri		Kurdwala	Joint partnership business as petty dealers in piece goods in the name of Mantri Brothers		"	"	21st	"	"
498—1918	Rajji Rughnath Thacker		Gorind Wadi Kalbaduri	Joint business as Cloth Merchant in the name of Amarsi Rajji at Lakhimdas Kumbhi market	21st	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 21st day of October 1918.

R B PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENY COURT, AJMER.

Application No. 138 of 1918

Chhotoo Lal, son of Hanwant Ram, Mohajan of Deoli, Applicant.

	<i>against</i>	Debt.		
		Rs	A	P
1.	Birdhi Chand, son of Ram Chander, of Deoli	925	0	0
2.	Jawaher Lal, son of Bajju Ram Deoli	703	0	0
3.	Chhoga Lal, son of Pohkar Ram, of Deoli	120	0	0
4.	Moti Ram Chogalal Deoli	150	0	0
5.	Lachmi Narain, son of Ram Narain, Deoli	115	0	0
6.	Sada Sukh Harnand, Deoli	55	0	0
7.	Hazari Lal Bihari Lal, Deoli	140	0	0
		2,138	0	0

In the above case the applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907 of the Insolvency Act and the application will be heard by the Court at 11 A.M. on the 5th November 1918

The creditors are hereby informed that they either must appear in person, or through an authorised agent, on the date fixed to oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 8th day of October 1918.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter from the Mobilised Det 1st Madras Guards, I D F, dated at Fort St George, Madras, this 18th day of October 1918

Number, Rank and Name—9 Private, T W Abio
Age on Mobilization—22 years
Height—5 feet 3½ inches
Colour of—Complexion, dark, hair black, eyes, black
Trade—Mechanic
Date of Mobilization—23rd March 1915.
Place of Mobilization—Madras
Parish and County in which born—Madras

Date of Desertion or absence—24th September 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Madras
Married
Address—St. Francis Xavier Street, North George Town Madras
Marks—Has one scar at the back of his head.
Tattooed on both forearms and on chest
Moustaches—Black, thick.
Under 3 years service

Report of a Deserter from the Mobilized Det 1st Madras Guards, I D F, dated at Fort St George, Madras, this 18th day of October 1918

Number, Rank and Name—3 Private, J. W. Allen,
Age on Mobilization—19½ years
Height—6 feet 1 inch
Colour of—Complexion dark brown, hair, black, eyes black
Trade—Mechanic
Date of Mobilization—7th September 1918

Place of Mobilization—Madras
Parish and County in which born—Madras
Date of Desertion or absence—7th September 1918
Place of Desertion or absence—Madras
Was employed in the Madras Electric Supply Corporation, Ltd., Madras.
Lived at No 6, Anthony Street, Park Town, Madras

F. E. HOOPER, Captain,

Det 1st Madras Guards, I. D. F.

Report of an Absentee from the Royal Artillery Depot, dated at Kirkee, this 15th day of October 1918

Number, Rank and Name—42159, Driver, Francis
Height—5 feet 3 inches
Date of Absence—9th October 1918 at 9 A.M.
Place of Absence—Kirkee

Marks—Clean shaven; sharp featured; hair cropped short, talks with a Canadian accent; walks with a stoop, slight build and rather large forehead; believed to be well acquainted with racing people.

H. BIRTLES, Capt., R. F. A.,

Commanding, Royal Artillery Depot, Kirkee.

Report of a Deserter without leave from the Coloured Labour Section Att. I. W. T. Att. R. E. Training Coy. (India), dated at Bangalore, this 17th day of October 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—199859, Pnr. Leigh.
 Age—About 25 years.
 Height—About 5 feet 8 inches.
 Colour of—Complexion, hair, eyes—Negro.
 Trade—Mechanic.

Date of Enlistment—28th September 1918.
 Place of Enlistment—Sandwich, England
 Parish and County in which born—No record
 Date of Desertion or absence—15th September 1918.
 Place of Desertion or absence—Bombay.

Report of a Deserter without leave from the Coloured Labour Section Att. I. W. T. Att. R. E. Training Coy. (India), dated at Bangalore, this 17th day of October 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—199710, Pnr. Brown
 Age—About 25 years
 Height—About 5 feet 7 inches.
 Colour of—Complexion, hair, eyes—Negro
 Trade—Engine Driver.
 Date of Enlistment—No record.

Place of Enlistment—Sandwich, England.
 Parish and County in which born—No record.
 Date of Desertion or absence—15th September 1918.
 Place of Desertion or absence—Bombay.

G C HARRISON, Captain, R. E.,
 Commanding R E Training Coy (India).

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Norfolk Regiment, dated at Poona, this 19th day of October 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—2nd-Lt. David Leahy,
 1st Connaught Rangers.
 Age—22 years $\frac{1}{2}$ months.
 Height—5 feet 8 inches
 Colour of—Complexion, fair; hair, —; eyes, blue.
 Trade—(a) Soldier (b) Apprentice in Merchant
 Service previously served in the ranks of Royal
 Engineers from April 1915 to Dec 1916.
 Date of Commission—26th April 1917.

Place of Commission—Fermoy, Ireland
 Parish and County in which born—Cardiff, Glam
 Date of Desertion or absence—13th October 1918.
 Place of Desertion or absence—Poona
 Marks—Scar on face. Irish nationality and speaks
 with nasal accent Round reddish face
 Short and stoutly built. If in Mufti, would be
 wearing a Brown or Grey suit
 Known friends are —
 Brooks, 16-A, St Marks Rd, Bangalore.
 Harveys, Calcutta (full address not known)

J NORRIE, Major,
 Commanding 1st Gari. Bn, Norfolk Regt.

Report of a Deserter from the Mobilized Det. 1st Madras Guards, I D. F., dated at Fort St. George, Madras, this 21st day of October 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—1509, Private, Paul A.
 Age on Mobilization—30 years.
 Height—5 feet 5 inches.
 Colour of—Complexion, brown; hair, black, eyes,
 black
 Trade—Musician.
 Date of Mobilization—23rd April 1918.

Place of Mobilization—Madras
 Date of Desertion or absence—28th September 1918.
 Place of Desertion or absence—Madras
 Marks—Small pox, marks on face, moustache black,
 thin.
 Address C-o. Revd A. B. Viscay, Cantonment
 Str. Vizianagaram.

F E. HOOPER, Captain,
 Det. 1st Madras Guards, I. D. F.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 18th October 1918.

No. 1930s-*Ap.*—Mr S M. Ali Haidar, Postmaster, Mymensingh, pay Rs. 300—400, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

Mr. Upendra Nath Sen, Inspector of post offices, Netrakona Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Mymensingh, from the 20th September 1918 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. S. M. Ali Haidar, on privilege leave.

Simla, the 19th October 1918.

No. 1945-s-*Ap.*—Rai Bahadur Sundar Lal, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 27th September 1918.

Mr. Atta-ullah Khan, Postmaster, Jullundur, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Rai Bahadur Sundar Lal, or until further orders.

G. R. CLARKE,
 Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC).

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 24th October 1918.

No. 5937-T — Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 3rd October 1918 to 23rd October 1918.

Name of Office	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices</i>			
Barrow Camp	Punjab	1st July 1918	Opened.
Nashabad Railway Station .	Rajputana	26th January 1918 . . .	Closed.
<i>Railway Telegraph Office.</i>			
Medinipur	Bengal Doon Railway . . .	10th June 1918	Opened.

The following alterations in the names of Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

“ Jalalpur Jattan ” instead of “ Jalalpur ”.

“ Shertally ” instead of “ Shertallay ”.

The following alterations in the names of Railway Telegraph Offices are notified :—

On the Gwalior Light Railway.

“ Naunada ” instead of Ghatigaon ”

“ Sakhyavilas ” instead of “ Sakhyabilas ”.

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that in the month of July 1918 a treasure consisting of 15 old silver coins of the value of about Rs 15 was found near the compound wall of the house of Sittu Asari alias Sankaran Asari in Killaipatti hamlet of Sivayam Village, Kulitalai Taluk, Trichinopoly District, Madras Presidency.

2 All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector at his office at Trichinopoly on 26th February 1919 with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

K. RAGHAVENDRA RAO,

for Collector

TRICHINOPOLY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Dated 18th October 1918

}

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 8TH TO 15TH OCTOBER 1918.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

NAME OF MINT.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.										COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.			
	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.				Receipt of Bullion for currency transferred from Currency balance.	Practise Closing and paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidary coinage.	Sub- sidary coin and paid over.	Closing balance.	
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasures, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasures or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.						TOTAL.
Calcutta . . .	6	...	...	6	30	...	30	...	(a)201	2	...	203	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	264	...	...	264	38	...	38	...	(b)263	1	...	264	2	...	...	54

(a) Exclusive of 273 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

(b) Exclusive of 23 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ; }
Calcutta, the 24th Oct. 1918.

J. J. BOUBEKE, Lt.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 171383 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1865 for Rs. 10,000, originally standing in the name of Nistariney Dassee, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—SARAT KUMAR DAS,

Residence—11, Suri Lane, Calcutta.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ^{254-Bom}_{F. I} of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 200 originally issued in the name of D. Raphael, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—D. RAPHAEL,

Residence—204, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{2264 \text{ Bu}}{F-1}$ of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920, for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Maung Hla, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

[Name of the Advertiser MAUNG HLA,

Residence—Mongnai, Southern Shan States

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{8011 \text{ Bom.}}{F-1}$ of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920, for Rs. 500 originally issued in the name of Bai Gangabai Martandrao, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

BAI GANGABAI, widow of MARTANDRAO LAXMAN HARAL,

Jahagirdar of Ranmala, Taluka,

Dhulia, West Khandesh

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{6363}{F-1 \& 2}$ of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 3,000 originally issued in the name of Bai Jenabai, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

JENABAI, widow of DHARSEY JIVRAJ,

No. 611, Doongri Street, Bombay.

LOST.

The Temporary Scrip No. 1972 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 500 (five hundred) originally issued in the name of Jamunadhar Motilal, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Scrip and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

UMACHARAN SEN, Pleader,

for JAMUNA DHAR MOTI LAL.

GAUHATI,

The 16th September 1918.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 052072 and 052085 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 125 and 100, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, respectively and last endorsed to Nathooram Bindrabai, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned securities.

BALMUKAND MUBARILAL,

76, Cotton Street, Calcutta.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 2294 ^{Bom.} of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 200 originally issued in the name of Khamchand Motchand Gujar, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR,

Residence—Phaltan (District Satara).

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. 2312 ^{Bom.} of the 5½ per cent loan of 1920 for Rs. 200 originally issued in the name of Ramkaran Shivkaran Marwadi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR,

Residence—Phaltan (District Satara).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 10191 ^{Bom. F-I} of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 200 originally issued in the name of Chaturabai Jivraj, guardian mother for Hiralal Jivraj minor, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR,

Residence—Phaltan (District Satara).

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 231501 and 209509 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 100 respectively and Nos 081082 and 086170 of 3 per cent. Loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 100 respectively, all originally standing in the name of Gopal Krishna Ghosh, and the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 083283 and 083284 of the 3 per cent. Loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500 respectively, originally standing in the name of Keeran Bala Ghosh, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—MONMOTHO NATH DUTTA,

Attorney for Babu Gopal Krishna Ghosh,
10, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

STOLEN.

The Promissory Notes Nos. 032993, 032994, 032995, each for Rs 500, No. 032996 for Rs. 400 and No. 032997 for Rs. 100 of 5 per cent. War Loan 1929—1947 originally issued in the name of Muhammad Azim Khan, Deputy Collector of Fatehpur, E. I. R., the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—MUHAMMAD AZIM KHAN,

Deputy Collector, Fatehpur, E. I. R



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 43. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

The following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule II (except molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *first*, the total imports into India in the month of September 1918, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt. so far established. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911, in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1919:—

Description of sugar.	IMPORTED DURING THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1918.		IMPORTED SINCE 1st OCTOBER 1917.	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	Cwt.	Rs. a.	Cwt.	Rs. a.
" " and soft, refined in China . . .	1,018	26 18	3	20 4
" " " " from Egypt	...	...	56,523	20 4
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 23 Dutch Standard and above.	764,457	14 8	7,867,359	15 4
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 16 to 22 Dutch Standard.	141,470	13 4	2,258,945	13 0
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 13 Dutch Standard and under.	...	...	76	13 0
" " " " from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over.	...	...	678,363	17 0

* This revised classification has been adopted with effect from January 1918, in accordance with the classification of Japanese Sugar in item No. 18 of the Import Tariff Schedule prescribed by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 1647-D., dated the 15th December 1917. The imports of Sugar from Japan during the three months, October to December 1917, were 2,691 cwt., and the average value per cwt. was Rs 17-5.

CALCUTTA:
27th 28th October 1918.

G. S. HARDY,
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.
C. E. LOW,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE DURING SEPTEMBER, 1918.

REVIEW of the SEA-BORNE TRADE of BRITISH INDIA for the month of SEPTEMBER, 1918, and for the six months ended September, 1918.

FOREIGN COMMERCE.

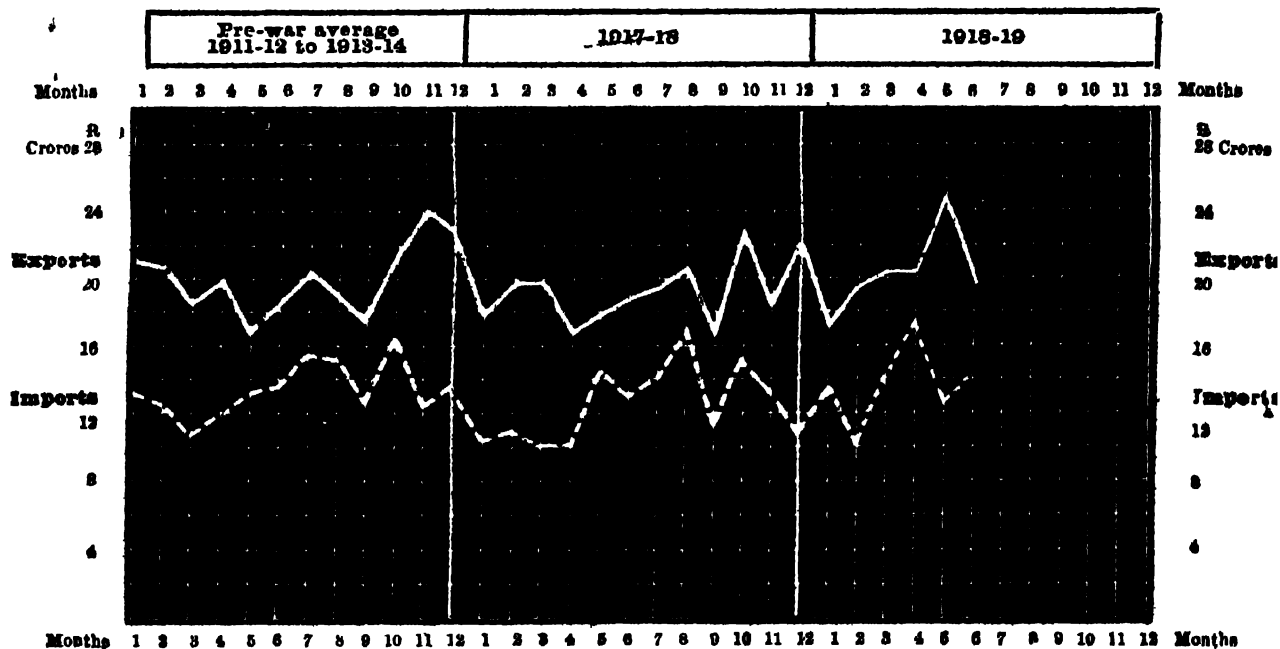
FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE DURING SEPTEMBER, 1918.

The outstanding feature of the trade returns of September, 1918, was a considerable decrease in the export trade. The total imports of merchandise in September, 1918, were valued at R14 crores as against R12 crores in the preceding month, the value of the exports was R18 crores as against R24 crores, and of the re-exports was R1,25 lakhs as against R1,28 lakhs. Imports increased by 16 per cent, while exports decreased by 24 per cent and re-exports by 2 per cent. As compared with September, 1917, imports showed an increase of 11 per cent and re-exports of 2,17 per cent, but exports decreased by 2 per cent. A review of the trade of the six months ended September, 1918, will be found on page 6.

The chart showing the course of monthly imports and exports, including re-exports, from April, 1917, to September, 1918, as compared with the pre-war average, is appended below:—

MONTHLY IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FROM APRIL, 1917, TO SEPTEMBER, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PRE-WAR AVERAGE.

(Private merchandise only)



The actual net excess of exports, including re-exports, over imports was R5,01 lakhs in September, 1918, and R12,59 lakhs in August, 1918. The statement below shows the figures of imports and exports, including re-exports, during August and September of the years 1916, 1917, and 1918, and the actual net excess of exports over imports during the same periods:—

	1916		1917		1918		Actual net excess of exports over imports		
	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	1916	1917	1918.
	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)
August . . .	12,87	18,60	14,51	17,76	12,41	25,00	5,78	3,35	12,59
September . .	13,05	21,72	12,94	18,81	14,36	19,87	8,67	5,00	5,01

Comparisons with August, 1918.—As compared with August, 1918, the most noticeable changes were:—

Under imports: *increases* under sugar, 16 D. S. and above (+R43 lakhs), hardware (+R14 lakhs), steel, bars and channel (+R10 lakhs), cotton mill machinery (+R12 lakhs), paper (+R11 lakhs), cotton, twist and yarn (+R24 lakhs), and cotton piece-goods, coloured (+R52 lakhs), but *decreases* under mineral oil, other than kerosene (—R12 lakhs), cotton, raw (—R14 lakhs), silk piece-goods (—R16 lakhs), cotton piece-goods, grey (—R28 lakhs) and white (—R40 lakhs), and articles imported by post (—R18 lakhs).

Under exports: an *increase* under tea (+R24 lakhs), but *decreases* under lac (—R33 lakhs), raw hides (—R19 lakhs), grain, pulse, and flour (—R76 lakhs), raw wool (—R14 lakhs), opium (—R31 lakhs), hides, tanned (—R10 lakhs), jute manufactures (—R2,32 lakhs), raw jute (—R31 lakhs), raw cotton (—R46 lakhs), indigo (—R10 lakhs), and cotton, twist and yarn (—R26 lakhs).

Comparisons with September, 1917.—As compared with September, 1917, the most noticeable changes were:—

Under imports: *increases* under sugar, 16 D.S. and above (+R25 lakhs), kerosene oil (+R11 lakhs), cotton yarn (+R52 lakhs), cotton piece-goods, grey (+R90 lakhs), dyes and colours (+R10 lakhs), paper (+R12 lakhs), matches (+R9 lakhs), and steel, bars and channel (+R23 lakhs), but *decreases* under cotton piece-goods, white (—R59 lakhs) and coloured (—R82 lakhs).

Under exports: *increases* under tea (+R1,04 lakhs), raw jute (+R40 lakhs), raw wool (+R31 lakhs), seeds (+R24 lakhs), hides, tanned (+R31 lakhs), cotton piece-goods (+R31 lakhs), and jute manufactures (+R1,28 lakhs), but *decreases* under grain, pulse, and flour (—R68 lakhs), raw skins (—R15 lakhs), opium (—R15 lakhs), lac (—R17 lakhs), raw cotton (—R3,17 lakhs), and cotton, twist and yarn (—R22 lakhs).

VARIAIONS IN CLASSES.

The variations in September, 1917 and 1918, as compared with August, 1917 and 1918, respectively, according to the four main classes of merchandise, are as follows:—

	August, 1917			August, 1918		
	1917	1917	Increase (+) or decrease (—)	1918	1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—)
	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)
IMPORTS						
1. Food, drink, and tobacco	1,95	1,96	+ 1	1,86	2,35	+ 49
2. Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured	1,12	82	—30	90	90	—9
3. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	11,26	9,89	—1,37	9,24	10,94	+ 1,70
4. Miscellaneous and unclassified	18	24	+ 6	32	17	—15
	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	14,51	12,91	—1,60	12,41	14,36	+ 1,95
	—	—	—	—	—	—

Exports	August, 1917	September, 1917	Increase (+) or decrease (—)	August, 1918	September, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—)
	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)
1. Food, drink, and tobacco	6,18	6,03	—15	7,08	6,56	—52
2. Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured	5,84	6,02	+1,28	6,04	4,42	—1,62
3. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	5,56	5,59	+3	10,37	6,98	—3,39
4. Miscellaneous and unclassified	14	18	+4	23	16	—7
Total	17,22	18,42	+1,20	23,72	18,12	—5,60

COMPARISON WITH THE IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE PRECEDING MONTH (AUGUST, 1918)*

I.—Imports.

AN INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF SUGAR AND DATES.

The imports of food, drink, and tobacco in September, 1918, increased by ₹49 lakhs, as compared with the preceding month, to ₹2,35 lakhs. The imports of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, in September, 1918, increased to 45,493 tons from 30,848 tons in the preceding month (August, 1918), and the value thereof increased by ₹43 lakhs to over ₹1,31 lakhs. In the six months ended September, 1918, the imports of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, amounted to 216,038 tons, valued at ₹6,36 lakhs, as against 154,959 tons, valued at ₹5,20 lakhs, in the corresponding period of the previous year. The imports of dates in September, 1918, increased to 31,143 cwts from 8,846 cwts in the preceding month.

A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF MINERAL OIL AND RAW COTTON.

The value of the imports of raw materials in September, 1918, decreased by ₹9 lakhs to ₹90 lakhs. The quantity of mineral oil, other than kerosene, imported from abroad in September, 1918, decreased to 2,278,065 gallons from 4,681,931 gallons in the preceding month. The value of these imports was over ₹13 lakhs, as against nearly ₹25 lakhs in August, 1918. The quantity of kerosene oil imported decreased to 1,194,739 gallons from 1,658,174 gallons in the preceding month. The quantity of cotton, raw, imported in September, 1918, decreased to 2,192 cwts from 12,416 cwts in the preceding month.

AN INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF COTTON YARN AND OF STEEL, BARS AND CHANNEL, AND A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF COTTON PIECE-GOODS AND OF SILK PIECE-GOODS.

The value of the imports of manufactured articles in September, 1918, increased by ₹1,70 lakhs to ₹10,94 lakhs. The quantity of cotton yarn imported in September, 1918, increased to 3½ million lbs from over 2 million lbs in the preceding month. The imports of cotton piece-goods, including fents, in September, 1918, decreased to 79 million yards, valued at ₹4,20 lakhs, from 88 million yards, valued at ₹4,29 lakhs, in the preceding month. Grey goods decreased by 7 million yards to 36 million yards and white goods by 13 million yards to 17 million yards, but coloured goods increased by 8 million yards to 23 million yards. In the six months ended September, 1918, the total imports of cotton piece-goods amounted to 604 million yards, valued at ₹27 crores, as against 813 million yards, valued at ₹24 crores, in the corresponding period of the previous year. Silk piece-goods receded from 1,839,606 yards in the preceding month to 713,390 yards in September, 1918. The imports of steel, bars and channel, amounted in September, 1918, to 3,157 tons, valued at over ₹24 lakhs, as against 2,131 tons, valued at ₹14 lakhs, in the preceding month.

* Comparison is made with the previous month, and not with the corresponding month, of last year, owing to the recent abnormal circumstances brought about by the war.

II.—Exports.

A DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF FOOD STUFFS.

The exports of Food, drink, and tobacco decreased in September, 1918, by Rs2 lakhs, as compared with the preceding month, to Rs6,56 lakhs. Exports of grain, pulse, and flour showed a decrease in September, 1918, and amounted to Rs8,99 lakhs, as against Rs4,75 lakhs in the preceding month. In the six months ended September, 1918, the value of the exports amounted to over Rs27,14 lakhs, as against Rs27,05 lakhs in the corresponding period of the previous year.

A DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF RAW COTTON, RAW JUTE, AND RAW WOOL.

The value of the exports of raw materials decreased by Rs1,62 lakhs to Rs4,42 lakhs. The shipments of raw cotton decreased in September, 1918, to 6,192 tons, valued at Rs1,21 lakhs, from 8,615 tons, valued at Rs1,68 lakhs, in the preceding month. In the six months ended September, 1918, the exports amounted to 87,305 tons, valued at Rs14,13 lakhs, as against 191,860 tons, valued at Rs19,76 lakhs, in the corresponding period of 1917.

The exports of raw jute in September, 1918, decreased to 18,826 tons from 35,712 tons in the preceding month, and the value of the exports amounted to Rs3 lakhs as against Rs4 lakhs. In the six months ended September, 1918, the exports amounted to 188,343 tons, valued at Rs4,52 lakhs, as against 81,836 tons, valued at Rs2,24 lakhs, in the same months of 1917. The exports of raw wool in September, 1918, decreased to 5,380,427 lbs from 6,072,776 lbs in the preceding month.

A DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF JUTE MANUFACTURES.

The value of the exports of manufactured articles decreased by Rs3,39 lakhs to Rs6,98 lakhs. Exports of jute manufactures were valued in September, 1918, at Rs4,91 lakhs, as against Rs7,23 lakhs in the preceding month. In the six months ended September, 1918, the value of the exports amounted to Rs28 crores, as against nearly Rs17 crores in the corresponding period of the previous year.

SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER, 1918.

The summary of the results for the six months ended September, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1913 (pre-war six months) and 1917, is as follows :—

	1913 (pre-war six months)		1917		1918		ACTUAL NET EXCESS OF EXPORTS OVER IMPORTS		
	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	1913	1917	1918
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
Merchandise(private)	86,83	1,17,05	68,61	1,10,02	82,50	1,31,95	28,22	41,81	39,45

In the six months ended September, 1918, exports, including re-exports, were higher by Rs11,33 lakhs or 10 per cent than in 1917, and by Rs4,90 lakhs or 4 per cent than in 1913. In the same period imports were higher by Rs13,69 lakhs or 20 per cent than in 1917, but less by Rs6,33 lakhs or 7 per cent than in 1913. The net excess of exports over imports in these six months was over Rs39 crores, as compared with Rs42 crores in 1917 and Rs28 crores in 1913. The total value of merchandise increased by Rs25 crores, or nearly 14 per cent, to Rs204 crores.

NOTE.—The export figures for the six months ended September, 1917 and 1918 are subject to correction.

TRADE IN THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER, 1918.

In the six months ended September, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year, the quantity of imported cotton piece goods decreased by 209 million yards, while the value showed an increase of Rs crores. The value of cotton twist and yarn imported increased by nearly Rs2,57 lakhs, of articles imported by post by Rs1 lakhs, of salt by Rs67 lakhs, of silk piece goods by Rs52 lakhs, of cotton, raw, by nearly Rs67 lakhs, of dyes by Rs4 lakhs, of paper by nearly Rs30 lakhs, of betelnuts by Rs23 lakhs, of spirit by over Rs23 lakhs, of tea-chests by Rs12 lakhs, of steel bars and channel by nearly Rs72 lakhs, of iron or steel sheets and plates by Rs38 lakhs, and of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, by over Rs1,15 lakhs, while motor cars and motor cycles decreased by Rs43 lakhs, jute mill machinery by Rs21 lakhs, cotton hosiery by Rs26 lakhs, and wood (timber) by Rs16 lakhs. Under exports, the value of grain, pulse, and flour increased by over Rs8 lakhs. The quantity of raw cotton exported decreased by 104,555 tons, and the value thereof by Rs5,63 lakhs. The value of jute manufactures exported increased by Rs11,79 lakhs. The quantity of raw jute exported showed an increase of 106,507 tons, and the value thereof increased to Rs4,52 lakhs. The value of exports of seeds decreased by Rs85 lakhs, of raw hides and skins by Rs1,35 lakhs, and of hides and skins, tanned, by Rs1,17 lakhs.

Comparing the values of the imports and exports during the six months ended September, 1918, with those in the corresponding period of 1917, the chief increases and decreases are as follows:—

I.—Imports.

Increases		Decreases	
	Rs (thousands)		Rs (thousands)
Cotton—raw	66,84	Liquors—ale, beer, and porter	14,42
„ grey piece goods	345,82	„ spirit	23,09
„ white „	99,91	Dyes	34,11
„ twist and yarn	2,56,75	Paper (excluding pasteboard)	29,74
Metals—steel bars and channel	171,62	Mineral oil, other than kerosene	24,43
„ iron or steel—pipes, etc	18,86	Spiors—betelnuts	22,05
„ „ sheets and plates	37,56	Matches	20,99
„ tin, unwrought, etc	11,46	Machinery, textile (cotton)	16,65
Sugar, 16 D. S. and above	1,15,41	Cigarettes	15,70
Articles imported by post	80,76	Tea-chests	11,88
Salt	66,58	Railway carriages, etc.	11,16
Silk piece goods	51,98	Coal, coke, and fuel	10,62

Decreases

Motor cars and motor cycles	43,89	Wood (timber)	15,79
Cotton, hosiery	25,01	Cement	14,93
Machinery, etc.—textile (jute)	21,41	Cotton, coloured piece goods	1,34,53
Precious stones and pearls, unset	19,01	Gold and silver thread	11,34

II.—Exports.

Increases		Decreases	
	Rs (thousands)		Rs (thousands)
Jute manufactures	11,79,31	Articles exported by post	17,28
Tea	3,38,17	Hides, tanned	17,14
Jute, raw	2,27,99	Silk (raw)	18,58
Cotton piece goods	74,40	Rubber, raw	12,82
Wool, raw	51,93	Oil cakes	11,12
Opium	24,72	Lao	8,93
		Grain, pulse, and flour	8,46

Decreases

Cotton—raw	5,63,00	Skins, tanned	1,33,91
„ twist and yarn	1,75,51	Seeds	85,37
Hides and skins—		Hemp, raw	46,97
Hides, raw	62,73	Coir goods	17,98
Skins raw	72,80	Coal, coke, and patent fuel	13,48

NOTE.—The export figures for the six months ended September, 1917 and 1918 are subject to correction.

Imports of Foreign Merchandise.

In the following table are shown the quantities and values of the principal articles of import during the six months ended September, 1918, as compared with the figures for the corresponding period of 1917 :—

Principal Articles	Quantity		Value		Increase (+) or decrease (-) in the six months ended September, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	Quantity	Value
	(thousands)	(thousands)	Rs (thousands)	Rs (thousands)	(thousands)	Rs (thousands)
Apparel (excluding haberdashery, hosiery, and boots and shoes)	—	—	73,06	71,42	—	-1,64
Carriages and carts (including cycles and motor cars)	—	—	70,42	27,24	—	-43 18
Chemicals	—	—	1,17,17	1,17,14	—	-3
Coal, coke, and patent fuel . . . tons	16	33	4,69	15,31	+ 22	+ 10,62
Drugs and medicines . . .	—	—	63,40	65,77	—	+ 2,37
Dyeing and tanning substances . .	—	—	55,01	89,11	—	+ 34,11
Fruits and vegetables	—	—	19,23	15 39	—	-3,89
Glass and glassware	—	—	74,98	60,01	—	-14,97
Hardware	—	—	1,52,88	1,42,88	—	+ 9 50
Instruments, apparatus, etc. . . .	—	—	88,95	94,76	—	+ 5,81
Liquors gals.	1,553	1,821	1,13,97	1,57,03	+ 268	+ 43,06
Machinery of all kinds, including belting for machinery . . .	—	—	2,53 71	2,51,55	—	-1,16
Matches gross	6,597	6,869	78,83	99,82	+ 272	+ 20,99
Metals, iron and steel tons	87	80	4,01,70	5,29,25	-7	+ 1,27 55
„ copper cwt	13	34	19,60	40,43	+ 21	+ 20,83
Oils—mineral gals	32 871	35,416	1,89,85	2,12,57	+ 3,015	+ 22,72
Paper and pasteboard	—	—	91,79	1,32,79	—	+ 41,00
Provisions and oilman's stores . .	—	—	80,67	91,59	—	+ 10,92
Railway plant and rolling-stock . .	—	—	31,72	41,45	—	+ 9,73
Salt tons	139	225	70,08	1,30,64	+ 86	+ 60,56
Spices lbs	62,836	72,676	75,44	87,87	+ 9,840	+ 12, 3
Stationery	—	—	31,54	32,10	—	+ 56
Sugar, 16 D S. and above . . . cwt	3,099	4,361	5,20,46	6,35,87	+ 1,262	+ 1,15,41
Textiles—						
Cotton, raw „	17	59	13,01	79,85	+ 42	+ 66,84
„ twist and yarn lbs	8,659	17,875	1,69,00	4,35,75	+ 3,216	+ 2,66,75
„ grey piece goods . . . yards	309,686	267,974	7,07,75	11,43,27	-43,692	+ 3,45,53
„ white „ „ . . . „	273,296	183,898	7, 3,09	8,13,00	-89,398	+ 99,91
„ coloured „ „ . . . „	215,950	140,604	8,42,99	7,08,40	-75,346	-1,34,53
„ other sorts of manufac- tured „	—	—	1,62,01	1,61,42	—	-5,59
Silk, raw lbs	1,087	919	67,19	67,66	-138	+ 47
„ manufactures	—	—	1,51,42	2,12,31	—	+ 60,89
Woollen manufactures	—	—	1,08,31	1,09,81	—	+ 1,50

Exports of Indian Merchandise.

The table below shows the quantities and values of the principal articles of Indian merchandise exported during the six months ended September, 1918, as compared with the figures in the corresponding period of 1917:—

Principal Articles	Quantity		Value		Increase (+) or decrease (—) in the six months ended September, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	Quantity	Value
	(thousands)	(thousands)	Rs (thousands)	Rs (thousands)	(thousands)	Rs (thousands)
Chemicals—saltpetre . . . cwt	277	277	53,85	54,57	...	+72
Coal, coke, and patent fuel . . tons	189	87	17,16	3,73	—152	—13,43
Coin cwt	289	64	27,45	9,50	—175	—17,95
Dyes, indigo "	15	24	86,04	91,80	+9	+5,76
.. myrobalans "	445	423	25,62	24,81	—23	—78
Grain, pulse, and flour . . . value	—	—	27,05,35	27,13,81	—	+8,46
Hides and skins, raw—						
Hides cwt	271	230	2,05,94	1,43,21	—41	—62,73
Skins "	221	149	2,45,64	1,72,84	—72	—72,80
Hides and skins, tanned or dressed—						
Hides "	185	185	2,54,93	2,72,07	...	+17,14
Skins "	31	...	1,34,06	15	—31	—1,33,91
Lac value	—	—	1,75,11	1,34,04	—	+8,93
Manures tons	13	15	13,10	22,72	+2	+7,62
Oilcakes cwt	632	819	26,12	37,25	+187	+11,13
Opium "	6	7	1,21,04	1,45,76	+1	+24,72
Rubber, raw lbs	2,843	4,059	55,06	67,88	+1,216	+12,82
Seeds—total value	—	—	4,57,18	3,71,51	—	—85,67
Tea "	—	—	5,87,86	9,23,58	—	+3,36,17
Textiles—						
Cotton, raw cwt	3,837	1,746	19,75,84	14,12,84	—2,091	—5,63,00
.. twist and yarn . . . lbs	75,338	23,754	4,14,80	2,39,20	—51,184	—1,75,51
.. piece goods . . . yards	89,951	78,373	2,24,32	2,08,72	—18,078	+74,40
Hemp, raw cwt	258	105	73,54	26,57	—153	—46,97
Jute, raw tons	82	186	2,24,01	4,52,00	+106	+2,27,99
.. manufactures . . . value	—	—	16,62,65	28,41,36	—	+11,79,31
Wool, raw lbs	19,321	19,718	1,70,10	2,22,03	+399	+51,93
Wood, teak cubic tons	7	11	15,59	26,87	+4	+5,28
other timber "	1	1	69	82	...	+13

NOTE.— These figures are subject to correction.

TRADE BY PROVINCES.

The total imports and exports, including re-exports, of private merchandise into and from the several maritime provinces during the month of September, 1918, as compared with those of August, 1918, are stated below :—

	Imports		Exports, including re-exports	
	August, 1918	September, 1918	August, 1918	September, 1918
	Rs (lakhs)	Rs (lakhs)	Rs (lakhs)	Rs (lakhs)
Bengal	5.23	4.66	12.78	8.75
Bombay	4.82	6.84	5.80	4.40
Sind	.77	1.05	2.77	2.41
Madras	1.16	1.16	1.88	1.71
Burma	.68	.65	2.02	2.10
Total	12.41	14.36	25.00	19.37

Under imports, Bombay showed an increase of 58 per cent and Sind of 36 per cent, but Bengal showed a decrease of 12 per cent and Burma of 26 per cent. The share of Madras was the same as in the preceding month. Under exports, Burma showed an increase of 4 per cent, while Bengal showed a decrease of 31 per cent, Bombay of 21 per cent, Sind of 13 per cent, and Madras of 7 per cent. These comparisons are with the preceding month (August, 1918).

BALANCE OF TRADE.

The following table takes into account the imports and exports of merchandise on private account only :—

	Six months, April to September, 1917(a)	Six months, April to September, 1918(a)
	Rs (lakhs)	Rs (lakhs)
Exports of Merchandise, including Re-exports	110.62	1,21.95
Imports	68.81	82.50
Excess of Exports over Imports	41.81	39.45
Net imports of Gold	†	†
" " " Silver	†	†
Net Imports of Treasure	†	†
Council Bills and Telegraphic Transfers paid in India	31,26.7	28.18
Sterling Bills on London sold in India	...	...
Enfaced Rupee paper (net imports)	64.5	3.5
Interest on Enfaced Rupee paper	14.3	13
Net Balance of Trade	†	†
	September, 1917	September, 1918
Average rate of exchange	16 9/17	18'00(b)

In the six months ended September, 1918, the excess of exports over imports of private merchandise was Rs39.45 lakhs, as against Rs41.81 lakhs in the corresponding period of 1917 and Rs28.22 lakhs in 1913. As the publication of treasure figures has been temporarily discontinued, it is not possible to give here the net (private) exports from April to September, nor the net balance of trade in the same period. It may, however, be of interest to note that the net (private) exports are higher than those of 1917 and also than those of 1916. The balance of trade, so far as shown by the statistics of merchandise, treasure, Council Bills, and Enfaced Rupee paper, in the six months ended September, 1918, was in favour of India, but not to so large an extent as in 1916, while in the corresponding period of 1917 it was against India.

* Exclusive of Government transactions (other than articles of national importance in the case of exports).
 † Temporarily discontinued.
 (a) The figures of exports of merchandise are subject to correction.
 (b) Approximate rate for Telegraphic Transfers.

The amount of Council Bills and Telegraphic Transfers paid in India in the six months ended September, 1918, was Rs 28,18 lakhs, of which Rs 21,51 lakhs were paid through the Paper Currency Reserve and Rs 6,67 lakhs through the Treasuries. In the six months ended September, 1917, the amount was about Rs 31,27 lakhs of which about Rs 2,02 lakhs were paid through the Gold Standard Reserve, Rs 12,99 lakhs through the Paper Currency Reserve, and Rs 16,26 lakhs through the Treasuries. In the six months ended September, 1916, the amount of Council Bills paid was Rs 10,28 lakhs. As regards Enfaced Rupee paper, about Rs 10 lakhs represented the amount of paper enfaced to London and Rs 13 lakhs the amount re-transferred from London in the six months, April to September, 1918, while in the corresponding period of 1917 Rs 56,100 represented the amount of paper enfaced to London and Rs 65 lakhs the amount re-transferred from London.

DECLARED VALUE PER UNIT OF SELECTED ARTICLES.

The declared values per unit of certain selected articles imported and exported during September, 1913, 1917, and 1918, are noted below :—

Imports	SEPTEMBER			Exports	SEPTEMBER		
	1913	1917	1918		1913	1917	1918
	R A. P.	R A. P.	R A. P.		R A. P.	R A. P.	R A. P.
Sugar, 16 D S and above owt	8 8 8	16 15 5	14 7 0				
Cotton, twist and yarn lb	0 15 0	2 3 6	2 5 5				
" grey, piece-goods, yard	0 2 9	0 4 3	0 7 10	Indigo . . . owt	187 5 11	583 2 3	374 3 10
" white " "	0 2 11	0 4 8	0 9 3	Cotton, raw " "	37 5 11	57 8 8	97 15 1
" coloured " "	0 3 7	0 0 9	0 9 2	Jute, raw . . bale	71 2 1	41 9 5	48 4 11

As compared with the corresponding month of the previous year (September, 1917), under imports, the declared unit value of cotton, twist and yarn, rose in September, 1918, by 5 per cent, and of cotton piece-goods, grey, by 8½ per cent, white by 118 per cent, and coloured by 36 per cent, while sugar fell by 15 per cent. Under exports, raw cotton showed an increase of 70 per cent and raw jute of 16 per cent, while indigo showed a decrease of 36 per cent.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.*

The following table shows the gross Indian sea customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) collected on principal articles in September, 1918, as compared with August, 1918, and September, 1917 and 1913 :—

IMPORT DUTY	September, 1913 (pre-war month)	September, 1917	August, 1918	September, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—) in September, 1918, as compared with		
	Rs (thousands)	Rs (thousands)	Rs (thousands)	Rs (thousands)	August, 1918 (thousands)	September, 1917 (thousands)	September, 1913 (thousands)
Special duties							
Arms	56	29(a)	16(a)	62(a)	+46	+33	+6
Liquors	10,37	9,17	9,5	9,29	—19	+12	—1,08
Petroleum	3,83	2,78(b)	1,18(b)	1,17(b)	—1	—1,61	—2,66
Silver ballion and coin . .	10,26	63			—	—63	—10,26
" manufactures	—	27	11	20	+9	—7	—
Sugar	11,67	10,43(c)	11,80(c)	16,92(c)	+5,12	+6,14	+5,25
Tobacco	2,51	7,84	5,39	6,56	+1,17	—1,28	+4,05
Duty at 2½ per cent							
Machinery	—	55	56	87	+31	+32	—
Metals—Iron and steel . .	99	1,98	1,98	2,68	+70	+1,30	+1,69
Railway plant and rolling stock	—	11	45	55	+10	+44	—
Duty at 7½ per cent							
Articles of food and drink, excluding sugar and vinegar	2,54	4,51	4,24	4,98	+74	+47	+2,44
Raw materials, etc. . . .	1,46	3,66	2,99	3,24	+25	—62	+1,78
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—							
Cotton manufactures . .	20 10	37,92	20,16	35,40	+4,94	—2,52	+15,30
Others	20,53	28,98	22,51	29,54	+7,03	+5,56	+9,01
Total (including other articles)	83,61	1,04,56	94,22	1,14,79	+20,57	+10,24	+29,18
EXPORT DUTY (Total)	6,48	24,78	36,96	38,02	—8,96	+8,24	+26,54

* The Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, IV of 1916, took effect from 1st March, 1916.

(a) Excludes the 7½ per cent duty on explosives.
(b) " " " petroleum.
(c) " " " confectionery.

The customs duty figures are an index to the volume of the import trade only, since under exports jute, rice, and tea only are subject to duty. In the six months ended September, 1918, the import duties increased to nearly R6,24 lakhs from nearly R5,52 lakhs in the six months ended September, 1917, and the export duties rose to nearly R1,90 lakhs from over R1,22 lakhs. The grand total of gross Indian sea and land customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) in the six months, April to September, 1918, amounted to nearly R9,06 lakhs, as compared with nearly R7,25 lakhs in the same period of last year.

RAILWAY STATISTICS.

Railway statistics, like the import and export statistics above, are a valuable index to the general movement of trade throughout the country, and show that the earnings from 1st April to 20th September, 1918, were R 42,47 lakhs, as against R37,49 lakhs in the corresponding period of 1917, or an increase of R4,98 lakhs.

TRADE OF ADEN.

The grand total value of the imports and exports of merchandise, by sea, into and from the port of Aden amounted to R1,38 lakhs in the month of August, 1918, and R6,19 lakhs in the five months, April to August, 1918. The value of the principal articles of imports and exports was as follows:—

	AUGUST, 1918		FIVE MONTHS, APRIL TO AUGUST 1918	
	Imports into Aden	Exports from Aden	Imports into Aden	Exports from Aden
	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)
Cotton manufactures . . .	50,84	29,46	1,64,90	1,54,43
Hides and skins, raw . . .	4,47	94	13,62	19,83
Grain and pulse . . .	4,75	3,88	14,62	13,38
Coffee	3,20	2,61	24,89	26,55
Coal	9,02	—	34,22	—
Tobacco, unmanufactured . . .	1,30	2,25	21,11	12,41
Provisions	56	10	2,41	42
Sugar	42	—	4,25	—
Spices	1,43	—	9,89	—
Oil—kerosene	2,38	—	2,38	—
Salt	—	1,70	—	9,24
Other articles	10,38	8,37	44,85	45,69
TOTAL VALUE	88,75	49,31	3,37,14	2,81,95

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

October 23, 1918

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

Calcutta, the 19th October 1918.

PRESS COMMUNIQUE.

Rise in prices after four years of war

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Owing to the large demands on the part of the allies for Indian exports and to the high prices of cotton piece-goods, *wholesale* prices of all commodities in India at the end of August, 1918, showed a rise of 13½ per cent, as compared with the level immediately before the outbreak of war (end of July, 1914), and of 44 per cent as compared with the corresponding date of the preceding year, as will be seen from the following table :—

Index Numbers of wholesale prices

(General average)

	Pre-war level (end of July 1914)	AT THE END OF			
		First year of war (August 1915).	Second year of war (August 1916).	Third year of war (August 1917).	Fourth year of war (August 1918).
Calcutta	100	113	126	142	190
Bombay	100	112	141	179	260
Karachi	100	120	148	175	250
Madras	100	116	145	188	293
Rangoon	100	112	113	133	175
INDIA	100	115	135	163	234

Compared with the pre-war level, the rise after the fourth year of war was 193 per cent in Madras, 160 per cent in Bombay, 150 per cent in Karachi, 90 per cent in Calcutta, and 75 per cent in Rangoon.

The fluctuations in the wholesale prices of the principal articles of trade in each port are stated in the table below.

Index Numbers of wholesale prices in Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, and Rangoon at the end of August, 1918, as compared with those in the corresponding period in 1915, 1916, and 1917.

[Prices at the end of July 1914=100]

Articles.	End of July 1914	CALCUTTA				BOMBAY				KARACHI				MADRAS				RANGOON			
		End of				End of				End of				End of				End of			
		Aug. 1915	Aug. 1916	Aug. 1917	Aug. 1918	Aug. 1915	Aug. 1916	Aug. 1917	Aug. 1918	Aug. 1915	Aug. 1916	Aug. 1917	Aug. 1918	Aug. 1915	Aug. 1916	Aug. 1917	Aug. 1918	Aug. 1915	Aug. 1916	Aug. 1917	Aug. 1918
Rice . . .	100	117	120	97	108	106	100	108	142	105	105	100	167	91	91	84	103	125	94	71	90
Wheat . . .	100	118	99	105	138	111	105	102	158	113	114	115	137								
All food-grains (Cereals and pulses)	100	120	107	92	119	107	100	100	174	110	108	103	139	109	92	93	119	134	108	118	108
Sugar (average) .	100	169	183	190	179	173	185	179	180	191	217	233	205	195	182	160	155	174	190	200	149
Tea . . .	100	112	105	81	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					120	131	123	97
Salt (average) .	100	217	267	345	465	102	136	170	230	170	218	256	338	100	117	147	148	131	181	204	220
Ghee . . .	100	95	111	118	152	119	122	150	182	...	...	...	...	100	100	94	129	92	92	92	157
Oilseeds . . .	100	79	83	79	96	86	84	82	111	85	85	85	126	86	98	95	166	74	62	72	107
Textiles—																					
Jute, raw . . .	100	75	80	64	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						...	...	...
„ manufac- tures	100	121	122	136	240	...	...	...	...	93	105	111	188					83	97	94	174
Cotton, raw . .	100	90	124	175	328	94	141	189	354	85	136	167	356	68	132	169	333	98	97	97	98
„ manufac- tures	100	96	150	230	399	93	122	186	359	90	123	183	394	103	119	219	413	97	117	180	276
Piece goods (average)	100	91	139	221	411	84	119	182	371	92	133	190	351	113	115	239	470	97	131	194	313
Silk, raw . . .	100	81	100	132	166	89	118	121	142			...	...					73	100	76	120
Wool, raw . . .	100	100	116	120	136	...				127	125	132	129								...
Hides and Skins*	100	100	106	94	83	93	96	96	98	91	82	81	66	91†	138†	112†	126	79	78	97	114
Metals . . .	100	121	189	270	317	161	283	456	551	168	348	536	834	190	277	465	855	426	190	213	333
Coal . . .	100	66	76	220	175	112	122	159	271	125	125	156	172	114	113	279	237	103	93	162	372
Kerosene Oil . .	100	100	127	138	199	100	127	139	196	100	125	133	194	100	120	139	219	96	94	90	149
Saltpetre . . .	100	147	161	160	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	...
Shellac . . .	100	87	213	272	295			...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	...
Indigo . . .	100	371	371	257	157	...	...	...	...			...	...					...	...	...	...
Tobacco leaf . .	100	86	124	105	86		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	94	104	105	187	100	86	114	248
Teak wood . . .	100	89	81	103	146		...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...		104	103	110	82
General Average	100	113	126	142	199	112	141	179	299	120	143	175	250	116	143†	186†	293	112	113	133	175

* In the case of Karachi and Rangoon, the prices relate to hides only.

† Revised figure (cf. table 4 "War Prices and House Rent".

RETAIL PRICES

Retail prices in India including articles of food and kerosene oil, after the fourth year of war, as computed from the index numbers of port prices stated below, showed an increase of 38 per cent, above the level of prices which ruled just before the war and 19 per cent above that in August, 1917. .

Index Numbers of retail prices.

(General average)

	Pre-war level (end of July 1914)	AT THE END OF			
		First year of war (August 1915).	Second year of war (August 1916).	Third year of war (August 1917).	Fourth year of war (August 1918)
Calcutta	100	109	112	120	128
Bombay	100	111	112	120	151
Karachi	100	110	121	123	143
Rangoon	100	102	107	110	143
Madras	100	92	102	107	117
INDIA	100	105	111	116	133

Food prices

If articles of food alone are taken into account, the rise at the end of August, 1918 was only 31 per cent above the pre-war level and 15 per cent as compared with the preceding year.

Index Numbers of retail food prices.

	Pre war level (end of July 1914).	AT THE END OF			
		First year of war (August 1915).	Second year of war (August 1916).	Third year of war (August 1917).	Fourth year of war (August 1918).
Calcutta	100	110	111	119	124
Bombay	100	113	112	119	143
Karachi	100	112	121	121	143
Rangoon	100	103	104	102	124
Madras	100	92	102	107	117
INDIA	100	106	110	114	131

The fluctuations in the retail prices of the principal articles in each port are shown in the following table:—

Index Numbers of retail prices in Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Rangoon, and Madras at the end of August 1918, as compared with the corresponding period in 1915, 1916, and 1917

[Prices at the end of July 1914=100]

Articles.	End of July 1914	CALCUTTA				BOMBAY				KARACHI				RANGOON				MADRAS			
		End of				End of				End of				End of				End of			
		Aug 1915	Aug. 1916	Aug. 1917	Aug. 1918	Aug 1915	Aug 1916	Aug 1917	Aug 1918	Aug 1915	Aug 1916	Aug. 1917	Aug. 1918	Aug 1915	Aug 1916	Aug 1917	Aug 1918	Aug 1915	Aug. 1916	Aug. 1917	Aug 1918
rice . . .	100	95	101	104	99	96	102	102	127	86	86	109	133	89	93	90	81	91	98	93	10
Wheat flour	100	118	109	117	118	107	100	111	133	121	102	131	142	114	114	100	133	...	...	...	...
ulses . . .	100	112	118	109	119	103	105	109	134	101	100	105	111	110	115	136	138	...	...	...	...
ood grains (Cereals and pulses)	100	108	109	110	113	102	101	108	146	106	101	110	127	103	106	111	114	90	96	94	11
ugar . . .	100	108	182	194	182	153	150	161	156	142	170	193	182	103	107	100	100	...	...	...	..
ea . . .	100	105	112	110	105	113	125	133	133	129	129	129	129	97	95	100	100	...	...	...	..
alt . . .	100	125	162	200	200	105	114	136	199	102	141	152	169	100	150	87	150	99	120	102	16
fat (beef and mutton)	100	101	101	96	94	110	122	122	148	106	118	111	124	93	98	93	121	...	...	...	..
Powl . . .	100	104	104	104	104	106	106	117	133	99	99	99	125	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Eggs . . .	100	104	96	95	91	100	114	115	168	93	107	120	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Fish . . .	100	101	95	114	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	99	99	99	111	...	...	...	..
Dairy products	100	114	120	137	150	116	116	140	143	118	128	146	140	96	100	123	139	...	...	...	..
Vegetables . .	100	114	109	102	128	119	108	121	182	145	176	108	241	114	114	100	114	...	...	...	..
*Edible Oil	100	74	72	81	106	66	81	75	106	87	106	93	90	90	80	80	90	57	94	87	...
Average—All food articles	100	110	111	119	124	113	112	119	118	112	121	121	143	104	104	102	124	92	102	107	...
Kerosene Oil	100	100	123	130	187	100	127	135	191	100	126	131	190	101	113	111	130	...	...	...	..
General Average	100	100	112	120	123	111	112	120	121	110	121	123	143	102	107	110	146	92	102	107	1

* Mustard oil in the case of Calcutta, sesamum oil in the case of Rangoon, and coconut oil in the case of the other ports

PRICES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

It is interesting to compare the rise in the food prices in India with that in other countries. The following table, as compiled from the *Labour Gazette* of the Ministry of Labour, London, shows the latest available information on the rise as compared with the pre-war level in certain foreign countries:—

	Percentage rise.
Vienna	173 (August 1917)*
Berlin	111 (November 1916)*
Sweden	159 (May 1918)†
Norway	148 (March „)
Portugal (Lisbon) (1913=100)	133 (February „)†
Italy	121 („ „)
United Kingdom	118 (1st August „)
Switzerland	97 (1st March „)
France (Paris)	91 (January „)
Holland (1913=100)	82 (March „)
Denmark (Copenhagen)	73 (February „)
Canada	71 (May „)
United States	59 (15th April „)
South Africa Union (Capetown)	13 (April „)†
Newzealand	37 („ „)
Australia (Commonwealth)	32 (June „)
India	31 (August „)

* Latest available return.

† Including fuel and lighting

‡ Retail prices of food stuffs and other household necessaries (candle, coal, paraffin, soap and clothing).

The increase in some of the important articles of consumption in India as compared with the United Kingdom, Canada, United States, Switzerland, and Italy will be seen from the table below :—

Index Numbers of food prices in foreign countries as compared with India

[Prices in July 1914=100]

ARTICLES	United Kingdom 1st August 1918	Canada May 1918	United States April 1918	Switzerland March 1918	Italy February 1918	India August 1918
Sugar .	341	197	168	261(a)	...	155
Milk . . .	188	111	118	} 151*	188	136
Butter . .	197	157	125		...	153
Cheese . .	225	157	...		...	161
Bread . . .	151	186	172	} 201†	149	123
Flour . . .	152	206	200		147	131
Tea . . .	173	151	...	197(b)	...	119
Eggs . . .	395	152	169	310	...	140
Fish . . .	289	.	...	.	.	110
Bacon . . .	210	196	185	} 202‡	299	
Mutton . .	227	167	...			122
Beef . . .	224	152	119		389	121
Potatoes . .	214	123	118	143	.	206

* Average of milk, butter and cheese

† " bread and flour

‡ " meat.

(a) Average of sugar and honey

(b) " tea, coffee and chocolate

D. N. GHOSH,

for Director of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 17, 1918.

First INDIGO Forecast, 1918-19.

This forecast is based upon reports received from six provinces, which contain practically the whole area under indigo in British India.

The total area sown is estimated at 280,500 acres, being 55 per cent below the revised estimate at the corresponding date of last year. As compared with the final estimate of last year (690,600 acres), the present estimate shows a decrease of 59 per cent.

The total yield of dye is now roughly estimated at 32,100 cwts, as against 70,300 cwts estimated at this time last year, or a decrease of 54 per cent. As compared with the final estimate of last year (87,800 cwts), the present estimate shows a decrease of 63 per cent.

Weather conditions at sowing time were unfavourable owing to deficient rainfall, and the condition of the crop, on the whole, is only fair.

Details for the provinces are given below :—

First Forecast.

Province	Area		Yield		Yield per acre	
	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18
	acres	acres	cwts	cwts	lbs.	lbs.
Madras . . .	114,700	275,700 ^(a)	14,900	34,000	15	14
Bihar and Orissa . .	66,300	86,900	7,100	10,300	12	13
United Provinces . .	51,700	179,000	3,400	15,000	7	9
Punjab . . .	30,900	70,100	4,900	8,970	16	14
Bombay and Sind (including Native States).	6,800	9,400	1,000	1,900	16	23
Bengal . . .	10,100	7,000	800	500	0	8
Total . . .	280,500	627,100	32,100	70,300	13	13

The provincial reports are summarized below :—

Madras (53·7 per cent of the total area under indigo in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 114,700 acres as against 275,700 acres, the revised estimate at the corresponding date of last year, or a decrease of 58 per cent. The decrease is general, but is particularly heavy in the ceded districts and Guntur, where indigo is grown as a dry crop in the south-west monsoon season. In these districts the failure of the monsoon this year has largely prevented sowings, except in Cuddapah, where the season was better. The general decrease in area is due to the dull state of the market throughout last year, and the consequent difficulty of disposing of old stocks. The season has favoured the production of dye of good quality in Vizagapatam; elsewhere the season has been generally unfavourable. The yield of dye is provisionally estimated at 14,900 cwts, as against 34,000 cwts estimated at this time last year. The Director of Agriculture remarks that in view of the rising market it is probable that most of the plants will be manufactured, instead of being used as green manure as last year.

Bihar and Orissa (20·5 per cent of the total area under indigo in British India).—The area sown this year is estimated at 66,300 acres, which is 28 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease is attributed to agrarian disturbances and the fall in the price of indigo last year. The crop appeared to be up to the average, but the produce was poor owing to floods; and there will be practically no manufacture of second cuttings. For the province, as a whole, the outturn is estimated at 60 per cent of the normal, as against 67 per cent at the corresponding period of last year. According to the estimates furnished by the Bihar Planters' Association for Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, and Darbhanga, and by the District Officers for the remaining four districts, the total yield for the province works out to 7,100 cwts, as against 10,300 cwts estimated at this time last year, or a decrease of 31 per cent. The trade estimate for the province (including the Nadia district of Bengal) amounts to 5,700 cwts.

United Provinces (16·3 per cent of the total area under indigo in British India).—The area is estimated at 51,700 acres, which is 71 per cent below the estimate made at this date last year. Monsoon conditions have been unfavourable and the crop has in places suffered from drought. On the basis of reports received from factories the total yield of dye, after allowing for next year's seed, is estimated at 3,400 cwts, as against 15,000 cwts estimated at this time last year.

Punjab (8·2 per cent of the total area under indigo in British India).—The area at the end of September is estimated at 30,900 acres, being 56 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The decrease, which is most marked in Multan and Muzaffargarh, is attributed to deficient rainfall, late flowing of canals, and a short supply of water therein, and also to a fall in the price of indigo. Owing to the unfavourable season, the outturn is expected to be below average. The yield of dye is at present estimated at 4,900 cwts, being 43 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year.

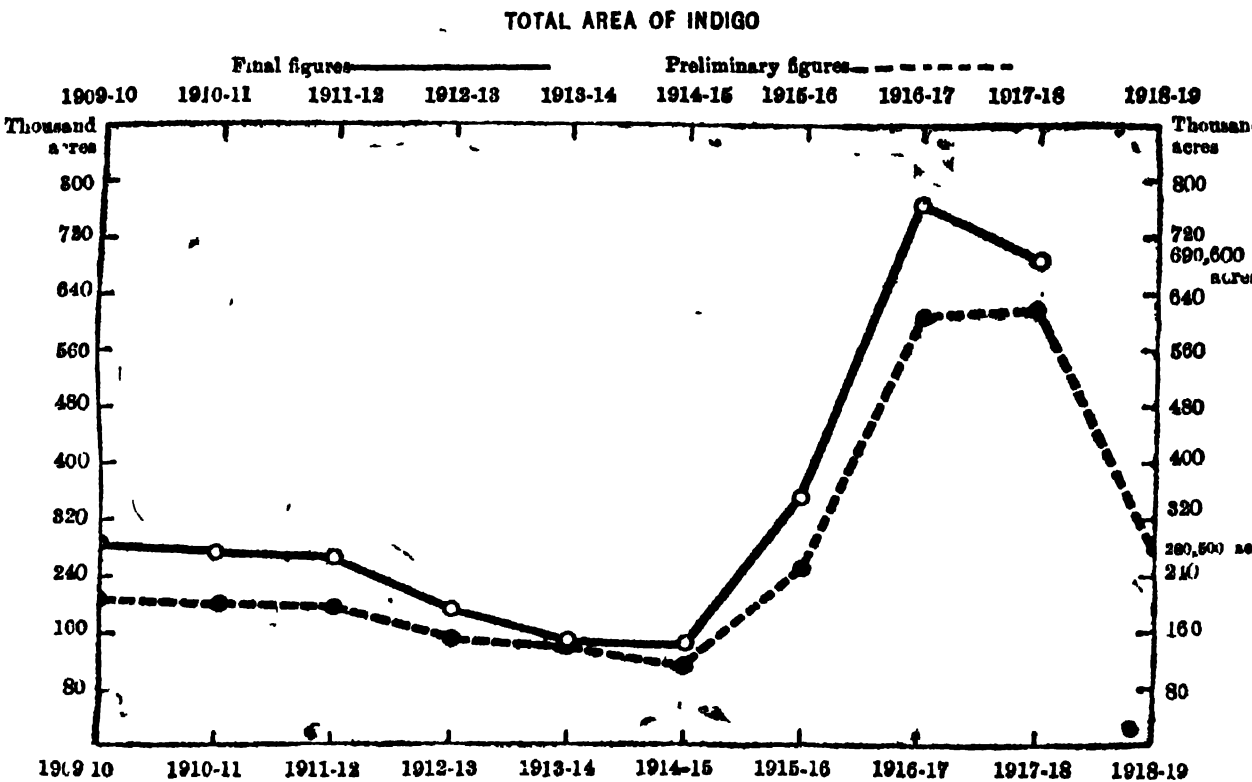
Bombay and Sind (0·7 per cent of the total area under indigo in British India).—The area sown is reported to be 6,800 acres (4,500 acres being in the Khairpur State), which is 28 per cent below the estimate made at this time last year. The decrease is attributed to unfavourable inundation. The crop is in fair condition at present, and the yield is estimated at 1,000 cwts, as against 1,900 cwts last year.

Bengal (0·5 per cent of the total area under indigo in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 10,100 acres, as against 7,000 acres last year. The outturn is estimated at 71 per cent of the normal, which works out to 800 cwts, as against 73 per cent reported last year.

Chart.—The chart below illustrates the variations in the preliminary estimates of acreage for the last ten years as compared with those in the final figures.

(a) Revised figure.

(b) The final estimates for 1917-18 were: Madras 15 lbs., Bihar and Orissa 13 lbs., United Provinces 10 lbs., Punjab 20 lbs., Bombay and Sind 17 lbs., and Bengal 8 lbs per acre.



D. N. GHOSH,
for Director of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 18, 1918.

Second COTTON Forecast, 1918-19.

This forecast is based on reports furnished by provinces, which comprise the entire cotton crop of India. It relates generally to sowings made up to the 1st October.

The total area so far reported this year amounts to 15,814,000 acres, and is 25 per cent below the estimate at this date last year. The decrease, which is mainly due to unfavourable weather conditions at sowing time, occurs in Mysore (80 per cent), Ajmer-Merwara (60 per cent), Rajputana (46 per cent), Madras (41 per cent), Bombay and Hyderabad (38 per cent each), the United Provinces (37 per cent), Central India (12 per cent), and the Central Provinces and Berar (9 per cent). On the other hand, the North-West Frontier Province shows an increase of 41 per cent, Burma 33 per cent, Sind 31 per cent, Punjab 14 per cent, Bihar and Orissa 13 per cent, and Assam 3 per cent.

The crop has been adversely affected by deficient rainfall in most of the important cotton-growing provinces. The present condition of the crop is reported to be good in the Central Provinces and Berar, Sind, Burma, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, and Assam. Elsewhere it is generally fair. Rain is badly wanted almost everywhere, especially in the Central Provinces and Berar and in Gujarat.

The detailed figures for the provinces and States are given below :—

Second forecast, October.

Provinces and States	Acres (thousands).		
	1918-19	1917-18	1916-17
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda . . .	4,007	6,510	5,029
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	4,244	4,891	4,435
Madras	798	1,353	1,327
Punjab (including Native States)	1,551	1,364	934
United Provinces	785	1,242	1,100
Sind (including Native States)	260	199	234
Burma	306	230	227
Bengal (including Native States)	72	72	72
Bihar and Orissa	76	67	67
North-West Frontier Province	38	27	25
Assam	33	32	32
Ajmer-Merwara	19	47	25
Hyderabad	2,092	3,374	3,126
Central India	1,275	1,457	1,322
Rajputana	241	(a) 445	210
Mysore	17	85	64
TOTAL	15,814	21,195	18,169

(a) Revised figure

(b) Includes the whole of the cotton grown in the Hyderabad State.

A statement showing the estimates of area classified according to the recognised trade descriptions of cotton is given below :—

Description of cotton	Acres (thousands)	
	1918-19	1917-18
Oomras—		
Khandesh	1,172	1,406
Central India	1,275	1,457
Barai and Nagar(b)	2,134	3,512
Berar	2,896	3,282
Central Provinces	1,843	1,409
Total	8,225	11,066
Dholleras	1,254	2,687
Bengal-Sind—		
United Provinces	785	1,242
Rajputana	202	(a) 563
Sind-Punjab	1,840	1,590
Others	81	70
Total	3,017	3,465
Broach	1,011	1,260
Coompta-Dharwar	370	874
Westerns and Northern	572	1,077
Cocanada	158	184
Tinnevely	171	64
Salems (including Cambodias)	433	159
Comillas, Burmas and other sorts		359
GRAND TOTAL	15,814	21,195

The provincial reports are summarised below :—

Bombay and Beroda (30·4 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown up to the 1st October with both early and late varieties of cotton is reported to be 4,007,000 acres (1,764,000 acres being in the Native States), and is 38 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The decline is general and is mainly attributed to deficient rains for sowing. In Gujarat sowings are still unfinished in places owing to insufficiency of rain, and rain is urgently wanted everywhere. The crop is withering in the north; but in the south it is in fair condition. In north Deccan September rains were very deficient, and the crop is suffering from want of moisture almost everywhere; in the south the recent rains have somewhat refreshed the crops in places. In the Karnatak sowings still continue and the crop is just germinating.

Central Provinces and Berar (20·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown is estimated at 4,244,000 acres (2,896,000 acres being in Berar), being 9 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The decrease, which is shared by all the important cotton growing districts, may be attributed to the reservation of larger areas for food crops. Light but well distributed rain was generally

received in August and in the first part of September. The prospects are so far hopeful, but the subsequent continued break with little or no rain has damaged the crop and stunted the growth of the plants on light soils, particularly in Nimar and the Berar districts, and more rain is immediately required everywhere. The outturn for the Central Provinces is at present estimated at 120 per cent and that for Berar at 100 per cent of the normal, but unless more is at once received the present estimates are likely to be reduced in several districts.

Madras (10.2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown up to the end of September is estimated at 798,000 acres, being 41 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease in the south is mainly in the Coimbatore and Madura districts where lack of rain has prevented the sowing of the early crop of unirrigated cotton. The area under irrigated 'Cambodia' cotton is expected to be larger than that in last year. There is a large decrease in the 'Westerns and Northerns' and 'Cocanadas' areas, which is attributed to the failure of rains in July and August. Good rains were, however, received in the middle of September and sowings continued on the date of report (7th October). The area now reported cannot, therefore, be taken as an indication of the final area. Considering the high price of cotton, and the fact that pure cotton is now being sown in many places, where it is too late to sow the usual mixed crop, the Director of Agriculture believes that the final areas under 'Westerns and Northerns' and 'Cocanadas' will be larger than last year's, except in the western taluks of Bellary where the September rain also failed.

Punjab (6.7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown is estimated at 1,551,000 acres (111,000 acres being in the Native States), as against 1,364,000 acres reported at this date last year, or an increase of 14 per cent. The corresponding forecast of last year was, however, an underestimate. The season has not been favourable. Good rain fell in the latter half of August and the first week of September and was useful to the standing crop. Since the 10th September the weather has been practically dry except for a few falls in the extreme north of the province. The condition of the irrigated crop is reported to be average to good and that of the unirrigated crop generally poor.

United Provinces (5.6 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area is at present estimated at 785,000 acres, being 37 per cent below the area estimated at this date last year. Sowings have continued later than usual under the influence of high prices, some land being placed under the crop during the August rain. In the principal cotton-growing tracts of the provinces the break, which lasted throughout July, came to an end about the third week of August, and in the latter half of the month most districts had well distributed rainfall. Some rain fell in the first week of September, but the greater part of the month was rainless. On irrigated land, where sufficient water was received, the crop has done well. Making allowances for damages by insect pests in its early stages and inadequate supplies of water in certain areas, the outturn is not expected to exceed 90 per cent of the normal. On unirrigated areas the outturn is reported to be very variable; in some places the crop was a total failure, in others rain was not received in time for the plants to fully recover. The probable outturn is estimated at between 40 and 60 per cent of the normal.

Sind (1.2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area is estimated at 260,000 acres, and is 31 per cent above the area estimated at the corresponding date of last year. The increase is attributed to the stimulus of high prices, and the condition of the crop is reported to be fairly satisfactory.

Burma (1.1 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area is estimated at 306,000 acres, being 33 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. The rainfall has, on the whole, been satisfactory, except in the Moiktila district; and the prospects of the crop are favourable.

Bengal (0.4 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown up to date with both early and late cotton is reported to be 72,000 acres, being the same as reported at this date last year. The prospects are on the whole good. The report from the Chittagong Hill Tracts forecasts a good crop, while that from Hill Tippera is fairly satisfactory.

Bihar and Orissa (0.3 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown up to date with both early and late cotton is estimated at 76,000 acres, and is 13 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. For both the varieties the weather conditions have been favourable. The present condition of the early crop is reported to be generally good. Fair progress has been made with the sowings of the late crop. Sowings have not yet commenced in Cuttack.

North-West Frontier Province (0.2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown up to the end of September is estimated at 35,000 acres, being 41 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. The area in the corresponding forecast of last year was, however, underestimated. The condition of the crop is generally below average owing to want of rain. Grass-hoppers and the boll-worm have also caused damages in parts.

Assam (0.2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The estimated area under the crop is 33,000 acres, being 3 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. The prospects of the crop continue to be generally good.

Ajmer-Merwara (0.2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area now reported is 19,000 acres, and is 60 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The decrease is attributed to the failure of rains. The crop on irrigated areas is in good condition, but that on unirrigated lands is withering.

Hyderabad (14.7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown with both early and late cotton is estimated at 2,092,000 acres, as against 3,374,000 acres reported at this date last year, or a decrease of 38 per cent. The decrease is attributed to the failure of early rains and delay in the arrival of late rains. Late sowings, however, still continue. The detailed figures are as follows:—

	1918-19	1917-18
	Acres	Acres
Aurangabad	209,928	423,426
Bir	100,617	343,516
Paubham	741,043	705,692
Nander	312,336	418,007
Gulbarga	12,708	31,110
Raichur	91,776	356,223
Ummulabad	10,699	36,803
Bidar	151,000	121,788
Medak	1,491	2,073
Mahabubnagar	4,744	8,540
Nalgunda	5,220	10,947
Nizamabad	10,893	15,194
Watanjal	20,490	34,401
Adilabad	111,196	196,388
Karimnagar	43,281	39,207
Non-Government estates	251,983	629,473
Total	2,091,780	3,373,736

The condition of the crop is generally fair to good.

Central India (6 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area reported amounts to 1,275,000 acres, and is 12 per cent below the

area reported at this date last year. The detailed figures are as follows :—

	1918-19	1917-18
	Acres	Acres
Gwalior	487,686	488,638
Indore	429,214	480,267
Bhopal	150,744	179,692
Bundelkhand	15,945	23,819
Baghelkhand	23,831	24,940
Malwa	66,291	188,951
Southern States	120,326	123,565

Total 1,274,637 1,457,172

The crop is reported to have suffered in places owing to scarcity of rain.

Rajputana (1·7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown amounts to 241,000 acres, which is 46 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The detailed figures are as follows :—

	1918-19	1917-18
	Acres	Acres
Bikaner	4	66
Jaisalmer . . . . .	...	...
Marwar	28,698	37,006
Sirohi	260	(b) 365
Mewar	70,000	115,000
Dangarpur	338	167
Banswara . . . . .	...	1,111
Patnagarh	3,782	5,683
Kushalgarh	38	400
Shahpura	10,095	11,363
Tonk	27,778	76,809
Bundi	1,560	5,500
Kotah	17,624	30,810
Jhalawar	14,831	14,860
Kishangarh	3,282	(b) 8,820
Jaipur	33,082	(b) 50,633
Alwar	(a) 9,032	15,021
Karanli	2,082	3,592
Bharatpur	11,914	47,949
Dholpur	6,365	20,201

Total 241,245 445,181

The crop has suffered through deficient rainfall, especially on unirrigated lands.

Mysore (0·5 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is estimated at 17,000 acres, being 80 per cent below the area at this date last year. The district details are as follows :—

	1918-19	1917-18
	Acres	Acres
Bangalore . . . . .	...	...
Kolar	18	15
Tumkur	879	5,836
Mysore	2,985	2,579
Hassan	2,040	978
Shimoga	3,126	4,037
Kidur	1,102	886
Chitaldrug	6,626	69,338
Total	16,676	84,589

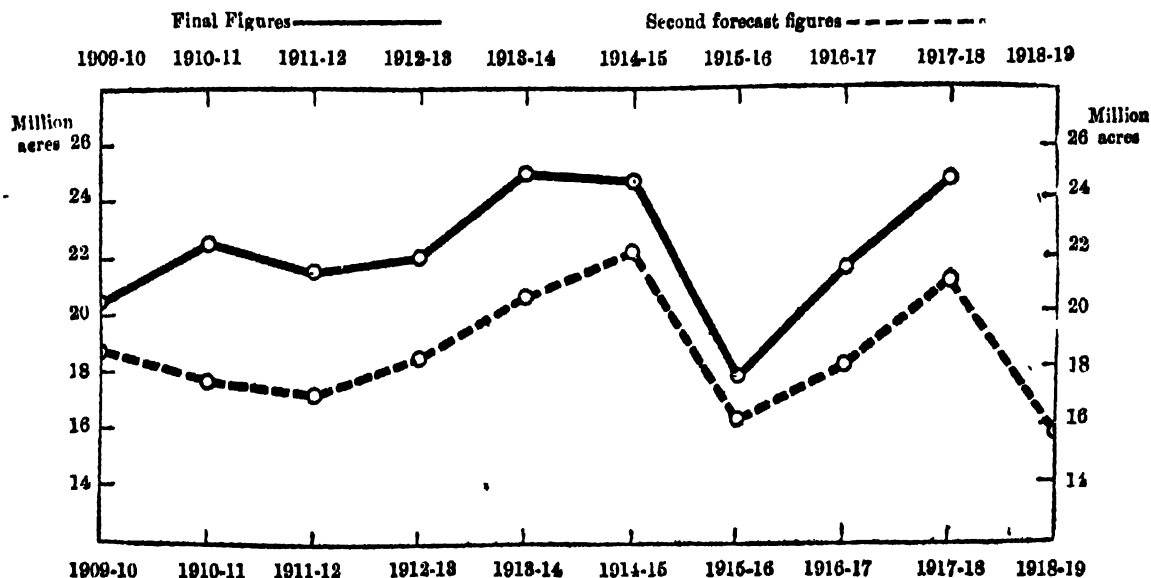
The crop is reported to be withering for want of rains.

Chart.—The chart on the next page illustrates the variations in the second estimates of the last ten years as compared with those in the final figures.

(a) Repeated from August forecast (b) Revised figure.

AREA OF COTTON

(In million acres.)



Cotton crop in foreign countries.—The latest information published by the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, shows that in the United States of America the area cultivated with cotton in 1918 is 37,058,000 acres, as against 33,827,000 acres in the previous year. The crop is starting well. Although the crop is generally somewhat late, the

stand is good. In Egypt, the temperature during May was changeable and generally too cold, especially at night, to benefit the crop. Towards the end of the month the weather improved and became more favourable. Water supply was ample, but slight insect damage is reported. The crop is late, especially in Lower Egypt.

CALCUTTA:
The 18th October 1918.

D. N. GHOSH,
for Director of Statistics.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

SIMLA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

Post Office

No. 11981.

Simla, the 29th October, 1918.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in rule 27 of the rules issued with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

“ In clause 6, the word ‘cloves’ shall be inserted after the word ‘cardamom.’ ”

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

SIMLA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

HOME DEPARTMENT.

(ESTABLISHMENTS.)

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1334

Simla, the 28th October 1918.

THE HONOURABLE SIR WILLIAM STEVENSON MEYER, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., has obtained permission from His Excellency the Governor General of India to resign the Office of Ordinary Member of the Governor General's Executive Council, with effect from the 1st November 1918. His Excellency is pleased to direct, as a mark of respect due to the character and services of SIR WILLIAM STEVENSON MEYER, that all the honours and distinctions, to which he is now entitled as Ordinary Member of the Governor General's Executive Council, shall be continued to him from the 1st November until the date on which he leaves India.

J. H. DUBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 44. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 30th October 1918

No. 53. - The following Statutes are published for general information :

1 NAVAL PRIZE ACT, 1918

[8 AND 9 GEO. 5, CH 30]

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO NAVAL PRIZE OF WAR

[8th August 1918.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,

(1765)

and by the authority of the same, as follows :

1. (1) If His Majesty is pleased by Proclamation or Order in Council to signify his intention to make a grant of prize money out of the proceeds of prize captured in the present war, the sums which have been or may be received in respect of ships and goods captured during the present war specified in Part I of the schedule to this Act shall (subject as respects money in any prize court to the assent of that court) be paid as and when the Treasury and Admiralty jointly direct into a separate fund to be called the Naval Prize Fund, and there shall be charged on and payable out of the Naval Prize Fund all such costs, charges, expenses, and claims as are mentioned in Part II of the said schedule, and any question whether any sum is payable into or out of that fund shall be determined by the Tribunal hereinafter constituted.

(2) Subject to the payment of such costs, charges, expenses, and claims as aforesaid, such sum as may be required for the payment of prize money under this Act shall be a first charge on the Naval Prize Fund, and such prize money shall be of such amounts and payable to such members of His Majesty's Naval and Marine forces as hereinafter defined, or in the case of their death their representatives, and in such manner, as His Majesty may by Proclamation or Order in Council determine.

(3) The residue of the said Fund may be applied towards any of the purposes for which provision may be made by Greenwich Hospital, and also, subject to regulations made by the Admiralty, may be applied for the benefit of members and dependants of members of forces raised and provided by the Governments of parts of His Majesty's dominions outside the United Kingdom.

27 & 28 Vict.
c. 24. (4) Section seventeen of the Naval Agency and Distribution Act, 1864 (which requires forfeited and unclaimed shares and balances of prize money, and a percentage of the proceeds of prize and prize money to be carried to the naval prize cash balance) shall not apply to sums payable into the Naval Prize Fund or to any prize money payable out of that Fund but any forfeited and unclaimed shares and balances of such prize money may be applied for the purposes for which the residue of the said Fund is applicable, without prejudice, however, to the rights of any person who may subsequently establish a claim thereto, and no ship's agent shall be entitled to any share in the money so distributed, anything in section nineteen of the Naval Agency and Distribution Act, 1864, to the contrary notwithstanding, but, save as aforesaid, and subject to the provisions of this Act with respect to the investment of funds standing to the credit of the Naval Prize Fund, the Naval Agency and Distribution Act, 1864 shall so far as applicable apply to the sums distributable out of the Naval Prize Fund and the distribution of those sums.

(5) The Naval Prize Fund shall be under the control of the Admiralty, and payments into and out of that fund and all matters relating to the fund shall be made and regulated in such manner as the Admiralty direct and any sum standing to the credit of the Fund may be temporarily invested in such manner as the Treasury may authorise, and the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the fund shall be made up at such times, in such form, and with such particulars as may be directed by the Treasury, and shall be audited by the Comptroller and Auditor General as public accounts in accordance with such regulations as the Treasury may make and shall be laid before Parliament together with his report thereon.

27 & 28 Vict.
c. 25. (6) For the purposes of this Act the expression "goods" has the same meaning as in the Naval Prize Act, 1864, and the expression "members of His Majesty's Naval and Marine Forces" includes persons who are or have been members of His Majesty's Naval and Marine Forces, and officers and members of the crews of His Majesty's ships of war, and the expressions "His Majesty's Naval and Marine Forces" and "His Majesty's ships of war" include forces, and ships raised and provided by the Governments of any part of His Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom, and the latter expression further include any ship or vessel engaged in the naval service of His Majesty whether belonging to His Majesty or not, which the Admiralty declare is a ship of war for the purposes of this section, either generally or during such period or whilst engaged on such service as may be specified by the Admiralty.

2. (1) For the purposes of this Act there shall be constituted a tribunal, in this Act referred to as the tribunal, consisting in the first instance of the following persons, namely, the Right Honourable Walter George Frank Baron Phillimore of Shiplake (who shall be chairman), Admiral of the Fleet, Sir George Astley Callaghan, G.C.B., G.C.V.O. and the Right Honourable Sir Guy Douglas Arthur Fleetwood-Wilson, G.C.I.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., and if any vacancy occurs amongst the members of the tribunal it shall be lawful for His Majesty to appoint a person to fill the vacancy :

30 & 40
Vict. c. 59.
50 & 61
Vict. c. 70. Provided that in the case of a vacancy in the chairmanship the person appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a person who holds or has held high judicial office within the meaning of the Appellate Jurisdiction Act, 1876, as amended by the Appellate Jurisdiction Act, 1887, and provided that at least one member of the tribunal shall be an officer of the Royal Navy or Royal Marines

(2) The tribunal may Act by two of its members notwithstanding a vacancy in its members, and may make rules regulating its own procedure and shall have a seal which can be judicially noticed.

(3) The tribunal may appoint a clerk who shall receive such salary or other remuneration as the Treasury may determine.

(4) The tribunal shall have all such powers, rights, and privileges as are vested in the High Court or in any judge thereof, on the occasion of any action, in respect of the following matters :

(a) The enforcing the attendance of witnesses and examining them on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, and the issue of a commission or a request to examine witnesses abroad ; and

(b) The compelling the production of documents, and

(c) The punishing persons guilty of contempt.

and a summons signed by the chairman of the tribunal may be substituted for and shall be equivalent to any formal process capable of being issued in any action for enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents

3. (1) The percentage of the sums distributable as prize bounty payable to ships' agents by way of remuneration shall be such percentage

Provisions as to prize bounty not exceeding one per cent. as the Prize Court may having regard to the expense and trouble involved determine to be just.

(2) The persons entitled to share in the distribution of any prize bounty under section forty-two of the Naval Prize Act, 1864, shall include and shall be deemed as from the commencement of the present war to have included the officers and crew of such of His Majesty's aircraft, operating under the directions of the Admiralty, as are determined by the Prize Court to have been actually present at and to have assisted in, the taking or destroying of an armed ship of any of His Majesty's enemies.

4 Where, in pursuance of the Navy and Marines (Property of Deceased) Act, 1867, on the death of any person being or having been an officer, seaman or marine, the amount to the credit of the deceased in the books of the Admiralty in respect of moneys payable by the Admiralty, being an amount not exceeding one hundred pounds, has been disposed of without representation to the deceased being taken out and subsequently in consequence of an award of prize money or prize bounty there becomes payable to the estate of the deceased an amount less than one hundred pounds, the amount of such money or bounty may be disposed of by the Admiralty, if they think fit in accordance with the said Act without requiring representation to the deceased to be taken out, notwithstanding that the amount of the money or bounty is such that when added to the other sums previously paid by the Admiralty the aggregate exceeds one hundred pounds.

28 and 29
Vict. c. 111.

Short title and savings.

5 (1) This Act may be cited as the Naval Prize Act, 1918.

(2) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as prejudicing or affecting any prerogative or right of His Majesty to grant or release any ship or goods subject to prize jurisdiction, or the proceeds of sale thereof, or money representing the same, or to grant or release any droits of the Crown

SCHEDULE

PART I.

Section 1 (1).

PAYMENTS INTO THE NAVAL PRIZE FUND.

(1) Any money in court paid in respect of any ship or goods condemned by any prize court, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, being droits of the Crown together with any accumulations of interest accrued on any such money

(2) Where any ship or goods condemned by any prize court, being droits of the Crown, have, whether before or after the condemnation, been delivered to the Crown with or without the payment of any money into court or any undertaking to pay any money into court, a sum equal to the value of the ship or goods at the date of delivery together with interest from the date of such delivery, after deducting any money which has been paid into court, or which may be payable under any such undertaking in respect of the ship or goods in question

(3) Any sum paid in pursuance of any bond agreement or undertaking executed or given in favour of the Crown in respect of any ship or goods subject to prize jurisdiction which are droits of the Crown or which if condemned would have been droits of the Crown or in respect

of the proceeds of sale or money representing any such ship or goods, or in consideration for any money paid out of the Naval Prize Fund.

(4) Any sums received from any of His Majesty's Allies under any convention relating to prizes captured during the present war.

(5) Any other sums received in respect of ships and goods subject to prize jurisdiction which the tribunal consider may reasonably be treated, having regard to the principles and practice heretofore observed by prize courts, as being sums to which, had there been a grant of prize to captors, captors would have been entitled.

PART II

CHARGES ON NAVAL PRIZE FUND

(1) All expenses (not otherwise recovered) incurred by any prize court, or incurred in connection with, or with a view to prize proceedings (other than legal expenses), in relation to ships and goods in the custody of the court which are droits of the Crown or which if condemned would have been droits of the Crown, whether the same are condemned or are released, and whether such expenses were incurred before or after condemnation, except where, having regard to the special circumstances of the case, the tribunal may otherwise direct.

(2) Any reward or remuneration awarded to any officer or person seizing or taking any ship or goods or part thereof which are droits of the Crown or which if condemned would have been droits of the Crown, or giving information in relation thereto, or leading to the condemnation thereof.

(3) Any sum payable to any of His Majesty's Allies under any convention relating to prizes captured during the present war.

(4) Any claims in respect of any ship or goods subject to prize jurisdiction, which are droits of the Crown or which if condemned would have been droits of the Crown or of the proceeds of sale of, or money representing, any such ship or goods which the Treasury on the recommendation of the Prize Claims Committee may have paid or may hereafter pay being claims of a nature that had they been established in prize proceedings would have been ordered by a prize court to be paid by the persons entitled to the ship or goods or out of the money representing the same.

(5) Any other costs, charges, expenses and claims which the tribunal consider may reasonably be treated, having regard to the principles and practice heretofore observed by prize courts, as being costs, charges, and claims which, had there been a grant of prize to captors, captors would have been liable to pay.

(6) The remuneration of the clerk of the tribunal and any other expenses of the tribunal to such amount as the Treasury may sanction.

2 BRITISH NATIONALITY AND STATUS OF ALIENS ACT, 1918

[8 AND 9 GEO. 5, CH. 38]

AN ACT TO AMEND THE BRITISH NATIONALITY AND STATUS OF ALIENS ACT, 1914

[8th August 1918.]

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

4 & 5 Geo. 5,
c. 17.

1 The following sections shall be substituted for section seven of the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Act"), which relates to the revocation of certificates of naturalization :—

"7.—(1) Where the Secretary of State is satisfied that a certificate of naturalization granted by him has been obtained by false representation or fraud, or by concealment of material circumstances, or that the person to whom the certificate is granted has shown himself by act or speech to be disaffected or disloyal to His Majesty, the Secretary of State shall by order revoke the certificate.

"(2) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions the Secretary of State shall by order revoke a certificate of naturalization granted by him in any case in which he is satisfied that the person to whom the certificate was granted either—

(a) has during any war in which His Majesty is engaged unlawfully traded or communicated with the enemy or with the subject of an enemy state, or been engaged in or associated with any business which is to his knowledge carried on in such manner as to assist the enemy in such war ; or

- (b) has within five years of the date of the grant of the certificate been sentenced by any court in His Majesty's dominions to imprisonment for a term of not less than twelve months, or to a term of penal servitude, or to a fine of not less than one hundred pounds ; or
- (c) was not of good character at the date of the grant of the certificate ; or
- (d) has since the date of the grant of the certificate been for a period of not less than seven years ordinarily resident out of His Majesty's dominions otherwise than as a representative of a British subject, firm, or company carrying on business, or an institution established, in His Majesty's dominions, or in the service of the Crown, and has not maintained substantial connection with His Majesty's dominions ; or
- (e) remains according to the law of a state at war with His Majesty a subject of that state ;

and that (in any case) the continuance of the certificate is not conducive to the public good.

"(3) The Secretary of State may, if he thinks fit, before making an order under this section refer the case for such inquiry as is hereinafter specified, and in any case to which sub-section (1) or paragraph (a), (c), or (e) of sub-section (2) of this section applies, the Secretary of State shall, by notice given to or sent to the last-known address of the holder of the certificate, give him an opportunity of claiming that the case be referred for such inquiry, and if the holder so claims in accordance with the notice the Secretary of State shall refer the case for inquiry accordingly.

"(4) An inquiry under this section shall be held by a committee constituted for the purpose by the Secretary of State, presided over by a person (appointed by the Secretary of State with the approval of the Lord Chancellor) who holds or has held high judicial office, and shall be conducted in such manner as the Secretary of State may direct:

"Provided that any such inquiry may, if the Secretary of State thinks fit, instead of being held as aforesaid be held by the High Court, and the practice and procedure on any inquiry so held shall be regulated by rules of court.

"A committee appointed under this section shall have all such powers, rights, and privileges as are vested in the High Court or in any judge thereof on the occasion of any action, in respect of the following matters :—

- (a) the enforcing the attendance of witnesses and examining them on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, and the issue of a commission or a request to examine witnesses abroad, and
- (b) the compelling the production of documents ; and
- (c) the punishing persons guilty of contempt :

and a summons signed by one or more members of the committee may be substituted for a writ, and shall be equivalent to any formal process capable of being issued in any action for enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents.

"(5) Where a person to whom a certificate of naturalization has been granted in some other part of His Majesty's dominions is resident in the United Kingdom, the certificate may be revoked in accordance with this section by the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Government of that part of His Majesty's dominions in which the certificate was granted.

"(6) When the Secretary of State revokes a certificate of naturalization, the revocation shall have effect from such date as the Secretary of State may direct, and the person whose certificate shall be given up and cancelled, and any person refusing or neglecting to give up his certificate shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.

"7A. 1) Where a certificate of naturalization is revoked the Secretary of State may by order direct that the wife and minor children (if any of them) of the person whose certificate is revoked shall cease to be British subjects, and any such person shall thereupon become an alien ; but except where the Secretary of State directs as aforesaid the nationality of the wife and minor children of the person whose certificate is revoked shall not be affected by the revocation, and they shall remain British subjects.

"Provided that —

- "(a) it shall be lawful for the wife of any such person within six months after the date of the order of revocation to make a declaration of alienage, and thereupon she and any minor children of her husband and herself shall cease to be British subjects and shall become aliens ; and

- "(b) the Secretary of State shall not make any such order as aforesaid in the case of a wife who was at birth a British subject unless he is satisfied that if she had

held a certificate of naturalization in her own right the certificate could properly have been revoked under this Act, and the provisions of this Act as to referring cases for inquiry shall apply to the making of any such order as they apply to the revocation of a certificate.

" (2) The provisions of this section shall, as respects persons affected thereby, have effect in substitution for any other provisions of this Act as to the effect upon the wife and children of any person where the person ceases to be a British subject and such other provisions shall accordingly not apply in any such case.

" (3) Where a certificate of naturalization is revoked the former holder thereof shall be regarded as an alien and as a subject of the state to which he belonged at the time the certificate was granted "

Minor amendments of the principal Act

2 The following amendments shall be made in the principal Act :—

(1) In paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section one (which defines natural-born British subject) after the words " had been granted " there shall be inserted the words " or had become a British subject by reason of any annexation of territory, or was at the time of that person's birth in the service of the Crown "; and at the end of that section the following subsection shall be inserted :—

" (4) The certificate of a Secretary of State that a person was at any date in the service of the Crown shall, for the purposes of this section, be conclusive."

(2) At the end of section two (which relates to the grant of certificates of naturalization) the following subsection shall be inserted :—

" (6) For the purposes of this section a period spent in the service of the Crown may, if the Secretary of State thinks fit, be treated as equivalent to a period of residence in the United Kingdom.

(3) In subsection (2) of section five " whether or not " shall be substituted for " although " and " not " shall be omitted, and in subsection (3) of section five " Act " shall be substituted for " section "

(4) In subsection (1) of section eight (which relates to the grant of certificates of naturalization in British possessions) after the words " United Kingdom " there shall be inserted the words " and of a High Court or superior court of the possession for the High Court, and with the omission of any reference to the approval of the Lord Chancellor," and after the words " any certificate proposed to be granted " there shall be inserted the words " and any proposal to revoke any certificate."

(5) In section ten (which relates to the national status of married women) at the end of the section there shall be added the words " and provided that where an alien is a subject of a state at war with His Majesty it shall be lawful for his wife if she was at birth a British subject to make a declaration that she desires to resume British nationality, and thereupon the Secretary of State, if he is satisfied that it is desirable that she be permitted to do so, may grant her a certificate of naturalization."

(6) In subsection (1) of section twenty-seven (which contains definitions) at the end of the definition of " British subject " after the words " has been granted " there shall be inserted the words " or a person who has become a subject of His Majesty by reason of any annexation of territory," and for subsection (2) of that section the following subsection shall be substituted :—

" (2) Where in pursuance of this Act the name of a child is included in a certificate of naturalization granted to his parent, or where, in pursuance of any Act repealed by this Act, any child has been deemed to be a naturalized British subject by reason of residence with his parent, such child shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be a person to whom a certificate of naturalization has been granted."

3. (1) Where a certificate of naturalization has been granted in the United Kingdom during the present war to a person who at, or at any time before, the grant of the certificate was the subject of a country which at the date of the grant was at war with His Majesty, the Secretary of State shall refer for such inquiry as is provided for in the case of revocation of certificates the question whether it is desirable that the certificate should be revoked, and if such question shall be answered in the affirmative shall revoke the certificate, but this provision shall not apply to a person who at birth was a British subject.

(2) No certificate of naturalization shall, before the expiration of a period of ten years after the termination of the present war, be granted in the United Kingdom to any subject of a country which at the time of the passing of this Act was at war with His Majesty, but this provision shall not apply to a person who—

(a) has served in His Majesty's forces or in the forces of any of His Majesty's Allies or of any country acting in naval or military co-operation with His Majesty; or

(b) is a member of a race or community known to be opposed to the enemy governments ;
or

(c) was at birth a British subject.

4. —(1) This Act may be cited as the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1918, and the principal Act and this Act may be cited together as the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Acts, 1914 and 1918.

(2) Every enactment and word which is directed by this Act to be substituted for or added to any portion of the principal Act shall form part of that Act in the place assigned to it by this Act ; and the principal Act, and any enactments referring thereto, shall after the commencement of this Act be construed as if that enactment or word had been originally enacted in the principal Act in the place so assigned, and, where it is substituted for another enactment or word, had been so enacted in lieu of that enactment or word, and the expression " this Act " in the principal Act or this Act shall be construed accordingly.

(3) A copy of the principal Act with every such enactment and word inserted in the place so assigned shall be prepared and certified by the Clerk of the Parliaments and deposited with the rolls of Parliament, and His Majesty's printer shall print in accordance with the copy so certified all copies of the principal Act which are printed after the commencement of this Act.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 31st October, 1918

No 1350 Mr. W. M. Hailey, C.S.I., C.I.E. of the Indian Civil Service, received charge of the office of Chief Commissioner of Delhi from Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Beach, I.A., on the forenoon of the 16th October 1918.

11th 1st November, 1918.

No. 1352. Mr. C. H. Harrison has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 11th October 1918.

No. 1354.—Sir J. S. Campbell, K.C.S.I., C.I.E. is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 1st November 1918 or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India or relinquish charge of office in the event of his not taking subsidiary leave.

POLICE.

The 30th October, 1918

No 1132 The services of Mr. T. Andrew, Additional Superintendent of Police, Delhi, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the afternoon of the 18th October 1918.

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th October, 1918

No. 3467-I.C *Errata* In the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department No 1565-I.C, dated the 3rd June 1918, for " Thakur Sheodhyan Singh, of Pisai, Aligarh District, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh." read " Thakur Sheo Dhyen Singh, of Pisawah, Aligarh District, in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh."

The 29th October, 1918.

No 3490-I C In consequence of the misconduct of Lala Onkar Pershad, Contractor, Military Works Services, 16th Division, he is hereby deprived of the title of "Rai Sahib" which was conferred upon him as a personal distinction, in the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No 1564-I C, dated the 3rd June 1918.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

The 31st October, 1918

No 66-S I—The following extract from the London Gazette dated the 13th August 1918, is published for general information:

India Office,

13th August 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following promotion in the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India in recognition of special services rendered in connection with the War. The appointment to date from 17th July 1918:

To be an additional Knight Commander of the said Most Exalted Order

James Bennett Brunyate, Esq., C S I, C I E

* * * * *

By order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

The 31st October, 1918.

No 2357-Est -A Mr. A. C. Lothman, Assistant Political Agent in Bundelkhand, was granted privilege leave for one month and 12 days, with effect from the 8th August 1918.

No 2359 Est -A Mr. K. S. Fitz, Indian Civil Service (Central Provinces), temporarily officiating in the Political Department is placed on special duty under the orders of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 8th October 1918, and until further orders.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 31st October, 1918.

No 2360-Est -A Lieutenant T. V. Birnan, on return from leave is posted as His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul, Bijand, with effect from the 6th October 1918.

A. H. GRANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 31st October, 1918.

No 2361-Est -A—Captain E. T. R. Wickham, Secretary Recruiting Board, Rajputana, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 1st October 1918, and until further orders.

The 1st November, 1918

No. 2372-Est -A.—Mr. A. R. Jell, of the Political Department, is posted as first Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the 24th October 1918.

No. 2374-Est.-A.—Mr. H. R. Lynch Blosse, Indian Civil Service, temporarily officiating in the Political Department of the Government of India, is posted as Second Assistant to the Resident at Hyderabad, with effect from the 26th October 1918.

No. 2377-Est.-A.—The services of Mr. D. G. Mackenzie, of the Political Department, are placed at the disposal of the Home Department.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.****ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.****BANKS.***Simla, the 30th October, 1918.*

No. 1723-A.—It is hereby notified that in exercise of the power conferred by Section 42 of the Presidency Banks Act, XI of 1876, the Governor General in Council has consented to the establishment by the Directors of the Bank of Bombay of a branch of the said Bank at Quetta in Baluchistan.

M. M. S. GUBBAY,*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.***LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.***The 31st October, 1918.*

No. 1381-F.E.—Mr. W. M. Mather, an Assistant, class I, in the Finance Department Secretariat, is promoted substantively to class III of Superintendents, with effect from the 1st November 1918 and his services are placed from the same date at the disposal of the Army Department for employment in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

No. 1382-F.E.—Mr. G. D. Datta, officiating Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, office of the Accountant General, United Provinces, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 4th October 1918.

In paragraph 2 of Notification No. 1240-F.E., dated the 26th September 1918, published on page 1527 of Part I of the *Gazette of India* dated the 28th September 1918 relating to Mr. H. C. Ganguli read "until further orders" for the words "during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Badock" in the last two lines.

The 1st November, 1918

No. 1383-F.E.—Mr. N. Seturama Ayyar, officiating Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in the office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been granted privilege leave for 1 month and 26 days and leave on medical certificate in continuation for 4 days, with effect from the 15th October 1918.

Mr. T. Rangaswami Mudalidar, a Senior Accountant in the above office is appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, with effect from the 15th October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1384-F.E.—Mr. P. N. Mukherji, Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in the office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been granted privilege leave for one month and ten days, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

Rai Sahib S. C. Banerji, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the same date *vice* Mr. P. N. Mukherji on leave.

No. 1385-F.E.—Mr. C. E. Gwyther, Assistant Accountant General, and Currency Officer, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for 1 month and ten days, with effect from the 17th October 1918.

Mr. A. H. King, a Superintendent in the Paper Currency Office, Bombay, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the 17th October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1386-F.E.—Mr. A. A. Kuppuswami Ayyangar, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office, with effect from the 18th October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1388-F.E.—The services of Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Controller of Currency, are placed at the disposal of the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

The 1st November, 1918.

No. 1230-C.W.C. I The following appointments of Assistant Controllers of War Accounts have been made with effect from the 24th October 1918: -

Lieutenant C. Johnston, Indian Ordnance Department

Sub-Conductor A. J. Robinson, Indian Ordnance Department.

Conductor J. Irwin, Indian Ordnance Department

Sub-Conductor A. Mackenzie, Indian Ordnance Department

Rai Sahib Tara Chand Mathur, Office of the Director of Ordnance Factories, Calcutta

Mr. A. C. B. Varma, temporary Assistant Controller of War Accounts.

Mr. T. K. Kothandaram Aiyar, Superintendent, office of the Controller of War Accounts.

Mr. H. D. Banerji, Superintendent, office of the Controller of War Accounts.

II. Mr. Probhata Bose, a Superintendent in the office of the Controller of War Accounts, has been appointed temporary Assistant Controller of War Accounts in that office, with effect from the 24th October 1918 up to the date of return from leave of Lieutenant F. V. Rushforth

H. F. HOWARD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
NOTIFICATIONS.

Sirsa, the 30th October, 1918.

No. 27 —The services of Mr. H. M. L. Marchant V.D., Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the afternoon of the 9th October 1918.

• *The 1st October, 1918.*

No. 28 —Mr. A. W. E. Standley, Chief Engineer, 2nd class, officiating, reverts to Superintending Engineer 1st class, with effect from the afternoon of the 23rd October 1918.

F. C. ROSE,

Secretary to the Government of India

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.
NOTIFICATIONS.
GENERAL.

Simla, the 2nd November, 1918.

No. 12073.—The services of Mr. P. C. Tallents, I.C.S., officiating Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, are placed at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the 30th October 1918.

Mr. D. N. Strathie I.C.S., Under Secretary to the Government of Madras, is appointed to officiate as Under Secretary in this Department, with effect from the same date.

No. 12134 —Mr. A. H. Lay, C.I.E., I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, is appointed temporary Joint Secretary in this Department, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

GEOLOGY AND MINES ESTABLISHMENT.

The 2nd November 1918.

No. 12096.—The services of Dr. L. L. Farnor, D. Sc., A.R.S.M., F.G.S., Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, are placed at the disposal of the Indian Munitions Board for a period of 14 days, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st November 1918.

PORTS AND LIGHTING

The 2nd November, 1918.

No. 11917.—In accordance with the provision of section 16 of the Burma Coast Lights Act, 1879 (IX of 1879), the Governor General in Council has directed the publication of the following *pro forma* account showing the receipts and charges in connection with the Burma Coast Lights for the year which ended on the 31st March 1918:—

Annual pro forma account of the Burma Coast Light dues for the year 1917-18.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE UP TO		Annual sinking fund		Excess of the annual	
Year.	Amount.	Interest at 4 per cent on capital expenditure	payment necessary to liquidate the capital expenditure incurred to date in 10 years, assuming interest at the rate of 3 per cent	receipts over the annual establishment and maintenance charges.*	Profit or Loss
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1917 18	49,56,289	1,98,252	11,502	64,360	—1,05,394

*NOTE.—General charges on account of the supervision of the lights by the Principal Port Officer, Burma, and by other Administrative Officers of Government, also the cost of pensions to the establishment, are not included in the charges incorporated in this statement.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 1st November 1918.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 2543.—Lieutenant A. W. Hawke, The Durham Light Infantry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while holding an appointment as Assistant Instructor at a Musketry School. Dated 15th October 1918.

No. 2544.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1118 of 1918, the acting ranks specified, while employed in the Military Works Services. Dated 21st September 1918.

To be Acting Captains.

Lieutenant A. E. Power, R.E. (T.C.).
 Lieutenant A. S. Buruett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Lieutenant G. S. Mileham, R.E. (T.F.).
 Lieutenant E. S. C. Chivers, R.E. (T.F.).
 Lieutenant H. M. Gibb, R.F.A. (T.F.).
 Lieutenant W. I. Berry, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Lieutenant A. E. Pottle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Lieutenant H. R. Sanders, The London Regiment (T.F.).
 Lieutenant F. J. Hennell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Lieutenant G. C. Farmer, R.E.
 Lieutenant A. R. Battman, R.E.
 Lieutenant A. F. Pearson, R.E.
 Lieutenant H. W. Stewart, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Lieutenant A. S. Milne, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 2nd Lieutenant (Acting Lieutenant) J. Gardner, R.E. (T.C.)
 2nd Lieutenant H. L. Hodgson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 2nd Lieutenant K. G. Mitchell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 2nd Lieutenant A. Woods, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

To be Acting Lieutenants.

2nd Lieutenant C. C. Bone, R.E. (T.C.)
 2nd Lieutenant H. G. Rochfort, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 2nd Lieutenant W. H. Sawyer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

INDIAN ARMY

No. 2545 — The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Patrick Henry Dundas, D.S.O., 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Captains to be Majors.

Alec Thompson, 112th Infantry. Dated 19th August 1918.
 Eric Maitland Hobday, 41st Dogras. Dated 19th August 1918.
 Arthur Calvert Keir Stewart Clarke, M.C., 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis). Dated 10th October 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Jack Montfort Stanley Gardner, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry. Dated 5th August 1918.	}	Dated 8th August 1918.
Michael Rookherst Roberts, attached 113th Infantry.		
Alec Palmer Fleetwood Churchill, 37th Dogras.		
Kenneth O'Brien Harding, attached 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse.)		
Lancelot Lawrence Thwaytes, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry, (Frontier Force.)		
William Robert Lambert, 97th Deccan Infantry.		
Duncan St. Vincent Gordon, attached 39th King George's Own Central India Horse.		
Rowland Eustace, 39th Garhwal Rifles.		
Robert Hamilton Birch Wilson, 9th Gurkha Rifles.		
Neville Edward Marriott, 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).		
Arthur Amys Fausset Baker, 21st Punjabis.	}	Dated 15th August 1918.
John Waugh Davidson, 12th Cavalry.		
Mark Symonds Teversham, 32nd Sikh Pioneers.		
John Wolseley Ansell, 8th Rajputs. Dated 1st October 1918.		

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

- Godfrey Maxwell Dyer, attached 14th Munay's Jat Lancers. }
 Leslie Charles Hutchinson Brown, attached 67th Punjabis. } Dated 12th September 1918.
- Fleming Mackenzie attached 30th Punjabis Dated 26th October 1918.
 Charles Benjamin Lewis, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).
 George Ross Ward, attached 6th Gurkha Rifles.
 Joseph Edge, attached 27th Punjabis.
 James Balfour Macdonald, attached 23rd Sikh Pioneers
 Percy Joseph Hilliard attached 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).
 Ian Mortimer Forsyth, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles
 Colin Elliot Hay, attached 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse)
 Charles Clavell Richardson Reynolds, attached 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse)
- John Lionel Cooper-Chadwick, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force). } Dated 27th October 1918.
 Howard Francis Clonoury Armstrong, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles)
 Morris Arthur Platts, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles, (Frontier Force).
 Athol Joseph Hobbs, attached 23rd Sikh Pioneers
 Nicholas Arthur Penney, attached 25th Punjabis.
 Ernest Kenneth Milliken, attached 54th Sikhs Frontier Force).
 Thomas William Stone, attached 107th Pioneers
 John Henry Clapp, attached 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse). } Dated 28th October 1918.
 Herbert James Parks, attached 121st Pioneers.
 Daniel Thomas Stevens, attached 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers Dated 31st October 1918

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No 2546.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

*Lieutenants to be Captains**Cavalry Branch.*

Roy Alfred Rice, M C. Dated 5th July 1918
 Robert Lysle Warren Herrick, D S O Dated 30th August 1918
 Clifford Sheard. Dated 30th August 1918
 Alfred Gordon Davies Dated 27th October 1918

Infantry Branch

Shirley Samuel Hodson Dated 27th March 1918
 Charles Henry Crossdale Bowen Dated 1st July 1918
 Howard Fletcher Dated 5th August 1918.
 Hugh Fitzherbert Bloxham. Dated 5th August 1918.
 William Henry Haddon Chambers Brodie Dated 8th August 1918
 Finlay Graeme Stuart Dated 16th August 1918
 George Neuberg Frankau Dated 19th August 1918
 Oscar Henry Clive Shelswell Dated 22nd August 1918.
 Angus Hamilton Macallum Dated 25th September 1918
 Frederic Aube Menzies, M C Dated 30th October 1918.
 Frank Herbert Jones. Dated 30th October 1918

*Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants**Cavalry Branch*

Harold Lacy Nichols
 Henry George Blomfield } Dated 1st October 1918.
 William Oswald Newsam.
 Ralph Edward Bromley Dated 5th October 1918
 Eric Falconar Alston Hay Dated 6th October 1918
 Bernard Francis Rigold.
 Robert Langdon Yorke. } Dated 11th October 1918.
 Richard Marsh Crofton.
 Leonard James Goldsworthy.
 Edward Clifford Grigg. Dated 15th October 1918.

Dated 31st October 1918.
 William Drummond Martin.
 Harold Stuart Harrison.
 James Bruce Gordon Austin.
 Lawrence Hasting Dasent.

Infantry Branch.

Dated 1st October 1918.
 Harold Hocking Wenmoth.
 Cecil Holroyd Gadsden.
 Horace George Hyde Williams.
 Ewart Skelliet Buttfress.
 Hubert Ernest Hicks
 William Adams Goss
 Frederick Claude Bundy.
 Percy Edmund Thomas
 George Ernest Holderoft.
 Horace William Phillips.
 Reginald Ronald Stewart.
 Edward Macey Evans

Dated 3rd October 1918
 Robert Kilgour
 George James Cutler.

Dated 4th October 1918.
 Wilfred May Burgess
 Carl Leo Albrecht.
 Edgar Robert Durston
 Llewelyn Max Thomas.

Dated 5th October 1918.
 Bertie Millar Marriott.
 Terence Mostyn Collins.
 Alfred Bertram Greenwood.
 Robert Geary MacArthur.
 Morgan Griffiths Morris.
 Eric Robert Machin Cooke.
 Sydney Albert Smith.
 William Henry Albert Webster.
 Terence William L'Estrange.
 Archibald Walter Harding.
 Russell Dallas Hayward
 John Bowtell Nottage
 John Bruce Gillon
 George Henry Horne
 Hubert Wilfred Sanders.
 George Lawrie.
 Charles Edward Whitcombe.
 Percival Reay Young
 Frederick William Kilner.
 Frederick Gladstone Percy.
 James Russell Johnson.
 Kenneth McKenzie Chisholm
 Edward Thomas Harcourt Purcell-Gildea.
 Gerald Griffin
 John Charles Liddell O'Neil-Shaw.
 Fredrick James Bairsto.
 Ronald Andrew Leitch.
 Charles Burns Miller.
 Ernest Pattinson.
 John Gordon Lindsay.
 Oliver Vassall Calder.
 Alexander Benson.
 Horace Martin.
 Richard Stephen Henry Didecock.
 Ernest Partridge.
 Robert Edward Birtwistle.
 Donald Alexander Ross
 Horace James Fitzpatrick.
 Victor Herbert Weeks.
 William Howard Williams.
 Harry Hubert Bell.
 William George Lanyon Parsons.
 Gerald Lacey.

Richard Ainsworth.
 Gerald Knight Turner.
 Robert Aitken Mitchell.
 Adam Cowie.
 Noel Beilby Porteus Shore.
 Hugh Arbuthnot Inglis.
 Philip Andrew Armstrong.
 Robert Ernest Lemon.
 Malcolm Macdonald.
 Graham Ward Bain.
 Edward Thomas Thurston.
 James Drummond Anderson.
 Richard Royl Maconachie.
 Richard Neville Parker.
 Frederick Louis Grille.
 John Francis Sheehy.
 Eric Stewart Hartnoll.
 Joseph Andrew Taylor.
 Reginald Charles Richardson.
 Donald Scott McGill.

Dean Farquhar
 Barnet Abraham Zaiman.
 Edwin William Hill.
 Gordon William Benton
 Arthur Gordon Leach.
 Richard Howard Hitchcock.
 Charles Baylis Fox.

Dated 6th October 1918.
 George Blake Howard.
 Bertram Armstrong Inglet.
 Samuel Evans Stokes.
 Frederick Dillon Edwards.

Dated 7th October 1918.
 Edwin Wilfred Killocksley Green.

Dated 8th October 1918
 Herbert Henry Dunham.
 Dated 9th October 1918.

Harry Matthews.
 Dated 11th October 1918.
 Hume Guildford Rochfort.
 Charles Frank Hall
 Leonard Hammond Blick.
 Cyril Edgar Jones.

Dated 13th October 1918.
 Malcolm Henry Grant-Peterkin.

Dated 15th October 1918.
 Malcolm John Flyter.

Dated 28th October 1918.
 Frank Dudley.

Dated 31st October 1918.
 John Barwick Abbey.
 Patrick Aburey Bapty.
 Edward Heron Cook.
 Arthur Culley.
 Charles Cecil Deakin.
 John Jellett Fitzgerald.
 Robert Bruce Gill.
 Farnham Wilbraham Machin.
 John Murphy.
 George Frederick Nash.
 Roy Edgardo Parry.
 Leslie James Pocock.
 George Frederick Sharpe.
 Reginald Shaw.
 Richard Lynds Smart.
 Charles Arthur Bernard Smith.
 Brian de Havilland Stringer.
 Claude Frank Townley.
 Reginald Arthur Wright.
 Herbert Wroe.

William Edgar Pringle Harrison
Duncan Campbell.

Sidney Charles Weekes.
Douglas McNaught

No. 2547.—Captain Leonard Lachlan Porter, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while employed as Commandant, Remount Depot, Bulandshahr, with effect from the 15th October 1918.

No. 2548.—The undermentioned Officers of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (without pay and allowances of that rank), while employed as Assistant Audit Officers, Mesopotamia, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieutenant Thomas Ernest Dawson. Dated 17th February 1918.

Lieutenant John Henry Griffie-Williams. Dated 4th March 1918.

No. 2549.—Second Lieutenant (now Lieutenant) Wallace Powell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (without pay and allowances of that rank) while employed as Local Audit Officer, Mesopotamia, with effect from the 27th February 1918.

No. 2550.—Lieutenant George Alexander, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while employed as Assistant Commandant, Prisoners of War Camp, Meiktila, with effect from the 17th September 1918.

No. 2551.—Lieutenant C. F. Whitaker, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as a Company Commander at a Non-Commissioned Officers' School. Dated 5th October 1918.

No. 2552.—Second Lieutenant Archibald Campbell Elliott, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted the temporary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval, while employed in the Army Remount Department, with effect from the 15th October 1918.

No. 2553.—Second Lieutenant Arthur John Staughton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while employed at the Remount Depot, Ahmednagar, with effect from the 15th October 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

9th Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.

No. 2554.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Frederick Evan Wood. Dated 17th October 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 2555.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant L. M. Blomenstok to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 16th June 1918, *vice* 2nd Lieutenant (Acting Captain) C. E. R. Moss, transferred to Home Establishment with effect from 1st June 1918.

Lieutenant (Acting Captain) J. C. J. Nicol to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 25th May, *vice* Captain (Acting Major) W. G. Harrison, transferred to Home Establishment with effect from 10th May 1918.

Captain (Acting Major) H. A. Brown relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 13th May 1918.

Lieutenant (Acting Captain) R. W. Brailsford to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 28th May 1918 *vice* Captain (Acting Major) H. A. Brown, transferred to Home Establishment with effect from 13th May 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Captain R. A. Armstrong to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant A. L. Hosie to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 1st October 1918.

Captain J. W. English to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Major G. V. Dreyer, transferred with effect from 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant J. W. Beard to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 17th October 1918, *vice* Captain J. P. Doyle, transferred with effect from 2nd October 1918.

CAVALRY.

21st (Empress of India's) Lancers.

Lieutenant Sir B. Pigott, Bart., to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 23rd October 1918, *vice* Captain H. G. C. Carr-Ellison, vacated with effect from 8th October 1918.

INFANTRY.

The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles).

Second Lieutenant T. Stewart to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 4th April 1918, *vice* Major J. D. Outram extra regimentally employed with effect from 20th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. Stewart relinquishes the acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. Duncan relinquishes the acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 23rd September 1918.

Lieutenant J. Macintyre to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. Stewart relinquishes his acting rank with effect from 1st September 1918.

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

No. 2556.—The following acting promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own).

Lieutenant W. H. Mann to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th May 1918, *vice* Captain A. P. Macklin, transferred with effect from 30th April 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2557.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

16th Cavalry

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. E. Hobbs, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 28th July 1918

Second Lieutenant B. St. C. Wilks, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 12th August 1918 to 9th September 1918, inclusive, *vice* Lieutenant C. E. Hobbs, vacated with effect from 28th July 1918.

Lieutenant P. C. Crittall, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 25th September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant B. St. C. Wilks, vacated with effect from 10th September 1918.

Lieutenant J. R. R. Brown, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 15th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. Read, vacated with effect from 30th September 1918.

18th King George's Own Lancers.

Lieutenant G. W. Fulcher, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 18th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant T. J. Comerford, vacated with effect from 18th August 1918

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).

Captain D. Bainbridge, M.C., 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force), attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 1st September 1918, *vice* Major F. G. Swayne, vacated with effect from 29th August 1918.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Captain V. E. G. Guinness, Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while commanding a mobilised field company. Dated 17th September 1918.

Captain H. E. Roome, M.C., Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while commanding a mobilised field company. Dated 22nd September 1918.

21st Punjabis.

Captain (acting Major) C. F. Mackenzie relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 14th September 1918.

Captain B. H. Bonham-Carter, 40th Pathans, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 29th September 1918, *vice* Captain C. F. Mackenzie, vacated with effect from 14th September 1918.

35th Sikhs

Second Lieutenant H. T. Ridlington, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. B. Gagliardi, vacated with effect from 14th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant E. F. Bugler, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 31st August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. G. D. Young, vacated with effect from 16th August 1918.

40th Pathans.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. T. Thornton, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 10th March 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. Johnson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 10th March 1918.

Lieutenant E. Johnson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th March 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. T. Thornton, M.C., vacated with effect from 10th March 1918.

Lieutenant R. T. Thornton, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 25th March 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. Johnson, vacated with effect from 10th March 1918.

41st Dogras.

Lieutenant A. M. A. Collins, 38th Dogras, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th June 1918 to 28th June 1918, inclusive, *vice* Captain A. E. Drysdale, D.S.O., M.C., vacated with effect from 1st June 1918.

Lieutenant C. L. Riley, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th September 1918 to 18th September 1918, inclusive, *vice* Captain A. G. Ogilvy, vacated with effect from 26th August 1918.

50th Kumaon Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. T. M. Ambler, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant W. J. B. Martin, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. T. M. Ambler, vacated with effect from 7th September 1918.

55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant (Acting Captain) F. J. Wilcox, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 29th April 1918.

Lieutenant F. J. Wilcox, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th May 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant E. K. Milliken, vacated with effect from 29th April 1918.

Lieutenant L. Brilliant, 1st Battalion, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. W. Guise, vacated with effect from 20th August 1918.

Lieutenant C. E. C. Stileman, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. O. Whitmore, vacated with effect from 21st August 1918.

123rd Outram's Rifles

Lieutenant H. J. Twynam, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st April 1918.

Lieutenant F. C. Robinson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st April 1918.

5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Captain (Acting Major) E. C. Mockler, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment), attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 2nd October 1918.

6th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant J. G. Bruce, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant J. K. Jones, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant E. F. Qualtrough, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st September 1918.

7th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant F. W. Burch, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 23rd September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (Acting Captain) B. G. Davy, who relinquishes his acting rank with effect from 8th September 1918.

Machine Gun Corps.

Lieutenant W. B. Bakewell, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st September 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2558.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified:—

To be Lieutenants

Captain Lawrence Waddington Walsh, The Norfolk Yeomanry, attached 21st Punjab. Dated 10th October 1918 but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Captain George Howard Paget, The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regiment), attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 10th October 1918 but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant Gilbert Edmund Nassau Molerworth, The Devonshire Regiment, attached 69th Punjab. Dated 16th August 1918 but to rank from the 10th June 1918.

Lieutenant Noel Vincent Smith, The Durham Light Infantry, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 22nd June 1918.

Captain Robert Jesse Adams Roberts, D.S.O. (since deceased), The Welsh Regiment, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 6th May 1917 but to rank from the 26th August 1916.

Lieutenant John Stanley Thompson, The York and Lancaster Regiment, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 21st October 1916.

Lieutenant William Forster Charter, M.C., The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 12th October 1918 but to rank from the 26th October 1916.

Lieutenant Sydney Noel Openshaw, The Lancashire Fusiliers, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 11th October 1918 but to rank from the 6th January 1917.

Lieutenant Leslie Harding Cockram, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th October 1918 but to rank from the 25th January 1917.

Captain Augustine Bernard Lodge, D.S.O., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 29th July 1918 but to rank from the 28th January 1917.

Major Hector Ernest Bastin, M.C., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 15th Lancers (Cureton's Mulanias). Dated 29th July 1918 but to rank from the 29th January 1917.

Lieutenant Ernest Llewellyn Davies, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 10th October 1918 but to rank from the 30th January 1917.

Lieutenant Humphrey Noel Lester, The Royal Sussex Regiment, attached Military Farms Department. Dated 14th October 1918 but to rank from the 19th February 1917.

Lieutenant William Fitzgerald Reid, Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers), attached 31st Punjabis. Dated 12th October 1918 but to rank from the 22nd February 1917.

Lieutenant Basil Feilding Dodd, The East Surrey Regiment, attached 107th Pioneers. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 14th May 1917.

Lieutenant Maurice Joseph Holdsworth, The Royal Sussex Regiment, attached 111th Mahais. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 27th May 1917.

Lieutenant Oscar Couldrev, M.C., Machine Gun Corps, attached 23rd Sikh Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

Lieutenant Arthur Hillman Baker, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 107th Pioneers. Dated 10th October 1918 but to rank from the 16th August 1917.

Lieutenant Montague Alexander Strudwicke, The Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 18th August 1917.

Lieutenant Howard Lewis Coates, Lincolnshire Yeomanry, attached 73rd Carnatic Infantry. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 19th August 1917.

Lieutenant Harold Overton, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 3rd Brahmans. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1917.

Lieutenant William Kenneth McMullen, North Irish Horse, attached 41st Cavalry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 6th October 1917.

Lieutenant Francis William Walter Carruthers, The Manchester Regiment, attached 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment). Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 7th October 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Alexander Carlile, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 10th October 1917.

Lieutenant John Edward Mills, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 150th Infantry. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1918.

Captain Thomas Frederick McClean Burscy, M.C., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918 but to rank from the 20th November 1917.

Lieutenant Harold Melhuish, The Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment), attached 3rd Gaur Brahmans. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 7th February 1918.

Lieutenant Ralph Marshall Lunt, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 87th Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 2nd March 1918.

Lieutenant Arthur Felix-Williams, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 10th October 1918, but to rank from the 7th April 1918.

Lieutenant Henry Norman Lindsay, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, attached 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 4th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Charles William Dron, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland, Highlanders), attached 10th Jats. Dated 16th October 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant Douglas Stewart Hamilton, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 150th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant Charles Snelling, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 81st Pioneers, Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant Wilson Leggat, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 150th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Lieutenant Ronald William Crampin Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment), attached 150th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th July 1918.

Lieutenant Arthur Patrick Beatty, Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers), attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 10th October 1918, but to rank from the 22nd August 1918.

Lieutenant Robert Graham Purvis, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), attached 10th Jats. Dated 10th October 1918 but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

Lieutenant John William Alphonsus Clarke, The Manchester Regiment, attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Second Lieutenant Edward Samuel Storey-Cooper, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 31st May 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1917.

Lieutenant Alfred Edward St. John Adams, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), attached 8th Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Walker Boyce, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, attached 11th Mahars. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 20th November 1917.

Second Lieutenant Spencer Albert Bowden, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 1st December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Philip Steggall Elmer, The London Regiment (First Surrey Rifles), attached 150th Infantry. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 26th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant Reginald Gillingham Toms, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), attached 89th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant John William Francis Young, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 4th September 1918 but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Albert Cecil Kempster, The Northamptonshire Regiment, attached 81st Pioneers. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Ward Sisley, The Essex Regiment, attached 80th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Harry Moorhouse Machine Gun Corps attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 29th July 1918, but to rank from the 26th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant George Guyton, The Lincolnshire Regiment, attached 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 30th June 1918, but to rank from the 30th October 1918.

No. 2559.—The undermentioned to be Temporary Second-Lieutenants subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified:—

Dated 19th October 1918

Alexander Lindsay.
Peter Lyle.
Harry Edward Howard.
Albert Rudd Jennings.
Harry Kirkham.
William Edward Plater.
John McGuire.
John William Stanley Bailey.
Percy Ricketts.
John Theodore Moss Harsey.
Walter Albert Peach.
Lawrence Vincent Morley.
James Albert Spivey.
Edward Charles Payne.
Charles Herbert Ward.
Hubert Victor Fred Pickford.
Cecil James Simpson Martin.
Percy Victor Stannard.
William Kenneth Evans.
Francis Lionel Treasure.
Robert Augustus Gordon Evans.
Frank Budd.
Walter Edward Orris.
Albert Harry Haynes.
Herbert Rainford.
Arthur John Bennett.
Robert Irving.

Frederick James Chouke.
William Leonard Francis.
Walter Harold Hilton.
James Dalzell.
William Rudduck.
James Fewery.
Herbert Levinson.
George Brown.
Thomas George Sharp.
Frederick Sharman Sudlow.
Alfred James Thwaites.
Arthur Stanley Francis.
Frederick William Redfarn.
David Francis Scott Fraser.
Lionel Neville Hayter.
Harold Stanley James Perry.
Daniel Thomas Richard Gramson.
William Charles Hurley.
Richard Guest.
Charles Cecil Talbot.
Leslie James Bicker.
Montague Alfred Ford.
Frederick Robert Brazier.
John Orchard Steabben.
Cecil Henderson.
James Edward Hoggett.
William Howell Inness Gill.

John Graves.

Captain Robert Jesse Adams Roberts, D.S.O. (since deceased), The Welsh Regiment, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 6th May 1917 but to rank from the 26th August 1916.

Lieutenant John Stanley Thompson, The York and Lancaster Regiment, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 21st October 1916.

Lieutenant William Forster Charter, M.C., The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 12th October 1918 but to rank from the 26th October 1916.

Lieutenant Sydney Noel Openshaw, The Lancashire Fusiliers, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 11th October 1918 but to rank from the 6th January 1917.

Lieutenant Leslie Harding Cockram, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 12th October 1918 but to rank from the 25th January 1917.

Captain Augustine Bernard Lodge, D.S.O., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 29th July 1918 but to rank from the 28th January 1917.

Major Hector Ernest Bastin, M.C., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis). Dated 29th July 1918 but to rank from the 29th January 1917.

Lieutenant Ernest Llewellyn Davies, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 10th October 1918 but to rank from the 30th January 1917.

Lieutenant Humphrey Noel Lester, The Royal Sussex Regiment, attached Military Farms Department. Dated 4th October 1918 but to rank from the 19th February 1917.

Lieutenant William Fitzgerald Reid, Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers), attached 31st Punjabis. Dated 12th October 1918 but to rank from the 22nd February 1917.

Lieutenant Basil Feilding Dodd, The East Surrey Regiment, attached 107th Pioneers. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 14th May 1917.

Lieutenant Maurice Joseph Holdsworth, The Royal Sussex Regiment, attached 111th Maharis. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 27th May 1917.

Lieutenant Oscar Couldrev, M.C., Machine Gun Corps, attached 23rd Sikh Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

Lieutenant Arthur Hillman Baker, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 107th Pioneers. Dated 10th October 1918 but to rank from the 16th August 1917.

Lieutenant Montague Alexander Strudwicke, The Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 18th August 1917.

Lieutenant Howard Lewis Coates, Lincolnshire Yeomanry, attached 73rd Carnatic Infantry. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 19th August 1917.

Lieutenant Harold Overton, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 3rd Brahmans. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1917.

Lieutenant William Kenneth McMullen, North Irish Horse, attached 41st Cavalry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 6th October 1917.

Lieutenant Francis William Walter Carruthers, The Manchester Regiment, attached 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment). Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 7th October 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Alexander Carlile, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 10th October 1917.

Lieutenant John Edward Mills, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 150th Infantry. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1918.

Captain Thomas Frederick McClean Bursey, M.C., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918 but to rank from the 20th November 1917.

Lieutenant Harold Melhuish, The Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment), attached 3rd Gaur Brahmans. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 7th February 1918.

Lieutenant Ralph Marshall Lunt, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 87th Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 2nd March 1918.

Lieutenant Arthur Felix-Williams, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 10th October 1918, but to rank from the 7th April 1918.

Lieutenant Henry Norman Lindsay, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, attached 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 4th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Charles William Dron, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland, Highlanders), attached 16th Jats. Dated 16th October 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant Douglas Stewart Hamilton, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 150th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant Charles Snelling, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 81st Pioneers. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant Wilson Leggat, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 150th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Lieutenant Ronald William Crampin Princess Charlotte of Wales' (Royal Berkshire Regiment), attached 150th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th July 1918.

Lieutenant Arthur Patrick Beaty, Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers), attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 10th October 1918, but to rank from the 22nd August 1918.

Lieutenant Robert Graham Purvis, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), attached 10th Jats. Dated 10th October 1918 but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

Lieutenant John William Alphonsus Clarke, The Manchester Regiment, attached 21st Punjab. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Second Lieutenant Edward Samuel Storey-Cooper, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 31st May 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1917.

Lieutenant Alfred Edward St. John Adams, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), attached 81st Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Walker Boyce, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, attached 111th Mahars. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 20th November 1917.

Second Lieutenant Spencer Albert Bowden, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 1st December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Philip Steggall Elmer, The London Regiment (First Surrey Rifles), attached 150th Infantry. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 26th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant Reginald Gillingham Toms, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant John William Francis Young, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 4th September 1918 but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Albert Cecil Kempster, The Northamptonshire Regiment, attached 81st Pioneers. Dated 30th September 1918 but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Ward Sisley, The Essex Regiment, attached 86th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 28th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Harry Moorhouse, Machine Gun Corps attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 29th July 1918, but to rank from the 26th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant George Guyton, The Lincolnshire Regiment, attached 97th Devan Infantry. Dated 30th June 1918, but to rank from the 30th October 1918.

No. 2559.—The undermentioned to be Temporary Second-Lieutenants subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified:—

Dated 19th October 1918

Alexander Lindsay.
Peter Lyle.
Harry Edward Howard.
Albert Rudd Jennings.
Harry Kirkham
William Edward Plater
John McGuire
John William Stanley Bailey.
Percy Ricketts.
John Theodore Moss Harsey.
Walter Albert Peach.
Lawrence Vincent Morley.
James Albert Spivey.
Edward Charles Payne.
Charles Herbert Ward.
Hubert Victor Fred Pickford.
Cecil James Simpson Martin
Percy Victor Stannard.
William Kenneth Evans.
Francis Lionel Treasure.
Robert Augustus Gordon Evans.
Frank Budd.
Walter Edward Orris.
Albert Harry Haynes.
Herbert Rainford.
Arthur John Bennett.
Robert Irving.

Frederick James Chouke.
William Leonard Francis.
Walter Harold Hilton.
James Dalzell.
William Rudduck.
James Fewery.
Herbert Levinson.
George Brown.
Thomas George Sharp.
Frederick Sharman Sudlow.
Alfred James Thwaites.
Arthur Stanley Francis.
Frederick William Redfarn
David Francis Scott Fraser
Lionel Neville Hayter.
Harold Stanley James Perry.
Daniel Thomas Richard Gramson.
William Charles Hurley.
Richard Guest.
Charles Cecil Talbot
Leslie James Bicker.
Montague Alfred Ford.
Frederick Robert Brazier.
John Orchard Steabben.
Cecil Henderson.
James Edward Hoggett.
William Howell Inniss Gill.

John Graves.

No. 2560.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation was notified in Army Department Notifications Nos. 1795, dated 26th October 1917, 1958, dated 9th November 1917, 2020, dated 22nd November 1917 and 416, dated 1st March 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army with effect from the dates specified:—

Harold Richard Hutchinson O'Reilly. Dated 21st August 1918.

Philip Lucas Molyneux. Dated 5th August 1918.

Hugh Vernon Spankie. Dated 6th May 1918.

James Shaw Allen. Dated 24th October 1915.

Joseph Birtwistle. Dated 20th August 1918.

No. 2561.—In Army Department Notifications Nos. 1950, dated 30th August 1918, and 1715, dated 2nd August 1918, against the names of Lieutenants Robert D'Arblay Monypenny, attached 61st Pioneers Ferdinand Cromwell Field, attached 32nd Lancers, Frederick Hay Christison, attached 23rd Sikh Pioneers, and Claude Patrick Bevan Sawyer, attached 10th Lancers, for "15th May 1916," "15th May 1916," "19th January 1917" and "9th October 1916" substitute "15th February 1916," "15th February 1916," "4th November 1916" and "28th August 1916" respectively

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE

No. 2562.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be Temporary Lieutenants with effect from the dates specified:

Lolit Mohan Sen. Dated 1st October 1918.

Bhola Nath Gupta. Dated 4th October 1918.

Vaman Dattaram Telang. Dated 11th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

No. 2563.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers subject to His Majesty's approval:—

CAVALRY BRANCH.

To be Lieutenant.

Sydney Henry Perasse, The London Regiment (First Surrey Rifles), attached 17th Cavalry. Dated 14th April 1918 but to rank from the 23rd September 1916.

To be Second Lieutenant.

Ernest Hugh Brown, General List, attached 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry. (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse) Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 26th November 1917

INFANTRY BRANCH.

To be Lieutenants.

Samuel Donaldson, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 69th Punjabis. Dated 24th March 1918 but to rank from the 1st August 1916.

Norman Sinclair, The Lancashire Fusiliers, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 13th January 1918 but to rank from the 5th August 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Ernest Hutchinson, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 1st March 1917.

David Hill Brown, The Royal Scots Fusiliers, attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 28th March 1917

Clifford Rose, General List, attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 11th September 1917, but to rank from the 26th August 1917.

Edward Joseph Austen, General List, attached 76th Punjabis. Dated 6th December 1917, but to rank from the 29th August 1917

Arthur Williams, The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, attached 1st Dogras. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Carl Rupert Addinall, 105th Training Reserve Battalion, attached 94th Russell's Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918 but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Richard Farrer James, General List, attached Railway Directorate. Dated 3rd December 1917 and to rank from 3rd December 1917.

Henry Reginald Corbett, General List, attached 57th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 9th January 1918, but to rank from the 25th December 1917.

No. 2564.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval.

Dated 5th October 1918.

William Bolan.

Dated 14th October 1918.

Arthur Duncan Glynnly McClay.

Dated 16th October 1918.

Frederick Farrell Barber.

William Thomas Frisby.

James Arthur Loughlin.

Melville Alfred Kingston Maybury.

Dated 17th October 1918.

Daniel O'Connell Ford.

Dated 18th October 1918

Frederick Edmund John Armstrong.

Edwin Thomas Court.

Charles Edward Langley Lister
Dated 19th October 1918
Leonard Symes
William Caxton Annear.
Joseph Edward Elliott.
Cyril Conrad Martyn Treloar
Robert John Cotterell
Arthur Leslie Spence.
Reginald Maurice King.
Henry Thomas Francis Lenton
Francis Henry William Bonsey.
Arthur Powell.
Leslie Charles MacLeod
Herbert Arthur Hart
Robert Meiklejohn
George Conren Powers
Richard Marchbank Hamilton
Fred Harding
Allan Beak Williamson
William Green
Bertram William Colthup
John Reid
Arnold Edwin Wyndham.
John Maxwell Gray.
David Victor Turner.
Raymond Harold McArdle
Thomas Lloyd Jackson
Thomas Amers.
Frederick Charlesworth
George Edward Jones.
Albert Grenville Legge.
Harry Spacey Waite.
Henry Smithson Taylor
Magnus Cogle
Alfred Charles Col.
Frederick William Fair
Ceoil Herbert Mark Cross
Harold Frank Hancock
John Hanna.

Charles Richardson
Walter James Scotcher
John Tate
Frederick John Sherman
Charles James Brightmore-Armour
Cyril William Brooks
Charles John Bede Cox
George Herbert Dorrington.
Alexander William Gilroy
Nelson Edmund Bromehead Graburn
Hugh Cameron Hayes.
Ney Lindsay Hervey
Robert John Jackson.
Herbert Hugh Park.
Dudley Berkeley Nowell Sherson
Dated 20th October 1918.
Cardwell Sinclair Gunning.
Leon Alidor Francois Van den Bogaerde
Dated 21st October 1918
John Donald
Richard Haworth
Thomas Somerville.
Dated 22nd October 1918
Harry William Cracknell.
Louis Charles Edward Wharton Preston
Charles Barnard Thompson.
Dated 23rd October 1918
Ernest William Clen-Murphy.
Edward George Netscher
James Tobin
Dated 24th October 1918.
Carl Evan Arndt.
Cyril Preston Cronan
Donald Stuart Grant.
Albert William Keats
Frank Cruikshank Mack.
William John Rodda
Dated 1st November 1918.
Anthony Oliver Molesworth

No. 2565.—Henry Rivers Nevill, to be Major in the Cavalry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant Colonel, while holding the appointment of Assistant Adjutant General, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 17th November 1917.

No. 2566.—John Charles Knight Anstey, to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers and is granted the temporary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 5th September 1918

No. 2567.—Frederick Heap Hutchinson, to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers and is granted the temporary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 23rd September 1918.

No. 2568.—Claude Batley, to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and is granted the acting rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval.

No. 2569.—In Army Department Notification No. 1254, dated 14th June 1918 for "Harry Stanfield Smith" read "Harry Stanford Smith"

No. 2570.—Army Department Notification No. 2009, dated 7th September 1918, in so far as concerns Trevor Mervyn Farmer, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2571.—Army Department Notification No. 2198, dated 28th September 1918, in so far as concerns Thomas White Johnstone, is hereby cancelled

No. 2572.—Army Department Notification No. 2450, dated 19th October 1918 in so far as concerns William Patrick O'Callaghan is hereby cancelled

No. 2573.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, a temporary commission in the Indian Army Reserve Officers as specified :—

To be temporary Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Francis Lionel Richardson, India Miscellaneous List. Dated 28th October 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

4th (Bombay) Group Garrison Artillery
No. 3 Company, Electrical Engineers.

No. 2574.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject

to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenants.

Thomas William Lutwyche Lewis.

Nicholas Maughan.

} Dated 3rd August 1918.

36th Bengal Nagpur Railway Battalion.

No. 2575.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Aubrey Matthew Clark, V. D., A. D. C. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Major.

Charles Vincent Nixon Shortland, V. D. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Captains.

Cyril George Ridsdale, V. D.

Alexander James Neely.

Charles William Alexander Carroll.

Vivian Everard Donne Jarrad.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenants.

Archibald Bayley.

Arthur Eaglesome.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Sydney Lukis.

Douglas Henry Remfry.

Archibald Douglas Carroll.

James Bryan Blake.

Ivon Guy Charles Hunter.

Frederic Selby Hughes.

} Dated 6th June 1918.

To be Captain (Supernumerary List).

Ernest Godfrey Beckett, V. D. Dated 1st April 1917.

6th Bangalore, Coorg and Mysore Battalion.

No. 2576.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Captain (Supernumerary List).

Charles Robert Valentine. Dated 1st April 1918.

To be Lieutenant (Supernumerary List).

George Moore. Dated 1st April 1918.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

9th Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.

No. 2577.—Lieutenant-Colonel George Frederick Stoddart, V.D., resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 16th October 1918.

PART B.

INDIAN ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 2578.—The following promotions are made :—

1st Lancers.

Dafadar Abdul Rahman to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd August 1918; to complete the establishment.

14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Risaldar Mansa Ram, I.D.S.M., to be Risaldar-Major, with effect from the 2nd May 1918; to complete the establishment.

19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).

Ressaidar Khwaja Muhammad to be Risaldar, Jemadar Muhammad Islam to be Ressaidar, Kot-Dafadar Mehar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th April 1918, Ressaidar Bishan Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Sham Singh to be Ressaidar, Dafadar Sant Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd June 1918, Kot-Dafadar Ghulam Rasul to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th May 1918. Kot-Dafadar Muhammad Islam to be Jemadar with effect from the 4th June 1918 and Dafadar Udham Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

20th Deccan Horse.

Ressaidar Shaikh Faiz-ud-Din, to be Risaldar and Jemadar Rahim Sher Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 4th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry.

Jemadar Tara Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 9th August 1918, Jemadar Fateh Muhammad to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 11th September 1918, and to be Antedated, without pay to 1st March 1918, Kot-Dafadar Amrik Singh to be Jemadar, with effect

from the 9th August 1918, Kot-Dafadar Abdullah Khan (17th Cavalry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Burma Mounted Rifles.

Kot-Dafadar-Major Ralla Singh to be Jemadar and Kot-Dafadar Partab Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Kirkee.

Havildar Imam Bakhsh (No. 12 Ammunition Column) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

239th Machine Gun Company.

Havildar Ram Singh (25th Indian Mountain Battery) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Hari Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

10th Jats.

Jemadar Kanhaiya to be Subadar with effect from the 1st January 1918 and Colour-Havildar Digh Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 27th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

21st Punjabis.

Jemadar Shah Muhammad to be Subadar, with effect from the 29th June 1918 ; Havildar Shah Jahan to be Jemadar with effect from the 16th August 1918, and Havildar Ghagga Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Gul Mowaz Khan to be Subadar, Havildars Ali Afsar Khan, Faqir Chand, and Rasila to be Jemadars, with effect from the 14th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

70th Burma Rifles.

Jemadar Maung U. to be Subadar and Quarter Master Havildar Maung Tun Gyaw to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th April 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Muhammad Ismail to be Subadar, and Colour Havildar Chowrimuthu to be Jemadar, with effect from 1st June 1918 ; to complete the establishment. Jemadar Devaraju to be Subadar, Havildars Palava-a Thevan and Shaikh Daud and Colour Havildar Shaikh Ali, to be Jemadars, with effect from the 21st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

52nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Sukh Ram to be Subadar and Havildars Indar Singh, Abdul Khai and Ramji Lal, to be Jemadars, with effect from the 18th September 1918 ; Havildar Aziz Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

87th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Balwant Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 29th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

94th Russell's Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Kundan Singh and Havildar Diwan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

The 101st Grenadiers.

Jemadar Kasinath Mane to be Subadar, and Colour Havildar Jairam Chauban to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

107th Pioneers.

Havildar Ram Nath to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

108th Infantry.

Company Havildar Major Rama Methe and Company Quarter-Master Havildar Wazir Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

112th Infantry.

Jemadar Karam Dad to be Subadar, with effect from the 29th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

113th Infantry.

Jemadar Moman Ram to be Subadar, with effect from the 28th May 1918, Jemadar Bakshi Ram to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918, Havildar Major Budha Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918, and Colour Havildar Mahta Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

114th Mahrattas.

Colour-Havildar Keshao Talekar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

116th Mahrattas.

Jemadar Usman Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 12th June 1918, and Jemadar Chander Rao Sinda to be Subadar, with effect from the 30th July 1918, Colour-Havildar Govindrao Barge to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd May 1918, Havildar Major Raghoji Bagwe to be Jemadar, with effect from the 31st July 1918, Company Quartermaster Havildar Gunajirao Ghag to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd September 1918, and Company

Quartermaster Havildar Govind Sakpal to be Jemadar, with effect from the 28rd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment

119th Infantry (The Moultan Regiment).

Colour-Havildar Vishram Gangaram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th May 1918, and Havildar Wali Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Jemadar Fazl Dad to be Subadar and Havildar Buta Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th April 1918 to complete the establishment.

151st Sikh Infantry.

Havildar Sewa Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th May 1918, Havildar Amar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1918, and Havildar Ali Akbar Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

153rd Infantry

Havildar Ram Lal Tiwari to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

154th Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Nand Ram and Colour-Havildar Ramphal Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

155th Pioneers.

Havildar Gurmukh Singh and Havildar Gehna Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Havildar Lachhman Thapa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment

5th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Udebhar Gurung to be Subadar and Colour Havildar Bhairab Singh Gurung to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Amar Sing Thapa to be Subadar and Havildar Hastadal Thapa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

7th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Dal Sing Basnet to be Subadar and Havildar Major Thamu Limbu to be Jemadar with effect from the 7th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment

3rd Porter Corps

Kot-Dafadar Haidar Khan (6th Mule Corps) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

6th Labour Corps

Havildar Nar Bahadur Adhikari (9th Gurkha Rifles) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST

No. 2579—Sub-Conductor Reginald Hamilton Richmond to be Conductor and Staff Serjeant Alfred Edward Ellis to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Conductor (supernumerary Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant) James Allen, deceased with effect from the 28rd October 1918

Sub-Conductor (supernumerary Conductor) William Hurst to be absorbed in the rank of Conductor, and Staff Serjeant (supernumerary Sub-Conductor) James Redding to be absorbed in the rank of Sub-Conductor, *vice* Conductor John Cresswell, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 29th October 1918

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE

Cantonment Magistrates' Department.

No 2580—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 2470, dated the 18th October 1918, Lieutenant-Colonel P N Leslie, Indian Army Supernumerary List, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave on medical certificate up to the 4th January 1919

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN ARMY.

No 2581 Second Lieutenant Albert Edwin Jones, Indian Army (Temporary Commission) is dismissed the service, by sentence of a General Court Martial, with effect from the 20th September 1918

No 2582—Second Lieutenant Henry Albert Buckley, Indian Army (Temporary Commission), is dismissed the service, by sentence of a General Court Martial, with effect from the 23rd September 1918

JUDICIAL.

No. 2583.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In clause (ii) of sub-rule (2) of rule 24-B of the said rules, after the word “workshop,” the words “or in any dock under the control of a public authority” shall be inserted

RETIREMENTS.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 2584.—The undermentioned warrant officer has been transferred to the pension establishment :—

Conductor John Crosswell, India Miscellaneous List ; with effect from the 29th October 1918.

REWARDS.

No. 2585.—The honorary rank of Jemadar, on retirement, is granted to No. 3287 Havildar Lal Baz, 19th Punjabis, with effect from the 15th October 1918.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles

No. 2586.—Lieutenant-Colonel George Frederick Stoddart, V D, resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank Dated 31st March 1917

The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles

No. 2587.—Captain Lawrence Barton McLaren (Supernumerary List) resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917

A H BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla, the 28th October, 1918.

No. 715-E.-18.—With reference to Notification No. 715-E-18, dated the 19th July 1918, Major-General H. F. E. Freeland, C B., D.S O., M.V.O., Additional Member of the Railway Board, is designated Director General of Transportation.

The 1st November, 1918

No. 660-E.-18.—Mr F. M. Bowder, Honorary Assistant Engineer, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, officiated as Executive Engineer during the absence of Mr F. R. Morgan, Executive Engineer, on privilege leave from the 1st May 1918 to the 11th June 1918

No. 1738-E.-18.—Mr. A. C. Robertson, District Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in Class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Locomotive Superintendent in Class I of that Establishment, with effect from the 21st October 1918, during the absence of Mr W. R. Pearce' Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, on privilege leave.

No. 1738-2-E.-18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1738-E-18, dated the 1st November 1918, Mr. A. W. Kerr, officiating Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent.

No. 1748-E.-18—Mr. B. C. L. Bean, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that Establishment, with effect from the 5th October 1918 and until further orders.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 25th October, 1918.

No. E.-389.—The services of Captain O. A. Travers, I.A.R.O., Deputy Director of Army Clothing Factories, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 19th October 1918.

The 31st October, 1918

No. E.-307 (1)—Mr W. F. Marchinton, Assistant Controller (Electrical and Mechanical), Calcutta, is appointed Deputy Controller (Electrical and Mechanical), Calcutta, with effect from the 31st October 1918.

No. E.-307 (2)—Mr. A. P. Chalkley, Assistant Controller (Electrical and Mechanical), Bombay, is appointed Deputy Controller (Electrical and Mechanical), Bombay, with effect from the 31st October 1918.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

ASSAM SECRETARIAT

MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION

The 24th October, 1918.

No 6885-M—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 5 and 5A of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and in modification of the Eastern Bengal and Assam Government Notification No. 7655-M, dated the 2nd October 1910, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner of Assam is pleased to declare that the operation of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Bengal Act III of 1884), in the district of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills shall be subject to the following modifications, namely :—

- (a) In section 6 (1) the words "and ordinarily drawn by animals" shall be omitted.
- (b) In the fifth schedule the following words and figures shall be added.—

	Per quarter.
	Rs.
" For every 4-wheeled carriage propelled by electricity, gas or any other mechanical power ...	16

A. W. BOTHAM,
Second Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 1st November, 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 19th October 1918 is published for general information.—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND AGED	Northern	Bombay City	1	1
		Rewa Kantha Agency	20 ^a	20 ^a
		Kaira District	36	39
		Broach District	110	110
	Central	Thana	1	1
		West Khandesh District	39	34
		Satara District	19	17
		Nasik District	41	28
		Poona District	97	85
	Southern	Poona Town	7	4
		Hubli Town	16	16
	Political Charge	Dharwar District	288	179
		Baroda State	9	8
		Cutch State	1	1
		Mundra Port	2	1
		Satara Agency	58	29
		Kathiawar Agency	186	159
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	482 ^a	388 ^a
		Camboy State	12	11
	TOTAL	Savannur State	77	64
TOTAL		1,472	1,813	
MAHARASHTRA PRESIDENCY		Pellary District	82	50
		Comillatore District	14(a)	7
		Kurnool District	1	1
		Salem District	17	14
		Nilgiris District	3	—
	TOTAL	TOTAL	117	72
BENGAL PRESIDENCY	Calcutta	Calcutta	1	1
		TOTAL	1	1
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna Tirhut	Patna District	1	1
		Saran	2	2
TOTAL	TOTAL	3	3	
	BENARES	Mirzapur District	9	7
Jaunpur District		1	1	
Bahia District		5	5	
Allahabad		2	2	
FYSAHAD	Gonda District	2	2	
	TOTAL	TOTAL	19	17

^aFor two weeks.

(a) One imported.

In the return for the week ending 12th October 1918 add:—

Bijapur District 29 cases 14 deaths

The following figures are for two weeks ending 5th and 12th October 1918:—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB.	Rawalpindi.	Rawalpindi District	2	2
		TOTAL	2	2
	Poga {	Rangoon Town	10	9
		Tharrawaddy District	1	2
BURMA.		Prome District	6	6
	Irrawaddy {	Bassein Town	4	4
		Maubin District	1	1
	Tenasserim.	Taungoo District	1	1
	Mandalay	Maymye Town	23	18
	Sagaing	Sagaing District	8	4
	Meiktila {	Meiktila District	1	1
		Yamethin District	8	9
	Native States	Southern Shan States	2	2
		TOTAL	59	46
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur ..	Nagpur District	2	1
	Jubbulpore {	Jubbulpore Town	130	119
		Jubbulpore District	9	7
	Nerbudda	Betul District	8	6
MYSORE STATES.	Berar	Akola		4
		TOTAL	149	127
	{	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	68	66
		Bangalore City	21	27
		Bangalore District	27	29
		Mysore District	5	5
		Kadur District	28	19
		Shimoga District	31	30
		Chitaldroog District	14	12
		Tumkur District	34	15
		Kolar District	6	2
		TOTAL	284	237

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATES		Nander District	78	63
		Gulbarga District	82	96
		Bidar District	36	43
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	27	18
		Secunderabad	117	108
		Atraikhedah Sardkhas District	21	17
CENTRAL INDIA	...	TOTAL	355*	341*
		Bhopal State	17	12
		TOTAL	17	12
RAJASTHAN.	...	Ajmer District	14	9
		TOTAL	14	9
		GRAND TOTAL	2,490	2,080

*Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases death and occurred during the week ending October 19, were 278 and 264 respectively.
In the return for the week ending 12th October 1918, add the following —
Gwalior State cases 170, deaths 154.

SIMLA :
The 1st November 1918. }

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 31st October 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A depression formed in the Andaman Sea and advanced in a westerly direction towards the Madras coast. It occasioned fairly general rain in Burma and on the east coast of the Peninsula. Only a few scattered falls of rain occurred in other parts of the country, chiefly in northeast India and the western Himalayas.

2. *Burma*.—Rainfall was nearly general in Upper Burma on the 25th and 26th, and local in Lower Burma.

North-east India, including Orissa.—Local falls of rain occurred in Assam and Orissa, and there were a few falls in Bengal and Bihar.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Light rain fell at Dehra Dun and Mukteswar

North-west India.—Simla and Sonamarg had light falls of rain

The Peninsula.—There was nearly general rain in the north of the east coast on the 29th. Local rainfall occurred in Malabar on the 24th and in southeast Madras on the 30th.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

October 24th	Trivandrum 2.51".	/
„ 25th	Tavoy 2.28", Lashio 2.10", Maymyo 1.41" and Myitkyina 0.95".	
„ 26th.	Port Blair 1.27", Table Island 1.31", Diamond Island 1.11", Mandalay 1.05", Lashio 3.75", Tezpur 1.03", Darbhanga 0.81", Dehra Dun 0.31" and Simla 0.46".	
„ 27th.	Port Blair 1.60", Lashio 2.50", Gauhati 1.80" and Jalpaiguri 1.88".	
„ 28th	Maymyo 1.12" and Gopalpur 0.47"	‡
„ 29th	Port Blair 0.92", Saugor Island 1.10", False Point 0.69", Vizagapatam 0.54" and Gopalpur 0.99".	
„ 30th	Gauhati 0.47", Chittagong 0.78", Tinnevely 0.63", Pamban 1.50", Madura 0.21", Salem 0.25", Madras 0.33" and Kodaikanal 0.42".	

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma and Assam, and 20 per cent or more in defect in Lower Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and the whole of the Madras Presidency. Rainfall was normal in Bihar and Kashmir; no rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from the 3rd May to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and in all divisions of the Madras Presidency. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal and Bihar, and is within 20 per cent of the normal in the remainder of the country.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 31st OCTOBER 1913.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3rd MAY TO 31st OCTOBER 1913.						
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL			
							This week.	Last week.		
Bay Islands	4.9	2.8	+2.6	103.4	94.3	+9.1	+10	+7		
Lower Burma	1.0	1.6	-0.6	154.7	143.2	+11.5	+8	+9		
Upper Burma	2.2	1.2	+1.0	52.2	45.4	+6.8	+15	+13		
Assam	0.8	0.5	+0.3	91.6	76.7	+14.9	+19	+19		
Bengal	0.3	0.8	-0.5	93.1	73.0	+20.1	+28	+29		
Orissa	0.2	0.7	-0.5	46.2	56.5	-10.3	-18	-18		
Chota Nagpur	0	0.5	-0.5	39.7	48.7	-9.0	-18	-18		
Bihar	0.2	0.2	0	61.0	49.7	+11.3	+28	+23		
United Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	28.4	38.9	-10.5	-27	-27		
United Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	19.0	37.9	-18.9	-50	-50		
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	10.0	20.6	-10.6	-51	-51		
Punjab, South-West	0	0	0	3.4	7.6	-4.2	-55	-55		
Kashmir	0.1	0.1	0	3.5	7.4	-3.9	-53	-53		
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	2.1	5.3	-3.2	-60	-60		
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.5	1.3	-0.8	-62	-62		
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91		
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	1.6	10.6	-9.0	-85	-85		
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	10.6	21.9	-11.3	-52	-52		
Gujarat	0	0.1	-0.1	8.6	23.1	-14.5	-63	-63		
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	17.6	29.0	-11.4	-39	-39		
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	20.4	40.7	-20.3	-50	-50		
Berar	0	0.2	-0.2	16.8	30.5	-13.7	-45	-45		
Central Provinces, West	0	0.2	-0.2	30.4	44.1	-13.7	-31	-31		
Central Provinces, East	0	0.3	-0.3	48.5	49.2	-0.7	-1	-1		
Konkan	0	0.5	-0.5	70.6	94.7	-24.1	-25	-25		
Bombay Deccan	0	0.4	-0.4	12.6	26.4	-13.8	-52	-52		
Hyderabad, North	0	0.3	-0.3	19.0	32.0	-13.0	-41	-40		
Hyderabad, South	0	0.6	-0.6	18.0	28.5	-10.5	-37	-35		
Mysore	0	0.8	-0.8	15.1	25.0	-9.9	-40	-38		
Malabar	0.8	2.2	-1.4	61.5	93.3	-31.5	-34	-33		
Madras, South-East	0.4	2.5	-2.1	10.9	21.6	-10.7	-49	-45		
Madras Deccan	0	0.8	-0.8	13.7	21.8	-8.1	-37	-35		
Madras Coast, North	0.5	2.0	-1.5	22.0	30.7	-8.7	-28	-25		

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

J. MACKENNA,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
26th October 1918.

Burma.—In Lower Burma five districts received no rain while in others light showers fell. In Upper Burma the rainfall was general. Reaping of autumn rice has commenced. Standing crops are in satisfactory condition. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice has increased slightly and is much above normal. The market for white rice has dropped to Rs. 390 per hundred baskets.

Assam.—The weather during the week was seasonable. Manufacture of tea, ploughing for mustard and sowing of pulses are proceeding. Prospects of crops are fair to good. Cattle disease is reported from one district. The price of common rice has fallen slightly.

Bengal.—Report not received.

Bihar and Orissa.—Report not received.

United Provinces.—Report not received.

Punjab.—Report not received.

North-West Frontier Province.—Report not received.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—Report not received.

Rajputana.—During the week the weather was rainless. Irrigated crops are in fair condition but unirrigated crops are withering. Sowings of spring crops are restricted. The condition of cattle is generally fair. Fodder is getting scarce. Water is sufficient.

Central India.—Report not received.

Central Provinces.—Report not received.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of Ratnagiri, Kanara, Dharwar, Kolhapur and Savantvadi. More rain is needed everywhere. Standing crops have been damaged by rats in Hyderabad. They are withering generally except in parts of Dharwar where the recent rainfall has slightly improved the situation. Harvesting of autumn crops generally continues. Sowing of spring crops continues in East Khandesh, Satara, Dharwar, Baroda and Sholapur. Cotton picking continues in Nawabshah, Thar and Parkar and Khandesh. The fodder supply is generally deficient. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in parts of Karachi, Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan, Kolhapur and Kathiawar. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Dharwar and Sholapur. Prices of food-grains are high but generally steady.

Hyderabad.—Report not received.

Mysore.—Report not received.

Coorg.—Report not received.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was very heavy in Travancore, good in Coimbatore, Madurai, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Kanara, Cochin and the Hills. It was fair in South Arcot, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly and Tanjore and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops are in fair condition in parts but are generally withering and require rain immediately. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is limited with culture sometimes fair but poor in two and parts of ten other districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts for want of more rain. The condition of cattle is generally good. Water is insufficient except in two districts. Pasture is sufficient except in seven districts and parts of seven others. Fodder is sufficient except in four districts and parts of eleven others. Prices have risen generally. Prospects are generally discouraging.

J. MACKENNA,

Off. Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 30th September, 1918.

On and after 9th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777-79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India."

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 2nd November 1918.

CORRIGENDUM.

The following entry which appeared in the Notification published by this office in Part II of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 21st August 1918, under the heading "Cessation of Exclusive Privileges" is hereby cancelled:—

1913—955. (Remington Typewriter Co. Ltd.)

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

October 21.

- 3935. G. H. Wallace. *Improvements in electrically operated totalisators.*
- 3936. G. Smith. *Improvements in furnitures for troopships.*
- 3937. W. H. Tripp and W. D. McLaren. *Improvements in internal combustion engines for aircraft.*
- 3938. Raghunath Prasad and Bed Ram. *Improved padlock.*
- 3939. D. H. Stent. *An improved means of fixing rails to concrete sleepers.*
- 3940. D. H. Stent. *An improved reinforced concrete sleeper for railways and the like.*
- 3941. F. H. Addis. *Improvements in buffer and draw bar gear for railway vehicles.*
- 3942. R. Kenny. *Improved weather-proof coat.*
- 3943. W. W. Moyer. *Improvements in sound boxes for talking machines.*
- 3944. I. F. Burton. *Improvements in multiple spring motors.*
- 3945. O. C. Roberts. *An improved arsenical solution for the destruction of prickly pear or the like.*

October 22.

- 3946. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ltd. *An improved method of making typographical matrices.*

October 23.

- 3947. C. H. F. Bagley. *A process and apparatus for removing molten slag from fixed open-hearth steel furnaces, by means of air or steam blast.*
- 3948. H. C. E. Jacoby and Enclosed Motor Co. Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to cooling arrangements for dynamo electric machines.*
- 3949. P. A. H. Mossay, H. C. E. Jacoby and Enclosed Motor Co. Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to cooling arrangements for dynamo electric machines.*
- 3950. G. Mairet. *A debris-removing device for percussive rock drills.*
- 3951. Vickers Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to sewing machines.*
- 3952. A. N. Thorpe and E. Beecroft. *Automatic slack gathering coupler.*
- 3953. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate Ltd. *Improvements in moulds for printers' leads and the like.*
- 3954. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to keyboard composing and similar machines.*
- 3955. J. M. Malloch. *Improved draw device for regulating the rate of rotation of bobbins for spinning, twisting, roving and like machines.*
- 3956. H. Clarke. *Improvements in automatic sprinklers for fire extinguishing.*
- 3957. E. F. R. Gaudart. *Improved process for the extraction of coconut butter.*
- 3958. J. H. Marshall. *Improvements in machines or apparatus for drying tea leaves or other produce, or the like.*

October 24

- 3959. A. E. Mirams. *Bonded wall tiles.*
- 3960. A. B. C. Coupler Ltd. *Improvements in buffers for railway vehicles and the like.*
- 3961. J. G. Robinson. *Improvements in or relating to steam superheaters for locomotive, marine and other boilers.*
- 3962. D. M. Lewis. *Improvements in locomotive draft appliances.*
- 3963. G. Constantinesco. *Improvements in speed indicating devices.*
- 3964. Worthington Pump and Machinery Corporation. *Improvements in feed water heating systems.*
- 3965. O. F. Stafford. *Process of destructive distillation of wood.*
- 3966. Sinclair Refining Co. *An improved process and apparatus for cracking hydrocarbons.*

October 25.

3967. B. H. Tilston and T. Melbourne. *Improvements in or relating to the treatment of hides, skins or other goods.*

October 26.

3968. J. Rennie. *An improved air valve for water pumps.*
 3969. F. Walford and J. White. *A sectional filter.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3150. M. Auerbach. *Shuttle change mechanism for looms.*
 3451. M. Auerbach. *Improvements in a mechanism for automatically changing shuttles in looms.*
 3520. P. M. Mehta. *An improved lamp and lantern.*
 3692. A. Gaillard. *Improvements in devices for controlling the speed of automobile vehicles.*
 3726. H. Schofield. *Improvements in or relating to lock-nut devices.*
 3825. J. S. Farrell. *An attachable check-weight register for railway wagons and other vehicles for progressively recording the weight imposed upon each spring and axle while loading.*
 3857. S. C. Gawthrop. *Improvements in tea rollers.*
 3873. A. Craven. *Improvements in central draw and buffing gear.*
 3883. F. Ritchie. *An improved printing telegraph.*
 3884. P. C. Saccaggio and F. A. Lagrange. *Improvements in and relating to spark arresters.*
 3890. H. Dean and The Chloride Electrical Storage Co., Ltd. *Improvements in electric accumulators.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3308. J. C. Mahindra and D. S. Withers. *Utilization of exhaust gases from internal combustion engines and the like.*
 3375. N. M. Bernardi. *New screw wrench.*
 3662. K. Nomi. *Utilization of petroleum pitch.*
 3708. Tokyo Sensui Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha. *Improvements in respirators.*
 3783. I. Waine. *Improvements in the manufacture of bricks and artificial stones.*
 3837. W. C. Ross and F. C. Temple. *Antisplash urinal seat.*
 3839. A. Woolley and E. F. Gethin. *Improvements in axlebox covers for railway vehicles and the like.*
 3842. W. A. Raye. *Improved envelope machine drying gum.*
 3843. J. D. Pearson. *Combined rail and sleeper.*
 3844. E. A. E. Peirce. *Improvements in means for adjusting and securing window sashes.*
 3846. S. W. Hayes. *Derails.*
 3847. E. H. Belden. *Improvements in and relating to spring suspension for vehicles.*
 3848. C. O. Rogers. *Improvements in and relating to drain-cocks for steam engine cylinders and the like.*
 3852. E. A. Ashcroft. *Improvements in the manufacture and production of chemically reactive alloys.*
 3853. E. A. Ashcroft. *Improvements in the manufacture or production of hydrogen with or without other constituents.*
 3854. E. A. Ashcroft. *Improvements in the manufacture of nitrogen, and compounds of nitrogen and the removal of oxygen from mixtures of gases containing it and the obtainment of useful products of, or resulting from, oxidation and deoxidation.*
 3856. Lala R. Kanhiyalal. *Improvements in locking clamps for books, vouchers and the like.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs. 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3569. Brook.	3748. Benson.
3743. Vacuum Oil Co.	3749. Rapson.
3741. Filmusic Co.	3750. General Electric Co.
3745. Clövenger.	3751. Vaughan and Wood.
3746. Clövenger.	3754. Wild and Barfield.

PATENTS SEALED.

3008. T. H. Watson & Co. (of Sheffield) Ld., Greaves and Etchells.	3009. Conklin. 3584. Mawson.
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RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 458 of 1905. Poulsen. (To 1 December 1919.)
 421 of 1907. Humphrey and anr. (To 30 October 1919.)
 480 of 1907. Le Bas and anr. (To 23 November 1919.)
 87 of 1909. Price. (To 17 September 1919.)
 442 of 1909. Soc. Anon. Pour L'Exploitation des Procédés Westinghouse-Leblanc. (To 19 March 1920.)
 285 of 1910. Gulbaz Khan Lalbaz Khan. (To 28 October 1919.)
 462 of 1910. Consolidated Brake and Engineering Co. and anr. (To 4 November 1919.)
 484 of 1910. Luard and ors. (To 4 November 1919.)
 544 of 1910. Levick, Jr. (To 1 December 1919.)
 222 of 1911. Rubber Substitute (1910) Ld. (To 28 November 1919.)
 537 of 1911. Puech and anr. (To 23 November 1919.)
 607 of 1911. Watson. (To 6 January 1920.)
 608 of 1911. Watson. (To 6 January 1920.)
 793 of 1911. Wagner. (To 11 October 1919.)
 17 of 1912. Brown. (To 9 January 1920.)
 368 of 1912. Remington Typewriter Co. (To 15 July 1919.)
 566 of 1912. Halstead and anr. (To 28 October 1919.)
 568 of 1912. Vibrocel Co. Ld. (To 28 October 1919.)
 575 of 1912. Trautmann & anr. (To 31 October 1919.)
 596 of 1912. Davidson. (To 12 November 1919.)
 717 of 1913. Brown. (To 28 January 1920.)
 889 of 1913. Br. Westinghouse Elec. & Manufg. Co. Ld. (To 17 March 1920.)
 955 of 1913. Remington Typewriter Co. Ld. (To 14 May 1919.)
 1225 of 1913. Greenhorne. (To 16 October 1919.)
 1246 of 1913. Sunderland. (To 20 October 1919.)
 1251 of 1913. Schoop. (To 20 October 1919.)
 1269 of 1913. De Nordiske Fabriker De-No-Fa Aktieselskap. (To 27 October 1919.)
 1286 of 1913. Rees. (To 5 November 1919.)
 1330 of 1913. Kinney. (To 1 December 1919.)
 1880 of 1914. Bradford. (To 5 October 1919.)
 1882 of 1914. Still. (To 5 October 1919.)
 1883 of 1914. Still. (To 5 October 1919.)
 1885 of 1914. International Cigar Machinery Co. (To 5 October 1919.)
 1886 of 1914. International Cigar Machinery Co. (To 5 October 1919.)
 1887 of 1914. International Cigar Machinery Co. (To 5 October 1919.)
 1888 of 1914. International Cigar Machinery Co. (To 5 October 1919.)
 1898 of 1914. Lang and anr. (To 13 October 1919.)
 1903 of 1914. Rutnagur. (To 20 October 1919.)
 1913 of 1914. Vincent. (To 29 October 1919.)
 1935 of 1914. Murray. (To 16 November 1919.)
 1936 of 1914. Murray. (To 16 November 1919.)
 1941 of 1914. Raney Laird Petroleum Dehydrating Co. (To 23 November 1919.)

APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT UNDER SECTION 17.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the following application to amend at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

No. 3672 of 1918. Frederick Henry Addis, of Carriage and Wagon Department, B., B. & C. I. Ry., Ajmer, seeks leave to amend the specification and drawings of his application for patent numbered as above. The proposed amendments as shown in the printed specification are as follows:—

On page 1, line 7 by substituting "Figures 1 to 6" for "Figures 1 to 4."

- On page 2, line 1, by inserting "as shown in Figures 5 and 6," after the first word "buffers."
- On page 2, line 3, by inserting reference letter "m" after the word "spring."
- On page 2, line 5, by inserting reference letters "n, n'" after "rods" and the words "as shown in Figure 5" after "frame."
- On page 2, line 6, by inserting "spring p" after "one."
- On page 2, line 8, by inserting reference letter "r" after "rods."
- On page 2, line 9, by inserting reference letter "s" after "frame."
- On page 2, line 10, by adding "as shown in Figure 6" after "Spring."
- On page 2, Claim 5, by substituting "modifications" for "modification" and by adding "and illustrated in Figures 5 and 6" at the end. By adding Figures 5 and 6 to the drawings.

AMENDMENT ALLOWED UNDER SECTION 17.

No. 2851 of 1916. In pursuance of leave granted on 25th October 1918, the above numbered specification has been amended in the manner set forth in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th July 1918.

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1905.

103, (Westinghouse Brake Co., Ltd.)

1910.

95, (Crouch and anr.) 96, (Crouch and anr.) 264, (Fessenden.) 631, (Wilson.)

1911.

614, (Le Feuvre.) 691, (Aylsworth.) 692, (Aylsworth.) 693, (Aylsworth.) 694, (Aylsworth.) 695, (Aylsworth.) 696, (Aylsworth.) 726, (Aylsworth.)

1912.

375, (Eliot.) 376, (Sayer.) 386, (Broden and anr.) 387, (Broden and anr.) 388, (Broden and anr.) 393, (Sayer.)

1913.

1039, (Walker.) 1049, (Julius.) 1075, (Williams.) 1077, (E. C. Austin Ltd.)

1914.

1740, (Luard.) 1754, (Continuous Zinc. Furnace Co.) 1755, (Telfur and anr.) 1758, (Deakin.) 1759, (Dormer.) 1760, (Karani.) 1762, (Wolff.) 1763, (Abraham.) 1766, (Mullick.) 1772, (Meares.) 1774, (Whittell.) 1777, (Kitchen.) 1778, (Bhisey.) 1780, (Coburn and anr.) 1781, (Fendall.)

DESIGN ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.

From 21st to 26th October 1918.

Class 8. No. 8022. Boutor & Co., Post Box No. 77, Hornby Road, Bombay. October 21.

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2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1916, together with current regulations and instructions. These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

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" . . .	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	MYSORE . . .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
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CHENSURAH . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA . . .	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON . . .	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
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DELHI . . .	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.	SHOLAPUR . . .	Office of the Collector.
		WASHINGTON, U.S.A.	The Patent Office.

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(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917 . . .	1	0
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CALCUTTA,

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O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

**SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE,
CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID
AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or pure *Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

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SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „
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QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Cinchona Febrifuge is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	Rs. A. P.
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	0 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1 0 0
	1 8 0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 29th October 1918.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government securities	6,48,64,141	0 0
Reserve Fund	2,26,01,000	0 0	Other authorized Investments	1,41,96,714	0 0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i>	67,50,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	11,12,03,143	12 7
	1,58,50,000	0 0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,82,92,968	12 0
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	2,30,19,643	1 0
Public Deposits at Head Office	2,09,61,715	12 10	Balances with other Banks	65,70,579	4 7
Public Deposits at Branches	2,43,72,641	12 10	Bullion	.....
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	28,26,96,709	1 2	Dead Stock	28,17,012	7 3
Bank Post Bills, etc.	10,14,815	12 8	Stamps	11,178	15 1
Sundries	31,50,704	12 2	Sundries	18,16,450	15 11
	34,37,97,587	3 8		28,27,91,862	4 5
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	4,39,27,918	8 7
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	5,70,77,806	6 8
				38,37,97,587	3 8

* Includes Soss. & ½ Soss., value Rs. 3,77,175 0 0

† Do. do do. 5,51,555 0 0

Rs. 9,08,730 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL :
Calcutta, 31st October 1918.H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.
Percentage 29.65.N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.**IMPERIAL LIBRARY.**

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Librarian.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, ASSAM.
Revenue Department.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th September 1918.

No. 3658-R.—The following is published for general information with reference to section 42 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894 :—

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT made this first day of June 1918 between the India General Navigation and Railway Company Limited, a Company incorporated under the English Companies Act having its principal place of business in India at No. 4 Fairlie Place in the town of Calcutta and the Rivers Steam Navigation Company Limited, a Company incorporated under the English Companies Act having its principal place of business in India at No. 2 Clive Ghat Street in the town of Calcutta hereinafter called "The Companies" of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council and on his behalf the Chief Commissioner of Assam hereinafter called "The Secretary of State" of the other part.

Whereas for the purpose of the construction of permanent sheds, offices and godowns for the storage and safe custody of imported and exported goods the Companies have applied to the Chief Commissioner of Assam for the acquisition under the provision of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, of the piece or parcel of land containing in all 13 bighas 17 cottahs 15 chitaks of land situated at Kadirgunge Markuli in the thana of Nabiganj and more particularly described in the schedule hereto and delineated in the plan hereunto annexed.

And whereas the said Chief Commissioner of Assam being satisfied by an enquiry held under Section 10 of the said Act that the proposed acquisition is needed for the aforesaid purpose and that the said work is likely to prove useful to the public, has consented to acquire on behalf of the Companies the piece or parcel of land hereinbefore described.

And whereas the said Chief Commissioner of Assam has required the Companies under the provisions of Section 41 of the above-mentioned Act to enter into the Agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained. Now this indenture witnesseth that it is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

- (1) On demand the Companies shall and will pay to the said Chief Commissioner of Assam all and every compensation in respect of the said land tendered, paid or awarded or to be tendered, paid or awarded by the Collector of Sylhet under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, or by the Court to which a reference under part III of the said Act may be made, or by the Court or Courts to which an appeal from the award of the said Court may be preferred and all costs, charges and expenses of the proceedings in the aforesaid Courts, or otherwise incidental to the proposed acquisition or payable in respect thereof under the provisions of the said Act.
- (2) On demand made by the said Collector the obligations of the Companies under the last preceding clause not being thereby limited, the Companies shall and will deposit with the said Collector such sum or sums of money as in his discretion the said Collector may in anticipation estimate to be necessary for the purposes mentioned in the last preceding clause.
- (3) On payment by the Companies of all demands under the foregoing first clause or in the discretion of the said Chief Commissioner of Assam (on deposit by the Companies of all estimated amounts as provided in the second clause), but not before possession shall have been taken under the provisions of the above-mentioned Act, the Secretary of State shall make over possession of the said land to the Companies and shall execute and do all such acts and deeds as may be necessary and proper for effectually vesting the same in the Companies.
- (4) The said land shall be held by the Companies for the purpose of carrying on their business as Common Carriers as is hereinbefore mentioned and without the sanction in writing of the said Chief Commissioner of Assam first had and obtained for no other purpose whatsoever.
- (5) The improvements in the present buildings, etc., shall be taken in hand as soon as the possession of the said land shall have been given to the Companies and completed in three years.
- (6) Should the said improvements not be completed (and fully equipped in all respects ready for use) within the period stated in the last preceding clause or within such further period as in his discretion may be prescribed or allowed by the said Chief Commissioner of Assam, or should the said land at any time thereafter cease for a period of 12 consecutive months, to be held and used, or cease to be required for the purpose or purposes provided for in the foregoing fourth clause then and in any such case the said Chief Commissioner of Assam may summarily re-enter upon and take possession of the said land and structures thereon and thereupon the interest of the Companies in the said land and structures shall absolutely cease and determine.
- (7) On taking such possession the Chief Commissioner of Assam may sell or otherwise deal with the said land and structures as he may think proper. Should the said Chief Commissioner of Assam sell the land and structures of the said Chief Commissioner of Assam after deducting the expenses incurred in connec-

tion with the said taking of possession and with such sale, shall pay the proceeds to the Companies. Should the said Chief Commissioner of Assam on taking possession decide not to sell the land, he shall repay to the Companies all sums received from the Companies in respect of all and every compensation as provided in the foregoing first clause (less the statutory allowance of 15 per cent) but will not repay any sums paid and received on account of costs, charges and expenses.

(8) The public shall be entitled to use the godowns on the following terms:—viz., for the storage of goods booked for despatch or for delivery to the public by the said Companies on payment of the rates in force for the time being in accordance with the rules and regulations of the said Companies.

(9) Should any dispute or difference arise touching or concerning the subject-matter of this Agreement or any covenant clause or thing herein contained the same shall be referred to the Chief Commissioner of Assam, and the opinion and decision of the said Chief Commissioner upon such dispute or difference shall be final and conclusive and binding on the parties hereto.

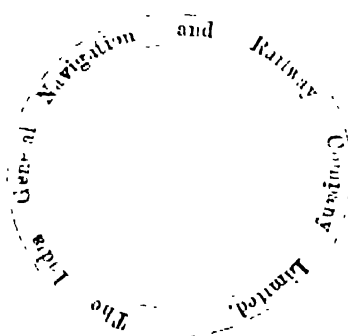
In witness whereof the Companies have caused their common seals to be affixed and the Secretary of State for India in Council and on his behalf the Chief Commissioner of Assam hath hereunto set his hand and seal the day and year first above written.

The common seals of the above-named Companies were hereto affixed in the presence of

A. S. BROWN,

4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta.

Witness.



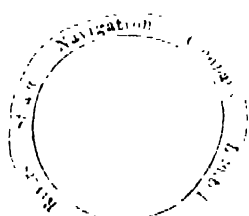
KILBURN & CO.,

Managing Agents, India General Navigation and Railway Company, Limited.

A. G. MACCRIMMON,

2, Clive Ghat Street, Calcutta.

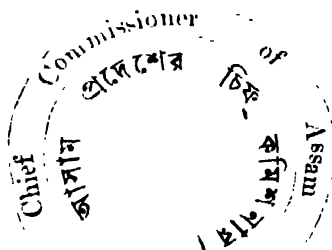
Witness.



MACNEILL & CO.,

Agents, Rivers Steam Navigation Company, Limited.

Signed, sealed and delivered by J. E. Webster, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Chief Secretary to the Government of Assam in the Revenue Department for the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam acting in the premises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the presence of



RAMESH CHANDRA SARMA,

Assistant, Revenue Department,
Assam Secretariat.

Witness.

J. E. WEBSTER,

Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

Schedule.

Towards North.—Bibiana River.

„ South.—Local Board and Hotel Road.

„ East.—Line from Eastern boundary of Local Board Rest House to River Bibiana.

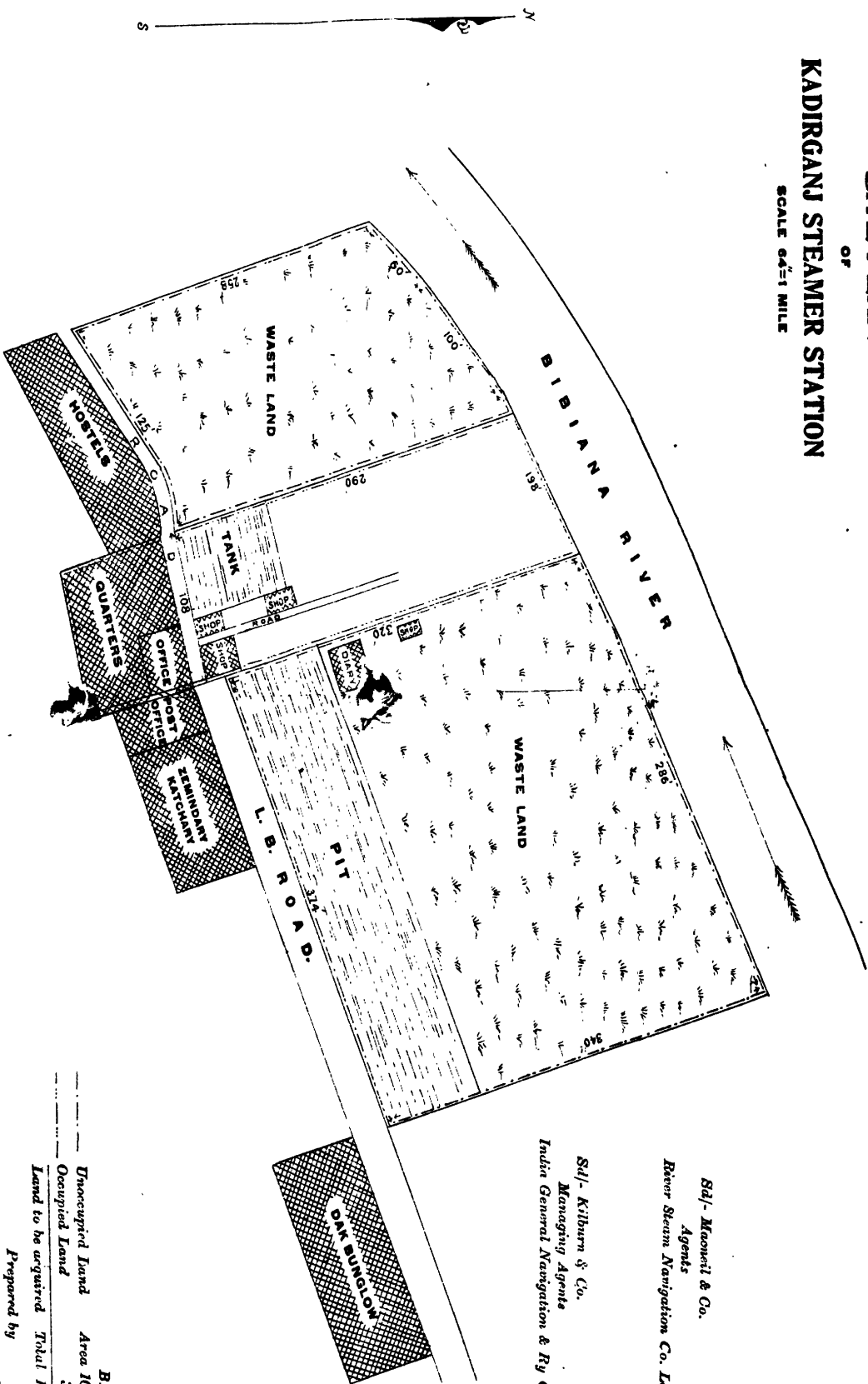
„ West.—Line from Western boundary of last house on Hotel Road to River Bibiana.

J. E. WEBSTER,

Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

deal with the said land and structures as he may think proper. Should the said Chief Commissioner of Assam sell the land and structures the said Chief Commissioner of Assam after deducting the expense incurred in connection with

SITE PLAN OF KADIRGANJ STEAMER STATION SCALE 64:1 MILE



Sd/- Macmill & Co.
Agents
River Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.

Sd/- Kilburn & Co.
Managing Agents
India General Navigation & Ry Co. Ltd.

D.O. Stalling R.S. No. 4596 of 1916

Unoccupied Land	Area 10-16-16	B. K. Ch.
Occupied Land	3-1-0	
Land to be acquired	Total 13-17-16	
Prepared by		B. B. Das.
Surveyor.		6-3-18.

No. 3659-B.—The following is published for general information with reference to section 42 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894:—

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT made this first day of February 1918 between the India General Navigation and Railway Company Limited, a Company incorporated under the English Companies Act having its principal place of business in India at No. 4 Fairlie Place in the town of Calcutta and the Rivers Steam Navigation Company Limited, a Company incorporated under the English Companies Act having its principal place of business in India at No. 2 Clive Ghat Street in the town of Calcutta hereinafter called "The Companies" of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council and on his behalf the Chief Commissioner of Assam hereinafter called "The Secretary of State" of the other part.

Whereas for the purpose of the construction of permanent sheds and offices and godowns for the storage and safe custody of imported and exported goods the Companies have applied to the Chief Commissioner of Assam for the acquisition under the provision of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, of the piece or parcel of land containing 1 (one) bigha 6 (six) katas and 10 (ten) chhataks of land situated in the town of Sonamganj in the district of Sylhet and more particularly described in the schedule hereto and delineated in the plan hereunto annexed.

And whereas the said Chief Commissioner of Assam being satisfied by an enquiry held under section 40 of the said Act that the proposed acquisition is needed for the aforesaid purpose and that the said work is likely to prove useful to the public, has consented to acquire on behalf of the Companies the piece or parcel of land hereinbefore described.

And whereas the said Chief Commissioner of Assam has required the Companies under the provisions of section 41 of the above mentioned Act to enter into the Agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained. Now this indenture witnesseth that it is hereby agreed and declared as follows:—

1. On demand the Companies shall and will pay to the said Chief Commissioner of Assam all and every compensation in respect of the said land tendered, paid or awarded or to be tendered, paid or awarded by the Collector of Sylhet under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, or by the Court to which a reference under Part III of the said Act may be made, or by the Court or Courts to which an appeal from the award of the said Court may be preferred and all costs, charges and expenses of the proceedings in the aforesaid Courts, or otherwise incidental to the proposed acquisition or payable in respect thereof under the provisions of the said Act.
2. On demand made by the said Collector the obligations of the Companies under the last preceding clause not being thereby limited, the Companies shall and will deposit with the said Collector such sum or sums of money as in his discretion the said Collector may in anticipation estimate to be necessary for the purposes mentioned in the last preceding clause.
3. On payment by the Companies of all demands under the foregoing first clause, or in the discretion of the said Chief Commissioner of Assam (on deposit by the Companies of all estimated amounts as provided in the 2nd clause), but not before possession shall have been taken under the provisions of the above-mentioned Act, the Secretary of State shall make over possession of the said land to the Companies and shall execute and do all such acts and deeds as may be necessary and proper for effectually vesting the same in the Companies.
4. The said land shall be held by the Companies for the purpose of carrying on their business as Common Carriers as is hereinbefore mentioned and without the sanction in writing of the said Chief Commissioner of Assam first had and obtained for no other purpose whatsoever.
5. The improvements in the present buildings, etc., shall be taken in hand as soon as the possession of the said land shall have been given to the Companies and completed in 3 years.
6. Should the said improvements not be completed (and fully equipped in all respects ready for use) within the period stated in the last preceding clause or within such further period as in his discretion may be prescribed or allowed by the said Chief Commissioner of Assam, or should the said land at any time thereafter cease for a period of 12 consecutive months, to be held and used, or cease to be required for the purpose or purposes provided for in the foregoing fourth clause then and in any such case, the said Chief Commissioner of Assam may summarily re-enter upon and take possession of the said land and structures thereon and thereupon the interest of the Companies in the said land and structures shall absolutely cease and determine.
7. On taking such possession the Chief Commissioner of Assam may sell or otherwise deal with the said land and structures as he may think proper. Should the said Chief Commissioner of Assam sell the land and structures the said Chief Commissioner of Assam after deducting the expense incurred in connection with

the said taking of possession and with such sale, shall pay the proceeds to the Companies. Should the said Chief Commissioner of Assam on taking possession decide not to sell the land, he shall repay to the Companies all sums received from the Companies in respect of all and every compensation as provided in the foregoing first clause (less the statutory allowance of 15 per cent.) but will not repay any sums paid and received on account of costs, charges and expenses.

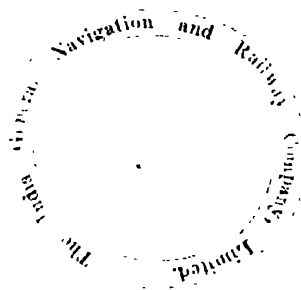
8. The public shall be entitled to use the godowns on the following terms:—*viz.*, for the storage of goods booked for despatch or for delivery to the public by the said Companies on payment of the rates in force for the time being in accordance with the rules and regulations of the said Companies.
9. Should any dispute or difference arise touching or concerning the subject-matter of this Agreement or any covenant clause or thing herein contained the same shall be referred to the Chief Commissioner of Assam, and the opinion and decision of the said Chief Commissioner upon such dispute or difference shall be final and conclusive and binding on the parties hereto.

In witness whereof the Companies have caused their common seals to be affixed and the Secretary of State for India in Council and on his behalf the Chief Commissioner of Assam hath hereunto set his hand and seal the day and year first above written.

The common seals of the above-mentioned Companies were hereto affixed in the presence of

P. PARROTT.

Witness.



KILBURN & CO.,

*Managing Agents, India General
Navigation and Railway Company, Limited.*

A. G. MACCRIMMON.

Witness.



MACNEILL & CO.,

*Agents, Rivers Steam Navigation
Company, Limited.*

Signed, sealed and delivered by J. E. Webster, Esq., C.I.F., I.C.S., Chief Secretary to the Government of Assam in the Revenue Department for the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam acting in the premises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the presence of

SONADHAR DAS,

*Head Assistant, Revenue
Department.*



J. E. WEBSTER,

*Chief Secretary to the Chief
Commissioner of Assam.*

Witness.

Schedule.

North—River Surma.

South—River side Road.

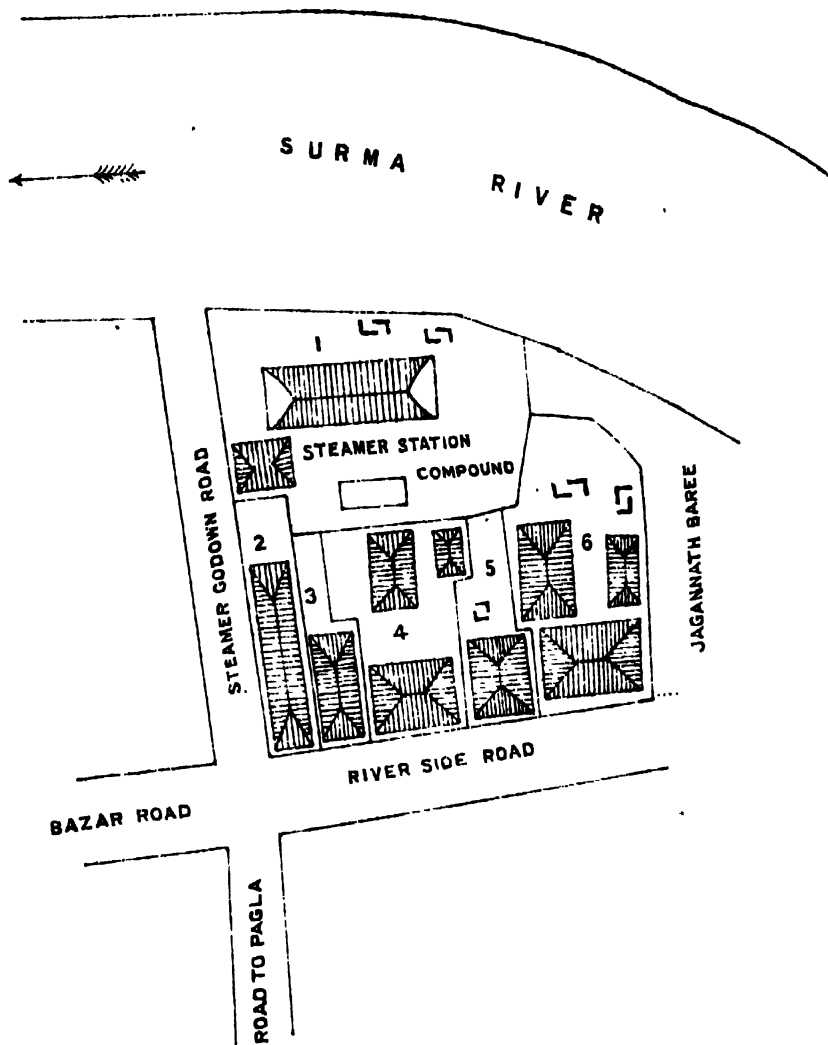
East—Jagannath Bari.

West—Steamer Godown Road.

J. E. WEBSTER,

Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

SCALE 60 FT = 1 INCH



Sd/- G.C. Kar
S. Kanungo
3-7-17.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.
NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,

DHANBAD.
the 30th October 1918.

Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.**Dates of Examinations for 1919.**

1. The Admission and Intermediate Examinations will be held on Wednesday, the 19th March, 1919 and following days, beginning at 10 A.M. each day, one paper, as far as possible, being given daily, in the Intermediate Examination and two papers daily in the Admission Examination.
2. The B.A. and B. Sc. Examinations will be held on Wednesday, the 2nd of April, 1919 and following days, beginning at 7 A.M. each day and one paper, as far as possible, being given daily.
3. The Praveshika, M. A., M. Sc., and L. T. Examinations will be held on Monday, the 21st of April, 1919 and following days, beginning at 7 A.M. each day and one paper, as far as possible, being given daily.

N.B.—(1) The dates for practical and oral examinations will be notified hereafter.

(2) Private candidates for the Admission Examination of this University may now apply to the Registrar for application forms.

BRAJ NARAIN GURTU, M.A.,

Registrar.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th October 1918.

No. 4601-G.—Major D. A. E. Will, I.A., Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, is granted leave in India under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for one day, in extension of the leave granted to him in Military Accounts Department Notification No. 3645-G., dated the 23rd September 1918, published in the Gazette of India, Part II, dated the 28th September 1918.

No. 4602-G.—Mr. G. C. Chatterjee, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 7th (Meerut) Division, reverted to his own grade, with effect from the 12th October 1918.

No. 4603-G.—Mr. H. F. Brisley, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is appointed as a temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 25th October 1918.

No. 7479-Home.—Mr. A. H. Marshall assumed charge of the office of Senior Superintendent of Police, Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 18th October 1918, relieving Mr. P. L. Orde of the additional duties of the Senior Superintendent of Police.

No. 7480-Home.—Mr. T. Andrew relinquished charge of the office of Additional Superintendent of Police, Delhi, with effect from the afternoon of the 18th October 1918.

No. 7482-Home.—The services of Mr. T. Andrew, Additional Superintendent of Police, Delhi, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, for re-employment in the Punjab, with effect from the afternoon of the 18th October 1918.

No. 7485-Education.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 (3) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904) the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to confirm Notification No. 5783-Education, dated the 6th August 1918, which declared the undermentioned monuments to be protected within the meaning of the said Act.

District.	Name and description of monument.	SITUATION.			
		North.	South.	East.	West.
Delhi.	Tomb of Sheikh Kabir ud-Din also known as Rakabwala Gumbad in Field No. 84 min situated at Serai Shahji property of Thaks Shahpur and Adhehini.	Field Nos. 70 and 51 owned by Bukhtawar, etc.	Field Nos. 86, 89 and 90 owned by Lala, etc.	Field Nos. 77, 78 and 95 owned by Bhuria Dhapa and Lala, etc.	Field Nos. 45 and 48 owned by Shiv Lal Hans Ram Bhuria, etc.
Do.	Tomb of Maul Qatal situated at Khirki in Field No. 81 min, property of Shamlat deh.	Field Nos. 111 and 112 owned by Shib Dayal.	Field No. 82 owned by Tota, etc.	Field No. 109 owned by Shadi Ram, etc.	Field No. 80 owned by Shamlat deh Banjar.
Do.	Hauz Shamlat, with central red stone pavilion situated at Mehrauli in Field Nos. 1574-81, 1586-97, 1614, 1623 and 1624, owner Government.	Rai Bahadur L. Sheo Pershad Garden.	Cultivated land of Jhaman Singh.	Gurgaon-Delhi metalled road, Chahar Mahal and Aulia Masjid.	Cultivated land of Jamna Das and Ramjas, etc.

No. 7499-C. & I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information :—

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Delhi District during the fortnight ending 15th October 1918.

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82½ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.	ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Rice, unhusked . . . . .	...	Cotton seed	5 0 0
„ husked	8 4 0	Ghi	74 0 0
Wheat, white	6 10 0	Flour (wheat)	7 4 0
Barley	4 13 0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8 0 0
Oats . . . . .	...	Turmeric (unground)	20 0 0
Jowar . . . . .	...	Salt, Sambhar	3 5 0
Bajra . . . . .	...	Raw hides (cow)	50 0 0
Maize	5 0 0	Bran	1 4 0
Gram	5 0 0	Grass (dry)	2 4 0
Arhar (dál)	7 0 0	Bansa (white)	2 6 0
Linseed	7 0 0	Jowar stalks	2 4 0
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	8 0 0	Bengal coal	1 4 0
Poppy-seed . . . . .	...	Kerosine oil (per tin) Church mark	5 10 6
Til (jinjili seed)	12 8 0	Plough bullocks, per pair	300 0 0
Sugar (raw), Gur Lawar*	9 4 0	Sheep, per score	90 0 0
Cotton (cleaned)	70 0 0	Bejhar	4 13 0

* The increase is due to a decrease in imports of Gur.

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi district at the close of the half month ending 15th October 1918.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.	ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.
	Srs. Chts.		Srs. Chts.
Wheat, white	5 12	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	7 8
Barley	8 0	Maize	7 8
Rice { Best sort	3 0	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	5 8
Common sort	4 12	Firewood	55 0
Jowar (Andropogon sorghum) . . . . .	...	Salt { Wholesale . . . . .	...
Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum). . . . .	...	Retail	11 8
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...	Gur	4 0
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...	Cotton (unginned) . . . . .	...
		Bejhar	8 0

Delin, the 25th October 1913

No. 7561-Home.—The following returns of births and deaths in the Delhi Province for the month of September 1918 are published for information:—

[illegible]

Any objection to the above proposal must be submitted in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, to the Chief Commissioner within six weeks of the date of the publication of this Notification.

Schedule.

North.—A straight line drawn from the north-west corner of the Delhi Civil Station Notified Area boundary on Princes Road, to a point 605 yards west on the Parade Road.

West. A straight line drawn from a point on Parade Road 605 yards west of the north-west corner of the Delhi Civil Station Notified Area boundary, to the junction of the Grand Trunk and the Mall Roads near the village of Azadpur.

South.—The Mall Road from its junction with the Grand Trunk Road near the village of Azadpur to its junction with the Delhi Civil Station Notified Area boundary along the Princes Road.

East.—The Delhi Civil Station Notified Area boundary along the Princes Road.

Delhi, the 28th October 1918.

No. 7562-Home.—On return from privilege leave granted to him in the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 6227-Home, dated the 26th August 1918, Mr. J. K. M. Tapp, assumed charge of his duties as Senior Sub-Judge, Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 30th September 1918, relieving M. Barkat Ali Khan.

No. 7563-Home.—Mr. Sohan Lal, City Magistrate, Delhi, is granted, under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for one month with effect from the forenoon of the 30th September 1918.

No. 7564-Home.—Maulvi Barkat Ali Khan, Junior Sub-Judge, Delhi, is appointed to officiate as City Magistrate, Delhi, *vice* Mr. Sohan Lal proceeding on leave, and assumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 30th September 1918.

No. 7565-Home.—Under the provisions of Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), Maulvi Barkat Ali Khan is invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st class in the Delhi District.

No. 7566-Home.—M. Barkat Ali, Magistrate of the 1st class, is invested with powers to try summarily under Section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, in the Delhi District, the offences falling under the Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, and Section 31 of the Police Act, V of 1861.

No. 7569-Education.—Assistant Surgeon Hira Singh assumed charge of the duties of the Plague Medical Officer, Delhi, on return from privilege leave granted to him in Notification No. 6742-Education, dated the 19th September 1918, on the forenoon of the 13th October 1918.

No. 7575-Education. Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government under the provisions of Section 58 of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act), and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi Province, that the land is required by Government for a public purpose, namely, for the purpose of erecting a cattle pound, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act 1 of 1894, and under Section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of Delhi is hereby directed to take steps for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

Specification.

District.	Tehsil.	Mauza.	Area.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi	Delhi	Delhi	703 square feet.	<p><i>North</i>—Shops of Ram Chand.</p> <p><i>South</i>—Police Station of Faiz Bazar.</p> <p><i>East</i>—Faiz Bazar Road.</p> <p><i>West</i>—House of Nawab Sarbuland Jung Khan.</p>	Deputy Commissioner's Office, Delhi.

No. 7577-Education.—Whereas the Municipal Committee of Delhi has applied to the Local Government under the provisions of Section 58 of Act III of 1911 (Punjab Municipal Act) and whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, that the land is required for a public purpose, namely, for making a lane in Gali Darziwali, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provision of Section 6 of Act 1 of 1894 and under Section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of Delhi is hereby directed to take steps for the acquisition of the ownership of the said land.

Specification.

District.	Tehsil.	Manza.	Area.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi	Delhi	Delhi	20 square yards.	North—Municipal Lane. South—Jhot. East—House of Mutsaddi Lall. West—House of Ganga Dhar.	Deputy Commissioner's Office, Delhi.

Delhi, the 28th October 1918.

No. 7592-C. & I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 59(f) of the Punjab Excise Act, I of 1914, as applied to the Delhi Province, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendments in the rules prescribing the authority by, the restrictions under, and the conditions on, which passes and permits may be granted for the import, export and transport of liquor, issued in this office Notification No. 7302-C. & I., dated the 11th November 1915, as subsequently amended:—

(1) *For rule 3 substitute:—*

"3. The person importing liquor shall first obtain a permit in form L-32 from the Deputy Commissioner or District Excise Officer, Delhi, and then apply for a pass to cover the removal of the liquor in question to the officer authorised to grant such passes in the district of the Punjab or of other province, as the case may be, from which he intends to import, and such pass, if granted in accordance with the rules regulating the grant of such passes, which may, from time to time, be in force in the Punjab or other province, as the case may be, shall be sufficient authority to cover the import of the liquor into the Delhi Province and for the further transport of it to the premises in which the importer is licensed to sell liquor."

(2) *For the heading of Form L-32, substitute:—*

"Permit for the Import of Country Spirit, Indian-made Foreign Spirit or Rectified Spirit from the Punjab or Rosa Distillery, and of Denatured Spirit from the Punjab or other Provinces also, as the case may be".

The 29th October 1918.

No. 7632-Home.—Lieut.-Colonel H. C. Beadon, I.A. assumed charge of the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, on the forenoon of the 16th October 1918.

No. 7633-Home.—On being relieved of his duties as officiating Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, Mr. M. M. L. Currie, Assistant Commissioner and a Magistrate of the 1st class in the Delhi District, is appointed an additional District Magistrate for a further period of six months with effect from the forenoon of the 16th October 1918.

Mr. M. M. L. Currie, is hereby invested with all the ordinary powers of a District Magistrate specified in Part V of Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure except those entered as (12) (15) (16) and (17) of the same part and schedule.

The 30th October 1918.

No. 7665-Home.—Under the provisions of Section 28, Sub-Section (1) of the Punjab Courts Act, 1918, M. Karam Elahi, an accepted candidate for the post of Munsif on Register A is, with effect from the afternoon of the 21st October 1918, invested with the powers of a Munsif of the 2nd class, with respect to cases generally, within the limits of the Delhi Municipality and of the Delhi Notified Area.

The Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that M. Karam Elahi shall be deemed for the purposes of the said Act to be a Munsif.

W. M. HAILEY,
Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 24th October 1918.

No. 1407-1047.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to invest Thakur Bijoy Singh, Istimrardar of Masuda, with the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class to be exercised within the limits of the Masuda Estate.

No. 1408-1047.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Ajmer Courts Regulation (I of 1877), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Thakur Bijoy Singh, Istimrardar of Masuda, to be a Munsiff within the limits of the Masuda Estate in the District of Ajmer-Merwara.

By order,

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 22nd October 1918.

No. 7195-B.—L. Atma Ram, Head Clerk of the office of the Political Agent, Sibi and at present on Foreign Service in the Kalat State, as Audit Officer of that State, is reverted to British Service and posted as Additional Extra Assistant Commissioner, Lower Zhob, with effect from the date of taking over charge.

The 26th October 1918.

No. 7260-B.—M. Gul Muhammed Khan, provisional Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Nushki, was granted privilege leave for 3 months with effect from the 8th October 1918. Notification No. 7001, dated the 1st October 1918, is hereby cancelled.

By order,

T. G. M. HARRIS, MAJOR,

First Assistant.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 23rd October 1918.

No. 2472.—A special examination in the Baluchi language by the Higher Standard will be held at Quetta in the Durbar Hall on Friday, the 25th October 1918.

The 24th October 1918.

No. 2486.—Lieut.-Col. H. deV. Harvest took over charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta, from Mr. J. C. Acheson, I.C.S. (United Provinces), on the forenoon of the 1st October 1918.

By order,

R. H. CHENEVIX TRENCH,

First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 23rd October 1918.

No. 5185-332-II.—Captain A. A. F. C. Hutton Dawson, Assistant Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, was granted privilege leave for one month and 28 days, with effect from the forenoon of the 24th July 1918.

Captain J. C. Tuke Morris, Adjutant, Mewar Bhil Corps, was appointed to officiate as Assistant Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Captain A. A. F. C. Hutton Dawson on privilege leave.

By order,

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the Connaught Rangers, attached 2nd Garrison Battalion Northumberland Fusiliers, attached British Attached Section, Poona, dated at Poona, this 22nd day of October 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—8134, Private Tyrell, F.
Age—30 years 9 months.
Height—5 feet 4 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, fair; eyes blue.
Trade—Tailor.
Date of Enlistment—28th December 1902.

Place of Enlistment—Not known.
Parish and County in which born—Ireland.
Date of Desertion or absence—18th October 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Poona Railway Station.
15 years 10 months' service.

C. F. BEECHING, Major,
Commanding Attached Section, Poona.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS. In Insolvency.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, address and description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination.
40 of 1915	2nd February 1915.	H. Mahomed Ghouse Saib, formerly carrying on business under the name of Mohamed Ghouse Saib and Co., at No. 179, Linghee Chetty Street, George Town, Madras.	8th February 1915.	2nd December 1918.
181 of 1918	30th September 1918.	S. V. Chokalingam Pillay, residing at Nos. 12 and 13, Memorial Hall, George Town, Madras.	30th September 1918.	Nil.
182 of 1918	Do.	P. Damodaram Pillai, residing at No. 53, Kalathiappa Mudeley Street, Choolai, Madras.	Do.	2nd December 1918.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE,
Madras, 24th October 1918.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
489-1918	Sakharam Vithoba Gaugan	Hindu	Khoja Street, Nal Bazar	Lately petty dealer in country tobacco and pipes and now unemployed.	22nd	October	1918	22nd	October	1918
490-1918	Musa Subhani Mair	Mahomedan	24, Madanpura	Tin smith in the employ of Messrs. W. & A. Graham & Co.	24th	"	"	24th	"	"
491-1918	Dawoodjee Easafji Bhaimiya	"	Khoja Bazar	Formerly selling agent of the Standard Oil Company of New York at Amalner in Khandesh District under the name of D. E. Bhaimiya and Company and now Mehta in the employ of Amir Brothers at Nagdevi Street, Bombay.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 28th day of October 1918. }

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 153 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 15th October 1918.

In the matter of A. K. Nagoor Guny, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. K. Nagoor Guny, Butcher, residing at No. 60, 121st Street, Kalabusty, Rangoon, on the 15th day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. K. Nagoor Guny.

MAUNG GYEE,
Offg. Registrar.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING).

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 24th October 1918.

No. 3950-E-E.—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. T. Rodwell . . .	Inspecting Telegraphist .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	15th August 1918.

Calcutta, the 25th October 1918.

No. 3957-E-E.—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Technical Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. R. Osborne . . .	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 1st class, officiating.	26th August 1918 to 6th October 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,
Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th October 1918.

No. 1970s-Ap.—The following appointments are made for the period noted against each :—

- Mr. Khushi Ram, Head Assistant, office of the Deputy Postmaster-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, to act as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, from the 18th July 1918 to 5th August 1918, inclusive.
- Mr. Kaushal Kishore, clerk, office of the Deputy Postmaster-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, to be sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, from the 6th August 1918 and until further orders.

Simla, the 29th October 1918.

No. 1987-s-Ap.—Mr. Srinath Neogi, Investigating Inspector, Office of the Deputy Postmaster-General, Bengal and Assam, Dacca, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 8th October 1918 and until further orders.

G. R. CLARKE,
Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC).****NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 30th October 1918.

No. 6051-T.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 24th October 1918 to 30th October 1918.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Bhurban Camp	Punjab	9th October 1918	Closed.
Domel	North-West Frontier	20th " "	"
Ghagra	Bihar and Orissa	19th " "	Opened.
Mao	Assam	25th September "	"
Meerut Artillery Lines	United Provinces	10th October "	"
Jehan Khelan Camp	Punjab	11th " "	"
Satara Road	Bombay	20th " "	"
<i>Railway Telegraph Office.</i>			
Bickia	Bengal and North-Western Railway.	28th September 1918	Opened.
Chhuchhupura	Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	1st October 1918	"
Gaudevi	Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	" " "	"
Katarnian Ghat	Bengal and North-Western Railway.	28th September 1918	"

M. A. THOMPSON,
Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 16TH TO 22ND OCTOBER 1918.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.														COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.					BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.				Receipt of Bullion for Piastres Closing coined balance and paid over.		Receipt of Bullion for Subsidary coin for coined and paid over.		Closing balance.	
	Pur-chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern-ment Bullion.	With-drawn and un-current coins.	TOTAL.	from Currency balance.	Bul-lion.	subsidary coinage.	and paid over.		
Calcutta . . .	31	...	...	31	15	...	15	...	(a) 217	2	...	219	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	...	...	...	...	35	...	35	...	(b) 227	1	...	228	1	1	...	...	54

(a) Exclusive of 251 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

(b) Exclusive of 23 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT; }
Calcutta, the 31st Oct. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, LT.-COLONEL, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{2261 \text{ Bu}}{\text{F.I.}}$ of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1922, for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Maung Hla, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser MAUNG HLA,
Residence—Móngnai, Southern Shan States

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. $\frac{8011 \text{ Bom.}}{\text{F.I.}}$ of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920, for Rs. 500, originally issued in the name of Bai Gangabai Martandrao, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

BAI GANGABAI, widow of MARTANDRAO LAXMAN HARAL,
Jahagirdar of Ranmala, Taluka,
Dhulia, West Khandesh.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ⁶³⁶³_{F 1 & 2} of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 3,000, originally issued in the name of Bai Jenabai, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

JENABAI, widow of DHARSEY JIVRAJ,
No. 511, Doongri Street, Bombay.

LOST.

The Temporary Scrip No. 1972 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 500 (five hundred), originally issued in the name of Jamunadhar Motilal, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Scrip and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

UMACHARAN SEN, Pleader,
for JAMUNA DHAR MOTI LAL.

GAUHATI,

The 16th September 1918.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 052072 and 052035 of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 125 and 100, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, respectively and last endorsed to Nathooram Bindrabai, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

BALMUKAND MURARILAL,
76, Cotton Street, Calcutta.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 3664 ^{Bom}_{I.T.} of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of Khemchand Motichand Gujar, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR,
Residence—Phaltan (District Satara).

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No 2312 ^{Bom}_{I.T.} of the 5½ per cent Loan of 1920 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of Ramkaran Shivkaran Marwadi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser-- FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR,
Residence-- Phaltan (District Satara).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 10191-^{Bom.}_{F.I.} of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of Chaturabai Jivraj, guardian mother for Hiralal Jivraj minor, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR,

Residence—Phaltan (District Satara)

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 231504 and 209509 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 100 respectively and Nos. 081082 and 086170 of 3 per cent. Loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 100 respectively, all originally standing in the name of Gopal Krishna Ghosh, and the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 083283 and 083284 of the 3 per cent. Loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500 respectively, originally standing in the name of Keeran Bila Ghosh, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—MONMOTHO NATH DUTTA,

Attorney for Babu Gopal Krishna Ghosh,
10, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

STOLEN.

The Promissory Notes Nos. 032993, 032994, 032995, each for Rs. 500, No. 032996 for Rs. 400 and No. 032997 for Rs. 100 of 5 per cent War Loan 1920—1947, originally issued in the name of Muhammad Azim Khan, Deputy Collector of Fatehpur, E. I. R., the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—MUHAMMAD AZIM KHAN,

Deputy Collector, Fatehpur, E. I. R.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. E000155, E000156, E000157 and D007094, of the 5½ per cent War Bonds 1923 the former three for Rs. 200 each and the latter one for Rs. 100, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Bombay, and last endorsed to the National Bank of India, Ltd, Madras, by the proprietor Captain Samuel Norman Rowe for the purpose of being deposited with that Bank for safe custody but which were stolen before being delivered to the Bank, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—SAMUEL NORMAN ROWE,

Captain, S. S. "Japan",

Residence—C/o Messrs Macdonald, Mackenzie & Co., Bombay

NOTICE.

"Nathu Ram, Clerk, Audit Office, Ajmer, son of Sunderlass of Rawalpindi will henceforth be known as Natha Singh."

L. W. REYNOLDS, I.C.S.,

Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. D.-010226 for Rs. 100 (One hundred only) of the 5½ per cent War Bonds 1921, originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Burma, and last endorsed to Maung San Nyun, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that a fresh note has been issued in favour of the proprietor in lieu of the lost one. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of Advertiser—A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE

Residence—Accountant-General, Burma

RANGOON,

The 23rd October 1918

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 195419, dated 5th August 1918, of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 202-15-10.

The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—JOGENDRA BALA DASI,
wife of late SURENDRA NATH DE SIRCAR,

Address—Village—Pastumghatta. P. O.—Guria. District—24-Parganas.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 208586 of the 3½ per cent Loan of 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of late Kailash Chandra Seal of Hooghly, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—SREEMATI NISTARINI DASI,

Residence—Wife of Kisto Lal Mullick, Bellola, Chinsurah District, Hooghly.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 44. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

IMPORTS INTO CHIEF PORTS DURING AUGUST, 1918

RETURN SHOWING the QUANTITIES of the PRINCIPAL STAPLES of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE IMPORTED into CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, KARACHI, and MADRAS PORTS by RAIL, RIVER, and SEA during the month of AUGUST, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

October 29, 1918

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Offg. Director of Statistics.

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN SELECTED ARTICLES IN AUGUST, 1918

The object of the tables appended is to show the quantities of the principal staples of agricultural produce imported from the various provinces, etc., and from foreign countries into the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, and Karachi, and into the Madras ports during the month of August, 1918, and for the five months, April to August, 1918, as compared with the corresponding periods of 1917. The statistics include foreign sea-borne and coasting trade as well as inland (rail and river-borne) trade. They have been furnished by Collectors of Customs, Steamer Companies, Railway Audit Officers, the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, etc.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN AUGUST, 1917 AND 1918.

It will be seen from Table I, that the imports by rail, river, and sea in August, 1918, as against the corresponding month of 1917, show (in round numbers) an increase of—

- 185 per cent in gram and pulse
(90,800 tons as against 31,800 tons last year),
- 127 per cent in linseed
(33,600 tons as against 14,500 tons last year),
- 67 per cent in rape and mustard seed
(7,600 tons as against 4,600 tons last year),
- 12 per cent in jute
(568,300 bales as against 309,000 bales last year),
- 22 per cent in raw cotton
(165,700 bales as against 135,100 bales last year), and
- 3 per cent in rice, including paddy
(90,400 tons as against 87,900 tons last year)

The imports of wheat (excluding wheat flour) by rail, river and sea into ports show a decrease of 65 per cent (55,100 tons as against 157,200 tons last year), owing mainly to smaller exports from the Punjab, the United Provinces, the Central Provinces and Berar, Rajputana and Central India, and Sind and British Baluchistan. The fall of 13 per cent (32,482,200 lbs. as against 37,540,700 lbs last year) in the imports of tea into Calcutta is chiefly due to smaller exports from Bengal.

It will be seen from Table IV (wheat, excluding wheat flour) that the principal source of the imports in August, 1917, was the Punjab. During August, 1918, the principal sources of the imports were the Punjab (40 per cent) and the United Provinces (34 per cent of the total).

NOTE.— One bale of cotton or jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

One maund is equivalent to 82½ lbs

One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

GENERAL RESULTS—FIVE MONTHS' IMPORTS INTO THE PORTS FROM UP-COUNTRY, ETC., THIS YEAR AND LAST YEAR.

The five months' figures in table I show (in round numbers) an increase of—

- 95 per cent in jute
(1,957,300 bales as against 1,002,000 bales last year),
- 30 per cent in linseed
(121,500 tons as against 93,800 tons last year),
- 27 per cent in gram and pulse
(460,000 tons as against 361,200 tons last year),
- 18 per cent in tea
(99,043,300 lbs as against 83,982,300 lbs last year), and
- 6 per cent in rice, including paddy
(406,300 tons as against 385,000 tons last year).

The imports of wheat (excluding wheat flour) by rail, river, and sea into ports show a decrease of 51 per cent (642,500 tons as against 1,299,300 tons last year), mainly on account of smaller exports from the Punjab, the Central Provinces and Berar, Rajputana and Central India, and Sind and British Baluchistan. The fall of 28 per cent (1,262,800 bales as against 1,749,000 bales last year) in raw cotton is accounted for by smaller exports into the ports from Bombay, the Central Provinces and Berar, Rajputana and Central India and Madras. The decrease of 18 per cent (51,700 tons as against 66,400 tons last year) in rape and mustard seed is chiefly due to smaller exports from the United Provinces.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN AUGUST, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS MONTH.

As compared with July, 1918, the imports in August, 1918, into the ports referred to above show (in round numbers) an increase of—

- 36 per cent in jute
(568,300 bales as against 418,100 bales previous month),
- 34 per cent in tea
(32,482,200 lbs as against 24,330,100 lbs previous month),
- 34 per cent in linseed
(33,600 tons as against 25,000 tons previous month),
- 28 per cent in gram and pulse
(90,800 tons as against 71,000 tons previous month), and
- 20 per cent in rice, including paddy
(90,400 tons as against 75,000 tons previous month),

and a decrease of—

- 59 per cent in wheat, excluding wheat flour
(55,100 tons as against 135,000 tons previous month),
- 32 per cent in raw cotton
(165,700 bales as against 242,100 bales previous month), and
- 11 per cent in rape and mustard seed
(7,600 tons as against 8,600 tons previous month).

The Statistics for August, 1917 and 1918, as also for the five months ending August, 1917 and 1918, together with those for July and August, 1918, are summarised below :—

SUMMARY TABLE I.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Articles	Imports, August, 1917	Imports, August, 1918	Imports, April to August, 1917	Imports, April to August, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (-) of im- ports in August, 1918, as compared with August, 1917	Increase (+) or decrease (-) of im- ports in five months, April to August, 1918, as com- pared with five months, April to August, 1917
	bales	bales	bales	bales	Per cent	Per cent
Cotton, raw	135,193	165,658	1 748 959	1,282,764	+22	-28
	tons	tons	tons	tons		
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	157,154	55,083	1 299,296	612,482	-65	-51
Rice (including paddy) .	87,853	90,369	384,956	406,829	+3	+6
Gram and Pulse	31,835	90 813	361 239	460,045	+185	+27
Linseed	14,790	33 644	93,778	121,505	+127	+30
Rape and Mustard seed .	4 668	7,647	66,384	51,692	+67	-18
	bales	bales	bales	bales		
Jute	399,014	568,319	1,002,006	1,957,307	+42	+95
	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs		
Tea	37,540,721	32,482,165	83,982,260	99,043,293	-13	+18

SUMMARY TABLE II.

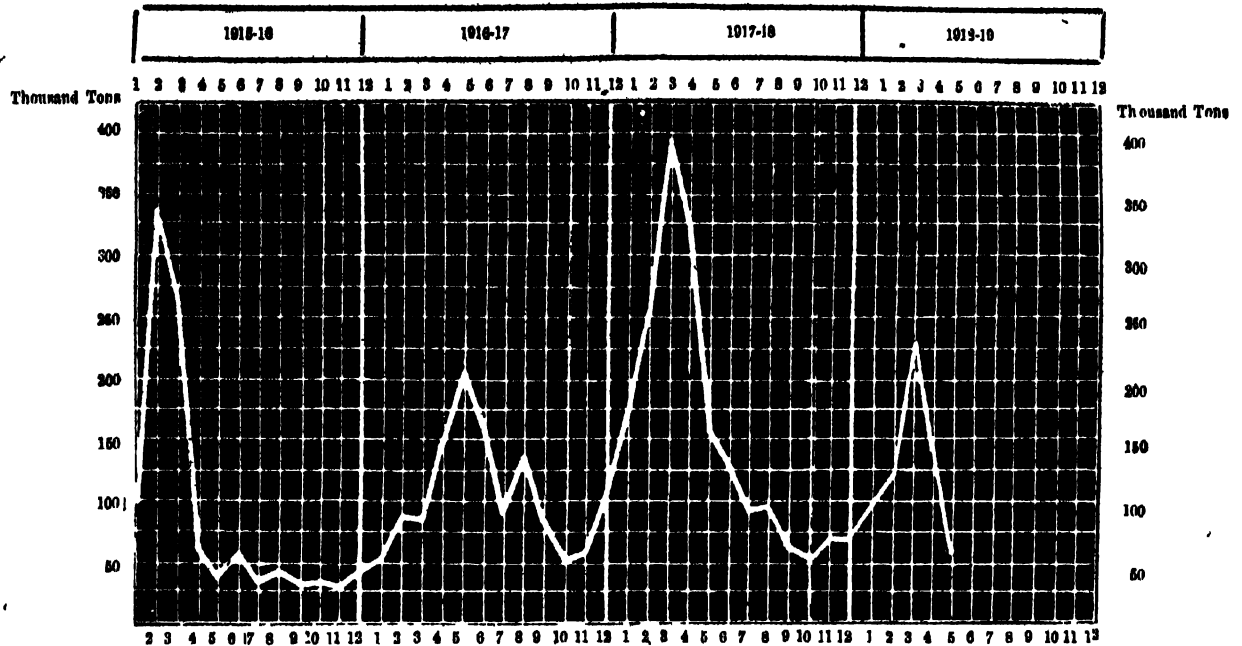
Articles	Imports, July, 1918	Imports, August, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (-) of Imports in August, 1918, as compared with July, 1918
	bales	bales	Per cent
Cotton, raw	242,064	165,658	-32
	tons	tons	
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	135,005	55,083	-59
Rice (including paddy)	75,013	90,369	+20
Gram and Pulse	71,030	90,813	+28
Linseed	25,017	33,644	+34
Rape and Mustard seed	5,608	7,647	-11
	bales	bales	
Jute, raw	418,119	568,319	+36
	lbs	lbs	
Tea	24,330,117	* 32,482,165	+31

The annexed charts show the course of the monthly imports of wheat, cotton, and jute from April, 1915, to August, 1918 :—

**IMPORTS BY RAIL, RIVER, AND SEA OF WHEAT, COTTON, AND JUTE
FROM APRIL, 1918, TO AUGUST, 1918**

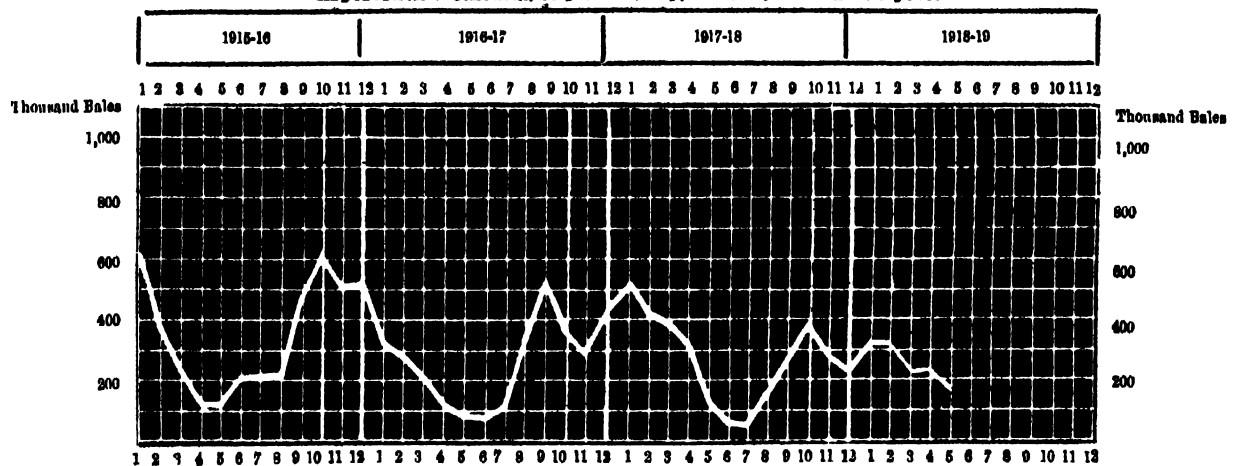
WHEAT

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, and Karachi



COTTON (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, Karachi, and Madras ports



JUTE (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta

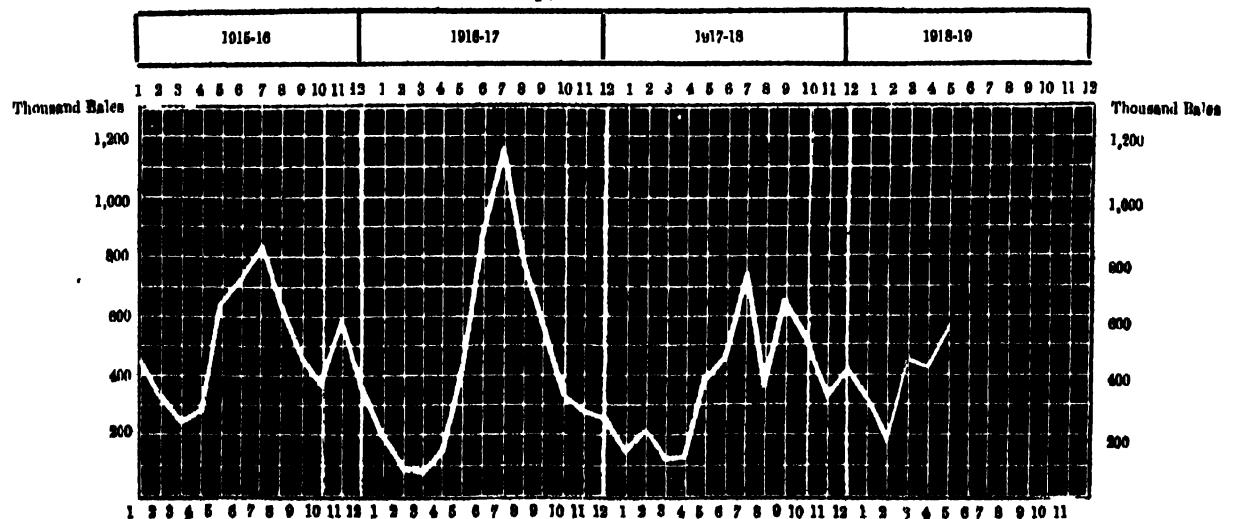


TABLE III.—Cotton, raw

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in August										
<i>By Rail and River—</i>	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
Assam	125	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	125	1
Bengal	2,789	322	267	417	...	...	...	...	3,052	739
Bihar and Orissa	66	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	104
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	900	12	4,133	2,912	...	...	...	...	5,123	359
Punjab	93	...	463	2,717	254	...	...	...	840	2,737
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	2	22	...	...	2	22
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	8,732	2,174	...	...	...	...	8,732	2,174
Bombay	811	71	36,362	42,970	...	...	348	1	39,723	43,792
Central Provinces and Berar	314	645	3,763	403	...	...	...	...	4,077	1,048
Nizam's Territory	...	...	3,398	7,593	...	...	756	1,759	4,154	9,352
Madras	471	691	16,584	17,557	...	...	20,969	15,544	36,024	37,812
Mysore	...	...	3,390	1,564	...	...	1	54	3,391	1,618
TOTAL	5,571	2,641	70,698	75,051	256	23	32,074	17,378	107,599	95,691
<i>By Sea—</i>										
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Bombay	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	204	20	204
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	3,573	1,672	...	...	...	...	3,573	1,672
Madras	1,102	...	5,736	3,106	...	...	4	...	6,842	3,106
Burma	258	5,114	...	...	...	...	...	...	258	5,114
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	15,610	55,974	...	...	...	...	15,610	55,974
Foreign Countries	...	...	1,419	3,476	...	...	...	...	1,419	3,476
TOTAL	1,882	5,114	26,338	64,528	...	...	4	294	27,781	69,966
TOTAL IMPORTS	6,953	7,755	106,096	140,179	256	22	22,078	17,072	135,383	165,657
Imports from April to August										
<i>By Rail and River—</i>										
Assam	1,296	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,296	90
Bengal	22,503	12,822	2,958	658	...	...	1	95	25,464	13,575
Bihar and Orissa	938	397	...	...	...	...	...	...	938	397
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	5,866	869	19,571	4,916	...	4	...	89	21,437	5,576
Punjab	1,845	3,078	26,107	101,204	17,238	1,483	...	...	44,690	105,769
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	27,234	8,100	...	...	27,234	8,100
Rajputana and Central India	188	63	130,420	27,390	...	...	...	...	130,608	27,453
Bombay	17,426	5,947	619,471	458,601	...	...	7,850	2,187	644,747	466,738
Central Provinces and Berar	8,803	2,385	147,240	32,782	...	...	...	...	156,083	35,167
Nizam's Territory	...	...	43,650	33,003	...	...	2,812	3,740	46,492	36,743
Madras	6,403	2,219	84,412	130,702	...	...	175,803	88,903	266,616	219,624
Mysore	...	...	12,887	4,677	...	...	3,089	54	15,946	4,731
TOTAL	64,770	30,870	1,085,756	793,910	44,472	9,687	189,535	93,068	1,384,533	924,465
<i>By Sea—</i>										
Bengal	...	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	380
Bihar and Orissa	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
Bombay	20	1,576	2,662	21	...	33	...	3,137	2,682	4,767
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	84,279	24,118	...	19	...	...	84,290	24,207
Madras	10,115	6,005	31,186	18,061	...	...	10	...	41,311	24,664
Burma	6,749	12,893	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,818	12,893
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	225,177	255,378	...	...	...	...	225,177	255,378
Foreign Countries	...	...	4,156	15,976	...	24	...	3	4,156	16,005
TOTAL	16,876	20,857	347,539	314,224	1	76	10	3,142	364,426	338,299
TOTAL IMPORTS	81,646	51,727	1,433,295	1,108,134	44,473	9,663	189,545	93,210	1,748,959	1,262,764

NOTE.—Provinces named in the first column include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" comprise the ports of Madras, French Ports (Pondicherry with its suburb Villianur and Karikal, exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cochin, Vizagapatam, Uddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Maruthapattam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, Badagara, and Dhanushkodi.

One bale of cotton is equivalent to 400 lbs.

TABLE IV.—Wheat (excluding wheat flour)*

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in August								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	7
Bengal	1,826	1,803	...	...	...	...	1,826	1,803
Bihar and Orissa	5,533	6,403	...	319	...	30	5,533	6,751
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	15,343	6,783	981	10,358	6,595	1,582	22,869	18,723
Punjab	76	247	156	1,540	98,701	20,311	98,933	22,298
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	8,864	1,022	8,864	1,022
Rajputana and Central India	1,383	...	2,943	410	1,871	136	6,097	566
Bombay	...	...	493	193	...	...	493	193
Central Provinces and Berar	6,191	48	6,178	3,572	...	...	12,369	3,620
Nizam's Territory	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	30,352	15,290	10,606	16,422	116,031	23,271	156,969	54,983
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	90
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	163	10	...	...	163	10
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	165	10	...	90	165	100
TOTAL IMPORTS	30,352	15,290	10,771	16,432	116,031	23,361	157,154	55,083
Imports from April to August								
By Rail and River—								
Assam	2	114	...	...	...	...	2	114
Bengal	8,874	12,788	...	49	...	...	8,874	12,837
Bihar and Orissa	41,456	38,608	...	1,511	108	1,678	41,564	41,797
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	103,065	52,148	27,265	64,022	103,064	149,917	233,394	268,067
Punjab	543	1,072	15,683	21,509	652,640	247,704	667,868	270,285
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	63,389	5,337	63,389	5,337
Rajputana and Central India	5,041	171	86,786	12,375	6,482	1,658	98,259	14,204
Bombay	71	...	23,464	3,568	...	49	23,535	3,617
Central Provinces and Berar	38,149	1,936	111,645	24,087	79	12	149,872	26,035
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1,212	...	...	...	1,212	...
Madras	29	...	1	7	...	...	30	7
Mysore	...	...	7	...	...	...	7	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	197,230	106,837	266,913	127,125	825,762	406,405	1,259,005	640,370
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	28	126	5	130	33	256
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	2	725	...	...	2	725
Madras	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	7,240	1,125	3,001	...	10,241	1,125
Foreign Countries	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	6
TOTAL	...	6	7,275	1,976	3,006	130	10,281	2,113
TOTAL IMPORTS	197,230	106,843	273,288	129,101	828,768	406,535	1,269,286	642,482

* Publication of the Table (XI) showing the exports of wheat and wheat flour by sea to foreign countries has been temporarily discontinued.

TABLE V.—Rice (including paddy)*

Whence exported	Calcutta		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in August								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
<i>By Rail and River—</i>								
Assam	1	31	...	...	...	...	1	31
Bengal	12,573	26,799	...	4,289	1,325	806	13,898	31,891
Bihar and Orissa	634	279	...	281	2,558	14,650	3,182	15,210
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	8	10	1	216	...	...	9	226
Punjab	60	16	633	567	...	...	693	583
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	6,726	4,588	...	...	6,726	4,588
Rajputana and Central India	42	...	...	...	...	...	42	...
Bombay	...	1	...	...	1	2	1	3
Central Provinces and Berar	19	...	...	...	...	24	19	24
Nizam's Territory	...	...	...	...	28	31	28	31
Madras	38	2	...	...	29,901	6,854	29,939	6,856
Mysore	...	...	...	...	436	...	436	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	13,365	27,138	7,359	9,941	34,849	23,357	54,973	59,436
<i>By Sea—</i>								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	3,885	...	3,885
Bihar and Orissa	130	...	...	...	...	...	430	...
Bombay	...	...	18	628	10	...	37	628
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	187	131	...	...	187	131
Madras	...	...	...	...	4	587	4	587
Burma	26,694	10,750	...	...	5,389	14,951	32,083	25,701
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foreign Countries	33	1	...	...	104	...	139	1
TOTAL	27,159	10,751	205	759	5,516	19,423	32,850	30,933
TOTAL IMPORTS	40,524	37,889	7,564	10,700	39,765	41,780	87,823	90,369
Imports from April to August								
<i>By Rail and River—</i>								
Assam	1	219	...	...	...	...	4	219
Bengal	73,425	131,781	...	5,068	2,615	6,355	76,010	143,204
Bihar and Orissa	8,977	4,718	...	348	7,933	23,102	16,910	28,168
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	194	52	2	448	...	...	196	495
Punjab	244	382	4,558	3,100	...	39	4,802	3,461
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	52,711	28,689	...	...	52,711	28,689
Rajputana and Central India	90	...	...	...	...	...	90	...
Bombay	...	2	...	...	18	952	18	954
Central Provinces and Berar	1,050	3	...	42	90	56	1,146	101
Nizam's Territory	2	...	...	...	211	26	213	26
Madras	1,822	72	...	...	128,336	93,674	128,158	93,706
Mysore	...	...	...	...	993	315	993	315
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	85,814	137,169	57,274	31,690	138,106	124,179	281,284	294,338
<i>By Sea—</i>								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	4,470	...	4,470
Bihar and Orissa	1,724	121	...	...	...	...	1,724	121
Bombay	2	...	91	1,174	557	222	650	1,396
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	1,517	1,944	86	...	1,603	1,944
Madras	...	...	1	1	117	1,168	116	1,164
Burma	44,332	42,634	...	...	51,612	60,213	98,844	102,647
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foreign Countries	118	39	...	1	615	9	733	49
TOTAL	46,076	43,794	1,609	3,120	55,987	68,077	103,672	111,991
TOTAL IMPORTS	131,890	179,963	58,883	35,810	194,193	190,556	384,956	406,329

*One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

TABLE VI.—Gram and Pulse

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in August								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
<i>By Rail and River—</i>								
Assam	8	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
Bengal	3,598	7,205	16	20	..	15	3,543	7,240
Bihar and Orissa	5,807	8,591	148	1,416	..	187	5,950	5,224
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	5,771	8,478	2,758	5,761	667	667	9,192	9,901
Punjab	40	107	2,134	5,810	3,906	51,117	6,080	100,043
Sind and British Baluchistan	1	..	..	..	283	921	284	924
Rajputana and Central India	30	..	1,391	893	1,461	3,302	2,882	4,195
Bombay	..	..	887	541	..	..	887	541
Central Provinces and Berar	163	18	2,291	2,285	..	..	2,453	2,398
Nizam's Territory	6	..	5	..	..	..	11	..
Madras	18	..	11	..	..	..	29	..
Mysore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kashmir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	15,364	14,889	9,636	16,765	6,313	59,212	31,313	90,866
<i>By Sea—</i>								
Bengal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	..	..	8	1	50	31	3	32
Bombay	..	..	210	1,1	130	160	310	320
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	58	..	..	..	..	..	58
Burma	..	..	124	21	..	..	124	21
Non-British Ports in India	..	..	3	16	..	..	5	16
Foreign Countries	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	2	58	340	189	180	200	522	117
TOTAL IMPORTS	15,366	14,447	9,976	16,954	6,493	59,412	31,835	90,983
Imports from April to August								
<i>By Rail and River—</i>								
Assam	16	7	..	..	..	..	16	7
Bengal	26,112	30,375	338	61	..	255	26,448	30,691
Bihar and Orissa	25,601	28,798	1,540	4,118	2,058	1,332	29,203	34,248
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	34,390	17,159	28,812	49,017	29,667	22,356	92,869	88,533
Punjab	114	553	11,289	35,86	118,367	210,380	132,770	246,796
Sind and British Baluchistan	1	..	2	10	12,741	4,363	12,744	4,373
Rajputana and Central India	963	136	16,810	8,302	19,408	21,347	36,681	29,785
Bombay	..	7	5,631	8,451	..	..	5,631	8,460
Central Provinces and Berar	2,287	699	18,720	11,870	10	15	21,017	12,281
Nizam's Territory	124	..	247	12	..	..	371	12
Madras	82	14	11	101	..	..	98	115
Mysore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kashmir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	89,690	77,748	85,907	117,509	182,251	260,048	357,848	455,805
<i>By Sea—</i>								
Bengal	..	..	..	33	..	..	..	33
Bihar and Orissa	..	47	..	..	..	..	..	47
Bombay	..	..	60	420	330	121	408	541
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	93	1,430	19	575	1,451	2,005
Madras	..	..	59	..	..	..	59	..
Burma	587	1,129	15	28	..	..	583	1,151
Non-British Ports in India	..	..	869	823	9	110	878	932
Foreign Countries	23	8	5	38	12	..	40	41
TOTAL	560	1,173	1,952	2,761	879	806	3,391	4,740
TOTAL IMPORTS	90,250	78,921	87,859	120,270	183,130	260,854	361,239	460,545

TABLE VII.—Linseed

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in August						
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—						
Assam	91	..	..	..	91	..
Bengal	232	597	29	..	261	597
Bihar and Orissa	136	10,336	2,365	2,132	2,801	12,468
United Provinces of Agra and Outh	45	2,026	8,597	8,018	8,643	10,044
Punjab	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	1,425	1,738	1,425	1,738
Rajputana and Central India	..	..	47	1,389	47	1,389
Bombay	..	1	1,377	3,463	1,377	3,463
Central Provinces and Berar	..	..	127	3,199	127	3,199
Nizam's Territory	..	94	4	19	4	113
Madras	..	..	4	..	4	..
Mysore	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	805	13,654	13,975	19,908	14,780	33,582
By Sea—						
Bengal	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	8	..	..	..	8	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burma	..	..	..	..	..	..
Non-British Ports in India	..	..	2	82	2	82
Foreign Countries	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	8	..	2	82	10	82
TOTAL IMPORTS	813	13,654	13,977	19,990	14,790	33,664
Imports from April to August						
By Rail and River—						
Assam	89	16	..	..	89	16
Bengal	2,922	2,640	29	119	2,951	2,768
Bihar and Orissa	18,609	39,755	4,993	15,359	23,602	55,114
United Provinces of Agra and Outh	3,936	6,079	26,416	26,391	30,374	32,470
Punjab	..	..	1	..	1	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rajputana and Central India	53	51	18,899	9,059	13,952	8,150
Bombay	..	..	3,405	3,769	3,405	3,769
Central Provinces and Berar	43	375	9,758	11,016	9,801	11,391
Nizam's Territory	..	..	7,934	7,019	7,934	7,019
Madras	4	515	215	124	219	639
Mysore	..	..	1	..	4	..
TOTAL	26,268	49,480	66,654	71,856	92,922	121,336
By Sea—						
Bengal	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	8	..	..	..	8	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	150	..	150	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burma	..	..	..	..	..	..
Non-British Ports in India	..	..	670	160	670	160
Foreign Countries	..	..	28	..	28	..
TOTAL	8	..	848	169	856	160
TOTAL IMPORTS	26,276	49,480	67,502	72,025	93,778	121,506

TABLE VIII.—Rape and Mustard Seed

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in August						
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
<i>By Rail and River—</i>						
Assam	2	...	...	...	2	...
Bengal	85	1	...	...	85	1
Bihar and Orissa	309	74	...	...	309	74
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	2,404	817	1	1	2,405	818
Punjab	667	4,888	...	...	667	4,888
Sind and British Baluchistan	160	84	...	...	160	84
Rajputana and Central India	371	99	153	316	524	415
Bombay	34	193	93	433	127	626
Central Provinces and Berar	212	178	44	13	256	191
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1	2	1	2
Madras	25	294	...	...	25	294
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	4,269	6,630	292	765	4,561	7,395
<i>By Sea—</i>						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	7	252	7	252
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	7	252	7	252
TOTAL IMPORTS	4,269	6,630	299	1,017	4,568	7,647
Imports from April to August						
<i>By Rail and River—</i>						
Assam	2,453	153	...	...	2,453	153
Bengal	455	38	...	14	455	50
Bihar and Orissa	2,606	1,469	...	...	2,656	1,469
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	27,407	4,795	494	68	27,901	4,863
Punjab	11,390	32,068	48	42	11,438	32,108
Sind and British Baluchistan	1,063	1,064	...	...	1,063	1,064
Rajputana and Central India	5,833	1,590	1,032	1,420	7,445	3,000
Bombay	210	5,872	6,719	2,879	6,929	8,751
Central Provinces and Berar	3,888	1,617	218	143	4,106	1,759
Nizam's Territory	...	...	62	31	62	31
Madras	1,386	711	...	22	1,386	733
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	56,746	49,363	9,171	4,618	65,917	53,981
<i>By Sea—</i>						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	15	...	...	...	15
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	442	610	442	610
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	25	86	25	86
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	15	467	696	467	711
TOTAL IMPORTS	56,746	49,378	9,638	5,314	66,384	54,692

TABLE IX.—Jute

Whence exported	Calcutta	
	1917	1918
	Imports in August	
	bales	bales
<i>By Rail and River—</i>		
Assam	5,452	10,885
Bengal	368,613	500,685
Bihar and Orissa	20,419	54,178
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	...	...
Punjab	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	...	...
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	394,531	565,648
<i>By Sea—</i>		
Bengal	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	566	2,671
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	3,914	...
TOTAL	4,480	2,671
TOTAL IMPORTS	399,011	568,319
Imports from April to August		
<i>By Rail and River—</i>		
Assam	31,370	73,410
Bengal	887,443	1,688,686
Bihar and Orissa	71,002	180,889
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	...	...
Punjab	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	...	...
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	989,820	1,947,955
<i>By Sea—</i>		
Bengal	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	5,987	9,353
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	6,199	...
TOTAL	12,186	9,352
TOTAL IMPORTS	1,002,006	1,957,307

NOTE.—One bale of jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

By "Calcutta" is meant the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks. The imports exclude, therefore, imports into those jute mills which are outside this area. Such mills form the large majority of the total number of mills manufacturing jute.

TABLE X.—Tea

Whence exported	Calcutta	
	1917	1918
	Imports in August	
	lbs.	lbs.
By Rail and River—		
Assam	15,763,698	19,095,497
Bengal	21,510,391	12,590,462
Bihar and Orissa	48,831	44,484
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	5,678	38,921
Punjab	8,538	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	...
Bombay	1,399	...
Central Provinces and Berar	82	247
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	138,651	404
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	37,470,446	32,876,055
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	12,855
Bihar and Orissa	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	420
Burma	340	4,410
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	69,939	88,425
TOTAL	70,278	106,110
TOTAL IMPORTS	37,540,724	32,982,165
Imports from April to August		
By Rail and River—		
Assam	42,743,562	59,871,383
Bengal	40,641,739	38,440,348
Bihar and Orissa	111,250	98,931
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	11,767	116,188
Punjab	10,121	17,526
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	498	905
Bombay	2,715	14,071
Central Provinces and Berar	493	828
Nizam's Territory	...	83
Madras	328,136	128,530
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	83,845,275	98,680,789
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	13,555
Bihar and Orissa	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	240	420
Non-British Ports in India	9,460	5,835
Foreign Countries	77,285	337,244
TOTAL	86,985	356,554
TOTAL IMPORTS	83,932,260	99,037,343

NOTE.—One maund is equivalent to 82½ lbs.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

Joint Stock Companies.

SEPTEMBER, 1918.

During the month under report, 22 companies were registered with an aggregate authorised capital of over R88 lakhs, as against 24 companies with an aggregate authorised capital of about R82 lakhs in the corresponding month of the preceding year. Bengal alone accounted for 15 companies (R69 lakhs). For the six months, April to September, 1918, the number of companies registered was 125 with an authorised capital of R5,04 lakhs, as against 119 companies with R3,51 lakhs of authorised capital in the corresponding period of the preceding year. The largest flotation in September was that of the Textile and General Investment Co., Calcutta (R25 lakhs).

Table 1.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of September, 1918, and in the corresponding month of 1917.

Classification of Companies	September, 1917		September, 1918	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital R(1,000)	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	3	6.30	2	1.50
Trading—				
Co-operative Association	1	2.50	..	..
Printing, publishing, and stationery	1	2.10	1	20
Others	11	17.70	9	26.90
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton and jute screws and presses	1	2.00	..	..
Other Mills and presses	1	15.00	..	..
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	2	5.20	2	5.00
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	1	1.00	2	3.50
Others	1	50	2	16.00
Land and building	..	..	1	6.00
Companies other than those specified above.	..	..	2	29.00
TOTAL	21	82.10	22	88.10

Table 2.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the six months, April to September, 1918, and in the corresponding period of 1917.

Classification of Companies	April to September, 1917		April to September, 1918	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital R(1,000)	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	20	19.15	11	26.78
Insurance	..	..	1	10.00
Trading—				
Railways and tramways	3	28.00	..	..
Co-operative Association	1	2.50	1	20
Shipping, landing, and warehousing	1	5.00	..	..
Printing, publishing, and stationery	8	3.90	7	5.19
Others	42	1,26.32	54	1,93.15
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton mills	..	..	3	51.00
Mill for wool, silk, hemp, etc.	1	1.00	..	..
Cotton and jute screws and presses	1	2.00	1	5.00
Paper mill	1	2.00	..	..
Rice mills	2	1.70	1	45.00
Saw and timber mill	..	..	1	10.00
Other mills and presses	1	15.00	2	7.00
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	15	34.93	17	38.40
Coffee and cinchona	1	3.00	..	..
Others	4	5.48	5	18.90
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	5	14.00	4	11.50
Others	4	46.50	8	32.18
Land and building	1	1.00	1	6.00
Breweries	1	6.88	2	1.72
Ice manufacturing	1	60	..	..
Sugar manufacturing	..	..	1	4.00
Companies other than those specified above	6	82.35	5	87.55
TOTAL	119	3,51.81	125	5,02.52

Table 3.

Detailed statement showing particulars of Joint Stock Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of September, 1918.

No.	Class and Name	Situation of Registered Office	Objects	Authorized capital
I.—Banking, Loan, and Insurance				Rs
1	Hindupur Mutual Benefit Fund	Hindupur, Madras	Banking and loan	40,000
2	Selakharichal Bank	Selakharichal "	"	1,00,000
Total, Banking, etc.				1,40,000
II.—Trading				
(a) <i>Printing, Publishing and Stationery</i>				
3	Nepules Trading and Publishing Co.	Benares, United Provinces	Printers and publishers of newspaper.	20,000
(b) <i>Others</i>				
4	S. J. Velly & Co.*	Calcutta	Metal and hardware merchants etc.	50,000
5	India Laminates	"	Laminates and hide merchants, etc.	10,00,000
6	Orissa Cement Co.	"	Manufacturing cement, etc.	5,00,000
7	Precision Brass and Iron Co.	"	Carrying on business of brass and iron founders, etc.	5,00,000
8	Scotcampno Starch Co.	"	Manufacturing starch and its products of all kinds	3,00,000
9	Calcutta Builders' Stores*	Bengal	Manufacturing building materials, etc.	20,000
10	Villiers Engineering	Calcutta	Engineering, founding, etc.	2,00,000
11	North Bengal Agricultural Development Co.	Bengal	Starting dairy farm, etc.	1,00,000
12	Tarak Nath & Co.	Kanauj, United Provinces	Dealing in Indian products	20,000
Total Others				26,00,000
Total, Trading				27,10,000
III.—Tea and other Planting Companies				
13	Ethelbert Tea Co.*	Calcutta	Cultivation of tea, etc.	1,00,000
14	Husanpur Tea Co.	Karimganj, Assam	"	1,00,000
Total, Tea and other Planting Companies				5,00,000
IV.—Mining and Quarrying.				
(a) <i>Coal</i>				
15	Chatubai Colliery*	Calcutta	Mining and collection of minerals	2,50,000
16	Central India Coal and Minerals Co.*	Bombay	Coal mining, etc.	1,00,000
Total, Coal				3,50,000
(b) <i>Others</i>				
17	Union Oil Co. of Burma*	Burma	Extracting, refining, and dealing in jet kerosene and other mineral oils	15,00,000
18	Sylhet Lime and Trading Co.	Bengal	Lime and lime stone mining, etc.	1,00,000
Total, Others				16,00,000
Total, Mining, etc.				19,50,000
V.—Land and Building				
19	Bhowanipuri Zemindary Co.*	Bengal	Acquisition by lease of properties with mouzabs, villages, lands, houses, etc.	6,00,000
VI.—Others.				
20	Bengal Farmer's Co.	Calcutta	Carrying on business of pisciculture	1,00,000
21	Textile and General Investment Co.*	"	Dealing in shares, etc.	25,00,000
22	Barisackpore Races*	Barisackpore, Bengal	Preparing land for horse and other races, etc.	3,00,000
Total				29,00,000
(GRAND TOTAL)				88,00,000

* Registered as a private company.

CALCUTTA :

October 30, 1918

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 21, 1918.

Second SESAMUM Forecast, 1918-19.

This forecast is based upon reports received from eight provinces, which contain on an average 76 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India. The returns in this forecast exclude estimates for the "mixed" crop of the United Provinces and for the late crop of Bengal and Madras. The final Memorandum, which will be published in January, will include, as will usual, returns for these crops.

The total area so far reported for the present season is 1,589,000 acres, as against 2,756,000 acres reported at this time last year, or a decrease of 42 per cent. Details of the area by provinces are stated below:—

Second forecast, October.

Provinces	1918-19	1917-18	Increase + or Decrease —
	Acres	Acres	Acres
United Provinces (unmixed crop)	125,000	200,000	—75,000
Central Provinces and Berar	477,000	580,000	—103,000
Madras	400,000	661,000	—261,000
Bombay (including Native States)	190,000	703,000	—513,000
Bengal (early crop)	169,000	172,000	—3,000
Bihar and Orissa	138,000	179,000	—41,000
Punjab	67,000	194,000	—127,000
Sind (including Native States)	20,000	41,000	—21,000
Ajmer-Merwara	3,000	23,000	—20,000
TOTAL	1,589,000	2,756,000	—1,167,000

The present condition of the crop is reported to be good only in the Central Provinces and Berar and in Bihar. Elsewhere the crop has suffered through deficient rainfall, and its condition is, on the whole, only fair.

The provincial reports are summarised below:—

United Provinces (25 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area sown with the "unmixed" crop, is estimated at 125,000 acres, which is 37 per cent below the area estimated at the corresponding date of last year. No estimate is available at present of the area sown with the "mixed" crop, which usually constitutes over two-thirds of the total area under sesamum in these provinces. Except in the Benares and Gorakhpur divisions, the rainfall has been light and insufficient throughout the monsoon period, and sowings were consequently restricted. In Mirzapur and Bundelkhand, which constitute the principal sesamum growing tracts of the provinces, the crop suffered severely from drought, and the outturn is estimated at 40 per cent of the normal; elsewhere it is estimated at from 40 to 80 per cent.

Central Provinces and Berar (16 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area sown is now estimated at 477,000 acres, being 18 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The decrease is attributed to excessive rain at sowing time, want of

sufficient seed, and failure of last year's crop. In August and the first fortnight of September the rainfall, though generally light, was well distributed, and the condition and prospects of the crop are at present on the whole satisfactory, but the crop is likely to deteriorate unless a few more showers are received soon. A normal (100 per cent) outturn is at present anticipated for the provinces as a whole.

Madras (15·8 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area sown up to 1st October is estimated at 400,000 acres, and is 40 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The decrease is attributed to the failure of the south-west monsoon in July and August. This estimate does not include the late crop, which is sown from January to March.

Bombay (5·5 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 190,000 acres (117,000 acres being in the Native States), being 73 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease is mainly due to the deficiency of rain at sowing time. The crop in north Gujarat has practically withered owing to the absence of rain after sowing. In south Gujarat its condition is fair. In the Deccan and Karnatak also the crop suffered from deficiency of rain, and it has mostly dried up in the light soils in the east. Elsewhere and in the western tracts its condition has improved by the recent rains, and a moderate yield may be expected. The condition of the crop in the Konkan is fairly good, except in a few places where it has suffered for want of moisture.

Bengal (4·8 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—No report is furnished by the province in October. The figure reported in the August forecast for the early crop was 169,000 acres, as against 172,000 acres for the corresponding period of last year.

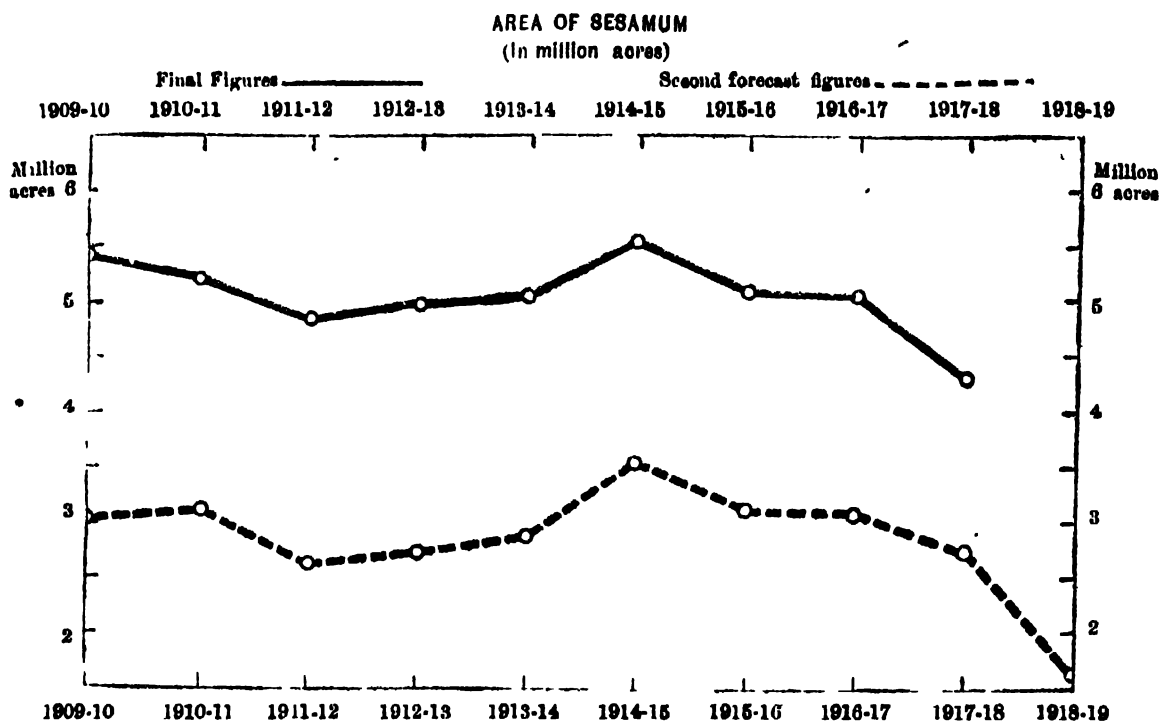
Bihar and Orissa (4 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The total area sown with both early and late crops is reported to be 138,000 acres, being 23 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. Sowings of the late crop continued at the date of report in Champaran, Bhagalpur, Angul, and Sambalpur. The weather conditions have been generally favourable for the crop, except in parts of Orissa and Chota Nagpur, where there was a deficiency of rain at the time of sowing. The average outturn for the province as a whole is estimated at 99 per cent of the normal, as against 106 per cent estimated at this time last year.

Punjab (3·5 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area sown up to the end of September is estimated at 67,000 acres, being 65 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date last year, which was, however, an over-estimate. The condition of the irrigated crop is average, and that of the unirrigated crop below average owing to deficiency of rains.

Sind (1·1 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 20,000 acres, and is 51 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease is attributed to low inundation and scanty rainfall. The crop is reported to be poor in Larkana owing to deficient water supply, elsewhere its condition is generally fair.

Ajmer-Merwara (0.5 per cent of the total area under sesamum in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 3,000 acres, being 87 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The large decrease is attributed to the failure of rains at sowing time. The crop on unirrigated area has withered, and that on irrigated area is in fair condition.

Chart.—The chart below illustrates the variations in the second estimates of acreage in the last ten years as compared with those in the final figures. The second estimates, it should be remembered, exclude the "mixed" crop (sesamum grown in combination with other crops) of the United Provinces and the late crop of Bengal and Madras, for which no estimate is made at this stage.



N. G. BASAK,
Offg. Director of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 21, 1918.

First GROUNDNUT Forecast, 1918-19.

This forecast is based upon reports received from the three provinces of Madras, Burma, and Bombay, which comprise 99 per cent of the entire groundnut area of British India.

The total area sown in the present season in these provinces is estimated at 1,147,000 acres, as against 1,771,000 acres estimated at this date last year, or a decrease of 35 per cent. The decrease is attributed to deficient rainfall at sowing time.

Details for the provinces are stated below.—

First forecast, October.

Provinces	1918-19	1917-18	Increase + or Decrease —
	Acres	Acres	Acres
Madras.	821,000	1,327,000	—506,000
Burma	236,000	237,000	—1,000
Bombay (including Native States)	90,000	207,000	—117,000
Total	1,147,000	1,771,000	—624,000

The provincial reports are summarised below—

Madras (77 per cent of the total area under groundnut in British India)—The area sown up to 1st October is estimated at 821,000 acres, and is 38 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease is most marked in the Deccan,

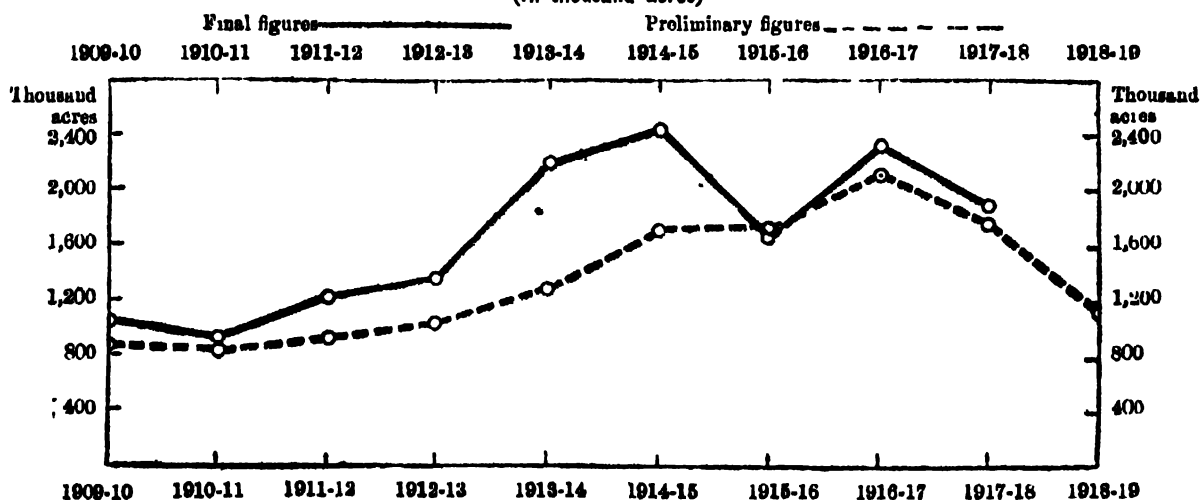
where sowings were greatly restricted owing to the failure of the rains in July and August. In Cuddapah, however, local rains enabled a fair area to be sown. The rains received in September were too late for sowing in this tract. There is also a large decrease in the Coimbatore, Salem, Trichinopoly, and Tanjore districts for similar reasons. It is possible that late September sowings in the south, which were not reported in time for this forecast, may bring the final area up to about 900,000 acres.

Burma (12 per cent of the total area under groundnut in British India).—The total area sown is estimated at 236,000 acres, as against 237,000 acres reported at this date last year. The condition of the crop is reported to be satisfactory, except in the Magwe, Meiktila, and Myingyan districts, where rainfall has been unfavourable.

Bombay (10 per cent of the total area under groundnut in British India).—The total area sown is estimated at 90,000 acres (17,000 acres being in the Native States), which is 56 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The decrease is attributed to deficiency of rain at sowing time. The crop suffered through absence of rain after sowing. Recent rains have benefited the crop in places, and its condition is generally fair. The irrigated crop is mostly doing well, except where water supply was deficient or was required for other more important crops.

Chart.—The chart below shows the variations in the preliminary estimates as compared with those in the final figures of the last ten years.

AREA OF GROUNDNUT
(In thousand acres)



N. G. BASAK,
Offg. Director of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA OCTOBER 22, 1918.

First RICE Forecast, 1918-19.

This forecast is based upon reports furnished by provinces, which contain about 99 per cent of the total area under rice in British India. The reports relate to conditions up to the 1st October.

The total area sown is reported to be 70,952,000 acres, which is 6 per cent below the revised estimate (75,315,000 acres) for the corresponding period of last year. As compared with the final estimate of last year (79,614,000* acres), the present estimate shows a decrease of 11 per cent. Detailed figures for the provinces are given below.—

First forecast

Province	1918-19	1917-18	Increase and or Decrease—
Bengal (a) . . .	21,362,000	20,748,000	+ 614,000
Bihar and Orissa (a)	15,080,000	15,595,000	— 515,000
Madras	6,082,000	5,302,000	+ 780,000
Burma	10,631,000	10,695,000	— 64,000
United Provinces (a)	5,827,000	7,171,000	— 1,344,000
Central Provinces and Berar	5,118,000	5,139,000	— 21,000
Assam (a) . . .	4,099,000	4,311,000	— 212,000
Bombay and Sind (including Native States)	2,695,000	3,331,000	— 636,000
TOTAL	70,952,000	75,315,000	— 4,363,000

The weather conditions at sowing time were not favourable, except in Lower Burma, the Central Provinces and Berar, and for the winter crop of Bengal. The present condition of the crop appears to be generally good in Burma, the Central Provinces and Berar, Madras, and with regard to the winter crop of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa. Elsewhere prospects are not very hopeful. Rain is badly wanted in the Central Provinces and Berar and in Bihar and Orissa.

The provincial reports are summarised below —

Bengal (26.3 per cent of the total area under rice in British India) —(i) The area sown with autumn (ana) rice is reported to be 5,046,000 acres, as against 5,074,000 acres estimated at this time last year. The weather conditions up to May were generally favourable. The heavy rainfall in June and the absence of sunshine, however, retarded the growth of the crop. The crop further suffered through want of rain in July in the western districts, and through floods

in that month and excessive rain in August in the eastern and northern districts. On the whole, the season was not a favourable one for the autumn crop. For the province, as a whole, the average outturn is estimated at 81 per cent of the normal, as against 87 per cent estimated at this date last year.

(ii) The area under winter (aman) rice, which is the main crop, is estimated at 15,946,000 acres, which is 4 per cent above the estimate made at this time last year. The season began very favourably, and the sowings of the deep-water broadcast crop and of seedbeds were completed in good time. As a result of the favourable rainfall in May and June preparatory tillage for the transplanted crop was well advanced. In July the rainfall was generally deficient, but the deficiency was completely made up in August and a full area of the transplanted crop has been put down. From the district reports the average outturn for the province, as a whole, works out to 90 per cent of the normal, as against 96 per cent estimated at this time last year; but the provincial Director considers 95 per cent of the normal as representing a fairly reasonable expectation for the Presidency in the absence of any unduly unfavourable weather conditions.

(iii) An area of 370,000 acres was reported in March last to be under summer (boro) rice, which is 1 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The outturn was estimated at 77 per cent of the normal, which amounts to 141,000 tons, as against 168,000 tons last year.

Bihar and Orissa (20.5 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—(i) The area under autumn rice is estimated at 3,748,000 acres, which is 1 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. Excessive rain in June and deficient rainfall in July hampered sowings and the growth of the crop, and the season on the whole has not been altogether favourable. On the basis of the district reports the average outturn is estimated at 82 per cent of the normal. The Director of Agriculture, however, remarks that the outturn appears to have been underestimated in some districts, and that in view of the good rainfall received in August, the average outturn will not fall far short of 90 per cent of the normal.

(ii) The total area sown with winter rice is estimated at 11,292,000 acres, as against 11,764,000 acres reported at this time last year, or a decrease of 4 per cent. The weather conditions were not favourable in the early part of the season, but the good rain received in August and the first half of September was favourable for the crop. According to the estimates made by district officers in September the outturn for the province, as a whole, works out to 92 per cent of the normal, as against 99 per cent estimated at this time last year. The prospects of the crop, however, depend on the rainfall during October.

*Excluding Coorg for which no estimate is available at this stage

(a) Including summer, autumn, and winter rice.

(b) Revised figure.

(iii) An area of 40,000 acres was reported in March last to be under summer rice, which is about 3 per cent above the corresponding estimate of last year. The outturn was estimated at 14,000 tons, the same as in last year.

Madras (14.1 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The area sown up to 1st October is estimated at 6,082,000 acres, being 27 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The decrease is general, and is due to the weakness of the south-west monsoon from June to August. Heavy rains were received in the middle of September in the Circars and Deccan, and sowings were in progress at the time of reporting. There is still a large area of the main crop as well as second crop which will be planted in the Carnatic, Centre, and South, provided a normal north-east monsoon is received.

Burma (13.3 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The area sown is estimated at 10,631,000 acres, which is about 1 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. Heavy floods in Insein, Hantawaddy, Tharrawaddy, Henzada, Maubin, and Thaton destroyed a large area, and replanting over a portion of this area is in progress. In Lower Burma rainfall started early and was ample. In Upper Burma rainfall was scanty and erratic. Crop prospects are generally good throughout the province.

United Provinces (8.3 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—(i) The total area sown with autumn (early) and winter (late) rice is estimated at 5,800,000 acres, being 19 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The rainfall of May was somewhat above normal in the submontane districts; elsewhere it was slight. During June it was normal in the Rohilkhand, Gorakhpur and Benares divisions, which are the principal rice-growing tracts of the provinces, and in part of Oudh; over the rest of the provinces it was insufficient for sowing. There was some rain in the early part of July in the submontane districts, but the last two weeks were almost rainless throughout the provinces. The area sown was consequently short in the Doab and Bundelkhand. The Benares and Gorakhpur divisions received sufficient rain throughout August, elsewhere the break which had lasted throughout July did not end until the third week of August, when it was too late for general sowings. There was some rain in the first week of September, but the greater part of the month was rainless. Under these conditions early rice suffered severely in Rohilkhand and most of Oudh, while late rice will probably only mature where irrigation is available.

(ii) In addition to the above, the estimates for hot weather rice are 25,000 acres and 12,000 tons, as against 24,000 acres and 11,000 tons last year.

Central Provinces and Berar (6.4 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The total area sown with rice is estimated at 5,188,000 acres (37,000 acres being in Berar). This is 1 per cent above the revised estimate for the corresponding period of last year. Sowings were generally carried out under favourable circumstances and germination was on the whole good; but weeding and thinning operations were retarded by a lengthy break in the

rains at the end of July. In August and the first part of September the rainfall, although generally light, was well distributed, and the prospects are at present hopeful in the heavy rice tract of the south of the provinces, although on light soils the crop is drying and more rain is now wanted. In the north of the provinces, particularly in Damoh and Jubbulpore, where the crop was sown late, rain is wanted more urgently, while in the plateau districts the early broadcast rice will give a normal outturn.

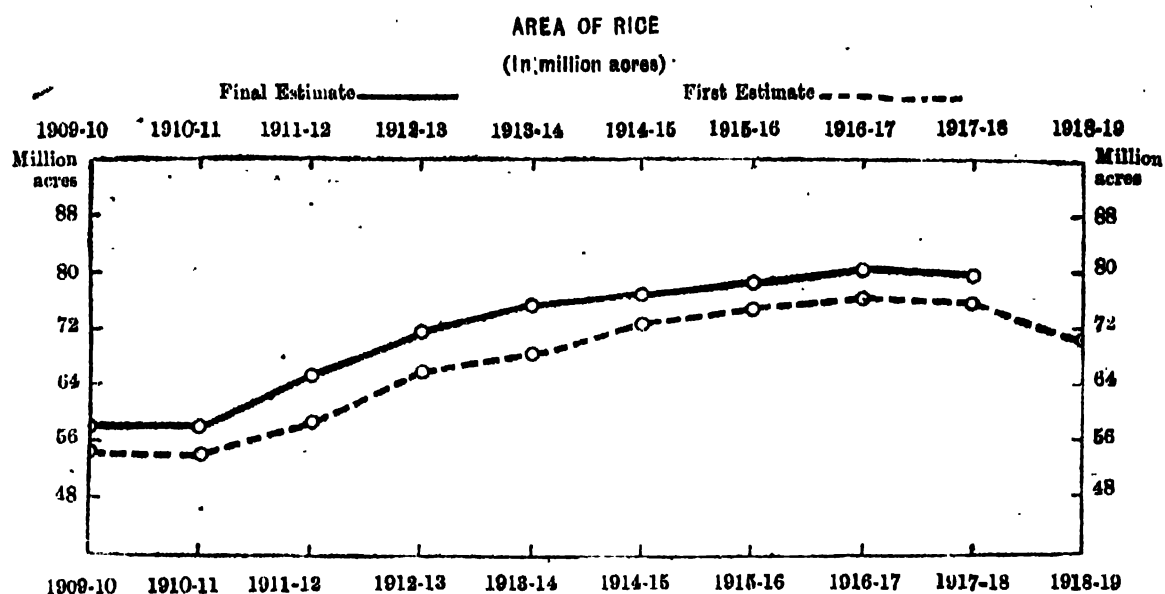
Assam (6 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—(i) The area sown with autumn rice is estimated at 644,000 acres, which is 22 per cent below the estimate made at this time last year. Insufficient rain at the sowing time and a previous good winter harvest reduced the area under autumn rice in several districts. Later in the season the weather was marked by heavy rain and high floods, which damaged the crop, particularly in Sylhet and Goalpara. The average outturn for the province, as a whole, is estimated at 69 per cent of the normal as against 85 per cent last year.

(ii) The area under winter rice is estimated at 3,195,000 acres, which is 2 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The weather up to May was generally favourable, but during June and July it was marked by abnormal rains and high floods, which damaged the broadcast crop in Sylhet and prevented transplanting in parts of Nowgong. Subsequent conditions have been favourable for the transplanted crop in all districts. The average outturn is provisionally estimated at 80 per cent of the normal, which works out to 1,086,000 tons, as against 1,340,000 tons estimated at this time last year.

(iii) An area of 250,000 acres was reported in March last to be under summer rice, this being the same as reported in the preceding year. The outturn was estimated at 90,000 tons as against 96,000 tons last year.

Bombay and Sind (3.8 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The area sown in the British districts is estimated at 2,175,000 acres (455,000 acres being in Sind), which is 19 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. Native States report a total area of 520,000 acres (8,000 acres being in Sind) as against 640,000 acres at this time last year. The information is, however, still incomplete. Deficiency of rain at the early stage curtailed area everywhere, particularly in Gujarat and in the Deccan. In Sind low inundation brought about the same result, especially in the south. Since May the rains have generally been more or less defective, which have delayed transplanting operations and are damaging crops except in favourable situations or where helped by irrigation. On the whole, the condition of the crops is only fair in the Konkan and West Deccan; elsewhere it is poor. In Sind the crop suffered more or less from deficient water-supply and its condition is fair to poor.

Chart.—The chart below illustrates the variations in the preliminary estimates of area as compared with those in the final figures of the last ten years. It should, however, be remembered that the large increase during 1911-12 to 1913-14 was largely due to the addition of reporting tracts from year to year.



Rice Crop in Foreign Countries.—From the latest information published by the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, it appears that in the United States of America, the area sown with the crop in 1918 is estimated at 1,120,000 acres as against 964,000 acres in 1917. In Italy the area sown in 1918 is estimated at 321,000 acres, which is 7 per cent below the estimate of 1917. The condition of the crop is reported to be good.

From information especially obtained from British Consulates, it appears that the area under rice crop in Java in 1918 is estimated at 8,304,000 acres. The rice crop in Korea is reported to be favourable this year: and owing to the increased acreage under cultivation and the promising growth, the yield is expected to amount to 1,379,000 tons, which is 13 per cent above the estimate of 1917.

N. G. BASAK,
Offg. Director of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, OCTOBER 22, 1918

Second SUGARCANE Forecast, 1918-19

This forecast is based upon reports furnished by provinces, which contain, on an average, 99 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India

The area so far reported this year, amounts to 2,590,000 acres, as against 2,565,000 acres estimated at this time last year, or an increase of 1 per cent. As compared with the final estimate (2,796,000 acres) last year, the present estimate shows a decrease of 7 per cent.

The crop has been adversely affected by deficient rainfall in northern India, and rain is badly wanted in parts of the United Provinces. In Bengal a good deal of damage has been done by floods. Elsewhere the present condition of the crop is reported to be generally good.

The detailed figures for the provinces are as follows:—

Second forecast, October.

Province	1918-19	1917-18	Increase + or Decrease -
	Acres	Acres	Acres
United Provinces . . .	1,325,000	1,342,000	-17,000
Punjab	170,000	148,000	+22,000
Bihar and Orissa . . .	271,000	263,000	+8,000
Bengal	219,000	208,000	+11,000
Madras	113,000	110,000	+3,000
Bombay and Sind (including Native States) .	101,000	105,000	-4,000
Assam	32,000	34,000	-2,000
North-West Frontier Province . . .	31,000	30,000	+1,000
Central Provinces and Berar	28,000	25,000	+3,000
Total	2,590,000	2,565,000	+25,000

The provincial reports are summarised below —

United Provinces (53 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India)—The area planted was estimated in August last at 1,325,000 acres, as against 1,342,000 acres at the corresponding time last year, or a decrease of 1 per cent. No modification has been made since the publication of the August forecast. Benares and Gorakhpur divisions received sufficient rain throughout August, over the rest of the provinces, the break, which had lasted throughout July, came to an end about the third week of August, and in the latter half of that month most districts had a well distributed rainfall. There was some rain in the first week of September, but the greater part of the month was rainless, and the temperature was abnormally high. The outturn for the Benares and Gorakhpur divisions is estimated at about 90 per cent of the normal, but the condition of the crop is deteriorating, and if no further rain is received this estimate may require modification. Elsewhere conditions have been less favourable owing to

deficient rainfall and inadequate supplies of water in the canals, and the outturn may be put at between 50 to 80 per cent of the normal.

Punjab (15.6 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India)—The revised estimate of area up to the end of September is 470,000 acres, which is 5 per cent above the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The season has not been favourable, but the rains in the latter half of August and the beginning of September to some extent benefited the crop, which is average to good on irrigated area, and below average on unirrigated area.

Bihar and Orissa (11 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India)—The area planted is estimated at 271,000 acres, which is 3 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. The weather conditions have been favourable, except in Cuttack where excessive rain and floods in June affected the crop to some extent. The condition of the crop is reported to be generally good. The average outturn for the province, as a whole, is estimated at 99 per cent of the normal.

Bengal (9.2 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India)—The area planted is reported to be 219,000 acres, which is 5 per cent above the area reported at this time last year. The season, which was favourable at the time of planting and during the early days of the crop, finally turned out too wet. Growth has been generally retarded and a good deal of damage done by floods. Prospects have accordingly been seriously affected. The average outturn for the province is estimated at 81 per cent of the normal, as against 88 per cent last year.

Madras (3.8 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India)—The area is estimated at 113,000 acres, which is 3 per cent above the area reported at this time last year. The main increase is in the Godavari and South Arcot districts. There is some decrease in the Deccan districts owing to the unfavourable nature of the season there.

Bombay and Sind (2.8 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India)—The total area planted is reported to be 101,000 acres (40,000 acres being in the Native States). This is 4 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The crop suffered to some extent everywhere from the prolonged break in the middle of the season and from the absence of September rains in Gujarat. The deficiency has, however, been partially made up by the extended recourse to irrigation, and the crop is reported to be doing fairly well in most places.

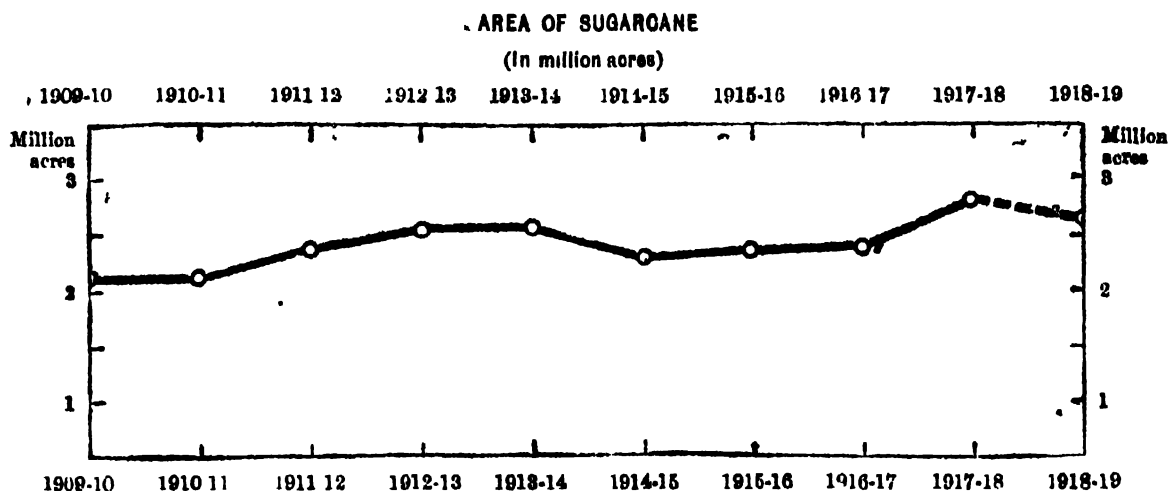
Assam (1.5 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India)—The area is estimated at 32,000 acres, which is 6 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The weather on the whole has improved since the issue of the first forecast, and the prospects of the crop appear to be generally favourable.

North-West Frontier Province (1.3 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India)—The area sown up to the end of September is estimated at 31,000 acres, which is 3 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. The figure given in the corresponding forecast of last year was, however, an underestimate. The condition of the standing crop is at present fair, and an average outturn may be expected.

Central Provinces and Berar (0.9 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in British India).—The area is estimated at 28,000 acres, being 12 per cent above the corresponding estimate of last year. In August and the first part of September the rainfall though generally light was well distributed; since then, very little rain has been received. The

prospects of the crop are at present all that could be desired, and for the province as a whole the probable outturn is estimated at 106 per cent of the normal.

Chart.—The chart below shows the estimates of area now made as compared with the final figures of the preceding nine years.



Sugarcane crop in Foreign Countries—From the latest information published by the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, it appears that in Cuba the weather was favourable for planting and for growth of cane, but rains have interrupted the gathering of the crop in some places. In Egypt the weather was on the whole favourable, although changeable. The growth is reported to be satisfactory and early planted cane is doing well.

From unofficial sources it appears that in Australia owing to large areas having been devastated by cyclones, the sugarcane crop in 1918 will fall far short of that obtained in 1917. The condition of the Louisiana crop is reported to be decidedly encouraging, and a normal yield is expected, as against 85 per cent in 1917. The weather is reported to have been favourable for the Hawaiian crop.

N. G. BASAK,
Offy. Director of Statistics.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PRINTED BY AUTHORITY

SIMLA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

HOME DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1364.

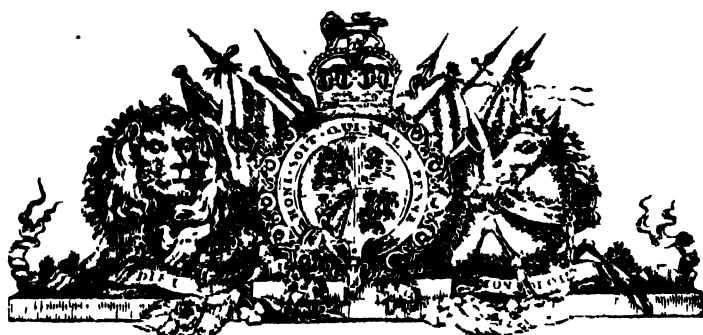
Simla, the 5th November, 1918.

A vacancy having occurred in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India by the resignation of the Honourable Sir William Stevenson Meyer, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been graciously pleased to appoint Sir James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., to be an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India.

The Honourable Sir James Scorgie Meston has, on this day, taken upon himself the execution of his office under the usual salute.

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

EXTRAORDINARY.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7 1918

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No 5060Com.—The 7th November 1918.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the articles of Commerce Ordinance, 1914 (IX of 1914), read with the Emergency Legislation Continuance Act, 1915 (I of 1915), the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that all owners (as defined in the said Ordinance) of rice, husked or unhusked, within the Presidency of Bengal who have in their possession or control any rice in excess of fifty maunds, shall, not later than the 21st November, make a return giving the particulars required in the annexed form of the stocks in their possession or control on the 20th November 1918, and shall submit the same:—

- (1) in the case of persons residing within the limits of Calcutta as defined in the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899 (Bengal Act III of 1899), and within the area bounded on the east by the river Hooghly and on the west by the Grand Trunk Road in the town of Howrah, to the Director of Civil Supplies, Bengal, and
- (2) in the case of persons residing in other parts of the Presidency to the Subdivisional Officer (including the Sadar Subdivisional Officer) of the area within which they reside.

J. DONALD

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

**Form of Return of Rice prescribed under section 3 (1) of
Ordinance No. IX of 1914.**

Name of firm or person submitting return

Address

Stocks of Rice held on the 20th November 1918.

NUMBER OF MAUNDS		Place in which stored.
Local rice.	Burma rice.	
Husked	...	
Unhusked	.	

Information is also required as to the stocks of rice, husked or unhusked, which on the average of the three preceding years would normally have been held on the above date.

This return must be submitted to the Subdivisional Officer on the 21st November 1918.

Signature of the Owner or his Agent

Date of return



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th November 1918.

No. 2588.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication, for general information, of the following telegram from the Secretary of State for India :—

Dated London, the 5th November 1918

From—The Secretary of State for India,

To—The Viceroy.

The War Cabinet have sent the following . . .

At the close of victorious operations of His Majesty's forces against the armies of the Ottoman Empire War Cabinet desire to offer their cordial congratulations to your Government and to Princes and peoples of India who have loyally answered your call. In every theatre Indian troops recruited, trained and partly equipped by you have not only maintained but even enhanced fame of Indian Army while the valour and discipline of the martial races of India have been supported by cheerful endurance and devotion of Indian labour behind lines. Economic resources of India have been successfully organised by Munitions of War Board and Indian capital has been freely forthcoming. For the vast mechanism that was necessary to achieve these results your Government was responsible and notably His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief Sir Charles Monro whose military skill, unsparing energy and sagacious counsel have greatly contributed to the success of the Indian Arms. Your efforts have been crowned with victory. A great danger has been averted from your borders and in what was once the enemy's country peoples who have suffered centuries of misrule have been set free. We congratulate India that under your guidance she has thus played a part worthy of her traditions.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 45. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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		Statement of plague seizure and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 26th October 1918
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		2012—2013
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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th November, 1918

No 54.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. S R Hignell, C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 55.—For the purposes of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Sir James Houssemayne DuBoulay.

(1791)

A C I E, C S I, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, in the said Act referred to as the Indian Legislative Council.

No 56—Mr W T M. Wright, I.C.S., whose services have been placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India, assumed charge of his duties as Attaché in the Legislative Department, on the forenoon of the 4th November, 1918.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

MEDICAL

Simla, the 5th November, 1918

No. 506—The services of Captain W. L. Forsyth, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bihar and Orissa with effect from the 22nd July 1918.

No 508. Major W. D. H. Stevenson, C.I.E., I.M.S., is appointed to be Additional Assistant Director-General, Indian Medical Service, as a temporary measure, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his office.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla, the 2nd November 1918

No 2396-Est -A—Mr. B. J. Gould, of the Political Department, is placed on special duty under the orders of His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Sudan and Kain, with effect from the 20th June 1918 and until further orders.

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Government of India

The 4th November 1918.

No. 2411-Est -A.—The services of Risaldar Major Ahmad Nur Khan of the Ziboh Militia are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

A. H. GRANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No 2412-Est -A—Mr. Denis Bray, C.I.E., of the Political Department is appointed to be a Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 10th October 1918.

The 6th November 1918.

No 2424-Est -A.—Major C. B. McConaghy, Indian Medical Service, Agency Surgeon in the Eastern States of Rajputana is appointed temporarily to hold visiting charge, in addition to his own duties, of the offices of Residency Surgeon Jaipur, and Agency Surgeon, Kotah and Jhalawar, with effect from the 1st October 1918.

J. B. WOOD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 4th November, 1918.

No. 2978-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.
September 1918. Lakhs of Rupees.

	SEPTEMBER.		TO END OF SEPT.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1917-1918.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation) ...	1,99	177	14,88	13,55	37,08	36,24
Opium ...	26	47	1,54	1,00	4,79	3,56
Salt ...	43	86	3,07	3,75	5,24	8,26
Stamps ...	71	71	4,55	4,42	8,91	8,40
Excise ...	1,36	1,13	8,15	7,16	15,97	15,20
Provincial Rates ...	...	...	1	2	4	4
Customs ...	159	1,36	9,42	7,23	16,32	16,50
Income Tax ...	57	92	3,61	3,42	9,31	9,15
Forest ...	28	23	1,52	1,31	4,01	3,89
Registration ...	6	6	11	14	81	79
Tributes from Native States ...	1	1	20	21	92	72
Other Civil Revenue ...	56	39	4,97	2,77	5,85	7,05
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE ...	7,82	7,91	52,19	45,88	1,00,07	1,08,79
Major Irrigation Revenue ...	10	9	2,25	2,33	4,03	4,35
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue ...	3	4	31	31	82	69
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works) ...	7,95	8,04	54,73	48,52	1,14,52	1,13,81
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works ...	-77	-16	-5,46	-3,30	-10,58	-9,10
Opium ...	-14	-28	-1,51	-1,53	-1,85	-1,65
Famine Relief (Civil) ...	...	...	...	...	6	-1
Other Civil Expenditure ...	-5,03	-4,34	-26,77	-23,77	-54,46	-48,26
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE ...	-5,94	-4,78	-3,73	-28,00	-66,98	-59,02
Major Irrigation Working Expenses ...	-14	-16	-9,31	95	-2,20	-1,87
Buildings and Roads Expenditure ...	-39	-13	-2,42	-2,33	-7,93	-6,00
Famine Relief (Public Works) ...	-1	-3	-19	-25	-59	-51
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure ...	16	-8	-63	-57	1,39	-1,07
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works) ...	-6,61	-5,14	-37,91	-32,70	-77,69	-68,97
Irrigation Capital Expenditure ...	-2	-4	-16	-32	-66	-57
Delhi Capital Expenditure ...	-5	-1	-25	-14	-38	-36
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE ...	-7	-5	-41	16	-1,06	-93
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Posts and Telegraphs (Net) ...	-53	-1,08	-5,19	-7,89	-6,12	-12,47
Marine (Net) ...	-90	58	-4,70	-6,19	-9,51	-11,25
Military Works (Net) ...	-54	-43	-3,09	-3,52	-3,19	-5,96
Military Receipts ...	+61	+31	+3,98	+1,75	+3,16	+6,79
Military Issues ...	-14,08	-7,73	-77,42	-45,99	-1,21,41	-1,10,58
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway ...	+83	+65	+8,16	+4,38	+9,40	...
Other Railways ...	+4,80	+3,85	+30,49	+24,48	+60,04	+68,02
TOTAL ...	+5,63	+4,50	+38,65	+32,86	+69,44	+68,02
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway ...	-42	-34	-2,89	-2,65	-5,40	...
Other Railways ...	2,76	-2,25	-19,17	-17,83	-34,55	-39,20
TOTAL ...	-3,19	-2,59	-22,06	-20,48	-40,35	-39,20
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS.	-12,99	-7,55	-69,83	-49,43	-1,07,88	-1,06,35
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net + Receipts more, - receipts less than payments) ...						
Second War Loan ...	+18,93	+1,75	+52,22	+4,164	+29,43	+43,15
Temporary Loan ...	+3,67	...	-7,80	...	...	+40,97
Cash Certificates ...	+22	...	-31	-50	...	...
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Not as above) ...	+7	-1	+93	+1	...	+11
American Credits ...	+3,77	...	+13,82	...	+4,00	-3,80
Treasury Credits ...	+2	...	+19	...	...	...
Transfers through Currency ...	...	...	+3,00	...	...	...
Currency Transfers against Silver ...	+1,52	+1,58	+9,92	+10,71	+24,52	...
Deposits of District Funds ...	-18	-8	+49	-26	+19,42	+18,67
Loans by Government ...	+27	+3	+70	+22	+11	-4
Council Bills (including Telegraphic) at Rs. 15/100 ...	-2,48	-3,85	-8,95	-16,88	-2,90	+70
Other Debt Heads ...	-1,84	-11	-6,00	-6,04	-3,67	-37,36
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS ...	+24,47	-69	+58,07	+31,90	+66,94	+60,97
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES ...	+12,73	-5,73	+4,65	-2,20	-6,37	+5
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks ...	14,92	26,47	22,99	22,94	24,78	22,94
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks ...	27,64	20,74	27,64	20,74	18,41	22,90

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 5th November, 1918.

No. 1399-F. E.—Mr. Jaigopal Bhandari has been appointed Additional Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

The 6th November, 1918.

No. 1404-F. E.—Mr. F. D. Buxy has been posted as Deputy Comptroller, India Treasuries, with effect from the 23rd October 1918.

No. 1405-F. E.—Mr. J. C. Mitra has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Telegraph Branch, Calcutta, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

No. 1406-F. E.—Mr. P. Mohan Rao has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Telegraph Check Office, with effect from the 10th October 1918.

No. 1407-F. E.—Mr. U. L. Majumdar has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Postal Branch, Calcutta, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

No. 1408-F. E.—Mr. V. C. French has been posted as Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

No. 1409-F. E.—Mr. M. A. Hafeez has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Delhi, with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

No. 1410-F. E.—Mr. R. G. Vernon has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Railways, with effect from the 11th October 1918.

No. 1411-F. E.—Mr. H. F. P. Judge has been posted as Deputy Auditor in charge of the Workshop Accounts Audit, North Western Railway, with effect from the 12th October 1918.

No. 1412-F. E.—Mr. M. Subramanyam has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from the 25th October 1918.

No. 1413-F. E.—Mr. H. G. Tomkins, C.I.E., has been posted as Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

No. 1414-F. E.—Mr. A. C. Anthony was posted as Assistant Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, from the 8th October 1918 to the 20th October 1918.

Mr. A. C. Anthony has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

Mr. R. K. Sen, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 21st October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1415-F. E.—Mr. H. K. Bose, Assistant Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, has been granted privilege leave for one month and ten days, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

Mr. V. K. Majumdar, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 21st October 1918 and during the absence on leave of Mr. H. K. Bose.

No. 1416-F. E.—Mr. H. B. Rau, Deputy Accountant General, Madras, has been granted combined leave for six months, namely privilege leave for three months and in continuation furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

The 8th November, 1918.

No. 1424-F. E.—Mr. H. Denning, I.C.S., has been placed on special duty in the Finance Department Secretariat with effect from the 3rd November 1918 and until further orders.

H. F. HOWARD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 4th November, 1918.

No. 29.—Mr. L. Bloemink, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade (provisionally permanent), is promoted to Superintendent, 3rd grade (provisionally permanent), with effect from the 10th October 1918, *vice* Mr. H. M. L. Marchant, Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, whose services have been placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

F. C. ROSE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COMMERCE--WAR.

Simla, the 9th November, 1918.

No. 12195.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor (General in Council) is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 2043, dated the 27th April 1918, as subsequently amended, viz:—

Additions.

American Hospital Supply Co., Harbin.
 Barrant, C. E., Harbin
 China Film Syndicate, Harbin.
 China-French Tobacco Co., Mukden.
 Chung Fu Pharmacy Limited, Hankow.
 Conner, T. C., Harbin
 Cooper, L. D., Harbin.
 Davis, Malcolm, Harbin.
 Electric Light Works, Mukden, Changchun
 Eskaline, Carl J., Harbin
 Fitzsimmons, A. E., Harbin.
 Gensburger, Henri, Shanghai.
 Gensburger, Victor, Shanghai.
 Hager, A. R., Shanghai.
 Hoffman, John D., Harbin.
 International Correspondence Schools (China Agency), Shanghai.
 Jarrot, George, Harbin
 Karim Baksh, H. K. B., Shanghai.
 Lee, J. M. and Co., Hankow.
 Lefkowitz, Joseph, Harbin.
 Manchurian Development Co., Harbin.
 Mission of Seventh Day Adventists, Mukden.
 Moukden Club, Mukden
 O'Brien Trading Co., Harbin
 Pacific Orient Co., (Berelson, J. B.), Tientsin
 Peck, A. P. Dr., (Early and Moor), Tientsin
 Petit, Marshall Co., Harbin
 Russo-Asiatic Fur Company, Inc., Mukden.
 Technical Supply Co., Shanghai.
 Th. Culty, So Kuan Yin Ssu Huttung, Peking
 Tuck, Charles H., Harbin.
 Wagman, N., Mukden.
 Wulfsohn, Max, Mukden.
 Young Men's Christian Association, Mukden, Kirin.

Alterations.

Huber, E. and Co., Shanghai
should read
Huber, E. and Co., Shanghai and Tientsin.
Moysey, H. J. (A. B. Sveiriska Kullager Fabriken)
should read
Mosey, H. J. (A. B. Svenska Kullager Fabriken).
Sennet Freres, Shanghai
should read
Sennet Freres, Shanghai and Peking.
Sveiriska Kullager Fabriken A. B. (Moysey, H. J.)
should read
Svenska Kullager Fabriken A. B. (Moysey, H. J.).
Tobacco Products Corporation, Shanghai
should read
Tobacco Products Corporation, Shanghai, Mukden.

GEOLOGY AND MINES ESTABLISHMENT.

The 9th November, 1918

No. 12414 Mr. H. Walker, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is appointed Curator of the Geological Museum and Laboratory with effect from the afternoon of the 26th October 1918 *vice* Mr. G. de P. Cotter

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Sulda, the 6th November 1918.

No. 284 With reference to the Department of Education notification No. 195, dated the 15th July 1918, the Most Revd. G. A. Lefroy, D. D., Lord Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan in India and Ceylon is granted an extension of furlough for one month with effect from the 29th October 1918.

The 7th November 1918.

No. 286—The Reverend H. W. Spurling, temporary chaplain on the Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment, resigned the service in the afternoon of the 29th July 1918.

GENERAL.

The 8th November 1918

No. 766—Mr. K. Inayatullah Khan, Officiating Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Education is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 5th November 1918.

SANITARY.

The 5th November, 1918.

No. 384 Whereas the Governor General in Council is satisfied that Ajmer is visited by an outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease and that there is a danger of its spread, if pilgrims or other persons from Bengal and Bombay Presidencies, the United Provinces, the Punjab, the Central Provinces, the Hyderabad State, Central India and Rajputana are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Pushkar Fair

In exercise of the power conferred by section 2, subsection (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (H.I. of 1897) the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by Railway to the stations of Sindh, Beawar, Khinwa, Mangaliawas, Saradhn, Talp, Ajmer, Madai, Ladpura, Akhri, Hatundi, Nasrabad and Bandinwara on the Rajputana-Malwa Railway shall be sold from the 5th to the 29th November 1918 (both days inclusive) within the Bengal and Bombay Presidencies, the United Provinces, the Punjab, the Central Provinces, the Hyderabad State, Central India and Rajputana to any pilgrim or other person intending or believed to be intending to proceed to the Pushkar Fair at the town of Pushkar.

The 6th November, 1918

No. 388.—Mr. P. R. Awati has been appointed to be Medical Entomologist and attached to the Bacteriological Department, with effect from the 11th November 1917.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Simla, the 8th November, 1918.***PART A.****PROMOTIONS.**

No. 2589 —The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary ranks specified while holding the appointments noted :—

To be temporary Lieutenant-Colonel

Major C E Edward-Collins, Supply and Transport Corps, while holding the appointment of Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport Dated 24th September 1918

To be temporary Majors.

Captain J A Ward, Army Veterinary Corps, while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Director of Veterinary Services. Dated 6th September 1918

Lieutenant T. L Williams, The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, while holding the appointment of General Staff Officer, 2nd grade Dated 26th April 1918

To be temporary Captains.

Second Lieutenant A J Campbell, The Royal Sussex Regiment,

Second Lieutenant J C Slatter, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Second Lieutenant R J Lamb Prime Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

Second Lieutenant W. O Bennon, Indian Army (T. C.).

} while holding the appointment of Railway Transport Officer. Dated 15th September 1918

INDIAN ARMY

No 2590 — The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel

Archibald Francis Stewart 111th Mahrattas Dated 28th September 1918

Captains to be Majors

Frederick Gwatkin, 18th King George's Own Lancers

Francis Robert Farquhar, M C, 36th Jacob's Horse

Ronald Edmund Barrow 38th Dogras

Arthur Marcus Mosely Cheeke, 104th Wellesley's Rifles

Harold Exham, 7th Gurkha Rifles

John McLeod Crigor Taylor, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment)

Guy Tullock Dinnys, 31st Punjabis.

} Dated 19th August 1918.

} Dated 10th October 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains

Anthony Aloysius Emmanuel Pilose, 39th King George's Own Central India Horse, Dated 8th August 1918

Douglas David Gracey, M C 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment)

Harold Rawden Briggs, attached 31st Punjabis

Roger Eustace Le Fleming, 102nd King Edwards' Own Grenadiers

Douglas Albert Christie 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs

Harold Douglas Kyrle Money, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides, (Frontier Force (Lumsden's) (Infantry))

Gerald Carr-White 23rd Cavalry, (Frontier Force) Dated 1st October 1918

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants

Horace Stanley Morris, M C, attached 92nd Punjabis Dated 20th November 1917.

Harvey Goodwin Pattinson Stubbs, attached 24th Punjabis Dated 20th May 1918.

Arthur John Millard Wilton, attached 116th Mahrattas.

Donald Hanson Tapp, attached 114th Mahrattas

Victor George Joseph Barton, attached 75th Carnatic Infantry

Reginald Stanley Woodman, attached 116th Mahrattas

William George Arthur Lambert, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers.

John Ruahine Weston, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Dugald Mitchell McDougall, attached The 101st Grenadiers.

Robert Lionel Phillips, attached 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

} Dated 12th September 1918.

Edward Samuel Storey-Cooper, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 19th September 1918.

Alfred Edward St John Adams, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 25th October 1918

Theobald David Cogswell Owens, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Sidney Frier Winekley, attached 12th Cavalry.

Percival Jerome Phillips, attached 89th Punjabis

Ronald Austen Buss, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles, (The Sirmoor Rifles).

George Thomas Pearson, attached 58th Vanghan's Rifles (Frontier Force) } Dated 27th October 1918

Alan George Warren, attached 22nd Punjabis

Henry Malcolm Smyth, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles

Harold Willoughby le Pelly Kershaw, attached 107th Pioneers.

John Furley Taylor Trevitt, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles.

No 2591—Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) N. C. Bannatyne, 125th Pioneers is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 1st grade. Dated 21st September 1918

No 2592—Major W. H. Anderson, Indian Army, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Director of Remounts. Dated 25th February 1918

No. 2593 Major F. G. Gillies, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 1st Grade. Dated 26th April 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No 2594—Subject to His Majesty's approval and with effect from the 1st October 1918, Brevet-Colonel Henry Francis Cleveland, C.I.E., V.I.S., is promoted to the rank of Colonel on temporary augmentation of establishment.

Colonel Cleveland's tenure of appointment will reckon from the 25th October 1918.

No 2595 Subject to His Majesty's approval and with effect from the 3rd September 1918, Lieutenant-Colonel John Blackburn Smith, C.B., M.B., is promoted to the rank of Colonel on temporary augmentation of establishment.

Colonel Smith's tenure of appointment will reckon from the 20th October 1918.

No 2596—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

David Claude Kemp. Dated 28th July 1918.

No. 2597 In Army Department Notification No 1495, dated the 5th July 1918, for "Majaraj Das" read "Maharaj Das"

INDIAN LAND FORCES.

No. 2598 The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Temporary Second Lieutenant to be temporary Lieutenant.

Muhammad Fakhruddin Khan. Dated 5th October 1918.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No 2599. The undermentioned warrant officers are promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissary (supernumery) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, (subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112 of 1918; with effect from the dates specified :—

Conductor Alfred John Hill. Dated 27th September 1918

Conductor Lewis Bertrand Ginn. Dated 1st November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No 2600.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Cavalry Branch.

John Stewart Trench. Dated 25th September 1918.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Infantry Branch.

Albert Frederick Cook. Dated 16th October 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Infantry Branch.

Ernest Hutchinson. Dated 1st March 1918.

David Hill Brown. Dated 28th March 1918

Clifford Rose. Dated 26th August 1918.

Edward Joseph Austen Dated 29th August 1918.

Arthur Williams Dated 29th August 1918

Carl Rupert Addinall Dated 26th September 1918

Horace Le Geyt Gasper. Dated 6th November 1918

No. 2601—In Army Department Notification No. 1809, dated the 21st September, 1917, against the name of Thomas Archibald Inglis, after "2nd August 1916" add "but without pay and allowances prior to the 1st September 1916"

No. 2602—In Army Department Notification No. 1808, dated the 9th August 1918 for "Rector Deacon" read "Hector Deacon."

No. 2603—The following promotions are made subject to His Majesty's approval:—
Temporary Second Lieutenants to be Temporary Lieutenants.

A. M. Whitton Dated 6th April 1918.

G. T. B. Baddeley Dated 1st May 1918

H. Williamson Dated 5th October 1918

No. 2604—Lieutenant M. H. Ormsby, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding a special appointment Dated 15th August 1918

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

3rd (Rangoon Port Defence) Group Garrison Artillery.

No. 2605—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Captain to be Major.

Robert Hamilton Trench Dated 13th June 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Frank Buckney

Edgar Frank Dunk

} Dated 13th June 1918

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

David Goodwillie

Frederick Hugh McGregor

William Smith Hepburn.

. } Dated 13th June 1918

4th Simla Rifles

No. 2606—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Captains to be Majors.

Robert Sanderson

Robert Scott Troup

George William Marshall, I S.O. & D

} Dated 13th April 1918

Lieutenants to be Captains

Basil Clarence Lahey Bean.

Geoffrey Rothe Clarke

} Dated 13th April 1918.

35th Prome Battalion

No. 2607 The following promotions are made subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants

Robert Benson Ewbank.

George Henry Threlton-Dyer

George Monteath Dated 24th July 1918.

} Dated 16th July 1918

REGULAR FORCES

INFANTRY

GARRISON BATTALIONS

No. 2608—The following acting promotions are notified subject to His Majesty's approval:—

The Manchester Regiment

Major R. Ashworth, T.D., to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 2nd May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel H. W. K. Bretherton, invalided with effect from the 17th April 1918

RESERVE BATTALIONS (INDIA)

Lieutenant J. K. Brand, The Devonshire Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, to complete establishment Dated 20th April 1918.

Lieutenant C. T. Stubb, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), to be acting Captain while commanding a company, to complete establishment. Dated 24th June 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2609—The following acting promotions are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

3rd Brahmins.

Lieutenant R. J. H. Fell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (additional) Dated 22nd August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) O. E. Jones, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, invalided with effect from the 7th August 1918.

63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. Hurford-Jones, attached, retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 17th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. C. O. Morphy, relieved, with effect from the 17th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. C. O. Morphy, attached, retains his acting rank (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. Hurford-Jones, vacated with effect from the 17th July 1918.

Lieutenant E. C. O. Morphy, attached, retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 24th August 1918, *vice* Major L. Phillips, appointed temporary Commandant, with effect from the 24th August 1918.

66th Punjabis.

Major P. S. Stoney, Company Commander, 26th Punjabis, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 27th October 1918.

81st Pioneers.

Major G. A. McWatters to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 27th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. W. H. Billantine, attached, on ceasing to be acting Captain (additional) retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 27th August 1918.

Lieutenant W. J. Breething, attached, to be acting Captain (additional). Dated 27th August 1918.

113th Infantry.

Major G. S. Douglas, 18th Infantry, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 18th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel A. A. James, vacated with effect from the 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. W. Withers, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, on ceasing to be acting Captain (additional) retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 18th September 1918.

Lieutenant J. Sowler, attached, to be acting Captain (additional). Dated 18th September 1918.

Lieutenant H. A. C. Lewis, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as Adjutant. Dated 16th December 1917.

151st Infantry.

Lieutenant L. W. Hitchcock, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 21st August 1918 to 25th August 1918, inclusive, *vice* Captain W. M. Grylls, vacated with effect from the 6th August 1918.

Lieutenant C. L. Browne, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain, while commanding a company. Dated 10th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant L. W. Hitchcock, relieved, with effect from the 26th August 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY.

No. 2610.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officer to be Second Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regiment).

Serjeant Ernest Groom. Dated 7th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2611.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 1958, dated the 9th November 1917, No. 2020, dated the 22nd November 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 2244, dated the 28th December 1917, No. 58, dated the 12th January 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918, and No. 1950, dated the 30th August 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the dates specified:—

Godfrey William Warren White. Dated 28th July 1918.

Guy Dowling. Dated 3rd November 1918.

Gerrard Napier Wilkinson. Dated 7th April 1918.

Edmund Louis Harrison. Dated 10th September 1918.

Ronald Mark Eaton King. Dated 16th September 1918.

Walter Lindley Fawcett, M.C. Dated 16th September 1918.

William Stanley Furness, M C Dated 6th May 1918
 George Derbyshire Taylor Dated 5th July 1918.
 George Cecil Ballentine. Dated 1st July 1918.
 George Oswald Nightingale Dated 25th September 1918
 John Dalrymple Calder Marshall. Dated 1st July 1918
 Harry Leon Moore. Dated 1st August 1918.
 William Stanhope Pender. Dated 3rd November 1918.
 George Salt. Dated 29th August 1918
 Bernard Stafford Sowton. Dated 6th May 1918.
 Albert George Porter. Dated 20th July 1918.
 Rowden French Fitzherbert. Dated 20th August 1918
 Alexander Caruth Caruth Dated 6th April 1918.
 Arthur Leslie Hanna. Dated 3rd November 1918.
 Roy William Bowe. Dated 3rd November 1918.
 Charles George Bretin. Dated 5th November 1918.

No 2612.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Captain.

Captain Alexander Bainbridge Craddock, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry Dated 20th November 1917, but to rank from the 21st January 1917

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Malcolm Thorne, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 17th March 1916.

Captain Thomas Richard Henry, The Royal Irish Fusiliers, attached 9th Bhopal Infantry Dated 18th October 1918, but to rank from the 15th May 1916.

Lieutenant Lewis Henry Bearne, The Duke of Edinburgh's Wiltshire Regiment, attached 151st Infantry Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 11th July 1916.

Captain Hugh William Hind, D S O, M C., The London Regiment (Hackney), attached 22nd Punjabis Dated 18th October 1918, but to rank from the 29th July 1916

Lieutenant Charles Frederick Byrde Pearce, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), attached 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment) Dated 5th October 1918, but to rank from the 1st September 1916.

Lieutenant Randal Matthews Burdon, M C, The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment) attached 81st Pioneers Dated 16th October 1918, but to rank from the 18th January 1917.

Lieutenant Nigel Trenly George Murray, The Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 29th Punjabis. Dated 22nd October 1918, but to rank from the 7th April 1917.

Lieutenant Frank Harold Barfield, Army Cyclist Corps, attached 43rd Erinpura Regiment. Dated 18th October 1918, but to rank from the 21st July 1917.

Lieutenant Robert Leslie Garden, New Zealand Forces, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 5th December 1917, but to rank from the 26th July 1917

Lieutenant Arthur Charles Taylor, D S O, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 7th August 1917.

Second Lieutenant Ronald Eric Wilton, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 12th September 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Arthur Reginald Chapman, Buckinghamshire Yeomanry, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse. Dated 25th October 1918, but to rank from the 17th November 1917.

Second Lieutenant Joseph Andrew Holmes, The Durham Light Infantry, attached 43rd Erinpura Regiment. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 1st December 1917

Second Lieutenant Frederick Robert Hamer, The West India Regiment, attached 88th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 6th December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Horace Augustine Weeks, The London Regiment (St. Pancras), attached 48th Pioneers. Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Edgar John Elson, Machine Gun Corps, attached 111th Mahars. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 26th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Agutta Biawu, The Norfolk Regiment, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Harold Edington Dickens, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 98th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Robert Henry Smith, Warwickshire Yeomanry, attached 20th Deccan Horse. Dated 22nd April 1918, but to rank from the 8th April 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Duncan Edmeades, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 69th Punjabis. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

68rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. Hurford-Jones, attached, retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 17th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. C. O. Morphy, relieved, with effect from the 17th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. C. O. Morphy, attached, retains his acting rank (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. Hurford-Jones, vacated with effect from the 17th July 1918.

Lieutenant E. C. O. Morphy, attached, retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 24th August 1918, *vice* Major L. Phillips, appointed temporary Commandant, with effect from the 24th August 1918.

66th Punjabis.

Major P. S. Stoney, Company Commander, 26th Punjabis, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 27th October 1918.

81st Pioneers.

Major G. A. McWatters to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 27th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. W. H. Ballantine, attached, on ceasing to be acting Captain (additional) retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 27th August 1918.

Lieutenant W. J. Breething, attached, to be acting Captain (additional). Dated 27th August 1918.

113th Infantry.

Major G. S. Douglas, 18th Infantry, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 18th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel A. A. James, vacated with effect from the 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. W. Withers, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, on ceasing to be acting Captain (additional) retains his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 18th September 1918.

Lieutenant J. Sowler, attached, to be acting Captain (additional). Dated 18th September 1918.

Lieutenant H. A. C. Lewis, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as Adjutant. Dated 16th December 1917.

151st Infantry.

Lieutenant L. W. Hitchcock, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 21st August 1918 to 25th August 1918, inclusive, *vice* Captain W. M. Grylls, vacated with effect from the 6th August, 1918.

Lieutenant C. L. Browne, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain, while commanding a company. Dated 10th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant L. W. Hitchcock, relieved, with effect from the 26th August 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY

No. 2610.—The undermentioned non-commissioned officer to be Second Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

The Prince of Wales's (North Staffordshire Regiment).

Serjeant Ernest Groom. Dated 7th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY

No. 2611.—The under mentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 1958, dated the 9th November 1917, No. 2020, dated the 22nd November 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 2244, dated the 28th December 1917, No. 59, dated the 12th January 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918, and No. 1950, dated the 30th August 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the dates specified:—

Godfrey William Warren White. Dated 28th July 1918.

Guy Dowling. Dated 3rd November 1918.

Gerrard Napier Wilkinson. Dated 7th April 1918.

Edmund Louis Harrison. Dated 10th September 1918.

Ronald Mark Eaton King. Dated 16th September 1918.

Walter Lindley Fawcett, M.C. Dated 16th September 1918.

William Stanley Furness, M. C. Dated 6th May 1918
 George Derbyshire Taylor Dated 5th July 1918.
 George Cecil Ballentine Dated 1st July 1918.
 George Oswald Nightingale Dated 25th September 1918
 John Dalrymple Calder Marshall. Dated 1st July 1918
 Harry Leon Moore. Dated 1st August 1918.
 William Stanhope Pender. Dated 3rd November 1918.
 George Salt. Dated 29th August 1918
 Bernard Stafford Sowton. Dated 6th May 1918.
 Albert George Porter. Dated 29th July 1918.
 Rowden French Fitzherbert Dated 20th August 1918
 Alexander Caruth Caruth. Dated 6th April 1918
 Arthur Leslie Hanna. Dated 3rd November 1918.
 Roy William Bows. Dated 3rd November 1918.
 Charles George Broton. Dated 5th November 1918.

No 2612.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Captain.

Captain Alexander Bainbridge Craddock, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry Dated 20th November 1917, but to rank from the 21st January 1917

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Malcolm Thorne, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 17th March 1916

Captain Thomas Richard Henry, The Royal Irish Fusiliers, attached 9th Bhopal Infantry Dated 18th October 1918, but to rank from the 15th May 1916.

Lieutenant Lewis Henry Bearne, The Duke of Edinburgh's Wiltshire Regiment, attached 151st Infantry Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 14th July 1916.

Captain Hugh William Hind, D.S.O., M.C., The London Regiment (Hackney), attached 22nd Punjabis Dated 18th October 1918, but to rank from the 29th July 1916

Lieutenant Charles Frederick Byrde Pearce, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), attached 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment) Dated 5th October 1918, but to rank from the 1st September 1916

Lieutenant Randal Matthews Burdon, M.C., The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment) attached 81st Pioneers Dated 16th October 1918, but to rank from the 18th January 1917.

Lieutenant Nigel Trenly George Murray, The Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 29th Punjabis. Dated 22nd October 1918, but to rank from the 7th April 1917.

Lieutenant Frank Harold Barfield, Army Cyclist Corps, attached 43rd Erinpura Regiment. Dated 18th October 1918, but to rank from the 21st July 1917.

Lieutenant Robert Leslie Garden, New Zealand Forces, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 5th December 1917, but to rank from the 26th July 1917

Lieutenant Arthur Charles Taylor, D.S.O., The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 7th August 1917.

Second Lieutenant Ronald Eric Wilson, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 12th September 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Arthur Reginald Chapman, Buckinghamshire Yeomanry, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse. Dated 25th October 1918, but to rank from the 17th November 1917.

Second Lieutenant Joseph Andrew Holmes, The Durham Light Infantry, attached 43rd Erinpura Regiment. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 1st December 1917

Second Lieutenant Frederick Robert Hamer, The West India Regiment, attached 88th Carnatic Infantry Dated 6th September 1918, but to rank from the 6th December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Horace Augustine Weeks, The London Regiment (St. Pancras), attached 48th Pioneers. Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Edgar John Elson, Machine Gun Corps, attached 111th Mahars Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 26th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Agutta Biawu, The Norfolk Regiment, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Harold Edington Dickens, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 98th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Robert Henry Smith, Warwickshire Yeomanry, attached 20th Deccan Horse. Dated 22nd April 1918, but to rank from the 8th April 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Duncan Edmeades, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 69th Punjabis. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant David Duncan Little, The King's Own Scottish Borderers, attached 82nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Charles Pryce Abbott, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 31st July 1918.

Second Lieutenant Henry Hier Jacob, 3rd Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 152nd Infantry. Dated 11th October 1918, but to rank from the 24th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant William McQueen Stedman, The Highland Light Infantry, attached 47th Sikhs. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 28th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant James Lewis Call w. The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), attached 10th Cavalry. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 8th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant Edwin Dudley Ernest Barrett, Machine Gun Corps, attached 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment). Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 26th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Francis Welch, The King's (Shropshire Light Infantry), attached 42nd Deoli Regiment. Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 30th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant Frank Harold Burgess D.C.M., The Lincolnshire Regiment, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers. Dated 16th September 1918, but to rank from the 30th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant Johan Waterfall, The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry), attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 30th October 1918.

No 2613.—The undermentioned Second Lieutenants from the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Army, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Joshua Rowland Brookes, attached 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse). Dated 4th September 1918.

Charles Arnold Thornton, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918.

Edward Skinner Simpson, attached 73rd Carnatic Infantry. Dated 23rd September 1918.

William Bertram Graham Carmichael, attached 123rd Outram's Rifles. Dated 16th September 1918.

Ronald Gordon, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Hugh Ronald Officer, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 4th September 1918.

George Dangerfield Bryant, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 5th September 1918.

Eric Myers, attached 17th Sikhs. Dated 5th September 1918.

Charles Richard Allen May, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 2nd September 1918.

David Henry James Williams, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 5th September 1918.

William Gerald Murray Thompson, attached 18th King George's Own Lancers. Dated 4th September 1918.

William Richmond Darnell, attached 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Cecil Douglas Clapp, attached 15th Rattray's Sikhs. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Francis Ormsby Rowland Hill, attached 37th Dogras. Dated 7th September 1918.

Samuel Holmes Johnson, attached 2nd Lancers (Garhwal's Horse). Dated 14th September 1918.

Robert Karn Mildon, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry. Dated 4th September 1918.

Roland Edward Sydney Ingram-Johnson, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 5th September 1918.

Richard Wilkins, attached 55th Coke's Rifles Frontier Force. Dated 2nd September 1918.

David John Christie Wallace, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 2nd September 1918.

Charles Malet Lane, attached 26th Punjabis. Dated 5th September 1918.

William Douglas McGregor, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 13th September 1918.

Hubert Allen Skone, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918.

Cuthbert John Toyne, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 5th September 1918.

William Lowry Alston, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 14th September 1918.

Roy Malcolm McDougall, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 5th September 1918.

John Franklyn Blackden, attached 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers. Dated 5th September 1918.

Frank Stone Cluabut, attached 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 14th September 1918.

Victor Walter Jones, attached 18th Pioneers. Dated 15th September 1918.

Shadwell Keith Murray, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 1st September 1918.

Malcolm Douglas Hindle, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 4th September 1918.

Oskar Kinsman Steveni, attached 107th Pioneers. Dated 1st September 1918.

- Terence Nelson Smith, attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Richard Maurice Foskett, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 13th September 1918.
 Roger Francis Worthington, attached 64th Pioneers. Dated 14th September 1918.
 Robert Alexander Henry Tomlinson, attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 5th September 1918.
 William David Kenny, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 15th September 1918.
 Percival Proctor, attached 76th Punjabis. Dated 4th September 1918.
 Charles Fraser Raper, attached 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis). Dated 4th September 1918.
 Dudley Charles Haden Ferguson, attached 93rd Burma Infantry. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Henry St. Clair Ogilvie Will, attached 45th Rattray's Sikhs. Dated 3rd September 1918.
 John Bulgin, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918.
 Henri Nicolle Pirouet, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 4th September 1918.
 Arthur Leslie de Villiers Rundle, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment). Dated 4th September 1918.
 Edwin Graham Straton Henderson, attached 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 10th September 1918.
 Frederick Joseph Richardson Gibson, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 2nd September 1918.
 Norman Dallas-Conte, attached 104th Wellesley's Rifles. Dated 15th September 1918.
 Arthur Rushworth Spurgin, attached 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment). Dated 5th September 1918.
 Alan Arthur Duesbury, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 3rd September 1918.
 Norman Benjamin Burge, attached 106th Hazara Pioneers. Dated 2nd September 1918.
 Hugh Egerton Greatwood, attached 123rd Outram's Rifles. Dated 5th September 1918.
 James Chermide Price, attached 117th Mahrattas. Dated 13th September 1918.
 Cecil Maltwood Coleman, attached 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 5th September 1918.
 George Wilfred Palmer, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Eric Cecil Barnes, attached 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 11th September 1918.
 Archibald Popin Whitley, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 4th September 1918.
 Robert Francis Rutledge, attached 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse. Dated 4th September 1918.
 Humphrey Ronald Sturge Plunkett, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 5th September 1918.
 William Jack Malden, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 5th September 1918.
 Edward Willoughby White, attached 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 3rd September 1918.
 Alexander Henry Morris McOstrich, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918.
 Roy Alexander Etherington, attached 4th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 1st September 1918.
 Horace Melville Day, attached 5th Cavalry. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Francis Edward Story, attached 20th Deccan Horse. Dated 14th September 1918.
 Francis William Power, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 5th September 1918.
 John Newbery Phelps, attached 38th Dogras. Dated 4th September 1918.
 Walter William Richard Pryce, attached 120th Rajputana Infantry. Dated 14th September 1918.
 Marmaduke Guy Alderson, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 22nd September 1918.
 Ernest Richard Lasham Davies, attached 8th Rajputs. Dated 5th September 1918.
 John Leek Wardle, attached 20th Deccan Horse. Dated 14th September 1918.
 Walter Henry Clulce Jones, attached 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 3rd October 1918.
 Robert William Mather, attached 114th Mahrattas. Dated 14th September 1918.
 William Godfrey Hale, attached 114th Mahrattas. Dated 14th September 1918.
 Henry James Wallace Diack, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 5th September 1918.
 Guy Ernest Lockington Bates, attached 88th King George's Own Central India Horse. Dated 16th September 1918.
 Stephen Norman Grainger, attached 112th Infantry. Dated 13th September 1918.
 Richard Knight, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 4th September 1918.
 Vyvyan Hustler Dixon, attached 17th Cavalry. Dated 4th September 1918.
 Christopher Salter Price, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 5th September 1918.
 Basil Meredith Moreton, attached 37th Dogras. Dated 4th September 1918.
 Lewis Wensley Bond Jennings, attached 64th Pioneers. Dated 24th September 1918.
 John Walter Costello, attached 28rd Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 4th September 1918.

- Nigel Watson, attached 9th Hodson's Horse Dated 4th September 1918.
 William Noel Power, attached 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force) Dated 4th September 1918.
 Desmond Eden Abercrombie, attached 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse). Dated 3rd September 1918.
 Allan Scott Wilkinson, attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers, (Probyn's Horse). Dated 4th September 1918.
 Ian Aird Roche, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles Dated 6th September 1918.
 John Lee Mason, attached The 101st Grenadiers Dated 14th September 1918.
 Harold Roland Donnelly, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 14th September 1918.
 Edward Daniel Lawrence, attached 75th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 18th September 1918.
 Miles Ransome Turner, attached 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 4th September 1918.
 William Robert Thomson, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Peter Warren, attached 16th Cavalry Dated 4th September 1918.
 Harold Maximilian Burton Dolphin, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 2nd September 1918.
 John Robin Charles, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 3rd September 1918.
 Henry Carlisle Monsell Davis, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 6th September 1918.
 Hubert Leslie Russell, attached 27th Light Cavalry. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Douglas McDuff Fife, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry Dated 14th September 1918.
 Shelley Arden Platts, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Wills Hill Brett, attached 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 14th September 1918.
 John Godfrey Robinson, attached 27th Punjabis Dated 4th September 1918.
 George Douglas Florence, attached 42nd Deoli Regiment. Dated 14th September 1918.
 William James Collier, attached 122nd Rajputana Infantry. Dated 13th September 1918.
 Alfred John Kelsall Geere, attached 67th Punjabis. Dated 15th September 1918.
 William Felix Brown, attached 10th Jats. Dated 14th September 1918.
 Frank Page Elton Bates, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 4th September 1918.
 Reginald John Peter Jones, attached 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 3rd September 1918.
 Wentworth Arthur Windsor-Aubrey, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 5th September 1918.
 William Reginald MacDonald Meyer, attached 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse). Dated 4th September 1918.
 Donald A'Brook, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Vyvyan Prowting Roberts, attached 27th Light Cavalry. Dated 5th September 1918.
 John Howell Anton, attached 25th Punjabis Dated 4th September 1918.
 Frank Julian Griffiths, attached 113th Infantry Dated 5th September 1918.
 Hugh Overthwaite Hotton, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles Dated 6th September 1918.
 John Norman Blackwell, attached 4th Cavalry. Dated 5th September 1918.
 John Graham Scott, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 1st September 1918.
 John Stephen Giles Eyre, attached 27th Punjabis Dated 14th September 1918.
 Lancelot Gutichen Watts, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment). Dated 4th September 1918.
 George Ignatius Montague Hotham, attached 4th Cavalry. Dated 8th September 1918.
 John Hewat Gillmon, attached 74th Punjabis Dated 14th September 1918.
 Alexander Charles Drought, attached 113th Infantry. Dated 5th September 1918.
 Augustus Gordon Stewart Alexander, attached 39th King George's Own Central India Horse Dated 16th September 1918.
 Stanley Edgar Lane Ryan, attached 9th Hodson's Horse. Dated 4th September 1918.
 John Charles Mawhood, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 4th September 1918.
 John Henry Tenant, attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 5th September 1918.
 George Willey Hutchinson, attached 23rd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 4th September 1918.
 Arthur Vernon Dawson, attached 15th Lancers (Cuneton's Multanis). Dated 4th September 1918.
 Philip Scarborough West, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 28th September 1918.

No. 2614—Donald MacPhail, to be temporary Second Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 20th October 1918.

No. 2615.—Army Department Notification No. 2122, dated the 20th September 1918, so far as it relates to the appointment of Thomas Crowe to a temporary commission in the Indian Army, is hereby cancelled.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2616.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants with effect from the dates specified :—

Saravanamuthu Thambiah.	20th July 1918.
Victor do Rosario.	11th September 1918.
Indubhushan Ghoshal.	12th September 1918.
Jamshed Dossabhoj Gazder.	16th September 1918.
Shankar Vishnu Velankar.	29th September 1918.
Surendra Nath Chatterjee.	6th October 1918.
Phani Mohan Ghosh.	7th October 1918.
Brajendra Nath Pal.	7th October 1918.
Gopal Das Sen.	11th October 1918.
Nani Bhusan Dutt.	17th October 1918.
Amarendranath Basu.	18th October 1918.
Mulk Raj Sawhney.	18th October 1918.

No. 2617.—In Army Department Notification No. 1414, dated the 31st August 1917, or "Chandhari Gopi Nath Singh" read "Gopinath Singh Chowdhary."

No. 2618.—Bhupal Singh, M.B., to be an honorary temporary Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 8th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE.

No. 2619.—Alan Binfield Wemyss (Lieutenant, The Dorsetshire Regiment) to be Captain in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 3rd October 1918.

No. 2620.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

*Cavalry Branch.**To be Lieutenants.*

Albert Edwin Booth, The Prince of Wales' Own (West Yorkshire Regiment), attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 10th September 1915.

Bernard Valentine McGarvey, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 94th Russell's Infantry. Dated 25th September 1917, but to rank from the 18th December 1915.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Frank Leitch Walker, General List, attached 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse). Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th December 1917.

Robert George Hull, General List, attached 7th Haryana Lancers. Dated 9th January 1918, but to rank from the 25th December 1917.

*Infantry Branch.**To be Captain.*

Piercey John McQueen Mottram, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 26th Punjabis. Dated 18th September 1917, but to rank from the 1st September 1915.

To be Lieutenants.

Charles Leonard Browne, The Essex Regiment, attached 151st Infantry. Dated 20th August 1917, but to rank from the 4th January 1917.

Edwin Alan Atkins, The East Surrey Regiment, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 28th January 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

William Corbould-Warren, General List, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 15th January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Thomas Harold Waumsley, General List, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

John Vincent Billson, General List, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Harold Hays, General List, attached 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 21st December 1917.

James Hugh Titterton, General List, attached 88th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 21st March 1918, but to rank from the 27th April 1918.

No. 2621.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval.

*To be Second Lieutenants.**— Cavalry Branch.*

Gerald Harcourt Cockrell.	Dated 19th October 1918.
Herbert Henshaw Blackburne.	Dated 25th October 1918.
William Spencer.	} Dated 31st October 1918.
Alfred William Wearn.	

Infantry Branch.

William Edwin Dalling.	Dated 14th September 1918.
Harold Percy Frederick Young.	Dated 23rd September 1918.

Carl Tresilian Clogg.
 Reginald Valpy James.
 Charles Wellstood Cook.
 Edward James Brown.
 James Okey Dorrell.
 Thomas James Mander.
 Joseph Barnard Rabbitt.
 Robert McKinlay Grandison.
 Cecil George Gordon Webster.
 John Henry Day.
 Herbert Hayward Hayward.
 Harry Richar Jones.
 Harry Nash.
 Arthur William Sykes.
 Terence Michael Egan-Wyer.
 Reginald Ughtred Lookwood.
 James Mitchell.
 Albert Ernest Harkess.
 William Matthews Thomas.
 Frederick Albert Kerr Utting.
 George Cursham Lancaster.
 Thomas Swinton Swinton.
 Herbert William Bernard Kettleband.
 Douglas Raymond Lowcock.
 John Prebble.
 Joseph Soar.
 Henry Charles Wallace.
 Allan Cunningham Clark.
 John William Clarke.
 Samuel Harold Thompson.
 Basil Henry Ford.
 James Goulder George.
 Robert James Gibson.
 Henry Sylvester Mayers.
 Alfred George Mayhew.
 Leonard Parker.
 Frederick James Stanes.
 Harold Frank Thripp.

Dated 26th September 1918.
 Dated 4th October 1918.
 Dated 10th October 1918.
 Dated 11th October 1918.
 Dated 17th October 1918.

} Dated 18th October 1918.

} Dated 21st October 1918.

Dated 23rd October 1918.

} Dated 24th October 1918.

} Dated 25th October 1918.

} Dated 26th October 1918.

} Dated 27th October 1918.

} Dated 28th October 1918.

} Dated 29th October 1918.

} Dated 30th October 1918.

} Dated 31st October 1918.

No. 2622.—Charles Edward Middleton-Stewart to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers and is granted the temporary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 24th October 1918.

No. 2623.—Frank Colyer Sackett to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers and is granted the temporary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 25th October 1918.

No. 2624.—In Army Department Notification No. 1198, dated 27th September 1918, against the name of Charles Deane Fenn for "13th September 1918" read "28th October 1918."

No. 2625.—In Army Department Notification No. 1234, dated the 3rd August 1917, for "Rector Deacon" read "Hector Deacon."

No. 2626.—In Army Department Notification No. 1234, dated the 10th December 1915, against the name of Henry Agar Clark, for "4th. December 1915" read "18th September 1915."

No. 2627.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India), No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary commissions in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified :—

To be temporary Captains.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Lewis Bertrand Ginns, India Miscellaneous List. Dated 1st November 1918.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Alfred John Hill, India Miscellaneous List. Dated 2nd November 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

3rd (Rangoon Port Defence) Group Garrison Artillery.

No. 2628.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenants.

George Gabriel Compton. Dated 1st September 1918.

Roy Dry.

John Louis Leo Goss.

Alexander Fraser.

} Dated 1st October 1918.

8rd Calcutta Light Horse.

No. 2629—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Major.

Alfred Donald Pickford. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Captains (Supernumerary List).

Charles Steele Steele-Perkins.

The Hon'ble Sir Archibald Birkmyre, Kt., C.B.E. } Dated 1st April 1917.

(Army Department Notification No. 1162, dated the 31st May 1918, in so far as it relates to the appointment of Charles Steels Steele-Perkins, is cancelled.)

13th Great Indian Peninsula Railway Battalion.

No. 2630—The undermentioned gentlemen is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Captain.

Edward Bernard Cooke. Dated 1st April 1917.

18th Rangoon Battalion.

No. 2631—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenants.

James McAllister.

Edwin Albert Durnall Harding.

Kenneth Geoffrey Neale.

} Date 1st October 1918.

24th North Western Railway Battalion.

No. 2632—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Henry George Norman White, V.D. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Major.

Harry Charles Sparke, V.D. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Captains.

George William Vitalli deRhe-Philipe.

Edward Hunt.

Thomas Christmas Hales.

John Dale Green.

Alfred Dale Green.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenants.

Augustus Frederick Johnston.

Christopher Edward Spurgeon.

Charles Fitzwilliam White.

Frederick Richard Bagley August.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Edward Leslie Manico.

Sidney Marcel Avril.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

Medical Corps.

No. 2633—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned are granted temporary commissions with effect from 1st April 1917.

To be Majors.

Oliver Edward McCutcheon.

Charles Edward Baldwin Seal.

Captain Adrian Caddy. Dated 14th April 1917.

To be Captains.

William Smith Allan. Dated 1st April 1917.

Adrian Caddy. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenants.

Frederick Champ McCombie. Dated 1st April 1917.

Augustus Souza. Dated 26th October 1918.

RESIGNATIONS.**INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**

No. 2634—Temporary Captain Devarayadray Venkatia Giri was permitted to resign his commission with effect from the 1st December 1915.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2635—Lieutenant Claude Douglas Saunders, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to permitted to resign his commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers on reverting to the British Service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.*20th Nilgiri-Malabar Battalion.*

No. 2636—Second Lieutenant Joseph Channing Pearce resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 22nd August 1918.

PART B**APPOINTMENTS.****ARMY DEPARTMENT.**

No. 2637.—Captain R. Tharlo-Hughes, M.B.E., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, Registrar, Army Department, has with effect from the forenoon of the 19th October 1918, been placed on special duty with Mr. B. N. Mitra, C.I.E., O.B.E., Controller of War Accounts.

INDIAN ARMY.**APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.**

No. 2638.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Havildar-Major Dewa Singh, and Havildar Biloch Khan, No. 1 Mountain Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery; with effect from the 1st October 1918.

No. 2639.—The following promotions are made:—

16th Cavalry.

Kot-Dafadar Ram Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st April 1918; to complete the establishment

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force)

Ressaidar Ata Muhammad to be Risaldar, with effect from the 1st May 1918; to complete the establishment.

33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Quartermaster-Dafadar Ismail Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Ismadsen's).

Havildar Fazl-i-Khaliq to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Jabulpore.

Havildar Subhan Bakhsh, Royal Artillery Depot, Belgaum, to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st June 1918; to complete the establishment.

42nd (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Sher Ali to be Subadar, Quartermaster-Havildar Jagannath and Havildar-Major Hayat Ali to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th August 1918; to complete the establishment

43rd Mountain Battery.

Havildar Sewa Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918, to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners

Jemadar Bo Sugyeo to be Subadar and Havildar Maung Tin to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd September 1918; to complete the establishment

Machine Gun Corps

Jemadar Aman Singh, 21st Mountain Battery, to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry

Jemadars Tarif Singh, Balwant Singh and Dhal Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 23rd September 1918, Havildar Indar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd September 1918, Colour-Havildar Sanwal Singh, Havildars Mazal Singh, Indar Singh, Dohi Singh and Gaupat Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

8th Rajputs.

Havildar Sahdeo Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th October 1918; to complete the establishment

9th Bhopal Infantry

Havildars Atma Singh, Naubat Singh, Kashi Ram, Sanman Singh, Jagmohan Singh, Brijmohan Sukul and Ramlagan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

10th Jats

Jemadar Bhagwana to be Subadar, and Colour-Havildar Sheochand to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghulzie Regiment).

Colour-Havildar Kalbi Husain to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st January 1918, Colour-Havildar Gagan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918 and Quartermaster-Havildar Nand Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd August 1918; to complete the establishment.

13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).

Havildar Panju Singh and Harnarain Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 6th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

Havildar Wali Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th May 1918, Havildar Nur Ahmad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th May 1918, Havildar Mahbub Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th May 1918 and Havildar Barkat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th June 1918; Havildar Mahmud Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 28th July 1918, and Havildar Nabi Bakhsh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

18th Infantry.

Havildar Fateh Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1917; to complete the establishment.

Havildar-Major Allahdia Khan and Havildar Wali Muhammad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

22nd Punjabis.

Subadar Raja Khan to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 25th July 1918; *vice* Asadullah Khan, *Bahadur*, deceased.

23rd Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadars Bir Singh, Ala Singh, Pala Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 26th May 1918, Jemadar Ram Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th June 1918, Colour-Havildar Tara Singh, Havildars Mangal Singh Phaga Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 26th May 1918, Colour-Havildar Harnam Singh and Havildar Daula Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 13th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

24th Punjabis.

Jemadar Suba Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th May 1918, Jemadar Hakim Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918, Havildar Niamat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th May 1918, Havildar-Major Gurdit Singh and Havildar Ganda Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 3rd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

25th Punjabis.

Jemadar Sher Bahadur Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918, Quartermaster-Havildar Kapur Singh, Havildars Ahmad Khan, Murtala and Hari Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

29th Punjabis.

Jemadar Alam Sher to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918, Havildar Nawab Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th September 1918, Havildar Jagat Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918, Havildar-Major Lal Khan, Havildars Sardar Shah and Tura Baz Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

30th Punjabis.

Jemadar Kapur Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th July 1918; Jemadar Yar Gulam to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th July 1918 and Jemadar Panja to be Subadar, with effect from the 29th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

31st Punjabis.

Havildars Wakil, Dhian Singh and Mainga Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

32nd Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadar Sawan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 13th September 1918, Havildar Hakim Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918, Havildars Mangil Singh, Gurdit Singh and Sarban Singh and Ishar Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 13th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

34th Sikh Pioneers.

Havildar-Major Mehar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

39th Garhwal Rifles

Jemadar Bhawan Sing Rawat to be Subadar. Havildars Nether Sing Bisht, Jot Sing Rawat and Nain Sing Bisht to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

39th Garhwal Rifles

Jemadar Jatni Sing Negi to be Subadar, with effect from the 15th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

42nd Deoli Regiment.

Jemadar Kesar Lal to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st May 1917, Havildar Gopi to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st July 1917, Colour-Havildar Sirilala to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1917, Colour-Havildar Sodu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st February 1918, Havildar Umrao Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st March 1918, Colour-Havildars Unkara and Mahadewa to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

Havildar-Major Jaganatha to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th January 1918 and Colour-Havildar Partab Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd February 1918; and to remain seconded.

43rd Erinpura Regiment.

Havildar Banna and Colour-Havildars Kajju Khan and Prem Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

47th Sikhs.

Temporary Naik Tikam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918, and Naik Bhag Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Bachint Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918, and Havildar Muhammad Said to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Colour-Havildar Firoz Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918 and Havildar Qasim Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Havildar Sher Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

62nd Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Sheodath Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Thamburan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

79th Carnatic Infantry.

Havildars Madar Khan and Doraisami to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

81st Pioneers.

Jemadars Lal Khan and Muhammad Husain to be Subadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918, Colour-Havildar Shaikh Nuruddin to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th May 1918, Colour-Havildar Mirza Naqiulla Beg to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th June 1918, Colour-Havildars Sayyid Qadir and Fateh Sher to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

84th Punjabis.

Jemadar Partab Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 26th September 1918, Havildars Kishan Singh and Yaqub Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th September 1918 and Havildar Ghulam Haidar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

86th Carnatic Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Tandavarayan, Havildars Muhammad Jafar Husain and Muhammad Yusuf and Colour-Havildar Muthuvira to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

94th Russell's Infantry.

Havildar-Major Ismail Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

99th Deccan Infantry.

Jemadar Sewa Ram to be Subadar, Havildar Ram Sarup and Colour-Havildar Wajid Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th August 1918, and Havildar Gulab Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Havildar Chhotaji Bedar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

107th Pioneers.

Colour-Havildar Nihal Singh, Havildar Sohan Singh, Havildar-Major Qalandar Khan, Havildars Jamal Din and Sultan Ali to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th September 1918 and Havildar Moghal Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

112th Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Jhabbar Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

113th Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Sahib Din to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

114th Mahrattas.

Colour-Havildars Mahmud Khan and Ramchandra Jondhle to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th August 1918, Colour-Havildar Dharrao Mahdik to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918, Colour-Havildars Sarjerao Supekar and Sadar Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 14th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

120th Rajputana Infantry.

Havildar Mobta, Naiks Balu Singh and Afzal Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 27th March 1918 and Naik Shaikh Sultan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

6th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Bishan Bir Thapa to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Goris Thapa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

153rd Infantry.

Jemadar Sawan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 22nd June 1918, Colour-Havildar Ganga Singh and Havildar Abbas Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 27th May

1918, Havildar Narayan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd June 1918 and Havildar Khan Bahadur to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

166th Infantry.

Havildar Nagalingam to be Jemadar, with effect from the 29th June 1918, Colour-Havildar Sayyid Huseain to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918, Colour-Havildar Shaikh Farid, Havildars Abdul Ghani, Periasami Pillai and Havildar-Major Arinugam to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

7th Labour Corps.

Havildar Bir Singh (12th Pioneers, The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

10th Labour Corps.

Havildars Nizam Din and Shafi Muhammad (108th Infantry) to be Jemadars, with effect from the 11th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

141st Labour Corps.

Havildar Muhammad Sharif Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Combined Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow.

Dafadar Ind Raj to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 2640.—The following promotions are made :—

56th Silladar Camel Corps.

Ressaidar Indar Singh to be acting Bisaldar to complete the establishment; with effect from the 5th September 1918.

7th Bullock Corps.

No. 9 Lance Naik Jai Lal, 25th Bullock Half Troop to be Ressaidar, to complete the establishment; with effect from the 21st September 1918.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 2641.—Third class Assistant Surgeon Gerald Walter Ottmann, having completed five years' service in that class to be 2nd class Assistant Surgeon with effect from the 8th October 1918.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 2642.—The undermentioned 3rd class Assistant Surgeons having completed five years' service in that class to be 2nd class Assistant Surgeons with effect from the 1st October 1918 :—

Arthur Carr Sinclair.
Joseph Murray Richardson.
James Eyre Howard.
Edward McLelland Cuzen.
Rumold Francis Vanderhide.
John Charles Dyer.
Vincent Wallace Ashley Emile.
John Anthony Pinto.
Owen Richard Cowley Freeman.
Christopher Joseph Lincoln.

No. 2643.—3rd class Assistant Surgeon William Cyril Ne'Roy having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd class Assistant Surgeon with effect from the 1st October 1918.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 2644.—1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Nurul Hasan, *Khan Sahib*, is granted the honorary rank of Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 8th November 1918.

No. 2645.—2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon No. 1288 Gurdayal Singh, having completed five years' service in that class, to be 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 2646.—The undermentioned 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class, to be 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 20th October 1918 :—

No. 309 Kazi Saiyd Abdul Kayum.
No. 385 Shaikh Abdulla Shaikh Rahim.
No. 340 Krishna Ladoo Matker.
No. 344 Rajaram Gangadhar Khanolkar.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL LIST

No. 2647 -Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India), No. 104 of 1918, the undermentioned Staff Serjeants are promoted Sub-Conductors with effect from the 1st October 1918 —

Staff Serjeant Albert Edward Collins
 Staff Serjeant Joseph Daniel Marchant.
 Staff Serjeant Edward James Pritchard, seconded and to remain seconded
 Staff Serjeant Frederick Sheppard.
 Staff Serjeant (Supy. Sub-Conductor) Alfred James.
 Staff Serjeant McCully, seconded, and to remain seconded.
 Staff Serjeant Charles Rollins.
 Staff Serjeant William Skinner.

SOUTHERN ARMY

No 2648 —Sub-Conductor Thomas Denton to be Conductor, *vice* Supernumerary Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George Charter McLaurin retired from the service, with effect from the 12th September 1918

(Army Department Notification No 2472, dated the 18th October 1918, is hereby cancelled)

Military Works Services and Public Works Department, India.

No 2649.—Regimental Quartermaster Serjeant Frederick James Eltham, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners, is, on appointment as departmental warrant officer attached to the 1st Sappers and Miners, promoted to the rank of Conductor, and will be borne seconded on the combined warrant list of the Military Works Services and Public Works Department; with effect from the 28th May 1918, *vice* Conductor Harry Dawkins, 1st Sappers and Miners, promoted Second Lieutenant, Royal Engineers.

JUDICIAL.

No 2650 — In pursuance of section 12 of the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 (IV of 1912), the Governor-General in Council is pleased

(1) to declare the Central Asylum for European Lunatics at Ranchi to be a duly authorised lunatic asylum for the reception of Europeans from the undermentioned provinces who are subject to the provisions of the Army Act, and who have been declared to be lunatics, in accordance with the military regulations in force for the time being, and for whose admission into a lunatic asylum an administrative medical officer has, under the said section, made a reception order —

Bengal;
 United Provinces;
 Punjab,
 Bihar and Orissa;
 Central Provinces;
 Assam,
 North West Frontier Province;
 British Baluchistan;

(2) to direct that the name of the Bhowanipar (Calcutta) lunatic asylum shall be omitted from the list of asylums published in Army Department Notification No. 1010, dated the 5th December 1913

No 2651 Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given:—

First.—That information has been received by me of the deaths of the officers named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there have been received by me, as the surplus of their respective properties, the amounts set opposite their respective names in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the respective properties of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Lieutenant J Cross	Royal Army Medical Corps.	Allahabad..	21st July 1918	Not known	2,708 14 3	
Lieutenant W St. M Gibbon.	89th Punjabis ..	Nowahara ...	24th April 1918	Intestate ...	1,210 12 8	

REWARDS.

No 2652.—The following are the particulars of the acts of gallantry for which admissions to the Indian Order of Merit were sanctioned in the Fourth Supplement, dated 26th May 1917, to the London Gazette of 26th May 1917, republished in Army Department Notification No. 273, dated 9th February 1918.

Admitted to the 2nd class of the Order.

Jemadar Wazir Singh, Cavalry.

On the 11th April 1917, he was one of a party under a British officer sent forward to cut the wire to make a passage for the cavalry. Coming suddenly under machine gun fire 22 of the party of 55 were hit and the officer fell mortally wounded. Jemadar Wazir Singh helped to carry him behind a railway embankment 500 yards in the rear. He then took out 4 men and brought in two wounded men under shell and machine gun fire.

Subadar Jan Gul, Punjabis.

For conspicuous gallantry on the 27th September 1916. By his courageous example he led his men across the open up to 300 yards from the enemy's position, maintained them there for three hours and successfully withdrew. Through out this time the enemy's fire was very heavy. This Indian officer had with him 20 rifles, and desired to lead a charge, but this was considered inadvisable owing to the enemy's superiority in numbers.

No. 4799 Naik Punna Khan, Pathans.

For conspicuous gallantry on the 27th September 1916 when he maintained his machine gun for three hours under heavy frontal machine gun and rifle fire 300 yards from the enemy's position. During this time the enemy brought up another machine gun on his right flank in order to enfilade our lines, but Punna Khan silenced this machine gun every time it opened fire until he was wounded.

No. 596, Sepoy Munsib Dar Baluchis.

For conspicuous gallantry on the 7th December 1916 as No 1 of his gun. He was continuously at his gun under heavy artillery and machine gun fire. He had no cover. His fire kept down the fire of two hostile machine guns being employed against the redoubt on his left. He was dangerously wounded next day, and has since died of his wounds.

No. 2238, Sepoy Satta Singh, Jind Imperial Service Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry on the 9th October 1916. The regiment having occupied some of the enemy's trencher, it became necessary to halt. In order to carry out a further advance, it was necessary to proceed along a communication trench which was enfiladed. In this trench, which was subject to a hot fire from the fort, were lying a number of killed, whose bodies impeded the advance. Sepoy Satta Singh assisted by No. 1492, Sepoy Khiwan Singh, proceeded forward under fire and removed the corpses which were blocking the way.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH

No. 2653.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion, with effect from the 15th October 1918 of the undermentioned warrant officer of the Indian Medical Department, for services during the present war :—

To be 3rd Class Assistant.

Surgeon Malcolm Joseph Nicholas.

No. 2654—The following corrections are made to Army Department Notification No. 2536, dated the 25th October 1918 :—

Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity).

For 1878 Havildar Mauhar Singh Gurung, Infantry,

Read 1878 Havildar Manhar Sing Gurung, Infantry.

For 3632 Lance-Naik Ait Singh Thapa, Infantry,

Read 3632 Lance-Naik Ait Sing Thapa, Infantry.

RETENTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 2655.—The undermentioned Senior Assistant Surgeons are retained in the service after the age of 35 years, until further orders, and will be borne as supernumerary in their rank and grade, with effect from the dates specified :—

Major Alfred Greenwood. Dated 5th September 1918.

Captain Christopher Charles Augustus Wale. Dated 20th September 1918.

—Lieutenant Joseph Mathias Nunes. Dated 5th September 1918.

RETIREMENTS.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Southern Army

No 2656—Supernumerary Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant (George) Chatter McLaurin has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 12th September 1918.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

RESIGNATIONS.

Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.

No 2657—Major Edward Charles Edwards, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted on retirement to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

Bengal and North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No 2658.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) James Walker, V.D.; resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his honorary rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

London Gazette.

No 2659—The following extracts are published for information:—
Supplement dated the 28th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 27th August 1918, pages 10072 and 10075.

*War Office,
28th August, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
ARMY CHAPLAINS DEPARTMENT							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

The Rev. Robert Fitz-Stanley McKelvie, Chapln. of the Ind Ecclesiastical Establt., is transferred to the Army Chaplain's. Dept as temp Chapln. to the Forces, 4th Cl, without other alteration in the conditions of his service 30th Jan. 1918

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
MEMORANDA.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

The undermentioned to be temp. Lt.-Cols. :—

Maj A H T Rouse, ret, Ind Army, whilst empld as Comdt., Prisoners of War Camp
15th July 1918

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Fourth Supplement dated the 29th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 26th August 1918, pages 10097, 10098, 10104, 10105 and 10106.

*War Office,
29th August, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts are made :—

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
CAVALRY.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Res. Regts of Cav—Temp 2nd Lt. A A. Brockliss is transfd. to Gen. List on appt. to Ind. Army (on prob.) 29th July 1918.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
INFANTRY.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

General List.

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Temp Lt. R. E M Finlayson, from a Serv Bn, North'd Fus., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 4 July 1918, with seniority 14 May 1918. (Substituted for Gaz notification 16 Aug 1918, incorrectly specifying date of transfer as 3 July 1918)							
Temp Lt. C. J Rowland, from M. G. C. (Inf), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29 July 1918, with seniority 7 Jan. 1917.							
Lt C W. Snelling, D C M, from Austrln Imp. Force, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind Army 29th July 1918, with seniority 5 May 1918.							
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

ROYAL DEFENCE CORPS.

Maj E E Wilford, D S O. (Maj, Ind. Army), from York and Lancs. Regt., to be Maj, and to retain his seniority. 18th May 1918

Seventh Supplement dated the 20th August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 27th August 1918, pages 10157, 10158, 10161, 10162, 10163, 10164 and 10166

War Office,
30th August, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made.—

ATTD TO HD-QR UNITS

Staff Capt.

Maj L Phillips Ind Army relinquishes his appt 14th Mar 1918

HD-QRS OF ADMIN SERVS AND DEPTS

Asst Dir of Supplies and Trans (Cl A) —

Bt Lt-Col W B Dunlop, D S O Supply and Trans Corps Ind Army relinquishes his appt on reduction of estab 4th Mar 1918

Dep Asst Dir of Railway Traffic (Cl B B) Lt A J F Millar Ind Army Res of Off and to be temp Maj whilst so empl, *vice* temp Maj C R Webb M C, R F, (Capt E Afr Protectorate Force) 1st Mar 1918

MEMORANDA

Lt-Col H A Lane Lrs Ind Army to be temp Brig-Gen whilst specially empl'd 10th July 1918

Lt-Col F W Hollowes C I E, Supply & Trans Corps Ind. Army to be temp. Col whilst empl'd as Dir of Farms in India 25th Feb 1918

Temp 2nd Lt D M Gerrard from Ches R to be temp 2nd Lt Gen List to service with Ind Army Res of Off (on prob) 28th July 1918

REGULAR FORCES

INFANTRY

Service Battalions

North's Fus

Temp Maj C R L FitzGerald (Capt, Baluchis) to be actg Lt-Col 10 Sept 1918 to 4 Feb. 1919

R Sc Fus

Maj (actg Lt-Col) G W G Lindesay (ret, Ind Army) to comd a Bn and to be temp Lt-Col 20 June 1918, with seniority 18 May 1917

INFANTRY.

General List.

Temp 2nd Lt E D Barriett, from M G. C (Inf), to be temp 2nd Lt on appt as prob to Ind Army. 29 July 1918

UNATTACHED LIST FOR INDIAN ARMY

With a view to his appointment to the Indian Army

Gentleman Cadet Thomas Robert Hurst, from the R. Mil Coll, to be 2nd Lt 31st Aug 1918, with seniority as from 28th Aug 1918

Supplement dated the 31st August 1918 to the London Gazette of the 30th August 1918, pages 10236 and 10239.

*War Office,
31st August, 1918.*

	REGULAR FORCES.						
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
INFANTRY	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

General List.

Temp Capt H C. Duncan, from a Serv Bn, Sea. Highrs, to be temp. Lt on appt as prob. to Ind Army 29 July 1918, with seniority 23 Sept. 1916

* * * * *

Second Supplement dated the 2nd September 1918 to the London Gazette of the 30th August 1918, pages 10247 and 10249.

*War Office,
2nd September, 1918.*

	REGULAR FORCES.						
	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
INFANTRY.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

General List.

Temp Lt F. T. M. Lake, from North'd Fus (attd) to be temp Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind Army 29 July 1918, with seniority 28 Jan. 1915

Temp Lt L. G. Cooper, from a Serv Bn. Sea. Highrs, to be temp. Lt on appt as prob. to Ind Army Res. of Off 5 June 1918, with seniority 5 Mar. 1918.

Temp 2nd Lt S. P. Colquhoun, from a Serv Bn, R. Ir Regt, to be temp Lt on appt as prob. to Ind Army Res. of Off. 29 July 1918, with seniority 25 July 1918

Temp. 2nd Lt R. T. Davies, from S. Wales Bord. (attd) to be temp 2nd Lt. on appt as prob. to Ind Army Res. of off. 28 July 1918.

* * * * *

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 8th November 1918.

RANK.

No 67—The following officers have been granted temporary honorary rank in the Royal Indian Marine by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 21st June 1918:—

To be Temporary Honorary Captain

Commander T. G. Segrave, R.N.R., O.B.E.

To be Temporary Honorary Engineer-Lieutenant-Commander

Engineer-Lieutenant G. E. Morrell, R.N.R.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 7th November, 1918.

No. 1392-2-E.-18.—Mr. A. T. Stowell, Controller of Despatches, Calcutta, is appointed Controller of Despatches, Bombay, with effect from the 21st October 1918, but is retained in Calcutta till October 31st 1918 in the exigencies of the service.

No. 1392-3-E.-18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1392-2-E.-18, dated 7th November 1918, Mr. C. F. Beadel is appointed Controller of Despatches, Calcutta.

The 8th November, 1918.

No. 379-P.-16.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Railway Board have sanctioned a reconnaissance survey being carried out by the agency of the Burma Railways, of the country between the Lashio Branch of the Burma Railways and Namtu, in order to determine the best alignment for a railway on the metre gauge to serve the Burma Mines Corporation's mines at the latter place.

2. This survey will be known as the Namtu Railway Connection Survey.

No. 568-E.-16.—Mr. D Thomson, Coal Superintendent, State Railways, is permitted to resign the service of Government with effect from the 5th November 1918, the date of the expiry of his leave.

No. 791-E.-18. Mr J Thomas, Assistant Coal Superintendent, State Railways, is permitted to resign the service of Government with effect from the 3rd November 1918.

No. 1101-1-E.-18. The following permanent promotions in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, are ordered with effect from 17th October 1918.

Name	From	To
Kirkhope, K. D.	District Locomotive Superintendent, class II, grade I, and Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, class I, Temporary (Supernumerary).	Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, class I (Supernumerary).
Lacey, O. B.	District Locomotive Superintendent, class II, grade 5, provisional.	District Locomotive Superintendent, class II, grade 5.
Goss, G. S.	Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, class III, grade I, and District Locomotive Superintendent, class II, grade 5, temporary.	District Locomotive Superintendent, class II, grade 5, provisional.

No. 1514-E.-18.—The following temporary promotions in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, are ordered with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Names	From	To
Chatterton, C. J.	Class II, grade I and Deputy Traffic Manager in class I, officiating.	Class II, grade I and Deputy Traffic Manager in class I, temporary.
Keelan, D. H.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Hince, F. A.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Watson, Captain, C. S. M. C., R. E.	Ditto (Supernumerary).	Ditto (Supernumerary).
Trevor, D. B.	Class II, grade I and Deputy Traffic Manager in class I, officiating.	Class II, grade I, and Deputy Traffic Manager, in class I, temporary.

No. 1629-E.-18.—Mr Raj Behari Seth, qualified student of the Thomson Civil Engineering College, is appointed to the Provincial service of the Engineer Establishment of State Railways as an Assistant Engineer, with effect from the 28th September 1918, and posted to the Nushki Extension Railway.

No. 1771-E.-18.—Mr J H Smellie, Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, is, on his return from military duty, reposted to the North-Western Railway.

No. 1771-1-E.-18. With reference to Railway Board's Notifications No 1771-E-18, dated 8th November 1918, and No 557-E and 557-2 E, dated 18th April 1918, the following reversions are ordered with effect from the 2nd October 1918 :—

- (1) Mr T W L S. Wrench from Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent to District Locomotive Superintendent and Works Manager.
- (2) Mr D L. McPherson on special duty from Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent (Supernumerary) to District Locomotive Superintendent (Supernumerary)
- (3) Mr O W. Watkins, from Officiating District Locomotive Superintendent to Assistant Locomotive Superintendent and Assistant Works Manager

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 2nd November, 1918

No. E-549. Lieutenant C E Webb is appointed Assistant Controller (Hides), Bombay, with effect from the 24th October 1918.

1st 7th November, 1918

No E.-886—2nd Lieutenant J Collinge, attached 2nd Garrison Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers, is appointed Assistant Controller (Clothing Contracts) Simla, with effect from the 1st October 1918

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

State, till 9th November, 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 26th October 1918 is published for general information:—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND BIRD	Northern	Bombay City	1	1
		Kaira District	20	39
		Broach District	78	80
		Surat District	4	3
		Thana District	1	1
	Central	West Khandesh District	18	17
		Nasik District	112	90
		Poona Town	11	8
		Poona District	94	77
	Southern	Hubli Town	60*	60*
		Dharwar District	674*	420*
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	1
		Keamari Port	1	1
	Political Charges	Baroda State	63	59
		Mundra Port		1
		Ratara Agency	13	12
		Kathiawar Agency	55	41
Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States		193	133	
Camboy State		13	9	
Savannur State		141*	100*	
Rewa Kantha Agency		2	2	
TOTAL			1,587	1,171
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Bellary District	72	49
		Coimbatore District	3	2
		Kurnool District	7	6
		Salem District	2	1
		Nilgiris District	5	3
		Guntur District	2	2
TOTAL			89	63
BENGAL AND ORISSA	Bhagalpur	Munghyr District	7	5
		TOTAL	7	5
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Mussaffarnagar District	4	4
	Benares	Benares District	2	2
		Mirzapur District	16	7
		Jaunpur District	6	3
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	16	16
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	2	1
TOTAL			46	33

*For two weeks.

Less returns for the week ending 15th October 1918 add:—
Puneh Mahals District 2 cases, 2 deaths.

Province or Provinces.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB.	Rawalpindi.	Rawalpindi District	6	5
		TOTAL	6	5
	Pegu ...	Bagoon Town	5	4
		Insein District	1	...
		Therawaddy District	2	...
SINGAPORE.	Irrawaddy {	Frome District	0	...
		Bassien Town	4	4
		Hengada District	1	1
	Mandalay	Manbin District	2	2
		Maymyo Town	16	17
	Saguing {	Saguing District	2	3
		Lower Chindwin District	1	...
	Mektila {	Mektila District	1	1
		Yamethin District	2	...
	Native States {	Northern Shan States	7	6
		Southern Shan States	2	1
	TOTAL		54	45
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Nagpur ...	Nagpur District	1	...
	Jubbulpore {	Jubbulpore Town	63	63
		Jubbulpore District	10	10
		Seoni District	1	...
	Nerbudda {	Hoshangabad District	1	1
		Narsinghpur District	1	1
		Betul District	3	3
	Berar ...	Akola District	3	2
	TOTAL		83	79
MYSORE STATE.	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	64	78
		Bangalore City	3	2
		Bangalore District	7	7
		Mysore District	6	6
		Kadur District	24	9
		Chitaldroog District	14	11
		Tumkur District	5	6
		Kolar District . . . . .	...	2
	TOTAL		145	121

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns, of Forts, and other localities, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE.	...	Big District	7	7
	
	
	
	
	
	
	
	
	
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Bhopal State.	7	12
		Total	7	12
RAJPU- TANA.	...	Ajmer District	17	11
		Total	17	11
GRAND TOTAL			2,510	1,550

*Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths occurred during the week ending 26th October 1918, were 150 and 195 respectively.

SIMLA :
The 9th November 1918.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 7th November 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The depression from the Bay referred to in last week's report moved across the south of the Peninsula into the Arabian Sea. It then advanced in a northwesterly direction and is still in existence. It was associated with a considerable strengthening of the monsoon and rainfall was abundant throughout the week in the east and south of the Peninsula, and extended northwards into the Madras Deccan, Hyderabad and the Bombay Deccan. A winter disturbance occasioned some rain and snow in the extreme north, and some rain in the Simla and Mussooree hills and adjoining plains.

2. *Burma*.—Rainfall occurred only in the south where it was nearly general on the 6th.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Sibsagar and Jalpaiguri had light falls of rain.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Light rain fell in the Kumaon Himalayas, and at Bareilly and Roorkee in the plains.

Northwest India.—Precipitation was nearly general in Kashmir on the 1st. Rain fell in the hills of the North-West Frontier Province and of the Punjab, and at Rawalpindi, Sialkot and Ambala.

The Peninsula.—Nearly general rain fell on the north Madras coast from the 31st October to the 4th November, in southeast Madras from the 31st October to the 3rd November and on the 6th November, in the Madras Deccan on the 5th and 6th, in Malabar on the 2nd, in Mysore on the 2nd and 6th, and in the Konkan and the southern half of the Bombay Deccan on the 6th. A few falls occurred in Hyderabad on the 5th and 6th.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

October 31st. Sonamarg 0·72", Cocanada 1·23", Nellore 3·30", Madras 4·10", Cuddalore 2·54", Negapatam 3·60" and Kodaikanal 1·18".

November 1st. Sonamarg 1·20", Tinnevely 1·34", Pamban 1·14", Negapatam 1·36", Madras 3·39", Nellore 2·77", Cocanada 1·62" and Calingapatam 2·84".

" 2nd. Srinagar 0·58", Mangalore 1·37", Mercara 0·93", Calicut 1·28", Cochin 1·29", Ootacamund 1·32", Pamban 2·97", Madura 0·88", Trichinopoly 1·30", Cuddalore 5·96", Madras 5·94", Nellore 2·53" and Masulipatam 2·25".

" 3rd. Roorkee 0·42", Bareilly 0·20", Mukteswar 0·53", Ambala 1·05", Simla 0·43", Calicut 1·17", Tinnevely 1·29", Ootacamund 0·92", Negapatam 2·30", Cuddalore 1·63", Masulipatam 2·00" and Cocanada 1·40".

" 4th. Calicut 0·96", Pamban 1·45", Negapatam 1·33", Cuddalore 6·48", Madras 1·13", Nellore 5·80", Masulipatam 3·75", Mysore 0·39" and Mercara 1·24".

" 5th. Masulipatam 1·50", Nellore 4·37", Bellary 0·53", Cuddapah 0·44", Madras 2·98", Coimbatore 1·18", Pamban 1·10", Chitaldrug 1·05", Hyderabad (Deccan) 0·65" and Karwar 0·45".

" 6th. Port Blair 0·94", Ratnagiri 1·88", Poona 0·35", Belgaum 2·97", Chitaldrug 1·46", Mysore 1·28", Mercara 1·23", Calicut 1·31", Negapatam 1·27", Coimbatore 1·42", Madras 6·09", Cuddapah 0·49" and Ootacamund 1·37".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent. or more in excess in the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Southeast, and the Madras Coast North; and was 20 per cent. or more in defect in Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces East, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces and Hyderabad. In the remaining divisions either no rain falls at this time of year or rainfall was within 20 per cent. of the normal.

* The rainfall from the 3rd May to date is 20 per cent. or more in defect in the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan. It is 20 per cent. or more in excess in Bengal and Bihar, and differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent. elsewhere.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 7TH NOVEMBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD MAY TO 7TH NOVEMBER 1918.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL	
							This week.	Last week
Bay Islands	2.1	2.4	-0.3	105.5	96.7	+8.8	+9	+10
Lower Burma	0.2	1.5	-1.3	154.9	144.7	+10.2	+7	+8
Upper Burma	0	0.8	-0.8	52.2	46.2	+6.0	+13	+15
Assam	0.1	0.8	-0.7	91.7	77.0	+14.7	+19	+19
Bengal	0	0.6	-0.6	98.1	73.6	+24.5	+26	+28
Orissa	0	0.8	-0.8	46.2	57.3	-11.1	-19	-18
Chota Nagpur	0	0.2	-0.2	89.7	48.9	+40.8	+22	+23
Bihar	0	0.1	-0.1	61.0	49.8	+11.2	+22	+23
United Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	28.4	39.0	-10.6	-27	-27
United Provinces, West	0.1	0.1	0	19.1	38.0	-18.9	-50	-50
Punjab, East and North	0.2	0	+0.2	10.2	20.6	-10.4	-50	-51
Punjab, South-West	0	0	0	3.4	7.6	-4.2	-55	-55
Kashmir	0.9	0.1	+0.8	4.4	7.5	-3.1	-41	-53
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	2.1	5.3	-3.2	-60	-60
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.5	1.3	-0.8	-62	-62
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	1.6	10.6	-9.0	-85	-85
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	10.6	21.9	-11.3	-52	-52
Gujarat	0	0	0	8.6	23.1	-14.5	-63	-63
Central India, West	0	0	0	17.6	29.0	-11.4	-39	-39
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	20.4	40.8	-20.4	-50	-60
Berar	0	0.2	-0.2	16.8	30.7	-13.9	-45	-45
Central Provinces, West	0	0.2	-0.2	30.4	44.3	-13.9	-31	-31
Central Provinces, East	0	0.2	-0.2	48.6	49.4	-0.8	-2	-1
Konkan	0.7	0.5	+0.2	71.3	95.2	-23.9	-25	-25
Bombay Deccan	0.6	0.4	+0.2	13.2	26.8	-13.6	-51	-52
Hyderabad, North	0.1	0.3	-0.2	19.1	32.3	-13.2	-41	-41
Hyderabad, South	0.2	0.4	-0.2	18.2	28.9	-10.7	-37	-37
Mysore	1.7	0.9	+0.8	16.8	25.9	-9.1	-35	-40
Malabar	2.7	1.9	+0.8	64.5	95.2	-30.7	-32	-34
Madras, South-East	3.2	2.5	+0.7	19.1	24.1	-5.0	-21	-40
Madras Deccan	0.9	0.9	0	14.6	22.7	-8.1	-36	-37
Madras Coast, North	7.4	2.4	+5.0	29.4	33.1	-3.7	-11	-28

GILBERT T. WALKER,

Director-General of Observatories.

J. MACKENNA,

Off. Secretary to the Government of India.

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Dated the 7th November 1918.

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B

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 2nd November 1918.

Burma.—In Lower Burma the rainfall was scanty. Good rain fell in three districts in the dry zone of Upper Burma. In the remaining districts light showers were received or no rain fell. In Upper Burma reaping of autumn rice and picking of cotton continue. Standing crops are in satisfactory condition. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice has increased to Rs 180 and is much above normal. The market for white rice is strong at Rs. 412 and annas 8 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—During the week the weather was seasonable. Manufacture of tea and ploughing for and sowing of mustard and pulses are proceeding. Prospects of crops are generally fair. Cattle disease is reported from two districts. The price of common rice continues to fall seasonably.

Bengal.—During the week light showers fell in a few places. More rain is urgently wanted throughout the Province. Winter rice is reported to be withering in some districts. In northern and western Bengal prospects of crops are generally unfavourable. Elsewhere they are fair. Fields are being prepared for spring crops. Sowings are being impeded for want of rain. The price of common rice has risen by 2·6 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week light showers fell in Orissa and in parts of the Bhagalpur and Tirhut divisions. The rainfall in these parts, though scanty, has done some good to the standing paddy crops but elsewhere they are withering especially in the Patna and Chota Nagpur divisions. Sowing of spring crops is being retarded and prospects are bad. The price of common rice has fallen in six districts and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from eleven districts. Paddy is suffering for want of rain in the Feudatory States of Orissa.

United Provinces.—During the week light rain fell in the central Himalayan districts but there was no rain elsewhere. It is very urgently needed. Damage to crops is nearly general for want of rain. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops, harvesting of autumn crops and picking of cotton continue. Irrigating is going on where practicable. Standing crops are mostly suffering. Prospects are still unfavourable. Agricultural stock is in fair condition but slight cattle disease is still reported from some districts. Fodder is available but is scarce and dear. Water is sufficient except in a few districts. The market supplies are inadequate in some places. Prices are almost stationary with a slight tendency to fall.

Punjab.—Light rain fell in parts of the Central and submontane districts and was useful. Elsewhere the weather remained dry. Rain is badly wanted everywhere. Standing crops are generally average on irrigated area but poor, owing to drought, on unirrigated area. Picking of cotton and reaping of other autumn crops are in progress. The yield is below normal to normal. Sowings of spring crops continue and are below normal to normal. Influenza epidemic is hindering agricultural operations in a few districts. Cattle are generally healthy and water is sufficient. Shortage of fodder is reported in some districts. Prices are generally stationary and are above scarcity rates. Price of wheat:—Ambala 6, Ferozepore, Lahore and Rawalpindi 6½ and Lyallpur 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—*Report not received. The previous week's report was as follows:*—The week was rainless. Rain is much needed. Sowings of spring crops are proceeding normally. The condition of standing crops is average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan. Maize is being reaped in Peshawar with outturn average. The price of wheat in Peshawar is 7½ and in Dera Ismail Khan 7½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—During the week the weather was generally rainy and cold. Operations for spring crops have commenced. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are high.

Rajputana.—During the week the weather was rainless. Irrigated crops are in fair condition but unirrigated crops are withering. Sowings of spring crops are restricted. The condition of cattle is generally fair. Fodder is getting scarce. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and rising.

Central India.—During the week the rainfall was insufficient in Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. Spring crops are being sown where possible. Standing crops are indifferent in Gwalior, bad in Baghelkhand and withering elsewhere except in the Southern States. Their probable outturn is almost *nil* in Bundelkhand except in Panna, Bijawar and Ajaigarh, far below average in Baghelkhand, below average in Dhar and Jhabua, average to 12 annas in Gwalior, (except in the northern districts) and Bhopal and fair elsewhere. Crops have mostly failed in northern districts of Gwalior and have been damaged in Bundelkhand and in parts of Bhopal, Malwa and the Southern States and have been seriously damaged in Baghelkhand for want of rain. Agricultural stock is fair. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Malwa and in parts of the Southern States. Prices are high. Scarcity is apprehended in parts of Malwa.

Central Provinces.—During the week the weather has been clear and the nights and the mornings cool. No rain fell during the week. Harvesting of autumn crops, picking of cotton and sowing of spring crops continue. Rain is urgently required everywhere for spring crops. Cattle disease prevails in parts of Bhandara and Chanda. Fodder is dear or scarce in Chhindwara and Berar. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition. Relief works continue in the Sironcha tahsil of the Chanda district. Wheat and rice in Damoh rose while rice in Wardha, gram in Chanda and rice in Balaghat fell by 1 to 1½ seers per rupee. Elsewhere prices remained stationary or fluctuated slightly.

Feudatory States:—Rain is wanted everywhere.

Bombay.—No rain fell during the week. Standing crops have been damaged by disease in the Upper Sind Frontier and Larkana and are withering generally everywhere. Harvesting of autumn crops continues. Sowing of spring crops is nearly over. Picking of cotton continues in Nawabshah, Khandesh and Dharwar. The fodder supply is generally deficient. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in many districts. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat and the Karnatak. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady.

Hyderabad.—*Report not received. The previous week's report was as follows*—During the week the rainfall was *nil*. Autumn crops are being harvested and have suffered in parts. Early rice is in fair to good condition and is being harvested. Spring crops are being sown. Sprouts badly need rain. They have been damaged by insects in parts of the Nalgonda district. Cattle are healthy. Fodder scarcity prevails in parts of four districts. Prices of grains are abnormally high. *Jowar* is selling at 3½ seers per rupee in the Gulbarga district.

Mysore.—*Report not received. The previous week's report was as follows:*—The week was slightly wet. Weeding operations are in progress. Standing crops are withering for want of rain. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are rising.

Coorg.—Moderate rain fell during the week. Picking of cardamom and reaping of dry crops continue. The condition of rice is fair. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. The public health is fair. Prices of food-grains are high.

Madras.—The rainfall during the week was very heavy in Madras, heavy in Chingleput, good in Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, the South Circars (except Kistna and Gantur), *nil* in Banganapalle, Bellary, Sandur and light or fair elsewhere. Standing crops are in fair condition in parts but are withering elsewhere for want of rain. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in two districts and parts of twelve others. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts for want of more rain. The condition of cattle is generally good. Water is insufficient except in two districts. Pasture is sufficient except in six districts on the coast.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)**

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK	GROSS MILEAGE WORKED			TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDS			EARNINGS PER MILE WORKED FOR WEEK			TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO—			COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1912-13, + 3 days.		COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1911-12.		
		1912.	1917.	1918.	24th October 1912.	26th October 1917.	26th October 1918.	1912.	1917.	1918.	24th October 1912.	26th October 1917.	26th October 1918.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.	
State Railways.																		
Bombay-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	482	2,659	2,692	2,692	7,687,729	10,04,000	10,56,070	287	374	392	2,22,25,455	3,05,66,447	3,09,19,000	1,16,74,515	—	88,29,558	—	
Bombay Extension	470	21	21	21	7,763	7,453	8,100	370	355	365	5,11,718	2,93,679	2,82,000	10,038	—	—	—	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	946	1,008	1,008	6,86,834	7,18,539	7,68,000	676	722	704	1,66,80,338	2,53,54,070	2,66,05,000	92,74,662	—	28,80,600	11,779	
Eastern Bengal (including 2' 6" and 2' 0" gauge lines)	422	1,272	1,266	1,266	9,46,435	6,55,518	7,70,000	602	416	487	2,09,30,348	1,89,70,591	2,04,78,000	1,84,438	—	15,47,109	—	
East India	685	2,549	2,615	2,615	27,80,320	26,85,984	28,75,000	843	702	710	5,71,54,109	6,50,37,357	7,58,55,000	3,11,20,978	—	1,21,97,648	—	
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,337	2,518	2,518	14,22,000	18,11,000	17,37,000	561	697	670	4,29,00,410	6,53,57,542	6,47,13,000	3,21,69,584	—	54,55,428	—	
Agre-Delhi-Chand	514	720	720	720	46,014	59,878	65,500	896	475	504	1,16,134	17,31,457	24,19,000	19,81,576	—	6,87,548	—	
Bombay-Kolhat	78	10	40	40	3,508	3,843	4,500	87	96	112	81,025	107,044	1,72,000	40,975	—	28,854	—	
Bhopal-Nagpur (British Section)	1,094	37	19	12	26,197	17,014	17,900	400	490	1,492	9,41,742	5,10,400	6,35,000	3,06,544	—	1,24,880	—	
Cawnpore-Banda	78	37	78	78	2,500	4,898	3,900	76	64	78	30,804	1,77,980	1,93,000	1,12,008	—	18,074	—	
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	357	2,685	2,551	2,550	6,17,038	6,55,143	8,40,000	239	335	329	2,06,83,488	2,91,45,076	3,14,31,000	1,05,67,572	—	22,05,994	—	
North Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	379	9,987	4,071	4,001	15,97,377	16,65,571	19,30,000	438	466	467	4,96,11,421	6,59,84,630	7,48,99,000	2,52,77,879	—	49,29,764	—	
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhwal 2' 6" line)	345	1,000	1,000	1,000	4,00,491	4,78,469	5,36,000	253	298	298	1,81,55,071	1,81,68,201	1,68,13,000	38,77,329	—	7,09,499	—	
Assam-Bengal	159	1,112	898	898	1,56,001	1,50,000	1,45,000	103	147	163	58,77,548	40,77,588	40,06,000	8,28,528	—	—	1,86	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	297	1,889	1,840	1,840	5,24,134	5,82,764	6,38,000	387	800	845	1,56,58,000	1,86,77,699	2,07,02,000	30,15,000	—	10,28,000	—	
Burma	213	1,533	1,492	1,492	5,70,606	5,11,000	5,11,000	319	316	411	1,80,08,935	1,14,78,707	1,88,61,000	15,09,065	—	30,85,233	—	
Burma East and West	121	—	70	70	—	1,024	9,000	—	168	276	—	207,601	18,95,000	18,95,000	—	—	5,19,599	—
Southern Shan States	72	—	32	32	—	3,303	2,300	—	73	72	—	19,131	11,46,763	12,78,000	4,85,900	—	1,81,397	—
Dhoke-Karnool	311	124	124	124	16,801	41,867	35,000	131	339	270	7,94,181	11,46,763	12,78,000	4,85,900	—	1,81,397	—	
Hyderabad-Bombay (British Section)	168	297	297	297	40,994	46,527	63,400	152	172	221	7,28,314	14,33,210	17,81,000	5,27,786	—	3,27,000	—	
Madras-Burdell	191	941	401	401	91,900	71,314	70,700	139	178	189	9,16,179	22,50,579	24,18,000	3,01,521	—	1,77,581	—	
North India (including 2' 6" and 2' 0" gauge lines)	499	1,451	1,507	1,507	5,41,705	6,42,050	6,40,000	373	465	469	1,08,83,755	2,05,30,321	2,08,52,000	44,67,375	—	3,26,479	—	
Tamil Nadu	151	100	100	100	19,359	21,800	28,000	176	302	199	1,58,300	6,18,330	5,32,000	2,86,000	—	2,06,171	—	
Tamil Nadu Extension	238	785	804	804	1,85,659	1,54,760	1,70,000	343	368	321	53,83,381	49,29,411	57,36,000	4,62,719	—	8,12,509	—	
Tripura	50	—	30	30	—	1,080	2,300	—	56	73	—	74,721	83,000	83,000	—	—	7,879	—
French-Indochina	88	80	82	82	2,843	2,400	8,500	95	76	65	78,800	82,903	65,000	—	—	8,600	—	
French-Indochina Extension	405	26,040	26,749	26,701	1,04,24,280	1,14,56,830	1,29,70,000	400	428	487	30,55,00,000	38,00,44,001	43,06,00,000	12,33,48,010	—	4,78,02,500	—	
All other Railways.																		
Andaman-Niuli	171	56	56	56	16,741	7,733	7,000	299	138	125	4,10,480	2,66,897	3,04,000	—	—	36,018	—	
Bombay-Nagpur (Native State Section)	519	—	—	—	20,418	21,600	21,600	469	—	—	—	—	—	7,64,000	—	1,06,480	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	151	114	114	114	18,519	15,576	15,500	168	137	139	6,78,887	5,71,361	5,80,000	3,178	—	1,80,000	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	40	140	140	140	9,061	7,488	9,200	62	50	62	3,04,768	2,76,345	2,94,000	—	—	10,700	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	337	109	109	109	75,839	1,10,000	1,06,000	892	469	444	18,28,001	25,27,900	25,48,000	7,14,000	—	15,000	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	825	23	23	23	7,881	10,336	11,400	34	320	372	3,29,408	8,19,006	9,10,000	31,000	—	61,700	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	26	26	26	1,883	3,707	3,400	118	97	120	62,713	66,559	68,100	5,388	—	6,641	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	30	30	30	30	4,000	4,000	4,000	30	30	30	10,741	14,100	14,100	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	300	30	30	30	8,300	2,500	2,500	333	333	333	21,679	1,05,546	86,000	65,000	—	4,679	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124	70	70	70	14,600	12,000	12,000	168	168	168	4,04,416	4,38,000	4,38,000	—	—	3,359	—	
Bombay-Nagpur Extension	124																	

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, Simla



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 30th September, 1918.

On and after 9th November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1900, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J P HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India "

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 9th November 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 8.

October 30.

3970. A. J. Gange. *Automatic flushing latrine.*
 3971. H. L. T. Wolfe. *Improvements in and relating to electric motors of the ceiling fan type.*
 3972. A. W. Halliday and E. MacIver. *Automatic spark quencher, for use in chimneys of steam generators, or the like.*
 3973. G. L. Hart and C. A. Bush. *Method of and apparatus for separating light or heavy coins from those of standard weight.*

October 31.

3974. R. H. Roberts and P. N. Kingswell. *Improvements in collapsible boxes, cases or crates.*

November 1.

3975. F. J. Preston. *The use of cinders for making bricks*
 3976. J. C. Ogle. *Improvements in disinfectant, deodorizer and perfume disseminators.*
 3977. G. C. Chadwick. *Improved means for unloading coal or other suitable goods from vessels.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3392. J. Westerbeck and Naamloose Vennootschap "Technema." *A method of drying goods of any kind such as grain, fruit, vegetables, fish or the like by means of hot air, hot gases or normal or cooled atmospheric air and apparatus therefor.*
 3776. J. Wallace. *Improvements in barrel making machines.*
 3805. W. T. Hoofnagle. *Method of and apparatus for treating gases and vapors electrically.*
 3809. A. C. Ionides Jr. *Improvements in or relating to gaseous combustion.*
 3810. S. H. Bruton. *An improved method of constructing slabs of parquetry or wooden mosaic.*
 3881. F. R. Morgan. *Creep anchor for rails.*
 3892. Sir C. A. Parsons. *Improvements in carbon glands.*
 3894. S. Grossman. *Improvements in resilient wheels.*
 3895. A. Poulson and W. C. A. Mate. *Improvements in smelting furnaces or cupolas.*
 3896. W. H. Hayter. *Improvements in and connected with cam-levers.*
 3897. S. T. Dutton. *An improved roller guide for point rodding on railways.*
 3899. V. Mardon. *Rubber seed-removing knife.*
 3903. E. Bullock-Webster. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for the propulsion of vehicles and for the prevention of skidding.*
 3904. J. de Bruyn. *An improved food product of edible oils and fats, and process of producing same.*
 3906. S. A. Pollock. *Improvements in or relating to the rectification of alternating currents of electricity.*
 3913. H. F. Harvey and T. C. Bose. *An improved lubricant.*
 3917. G. A. Overstrom. *Improvements in ore concentrators.*
 3918. National Lead Company. *Mechanically operated Scotch hearth.*
 3920. R. D. Khan and A. Rashid. *Improvements in machines for husking paddy and other grain.*
 3921. E. Graham and G. Bowman. *Improvements relating to fluid pressure jacks.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs. 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3756. Potter.

1 3757. Parker and Williams.

PATENTS SEALED.

2768. Bahri.

3023. Khan.

3029. Hickman.

3031. Berry and Moore.

3247. Morgan.

3295. Segay.

3311. Heenan & Froude, Ltd.

3382. Grondal.

3521. Kasim

3541. Wapshare.

3725. Bowman and Graham.

3727. Rigby.

3728. Pluperfect Ice Co. Ltd. and
Wheater.

3730. Chakravarty.

3731. The Mills Equipment Co. Ltd. and
Lethern.**RENEWAL FEES PAID.**

504 of 1905. Lawrence. (To 29 May 1920.)

396 of 1906. Clarke, Chapman & Co. Ltd. and another. (To 31 October 1919)

427 of 1906. Aktiebolaget Gas Accumulator (To 31 October 1919.)

583 of 1912. Bedford & anr. (To 4 November 1919)

585 of 1912. Automatic Telephone Manufacturing Co. Ltd. (To 4 November 1919.)

1399 of 1914. Muntz. (To 5 January 1920.)

1915 of 1914. Taff. (To 29 October 1919.)

1930 of 1914. Goldstein (To 10 November 1919)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1858, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1911.

343, (Thomas.) 430, (Societe Generale des Nitrures)

1914.1783, (Soc. Revel Pere & Fils.) 1793, (Gore) 1794, (Williamson.) 1795, (Dodman.)
1802, (Paradesy.) 1805, (Devereux.)**EXTENSION OF COPYRIGHT IN DESIGN.**

Class 5. No. 923 of 1913. H. Bronnley & Co Ltd of Waffle Way, Uxbridge Road, London, England. November 24, 1913. (Copyright in design extended for a second period of five years.)

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.**

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. All communications relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (11 of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

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CALCUTTA,
The 1st November 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

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CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID
AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

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For quantities 60 lbs and above in one delivery	Rs 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	" 29 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 30 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 12 "
(Only small quantities available when in stock.)	

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	" 6 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 7 "

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	" 4 "
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QUINOIDINE TABLETS

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs in one delivery	Rs 6 per lb
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	" 7 "
Quinine is available in 1-oz., ½-lb., ¼-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins	
Cinchonidine is available in ½-lb., ¼-lb. and 1-lb. tin.	
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ½-lb., ¼-lb. and 1-lb. tin.	
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb tins.	
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.	
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.	

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[For ½ and ¼ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23RD TO 31ST OCTOBER 1918.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS															
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.		COINAGE			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN					COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	Pur- chased silver coins from Treasures, etc	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins etc	TOTAL	New rupees small silver coins delivered to Treasury or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States	TOTAL	New coin ready for delivery	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for coined from Currency balance.	Piastres Closing coined balance and paid over Bul- lion.	Receipt of Subsi- Bullion diary coin for coined balance.	
Calcutta	79	1	80	44		44	6	241	2	1	250
Bombay	44	..	44	...	(b) 184	184	54

(a) Exclusive of 171 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

(b) Exclusive of 63 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

His Majesty's Mint;

Calcutta, the 6th Nov. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 5th November 1918.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st October 1918.

RESERVE.															
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION										SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		REMARKS.
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere	TOTAL.	In India.			In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions	In transit between India, England and H. M.'s Dominions		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	Held in India.	Held in England.	TOTAL.	
			Silver Coin	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.		Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	29,82,795	42,56,03,976	2,19,32,841	2,46,45,383	6,13,27,477	19,35,865	..	..	..	..	10,32,86,000	9,99,99,946	75,99,12,870	1,07,23,40,333	(a) Nominal value— Rs 10,20,61,500.
Canapore	.	4,84,20,781	63,02,808	52,19,303	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,15,23,111	(b) Nominal value— Rs 177,55,45,001
Lahore	.	11,65,73,658	1,08,01,541	1,78,84,784	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,81,86,825	(c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under Section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918.
Bombay	9,79,620	47,65,94,936	4,68,70,669	14,66,59,139	2,95,64,904	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22,30,94,712	
Karachi	.	5,11,82,024	30,14,267	21,38,700	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51,52,967	
Madras	10,65,485	18,99,45,303	71,04,298	40,42,448	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,11,46,746	
Rangoon	.	8,42,40,192	93,65,335	34,84,605	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,98,52,940	
50 27 900	1,85,95,81,779	1,36,46,08,979	10,48,94,779	20,40,74,312	9,08,91,361	12,35,865	..	..	..	..	10,32,86,000	9,99,99,946	75,99,12,870	1,36,42,96,133	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to circles of issue			Deduct—Amount due on T. Ts drawn by one Circle on another												
		3 12 846													
TOTAL CIRCULATION H.		1,36,42,95,133	TOTAL RESERVE H.												1,36,42,96,133

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 31st October 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st October 1918.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 5th November 1918.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
	Rs.	A	P		Rs.	A	P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	6,28,79,186	0	0
Reserve Fund ^{Rs.} 2,28,00,000 ^A 0 ^P 0				Other authorized Investments	1,41,98,714	0	0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i> 67,50,000 0 0				Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	11,11,34,717	1	3
	1,58,50,000	0	0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,81,29,458	5	3
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0	0	Bills discounted and purchased	2,21,74,702	12	9
Public Deposits at Head Office 3,32,89,626 15 0				Balances with other Banks	48,61,340	7	9
Public Deposits at Branches 2,03,32,297 8 0				Bullion . . . . .	.....	
	5,36,21,924	7	0	Dead Stock	38,18,362	4	4
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	28,70,95,959	2	2	Stamps	11,915	2	0
Bank Post Bills, etc	7,74,309	13	11	Sundries	21,12,359	6	9
Sundries	30,77,705	7	6		Rs. A. P. 27,83,18,753 8 1		
RUPREES	98,71,59,898 14 7			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* 3,91,86,451 12 7			
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† 6,96,51,691 9 11			
				RUPREES	38,71,59,898 14 7		

* Includes Sovs. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Sovs., value Rs. 3,77,175 0 0

† Do do do .. 5,81,870 0 0

Rs 9,08,745 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL: }
 Calcutta, 7th November 1918. }

H. FISHER,
 Chief Accountant.
 Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
 Percentage 31·58.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
 Secretary & Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.**NOTICE.**

Calcutta, the 7th November 1918.

The powers conferred by the Directors on Messrs. R. E. Bell and F. R. Powell, officers of the Bank of Bengal, empowering them to endorse and transfer Promissory notes, Receipts, Debentures, Certificates and Documents of title to goods as notified in the *Gazette of India* of the 25th May 1918 are determined as from this date.

By order of the Directors,
 N. H. Y. WARREN,
 Secretary & Treasurer.

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J. A. CHAPMAN,
 Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
 Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.
NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
 and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
 the 20th October 1918.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 28th October 1918.

No. 2541.—The next half yearly examination in the Brahui language by the prescribed Tests will be held at Quetta in the Durbar Hall on Monday, the 25th November, 1918, commencing at 10-30 A.M.

The 30th October 1918.

No. 2582.—Lieutenant D. B. Cumming, Royal Air Force, is declared to have passed the prescribed tests in Baluchi by the Higher Standard at special examination held at Quetta on the 25th October 1918.

By order,
G. HARRIS, Major,
First Assistant.

**THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH
BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 30th October 1918.

No. 7318-R —In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 62, sub-section 2, clauses (c) and (d) of the Excise Regulation, 1915 (1 of 1915), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that the following shall be added as condition No. 7 of Form C-5 and the subsequent conditions renumbered consecutively.

“7. The amount and percentage of cocaine contained in the drugs sold by the licensee shall be clearly marked on the label.”

The 1st November 1918.

No. 7359-R —In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 62 (2) (d) of the Excise Regulation, No. 1 of 1915, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that the following shall be added to the proviso to rule 4 of the rules published under his notification No. 1416 R, dated the 12th April 1918

“(iii) to persons, local bodies and institutions holding special permits from the Collector of the district.”

By order,
G. HARRIS, Major,
Secretary.

Substitute for the notification bearing the same number and date.

The 26th September 1918.

No. 6006-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the rules regulating the possession and transport of Petroleum in British Baluchistan issued with his Notification No. 2308, dated the 29th April 1909, as subsequently amended:—

- (1) The following shall be added to rule 9 (i), Chapter IV, Part II.
“Permanent licenses in Form F may be granted free of charge for the possession of dangerous petroleum for use on Motor Vehicles and for its transport thereon for the purposes of use therein. The licenses will be subject to the condition that the owners of the vehicles shall surrender the licenses to the licensing authority if they part with the vehicles on behalf of which they are granted.”
- (2) The following shall be added at the end of rule 1 of the same Chapter.
“save as provided in rule 9 (i) of this Chapter)”
- (3) The following shall be inserted as condition 12 at the back of the license Form F:—
“This license need not be renewed annually but the owner shall surrender the license if he parts with the motor vehicle on behalf of which the license is granted.”

By order,
R. CHENEVIX TRENCH,
Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER. AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 28th October 1918.

No. 5246-B-III-2.—Mr. H. G. Richardson, on return from leave resumed charge of his duties as Inspector-General of Railway Police and Police Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th September 1918.

By order,

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 31st October 1918.

No. 7702-Home.—Lala Bishan Das, Extra Assistant Commissioner, is invested with powers under Section 30 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to try as a Magistrate all offences not punishable with death, within the limits of the Province of Delhi for a period of six months.

The 1st November 1918.

No. 7751-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Indian Press Act, 1910, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi hereby declares all copies of the Hindi leaflet headed "Ma ki pukar (Call of the Mother) wherever found to be forfeited to His Majesty, as the leaflet appears to the Chief Commissioner to contain words which are likely or may have a tendency directly or indirectly, whether by inference, suggestion, allusion, metaphor, implication or otherwise, to bring into hatred and contempt the Government established by law in British India or to excite disaffection towards the said Government.

The 4th November 1918.

No. 7784-Home.—Major J. M. Holmes, I.M.S., Health Officer, Imperial City, assumed charge of the office of the Health Officer, Notified Area, Delhi, relieving Dr. K. S. Sethna, I.M.S. of the additional charge of Health Officer, Notified Area, Delhi, with effect from the afternoon of the 18th October 1918.

No. 7787-Home.—The privilege leave for one month granted to Mr. Sohan Lal, City Magistrate, Delhi, in Notification No. 7563-Home, dated the 28th October 1918, is hereby extended up to the 2nd November 1918.

The 5th November 1918.

No. 7818-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 26th October 1918, is published for information:—

1	2	3	4			5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17		
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.							Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.			Females.	Total.
Delhi	225,471	191	173	364	890	1325	2215	..	..	..	1580	14	578	..	47	..	106	89	195	83.95	510.84
Notified Area	3,673	12	3	5	9	6	15	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	70.78	213.35
Total	229,144	193	176	369	899	1331	2230	..	..	..	1585	10	578	..	47	..	106	89	195	83.73	506.05

W. M. HAILEY,
Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, DELHI.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 6th November 1918.

No. 5235-64-E.-B.—The services of Major J. M. Holmes, I. M. S., having been placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, he assumed charge of the office of the Health Officer, Imperial City, from Mr. T. Harvey, Executive Engineer, on the forenoon of the 14th October 1918.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 1st November 1918.

No. 4711-G—Captain H. Wade-Evans, 1-1st Brecknockshire Regiment, Treasury Chest Officer, Karachi, is granted leave in India under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for thirty days, with effect from the 10th October 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Military Accountant General.

IN THE COURT OF MAJOR R. W. E. KNOLLYS, I.A., DISTRICT JUDGE, AT DELHI.**CITATION.**

Dated the 31st October 1918.

In the matter of the grant of Probate of the Will of late Mr. Clarence Stuart Hogg, Head Quarter Inspector of Police, Delhi, who died at Delhi on the 17th October 1918.

Whereas Mrs Olive May Hogg, at present residing at No. 3, Rajpur Road, Delhi, widow of the deceased, has applied for grant of Probate of the Will of the abovenamed deceased and whereas 15th day of November 1918 at 10 A. M. has been fixed for hearing the said petition, this Citation is issued in terms of Section 250 of Act X of 1865 to all persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the deceased to come and see the proceedings in this Court before the grant is made.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 31st day of October 1918.

E. KNOLLYS,

District Judge, Delhi.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE No. 159 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 15th October 1918.

In the matter of Buduroor Rahman, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Buduroor Rahman, Cooly, residing at No. 18, B-Road, Kandawgalay, Nayabusti, Rangoon, on the 15th day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Buduroor Rahman.

MAUNG GYEE,

Offg. Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination	Address in Bombay	Description	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
492—1918	Babu Sadu Kharat Chamber	Hindu	Kazipura	Cobbler	29th	October	1918	20th	October	1918
493—1918	Jankisondas Giridhar Patel	"	Sandhar Road	Lately speculator of shares of different Joint Stock Companies and now unemployed	30th	"	"	30th	"	"
494—1918	Ahmed Miya Haji Abdula Bengali Mahomedan	"	Terunka Street	Lately petty dealer in eggs and now unemployed	1st	November	"	1st	November	"
495—1918	Manaji Govind Boradey	Hindu	Chudayda	Owner in the Alexandra Mills Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay this 1st day of November 1918

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**POST OFFICE.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 29th October 1918.

No. 1994s-*Ap*.—The following promotions and appointments in the grades of Superintendents of post offices are made with effect from the 20th September 1918 :—

- Mr. M. Sahihuddin to be confirmed in the 3rd grade ;
- Mr. Bhagat Singh to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade ;
- Mr P. S. Vaidya to be confirmed in the 4th grade ;
- Mr. Muhammad Ehsan Azim to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade ;
- Mr. N. S. Smith, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, United Provinces, to be appointed Reserve Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, United Provinces, and to continue on field service

No. 1997s-*Ap*.—The following promotions and appointments in the grades of Superintendents of post offices are made with effect from the 22nd September 1918 :—

- Mr. Gulam Muntaza to be confirmed in the 3rd grade ;
- Mr E B Thompson to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade and to continue on field service ;
- Mr. Maung Tin to be confirmed in the 4th grade ;
- Mr. Maun Baing to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade ;
- Mr. Nataran Balvant Shuntre, Joint Head Clerk, Bombay General Post Office, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, and to continue as Deputy Base Postmaster, Base Postal Depot Bomba.

The 31st October 1918.

No. 2010-s-*Ap* Mr. V. W. Coombes, Postmaster, Allahabad, pay Rs. 400—500 and sub. *pro tem*. Postmaster, Cawnpore pay Rs. 500—600, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 23rd October 1918, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it

Pandit Shiva Prasad, Deputy Postmaster, Cawnpore, pay Rs. 200—300, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Cawnpore, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr V. W. Coombes, or until further orders.

The 2nd November 1918.

No. 2017-s-*Ap*—Mr. Ganpat Rai, Inspector of post offices, Moga Sub-Division is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade with effect from the 4th October 1918 and until further orders

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING).****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Calcutta, the 5th November 1918

No. 4108-E-*E*—The following permanent promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned on probation for six months with effect from the date specified :—

Name	From	To	With effect from
Mr H. Cadogan	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, permanent.	27th June 1918.

Calcutta, the 5th November 1918.

No. 4128-E-E.—The following permanent promotions in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Technical Branch) are sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Names.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. G. H. Wallace	Telegraph Master (Technical).	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd class.	24th July 1918.
Mr. A. D'Silva	Telegraph Master (Technical).	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd class.	24th July 1918.
Mr. V. S. Iyer	Telegraph Master (Technical).	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd class.	24th July 1918.
Mr. H. W. Ross	Telegraph Master (Technical).	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd class.	24th July 1918.
Mr. D. D. Bhawe	Telegraph Master (Technical).	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd class.	24th July 1918.

The 7th November 1918.

No. 4146-E-E.—Mr. W. E. Johnson, Deputy Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, Class II, is granted privilege leave for 18 days combined with medical leave for 5 months and 12 days with effect from the 9th October 1918.

No. 4151-E-E.—The following officiating promotions in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) are sanctioned with effect from the dates specified :—

Names	From	To	With effect from
Mr. C. Osborne	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class, officiating.	29th April 1918 to 26th May 1918
Mr. F. W. Stone	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class, officiating.	23rd April 1918 to 26th June 1918.
Mr. R. J. Wilby	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class, officiating.	7th April 1918.
Mr. E. G. Wightman	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class, officiating.	26th May 1918.
Mr. W. H. King	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class, officiating.	15th June 1918 to 14th November 1918.
Mr. R. Carr	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class, officiating.	27th June 1918 to 31st October 1918
Mr. F. Rowland, M.B.E.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class.	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 1st class, officiating.	15th August 1918 to 28th September 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC).

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 2nd November 1918.

No. 6118-T.—Mr. A. Eaton, who was appointed officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, in notification No. 4599-T., dated the 16th August 1918, reverted to the grade of Telegraph Master with effect from the 8th October 1918.

The 8th November 1918.

No. 6232-T.—Mr. L. A. Noronha, Telegraph Master and officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, on probation with effect from the 30th September 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

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LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

- A Digest of Indian Law Cases for 1917.**—Compiled under the orders of the Government of India. By B D Bose, Esq., Bar-at-Law. Royal 8vo. (loth Rs. 4 1/4)
The Sea Customs Act, 1878 (Act No. VIII of 1878), as modified up to 1st August 1918. Royal 8vo. Stitched. Re. 1-6 (2s 6p)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

- Bureau of Education, India—Pamphlet No. 3.—Natural Science in the Educational System of Great Britain.** Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As 4 (1s. 6p)
Bureau of Education, India—Pamphlet No. 4.—Vocational Education, etc. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As 3 (1s)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

- Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, corrected to 1st July 1918.** Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As 11 (1s)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

- Classified List of Establishment, corrected up to 30th June 1918.** Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1 (2s)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

- Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, No. 496 (25th August 1918).** Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As 4 (1s.)

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, BENGAL.

- History of Services of Gazetted and other Officers serving under the Government of Bengal, corrected to 1st July 1918.** Part I. Royal 8vo. Limp. Re. 2 (5s. 6p.); Part II. Re. 2 (5s.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Indian Industrial Commission, 1918-19—

Report. Royal 8vo. Boards. Rs. 1 (4s. 6p.)

Appendices to the Report. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 1 (4s.)

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS.

Accounts relating to the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for each month during the year 1918-19 (August 1918), No. 4 of 1918-19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (1s. 6p.)

Accounts relating to the Trade by Land of British India with Foreign Countries (April 1918), No. 1 of 1918-19. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8 (1s. 6p.)

Cotton Press Return, Nos. 22 and 23 of 1917-18.—Return showing the quantity of Cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories, and of Cotton received in the Spinning Mills in India, in the half-months ending 31st July and 15th August 1918, together with progressive totals from 1st September 1917. Foolscap. Pies 6 (6p.) each.

Crop Forecasts—

First Rice Forecast, 1918-19. (October 22, 1918.) Pies 6 (6p.)

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 2264 Bu
F.I. of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1922, for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Maung Hla, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser MAUNG HLA.

Residence—Möngnai, Southern Shan States.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 8011 Bom.
F.I. of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920, for Rs. 500, originally issued in the name of Bai Gangabai Martandrao, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

BAI GANGABAI, widow of MARTANDRAO LAXMAN HARAL,
Jahagirdar of Ramnala, Taluka,
Dhulia, West Khandesh.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ⁵³⁶³_{F-1 & 2} of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 3,000, originally issued in the name of Bai Jenabai, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

JENABAI, widow of DHARSEY JIVRAJ,

No. 511, Doongri Street, Bombay.

LOST.

The Temporary Scrip No. 1972 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 500 (five hundred), originally issued in the name of Jamunadhar Motilal, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Scrip and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

UMACHARAN SEN, Pleader,

for JAMUNADHAR MOTILAL.

GAUHATI,

The 16th September 1918.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos 052072 and 052085 of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 125 and 100, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, respectively and last endorsed to Nathooram Bindrabai, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

BALMUKAND MURARILAL,

76, Cotton Street, Calcutta.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 3664 ^{Bom.}_{F-1.} of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of Khemchand Motichand Gujar, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR.

Residence—Phaltan (District Satara).

LOST.

The Allotment Certificate No. 2312 ^{Bom.}₁ of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of Ramkaran Shivkaran Marwadi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR.

Residence—Phaltan (District Satara).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 10191 ^{Rev.} ~~P.I.~~ of the 5½ per cent. Loan of 1920 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of Chaturabai Jivraj, guardian mother for Hiralal Jivraj minor, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**FULCHAND KESHAVJI GUJAR-**

Residence—Phaltan (District Satara).

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 231501 and 209509 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 100 respectively and Nos. 081082 and 086170 of 3 per cent. Loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 100 respectively, all originally standing in the name of Gopal Krishna Ghosh, and the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 083283 and 083284 of the 3 per cent. Loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500 respectively, originally standing in the name of Keeran Bala Ghosh, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**MONMOTHO NATH DUTTA,**

Attorney for Babu Gopal Krishna Ghosh,
10, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

STOLEN.

The Promissory Notes Nos. 032993, 032994, 032995, each for Rs. 500, No. 032996 for Rs. 400 and No. 032997 for Rs. 100 of 5 per cent. War Loan 1929—1947, originally issued in the name of Muhammad Azim Khan, Deputy Collector of Fatehpur, E. I. R., the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—**MUHAMMAD AZIM KHAN,**

Deputy Collector, Fatehpur, E. I. R.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. E000155, E000156, E000157 and D007094, of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928, the former three for Rs. 200 each and the latter one for Rs. 100, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Bombay, and last endorsed to the National Bank of India, Ltd., Madras, by the proprietor Captain Samuel Norman Rowe for the purpose of being deposited with that Bank for safe custody but which were stolen before being delivered to the Bank, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**SAMUEL NORMAN ROWE,**

Captain, S. S. "Japan."

Residence—C/o Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Bombay.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. D-010226 for Rs. 100 (One hundred only) of the 5½ per cent War Bonds 1921, originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Burma, and last endorsed to Maung San Nyun, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that a fresh Note has been issued in favour of the proprietor in lieu of the lost one. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of Advertiser—A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE.

Residence—Accountant-General, Burma.

RANGOON,
The 23rd October 1918.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 195419, dated 5th August 1918, of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 202-15-10.

The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—JOGENDRA BALA DASI,
wife of late SURENDRA NATH DE SIRCAR.

Address—Village—Pastumghatta. P. O.—Guria. District—24-Parganas.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 208536 of the 3½ per cent Loan of 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of late Kailash Chandra Seal of Hooghly, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—SREEMATI NISTARINI DASI.

Residence—Wife of Kinto Lal Mullick, Beltola, Chinsurah District, Hooghly.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ³⁹⁸² F I, Bombay of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922 for Rs. 500, originally issued in the name of Jehangir Hormasji Sorabji, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—JEHANGIR HORMASJI SORABJI.

Residence—No. 4, New Queen's Road, Bombay.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 45. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

RETURN SHOWING the WHOLESALE and RETAIL PRICES of CEREALS, PULSES,
OILSEEDS, SUGAR (RAW), SALT, ETC., in INDIA by DISTRICTS for the
FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 30TH SEPTEMBER 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

November 6, 1918

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 30th September, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917.

Province	RICE (Common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum.</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		ARHAR DÁL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 30th September of																			
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma	100	139	100	125	...	..	100	100	100	100	100	130	100	103	100	125	...	...	100	115
Assam	100	100	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	114	100	97	100	92
Bengal	100	108	100	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	147	100	121	100	124	100	100	100	97
Bihar and Orissa	100	146	100	166	100	170	...	...	100	184	100	172	100	151	100	108	100	82	100	90
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	140	100	178	100	181	.	..	100	225	100	210	100	176	100	118	100	94	100	107
Delhi	100	120	100	167	100	163	.	..	...	100	173	100	200	100	117	100	100	100	100	125
Punjab	100	172	100	147	100	144	100	163	100	140	100	154	100	129	100	114	100	127	100	148
North-West Frontier Province	100	161	100	122	100	125	.	..	100	99	100	127	100	125	100	109	100	141	100	185
Sind and Baluchistan	100	181	100	112	100	129	100	136	100	106	100	111	100	118	100	113	100	108	100	74
Bombay	100	142	100	209	100	172	100	261	...	..	100	168	100	181	100	189	100	108	100	156
Central Provinces and Berar	100	152	100	166	...	...	100	238	...	...	100	168	100	160	100	107	...	..	100	152
Madras	100	115	...	...	...	...	100	146	...	...	100	189	100	122	100	146	100	97	100	112
Average India { Unweigh- { Weighted	100	140	100	154	100	155	100	174	100	142	100	154	100	140	100	119	100	105	100	117
	100	128	100	162	100	171	100	209	100	184	100	179	.	...	...	100	100	...	...	...

Notes.—Compared with the corresponding fortnight of the preceding year, the increase in the price of maize in Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces and the Punjab, of ghi in Burma and in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, of raw sugar in the North-West Frontier Province and the Punjab, and of salt in the Punjab, the Central Provinces and Berar, the Bombay Presidency, the North-West Frontier Province and Delhi is noteworthy. There has been a general rise in the prices of rice, wheat, barley, jawar, gram and arhar dāl in almost all the reporting provinces. The fall in the price of salt in Sind and Baluchistan is also noticeable.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2.

Comparison with previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 30th September, 1918, as compared with the previous fortnight.

	RICE (common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		ARHAR DÁL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
Province	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending																			
	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Sep. 1918	30th Sep. 1918
Burma	100	116	100	102	100	100	100	100	100	113	100	107	100	106	100	100
Assam	100	94	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	106	100	106	100	114
Bengal	100	114	100	126	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	116	100	108	100	101	100	106	118
Bihar and Orissa	100	108	100	129	100	117	...	...	100	116	100	128	100	123	100	100	100	100	100
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh .	100	110	100	112	100	119	...	...	100	123	100	114	100	114	100	97	100	101	107
Delhi	100	88	100	166	100	111	...	..	...	...	100	110	100	100	100	100	100	108	120
Punjab	100	109	100	111	100	109	100	93	100	93	100	109	100	120	100	103	100	108	107	
North-West Frontier Province	100	101	100	106	100	105	...	...	100	106	100	112	100	100	100	106	100	110	102
Sind and Baluchis- tan	100	99	100	100	100	104	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	102	100	100	110	
Bombay	100	102	100	104	100	100	100	77	..	...	100	102	100	103	100	106	100	119	112
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	100	104	100	103	...	...	100	109	...	...	100	106	100	110	100	108	...	100	100
Madras	100	112	...	...	...	...	100	101	...	..	100	104	100	106	100	106	100	100	100
Average India { Unweigh- { Weighted	100	104	100	110	100	109	100	97	100	106	100	110	100	106	100	103	100	107	107	
	100	110	100	110	100	116	100	93	100	113	100	112	...	...	...	...	100	104	...

Notes.—Compared with the previous fortnight, the rise in the price of rice in Burma, of wheat in Bihar and Orissa and Bengal, and of barley and maize in the United Provinces and Bihar and Orissa, is noticeable, as well as that of gram in Bihar and Orissa and Bengal, of arhar dāl in Bihar and Orissa and the Punjab, of raw sugar in the Bombay Presidency and of salt in Delhi and Bengal. The fall in the price of jawar in the Bombay Presidency is also noteworthy.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 3.

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82½ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, bajra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending the 30th September of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918.

MARKETS	WHEAT (Triticum sativum)			RICE (common) (Oryza Sativa)			JAWAR (Andropogon sorghum)			BAJRA (Pennisetum typhoides)			GRAM (Cicer arabizum)		
	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta . . .	7 8 0	5 0 0	4 5 0	5 12 0	5 4 0	6 3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8 0	3 12 0	3 8 0
Bombay . . .	9 8 5	5 11 5	4 10 5	7 9 11	5 1 11	4 11 9	11 4 0	3 12 0	3 0 0	10 0 10	3 13 11	3 9 7	6 0 6	3 12 11	3 6 3
Karnahi . . .	5 8 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	8 0 0	5 4 0	5 1 0	...	2 4 0	2 14 0	5 0 0	3 0 0	2 14 0	...	...	...
Madras . . .	...	...	...	6 7 10	5 10 1	5 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7 0	4 9 3	4 3 4
Rangoon . . .	...	...	...	4 8 1	2 7 1	3 8 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 2 6	3 9 10	3 11 11
Dacca . . .	...	...	...	6 4 0	5 4 0	6 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna . . .	6 10 0	3 8 0	3 7 6	5 11 0	3 8 0	4 6 0	...	2 2 0	2 8 0	...	...	...	4 10 0	2 4 0	3 1 3
Ranchi . . .	8 0 0	4 6 0	4 2 0	5 5 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 11 0	3 6 0	3 11 0
Outlaok . . .	6 12 11	4 5 8	4 1 4	4 11 3	3 9 6	4 3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 6	3 12 11	4 1 2
Benares . . .	6 10 8	4 1 7	4 0 8	6 7 9	4 11 0	5 1 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 3 10	2 7 2	3 3 1
Cawnpore . . .	7 4 0	4 3 3	4 0 0	7 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6 0	2 12 0	3 1 0
Meerut . . .	7 0 9	3 12 11	3 10 2	6 10 9	4 13 7	5 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 5 0	3 1 3	3 0 3
Agra . . .	* 4 7 1	4 5 2	...	* 6 6 4	6 15 2	...	...	2 8 0	2 10 8	...	2 9 3	2 11 4	...	3 3 2	3 6 5
Lucknow . . .	8 0 0	4 3 4	4 0 0	6 2 5	4 1 8	4 3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 11 5	2 9 3	2 10 8
Ferozepur . . .	6 2 6	3 14 6	3 10 3	8 14 3	5 5 3	4 11 3	...	2 8 0	2 5 9	...	2 12 0	3 5 3	4 13 6	3 0 3	2 13 6
Lahore . . .	6 2 6	4 3 3	3 11 6	8 0 0	4 13 6	4 7 0	...	3 1 3	3 1 3	8 0 0	3 0 3	3 7 6	5 0 0	3 1 3	3 2 3
Amritsar . . .	6 0 0	3 15 0	3 7 0	8 0 0	5 0 0	4 11 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	3 1 3	3 0 0
Rawalpindi . . .	5 14 9	4 7 0	3 12 0	8 14 3	4 12 0	5 11 0	4 9 0	2 12 0	2 8 0	6 10 9	2 8 0	3 5 3	4 11 3	3 5 0	3 5 3
Lyallpur . . .	5 12 0	4 2 0	3 11 0	10 0 0	5 1 0	6 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9 0	3 2 0	3 8 0
Ambala . . .	6 4 0	4 0 0	3 13 0	6 12 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	8 0 0	2 14 0	3 0 0	...	3 0 0	4 0 0	5 1 0	3 0 0	3 2 0
Delhi . . .	7 0 0	4 3 0	3 11 0	7 8 0	6 4 0	6 0 0	...	3 0 0	2 12 0	...	3 0 0	2 14 0	5 5 0	3 1 0	3 1 0
Peshawar . . .	5 1 3	4 2 1	3 8 3	8 12 4	5 5 4	5 13 11	...	3 2 5	2 2 8	...	3 0 1	3 5 1	4 7 7	3 3 6	3 5 4
Quetta . . .	4 18 6	5 0 6	4 12 0	...	...	...	4 4 0	3 2 0	3 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . .	...	5 2 2	4 2 8	9 3 4	5 12 4	5 9 0	...	3 9 9	2 8 0	...	4 2 8	3 8 8	6 5 1	4 2 3	3 10 5
Ahmednagar . . .	...	4 15 1	3 9 10	...	...	...	8 13 0	2 14 5	2 4 10	...	...	...	6 0 3	3 8 8	...
Ahmedabad . . .	9 0 0	4 3 0	4 4 0	9 0 0	6 8 0	6 12 0	...	2 15 0	2 8 0	...	2 9 0	3 1 0	8 0 0	3 4 0	3 10 0
Nagpur . . .	7 3 1	4 3 2	3 11 7	7 11 1	4 4 10	4 3 8	...	3 0 10	2 6 8	...	...	...	5 6 6	3 6 5	3 6 8
Jubbulpur . . .	6 10 8	4 5 2	3 14 5	6 10 8	4 3 5	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 11 5	3 3 2	3 5 4
Godavari . . .	...	...	...	5 10 5	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	7 0 6	5 4 11	5 2 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Figures have not so far been reported

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma *—															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergal . . . . .	...	...	40.25	40.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	32.99	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	27.47	27.47	80	71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (Deltaic)—</i>															
Bangoon . . . . .	...	...	45.07	24.43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maulin . . . . .	...	...	42.67	28.69	110.36	62.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassoin . . . . .	...	...	39.75	28.83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (Inland)—</i>															
Hennada . . . . .	...	...	43.84	26.02	100	71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	32.99	26.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	38.55	30.19	71.11	40.38	...	...	...	...	19.69	19.69	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	44.14	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arahan—</i>															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	36.80	36.36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—															
<i>Burma—</i>															
Balaganj (Sylhet)	25	25	40	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara	23.75	19.37	37.5	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	22.5	27.5	53.5	43.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal *—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	50	42.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	37.5	30	62.5	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Calcutta	27.5	25	57.5	52.5	75	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Burdwan	23.12	20.32	50	39.12	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	18.75	18.75	42.5	40	85	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Pabna	23.75	25	45	46.25	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	22.5	25	50	47.5	52.5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa *—															
<i>Patna, north—</i>															
Bhagalpore	26.87	21.25	49.12	35	53.75	40	...	...	26.25	20.62	...	...	...	...	...
Munaffarpur	26.59	20.94	57.19	50	66.56	40	...	...	35	22.19	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna	33.12	20	56.87	35	66.25	38	...	...	38.75	20	...	21.25	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack	17.92	16.04	47.03	35.94	68.07	43.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—															
(a) <i>AGRA—</i>															
<i>Northern—</i>															
Banars	34.9	24.48	64.84	46.67	66.67	40.99	77.24	45.16	48.91	37.13	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore	35	22.5	70	52.5	72.5	42.03 40.94 to 44.87	75	48.75	53.75	27.5	...	...	...	...	...
Jhansi† . . . . .	...	...	...	47.66	...	...	...	...	...	35.31	...	30.16	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	66.72	48.49	70.47	38.07	76.09	42.08	48.44	27.6	...	...	...	...	...
Agra† . . . . .	...	...	...	63.96	...	44.43	...	58.38	...	29.06	...	25	...	25.78	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Bahajpurnur	43.75	20	75	38.75	76.25	38.75	81.87	45.62	49.22	24.69	...	...	...	...	...
(b) <i>ODDH—</i>															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	61.51	41.04	80	48.06	88.91	51.56	57.13	25.78	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad	33.75	21.56	65.62	47.81	69.53	39.53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Figures have not so far been reported

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district head quarters) in each province on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RACE,	MAIZE		GRAN		ARAB DÁL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
															Burma —
...	64.68	61.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tenasserim—
...	Mergui
...	65.96	65.98	68.62	68.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and Amherst
...	61.54	58.16	76.19	51.61	57.66	57.66	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	60.96	58.17	68.62	68.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangoon
...	48.94	34.41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Manbin
...	Bassein
...	57.14	40.72	79.01	68.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Hensada
...	Toungoo
...	18.71	18.71	58.14	34.41	75.29	60.96	62.14	57.66	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	34.41	34.41	71.91	71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakókka
...	80	66.67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	Burma—
...	Belaganj (Sylhet)
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Gowpara
...	Ganhati
...	53	45	70	53	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	Bengal—
...	85	50	...	...	...	...	...	65	50	100	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	43	37.5	67.5	60	...	...	...	...	...	75	50	85	Dacca
...	Deltaic—
...	52.5	35	66.66	44.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	105	Calcutta
...	{ 55 to 70 }	{ 37.5 }	{ 75 to 80 }	{ 50 to 45 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Western—
...	80	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Burdwan
...	Midnapur
...	60	65	05	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northern—
...	Pabna
...	Rangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa —
...	26.87	13.75	32.5	26.25	52.5	40	25	28.75	...	...	...	45	46.25	{ 57.5 to 60 }	Bihar, north—
...	35	28.44	44.37	26.56	61.56	44.37	46.46	23.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bhagalpur
...	33.28	18.13	46.25	22.5	68.25	38.38	40	21.25	...	...	...	70	45	84.37	Muzaffarpur
...	60.94	38.07	76.15	47.03	60.94	35.94	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	48.12	...	52.4	24.48	66.67	35.73	...	...	...	...	...	57.97	46.67	65.73	United Provinces—
...	45	16.25	58.75	27.5	61.56	35.62	...	32.5	31.25	26.25	67.5	45	78.75	48.75	(a) Agra—
...	32.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern—
...	43.75	25.78	58.12	30.78	61.56	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Benares
...	...	28.49	...	31.98	...	42.08	...	...	...	28.54	...	57.13	...	...	Central—
...	...	90	57.5	25	68.75	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cawnpore
...	58.38	20	57.12	25.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48.08	...	63.91	Jhansi
...	48.22	23.44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Western—
...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM Til or Rajis		GHI		SUGAR RAW (Ggr)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	191	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma—															
<i>Tomasserim—</i>															
Mergul . . . . .	...	...	800	581 82	...	...	35 75	27 47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	640	640	...	...	25 7	25 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	711 11	457 14	...	...	85 36	24 62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (delta)—</i>															
Rangoon . . . . .	...	...	914 29	533 33	...	...	35 16	35 36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	640	640	...	...	48 12	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	640	640	...	...	45 71	45 71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Hensada . . . . .	...	...	914 29	711 11	...	...	46 72	35 75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	41 58	36 16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	800	711 11	...	...	46 72	41 83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	914 29	711 11	...	...	45 39	45 39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	914 29	640	...	...	40	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—															
<i>Burma—</i>															
Sylhet (Balagan) . . . . .	...	...	700	690	80	72 5	41 25	44 37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara . . . . .	...	...	680	570	95	92 5	41 25	46 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .	...	...	750	615	90	110	45	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	680	600	85	70	36 25	47 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	730	580	115	120	45	47 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Delta—</i>															
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	720	700	85	90	37 5	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Burdwan . . . . .	...	...	700	560	95	60	41 25	36 87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 700 to 750 }	{ 550 to 600 }	85	95	41 25	42 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fabna . . . . .	...	...	870	620	80	85	42 5	42 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	600	580	70	70	43 75	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur	55	52 5	750	640	55	70	35	40	100	80	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	533 12	533 12	50	57 19	23 12	33 28	200	266 56	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Fabna	50	50	540	520	60	65	31 09	45	15	20	...	...	5	5	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack	98 75	...	609 53	583 33	51 41	64 74	36 35	25	121 87	91 41	...	...	6 25	5 62	6 25
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRA—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Benares	84 69	57 97	586 67	540 68	61 87	55 73	43 13	29 33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore	100	67 5	620	480	58 75	75	24 58	{ 25 62 to 30 }	150	140	150	150	...	...	...
Jhansi* . . . . .	...	...	...	452 97	...	70	...	29 37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	640	568 91	61 56	64 01	22 03	30 78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra* . . . . .	...	66 67	...	556 51	...	94 11	...	23 78	...	120	...	150	...	10	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur . . . . .	...	47 19	550	560	66 56	...	32 5	32 5	180	180	{ 180 to 200 }	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	580	490	...	...	31 98	33 33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad . . . . .	...	...	490	480	50	...	37 5	28 63	...	...	...	...	5	2 5	...

* Figures have not so far been reported

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	26.67	26.67	...	...	76.25	43.23	...	...	51.61	29.96	52.80	25	88.7	26.67	...
Delhi—															
Delhi . . . . .	...	...	75	62.5	70	41.87	75	45	50	30.62	...	30	...	30	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozepur	39.06	26.72	88.91	53.28	61.56	39.06	69.53	45.78	40	26.72	...	25	...	27.5	...
Central—															
Lahore	44.37	25	80	48.44	61.56	42.08	69.53	48.44	36.41	27.97	...	30.78	80	30.16	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar	50	22.19	80	50	60	39.37	60.25	44.37	...	25	40	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	88.91	47.5	59.22	14.37	66.72	46.87	40	26.87	45.62	27.5	66.72	25	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	27.5	100	50.62	57.5	11.25	63.75	46.25	...	27.5	...	29.69	...	...	...
Multan	46.25	23.75	70	45.62	55.16	40	58.75	43.75	38.75	29.58	47.5	29.69	60	29.37	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	87.71	53.33	50.78	41.3	57.64	46.72	30.31	23.91	...	31.51	...	30.05	...
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	...	57.13	48.75	40	55.47	44.48	35.78	29.11	...	35	55	33.28	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	80	52.5	55	47.5	...	...	...	...	...	22.5	50	30	...
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	22.5	107.5	51.25	68.75	49.08	...	...	45	32.97	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	46.25 to 50.02	49.37 to 51.25	90	70.62 to 77.5	45.62	37.5	42.5	31.25	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Konkan—															
Bombay	48.65	33.8	76.2	51.2	93.26	57.13	...	...	52.92	30.68	112.5	37.5	100.52	38.07	...
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli) . . . . .	...	...	74.95	53.8	96.41	45.57	...	...	...	...	75.99	31.25	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	70.16	50.57	50.83	...	...	...	...	...	81.41	38.59	...	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	92.08	57.71	...	51.35	...	...	...	...	...	36.09	...	41.67	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—															
Ahmednagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	49.43	...	...	...	...	86.12	29.01	...	35.76	...
Dhulia † . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.36	...	...	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	50.47	...	...	...	...	...	33.18	...	...	...
Ahmedabad . . . . .	...	...	90	65	90	15	...	...	65	...	...	29.37	...	25.62	...
Central Provinces*															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . . .	...	...	76.94	43	71.94	42	100	57.5	...	...	...	30.5	...	...	...
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . . . .	...	...	66.69	12.12	66.69	43.25	80	58.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Bilpur	45	30	55	95	62	35	70	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Harar—															
Akola . . . . .	...	...	57.94	40.75	70.12	42.19	...	...	...	...	62.5	28.44	...	...	...
Amroli . . . . .	...	...	68.87	44.44	73.5	47.06	...	...	...	...	78.12	31.25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51.7	38.8	56.1	...	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43.1
Central—															
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65.9	33.9	...	...	...
Chidambaram	43	39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44.9	35.5	47.7	30.4	...
Karaikal . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—															
Madras	41.3	24.5	64.9	56.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	33.9	70.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42.2
Southern—															
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38.8	...	41.6	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	72	28	74	64	119	58	129.08	65	...	...	44	33	...	...	40
Baugalore	44	22	98	60	120	54	...	67.76	...	...	...	28	...	...	38

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the price of cleaned rice
† Figures have not so far been reported.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten mounds)

RICE	MAIZE		GRAM		ANAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSEED		DISTRICTS
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
...	51.61	28	55.16	28.96	...	...	...	...	...	125.12	92.86	...	...	...	Rajputana—
...	...	28.75	53.12	30.02	70	85	...	...	45	31.87	70	60	70	50	Eastern— Ajmer
...	...	...	48.41	30.16	80	66.72	...	...	42.03	38.12	72.66	80	...	44.37	Delhi— Delhi
...	40	30.16	50	30.78	66.72	47.03	55.16	32.03	43.28	30.78	66.72	55.16	66.72	44.37	Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur
...	44.37	...	50	30.78	61.25	...	...	...	35.75	37.5	67.5	60	82.5	50	Central— Lahore
...	44.37	30	47.03	33.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	61.56	48.75	61.56	48.5	Submontane— Amritsar
...	41.87	29.53	45.02	31.25	65	...	...	...	37.5	35	...	...	65	...	Northern— Bawalpindi
...	...	...	44.37	32.06	...	46.25	41.25	35.03	38.12	34.69	80	55	65	40	Western— Lyalpur Multan
...	33.33	33.65	44.71	32.19	46.75	37.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	58.7	41.3	N.W. Frontier Province—
...	...	30	39.87	34.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Peshawar Dera Ismail Khan
...	...	...	48.75	39.37	...	50	...	...	48.56	30.82	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	45	{ 40 to 45 }	...	...	{ 61.6 to 75 }	{ 58.75 to 67.5 }	57.5	51.87	...	31.09	...	...	...	...	Kardohi Shikarpur
...	...	...	60.31	38.07	74.53	60.1	50	37.5	46.93	25.52	75.88	51.77	...	...	Quetta
...	...	...	69.27	43.49	...	...	...	...	40	22.19	...	...	...	...	Bombay— Kankan— Bombay
...	...	...	54.59	37.6	73.23	53.07	...	...	47.34	...	59.27	...	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar (Hubli)
...	...	...	63.18	41.41	...	52.92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sholapur Poona
...	...	...	60.16	35.42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.E. Deccan— Ahmednagar Dhule
...	...	...	80	22.5	...	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat— Surat Ahmedabad
...	...	...	54.06	31	65.94	...	...	...	34	25	76.19	54	...	...	Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur
...	...	...	57.12	19	41.5	40	50	33.31	44.41	26.60	60.56	44.44	...	...	Central— Jubbulpore
...	...	...	10	29	60	38	...	...	...	...	61	50	...	...	Eastern— Raipur
...	...	...	64.69	31.91	68.19	41.19	...	...	37.75	22.67	81.06	19.37	...	...	Berar—
...	...	...	63.94	40	70.16	47.06	...	...	35.69	18.37	77.12	60	...	...	Ikola Imratoli
...	...	...	77.3	55.8	71.9	40.4	...	...	52	35.2	...	...	...	...	Madras—
39.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	South, central— Coimbatore Salem
...	...	...	61.7	46.3	44.1	35.3	...	...	28.6	25	...	...	...	...	Central— Bellary Cuddapah Karnul
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central— Nellore
29.7	...	...	...	...	49.3	40.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south— Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
...	...	...	64.4	45.9	...	...	92.3	54.9	57.6	57.6	...	...	...	...	Southern— Madura
29.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore— Mysore Bangalore
30	...	...	6	31.5	100	62	40	70	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	...	...	66	32	98	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER—concluded

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinfils)		GHEE		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNIP		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	100	58 59	675	402 34	93 07	67 45	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..	..
Delhi—															
Delhi	125	62 5	740	699	70	70	92 5	26 09	80	80	200	165	22 5	10	..
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozpur	73 68	72 06	691 87	595 31	76 25	69 53	42 03	38 28	177 81	160	160	145 47	..	..	..
Central—															
Lahore	111 22	50 09	711 9	610	16 25	63 91	11 37	27 5	160	133 28	200	188 28	..	10	..
Submontane—															
Amritsar	115	00	710	610	70	50	17 5	16 25	110	90	170	145	..	..	..
Northern—															
Bawalpindi . . . . .	..	..	609 53	540	72 06	48 87	34 81	23 44	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Western—															
Lyalpur	90	60	820	602 5	60	55	13 75	30 62	200	140	160	150	..	..	..
Multan	90	52 5	610	580	65	57 19	40	32 19	130	122 5	190	161 87	12 5	8 44	..
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar . . . . .	..	..	640	568 91	87 71	61 56	23 18	19 63	101 56	91 11	..	..	..	..	..
Dera Ismail Khan . . . . .	..	..	710 47	678 75	79 37	57 19	37 03	25	..	..	..	..	19 37	13 38	..
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	17 5	17 34	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shikarpur . . . . .	..	..	640	522 5	71 25	66 25	21 41	28 75	65	36 12	..	..	..	..	..
Quetta . . . . .	..	..	650 to 705	630 to 610	..	..	23 44	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay—															
Konkan—															
Bombay	185 73	65 73	914 27	714 27	95 26	87 03	35	25	..	..	103 28	155 1	24 01	14 37	..
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli). . . . .	..	70 31	..	..	91 98	67 97	..	30 33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sholapur	84 63	..	6 7 19	600 52	89 84	72 92	53 75	28 75	..	..	..	146 09	..	..	..
Poona . . . . .	..	..	7 0 48	..	83 75	81 22	50	31 56	25 4 22	196 51	..	..	..	..	..
Gandesh and N.-E. Deccan—															
Ahmednagar . . . . .	..	..	..	513 33	80	83 33	44 84	30 52	183 48	..	..	143 23	..	..	..
Dhulia . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . . .	..	..	908 12	670 26	..	..	..	17 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ahmedabad . . . . .	..	..	580	620	..	..	17 19	16 25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Central Provinces—															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . . .	..	50	611 62	590	..	..	57 5	33 5	135 81	110	171 37	..	..	7	..
Central—															
Jubbulpore	76 19	57 72	630	520	..	..	30	26 69	150	106 25	160	177 75	..	..	..
Eastern—															
Raipur . . . . .	..	..	700	520	..	..	48	19	160	160	140	120	..	..	..
Berar—															
Akola	98	68 03	538 06	609 5	..	..	44 06	35 06	133 31	123 81	..	..	..	..	..
Amritoli . . . . .	..	74 19	580	600	..	..	39	29	216 19	177 81	..	..	..	..	..
Madras—															
South, central—															
Columbore	190 6	67 2	711 7	587 8	48	56 1	28 8	26 2	..	..	128	121 6	..	..	7 7
Salem . . . . .	..	..	684 9	458	..	..	..	..	171 3	171 3	..	126 9	..	..	..
Central—															
Bellary	110 8	73 1	1015 9	507 9	71 4	71 4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah . . . . .	..	..	769 7	559 2	..	..	..	..	..	..	131 8	141 7	..	..	..
Karnul . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	333 3	66 7	125 3	116 9	..	..	..
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . . .	..	..	..	500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 7
East Coast, south—															
Madras	108 7	..	790	526 7	57 6	59 8	18 9	18 3	288	139 9	123 4	141	..	..	..
Tanjore . . . . .	..	..	600	466 7	..	..	23 4	33 4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly . . . . .	..	..	610 7	540 5	..	..	30 6	23 1	123 4	123 4	..	..	..	..	..
Southern—															
Madura . . . . .	..	66 7	..	675 7	..	..	..	..	141 1	141 1	..	..	..	..	..
Mysore—															
Mysore	120	60	780	548 59	70 57	711 41	..	..	274 27	203 73	154 22	154 27	4 43	4 43	4 43
Bangalore	112	72	1131 41	548 54	77 18	77 18	..	..	240	240	187 13	190	8 8	8 3	8 8

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 108 per 10 maunds
† Figures have not so far been reported

(The figures state prices in rupees per ton onwards)

STRAW	JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		COAL (BENGAL)		SHEEP, PER SCORE		FLOUR BULLOCKS, PER FAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS		
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918			
...	...	17 81	...	...	31 61	31 98	...	...	110	...	{ 80 to 90 }	{ 80 to 90 }	3 75	3 25	Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	
...	25	10	20	10	42 5	17 5	12 5	7 5	105	80	300	250	4 44	2 58	Delhi— Delhi		
...	10	6 91	28 59	24 22	...	...	112	142	225	225	18 22	3 5	Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur		
...	14 84	11 41	35 62	26 72	12 5	11 35	200	150	170	170	6	3 59	Central— Lahore		
...	15	11 56	30	20	10	10	160	120	...	...	4 5	3 56	Submontane— Amritsar		
...	26 72	16 72	...	...	12 5	21 25	120	100	140	120	4	3 75	Northern— Rawalpindi		
...	10	8 75	...	20	15	10	140	124	270	180	4 28	3 53	Western— Lyalpur		
...	...	3 12	10 94	7 34	35	22 81	...	...	105	105	...	...	4	3 5	Multan	
...	7 5	6 82	29 22	19 63	15	13 38	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	5	3 27	N.W. Frontier Province— Peshawar		
...	12 86	10	37 08	26 67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 78	Dera Ismael Khan		
...	3 28	3 08	Sind and Baluchis- tan—	
...	17 5	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 62	3 27	Kardohi Shikarpur	
...	11 25	11 87	35 05	27 5	15 43	12 26	{ 120 to 220 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	...	4 17	3 47	Quetta		
...	37 5	16 98	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 81	3 06	Bombay— Konkan— Bombay		
...	5 64	3 5	Deccan and Karnat- ak—	
...	2 64	2 41	Dharwar (Hubli)	
...	24 27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 37	3 11	Sholapur Poona	
...	3 30		Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	3 31		Ahmednagar Dhulia
...		Gujarat— Surat
...	37 5	22 5	3 44		Ahmedabad
7 5	...	21	...	...	...	...	10	7 75	75	60	125	125	4 06	2 25		Central Provin- ces— Western— Nagpur
...	36 37	26 69	...	...	60	60	70	70	3 12	2 44		Central— Jubbulpore	
...	2 25	2 62		Eastern— Raipur	
...	95	90	64	64	3 61	2 62		Berar— Akola	
...	12 5	6 44	70	70	70	70	3 37	3 37		Amravati	
...		Madras— South, Central—
7 7	8	6 1	...	...	102 9*	90 5*	...	...	100†	100†	60	60	6	3 19		Coimbatore
...	3 75	3 03		Salem	
...	12 5	10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	100†	150	150	4 57	3 36		Central— Bellary
...	3 25	3 16		Cuddapah	
...	6	3 75		Karnul	
5 7	2 79	2 11		East Coast, Central— Nellore
...	42 6	26 5	12 9	14 3	225†	203†			East Coast, South— Madras
...	10 4	10 5	150†	150†	2 74		Tanjore
...	38 2	38 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 71	3 55		Trichinopoly	
15	20 4	60	60	...	3 5			Southern— Madras
4 43	4 22	4 43	40	40	17 5	15 42	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	4 75	3 75			Mysore— Mysore
8 6	32 5	33 8	160	160	{ 100 to 200 }	{ 100 to 200 }	3	3 25			Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER, 1918

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUN (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR GUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- half- month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—					8 9	8 9	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Mergul . . .	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	11 2	11 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	4 10	4 10	...	...	11 3	11 3	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—					7 4	8 1	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Pegu . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 9	8 9	9 2	...	...	...	...
Rangoon . . .	...	...	...	...	7 5	8 2	9 2	9 12	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—					8 2	8 2	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Tharawadi . . .	...	...	...	...	8 15	8 15	8 9	10 6	...	...	...	...
Henzada . . .	3 11	4 —	...	...	7 4	8 5	8 5	9 11	...	...	...	...
Prome . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	10 6	11 3	12 2	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	...	...	7 10	9 1	9 —	10 12	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—					7 10	8 13	9 4	11 3	17 14	17 14	...	...
Mandalay . . .	5 6	5 14	...	...	8 2	10 6	9 2	10 12	...	...	...	...
Bhamo . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	12 2	12 2	16 3	...	...	...	...
Meiktila . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—					15 4	15 4	21 3	21 3	...	...	...	...
Sandoway . . .	2 —	2 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpada . . .	2 —	2 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—					8 8	8 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	...
Burma—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet . . .	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	9 9	10 10	...	...	...	...
Cachar . . .	5 —	5 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hill Tracts—					4 —	4 —	6 4	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kháisi and Jaintia Hills . . .	5 5	5 5	...	...	3 —	3 8	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manipur . . .	8 8	10 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	28 —	28 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—					4 —	4 4	6 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Goalpara . . .	7 8	7 —	...	...	6 4	6 —	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kámráp (Gauhati) . . .	5 —	7 —	...	...	6 8	6 12	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 9	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur . . .	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—					...	...	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern—	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Chittagong . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	7 12	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	8 10	...	...	...	...
Maimonsingh . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 6	7 —	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—					...	...	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Khulna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 13	6 15	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 9	8 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh) . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Jessore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER, 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		RAJRA OR SIRSA (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month
Bengal—continued												
<i>Western—</i>												
Bankura	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	8 —	9 4	...	...	...	...	8 —	9 4	...	...	...	...
Birbham	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	9 6	10 —	...	...	...	...	9 6	10 —	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	8 4	10 —	...	...	...	...	8 4	10 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Pabna	6 15	7 8	...	...	...	...	6 15	7 8	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	9 —	10 8	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Malda	6 11	6 —	...	...	...	...	6 11	6 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Jaipalguri	7 13	7 —	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	6 12	7 8	...	...	...	...	6 12	7 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Darjeeling	7 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Other and Orissa—</i>												
<i>Bihar, north—</i>												
Purnea	7 —	8 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	6 9	8 4	13 3	14 5	...	...	6 9	8 4	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	5 8	7 —	11 —	13 —	...	...	5 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	6 —	7 8	10 —	13 —	...	...	6 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Saran	5 —	8 —	11 4	13 4	...	...	5 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Champaran	6 5	7 6	...	...	...	...	6 5	7 6	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>												
Santhal Parganas	6 5	7 6	...	...	...	...	6 5	7 6	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	6 —	8 —	10 —	10 8	...	...	6 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Gaya	6 —	8 —	10 —	13 —	...	...	6 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Patna	7 —	7 8	11 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	7 —	7 8	11 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Chota Nagpur—</i>												
Singbhum	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	5 8	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	6 12	7 8	11 4	11 4	...	...	6 12	7 8	...	...	...	...
Palaman	5 8	6 8	...	...	...	...	5 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>												
Hasaribagh	5 9	5 9	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	...	...	...	...
Puri	5 14	6 9	...	...	...	...	5 14	6 9	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	6 8	5 5	...	...	...	...	6 8	5 5	...	...	...	...
Balasore	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	9 12	10 —	...	...	...	...	9 12	10 —	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
<i>(a) Agra—</i>												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mirzapur	5 12	6 8	7 9	9 8	6 —	6 —	5 12	6 8	...	10 —	...	...
Bonares	5 10	6 14	8 8	11 1	4 11	5 11	5 10	6 14	...	13 2	...	5 —
Ghazipur	6 —	6 8	8 12	10 5	3 12	3 12	6 —	6 8	...	7 —	6 4	5 —
Jaunpur	5 12	6 4	8 4	9 —	4 4	4 4	5 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Banda	5 10	6 4	7 4	9 2	3 12	4 8	5 10	6 4	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	5 14	5 8	6 6	7 4	4 4	4 4	5 14	5 8	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	5 12	6 4	8 8	...	3 —	4 —	5 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
Jalaun	5 4	5 12	7 —	8 8	...	...	5 4	5 12	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore	5 6	6 —	7 13	9 12	3 12	3 12	5 6	6 —	...	...	...	...
Jhansi	5 9	6 3	7 —	8 7	3 11	3 11	5 9	6 3	...	...	...	...
Etawah	4 14	5 8	6 6	9 —	3 8	3 8	4 14	5 8	...	...	...	...
Farrukhabad	5 12	6 12	7 —	9 —	3 —	4 —	5 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Meerut	5 12	6 4	8 —	9 8	3 8	3 —	5 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Meerut	5 8	6 —	8 —	9 8	3 —	3 —	5 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Agra	5 6	6 2	7 14	9 6	4 8	4 8	5 6	6 2	...	...	...	...
Muttra	5 2	5 10	8 —	9 12	3 4	3 4	5 2	5 10	...	...	...	...
Aligarh	6 —	6 12	9 —	10 4	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 12	...	...	...	...
Bulandshahr	5 14	6 8	7 12	9 8	3 —	3 —	5 14	6 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Subsidiary, east—</i>												
Ballia	7 8	7 13	12 7	13 —	5 —	5 10	7 8	7 13	...	...	...	...
Amroha	6 4	7 8	9 —	12 —	5 —	5 —	6 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	5 14	7 12	8 9	12 8	5 11	6 12	5 14	7 12	...	...	...	...
Basti	5 8	7 —	9 8	12 8	5 —	5 12	5 8	7 —	...	...	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 32 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

RICE OR HARVA (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)		KANKNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria italica</i>)		GRAM, ORHWA, OHOLA, KADALAT, OR SUWAGA (<i>Oleria aristatum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANJAN DAL (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	
...	5 —	6 —	11 —	10 8	Bengal—continued
...	6 —	...	8 14	9 —	Western—
...	5 8	6 8	9 —	10 —	Bankura
...	5 4	...	...	Burdwan
...	4 —	6 —	8 —	10 —	Birbhum
...	6 8	6 8	10 —	11 —	Midnapur
...	Murshidabad
...	5 4	5 4	9 12	9 12	Northern—
...	5 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	Pabna
...	4 14	6 12	9 8	8 —	Rajshahi
...	6 —	6 8	8 —	8 —	Malda
...	6 —	6 —	8 —	9 —	Bogra
...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	Jalpaiguri
...	Dinajpur
...	Bangpur
...	5 —	5 8	7 —	6 8	Hills—
...	Darjeeling
...	10 —	11 —	13 —	16 —	5 8	6 8	11 —	11 —	Bihar and Orissa—
...	12 —	14 8	12 8	15 —	...	8 8	10 8	10 8	Bihar, north—
...	Purnea
13 12	17 9	...	...	8 13	11 —	12 1	14 5	6 9	7 11	12 1	12 1	Bhagalpur
...	8 —	10 12	11 —	13 —	6 —	8 —	13 4	13 4	Darbhanga
10 —	10 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	9 8	11 —	13 —	6 —	8 —	12 —	10 —	Muzaffarpur
15 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	11 8	11 —	12 8	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	Saran
...	8 —	11 —	12 —	15 —	7 —	8 —	10 —	10 8	Champaran
12 —	17 —	10 —	12 —	8 6	11 9	10 8	14 12	9 —	9 8	12 —	11 —	Bihar, south—
...	...	13 —	12 —	8 —	8 8	10 8	12 —	5 8	7 8	13 5	13 10	Saughal Parganas
...	9 —	10 4	12 —	13 —	6 —	7 8	14 —	13 —	Monghyr
...	11 —	12 —	12 —	6 —	7 8	14 —	13 —	Gaya
...	8 —	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 8	9 —	10 8	Patna
...	7 —	9 —	11 —	13 —	5 12	6 4	9 —	9 —	Shahabad
14 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	11 —	12 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	9 —	Chota Nagpur—
15 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 9	16 14	...	6 12	6 12	12 15	12 15	Singbhum
...	7 —	9 8	14 —	...	5 8	6 —	13 —	13 —	Manbhum
...	6 14	6 14	...	...	4 14	5 9	11 —	11 13	Ranchi
...	6 9	7 3	...	...	5 4	6 9	11 —	11 —	Palamu
...	8 4	8 4	...	...	5 5	5 5	9 —	11 8	Hasaribagh
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	Orissa—
...	8 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	7 —	10 —	11 —	Puri
...	...	13 —	13 —	7 1	7 13	9 12 1	10 13 1	5 9 1	6 —	...	...	Sambalpur
...	7 4	9 3	10 4	...	6 11	7 —	10 —	9 5	United Provinces—
4 6	5 2	9 2	10 11	7 14	9 12	...	...	6 3	7 5	14 12	12 10	(a) AGRA—
...	7 4	8 8	...	...	5 4	5 4	11 12	8 12	Eastern—
...	6 14	7 14	...	...	6 12	7 4	13 4	12 8	Mirzapur
...	6 12	8 12	...	...	6 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Benares
...	7 4	7 4	...	...	6 4	7 4	13 6	13 —	Ghazipur
...	7 —	8 8	...	...	5 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	Jaunpur
...	7 —	8 1	8 2	...	6 3	6 11	16 —	7 4	Allahabad
...	...	5 8	6 8	7 —	8 1	...	...	5 1	6 8	12 5	14 —	Central—
...	6 15	8 1	...	...	6 —	6 11	12 14	12 2	Banda
3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	6 14	7 13	8 11	9 —	6 —	6 11	12 14	12 2	Fatehpur
...	6 8	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Hamirpur
...	6 8	9 —	7 —	10 —	6 —	8 —	9 —	10 —	Jalaun
...	7 —	8 4	7 12	10 —	6 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Cawnpore
...	Jhansi
...	7 4	8 4	9 —	...	6 —	8 —	15 —	...	Etawah
...	7 9	8 5	8 8	11 —	6 3	...	13 4	...	Farrukhabad
...	7 —	8 —	9 4	10 8	6 —	6 8	13 8	15 —	Mainpuri
...	...	6 —	6 —	7 12	9 8	10 4	12 —	6 4	6 8	16 —	16 —	Etah
...	7 4	8 8	6 12	8 —	6 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Western—
...	8 14	10 —	12 8	13 —	6 8	7 2	10 —	10 —	Mecrut
...	8 —	9 8	...	...	6 —	7 2	13 —	13 —	Agra
...	7 10	10 8	9 —	15 —	6 6	7 12	9 8	9 8	Muttra
...	7 8	11 4	...	...	6 8	7 8	15 8	15 8	Aligarh
...	Bulandshahr
...	Submontane, east—
...	Ballia
...	Azamgarh
...	Gorakhpur
...	Basti

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER, 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (Triticum Sativum)		BARLEY (Hordeum vulgare)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUN (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GURBU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur	5 6	6 1	8 2	9 8	2 8	3 —	5 4	6 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Budaun	5 3	6 6	8 1	9 15	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Pilibhit	5 4	6 2	9 —	11 4	3 12	4 2	6 —	6 4	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Barrell	5 3	6 7	7 15	10 5	3 7	3 12	5 8	6 2	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Moradabad	5 2	5 15	8 2	8 14	3 12	4 4	5 14	6 6	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Bijnor	5 1	6 9	8 4	9 10	2 12	3 —	4 8	4 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Muzaffarnagar	5 12	6 9	9 —	11 —	4 6	4 6	5 8	5 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Saharanpur	5 14	6 6	9 1	9 9	3 12	3 12	4 13	4 13	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Dehra Dun	5 6	6 4	8 12	10 8	2 13	3 —	5 12	6 —	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal	4 8	5 —	6 —	6 —	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Almora	4 8	5 4	6 8	7 —	2 8	2 8	4 8	4 12	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Garhwal	4 8	4 8	7 —	7 —	2 8	2 8	3 8	3 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Paritagarh	6 —	7 —	8 —	11 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Sultanpur	6 —	7 4	8 8	11 8	5 —	5 —	5 12	6 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Rae Bareilly	5 10	6 10	7 8	9 12	4 —	4 —	5 1	6 3	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Unao	5 10	6 4	7 4	9 2	4 —	4 4	4 8	6 4	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Lucknow	1 12	0 —	7 —	9 —	3 —	3 4	5 12	6 —	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Hardoi	5 1	6 12	8 —	9 4	3 —	4 —	4 8	6 —	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad	5 8	7 —	7 12	11 —	—	—	5 14	6 6	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Barabanki	5 9	7 —	7 15	10 —	4 2	4 2	6 1	6 11	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Gonda	6 —	7 —	8 —	10 4	4 2	4 8	5 11	6 4	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Bahraich	5 —	6 8	8 —	10 8	4 8	4 8	6 4	6 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Sitapur	5 8	6 —	7 —	10 —	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Kheri	5 4	6 4	7 8	9 9	2 8	2 8	6 —	6 8	9 8	10 —	7 8	7 8
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mewar (Udaipur)	8 1	7 13	10 12	10 12	3 2	3 —	5 2	4 15	12 12	13 2	8 5	7 15
Ajmer	5 1	6 3	7 12	9 2	4 1	4 4	5 1	5 8	7 —	7 —	4 14	6 —
Khabangarh	5 —	6 —	7 4	8 12	3 8	2 8	4 —	4 4	7 —	7 8	6 —	7 —
Tonk	5 1	5 9	9 7	10 2	4 3	4 4	5 4	5 5	8 6	10 —	—	—
Jaipur	5 8	6 5	7 7	8 14	4 8	4 9	4 12	4 13	7 7	8 2	4 8	4 9
Karauli*	6 2	6 14	8 14	9 4	4 1	4 4	4 5	4 8	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 10
Dholpur	6 2	6 14	8 14	9 4	4 1	4 4	4 5	4 8	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 10
Bharatpur*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alwar*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nasirabad	5 —	5 12	—	—	5 8	5 8	5 8	6 —	7 —	9 —	—	8 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner	5 —	5 1	7 1	7 8	3 —	3 4	4 6	4 8	—	—	4 4	4 12
Jaisalmer	5 —	5 —	—	—	2 12	2 8	3 12	3 4	—	—	5 —	5 —
Jodhpur	{ 5 13 and 6 4 }	{ 6 — and 6 8 }	7 9	8 4	3 12	3 12	4 —	5 —	—	—	6 6	7 —
Central India—												
Indore	6 —	6 4	6 8	8 —	5 8	5 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	—	—
Neemuch	5 8	6 —	—	—	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	7 —	8 4	—	—
Gwalior*	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi—												
Delhi	5 8	5 12	7 12	8 8	3 —	3 —	5 —	4 8	—	—	—	—
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar	6 8	7 —	9 —	10 —	—	—	5 —	5 —	—	—	6 —	7 —
Ferozepur	6 1	7 4	9 8	10 12	—	—	4 —	4 —	—	—	—	—
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore	6 4	7 —	10 12	11 —	—	—	4 8	4 12	—	—	4 12	6 —
Gujrat wala	7 —	7 4	10 —	10 8	—	—	4 12	4 12	—	—	—	—
Gujrat	6 12	7 8	10 —	10 —	—	—	5 —	5 —	—	—	—	—
Sheikhan	6 12	7 4	9 8	10 —	—	—	5 8	4 12	5 —	5 —	7 —	8 —

* Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of acres (of 80 belds) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARWA OR BACH (<i>Bombax</i> <i>coronaria</i>)		KARNI OR KARNI ITALIAN MILK (<i>Bombax</i> <i>italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oler</i> <i>aristatum</i>)		MAISE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ANAR DAL (<i>Cajanus</i> <i>Indicus</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
...	...	6 —	6 —	6 14	8 6	...	...	6 4	7 —	12 —	12 —	Shahjahanpur
...	6 15	8 14	9 —	10 11	6 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	Budaun
...	7 12	9 —	...	...	5 4	8 4	14 —	14 —	Filibit
...	6 14	8 15	9 1	10 9	6 2	7 7	13 —	13 —	Bareilly
...	7 2	8 8	7 12	...	6 12	7 4	12 2	12 2	Moradabad
...	7 —	8 2	...	...	5 8	6 8	13 —	13 8	Bijnor
...	7 —	8 8	8 12	8 12	5 8	5 8	16 —	15 —	Muzaffarnagar
...	7 12	8 4	...	...	7 7	7 7	16 10	16 —	Saharanpur
8 —	10 —	...	...	7 12	9 4	8 8	10 8	5 4	6 12	8 —	8 8	Dehra Dun
Hills—												
6 8	6 8	...	...	5 8	6 8	6 —	8 —	5 —	6 —	10 —	11 8	Naini Tal
...	6 —	...	...	5 8	6 12	...	...	5 —	5 8	7 8	7 —	Almora
...	4 12	4 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	6 —	6 —	Garhwāl
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
10 —	10 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	10 —	8 —	10 —	6 —	6 8	11 —	9 —	Parbhagarh
9 8	12 —	8 4	10 8	...	...	6 12	7 8	9 —	9 —	Sultanpur
...	7 8	9 12	...	...	6 —	7 —	12 —	11 —	Rae Bareilly
...	6 10	8 8	8 —	...	5 12	7 8	14 5	12 12	Unao
...	6 12	8 4	7 4	...	5 12	7 —	12 8	13 —	Lucknow
...	6 4	8 4	...	...	5 —	6 —	13 —	11 8	Hardoi
Northern—												
10 —	13 8	7 4	7 6	8 —	9 12	...	...	7 —	7 14	10 4	10 —	Fyzabad
...	...	7 8	9 10	7 11	10 1	8 12	11 —	5 15	7 2	13 12	13 12	Barabanki
...	8 12	9 12	12 —	14 —	5 12	7 4	14 10	14 10	Gonda
...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 12	11 4	10 —	6 —	7 4	15 —	15 —	Bahraich
...	...	8 —	8 —	7 —	9 4	9 4	12 —	6 —	7 —	12 —	13 —	Sitapur
...	7 8	9 8	8 —	12 —	6 —	7 12	15 —	15 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
...	...	5 10	5 6	7 9	7 8	13 2	13 2	5 6	5 10	12 4	11 11	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	3 4	4 5	7 4	9 2	7 12	8 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Ajmer
...	7 12	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Kishangarh
...	9 7	10 2	...	...	...	...	13 10	13 11	Tonk
...	...	7 8	8 2	7 7 and 9 3	8 14 and 10 2	8 7	9 6	9 8	10 2	20 14	...	Jaipur
...	...	6 8	6 12	8 8	9 11	...	...	5 15	6 12	17 —	14 6	Karauli
...	17 —	Dholpur
...	Bharatpur
...	Alwar
...	7 8	9 —	...	...	5 8	6 8	18 —	18 —	Nasirabad
Western—												
...	6 12	7 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Bikaner
...	5 12	6 —	...	...	...	...	22 — and 24 —	22 — and 24 —	Jaisalmer
...	7 7	8 4	6 15	7 2	5 —	5 —	20	20 —	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	7 —	7 4	8 —	7 8	6 —	6 8	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 —	6 4	14 —	14 —	Neemuch
...	Gwalior
...	7 4	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	11 8	14 —	Delhi— Delhi
Punjab—												
Southern—												
...	8 2	8 12	...	...	...	...	13 8	13 —	Hissar
...	8 —	8 8	...	...	4 8	5 —	9 —	9 —	Ferozepur
Central—												
...	...	7 12	10 —	7 12	9 —	9 8	5 —	5 12	6 8	8 8	10 —	Lahore
...	8 12	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 —	10 8	Gujranwala
...	8 4	9 4	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	Gujrat
...	8 4	9 4	7 —	...	5 8	6 —	9 8	10 —	Jhelam

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>gramineus</i>)		BAJRA OR CHULU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Best sort	Common	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	6 —	6 8	8 —	8 12	...	...	5 4	6 —	5 —	5 —	5 —	5 —
Rohat	6 —	6 12	8 8	9 —	...	...	5 6	5 8	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 —
Karnal	6 —	7 —	8 8	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	6 5	7 2	7 14	9 12	...	...	5 13	5 14	4 12	4 12	2 6	...
Ludhiana	6 —	7 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	4 8	4 8	4 8	4 8
Jullundur	6 8	7 4	9 —	10 —	...	...	4 13	1 12	5 —	5 —	...	...
Ferozpur	6 —	6 12	9 —	11 —	...	...	5 —	5 4	...	...	...	2 —
Gurdaspur	6 8	7 8	10 —	10 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	4 —	4 —	...	...
Amritsar	6 4	7 4	8 —	9 12	...	...	4 12	4 12	9 12	6 —	4 4	4 12
Shikot	6 4	7 8	10 —	10 8	...	...	4 4	4 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Simla	5 —	5 12	7 —	7 8	...	...	4 8	5 —	3 —	3 8	8 —	4 4
Kangra	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 4	5 —	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Bawalpindi	6 8	7 —	9 12	10 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	8 8	7 12	5 12	7 —
Attock	7 4	7 12	11 4	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	6 —	8 —
Western—												
Shahpur	7 2	8 —	12 —	11 12	...	...	4 —	4 8	7 8	...	...	...
Jhang	7 6	7 14	11 —	11 12	...	...	4 —	4 8	2 12	2 12	...	...
Lyallpur	6 10	7 8	10 8	11 —	...	...	3 8	4 —	...	...	...	...
Multan	7 —	7 8	10 —	10 12	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	6 4	7 12
Montgomery	6 14	7 12	10 —	10 12	...	...	5 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffargarh	7 2	8 2	9 —	10 —	...	...	4 12	5 8	9 —	9 —	...	...
Dera Ghazi Khan	7 12	8 2	11 8	11 12	...	...	5 4	5 8	6 8	6 9	8 8	8 8
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hasara	6 4	6 10	9 8	10 2	2 14	2 14	5 1	5 1	...	...	7 8	8 —
Peshawar	7 13	8 2	13 —	13 13	4 4	4 4	4 9	4 9	...	...	...	8 8
Kohat	6 14	7 6	10 3	11 —	2 14	...	5 14	5 14	...	...	7 8	8 12
Bannu	8 6	9 1	12 3	13 2	3 5	3 5	5 10	5 10	...	...	7 8	8 7
Dera Ismail Khan	8 2	8 12	11 —	11 8	3 13	3 —	...	4 9	...	...	7 3	8 12
Tochi	6 9	7 —	9 8	10 —	...	...	4 12	5 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	8 9	9 12	13 —	14 —	4 12	1 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	8 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	6 7	6 10	9 8	9 8	2 8	2 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	7 —	7 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 8	4 8	...	...	7 —	7 —
Hyderabad	4 8	5 8	...	...	3 8	3 12	4 —	4 8	6 —	6 —	5 8	6 —
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khas)	5 —	5 8	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 12	4 —	...	...	4 8	5 —
Shikarpur	...	...	...	...	3 2	3 —	3 10	3 8	...	...	5 8	5 5
Upper Sind Frontier	5 8	5 12	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 8	3 8	6 —	6 —	4 12	5 —
Quetta	...	...	8 7	8 13	3 1	3 —	5 9	5 8	8 12	8 14	6 2	6 6
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	3 6	3 8	...	...	3 9	3 9	4 2	3 14	...	...	...	...
Ratnagiri	3 7	3 7	...	...	4 4	4 10	4 10	5 1	...	...	...	...
Alibag	3 11	4 10	...	...	3 4	3 11	3 15	4 10	...	...	...	5 1
Bombay	3 13	3 13	...	...	...	3 —	4 7	4 7	3 12	2 12	2 14	2 14
Thana	4 7	4 7	...	...	...	4 3	4 10	4 10	...	...	4 7	4 7
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	5 2	4 14	...	...	3 7	5 7	4 6	4 6	4 12	4 4	...	5 6
Belgaum	4 2	3 2	...	...	3 3	2 15	3 12	3 12	3 11	3 2	...	4 6
Satara	3 2	3 2	...	...	2 15	3 5	3 9	3 15	3 1	3 1	3 1	3 1
Sholapur	4 8	4 8	...	...	3 11	3 11	5 —	5 4	4 7	3 9	...	...
Bijapur	4 14	4 10	...	...	4 5	4 1	4 14	4 10	4 1	4 3	...	...
Poona	3 14	3 14	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 10	3 15	3 —	3 —	3 5	3 5
Khandesh and N.-E.												
Deccan—												
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 5	...	...	4 9	4 9	4 15	4 15	4 5	3 15	3 18	3 18
Nasik	4 7	4 7	...	...	4 7	4 1	4 13	4 7	...	...	3 10	4 —
Dhule	3 15	4 6	...	...	4 11	4 11	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 7
Jalgaon	4 6	4 6	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 10	5 10	5 1	5 1	4 6	4 6
Gujarat—												
Surat	3 11	3 11	...	...	3 4	3 4	4 10	4 10	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 11
Broach	5 —	5 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	4 8	5 —	4 —	5 —
Kaira	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 —	3 12
Baroda	4 10	5 4	...	...	4 5	4 4	4 12	5 —	5 8	5 12	4 —	4 4
Ahmedabad	4 —	4 8	...	...	3 8	3 12	4 —	4 8	...	...	3 —	3 8
Godhra	4 —	5 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 —	3 8
Dias	3 8	4 8	...	...	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	5 10	...	5 4	6 —
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	3 12	4 8	...	...	2 12	3 —	3 12	4 —	...	...	3 4	3 12
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	4 13	5 1	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 6	6 8	5 6	5 14	...	...
Hoshangabad	4 14	5 11	...	...	3 —	3 —	6 4	7 6	...	...	...	...
Betal	4 10	5 8	...	...	2 12	2 12	7 8	7 12	...	6 8	...	...
Ohhindwara	5 —	5 10	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Nagpur	5 12	5 12	...	...	4 4	5 8	5 3	5 3	...	...	...	...
Wardha	4 11	5 5	...	...	3 14	4 8	6 8	7 1	5 15	7 2	...	...

* Relates to Khandwa wheat

[The figures state the number of seers (of 56 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

RAJOL MARUA (Eleusine coracana)		KANKHI OR KAKUM, ITALIAN MILLET (Setaria italica)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUWAGA (Oryza crispatum)		MAISE (Zea Mays)		ASHAR DIL (Cajanus indicus)		SALT		Districts
Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
...	7 12	8 12	7 —	8 —	5 —	5 8	11 —	13 —	Gurgaon
...	8 —	8 12	...	...	6 —	6 8	12 —	13 —	Rohtak
...	7 4	8 12	...	...	5 8	6 —	9 —	12 —	Karnal
Submontane—												
...	...	9 12	9 12	7 14	8 12	4 13	4 12	6 4	7 12	9 12	9 12	Ambala
...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	8 8	7 —	9 8	7 —	7 —	8 —	9 8	Ludhiana
...	...	8 —	8 —	7 —	8 —	6 —	7 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	Jullundur
...	7 4	8 4	...	...	...	...	8 8	9 8	Hoshiarpur
...	...	8 —	8 —	8 8	9 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	Gurdaspur
...	...	9 —	9 12	7 12	8 8	8 12	11 12	6 —	6 4	8 —	8 —	Amritsar
...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...	8 —	9 —	Shikot
Hills—												
...	6 4	7 —	7 —	7 —	4 12	4 12	7 —	7 8	Simla
...	6 12	7 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	11 —	11 —	Kangra
Northern—												
...	8 4	8 12	8 12	10 —	5 12	5 4	10 8	10 4	Rawalpindi
...	9 8	10 4	10 8	11 —	5 8	5 8	21 —	20 —	Attock
Western—												
...	9 —	10 —	7 —	...	7 —	...	8 —	9 8	Shahpur
14 —	14 —	11 8	11 8	8 14	10 —	8 4	8 4	...	...	8 8	8 8	Jhang
...	8 8	9 4	...	...	5 8	6 —	8 8	8 8	Lyallpur
...	...	10 —	10 —	8 12	10 —	9 8	8 8	...	...	9 12	9 12	Multan
...	8 14	10 6	...	10 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	Montgomery
...	9 4	9 12	...	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	Muzaffargarh
...	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	Dera Ghazi Khan
N.-W. F. Province —												
...	...	8 —	8 —	7 10	8 4	7 14	8 —	...	8 8	8 8	8 8	Hazara
...	...	13 —	13 —	8 13	10 3	12 —	12 6	8 8	...	10 15	16 5	Peshawar
...	...	12 6	12 6	8 8	9 13	8 12	9 5	...	...	19 —	21 —	Kohat
...	10 10	13 1	10 —	10 —	...	...	20 10	18 12	Bannu
...	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	10 10	11 4	Dera Ismail Khan
...	7 8	7 11	...	...	14 —	14 —	Toohi
...	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	Kurram
...	9 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	12 —	13 —	Malakand
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...	Wano
Sind and Baluchistan—												
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	6 —	5 8	20 —	20 —	Karachi
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Hyderabad
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Thar and Parkar
...	8 —	8 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	(Mirpur Khas)
...	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	Upper Sind Frontier
...	7 12	8 5	8 7	8 7	to 6 —	to 0 —	16 —	16 —	Quetta
Bombay —												
Konkan—												
5 12	6 8	...	...	5 1	6 8	...	...	4 13	4 13	10 —	10 15	Karwar
4 12	7 7	...	...	6 5	7 —	...	...	5 8	5 13	8 2	8 2	Ratnagiri
...	6 —	7 6	...	...	5 6	5 14	6 6	6 6	Alibag
4 8	4 3	...	...	4 13	4 13	...	...	4 14	4 14	8 0	9 7	Bombay
...	6 5	6 8	...	...	5 5	5 5	7 14	7 14	Thana
Deccan and Karnatak—												
4 9	4 6	...	...	5 8	5 11	...	...	5 15	3 15	6 12	6 12	Dharwar
6 —	4 8	...	...	6 8	5 7	...	...	4 5	3 13	7 —	7 —	Belgaum
...	5 —	5 11	...	...	4 1	4 1	9 4	9 4	Satara
...	6 10	6 8	...	...	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	Sholapur
...	5 12	5 5	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 11	Bijapur
...	5 15	5 15	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 6	7 6	Poona
Khandesh and N.-E.												
Deccan—												
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	Ahmednagar
5 8	5 7	...	...	5 12	6 8	...	...	5 1	4 —	8 5	8 10	Nasik
...	6 1	6 1	...	...	6 5	6 12	6 4	6 4	Dhulla
...	7 1	7 1	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Jalgaon
Gujarat—												
...	6 —	6 4	...	...	4 10	4 10	9 4	9 4	Surat
...	6 —	7 4	...	...	5 8	6 —	10 8	10 8	Broach
5 —	5 8	...	...	5 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	20 —	20 —	Kaira
...	5 9	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 4	17 12	16 —	Baroda
...	4 6	5 —	20 —	21 —	Ahmedabad
6 —	6 8	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	4 8	6 —	16 —	16 —	Godhra
...	6 4	...	...	5 —	6 —	18 —	18 —	Dasa
...	4 8	5 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	60 —	60 —	Kathiawar—
Central Provinces —												
Western—												
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	5 14	6 15	7 7	7 —	Nimar
...	6 6	7 4	...	...	6 14	6 14	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	5 15	6 12	...	...	4 11	4 11	14 —	14 —	Betul
...	6 —	6 9	...	...	5 8	6 2	13 —	13 —	Chhindwara
...	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 1	6 1	5 13	6 12	Nagpur
...	5 14	6 12	...	...	5 5	6 8	7 6	8 6	Wardha

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF SEPTEMBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>sergheim</i>)		BAJRA OR GURRU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoidesum</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Central Provinces—												
<i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	5 6	5 6	...	...	3 8	3 8	5 14	5 14	...	...	...	...
Sangor . . .	5 4	6 —	...	...	4 —	5 —	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Damoh . . .	5 4	6 3	...	...	1 11	5 —	5 5	6 11	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . .	5 2	6 —	...	...	3 12	4 —	5 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
Mandla . . .	5 2	5 12	...	...	4 2	5 8	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Seoni . . .	5 8	5 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	6 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bilaspur . . .	1 13	5 8	...	...	4 5	4 11	6 5	7 12	...	...	...	...
Bhandara . . .	5 2	5 14	...	...	...	...	5 11	6 12	...	...	...	...
Chanda . . .	5 4	5 14	...	...	5 4	5 4	5 13	5 13	6 2	6 2	...	...
Eastern—												
Bilaspur . . .	6 1	6 8	...	...	6 8	7 —	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Raipur . . .	6 —	6 4	...	...	5 —	5 8	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Drug . . .	6 5	6 6	...	...	6 5	7 —	7 11	8 3	...	...	...	...
Berar												
Buldana . . .	4 11	4 14	...	...	4 9	4 9	5 9	5 —	4 13	4 13	...	...
Akola . . .	5 4	5 8	...	...	7 11	7 12	5 12	6 15	5 10	6 4	...	...
Amratol . . .	5 5	5 5	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 3	6 8	5 —	5 —	...	...
Yectmal . . .	4 4	5 6	...	...	3 6	4 8	5 11	6 12	5 3	...	...	...
Hyderabad												
Secunderabad . . .	4 1	4 4	...	...	3 8	3 8	5 2	5 7	5 4	5 7	6 3	7 —
Madras												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 13	6 4	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 14	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1	5 13	...	7 1	...	...
Nilgiris . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	...	...	...	...
Salom . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 10	7 7	8 4	7 9
Central—												
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	5 12	5 12	...	...
Anantapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 1	8 5	6 4	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	...	...	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 3	7 11	7 2	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 14	...	...	...	...
Visagapatam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 9	6 4	...	...	9 6	9 6
Godavari . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1	6 1	...	...	12 —	12 —
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 9	6 12	7 —	...	...
Guntur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 1	6 8	6 —	7 —	7 —
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 14	7 14	9 6	9 6	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 10	6 6	...	...	...	...
Chingloput . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 14	6 —	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	...	...	8 4	8 4
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	...	...	7 9	8 15
Tribhainopoly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 3	8 1	7 11	7 14	8 4
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 10	5 9	...	...	7 9	7 9
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 14	7 14	7 9	7 9
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	3 8	4 —	3 2	4 —	4 12	4 8	...	5 —	9 —	...	...	...
Bangalore . . .	3 4	3 1	...	...	3 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coorg—												
Coorg . . .	3 1	3 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	6 12	6 —	...	...	...	...
Aden												
Aden . . .	4 5	4 5	...	...	4 1	4 1	4 4	4 4	5 —	5 —	4 11	4 11

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR MARU (Blacus coracina)		KANONI OR KANUN ITALIAN MILLET (Setaria italica)		GRAM, CHHUNA, OHOLA, KADALAY, OR. SUBASA (Oler aristatum)		MAHER (Zea Mays)		ARRAS DAL (Cajanus Indicus)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	
...	..	..	...	6 12	7 5	..	..	5 10	6 2	12 14	13 —	Central Provinces—continued
..	..	..	...	7 4	8 8	..	..	6 —	7 8	15 8	15 8	Central—
..	..	..	...	6 8	8 8	..	..	5 4	6 8	10 —	10 —	Narsinghpur
..	..	..	...	6 12	7 8	..	..	6 1	6 8	12 —	12 —	Saugor
..	..	..	...	7 —	8 —	..	..	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	Damoh
..	..	..	...	6 —	6 12	..	..	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	Jubbulpore
..	..	..	...	6 14	7 8	..	..	5 8	5 7	7 11	7 11	Mandla
..	..	..	...	6 9	..	..	..	5 —	5 5	6 12	6 12	Sooni
..	..	..	...	6 11	7 8	..	..	5 13	5 12	7 7	7 7	Balaghāt
..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Bhandāra
..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Chanda
..	..	..	...	7 4	8 —	..	..	5 4	5 12	9 —	9 —	Eastern—
..	..	..	...	8 8	8 8	..	..	6 4	7 —	8 —	8 —	Bilāspur
..	..	..	...	8 10	8 10	..	..	5 15	5 14	7 2	7 2	Raipur
..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Drug
..	..	..	...	6 14	8 10	..	..	5 10	5 10	7 3	6 9	Berar—
..	..	..	...	5 11	6 11	..	..	5 8	5 13	7 —	7 —	Buldāna
..	..	..	...	5 3	6 8	..	..	5 1	5 14	10 —	10 —	Akola
..	..	..	...	6 6	7 8	..	..	5 12	6 4	8 8	8 5	Amrāoti
..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Yeotmal
7 5	7 10	..	..	5 5	6 2	..	..	7 5	7 6	7 5	8 2	Hyderabad—
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Secunderabad
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9 13	9 13	Madras—
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10 13	10 13	Malabar Coast—
8 —	8 2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Malabar
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11 2	11 2	S Canara
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 —	8 —	South, central—
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 15	8 15	Colombators
6 15	6 15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 12	7 12	Nilgiris
9 14	8 15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10 6	10 6	Salem
10 12	10 11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11 11	11 10	Central—
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 14	7 14	Bellary
15 3	15 3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11 14	10 6	Anantapur
9 7	9 7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18 —	14 6	Cuddapah
7 13	7 14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18 11	13 11	Karnal
9 6	8 14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	East Coast, north—
9 9	9 9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ganjam
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Vizagapatam
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Godavari
7 10	8 4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16 2	13 15	East Coast, central—
11 13	11 2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13 8	13 14	Kistna
8 14	8 14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18 8	18 8	Guntur
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Nellore
10 6	10 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18 2	16 11	East Coast, south—
9 7	9 7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20 —	13 —	Madras
9 2	8 14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11 5	11 5	Chingleput
9 0	9 11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11 11	12 1	N. Arcot
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11 11	12 1	S. Arcot
10 —	..	..	..	5 —	5 —	..	..	4 —	4 —	13 12	12 1	Tanjore
..	..	..	..	5 4	5 4	..	..	3 12	4 —	13 6	13 6	Tanjore
9 8	11 —	..	..	6 12	7 4	..	..	4 —	4 —	10 13	..	Trichinopoly
..	..	..	..	4 14	4 11	..	..	4 7	4 7	14 1	14 1	Southern—
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12 14	12 14	Tinnevely
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Madura
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Mysore—
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Mysore
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Bangalore
9 8	11 —	..	..	6 12	7 4	..	..	4 —	4 —	6 8	7 4	Coorg—
..	..	..	..	4 14	4 11	..	..	4 7	4 7	32 —	32 —	Coorg
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Aden

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA
FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE SECOND HALF OF
SEPTEMBER, 1918.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

November 6, 1918

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market	FORTNIGHT ENDING					
		31st July 1914	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 9	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3	4 12 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	...	5 0 3
	Calcutta (Club No. 2)	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	5 1 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 3	3 11 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	3 11 6	4 7 0
	Ferozepur	3 5 3	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Lyalpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0	4 8 0
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	4 7 0
	Ambala	3 10 3	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6	4 12 0
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 6 0	4 3 0	4 12 6
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5	4 10 6
	Aligarh (Hathias)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5	4 9 3
	Cawnpore	4 3 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 14 0
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	6 2 6	3 18 0	4 7 0
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0	4 10 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1	5 2 6
	Fyzabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0	4 13 0
	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 13 6
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0	4 12 10
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 2	4 13 7
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 5	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10	4 11 2
	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7	3 15 7
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 3 10	4 3 10	3 8 10	4 6 2
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 0	5 5 2	4 7 3	4 3 3
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	5 11 7	5 6 2	5 1 4	5 8 11
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 13 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1	4 15 6
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 5 4
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 10 6	3 11 9	3 12 1
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0	5 0 0
	Bhagalpur	4 2 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0	5 9 7
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0	5 0 0
	Ranohi	1 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 12 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 11 3	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3	5 1 3
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
Burma	Anherst (Moul- mein).	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7
(Median Average)		4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 3	5 0 0	4 6 2	4 12 10
Index Numbers (a).		100	104	125	121	106	116

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

NOTE—These statistics are compiled from fortnightly returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight. The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs

FORTNIGHT ENDING									
31st December 1915	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th Septem- ber 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917	15th March 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 9 3	3 15 3	3 10 2	4 4 3	4 14 9	5 1 3	5 1 3	4 12 9	4 13 6	4 13 3
5 0 5	4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 12 7	4 8 9	4 10 7	4 9 10	4 10 9
5 2 0	3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 14 6
4 7 0	3 9 0	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 5 3	4 7 0	4 9 3	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 3 3
4 5 3	3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 1 0	4 5 3	4 5 3
4 3 0	3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 4 6	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 6
4 5 0	3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	4 6 0	4 3 6	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 1 0
4 3 6	3 7 0	3 2 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 5 3	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 6
4 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0
4 9 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 6 0
4 12 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 10 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0
4 14 3	4 2 10	3 14 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 5 10
4 15 8	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 3 11	4 3 11	4 5 2	4 5 4	4 5 5	4 5 4
5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 9 0	3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3
4 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6
5 5 4	4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	4 13 6
5 2 8	3 10 3	3 13 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 5 6	4 7 0	4 6 0	4 1 9
5 0 0	3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 3	4 9 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 7 1
4 9 7	3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 6	4 1 11
4 14 10	3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 9 1	4 7 1	4 4 4	4 3 5	4 3 5
4 6 5	3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 10	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
4 12 2	3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 4 8
4 7 7	3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 4 9	4 5 8	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 9 8	4 9 8
4 10 6	4 9 4	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0
5 6 8	4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	...	4 11 7	4 10 5	...	4 11 7	4 13 9
3 10 9	3 11 8	3 11 2	3 9 10	3 8 1	3 8 11	3 4 5	4 1 1	3 13 6	3 13 0
5 5 4	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 13 8	3 0 10	3 0 1	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 4 10	3 2 4	3 8 2	4 0 2	3 5 11
5 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	3 15 0
6 8 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 6 0
5 5 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
6 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
5 9 0	4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	5 1 5	5 1 5	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
5 7 6	4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 8 7	3 5 7	3 8 7	3 10 10
4 14 3	3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 7 1	4 6 2	4 6 0	4 6 0
118	95	90	95	107	110	107	106	106	106

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	FORTNIGHT ENDING					
		31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	4 12 3	4 13 3	4 13 2	4 5 3	4 7 3	4 7 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pea-y).	4 9 10	4 10 11	4 9 10	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 13 11
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 8 0	4 7 0
Punjab	Lahore	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	3 13 0	3 14 3	4 0 0
	Ferozepur	4 1 3	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 10 3	3 11 6	3 12 0
	Lyallpur	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 11 0
	Amritsar	3 13 6	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 11 6
	Multan	4 1 6	4 1 6	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	3 13 0
	Rawalpindi	4 1 0	1 9 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 3 5
	Ambala	3 14 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 14 6
Delhi	Delhi	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 15 3	4 0 9
United Provinces	Benares	4 5 0	4 3 1	4 3 1	4 1 2	4 2 10	4 2 10
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 3 8	3 14 6	3 13 0	3 11 5	3 14 4	3 14 5
	Cawnpore	4 7 0	3 14 0	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6
	Meerut	4 5 0	4 1 6	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 14 6	4 1 6
	Shahjahanpur	4 1 9	3 12 0	3 8 3	3 9 0	3 11 0	3 11 0
	Agra	4 13 6	4 9 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 5 2
	Fyzabad	4 1 7	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 1 6
Central Provinces and Berar.	Lucknow	4 0 0	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 11 0	4 3 4	4 3 4
	Nagpur	3 13 2	4 0 4	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11
	Jubbulpore	4 5 2	4 1 8	3 14 5	3 10 2	3 11 6	3 15 2
	Raipur	3 12 10	3 12 10	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
North-West Frontier Province.	Akola	3 4 8	3 7 6	3 10 11	3 7 3	3 11 11	4 3 6
	Peshawar	4 8 7	4 10 2	4 2 14	2 10 4	4 2 11	4 2 1
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	4 14 0
Bombay	Poona	4 11 7		4 10 5	4 9 4	4 14 11	4 13 9
	Ahmednagar	3 9 11	3 15 5	3 13 7	3 12 8	4 0 5	4 2 2
	Ahmedabad	5 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 8 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	3 3 10	3 9 1	3 2 6	3 7 11	3 6 1	3 11 8
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	4 6 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 5 0	3 1 0	3 5 0
	Bhagalpur	4 6 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 13 0
	Muzaffarpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 5 3	3 5 3	3 10 0
	Ranchi	5 13 0	5 12 0	4 14 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 11 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 3
Bengal	Rangpur	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Barma	Amherst (Moulmein).	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
	Mandalay	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 7 3	3 3 5	3 8 7
	(Median Average)	4 5 0	4 0 8	4 0 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	4 1 6
Index Numbers (a)		104	98	97	92	94	99

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

Radii per maund of 82½ lbs.—contd.

FORTNIGHT ENDING										
30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th Septem- ber 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 7 3	4 7 9	4 10 9	4 8 3	4 9 8	4 11 9	4 11 9	4 12 3	4 14 3	5 2 3	5 6 4
4 15 4	4 14 7	4 13 2	...	4 6 6	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 12 6	5 2 3	4 15 6	5 1 7
4 8 6	4 8 6	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 12 6	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 11 0	5 6 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 9	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 3	4 9 3	4 11 3	4 9 3
3 12 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 3
3 13 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 3 0	4 6 0	4 11 0
3 13 0	3 14 0	3 11 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 11 0	4 4 8	4 6 8	4 8 0
3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 12 0
4 4 0	4 1 6	4 8 3	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 2	4 11 0
3 14 6	3 14 0	4 0 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 10 0	4 10 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 2 3	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 10 0
4 8 5	4 3 5	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 1 7	4 3 5	4 3 10	4 3 10	4 5 5
3 14 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 14 6	4 1 9	3 14 6	4 1 4	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 9 6
4 0 0	4 3 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 9	4 3 3	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0
3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 5	3 13 11	3 14 5	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 11 4
3 11 3	3 11 6	3 12 6	4 0 0	3 11 6	3 11 0	3 14 0	3 11 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 4 3
4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0
4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 11 3
4 1 11	4 1 11	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 1 10	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 11 4
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 5	3 10 10	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 11 10	4 14 10
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 11 2
4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 7 11	...	...	...
4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 2 6	4 2 6	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 5 8	4 8 0
4 14 0	4 14 0	4 13 0	4 13 6	4 12 10	4 14 6	5 0 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	5 4 0
5 3 4	5 4 5	5 4 5	5 2 2	5 4 5	5 3 4	5 2 2	5 13 4	5 15 7	5 8 11	...
4 4 1	4 7 9	4 5 11	4 6 10	4 11 5	4 6 10	4 15 1	5 2 9	4 9 7	4 13 3	4 16 1
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	6 0 0
3 11 8	3 11 8	4 1 7	4 1 8	4 1 8	3 11 8	4 8 11	4 6 0	4 5 1	4 1 8	...
3 12 0	3 12 0	4 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	4 8 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	3 12 0
4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 8 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
4 11 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0
4 1 4	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	5 1 3
5 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 2 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
3 14 1	3 14 1	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 10 2	4 8 1	4 8 1	4 4 3	4 4 3
4 0 2	4 0 11	4 2 10	4 1 10	4 1 10	4 2 10	4 3 3	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 6 6	4 11 2
97	98	101	99	99	101	102	104	104	106	113

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

		FORTNIGHT ENDING									
Port or province.	District.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	28th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Port (a)	Karachi (white)*	5 3 9	5 6 4	5 4 4	4 14 9	5 3 3	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 3 3	
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	5 0 10	5 1 2	5 0 10	5 0 1	5 1 11	5 2 10	5 1 4	5 1 9	5 3 9	
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 12 6	6 6 6	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	
Panjab	Lahore	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	
	Ferozepur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 11 8	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	
	Lyallpur	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	1 2 0	4 4 0	
	Amritsar	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	
	Multan	4 14 6	4 13 0	1 12 6	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	1 10 0	4 13 0	
	Rawalpindi	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 5 3	5 14 9	5 14 9	6 2 6	5 2 6	
	Ambala	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	
Delhi	Delhi	5 0 0	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 1 0	5 8 0	5 3 6	4 15 0	5 0 8	
United Provinces	Benares	1 10 3	4 11 5	4 11 5	4 11 5	5 3 6	5 3 6	5 1 11	4 10 9	4 1 2	
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 13 7	4 14 9	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 7 2	5 6 8	5 8 2	4 11 2	1 3 8	
	Cawnpore	1 14 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 3 0	5 5 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	
	Meerut	1 13 7	4 13 7	7 13 7	4 13 7	5 5 4	5 5 3	1 13 9	5 0 0	4 7 0	
	Shahjahanpur	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	
	Agra	5 5 1	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 11 5	5 14 5	5 5 4	5 11 5	
	Fyzabad	1 5 3	4 12 0	1 13 6	4 11 8	4 12 0	4 15 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 1 6	
	Lucknow	4 11 8	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 5 4	4 5 8	4 7 1	4 7 1	
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	5 1 6	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	1 14 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	
	Jubbulpore	5 0 0	5 2 7	5 3 11	5 9 10	5 5 5	5 1 4	5 1 4	5 1 4	4 6 1	
	Raipur	1 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Akola	...	...	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 4	5 9 11	5 3 11
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	4 13 7	4 15 4	4 15 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 6 9	5 1 3	5 1 11	4 15 4	
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 5 0	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 13 0	5 12 0	5 8 0	5 2 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	
Bombay	Poona	6 2 11	...	7 6 11	...	...	...	6 12 11	6 9 7	7 1 11
	Ahmednagar	5 11 11	5 13 10	...	6 0 7	5 13 10	5 15 2	5 10 1	6 10 8	6 10 8	
	Ahmedabad	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 4 0	
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 11	...	4 3 4	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	4 13 3	4 8 11	4 12 1	
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	1 6 0	4 12 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	
	Bhagalpur	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 6	5 11 8	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	
	Ranchi	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	
	Cuttack	5 1 3	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	6 1 6	
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	8 0 0	
	Mandalay	4 6 2	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	4 13 7	
	(Median Average)	4 14 9	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 7	5 1 11	5 3 2	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 13 7	
Index Numbers (b)		119	120	121	119	124	126	122	119	117	

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Prices at ports after 30th September 1918, are as follows:—

Ports	Rate per	On 1th October 1918	On 11th October 1918.	On 18th October 1918.	On 35th October 1918.	On 1st November 1918.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Karachi (white)	Mound	6 8 4	6 10 4	6 10 4	6 10 4	6 10 4
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	"	7 2 3	7 1 6	7 1 2	7 3 0	...
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	8 13 0	7 8 0		7 7 0	8 4 0

(b) based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

Index per maund of 82½ lbs—caneled.

FORTNIGHT ENDING												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 30th September, 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight
30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	Percent	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
5 4 4	5 4 4	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 5 3	5 8 4	8 4	5 8 4	5 10 1	6 8 4	+15	
5 2 10	5 7 10	5 8 2	5 13 8	6 0 7	6 3 11	6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	7 12 2	+4	
5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 1 0	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 6 0	9 1 0	+42	
4 10 8	4 1 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	6 2 6	+12	
3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 3	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 5 3	6 2 6	+16	
4 2 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 0 1	4 5 0	4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	+10	
4 2 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 11 3	4 13 8	4 13 6	5 6 0	6 0 0	+12	
4 6 3	3 13 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 8 3	+7	
5 11 6	4 13 6	4 11 3	5 6 2	5 1 3	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 9	5 8 3	5 14 9	+7	
3 12 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 5 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	6 4 0	+14	
4 9 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	7 0 0	+6	
4 3 2	4 4 0	4 6 3	4 7 1	4 10 6	4 8 3	5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 3	6 0 6	6 10 8	+5	
4 1 8	4 1 8	4 2 6	4 7 2	4 14 6	5 1 4	5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7	6 10 0	7 4 8	+10	
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	5 5 1	5 15 0	5 8 3	6 10 0	7 4 0	+9	
4 0 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 11 3	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 11 6	6 6 0	7 0 9	+11	
4 0 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 7 9	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 9 9	5 9 9	6 6 0	7 10 0	+20	
5 5 4	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 11 5	14 10	5 12 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	...	...
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 9	4 1 9	4 5 0	5 0 0	5 1 3	5 2 9	5 8 0	6 15 3	+23	
4 8 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 14 0	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 3	6 6 4	8 0 0	+25	
5 0 0	5 12 8	5 14 1	5 14 1	5 10 8	5 7 10	5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	7 3 1	Nil	
4 9 1	4 9 1	4 14 10	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 5 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	6 10 8	+4	
4 0 10	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 2	6 6 0	6 3 2	+3	
5 3 10	5 3 11	5 3 11	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	6 1 0	6 13 1	7 0 2	+3	
4 11 4	4 11 4	4 10 9	4 3 9	4 1 2	4 1 2	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	5 1 3	+5	
4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	Nil	
7 3 7	8 3 17	9 8	...	7 6 11	7 15 9	8 0 11	7 8 0	8 3 1	8 14 3	...	...
6 1 6	5 15 8	3 4	6 5 1	6 5 1	6 7 11	8 14 4	7 5 8	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	+12	
7 0 0	7 0 0	6 0	6 2 0	6 12 0	6 2 0	6 4 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	+4	
5 7 6	6 2 6	...	5 15 0	5 8 7	5 14 11	7 3 7	7 9 1	9 8 10	9 4 0	9 10 3	...	
8 7 0	3 10 0	8 7 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	6 10 0	+32	
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	+19	
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	+25	
6 8 0	6 8 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	+23	
6 1 6	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 5 4	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 12 11	+12	
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	Nil	
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	Nil	
5 2 7	5 2 7	5 7 6	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	7 1 9	+10	
4 10 3	4 9 1	4 8 11	4 9 1	4 14 3	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 9	6 6 0	6 11 9	+6	
112	110	110	110	118	124	125	133	134	154	163		

* Since reported

† Revised

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 30th September, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	15th September.	30th September.	Increase or Decrease.	15th September.	30th September.	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent			Per cent
India	100	106	+6	100	101	+1
Punjab	100	112	+12	100	100	Nil
United Provinces .	100	114	+14	100	98	-2
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	103	+3	100	103	+3

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India

Port or province.	District	Fortnight ending					
		31st July 1914	30th September 1914	31st December 1914	31st March 1915	30th June 1915	30th September 1915
		rs. ch.	rs. ch.	rs. ch.	rs. ch.	rs. ch.	rs. ch.
Port	Karachi	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 0
	Bombay	8 13	6 8	5 14	5 8	5 14	5 3
	Calcutta	9 0	8 4	6 6	...	...	...
Punjab	Lahore	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 12	10 8	8 12
	Ferozepur	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Amritsar	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Rawalpindi	12 4	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8
	Lyallpur	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 0
	Multan	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 12	10 12	8 14
	Ambala	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2
Delhi	Delhi	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0
United Provinces	Benares	9 8	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15
	Cawnpore	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 0
	Meerut	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12
	Agra	9 12	9 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8
	Lucknow	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0
	Aligarh	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	9 6	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12
	Fyzabad	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	9 9	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 3
	Jubbulpore	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 4	8 8	8 0
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0
	Akola	8 6	7 6	6 6	7 6	8 6	9 7
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½
Bombay	Poona	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 8
	Ahmednagar	8 2	8 1	5 14	8 2	7 6	7 6
	Ahmedabad	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0
	Dharwar	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12
	Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14
	Muzaffarpur	9 0	9 0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8
	Ranchi	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12
	Cuttack	9 8	8 8	7 8	6 9	8 8	7 14
Bengal	Dacca	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10
	Mandalay	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5
	(Median Average)	9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 12	8 0
Index Numbers(a)		100	106	127	123	109	120

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Related to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FOURTHWENTY ENDING

31st December 1916.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
...
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	8 12	8 8	9 0	9 0
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	9 1	9 4	9 7	9 7
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 6	8 14	8 14	8 10	8 4	8 4
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	8 12	9 4	9 8	9 8
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	8 6	8 6	8 8	8 8
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	8 4	8 6	9 6	8 6
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 4
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 0	7 12	7 8	7 12
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	10 0	8 4
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	8 6	8 10	8 10	8 14
8 2	10 0	10 8	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	8 8	8 12	9 2	9 4
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11
8 11	10 0	10 0	11 4	9 3	9 2	9 3	8 11	8 10
8 9 1/2	8 11	9 0	8 11 1/2	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
7 3	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13	8 6	8 6	8 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 3	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0
8 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	8 8	8 6	9 4	9 8
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	9 8
6 8	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 4	7 4
7 3	9 3	10 8	9 3	7 14	7 14	7 14	8 8	8 8
...
...
...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	10 5	10 12	10 5
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 12	8 14
120	96	93	96	111	112	111	109	108

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd.

Port or provinces.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING							
		15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	
		sr. ch.	st. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	
Port . . .	Karachi . . .	7 8	7 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	
	Bombay* . . .	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	10 4	10 0	9 12	
	Ferozepore . . .	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 12	10 8	10 4	
	Amritsar . . .	9 9	10 1	9 14	9 12	11 2	10 6	10 4	
	Rawalpindi . . .	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	8 4	
	Lyalpur . . .	9 4	9 12	9 12	9 8	10 8	10 4	10 8	
	Multan . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	10 4	
	Ambala . . .	8 14	10 0	9 12	9 10	10 8	10 8	10 0	
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	8 8	8 12	9 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 10	
United Provinces	Benares . . .	8 13	9 1	9 1	9 10	9 8	9 8	9 8	
	Cawnpore . . .	8 8	8 8	10 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 4	
	Meerut . . .	8 4	9 0	9 8	10 4	10 8	10 0	9 8	
	Agra . . .	8 0	7 12	8 4	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	
	Lucknow . . .	8 12	9 12	10 4	10 4	10 0	9 4	9 4	
	Aligarh . . .	9 4	9 4	10 12	11 4	11 4	10 12	10 8	
	Shahjahanpur . . .	9 8	9 8	10 0	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 12	
	Fyzabad . . .	8 14	9 12	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 14	9 8	
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur . . .	9 9	10 3	9 9	10 3	10 8	9 9	9 9	
	Jubbulpore . . .	9 4	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 12	10 8	9 14	
	Raipur . . .	10 0	10 2	10 2	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	
	Akola . . .	10 12	10 12	10 12	9 11	10 9	9 7	8 15	
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar . . .	8 10	8 12	8 9	9 10	9 7	9 7	9 10	
Baluchistan	Quetta . . .	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 12	8 0 ¹	8 3 ¹	
Bombay	Poona . . .	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13	7 13	
	Ahmednagar . . .	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	8 11	
	Ahmadnagar . . .	7 8	7 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	
	Dharwar . . .	10 4	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	9 5	
Bihar and Orissa	Patna . . .	10 0	9 1	10 0	10 0	12 0	13 0	12 0	
	Bhagalpur . . .	9 4	9 0	10 8	10 12	11 3	11 3	10 8	
	Muzaffarpur . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	12 0	12 0	11 0	
	Ranchi . . .	7 4	7 4	7 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 8	
	Cuttack . . .	8 8	9 3	9 3	9 8	9 13	9 13	9 13	
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moulmein) . . .	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	
	Mandalay . . .	10 5	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 13	11 5	10 5	
	(Median Average) . . .	8 14	9 3	9 8	9 10	10 4	9 14	9 9	
	Index Numbers (a) . . .	108	104	101	99	98	97	100	

* Relative to Khairat wheat.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FOURTEENTH WEEK										
30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0
7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 6	6 6	5 12	5 12
9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 8
10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	8 8	8 0
10 2	10 0	10 0	10 4	10 7	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 0	8 8
9 4	9 8	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 14	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8
10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 4
10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 10	8 2
10 0	10 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 8	8 8
9 12	9 12	9 7	9 8	9 8	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 12	8 10
9 1	9 1	9 1	9 3	9 4	9 4	9 6	9 2	8 15	8 15	8 18
9 4	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 12	8 8
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 0	8 4
8 8	8 8	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 1	8 1	8 0	7 8
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 4
10 7	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	9 8	9 4	9 8
10 12	10 10	10 8	10 10	10 8	10 8	10 4	10 4	9 14	9 12	9 2
9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0	9 10	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 8	9 12	...
9 9	9 9	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 15	8 5	8 5	8 5
9 12	9 12	9 12	10 0	10 10	9 12	9 0	8 12	8 12	7 14	7 14
11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	1 0	11 0	11 0	10 0
8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	7 18			..
9 14	9 14	9 14	9 14	9 9	9 9	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 18
8 3	8 3	8 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
8 11	8 11	8 11	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	7 10	7 10	7 4
8 8	8 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 0	6 0
9 5	9 5	9 5	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 15
10 8	10 8	11 0	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	10 0
10 0	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 12
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8
8 8	8 12	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 0
9 18	9 2	9 3	9 8	9 8	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	7 14
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
9 9	9 9	8 4	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 4	8 4	8 14	8 14
9 8	9 8	9 5	9 4	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 12	8 4
100	100	108	108	102	103	108	106	106	109	115

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—continued.

Port or province.	District	FORTNIGHT ENDING															
		15th December 1917		31st December 1917		15th January 1918		31st January 1918		15th February 1918.		29th February 1918.		15th March 1918.		31st March 1918	
		sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.
Port	Karachi	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	8	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0
	Bombay*	5	7	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	4	7
Punjab	Lahore	8	0	8	0	7	12	8	0	7	12	8	0	7	12	8	0
	Ferozepore	7	8	7	8	7	8	8	0	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	12
	Amritsar	8	4	8	6	8	10	8	8	8	10	8	4	8	8	8	10
	Rawalpindi	7	12	7	8	7	8	7	8	7	4	6	8	6	8	6	4
	Lyallpur	8	0	7	8	8	0	8	0	8	8	8	4	8	8	9	8
	Multan	7	14	8	2	8	2	7	14	8	2	8	2	8	2	8	6
Delhi	Ambala	7	12	7	12	8	0	8	0	7	12	7	12	8	0	8	14
	Delhi	7	12	7	13½	7	12	8	0	7	10	7	0	7	6	7	14
United Provinces	Benares	8	4	8	1½	8	1½	8	1½	7	5½	7	5½	7	7½	8	10
	Cawnpore	7	12	7	12	7	12	8	0	7	8	7	4	8	0	8	4
	Meerut	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	7	0	7	4	8	0	7	8
	Agra	7	8	7	8	7	4	7	0	6	12	6	8	6	8	7	0
	Lucknow	7	8	7	14	7	8	7	8	7	0	7	4	9	0	8	12
	Aligarh	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	4	7	12	7	12	9	0
	Shahjahanpur	8	11	8	14	8	4	8	1	7	10	7	10	8	10	8	10
	Fyzabad	8	14	8	4	8	0	8	2	8	0	7	14	9	2	9	10
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	7	11	7	11	7	11	7	11	7	11	7	11	7	11	7	11
	Jubbulpore	7	12	7	8	7	6	6	14	7	4	7	10	7	10	7	10
	Raipur	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	9	8	9	8	9	8
	Akola					5	9	5	9	5	9	5	9	5	9	5	14
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	8	2	8	0	8	0	7	13	7	13	7	8	7	13	7	10
Bombay	Poona	6	0	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6
	Ahmednagar	6	8	6	8	6	8	6	8	6	8	6	8	6	8	5	13
	Ahmedabad	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	8	6	8	6	8	6	0	6	0
	Dharwar	7	15	7	15	7	15	7	15	8	6	7	15	7	15	7	15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	9	0	8	8	9	0	9	0	7	8	7	0	8	0	8	12
	Bhagalpur	8	8	8	14	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
	Muzaffarpur	8	8	8	8	8	0	8	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
	Ranchi	7	4	7	4	7	4	7	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	8	0
	Cuttack	7	14	7	8	7	8	7	8	7	14	7	14	7	14	7	14
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
	Mandalay	8	9	7	12	7	12	8	4	7	12	7	12	7	5	7	5
(Median Average)		7	14	7	12	7	12	7	15½	7	9	7	6½	7	12	7	14
Index Numbers (a)		121		123		123		120		126		129		123		121	

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

* relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 30th September 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight
15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	1st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	Per cent.
6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 0	7 0	7 0	Nil
4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 12	4 12	4 12	4 12	4 7	4 7	3 13	3 13	Nil
8 0	8 8	9 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 0	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 0	6 4	+12
8 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 8	10 4	9 8	8 8	8 4	8 0	7 4	6 4	+16
9 0	9 8	9 10	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 4	8 0	8 0	7 4	6 4	+16
7 8	6 12	8 0	8 4	7 8	7 10	7 8	7 8	6 12	7 2	7 0	6 8	+8
9 0	9 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	9 4	8 6	8 2	8 4	7 8	6 10	+13
8 2	8 14	10 4	10 4	9 12	9 8	9 0	8 12	8 0	7 12	7 8	7 0	+7
8 8	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 2	8 12	7 12	7 12	7 2	6 5	+13
7 11	8 6	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	5 12	5 8	+5
9 3	8 15	8 14	8 13	8 11	8 4	8 8	7 10	7 9	6 14	6 8	5 12	+13
8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	7 0	7 4	6 8	7 0	5 12	5 4	+10
8 12	10 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 12	8 4	7 8	7 0	6 12	6 0	5 8	+9
7 0	7 8	8 4	8 4	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 12	7 0	7 1	6 2	5 6	+14
8 12	9 4	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	8 0	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 0	4 12	+26
9 0	10 8	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	8 12	8 0	7 12	7 4	6 12	6 0	+12
8 14	10 0	9 9	9 14	9 6	8 14	8 7	9 0	6 14	6 14	6 1	5 6	+13
9 6	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 4	9 4	9 0	7 12	7 8	7 6	7 0	5 8	+27
7 11	7 10	7 0	6 11	6 11	6 11	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 1	5 12	5 12	Nil
8 14	8 8	8 8	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	6 14	6 12	6 0	5 12	+4
9 8	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	6 2	6 4	6 0	+4
6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 10	6 10	6 10	6 10	6 10	5 13	5 8	5 4	+5
8 0	8 8	8 5	8 8	9 5	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	7 13	+4
5 6	5 6	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	4 13	3 14	3 14	Nil
5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 7	5 1	4 11	4 5	4 5	Nil
5 0	5 8	5 8	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 8	4 8	4 0	+13
7 15	7 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	5 9	5 2	5 2	4 14	5 2	-5
10 8	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	9 8	9 0	8 8	8 0	6 0	+23
9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	7 0	+21
8 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	7 0	7 0	5 8	+27
6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 12	6 4	6 4	6 0	6 0	5 0	+20
6 9	6 9	7 3	7 8	7 3	7 8	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	5 14	+12
4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10	Nil
7 12	7 5	7 5	6 14	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11	5 14	5 6	+9
8 0	8 8	8 8	8 10	8 9	8 6	7 10	7 4	7 0	7 0	*6 3	5 10	+10
120	112	112	111	111	114	125	127	137	137	*155	170	

† Since reported

* Revised figure

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 30th September as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	15th September	30th September	Increase or Decrease.	15th September	30th September	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India	100	110	+10	100	100	Nil
Punjab	100	115	+15	100	100	Nil
United Provinces	100	112	+12	100	96	-4
Central Provinces and Berar	100	102	+2	100	104	+4

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE PASTY).		CALCUTTA CLUB No. 2.	
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 3% DIET, AND 30% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 3% DIET, AND 82% RED).					
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
Week ending 30th July 1914	s. d. 31 6	100	s. d. 31 3	100	s. d. 32 9	100	s. d. 34 9½	100
" 6th August "	31 3	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	100
" 3rd September "	34 6	110	34 3	110	...	...	34 10½	100
" 1st October "	35 9	113	35 1½	113	33 7	103	...	...
" 5th November "	38 9	123	38 0	123	34 9½	106	41 8½	120
" 3rd December "	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	127
" 30th " "	44 3	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	...
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	136
" 4th February "	45 0	143	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	140
" 28th " "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 2	126	50 10	148
" 4th March "	44 6	141	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	143
" 1st April "	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	117
" 6th May "	37 6	119	36 9	118	36 5	117	34 4½	99
" 3rd June "	36 6	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	100
" 2nd July "	34 0	108	33 3	106	...	...	35 10½	103
" 23rd " "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	107
" 6th August "	34 9	110	34 0	109	...	...	38 7½	111
" 27th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	41 4½	126	39 4½	113
" 3rd September "	36 3	115	35 3	113	42 1	128	40 10	117
" 29th " "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	123	40 4½	116
" 8th October "	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	117
" 5th November "	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	122
" 3rd December "	36 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	120
" 7th January 1916	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	42 4	122
" 4th February "	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	109
" 3rd March "	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 5	114	36 10	112
" 7th April "	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	108	32 11	96
" 5th May "	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 5	103	32 11	98
" 12th " "	34 3	109	30 0	96	33 8	103	32 5	93
" 2nd June "	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 3	96
" 30th " "	29 0	92	28 9	92	33 4	103	32 8	94
" 7th July "	29 9	94	29 6	94	34 0	104	32 5	93
" 14th " "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	103	32 2	96
" 28th " "	33 6	106	33 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	96
" 4th August "	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	32 10½	94
" 11th " "	35 0	111	34 6	110	36 0½	110	34 1½	98
" 25th " "	35 10½	114	34 10½	112	36 5	111	34 4½	99
" 31st " "	36 3	115	34 3	113	36 2½	111	33 4½	96
" 8th September "	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	98
" 22nd " "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	98
" 18th October "	35 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	106	34 1½	98
" 30th " "	34 3	109	33 3	106	34 4	106	34 1½	98
" 27th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 3	107	34 1½	98
" 3rd November "	36 3	115	35 3	113	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 10th " "	36 9	117	35 9	114	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 17th " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 7	112	36 10	106
" 24th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	39 2	120	37 10	109
" 1st December "	38 6	122	37 6	120	39 3	120	41 1	118
" 8th " "	38 9	123	37 9	121	39 4	120	40 7	117
" 22nd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 0	116	38 10	112
" 29th " "	39 3	125	38 3	122	37 5	114	...	...
" 5th January, 1917	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 1	116	39 4	118
" 12th " "	40 6	129	39 6	128	38 2	117	38 4	119
" 19th " "	40 3	128	39 3	126	37 6	114	37 4	107
" 26th " "	40 6	129	39 6	128	36 8	111	34 10	106

**C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—contd.
IN LONDON.**

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DELHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1		CLUB No. 2	
	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
10th July, 1914	39 6 July-Aug.	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st August "	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st October "	44 9	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th November "	48 3	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd December "	50 6	128	50 0	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10th " "	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9 May-June.	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May sellers.	100
30th " "	51 6 May-June	130	53 0	106	52 0	102	...	...	...	...	53 0 April-May.	103
8th January, 1915	52 3 Do	132	Jany.-Feb.	...	53 3 May-June.	105	...	...	...	...	53 6 Do.	106
4th February "	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4 1/2 Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	...
25th " "	60 3 Do.	153	Do	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar.-April.	128
4th March "	59 0 Do.	149	Do	...	59 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	118
8th April "	58 0 Do	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 3 Do.	127
6th May "	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	129
12th " "	68 0 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do	127	66 0	100	67 0	100	...	...
4th June "	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	98	61 0 June-July.	121
2nd July "	58 0 June	124	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	105	53 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	52 9 Do	104
23rd " "	56 0 July	142	55 7 1/2 July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	83	56 3 July	84	55 9 July	110
6th August "	56 6	143	56 1 1/2	112	56 9	112	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
27th " "	54 0	137	56 1 1/2	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
3rd September "	54 0 July, Sellers	137	53 7 1/2 July, Sellers	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July, Sellers	85	...	...
24th Sept. '15 to 18th Apl. '16.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th April, 1916	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th April to 15th May 1916.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th May, 1916	63 0 May-June.	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd and 9th June, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th June, 1916	57 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30rd " "	56 0 June, Sellers	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	55 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29th " June to 7th July, 1916.	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th July, 1916	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	59 0 Do.	149	58 6 July-Aug. Sellers	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26th " "	61 3 Do. Sellers.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th August "	65 0 Aug.-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11th " "	71 0 Do.	180	70 6 Aug.-Sept.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	69 3 Do. Sellers.	176	68 9 Do., Sellers.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25th " "	72 0 Do. Sept.-Oct.	182	Nominal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31st " "	73 6 Sept. Sellers.	184	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th September, "	73 0 Oct., Paid.	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15th " "	72 3 Oct., Sellers.	188	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	71 9, Sellers	189	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th October "	72 3 Oct., Paid.	188	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th " "	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21st " "	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd November "	79 0, Paid	200	Nominal.	...	79 6 Sellers.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
10th " "	80 0, Passage	203	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th " "	80 3 Nov.-Dec., Sellers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
24th " "	81 0, Paid	205	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st December, "	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th and 15th Dec. 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th December, 1916	83 0 Paid	208	81 6 Paid.	163	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd to 29th Decem- 1916.	No sellers	...	Nominal.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th to 12th Jan. 1917.	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	187	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th and 26th Jan. 1917.	83 0	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs. — contd.
IN INDIAN PORTS—contd.
[Index Numbers — Prices for the week ending the 8th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE PASTY).				CALCUTTA CLUB No. 2.			
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 80% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 92% RED).		Price.		Index Numbers.		Price.		Index Numbers.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Week ending 2nd February 1917	40	0	127		39	0	125		36	8	112	
" 9th "	39	6	125		38	6	123		37	2	113	
" 16th "	38	8	121		37	3	119		37	2	113	
" 23rd "	39	0	124		38	0	123		37	2	113	
" 2nd March "	38	7½	123		37	7½	120		36	9	112	
" 9th "	34	6	122		37	6	120		37	0	118	
" 30th "	38	0	121		37	0	118		36	9	112	
" 6th April "	38	0	121		37	0	118		38	1	118	
" 13th "	38	6	122		37	6	120		37	4	114	
" 4th May "	37	0	117		36	0	115		36	7	112	
" 11th "	35	0	111		34	0	109		37	8	115	
" 18th "	34	6	110		33	6	107		37	2	113	
" 25th "	35	0	111		34	0	109		37	6	114	
" 1st June "	35	6	113		34	6	110		37	8	115	
" 8th "	35	6	113		34	6	110		39	2	120	
" 15th "	35	6	113		34	6	110		38	10	119	
" 22nd "	35	6	113		34	6	110		38	10	119	
" 29th "	35	6	113		34	6	110		39	6	121	
" 6th July "	35	9	113		34	9	111		39	6	121	
" 13th "	35	9	113		34	9	111		39	2	120	
" 20th "	36	9	117		35	9	114		39	6	121	
" 27th "	37	3	118		36	3	116		38	5	117	
" 3rd August "	37	0	117		36	0	115		38	1	116	
" 10th "	36	0	114		35	0	112		...	...	...
" 17th "	36	0	114		35	0	112		...	...	...
" 24th "	36	6	116		35	6	114		36	3	111	
" 31st "	36	6	116		35	6	114		35	2	107	
" 7th September "	37	3	118		36	3	116		36	8	111	
" 14th "	37	9	120		36	9	118		37	2	113	
" 21st "	38	0	121		37	0	118		38	1	116	
" 28th "	37	9	120		36	9	118		37	8	115	
" 5th October "	37	9	120		36	9	118		37	11	116	
" 12th "	38	0	121		37	0	118		38	1	116	
" 19th "	38	6	122		37	6	120		34	1	116	
" 26th "	38	9	123		37	9	121		40	8	124	
" 2nd November "	39	0	124		39	0	122		41	0	125	
" 9th "	41	6	132		40	6	130		40	1	122	
" 16th "	41	0	130		40	0	128		39	7	121	
" 23rd "	42	0	133		41	0	131		40	1	122	
" 30th "	43	0	137		42	0	134		40	8	124	
" 7th December "	41	9	133		40	9	130		40	3	123	
" 14th "	41	9	133		40	9	130		40	3	123	
" 21st "	43	0	137		42	0	134		40	2	123	
" 28th "	43	0	137		42	0	134		40	5	123	
" 4th January, 1918 "	42	3	134		41	3	132		40	5	123	
" 11th "	42	0	133		41	0	131		41	0	125	
" 18th "	42	0	133		41	0	131		40	8	123	
" 25th "	40	0	127		39	0	125		40	2	123	
" 1st February "	39	3	125		38	3	122		39	11	123	
" 8th "	43	0	137		42	0	134		40	5	123	
" 15th "	41	6	132		40	6	130		40	10	125	
" 22nd "	42	6	135		41	6	133		40	10	125	
" 1st March "	42	6	135		41	6	133		41	3	126	
" 8th "	42	6	135		41	6	133		41	1	125	
" 15th "	42	0	133		41	0	131		40	6	124	
" 22nd "	42	0	133		41	0	131		40	6	124	
" 29th "	41	6	132		40	6	130		40	9	124	
" 5th April "	41	6	132		40	6	130		41	2	126	
" 12th "	41	6	132		40	6	130		41	9	127	
" 19th "	41	0	130		40	0	128		41	10	128	
" 26th "	42	0	133		41	0	131		41	3	130	
" 3rd May "	42	0	133		41	0	131		42	1	128	
" 10th "	42	0	133		41	0	131		43	5	133	
" 17th "	42	0	133		41	0	131		43	9	134	
" 24th "	42	6	135		41	6	133		43	7	133	
" 31st "	42	6	135		41	6	133		43	11	134	
" 7th June "	42	0	133		41	0	131		42	6	130	
" 14th "	43	0	139		41	0	131		46	8	142	
" 21st "	41	6	132		40	6	130		42	10	131	
" 28th "	41	6	132		40	6	130		48	1	147	
" 5th July "	41	6	132		40	6	130		47	8	146	
" 12th "	41	6	132		40	6	130		49	8	152	
" 19th "	42	6	135		41	6	133		49	9	152	
" 26th "	43	0	137		42	0	131		50	7	154	
" 2nd August "	44	0	140		43	0	138		50	9	155	
" 9th "	44	0	140		43	0	138		58	9	164	
" 16th "	44	0	140		43	0	138		55	10	170	
" 23rd "	44	0	140		43	0	138		53	7	164	
" 30th "	44	0	140		43	0	138		55	3	169	
" 6th September "	45	0	140		44	0	138		56	2	172	
" 13th "	45	0	143		44	0	141		59	6	183	
" 20th "	46	0	146		45	6	146		60	5	184	
" 27th "	52	0	165		51	6	165		61	10	189	
" 4th October "	52	0	165		51	6	165		56	11	174	
" 11th "	53	0	168		52	6	168		56	7	173	
" 18th "	53	0	168		52	6	168		56	1	173	
" 25th "	53	0	168		52	6	168		57	2	175	
" 1st November "	53	0	168		52	6	168		...	...	...

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DELHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
2nd February to 30th March 1917	82 0 Feb.-Mar & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers.	...	79 6 Noml	157	.	...	...	...	...	...
4th April "	83 0 April-May	210	Do	...	79 6 Do.	157	..	..	...	..	..	...
13th Apl. to 4th May '17	85 0 "	215	Do	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
5th to 11th May "	86 9 May-June quoted	220	Do	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
18th May to 6th July.	86 9 "	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	..	..
13th to 20th July "	86 9 "	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	87 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
27th July to 10th Aug 1917.	No sellers. Nominal	...	...	...	.	.	.	.	...	.	.	...
17th to 24th Aug. "	86 9 sellers	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	.	...
31st Aug. 1917	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 Nom.	172	86 9 Nom.	171	89 6 Nom.	132	86 9 Nom.	129	.	...
7th September '17 to 2nd Jan. '18	78 0	197	77 6	155	77 6	158	79 0	116	..	...	78 0	154
3rd January to 17th October '18.	80 0	203	79 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	..	80 0	158
18th October to 1st November '18.	80 0 afloat	203	80 0 afloat	160	80 0 afloat	158	80 0 afloat	118	...	.	80 0 afloat	158

Notes.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly by the Chamber of Commerce. The quotations for London are obtained from Reuters' telegrams.

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 1 OF 1918-19.

1.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 15th September, 1918.
(Season 1918-19, i.e., from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Provinces or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (a)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half- month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY PRESSED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 15th SEPTEMBER 1918 (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda			200	4	1,466	1,466	814
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)			162	...	...	...	...
Madras			56	50	(b) 12,974	12,974	(c) 6,431
Punjab (including Native States)			92	...	...	...	...
United Provinces			85	1	210	210	...
Sind			18	...	...	...	...
Burma			19	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa
Bengal			3	...	...	...	...
Assam
North-West Frontier Province			1	1	...	...	...
Ajmer-Merwara			9	...	...	...	...
Delhi			1	...	...	...	...
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (a)			641	56	14,650	14,650	7,245
Hyderabad			41	(e)	(e)	...	...
Central India			32	(e)	(e)	...	...
Rajputana			10	(e)	(e)	...	...
Mysore			3	(e)	(e)	...	...
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)			86	(e)	(e)	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			727	56	14,650	14,650	7,245

(a) Preliminary estimates of the outturn of the Cotton crop of the season 1918-19 will not be available until the third week of December.

(b) Figures for the weeks ending 7th and 14th September, 1918. In Madras the cotton pressing season commences in February and these figures therefore relate to the crop of the preceding season.

(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Including States situated within provincial boundaries.

(e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 15th September, 1918.
(Season 1918-19, i.e., from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED FROM 1ST SEPTEMBER TO 15TH SEPTEMBER 1918 (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
				Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda	165	20	1,610	1,610	1,996
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)	10	8			20
Madras	12	11	a) 1,589	1,589	(f) 1,036
Punjab	3	1	476	476	238
United Provinces	15	..	...	...	..
Sind	1	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Bengal	10	10	3,870	3,870	1,618
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	208	208	102
Delhi	2				57
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)	220	52	7,753	7,753	5,067
Hyderabad	3	1	...	..	..
Central India	3	1	84	84	65
Rajputana	1	(e)	(e)		..
Mysore	2	(e)	(e)		..
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)	9	2	84	84	65
GRAND TOTAL	229	54	7,937	7,837	5,132

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of unpressed cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton coming through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

- (a) Figures for the weeks ending 7th and 14th September, 1918. (d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.
(b) No returns received. (e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.
(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries. (f) Revised figure.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in the Spinning Mills, from 1st September to 15th September, 1918, in British Provinces (including Native States within provincial boundaries).

Province	Total estimated output of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 15th September, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 15th September, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 3 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda		1,466	1,610	3,076	
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)			..	1,589	14,563
Madras		12,974	476	476	
Punjab (including Native States)			...	210	
North-West Frontier Province			
Delhi			
United Provinces		210	...	...
Sind		
Burma		
Bengal		...	3,870	3,870	
Bihar and Orissa		...	208	208	
Assam		
Ajmer-Merwara		
TOTAL		14,650	7,753	22,403	

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.

* See footnote (a) to statement I.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

November 2, 1918.

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 46. { **SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1918.**

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla, the 14th November, 1918

No. 57—The Hon'ble Mr A. P. Muddiman, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, in the Legislative Department is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 24th November, 1918, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

H. M. SMITH,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India

(1819)

The 14th November, 1918

No. 58.—Mr. H. Monetteff-Smith, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, in the Legislative Department, is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, with effect from the 24th November, 1918, during the absence on privilege leave of the Hon'ble Mr. A. P. Muddiman, C.I.E., I.C.S., or until further orders.

No. 59.—Mr. W. T. M. Wright, I.C.S., Attaché in the Legislative Department, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, with effect from the 24th November, 1918, and until further orders.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

ESTABLISHMENTS

Since the 15th November 1918

No. 1415. Mr. C. A. Barton, C.I.E., of the Indian Civil Service, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Commissioner of Delhi with effect from the 7th November 1918 during the absence of Mr. W. M. Hailey, C.S.I., C.I.E., on deputation.

JUDICIAL.

The 9th November, 1918

No. 1083.—The Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6, Geo. 5, Ch. 61), section 105, sub-section (2), to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. E. B. H. Pantou, I.C.S., to act as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, with effect from the 14th November 1918, during the remainder of the absence of the Hon'ble Justice Sir Asutosh Mukherjee Kt. C.S.I., on deputation or until further orders.

MEDICAL

The 13th November 1918.

No. 518. Major (temporary Lieutenant Colonel) R. A. Needham, D.S.O., M.B., B.S., Assistant Director General, Indian Medical Service (Sanitary), is appointed to be Deputy Director General Indian Medical Service, with effect from the afternoon of the 24th October 1918.

PUBLIC

The 13th November, 1918.

No. 1994. In exercise of the power conferred by section 39, sub-section (1) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Governor General's Executive Council shall assemble at Delhi.

WAR

The 14th November, 1918.

No. 310.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 1, sub-section (3) of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act of 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that sections 3 to 4 of the said Act shall come into force with effect from the date of this notification in the district of Shahpur in the Punjab.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 14th November, 1918

No 90-Est. A.—The combined leave for six months granted to Assistant Surgeon G H K Mami, L.M and S, in charge Victoria Memorial Hospital, Bahrain, in notification No. 1177-Est. A, dated the 1st June 1918, is hereby extended by three months

A. H. GRANT,

*Secretary to the Government of India.**The 14th November, 1918*

No 92-I C.—In consequence of the misconduct, of Shivamurti Gururaya Kanbargimath, Gokak Falls, District Belgaum, in the Bombay Presidency, he is hereby deprived of the title of "Rao Sahib" which was conferred on him as a personal distinction, in the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1357-I.C., dated the 3rd June 1918.

No. 94-Est. A.—The services of Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant C. C. Kelly, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, are replaced at the disposal of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, with effect from the 15th September 1918

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT

Simla, the 11th November, 1918.

No. 3018-F.—With reference to the Notification in the Finance Department No. 2490 F, dated the 14th September 1918, it is notified for public information that on and after Tuesday, the 12th November 1918, and until further notice, Treasury Bills will be issued for a term of 3 months, in addition to Treasury Bills for six, nine and twelve months, and subject to the conditions at present applicable to the latter. With effect from the same date, a change will be made in the rates for six, nine and twelve months' Bills.

2. The rates with effect from the 12th November 1918 and until further notice will then be as follows —

For 3 months' Bills	... Rupees ninety-eight annas fourteen per cent
For 6 months' Bills	Rupee ninety-seven annas nine per cent
For 9 months' Bills	Rupees ninety-six annas four per cent
For 12 months' Bills	Rupees ninety-five annas nil per cent

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS

The 13th November, 1918

No. 1442-F. E. Mr K. M. Abraham has been posted as Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, Bengal, with effect from the 29th October 1918

Rai Ashutosh Banerji Bahadur a senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General Bengal, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer Class II, in that office, with effect from the 9th October 1918 and until further orders

No 1443-F. E.—Mr Jham Rai, an Accountant in the office of the Chief Auditor, North Western Railway, was appointed to officiate as an Assistant Audit Officer, Class II, in that office from the 30th September 1918 to the 22nd October 1918, both days inclusive

No. 1444-F. E.—Mr C. V. Srinivasa Rao, Assistant Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been granted privilege leave for twenty-one days, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

Mr. M. N. Gupta, a senior Accountant in the office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer Class II, in that office, with effect from the 21st October 1918 and during the absence on leave of Mr. Srinivasa Rao

The 14th November, 1918

No 1448-F. E.—Mr E. H. Burke, Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Nagpur, has been granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 28th October 1918.

Mr N. V. Raghavan has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs Nagpur, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 1449-F. E.—Mr N. C. Ganguly, a senior Accountant in the office of the Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Telegraph Branch, Calcutta, has been appointed to

officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II in that office with effect from the 10th October 1918 and until further orders.

No 1450-F E Mr B. K. Chatterji, Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, has been granted privilege leave for 2 months and 6 days with effect from the 18th October 1918.

H F HOWARD,

Secretary to the Government of India

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE

NOTIFICATIONS

FAMINE

Sinca, the 14th November 1918.

No. 1223. With reference to rule 3 clause (i) of the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture No 1616-F, dated the 25th July 1909 the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Sir James Meiston K C S I L L D, V D, Member of the Executive Council of the Governor General, to be a Member of the Board of Management of the Indian Peoples' Famine Trust, *vice* the Hon'ble Sir William Meyer, K C I E K C S I, resigned.

No. 1225-52.—In pursuance of Rule II-J of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules 1915, as subsequently amended the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that it is necessary for the purpose of securing the public safety to control the supply of food in the Punjab.

FORESTS.

The 14th November 1918

No. 700-49.—The following changes are made in the class of Conservators with effect from the dates mentioned:

1. Mr C. M. McCue Officiating Conservator of Forests 3rd grade is reverted to the class of Deputy Conservators of Forests, Central Provinces, on proceeding on medical leave with effect from the afternoon of the 13th September 1918.

From the same date Mr E. R. Stevens Deputy Conservator of Forests is appointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests 3rd grade in charge of the Eastern Circle, United Provinces.

2. Mr A. R. Dicks Deputy Conservator of Forests Assam is appointed to officiate until further orders as Conservator of Forests 3rd grade in charge of the Eastern Circle United Provinces with effect from the afternoon of the 5th October 1918.

From the same date Mr E. R. Stevens Officiating Conservator of Forests 3rd grade, is reverted to the class of Deputy Conservators of Forests United Provinces.

3. Mr W. I. Perree Conservator of Forests 3rd (officiating 2nd grade) on transfer from the Kumaon Circle, United Provinces, assumes charge of the newly created Utilization Circle in the same province with effect from the forenoon of the 1st October 1918.

4. Mr R. C. Milward Conservator of Forests, 3rd (officiating 2nd grade) on transfer from the Tenasserim Circle Burma, took over charge of the Kumaon Circle United Provinces with effect from the forenoon of the 4th October 1918.

5. Mr F. H. Todd Deputy Conservator of Forests, is appointed to officiate, until further orders as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, in charge of the Tenasserim Circle, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th September 1918.

From the same date Mr R. S. Group, Deputy Conservator of Forests, at present employed as Assistant Inspector General of Forests, is appointed, under Article 20 Forest Department Code to officiate until further orders (without vacating his present post) as Conservator of Forests 3rd grade. While so officiating his position on the India list will be next above that of Mr Todd.

R A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS

COMMERCE -WAR.

Sinca, the 16th November, 1918

No 12732 --The following Royal Proclamation is published for general information --

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

RELATING TO THE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN ARTICLES INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM
GEORGE V R I

WHEREAS by Section forty-three of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876,⁽¹⁾ it is provided that the importation of arms, ammunition, gunpowder, or any other goods may be prohibited by Proclamation:

And whereas by certain Proclamations entitled Prohibition of Import Proclamations the importation of certain goods has been prohibited accordingly :

And whereas it is expedient that the importation into the United Kingdom of certain other goods should be prohibited :

Now, therefore, We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby proclaim, direct and ordain as follows :—

As from and after the date hereof, subject as hereinafter provided, the importation into the United Kingdom of the following articles is hereby prohibited, *viz.* :—

Cassia lignea.

Fibre flax seed for sowing.

Pimento.

Spectacles and eyeglasses complete.

Time-recording instruments of all kinds, and movements and parts thereof.

Watches and parts thereof.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that this prohibition shall not apply to any such goods which are imported under licence given by or on behalf of the Board of Trade, and subject to the provisions and conditions of such licence.

This Proclamation may be cited as the Prohibition of Import (No. 27) Proclamation, 1918.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Twenty-seventh day of September, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the Ninth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 16th November, 1918.

No. 12714.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act of 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made to the schedule appended to the notification in this Department No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended :—

Delete—

the entries “ (A) Barrels empty,”

“ (A) Casks empty,”

“ (C) Belting,”

“ (C) Pipes, cast iron,”

“ (C) Typewriters and parts thereof,”

and the words “ (Other than cast iron) ” after the words ‘ Pipes of all descriptions ’ under the entry “ (A) Steel or iron, plain or galvaused, the following, *viz.* :—”.

Add as new entries—

“ (A) Barrels, suitable for containing oil,”

“ (A) Casks, suitable for containing oil.”

“ (A) Belting.”

“ (A) Type.”

“ (A) Typewriters and parts thereof.”

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

The 16th November, 1918.

No. 12867.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the export of chillies from any port in the Madras Presidency to any destination outside India :

Provided that nothing in this Notification shall be deemed to prohibit

(i) export by the Crown ;

(ii) export for use or consumption on the voyage ;

(iii) export under a license granted by the Chief Customs Officer at the place of export.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 15th November 1918.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 2660.—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary ranks specified while holding the appointments noted :—

To be temporary Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major C. B. Robb, The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), while holding the appointment of Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General. Dated 30th September 1918.

Major R. N. Bocquet, Royal Engineers, while holding the appointment of Assistant Director General of Military Works. Dated 25th October 1918.

To be temporary Majors.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) N. M. Williams, The Gloucestershire Regiment, while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 19th August 1918.

Captain J. S. Levack, Royal Army Medical Corps, while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Director, Medical Services. Dated 25th October 1918.

Captain R. H. S. Hounsell, Royal Engineers, while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Director General of Military Works. Dated 25th October 1918.

To be temporary Captains.

Lieutenant J. A. B stock, Westminster Dragoons, attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse), while holding the appointment of Staff Captain. Dated 22nd July 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. M. Jelley, General List, while holding a special appointment graded as Staff Captain. Dated 14th February 1917.

Second Lieutenant A. V. Field, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), while holding a special appointment graded as Staff Captain. Dated 16th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant P. Sharpe, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), while holding the appointment of Platoon Commander at a School of Instruction. Dated 19th October 1918.

No. 2661.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 1671, dated the 26th July 1918, the promotion to the rank of substantive Colonel of the undermentioned Indian Army officers is antedated as specified :—

Colonel H. J. Roche, C.B. To the 4th November 1914.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) S. B. Grimston, C.M.G. To the 5th December 1914.

Colonel S. B. Graham. To the 4th February 1915.

Colonel J. O. Mennie. To the 10th February 1915.

Colonel G. H. Boisragon, V.C. To the 17th February 1915.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) F. A. Smith. To the 18th February 1915.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) R. E. H. Dyer, C.B. To the 5th March 1915.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) H. L. Richardson. To the 15th April 1915.

Colonel E. L. Sullivan, C.B., C.M.G. To the 2nd May 1915.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) L. W. Boudier. To the 3rd June 1915.

Colonel G. S. Frazer, C.M.G. To the 3rd June 1915.

Colonel F. G. Batten, D.S.O. To the 3rd June 1915.

Colonel C. Bailey. To the 3rd June 1915.

Colonel H. P. Lane. To the 27th August 1915.

Colonel F. De B. Young, C.M.G. To the 9th October 1915.

Colonel C. A. Luck. To the 28th October 1915.

Colonel A. J. Caruana, C.I.E. To the 1st January 1916.

Colonel G. L'H. Sanders. To the 1st January 1916.

Colonel H. E. Lewis. To the 29th January 1916.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) L. N. Younghusband, C.B. To the 31st March 1916.

Colonel W. W. Chitty. To the 13th April 1916.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) A. B. H. Drew, C.I.E. To the 8th May 1916.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) C. E. de M. Norie, C.B., D.S.O. To the 9th May 1916.

Colonel A. J. Campbell, D.S.O. To the 3rd June 1916.

Colonel E. G. Wright. To the 3rd June 1916.

Colonel T. Y. Seddon. To the 9th June 1916.

Colonel H. C. Tytler, D.S.O. To the 2nd July 1916.

Colonel A. H. D. Creagh, C.M.G., M.V.O. To the 30th August 1916.

Colonel F. R. E. Lock, D.S.O. To the 1st January 1917.

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) F. G. H. Davies. To the 1st January 1917.

No. 2662.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Colonels.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Herbert Evan Charles Bayley Nepean, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Arthur LeGrand Jacob, C.M.G., C.I.E., D.S.O., A.D.C., Indian Army. Dated 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Frederic George Lucas, C.B., D.S.O., Indian Army. Dated 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) David Clapham Adrian Andrew, Indian Army. Dated 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Guy Melfort Baldwin, D.S.O., Indian Army. Dated 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Watkin Wall, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Leslie Warner Yule-Campbell, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Octavius William Carey, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 1st January 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) William Melvill Southey, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 1st April 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Chesney Cook, D.S.O., Indian Army. Dated 18th April 1917.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2663.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

John Stebbing Corlett, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multani). Dated 3rd September 1918.

Captain to be Major.

Richard Bellingham Langrishe, Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 10th October 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Lewis Victor John Pogson, M.C., 107th Pioneers. Dated 8th August 1918.

Hilton Light, 8th Punjabis.

Arthur Ulric Molyneux Spottiswoode, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Richard Andrew Scott, attached 34th Prince

Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Edward Maxwell West, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

William George Hugh Gough, M.C., 2nd King

Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Edward Alfred Stead, M.C., 35th Sikhs.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Henry Brian Russell, attached 107th Pioneers.

John Richard Marriott, attached 99th Deccan Infantry.

Vernon Maurice Herivalwil-Cox, attached 89th Punjabis.

Arthur Dean, attached 80th Carnatic Infantry.

James Edward Cobbett, attached 76th Punjabis.

John St. Clair Arbuthnott, attached 59th Soinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Allen Lingard Rae Duke, attached 82nd Punjabis.

James Patrick Mearns, attached 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry. Dated 18th October,

1918.

James Baillie Dedman, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Herbert Ronald Keith Gibbs, attached 6th Gurkha Rifles.

Edward Lionel Wakefield Fox, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Joseph Annosley Everard Upton, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Arthur William Aspinall, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Dated 1st October 1918.

Dated 11th November 1918.

Dated 12th September 1918.

Dated 27th October 1918.

Robert Cecil Brooke-Hunt, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lum-den's) (Infantry).

Hugh Eric Weatherdon, attached 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Geoffrey Leonard Shipton, attached 105th Maharatta Light Infantry

Archibald Douglas Craig, attached 10th Gurkha Rifles.

John Denton Bauman, attached 67th Punjabis.

Francis Caleb Coy. attached 63rd Palamottah Light Infantry. Dated 11th November 1918.

Francis John McCluskey, attached 18th Infantry. Dated 18th November 1918.

No 2664—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary ranks specified while holding the appointments noted—

To be temporary Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major Walter John Lambert, D.S.O., 19th Lancers (Deccan Horse), while employed as Senior Special Service Officer, Mysore Imperial Service Lancers. Dated 5th August 1918.

To be temporary Major.

Captain C. F. Ball, 19th Agra Company, Indian Defence Force, while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 30th September 1918.

To be temporary Captain.

Lieutenant F. H. Christison, 23rd Sikh Pioneers, while holding the appointment of Staff Captain. Dated 1th October 1918.

Lieutenant V. H. Trow, 120th Infantry, while holding the appointment of Platoon Commander at a School of Instruction. Dated 14th October 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No 2665—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 2483, dated the 25th October 1918, Major F. C. Fraser, I.M.S., will take seniority in his present rank from 1st September 1918, his previous forfeited service having been restored for good service in the field.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH

Benjal Establishment

No 2666—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant William Christopher Montague Carters, *seconded*, to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain and to remain *seconded*;

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant George Cornelius Francis Holmes to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain;

First class Assistant Surgeons—

Charles Mullins, } *seconded*,
Donald Day Stewart, }

to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Lieutenant and to remain *seconded*;
First class Assistant Surgeon Hugh Norman Stewart to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant;

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Major Arthur John Archer, supernumerary on attaining the age of 55 years, with effect from the 20th March 1918.

First class Assistant Surgeon George William Cairns, *seconded*, to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant and to remain *seconded*;

Supernumerary Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant James Joseph McDonald is absorbed in the rank of Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 20th March 1918,

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Hugh Norman Stewart.

Senior Assistant Surgeons and Honorary Lieutenants—

Percival Beatson Mills,
John Jeremiah Alexander Brachio,
George Patrick O'Brien, } *seconded*,
Christopher George Thompson,
Henry Mansfield. }

to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Captain and to remain *seconded*;

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Edward Joseph Archer to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain;

First class Assistant Surgeon Walter Reginald Releiro to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant;

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Major George Oswald Weston, supernumerary on attaining the age of 55 years, with effect from the 27th April 1918.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant William Joseph Key Stone to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain ;

First class Assistant Surgeons—

Frank Ernest Knight,
William John Marshall,
John Douglas Thomas,
Sydney Graham Langhorne,
William Willoughby Stuart, L. R. C. P. and S. I.,

} *seconded*,

to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Lieutenant and to remain *seconded* ;

First class Assistant Surgeons Benjamin Lazarus Smith to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant ;

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Major Harry William DeLanty, supernumerary on attaining the age of 55 years, with effect from the 25th June 1918.

First class Assistant Surgeons—

Herbert Charles Thompson,
Adolphus Vincent Eates,

} *seconded*,

to be supernumerary Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Lieutenant and to remain *seconded* ;

First class Assistant Surgeon Gilbert Reuben Joseph Harvey to be supernumerary Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 2nd July 1918, to complete establishment owing to temporary increase.

Senior Assistant Surgeons and Honorary Lieutenants—

William Charles Lobo Deeks,
James Adolphus Fanshaw Harvey,
Rivers Thomas Rodgers,
John Nelson Turner,
Henry Valentine Mann,

} *seconded*,

to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Captain and to remain *seconded* ;

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Harold Vernon Dewey to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain ;

First class Assistant Surgeons—

Charles Robert Cox, }
Richard Julian Key Stone, } *seconded*,
James Doyle,

to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Lieutenant and to remain *seconded* ;

First class Assistant Surgeon Louis Percival Kenyon to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant ;

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Major Alfred Greenwood, supernumerary on attaining the age of 55 years, with effect from the 5th September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2667.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Cavalry Branch.

Harold Fairweather. Dated 30th August 1918.

Henry Russell Landale. Dated 13th November 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Hubert Drayton Sellick. Dated 29th August 1918.

Sidney Lionel Marwood. Dated 16th September 1918.

Frank William Osborne. Dated 1st October 1918.

Mansfield Priestley-Evans. Dated 7th October 1918.

George Eric Beney. Dated 5th November 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Cavalry Branch.

Cecil Henry Henderson. Dated 17th February 1918.

Hugh Latimer. Dated 17th October 1918.

Harold Edwin Butler.

John Reginald Jacob.

} Dated 18th October 1918.

David Geoffrey Bles. Dated 22nd October 1918.

Cecil Eagles Lynch-Blosse. Dated 24th October 1918.

John Robertson. Dated 14th November 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Allan George Hardy Jeynes. Dated 27th June 1918.

Gordon Philip Reddick. Dated 27th June 1918.

William Henry Anderson. Dated 27th June 1918.

Ernest Charles Williams Dated 8th July 1918.
 George Tiegaskis Dated 1st August 1918.
 Harold Crespo Bell Dated 29th August 1918.
 Francis Percival Randolph Hingston. Dated 26th September 1918.
 Melancthon Bertwistle Duckworth Dated 26th September 1918.
 Edgar Simpson Oliver. Dated 9th October 1918.
 Arthur Edward Kingett. Dated 11th October 1918.
 Dennis George Watson. Dated 16th October 1918.
 William Norman Pritchard Rule. } Dated 18th October 1918.
 Vivian Matthews }
 Harold Joseph D'Cruz. Dated 19th October 1918.
 Ronald Vernon Littlewood Dated 22nd October 1918.
 Henry Robert Crosthwaite, C.I.E. }
 Arthur Campbell Armstrong. } Dated 23rd October 1918.
 Geoffrey Evans. }
 Robert Montador Watson. }
 Charles Edward Norris. } Dated 24th October 1918.
 William John Madden }
 David Williams. }
 Edwin Osborne Gilbert }
 George Marshall Wilson Tancered. } Dated 25th October 1918.
 Ernest Lewis Gorard }
 Dermot Nicolas Joseph Clabhy. }
 Frank Owen O'Neill. Dated 26th October 1918.
 Leonard Hulbert. } Dated 25th October 1918.
 Walter Street. }
 William Raleigh Head. } Dated 29th October 1918.
 Henry Rundle }
 Edmund William Frederick Rodgers. Dated 30th October 1918.
 Archibald Craigmile Duff. }
 George Frederic West. }
 Hugh Olway de Gale. } Dated 31st October 1918.
 Murdo McDonald Stewart. }
 John Eric Stutter. }

No. 2668.—Lieutenant W. J. Good, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding a special appointment graded as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 4th October 1918.

No. 2669.—The undermentioned Second Lieutenants of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as Assistant Recruiting Officers, with effect from the dates specified:—

James Beckett }
 Charles Vincent McCarthy Atkinson } Dated 22nd October 1918.
 James Pryde. }
 Gilbert Alfred Hamilton Scarle. Dated 26th September 1918.

No. 2670.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Major, while employed as second-in-command of Imperial Service units, with effect from the 26th September 1918:—

Lieutenant E. B. Belcher, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Mysore Lancers.
 Lieutenant W. W. M. Murray, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Bikaner Camel Corps.
 Lieutenant J. C. Powell-Price, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Alwar Infantry.
 Lieutenant P. S. Clarke, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Patiala Infantry.
 Lieutenant W. T. Pigot, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Kashmir Rifles.
 Lieutenant A. C. Greenfield, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Gwalior Infantry.
 Lieutenant G. H. Cooke, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 3rd Kashmir Infantry.
 Lieutenant E. D. Atkins, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 1st Hyderabad Lancers.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

2nd Karachi Brigade Mobile Artillery.

No. 2671.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—
Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Henry Hollington Sawyer. Dated 22nd December 1917.

REGULAR FORCES

No. 2672.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. W. Bean relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) L. Arneil to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a brigade of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 3rd September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel R. S. Hariman, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 25th July 1918.

Captain F. C. Hoare to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 18th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) L. Arneil, vacated with effect from the 3rd September 1918.

INFANTRY.

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

Major E. W. Worrall to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 24th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. R. C. R. Platt, vacated with effect from the 9th October 1918.

Captain C. A. Williams to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 24th October 1918, *vice* Major E. W. Worrall, vacated with effect from the 9th October 1918.

Lieutenant D. H. G. McCrirk to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th October 1918, *vice* Captain C. A. Williams, vacated with effect from the 9th October 1918.

Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. Durham relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 2nd October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. C. Lloyd, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 16th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. D. Clayton to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 31st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. C. Lloyd, vacated with effect from the 16th October 1918.

The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. E. Morris relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant of an Officer Cadet Unit. Dated 11th October 1918.

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment).

Major C. C. F. Hosken to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 2nd November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel C. F. W. Dimond, vacated with effect from the 18th October 1918.

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

Lieutenant L. A. Mattock to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. F. Orchard, relieved with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. F. Orchard relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st October 1918.

RESERVE BATTALIONS (INDIA).

Lieutenant Kenneth Graham Scott, The Black Watch (Royal Highlanders), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st June 1918 (first appointment).

Lieutenant George Reid, The Highland Light Infantry, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st June 1918 (first appointment).

Lieutenant Robert Black Bonsor, The Highland Light Infantry, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st June 1918 (first appointment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) Robert Black Bonsor, The Highland Light Infantry, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 15th June 1918.

Lieutenant Thomas Walter Urquhart Park, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. V. Rice, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), vacated with effect from the 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. V. Rice, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th September 1918.

Major Henry Edward Duke, The Dorsetshire Regiment, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 10th August 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) R. Martin, vacated with effect from the 26th July 1918.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) R. Martin, The Royal Irish Regiment, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 26th July 1918.

Captain C. L. R. Jensen, The Hampshire Regiment, to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 10th August 1918, *vice* Major H. E. Duke, vacated with effect from the 26th July 1918.

Lieutenant C. Woolger, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th August 1918, *vice* Captain C. L. R. Jensen, vacated with effect from the 26th July 1918.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) H. E. Duke, The Dorsetshire Regiment, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 22nd September 1918.

Captain (acting Major) C. L. R. Jensen, The Hampshire Regiment, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 22nd September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. Woolger, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 22nd September 1918.

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

Lieutenant L. F. Findlay to be acting Captain while commanding a company to complete establishment. Dated 26th September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2673.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, while commanding Imperial Service units, with effect from the 26th September 1918:—

Major G. R. P. Wheatley, 27th Light Cavalry, attached 1st Hyderabad Lancers.

Major R. A. Lyall, D.S.O., Supernumerary List, attached 3rd Kashmir Rifles.

Major H. Campbell, M.V.O., D.S.O., Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's), (Infantry), attached Alwar Infantry.

Major P. F. Gell, D.S.O., 11th Murray's Jat Lancers, attached 1st Jodhpur Lancers.

Major E. B. L'Estrange, 79th Carnatic Infantry, attached 3rd Gwalior Infantry.

Major A. F. Inglis, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment), attached 1st Kashmir Infantry.

Major J. G. Rae, 123rd Outram's Rifles, attached Bikaner Camel Corps.

Captain K. G. H. Cates, 45th Rattray's Sikhs, attached 1st Patiala Infantry.

No. 2674.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

17th Cavalry

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. R. H. Hutchison, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 1st August 1918.

27th Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant S. Dudley, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 24th March 1918, *vice* Major B. N. Abbay, vacated with effect from the 9th March 1918.

Lieutenant A. R. W. M. O'Keeffe, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 16th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. H. H. Fewtrell, vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant A. A. McLelland, R.E., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th September 1918.

Lieutenant R. H. B. Longland, R.E., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant C. Partridge, Indian Army (T.C.), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th September 1918 (on formation).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. B. Woakes, M.C., to be acting Major, while commanding No. 65 Field Company. Dated 17th October 1918 (on embarkation).

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. J. Kelly, Indian Army, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 3rd October 1918.

Lieutenant J. R. Davidson, M.C., Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th July 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. A. L. Gueterhock, R.E., vacated with effect from the 10th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. R. Davidson, M.C., Indian Army Reserve, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 31st July 1918.

1st Brahman

Lieutenant J. H. B. White, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th March 1918.

Lieutenant M. Priestley-Evans, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th March 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Major H. O. B. Wood, Company Commander, 5th Rajputs, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 8th September 1918.

Lieutenant F. C. Davies, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant W. C. Barham, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant F. T. M. Lake, attached, to be acting Captain, while commanding a company. Dated 9th September 1918.

Captain F. B. Scott, Survey Department, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 26th August 1918.

15th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).

Captain T. T. Laville, 11th Rajputs, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depot, from 21st May 1918 to 20th July 1918.

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment)

Captain A. S. Brooke, M.C., 18th Infantry, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 10th September 1918.

23rd Sikh Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. A. Dubois, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 15th August 1918.

Lieutenant H. W. A. Hamlyn, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 30th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. A. Dubois, vacated with effect from the 15th August 1918.

Lieutenant V. J. Martin to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. V. James, vacated with effect from the 1st September 1918.

27th Punjabis.

Lieutenant E. C. Pine-Coffin, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th August 1918.

30th Punjabis.

Major T. R. H. Keppel to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 18th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. G. Thomson, D.S.O. (deceased), with effect from the 3rd August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) K. L. F. Armitage, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 18th August 1918, *vice* Major T. R. H. Keppel, vacated with effect from the 3rd August 1918.

Lieutenant C. Y. Jones, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th August 1918, *vice* Major T. R. H. Keppel, vacated with effect from the 3rd August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) P. C. J. Leigh, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 22nd August 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. Woods, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 6th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant P. C. J. Leigh, vacated with effect from the 22nd August 1918.

43rd Brinsford Regiment.

Lieutenant E. Robertson to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. R. Laird, vacated with effect from the 23rd April 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. R. Laird relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 23rd April 1918.

44th Merwara Infantry.

Captain J. N. Fenton, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment), to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 8th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant D. M. Severt, vacated.

Second Lieutenant W. Wearing, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 1st July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. B. F. Stevenson, M.C., vacated.

47th Sikhs

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. N. Tyle, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 12th September 1918.

Lieutenant A. B. Miller to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 27th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. N. Tyle, vacated with effect from the 12th September 1918.

76th Punjabis.

Second Lieutenant H. F. Norris, 117th Mahrattas, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th March 1918.

Lieutenant M. Gordon, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 1st May 1918 to 2nd July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant T. S. Emery, M.C., vacated with effect from the 16th April 1918.

96th Infantry.

Lieutenant J. T. Cotton to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th April 1918, to complete establishment.

Second Lieutenant E. H. Laird to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 12th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. T. Cotton, vacated with effect from the 12th August 1918.

Lieutenant F. A. Hall to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 17th May 1918, to complete establishment.

133rd (Bihar and Orissa) Regiment.

Major A. E. Connell-McDowell, Indian Army, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 11th September 1918.

154th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Major) T. D. Nugent, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes the acting rank of Major on ceasing to hold the appointment of second-in-command of a battalion, but retains the acting rank of Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th August 1918.

Captain R. M. Corke, 94th Russell's Infantry, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 11th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant T. D. Nugent, vacated with effect from the 27th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. S. Smallwood, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 27th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. H. P. Yates, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 27th August 1918.

Lieutenant L. S. Smallwood, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant D. H. P. Yates, vacated with effect from the 27th August 1918.

5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant A. E. Barlow, M.C., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st April 1918.

Lieutenant P. C. Tudor-Craig to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st April 1918.

6th Gurkha Rifles.

Major F. S. Massy, Company Commander, 4th Gurkha Rifles, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion, from 11th February 1917 to 11th March 1917, inclusive.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Moffatt, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 5th October 1918.

Lieutenant R. B. Clarabut to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 20th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. Moffatt, vacated with effect from the 5th October 1918.

7th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain N. H. Edwards to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 6th September 1918, *vice* Captain C. C. Bamber, vacated with effect from the 22nd August 1918.

Captain (acting Major) C. C. Bamber, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 22nd August 1918.

Lieutenant H. P. T. Lattey, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 6th September 1918, *vice* Captain N. H. Edwards, vacated with effect from the 22nd August 1918.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant J. L. Evans, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd February 1918, *vice* Lieutenant L. A. Lomp, vacated with effect from the 19th January 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. R. Gifford, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 29th January 1918.

(Army Department Notification No. 840, dated the 26th April 1918, so far as it relates to the above mentioned officers is cancelled).

Followers' Central Depot, Lucknow.

Lieutenant Robert Chetwynd-Palmer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a depot. Dated 30th August 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.**INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 2675.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 2020, dated the 22nd November 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, and No. 1815, dated the 21st June 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the dates specified:—

Frederick Whitmore Burch, M.C. Dated 24th September 1918.

Percy Wyndham Bankes Ashton. Dated 31st October 1918.

John Brown. Dated 1st October 1918.

Reginald Arthur Delafons. Dated 31st July 1918.

Frederick Trevor Hawkins. Dated 1st September 1918.

Arthur Leslie Collingwood. Dated 20th August 1918.

No. 2676.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified:—

To be Captain.

Captain Edward Theodore Lindesay Macqueen, The Royal Irish Rifles, attached 11th Rajputs. Dated 23rd October 1918, but to rank from the 1st September 1915.

To be Lieutenants.

Captain James Ingram Muirhead, M.C., The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry), attached 28th Light Cavalry. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1916.

Lieutenant Joseph Edward Thomas Catron, M.C., Australian Imperial Forces, attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 5th February 1918, but to rank from the 24th May 1916.

Lieutenant Lionel Rankin Knight, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 19th June 1916.

Captain Alexander John Loft Pritchard, M.C., The South Staffordshire Regiment, attached Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's). Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 1st August 1916.

Lieutenant Simon Kenny Furney, M.C., The Royal Munster Fusiliers, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 3rd September 1916.

Lieutenant Alfred George Sharpe, Army Service Corps, attached 4th Cavalry. Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 12th September 1916.

Lieutenant Arthur Percy Thorn, The Lincolnshire Regiment, attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 1st March 1918, but to rank from the 9th October 1916.

Captain Eric Albert Mendham Cleveland, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 21st March 1917.

Lieutenant Joseph Norman Simpson, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 20th Deccan Horse. Dated 27th August 1918, but to rank from the 26th July 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Rennie Tait, Army Service Corps, attached 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers. Dated 18th August 1918, but to rank from the 1st September 1917.

Lieutenant James Patrick Hyland, The Connaught Rangers, attached 10th Jats. Dated 30th October 1918, but to rank from the 20th October 1917.

Lieutenant Lawrence William Hitchcock, Machine Gun Corps, attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 23rd October 1917.

Lieutenant John McDonald McIntyre, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, attached 48rd Erinpura Regiment. Dated 17th September 1917, but to rank from the 19th September 1917.

(Army Department Notification No. 770, dated the 19th April 1918, so far as it relates to the appointment on probation to the Indian Army of Second Lieutenant John Taylor McIntyre, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, attached 48rd Erinpura Regiment, is cancelled.)

To be Second Lieutenants

Second Lieutenant Hector Wagstaffe, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 5th February 1918, but to rank from the 9th March 1917.

Lieutenant Frederick Gordon Sherriff Thomas, Royal Garrison Artillery, attached 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 26th June 1918, but to rank from the 12th July 1917.

Second Lieutenant Robert Cecil Anderson, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, attached 98th Infantry. Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1917.

Second Lieutenant William Allan Meikle, The Highland Light Infantry, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 1st June 1918, but to rank from the 28th December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Wynn Hughes Parry-Jones, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London) Regiment, attached 9th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Alphonsus Patrick Kennedy, The Royal Irish Regiment, attached 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 26th June 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Claude Arthur Sale, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London) Regiment, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 30th October 1918, but to rank from the 15th April 1918.

Second Lieutenant Albert James Scott Johnston, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment). Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant Ernest Dance, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 89th Punjabis. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 31st July 1918.

Second Lieutenant Gerald O'Brien Hourihane, The Royal Irish Fusiliers, attached 71st Punjabis. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 31st July 1918.

No. 2677.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Indian Army from the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the date specified:—

To be Lieutenant.

R. L. Isaacs, attached 116th Mahrattas. Dated 30th July 1918, but to rank from the 20th April 1917.

(Army Department Notification No. 1893, dated the 23rd August 1918, so far as it relates to this officer, is cancelled).

No 2678. The undermentioned to be temporary Second Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Dated 15th November 1918.

Harold Wallace Bird.
Wallace Honeyard Jones
Alexander Rae Grant.
Harold Charles George Hogg.
Frank Cecil Hansford Dennett.
Leonard French.
Perry Charles Upson.
Gerald James Brown
Nelson Ewart Bell
Louis Edgar Utting
Arthur Parry.
Leonard Harold Corke
Harry Kirkham.
Fred Albs Goodwin
John Broehfa Davies.
Daniel Mylon.
Henry John Lewis.
Horace Sayle Dearnley
Herbert Edward Bryson
Horace Percy Webb.
Albert Edward Mills
Wilfred Marsh Butler.
Gerald Edward Beer
James Thomson.
Arthur Robert Poole.
Thomas Rowland Britton
Ernest Alfred Webb.
John Higginson.
William Cecil Newman.
William Arthur Vigar.
William Wylie Meates
Albert James Capon
Charles Armitage Lawton
Samuel Charles Smith.
Frederick Pibworth
Reginald Peter Rose.
Cecil Rope
Stanley Brinkworth Blake
Robert James Davies.
James Cecil Mason.
William Richards.
William Arthur Bugg.
Frederick Harold Curthoys.
Harold Richards.
John Aloysius Fairhurst
Albert George Rose.
Harold Blackburn.
Charles Henry Brinklor
George Victor Swain
Aubrey Thomas Scrivens.

Harold Ernest Stallard.
William Andrews
Arthur Roberts.
Percy Atherton.
Andrew Provan.
Charles William Bentley.
Samuel Edward Lawrence Freegard.
David Louis Strellett.
Rupert Stanley Ostler
William Wilson.
Kenneth George Dart.
George Thomas Hurst
John Thomas Crowley.

Dated 5th November 1918.

Ralph Hogg
Arthur George Whittome.
Albert Joseph Butcher.
John Frederick Spencer Smith.
Thomas Collishaw.
Frederick Herbert Reeves.
Albert Stanley Abbott.
William Austin Close
Thomas Graham.
William Leighton.
Bernard Joseph Murray.
Frederick Shuttleworth.
Clifford Thatcher.
Robert Guy Scriven.
Trevor Hicks Dean.
Edward Allan Macfarlane.
Francis John Hume
Joseph Collins
Fred Barrett.

Dated 12th November 1918

William Batley.
John Edward Etohells.
Harold Barker.
Victor Lewis Argyle.
Gilbert Sydney Watts.
Fred Blackburn.
John Clifford Dawson.
James Lauchland Alexander
Christopher John Shields.
Arnold Birch
James Entwistle.
John Martin.
Arthur Marshall Worth.
Alfred Charles Creasey.
Charles Reginald Bennett.
Percy Stanton Coath.
Reginald William Rice.

INDIAN LAND FORCES.

No. 2679.—Army Department Notification No 2448, dated the 18th October 1918, as far as it relates to the appointment of Raja Sardar Singh Bahadur of Katera, Jhansi District, as a temporary honorary Second Lieutenant, is cancelled

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE

No 2680.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Cavalry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Cecil Henry Henderson, Nottinghamshire Yeomanry (Sherwood Rangers) attached 20th Deccan Horse. Dated 27th April 1917, but to rank from the 17th February 1917.

John Robertson, General List, attached 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 27th November 1917, but to rank from the 14th November 1917.

Infantry Branch.

To be Lieutenants.

Mansfield Priestley-Evans, The Lancashire Fusiliers, attached 1st Brahmins. Dated 3rd January 1918 but to rank from the 7th October 1915.

Ettore Gordon Savage, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 19th Punjabis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1916.

Charles Brian Rowally Swanston, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment). Dated 12th February 1918, but to rank from the 29th December 1916.

William John Horner, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 8th Rajputs. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 8th March 1916.

Percy Fisher, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 113th Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 12th May 1916.

Frederick Stanley Helms, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 33rd Punjabis. Dated 14th April 1918, but to rank from the 15th January 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Alban George Hardy Jeynes, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London) Regiment, attached 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry. Dated 5th February 1918, but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

Gordon Philip Reddiok, The Lincolnshire Regiment, attached 5th Light Infantry. Dated 27th April 1918, but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

William Henry Anderson, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 5th Light Infantry. Dated 27th April 1918, but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

Ernest Charles Williams, 3rd Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 8th July 1917.

George Tregaskis, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, attached 81st Pioneers. Dated 28rd January 1918, but to rank from the 1st August 1917.

Harold Crespo Bell, General List, attached 81st Pioneers. Dated 7th December 1917, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Francois Perceval Randolph Hingston, General List, attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Melanothon Bertwistle Duckworth, General List, attached 113th Infantry. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Edgar Simpson Oliver, General List, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 6th December 1917, but to rank from the 9th October 1917.

Arthur Edward Kingett, General List, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 2nd December 1917, but to rank from the 11th October 1917.

Murdo McDonald Stewart, General List, attached 94th Russell's Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

John Eric Stutter, General List, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Frank Kingston, General List, attached 10th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 24th December 1917, but to rank from the 21st November 1917.

Ronald Nicholas Moore, General List, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 29th January 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1917.

Thomas Logan, General List, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th December 1917.

Alexander Robertson Mercer, General List, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th December 1917.

Leonard Alfred Pickard, General List, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 19th December 1917.

Charles Stewart, General List, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 21st December 1917.

No. 2681.—In Army Department Notification No. 2573, dated the 1st November 1918, for "28th October 1918" substitute "25th October 1918."

No. 2682.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, a temporary commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified:—

To be temporary Captain

Commissary and Honorary Major Alfred James Ruegg, India Miscellaneous List. Dated 14th November 1918.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

No. 2683.—Under the provisions of paragraph 10, Appendix III, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the Governor-General in Council directs that, subject to His Majesty's approval, the services of Lieutenant George Frederick Hughes, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached Supply and Transport Corps, shall be dispensed with; with effect from the 15th November 1918.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2684.—Second Lieutenant Terence St. Kevin Murphy, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, permitted to resign his commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 2nd October 1918.

RETIREMENTS.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Bengal-Punjab List.

No. 2685. - Subject to His Majesty's approval, Commissary and Honorary Major George Herbert Pulleyn, M.C., supernumerary, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 28th October 1918

PART B.

INDIAN ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 2686.—The following promotions are made:—

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

Jemadar Pahlwan Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 8th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Jemadars Jagat Singh and Habib-ur-Rahman Khan to be Ressaidars and Kot-Dafadar Adalat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st May 1918; to complete the establishment.

26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.

Jemadar Sher Bahadur to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 31st July 1918; to complete the establishment.

39th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Dafadar Atma Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th June 1918, Kot-Dafadar Muhammad Bashir Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th August 1918, Kot-Dafadar Gurdit Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th September 1918, Dafadar Malik Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918 and Kot-Dafadar Mehar Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Jumdsen's) (Infantry).

Jemadars Khaisla Khan and Lalbahadur Thapa to be Subadars with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment

27th Mountain Battery.

Subadar Sher Baz, Bahadur, I O M, to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 1st September 1918; *vice* Fateh Din, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment.

Havildar-Major Kchar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment

11st (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Bhan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

41st (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Jagat Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918, Havildar-Major Umar Khan and Havildar Dasaundha Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Hira Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, Havildar Nihal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 and Havildar-Major Bibari Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Havildar Kalka Singh to be Jemadar with effect from the 28th September 1918, to complete the establishment.

11th Rajputs.

Havildar-Major Sukhnandan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

24th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Ali Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th June 1918, Havildar Khadam Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th July 1918 and Havildar Ram Sarau to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

28th Punjabis.

Havildar-Major Basant Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

30th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Sher Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th August 1918, Havildar Hadi Hussain Shah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 and Quartermaster-Havildar Lachhman Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

35th Sikhs.

Jemadar Gurdit Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 2nd November 1918, *vice* Dasaundha Singh transferred to the pension establishment.

Havildars Makhan Singh, Lal Singh, Narinjan Singh, Fateh Singh, Bhagat Singh and Chatter Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918, Havildars Sohan Singh and Bela Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Colour-Havildars Abbi Ram and Dip Chand and Havildars Bakshi Singh, Harwant Singh, Nand Singh, Achhra Singh, Siri Ram and Chhote Lal to be Jemadars, with effect from the 26th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

39th Garhwal Rifles.

Jemadars Mangal Sing Bisht, Jwala Sing Mahar and Har Sing Rawat to be Subadars, with effect from the 12th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

41st Dogras.

Jemadars Lachhi Ram and Gobinda to be Subadars and Havildar Sunka to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

48th Pioneers.

Jemadars Gopal Singh, Nanak Singh, Thakur Singh (I), Udmi, Thakur Singh (II) and Kanhaiya to be Subadars, Havildars Labh Singh, Dip Chand, Diwan Singh, Shiv Lal, Mela Singh and Mahga Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 24th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Muzaffar Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildars Asa Singh and Bhup Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 14th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Khwaja Muhammad to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Ahmad Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 14th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

79th Carnatic Infantry.

Naik Usman Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

92nd Punjabis.

Havildar Chain Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

96th Berar Infantry.

Quartermaster-Havildar Lekhram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

98th Infantry.

Jemadar Banagojal Tewari to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st March 1918, Jemadar Geman Ram to be Subadar, with effect from the 18th March 1918, Jemadar Nathu Ram to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st June 1918, Jemadar Hanumant Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st July 1918, Jemadar Ram Sarup to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, Colour-Havildar Shaikh Umed to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd March 1918, Havildar Surat Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st June 1918, Havildar Ram Rattan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

The 101st Grenadiers.

Naik Karan Din (I) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

109th Infantry.

Jemadar Karam Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 30th August 1918, Havildar Nek Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th July 1918, Havildar Karam Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, Havildar Jiwan Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th August 1918, Havildars Baburao Sinda and Sardar Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 11th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

112th Infantry

Jemadar Net Ram to be Subadar, with effect from the 14th March 1918, Jemadar Tunda Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st April 1918, Jemadars Khub Chand and Sanwalia Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 6th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

116th Mahrattas.

Colour-Havildar Ratanrao Bosle to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

117th Mahrattas.

Havildars Kondiba Powar and Dattatraya Waradkar to be Jemadars, with effect from the 26th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Havildars Bashir Ahmed Khan and Padal Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

142nd Jodhpur Infantry.

Havildars Chhotu Singh and Jodhu Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

151th Indian Infantry.

Jemadars Ramrekha Singh and Basdeo Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 18th May 1918 and Havildars Ramechandar Singh and Shiurattan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Jemadar Manbir Rana and Jagatsher Gurung to be Subadars, with effect from the 18th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

6th Gurkha Rifles.

Colour-Havildar Narbhu Thapa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

12th Labour Corps.

Jemadar Bhawan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1917; to complete the establishment.

107th Labour Corps.

Kot-Dafadar Abdul Qadir Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th August 1918, Kot-Dafadar Bila Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd September 1918, and Havildar Taj Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

142nd Labour Corps.

Havildar Agor Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 27th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Combined Labour Corps Depot, Lucknow.

Colour-Havildar Raghunath Singh [16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment)], to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th November 1917 and Havildar Debi Bakhsh Singh (7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs), to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Combined Labour and Porter Corps Depot, Pallavaram.

Havildars Muhammad Rahimuddin and Muhammad Abdulla to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 2687—In Army Department Notification No. 2394, dated the 11th October 1918, delete the name of B Chaudresh Singh.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 2688—The following appointments are made in the Supply and Transport Corps Reserve:—

To be Ressaidars.

Tayub Ali Shah of the Meerut District
Hanza Ali Shah of the Meerut District.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

(Indian Branch).

No. 2689—The following appointments are made:—

1st Madras Infantry.

Havildar G. Narasimhulu Naidu to be Subadar and Havildar M Achutan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 2690. 3rd class Assistant Surgeon George Russell Fido having completed five years' service in that class to be 2nd class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 31st October 1918.

MISCELLANEOUS LIST (MADRAS).

No. 2691—Conductor (supernumerary Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant) George William Twiddy to be absorbed in the grade of Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 24th June 1918.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

No. 2692—Second Lieutenant Timothy Lynch, Indian Army (Temporary Commission), is dismissed the service, by sentence of a General Court Martial, with effect from the 2nd October 1918.

JUDICIAL.

No. 2693.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply the said Act to such persons belonging to the Burma Military Police and Assam Rifles as take part in the operations against the Kukis, and also to direct that with respect to the said persons while so subject to the said Act the jurisdiction, powers or duties of the authorities mentioned in the first column of the following table shall be exercised or performed by the authorities mentioned in the second column of the said table.

Table.

1	2
An officer commanding an Army	The officer commanding the Burma division.
An officer commanding a division	The officer in command of the Military Police Force operating against the Kukis.
An officer commanding a brigade	The officer commanding a column.
British officers	Officers of the Military Police Forces holding therein positions equivalent to those of British officers of His Majesty's Indian Army.
Indian officers	Officers of the Military Police Forces holding therein positions equivalent to those of Indian officers of His Majesty's Indian Army.

No. 2694.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), as applied to the Military Police Force operating against the Kukis by Army Department Notification No. 2693, dated the 15th November 1918, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Indian Army Act Rules, published with Army Department Notification No. 911, dated the 3rd November 1911, as subsequently amended, shall be applied to the said Military Police Force.

No. 2695. In exercise of the power conferred by section 169 of the Army Act, 1881 (44 and 45 Vict. Cap. 58) and in supersession of Military Department Notification No. 198-Judicial, dated the 25th March 1890, and the Home Department Notification No. 1698, dated the 8th November 1888, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that, for the purposes of conversion into Indian currency of all sums of money expressed in British currency in the said Act, a penny shall be held to be equivalent to one anna.

No. 2696. Under paragraphs 62 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1895, notice is hereby given :—

First.—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table ;

Secondly.—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table ;

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Second Lieutenant G T Wensley.	The South Lancashire Regiment	Quetta ...	31st January 1918.	Intestate ...	1,681 10 7	

REWARDS.

No. 2697.—The Royal Red Cross Warrant, dated the 10th November 1915, and a Royal Warrant, dated the 30th April 1918, amending the Sixth Clause thereof, are republished for information :—

The Royal Red Cross Warrant

GEORGE R. I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India. To all whom these Presents shall come Greeting :—

Whereas Her late Majesty Our Beloved Grandmother Queen Victoria by a Warrant dated the 23rd day of April, 1883, did institute, constitute and create a Decoration designated "The Royal Red Cross" to be awarded in recognition of special services rendered in nursing, the sick and wounded of Our Army and Navy and did make, ordain and establish certain rules and ordinances for the government of the same, which rules and ordinances were subsequently amended by Royal Warrants dated the 11th day of December, 1897, the 24th day of July 1902, and the 8th day of September, 1909 :

And whereas it is Our Royal Will and Pleasure that further provision shall be made for recognition of such special services rendered in nursing the sick and wounded of Our Army and Navy :

Now therefore We do hereby declare that the rules and ordinances heretofore in force for the government of the said Decoration shall be abrogated, cancelled and annulled, and We are pleased to make, ordain and establish the following rules and ordinances in substitution for the same, which shall from henceforth be inviolably observed and kept :—

Firstly : The Decoration shall be styled and designated "The Royal Red Cross," and shall be divided into two Classes.

The First Class shall consist of a Cross enamelled red, edged with gold having on the arms thereof the words Faith, Hope, Charity, with the date of the institution of the Decoration, the centre having thereon in relief the Royal and Imperial Effigy. On the reverse thereof the Royal and Imperial Cipher and Crown shall be shown in relief on the centre.

The Second Class shall consist of a Cross which shall be of the same form and size as in the First Class, but shall be of frosted silver and shall have superimposed thereon a Maltese Cross enamelled red not exceeding half its dimensions, the centre having thereon in relief the Royal and Imperial Effigy. The reverse shall have inscribed on the arms thereof the words Faith, Hope, Charity and the date of the institution of the original Decoration, and shall bear in the centre in relief the Royal and Imperial Cipher and Crown.

Secondly : The Cross in either Class shall be attached to a dark blue riband edged red of one inch in width, tied in a bow and worn on the left shoulder.

Thirdly : The Decoration may be worn by the Queen Regnant, the Queen Consort, or the Queen Dowager of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland ; and it shall be competent for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, to confer the Decoration upon any of the Princesses of the Royal Family of Great Britain and Ireland ; also upon the Queens or Princesses of Foreign Countries who may have specially exerted themselves in providing for the nursing of the sick and wounded of Foreign Armies and Navies.

Fourthly : It shall be competent for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, to confer either Class of this Decoration upon any members of the Nursing Services without restriction as to rank, or upon other persons engaged in nursing duties whether subjects or foreign persons, who may be recommended to Our notice by Our Secretary of State for War or by the First Lord of the Admiralty, as the case may be, for special devotion and competency which they may have displayed in their nursing duties with Our Army in the Field, or in Our Naval and Military Hospitals.

Fifthly : The number of awards in the First Class of the Decoration shall not exceed two per cent. of the total establishment of Nurses, and the number of awards in the Second Class of the Decoration shall not exceed five per cent. of the total establishment of Nurses, the allotments to be proportionate to the numbers of each Nursing Service provided nevertheless that it shall be competent for Us, Our Heirs and Successors to make such additions as, under exceptional circumstances, We may deem fitting.

Sixthly : Recipients of the Second Class of the Decoration shall be eligible for advancement to the First Class as vacancies may arise.

Seventhly : Recipients of the First Class of the Decoration shall be designated Members of the Royal Red Cross, and shall be entitled to the letters R.R.C. following their names. Recipients of the Second Class of the Decoration shall be designated Associates of the Royal Red Cross, and shall be entitled to the letters A.R.R.C. following their names.

Eighthly : It shall be competent for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, to confer either Class of the Decoration upon any ladies, whether subjects or foreign persons, who may be recommended to Our notice by Our Secretary of State for War as having voluntarily undertaken the duties of establishing, conducting or assisting in hospitals for the treatment of sick and wounded soldiers and sailors of Our Army and Navy, or of Our Indian Military Forces or of the Naval and Military Forces of Our Self-governing Dominions beyond the Seas, or as having performed valuable services with the Red Cross or kindred societies at home or abroad, or as having otherwise rendered eminent services in the care of sick and wounded soldiers and

sailors of Our Army and Navy; and it is hereby ordained that all persons appointed under this Clause shall be regarded as Honorary Members or Associates, and their appointments shall be additional to the establishment ordained in the Fifth Clause of this Our Royal Warrant.

Ninthly: The names of those upon whom We may be pleased to confer the Decoration shall be published in the London Gazette, and a register thereof kept in the office of Our Secretary of State for War.

Tenthly: In order to make such additional provision as shall effectually preserve pure this honourable distinction, it is ordained that if any person on whom such distinction shall be conferred shall by her conduct become unworthy of it, her name shall be erased, by an order under the Royal Sign Manual, from the register of those upon whom the said Decoration shall have been conferred. And it is hereby declared that We, Our Heirs and Successors, shall be the sole judge of the conduct which may require the erasure from the register of the name of the offending person, and that it shall at all times be competent for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, to restore the name if such restoration should be justified by the circumstances of the case.

Lastly: We reserve to Ourselves, Our Heirs and Successors, full power of annulling, altering, abrogating, augmenting, interpreting, or dispensing with these Regulations, or any part thereof, by a notification under the Royal Sign Manual.

Given at Our Court at *St. James's*, this 10th day of *November*, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the sixth year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

H. H. ASQUITH.

Royal Warrant amending Sixth Clause of Royal Red Cross Warrant.

GEORGE R. I.

Whereas by Our Royal Warrant dated 10th November 1915, the Decoration of the Royal Red Cross was divided into two Classes, recipients of the Second Class being eligible for advancement to the First Class, and whereas no provision was made in Our said Royal Warrant for the disposal of the Cross of the Second Class of a recipient who is advanced to the First Class.

It is Our Will and Pleasure and We do hereby ordain that the Sixth Clause of Our said Royal Warrant shall, as from the date thereof, be read as follows:—

Sixthly.—Recipients of the Second Class of the Decoration shall be eligible for advancement to the First Class as vacancies may arise, and on such advancement the Cross shall be returned to the office of Our Secretary of State for War.

Given at Our Court at *St. James's* this thirtieth day of *April*, 1918, in the Eighth year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,

MILNER.

No. 2678.—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Captain Hugh Gordon Cotton, 9th Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles, Indian Defence Force.

MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL.

No. 2699.—Staff-Serjeant Harry Norton, Supply and Transport Corps, is awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity) for meritorious service and devotion to duty in the field.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General*,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following amendments are made to the list of persons brought to the notice of the Government of India for valuable services in connection with the war and published with the Gazettes of India indicated below :—

(i) Gazette of India, Extraordinary, dated the 3rd June 1918—

On page 378, under the heading "North West Frontier Province"—

For "Harji Mal, Rai Bahadur,"

Read "Harji Mal, Rai Bahadur, Banker, Mills Owner, Municipal Commissioner and Member of Cantonment Committee, Peshawar."

On page 385, under the heading "Regimental Ranks"—

For "Birtles, No. 25469, Pte. H., R.A.M.C.,"

Read "Birtles, No. 25468, Pte. H., R.A.M.C."

For "Brown, No. 1868, Acting S. Major E.B., Royal Army Medical Corps,"

Read "Browne, No. 1868, S. Serjt. E.B., (Acting S. Major) R.A.M.C."

For "Gillard, No. 59015, Serjeant G., Royal Army Medical Corps,"

Read "Gillard, No. 59015, Serjeant A.G., R.A.M.C."

For "Southwell, No. 57076, Corporal J.M., R.A.M.C.,"

Read "Southwell, No. 57076, Corporal J., R.A.M.C."

(ii) Gazette of India, dated the 17th August 1918—

On page 1304—

For "Bishamber Nath, Babu, Clerk, Military Works Services,"

Read "Bishambhar Nath Chowbay, Babu, Clerk, Military Works Services."

For "Mustafi, Babu Kagendra Nath, Clerk, Quartermaster-General's Branch, Army Headquarters,"

Read "Mustafi, Babu Khagendra Nath, Assistant, Quartermaster-General's Branch, Army Headquarters."

On page 1305—

For "Simmond, Mr. P., Accountant, Military Works Services,"

Read "Simmonds, Mr. B. Accountant, Military Works Services."

(iii) Gazette of India, dated 21st September 1918—

On page 1513—

For "Goldingham, Captain D.G., Norfolk R.,"

Read "Goldingham, Captain D.D., Norfolk Regiment."

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th November, 1918.

No. 535-S.-18.—Railway Department, Railway Board's Notification No. 535-S.-18, dated 9th October 1918, regarding the dismantlement of the Sialkot-Narowal Branch of the North-Western Railway, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 12th October 1918, is hereby cancelled.

The 15th November, 1918.

No. 1303-E.-18.—Mr. W. H. R. Howard, Chief Engineer, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is, on his release from military service, granted combined leave for 9 months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 10th July 1918, under Articles 233, 260 and 308 (*b.*) Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1438-E.-18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 1956-F.-16, dated the 27th March 1917, Mr. N. W. Synnott, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, who reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent with effect from the 6th August 1918, is reappointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent, with effect from the 21st September 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1611-E.-18.—The following substantive promotions in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, are ordered with effect from the 5th October 1918 :—

Names.	From	To	Remarks.
Bean, B. C. L. ...	Class III, grade 1 and Class II, Offg.	Class II, grade 4 ...	Provisional.
Evans, A. O. ...	Class III, grade I and Class II, Offg.	Class II, grade 1 ...	Provisional.

No. 1808-E.-18.—The following permanent promotions in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, are ordered :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Moizuddin Sheikh ...	Class III, grade 3 ..	Class III, grade 2 ...	15th September 1918.
Rokeby, E. A. ...	Class III, grade 3 ...	Class III, grade 2 ...	6th October 1918.
Sunder Singh Gyani...	Class III, grade 4 ..	Class III, grade 3 ...	16th October 1918.
Bhandarkar, V. P. ...	Class III, grade 4 ..	Class III, grade 3 ...	23rd October 1918.
Jones, R. P. ...	Class III, grade 2 and class II, grade 5 Offg.	Class III, grade 1 and class II, grade 5 temporary.	24th October 1918.
Akhoury Bholanath...	Class III, grade 4 ...	Class III, grade 3 ..	26th October 1918.
Wali Mohamad Khan.	Class III, grade 4 ...	Class III, grade 3 ...	27th October 1918.

No. 1822-E.-18.—Sardar Teja Singh Sahib, officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, officiated as a District Traffic Superintendent, from the 30th August 1918 to the 10th October 1918, during the absence of Mr. A. A. Cooper, District Traffic Superintendent, on privilege leave.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 9th November, 1918.

No. E.-14.—Dr. L. L. Fermor, D. Sc., A.R.S.M., F.C.S., Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is placed on special duty under the Indian Munitions Board for a period of 14 days, with effect from the 29th October 1918.

The 11th November, 1918.

No. E.-700.—Mr. H. B. Dunncliff is appointed a Chemist at the Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

The 13th November, 1918.

No. E.-884.—Captain H. W. Cothay, attached 8th Royal Welsh Fusiliers, is appointed an Assistant Controller (Clothing Contracts) at Simla, with effect from the 8th October 1918.

T. RYAN,

Secretary, Indian Munitions Board

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 16th November, 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 2nd November 1918 is published for general information:—

Province or Presidency.		Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	{	Broach Port	3	2
			Broach District	12	18
			Surat District	1	...
	Central	{	Satara District	144	108
			Nasik District	10	10
			Poona Town	5	4
			Poona District	113	73
			Sholapur Town	1	1
	Political Charges	{	Baroda State	10	8
			Satara Agency	10	10
			Kathiawar Agency	27	27
			Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	120	124
TOTAL			456	375	
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	{	Bellary District	121	70	
		Coimbatore District	13	7	
		Kurnool District	4	2	
		Salem District	4	2	
	TOTAL			142	81
BENGAL AND ORISSA	{	Saran District	14	9	
		Champanan District	3	3	
		Monghyr District	19	16	
	TOTAL			36	28
UNITED PROVINCES	{	Benares District	4	2	
		Mirzapur District	9	9	
		Ghazipur District	16	11	
	Allahabad	Allahabad District	1	1	
	{	Gorakhpur District	16	10	
		Basti District	18	8	
		Asamgarh District	11	4	
TOTAL			70	40	

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB.	Jullundur	Kangra District.	1	..
	Rawalpindi.	Rawalpindi District	2	..
	Multan ...	Montgomery District	17	19
		TOTAL	20	10
BERAR.	Pegu ... {	Rangoon Town	3	1
		Tharrawaddy District	2	2
		Frome District	5	5
	Irrawaddy {	Hensada District	1	1
		Maubin District	6	6
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	14	13
	Sagaing	Shwabo District	8	2
	Meiktila {	Meiktila District	1	1
		Yamethin District	1	...
	Native States	Southern Shan States	3	3
		TOTAL	39	34
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Jubbulpore {	Jubbulpore Town	45	41
		Jubbulpore District	1	..
	Nerbudda	Betul District	3	2
	Berar ...	Akola District . . . . .	...	1
		TOTAL	40	45
MYSORE STATE	... {	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	53	52
		Bangalore City	2	2
		Bangalore District	1	...
		Mysore District	6	6
		Shimoga District	13	7
		TOTAL	75	67

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Gulbarga District	50	79
		Raichur District	65	56
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	5	4
		Secunderabad	9	7
		TOTAL	129*	146*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Bhopal State	2	...
		TOTAL	2	...
RAJPU- TANA.	...	Ajmer District	2	1
		TOTAL	2	1
		GRAND TOTAL	1,020	837

*Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths occurred during the week ending 3rd November 1918, were 89 and 54 respectively.

In the returns for the weeks ending 19th and 26th, October 1918, add 206 cases and 298 deaths against Gwalior State.

SIMLA :

The 15th November 1918. }

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 14th November 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1 The depression in the Arabian Sea referred to in last week's report ceased to affect the Indian coast stations on the 8th. A fresh disturbance formed in the Bay and passed into the Arabian Sea across the south of the Peninsula on the 12th, causing a moderate burst of rain in Madras. At the close of the week weather was again unsettled in the Bay and some rainfall occurred in Burma.

2. *Burma*.—Local falls of rain were reported.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—

Northwest India.—

} Weather was dry.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general in the Konkan on the 7th and 8th, in Mysore on the 11th, and in the Madras Deccan on the 11th and 12th. Rain fell locally during the week in Malabar, southeast Madras and on the north Madras coast, and there were a few falls in the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

November 7th. Port Blair 1·30", Table Island 1·04", Calicut 1·37", Negapatam 0·98", Coimbatore 0·68", Ootacamund 1·15", Kodaikanal 0·82", and Raichur and Poona each 0·25".

„ 8th. Karwar 0·89", Belgaum 0·71" and Calicut 2·11".

„ 9th. Diamond Island 0·84", Cochin 0·77" and Trivandrum 1·00".

„ 10th. Madras 6·23", Nellore 3·85", Masulipatam 1·50" and Cuddapah 0·54".

„ 11th. Port Blair 1·48", Table Island 1·80", Chitaldrug 0·63", Cuddapah 1·21", Bellary 0·63", Masulipatam 3·55" and Cocanada 0·81".

„ 12th. Port Blair 3·13", Lashie 1·45", Sholapur 0·35", Trichinopoly 1·07", Salem 0·53", Ootacamund 1·07", Kodaikanal 1·85" and Cuddapah 0·59".

„ 13th. Coimbatore 1·21", Nellore 2·98" and Kodaikanal 0·97".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent. or more in excess in the Bay Islands, the Konkan, Malabar, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces East, Kashmir, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and Mysore. It was within 20 per cent. of the normal in Upper Burma and Madras Southeast. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from the 3rd May to date is 20 per cent. or more in defect in Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan. It is 20 per cent. or more in excess in Bengal and Bihar, and differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent. in the remaining divisions.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 14TH NOVEMBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 2ND MAY TO 14TH NOVEMBER 1918.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or deficit in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or deficit in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
Bay Islands	7.4	2.3	+5.1	113.9	99.0	+13.9	+14	+9
Lower Burma	0.4	1.0	-0.6	158.8	145.7	+0.6	+7	+7
Upper Burma	0.5	0.5	0	59.7	46.7	+8.0	+13	+13
Assam	0	0.2	-0.2	91.7	77.2	+14.5	+19	+19
Bengal	0	0.2	-0.2	93.1	73.8	+19.3	+26	+26
Orissa	0	0.3	-0.3	46.2	57.6	-11.4	-20	-19
Chota Nagpur	0	0.1	-0.1	39.7	49.0	-9.2	-19	-19
Bihar	0	0.1	-0.1	61.0	49.9	+11.1	+22	+22
United Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	28.4	39.1	-10.7	-27	-27
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	19.1	38.0	-18.9	-50	-50
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	10.2	20.6	-10.4	-50	-50
Punjab, South-West	0	0	0	3.4	7.6	-4.2	-55	-55
Kashmir	0	0.2	-0.2	4.4	7.7	-3.3	-43	-41
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	2.1	5.2	-3.2	-60	-60
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0.5	1.3	-0.8	-63	-62
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	1.6	10.6	-9.0	-85	-85
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	10.6	21.9	-11.3	-52	-52
Gujarat	0	0	0	8.6	23.1	-14.5	-63	-63
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	17.6	29.1	-11.5	-40	-39
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	20.4	40.9	-20.5	-50	-50
Berar	0	0.1	-0.1	16.6	30.8	-14.0	-45	-45
Central Provinces, West	0	0.2	-0.2	30.4	44.5	-14.1	-32	-31
Central Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	48.5	49.5	-1.0	-2	-2
Konkan	0.8	0.3	+0.5	72.1	95.5	-23.4	-25	-25
Bombay Deccan	0.2	0.3	-0.1	13.4	27.1	-13.7	-51	-51
Hyderabad, North	0	0.1	-0.1	19.1	32.4	-13.3	-41	-41
Hyderabad, South	0.1	0.2	-0.1	18.3	29.1	-10.8	-37	-37
Mysore	0.6	0.3	+0.2	17.4	26.7	-9.2	-35	-35
Malabar	1.8	1.5	+0.3	66.3	96.7	-30.4	-31	-32
Madras, South-East	1.8	2.1	-0.3	20.9	26.2	-5.3	-20	-21
Madras Deccan	1.1	0.5	+0.6	15.7	23.2	-7.5	-32	-36
Madras Coast, North	2.8	1.3	+1.5	32.2	34.4	-2.2	-6	-11

GILBERT T. WALKER,

Director-General of Observatories.

J. MACKENNA,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

Dated the 14th November 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
9th November 1918.

Burma.—Except Tavoy and Mergui where falls of 1.86 inches were recorded, the week was rainless. Harvesting of early rice, picking of cotton and gathering of ground-nuts continue in Upper Burma. Standing crops are doing well. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice has risen to Rs. 1.65 and is much above normal. The market for white rice is easier than that of the preceding week at Rs. 4.00 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather is seasonable. Manufacture of tea and sowing of mustard and pulses continue. Harvesting of winter rice and cotton has commenced in places. Prospects of crops are generally fair. Cattle disease is reported from three districts. The price of common rice continues to fall seasonably.

Bengal.—The week was practically rainless. The winter rice crop is badly affected by drought. The condition and prospects of crops in western and northern Bengal are generally unsatisfactory but they are fair in eastern Bengal. Sowings of spring crops are proceeding with difficulty for want of rain moisture.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week. Harvesting of early winter paddy has begun. In Chota Nagpur considerable damage has been done to paddy crops by drought which has also retarded sowing of spring crops in several districts. Prospects are bad. The price of common rice has risen in one district; fallen in four and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from several districts. Paddy is withering for want of rain in the feudatory States of Orissa.

United Provinces.—With the exception of light rain in Dehra Dun, Almora, Naini Tal, Saharanpur, Moradabad and Aligarh Districts and Tehri State, the week was rainless and rain is urgently wanted everywhere. Damage to standing crops owing to drought is generally reported. Damage is also reported by insects in Billia and part of the Benares State. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops, harvesting and irrigation of autumn crops and sugarcane continue. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced in a few places. Picking of cotton continues in places. Standing crops are withering. Prospects are unfavourable. The condition of agricultural stock is fairly good though slight cattle disease is still reported. Fodder is dear and getting scarce in many districts. Water and market supplies are sufficient except in a few districts. Prices are generally stationary with a tendency to rise.

Punjab.—Report not received.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is much needed. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Peshawar and in Dera Ismail Khan but are restricted in Bannu. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan, owing to drought. Maize and *chari* are being reaped with outturn average. The price of wheat in Peshawar is 7½ and in Dera Ismail Khan 7 seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—The week was generally dry and cold. Agricultural operations for spring crops are in progress. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are high.

Rajputana.—During the week the weather was rainless. Harvesting of crops in irrigated areas is proceeding in certain places but the crops in unirrigated areas are withering. Prospects are poor. Sowings of spring crops are restricted. The condition of cattle is generally fair but they are weak in a few places owing to scarcity of fodder. Cattle disease has broken out in certain places. Water is sufficient. Prices are high and in some places rising.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. Spring crops are being sown and autumn crops harvested. Standing crops have withered in Bundelkhand; are bad in Gwalior and Baghelkhand, suffering for want of rain in Bhopal and Malwa and fair in Indore and the Southern States. The probable outturn is almost nil in Bundelkhand except Panna and Bijawar, far below average in Baghelkhand, below average in Dhar and Mandla, average to 12 annas in Bhopal and Gwalior except Gwalior Prant, and fair elsewhere. Crops have mostly failed in the Northern districts of Gwalior, have been damaged in Bundelkhand and parts of Bhopal, Malwa and the southern States and seriously damaged in Baghelkhand for want of rain. Agricultural stock is bad in Gwalior, poor in Malwa and fair elsewhere. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Malwa and in parts of the southern States. Prices are high.

Central Provinces.—Report not received.

Bombay.—During the week good rain fell in parts of the Konkan, the Karnatak, South Deccan, Kolhapur and Savantvadi. Prospects of spring crops have improved in these tracts. Standing crops are withering in many places. Harvesting of autumn crops generally continues. Sowing of spring crops is nearly over. Cotton picking continues in Nawabshah, Thar and Parker, Khandesh, Rewa Kantha and Dharwar. The fodder supply is generally deficient but pasture has been improved in some places by the recent rain. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan, Kolhapur and Kashiwar. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Poona, Sholapur and the Karnatak. Prices of food-grains are high but generally steady.

Hyderabad.—Report not received. *The previous week's report was as follows:—* During the week the rainfall was nil. Harvesting of autumn crops continues. Crops have suffered. Early rice is in fair to good condition and is being harvested. Spring crops are being sown. Sprouts badly need rain. They have been damaged by insects in parts of the Nalgonda district. Cattle are healthy. Fodder scarcity prevails in parts of three districts. Prices of grains are abnormally high. Juar is selling at 3 seers per rupee in the Bir, Parbhani and Gulbarga districts.

Mysore.—Report not received. *The previous week's report was as follows:—* The week was slightly wet in the Bangalore and Kolar districts. Standing crops are withering for want of rain. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are rising.

Coorg.—Moderate rain fell during the week. Picking of cardamom and reaping of dry crops continue. Rice is in fair condition. Picking of coffee has commenced in parts. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. The public health is fair. Prices of food-grains are high.

Madras.—During the week the rainfall was very heavy in the Carnatic, Tanjore, Ramnad, South Kanara and in the Hills, heavy in Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Pudukkottai, Madura, Malabar and Cochin, good in Kurnool, Cuddapah, Salem and Trichinopoly and light or fair elsewhere. Standing crops are improving in parts but are withering elsewhere for want of rain. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is limited with outturn poor in two districts and parts of seven others. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts for want of rain. The condition of cattle is generally good. Water is insufficient except in Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, the west coast and the hills. Pasture is sufficient except in three districts and parts of six others. Fodder is sufficient except in three districts and parts of three others. Prices have risen generally. Prospects are likely to improve in the coast districts but are uncertain elsewhere owing to monsoon conditions.

Nepal.—Report for the quarter ending 15th October 1918.—The rainfall for the period was 19.09 inches against 22.55 inches for the corresponding period of last year.

July and August 1918.—Pears and apples were gathered in Nepal and the outturn was good. Rice was transplanted in the Terai.

September 1918.—Chillies, early rice and Indian corn were harvested in the hills and in the Nepal Valley, but owing to continuous rainfall the outturn was not so good as was expected. Early winter vegetables, mustard and potatoes for the first crop commenced to be sown in Nepal. The sowing of garlic and onions was in progress.

October 1918.—Autumn rice and millets are now being harvested in the hills and valleys. Lands are being prepared for the sowing of wheat, barley peas and spring crops. The market is well stocked and the prices of foodstuffs continue normal. The health of livestock is reported to be good.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

*Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA at the GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla*.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

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J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 16th November 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

November 5

3978. Remington Typewriter Co (India) Ltd. *A new or improved method of adapting the Sindhi alphabetical characters and the like to a typewriting machine.*
 3979 F. S. Hughes *Device for repairing inner tubes of pneumatic tyres.*

November 6.

3980. E. C. Bayer and S. Orla-Jensen *A process for the production of alcohol and yeast from sea-weed*
 3981 J. W. Smith and Industrial Appliances Ltd. *Improvements in valves, used on lubricating systems, for retaining oil pressure in the feed pipes and controlling the discharge of lubricant from the pipes.*
 3982 Singer Manufacturing Co *Sewing machine.*
 3983. J. C. Snelling. *Improvements in or relating to the construction of reinforced concrete ships.*
 3984. F. E. Berry. *Improvements in or relating to electrical transformers.*
 3985 C. Hyland. *Improvements in wheels for railway and tramway, road, and other vehicles or for other purposes*
 3986. A. Bonde and T. Norman *Improvements in crafts of steel concrete.*

November 7.

3987. T. W. S. Hutchins. *Improvements relating to muffle furnaces.*
 3988. I. H. Willans and E. S. Luard. *A combined feed water heater and steam superheater for locomotive and other smoke or fire tube boilers.*
 3989. F. C. Lynde *Improvements in pads used on crutches, artificial limbs and sticks*
 3990. William Morris & Son (Birmingham) Ltd and F. S. Chaplin. *Improvements in the mode of and means for forming metal blanks from which shell casings and other sheet metal articles may be formed.*
 3991. J. B. Neesham and John MacDonald & Son Ltd. *Improvements in moulding machines for foundry use.*
 3992. W. J. Stewart *Improvements in the moulding or casting of reinforced concrete ships and other structures.*
 3993. W. J. Stewart, J. Woolcock and H. Kruuse. *Improvements relating to ship construction*
 3994. General Electric Co. *Improvements in and relating to systems of electrical distribution.*
 3995. H. J. Fordey and F. Palmer. *Improvements in instruments for measuring and recording vibrations, stresses, and alterations in length, in iron or steel bridges, and other bodies.*
 3996 Williams Foreign Patents Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to slipways for the construction of reinforced concrete ships, barges, floating structures and the like.*
 3997. C. O. Phillips. *Improvements in the extraction of cotton seed oil.*
 3998. H. H. Murray. *Improvements in bull bearing tone arms.*
 3999. T. G. Mylehreest. *Improvements in and relating to the covers or casings of carding engines, breakers and scutchers and other like covers or casings.*
 4000. T. W. S. Hutchins. *Improved means for treating gases with liquids*
 4001. A. C. Ionides, Jr. *A method and means for mixing the constituents of a combustible gaseous mixture.*
 4002. H. Brearley. *Improvements in or relating to articles manufactured of steel.*

November 9.

4003. W. P. Dunham. *Improvements in smokers' pipes.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

PATENTS SEALED.

3044. The Dorr Co.	3743. Vacuum Oil Co.
3045. Iyer.	3744. Filmusic Co.
3047. Girodo and Durand.	3745. Clevenger.
3048. Honegger.	3746. Clevenger.
3569. Brook.	3748. Benson.
3690. Wadia.	3749. Rapson.
3723. Hutchins.	3752. (Mrs.) Smith.
3735. Dutt and Dutt.	3754. Wild and Barfield.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

387 of 1905. Ramji. (To 17 February 1920.)
 300 of 1906. Castle (To 3 August 1919.)
 469 of 1906. Thompson. (30 October 1919.)
 503 of 1906. Pearson. (To 20 November 1919.)
 179 of 1908. Wagner. (To 17 December 1919.)
 626 of 1909. Robertson. (24 September 1919.)
 220 of 1910. Spencer. (To 9 November 1919.)
 531 of 1910. J. Stone & Co. Ltd. and anr. (To 15 February 1920.)
 558 of 1910. Heurtley. (To 8 December 1919.)
 610 of 1910. Dobbie. (To 31 January 1920.)
 630 of 1910. J. Stone & Co. Ltd. and anr. (To 15 February 1920.)
 118 of 1911. Gum Tragasol Supply Co. Ltd. (To 8 August 1919.)
 353 of 1911. Mayr and anr. (To 5 February 1920.)
 497 of 1911. Shepherd. (To 19 October 1919.)
 806 of 1911. Gare. (To 11 December 1919.)
 513 of 1912. Dennison. (To 7 October 1919.)
 565 of 1912. Crookes and another. (28 October 1919.)
 647 of 1912. Monotype Machine (Col. Patts.) Synd. Ltd. (9 December 1919.)
 1299 of 1913. Ridley. (To 11 November 1919.)
 1310 of 1913. Harrison and anr. (To 17 November 1919.)
 1377 of 1913. Lavick, Jr. (To 22 December 1919.)
 1105 of 1914. W. R. Sykes Interlocking Signal Co. Ltd. and anr. (To 6 January 1920.)
 1911 of 1914. Embrey. (To 26 October 1919.)
 1917 of 1914. George Turton Platts & Co. Ltd. and anr. (To 2 November 1919.)
 1921 of 1914. Beddard. (To 9 November 1919.)
 1926 of 1914. Cummins and anr. (To 9 November 1919.)
 1939 of 1914. Elliott. (To 20 November 1919.)
 1983 of 1915. Usher-Walker Ltd. and anr. (To 7 January 1920.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

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1911.

340. (Hiby.)

1913.

1106. (Joshi.)

1914.

1806. (McClintock.) 1807. (McClintock.) 1808. (Belanger.) 1809. (Belanger
 Spinning Process Co. Ltd.) 1811. (Hope and anr.) 1813. (Were.)

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AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „
(Only small quantities available when in stock.)	

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.	„ 4 „
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QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „
Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.	
Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.	
Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.	
Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.	
Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.	
Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.	

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	Rs. A. P.
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	0 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1 0 0
	1 8 0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 11th November 1918

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th November 1918.

RESERVE.															
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.				COIN AND BULLION.							SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).				REMARKS.
In Reserve Treasuries.		Elsewhere	TOTAL	In India		In England.		In His Majesty's Possessions.	In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Possessions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom	Held in India.	Held in England.	TOTAL.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
							</								

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending the 7th November 1918
 There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 7th November 1918

E. M. COOK

Offg. Controller of Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st October 1918

PARTICULARS	3 PER CENT LOANS				4 PER CENT		INDIAN WAR LOAN			2ND INDIAN WAR LOAN		GRAND TOTAL
	3 PER CENT OF 1894-97	cf 1842-43	cf 1854-55	of 1865	of 1879	cf 1890-01	Termable Loan of 1915-16	Conversion Loan of 1916-17	5 per cent. War Loan 1922-1947	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922	
Balance of 15th Octr. 1918	27,63,800	91,30,300	3,83,018 0	1,42,05,300	62,55,000	19,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	7,44,04,700
Add— Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London	.	.	..	..	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7,700
'mount issued in London by Converters on under Notification No	.	.	..	..	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 191	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	..
Deduct—	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,83,045 00	1,42,05,300	62,55,000	19,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	7,44,12,400
Amount written off in the London Registers	.	.	46,900	.	45,200	.	.	..	.	.	.	92,100
Balance on 31st Oct. 1918	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,82,52,600	1,42,07,300	62,09,800	19,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	7,43,20,300

NOTE—From 9th June 1897 to 31st Aug 1918 Enfaced from India 12,422 lakhs, re-transferred from London 18,03 lakhs

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, 8th November 1918.

7 lakhs

12,037

1 lakh

12,037

N. H. Y. WARREN,

Secretary and Treasurer

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 11th November 1918

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	6,32,87,804	0 0
Reserve Fund	2,26,00,000	0 0	Other authorized Investments	1,41,96,714	0 0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, see below	67,50,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	10,94,53,771	11 4
	1,58,50,000	0 0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,92,10,675	8 2
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	1,97,56,436	12 9
Public Deposits at Head Office	2,38,85,750	2 0	Balances with other Banks	53,93,381	9 1
Public Deposits at Branches	1,56,23,133	4 8	Ballion . . . . .	.....
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	28,00,85,769	6 7	Dead Stock	28,10,213	5 0
Bank Post Bills, etc.	9,20,641	13 7	Stamps	11,731	14 0
Sundries	30,10,355	15 6	Sundries	21,55,129	0 7
	36,61,25,650	10 4		27,52,75,857	12 11
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	3,50,57,533	3 0
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	6,57,92,259	10 5
				36,61,25,650	10 4

* Includes Seps. & † Seps., value Rs. 3,77,175 0 0

† Do do. do. .. 5,31,495 0 0

Rs. 9,08,670 0 0

BANK OF BENGAL: }
Calcutta, 14th November 1918.

H. FISHER,
Chief Accountant.
Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
Percentage 28·08.

By the order of the Directors,
N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary & Treasurer.

ODDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.**NOTIFICATION.**

Lucknow, the 9th November 1918.

No. 2.—Pandit Raj Nath, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, has been granted 6 months' combined leave, *vis.*; Privilege Leave for 13 days and leave on private affairs for the remaining period, with effect from the forenoon of 7th November 1918 or subsequent date of relief.

H. B. HOLMES,
Agent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
 Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
 Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
 and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
 The 30th October 1918.

TREASURE TROVE.**NOTICES.**

Under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, 1878, notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of August 1918, a treasure consisting of the articles mentioned below and valued at Rs. 13-11-3 was found when removing the silt in the Periakinar belonging to the municipality, in the Periakinar street, Virudupatti, Ramnad district. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear before the Collector of Ramnad either personally or by an agent duly authorized by law on the 3rd March 1919 at his office at Madura at 12 noon in order that the matter may be inquired into and determined according to law.

Description of the treasure.	Approximate value.	Description of the treasure.	Approximate value.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
1. One gold ring set with ten rubies	10 0 0	9. Silver button (one)	0 2 0
2. One gold bead	0 12 0	13. One pearl	0 0 3
3. One gold screw	0 8 0	11. Brass toe ornaments, seven	} 0 1 0
4. One plain gold bead	0 12 0	12. Brass rings, five	
5. Small gold ring	0 8 0	13. Brass ear ornaments, five	
6. One silver ring worn on the second toe of the leg.	0 8 0	14. Broken ankle rings, one	
7. Two silver rings worn on the second toe of the leg.	0 4 0	15. Copper coins	0 2 0
8. One toe ornament in the shape of a fish.	0 2 0		
		Total	13 11 3

A. F. G. MOSCARDI,
Collector.

RAMNAD COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.

The 12th October 1918.

It is hereby notified under Section 5 of Act VI of 1878 that the undermentioned treasure trove was found on or about 28th August 1918 by one Muniyammal in the compound wall of the backyard of her house in the village of Podavur in the Conjeeveram Taluk of the Chingleput District—

Description.	Value.
6 broken pieces of gold rings	Rs. 15
2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Chingleput, Saidapet, at his office on Monday the 21st April 1919 when their claims will be enquired into and determined according to law.	

J. F. BRYANT,
Collector.

CHINGLEPUT COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Saidapet, dated the 29th October 1918. }

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 6th November 1918.

No. 5.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. A. Gibbs, I.M.S., Medical Store-keeper to Government, Lahore Cantonment, was granted war leave for 32 days with effect from the 15th August 1918, under India Army Order No. 291, dated the 9th March 1917.

No. 6.—Lieutenant W. J. Masterson, I.S.M.D., was appointed to hold charge of the Medical Store Depot, Lahore Cantonment, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 5th August 1918 to the 15th September 1918 inclusive

The 7th November 1918.

No. 20.—The services of 2nd Class Assistant Surgeon H. R. Kelly, I.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Director, Royal Indian Marine, Bombay, with effect from the 16th May 1918.

The 8th November 1918.

No. 21.—Second Class Assistant Surgeon G. K. A. Bartels, I.M.D., attached to the Medical Store Depot, Madras, was granted under the terms of paragraph 220, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, 30 days' privilege leave, with effect from the 10th September 1918.

R. A. NEEDHAM, Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS**

Simla, the 6th November 1918.

No. 4765-G.—Major E. G. deLabilliere, I. A., Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted leave under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 60 days, with effect from the 25th September 1918.

No. 4766-G.—Lieutenant A. J. Cox, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached to the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is granted leave under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 60 days, with effect from the 17th October 1918.

No. 4767-G.—Lieutenant H. S. Beaumont 6th Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached to the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is granted leave under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 42 days, with effect from the 28th October 1918.

No. 4768-G.—Mr. C. P. Bhide, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 5th (Mhow) Division, reverts to his own grade with effect from the 29th October 1918.

The 9th November 1918.

No. 4825-G.—Mr. W. E. Richards, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, in the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is granted privilege leave for 19 days, on medical grounds, in extension of the leave granted to him in Military Accounts Department Notification No. 3958-G., dated the 27th September 1918, published in Gazette of India, Part II, dated the 5th October 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA, AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Abu, the 6th November 1918.

No. 1276-A.B.—Mr. S. R. Meyers, Superintendent of Police, Ajmer-Merwara, is reverted to the United Provinces Police with effect from the 22nd October 1918 (afternoon), the date on which the combined leave granted to him in Notification No. 825, dated 2nd April 1918, expired.

By order,
H. G. RICHARDSON,
Police Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Abu, the 5th November 1918.

No. 1477.—In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Seth Tikam Chand Soni of Ajmer to be an Honorary Magistrate and to invest him with the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class to be exercised in regard to cases generally within the Municipal limits of the city of Ajmer for a term of three years.

2. The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is also pleased to direct that the name of Seth Tikam Chand Soni be included in the List of Honorary Magistrates published in this office Notification No. 236, dated the 16th February 1909, under sections 15 and 261 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Act V of 1898.

By order,
B. J. GLANCY,
First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE
GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dated 29th October 1918.

No. 5313.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 7 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as applied to the Rajputana Railway lands and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana is pleased to make the following rules to regulate the manufacture, possession, sale, transport and importation of explosives.

THE RAJPUTANA RAILWAY LANDS EXPLOSIVES RULES, 1918.**CONTENTS.**

CHAPTER I.**PRELIMINARY.****RULES.**

1. Short title.
 2. General exemptions.
 3. Definitions.
-

CHAPTER II.**CLASSIFICATION OF EXPLOSIVES.**

4. Classes of explosives.
 5. Division of nitro-compounds.
 6. Division of chlorate-mixtures.
 7. Division of fulminates.
 8. Division of ammunition.
 9. Division of fireworks.
-

CHAPTER III.**IMPORTATION.**

10. When license to import is requisite.

Testing of explosives.

11. Testing of imported explosives.
12. Explosives exempted from testing.
13. Nature of test prescribed.

Importation in anticipation of the grant of a license to import.

14. Importation by land in anticipation of the grant of a license.
 15. Requirements to be fulfilled by importer and consignee prior to importation.
 16. Disposal of explosives imported.
 17. Delivery of samples by owner or person in charge of the magazine and the testing of such samples.
 18. Distribution prohibited till license is granted.
-

CHAPTER IV.**TRANSPORT.**

19. When license to transport is requisite.

Licenses for the general transport of explosives for blasting.

20. Application for license for general transport.
21. Procedure in granting a license for general transport.
22. Procedure in transporting explosives under license for general transport.
23. Procedure in issuing passes.

CHAPTER V.

MANUFACTURE, POSSESSION AND SALE.

Manufacture.

RULES.

24. When license to manufacture is requisite.
25. Conditions to be observed by persons filling cartridges.
26. Conditions to be observed by persons adapting or preparing cartridges.

Possession.

27. When license to possess is requisite.
28. Saving of general prohibition under the Act.

Sale.

29. When license for sale is requisite

CHAPTER VI

MAGAZINES.

30. Procedure in applying for license in Form J.
31. Issue of notices to objectors to the site of the magazine.
32. Publication and service of notices.
33. Inquiry into objections.
34. Report on completion of inquiry.
35. Procedure to be observed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives on receipt of report.
36. Submission of application to the licensing authority.
37. Grant of license.
38. Procedure on grant of license.
39. Endorsement of license

CHAPTER VII

LICENSES AND PERMITS

Grant of licenses.

40. Forms of licenses, licensing authorities and fees
- Validity of license.
41. Conditions under which licenses are held.

Amendment of licenses.

42. Amendment of licenses

Renewal of licenses.

43. Renewal of licenses issued by the Governor-General in Council.
44. Renewal of licenses in form J.
45. Renewal of licenses not provided for in rule 52 or rule 53.
46. Renewal of license for general transport for blasting explosives.
47. Time for making application for the renewal of a license
48. Fee chargeable on renewal of license

Expiration of licenses.

49. Procedure on expiration or forfeiture of license.
50. Issue of temporary license when original has expired or been forfeited.
51. Death, etc., of licensee.

Forfeiture of licenses.

52. Liability of license to forfeiture.

General provisions as to licenses.

53. Production of licenses or passes on demand.
54. Duplicate licenses in case of loss of license.
55. Mode of payment of fees.
56. Discretion of authority empowered to grant, amend or renew licenses.
57. Executive control over licensing authorities.

Permits for temporary possession of explosives to be granted free of cost.

58. Permit for temporary storage of explosives in a magazine in excess of licensed quantities.
59. Permit for temporary possession of fireworks by non-licensees elsewhere than in Burma.
60. Permit to possess fireworks in excess of licensed quantities.

CHAPTER VIII.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED IN TRANSPORTING EXPLOSIVES.

PART I.—GENERAL.

Packing and Marking.

RULES.

61. Prohibition of consignment or conveyance of improperly packed explosives.
62. Packing of explosives.
63. Packing of authorised explosives.
64. Packing of explosives which are not authorised
65. Labelling and marking of packages.
66. Relaxation of packing rules.

Consignment.

67. Despatch of explosives to carrier.
68. Receipt of explosives by carrier.

Precautions to be observed in loading and unloading explosives.

69. Loading and unloading to be by daylight.
70. Prohibition of naked lights, etc.
71. Prohibition of smoking.
72. Prohibition of nailed boots, etc.
73. Method of handling explosives.

Loading.

74. Protection of explosives in transit
75. Maximum consignments allowed
76. Explosives of different kinds to be kept apart
77. Danger from fire and water to be guarded against
78. Protection from naked iron or steel.

Conveyance

79. Explosives not to be sent by public carriage or vessel
80. Carriage or vessel to be in charge of competent person or persons.
81. Intoxicated person not to have charge of carriage or vessel.
82. Driving or navigation to be careful.
83. Prohibition of delay in transit.
84. Avoidance of danger by fire, etc.
85. Explosives not to be carried across railway bridges.

Exemptions and savings.

86. Saving as to the conveyance of ammunition and Chinese crackers.
87. Saving as to the conveyance of small consignments.
88. Saving as to conveyance by railway.
89. Saving of liability of carrier and owner and master of a ship for breach of these rules when consignee, etc., is in fault.

PART II.—RAILWAYS.

Consignment.

90. Conveyance by railway.
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92. Certificate of packing.
93. Notice of the consignment
94. Receipt of consignment.
95. Certificate in case of nitro-compounds and chlorates
96. Discretion of Railway to refuse improperly packed explosives.
97. Disposal of consignment on arrival at station of departure.

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98. Maximum quantities to be conveyed in one vehicle.
99. Prohibition of conveyance with inflammable substances, etc.
100. Condition of vehicle.
101. Stowing of explosives.
102. Method of stowing of explosives.
103. Method of stowing of high explosives.
104. Locking of vehicles.

Delivery.

105. Delivery to consignee.
106. Disposal when consignee fails to take delivery.
107. Protection of explosives pending removal.

Power to open packages.

RULES.

108. Opening of suspected packages.
109. Disposal of opened packages.

Precautions to be observed during loading and unloading.

110. Time of loading and unloading.
111. Loading and unloading to be continuous.
112. Place of loading and unloading.
113. Loading and unloading of Government explosives.
114. Maximum number of vehicles to be dealt with at a time.
115. Time of transhipment.

Marshalling and Shunting.

116. Maximum number of vehicles to be hauled in one train.
117. Precaution in the case of high explosives.
118. Position of vehicles in the train.
119. Shunting.
120. Limit of speed in shunting.
121. Superintendence in shunting.

Brakes.

122. Brakes.

Conveyance by passenger train.

123. Conveyance of explosives by passenger train.
124. Conveyance of explosives by mixed train.

Exemptions.

125. Saving as to cartridges for small-arms.

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126. Powers of search and destruction.

Penalties.

127. Penalties.

Exemptions.

128. Saving as to acts done in emergency, etc.

1. SCHEDULE I.—PRESCRIBED TESTS.
2. SCHEDULE II.—CLASSES OF LICENSES, LICENSING AUTHORITIES, ETC.
3. SCHEDULE III.—PRESCRIBED FORMS.
4. SCHEDULE IV.—METHODS OF PACKING.
5. TABLE OF DISTANCES.

RULES UNDER THE INDIAN EXPLOSIVES ACT, 1884, FOR THE MANUFACTURE, POSSESSION, SALE, TRANSPORT AND IMPORTATION OF EXPLOSIVES.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. These rules may be called the Rajputana Railway Lands Explosives Rules, 1918.
2. Nothing in these rules shall apply—
 - (i) to the manufacture, possession, sale, packing, transport or importation of paper caps for toy pistols, under such conditions and in such quantities as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana, or, in the case of transport by rail, the Railway Board, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, may from time to time determine;
 - (ii) to
 - (a) the manufacture, possession and sale of tri-nitro-toluol, or
 - (b) the transport and importation of the same when it is packed in staunch and substantial barrels or in cases constructed of wood not less than one inch in thickness.*

*Further exemptions are made by section 14 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, which runs as follows:—
 "Nothing in this Act shall apply to the manufacture, possession, use, sale, transport or importation of any explosive—

(a) by order of the Government, or
 (b) by any person employed under the Government in the execution of this Act, or as a keeper of a magazine, artizan, soldier, sailor, policeman or otherwise, or enrolled as a volunteer, under the Indian Volunteers Act, 1869, in the course of his employment or duty as such."

3. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

Definitions.

(1) "The Act" means the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, as applied to the Rajputana [IV. of 1884.]
Railway lands.

(2) "Ammunition" means any explosive when the same is enclosed in any case or contrivance; or is otherwise adapted or prepared, so as to form—

(a) a cartridge or charge for small-arms, cannon or any other weapon, or for blasting, or

(b) a safety or other fuze for blasting or for shells, or

(c) a tube for firing explosives, or

(d) a percussion-cap, detonator, fog-signal, shell, torpedo, war-rocket, or any other contrivance other than a fire-work.

(3) "Authorised explosive" means an explosive included in a list of authorised explosives prepared by the Chief Inspector of Explosives with the Government of India and in force for the time being.

(4) "Chlorate-mixture" means any explosive containing a chlorate.

(5) "Detonator" means a capsule or case which is of such strength and construction, and contains fulminate in such quantity, that the explosion of one capsule or case would communicate the explosion to other like capsules or cases.

(6) "District authority" means the officer exercising the powers of a District Magistrate.

(7) "Fulminate" means any chemical compound or mechanical mixture whatever, which, from its great susceptibility to detonation, is suitable for employment in percussion-caps or any other appliances for developing detonation, or which, from its extreme sensibility to explosion and from its great instability (that is to say, readiness to undergo decomposition from very slight exciting causes), is especially dangerous.

(8) "Gunpowder" means gunpowder ordinarily so called.

(9) "Nitrate-mixture" means any preparation, other than gunpowder, which is formed by the mechanical mixture of nitrate with any form of carbon or with any carbonaceous substance not possessed of explosive properties, whether sulphur be or be not added to such preparation, and whether such preparation be or be not mechanically mixed with any other non-explosive substance:

and includes such explosives as—

Chilworth special powder,

Ammonal,

Bobbinite, and

Westfallite.

(10) "Nitro-compound" means any chemical compound which is possessed of explosive properties or is capable of combining with metals to form an explosive compound, and is produced by the chemical action of nitric acid (whether mixed or not with sulphuric acid), or of a nitrate mixed with sulphuric acid upon any carbonaceous substance, whether such compound is mechanically mixed with other substances or not

(11) "Small-arm nitro-compound" means a nitro-compound adopted and intended exclusively for use in cartridges for small-arms.

(12) "Safety cartridge"—

(i) means a cartridge for small-arms, the case of which can be extracted from the small-arm after firing, and which is so closed as to prevent any explosion in one cartridge being communicated to other cartridges; and

(ii) includes a rifle-calibre machine-gun cartridge, if it is as described in clause (i) whether it is for use with a machine-gun having chambers identical with those of rifles or with a machine-gun having special chambers:

Provided that the diameter of the cartridge in either case (i) or case (ii) does not exceed one inch.

(13) "Safety fuze" means a fuze for blasting which burns and does not explode, and which does not contain its own means of ignition, and which is of such strength and construction, and contains an explosive in such quantity, that the burning of such fuze would not communicate laterally with other like fuzes.

(14) "Testing authority" means the Chemical Examiner or such other officer as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may appoint in this behalf.

CHAPTER II.

CLASSIFICATION OF EXPLOSIVES.

4. (1) For the purposes of these rules, explosives shall be classified as follows, namely :— *Classes of explosives.*

Class 1	Gunpowder
Class 2	Nitrate-mixture.
Class 3	Nitro-compound.
Class 4	Chlorate-mixture.
Class 5	Fulminate.
Class 6	Ammunition.
Class 7	Firework

(2) When any explosive falls within more than one of the said classes, it shall be deemed to belong exclusively to the latest of such classes.

Division of
nitro-compounds.

5. Nitro-compounds shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely:—

(a) Division 1, comprising—

(i) such explosives, as—

Ballistite,
Blasting gelatine,
Carbonite,
Cordite,

Dynamite,
Gelatine dynamite,
Gelignite,
Nitro-glycerine, and

Stonite, and

(ii) any chemical compound or mechanically mixed preparation which consists either wholly or partly, of nitro-glycerine or some other liquid nitro-compound; and

(b) Division 2, comprising—

(i) such explosives, as—

Amberite No. 2,
Ammonite,
Bellite,
Coopal's powder,
E. C. sporting powder,

Gun-cotton,
Picric powder,
Roburite,
Schultz's powder, and
Tonite (or cotton powder),

and

(ii) any nitro-compound, as hereinbefore defined, which is not comprised in Division 1.

Division of
chlorate-mixtures.

6. Chlorate-mixtures shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely:—

(a) Division 1, comprising—

(i) such explosives, as—
Permonite, and
Polarite, and

(ii) any chlorate preparation which consists partly of nitro-glycerine or of some other liquid nitro-compound, and

(b) Division 2, comprising—

(i) such explosives, as—
Cheddite, and
Steelite, and

(ii) any chlorate-mixture, as hereinbefore defined, which is not comprised in Division 1.

Division of
fulminates.

7. Fulminates shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely:—

(a) Division 1, comprising such compounds as the fulminates of silver and of mercury, and preparations of those substances, such as are used in percussion-caps, and any preparation consisting of a mixture of a chlorate with phosphorus, or certain descriptions of compounds of phosphorus, with or without the addition of carbonaceous matter, and any preparation consisting of a mixture of a chlorate, with sulphur, or with sulphuret, with or without carbonaceous matter; and

(b) Division 2, comprising such substances as the chloride and the iodide of nitrogen, fulminating gold and silver, diazobenzol, and the nitrate odiazo benzol.

Division of
ammunition.

8. Ammunition shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely:—

(a) Division 1, comprising exclusively—

Safety cartridges,
Safety fuzes for blasting,
Railway fog-signals, and
Percussion-caps; and

(b) Division 2, comprising any ammunition, as hereinbefore defined, which *does not* contain its own means of ignition and is not included in Division 1, such as—

Cartridges for small-arms, other than safety cartridges,
Cartridges and charges for cannon, shells, mines, blasting or other like purposes,
Shells and torpedoes containing any explosive,
Fuzes for blasting, other than safety fuzes,
Fuzes for shells,
Tubes for firing explosives, and
War-rockets,

which do not contain their own means of ignition; and

(c) Division 3, comprising any ammunition, as hereinbefore defined, which *contains* its own means of ignition and is not included in Division 1, such as—

Detonators,
Cartridges for small-arms, which are not safety cartridges,
Fuzes for blasting, which are not safety fuzes,
Fuzes for shells, and
Tubes for firing explosives,

containing their own means of ignition.

Explanations.—The expression “ammunition containing its own means of ignition” means ammunition having an arrangement, whether attached to or forming part of the ammunition, which is adapted to explode or fire the ammunition by friction or percussion.

The expression “percussion-cap” does not include a detonator.

9. Fireworks shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely:—

Division of fireworks.

(a) Division 1, comprising *firework compositions*, that is to say,—

(i) any chemical compound or mechanically mixed preparation of an explosive or inflammable nature, which is used for the purpose of making manufactured fireworks, and is not included in any of the foregoing definitions,

(ii) any star, and

(iii) (except as declared in the proviso to this rule) any coloured fire composition ; and

(b) Division 2, comprising *manufactured fireworks*, that is to say, any explosive of Class 1, 2, 3, 4 or 6 and any firework composition, when such explosive or composition is enclosed in any case or contrivance, or is otherwise manufactured so as to form a squib, cracker (including Chinese crackers), toy cap or amorce, serpent, rocket (other than a war-rocket), maroon, lance, wheel, Chinese fire, Roman candle, or other article specially adapted for the production of pyrotechnic effects or pyrotechnic signals or sound signals :

Provided that a substantially constructed and hermetically closed metal case, containing not more than one pound of coloured fire composition of such a nature as not to be liable to spontaneous ignition, shall be deemed to be a “manufactured firework” and not a “firework composition.”

CHAPTER III.

IMPORTATION.

10. No explosive shall be imported into the Rajputana Railway lands,—

When license to import is requisite.

(i) unless it is an authorised explosive,

(ii) except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under these rules :

Provided that nothing in sub-clause (ii) of this rule shall apply to an explosive conveyed under rule 14 ;

Further provided that when an explosive is so imported, the Collector of Customs or any other officer empowered by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana in this behalf may at any time detain such explosive until he receives the orders of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana thereon.

Testing of explosives

11. No license for the importation of an explosive shall be granted unless such explosive is certified by the testing authority to have passed the test (if any) prescribed by rule 13 for such explosives. Testing of imported explosives.

12. No test shall be necessary—

Explosives exempted from testing.

(i) in the case of gunpowder, ammunition (Division 1, fulminates and fireworks ; or

(ii) in the case of a nitrate-mixture :

Provided that—

(a) the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana or the licensing authority may direct that any nitrate-mixture shall be subjected to such analysis by such officer as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may prescribe ; and

(b) where an analysis has been prescribed under sub-clause (a), such nitrate-mixture is certified by the officer appointed as aforesaid to have passed such analysis.

13. Any explosive not specified in rule 12 shall be subject to the test set forth in Schedule I as applicable to such explosive. Nature of test prescribed.

14. Any authorised explosive may be imported into the Rajputana Railway lands in anticipation of the grant of a license to import if it is certified by the manufacturer to be of British manufacture. Importation by land in anticipation of the grant of license.

15. No explosive shall be imported under rule 14 until the consignee has given notice of his intention to import such explosive to the District authority in whose jurisdiction the place or magazine appointed under rule 16 is situated, and has given to such officer an undertaking (without security or with such security as that officer deems sufficient) that he will, in the event of the explosive failing to pass the prescribed test or analysis, comply with such directions as to its disposal as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may issue. Requirements to be fulfilled by importer and consignee prior to importation.

16. An explosive imported under rule 14 shall, under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana, be conveyed to and stored in a place set apart by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana for this purpose or any private magazine declared by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana to be suitable therefor : Disposal of explosives imported.

* Provided that explosives not of British manufacture shall not be transported by rail until a license to import such explosives has been granted.

Delivery of samples by owner or person in charge of the magazine and the testing of such samples.

Distribution prohibited till license is granted.

When license to transport is requisite.

Application for license for general transport.

Procedure in granting a license for general transport.

Procedure in transporting explosives under license for general transport. Procedure in issuing pass.

When license to manufacture is requisite.

Conditions to be observed by persons filling cartridges.

17. The person owning or being in charge of the magazine to which the explosive imported by land has been conveyed under rule 16 shall, if analysis or testing of the explosive is required by these rules, forthwith deliver without charge to such officer or person as may be appointed by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana in this behalf such samples as he may require.

18. The explosive shall not be removed or distributed from the place or magazine to which it has been conveyed under rule 16, until a license has been granted for its importation and until the person in charge of the magazine has received notice from the licensing authority that it may be so removed or distributed.

CHAPTER IV.

TRANSPORT.

19. Explosives required *bona fide* for blasting purposes shall not be transported except under and in accordance with a license granted under these rules:

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to—

- (i) the transport by the holder of a license in Form E of any of the explosives covered by his license, and of safety fuses for blasting in such quantities as he may require for his private use,
- (ii) the transport of explosives which are covered by a license for their importation and are being transported in accordance with such license from the place of import to the place of destination,
- (iii) the transport of explosives from the place of import under rule 16 to the places indicated in that rule,
- (iv) the transport of explosives from one district in British India to another through the Railway lands in Rajputana provided that the transport of such explosives in British India is regularised by the explosive rules for the time being in force in British India.

Licenses for the general transport of explosives for blasting.

20. An application for a license in Form 2 (for the general transport of explosives for blasting purposes) shall be in writing and shall state particulars as to the place from which, and the place or places to which, it is desired to transport explosives.

21. When the place or places to which explosives are to be transported is or are outside the local limits of the authority of the licensing officer, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the District authority in whose jurisdiction such place is situated.

22. Every consignment of explosives transported under a license in Form 2 shall be accompanied by a pass issued by the licensee in the form prescribed in Form 2; and such pass shall (if the consignment be despatched by rail) be attached to the way-bill or invoice, as the case may be.

23. A copy of every pass issued under rule 22 shall forthwith be sent—

- (i) to the licensing authority; and
- (ii) when the place to which the consignment is sent is outside the local limits of the authority of the licensing officer, to the officer indicated in rule 21.

CHAPTER V.

MANUFACTURE, POSSESSION AND SALE.

Manufacture.

24. An explosive shall not be manufactured except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under these rules for such manufacture:

Provided that no license under this rule to manufacture shall be necessary—

- (a) for the making of a small quantity of an explosive for the purpose of chemical experiment and not for practical use or for sale; or
- (b) for the filling for private use, and not for sale, of any safety cartridges to the amount allowed by these rules to be possessed for private use; or
- (c) in the case of any person who, holding a license under these rules to possess an explosive—
 - (i) fills with the said explosive, for sale or otherwise, cartridges for small-arms; or
 - (ii) by filling cartridges, making charges, or drying, sifting, fitting or otherwise, adapts or prepares the said explosive for use exclusively in his mine or quarry or in some excavation or work carried on by him or under his control.

25. The following conditions shall be observed by every person filling cartridges for small-arms under clause (c) (i) of the proviso to rule 24:—

- (a) there shall not be in the room in which such filling is being carried on more than five pounds of gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound or such quantity of any other explosive as is prescribed by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana in this behalf unless it is made up into safety cartridges;

- (b) no work unconnected with the making of cartridges shall be carried on in the said room while such filling is being carried on;
- (c) there shall not be in the said room, while such filling is being carried on, any fire or any artificial light, except a light of such construction, position and character as not to cause any danger of fire or explosion;
- (d) if filling is done on magazine premises, the said room shall be detached from the magazine, but shall be situated in the immediate neighbourhood thereof and at such distance therefrom as may be specified on the license by the authority granting the same; and
- (e) the licensee shall give notice to the authority which granted his license that he intends to carry on such filling of cartridges as is allowed by this rule.

26. The following conditions shall be observed by every person adapting or preparing explosives under clause c) (ii) of the proviso to rule 24:—

Conditions to be observed by persons adapting or preparing cartridge

- (a) there shall not be in the workshop in which such adaptation or preparation is carried on more than one hundred pounds of gunpowder, or such quantity of any other explosive as is prescribed by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana in this behalf;
- (b) no work unconnected with such adaptation or preparation shall be carried on in the said workshop while such adaptation or preparation is being carried on;
- (c) the said workshop shall be detached from the magazine or licensed premises, but shall be situated in the immediate neighbourhood thereof and at such distance therefrom as may be specified on the license by the authority granting the same;
- (d) an explosive of one description shall not be converted into an explosive of another description, and an explosive shall not be unmade or resolved into its ingredients; and
- (e) the licensee shall give notice to the authority which granted his license that he intends to carry on such adaptation or preparation as is allowed by this rule.

Possession.

27. An explosive shall not be possessed except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under these rules for possession:—

When license to possess is requisite,

Provided that no license under these rules shall be necessary for the possession—

- (a) of any explosive by a carrier or other person for the purpose of transport, when the same is being kept or transported in accordance with the provisions of Chapter VIII regulating the transport of such explosives; or
- (b) by any person, of explosives under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted under rule 58, rule 59, or rule 60; or
- (c) by any person, of manufactured fireworks in any quantity not exceeding two hundred pounds, when the same are obtained and intended by such person for immediate use and not for sale and are possessed by him for a period not exceeding fourteen days, and when they are kept in a substantial receptacle which is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives and is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorized persons from having access to the explosives; or
- (d) by any person for his own private use and not for sale, of—
 - (i) gunpowder in any quantity not exceeding thirty pounds; or
 - (ii) safety cartridges made with gunpowder and containing in all not more than one hundred and fifty pounds of gunpowder; or
 - (iii) cartridges (non-safety) for small-arms made with gunpowder and containing in all not more than five pounds of gunpowder; or
 - (iv) cartridges for cannon or blasting, made with gunpowder, and not containing their own means of ignition, and containing in all not more than thirty pounds of gunpowder; or
 - (v) cartridges for small-arm made with small-arm nitro-compound and containing in all not more than ten pounds of small-arm nitro compound; or
 - (vi) a small-arm nitro-compound in any quantity not exceeding ten pounds; or
 - (vii) percussion-caps, or
 - (viii) safety fuzes for blasting; or
 - (ix) railway fog-signals and flare-lights when kept by a railway company for use on their railway:

Provided that the quantity of explosive kept by any person under clause (d) shall be in substitution of the like quantity by weight of any other explosives which might otherwise be so kept by him and, that the quantity of such other explosive shall be reduced accordingly, and, further, that, if the explosive so kept for private use under this clause in any other form than that of cartridges for small-arms, the explosive of which the quantity is so to be reduced shall be some explosive other than safety cartridges made with gunpowder.

28. Nothing in rule 24 or rule 27 shall be deemed to authorise the manufacture or possession of an explosive in contravention of any prohibition notified under section 8 of the Act, and for the time being in force.

Saving of general prohibition under the Act.

Sale.

29. An explosive shall not be sold except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under these rules for such sale :

Provided that this rule shall not apply to the sale by any person of an explosive which he is lawfully entitled to possess for his own private use to any person who is lawfully entitled to possess the same.

CHAPTER VI.

MAGAZINES

30. An applicant for a license to possess explosives (other than an explosive of the 5th Fulminate class) in, and to sell explosives from, a magazine shall submit to the District authority an application in Form G in Schedule III, and shall comply with the conditions embodied therein.

31. Upon receipt of the said application the District authority shall forthwith cause notice to be published of such application and of the time and place at which he will be prepared to hear it, and calling upon any person objecting to the establishment of the magazine on the proposed site to give notice of such objection to him and to the applicant not less than seven clear days before the day fixed for hearing the application, together with his name, address and calling, and a short statement of the grounds of his objection.

The day of hearing the application shall be a day following soon after the expiration of the period of one month referred to in rule 32.

32. The notice under rule 31 shall be published at the expense of the applicant, by the District authority not less than one month before the said day of hearing.

33. On the day fixed for the hearing, or any day to which such hearing may be adjourned from time to time, the District authority shall hear any objections preferred in accordance with rule 31 and shall make such inquiry as he may deem necessary.

34. On completion of the inquiry the District authority shall forward the application (accompanied by a draft license in Form J of Schedule III) to the Chief Inspector of Explosives together with a report stating whether he—

(a) disapproves of the proposed site for the magazine, or

(b) approves of the proposed site either unconditionally or subject to any such restrictions or precautions as he considers necessary.

35. The Chief Inspector of Explosives shall forward to the applicant a statement in Form H in Schedule III, showing the distances which should, in his opinion, be kept clear round the magazine. Such distances should ordinarily be those specified in the table annexed to these rules.

36. The said Form II shall be returned, with the third column duly filled in, by the applicant to the Chief Inspector of Explosives, who shall submit it to the licensing authority with his recommendations and with the draft license and a statement in Form I showing the distances which, after considering any representation made by the applicant when returning Form II to him, he considers should be kept clear round the magazine.

37. The licensing authority may thereupon grant the license as applied for with such modifications or restrictions (if any) as may be deemed proper, or may reject the application.

38. A copy of every license granted under rule 37 shall be forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Explosives, and the original license shall be forwarded to the District authority if the license has not been granted by him.

39. The District authority when satisfied that all the conditions proscribed in the license in regard to the magazine have been complied with, shall forthwith endorse the license, and unless and until so endorsed the license shall not come into force.

If it is decided not to endorse a license the District authority shall forthwith inform the Chief Inspector of Explosives and the licensing authority (if the license has not been granted by the District authority).

CHAPTER VII.

LICENSES AND PERMITS.

Grant of Licenses.

40. (1) Licenses for the importation, transport, manufacture, possession and sale of an explosive may be granted by the licensing authorities set forth in Schedule II in the Forms, for the purposes, subject to the conditions and on payment of the fees specified therein.

(2) Licenses granted in accordance with the provisions of these rules shall be valid for such period as is specified in column 7 of Schedule II.

41. (1) Every license granted under these rules shall be deemed to be granted subject to the conditions contained therein.

(2) Such conditions shall comprise all those specified in the prescribed form and—

(a) (in the case of a license in Form J or Form K) such further conditions as the licensing authority may impose, or

(b) (in the case of a license in Form I) such further conditions as the licensing authority may think necessary in respect to the time and place of unloading, landing, delivery and conveyance of the explosive, and expedient for the public safety or in the interest of the State.

When license for sale is requisite.

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Di pre is

Procedure in applying for license in Form G.

Issue of notices to objectors to the site of the magazine.

W tr re

Publication and service of notices.

Inquiry into objections.

Report of completion of inquiry

Procedure to be observed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives on receipt of report.

Submission of application to the licensing authority.

Grant of license.

Procedure on grant of license

Endorsement of license.

Forms of licenses, licensing authorities and fees.

Validity of license.

Conditions under which licenses are valid.

(2) Such conditions shall, in the case of a license granted by the Governor-General in Council to manufacture any explosive in any quantity, include all the conditions prescribed under these rules and in the forms of license for possessing such explosive in such quantity:

Provided that, notwithstanding anything contained in clause (2) or clause (3), the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana or the Governor-General in Council, as the case may be, may, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, dispense with any of the conditions specified in the prescribed form of a license.

Amendment of licenses.

42. (1) Provided that these rules are otherwise complied with, every license granted under them may be amended by the authority granting such license. Amendment of license.

(2) A licensee who desires to have his license amended shall submit it to the District authority with an application stating the nature of the amendment and the reasons for it. The District authority, in cases in which the original license was not granted by him, shall forward the license and the application with his recommendation to the licensing authority direct, or, if the license to be amended is in Form J or Form K, through the Chief Inspector of Explosives:

Provided that the Chief Inspector of Explosives shall be consulted before a license in Form J originally granted by the District authority is amended.

(3) No fee shall be charged for the amendment of a license.

Renewal of licenses.

43. The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may, from time to time, renew, on the same or on altered conditions, any license granted by the Governor-General in Council for the manufacture of explosives:

Renewal of license issued by the Governor-General in Council.

Provided as follows:—

(i) no such renewal shall admit of the manufacture of any explosive other than that specified in the original license;

(ii) every such renewal shall first be approved by an Inspector of Explosives; and

(iii) every such renewal shall be for a period not exceeding one year.

44. (1) The authority granting a license in Form J may renew such license on the same or altered conditions. Renewal of license in Form J.

(2) A licensee who desires such renewal shall, within the period specified in rule 47, submit the license to the Chief Inspector of Explosives with a written application stating the quantity and description of explosives for the storage of which he desires the license to be renewed.

(3) On receipt of such application the Chief Inspector of Explosives shall, if there is any proposed variation in the particulars of the license, and if he considers it necessary to do so, send to the applicant a statement in Form II in Schedule III hereto annexed, showing the distances which should, in his opinion, be kept clear round the magazine.

(4) The procedure prescribed in rules 36 to 39 shall then be followed, so far as it is applicable.

45. Every license for the manufacture, possession or sale of explosives not provided for in rule 13 or rule 44 may, unless the circumstances have so changed that the grant of a new license either would not be authorised under the Act and these rules, or is deemed objectionable by the licensing authority, be renewed on application made within the period specified in rule 47. Renewal of license not provided for in rule 43 or rule 44.

46. Every license for the general transport of explosives may be renewed by the authority granting such license. Renewal of license for general transport for blasting explosives.

47. Every application for the renewal of a license shall be made at a date not less than thirty days before the date on which the original license expires, and if the application is so made, the magazine or premises shall be held to be duly licensed or the transport license shall be held to be duly granted until such date as the licensing authority issues the renewed license or until an intimation that the renewal of the license is refused has been communicated to the applicant. Time for making application for the renewal of a license.

48. The fee chargeable for renewing any license shall be the fee originally chargeable under these rules on such license. Fee chargeable on renewal of license.

Expiration of licenses.

49. A person licensed to manufacture, possess or sell any explosive shall on the expiration or forfeiture of his license, forthwith give notice to the District authority of the description and quantity of explosives in his possession, and shall comply with any directions which the said District authority may think fit to give in regard to the possession or transport of the same. Procedure on expiration or forfeiture of license.

50. (1) On receiving a notice under rule 49 the said District authority may grant for a term not exceeding three months from the date of such expiration or forfeiture, as the case may be, a temporary license for the possession or sale of the actual stock of explosives which is held at the time of the issue of such license. Issue of temporary license when original has expired or been forfeited.

(2) The fee chargeable on such license shall bear the same proportion to the fee charged on the expired or forfeited license as the period covered by the temporary license bears to a full year.

51. (1) When any person holding a license under these rules dies, or is adjudicated an insolvent, or is otherwise disqualified by operation of law from continuing the business in respect of which the license was granted, any person carrying on such business shall forthwith apply to the proper licensing authority for the grant of a new license in his own name for the unexpired portion of the original license.

(2) No person applying for a license under clause (1) shall, during such time as is reasonably necessary for making his application, and during the pendency thereof, be liable to any penalty under the Act or these rules for carrying on the business and acting under the license, so that he otherwise conforms with the provisions of the Act and these rules.

(3) The fee chargeable on such new license shall be one rupee:

Provided that no fee shall be charged on a new license in Form 2 or Form E of Schedule III.

Forfeiture of licenses.

52. Every license granted under these rules shall be liable to be forfeited by the licensing authority on breach of any of the conditions contained therein, and also by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana if at any time the continuance of the license in the hands of the licensee is deemed objectionable.

General provisions as to licenses.

53. (1) Every person holding a license, or acting under a license, granted under these rules, shall be bound to produce the same, or an authenticated copy kept at the magazine or place to which the license applies, when called upon to do so by an Inspector of Explosives, or any Magistrate, or any Police Officer not below the rank of a Police Officer in charge of a police-station; and

(2) Any person in charge of a consignment of blasting materials under cover of a pass, issued by a holder of a license in Form 2 of Schedule III, shall be bound to produce such pass when called upon to do so by any of the officers aforesaid.

(3) Copies of any license may, for the purposes of this rule, be authenticated free of charge by any of the officers aforesaid or by the authority which granted the license.

54. When a license granted under these rules is lost or destroyed through no fault of the licensee, a duplicate may be granted to the licensee on payment of a fee of eight annas

55. All fees chargeable under these rules shall be collected by impressed stamps: Provided that, when such fees have been made over to any local authority, they shall be collected in such manner as the local authority may from time to time direct.

56. Every authority empowered to grant, amend or renew a license may, in its discretion,

(a) refuse to grant, amend or renew such license, or

(b) refer the application for orders to the Government (if any) to which it is subordinate.

57. All subordinate authorities acting under this chapter shall perform their duties subject to the control of their executive superiors and of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana.

Permits for temporary possession of explosives to be granted free of cost.

58. (1) A permit may be granted to the holder of a license in a Form J or Form K, to store in his magazine subject to the conditions of his license (except in this respect) and for a period not exceeding one month, any quantity of explosives in excess of that entered in his license.

(2) Such permit shall be granted by the authority who issued the license and only when it is proved to his satisfaction that the excess storage is due to unforeseen circumstances.

59. A permit may be granted to any person to possess manufactured fire-works in any quantity exceeding fifty pounds but not exceeding two hundred pounds and for any period not exceeding fourteen days, provided that such fire-works are obtained and intended by such person for immediate use and not for sale and are kept in a substantial receptacle which is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives and is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access to them.

Such permit shall be granted by a Magistrate of the first class or a Police Officer not below the rank of Assistant or Deputy Superintendent of Police.

60. A permit may be granted to a holder of a license in Form A, Form B, Form C or Form D to possess, for a period of seven days, subject to the conditions in his license (except in this respect), any quantity of manufactured fire-works not exceeding one thousand pounds.

CHAPTER VIII.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED IN TRANSPORTING EXPLOSIVES.

Part I.—General.

Packing and Marking.

61. No explosive shall be tendered for conveyance or conveyed unless packed and marked in accordance with the provisions of rules 62 to 66, or (in the case of explosives conveyed under rule 16) in accordance with the rules in force in the United Kingdom at the time of embarkation. Prohibition of consignment or conveyance of improperly packed explosives.

62. Whatever be the nature of the explosive and to whatever Class it belongs, the following general rules shall be observed :— Packing of explosives.

(1) The interior of every package shall be free from grit and otherwise clean.

(2) Save as is provided in Schedule IV, there shall not be any iron or steel in the construction of any package unless the same is covered with suitable material so as effectually to prevent the exposure of such iron or steel.

(3) Every package, when actually used for the packing of one explosive, shall not be used for the packing of any other explosive or any other article or substance :

Provided that this rule shall not prevent the packing of inner packages containing a propellant in an outer package with inner packages containing gunpowder or other propellant :

Provided also that with ammunition (Divisional) there may be packed in the same package any article which is not of an inflammable or explosive nature, or liable to cause fire or explosion.

(4) Nothing in this rule shall be deemed to prohibit the use of an additional package, whether inner or outer : provided that such additional package shall not be of such character as shall have been prohibited in writing by the Chief Inspector of Explosives.

Explanation.—Unless the context otherwise requires—

the expression "outer package" means a box, barrel, case or cylinder of wood, metal or other solid material, of such strength, construction and character, that it will not be broken or accidentally opened, nor become defective or insecure whilst being conveyed, and will not allow any explosive to escape ;

the expression "inner package" means a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent any explosive from escaping ;

the expression "propellant" means an authorised explosive of the nitro-compound class adapted and intended exclusively for use as a propelling charge in cannon or small-arms.

63. The method of packing authorised explosives of various Classes, respectively, and the maximum amounts which may be packed in any one package shall be those indicated in Schedule IV. Packing of authorised explosives

64. Explosives which are not authorised explosives shall be packed subject to such special precautions as may be prescribed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives. Packing of explosives which are not authorised.

65. (1) On the outermost package there shall be affixed in conspicuous characters, by means of a brand or securely attached label or other mark, the word "Explosive," the name of the explosive, the number of the Class and of the Division to which it belongs, and the name of the manufacturer or sender. Labelling and marking of packages.

(2) In the case of a nitro-compound or of a chlorate-mixture there shall be added the date of manufacture or issue from the factory, or such sign indicating such date as may be approved by the Chief Inspector of Explosives :

Provided that—

(a) in the case of cartridges or charges for cannon, shells, mines, blasting or other like purpose, which do not contain their own means of ignition, the marking shall be as for the explosive when not so made up ;

(b) in the case of ammunition (Divisional) (safety fuzes excepted), there shall be added the words "Not liable to explode in bulk ;"

(c) in the case of pin-fire cartridges for pistols, there shall be added the words "pin-fire cartridges ;" and

(d) in the case of safety fuzes or gunpowder, the word "Explosive" and the number of the Class and Division may be omitted.

(3) Where an outer package contains more than one explosive, the marking above required shall be affixed separately in respect of each explosive so contained.

66. To meet special cases the Chief Inspector of Explosives may, by order in writing, subject to such conditions (if any) as he may think fit to impose, relax any of the conditions imposed by rules 62 to 65. Relaxation of packing rules.

Consignment.

67. (1) No person shall forward to any warehouseman or carrier any explosive unless he has given notice to such warehouseman or carrier of his intention to forward such explosive and has received an intimation from such warehouseman or carrier that he is prepared to receive such consignment. Despatch of explosives to carrier.

(2) Such notice shall state—

(a) the name and quantity of the explosive to be conveyed ; and

(b) the name and address of the consignee.

Receipt of explosives
by carrier.

68. No warehouseman or carrier shall send such an intimation as is specified in rule 67 unless he is prepared to receive it, and

(a) forthwith to despatch such explosive, or

(b) to deposit it in an authorised magazine or at a place at which some person is licensed to possess such explosive in such quantity.

Precautions to be observed in loading and unloading explosives.

Loading and
unloading to be by
daylight

69. No explosive shall be loaded on, or unloaded from, any carriage or vessel between sunset and sunrise

Prohibition of naked
lights, etc

70. During the loading or unloading of an explosive no person shall, nor shall any person be allowed to, bring into, have or use in, dangerous proximity to such explosive any fire or any article or liquid or substance which is liable to cause or communicate fire or explosion (such as, charcoal, matches or petroleum) or (unless the use of a light is unavoidable) any light :

Provided that when the use of a light for the purposes of loading or unloading is unavoidable a light may be used if it be of such construction and character and in such position as not to cause any danger from fire or explosion.

Prohibition of
smoking

71. During the loading or unloading of an explosive no person shall smoke, nor shall be allowed to smoke, on, in or dangerously near to the carriage or vessel containing such explosive

Prohibition nailed
boots, etc

72. During the loading or unloading of an explosive no person wearing boots or shoes with iron or steel nails, heels or tips, shall handle, nor shall be allowed to handle, such explosive.

Method of handling
explosives

73. In the loading or unloading of an explosive the casks or packages containing the explosive shall be passed from hand to hand and shall not be rolled along, and they shall not be thrown down or dropped but shall be carefully deposited and stowed.

Loading.

Protection of
explosives in transit

74. (1) Explosives shall be conveyed whenever possible in the interior of a carriage so enclosed on all sides with wood or metal, or in the hold of a vessel having a close deck so closed, as effectually to protect the explosives from communication of fire ; and

(2) When they cannot be so conveyed, they shall be completely covered with a painted cloth, tarpaulin or other suitable material so as effectually to protect the explosives from communication of fire

Maximum
conignment allowed

75. The quantity of explosives conveyed in any one carriage or vessel shall not exceed two thousand pounds :

Provided that where the explosives are conveyed under the conditions set forth in clause (1) of rule 74, the quantity of explosives may exceed two thousand pounds, but shall not exceed ten tons in any one carriage on a railway or two tons in any one other carriage or twenty tons in any one vessel.

Explosives of
different kinds to be
kept apart

76. No explosive, which contains its own means of ignition, shall be conveyed in any carriage or vessel which is being used for the conveyance of an explosive not of the same Class, and Division, unless it is sufficiently separated therefrom to prevent any fire or explosion which may take place in one such explosive being communicated to another

Dangers from fire
and water to be
guarded against

77. Due precautions shall be taken by means of a partition or otherwise, and by careful stowing, to secure any explosive from being brought into contact with, or endangered by, any other article or substance conveyed in the carriage or vessel which is liable to cause fire or explosion, and if the explosive is dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water from coming into contact with such explosive.

Protection from
naked iron or steel

78. All iron or steel in the interior of the portion of the carriage or vessel with which the package containing any explosive is or may come in contact, shall be effectually covered with leather, wood, cloth or other suitable material.

Conveyance.

Explosives not to be
sent by public
carriage or vessel

79. No explosive shall be conveyed in any carriage or vessel plying for or carrying public passengers.

Carriage or vessel to
be in charge of
competent person or
persons

80. The carriage or vessel conveying an explosive shall be in charge of, and constantly attended by, some competent person, or by a sufficient number of competent persons.

Intoxicated person
not to have charge
of carriage or vessel

81. No person who is intoxicated shall, nor shall he be permitted to, have charge of, or be in, on or attending to, any carriage or vessel conveying explosives

Driving or
navigation to be
careful
Prohibition of delay
in transit.

82. The person in charge of a carriage or vessel conveying an explosive shall not drive, conduct or manœuvre such carriage or vessel in a dangerous or negligent manner.

83. If the quantity of explosive conveyed in the carriage or vessel exceeds one hundred pounds the person or persons in charge of such carriage or vessel shall not stop or delay at any place for a longer time than may be reasonably necessary, nor stop unnecessarily at any place where such stopping would be attended by public danger.

Avoidance of danger
by fire, etc.

84. No person shall, during the conveyance of an explosive, do any act or thing in relation to the explosive which is liable to cause fire or explosion and is not reasonably necessary for the conveyance of the explosive or for work immediately connected with such conveyance.

85. No explosive shall be carried otherwise than by rail across any railway bridge across which reasonable facilities for the conveyance thereof by rail are afforded by the Railway Administration : Explosives not to be carried across railway bridges.

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to—

- (a) ammunition Class 6, Division 1, in any quantity ; or
- (b) any quantity of gunpowder, or of a nitro-compound or of ammunition, Class 6, Divisions 2 and 3, not exceeding five pounds ; or
- (c) any quantity of fire-works not exceeding ten pounds.

Exemptions and savings.

86. Nothing in rules 69 to 78 shall apply to ammunition (Division 1), and in the case of the transport by rail of Chinese crackers (Division 2 of Class 7—Fireworks), the provisions of rule 78 may be relaxed during the period from July to March inclusive under an order of the District Traffic Officer when the number or size of consignments offering is such that, in his judgment, serious delay would be caused by the observance of the rule : provided that in both instances all due precautions shall be taken to prevent explosion. Saving as to the conveyance of ammunition and Chinese crackers

87. Nothing in rules 67, 68 and 79 shall apply to the conveyance of—

- (a) any quantity not exceeding five pounds of any explosive other than a fulminate or ammunition (Division 3) or fire-works (Division 1); Saving as to the conveyance of small consignments
- (b) detonators not exceeding two hundred in number and not containing in the aggregate more than three ounces of fulminate :

Provided that—

- (i) previous notice shall be given to the person in charge of the carriage or vessel in which the explosive is intended to be conveyed ;
- (ii) all due precautions shall be taken to prevent accidents by fire or explosion ;
- (iii) no other explosive shall be carried in the same compartment ; and also
- (iv) (in the case of detonators) the consignment shall be covered by a certificate, signed by the consignor, that the quantity of fulminate in the consignment does not exceed the amount specified in sub-clause (b)

88. Nothing in rules 67, 68, 79, 80 and 83 shall apply to the conveyance of any explosive by railway. Saving as to conveyance by railway.

89. Where a carrier, or the owner or the master of a vessel, is prevented from complying with these rules by the wilful act, neglect or default of the consignor or consignee of the explosive, or other person, or by the improper refusal of the consignee or other person to accept delivery of the explosive, such consignor, consignee or other person who is guilty of such wilful act, neglect, default or refusal shall be liable to the same penalty to which the carrier, owner or master is liable for a breach of these rules, and his conviction shall exempt the carrier, owner or master from any penalty under these rules. Saving of liability of carrier and owner and master of a ship for breach of these rules when consignee, etc., is in fault

Part II.—Railways.

Consignment.

90. Rules 91 to 125 shall apply to the transport of explosives by railway.

91. No explosive which a Railway Administration shall, by any notice or regulation for the time being in force, notify that they will not receive, shall be brought, sent or forwarded to or upon any railway of the said Railway Administration. Conveyance by railway. Certain explosives not to be consigned.

92. The consignor shall certify that the explosive has been packed in accordance with the rules in force in the United Kingdom or in British India or in Rajputana Railway lands. Certificate of packing.

93. No person shall send for carriage upon any railway any consignment of an explosive unless— Notice of the consignment.

- (1) he has given to the officer in charge of the railway station previous notice in writing (which, at the option of the Railway Administration, may extend to 48 hours) of his intention to send such consignment, and stating—

- (a) the true name, description, quantity and mode of packing of the explosive proposed to be conveyed, and
- (b) his own name and address, and also the name and address of the proposed consignee, and

- (2) he has had an intimation in writing from an authorised officer of the railway that such consignment will be received.

94. Consignments of explosives shall be sent to the forwarding station and shall be received by the railway servants only at such times, between sunrise and sunset, as the Railway Administration may appoint. Receipt of consignment.

95. The consignor shall (in the case of nitro-compounds and chlorate-mixtures)—

- (1) cause the outer packages to be marked with the date of manufacture, and
- (2) attach to the consignment note a certificate, or (provided the original is produced for verification) copy of a certificate, (so describing the packages as to render their identification certain) signed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives or an Inspector of Explosives, or, if the certificate is granted at the time when the explosive is imported, by the Chemical Examiner or Analyser— Certificate in case of nitro-compounds and chlorates.
 - (a) that the explosive is of standard purity, and
 - (b) that (if the explosive be dynamite or any nitro-glycerine compound) there are no signs of exuded nitro-glycerine or of liquefaction.

(3) The aforesaid certificate shall ordinarily be valid for six months after date : provided that, in the case of dynamite and other nitro-glycerine compounds which are not used as propellants as defined in rule 62—

(a) such certificate shall lapse on the 31st July, and

(b) a fresh certificate for each conveyance may, at the discretion of the Railway Administration concerned, be demanded during the period from the 1st April to the 31st July (both inclusive) if the original certificate has not been granted later than the 31st March.

Discretion of
Railway to refuse
improperly-packed
explosives
Disposal of
consignment on
arrival at station or
departure

96. The Railway Administration may refuse to receive any packages which they suspect to contain any explosive packed or sent in contravention of these regulations.

97 Every package containing any explosive proposed to be conveyed on any railway shall immediately on arrival at the station be unloaded and placed in a safe place under the special direction of the officer in charge of the station. These packages should not be allowed to stand in the sun.

Loading.

Maximum quantities
to be conveyed in
one vehicle

98. The quantity of explosives conveyed in any one vehicle shall not in any case exceed that specified in rule 75 and shall not (unless the vehicle is specially constructed and approved by the Railway Board for the carriage of explosives) exceed two-thirds of the normal load of such vehicle.

Provided that (in the case of explosives of the kinds specified in rule 103) the quantity of explosives shall not—

(a) where such explosives are stowed in the manner described in clause (1) of that rule exceed three tons, and

(b) where such explosives are stowed in the manner described in clause (2) of that rule exceed five tons.

Prohibition of
conveyance with
inflammable
substances

99 There shall not be conveyed in the same vehicle with any explosive any lucifer or other matches, fuzes, pipe-lights, acids, naphtha, paraffine, petroleum or any other volatile spirit substance liable to give off an inflammable vapour or liable to spontaneous ignition, of to cause or communicate fire or explosion.

Condition of vehicle

100 Vehicles used for the carriage of explosives shall be examined to see that they are spark-proof, and have been cleaned out before they are loaded. Hair-cloth, hides or other suitable materials shall be spread on the floor of the wagon and between each layer of packages, except when the packages are covered with gunny or felt, or contain safety cartridges for small arms packed in tin-lined service pattern boxes.

Stowing of explosives

101. All packages containing explosives shall be secured in such a way as to prevent concussion when the train is in motion.

Method of stowing
explosives

102. Packages containing explosives other than those referred to in rule 103 shall not be stowed in more than three layers one above the other. But if the packages are in rectangular form and of uniform size (provided they are double packages, and are so secured as to prevent movement during transit) they may be stowed in any number of layers not exceeding five.

Method of stowing
of high explosives

Provided that this rule shall not apply to safety cartridges for small-arms packed in tin-lined service pattern boxes.

103. (1) Packages containing dynamite and other blasting explosives of the 3rd (nitro-compound) Class or explosives of the 4th (chlorate-mixture), 5th (fulminate) Classes or of the 1st Division of the 7th (firework) Class shall be stowed in one layer only and secured so as to prevent movement during transit:

(2) Provided that, if the packages of explosives are in rectangular form and are properly secured so as to prevent movement during transit, they may be stowed in any number of layers not exceeding five.

Loading of vehicles

104 Vehicles shall in every case be locked when loaded with explosives.

Delivery.

Delivery to consignee.

105. The consignee shall remove the explosives from the receiving station during the twelve hours of daylight following its arrival.

Disposal when consignee fails to take delivery

106. If the consignee does not remove the explosive within the time allowed by rule 105 the Railway Administration may return the explosive to the consignor at his risk and expense.

Protection of explosives pending removal

107 Pending removal by the consignee, or return to the consignor, the explosive shall be kept at a safe distance from the station buildings, and (if unloaded) shall be completely covered with tarpaulins or other suitable material and, if necessary, shall be protected by a police guard.

Power to open packages.

108 The Railway Administration may at any time open or require to be opened at the risk and expense of the consignor any package which is upon any railway and which is suspected to contain explosives packed or consigned in contravention of any of these rules.

109. The railway Administration may return to the consignor at his risk and expense contents of any package which is found during transit to have been packed or consigned in contravention of any of these rules.

Precautions to be observed during loading and unloading.

110. Notwithstanding anything in rule 69 a small consignment of explosives may be unloaded between sunset and sunrise. Time of loading and unloading.

For the purposes of this rule no consignment of more than half a wagon load booked to one station shall be deemed to be a small consignment.

111. Subject to the provisions of rules 64 and 110, the loading and unloading of explosives when once begun, shall be diligently proceeded with until the same is completed. Loading and unloading to be continuous.

112. Vehicles containing explosives shall be loaded and unloaded on sidings at a safe distance from the station buildings. Place of loading and unloading.

113. All explosives under despatch or receipt by a Government arsenal, dépôt or factory shall be loaded or unloaded by Government servants employed in such arsenal, dépôt or factory. Loading and unloading of Government explosives.

114. Not more than five vehicles containing explosives shall be loaded or unloaded at any railway station, at any one time. Maximum number of vehicles to be dealt with at a time.

115. All operations connected with the transshipment of explosives at junction stations shall take place during daylight. Time of transshipment.

Marshalling and Shunting.

116. Not more than five vehicles containing explosives shall at any one time be hauled in the same train. Maximum number of vehicles to be hauled in one train.

117. No explosive of the 5th (fulminate) Class or of the 3rd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, or of the 7th (firework) Class shall be carried in the same train with any explosive not of the Class and Division to which it belongs, unless it be sufficiently separated therefrom to prevent any fire or explosion which may take place in one such explosive being communicated to another. Precaution in the case of high explosives.

118. Vehicles containing explosives shall be placed at the end of the train away from the locomotive, and shall be close-coupled to one another as well as to the adjoining vehicles and shall be preceded and followed by three vehicles not loaded with explosives or other article or substance of an inflammable nature. Position of vehicle in the train.

119. When the train is being marshalled, vehicles loaded with explosive shall not be shunted by a locomotive, unless they are separated from the engine by not less than three vehicles containing no explosive nor easily inflammable substance : Shunting.

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to the shunting of vehicles specially constructed for the carriage of explosives.

120. During the shunting of vehicles containing explosives the speed of all movements shall not exceed five miles an hour ; and loose shunts are prohibited. Limit of speed in shunting.

121. No shunting shall be carried on save under the superintendence of a duly authorised officer, who shall see to the observance of rules 119 and 120. Superintendence in shunting.

Brakes.

122. If the vehicles employed in the transport of explosives are provided with brakes, other than iron brakes, the brakes thereon shall on no account be worked while the vehicles are running with a train, nor shall brakes, other than iron brakes, on vehicles immediately adjoining such vehicles, be worked while such vehicles are so running. Brakes.

Conveyance by Passenger train.

123. Save as provided in rule 121, no explosives shall be conveyed by passenger train except— Conveyance of explosives by passenger train.

(a) safety cartridges and percussion caps and safety-fuzes (for blasting), and fog-signals for railway use ;

(b) explosives of the 3rd (nitro-compound) Class other than propellants in the form of cartridge up to the limit of 5 lbs.

Provided that no detonators are carried in the same compartment ;

(c) detonators to the number of 200 if the amount of fulminate of mercury in the package or packages containing the detonators does not exceed in the aggregate 3 oz. (and a certificate to this effect is tendered by the consignor).

Provided that no other explosive is carried in the same compartment ;

(d) sporting gunpowder packed in double cases as provided in Schedule IV, so long as the gunpowder is contained in tin canisters containing not more than five pounds each and packed in a stout wooden case with an outer covering of tin or zinc completely spark-proof, or in metal-lined cases of a pattern approved by the Chief Inspector of Explosives. But no outer case shall contain more than 25 lbs. of gunpowder, and the total consignment by one train shall not exceed 80 lbs.

Conveyance of explosives by mixed train.

124. Any explosive may be conveyed by mixed train on any line or section on which goods trains are not running, subject to the following conditions :—

- (1) that not more than one vehicle containing explosives shall be hauled at any one time ;
- (2) that such vehicle shall be specially constructed and approved by the Railway Board for the carriage of explosives ;
- (3) that there are not less than three vehicles between such vehicle and the engine and between such vehicle and the passenger coaches ;
- (4) that such vehicle is close-coupled to the adjoining vehicles ; and
- (5) that, immediately on entering a section upon which goods trains are running, such vehicle is detached from the train.

Exemptions.

Saving as to cartridges for small-arms.

125. Nothing in rules 98, 114 and 116 shall apply to separate consignments of safety-

CHAPTER IX.

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Powers of Search and Destruction.

Powers of search and destruction.

126 (1) Any of the officers mentioned in clause (2) may, within the areas specified in IX of 1878 that clause

- (a) enter, inspect and examine any place, carriage or vessel in which an explosive is being manufactured, possessed, sold, transported or imported under a license granted under these rules, or in which he has reason to believe that an explosive has been or is being manufactured, possessed, sold, transported or imported in contravention of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), or of these rules and may enter, inspect and examine any magazine or place in which explosives are stored under the provisions of rule 16 ;
 - (b) search for explosives therein ;
 - (c) take samples of any explosives found therein, on payment of the value thereof if payment can be made at the time the samples are taken ; and
 - (d) seize, detain, remove and, if necessary, destroy or otherwise render harmless any explosive found therein in respect of which he has reason to believe that any of the provisions of the said rules or Act have been contravened.
- (2) The officers and areas referred to in clause (1) are :—

Officers.	Areas.
The Chief Inspector and Inspectors of Explosives .	Throughout the Rajputana Railway lands.
All District Magistrates	Within their respective districts.
All Magistrates subordinate to the District Magistrate.	Within their respective jurisdiction.
All Police Officers of rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana so directs, of Sub-Inspector.	Within the respective areas over which their authority extends.

(3) Whenever the Chief Inspector or any Inspector of Explosives, or any Magistrate subordinate to the District Magistrate, or any Police Officer seizes, detains or removes any explosive under this rule, he shall report the fact to the District authority.

(4) Neither the Chief Inspector nor an Inspector of Explosives, nor any Magistrate subordinate to the District Magistrate, nor any Police Officer shall under these rules destroy or otherwise render harmless any explosive without the previous sanction of the District authority unless the matter appears urgent and fraught with serious public danger.

(5) Whenever any officer destroys any explosive or otherwise renders it harmless, he shall take and keep a sample thereof, and shall, if required, give a portion of the sample to the person owning the explosive or having the same under his control at the time of seizure ; and whenever any officer other than the District authority so deals with any explosive, he shall report the circumstance to the District authority.

Penalties.

127. Whoever commits any offence mentioned in the first column of the following table shall be punishable with fine which may extend to the amount indicated in that behalf in the second column of that table :—

1	2
(1) Importing an explosive in contravention of rules 10, 14, 15 and 16.	Three thousand rupees.
(2) Contravening any of the provisions of rule 17 or rule 18 relating to importation of explosives.	One thousand rupees.
(3) Transporting blasting material in contravention of rule 19.	One thousand rupees.
(4) Manufacturing an explosive in contravention of rule 24.	Three thousand rupees.
(5) Contravening any of the provisions of rules 25 and 26 relating to the manufacture of explosives.	One thousand rupees.
(6) Possessing an explosive in contravention of rule 27.	One thousand rupees.
(7) Selling an explosive in contravention of rule 29.	Five hundred rupees
(8) Contravening a condition of a license granted under article 1 or article 9 of Schedule II	Three thousand rupees.
(9) Contravening a condition of a license granted under article 3, article 1, article 5, article 6, article 7, article 8, article 15 or article 16 of Schedule II.	Five hundred rupees.
(10) Contravening a condition of a license granted under article 2, article 10, article 11, article 12, article 13 or article 14 of Schedule II.	One thousand rupees.
(11) Contravening any direction given under rule 19, for the disposal of an explosive.	One thousand rupees.
(12) Failing to produce a license (or authenticated copy thereof) or pass when called upon to do so under rule 53.	Two hundred rupees.
(13) Contravening any of the provisions of Chapter VIII relating to the transporting of explosives.	One thousand rupees
(14) Furnishing a false certificate under rules 14, 87, 92, 95 and 123.	Two hundred rupees.

Exemptions.

128. Nothing in these rules shall render liable to any penalty the owner or master of any vessel, or any carrier, or ware-houseman or the person having charge of any carriage for any act done in breach of these rules, if he proves that by reason of stress of weather, inevitable accident, or other emergency, the doing of such act was, under the circumstances, necessary and proper.

SCHEDULE I.

PRESCRIBED TESTS.

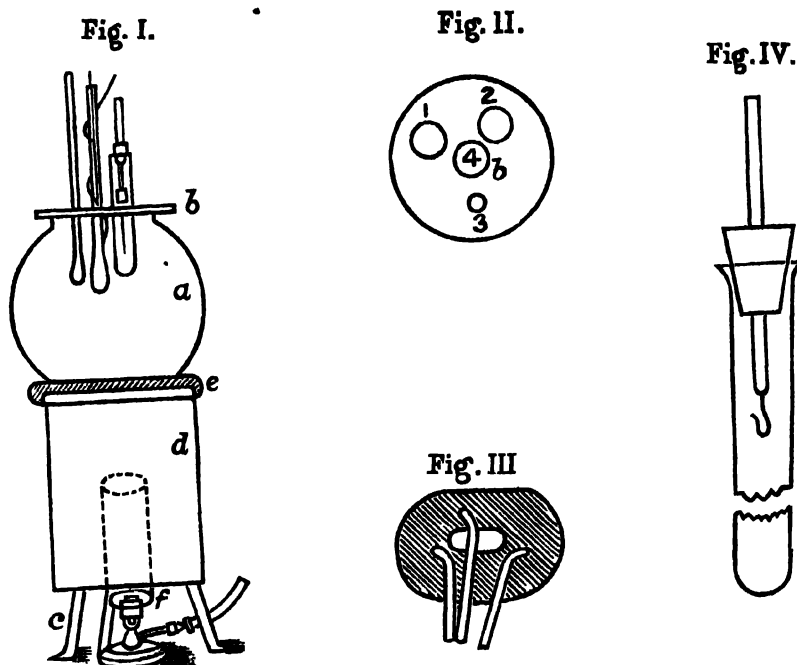
[Vide rule 16.]

I.—Heat Test as applied to Explosives of the Nitro-compound Class.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.

Apparatus required.

1. A water bath, consisting of a spherical glass or copper vessel [(a) Fig. I] of about 8 inches diameter, and with an aperture of about 5 inches; the bath is filled with water to within a quarter of an inch of the edge. It has a loose cover of sheet copper about 6 inches in diameter (b), and rests on a tripod stand about 14 inches high (c), which is covered with coarse iron wire gauze (e), and is surrounded with a screen of thin sheet tin or copper (d). Within the latter is placed an Argand burner (f), with glass chimney. The cover (b) has four holes arranged as seen in Fig. II, No. 1 to receive the regulator, No. 3 the thermometer, Nos 1 and 2 the test-tubes containing the gun-cotton or other materials to be tested. Around holes 1 and 2 on the under side of the cover are soldered three pieces of brass wire with points slightly converging (Fig. III); these act as springs and allow the test-tubes to be easily placed in position and removed.



- * 2. Scheibler's or Page's temperature regulator.
- * 3. Two cells of Le Clanché's battery No. 1 }
- * 4. A few yards of insulated copper wire } if Scheibler's regulator is used.
- 5. Test-tubes from 5½ to 5¾ inches long, and of such diameter that they will hold from 20 to 22 cubic centimetres of water when filled to a height of 5 inches.
- 6. India-rubber stoppers, fitting the test-tubes and carrying an arrangement for holding the test-paper, viz., a narrow glass tube passing through the centre of the stopper, drawn out so as to form a hook, or terminating in a platinum wire hook (Fig. IV).
- 7. A thermometer, with range not less than from 30° to 212° Fahrenheit
- 8. A minute clock.

Materials required.

(a) *Test-paper.*—The test-paper is prepared as follows :—45 grains of white maize starch (cornflour), previously washed with cold water, are added to 8½ ounces of distilled water; the mixture is stirred, heated to boiling, and kept gently boiling for 10 minutes; 15 grains of pure potassium iodide (*i.e.*, which has been re-crystallized from alcohol) are dissolved in 8½ ounces of distilled water. The two solutions are thoroughly mixed and allowed to get cold. Strips, or sheets, of best white English filter paper, weighing air dry, from 4.1 to 4.6

* This is not absolutely required, as the temperature of the bath can be kept constant by proper attention to the heating flame.

grammes per 100 square inches, previously washed with water and re-dried, are dipped into the solution thus prepared, and allowed to remain in it for not less than 10 seconds; they are then allowed to drain and dry in a place free from laboratory fumes and dust. The upper and lower margins of the strips, or sheets, are cut off, and the paper is preserved in well-stoppered or corked bottles *and in the dark*. * The dimensions of the pieces of test-paper used are about $\frac{1}{8}$ inch by $\frac{1}{8}$ inch (10 mm. by 20 mm.).

(b) *Standard tint-paper*.—A solution of caramel in water is made of such concentration that when diluted one hundred times (10 cc. made up to 1 litre) the tint of this diluted solution equals the tint produced by the Nessler test in 100 cc. water containing 0.000075 gm. of ammonia or 0.00023505 gm. of chloride of ammonium. With this caramel solution lines are drawn on strips of white filter paper† by means of a clean quill pen. When the marks thus produced are dry the paper is cut into pieces of the same size as the test-paper previously described, in such a way that each piece has a brown line across it near the middle of its length, and only such strips are preserved in which the brown line has a breadth varying from $\frac{1}{4}$ mm. to 1 mm. ($\frac{1}{80}$ of an inch to $\frac{1}{20}$ of an inch).

II.—Testing Dynamite, Blasting Gelatine, and other Explosives of the First Division of the Nitro-compound Class.

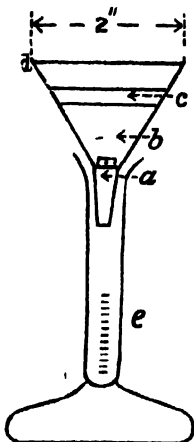
A.—DYNAMITE, ETC., ETC.

Nitro-glycerine preparations, from which the nitro-glycerine can be extracted in the manner described below, *must* satisfy the following test.

This test, however, though at present looked upon as the most important as far as testing the purity of the nitro-glycerine is concerned, is in England only one of several which any given sample of nitro-glycerine preparation has to satisfy in order to establish its compliance with the definition in the Authorised List.

Apparatus required.

A funnel 2 inches across (d), a cylindrical measure divided into grains (e) (See sketch).



Mode of operation

About 300 to 100 grains of dynamite (b) finely divided are placed into the funnel which has previously been loosely plugged by some freshly-ignited asbestos (a).

The surface is smoothed by means of a flat-headed glass rod or stopper, and some clean washed and dried Kieselguhr (c) is spread over it to the depth of about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch.

Water is next carefully dropped from a wash bottle upon this Kieselguhr, and when the first portion has been soaked up more is added; this is repeated until sufficient nitro-glycerine has been collected in the graduated measure (e) below.

If any water should have passed through with the nitro-glycerine, it should be removed with a piece of blotting paper, and the nitro-glycerine, if necessary, filtered through a dry paper filter.

* When a paper is freshly prepared, and as long as it remains in good condition, a drop of dilute acetic acid, put on the paper with a glass rod, produces no coloration. In process of time, however, the stronger the light to which the paper is exposed, the sooner a drop of acid produces a brown or bluish coloration (a single hour of direct sunlight produces a marked effect), and whenever this is the case the paper should be rejected. After preparation the paper should be kept in the dark for a month before being taken into use. After that, if carefully kept in the dark, it will remain good for 6 months or more, but should be tested from time to time as above.

† This paper must be carefully washed with distilled water in the first instance, to remove any traces of bleaching matter, and dried.

Application of the Test.

The thermometer is fixed so as to be inserted through the lid of the water bath described under I, into the water (which is to be steadily maintained at a temperature of 160° Fahr.*) to a depth of 2½ inches. Fifty grains of nitro-glycerine to be tested are weighed into a test-tube in such a way as not to soil the sides of the tube. A test paper is fixed on the hook of the glass rod so that when inserted into the tube it will be in a vertical position. A sufficient amount of a mixture of half distilled water and half glycerine to moisten the upper half of the paper is now applied to the upper edge of the test-paper by means of a camel's-hair pencil, the cork carrying the rod and paper is fixed into the test-tube and the position of the paper adjusted, so that its lower edge is about half-way down the tube; the latter is then inserted through one of the perforations of the cover to such a depth that the lower margin of the moistened part of the paper is about five-eighths of an inch above the surface of the cover. The test is complete when the faint brown line, which after a time makes its appearance at the line of boundary between the dry and moist part of the paper, equals in tint the brown line of the standard tint paper.

The nitro-glycerine under examination will not be considered to have satisfied the test unless the time necessary to produce the standard tint as above described is at least 15 minutes.

B.—BLASTING GELATINE, GELATINE DYNAMITE, AND ANALOGOUS PREPARATIONS.

Fifty (50) grains of blasting gelatine are to be intimately incorporated with one hundred (100) grains of French chalk.† The mixture is to be gradually introduced into a test-tube of the dimensions prescribed above for the dynamite heat test, with the aid of gentle tapping upon the table, between the introduction of successive portions of the mixture into the tube, so that when the tube contains all the mixture it shall be filled to the extent of 1½ inches (one inch and three-quarters) of its height. The test-paper is then to be inserted and the heat is to be applied in the manner prescribed above for the dynamite heat test, and the sample tested is to withstand exposure to 160° Fahr. for a period of ten (10) minutes, before producing a discoloration of the test-papers corresponding in tint to the standard colour test which is employed for governing the results of the dynamite heat tests.

(For Exudation and Liquefaction tests for Blasting Gelatine, etc., etc., see Appendix.)

N.B. — Non-gelatinized nitro-glycerine preparations from which the nitro-glycerine cannot be expelled by water, are tested without any previous separation of the ingredients, the temperature being as above (160° Fahr.) and the time being seven (7) minutes.

C.—CORDITE AND BALLISTITE.*1. Apparatus required.*

The apparatus necessary for the application of the heat test to cordite is identical with that described above for explosives of the nitro-compound class generally‡ with the addition of a mill and a nest of sieves§ similar to those used at Waltham Abbey for preparing the cordite for testing (see instructions below).

2. Preparation of the sample to be tested.

Pieces half an inch long are cut from one end of every stick selected for the test; in the case of the thicker cordites, each piece so cut is further sub-divided into about four portions. These cut pieces are then passed once through the mill, the first portion of material which passes through being rejected on account of the possible presence of foreign matter from the mill. The ground material is put on the top sieve of the nest of sieves and sifted. The portion which has passed through the top sieve and been stopped by the second is taken for the test. If the mill is properly set the greater portion of the ground material will be of the proper size.

If the volatile matter in the explosive exceed 0.5 per cent the sifted material should be dried at a temperature not exceeding 140° Fahr. until the proportion does not exceed 0.5 per cent.

After each sample has been ground, the mill must be taken to pieces and carefully cleaned.

* For explosives supplied for His Majesty's Military and Naval Services the temperature is fixed by the War Office at 180°.

† This can be readily effected by carefully working the two materials together with a wooden pestle in a wooden mortar.

‡ The French chalk should be of good commercial quality, and, after being carefully washed with distilled water and dried in a water oven, it should be exposed under a bell jar to moist air until it has taken up about 0.5 per cent of moisture. It should then be bottled for use, and with ordinary care the limits of 0.5 per cent can be maintained in keeping.

§ In the Waltham Abbey apparatus the cover (Fig 11) has all the holes round the circumference instead of having one in the centre and three around the circumference.

¶ A nest of two sieves with the holes drilled in sheet copper. The holes in the top sieve have a diameter = 14 B. W. G., those in the second = 21 B. W. G.

If too hard for the mill, it may be softened by exposure to the vapour of acetone, or reduced to the necessary degree of sub-division by means of a sharp moderately coarse rasp. Should it have become too soft in the acetone vapour for the mill, it should be cut up into small pieces which may be brought to any desired degree of hardness by simple exposure to air.

Explosives which consist partly of gelatinized collodion cotton and partly of ungelatinized gun-cotton are best reduced to powder by a rasp, or softened by exposure to mixed ether and alcohol vapour at a temperature of 90° to 100° Fahr.

3. Application of the Test.

The thermometer is fixed so as to be inserted through the lid of the water bath described under paragraph 1, so as to be immersed in the water to a depth of $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches. The water is maintained at a constant temperature of 180° Fahr. When this temperature is reached, 25 grains of the sifted cordite are put into one of the test-tubes, and collected at the bottom by gentle tapping. A test paper is fixed on to the hook of the glass rod, so that when inserted into the tube it will be in a vertical position. A mixture of equal parts of distilled water and pure glycerine (Price's) is now applied to the upper edge of the test paper by means of a camel's-hair pencil, in sufficient amount to moisten the upper half; the stopper carrying the rod and paper is fixed into the test-tube and the position of the paper adjusted so that its lower edge is about half-way down the tube; the latter is then inserted through one of the perforations of the cover to the same depth as the thermometer. The lower margin of the moistened part of the paper should then be about five-eighths of an inch above the surface of the cover. The test is completed when the faint brown line, which after a time makes its appearance at the margin between the wet and dry portions of the test-paper, equals in depth of tint the brown line drawn on the standard tint paper.

4. The time which elapses between the insertion of the test tube and the completion of the test must not be less than 15 minutes.

N.B.—In the case of ballistite the treatment is the same except that when it is in a very finely granulated condition it need not be cut up.

III.—Testing Gun-cotton, Schultz's Gun Powder, E. C Powder, and other explosives, of the 2nd Division of the Nitro-compound Class.

A.—COMPRESSED NITRO-CELLULOSE, TONITE, ETC., ETC.

Sufficient material to serve for two or more tests is removed from the centre of the cartridge by gentle scraping, and, if necessary, further reduced by rubbing through a sieve with a clean hard brush.

The fine powder thus produced is spread out in a thin layer upon a paper tray 6 inches by $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches which is then placed inside a water oven, kept, as nearly as possible, at 120° Fahr.

The wire gauze shelves in the oven should be about 3 inches apart. The sample is allowed to remain at rest for 15 minutes in the oven, the door of which is left wide open.

After the lapse of 15 minutes the tray is removed and exposed to the air of the room for two hours, the sample being at some point within that time rubbed upon the tray with a brush in order to reduce it to a fine and uniform state of division.

Application of the Test.

The cover of the water bath is fitted with the gas regulator which is inserted through the centre (hole No 4). The thermometer is fixed into hole No 3. The water in the bath is then heated to 170° Fahr, and the regulator set to maintain that temperature. Twenty grains of the sample to be tested are weighed out, placed in the test-tube, and gently pressed down until the specimen occupies a space of not more than $1\frac{1}{8}$ inches in a test-tube of the dimensions specified. A test-paper is affixed to the hook of the glass rod or tube, and moistened by touching the upper edge with a drop of distilled water containing 50 per cent. of Price's glycerine. The quantity of liquid used must be only sufficient to moisten about half of the paper. The cork carrying the rod and test-paper is then fixed into the test-tube, and the latter inserted into the bath to a depth of $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches, measured from the cover, the regulator and thermometer being inserted to the same depth. The test-paper is to be kept near the top of the test tube, but clear of the cork, until the tube has been immersed for about five minutes. A ring of moisture will about this time be deposited upon the sides of the test-tube a little above the cover of the bath; the glass rod must then be lowered until the lower margin of the moistened part of the paper is on a level with the bottom of the ring of moisture in the tube: the paper is now closely watched. The test is complete when the faint brown line which makes its appearance at the line of boundary between the dry and moist parts of the paper, equals in tint the brown line of the standard tint paper.

The interval of time between the first insertion of the tube containing the sample of gun-cotton in the water at 170° and the production of the standard tint constitutes the test, and this interval of time must be *not less* than 10 minutes, or the sample will not be considered to have satisfied the test.

B.—GELATINIZED AND SEMI-GELATINIZED NITRO-CELLULOSE PREPARATIONS *

Twenty-five grains introduced into the test-tube * of the dimensions prescribed for the dynamite heat test, then proceed as for blasting gelatine, etc, taking the temperature at 180° Fahr., and the time as 15 minutes.

* If in a compressed form it should be broken up in the same manner as cordite and ballistite

C.—NITRO-CELLULOSE NOT INCLUDED IN A. OR B. SCHULTZ'S POWDER, E. C. POWDER, ETC, ETC.

Sufficient of the sample, without further mechanical division, is dried in the oven as above and then exposed for two hours to the air. The test as directed above for compressed nitro-cellulose, etc., is then applied, the minimum duration of test being the same, *vis*, 10 minutes.

D.—PICRIC ACID.

(1) The material shall contain not more than 0.3 part of mineral or non-combustible matter in 100 parts by weight of the material dried at 180° Fahr.

(2) It should not contain more than a minute trace of lead.

(3) One hundred parts of the dry material shall not contain more than 0.3 part of *total* (free and combined) sulphuric acid, of which not more than 0.1 part shall be *free* sulphuric acid.

(4) Its melting point should be between 215° and 253° Fahr.

E.—AMMONITE, BENITE, ROBURITE, AND EXPLOSIVES OF SIMILAR COMPOSITION.

These are required to stand the same heat test as compressed nitro-cellulose.

IV.—Testing Chlorate-Mixtures.

The material must not be too sensitive* and must show no tendency to increase in sensitivity on keeping.

The material must contain nothing liable to reduce the chlorate.

Chlorides calculated as potassium chloride must not exceed 0.25 per cent.

The material must contain no free acid, or substance liable to produce free acid.

Explosives of this class containing nitro-compounds will be subject to the heat test as if they belonged to Class III.

V.—Testing Ammunition (Divisions 2 and 3).

Any explosive made up into ammunition (other than Division 1), for which a test is provided in the schedule, is to be tested as if not so made up.

APPENDIX.

Exudation and Liquefaction Test for Blasting Gelatine, Gelatine Dynamite and analogous Preparations.

TEST FOR LIQUEFACTION.

A cylinder of blasting gelatine is to be cut from the cartridge to be tested, the length of the cylinder to be about equal to its diameter and the ends being cut flat.

The cylinder is to be placed on end on a flat surface without any wrapper, and secured by a pin passing vertically through its centre.

In this condition the cylinder is to be exposed for one hundred and forty-four (144) consecutive hours (six days and nights) to a temperature ranging from 85° to 90° Fahr. (inclusive), and during such exposure the cylinder shall not diminish in height by more than one-fourth of its original height, and the upper cut surface shall retain its flatness and the sharpness of its edge.

Note—If the blasting gelatine and the gelatine dynamite to be tested be not made up in a cylindrical form the above test is to be applied with the necessary modifications.

TEST FOR LIABILITY TO EXUDATION.

There shall be no separation from the general mass of the blasting gelatine or gelatine dynamite of a substance of less consistency than the bulk of the remaining portion of the materials under any conditions of storage, transport, or use, or when the material is subjected three times in succession to alternate freezing and thawing, or when subjected to the liquefaction test hereinbefore described.

* They will be considered too sensitive if they can be exploded however partially by means of a glancing blow with a broomstick on soft wood (such as deal).

SCHEDULE II.

Licences (vide rule 49).

Number.	Form of Licence. (See Schedule III).	Purpose for which granted.	Kinds and maximum quantities of explosives for which granted.	Authority entitled to grant licence.	Fee.	Period for which licence is valid.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<i>Importation.</i>						
1	1	To import by land	Any authorised explosives in any quantity.	The District authority of the district or town to which the explosives are consigned.	Rs. 10.	Such period as the licensing authority deems necessary.
2	2	For the general transport of explosives required for blasting purposes by a holder of a licence in Form F, Form J or Form K, from the place of storage or the magazine as the case may be to such place or places as the licensing authority may specify.	Any explosive in any quantity.	The District authority of the district or town from which the explosive is to be transported	Free of charge	One year from the issue of the licence or such less period as the licensing authority may prescribe.
<i>Manufacture, Possession and Sale.</i>						
3	A	To manufacture, possess and sell at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.	(i) Two hundred pounds in all of gunpowder, and small-arm nitro-compound, together with any quantity of explosives contained in ammunition (Division 1), or (ii) Two hundred pounds of manufactured fireworks, or	The District authority.	Rs. Covering the maximum quantity of explosives allowed or any less quantity exceeding one-half such maximum 20 Covering half such maximum or any less quantity exceeding one-fourth 10 Covering one-fourth such maximum or any less quantity. 5	Up till the 31st day of December of the year for which the licence is issued.
4	B	To possess and sell at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.	(iii) Sixty pounds in all of gunpowder, small arm nitro-compounds and manufactured fireworks, together with any quantity of explosives contained in ammunition (Division 1), or (iv) Any such less quantity of any of the said explosives as the licensing authority may think fit to specify in the licence.		Covering the maximum quantity of explosives allowed or any less quantity exceeding one-half such maximum 10 Covering half such maximum or any less quantity exceeding one-fourth 5 Covering one-fourth such maximum or any less quantity 2-8	
5	C	To possess at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.			Annas 8	
6	D	To manufacture, possess and sell or to possess and sell or to possess (in a village or other rural area) at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.	Two hundred pounds of manufactured fireworks and their ingredients or any such less quantity as the licensing authority may think fit to specify in the licence		Half the fees chargeable on the same explosive in the same quantity in Articles 3 and 4 respectively. If the licence is for possession only the same fee as in Article 5.	
7	E	To possess (granted to contractors, cultivators and other persons only when the explosives are proved to the satisfaction of the licensing officer to be required <i>bona-fide</i> for blasting purposes).	One hundred pounds of gunpowder, ten pounds of other explosives and one hundred detonators.	The District authority.		
8	F		One hundred pounds of gunpowder.	The District authority or any Magistrate of first class or any Magistrate of the 2nd class specially authorised by the District Magistrate in this behalf.	Free of charge.	

Number.	Form of License, (See Schedule III).	Purpose for which granted.	Kinds and maximum quantities of explosives for which granted.	Authority entitled to grant license	Fee	Period for which license is valid.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
9	Such Form as the Governor-General in Council may prescribe.	To manufacture [in cases not provided for in Articles (8) and (6)].	Any explosive in any quantity.	The Governor-General in Council	Such fee as the Governor-General in Council may prescribe.	Up till the 31st day of December of the year for which the license is issued.
10		To possess . . .	Fulminates . . .			
11		F To possess [in cases not provided for in Articles (4), (5), (6) (7) or (8)] at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority	Any explosive (not being a fulminate) in any quantity not exceeding sixty pounds).	The District authority	Rs 5	
12		J To possess [in cases not provided for in Articles (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) or (11)] in a magazine.	Any explosive (not being a fulminate) in any quantity	The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana or such officer as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may authorize in this behalf	Rs 15	
13		J To possess in and sell in cases not provided for in Articles (4) or (6) from a magazine	Any explosive (not being a fulminate) in any quantity		Rs 20	
14		K To possess (temporarily) in a floating magazine.	Any explosive (not being a fulminate) in any quantity	The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana	Rs 20	Six months from the issue of the license or such less period as the licensing authority may prescribe.
15		L To the holder of a licenses to possess any explosive to sell such explosive	Any explosive in any quantity			
16		L To sell from a magazine in connection with which a license has been granted under Article (12) or (13).	Gunpowder, or small arm nitro compound or ammunition (Division I) or fireworks in any quantity	The District authority	Rs 5.	Up till the 31st day of December of the year for which the license is issued.

SCHEDULE III.

PREScribed FORMS.

FORM 1

(Article I of Schedule II)

[FLL—TIN RUFFS IN STAMPS.]

License to import Explosives.

Name, etc., and address of license-holder	Number of packages.	EXPORTER			Purpose for which required	Destination	Period for which the license is valid
		Description	Weight	Number.			From _____ _____ to the _____ of _____ _____ 191 _____

The _____ of _____

(Signature)

— of —

191 .

Conditions.

1. This license is given subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and [IV of 1884] the rules thereunder

2. This license shall become void after expiry of the period named thereon.

3. On the outside of each package there shall be affixed in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely attached label or mark the word "Explosive," followed by the name of the explosives or other description of the contents and the name and address of the owners or senders.

FORM 2.

(Article 2 of Schedule II.)

[FREE OF CHARGE.]

General license to transport Explosives required for blasting purposes.

(To be granted to holders of licenses in Forms F, J or K contained in schedule III to the Indian Explosives Rules, 1911.)

A general license is hereby granted to _____

to transport explosives required for blasting purposes from _____

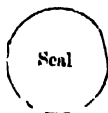
to the places *specified below, subject to the conditions hereinafter contained.

*Places of destination _____

The license shall continue in force till the _____

The _____ 191 _____

(Signature)

*Conditions of license.*

1. The license is subject to the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and to the rules made thereunder. [IV of 1884]

2. It becomes void on the expiration of the term mentioned, or if a consignment breaks bulk before reaching the place of destination, or if the explosive is taken from or to any place other than the places mentioned in the license

3. It authorises the licensee to deliver consignments of explosives required for blasting purposes from and to the places specified in the license: provided—

(i) that the consignee has taken out a license for the possession of such explosives under the Indian Explosives Act, 1884; [IV of 1884]

(ii) that the quantity of explosives despatched to any consignee is not in excess of the quantity which such consignee is entitled to possess;

(iii) that each consignment of explosives is covered by a pass in the form appended hereto; and that (when the explosives are transported by rail) such pass shall be attached to the way-bill or invoice (as the case may be);

(iv) that a copy of the pass issued with each consignment is forthwith sent to the authority granting the license and (in cases where the explosives are being transported to a place beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of such authority) also to the Magistrate of the District to which the explosives are consigned.

(v) that any loss, shortage or theft of explosives in transit is reported without delay to the licensing authority and to the police station in the jurisdiction of which the loss, shortage or theft is discovered

FORM OF PASS.

[See condition 3 (iii) of License]

Pass granted by the holder of General Transport License (Explosives) No _____ for the transport of a consignment of explosives required for blasting purposes

No. _____

This pass covers _____ packages containing (Description of explosives and weight)

while in transit from _____ to _____

Name of consignee _____

No. of consignee's license to possess explosives _____

Date of despatch of consignment _____

Approximate date on which consignment should reach its destination _____

(Signed) _____

Holder of General Transport License No. _____

FORM A.

(Article 3 of Schedule II.)

[FEE RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to manufacture, possess and sell gunpowder, or small-arm nitro-compound, or an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class, or (elsewhere than in villages or other rural areas) an explosive of the 7th (Firework) Class.

[Granted by the District Magistrate]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Place of business, factory or shop	Maximum quantity of explosive to be possessed at any one time	Description and quantity of explosive to be manufactured during the year	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed and sold during the year.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5	6
					The 31st December 191 .

____ Town or District,
____ 191 .

Seal

(Signature.)

of _____

(Conditions.)

[IV of 1884]

1. The license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such form as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana may from time to time direct.

3. The licensee shall exhibit his stock and his books and records of manufacture and sales to any Magistrate or to any Police Officer duly empowered in this behalf, whenever such Magistrate or officer may call upon him so to do.

Provided that where the license extends only to the manufacture, possession and sale of manufactured fireworks and the quantity permitted to be kept at one time does not exceed fifty pounds the licensee shall not be required to keep or exhibit records or accounts of the same.

4. (1) The explosive shall be manufactured in a tent or lightly constructed building exclusively appropriated for the purpose and separated from any dwelling-house, highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place by the distance—

(a) in the case of gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, of one hundred yards, or

(b) in the case of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class, or of the 7th (Firework) Class, of fifty yards.

(2) In the case of filling cartridges for small-arms the operation may, if preferred, be carried out in the upper room of a building to which the conditions in clause (1) as to distance need not apply:

Provided that no more than five pounds of explosive (except such as may be contained in safety cartridges) shall be in the room where the operation is being carried on.

(3) In all other cases the manufacture shall be carried on in a one-storeyed building.

5. The number of persons employed at any one time in manufacture in any one building or room shall not exceed six and only persons actually manufacturing or superintending manufacture shall be allowed inside the place of manufacture.

6. No iron or steel implements shall be used in manufacture. Only copper, gun-metal or wooden tools are permissible.

7. All explosives, as manufactured, shall be removed without delay to a safe place of storage, and no explosive shall be allowed to accumulate in the place of manufacture.

8. Manufacture shall only be carried on between sunrise and sunset.

9. No smoking or lights shall be allowed in or near a room where explosives are being manufactured.

10. All sales of explosives under this license must be effected on the premises shown on the face of the license.

11. An explosive shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of fourteen years, nor shall any child under that age be employed in manufacture.

12. (1) The explosives possessed by the licensee shall be kept in one or other or both of the following modes:—

Mode A, that is to say, in a building or excavation, which is detached from any dwelling-house, and is separated by the distances prescribed in condition No. 4* from any

* These distances may be reduced to one-half when the building is surrounded by a traverse as high as the eaves of the building.

highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without, and is exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives: and

(a) such a building must be substantially constructed of brick, stone or concrete, or must be a securely constructed fireproof safe;

(b) such an excavation must be formed in solid rock, or earth, or in mine refuse not liable to ignition, and must not open into, from or out of any mine, quarry, tunnel or underground place which is in use for the carrying on of any work or for the employment of any person.

Mode B, that is to say, in a substantial receptacle (whether or not a fireproof safe) which is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives, and is placed inside a dwelling-house, or inside a building which is not itself qualified for the keeping of explosives in Mode A:

Provided that a fireproof safe shall not be used for the keeping of any explosive other than gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound and cartridges of the 2nd Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class (not containing their own means of ignition) and made with gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, such as cartridges or charges for cannon or blasting purposes.

13. The maximum quantity of explosives allowed to be kept at the same time shall be the following:—

(1) if the only explosive kept be one or more of the following, namely:—

- (a) gunpowder;
- (b) small-arm nitro-compound; or
- (c) ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class,

the maximum shall be—

	In Mode A. lbs.	In Mode B lbs.
gunpowder and small arm nitro-compound, in all	Two hundred.	Fifty.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

(2) if the only explosive kept be manufactured fireworks, the maximum shall be—

manufactured fireworks	Two hundred.	Fifty.
----------------------------------	--------------	--------

(3) in any other case the maximum shall be—

mixed explosives, including gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and manufac- tured fireworks, etc, in all	Sixty.	Fifteen
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

Provided that in each of the three cases abovementioned the aggregate quantity kept on the premises in Mode A and Mode B together may not in any case exceed the maximum quantity which may be kept in Mode A.

14. With respect to a building or excavation used in Mode A, and a receptacle used in Mode B—

(a) the interior thereof, and the shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed, or so lined and covered, as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel, or the detaching of any grit, iron or steel or similar substance, in such manner as to come into contact with the explosive;

and such interior, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean;

(b) in the case of any explosive being possessed which is liable to be dangerously effected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water therefrom;

(c) all articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature, and all lights, shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive, and from any room or part of a building, excavation or receptacle containing the same, and

(d) no person in any such room or part of a building or any such excavation, or any such receptacle, shall have any iron or steel in his possession or attached to or on his boots or shoes:

Provided that this condition, so far as it relates to the exposure of iron or steel or similar substances, shall not be obligatory in the case where no explosive is kept other than ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class.

15. Any quantity exceeding five pounds of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class or of the 2nd Division of the 7th (Firework) Class, and of any other explosive exceeding one pound, shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping;

and, when publicly exposed for sale or when sold, the outermost receptacle containing such explosives shall have affixed the name of the explosives in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely-attached label or other mark:

Provided that two samples of each kind of firework may be exposed for sale without complying with the foregoing clauses of this condition, if such samples be placed in such a position that no light or fire is, or is likely to be, brought near them.

16. (1) Explosives of different descriptions which may be kept under this license, shall be separated by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other :

(2) Provided as follows :—

- (a) Gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
- (b) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
- (c) the various explosives of the 7th (Firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space.

17. A similar endorsement shall be made upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under the Explosives Act for the possession of explosives.

FORM B.

(Article 4 of Schedule II.)

[FEE RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to possess and sell gunpowder, or small-arm nitro-compound, or an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class or (elsewhere than in villages or other rural areas) an explosive of the 7th (Firework) Class.

[Granted by the District Magistrate.]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Place of business, factory or shop	Maximum quantity of explosive to be possessed at any one time.	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed and sold during the year.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5
				The 31st December 191

_____ Town or District, }  Signature.
 _____ 191 . } _____ of _____

Conditions.

[IV of 1884]

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock and of all sales, in such form as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana may from time to time direct.

3. The licensee shall exhibit his stock and his books and records of sales to any Magistrate or to any Police Officer duly empowered in this behalf, whenever such Magistrate or officer may call upon him so to do :

Provided that where the license extends only to the possession and sale of manufactured fireworks and the quantity permitted to be kept at one time does not exceed fifty pounds, the licensee shall not be required to keep or exhibit records or accounts of the same.

4. All sales of explosives under this license must be effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license

5. An explosive shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of fourteen years.

6. (1) The explosives possessed by the licensee shall be kept in one or other or both of the following modes :—

Mode A, that is to say, in a building or excavation, which is detached from any dwelling house, and is separated by the prescribed distances* from any highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without, and is exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives ; and

(a) such a building must be substantially constructed of brick, stone or concrete, or must be a securely constructed fireproof safe ; and

* in the case of gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, one hundred yards.

In the case of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class or of the 7th (Firework) Class, fifty yards :

Provided that these distances may be reduced to one-half when the building is surrounded by a traverse as high as the eaves of the building.

- (b) such an excavation must be formed in solid rock or earth or in mine refuse not liable to ignition, and must not open into, from or out of any mine, quarry, tunnel or underground place which is in use for the carrying on of any work or for the employment of any person.

Mode B, that is to say, in a substantial receptacle (whether or not a fireproof safe) which is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives, and is placed inside a dwelling-house or inside a building which is not itself qualified for the keeping of explosives in Mode A:

Provided that a fireproof safe shall not be used for the keeping of any explosive other than gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound and cartridges of the 2nd Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class (not containing their own means of ignition) and made with gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, such as cartridges or charges for cannon or blasting purposes.

7. The maximum quantity of explosives allowed to be kept at the same time shall be the following:—

- (1) if the only explosive kept be one or more of the following, namely:—

- (a) gunpowder,
(b) small-arm nitro-compound, or
(c) ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class,
the maximum shall be—

	In Mode A. lbs.	In Mode B. lbs.
gunpowder and small-arm nitro-compound, in all	Two hundred.	Fifty.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

- (2) if the only explosive kept be manufactured fireworks,
the maximum shall be—

manufactured fireworks	Two hundred.	Fifty.
----------------------------------	--------------	--------

- (3) in any other case the maximum shall be—

mixed explosives, including gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and manufactured fireworks, etc., in all	Sixty	Fifteen.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

Provided that in each of the three cases above-mentioned the aggregate quantity kept on the premises in Mode A and Mode B together may not in any case exceed the maximum quantity which may be kept in Mode A.

8. With respect to a building or excavation used in Mode A, and a receptacle used in Mode B—

(a) the interior thereof, and the shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed or so lined and covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel, or the detaching of any grit, iron or steel or similar substance, in such manner as to come into contact with the explosives;

and such interior, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean;

(b) in the case of any explosive being possessed which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water therefrom;

(c) all articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature, and all lights, shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive, and from any room or part of a building, excavation or receptacle containing the same; and

(d) no person in any such room or part of a building, or any such excavation or any such receptacle, shall have any iron or steel in his possession, or attached to or on his boots or shoes:

Provided that this condition, so far as it relates to the exposure of iron or steel or similar substances, shall not be obligatory in the case where no explosive is kept other than ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class.

9. Any quantity exceeding five pounds of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class or of the 2nd Division of the 7th (Firework) Class and of any other explosive exceeding one pound shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping;

and when publicly exposed for sale or sold, the outermost receptacle containing such explosives shall have affixed the name of the explosives in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely-attached label or other mark:

Provided that two samples of each kind of firework may be exposed for sale without complying with the foregoing clauses of this condition, if such samples be placed in such a position that no light or fire is, or is likely to be, brought near them.

10. (1) Explosives of different descriptions which may be kept under this license shall be separated by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other:

(2) Provided as follows:—

- (a) gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
- (b) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
- (c) the various explosives of the 7th (Firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space

[IV of 1884]

11. A similar endorsement shall be made upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under the Indian Explosives Act, 1881, for the possession of explosives.

FORM C.

(Article 5 of Schedule 11.)

[FEE—EIGHT ANNAS IN STAMPS.]

License to possess gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, or an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class, or (elsewhere than in villages or other rural areas) an explosive of the 7th (Firework) Class.

[Granted by the District Magistrate]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed during the year.	Place with full details where explosive is to be possessed	Maximum quantity of explosive to be kept at any one time.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5
				The 31st December 191 .

— Town or District,

(Signature.)

191

Seal

of

Conditions

[IV of 1884.]

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock, in such form as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may from time to time direct

3. The licensee shall exhibit his stock and his books and records to any Magistrate or to any Police Officer duly empowered in this behalf, whenever such Magistrate or officer may call upon him so to do :

Provided that where the license extends only to the possession of manufactured fireworks and the quantity permitted to be kept at one time does not exceed 50 pounds, the licensee shall not be required to keep or exhibit records or accounts of the same.

1. (1) The explosives possessed by the licensee shall be kept in one or other or both of the following modes : —

Mode A, that is to say in a building or excavation, which is detached from any dwelling-house, and is separated by the prescribed distances* from any highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without, and is exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives ; and

(a) such a building must be substantially constructed of brick, stone or concrete, or must be a securely constructed fireproof safe ; and

* In the case of gunpowder or small-arm nitro compound, one hundred yards.

In the case of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class or of the 7th (Firework) Class, fifty yards

Provided that these distances may be reduced to one-half when the building is surrounded by a traverse as high as the eaves of the building.

- (b) such an excavation must be formed in solid rock, or earth, or in mine refuse not liable to ignition, and must not open into, from or out of any mine, quarry, tunnel or underground place, which is in use for the carrying on of any work, or for the employment of any person.

Mode B, that is to say, in a substantial receptacle (whether or not a fireproof safe) which is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives and is placed inside a dwelling-house, or inside a building which is not itself qualified for the keeping of explosives in Mode A :

Provided that a fireproof safe shall not be used for the keeping of any explosive other than gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound and cartridges of the second Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class (not containing their own means of ignition) and made with gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, such as cartridges or charges for cannon or blasting purposes.

5. The maximum quantity of explosives allowed to be kept at the same time shall be the following, namely :—

- (1) if the only explosive kept be one or more of the following, namely :—

- (a) gunpowder,
(b) small-arm nitro-compound, or
(c) ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class,
the maximum shall be—

	In Mode A lbs.	In Mode B lbs.
gunpowder, and small-arm nitro-compound, in all	Two hundred.	Fifty.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class . . .	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

- (2) if the only explosive kept be manufactured fireworks, the maximum shall be—

manufactured fireworks . . .	Two hundred.	Fifty.
------------------------------	--------------	--------

- (3) in any other case the maximum shall be—

mixed explosives, including gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and manufactured fireworks, etc, in all . . .	Sixty.	Fifteen.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class . . .	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

Provided that in each of the three cases above-mentioned the aggregate quantity kept on the premises in Mode A and Mode B together may not in any case exceed the maximum quantity which may be kept in Mode A.

6. With respect to a building or excavation used in Mode A, and a receptacle used in Mode B—

(a) the interior thereof, and the shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed, or so lined and covered, as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel, or the detaching, of any grit, iron or steel, or similar substance, in such manner as to come into contact with the explosive ;

and such interior, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean ;

(b) in the case of any explosive being possessed which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water therefrom ;

(c) all articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature, and all lights, shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive, and from any room or part of a building, excavation, or receptacle containing the same ; and

(d) no person in any such room or part of a building, or any such excavation, or any such receptacle, shall have any iron or steel in his possession, or attached to or on his boots or shoes :

Provided that this condition, so far as it relates to the exposure of iron or steel or similar substances shall not be obligatory in the case where no explosive is kept other than ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class.

7. Any quantity exceeding five pounds of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class or of the 2nd Division of the 7th (firework) Class, and of any other explosive exceeding one pound, shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister, or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping.

8. (1) Explosives of different descriptions which may be kept under this license shall be separated by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other ;

(2) Provided as follows:—

- (a) gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and safety fuses belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;
- (b) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;
- (c) the various explosives of the 7th (firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space.

9. The licensee shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases, and under the vendor's signature namely:—

- (a) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;
- (b) the nature and amount of the articles purchased; and
- (c) the date of purchase

FORM D.

(Article 6 of Schedule II.)

[FEE— RUPEE IN STAMPS.]

License to manufacture, possess and sell, or to possess and sell, or to possess, fireworks and their ingredients in a village or other rural area.

(Granted by the District Magistrate.)

Name, etc., of licensee, and place of residence	Place of business, factory or shop	Maximum quantity of fire works and their ingredients to be possessed at any one time	Description and quantity of fire-works and their ingredients to be manufactured during the year.	Description and quantity of fire-works to be possessed and sold during the year.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5	6
					The 31st Decem- ber 191 .

_____ District, }
_____ 191 . }



(Signature)

_____ of _____

Conditions.

[IV of 1884]

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all fireworks manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such form as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana may from time to time direct.

3. The licensee shall exhibit his stock and his books of manufacture and sales to any Magistrate or to any Police Officer duly empowered in this behalf, whenever such Magistrate or officer may call upon him so to do:

Provided that where the license extends only to the manufacture, possession and sale of manufactured fireworks and the quantity permitted to be kept at one time does not exceed fifty pounds, the licensee shall not be required to keep or exhibit records or accounts of the same.

4. Fireworks shall be manufactured in such place only as may be approved by the District Magistrate, due regard being had to the public safety.

5. All sales of fireworks under this license must be effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license.

6. Fireworks shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of fourteen years nor shall any child under that age be employed in manufacture.

7. The manufactured fireworks possessed by the licensee must be kept in a building approved by the District Magistrate, due regard being had to the public safety:

Provided that any quantity not exceeding fifty pounds may be kept inside any other building, if placed in a receptacle exclusively appropriated to the keeping of fireworks.

8. The maximum quantity of fireworks allowed to be kept at the same time is two hundred pounds and that of ingredients not more than is necessary for the manufacture of the quantity of fireworks specified in Column. 4.

FORM E.

(Articles 7 and 8 of Schedule II.)

[FREE OF CHARGE.]

License to possess gunpowder or other explosives required bonâ fide for blasting purposes

[Granted by the District Magistrate. If gunpowder only is to be possessed, the license may be granted by any Magistrate of the 1st class or by a Magistrate of the 2nd class specially authorised by the District Magistrate in this behalf.]

Name, etc., of licensee, and place of residence.	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed during the year.	Place, with full details, where explosive is to be possessed	Maximum quantity of explosive (not exceeding 100 lbs. gunpowder and 10 lbs. of other explosives and 100 detonators) to be kept at any one time.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5
				The 31st of December 191 .

_____ District, }
 _____ 191 . }



(Signature)

_____ of _____

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, [IV of 1884.] and the rules thereunder.

2. The explosives shall be kept in a substantially constructed unflammable building approved by such officer as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may prescribe, or in a fire-proof safe separated from any dwelling-house, highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place by a distance of 50 yards and made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and to secure it from danger from without :

Provided that 50 lbs. of gunpowder may be kept inside a dwelling-house or in any building other than as last aforesaid in a receptacle exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives.

3. All articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive and from any room or part of a building, fireproof safe, or receptacle containing the same, and no person entering such room or part of any building or such safe or receptacle shall have any iron or steel in his possession or attached to or on his boots or shoes.

4. Neither the building exclusively appropriated for the purpose of keeping the explosive, nor the fireproof safe or receptacle referred to above shall have any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof :

Provided that this condition shall not be obligatory in a building, fireproof safe, or receptacle in which no explosive other than an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.

5. Gunpowder or other explosives exceeding one pound in quantity shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping.

6. The licensee shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases and under the vendor's signature :--

(a) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased ;

(b) the nature and amount of the articles purchased ; and

(c) the date of purchase.

7. All losses, shortage of stock or thefts of explosives, shall be reported without delay to the nearest police-station.

FORM F.

(Article 12 of Schedule II.)

[FEE—FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to possess explosives generally (other than fulminates).

[Granted by the District Magistrate.]

Name, etc., of licensee, and place of residence.	Place of business or shop.	Description of explosive.	Maximum quantity of explosive (not exceeding sixty pounds) to be possessed at any one time.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5
				The 31st December 191 .

_____ Town or District, } (Signature)
 _____ 191 . } Seal. _____ of _____

Conditions

[IV of 1884.]

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock and of all issues in such form as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana may from time to time direct.

3. The explosive shall be kept in a substantially constructed building which is exclusively appropriated for the purpose, and is detached from any dwelling-house, and is situated at a safe distance from any highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without.

4. The doors of the building shall open outwards and shall be faced on the outside with iron plating a quarter of an inch thick. They shall be closed by means of a lock or bolt on the inner side of such make or design as shall be approved by the licensing authority, and so placed that it shall be inaccessible from the outside except by means of its own key. The lock or bolt shall be made of some metal other than iron or steel.

5. All windows in the building shall be closed by shutters which open outwards but which cannot be open from outside. The shutters shall be faced on the outside with iron plating a quarter of an inch thick.

6. All articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosives and from any building or receptacle containing the same.

7. No building exclusively appropriated for the purpose of keeping the explosives, and no receptacle in which the explosives are kept, shall have any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof.

8. All explosives exceeding one pound in quantity shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping.

9. Explosives of different descriptions which may be kept under this license shall be separated by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other.

10. The licensee shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases, and under the vendor's signature, namely:—

- (a) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;
- (b) the nature and amount of the articles purchased; and
- (c) the date of purchase.

11. All losses, shortage of stock or thefts of explosives shall be reported without delay to the nearest police-station.

FORM G.

[See rule 30.]

Form of application for a license for possession of explosives (other than fulminates) in and sale from, a Magazine.

The replies to be written in this column.

1. Applicant's Name
 " Calling
 " Address

NOTE.—In cases where the application is made on behalf of a company, the name, calling and address of the company, and the name of the manager or agents, should be given.

2. Situation of the proposed magazine—
 Within the limits of
 the Railway
 Station of Railway.

3. Explosive proposed to be stored—
 Class
 Division (if any)
 Name and description

NOTE.—The Class and Division (if any) stated should be in accordance with the classification in Chapter II.

4. Draft license containing the terms which the applicant proposes to have inserted, and specifying such of the matters stated below as are applicable.

NOTE.—A draft license must be attached to this application and must be accompanied by a plan of the proposed magazine and of the site, with the boundaries thereof drawn to scale.

The plan should also show the distance from the proposed magazine of the room (if any) to be used in connection therewith for the filling of cartridges for small-arms with explosives, in pursuance of rule 25 and of the workshop (if any) to be used in connection therewith for the adaptation or preparation of explosives, in pursuance of rule 26; and, if both a room and workshop are to be used, the distance of the room from the workshop.

The matters referred to above, and required (so far as applicable) to be specified, are as follows:—

- (a) the boundaries of the land forming the site of the magazine, and either any belt of land surrounding the site which is to be kept clear, and the buildings and works from which it is to be kept clear, or the distance to be maintained between the magazine or any part thereof and other buildings and works (for buildings and works here referred to, see 1st column of table of distances appended to these rules);
- (b) the situation, character and construction of all the mounds, buildings and works on or connected with the magazine, and the distances thereof from each other;
- (c) the nature of the work, if any, to be carried on in connection with the magazine and the place at which such work is to be carried on, and the places in the magazine at which explosives, and any articles liable to spontaneous ignition, or inflammable or otherwise dangerous, are to be kept;
- (d) the situation of each building forming part of the magazine in which the explosive is to be kept, and the maximum amount of explosive to be kept in each such building; and
- (e) any special terms which the applicant may propose by reason of any special circumstances arising from the locality, the situation or construction of any buildings or works, or the nature of any process or otherwise.

Remarks

(Signature of applicant) _____

(Postal address of applicant) _____

(Date of application) _____

FORM H.

[See rule 35.]

*Distances to be kept clear round a Magazine.**Distances from the Magazine proposed to be established within the limits of the Railway Station of Railway.*

To be kept clear * from the undermentioned buildings and works.

Buildings and Works.	Distances to be kept clear, not less than	Reply.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4
Room used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 25.	Yards.		
Workshop used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 26.†	"		
Private railway	"		
Highway or public footpath	"		
Open air public meeting place (such as a market)	"		
Canal or navigable water	"		
Dock	"		
River wall or sea wall	"		
Pier or jetty	"		
Reservoir or bunded tank	"		
Room or workshop in connection with another magazine, store or licensed premises.	"		
Any other room or workshop or any shop	"		
Any other explosive magazine, store for explosives	"		
Furnace, kiln or chimney	"		
Public railway	"		
Dwelling-house, with the consent, in writing, of the occupier.	"		
Dwelling-house, without such consent	"		
Factory not belonging to Government	"		
Church, chapel or hospital	"		
Public institution or building	"		
Government building	"		
Wireless Station	"		
Factory or magazine occupied by the Government of India or any Department under that Government with the consent, in writing, of the Government of India or such Department.	"		
Ditto, without such consent	"		
Viceregal Residence	Miles		

NOTE.—The applicant for the license should state in the third column whether he is able to observe the distances assigned in the second column, or not. In any case where he is unable to observe the full distance assigned, he should state what distance he can observe, and in the column of "Remarks" should set forth the grounds, if any, upon which he relies as justifying such reduction of distance, e.g., whether the magazine will be protected by mounds, or by natural features of the ground, or otherwise.

(Signature of applicant)_____

(Postal Address of applicant)_____

(Date)_____

* The distances will be required to be kept clear not merely on the first establishment of the magazine, but during the continuance of the license.

† This rule also applies to two or more magazines kept on the same premises, when such magazines—
 (1) belong to the same occupier, or
 (2) are so kept by mutual consent of the respective occupiers.

FORM I.

[See rule 86.]

Distances to be kept clear round a magazine.

*Distances to be maintained between the magazine and other buildings and works:—

From every	Not less than yards.
Room used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 25	.
Workshop used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 26†	.
Private railway	.
Highway or public footpath	.
Open air public meeting place (such as a market)	.
Canal or navigable water	.
Dock	.
River wall or sea wall	.
Pier or jetty	.
Reservoir or bunded tank	.
Room or workshop in connection with another magazine, store or licensed premises	.
Any other room or workshop, or any shop	.
Any other explosive magazine, or store for explosives	.
Furnace, kiln or chimney	.
Public railway	.
Dwelling-house, with the consent, in writing, of the occupier	.
Dwelling-house, without such consent	.
Factory not belonging to Government	.
Church, chapel or hospital	.
Public institution or building	.
Government building	.
Wireless station	.
Factory or magazine occupied by the Government of India, or any Department under that Government, with the consent, in writing, of the Government of India, or such Department	.
Ditto, without such consent	.
Viceroyal Residence	.

In the case of any building or work above-mentioned which is so screened from the magazine by the natural features of the ground or by good and sufficient artificial mounds of earth as not to be visible from any part of such magazine, the distance assigned above as that to be observed between such building or work and the magazine may be reduced by one-half.

In the case of any building or work above-mentioned which is so screened from the magazine by an intervening hill, that a line drawn from any part of such building or work to any part of such magazine would pass through such hill, the distance assigned by this schedule as that to be observed between such building and work and the magazine may be reduced by three-fourths, but if a Government Inspector notifies in writing that in his judgment the intervening hill, in respect of which such reduction is claimed, is not of a character to justify such reduction, this clause, authorising such reduction, shall be deemed not to apply in respect of the said building or work.

FORM J.

(Articles 12 and 13 of Schedule II.)

[FEE—FIFTEEN
TWENTY RUPEES IN STAMPS]

License to possess explosives (other than fulminates) in, and to sell explosives from, a magazine.

[Granted by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana or officer appointed by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana in this behalf]

Name of licensee, and residence.	Boundaries of the land forming the site of the magazine to which the license applies	Situation, character and construction of the buildings and works connected with the magazine	Description of explosives to be possessed	Amount of explosives to be possessed at the same time in the magazine and within the boundaries of the site thereof	Date on which license expires
1	2	3	4	5	
					The 31st December 191 .

191 .

Seal.

(Signature)

Secretary or

* The distances will be required to be kept clear not merely on the first establishment of the magazine, but during the continuance of the license.

† This rule also applies to two or more magazines kept on the same premises, when such magazines—

• (1) belong to the same occupier, or

• (2) are so kept by mutual consent of the respective occupiers.

Conditions.

[IV of 1884]

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.
2. All explosives must be kept in the magazine indicated in this license.
3. The magazine is not to be used until this license is endorsed by the District authority in accordance with rule 39.
4. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock and of all sales or issues in such form as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may from time to time direct.
5. There shall not be at the same time in the magazine any quantity of explosives exceeding the quantity specified in the license.
6. The magazine shall be used only for the keeping of the explosives specified in the license, and of receptacles for, or tools or implements for work connected with, the keeping of such explosives.
7. The interior of the magazine, and the benches, shelves, and fittings therein, shall be so constructed or so lined or covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel and the detaching of any grit, iron, steel or similar substances in such manner as to come into contact with the explosives; and such interior, benches, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean; and, in the case of any explosive being possessed which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water therefrom:
 Provided that so much of this condition as relates to precautions against the exposure of any iron or steel and the detaching of any grit, iron, steel or similar substances, shall not be obligatory in a building in which no explosive other than an explosive of the first Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.
8. The magazine shall have attached thereto an efficient lightning conductor, which shall be tested at least once during the currency of the license, and a certificate showing the result and date of the last test shall be hung up in a conspicuous place in the magazine.
9. Before repairs are done to any room or magazine or part thereof, the same shall, as far as is practicable, be cleaned by the removal of all explosives, or mixed ingredients thereof, and the thorough washing out of such room, magazine or part; and after such cleaning these conditions shall cease to apply to such room or part of the magazine until any explosive is again taken into it:
 Provided that this condition shall not be obligatory in a magazine in which no explosive other than an explosive of the first Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.
10. Except after such cleaning, all tools and implements used in, or in making any repairs to, any part of the magazine shall be made only of wood, copper or brass or some soft metal or material, or shall be covered with some safe and suitable material:
 Provided that this condition shall not be obligatory in a magazine in which no explosive other than an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.
11. Due provision shall be made, by the use of suitable working clothes without pockets, or of suitable shoes, or by searching or otherwise, or by some such means, for preventing the introduction into the magazine of fire, lucifer matches or any substance or article likely to cause explosion or fire, or of any grit, iron or steel; but this rule shall not prevent the introduction of an artificial light of such construction, position or character as not to cause any danger of fire or explosion:
 Provided that so much of this condition as applies to the exclusion of grit, iron or steel, shall not be obligatory in a building in which no explosive other than an explosive of the first Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.
12. No person shall smoke in any part of the magazine.
13. No person under the age of fourteen years shall be employed in or enter the magazine, except in the presence and under the supervision of some grown up person, and no explosive shall be sold to any such person.
14. (1) Two or more descriptions of explosives which may lawfully be possessed in a licensed magazine may be possessed in the same magazine if they are separated from each other by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other:
 (2) Provided as follows:—
 - (a) the various explosives of classes 1 (gunpowder), 2 (nitrate mixture), 3 (nitro-compound) and 4 (chlorate-mixture), safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, and such of the various explosives of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class as do not contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;
 - (b) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

- (a) such of the various explosives of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class as contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
- (d) the various explosives of the 3rd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ,
- (e) the various explosives of the 7th (firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space

(3) Save as aforesaid, two or more descriptions of explosives shall not be kept in the same magazine.

15. The licensee, and every person employed in or about the magazine, shall take all due precautions for the prevention of accidents by fire or explosion in the magazine, and for preventing unauthorised persons from having access to the magazine, or to the explosives therein, and shall abstain from any act whatever which tends to cause fire or explosion and is not reasonably necessary for the purpose of the work in such magazine.

16 (1) Blasting gelatine or any of its kindred gelatinous nitro-compounds shall not be kept in the magazine after the expiration of three years from the date of its, or their, importation into India, except with the special sanction of an Inspector of Explosives

(2) When such sanction has been given, a written certificate, showing the period covered by the sanction, must be obtained from an Inspector of Explosives at each inspection, and must be kept by the licensee at the magazine

17. The licensee shall, at his own expense, provide for the safe custody of the magazine, a guard which shall be of such strength as the District Magistrate may consider to be sufficient.

18. All losses, shortage of stock and thefts of explosives shall be reported without delay to the nearest police-station

FORM K

(Article 15 of Schedule II.)

[FEE—TWENTY RUPEES IN STAMPS]

License to possess explosives (other than fulminates) in a floating magazine

(Granted by the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana)

Name of licensee, and residence	Description of limits within which the magazine shall be moored or anchored	Situation, character and construction of the magazine	Description of explosives to be possessed	Amount of explosives to be possessed at the same time in the magazine	Date on which license expires.
1	2		4		6

(Signature)

191



Secretary.

Conditions

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, [IV of 1884] and the rules thereunder.

2. The whole vessel, barge or craft in or on board which the explosives are stored shall be deemed to constitute the magazine.

3. The magazine shall be used only for the keeping of such explosives as may be specified in the license, and of receptacles for, or tools or implements for work connected with, the keeping of such explosives.

4. The interior of the magazine, and the benches, shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed or so lined or covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel in such manner, and the detaching of any grit, iron, steel or similar substance in such manner, as to come into contact with the explosives in such magazine; and such interior, benches, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean.

5. The magazine shall have attached thereto an efficient lightning conductor, which shall be tested previous to the storage of explosives.

6. No charcoal, whether ground or otherwise, oiled cotton, oiled rags or oiled waste and no article whatever which is liable to spontaneous ignition, shall be taken into the magazine.

7. Before repairs are done to or in any part of the magazine, it shall, so far as practicable, be cleaned by the removal of all explosives, and by a thorough washing out. After being so cleaned, it shall not be deemed to be a magazine until explosives are again taken into it.

8. There shall be constantly kept in the magazine, affixed in such manner as to be easily read, a copy of the license, and of any special rules that may be issued from time to time for the keeping of explosives in a floating magazine.

9. All tools and implements used in any repairs to or in any part of the magazine shall be made only of wood or copper or brass or some soft metal or material, or shall be covered with some safe and suitable material.

10. No fires, lights or lucifer matches, and no substance or article which is likely to cause explosion or fire, shall be permitted to be at any time in the magazine.

11. Due provision shall be made, by the use of suitable working clothes without pockets, or of suitable shoes, or by searching or otherwise, or by some such means, for preventing the introduction into the magazine of fire, lucifer matches or any substance or article which is likely to cause explosion or fire; and for preventing the introduction of any grit, iron or steel into any part of the magazine where it would be likely to come into contact with explosives; and in any part of the magazine in which any explosive is kept which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water from such part; but this condition shall not prevent the introduction of an artificial light of such construction, position or character as not to cause any danger of fire or explosion; and so much of this condition as relates to the exclusion of grit, iron or steel shall not be obligatory in the case of a magazine in which no explosive other than explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.

12. No person shall smoke in any part of the magazine.

13. (1) The licensee shall not employ any vessel, barge or craft to carry an explosive to or from the magazine unless the cabin, hold or other part of the vessel, barge or craft in which the explosive is or is to be carried—

(a) is constructed without any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof,

(b) contains only explosives, and

(c) is closed or otherwise properly covered over:

Provided that clause (a) shall not apply in the case of any vessel, barge or craft which carries no explosive other than explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, or which is specially exempted by an order of the Chief Inspector of Explosives or by an order of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana endorsed on this license.

(2) The licensee shall see that the explosives to be placed on any vessel, barge or craft so employed are loaded, carried and unloaded with all due diligence and with such precautions and in such manner as will sufficiently guard against any accidental ignition.

14. The licensee shall see—

(a) that no fire, unprotected light or smoking is allowed while any explosive [other than explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class] is being received or delivered, or while the hatches or door of the magazine, or the hatches or coverings of any vessel, barge or craft alongside containing any such explosive, are open; and

(b) that no receipt or delivery of explosive is carried on, and that the hatches or door of the magazine are or is kept closed, when any vessel, barge or craft having on board a fire (other than engine-fires properly banked up) or an unprotected light is alongside a magazine containing an explosive other than explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class or in its immediate vicinity.

15. A person under the age of fourteen years shall not be employed in or enter the magazine, except in the presence and under the supervision of some grown-up person.

16. In the case of the magazine being approachable at low water by carriages, the words "vessel, barge, or craft," in Nos. 13 and 14 of these conditions, shall be taken to include a carriage.

17. (1) Two or more descriptions of explosives, which may lawfully be possessed in a licensed magazine, may be possessed in the same magazine, if they are separated from each other by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in one compartment from extending to another compartment :

(2) Provided as follows :—

- (a) the various explosives of Classes 1 (gunpowder), 2 (nitrate-mixture), 3 (nitro-compound) and 4 (chlorate-mixture), safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, and such of the various explosives of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, as do not contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
 - (b) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
 - (c) such of the various explosives of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class as contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
 - (d) the various explosives of the 3rd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;
 - (e) the various explosives of the 7th (firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space.
- (3) Save as aforesaid, two or more descriptions of explosives shall not be kept in the same magazine.

FORM L

(Articles 15 and 16 of Schedule II.)

[FEE—FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to sell explosives.

[Granted by the District Magistrate.]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Place of business or shop.	Description of explosives to be sold.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4
			The 31st December 191 .

_____ Town or District, } (Signature)
 _____ 191 . } Seal. _____ of _____

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana may from time to time direct.

3. Explosives shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of fourteen years.

4. All explosives exceeding one pound in weight, when publicly exposed for sale or sold, shall be in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping; and the outermost receptacle containing such explosives shall have affixed the name of the explosives, with the word "explosive" added thereto in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely attached label or other mark.

SCHEDULE IV.

REGULATIONS FOR PACKAGE OF EXPLOSIVES.

[See rule 63.]

Class	Method of packing.	Amount in any one outer package.	Amount in any one inner package.
Class 1	When the quantity in any one consignment does not exceed 5 lbs in amount, a single outer package; otherwise A double package, the inner and outer packages being as defined in rule 62.	100 lbs. Provided that where gunpowder and propellant are packed together the amount shall not exceed— 50 lbs.	100 lbs. 25 lbs.
Class 2	As for Class 1	50 lbs.	50 lbs.
Class 3, Division 1, other than propellants.	As for Class 1, provided that either the outer or inner package shall be thoroughly water-proof, and both shall be without metal in the construction thereof	50 lbs.	5 lbs.
Class 3, Division 1, propellants.	As for Class 1	50 lbs.	50 lbs.
Class 3, Division 2, other than Picric Acid and Wet Gun-cotton	As for Class 1	50 lbs.	50 lbs.
Picric Acid	As for Class 1	Unlimited.	Unlimited.
Gun-cotton so wetted with water as to be absolutely nonflammable.	As for Class 1, provided that the inner or outer package, or both of them, shall be of such a nature, and so closed, as to prevent any material loss of moisture during conveyance.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.
Class 1 Division 1	As for Class 3, Division 1 other than propellants	50 lbs.	5 lbs.
Class 4, Division 2	As for Class 1	50 lbs.	50 lbs.
Class 5	Packed in water. A triple package, the innermost package being a bag permeable to water, enclosed in a case containing sufficient water to ensure the explosive being kept constantly wet, and the outer package containing sufficient water constantly to surround the case. Both the case and the outer package shall be of such construction as will not allow water to escape. If the explosive is of such character that it cannot be packed in a thoroughly wet condition it shall be packed in accordance with conditions prescribed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives.	200 lbs.	25 lbs.
Class 6, Division 1, other than Pin fire cartridges for pistols.	A single outer package Provided that clause (2) of rule 62 shall not apply to explosives of this Division. Provided also that bulletted cartridges of a calibre exceeding 0.5 inch and belonging to this Division shall be packed in such a manner that the point of any bullet cannot come in contact with the cap of another cartridge.	Unlimited.	...
Pin-fire cartridges for pistols.	(a) Not exceeding 50 in number in any one consignment:—So packed in a single package that the bases lie alternately in opposite directions. The bases and pins shall be so fitted into perforations in millboard or other suitable material as to prevent the firing of any one of the said cartridges by an explosion in any other of the said cartridges. (b) Exceeding 50 in number —In an inner and outer package, the cartridges being packed in inner packages with millboard as above required.	50 in number. 2,500 in number.	..... 50 in number.

Class.	Method of packing.	Amount in any one outer package.	Amount in any one inner package.
Class 6, Division 2 .	Explosives made up into cartridges or charges for cannon, shells, torpedoes, mines, blasting or other like purposes shall be packed in such manner and in such quantity as is required for the same explosive when not so made up provided that, where a double package is required, the enclosing case of such cartridges or charges may, if it satisfies the conditions required for an inner package, be held to be such inner package.	.....	.....
	Other ammunition of this Division —A single outer package.	100 lbs.	... ..
Class 6, Division 3, other than Detonators and Electric Detonators.	As for Class 1 Provided that bulletted cartridges of a calibre exceeding 0.5 inch and belonging to this Division shall be packed in such a manner that the point of any bullet cannot come in contact with the cap of another cartridge.	50 lbs.	2 lbs. or 10 in number, whichever be the greater.
Detonators	(a) Not exceeding 1,000 in any one consignment. —As for Class 1, provided that the detonators and the spaces between the same and between the sides of the inner package and the said detonators shall all be filled, as far as practicable, with fine sawdust or other similar material; a layer of felt or other soft yielding material shall be placed between both ends of all the detonators and the interior of the inner package in which the same are placed, in such manner and so secured, that both ends of the detonators will rest upon the said cotton wool or other material every inner package, if of metal, to be lined throughout with paper or other soft material; and (b) Exceeding 1,000 detonators — The detonators shall be packed in inner packages, with sawdust and cotton wool as above described. Such inner packages shall be placed inside a substantial case of wood or metal, made and closed so as to prevent any of the inner packages escaping therefrom, and such case shall be placed inside an outer package in such manner and so secured as to leave a clear space of not less than three inches between the case and every part of the interior of the said outer package, notwithstanding that such clear space may, if preferred, be filled with sawdust, straw, or other similar material, or may contain a light framework or battens of wood to keep the case aforesaid in position in the outer package; and (c) where the number of detonators exceeds 5,000, such outer package shall be provided with handles or other contrivance, by means of which it can be safely and conveniently carried.	1,000 in number.	100 in number.
		10,000 in number.	100 in number.
Electric Detonators	As for Class 1, provided that where the number in any outer package exceeds 5,000, such outer package shall be provided with handles or other contrivance, by means of which it can be safely and conveniently carried.	5,000 in number.	100 in number.
Class 7, Division 1	Double package, the inner package being hermetically closed and contained in an outer package as above defined.	20 lbs.	1 lb.
Class 7, Division 2	Single outer package, provided that clause (2) of rule 62 shall not apply to explosives of this Class and Division.	100 lbs.	.....

TABLE SHOWING DISTANCES WHICH SHOULD

[See

In any case where any of the items enumerated in the first column of this Table is, in the opinion of an Inspector of artificial mounds of earth or mine refuse, of such height that a line drawn from any part of the magazine to any part of quantities of one thousand pounds of explosives and under) will be reduced one-half : Provided that when a natural hill reduction, the distance shown in the Table will be reduced to one-quarter. In no case, however, is the distance from a

N.B.—The figures in small italics are the distances to be observed when ordinary gunpowder only is to be stored or other explosives up to the

		AMOUNT OF EXPLOSIVE ALLOWED																							
		500 lbs	1,000 lbs	2,000 lbs	3,000 lbs	4,000 lbs	5,000 lbs	6,000 lbs	7,000 lbs	8,000 lbs	9,000 lbs	10,000 lbs	11,000 lbs.	12,000 lbs.	13,000 lbs	14,000 lbs	15,000 lbs.	16,000 lbs.	17,000 lbs.	18,000 lbs.	19,000 lbs.	20,000 lbs.	25,000 lbs.	30,000 lbs.	
DISTANCES TO BE KEPT CLEAR FROM—																									
Room used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 25	Yds.	50 25	50 35	50 75	51 75	52 102	52 104	53 105	53 106	54 108	54 100	55 110	55 111	56 112	56 114	57 114	57 116	58 116	58 117	59 118	59 119	60 120	61 122	62 124	
Workshop used in connection with the magazine in pursuance of rule 26 [See note (b)]	"	"	75 50	100 75	101 90	102 104	104 105	105 106	106 108	108 100	100 110	110 111	111 112	112 114	114 114	114 116	116 116	116 117	117 118	118 119	119 120	120 122	122 124	124 124	
Private Railway	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Highway or public footpath	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Open air public meeting place (such as a market)	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Canal or navigable water	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Dock	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
River wall or sea wall	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Pier or jetty	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Reservoir or bounded tank	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Room or Workshop in connection with another magazine, store or licensed premises	"	100 65	150 100	200 150	200 175	210 180	200 180	200 180	200 180	200 180	200 180	205 180	210 180	215 180	220 180	225 180	230 180	235 180	240 180	245 180	250 180	265 180	280 180	280 180	
Any other room or workshop or any shop	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Any other explosive magazine, or store for explosives	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Furnace, kiln or chimney	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Public Railway	"	"	"	"	210	215 200	225 200	245 200	240 200	250 200	255 200	265 200	270 200	280 200	285 200	290 200	300 200	305 200	310 200	315 200	325 200	330 200	345 200	355 200	
Dwelling-house, with the consent, in writing, of the occupier	"	50 35	75 50	100 75	110 90	120 100	130 110	140 125	145 140	155 150	165 160	175 160	180 160	190 160	200 160	205 160	215 160	220 160	230 160	235 160	245 160	250 160	265 160	280 160	
Dwelling-house, without such consent	"	100 65	150 100	200 150	210 175	280 200	320 250	365 300	405 350	445 400	485 450	525 480	560 520	590 560	625 590	665 630	690 660	730 700	760 730	785 755	815 785	850 820	920 900	900 880	
Factory not belonging to Government	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Church, chapel or hospital	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Public institution or building	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Government building	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Wireless station	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Factory or magazine occupied by the Government of India or any Department under that Government—	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
(1) with the consent in writing, of the Government of India or such Department	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	
(2) Ditto ditto ditto	"	880 885	1320 1330	1760 1760	1780 1780	1805 1805	1825 1825	1850 1850	1870 1870	1890 1890	1910 1910	1930 1930	1960 1960	1970 1970	1990 1990	2005 2005	2025 2025	2040 2040	2060 2060	2075 2075	2095 2095	2110 2110	2145 2145	2180 2180	
Viceroy's Residence	Miles	1	1	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½	

NOTE—(a) This table furnishes the basis on which applications for licences will be considered, but is susceptible to modifications under special circumstances.
(b) This rule applies to two or more magazines kept on the same premises—
(1) belonging to the same occupier, or
(2) so kept by mutual consent of the respective occupiers.
(c) Detonators may be kept in an annexe near to or adjoining a magazine under the following conditions—
(1) The amount of explosive contained in the detonators must not exceed 100 lbs. reckoned in the proportion of not less than 2½ lbs. of explosives
(2) The detonator annexe must be so constructed that not less than two feet of masonry and three feet of air space shall intervene between any

Mount Abu, the 8th November 1918.

No. 5582.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Wild Birds and Animals Protection Act (VIII of 1912), as applied to Rajputana Railway Lands, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General is pleased to declare that the whole year shall be a close time throughout such of the said Railway lands as lie within the Jaipur State for (1) Pigeons, and (2) Pea-fowl.

By order,

B. J. GLANCY.

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana.

Mount Abu, the 6th November 1918.

No. 4715-A—85—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 78 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908), as applied to the District of Abu, the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana is pleased, with the approval of the Governor-General in Council, to prescribe for the aforesaid District, the following table of fees:—

Table of fees leviable under the Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1908.

ARTICLE I

The Act divides documents into two classes :—

Class 1—Those the Registration of which is obligatory under section 17.

Class 2—Those the Registration of which is optional under section 18

FIRST CLASS.

- ### 1. Instruments of gift of immoveable property :—

When the value of the gift expressed in the instrument does not exceed.

Rs.		A.	P.
Rs 100		0	8 0
Exceeding Rs.	100 but not exceeding Rs 500	2	0 0
"	500 " " " " 5,000	4	0 0
"	5,000 " " " " 10,000	6	0 0
"	10,000 " " " " 25,000	8	0 0
"	25,000 " " " " 50,000	10	0 0
"	50,000 " " " " 75,000	12	0 0
"	75,000 " " " " 1,00,000	16	0 0
Over	1,00,000	20	0 0
When the value is not expressed		10	0 0

- 2 Lease of immovable property from year to year or reserving a yearly rent :—**

	Rs.	A.	P.
When the rent per annum entered in the lease does not exceed Rs. 100	0	2	0
Exceeding Rs. 100 but not exceeding Rs. 500	0	4	0
When the " 500	0	6	0
When the rent is not stated	2	0	0

8. Other non-testamentary instruments which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest whether vested or contingent of the value of one hundred rupees and upwards, to or in immoveable property.

		Rs.	A.	P.
When the value of the right, title or interest, as stated in the instrument does not exceed Rs. 200		1	0	0
Exceeding Rs. 200 but not exceeding Rs. 500		2	0	0
" " 500 " " " " 2,500		4	0	0
" " 2,500 " " " " 5,000		6	0	0
" " 5,000 " " " " 10,000		8	0	0
" " 10,000 " " " " 50,000		10	0	0
" " 50,000 " " " " 1,00,000		18	0	0
Over " 1,00,000		20	0	0
When the value is not expressed		10	0	0

4. Non-testamentary instruments which acknowledge the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation or extinction of any such right, title or interest —

When the consideration money as stated in the instrument does not exceed Rs. 200		Rs.	A.	P.
Exceeding Rs. 200 but not exceeding Rs. 500		1	0	0
" " 500 " " " " 2,500		2	0	0
" " 2,500 " " " " 5,000		4	0	0
" " 5,000 " " " " 10,000		6	0	0
" " 10,000 " " " " 50,000		8	0	0
" " 50,000 " " " " 1,00,000		10	0	0
" " 1,00,000 " " " "		16	0	0
Over „1,00,000		20	0	0
5. Written authorities to adopt not conferred by Will		4	0	0

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5. Written authorities to adopt not conferred by Will | 4 | 0 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|

SECOND CLASS.

1. Instruments (other than instruments of gift and wills) which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent, of a value less than Rs. 100 to or in immoveable property :—

		Rs. A. P.
When the value of the right, title or instrument as stated in the instrument does not exceed Rs. 50	:	0 4 0
Exceeding Rs. 50	:	0 8 0

2. Instruments acknowledging the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation or extension of any such right, title or interest :—

		Rs. A. P.
When the consideration money, etc., does not exceed Rs. 50	:	0 4 0
Exceeding Rs. 50	:	0 8 0

3. Leases of immoveable property for any term not exceeding one year and leases exempted under Section 17 :—

		Rs. A. P.
When the rent per annum entered in the lease does not exceed Rs. 100	:	0 2 0
Exceeding Rs. 100 but not exceeding Rs. 500	:	0 4 0
" " 500 " " " " 1,000	:	0 8 0
" " 1,000 " " " " "	:	1 0 0
When the rent is not stated	:	4 0 0

NOTE.—If a patta or lease be given to a raiyat and the habuliat or counterpart of such patta or lease be brought for registration at the same time as the patta or lease, the fees chargeable in respect of the two documents shall not be greater than the fee which would have been charged on the patta alone.

4. Instruments which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish any right, title or interest to or in moveable property :—

		Rs. A. P.
When the value of the property is expressed in the instrument and does not exceed Rs. 50	:	0 2 0
Exceeding Rs. 50 but not exceeding Rs. 100	:	0 4 0
" 100 " " " " 200	:	0 8 0
" 200 " " " " 500	:	1 0 0
" 500 " " " " 2,500	:	2 0 0
" 2,500 " " " " 5,000	:	4 0 0
" 5,000 " " " " 10,000	:	6 0 0
" 10,000 " " " " 50,000	:	8 0 0
" 50,000 " " " " 1,00,000	:	10 0 0
" 1,00,000 " " " " "	:	16 0 0
When the value is not expressed	:	10 0 0

5. Wills :

On deposit of sealed cover under Section 42, Act XVI of 1908	:	2 0 0
On application under Section 44 for withdrawal of sealed cover deposited under Section 42	:	2 0 0
On application under Section 15 for opening a deposited sealed cover	:	2 0 0

NOTE.—A charge at the rate prescribed in Article IX is to be made for copying into the register book the contents of such sealed cover.

		Rs. A. P.
On the registration of Wills	:	2 0 0

6. —

(a) For safe custody of any non-testamentary document in the safe of a Registrar	:	2 0 0
(For return of any such document deposited for safe custody in the safe of a Registrar)	:	2 0 0

7. Deeds, bonds, contracts, or other documents :—

When the amount is expressed and does not exceed Rs. 50	:	0 2 0
Exceeding Rs. 50 but not exceeding Rs. 100	:	0 4 0
" 100 " " " " 200	:	0 8 0
" 200 " " " " 500	:	1 0 0
" 500 " " " " 2,500	:	2 0 0
" 2,500 " " " " 5,000	:	3 0 0
" 5,000 " " " " 10,000	:	4 0 0
" 10,000 " " " " 50,000	:	6 0 0
" 50,000 " " " " 1,00,000	:	8 0 0
Exceeding " " " " " 1,00,000	:	16 0 0
When the value is not expressed	:	10 0 0

8. —

For the registration of a Power of Attorney or any other document registerable under clause (f), Section 18, Act XVI of 1908, which cannot be brought under the ad-valorem scale prescribed by the immediately preceding clause of this table	:	2 0 0
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ARTICLE II.

For authentication of a Power-of-Attorney under Section 33, Act XVI of 1908—

If such power be general	:	2 0 0
If special	:	1 0 0

ARTICLE III.

	Rs. A. P.
On discretionary registration by a Registrar under Section 80, Act XVI of 1908,	
an additional fee of	4 0 0

NOTE.—This additional fee is not payable on the deposit of Wills, nor shall it be levied when the instrument is taken for registration to the Registrar in consequence of the Sub-Registrar being unacquainted with the language in which it is written, nor when a deed is registered by the District Registrar in consequence of the Sub-Registrar being a party interested in the transaction to which such deed relates.

ARTICLE IV.

	Rs. A. P.
For filing a translation	1 0 0

ARTICLE V.

SEARCHING OF REGISTERS.

For the first hour or part of such hour	1 0 0
For each subsequent hour or part of an hour	0 8 0

NOTE.—When a Registering Officer is called upon by a Judicial Officer to search registers in order to ascertain whether a particular property is encumbered or not, he shall do so free of charge.

ARTICLE VI.

For the attendance by a Registering Officer under Sections 31, 33, or 35, at a private residence or a jail, or for the issue of a commission under Section 33 or 35, Act XVI of 1908.

	Rs. A. P.
(a) When a satisfactory certificate is produced as to sickness or infirmity or when the person to be examined is confined in jail a fee of	5 0 0
(b) When the woman to be examined is exempted from personal appearance under section 133, Code of Civil Procedure, Act V of 1908, a fee of	5 0 0
(c) When the person to be examined is exempted from personal appearance under section 133 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, a fee of	10 0 0
(d) In all other cases	10 0 0

NOTE A.—In addition to this fee, travelling allowance at the following rates is to be levied for all distances exceeding one mile from the Registration Office—

In the case of Covenanted and Military Commissioned Officers, eight annas a mile by road.

In the case of all other registering officers or of Commissioners if appointed, four annas a mile by road.

NOTE B.—The costs of a visit or a commission for the examination of a person exempted under section 133 of the Code of Civil Procedure, Act V of 1908, shall be paid by him unless the party requiring his evidence pays such costs.

NOTE C.—The distance for which travelling allowance is charged shall be calculated according to the table which is drawn up in the Magistrate's Office for the service of processes.

ARTICLE VII.

When, under Section 36, Act XVI of 1908, application is made to the District Judge, to issue a summons, the process fee ordinarily payable on the issue and service of a summons by such Court is to be levied from the person at whose instance the application is made, and forwarded along with that application.

ARTICLE VIII.

The remuneration of witnesses is to be fixed by the registering officer with reference to the rules for the time being in force under order XVI, rule 2, Code of Civil Procedure, Act V of 1908, and must be forwarded with the application for the issue of summons. When, however, the person summoned is the person who has executed the instrument, remuneration should not be allowed him.

ARTICLE IX.

Making or granting copies of reasons, entries, or documents before, on or after registration:—

			Rs. A. P.
Documents in the Urdu language of under 100 words			0 1 0
Ditto ditto 150 "			0 2 0
Ditto ditto 250 "			0 3 0
Ditto ditto 350 "			0 4 0
Ditto ditto 450 "			0 6 0
Ditto ditto 500 "			0 7 0
Ditto ditto 600 "			0 8 0
Ditto ditto 900 "			0 12 0
Ditto ditto 1,200 "			1 0 0
Documents in English, Hindi, or any other language, under 50			0 1 0
Ditto ditto 100			0 2 0
Ditto ditto 200			0 4 0
Ditto ditto 300			0 6 0
Ditto ditto 400			0 8 0
Ditto ditto 500			0 9 0
Ditto ditto 600			0 11 0
Ditto ditto 700			0 14 0
Ditto ditto 750			1 0 0

NOTE A.—Copies of reasons granted before registration are those which in cases of refused registration are under Section 7b, Act XVI of 1908, to be given on application made by any person executing or claiming under the documents.

NOTE B.—The entering of instruments in the appropriate registers at the time of registration is to be paid for at the rate prescribed in Article IX, and any copies or copying of an instrument necessary under Sections 64, 65 and 66 of Act XVI of 1908 are to be paid for at that rate at the time of registration of the instrument.

NOTE C.—When application for a copy under Section 57, Act XVI of 1908, necessitates a search the fee prescribed by Article V is to be levied in addition to that chargeable under Article IX.

NOTE D.—Government officers who may require to search the registers or take copies of entries in the registers for *bond fide* public purposes will be exempted from payment of the fees under Articles V and IX on a certificate being granted by the Collector or Registrar that the information is required solely in the interest of Government.

ARTICLE X.

Unclaimed documents deposited by a Registrar in his safe will be surrendered only on payment of a fee of four annas per mensem, for each month, or portion of a month, during which they have been held in custody, subject to a maximum of two rupees.

NOTE.—The date from which such period shall be calculated shall be seven days after the date on which the document was ready for return to the person presenting it.

ARTICLE XI.

When the value of an instrument is expressed in pounds sterling or pounds currency, the value of such money shall be calculated in the currency of British India according to the following scale:—

One pound sterling or pound currency is equivalent to Fifteen rupees.

By order,

H. E. EVENPELD,

for First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General
in Rajputana.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 5th November 1918.

No. 2645.—The following candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed tests in Pushtu by the Higher Standard at the Examinations held at Quetta on 17th-18th and 28th-29th October 1918.

17th and 18th October 1918

1. Captain B. H. Wallis, M. C., 1-107th Pioneers.
2. Captain McIver, I.M.S.

28th and 29th October 1918.

1. Mr W. L. Shaw, Deputy Superintendent, Police, Sibi.

By order,

T. G. M. HARRIS,

First Assistant.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 9th November 1918.

No. 7443-B.—Sahibzada Mirza Izaz-ud-Din Ahmad Khan, an Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 5th grade, and Extra Assistant Commissioner, Duki, is granted leave without allowances for a period of 3 months with effect from the 15th November 1918, or such subsequent date on which he is relieved of his duties.

No. 7444-B.—On the termination of privilege leave granted to him in the Revenue Commissioner's telegram No. 269, dated the 24th July 1918, M. Taj Muhammad, a provisional Tahsildar of the 2nd grade is appointed sub, *pro tem.* Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, and posted as Extra Assistant Commissioner, Duki, with effect from the date of taking over charge.

By order,

G. HARRIS, MAJOR,

First Assistant.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Cawnpore Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the number. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED

Register No.	Number of Notes	Value	Name of claimant,
W D 3 of 1917-18 .	D B 54 —59120 .	Rs 10	Messrs. Thos Cook & Son, Bankers, Hornby Road, Bombay.
	D B 51 —92456 .	10	

J. W. KELLY,
Currency Officer.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT }
Cawnpore, the 13th November 1918. }

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 9th November 1918.

No. 7911-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 2nd November 1918 is published for information :—

No	2	3	4			5			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
Name of Municipal Towns	Population of 1911.	Births			Deaths			Cause of Death								Infants under one year of age			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum	
		Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Cholera.	Small-pox	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory	Injuries	All other causes	Measles and chicken pox	Males	Females			Total
Delhi .	225 471	141	120	261	840	1,231	2,071				1,432	3	616	1	47		92	91	183	60.10	477.63
Notified Area	3,673	3	2	5	21	18	39	...			9					...		1	1	70.78	552.11
Total	229,144	144	122	266	861	1,249	2,110				1,441	3	616	3	47		92	92	184	60.3	478.63

The 11th November 1918.

No. 7922-Home.—On return from privilege leave granted to him in the Chief Commissioner's Notification No 7787-Home, dated the 4th November 1918, Mr. Sohan Lal, Extra Assistant Commissioner, assumed charge of the office of the City Magistrate, Delhi, with effect from the forenoon of the 4th November 1918, relieving M. Barkat Ali Khan.

The 13th November 1918.

No. 7954-Home.—Owing to the influenza epidemic the Court of the District and Sessions Judge, Delhi, and all Civil Courts subordinate thereto were, with the approval of the Local Government, closed for the following periods :—

From 22nd October 1918 to 25th October 1918 both days inclusive.

„ 28th October 1918 to 1st November 1918 both days inclusive.

4th November 1918.

„ 7th November 1918 to 9th November 1918 both days inclusive.

The 13th November 1918.

No. 7971-C. & I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information :—

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Delhi District during the fortnight ending 31st October 1918. (Vide paragraph 4 of the Financial Commissioners, Standing Order No. 39.)

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82½ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.	ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Rice, unhusked . . . . .	..	Cotton seed	5 0 0
„ husked	7 4 0	Ghi	73 0 0
Wheat, white	6 10 0	Flour (wheat)	7 4 0
Barley	5 0 0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8 0 0
Oats . . . . .	...	Turmeric (unground)	20 0 0
Jowar . . . . .	..	Salt, Sambhar	3 0 0
Bajra . . . . .	...	Raw hides (cow)	58 0 0
Maize . . . . .	...	Bran	4 4 0
Gram	5 2 0	Grass (dry) This increase is due to the scarcity of rain.	3 0 0
Arhar (Dál)	7 0 0	Bhusa (white)	2 8 0
Linseed	6 0 0	Jowar stalks	2 8 0
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	8 0 0	Bengal coal	1 4 0
Poppy-seed . . . . .	...	Kerosine oil (per tin) Church mark	5 10 6
Til (jnjili seed)	12 8 0	Plough bullocks, per pair	300 0 0
Sugar (raw), Gur Lawar	9 4 0	Sheep, per score	100 0 0
Cotton (cleaned)	70 0 0	Bejhar	5 0 0

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi district at the close of the half month ending 31st October 1918.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.	ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee
	Srs. Chts.		Srs. Chts.
Wheat, white	5 12	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	7 8
Barley	7 12	Maize . . . . .	..
Rice { Best sort	3 0	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	5 8
{ Common sort	4 12	Firewood	55 0
Jowar (Andropogon sorghum) . . . . .	...	Salt { Wholesale . . . . .	..
Bajra (Pennisetum typhoideum). . . . .	..	{ Retail	12 0
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...	Gur Lawar	4 0
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...	Cotton (unginned) . . . . .	..
		Bejhar	7 12

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 1ST TO 7TH NOVEMBER 1918.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.									
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.				
COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.																
SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.																
Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.																
Piastres Closing account balance and paid over.																
Receipt of Bullion for subsidary coinage.																
Subsi- diary coin coined and paid over.																
Closing balance.																
Calcutta	17	17	26	...	29	5	(a) 230	3	...	238
Bombay	26	...	26	...	(b) 158	158	54

(a) Exclusive of 167 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 310 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 14th Nov. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE Lt.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE No. 150 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 15th October 1918.

In the matter of Buduroor Rahman, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Buduroor Rahman, Cooly, residing at No. 18, B-Road, Kandawgalay, Nayabusti, Rangoon, on the 15th day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Buduroor Rahman.

CASE No. 161 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 5th November 1918.

In the matter of Thomas Gregory Fonseca, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Thomas Gregory Fonseca, Sanitary Inspector, Durga Ward, Syriam, on the 29th day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Thomas Gregory Fonseca.

CASE No. 162 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 5th November 1918

In the matter of Salay Mahomed, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Salay Mahomed, Trader, residing at No. 5, Mogul Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Salay Mahomed.

CASE No. 163 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 5th November 1918

In the matter of Chinthapalli Paresram Ramasamy, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chinthapalli Paresram Ramasamy, Tally Clerk, residing at No. 8, Adamson Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of November 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chinthapalli Paresram Ramasamy.

MAUNG GYER,

Offg. Registrar.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM
IN BENGAL.
In Insolvency.****Notice of Adjudication Order.**

No. 137 OF 1918.

Dated the 13th November 1918

Re Euclid Panigioty Ganiaris, residing at No. 54, Free School Street, in the town of Calcutta, formerly carrying on business as a Commission Agent in Jute at Narsingunge, in the district of Dacca, but at present without employment.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 27th day of September 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 138 of 1918.

Dated the 13th November 1918.

Re Sewbux, at present residing at Bankura, and Ram Chandra, residing at No. 201, Harrison Road, in the town of Calcutta, carrying on business in copartnership as Merchants at No. 201, Harrison Road aforesaid, under the name and style of Sewbux Ram Chunder and at Bankura under the names and styles of Sewbux Ram Chunder and Sewratu Chand Ratan.

Ex parte—Sookeo Dass Ram Prosad—the creditors.

On the 8th day of October 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as Insolvents.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 139 of 1918.

Dated the 13th November 1918.

Re Lakshmi Narain Kundu, residing at No. 53, Harrison Road, in the town of Calcutta, having no occupation.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 9th day of October 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 140 of 1918.

Dated the 13th November 1918.

Re Hari Das Mitra, residing at No. 33-1, Badurbagan Street, in the town of Calcutta, lately carrying on a business in tobacco, at present doing nothing.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 24th day of October 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, AJMER.

No. 113 of 1918.

Jagannath, son of Gobind Ram, Mahajan, Khandelwal, resident of Ajmer, *Insolvent*,

against

R. A. P.

1. Rang Rup Mal of Ajmer	125	0	0
2. Gokul Ram Ramballabh of Ajmer	110	0	0
3. Magin Ram Phool Chand of Ajmer	100	0	0
4. Hazari Mal Ramchander of Ajmer	175	0	0
5. Har Lal Ramjewan of Ajmer	55	0	0
6. Ram Bilas Jagannath, Ajmer	63	0	0
7. Jagannath Radha Kishen of Ajmer	36	0	0

Creditors.

The applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907, Insolvency Act, and the application will be heard on 23rd November 1918 at 11 A. M. The creditors are hereby informed to appear before the Court either in person or through the Court to oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this the 25th day of October 1918.

No. 144 of 1918.

Nanna, son of Ala Baxsh, Musalman of Nasirabad, Applicant, *Insolvent*,

against

Rs. A. P.

1. Biharilal, son of Sohanlal, of Nasirabad	58	0	0
2. Fazaluddin, son of Amer Bax of Ajmer	75	0	0
3. B. Fateh Singh, son of B. Hera Singh of Ajmer	600	0	0
4. Ala Noor, son of Nabi Bax of Nasirabad	60	0	0

Creditors.

The applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907, and the application will be heard on the 20th December 1918 at 10 A.M. The creditors are hereby informed to oppose the application and to appear either in person or through an authorised agent.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this the 8th day of November 1918.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter without leave from the Detachment 1st Madras Guards, I. D. F.,
Fort St. George, Madras, dated at Madras, this 6th day of November 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—1594, Private, Edwin, H.
Age—26 years
Height—5 feet 5 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark, hair, black; eyes, black.
Trade—Supervisor coffee estate.

Date of Enlistment—Mobilized 23rd April 1918.
Place of Enlistment—Madras.
Date of Desertion or absence—15th October 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Madras.
Address—Near Civil Hospital, Vizagapatnam.

F. E. HOOPER, Captain,
Commanding, Det. 1st Madras Guards, Madras.

Report of an Absentee without leave from the 2-5th Battalion, P. A. Somerset L. I.,
dated at Barrackpore, this 11th day of November 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—19705, Private, Green, H.
Age—24 years.
Height—5 feet 5 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, light; hair, fair, eyes, grey.
Trade—Carter.

Date of Enlistment—22nd August 1913
Date of Desertion or absence—3rd November 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Barrackpore.
Under 6 years' service.

J. BELL, Lieut,
Commanding, Det. 2-5th Somerset L. I.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire
Regiment, dated at Calcutta, this 11th day of November 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—20012, Private, J. Felkin.
Age—45 years.
Height—5 feet 4 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fair, hair, light, eyes, blue.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—28th August 1914.

Place of Enlistment—Not known
Parish and County in which born—Not known
Date of Desertion or absence—Tattoo, 4th November 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Calcutta
Under 5 years' service.

C. H. SHEPHERD, Colonel,
Commanding, 1st Garn. Bn, Lincolnshire Regt.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, DELHI.**NOTIFICATIONS**

Delhi, the 9th November 1918.

No. 5344-46-E. B.—The term of appointment of Mr. C. G. Blomfield, Assistant Architect, having expired, he was relieved of his duties in this Department on the afternoon of the 18th October 1918.

The 11th November 1918

No. 5363-W.—Whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, that land is required by Government for a public purpose, namely, for constructing a foot path from the Qutab Road to the bund of Hauz Khas.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act I of 1894, and under Section 7 of the said Act the Deputy Commissioner of Delhi is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauzah	Area in acres.	Direction.	Boundaries	Place where the plan may be inspected
Delhi . .	Delhi . .	Kharana . .	15	West of Qutab Road.	<p><i>North</i>.—Khasra Nos. 200, 199, 190, 185, 188, 189, 184, 170, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179 and cultivated land.</p> <p><i>East</i>.—Qutab Road.</p> <p><i>South</i>.—Khasra Nos. 200, 195, 188, 184, 175, 177, 179, 199, 185, 189, 170, 176, 178 and cultivated land.</p> <p><i>West</i>.—Bund of Hauz Khas.</p>	Office of the Executive Engineer 4th Project Division, Delhi.

H. T. KEELING,
Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the last day of August 1918 and of the form in which they were held:—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	800,583	...
Short loans	7,230,181	7,069,819
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL	8,030,764	7,069,819
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts .	15,100,583	

THE TREASURY,
Calcutta, the 14th November 1918.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 7th November 1918.

No. 2049s-*Ap.*—The following appointments are made for the period noted against each:—

Mr. Chandra Nath Sarbadhikary, Investigating Inspector, Bengal and Assam, to officiate as Superintendent of Post Offices, 5th grade, from the 11th October 1918 to 25th October 1918 inclusive;

Mr. Srinath Neogy Investigating Inspector, Bengal and Assam, to officiate as Superintendent of Post Offices, 5th grade, from the 26th October 1918 and until further orders.

The 8th
11th November 1918.

No. 2055s-*Ap.*—The following appointments are made with effect from the 1st October 1918:—

Mr. A. Gangatharam, Postmaster, Mandalay, pay Rs. 200—300, to be Postmaster, Mandalay, pay Rs. 300—400, and to continue to act as Postmaster, Madura, on his own pay until further orders;

Mr. J. D. Pereira, Postmaster, Naini Tal, pay Rs. 00—300, to be Postmaster, Benares City, pay Rs. 300—400.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC).

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 14th November 1918.

No. 6378-*T.*—Mr. G. Augustine, who was officiating in the second division of the Superior Traffic Branch in the arrangements *vice* Mr. C. D. Vigers, continued to officiate from the 2nd to 24th October 1918 *vice* Mr. H. Sur on deputation with the East Indian Railway Company.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. E000155, E000156, E000157 and D007094, of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928, the former three for Rs. 200 each and the latter one for Rs. 100, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Bombay, and last endorsed to the National Bank of India, Ltd., Madras, by the proprietor Captain Samuel Norman Rowe for the purpose of being deposited with that Bank for safe custody but which were stolen before being delivered to the Bank, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—SAMUEL NORMAN ROWE,

Captain, S. S. "Japan."

Residence—C/o Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Bombay.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. D-010226 for Rs. 100 (One hundred only) of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1921, originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Burma, and last endorsed to Maung San Nyun, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that a fresh Note has been issued in favour of the proprietor in lieu of the lost one. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of Advertiser—A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE.

Residence—Accountant-General, Burma.

RANGOON,

The 28rd October 1918.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 195419, dated 5th August 1918, of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 202-15-10.

The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—**JOGENDRA BALA DASI**,
wife of late **SURENDRA NATH DE SIRCAR**.

Address—Village—Eastumghatta. P. O.—Guria. District—24-Parganas.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 208536 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of late Kailash Chandra Seal of Hooghly, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—**SREEMATI NISTARINI DAS**.
Residence—Wife of Kristo Lal Mullick, Beltola, Chinsurah District, Hooghly.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ³⁹⁸²_{F. I.} Bombay of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922 for Rs. 500, originally issued in the name of Jehangir Hormasji Sorabji, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**JEHANGIR HORMASJI SORABJI**.
Residence—No. 4, New Queen's Road, Bombay.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 149850 for Rs. 500 and Nos. 149851 to 54 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 1,000 each and Nos. 251121 and 251122 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of Manmath Nath Dutt and Pramath Nath Dutt, minors and Nos. 256131 and 240243 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Manmath Nath Dutt, and Pramath Nath Dutt, minors, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

NONI BALA DAS.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 282996 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of Jnanendra Mohan Das, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**JNANENDRA MOHAN DAS**.
Residence—Snapur (District Dacca) Present Address Sylhet Munshiff.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 111728 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Apurba Chandra Ghosh, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

GIRIBALA DASSY,
Executrix to the Estate of A. C. Ghosh,
19, Hari Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.

LOST OR STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 126400 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1842-43, for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of Rakashakali Debi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—SRIMATY SAROJBASINI DEBI.
Residence—53, Paddopukur Road, Bhowanipur, Calcutta.

Advertisement of appointment of Additional Liquidator.**IN THE CHIEF COURT OF THE PUNJAB**

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882 and of the Amritsar Bank of India, Limited, in liquidation.

The Chief Court of the Punjab at Lahore, has, by an order dated the 9th day of September 1918, appointed Mr. Shapoorjee Bomanjee Billimoria of the firm of Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Company of 113, Esplanade Road, Bombay, to be an Additional Liquidator of the Amritsar Bank, Limited, in liquidation, as a provisional measure.

E. L. ROBLIN,
for Deputy Registrar.

Dated the 10th September 1918.

Advertisement of appointment of Additional Liquidator.**IN THE CHIEF COURT OF THE PUNJAB.**

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882, and of the Peoples Bank of India, Limited, in liquidation.

The Chief Court of the Punjab at Lahore, has, by an order dated the 9th day of September 1918, appointed Mr. Shapoorjee Bomanjee Billimoria of the firm of Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Company of 113, Esplanade Road, Bombay, to be an Additional Liquidator of the Peoples Bank of India, Limited, in liquidation, as a provisional measure.

E. L. ROBLIN,
for Deputy Registrar.

Dated the 10th September 1918.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 46. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

INDIAN CUSTOMS REVENUE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	IN THE SEVEN MONTHS, APRIL TO OCTOBER, OF									
	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
SEA CUSTOMS—IMPORTS										
Special Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	2,76	2,81	2,62	3,31	3,77	3,34	3,07	4,80*	3,10*	2,87*
Coal, coke, and patent fuel (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	8	22
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, older and other fermented liquors	2,80	4,48	4,39	4,06	4,04	4,05	3,05	4,59	2,51	3,21
Spirits and liquors	52,70	60,05	60,32	59,54	64,25	63,73	56,68	61,70	55,98	56,71
Wines	2,03	2,90	3,00	2,91	2,99	2,43	2,55	3,38	2,43	2,49
Opium	2	4	1	4	4	2	3	5	2	1
Petroleum	26,91	30,98	43,09	38,56	35,07	44,47	37,92	21,00†	23,39†	11,13†
Silver—										
Silver bullion and coin (b)	33,46	1,08,75	64,71	70,95	48,37	33,42	66,90	11,89	16,45	—
Manufactures (c)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,12	2,18	1,12
Sugar, all sorts (d)	33,05	35,66	34,54	39,74	52,63	26,73	30,76	68,91‡	63,84‡	88,71‡
Tobacco (b)	2,56	16,75	14,81	15,42	16,74	15,31	14,60	27,85	35,35	42,46
Duty at 2½ per cent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Machinery (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6,82	5,15	5,17
Metals—Iron and Steel	5,14	5,43	5,78	5,99	8,68	7,13	5,44	11,39	9,81	13,81
Railway plant and rolling stock (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,72	87	2,31
Other articles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,54	1,86	1,81
Duty at 7½ per cent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar and vinegar) (e)	12,68	13,26	13,50	15,20	16,24	14,24	16,14	23,78	26,96	26,56
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured (f)	8,95	9,30	9,07	11,55	9,07	9,56	8,73	21,04	24,14	22,27
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—										
Outfry, hardware, implements and instruments	12,87	14,18	15,18	16,78	21,12	16,99	13,58	25,66	20,35	25,72
Metals, other than Iron and Steel	10,43	12,94	12,23	9,52	15,91	15,81	6,27	6,11	7,91	14,01
Cotton manufactures—										
Piecegoods, grey	33,96	32,58	37,71	49,70	51,44	46,32	39,09	34,80	71,01	1,15,01
“ white	12,90	17,88	21,44	25,28	28,91	21,78	20,94	26,80	67,08	61,25
“ coloured	15,80	23,23	25,36	27,94	39,44	26,37	15,44	28,80	79,69	66,64
Other goods	3,71	4,96	5,15	5,45	8,16	4,32	2,49	5,31	8,88	6,50
Yarn and textile fabrics (other than cotton manufactures) (g)	16,40	21,47	23,95	26,62	29,54	18,96	16,75	33,26	31,27	37,25
All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured (h)	36,85	44,72	40,76	50,19	61,29	48,08	49,23	1,04,00	97,18	1,08,69
Miscellaneous (i)	3,07	3,51	5,21	6,77	5,93	5,01	3,97	13,99	9,11	15,89
TOTAL IMPORTS	3,28,74	4,65,96	4,48,93	4,86,45	5,23,68	4,80,02	4,13,56	5,59,78	6,66,49	7,33,82
SEA CUSTOMS—EXPORTS										
Jute (a)—										
Raw	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22,25	19,01	—
Manufactured	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	24,56	65,59	—
Rice	44,04	59,81	65,02	73,50	62,70	44,13	35,78	43,75	43,25	—
Tea (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	24,58	16,77	—
TOTAL EXPORTS	44,04	59,81	65,02	78,50	62,70	44,13	35,78	1,16,14	1,49,62	2,28,65
SEA CUSTOMS—MISCELLANEOUS (j)										
LAND CUSTOMS (k)	5,90	5,67	6,51	7,47	7,79	8,95	7,76	4,37	5,52	5,63§
Excise duty on cotton manufactures	17,86	18,74	22,09	25,10	24,42	22,46	20,61	21,97	31,27	65,40
“ on motor spirit	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14,79	23,73
WAREHOUSE AND WHARF RENTS (f)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	14	23
MISCELLANEOUS (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,89	1,82	3,11
GRAND TOTAL	3,96,34	5,50,18	5,42,47	5,92,52	6,16,54	5,55,56	4,77,71	7,07,26	8,74,02	10,63,82
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal	1,14,48	1,44,78	1,57,09	1,65,88	1,91,68	1,70,43	1,47,53	2,07,99	2,52,21	2,80,83
Exports	5,93	10,12	11,80	15,40	10,18	6,11	1,98	70,86	1,01,06	1,50,23
Bihar and Orissa	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exports	—	—	—	56	69	18	—	—	—	—
Bombay	1,22,05	2,10,65	1,71,08	1,91,47	1,87,01	1,86,77	1,00,46	2,02,89	2,43,21	2,66,84
Exports	1,74	1,11	76	95	1,19	1,86	1,45	3,43	4,34	6,26
Sind	31,17	40,46	44,06	47,40	50,40	40,42	37,91	48,35	63,51	70,70
Exports	1,85	1,05	1,02	97	1,82	1,39	1,54	2,61	2,96	2,03
Madras	23,57	33,13	36,87	37,63	42,03	42,49	32,05	50,28	56,94	58,12
Exports	3,79	3,45	4,81	3,67	4,99	5,01	7,62	8,80	6,32	5,54
Punjab	32,27	36,99	39,73	44,07	52,56	39,86	35,61	50,27	50,72	37,53
Exports	31,18	44,08	46,63	51,95	43,93	30,23	23,19	31,44	35,04	64,59

(a) Not subject to duty prior to March, 1916

(b) Figures for the year 1909-10 were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff

(c) Figures prior to March, 1916, are included with "All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured"

(d) Figures prior to March, 1916, were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff

(e) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include vinegar

(f) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are exclusive of raw silk, raw hemp, and raw flax, which are included with Yarn and textile fabrics

(g) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include raw silk, raw hemp, and raw flax but exclude haberdashery and millinery

(h) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include haberdashery and millinery and coral

(i) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent articles imported by post only

(j) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are included under "Land Customs"

(k) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent the old combined head "Land Customs and miscellaneous"

* Exclude the duty collected on explosives, namely, blasting gun powder, etc., at 7½ per cent ad valorem

† Exclude the duty collected on petroleum which has its flashing point at or above 160°F. or 200°F. at 7½ per cent ad valorem

‡ Exclude the duty collected on confectionery at 7½ per cent ad valorem

§ The publication of the detailed figures has been temporarily discontinued

|| Includes indigo cane

N. G. BASAK,
Off. Secy. to Govt.

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 2 of 1918-19.

I.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 30th September, 1918.

(Season 1918-19, i.e., from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (a)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half- month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY PRESSED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 30th SEPTEMBER, 1918 (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda . . .			200	1	1,589	3,085	4,880
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States) . . .			162	...	...	...	...
Madras			57	53	(b) 9,156	23,162	(f) 14,783
Punjab (including Native States)			92	1	757	757	...
United Provinces			85	6	1,194	1,404	1,398
Sind			13	...	...	...	...
Burma			(g) 19	1	53	53	...
Bihar and Orissa
Bengal			3	...	...	...	...
Assam
North-West Frontier Province			1	1	...	...	...
Ajmer-Merwara			9	...	...	...	...
Delhi			1	...	...	...	...
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)			642	63	12,749	28,431	21,020
Hyderabad			41	(e)	(e)	...	...
Central India			32	(e)	(e)	...	...
Rajputana			10	(e)	(e)	...	...
Mysore			3	(e)	(e)	...	...
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)			86	(e)	(e)	...	...
GRAND TOTAL			728	63	12,749	28,431	21,020

(a) Preliminary estimates of the outturn of the Cotton crop of the season 1918-19 will not be available until the third week of December.

(b) Figures for the weeks ending 21st and 28th September, 1918. In Madras the cotton pressing season commences in February and these figures therefore relate to the crop of the preceding season.

(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

(f) Revised figure.

(g) Of this number 3 presses worked during the half month.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 30th September, 1918.
(Season 1918-19, i.e., from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 30th SEPTEMBER, 1918 (BALES OF 400 lbs EACH)	
				Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda	165	24	7,355	8,965	10,457
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)	10	7	2	2	52
Madras	12	12	(a) 1,056	2,645	(f) 1,856
Punjab	3	(b)	(b)	476	320
United Provinces	15	5	366	366	68
Sind	1	(b)	(b)	(b)	(b)
Bengal	10	8	2,048	5,913	3,261
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	140	348	359
Delhi	2	...	...	...	341
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)	220	59	10,962	18,715	16,712
Hyderabad	3	1	...	...	1
Central India	3	1	98	182	1,041
Rajputana	1	(e)	(e)	...	...
Mysore	2	(e)	(e)	...	...
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)	9	2	98	182	1,042
GRAND TOTAL	229	60	11,060	18,897	17,754

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of unpressed cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton coming through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 21st and 28th September, 1918. [See footnote (b) on preceding page.]

(b) No returns received.

(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries

(e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

(f) Revised figure.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in the Spinning Mills, from 1st September to 30th September, 1918, in British Provinces (including Native States within provincial boundaries).

Province	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 30th September, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 30th September, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 3 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda		8,055	8,965	13,020	
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)		...	2	2	
Madras		33,162	2,645	25,807	
Punjab (including Native States)		757	476	1,233	
North-West Frontier Province		1,404	366	1,770	
Delhi		
United Provinces		53	...	53	
Sind		
Burma		...	5,913	5,913	
Bengal		...	348	348	
Bihar and Orissa		
Assam		
Ajmer-Merwara		
TOTAL		38,431	18,715	47,146	

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.

* See footnote (a) to statement I.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

November 14, 1918.

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J P HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India "

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J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 23rd November 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 8.

November 11

4004. A. J. Gange. *Permutative lock.*

November 14

4005. S. A. Winsor. *Tyre extracting machine.*

4006. W. P. C. Smith and W. Doss (tr). *Improvements in or relating to burners for use in heating and other appliances.*

4007. W. Stocks. *New or improved composition of matter for use in lieu of leather or for other suitable purposes and method or process of manufacturing same.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3428. McKenzie Holland and Westinghouse, Power Signal Co., Ltd. *Improvements relating to railway traffic controlling apparatus.*

3685. Movette, Incorporated. *Motion picture apparatus.*

3718. Williams' Foreign Patents Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to reinforced concrete ships, barges, floating structures and the like.*

3719. Williams' Foreign Patents Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the construction of reinforced concrete ships, barges, floating structures, floors, decks, deck floors for bridges and the like.*

3905. Minerals Separation Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to the concentration of ores.*

3915. J. MacFarlane. *Improvements in screw, breaker, drawing and roving cans or cap boxes or the like.*

3931. T. Bateman. *Interlocking detachable wheel.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATION PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specification may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3519. T. Egan-Wyer. *Improvements in or relating to rubber soles for boots and shoes.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs. 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3519. Mirza.
3564. Everdingen.
3761. Kahrs.
3762. Kahrs.
3774. Adamson.
3778. Hume.

3781. Moss.
3785. Temple.
3786. Turner.
3787. Schroeder.
3788. Ashcroft.

PATENT SEALED.

3757. Parker and Williams.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

177 of 1905. A. B. C. Coupler Ltd. (To 18 November 1919.)
 202 of 1905. Grusham and ors. (To 18 November 1919.)
 186 of 1909. Owen. (To 17 November 1919.)
 194 of 1909. Freymuth. (To 17 November 1919.)
 201 of 1909. Kjellberg. (To 17 November 1919.)
 203 of 1909. Freymuth. (To 17 November 1919.)
 94 of 1910. Spencer. (To 15 November 1919.)
 417 of 1910. General Electric Co. (To 15 November 1919.)
 476 of 1910. Greenwood and ors. (To 15 November 1919.)
 573 of 1911. Johnston. (To 1 December 1919.)
 548 of 1912. Musto. (To 11 October 1920.)
 1224 of 1913. Woodroffe and anr. (To 16 October 1919.)
 1309 of 1913. International Cigar Machinery Co. (To 17 November 1919.)
 1957 of 1914. Morgan. (To 9 December 1919.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1904.

525, (Walker)

1910.

349, (Gas Economising and Improved Light Syndicate Ltd. and ors.)

1912.

426, (Heuntley.)

1913.

1110, (Automatic Stove Co.) 1120, (Cotton Gin Patents Corporation.)

1914.

1814, (Thame.) 1816, (Mather & Platt Ltd.) 1818, (Simon and anr.) 1819, (Russell.) 1820, (Jagannath Prasad.) 1822, (Roberts) 1823, (Douglas and anr.) 1826, (Bham.) 1829, (Parker)

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H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 13th November 1918.

No. 22 —The services of 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subedar, Sital Ram Vairam Bahadur and No. 1002, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Rala Singh, I.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect, from the 1st October 1918.

R. A. NEEDHAM, Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

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M Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction Subathu

M Haji Ahmad Fakhruv, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu

*M S Aulad Ali Gilani, Officer's School of Instruction, Subathu

M Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction Subathu

M Md Khalid ur Rahman Officers' School of Instruction Subathu

M Md Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M L Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu

*M Habib Ullah, Syed Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu

M Mool Chand Sahgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu

WELLINGTON—

M Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Bibu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Mukhtam Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakini, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry K Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Mun Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M R Ry N Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.

KOTTAYAM.—M R Ry. A. I Pothan, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B A, C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.

Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.**SHOLAPUR**—Mr. Viehnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.**Qualified Punjabi Teacher.****LAHORE**—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.**Qualified Tamil Teachers.****MADRAS—**

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.

M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Toppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.**GODAVARI**—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.*N.B.*—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA,

The 21st November 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and **Residual Alkaloids.**

Rs. 4 „

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tinsCinchonidine is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.Cinchona Febrifuge is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	Rs. A. P.
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	0 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1 0 0
	1 3 0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS.

CLAIMANTS WHO HAVE ATTAINED THEIR MAJORITY.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing:—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter) Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son)* Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Artificer, Carnatic Ordnance Department	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	{ Agnes Carroll (daughter). John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia, <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, I., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son)
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son) William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son)
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	{ Jeremiah Mitchell Hawkins (Foster-son). George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter)
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maudo McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Colour-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

G. R. O'DOWD,
for Controller of Military Accounts.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 19th November 1918.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th November 1918.

RESERVE.																
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.										SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		REMARKS.	
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	In India.		In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions		In transit between India, England and H. M.'s Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.		Held in India.	Held in England.		TOTAL.
			Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Silver Bullion.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R		
Calcutta	40,07,900	41,75,55,115	42,15,62,415	1,74,64,602	2,46,45,883	5,75,58,095	12,35,865	..	..	..	14,46,88,000	9,99,99,946	75,99,05,070	1,10,54,94,911	(a) Nominal value— Rs 10,20,81,500.
Canapore.	..	6,01,26,143	6,01,26,143	59,54,912	52,29,443	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,11,84,355	(b) Nominal value— Rs 177,55,48,001
Lahore	..	12,30,11,348	12,30,11,348	1,13,44,536	1,78,84,784	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,92,29,830	(c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under Section 3 of Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918.
Bombay	9,640	48,63,50,428	48,63,60,063	4,16,94,704	14,69,66,236	2,28,67,669	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21,15,28,809	
Karachi	..	5,38,04,606	5,38,04,606	25,12,186	51,38,700	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46,50,886	
Madras	5,84,360	15,86,74,452	15,92,58,812	85,56,470	40,42,448	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,25,98,913	
Kanagoo	..	8,43,31,772	8,43,31,872	84,88,480	34,86,795	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,19,75,275	
46,01,300			1,33,33,53,964	1,38,84,55,264	9,62,15,990	20,43,93,739	8,04,25,864	12,35,865	..	..	14,46,88,000	9,99,99,946	75,99,05,070	1,33,66,62,474	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			17,92,773	Deduct—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another											..	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R.			1,38,66,62,474	TOTAL RESERVE R.											1,38,66,62,474	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th November 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 15th November 1918.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th November 1918.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT.		INDIAN WAR LOAN.		2ND INDIAN WAR LOAN.		TOTAL
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.	5 per cent. War Loan 1919-1947.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1928.	
Balance of 31st Octr. 1918	27,63,900	91,80,300	3,82,62,600	1,42,05,300	62,09,800	12,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	5,400	5,800	9,50,000	7,43,20,300
Add— Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notifica- tion No. . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 5th October 1918 . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 191 . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	800	10,000	...	10,800
Deduct—	27,63,900	91,80,300	3,82,62,600	1,42,05,300	62,09,800	12,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,50,000	7,43,31,100
Amount written off in the London Registers . . . .	...	...	1,00,000	1,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,01,300
Balance on 15th Nov. 1918 .	27,63,900	91,80,300	3,81,62,600	1,42,04,000	62,09,800	12,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,50,000	7,42,29,800

NOTE.—From 9th June 1887 to 15th Sept. 1915 Enfaced from India 12,422 lakhs, re-transferred from London 13,026 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 18th November 1918.

16th Sept. " 7 " ditto
1st Oct. " 15th Oct. " ditto
16th " 31st " " ditto
1st Novr. " 15th Novr. " " ditto

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

13,038

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 19th November 1918

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	6,27,59,142	0 0
Reserve Fund 2,26,00,000	0 0		Other authorized Investments	1,41,72,914	0 0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i>	67,50,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	10,31,24,637	0 7
	1,58,50,000	0 0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,67,13,361	1 2
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	1,80,35,207	9 7
Public Deposits at Head Office 2,05,78,473	8 1		Balances with other Banks	58,14,141	13 10
Public Deposits at Branches 1,40,48,777	4 3		Bullion . . . . .	.....
	3,46,27,250	12 4	Dead Stock	28,10,360	6 5
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	27,09,86,148	6 4	Stamps	11,470	9 0
Bank Post Bills, etc.	12,00,222	2 5	Sundries	20,43,352	8 2
Sundries	30,71,565	13 1		20,54,84,590	0 9
RUPREES	35,24,85,187	2 2	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* 2,45,68,779	3 4	
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† 6,24,31,817	14 1	
			RUPREES	35,24,85,187	2 2

* Includes Sova & ½ Sova., value Rs 3,77 175 0 0

† Do do. do. „ 5,41,465 0 0

Rs 9,08,640 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:

H. FISHER,

N. H. Y. WARREN,

Chief Accountant.

Secretary & Treasurer

Calcutta, 21st November 1918.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.

Percentage 28 07

SURVEY OF INDIA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 19th November 1918.

No. 792.—Mr W. H. Strong, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted special medical leave for 3 months from 13th July 1918 under the Government of India, Finance Department, letter No. 811-C. S. R., dated the 4th September 1917, and in continuation leave on medical certificate for 2 days under Article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 793.—The following promotions are made with effect from the 15th October 1918

vice Mr Syed Aulad Hossein, K. B., Deputy Superintendent, invalided :—

Mr. W. M. Gorman, Deputy Superintendent, Sub. *pro tem.*, to be confirmed in his appointment.

Mr. M. C. Petters, officiating Deputy Superintendent, to be Deputy Superintendent, Sub. *pro tem.*, *vice* Mr. W. Newland, Deputy Superintendent, on the Seconded List.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,

Surveyor General of India.

11 B 2

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
 Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal.—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
 Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry Notification No. 2968-S2, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
 and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
 The 30th October 1918.

SURVEY OF INDIA—EASTERN CIRCLE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Shillong, the 11th November 1918.

No. 1.—Mr. Prafulla Chandra Mitra, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, has been granted privilege leave for one month and thirteen days from 19th September 1918 under Articles 216 and 260, Civil Service Regulations.

C. L. ROBERTSON, Lt-Col., R.E.,
Offg Superintendent, Eastern Circle

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 15th November 1918

No. 4910-G.—Mr. P. St. L. Hogan, officiating Superintendent, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, is appointed as a temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 16th September 1918.

No. 4911-G.—Mr. T. N. A. Pillay, Accountant, 2nd grade, sub *pro tem*, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 5th (Mhow) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 25th October 1918, in place of Major E. G. D. deLabilliere granted War leave.

No. 4912-G.—Major H. C. Szezepanski, I.A., Controller of Military Accounts, 9th (Secunderabad) Division, is granted leave under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 58 days, with effect from the 28th October 1918.

No. 4913-G.—Major J. S. Graham, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, Military Accounts Department, having rejoined duty on the forenoon of 15th September 1918, on recall from the leave granted to him in Military Accounts Department Notification No. 3642-G, dated the 23rd September 1918, the unexpired portion of his leave is hereby cancelled.

No. 4914-G.—Mr. Mehr Singh, Accountant, 2nd grade, sub. *pro tem*, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 1st (Peshawar) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 20th October 1918, *vice* Mr. Soojan Singh, died on the 19th October 1918.

No. 4915-G.—Lieutenant A. E. Auger, 24th Rifle Brigade, attached to the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 1st (Peshawar) Division, is granted leave under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 60 days, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 4918-G.—Mr. A. K. Sunderesa Iyer, Accountant, 3rd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 16th September 1918, in place of Major D. A. E. Will, I.A., granted War leave.

The 19th November 1918.

No. 4967-G.—Mr. Hukum Singh, Accountant, 1st grade, Indian Finance Department, attached to the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, on medical grounds, with effect from the 25th October 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.**NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 15th November 1918.

No. 8.—Mr. Dev Dutt, Assistant Engineer, passed the professional examination prescribed in paragraphs 639 to 643, Chapter VII, State Railway Construction Code, held on the 27th September 1918.

E. A. S. BELL,
Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, DELHI.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Delhi, the 14th November 1918.

No. 5452-W.—Whereas it appears to the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, that land is required by Government for a public purpose, namely, to provide a well for the maintenance of the Hauz Khas grounds.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act I of 1894, and under Section 7 of the said Act the Deputy Commissioner of Delhi is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauzah	Area in acres.	Direction.	Boundaries.	Place where the plan may be inspected.
Delhi .	Delhi	Hauz Khas	17	lies to the South of Hauz Khas grounds	On the South, East and West of the area to be acquired is the land owned by Semaawal, son of Chajjoo, Moham-madan, of the Hauz Khas Village. On the North there is a road.	Office of the Superintendent, Arboricultural Operations and Deputy Commissioner, Delhi.

The 15th November 1918.

TRANSFER

No. 5499—81-E-B—The late Mr. W. E. A. James, Executive Engineer, was transferred, on special duty, from the Provincial Division, which he left on the forenoon of the 28th October 1918, to the Superintending Engineer's Office, 2nd Circle, Delhi, which he joined at the same time.

RESUMPTION OF CHARGE.

No. 5501—18 E-B—With reference to Notification No. 5036—18 E-B. of 1918, dated the 22nd October 1918, Mr. T. S. Malik, Executive Engineer, on return from privilege leave, resumed charge of the Provincial Division, 2nd Circle, Delhi, from Mr. W. E. A. James, Executive Engineer, on the forenoon of the 28th October 1918.

H. T. KEELING,

Secretary.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 12th November 1918.

No. 2708.—The following candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed test in Baluchi by the Higher Standard at the half-yearly examination held at Quetta on the 4th and 5th November 1918:—

1. Major A. F. N. Barron, R.A.
2. Captain T. P. Campbell, Officer in charge, Clothing Department.

The 13th November 1918.

No. 2715.—It is hereby notified that Thursday and Friday, the 14th and 15th November 1918, will be observed as holidays in the Public Offices in the Baluchistan Agency Territories and British Baluchistan, in celebration of the signing of the armistice by the Allies and Germany, and will be public holidays within the meanings of Section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act XXVI of 1881.

By order,

T. G. M. HARRIS,
First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 13th November 1918.

No. 1548-979.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 179-C-979, dated the 30th January 1917, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to order the following promotions in the Professorial Staff of the Government College, Ajmer, in consequence of the resignation of Mr. S. N. Bhattacharya, *s. p. t.*, 6th Professor of the College :—

- (1) Mr. K. S. Mankar, Offg 5th Professor, to be *s. p. t.*, 6th Professor, with effect from the 1st November 1916, till the 16th July 1917.
- (2) Mr. P. B. Joshi to officiate as 5th Professor from the 1st November 1916 till the 16th July 1917.

Those portions of this office Notification No. 163-979, dated the 10th August 1917, which refer to Messrs. Mankar and Joshi will read as below and not as stated therein.

Mr. K. S. Mankar, *s. p. t.*, 6th Professor, to be substantive 5th Professor on Rs. 150—10—200.

Mr. P. B. Joshi, Officiating 5th Professor, to be substantive 6th Professor on Rs. 150—10—200.

No. 1551-330.—Lieutenant J. H. Riley living, Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 25th November 1918 or a subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

2. This office Notification No. 1305-330 of the 1st October 1918 is hereby cancelled.

Abu, the 18th November 1918.

No. 1576-1147.—Consequent on the appointment of Munshi Bhagwati Lal, Treasury Officer, Ajmer, to officiate as Railway Magistrate, Ajmer, with effect from the 25th October 1918, the following officiating and temporary appointments are made effect from the date of assuming charge :—

- (i) Munshi Madan Gopal, Registrar, Small Cause Court, Ajmer, to officiate as Treasury Officer, Ajmer.
- (ii) Munshi Onkar Prasad Bhargava to act as Registrar, Small Cause Court, Ajmer.

By order,

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Governor General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 15th November 1918.

No 8017-Education.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 (1) of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, VII of 1901, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, proposes to declare that the undermentioned monument is a protected monument within the meaning of the said Act.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| (1) District | Delhi. |
| (2) Name and description of monument | Walls of Kadam Sharif. |
| (3) Situation— | |
| <i>North</i> | Houses of several private persons. |
| <i>South</i> | Nazul land, and Muhammadan cemetery |
| <i>East</i> | Nazul land, and premises of various private persons |
| <i>West</i> | Nazul land, Muhammadan cemetery, and premises of private persons. |

Any objection to the above proposal received in writing within one month of the date of posting by the Deputy Commissioner, Delhi, will be taken into consideration by the Chief Commissioner

No. 8020-Home.—M. Barkat Ali Khan, on being relieved by Mr Sohan Lal, is granted, under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for three months with effect from the forenoon of the 4th November 1918.

No. 8023-Education.—The following addition to the Traffic byelaws published with Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 7064, dated 16th September 1918, has been approved by the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, and is hereby published for general information.

The addition will come into force six weeks after the date of publication of this Notification.

Addition.

"Rule 13—No person shall drive on a public road any thola of which any wheel is less than 1 ft. 9 inch in diameter".

Delhi, the 15th November 1918.

No. 8026-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending the 31st October 1918, is published for information:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Rural Circles in the Province	Deaths registered in previous half month	Total in present half month	Deaths registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age.		
			Cholera.	Small pox.	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males	Females.	Total
P S Alipur	98	896	.	.	.	877	.	19	.	..	.	45	36	81
Nangloi	96	954	.	.	.	946	.	18	.	..	..	29	32	61
Najafgarh	71	761	.	.	.	745	.	11	..	..	5	15	14	29
Subsimundi	9	130	.	..	.	130	.	..	.	..	..	1	5	6
Pabarganj	2	8	.	.	.	8	..	..	.	..	..	1	..	1
Mehraulti	62	595	.	..	..	536	..	56	.	..	3	1	19	39
Raisina	25	117	.	..	.	117	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3
Shahdara	4	175	.	..	..	170	.	4	..	..	1	1	7	13
New Cantonment	17	191	.	..	.	175	.	6	..	..	.	11	5	16
Total of the District	417	3827	.	.	.	3704	..	114	..	..	9	2	130	249

No. 8027-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 9th November 1918 is published for information:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17						
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths			Cause of Death.						Infants under one year of age.							
			Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Cholera.	Small-pox	Plague	Fevers	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.					
	Delhi	225,471	108	89	196	850	513	973				525	3	316	1	27	.	65	63	123	48'20	201'10
	Notified Area	3,673	1	...		10	8	18	...			18	.	..	...	...	...	..	1	1	14'15	254'88
	Total	229,144	109	88	197	369	521	890				543	3	316	1	27	...	65	64	129	44'20	201'53

The 16th November 1918.

No. 8060-Home.—With reference to section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act (XXVI of 1881), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to declare that Wednesday, the 27th November 1918, shall be observed as a public holiday in the Delhi Province in celebration of the victory over Germany.

The 19th November 1918.

No. 8101-Home.—The services of Mr. G. H. Spence, Indian Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Home Department, with effect from the afternoon of the 1st November 1918, on which date he relinquished charge of his duties in the Delhi Province.

C. A. BARRON,

Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 16th November 1918.

No. 7507.—In accordance with rule 10 of the rules for the grant of licenses to prospect for minerals and of mining leases published in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 7552—7581-121, dated the 15th September 1913, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the power conferred on him by rule 19 of the Agent to the Governor-General's Order No. 1695-R.M., dated the 31st December 1915, the Revenue Commissioner is pleased to renew the certificate of approval granted to the Indo-Burma Petroleum Co., Ltd. of Rangoon under the above-mentioned rules.

A. B. DEW, Colonel,

Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

Senate House, Calcutta, the 14th November 1918

In view of the increasing number of graduates who attend the Convocation to receive their degrees, it has been decided as in last year to hold the next Convocation on two days, namely, Saturday and Monday, the 14th and the 16th of December, 1918, respectively. The Convocation will be held at the Senate House, College Square, Calcutta, at 12 noon on Saturday, the 14th and at 3 p.m. on Monday, the 16th December, 1918.

On Saturday, the 14th of December, 1918, candidates for the Bachelor's Degree in the Faculties of Arts and Science with the exception of those who have passed with Honours will be presented to receive their Degrees, and candidates for the following degrees, *viz.*, Doctor and Master, Honours B.A., Honours B.Sc., B.L., M.B., B.E., and B.T., will be presented on Monday, the 16th of December, 1918.

The names of candidates who intend to be presented should reach the Registrar not later than the 27th of November, 1918.

Graduates desirous of receiving their Diplomas at the Convocation are requested to be present at the Senate House in full academic costume not later than 9 a.m. on the 14th of December and at 12 noon on the 16th of December, as the case may be.

Graduates who do not attend the Convocation to receive their Degrees will have to pay a fee of Rs. 5 to be entitled to receive their Diplomas.

Senate House, Calcutta, the 19th November 1918.

Graduates of the Calcutta University, who have not yet registered their names and who intend to take part in the ensuing election of two ordinary Fellows by Registered Graduates, are to register their names on or before the 30th of December 1918. No voting paper for the ensuing election which will take place on the 18th of January, 1919, will be issued to such Graduates as will register their names after the 30th of December, 1918.

K. L. DATTA,

Offg. Registrar

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IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.**Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE No. 161 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 5th November 1918.

In the matter of Thomas Gregory Fonseca, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Thomas Gregory Fonseca, Sanitary Inspector, Durgu Ward, Syriam, on the 29th day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Thomas Gregory Fonseca.

CASE No. 162 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 5th November 1918

In the matter of Salay Mahomed, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Salay Mahomed, Trader, residing at No. 5, Mogul Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Salay Mahomed.

CASE No. 163 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 5th November 1918

In the matter of Chinthapalli Paresram Ramasamy, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chinthapalli Paresram Ramasamy, Tally Clerk, residing at No. 8, Adamson Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of November 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chinthapalli Paresram Ramasamy.

MAUNG GYEE,

Offg. Registrar

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM
IN BENGAL.****In Insolvency.****Notice of Adjudication Order.**

No. 107 of 1918.

Dated the 21st November 1918

Re George Henry Charles Bergman, *alias* George Henry Bergman, residing at present at No. 17-1 and formerly at No. 14, Creek Row, in the town of Calcutta, and employed as a Sergeant, Bengal Police.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 3rd day of July 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 144 of 1918.

Dated the 21st November 1918.

Re Tara Pada Banerjee, of No. 4, Horambo Chunder Dass Lane, in the town of Calcutta, late a service-holder but at present without occupation.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 19th day of November 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICA- TION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
496—1918	Dinnahomed <i>alias</i> Ameer Abdula Shaik.	Mahomedan	Jacob Circle	Jobber in the Bradbury Mills, Ltd.	6th	November	1918	6th	November	1918
497—1918	Nadirsha Ruttonji Karni	Parsi	16, Sandhurst Road	Clerk in the Bombay Port Trust Railway	"	"	"	"	"	"
498—1918	Thomas Alfred Evans	European	Bellasis Road	Lately guard in the G. I. P. Railway and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
499—1918	Khanderao Dinnanath Powdwal	Hindu	Thakurdwar Lane	Clerk in the employ of Messrs. Jamsedji Rustomji and Devidas, Attorneys, High Court, Bombay.	"	"	"	"	"	"
500—1918	Rama Wakooji <i>alias</i> Gopal Wakooji Chavan.	"	Lower Parel	Jobber in the Phoenix Mills, Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"
501—1918	Dhanjibhoy Pestonji <i>alias</i> Neterwalla.	Parsi	Grant Road	Compositor in the Times of India Press	"	"	"	"	"	"
502—1918	Eknath Pandurang Vagal	Hindu	5, Mahadeo Shankar Sett's Park.	Clerk in the service of Messrs. Thomson & Co., Merchants at Kalbadevi.	"	"	"	"	"	"
503—1918	Narayan Sadoo <i>alias</i> Govind Sadoo Dali.	"	Curry Road	Moulder in the B. B. & C. I. Railway (Parel Workshop).	"	"	"	"	"	"
504—1918	Kashinath Mukund More Jadav Bhandari.	"	Dadar Lady Jamsedji Road	Lately carpenter in the G. I. P. Railway (Matunga Workshop) and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
505—1918	Krishnarao Harischandra Mantri	"	Gandevi	Lately Building Supervisor and now unemployed.	7th	"	"	7th	"	"
506—1918	Sorabji Fakirji Tajapatel	Parsi	Chitra Bazar	Lately tally clerk and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

507—1918	Bhaaskar Harischandra Parkar and Bhagirathbhai Krishna Golalkar.	Hindu	Delisle Road	1st Debtor lately Painter in the G. I. P. Railway (Matunga Workshop) and now unemployed and the 2nd Debtor labourer in the Fazalbhoy Mills Ltd.	8th	"	"
508—1918	Lukewell Truelove Gaynor	European	Alexandra Terrace, Byculla	Engine Driver in the G. I. P. Railway Co. (Bombay and Bhusawal).	"	"	"
509—1918	Dharamsi Liladhar Lohana	Hindu	Kalbadevi Road	Lately petty dealer in sundry cloth, traded under the name and style of Karsondas Liladhar and now unemployed.	"	"	"
510—1918	Piroshaw Manekji Markar	Parsi	Chikalwadi Grant Road	Clerk in the employ of Messrs. J. F. Karata & Co.	9th	"	"
511—1918	Bedrudin bin Hasoonmiya Pathan	Mahomedan	Ash Umer Street, Nal Bazar	Fitter in the Bombay Municipal Workshop	"	"	"
512—1918	Rustomji Cooverji Mistry	Parsi	Byculla.	Lately Engine Driver in the G. I. P. Railway and now unemployed	"	"	"
513—1918	Wilfred Leonard McLeod Nierres	European	56, Watson's Annexe, Apollo Bunder	Lately Manager of A. H. Wheeler & Co., Bombay, and now holding a Commission in the Indian Army Reserve Officers at Bombay.	11th	"	"
514—1918	Mahany Jiwan Sha	Hindu	Princess Street, Mangaldas Lane.	Lately servant in the service of Ardasi Nasserwani and Co and now unemployed	"	"	"
515—1918	Shankar Abaji Panadi, Ganpat Abaji Panadi and Monaji Abaji Panadi	"	34, Kamathipura 1st Lane	Lately doing partnership business as Building Sub-Contractors and now 1st and 2nd Debtors unemployed and the 3rd a fitter in the employ of Nurchery Pestonji & Co.	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, }
Bombay, this 11th day of November 1918.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the orders of adjudication made herein against the undermentioned Insolvents have been this day annulled.

No.	Names	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day	Month.	Year.
644-1916	R. Mahadeo Narayan Jaywant	Hindu	Dadar	A Clerk in the Gold Mohor Mills	11th	November	1916
685-1916	Daji Narayan Vichare	"	Chunchpoojly	Lately a Tobacco License-holder and now unemployed.	1st	December	"
696-1916	Wasudeo Ramechandra Kabre	"	No. 18, Malas Wadi.	A Clerk in the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Co., Ltd.	7th	"	"
720-1916	Shanker Sadoba Wadke	"	Mahim Bazar Road	A Clerk in the employ of Messrs. Scott & Co.	21st	"	"
2-1917	Allamahomed Kemail Moojaware	Mahomedan	No. 11-15, Memonwada	Lately a Milk Vendor and now a Servant in the employ of Ali Raja Gaji.	8th	January	1917
3-1917	Mahadeo Ramji Jadav	Hindu	Bhenji Bazar No. 1	A Gold and Silver Embroiderer.	"	"	"
4-1917	Dada Mohidin Kasu	Mahomedan	Nazlevi Street, Kasai Molla	Lately a Butcher and now unemployed	9th	"	"
5-1917	Aaron Reuben Chewolker	Bene Israel	Madaupura	A Fitter in the G. I. P. Railway Workshop, Parel	8th	"	"
6-1917	Piroshaw Maneji Markar	Parsi	Grant Road	A Clerk in the employ of J. F. Karaka & Co.	"	"	"
8-1917	Jankiparsad Pootulal Pardeshi and Ramcharan Pootulal Pardeshi.	Hindu	Pydhowni	1st Insolvent lately a Grocer and now unemployed and 2nd Insolvent a Servant in the employ of Messrs. Premji Lalji & Co.	"	"	"
9-1917	Arjoon Jetha Mochi	"	No. 10, Two Tanks	Lately a dealer in Shoes and Boots, etc., and now a servant in the employ of Kesow Bhoja.	"	"	"
12-1917	Aaron Benjamin Shapurkar	Bene Israel	Mazagaon	A Carpenter	11th	"	"
14-1917	Raghnath Prabhakar Bivre	Hindu	New Nagpada	A Mehta in the service of Govindram Laxminarayan.	9th	"	"
16-1917	Govind Balakrishna Powar	"	Vadala Matunga	A Poliher in the G. I. P. Railway	"	"	"
17-1917	Vagawarnal alias Baktawarnal Dhooleji Sha.	"	Chinchpoojly	Lately carrying on business as Shroffs and dealer in Brass and Copper Pots in partnership with Jasraj Mayachand & Co., in the name of the Jasraj Mayachand & Co., and now unemployed.	10th	"	"
19-1917	Shivram Sakharan Palkar	"	Chawpati	Lately a Chauffeur in the employ of the late Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dahar and now unemployed.	"	"	"
20-1917	Shankar Ramechandra Narvekar	"	Wadala Undby Antop Hill Road	A Clerk in the Port Trust Railway at Masagon	"	"	"
22-1917	Balkrishna Sunder Shetray	"	Borivli	A Fitter in the New Great Mills Ltd., Byculla.	"	"	"
23-1917	Abdul Tyeab Abdul Husein Dawoodi Vora.	Mahomedan	Bhejipala Lane	Lately a Landed Proprietor and now a Servant in the employ of Kikabhai Rajibhai.	"	"	"
25-1917	Moreswar Sokerji Talpade	Hindu	Dukargulli	A Sub-Inspector in the Bombay Municipality (Health Department).	11th	"	"

27-1917	Herbert Robert Vincent	Anglo-Indian	Fort Street	A Temporary Supervisor in the Bombay Port Trust (Alexandra Dock).	12th	"
28-1917	Mahomed Moriba Rawoot	Hindu	Parel	A Carpenter	"	"
29-1917	Purshotum Arjoon Thacker	"	Vadgudy	Lately a Speculator in Jotia, etc., and now unemployed.	15th	"
30-1917	Sorabji Fakarji Tajapatel	Parsi	Chitra Bazar	Lately a Tally Clerk and now unemployed.	"	"
34-1917	Datoo alias Datarum Annaji Pore	Hindu	Lal Bang	Lately a dealer in ready made Clothes and now unemployed.	16th	"
35-1917	Lawrence Amparo	Anglo-Indian	No. 50, Goa Street, Fort	A Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.	"	"
36-1917	Mouji Ramji Thacker	Hindu	Katha Bazar	Lately a dealer in Cloth and now unemployed.	17th	"
37-1917	Raghoo Visram Naringrekar	"	Worli	A jobber in the Century Mills Ltd.	"	"
41-1917	Umerai Hansraj Sha	"	Maudvi	Formerly dealing in Corn and Seeds and now unemployed.	18th	"
43-1917	Latifkhan Esufkhan and Dawoodkhan Esufkhan.	Mahomedan	Chinchpokli	Lately doing business in partnership as dealers in Firewood in the name of Latifkhan and now Boat repairers.	19th	"
44-1917	Kisansing Marwansing Thakoor	Hindu	Old Nagpada	Lately a Contractor for unloading Coal in partnership with Magniram Padmaji in the name of Kisansing Marwansing and now unemployed.	20th	"
49-1917	Vachraj Dhaoji Sha	"	Gowalia Tank Road	Lately a grocer trading in the name and style of Mohanlal Vachraj and now unemployed.	22nd	"
51-1917	Bernard Euphilus Mathias	Anglo-Indian	294, Ripon Road	A Clerk in the Griffiths Agency	23rd	"
52-1917	Joseph alias Esuf alias Yoseph Abraham Vanderkar.	Jewish	Jacob Circle	A Fitter in Messrs. Aleock Ashdown & Co., Ltd.	24th	"
53-1917	Ladoo Bhima Ghady	Hindu	"	A Jobber in the Simplex Mills	25th	"
54-1917	Naderkhan Katal Alikhan	Mahomedan	Parel, Bhoiwada	A Fitter in G. I. P. Railway Company (Pareishop)	"	"
55-1917	Mahomed Haji F-sa Menon	"	Kalsa Mohola	A Petty Commission Agent in Grocery	"	"
56-1917	Nurmalmed Abdul Kaim Sheik	"	Bheudy Bazar	A Tailor in the employ of Abdul Hamid	"	"
57-1917	Anthony Manuel Moses	East Indian	Near Byculla Station	A Fitter in the Lombay Port Trust (Mazagon Workshop)	26th	"
58-1917	Bomonji Pe-tonji Vachha	Parsi	Tardeo	Lately a Landed Proprietor and now unemployed	27th	"
61-1917	Ahmed Aga bin Gulamhusein alias Haji Ahmed Aga and Ali aga bin Haji Kumbherally.	Mahomedan	Mohi Street, Fort	Lately doing business in partnership as Hotel-keepers and now unemployed.	29th	"
63-1917	Keshewlal Manchand Nayek alias Bhogak.	Hindu	Grant Road	Lately a Speculator in American Cotton and horse races and now a Supplier of Sundry goods to different Theatrical Companies.	"	"
67-1917	Bhaaker Harishchandra Parkar and Bhagirathbhai Krishnaji Golatkar.	"	Delisle Road	The 1st Insolvent a painter in the G. I. P. Railway Company (Matunga Workshop) and the Insolvent a labourer in the Fazalbhai Mills, Ltd.	31st	"
68-1917	Mrs Annie Bailey, wife of F. E. Bailey.	Jewish	Fiene Road	Unemployed	1st February	"
69-1917	Fredrick Joseph O Halloran	European	Byculla Sankli Street.	A Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office at Bombay.	2nd	"

No.	Names	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description	DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day	Month.	Year.
70-1917	R. John Savadore De Silva	Eurasian	Opposite Catholic Library Cavel	A Clerk in the Mercantile Bank of India Limited, Bombay.	2nd	February	1917
71-1917	Arham Hym Mazgaoker	Jewish	Ripon Road	A Fitter in Messrs. Alcock Ashdown & Co.	"	"	"
72-1917	Antone Pereira and Filooa Anjanbi, wife of Antone Pereira	Portuguese	Kamatipura 9th Lane.	The 1st Insolvent a Fitter in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company (Parel) and 2nd Insolvent unemployed.	"	"	"
73-1917	Gulamhusein Abdulrahman alias E. A. Abdulrahman Mahker.	Mahomedan	New Kazi Molla	A dealer in provision	"	"	"
79-1917	Bala alias Baboo Raghuo Amberker.	Hindu	Chunchpogli	Lately a grocer and now a Mukadam in the Greaves Cotton Mills, Ltd.	7th	"	"
82-1917	Shanker Balwant Khudedar and Pandurang Balwant Khudedar.	"	Kamatipura 5th Lane	Lately doing business in partnership with Laxmon Nathuji Dhoge as dealers in Fruits in the name of Shanker Balwant and now unemployed	9th	"	"
88-1917	Cowaji Nawroji Bhagel	Parsi	Varuthi Cross Lane	Lately a Motor Driver in Government Ambulance Department and now unemployed.	12th	"	"
91-1917	Nawroji Jameetji Billimoria	"	198, Chitra Bazar	A Fireman in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company at Lower Parel (Running Shed).	15th	"	"
94-1917	Shah Dawood Shah Ahmed	Mahomedan	Folkland Road	Lately a dealer in Chillies and now unemployed	16th	"	"
98-1917	Narandas Nagandas Giltwala	Hindu	92, Gulabwady	Lately a Gilder and now unemployed	19th	"	"
99-1917	Santana Sebastina Fernandes	Portuguese	Cavel	A Photographer	21st	"	"
107-1917	Genoo Odaji Telli	Hindu	Lalwady	A dealer in Parched rice	26th	"	"
108-1917	Ritchard Norbert McGill	Anglo-Indian	Parel	A Fireman in the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company (Parel).	27th	"	"
109-1917	Ramdehal Jagesar Ahir	Hindu	Jacob Circle	A Milk Vendor	2nd	March	"

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT.

Bombay, this 7th day of November 1918.

R. B. PATEL,

Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1903 (III of 1909) :—

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
516—1918	Purshotam Hurjiwan Joshi	Hindu	Vadgadi, Bombay	Cook and Mendicant	11th	November	1918	12th	November	1918
517—1918	Manbode Ramaytar Upadha	"	Umerkhadi, Bombay	Lately milk seller and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
518—1918	George Leslie Munzavin	European	Clare Road, Byalla, Bombay	Assistant to the Traffic Controller, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.	12th	"	"	"	"	"
519—1918	Jamnadas Jadhavji Udain	Hindu	Crown Building, Girgaon, Bombay.	Lately speculator in shares of different Joint Stock Companies and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
520—1918	Erach Shaw Dhunji Shaw Doona- alias alias Nazir.	Parsi	Queen's Road, Bombay	Lately guard in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
521—1918	Sitaran Vithoo Tawle	Hindu	Chorwadga, Bombay	Jobber in the Kaisare Hind Mills Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"
522—1918	Pochiti Sayana Pitta and Gangoo- bai, wife of Pochiti Sayana Pitta.	"	Kanathnura 14th Lane, Bombay.	1st Dressing Tailor and the 2nd Dresser un- employed	"	"	"	"	"	"
523—1918	Varajlal Damodar Sangavi	"	Crampa Gully, Bombay	Lately doing business as Box maker, etc., in partnership with (anji) Lakshminand in the name of Varajlal and Conji and now Munim in the employ of Girdhars Devji.	13th	"	"	13th	"	"
524—1918	Mahomed Bipin Saini	Mahomedan	Mazgaon, Bombay	Sarang in the Bombay Port Trust	"	"	"	"	"	"
525—1918	Madanchand Devidayal Kapur	Hindu	Mumbadevi, Bombay.	Lately dealer in cotton and woolen shawls and now unemployed.	"	"	"	14th	"	"
526—1918	Bhader Jiwaraj Vania	"	Bhuleshwari, Bombay.	Lately petty Commission Agent in tannery, etc., in partnership with Gundandas Bhambhori, and now servant in the employ of the Mahim Manufacturing Co. Ltd., Port	"	"	"	"	"	"
527—1918	Shitaran Moreswar Mook and Krisnaji Moteswar Moole	"	Churni Road, Bombay	Tea and coffee keepers	14th	"	"	"	"	"
528—1918	Oakhondas Vadhuram Multani, Kunayali, Lalchand Multani, Narayandas Santidas Multani, Mulchand Tilmal Multani, Ramchand Karpuram Multani, Bhawandas Ishardas Multani, Ramchand Bhawandas Multani, Tikandas Nootandas Multani, and Hasanand Vadhuram Multani.	"	1st three liebers at Matunga, Bombay, and the rest at Karachi.	Lately carrying on partner ship business at Bombay and Karachi as cloth merchants under the name, style and firm of Mulchand Thumal and now unemployed.	15th	"	"	15th	"	"

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.

SUIT No. 17 of 1918.

Delhi, the 16th November 1918.

In the matter of Insolvency of Firm Jhunta, Sedhie, Caste Roghar of Bagh Qurol,
Leather Merchants, Debtor.

Whereas firm H. Abdulghani Mohamad Faruq of Delhi Creditors of the said debtor has made application to this Court under Section 11 (2) Act 3 of 1907 for an order that the above-named debtor be adjudicated insolvent.

Notice is hereby given to the other Creditors if any and to the insolvent that the said application will be heard at Delhi on the 29th day of November 1918 at 10 o'clock.

Given under my hand and the seal of this Court this 16th November 1918.

SUIT No. 18 of 1918.

Delhi, the 15th November 1918.

In the matter of Insolvency of Naththoo Mal and Har Lal, sons of Bahadur, Caste
Sani of Sooiwalan, Delhi, Insolvents.

It is hereby notified under Section 12 of Act 3 of 1907 that an application filed by Naththoo and Har Lal to be adjudicated them insolvents has been admitted in this Court, and will be heard on 13th December 1918.

TOPAN RAM,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of an absentee without leave from the 2-5th Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry, "B" Company, dated at Barrackpore, this 16th day of November 1918.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—20523, Private Symes V Age—22 years Height—6 feet 1½ inches. Colour of—Complexion, pale; hair, dark brown; eyes, brown. Trade—Mason Date of Enlistment—11th December 1915. Place of Enlistment—Not known.</p>	<p>Parish and County in which born—Not known Date of Desertion or absence—2nd November 1918. Place of Desertion or absence—<i>En route</i> from Nainital to Barrackpore. Marks—Has been wounded and has a scar on leg. Under three years' service.</p>
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F. REVELL, 2nd-Lieut.,
Officer Commanding Detachment 2-5th Battalion, P. A. Somerset Light, Barrackpore.

Report of an absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Royal Sussex Regiment, dated at Rawalpindi, this 16th day of November 1918.

<p>Number, Rank and Name—9768, Private Frederick Ernest Selmes. Present age—25 years. Height 6 feet 8 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fair; hair, light brown; eyes, blue. Trade—Kitchen Porter. Date of Enlistment—20th October 1911. Place of Enlistment—Brighton, Sussex, England Parish and County in which born—South Wick, Brighton, Sussex.</p>	<p>Date of Absence—9.30 P.M. 14th November 1918. Place of Absence—Rawalpindi, India. Marks—Scar left side of forehead; Scar left breast, Scar left side of neck. Tattooed:—Ship, crossed hands and heart, Truelove, Bracelet, back of right forearm L P F S L S back of left forearm Under 3 years' service. Remarks—Next-of-kin:—Mrs. Selmes, 20 Appollo Terrace, Brighton.</p>
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F. H. HAIGH, Lieut., for Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 1st Bn., The Royal Sussex Regiment.

Report of an absentee without leave from the 2-14th Battalion D. C. L. Infantry dated at Delhi, this 20th day of November 1918

<p>Number, Rank and Name—200370 Corporal Rosewall, L. Age—About 35 years. Height—5 feet 8 inches. Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, black; eyes, ? Trade—Ironmonger. Date of Enlistment—2nd September 1914. Place of Enlistment—Truro. Parish and County in which born—Penzance, Cornwall.</p>	<p>Date of Desertion or absence—6 A.M. 19th November 1918 Place of Desertion or absence—New Cantonments, Delhi Marks—Black curled moustache, smashed forefinger top, and nail on one hand. Took a Singer bicycle with him, back frame, 1 brake, old Dunlop tyres. Under five years' service.</p>
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G. S. MEADOWS, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 2-14th Battalion, D. C. L. I.

**POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
POST OFFICE.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 11th November 1918.

No. 2079s-*Ap*.—Rai Radhika Mohan Lahiri Bahadur, Assistant Director General of the Post Office, officiating in the grade of Rs. 1,200—1,100, is permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the forenoon of the 16th October 1918.

The 13th November 1918.

No. 2092s-*Ap*.—Mr. Faizur Rahman, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for five weeks, with effect from the 26th October 1918.

Mr. Surendra Nath Mitra, Inspector of post offices, Sylhet Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Faizur Rahman, or until further orders.

No. 2096s-*Ap*.—Mr. N. S. Varadacharya, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 30th October 1918, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. P. S. Thiagaraja Iyer, Investigating Inspector, Office of the Postmaster-General, Madras, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. N. S. Varadacharya, or until further orders.

No. 2102s-*Ap*.—Mr. N. B. Tembe, Investigating Inspector, Office of the Postmaster-General, Central Circle, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 14th July 1918 to 31st July 1918, inclusive.

2. This supersedes this office Notification No. 1343s-*Ap*, dated the 31st July 1918.

No. 2105s-*Ap* Mr. H. R. McLeod, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, officiating in the 4th grade, and Assistant Director, Postal Services, Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force, is granted special war leave on full pay for 2 months and 4 days from the 28th May 1918 to the 31st July 1918, under Army Department letter No. 5332, dated the 14th June 1915.

G. R. CLARKE,

Offg. Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

**POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 18th November 1918.

No. 4285-*E-E*.—The following permanent promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Technical Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	to	With effect from
Mr. J. G. Lushington	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 1st class, pay Rs. 325—15—400.	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 1st class special, pay Rs. 400—25—500.	16th December 1918.

The 19th November 1918.

No. 4326-*E-E*.—Mr. J. J. Harvey, Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, is granted a further extension of medical leave for one month, with effect from the 20th October 1918, in continuation of the leave granted to him in this Department Notification No. 1624s-*E-E*, dated the 10th October 1918.

The 20th November 1918.

No. 4345-*E-E*.—Mr. P. N. Mallik, Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 9th November 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 15th November 1918.

No. 6388-T.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 31st October 1918 to 14th November 1918.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Colvale	Portuguese territory	23rd October 1918	Opened.
Fort Cavagnari	North-West Frontier Province	22nd " "	Closed.
Jand	Punjab	9th " "	"
Jodhpur-Kachery	Rajputana	28th " "	"
Quetta Post	Baluchistan	30th " "	"
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Baghora	Great Indian Peninsula Rail- way.	31st October 1918	Closed.
Bhulon	Great Indian Peninsula Rail- way.	" " "	"
Ohajawa	Great Indian Peninsula Rail- way.	" " "	"
Digod	Great Indian Peninsula Rail- way.	" " "	"
Ladhowal	North Western Railway	1st November "	"
Pagara	Great Indian Peninsula Rail- way.	31st October "	"
Pirthala Lalanda	North Western Railway	1st November "	Opened.
Sohal	North Western Railway	" " "	Closed.
Sojna	Great Indian Peninsula Rail- way.	31st October "	"

The following alterations in the names of Government Telegraph Offices are notified:—
 "Dardoni" instead of "Miran Shah", "Fort Hertz" instead of "Putao",
 "Fort Harrison" instead of "Sadon", "Fort Morton" instead of "Sima".

The 21st November 1918.

No. 6499-T.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 14th November 1918 to 20th November 1918.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Ghagra	Bihar and Orissa	6th November 1918	Closed
Katum	Burma	1st October "	"
Poona Brigade	Bombay	24th October "	"

M. A. THOMPSON,
Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

Calcutta, the 20th November 1918.

No. 6467-T.—Mr. J. A. Howse, who was appointed officiating Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, in Notification No. 5465-T, dated the 24th September 1918, reverted to the grade of Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, on the 8th October 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ³⁹⁸²~~F.1.~~ Bombay of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922 for Rs. 500, originally issued in the name of Jehangir Hormasji Sorabji, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**JEHANGIR HORMASJI SORABJI.**

Residence—No. 4, New Queen's Road, Bombay.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 149850 for Rs. 500 and Nos. 149851 to 54 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 1,000 each and Nos 251121 and 251122 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of Manmath Nath Dutt and Pramath Nath Dutt, minors and Nos. 256161 and 240243 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Manmath Nath Dutt, and Pramath Nath Dutt, minors, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

NONI BALA DAS.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 282996 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of Jnanendra Mohan Das, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—JNANENDRA MOHAN DAS.

Residence—Snapur (District Dacca) Present Address Sylhet, Munsiff.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 111725 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Apurba Chandra Ghosh, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

GIRIBALA DASSY,

Executrix to the Estate of A. C. Ghosh,
19, Hari Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.

LOST OR STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 126190 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43, for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of Rakashakali Debi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—SRIMATY SAROJBASINI DEBI.

Residence—53, Paddopukur Road, Bhowaniput, Calcutta.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes No. 081625, 081657, 081658, 081659 of the 8 per cent. loan of 1896-97, for Rs. 500, 100, 100, 100, respectively originally standing in the name of the Controller of Currency and last endorsed to Sundar Singh, the proprietor by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

SUNDAR SINGH,

Retired Supply Agent, Gujranwalla.

DESTROYED.

The War Loan Bond of 1920 bearing No. 071823 of 5½ % for Rs. 2,000 originally standing in the name of Jamita Mall Moti Ram and no endorsement on the back and never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed in fire notice is hereby given that payment of the above Bond and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

JAMITA MALL MOTI RAM,

General Cloth Merchants.

DABBI BAZAR,

Lahore, the 29th October 1918.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 175296, 175297 and 175298 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 100 each originally standing in the name of Prosad Das Boral and Bros. and last endorsed to Sontosh Kumar Mitra, the proprietor by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**SONTOSH KUMAR MITRA,**

Residence—Gargopara Road, Chinsurah P O, District Hugli.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No 121922 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Amiabala Debi, Administrative of Hrishicase Gangully, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—**AMIABALA DEBI**

Administrative of **HRISHICASE GANGOOLY,**

Residence—C/o Babu Panchanan Gangooly, Village Ayda
Guptipara P O, District Hugli.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. B. 007775 of the 3 per cent loan of 1895-97 to Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to Bapu R. Kanade, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**BAPU R. KANADE,**

Present Residence—Bianlari, C P, Permanent Address 377, Shivaji Peth,
Poona.

12th October 1918

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

**RETURN SHOWING the WHOLESALE and RETAIL PRICES of CEREALS, PULSES,
OILSEEDS, SUGAR (RAW), SALT, ETC., in INDIA by DISTRICTS for the
FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 15TH OCTOBER 1918**

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

November 13, 1918

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 15th October, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917.

Province	RICE (Common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum.</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		ARHAR DĀL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 15th October of																			
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma	100	113	100	122	.	...	100	100	100	100	100	112	100	110	100	125	...	...	100	107
Assam	100	100	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	125	100	94	100	81
Bengal	100	108	100	150	...	...	...	..	...	...	100	122	100	117	100	121	100	100	100	87
Bihar and Orissa	100	158	100	166	100	169	...	...	100	178	100	188	100	149	100	100	100	79	100	89
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	143	100	158	100	186	100	300	100	201	100	206	100	186	100	114	100	81	100	89
Delhi	100	132	100	158	100	158	100	.	100	187	100	161	100	200	100	119	100	132	100	97
Punjab	100	174	100	144	100	155	100	162	100	144	100	145	100	129	100	115	100	119	100	158
North-West Frontier Province	100	164	100	125	100	124	.	..	100	99	100	130	100	125	100	113	100	147	100	122
Sind and Baluchis- tan	100	206	100	94	100	140	100	137	100	106	100	147	100	117	100	121	..	...	...	...
Bombay	100	155	100	172	100	161	100	183	.	...	100	159	100	130	100	142	100	98	100	143
Central Provinces and Berar	100	152	100	165	.	..	100	236	.	..	100	184	100	165	100	127	...	...	100	148
Madras	100	125	..	...	..	..	100	140	...	...	100	139	100	124	100	144	100	124	100	107
Average India {	100	148	100	145	100	156	100	193	100	145	100	154	100	141	100	122	100	106	100	110
	Unweigh- ted	100	135	100	152	100	176	100	227	100	178	100	178	100	94	...
Weighted																				

NOTE.—Compared with the corresponding fortnight of the preceding year, there has been a general rise in the prices of all food grains in almost all the reporting Provinces, the most noteworthy being in rice in Sind and Baluchistan, in wheat in the Bombay Presidency, in barley, jawar, maize and gram in the United Provinces, and in arhar dāl in Delhi. The price of ghi also increased generally, the highest rise being in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies. The increase in the price of raw sugar in the North-West Frontier Province and of salt in the Punjab, the Bombay Presidency and the Central Provinces and Berar, is noticeable. The fall in the price of salt in Bihar and Orissa is also noteworthy.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2.

Comparison with previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 15th October, 1918, as compared with the previous fortnight.

Province	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending																			
	RICE (common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)		ARHAR DĀL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918	30th Sep. 1918	15th Oct. 1918
Burma . . .	100	111	100	100	...	...	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	108	100	100	...	...	100	108
Assam . . .	100	100	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	106	100	94	100	108
Bengal . . .	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	..	100	100	100	100	100	97	100	100	100	100
Bihar and Orissa . . .	100	109	100	100	100	106	...	...	100	106	100	110	100	104	100	98	100	97	100	93
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh . . .	100	106	100	98	100	102	...	...	100	101	100	100	100	106	100	100	100	112	100	103
Delhi . . .	100	110	100	95	100	96	...	..	...	...	100	94	100	100	100	100	100	132	100	109
Punjab . . .	100	100	100	99	100	186	100	100	100	103	100	96	100	100	100	99	100	98	100	101
North-West Frontier Province . . .	100	100	100	102	100	105	...	..	100	100	100	105	100	100	100	102	100	166	100	101
Sind and Baluchistan . . .	100	107	100	88	100	111	100	103	100	100	100	123	100	105	100	106	100	91	100	105
Bombay . . .	100	109	100	98	100	100	100	111	...	..	100	97	100	101	100	103	100	96	100	88
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	100	100	100	105	...	..	100	100	...	...	100	112	100	107	100	105	...	...	100	100
Madras . . .	100	107	...	...	...	...	100	105	...	..	100	100	160	94	100	95	100	124	100	95
Average India {	100	105	100	97	100	104	100	103	100	103	100	103	100	105	100	100	100	105	100	99
	Unweighted	100	105	100	96	100	104	100	106	100	103	101	...	...	...	...	100	107	...	...
Weighted	100	105	100	96	100	104	100	106	100	103	100	101	...	...	...	...	100	107	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the previous fortnight, the rise in the price of gram in Sind and Baluchistan and that of raw sugar in Delhi and the Madras Presidency is noticeable.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 3.

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82½ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, bajra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending the 15th October of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918.

MARKETS	WHEAT (Triticum aestivum)			RICE (common) (Oryza Sativa)			JAWAR (Andropogon sorghum)			BAJRA (Pennisetum typhoides)			GRAM (Cicer arabianum)		
	1916	1917	1918	1916	1917	1918	1916	1917	1918	1916	1917	1918	1916	1917	1918
Calcutta . . .	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Bombay . . .	7 8 0	5 9 0	4 5 0	5 12 0	5 4 0	6 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
Karachi . . .	*	4 13 0	4 4 0	*	5 2 0	5 1 0	*	2 6 0	2 10 0	*	3 1 6	2 14 0	*	..	...
Madras . . .	.	.	..	6 12 2	5 10 1	5 4 10	...	.	..	...	..	..	6 7 0	4 9 5	4 3 4
Rangoon . . .	.	.	..	4 8 1	3 5 0	3 8 3	.	.	.	.	..	..	5 15 8	3 9 10	3 14 1
Dacca . . .	...	.	.	6 4 9	5 6 0	6 0 0	...	.	.	...	..	..	...	...	...
Patna . . .	6 0 0	4 0 0	3 4 6	5 11 0	3 5 0	4 3 0	.	2 5 0	2 7 0	.	.	.	4 9 0	2 8 0	2 13 9
Ranohi . . .	8 8 0	5 0 0	4 2 0	6 10 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	...	.	..	..	.	.	5 12 0	3 12 0	3 11 0
Outtock . . .	6 12 11	4 5 8	4 1 2	4 11 8	3 9 6	4 8 1	...	..	..	..	..	..	6 1 6	3 12 11	3 12 11
Bonares . . .	6 7 9	4 1 5	4 0 8	6 7 9	4 11 0	5 4 4	.	.	..	..	..	..	5 1 0	2 7 9	3 3 1
Cawnpore . . .	6 15 0	4 8 3	4 0 0	7 0 0	5 4 0	5 1 0	.	.	..	..	..	..	5 5 0	2 14 0	3 0 0
Meerut . . .	6 6 0	3 14 5	3 11 3	6 6 0	5 11 5	5 8 3	..	2 10 8	2 8 0	.	.	.	5 5 0	3 1 3	3 0 3
Agre . . .	7 4 7	4 7 1	4 5 2	8 14 11	6 6 4	6 13 8	7 9 11	2 8 8	2 10 8	7 8 0	2 5 7	2 11 4	5 6 10	2 5 7	3 6 5
Lucknow . . .	6 10 6	4 5 2	3 14 6	6 6 2	5 4 0	4 0 0	.	.	..	..	..	..	5 8 5	2 10 8	2 10 8
Ferozepur . . .	6 2 6	3 14 6	3 10 3	8 14 3	5 5 3	4 11 3	..	2 8 0	2 5 9	.	2 12 0	3 5 3	4 13 6	3 1 3	3 15 6
Lahore . . .	6 2 6	4 5 3	3 14 3	3 8 0	4 18 0	4 11 3	.	3 1 3	3 1 3	5 11 6	3 0 3	3 7 6	4 13 6	3 1 3	3 2 3
Amritsar . . .	5 12 0	3 14 0	3 11 6	7 12 0	4 14 0	4 18 6	.	.	..	..	..	..	4 0 0	3 2 3	2 15 3
Rawalpindi . . .	6 0 0	4 7 0	3 12 0	8 14 3	4 12 0	5 12 0	4 9 0	2 12 0	2 8 0	6 10 9	2 10 0	3 0 0	4 11 3	3 5 3	3 3 0
Lyallpur . . .	5 11 0	4 2 6	3 11 0	9 0 0	5 1 0	6 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	4 6 0	3 1 0	3 2 0
Ambala . . .	6 9 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	8 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	.	2 12 0	2 15 0	...	3 0 0	3 12 0	5 8 0	3 0 0	3 0 0
Delhi . . .	6 10 0	4 3 0	3 11 0	8 4 0	6 4 0	6 0 0	.	3 0 0	3 9 0	..	3 0 0	2 14 0	5 0 0	3 1 8	3 1 0
Peshawar . . .	5 1 3	4 2 1	3 8 3	8 12 4	5 5 4	5 9 5	.	3 2 5	2 2 6	.	2 14 9	3 8 1	4 7 7	3 5 4	3 2 10
Quetta . . .	4 18 6	5 2 0	4 11 0	...	..	...	4 6 0	3 3 0	3 4 0	...	..	..	...	...	...
Poonah . . .	9 7 1	5 13 4	4 11 7	9 5 7	5 11 3	5 8 0	.	3 8 8	2 8 0	11 0 8	4 7 1	3 9 9	6 1 8	4 2 3	3 12 8
Ahmednagar . . .	8 11 9	5 2 9	3 9 5	...	..	.	8 13 0	2 15 4	...	..	..	..	6 0 3	3 12 5	3 7 8
Ahmedabad . . .	8 8 0	4 12 0	4 2 0	9 6 0	6 10 0	6 12 0	...	3 3 0	2 4 0	10 0 0	3 5 0	2 14 0	6 8 0	3 9 0	3 8 0
Nagpur . . .	7 7 4	4 8 2	3 11 5	9 3 7	4 10 4	4 3 8	...	3 0 10	2 6 8	...	..	..	6 11 8	3 7 6	3 6 8
Jubbulpur . . .	7 1 10	4 7 1	3 12 2	6 15 4	4 3 5	5 0 0	...	..	..	..	..	..	6 6 5	3 7 7	3 5 4
Ootacanda . . .	...	...	...	5 10 5	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	...	...
Calicut . . .	...	...	...	7 4 6	5 4 11	5 2 11	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	...	..

* Figures have not so far been reported

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Barma *—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui	..	..	45 71	40 25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tavoy	..	..	32 99	32 99	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moulmein and Amherst	..	..	43 84	27 47	80	71 91	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Bangoon	..	..	45 07	33 1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maubin	..	..	48 12	26 80	160	82 05	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bassein	..	..	41 07	23 93	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pegu (island)—															
Kensada	..	..	45 39	26 02	100	75 29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Toungoo	..	..	35 16	25 2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay	..	..	44 14	30 19	78 05	45 07	..	..	..	..	19 69	19 69	..	..	..
Pakokka	..	..	44 14	32 99	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arahan—															
Akyab	..	..	36 30	36 36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assam —															
Surma—															
Balaganj (Sylhet)	23 75	21 25	37 5	36 87	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Brahmaputra—															
Goalpara	20	20	40	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gauhati	32 5	20	50	45	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bengal *—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong	..	..	50	42 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacca	26 35	27 5	62 5	53 75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deltaic—															
Calcutta	27 5	25	57 5	52 5	75	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Western—															
Burdwan	23 12	30	47 5	39 75	..	61 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Midnapore	35	18 75	50	41 25	85	57 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern—															
Pabna	27 5	25	45	46 25	..	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpur	22 5	25	50	50	55	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa *—															
Bihar, north—															
Bhagalpore †	..	22 5	..	35	..	40	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	..	..
Muzaffarpur	30	20 94	61 56	44 37	66 56	40	..	..	38 12	23 19	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar, south—															
Patna	30	50	56 87	33 12	60	40	..	..	36 25	21 87	..	23 12	..	..	..
Orissa—															
Cuttack	17 92	16 04	17 03	35 94	68 07	43 54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
United Provinces —															
(a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Benares	36 07	24 84	64 84	46 87	64 84	42 13	69 84	45 16	46 72	27 13	..	..	..	..	..
Central—															
Cawnpore	35	22 5	70	52 5	69 37	42 07	72 5	48 75	52 5	28 12	..	..	..	..	..
Jhansi	..	..	75 31	50	50 78 and 74 37	42 19 and 43 75	..	..	..	24 68	..	26 73	..	..	..
Western—															
Meerut	..	25	61 75	57 18	63 75	39 01	75	43 23	48 44	29 63	..	26 67	..	..	..
Agra	57 5	..	80 33	63 96	72 86	44 43	85 68	53 33	51 87	26 67	76 2	25 42	75	23 49	..
Simoesiana, west—															
Shahjahanpur	41 25	19 06	70	33 23	66 25	38 75	78 75	45 62	46 87	25 31	..	..	..	..	..
(b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow	..	20	61 51	40	66 56	43 23	80	51 36	53 39	26 67	..	..	43 44	..	..
Northern—															
Fyzabad	39 06	22 5	70 31	47 81	70 78	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Figures have not so far been reported

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district head quarters) in each province on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

[illegible]

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SHEMUM Tn of jangh		GRI		SUGAR RAW (Gdr)		SALT		TOBACCO-LEAF		TURNIPS		GRASS		STRA
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergal	..	..	800	581 82	..	..	35 75	27 47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tavoy	..	..	640	640	..	..	25 7	25 7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moulmein	..	..	711 11	457 14	..	..	85 88	24 62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amherst	..	..											
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Bangoon	..	..	914 29	538 88	..	..	35 18	35 56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maubin	..	..	800	640	..	..	48 13	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bassein	..	..	640	640	..	..	45 71	45 71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pegu (inland)—															
Heanada	..	..	914 29	711 11	..	..	46 72	35 75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Toungoo	..	..					42 95	40 51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay	..	..	800	711 11	..	..	46 72	41 83	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pakokku	..	..	914 29	711 11	..	..	45 89	45 89	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arahan—															
Akyab	..	..	914 29	581 82	..	..	40	50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assam—															
Burna—															
Sylhet (Balaganj)	..	..	760	590	72 5	77 5	41 25	47 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Brahmaputra—															
Goalpara	..	..	700	570	85	95	48 5	55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gauhati	..	..	740	620	110	90	42 5	52 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bengal—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong	..	..	700	540	85	70	35	60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dacca	..	..	680	560	110	117 5	42 5	52 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delitto—															
Calcutta	..	..	720	650	85	100	37 5	46 1 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Western—															
Burdwan	..	..	680	550	110	70	32 5	80 87	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Midnapur	..	..	{ 750 to 800 }	{ 580 to 620 }	85	100	41 25	48 75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern—															
Fabna	..	..	800	620	80	85	42 5	47 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangpur	..	..	600	580	75	70	43 75	45	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa															
Bihar, north—															
Bhagalpur*	..	50		680	..	70	..	50	..	80	..	..	..	..	..
Muzaffarpur	..	..	538 12	538 12	50	66 56	25 12	44 37	200	268 56	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar, south—															
Fabna	100	55	530	510	75	60	30 78	32 5	15	25	..	..	5	5	..
Orissa—															
Cuttack	93 75	..	600 58	609 49	51 41	64 74	26 35	25	121 87	91 41	..	..	6 25	5 62	6 25
United Provinces															
(a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Bonares	84 69	51 72	586 67	545 68	61 87	99 21	43 12	31 23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Central—															
Cawnpore	102 5	67 5	680	480	58 75	76 25	24 58	26 25	150	160	150	170	..	..	..
Jhansi	..	..	538 38	466 87	..	70	30	26 87	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Western—															
Meerut	..	..	640	581 82	80	94 11	21 09	36 07	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agra	126 99	44 48	654 27	556 56	75 73	94 11	32 88	32 81	110	120	180	140	12 76	10	76 87
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahanpur	..	47 19	550	530	80	..	32 5	42 5	180	180	{ 160 to 200 }	{ 170 to 190 }	..	..	..
(b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow	..	..	580	490	..	..	38 38	42 08	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern—															
Fyzabad	..	..	500	480	50	..	37 5	26 86	..	..	..	..	5	2 5	..

*Figures have not so far been reported.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ton standard)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BKPRA (WHITE)		BRAW		COAL (BENGALE)		SHEET, PER SCORE		PLOWN BULLOCKS, PER FAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		Districts
1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
...	19-04	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3-31	8-25	Burma--
...	11-9	11-9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5-31	2	Tenasserim--
...	2-44	2-75	Mergul
...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and Amherst
...	14-60	...	...	...	...	...	2-12	2	Pegu (deltaic)--
...	Bangoon
...	7-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-44	2-00	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	Pegu (island)--
...	Hennada
...	Toungoo
...	55-65	84-97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma--
...	2-37	2-19	Mandalay
...	Pakokka
...	9-18	9-18	...	...	...	...	...	3-19	2-87	Arakan--
...	Akyab
...	2-64	2-96	Assam--
...	Burma--
...	3	3-69	Sylhet (Balagan))
...	3-25	3-06	Brahmaputra--
...	8-75	5-62	...	...	...	...	...	3-06	3-5	Goalpara
...	Ganhati
...	Bengal--
...	2-25	2	Eastern--
...	4-75	3-12	Chittagong
...	Dacca
...	5	6-87	...	...	...	...	...	3-12	3-12	Deltaco--
...	Calcutta
...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	4-11	3-09	Western--
...	4-19	3	Burdwan
...	4-25	3-19	Midnapur
...	4-5	3-25	Northern--
...	Pabna
...	Rangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa
...	1-97	Bihar, north--
...	13-28	10	33-28	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-69	2-43	Bhagalpur
...	Muzaffarpur
...	10	8-75	30	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-06	3-17	Bihar, south--
...	Patna
5-63	6-87	7-5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2-8	3-5	Orissa--
...	Cuttack
...	United Provinces--
...	20-58	22-86	13-5 to 13-75	8-26 to 7-22	...	...	...	...	...	5-25	3-69	(a) AGRA--
...	23-12	10	40	21-25	8-75	8-75	70	70	...	...	...	4-31	3-31	Eastern--
...	3-75	3-37	Bumroe
...	Central--
...	Cawnpore
...	Jhansi
...	Western--
...	Meerut
12-5	119	100	4-69	...	Agra
...	Submontane, west--
...	18-12	10	...	30	10	6-25	80 to 120	100 to 120	50 to 150	60 to 150	...	4-75	3-44	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH--
...	14-22	11-87	40	21-25	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern--
...	Lucknow
...	Northern--
...	12-5	10	35	...	15	12-75	...	...	...	60	60	3-5	2-25	Fyzabad

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

Districts	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	26 07	26 07	..	..	80	48 44	..	..	60 99	33 23	52 86	28 33	30 07	28 33	..
Delhi—															
Delhi . . . . .	..	..	88 5	62 5	60 25	41 87	72 5	45	48 12	30 47	..	30	..	30	..
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozepur	44 37	26 25	88 91	53 98	61 56	49 06	69 53	45 78	44 37	26 72	..	35	..	27 5	..
Central—															
Lahore	44 37	23 41	80	49 44	61 56	48 28	69 58	48 44	80 41	27 97	..	30 78	57 19	30 16	..
Submontane—															
Amritsar	40 63	25 31	77 5	48 75	57 5	38 75	64 37	45 31	..	24 37	..	25	..	30 78	..
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . . . . .	..	..	88 91	47 5	60	44 37	69 53	46 87	42 5	27 5	45 62	27 5	66 72	26 25	..
Western—															
Lyallpur . . . . .	..	27 5	90	50 62	56 87	41 56	63 75	46 25	40	27 5	..	..	..	..	..
Multan	48 75	24 5	72 81	44 22	56 25	40	60 47	43 75	43 28	28 59	47 19	29 69	..	29 37	..
N.-W. Frontier Pro-															
vince—															
Peshawar . . . . .	..	..	87 71	53 33	50 78	41 3	57 69	46 72	30 31	25 62	..	31 51	..	29 22	..
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	..	..	..	61 56	50 94	40	57 5	49 78	39 37	30 78	..	27 13	56 56	24 68	..
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi (a) . . . . .	..	..	..	51 25	..	48 12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shikarpur	31 59	100	..	48 12	77 5	..	..	..	51 25	33 7	..	28 75	..	30 94	..
Quetta . . . . .	..	..	..	..	46 25 to 50 82	50 to 52 5	89 53 { 70 to 76 25 }	..	49 06	38 12	43 75	31 87	..	..	..
Bombay—															
Konkan—															
Bombay	50 68	31 8	76 51	49 43	85 28	57 13	..	..	52 92	32 81	106 25	43 75	105 83	41 25	..
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli) (a) . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	41 75	..	..	..	..	..	33 33	..	..	..
Sholapur . . . . .	..	..	70 16	50 57	88 91	47 71	..	..	..	..	94 11	38 02	..	29 06	..
Poona . . . . .	..	..	93 49	57 03	94 43	58 33	..	..	..	..	..	35 42	110 42	44 43	..
Khandesh and N.-E															
Deccan—					834	51 72	..	..	..	..	86 12	29 58	..	..	..
Ahmednagar . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35 16	..
Dhulia . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	54 06	..	..	..	..	..	40 36	..	..	..
Ahmedabad . . . . .	..	..	90	66 25	55	47 5	..	..	..	..	..	31 87	100	33 12	..
Central Provinces*															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . . .	..	..	92 25	43	74 50	42	100	57 5	..	..	..	80 5	..	..	..
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . . . .	..	..	69 56	42 12	71 12	44 44	88 87	57 12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Eastern—															
Raipur	50	30	35	35	75	35	80	42	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Benares—															
Akola . . . . .	..	..	57 04	42 12	70 12	44 04	..	..	..	..	62 5	23 44	..	..	..
Amritoti . . . . .	..	..	63 87	44 44	73 6	47 06	..	..	..	..	78 12	31 25	..	..	..
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	57 7	39 0	..	41 5	..
Salem . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52 6
Central—															
Bellary . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65 9	33 9	..	..	..
Channarayana	43	39 7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44 9	35 5	47 7	28 8	..
Karnul . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
East Coast, south—															
Madras	42 6	34 5	67 0	56 3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore . . . . .	..	34 7	70 8	54 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43 2
Southern—															
Madura . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	80 6	38 5	52 6	41 4	..
Mysore—															
Mysore	32	28	71	64	112	58	132 08	65	..	..	44	32	..	..	40
Bangalore	44	24	98	60	120	54	..	67 76	..	..	..	38	..	..	38

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the prices of cleaned rice.
 * Figures have not so far been reported.

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No.	MAIZE		GRAN		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPESSEED		Districts
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
...	55-16	25	58-50	38-53	..	.	..	..	..	..	106-56	84-22	..	..	Rajputana-- Eastern-- Ajmer
...	50	26-67	50	81-04	70	35	...	...	50	31-67	70	60	80	50	Delhi-- Delhi
...	...	...	48-44	30-78	80	66-72	...	...	48-08	40	72-66	76-25	44-37	...	Punjab-- Southern-- Ferozepur
...	43-28	30-16	48-44	30-78	66-72	47-03	57-19	32-06	43-28	30-78	66-72	55-16	66-72	44-37	Central-- Lahore
...	...	27-97	40	31-41	61-25	.	...	...	41-25	36-25	67-5	60	77-5	50	Submontane-- Amritsar
...	43-5	30-03	47-03	38-22	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	43-75	61-56	44-37	Northern-- Rawalpindi
...	...	30	48-75 45	32-5 33-03	65 ...	46-23	45-78	31-09	36-87 42-5	36-25 31-28	65 55	...	68-75 76	...	Western-- Lyallpur Multan
...	38-33	33-65	44-74 43-75	33-33 34-58	46-38	37-19	...	...	...	...	...	...	69-58	48-85	N.-W. Frontier Provinces-- Peshawar Dera Ismail Khan
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan-- Karachi Shikarpur
...	45	{ 40 to 45 }	{ 53-75 ... }	{ 36-56 ... }	{ 65-78 to 77-5 }	{ 52-5 to 70 }	57-5	52-5	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quetta
...	...	...	57-18	38-07	74-23	68-7	53-59	30-27	46-93	25-52	83-03	54-01	...	...	Bombay-- Konkan-- Bombay
...	...	...	...	49-49 36-82	...	70-16 56-25 52-92	...	...	...	21-67 20-63 23-23	...	49-49	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak-- Dharwar (Hubli) Sholapur Poona
...	...	...	60-16	37-76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Khandesh and N.E. Deccan-- Ahmednagar Dhulia
...	...	...	65	35-62	80	57-5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat-- Surat Ahmedabad
...	...	...	67-81	34-69	90-69	...	...	...	34	25	76-19	54	...	...	Central Provinces Western-- Nagpur
...	...	...	04	34-75	69-36	42-13	50	36-37	50	26-69	72-69	43-25	...	...	Central-- Jabalpur
...	...	...	48	29	60	38	...	...	...	...	62	50	...	...	Eastern-- Bilpur
...	...	...	64-69 63-04	39-69 37-19	68-19 70-26	...	...	...	37-75 35-69	22-87 18-37	81-06 77-11	63-94 60	...	...	Berar-- Alota Imroli
...	...	...	77-3	55-8	67-2	40-4	...	...	53	35-2	...	...	...	...	Madras-- South, central-- Coimbatore Salem
...	...	...	61-7	46-3	44-1	35-3	...	...	38-6	25	...	...	...	...	Central-- Bellary Cuddapah Karnal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central-- Nellore
...	...	...	64-4	45-9	...	...	74-6	58-3	37-8	57-6	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south-- Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	44-9	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern-- Madura
...	...	...	60 66	81-5 82	100 98	63 68	40	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore-- Mysore Bangalore

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER, 1918.

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jangila)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNIPS		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	100	72 55	673 9	402 19	92 5	72 55	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...
Delhi— Delhi	123	62 5	740	620	93 5	70	38 12	34 01	80	80	200	181 67	22 5	10	...
Punjab— Southern— Ferozpur	80	72 66	673 7	595 31	76 25	69 53	42 03	28 59	177 81	160	160	143 47	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	114 22	56 09	711 0	640	16 25	63 91	59 23	27 5	160	133 28	153 34	138 28	11 41	10	...
Submontane— Amritsar	115	62 5	700	630	67 5	50	44 37	28 28	110	90	170	160	...	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	650	540	72 06	44 37	49 5	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Lyallpur	90	60	610	550	57 5	57 5	45	30	200	140	160	145	...	...	...
Multan	107 5	52 5	67 5	580	66 56	60	42 19	30	180	123 5	190	196	12 5	8 44	...
N.W. Frontier Province— Peshawar	...	...	640	568 91	93 44	61 56	23 18	19 22	98 44	94 11	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	730 78	640	79 37	59 27	37 5	26 67	...	...	...	...	19 37	13 38	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi (a) Shikarpur	...	...	720	535	65	...	21 41	18 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	650 to 715	56 to 650	...	...	23 44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay— Konkan— Bombay	185 73	68 59	914 27	800	84 37	91 5	35	25	...	...	163 28	160 52	24 01	15 99	...
Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar (a) (Hubli) Sholapur	...	...	70 67	563 85	83 59	71 98 79 43	53 12	83 33 30	...	150 28 196 51	...	163 76	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	...	519 82	81 56	86 82	...	30 94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shandesh and N.E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	...	...	...	66 67	53 33	83 33	41 59	32 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	894 58	649 65	...	...	17 19	16 56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	9 0	640	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Province— Western— Nagpur	...	81	690	590	...	...	57 5	32 5	135 81	110	171 87	...	...	...	...
Central— Jubbulpore	76 19	61	660	610	...	...	30	30 75	160	114 25	160	200	...	...	...
Eastern— Balpur	...	...	700	520	...	...	48	29	180	160	140	120	...	...	...
Berar— Akola	94	...	585 06	609 5	...	...	44 06	33 06	133 81	123 81	...	...	...	...	...
Amravati	...	74 25	580	460	...	...	39	29	236 19	177 81	...	...	...	...	...
Madras— South, central— Coimbatore	1 06	87 9	7 1 7	487 8	70 4	56 1	28 8	26	...	...	144	134 4	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	684 9	488	...	...	...	...	171 8	171 3	123 4	126 9	...	...	7 7
Central— Bellary	110 6	73 1	1015 9	507 9	71 4	71 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	728 7	560 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	131 8	141 7	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	333 3	66 7	116 9	116 9	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	600	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 7
East Coast, south— Madras	108 7	...	700	543 1	75 7	57 6	18 8	15 9	362 1	141 6	123 4	141	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	600	466 7	...	...	23 4	23 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	610 7	540 5	...	...	26 3	23 1	123 4	123 4	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	1116 1	66 7	810 5	675 7	...	...	...	...	217 7	141 1	...	...	...	...	15
Mysore— Mysore	120	60	780	548 59	76 87	111 41	...	...	274 27	205 75	154 32	154 27	4 43	4 43	4 43
Bangalore	112	72	1131 41	548 54	77 13	77 13	...	...	240	240	137 13	120	8 8	8 8	8 8

(a) Figures have not so far been reported

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 100 per 10 manads

(The figures show prices in rupees per ton standard)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		COAL (BENGAL)		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOWB, BULLOCKS, PER FAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
...	55.16	...	...	...	110	...	{ 80 to 90 }	{ 80 to 90 }	3 75	3 25		Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer
...	22.5	14.17	23.75	11.04	42.5	17.5	12.5	7.5	90	80	300	250	5.60	2.58		Delhi— Delhi
...	10	10	36.41	24.22	...	...	113	142.5	225	225	...	2.5		Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur
...	14.84	11.41	35.62	26.72	11.87	10	200	160	170	170	6	2.59		Central— Lahore
...	15.62	12.5	31.25	20	10	15	160	140	...	...	4.5	3.56		Submontane— Amritsar
...	26.72	20	...	...	12.5	22.5	120	100	140	120	4	3.75		Northern— Rawalpindi
...	11.25	8.75	...	20	16.25	10	140	124	270	180	5	3.53		Western— Lyallpur
...	11.41	7.24	34.69	20.62	...	...	125	105	...	...	4.5	3.5		Multan
...	8.54	7.13	22.22	22.22	13.49	13.83	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 90 to 200 }	{ 90 to 200 }	5	3.67		N.W. Frontier Province— Peshawar
...	14.22	10	38.44	28.07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.78		Dera Ismael Khan
...	3.08		Sind and Beluchis- tan— Karachi
...	17.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.63	...		Shikarpur
...	11.25	11.87	38.75	28.12	15.43	12.60	{ 120 to 220 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	...	4.47	3.47		Quetta
...	35.73	16.98	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.31	3.06		Bombay— Konkan— Bombay
...	88.97	...	...	...	3.5		Deccan and Karnat- ak— Dharwar (Hubli)
...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.64	2.41		Sholapur
...	3.87	3.11		Poona
...	1.75	2.39		Khandesh and N.E. Deccan— Ahmednagar
...		Dhule
...		Gujarat— Surat
...	37.5	23.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.5		Ahmedabad
7.5	...	21	...	...	...	...	10	7.75	80	70	125	120	2.25	2.25		Central Provin- ces— Western— Nagpur
...	40	26.69	...	...	60	60	70	70	3	2.37		Central— Jubbulpore
...	3.02	2.62		Eastern— Raipur
...	95	95	64	64	3.81	2.62		Berar— Akola
...	12.5	6.44	70	70	70	70	3.37	2.63		Amravati
7.7	8	6.1	...	...	102.9*	90.5*	...	...	100†	100†	60	60	5.75	3.29		Madras— South, Central— Coimbatore
...	3		Salem
...	12.5	10.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	100†	150	150	4.57	3.36		Central— Bellary
...	2.31	3.16		Cuddapah
...	6	3.75		Karnul
5.7	3.38	2.11		East Coast, Central— Nellore
...	47	27.9	12.6	14.2	225†	203†	...	...	...	...		East Coast, South— Madras
...	10.4	10.5	...	...	150†	150†	...	...	4.29	2.74		Tanjore
...	26.2	38.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.41	3.53		Trichinopoly
15	20.4	20.4	...	...	...	...	60	60	3.75	3.5		Southern— Madras
4.43	4.22	4.43	...	...	40	40	17.5	13.43	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	4.75	3.51		Mysore— Mysore
8.8	52.5	33.3	...	...	160	160	{ 160 to 200 }	{ 160 to 200 }	6	3.25		Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER, 1913

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>sergillum</i>)		RAJMA OR GURU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month
Burma												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	11 12	11 2	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	4 10	4 10	...	...	8 1	8 1	8 0	8 9	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Bangoon . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Mauhin	2 5	3 8	...	...	6 10	7 5	8 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 1	9 11	9 1	9 11	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Tharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 11	8 2	8 9	9 2	...	...	...	...
Hensada	3 11	3 11	...	...	8 1	8 1	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 12	10 7	11 3	...	...	...	...
Thaystanyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 15	7 10	7 12	9 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>												
Mandalay	4 15	5 6	...	...	7 10	7 10	8 12	9 4	17 14	17 14	...	...
Bhamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 6	8 2	12 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>												
Sandoway	2 —	2 —	...	...	15 4	15 4	21 3	21 3	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpada	2 12	2 —	...	...	14 —	15 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
<i>Burma—</i>												
Sylhet . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 8	10 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar	4 12	5 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	9 9	...	...	...	...
<i>Hill Tracts—</i>												
Khel and Jaintia Hills	5 —	5 5	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	5 —	8 8	...	...	23 —	26 —	24 —	28 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>												
Goalpara	6 8	7 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup (Gauhati)	6 8	5 —	...	...	5 14	6 4	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	5 8	5 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Nonkhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bacherganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	8 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Tippura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 10	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 6	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Houghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	6 12	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagar) . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 9	...	...	...	...
Jessore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Faizpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest next) day of each fortnight.

(The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

MARUA OR RASH (Hlaing orayana)		KANGH OR KANGH, ITALIAN MILLET (Katarin dalla)		GRAN, CHENNA, KADALAT OR SUNAGA (Cier aristina)		MAISE (Zos Naya)		ANNAH DAL (Cajanus Indicus)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	Burma--
...	14 --	14 --	Tenasserim--
...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 10	5 10	9 5	9 5	Mergal
...	Tavoy
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	4 15	4 15	10 2	10 2	Moulmein and
...	6 7	6 2	...	...	4 10	4 5	9 5	9 5	Amherst
...	5 10	6 4	...	...	4 11	5 10	8 --	8 --	Pegu (deltaic)--
...	8 --	8 --	...	...	...	...	7 --	7 --	Pegu
...	6 11	7 7	...	...	7 13	7 13	8 --	8 9	Bangoon
...	6 4	6 4	...	...	4 11	4 11	8 --	8 --	Manbin
...	7 --	7 --	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 2	8 2	Bassein
...	7 --	7 --	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	Pegu (inland)--
...	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 --	7 --	Tharawadi
...	6 12	6 12	19 12	19 12	5 2	5 2	7 7	7 7	Hennada
...	10 11	...	...	4 --	4 --	7 --	5 10	Prome
...	12 13	12 13	32 1	32 1	4 10	4 10	7 --	7 --	Toungoo
...	12 7	12 7	9 6	9 6	Thayemye
...	2 10	2 10	11 6	11 6	Upper Burma--
...	4 --	4 --	...	...	3 4	3 --	16 --	16 --	Mandalay
...	9 4	9 --	Bhamo
...	Pakokka
...	Madikla
...	Arakan--
...	Sandoway
...	Kyaukpya
...	Akyab
...	6 --	6 --	...	...	5 8	5 --	8 8	9 --	Assam--
...	6 --	7 --	...	...	5 4	6 --	9 --	9 --	Burma--
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	5 15	6 9	12 4	12 4	4 10	5 2	7 7	8 --	Hill Tracts--
...	5 --	5 4	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	Khael and Jaintia
...	4 --	4 --	22 --	22 --	4 --	4 8	5 --	5 8	Hills
...	5 4	5 4	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 4	5 4	Garo Hills
...	5 --	5 --	...	...	4 --	4 --	5 12	5 12	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	6 8	6 8	9 8	10 --	5 4	5 8	8 --	8 --	Lushai Hills
...	5 8	5 --	...	...	5 --	5 4	8 --	...	Brahmaputra--
...	6 --	6 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 --	7 --	Godipara
...	7 --	7 --	...	...	5 4	6 --	8 --	7 --	Kamrup (Gauhati)
...	5 12	6 4	...	...	6 --	6 --	8 --	8 --	Darrang
...	8 --	8 --	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 --	8 --	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur
...	5 8	5 8	10 --	10 --	Bengal--
...	6 --	6 --	9 --	9 --	Bacora--
...	5 13	5 5	8 --	9 2	Chittagong
...	5 4	5 4	8 --	8 --	Nonkhali
...	4 10	4 10	8-12	8 8	Bacherganj
...	5 --	4 8	...	8 --	Maimonsingh
...	6 8	6 8	9 --	9 --	Tippura
...	5 6	5 6	9 2	7 2	Dacca
...	5 --	5 --	10 --	10 --	Debra--
...	5 14	5 14	101--	10 --	Khulna
...	61--	5 8	9 --	10 --	24-Parganas
...	5 5	5 13	10 10	10 10	Howrah
...	6 --	6 --	10 --	12 --	Calcutta
...	5 8	5 8	8 --	8 --	Hooghly
...	Nadia (Krishnagar)
...	Jessore
...	Faridpur

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER, 1918.

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUK (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BARNY OR CHHAT (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Bengal—continued												
Western—												
Bankura	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 4	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	6 15	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Malda	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	6 11	...	...	...	...
Bogra	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Jaipalguri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 6	7 13	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 12	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	5 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	...	7 —	...	15 —	...	...	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	6 9	6 9	11 —	13 3	...	...	7 11	7 2	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	5 8	5 8	10 —	11 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Situa	6 —	6 —	9 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Champaran	5 12	5 —	9 —	11 4	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Santal Pargana	5 4	5 12	6 8	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	6 5	6 5	10 7	...	...	...	5 12	6 5	...	...	...	...
Gaya	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	11 —	10 —	...	...
Patna	7 —	6 —	11 —	10 —	...	...	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	...	7 —	...	11 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	5 8	7 —	...	...	...	...	6 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	5 —	5 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	4 8	5 —	9 —	11 —	...	...	6 —	7 8	8 —	...	6 —	...
Palaman	6 7	6 12	9 9	11 4	...	...	6 12	7 14	...	...	...	...
Hasaribagh	5 —	5 8	...	...	...	...	5 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	5 4	5 9	...	...	...	...	8 8	7 14	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	7 14	5 14	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Balasore	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	5 —	6 —	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 12	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Western—												
Mirzapur	5 12	6 —	7 8	8 —	5 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Benares	5 1	5 12	8 1	7 9	5 2	5 2	5 11	5 11	...	...	...	...
Ghazipur	5 12	5 10	8 14	8 8	4 11	4 11	6 5	6 7	...	...	...	...
Jaunpur	6 4	6 —	8 10	8 12	3 12	3 12	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 4	4 4	4 4	5 14	5 12	7 9	...	5 8	6 4
Central—												
Banda	6 2	5 10	7 8	7 4	3 10	3 12	4 10	4 —	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 4	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 4	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	5 12	5 14	6 6	6 6	4 —	4 4	5 4	5 8	6 6	6 12	...	...
Jalaun	6 —	5 12	8 8	8 8	3 —	3 —	5 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore	5 8	5 4	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	5 6	7 8	7 8	...	...
Jhansi	5 1	5 6	7 10	7 13	3 9	3 12	4 15	5 1	...	...	...	...
Etawah	5 14	5 9	6 14	7 —	3 8	3 11	5 4	5 10	6 10	7 3	5 2	4 9
Farrukhabad	5 —	4 14	6 8	6 6	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Mathura	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Etah	6 4	5 12	7 12	8 —	2 8	3 8	5 4	5 4	...	...	6 8	...
Western—												
Meerut	6 —	5 8	8 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	5 12	5 12	...	...	...	...
Agra	5 4	5 6	7 9	7 14	3 15	...	...	5 9	...	5 8	...	6 8
Muttra	5 4	5 2	8 14	8 —	2 12	3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aligarh	5 12	6 —	8 4	9 —	3 —	3 —	4 8	5 —	...	6 —	6 —	6 —
Bulandshahr												
Bulandshahr	5 14	5 14	7 8	7 12	...	3 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	4 —	5 —	5 —
Submontane, east—												
Balla	7 8	7 8	10 5	12 7	5 3	5 —	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Asansol	6 4	6 4	9 —	9 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	6 11	5 14	8 12	8 9	5 10	5 11	7 3	6 12	...	...	...	...
Basti	6 —	5 8	9 —	9 8	4 12	5 —	5 12	5 8	...	...	...	...

*Figures have not so far been reported.

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER, 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUN (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		RAJRA OR CHANDY (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahanpur . . .	5 6	6 64	8 6	8 2	2 8	2 8	5 8	5 4	7—	9 8	6—	7 8
Budaun . . .	4 13	5 8	8 1	8 1	3—	3—	4 8	5—	—	—	—	—
Philibit . . .	5 2	5 4	—	9—	3 12	3 12	5 8	6—	—	—	—	—
Baroli . . .	5 3	5 3	7 9	7 15	3 8	3 7	4 13	5 8	—	8 7	—	—
Moradabad . . .	5 6	5 2	7 6	8 2	3 12	3 12	5 10	5 14	—	—	—	—
Bijnor . . .	—	5 4	—	8 4	—	2 12	—	4 8	—	—	—	—
Muzaffarnagar . . .	5 14	5 12	8 12	9—	4 8	4 6	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	—	—
Saharanpur . . .	—	5 14	—	9 1	—	3 12	—	4 13	—	—	—	—
Dehra Dun . . .	5—	5 6	7 8	8 12	2 10	2 13	5 12	5 12	4 8	5 8	5—	4—
Hills—												
Naini Tal . . .	4 8	4 8	6—	6—	3—	3—	4—	4—	8—	—	6—	6—
Almora . . .	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	2 8	2 8	4 8	4 8	—	—	—	—
Garhwal . . .	4 4	4 8	6 4	7—	2 8	2 8	3 12	3 8	—	6—	—	—
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh . . .	5 12	6—	7 8	8—	4 8	5—	5 4	6—	8—	8—	6 8	6—
Sultanpur . . .	6 4	6—	8 8	8 8	—	—	6 4	5 12	—	—	—	—
Rae Bareilly . . .	5 2	5 10	7—	7 8	4—	4—	5 2	5 4	—	—	7—	—
Unao . . .	6 10	5 10	6 14	7 4	3 12	4—	5 4	4 8	—	—	—	—
Lucknow . . .	5 12	4 12	7 4	7—	1—	8—	5 12	5 12	—	—	—	—
Hardoi . . .	5 8	5 1	8—	8—	3—	3—	6—	4 8	—	—	—	—
Northern—												
Fyzabad . . .	5 6	5 8	7 12	7 12	—	—	5 8	5 14	—	—	7 12	7 12
Barabanki . . .	6—	5 9	8 6	7 15	3 10	4 2	6 5	6 1	7—	7 4	7—	6 8
Gonda . . .	5 14	6—	8—	8—	3 12	4 2	5 2	5 11	—	—	4 2	4—
Bahraich . . .	5 8	5—	9—	8—	4 8	4 8	6—	6 4	—	—	—	—
Sitapur . . .	6—	5 8	8—	7—	2 8	8—	6—	6—	—	—	—	—
Rheri . . .	6 8	5 4	9—	8 8	2 8	2 8	6 4	6—	—	—	—	—
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Mewar (Udaipur) . . .	7 10	8 1	10 4	10 12	1 1	3 2	5 1	5 3	11 8	12 12	7 10	8 5
Ajmer . . .	5—	5 4	—	7 12	4 4	4 4	5 4	5 4	7—	7—	5—	4 14
Kishangarh . . .	5—	5—	7 4	7 4	3—	3 8	4—	4—	7—	7—	5—	6—
Tonk . . .	5 12	5 4	7 12	9 7	4 3	4 3	5 4	5 4	7—	8 6	—	—
Jaipur . . .	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 7	4 4	4 8	4 8	4 12	7—	7 7	4 8	4 8
Karauli . . .	5 5	5 74	6 9	6 9	3 12	3 12	4 11	4 6	—	—	6 9	6 9
Dholpur . . .	6 9	6 2	7 151	8 11	3 15	4 11	4 3	4 54	4 1	4—	6 1	6—
Bharatpur . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alwar . . .	6 91	7—	8—	8 14	4—	4 2	4 9	5 8	9—	9 10	7—	7 5
Nasirabad . . .	5—	5—	—	—	5—	5 8	5—	5 8	7—	7—	—	—
Western—												
Bikaner . . .	—	5—	—	7 4	—	3—	—	4 8	—	—	—	4 4
Jaisalmer . . .	—	5—	—	—	—	2 12	—	3 12	—	—	—	5—
Jodhpur . . .	—	{ 5 18 and 6 4 }	—	7 9	—	3 12	—	4—	—	—	—	6 6
Central India—												
Indore . . .	5 12	6—	6 8	6 8	6—	5 8	6 8	6—	—	—	—	—
Neemuch . . .	5 4	5 8	—	—	4 4	6—	5—	6 8	—	7—	—	—
Gwalior . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delhi—												
Delhi . . .	5 12	5 8	8—	7 12	3—	3—	4 12	5—	—	—	—	—
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar . . .	6 8	6 8	8 8	9—	—	—	5—	5—	—	—	4—	6—
Yeronepur . . .	6 8	6 4	8 8	9 8	—	—	4 8	4—	—	—	—	—
Central—												
Lahore . . .	6 4	6 4	10 12	10 12	—	—	4 8	4 8	—	—	8 8	4 12
Gujranwala . . .	7—	7—	18—	10—	—	—	5—	4 12	—	—	—	—
Gujrat . . .	6 12	6 12	8—	10—	—	—	5—	5—	—	—	—	—
Jhelam . . .	6 12	6 12	9—	9 8	—	—	4—	4 8	—	—	8—	7—

* Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of seers (of 25 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARWA OR RASI (Hibiscus coccineus)		KARNAT OR KAKUN ITALIAN MILLET (Setaria italica)		GRAM, OHENNA, OROLA, KADALAY, OR SURAGA (Oryza aristivah)		MAHES (Zea Mays)		ANBAR DAL (Cajanus Indicus)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
United Provinces — continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontana, west—												
...	6 —	7 —	6 14	8 4	...	5 12	6 4	12 —	12 —	Shahjahanpur
...	6 6	6 15	8 8	9 —	5 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Budann
7 10	6 8	7 12	...	...	5 4	5 4	12 —	14 —	Pilibit
...	0 12	0 14	7 5	3 1	5 3	6 2	15 —	11 —	Baroli
...	7 2	7 2	7 10	7 12	6 2	6 12	11 2	12 2	Moradabad
...	7 —	...	...	...	5 8	...	13 —	Bijnor
...	7 2	7 —	8 12	8 12	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Muzaffarnagar
7 8	8 —	...	...	...	7 12	...	...	...	7 7	...	16 10	Saharanpur
...	6 12	7 12	7 4	8 8	5 4	5 4	7 8	8 —	Dehra Dun
...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	5 —	5 —	5 —	10 —	Hills—
6 4	6 8	...	...	5 4	5 8	...	...	4 8	5 —	7 8	7 8	Naini Tal
6 —	5 4	4 12	...	...	4 —	4 4	7 —	6 —	Almora
Garhwal												
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
10 —	10 —	7 —	8 —	7 4	8 —	8 —	8 —	5 8	6 —	11 —	11 —	Partabgarh
8 8	8 8	...	...	8 —	8 4	...	...	5 12	6 12	9 —	9 —	Saltanpur
...	7 4	7 8	...	...	5 —	6 —	15 —	12 —	Rao Bareilly
...	6 14	6 10	8 —	8 —	5 8	5 12	12 8	14 5	Unao
...	7 —	6 12	8 —	7 4	6 —	5 12	12 —	12 8	Lucknow
...	6 12	6 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	13 —	13 —	Hardoi
Northern—												
10 —	10 —	7 4	7 4	7 12	8 —	9 8	...	5 10	7 —	...	10 4	Fyzabad
...	...	9 8	7 8	7 11	7 11	8 12	8 12	5 5	5 15	14 10	13 12	Barabank
...	...	5 —	...	7 6	8 12	10 12	12 —	5 10	5 12	14 10	14 10	Gonda
...	...	8 —	7 8	8 —	7 8	11 8	11 4	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	Bahraich
...	...	6 —	8 —	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 4	6 —	6 —	11 8	12 —	Sitapur
...	7 8	7 8	10 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	15 —	15 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
...	...	5 —	5 10	6 14	7 9	10 8	13 2	4 12	5 6	10 15	12 4	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	3 8	3 4	6 12	7 4	7 4	7 12	...	...	18 —	18 —	Ajmer
...	7 8	7 12	7 —	8 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Kishangarh
...	7 12	9 7	...	...	...	...	13 13	13 10	Tonk
...	...	7 —	7 8	7 —	7 7	8 —	8 7	10 —	9 8	20 14	20 14	Jalpur
...	8 8	9 3	...	...	...	...	12 8	11 14	Karsuli
...	...	6 8	6 8	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 14	10 3	5 15	17 —	17 —	Dholpur
...	8 6	8 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bharatpur
...	...	9 8	9 12	9 11	9 11	8 10	9 15	9 10	9 11	12 —	14 8	Alwar
...	6 12	7 8	...	...	5 —	5 8	18 —	18 —	Nasirabad
Western—												
...	6 12	...	...	...	5 —	...	16 —	Bikaner
...	5 12	...	...	...	...	...	22 —	Jaisalmer
...	7 7	...	6 15	...	...	...	24 —	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	6 12	7 —	7 8	8 —	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	6 4	7 12	...	...	5 —	6 —	14 —	14 —	Neemuch
...	Gwalior
...	7 8	7 4	7 8	...	5 8	5 8	11 8	11 8	Delhi—
Delhi												
Punjab—												
Southern—												
...	8 —	8 2	...	...	...	...	14 —	13 8	Hissar
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Ferozpur
Central—												
...	...	9 —	7 12	8 4	7 12	9 —	9 8	5 12	5 12	6 8	8 8	Lahore
...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 —	Gujranwala
...	8 —	8 4	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	Gujrat
...	8 8	8 4	8 —	7 —	6 —	5 8	9 —	9 8	Jhelam

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLAM (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>scorpiurus</i>)		BAJRA OR CHAMU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Punjab—continued												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	6 —	6 —	7 8	8 —			5 —	5 4	5 —	5 —	5 —	5 —
Rohat	5 14	6 —	8 —	8 8			5 8	5 6	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 —
Karnal	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 8			4 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Submontane—												
Ambala	6 1	6 5	7 12	7 14			4 14	5 13		4 12	..	2 6
Indiana	6 4	6 —	8 —	8 —			5 —	5 —	5 —	4 8	5 —	4 8
Jallandar	6 8	6 8	8 —	9 —			4 12	4 12	3 —	5 —	..	..
Hoshiarpur	6 5	6 —	9 —	9 —			5 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Gurdaspur	6 4	6 8	9 —	10 —			5 8	5 8	4 —	4 —	..	..
Amritsar	6 8	6 4	8 —	8 —			5 —	4 12	..	2 12	..	4 4
Salkot	6 4	6 4	8 8	10 —			4 8	4 4	..	..	..	..
Hills—												
Simla	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —			4 4	4 8	4 8	3 —	3 12	3 —
Kangra	5 12	5 8	8 8	8 —			5 8	5 4	..	..	..	..
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	6 4	6 8	9 —	9 12			4 4	4 4	8 8	8 8	5 12	5 12
Attock	6 8	7 4	11 —	11 4			5 —	5 —	..	..	5 —	6 —
Western—												
Shahpur	7 —	7 2	13 —	12 —			5 —	4 —	13 —	7 8	..	..
Jhang	6 14	7 6	10 —	11 —			3 8	4 —	..	2 12	..	..
Lyalpur	6 12	6 10	9 12	10 8			4 —	3 8	..	..	..	..
Multan	6 14	7 —	9 —	10 —			5 4	5 8	8 4	8 —	..	6 4
Montgomery	7 4	6 14	9 8	10 —			4 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Muzaffargarh	6 14	7 2	9 —	9 —			4 12	4 12	9 —	9 —	..	..
Dera Ghazi Khan	8 —	7 12	10 —	11 8			5 4	5 4	7 —	6 8	6 4	8 8
N.W. F. Province—												
Basara	5 12	6 4	9 —	9 8	2 14	2 14	5 1	5 1	..	..	7 —	7 8
Peshawar	7 13	7 13	13 —	13 —	4 4	4 4	4 9	4 9	..	..	..	..
Kohat	7 —	6 14	10 3	10 8	..	2 14	5 1	5 14	..	..	7 8	7 8
Bannu	8 5	8 6	11 4	12 8	3 2	8 5	5 11	5 10	..	..	8 12	7 8
Dera Ismail Khan	7 12	8 2	10 —	11 —	2 13	2 13	4 13	4 12	..	..	7 —	7 8
Tochi	6 9	6 9	9 10	9 8			..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurram	8 2	8 9	13 —	13 —	4 12	4 12	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malakand	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	6 8	..	..	..	..
Wano	6 4	6 7	10 —	9 8	2 6	2 8	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	6 —	7 —			3 8	3 8	4 8	4 8	..	..	5 —	7 —
Hyderabad	4 4	4 8	..	..	3 4	3 8	3 8	4 —	5 —	6 —	4 —	5 8
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khas)	4 8	5 —	..	..	3 —	3 —	3 8	3 12	..	..	4 4	4 8
Shikarpur	5 —	..	..	..	3 2	3 2	3 10	3 10	5 —	..	5 —	5 8
Upper Sind Frontier	5 12	5 8	..	..	3 —	3 —	3 8	3 8	6 —	6 —	5 —	4 12
Quetta	..	..	7 12	8 7	3 1	3 1	5 7	5 9	8 10	8 14	6 4	6 2
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	3 6	3 8	..	..	3 9	3 9	4 2	4 2	..	..	3 —	..
Ratnagiri	3 7	3 7	..	..	3 14	3 14	4 10	4 10	..	..	..	..
Alibag	3 11	3 11	..	..	3 4	3 4	3 11	3 15	..	..	..	..
Bombay	3 18	3 13	..	..	3 4	3 —	4 7	4 7	3 1	2 12	3 —	2 14
Thana	4 7	4 7	..	..	4 3	4 3	4 10	4 10	..	..	4 7	4 7
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	4 11	5 2	..	..	3 7	3 7	4 6	4 6	4 12	4 12	..	..
Belgaum	4 11	4 8	..	..	2 15	3 9	3 4	3 12	4 2	3 14	5 2	4 2
Satara†	..	3 2	..	..	..	2 15	3 9	3 9	..	3 1	..	3 1
Sholapur	4 4	4 6	..	..	3 11	3 11	5 3	5 —	4 —	4 7	..	..
Bijapur†	..	4 14	..	..	..	4 5	..	4 14	..	4 10	..	..
Poona	3 14	3 14	..	..	3 —	3 —	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 —	3 5	3 5
Khandesh and N.E.												
Deccan—												
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 5	..	..	4 9	4 9	4 15	4 15	4 5	4 5	3 13	3 13
Nasik	4 7	4 7	..	..	1 13	4 7	5 3	4 13	..	..	3 10	3 10
Dhule	3 15	3 15	..	..	4 11	4 11	5 —	5 —	..	..	3 9	4 —
Jalgaon	4 6	4 6	..	..	4 12	4 12	5 10	5 10	4 3	5 1	3 8	4 6
Gujarat—												
Surat	3 11	3 11	..	..	3 4	3 4	4 10	4 10	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4
Broach	4 8	5 —	..	..	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	5 —	4 8	4 —	4 —
Kaira	3 12	4 —	..	..	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 —	3 —
Baroda	4 4	4 10	..	..	4 4	4 5	4 8	4 12	..	5 8	4 —	4 —
Ahmedabad	4 8	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 —
Godhra	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 —	3 —
Disa	3 8	3 8	..	..	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	5 4	5 10	5 —	5 4
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	4 2	3 12	..	..	2 10	2 12	3 8	3 12	..	..	3 2	3 4
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	4 4	4 13	..	..	3 6	4 8	5 1	5 6	..	5 6	..	..
Hoshangabad	5 11	4 14	..	..	3 —	3 —	6 2	6 4	..	..	..	..
Betul	4 15	4 10	..	..	2 12	2 12	6 4	7 5	..	..	..	..
Ujjain	5 —	5 —	..	..	3 12	5 —	6 4	6 4	..	..	..	..
Nagpur	4 14	5 12	..	..	3 10	4 4	3 15	5 8	..	..	..	..
Wardha	3 12	4 11	..	..	3 8	3 14	5 2	5 8	4 12	5 15	..	..

* Belates to Khandwa wheat
† Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

RASI OR MARUA (Hindustani)		KARNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (Karni)		GRAM, CHENNA, KADALAY, OR KUNAGA (Other)		MAHAR (Kas. Mays)		ABRAH DAI (Cajanus Indicus)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
..	7 8	7 12	7 —	7 —	5 8	5 —	11 —	11 —	Punjab—continued
..	8 2	8 —	..	..	6 —	5 8	12 —	12 —	South-eastern—
..	7 4	7 4	..	..	..	..	..	..	Gurgaon
..	Rohtak
..	Karnal
..	..	7 12	9 12	7 4	7 12	7 8	4 12	6 1	6 4	9 12	9 12	Submontane—
..	..	4 —	4 —	8 —	7 —	7 8	7 —	6 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	Ambala
..	..	8 —	8 —	7 8	7 —	6 —	6 —	..	..	8 —	8 —	Ludhiana
..	7 4	7 4	..	..	..	..	8 —	8 8	Jullundur
..	..	6 —	8 —	8 —	8 8	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	Hoshiarpur
..	..	9 —	9 —	8 —	7 12	..	8 12	..	..	8 —	8 —	Gurdaspur
..	8 —	8 —	..	..	..	..	8 —	8 —	Amritsar
..	Shikot
..	6 —	6 4	6 8	7 —	4 4	4 12	6 8	7 —	Hills—
..	6 12	6 12	..	..	..	..	11 —	11 —	Simla
..	Kangra
..	8 4	8 4	8 12	8 12	5 4	5 12	9 —	10 8	Northern—
..	8 12	9 8	9 8	10 8	5 8	5 8	21 —	21 —	Rawalpindi
..	Attock
14 —	14 —	11 —	11 8	8 12	9 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	5 —	8 —	Western—
..	10 8	8 14	8 8	8 4	..	5 8	7 8	8 8	Shahpur
..	8 8	8 8	..	..	..	..	8 8	8 8	Jhang
..	..	8 —	10 —	8 10	8 12	8 12	9 8	..	..	9 —	9 12	Lyallpur
..	8 14	8 14	..	..	..	..	7 —	7 8	Multan
..	8 6	9 4	..	..	..	..	7 —	10 —	Montgomery
..	9 12	10 —	..	..	..	..	10 —	11 8	Musafargarh
..	Dera Ghazi Khan
..	..	8 —	8 —	7 6	7 10	7 10	7 14	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	N.W. F Province
..	..	11 11	13 —	8 12	8 13	11 11	12 —	..	..	16 15	16 15	Hasdra
..	12 6	8 12	8 8	8 —	8 12	..	..	18 —	18 —	Peshawar
..	10 8	10 10	10 —	10 —	..	..	21 4	20 10	Kohat
..	9 —	10 —	..	..	..	..	10 8	10 10	Banna
..	7 10	7 8	..	..	14 —	14 —	Dera Ismail Khan
..	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	..	..	10 —	10 —	Tochi
..	9 —	9 —	13 —	14 —	..	..	12 —	12 —	Kurram
..	9 —	8 8	..	..	..	..	Malakand
..	Wano
..	7 8	7 8	..	..	6 —	6 —	21 —	20 —	Sind and Baluchistan—
..	7 8	8 —	..	..	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Karachi
..	Hyderabad
..	6 —	6 —	..	..	..	..	16 —	16 —	Thar and Parkar
..	7 4	8 —	..	..	5 —	5 8	16 —	16 —	(Mirpur Khao)
..	8 —	8 8	..	..	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
..	6 14	7 12	8 7	8 7	5 10 1/2	5 —	16 —	16 —	Upper Sind Frontier
..	Quetta
5 12	5 12	..	..	5 1	5 1	..	..	4 5	4 13	10 —	10 —	Bombay —
6 1	6 12	..	..	5 15	6 5	..	..	5 8	5 8	8 2	8 2	Konkan—
..	6 —	6 —	..	..	5 6	5 6	6 6	6 6	Karwar
4 3	4 3	..	..	4 13	4 13	..	..	4 14	4 14	8 6	8 6	Ratnagiri
..	6 5	6 5	..	..	5 5	5 5	7 14	7 14	Alibag
..	Bombay
6 7	4 9	..	..	5 10	5 8	..	..	3 15	5 15	6 12	6 12	Thana
6 8	6 —	..	..	6 13	6 8	..	..	4 4	4 5	6 12	7 —	Deccan and Karnatak—
..	Dharwar
..	Bolgaum
..	Satara
..	6 10	6 10	..	..	5 4	4 1	6 12	6 12	Solapur
..	5 12	..	..	..	5 2	6 14	6 14	Bijapur
..	6 8	5 15	..	..	4 —	4 —	7 6	7 6	Poona
..	Khandesh and N-E
5 3	5 3	..	..	6 —	6 —	..	..	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	Deccan—
..	5 12	5 12	..	..	5 1	5 1	8 5	8 5	Ahmednagar
..	5 10	6 1	..	..	5 14	6 5	6 4	6 4	Nasik
..	6 3	7 1	..	..	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Dhule
..	Jalgaon
..	6 —	6 —	..	..	4 10	4 10	9 4	9 4	Gujarat—
..	5 9	6 —	..	..	5 —	5 8	10 8	10 8	Surat
5 —	5 —	..	..	5 8	5 9	..	..	5 8	5 —	20 —	20 —	Broach
..	5 8	..	..	..	4 8	4 8	17 12	17 12	Kaira
..	6 —	6 —	..	..	4 8	4 8	20 —	20 —	Baroda
6 —	6 —	..	..	5 4	..	..	..	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Ahmedabad
..	4 8	5 —	18 —	18 —	Godhra
..	4 8	4 8	..	..	4 4	6 —	50 —	50 —	Dina
..	Kathinwar—
..	Rajkot
..	5 14	6 6	..	..	5 5	5 12	7 14	7 7	Central Provinces —
..	6 5	6 6	..	..	5 10	6 14	16 —	16 —	Western—
..	6 8	5 15	..	..	4 11	4 11	14 —	14 —	Nimar
..	4 14	5 8	13 —	13 —	Hoshangabad
..	Betul
..	Chhindwara
..	4 12	5 14	..	..	5 5	5 5	7 6	7 6	Nagpur
..	Wardha

TABLE NO. 5. -RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF OCTOBER 1913—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR GHOLEN (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CHULNU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Central Provinces <i>continued</i>												
<i>Central—</i>												
Narsinghpur . . .	4 8	5 6	...	...	3 —	3 8	4 12	5 14	...	...	...	...
Saugor . . .	5 4	5 4	...	...	3 12	4 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Damoh . . .	5 6	5 9	...	...	4 11	4 11	5 5	5 5	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . .	5 6	5 12	...	...	3 8	3 12	5 8	5 12	...	...	...	...
Mandla . . .	5 1	5 2	...	...	4 2	4 2	5 3	6 —	...	...	...	...
Seoni . . .	5 —	5 8	...	...	4 4	4 8	5 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Balaghat . . .	4 13	4 13	...	...	4 5	4 5	5 19	6 5	...	...	...	...
Bhandara . . .	5 2	5 2	...	...	...	...	5 3	5 14	4 9	...	...	...
Chanda . . .	5 3	5 9	...	...	4 4	5 4	5 2	5 13	5 3	6 2	...	...
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Bilaspur . . .	5 8	6 4	...	...	6 —	6 8	6 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Raipur . . .	5 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Drug . . .	5 14	6 5	...	...	6 —	6 5	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
<i>Berar—</i>												
Buldana * . . .	...	4 11	...	...	...	4 9	...	5 9	...	4 13	...	...
Akola . . .	5 4	5 4	...	...	3 11	3 11	5 11	5 12	5 9	5 10	...	...
Amritoli . . .	5 6	5 5	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 10	5 2	5 —	5 —	...	...
Yotmal . . .	3 12	4 4	...	...	2 13	3 6	3 6	5 11	3 11	5 3	...	...
Hyderabad— Secunderabad . . .	4 1	4 1	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 10	5 2	5 4	5 4	6 1	6 3
Madras—												
<i>Malabar Coast—</i>												
Malabar . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 10	5 13	...	...	...	...
S. Canara . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 14	...	...	...	...
<i>South, central—</i>												
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 12	6 1	...	...	...	...
Nilgiris . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	...	...	...	...
Salem . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 2	5 6	7 14	8 10	7 14	8 4
<i>Central—</i>												
Bellary . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 4	5 12	5 12	...	...
Anantapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	8 5	8 5	...	...
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	...	...
Karnul . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	7 14	7 11	...	...
<i>East Coast, north—</i>												
Ganjam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 14	6 14	...	...	9 6	9 6
Visagapatam . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 9	6 9	...	...	12 —	12 —
Godavari . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1	6 1	...	...	...	...
<i>East Coast, central—</i>												
Kistna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	6 12	...	...
Guntur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	6 —	6 8	6 —	7 —
Nellore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 14	7 13	9 6	...	...
<i>East Coast, south—</i>												
Madras . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 10	5 10	...	...	...	...
Chingleput . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 11	5 14	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot * . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	...	...	8 4	8 4
Tanjore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 9	7 2
Trichinopoly * . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	...	8 1	...	7 14
<i>Southern—</i>												
Tinnevely . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 15	5 10	...	...	7 8	7 9
Madura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 14	7 14	7 9	7 9
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	3 8	3 8	3 2	3 2	4 12	4 12	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...
Bangalore . . .	3 4	3 4	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Goorg— Goorg . . .	3 —	3 4	...	...	5 8	5 —	6 8	6 12	...	...	...	...
Aden . . .	4 5	4 5	...	...	4 1	4 1	4 4	4 4	5 —	5 —	4 11	4 11

* Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of saors (or 48 telas) and chittacku sold for one rupee]

[illegible]

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

**RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA
FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE FIRST HALF OF
OCTOBER, 1918**

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

November 14, 1918

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	FORTNIGHT ENDING					
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 2	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3	4 12 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Peasey)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	...	5 0 3
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	5 1 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 3	3 11 6	4 12 6	5 0 0	3 11 6	4 7 0
	Ferozepur	3 5 3	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Lyalpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0	4 8 0
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	2 7 0
	Ambala	3 10 3	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6	4 12 0
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 5 0	4 3 0	4 12 6
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5	4 10 6
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5	4 9 3
	Cawnpore	4 3 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 14 0
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	5 2 6	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0	4 10 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1	5 2 6
	Fyzabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0	4 13 0
	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 13 6
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0	4 12 10
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 2	4 13 7
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 5	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10	4 11 2
	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7	3 15 7
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 3 10	4 3 10	3 3 10	4 6 2
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 0	5 5 2	4 7 3	4 3 3
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	5 11 7	5 6 2	5 1 4	5 8 11
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 13 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1	4 15 6
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 5 4
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 10 6	3 11 9	3 12 1
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0	5 0 0
	Bhagalpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0	5 9 7
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0	5 0 0
	Ranchi	4 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 12 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 11 2	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3	5 1 3
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 c	5 8 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7
(Median Average)		4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 3	5 0 0	4 6 2	4 12 10
Index Numbers (a).		100	104	125	121	106	116

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 80% red.

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from fortnightly returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight. The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs

Fortnight ending									
31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th Septem- ber 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	29th February 1917.	15th March 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 9 3	3 15 3	3 10 2	4 4 3	4 14 9	5 1 3	5 1 3	4 12 9	4 13 6	4 13 3
5 0 5	4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 12 7	4 8 9	4 10 7	4 9 10	4 10 9
5 3 0	3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 14 6
4 7 0	3 9 0	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 5 3	4 7 0	4 9 3	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 3 3
4 5 3	3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 1 9	4 5 3	4 5 3
4 2 0	3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 4 6	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 6
4 5 0	3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	4 6 0	4 3 6	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 1 0
4 3 6	3 7 0	3 2 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 5 3	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 6
4 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0
4 9 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 6 0
4 12 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 10 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0
4 14 3	4 2 10	3 14 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 5 10
4 15 8	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 8 11	4 8 11	4 5 2	4 5 4	4 5 5	4 5 4
5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 9 0	3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3
4 13 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6
5 5 4	4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	4 13 6
5 2 8	3 10 3	3 13 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 5 6	4 7 0	4 6 0	4 1 9
5 0 0	3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 3	4 9 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 7 1
4 9 7	3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 6	4 1 11
4 14 10	3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 9 1	4 7 1	4 4 4	4 3 5	4 3 5
4 6 5	3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 10	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
4 12 2	3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 4 8
4 7 7	3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 4 9	4 5 8	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 9 8	4 9 8
4 10 6	4 9 4	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0
5 6 8	4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	...	4 11 7	4 10 5	...	4 11 7	4 13 9
3 10 9	3 11 8	3 11 2	3 9 10	3 8 1	3 8 11	3 4 5	4 1 1	3 13 6	3 13 0
5 5 4	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 18 8	3 0 10	3 0 1	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 4 10	3 2 4	3 8 2	4 0 2	3 5 11
5 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	3 15 0
6 8 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 6 0
5 5 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
6 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
5 9 0	4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	5 1 5	5 1 5	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
5 7 6	4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 8 7	3 5 7	3 8 7	3 10 10
4 14 3	3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 7 1	4 6 2	4 6 0	4 6 0
118	95	90	95	107	110	107	106	106	106

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	FORTNIGHT ENDING					
		31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	4 12 3	4 13 3	4 13 3	4 5 3	4 7 3	4 7 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pesay).	4 9 10	4 10 11	4 9 10	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 13 11
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 8 0	4 7 0
Panjab	Lahore	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	3 13 0	3 14 3	4 0 0
	Ferozepur	4 1 9	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 10 3	3 11 6	3 12 0
	Lyallpur	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 11 0
	Amritsar	3 13 6	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 11 6
	Multan	4 1 6	4 1 6	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	3 13 0
	Rawalpindi	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 3 5
	Ambala	3 14 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 14 6
Delhi	Delhi	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 15 3	4 0 9
United Provinces	Benares	4 5 0	4 3 1	4 3 1	4 1 2	4 2 10	4 2 10
	Aligarh (Hathras).	4 3 3	3 14 6	3 13 0	3 11 5	3 14 4	3 14 6
	Cawnpore	4 7 0	3 14 0	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6
	Meerut	4 5 0	4 1 6	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 14 6	4 1 6
	Shahjahanpur	4 1 9	3 12 0	3 8 3	3 9 0	3 11 0	3 11 0
	Agra	4 13 6	4 9 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 5 2
Central Provinces and Berar.	Fyzabad	4 1 7	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 1 6
	Lucknow	4 0 0	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 0	4 3 4	4 3 4
	Nagpur	3 13 2	4 0 4	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11
	Jubbulpore	4 5 2	4 1 8	3 14 5	3 10 2	3 11 6	3 15 2
North-West Frontier Province.	Raipur	3 12 10	3 12 10	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
	Akola	3 4 8	3 7 6	3 10 11	3 3 7	3 11 11	4 3 6
Baluchistan	Peshawar	4 8 7	4 10 2	4 2 14	2 10	4 2 11	4 2 1
Bombay	Quetta	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	4 14 0
	Poona	4 11 7	...	4 10 5	4 9 4	4 14 11	4 13 9
	Ahmednagar	3 9 11	3 15 5	3 13 7	3 12 8	4 0 5	4 2 2
	Ahmedabad	5 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 8 0
Bihar and Orissa	Dharwar (Hubli)	3 3 10	3 9 4	3 2 6	3 7 11	3 6 1	3 11 8
	Patna	4 6 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 5 0	3 1 0	3 5 0
	Bhagalpur	4 6 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0
	Muzaffarpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 5 3	3 5 3	3 10 0
	Ranchi	5 12 0	5 12 0	4 14 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 11 0
Bengal	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 3
	Rangpur	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
	Mandalay	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 7 8	3 3 5	3 8 7
(Median Average)		4 5 0	4 0 8	4 0 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	4 1 6
Index Numbers (a)		104	98	97	92	94	99

* 5% barley, 8% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs.—contd.

FORTNIGHT ENDING											
30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 7 3	4 7 9	4 10 9	4 8 3	4 9 3	4 11 9	4 11 9	4 12 3	4 14 3	5 2 3	5 6 4	5 8 9
4 15 4	4 14 7	4 13 2	...	4 6 6	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 12 5	5 2 3	4 15 6	5 1 7	5 0 10
4 8 6	4 8 6	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 12 6	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 11 0	5 6 0	5 2 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 9	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 3	4 9 3	4 11 3	4 9 3	5 0 0
3 12 0	3 12 0	3 15 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 3	5 0 0
3 18 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 8 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 14 0
3 12 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 4 3	4 5 3	4 8 0	4 11 0
3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 12 0	4 14 6
4 4 0	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 2	4 11 0	5 0 0
3 14 6	3 14 0	4 0 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 15 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 2 3	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	5 0 0
4 3 5	4 3 5	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 1 7	4 3 5	4 3 10	4 3 10	4 5 5	4 10 3
3 14 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 1 9	3 14 6	4 1 8	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 9 5	4 13 7
4 0 0	4 2 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 14 0
3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 5	3 12 11	3 14 5	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 11 4	4 13 7
3 11 3	3 11 6	3 12 6	3 11 0	3 11 6	3 11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 4 3	4 7 0
4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 7 1	...	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 5 4
...	...	4 3 4	4 2 0	3 15 3	3 15 3	3 15 3	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 5 3
4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 11 3	4 11 3
4 1 11	4 1 11	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 1 10	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 3 2	5 11 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	5 1 6
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 5	3 10 10	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 14 10	4 14 10	5 0 0
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 11 2	3 11 2
4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 7 11	...	...	...	...
4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 2 6	4 2 6	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 5 3	4 8 0	4 13 7
4 14 0	4 14 0	4 13 0	4 13 6	4 12 10	4 14 6	5 0 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	5 4 0	5 5 0
5 3 4	5 4 5	5 4 5	5 2 2	5 4 5	5 3 4	5 2 2	5 13 4	5 15 7	5 8 11	...	6 2 11
4 4 1	4 7 9	4 5 11	4 6 10	4 11 5	4 6 10	4 15 1	5 2 9	4 9 7	4 13 3	4 15 1	5 11 11
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0
3 11 8	3 11 8	4 1 7	4 1 8	4 1 8	3 11 8	4 8 11	4 6 0	4 5 1	4 1 8	...	4 8 11
3 12 0	3 12 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	3 12 0	4 6 0
4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 10 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0
4 11 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0
4 1 4	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	5 1 3	5 1 3
5 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 2 0	5 0 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 0 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	4 9 2
3 14 1	3 14 1	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 10 2	4 8 1	4 8 1	4 4 3	4 4 3	4 6 2
4 0 2	4 0 11	4 2 10	4 1 10	4 1 10	4 2 10	4 3 3	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 6 6	4 11 2	4 14 9
97	98	101	99	99	101	102	104	104	106	113	119

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

		FORTNIGHT ENDING									
Port or province.	District.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	29th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Port (a)	Karachi (white)*	5 6 4	5 4 4	4 14 9	5 3 3	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 3 3	5 4 4	
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pease)	5 1 2	5 0 10	5 0 1	5 1 11	5 2 10	5 1 4	5 1 9	5 2 9	5 2 10	
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	5 3 6	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 12 6	6 6 6	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 1 0	
Panjab	Lahore	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 10 8	
	Ferozepur	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 11 3	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	
	Lyallpur	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	
	Amritsar	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	
	Multan	4 13 0	4 12 6	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 13 0	4 6 3	
	Rawalpindi	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 5 8	5 14 9	5 11 9	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	
	Ambala	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	3 12 6	
Delhi	Delhi	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 1 0	5 8 0	5 3 6	4 15 0	5 0 8	4 9 0	
United Provinces	Benares	4 11 5	4 11 5	4 11 5	5 3 6	5 3 6	5 1 11	4 10 9	4 1 2	4 3 2	
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 14 9	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 7 2	5 6 8	5 8 2	4 11 2	4 3 8	4 1 8	
	Cawnpore	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 3 0	5 5 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 7 0	
	Meerut	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 5 4	5 5 3	4 13 9	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	
	Shahjahanpur	4 7 0	4 14 0	4 15 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	
	Agra	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 11 5	5 11 5	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 5 4	
	Fyzabad	4 12 0	4 13 6	4 11 3	4 12 0	4 15 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	
	Lucknow	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 5 4	4 5 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	
	Jubbulpore	5 2 7	5 2 11	5 4 10	5 5 5	5 1 4	5 1 4	4 6 1	4 6 1	4 9 1	
	Raipur	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 10	
	Akola	...	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 4	5 9 11	5 3 11	5 3 10	
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	4 15 4	4 15 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 6 9	5 1 3	5 1 11	4 15 4	4 11 4	
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 13 0	5 12 0	5 8 0	5 2 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	
Bombay	Poona	...	7 6 11	...	...	...	6 12 11	6 9 7	7 1 11	7 3 7
	Ahmednagar	5 13 10	...	6 0 7	5 13 10	5 15 2	5 10 1	6 10 8	1 10 8	6 1 6	
	Ahmedabad	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 3 4	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	4 13 3	4 8 11	4 12 1	5 7 6	...	
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	4 12 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	
	Bhagalpur	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	4 7 0	
	Ranchi	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	
	Cuttack	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 6	
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	3 0 0	3 0 0	
	Mandalay	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	
	(Median Average)	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 7	5 1 11	5 3 2	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 13 7	4 10 3	
Index Numbers (b)		120	121	119	124	126	122	119	117	113	

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Prices at ports after 15th October 1918, are as follows:—

Ports	Rate per	On 25th October 1918.	On 1st November 1918.	On 8th November 1918.
Karachi (white)	Maund	Rs. A. P. 6 10 4	Rs. A. P. 6 10 4	Rs. A. P. 6 10 4
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pease)	"	7 2 0	7 2 10	..
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	7 7 6	8 4 0	7 14 0

(b) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per pound of 32½ lbs. bond.

FORTNIGHT ENDING												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th October 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight.
15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.		
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Per cent	
5 4 4	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 5 3	5 8 4	8 4	5 8 4	5 10 4	6 8 4	6 10 4	+2	
5 7 10	5 8 2	5 13 8	6 0 7	6 3 11	6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	7 12 2	7 1 2	-9	
5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 1 0	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 6 0	9 1 0	7 8 0	-17	
4 1 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 3	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 5 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 0 1	4 5 0	4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	6 12 0	5 11 0	-1	
4 0 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 11 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 6 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	-4	
3 13 0	3 13 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 10 0	+2	
4 13 6	4 11 3	5 6 2	5 1 3	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 2	5 8 3	5 14 9	6 0 0	+1	
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 5 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	6 4 0	6 9 0	+5	
4 7 0	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	-5	
4 4 0	4 6 3	4 7 1	4 10 6	4 8 3	5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 3	6 6 0	6 10 8	6 7 9	-3	
4 1 8	4 2 6	4 7 2	4 14 6	5 1 4	5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7	6 10 0	7 4 8	7 4 8	Nil	
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	5 5 4	5 15 0	5 8 3	6 10 0	7 4 8	6 15 0	-4	
4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 11 3	4 2 6	5 8 3	5 11 6	6 6 0	7 0 9	6 8 0	-10	
4 3 6	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 7 9	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 9 9	5 9 9	6 6 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	-13	
4 13 6	4 18 6	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 14 10	5 13 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	7 4 8	7 4 7	Nil	
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 9	4 1 9	4 5 0	5 0 0	5 1 3	5 2 9	5 8 0	6 15 3	7 1 3	+2	
4 5 2	4 7 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 14 0	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 3	6 6 4	8 0 0	6 10 6	-17	
5 13 8	5 14 1	5 14 1	5 10 8	5 7 10	5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 7 4	+4	
4 9 1	4 14 10	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 5 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	6 10 8	7 1 10	+7	
4 6 5	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 2	6 0 0	6 3 2	7 8 0	+21	
5 3 11	5 3 11	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	6 1 0	6 13 1	7 0 2	7 0 2	Nil	
4 11	4 4 10 9	4 3 9	4 1 2	4 1 2	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	5 1 3	5 1 3	Nil	
4 13	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	Nil	
8 3 17	9 8	7 6 11	7 15 9	8 0 11	7 8 0	8 3 1	8 14 3	9 7 1	8 11 9	8 11 9	.	
5 15 8	6 3 4	6 5 1	6 5 1	6 7 11	6 14 4	7 5 8	9 3 1	...	...	...	...
7 0 0	6 6 0	6 2 0	5 12 0	6 2 0	6 6 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	8 8 0	-6	
6 2 6	...	5 15 0	5 8 7	5 14 11	7 3 7	7 9 1	7 11 6	9 4 0	9 10 3	...	.
3 10 0	3 7 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	6 10 0	6 0 0	-9	
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	6 10 6	...	
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	6 10 6	Nil	
6 8 0	6 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	+6	
5 9 0	5 9 0	5 5 4	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 12 11	6 12 11	Nil	
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	+5	
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	Nil	
8 2 7	5 7 6	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	7 1 9	7 13 11	+10	
4 9 1	4 8 11	4 9 1	4 14 3	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 2	6 6 0	6 12 11	6 10 6	-2	
110	110	110	118	124	125	133	134	154†	154	161		

*Since reported

† Revised

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th October, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917:—

	1918.			1917.		
	30th September.	15th October	Increase or Decrease.	30th September.	15th October	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent			Per cent
India . . .	100	98	-2	100	103	+3
Punjab . . .	100	100	Nil	100	100	Nil
United Provinces .	100	98	-2	100	104	+4
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	107	+7	100	103	+3

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India

Port or province.	District.	FOURTEENTH ENDING					
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 9
	Bombay	6 13	6 8	5 14	5 8	5 14	5 3
	Calcutta	9 0	8 4	6 5	...	...	...
Punjab	Lahore	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 12	10 8	8 12
	Ferozepur	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Amritsar	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Rawalpindi	12 4	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8
	Lyallpur	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 9
	Multan	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 12	10 12	8 14
	Ambala	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2
Delhi	Delhi	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0
United Provinces	Benares	9 3	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15
	Cawnpore	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 0
	Meerut	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12
	Agra	9 12	9 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8
	Lucknow	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0
	Aligarh	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	9 6	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12
	Fyzabad	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	9 9	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 2
	Jubbulpore	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 4	8 8	8 0
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0
	Akola	8 6	7 6	6 5	7 6	8 6	9 7
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½
Bombay	Poona	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 3
	Ahmednagar	8 2	8 1	5 14	8 2	7 6	7 6
	Ahmedabad	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0
	Dharwar	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12
	Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14
	Muzaffarpur	9 0	9 0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8
	Ranchi	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12
	Cuttack	9 3	8 8	7 3	6 9	8 8	7 14
Bengal	Dacca	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Barnia	Amherst (Moul- mein)	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10
	Mandalay	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5
	(Median Average)	9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 12	8 0
	Index Numbers(a)	100	106	127	123	109	120

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in-seeds of 20 tolas.]

FOURTEENTH ANNEX

31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	29th February 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
...
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	8 12	8 8	9 0	9 0
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	9 1	9 4	9 7	9 7
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 6	8 14	8 14	8 10	8 4	8 4
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	8 12	9 4	9 8	9 8
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	8 6	8 0	8 8	8 8
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	8 4	8 6	9 6	8 6
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 4
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 0	7 12	7 8	7 12
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	10 0	8 4
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	8 6	8 10	8 10	8 14
8 2.	10 0	10 8	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	8 8	8 12	9 2	9 4
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11
8 11	10 0	10 0	11 4	9 3	9 2	9 3	8 11	8 10
8 9.	8 11	9 0	8 6.	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
7 8	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 12	7 12	8 6	8 6	8 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 8	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0
6 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	8 8	8 6	9 4	9 8
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	9 8
6 8	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 4	7 4
7 3	9 8	10 8	9 8	7 14	7 14	7 14	8 8	8 8
...
...
...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	10 5	10 12	10 5
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 12	8 14
120	96	98	96	111	112	111	109	108

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd.

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending							
		15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	
Port . . .	Karachi . . .	7 8	7 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	
	Bombay* . . .	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	10 4	10 0	9 12	
	Ferozepore . . .	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 12	10 8	10 4	
	Amritsar . . .	9 9	10 0	9 14	9 12	11 2	10 6	10 4	
	Rawalpindi . . .	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	8 4	
	Lyallpur . . .	9 4	9 12	9 12	9 8	10 8	10 4	10 8	
	Multan . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	10 4	
	Ambala . . .	8 14	10 0	9 12	9 10	10 8	10 8	10 0	
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	8 8	8 12	9 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 10	
United Provinces . . .	Benares . . .	8 13	9 1	9 1	9 10	9 8	9 8	9 8	
	Cawnpore . . .	8 8	8 8	10 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 4	
	Meerut . . .	8 4	9 0	9 8	10 4	10 8	10 0	9 8	
	Agra . . .	8 0	7 12	8 4	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	
	Lucknow . . .	8 12	9 12	10 4	10 4	10 0	9 4	9 4	
	Aligarh . . .	9 4	9 4	10 12	11 4	11 4	10 12	10 8	
	Shahjahanpur . . .	9 8	9 8	10 0	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 12	
	Fyzabad . . .	8 14	9 12	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 14	9 8	
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur . . .	9 9	10 3	9 9	10 8	10 8	9 9	9 9	
	Jubbulpore . . .	9 4	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 12	10 8	9 14	
	Raipur . . .	10 0	10 2	10 2	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	
	Akola . . .	10 12	10 12	10 12	9 11	10 9	9 7	8 15	
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar . . .	8 10	8 12	8 9	9 10	9 7	9 7	9 10	
Baluchistan . . .	Quetta . . .	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 12	8 0	8 3	
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13	7 13	
	Ahmednagar . . .	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	8 11	
	Ahmedabad . . .	7 8	7 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	
	Dharwar . . .	10 4	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	9 5	
Bihar and Orissa . . .	Patna . . .	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	
	Bhagalpur . . .	9 4	9 0	10 8	10 12	11 3	11 3	10 8	
	Muzaffarpur . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	12 0	12 0	11 0	
	Ranchi . . .	7 4	7 4	7 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 8	
	Cuttack . . .	8 8	9 8	9 3	9 3	9 13	9 13	9 13	
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moulmein) . . .	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	
	Mandalay . . .	10 5	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 13	11 5	10 5	
	(Median Average) . . .	8 14	9 3	9 8	9 10	10 4	9 14	9 9	
	Index Numbers (a) . . .	108	104	101	99	93	97	100	

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in mace of 80 tolas.]

FOURTEENTH ANNEX

30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 6	6 6	5 12	5 12	5 7
9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 8	8 0
10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	8 8	8 0	7 8
10 8	10 0	10 0	10 4	10 7	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 4
9 4	9 8	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 14	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	7 12
10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 4	8 0
10 4	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 10	8 2	7 14
10 0	10 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 8	8 8	7 12
9 12	9 12	9 7	9 8	9 8	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 12	8 10	7 12
9 1	9 1	9 1	9 3	9 4	9 4	9 6	9 2	8 15	8 15	8 13	8 4
9 4	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 0	8 4	8 0
8 8	8 8	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 1	8 0	7 8	7 8
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	7 8
10 7	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	9 8	9 4	9 8	8 8
10 12	10 10	10 8	10 10	10 8	10 8	10 4	10 4	9 14	9 12	9 2	8 11
9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0	9 10	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 8	9 12	...	8 14
9 9	9 9	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 15	8 5	8 5	8 5	7 11
9 12	9 12	9 12	10 0	10 10	9 12	9 0	8 12	8 12	7 14	7 14	7 12
11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0
8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	7 18	...	...	...	...
9 14	9 14	9 14	9 14	9 9	9 9	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 2
8 3	8 3	8 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7 3	7 3	7 3	7 2	7 3	7 3	7 3	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
8 11	8 11	8 11	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	7 10	7 10	7 4	6 8
8 8	8 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
9 8	9 5	9 5	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 15	7 15
10 8	10 8	11 0	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0
10 0	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 12	8 8
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8
8 8	8 12	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 0	7 4
9 18	9 8	9 3	9 8	9 8	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	7 14	7 14
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	7 0
9 9	9 9	8 4	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 9
9 8	9 8	9 5	9 4	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 2	9 0	8 12	8 4	7 14
100	100	108	108	102	108	108	105	106	109	115	121

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd.

Port or province.	District	FORTNIGHT ENDING									
		31st December 1917.	15th January 1918	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	28th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.		
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr.	ch.
Port . . .	Karachi . . .	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
	Bombay* . . .	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	8 0	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
	Ferozepore . . .	7 8	7 8	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 12	8 12
	Amritsar . . .	8 6	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 4	9 8	8 10	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Rawalpindi . . .	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	6 8	6 8	6 4	7 8	7 8	7 8
	Lyallpur . . .	7 8	8 0	8 0	8 8	8 4	8 8	9 8	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Multan . . .	8 2	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2	8 2	8 6	8 2	8 2	8 2
	Ambala . . .	7 12	8 0	8 0	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 14	8 8	8 8	8 8
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	7 13½	7 12	8 0	7 10	7 0	7 6	7 14	7 11	7 11	7 11
United Provinces . . .	Benares . . .	8 1½	8 1½	8 1½	7 5½	7 5½	7 7½	8 10	9 8	9 8	9 8
	Cawnpore . . .	7 12	7 12	8 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	8 4	8 0	8 0	8 0
	Meerut . . .	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 4	8 0	7 8	8 12	8 12	8 12
	Agra . . .	7 8	7 4	7 0	6 12	6 8	6 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
	Lucknow . . .	7 14	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 4	9 0	8 12	8 12	8 12	8 12
	Aligarh . . .	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 4	7 12	7 12	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur . . .	8 14	8 4	8 1	7 10	7 10	8 10	8 10	8 14	8 14	8 14
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	Fyzabad . . .	8 4	8 0	8 2	8 0	7 14	9 2	9 10	9 6	9 6	9 6
	Nagpur . . .	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11
	Jubbulpore . . .	7 8	7 6	6 14	7 4	7 10	7 10	7 10	8 14	8 14	8 14
	Raipur . . .	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8
North-West Frontier Province . . .	Akola . . .	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 14	6 11	6 11	6 11
	Peshawar . . .	8 0	8 0	7 13	7 13	7 8	7 13	7 10	8 0	8 0	8 0
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
	Ahmednagar . . .	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13
	Ahmedabad . . .	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
	Dharwar . . .	7 15	7 15	7 15	8 6	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15
Bihar and Orissa . . .	Patna . . .	8 8	9 0	9 0	7 8	7 0	8 0	8 12	10 8	10 8	10 8
	Bhagalpur . . .	8 14	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Muzaffarpur . . .	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
	Ranehi . . .	7 4	7 4	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
	Cuttack . . .	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 14	7 14	7 14	7 14	6 9	6 9	6 9
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moulmein) . . .	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	4 10	4 10	4 10
	Mandalay . . .	7 12	7 12	8 4	7 12	7 12	7 5	7 5	7 12	7 12	7 12
(Median Average) . . .		7 12	7 12	7 15½	7 9	7 6½	7 12	7 14	8 0	8 0	8 0
Index Numbers (a) . . .		123	123	120	126	129	128	121	120	120	120

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khaddwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tola.]

Fortnight ending												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th October 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight
30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	Per cent.
6 0 4 7	6 8 4 7	6 8 4 7	6 8 4 12	6 8 4 12	7 4 4 12	7 4 4 12	7 4 4 7	7 0 4 7	7 0 3 13	7 0 3 13	6 0 3 13	+17 Nil
8 8 10 6 9 8 6 12 9 4 8 14 10 4	9 8 10 0 9 10 8 0 10 0 10 4 10 0	8 12 10 0 9 0 8 4 10 0 10 4 10 0	8 12 10 8 9 0 7 8 10 0 9 12 9 12	8 8 10 4 8 12 7 10 9 8 9 12 9 12	8 0 9 8 8 8 7 8 9 4 9 0 9 2	7 12 8 8 8 4 7 8 8 6 8 12 8 12	7 8 8 4 8 0 6 13 8 2 8 0 7 12	7 12 8 0 8 0 7 2 8 4 7 12 7 12	7 0 7 4 7 4 7 0 7 8 7 8 7 2	6 4 6 4 6 4 6 8 6 10 7 0 6 6	6 4 6 8 6 8 6 4 6 12 6 14 6 1	Nil -4 -4 -4 -2 +2 +4
8 8 8 16 8 8 10 0 7 8 9 4 10 8 10 0 9 12	8 8 8 14 8 8 9 8 8 4 9 0 10 0 9 9 9 12	8 12 8 13 8 4 9 8 8 4 8 12 9 12 9 14 9 10	8 12 8 11 8 8 9 8 8 0 8 8 9 12 9 6 9 4	8 8 8 4 8 0 8 12 7 8 8 8 8 12 8 14 9 4	7 8 7 0 7 0 7 8 7 0 8 0 8 12 8 7 9 0	7 8 7 10 7 4 7 8 6 12 7 8 8 0 8 0 7 12	7 0 6 8 6 8 7 0 7 4 7 8 8 0 6 14 7 8	7 0 6 14 6 12 6 12 7 4 6 12 6 14 6 14 7 6	5 12 6 8 5 12 6 0 6 2 6 0 6 12 6 1 7 0	5 8 5 12 5 4 5 8 5 6 4 12 5 12 5 6 5 8	5 12 5 11 5 8 6 0 5 4 5 12 5 12 6 6 5 0	-4 +1 -6 -8 +2 -17 +4 -16 +2
7 10 8 8 9 8 6 11	7 0 8 8 8 8 6 11	8 11 7 14 8 12 6 11	6 11 7 8 8 12 6 10	6 11 7 8 8 8 6 10	7 0 7 8 7 12 6 10	7 0 7 4 7 12 6 10	6 6 6 14 7 12 6 10	6 1 6 12 6 2 5 13	5 12 6 0 6 4 5 8	5 12 5 12 6 0 5 4	4 14 5 6 5 0 5 4	+18 +7 +20 Nil
8 8	8 6	8 8	9 5	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	7 13	7 13	Nil
5 6 5 13 5 8 7 0	4 13 5 13 5 8 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 8 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 7 6 0 5 9	4 13 5 1 5 0 5 2	4 13 4 11 5 8 5 2	3 14 4 5 4 8 4 14	3 14 4 5 4 0 5 2	3 14 4 5 4 8 4 11	Nil Nil -11 +9
11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 6 9	10 8 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 3	11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 3	11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 3	11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 8	11 0 9 0 9 0 6 12 6 9	9 8 9 0 8 8 6 4 6 9	9 0 9 0 8 8 6 4 6 9	8 8 9 0 8 8 6 0 6 9	8 0 8 8 7 0 6 0 6 9	6 0 7 0 5 8 5 0 5 14	7 0 5 8 5 8 4 8 5 14	-14 Nil +11 Nil
4 10 7 6	4 10 7 6	4 10 6 14	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 5 14	4 10 5 6	4 10 4 15	Nil +9
8 8	8 8	8 10	8 9	8 6	7 10	7 8	7 0	7 0	6 3	5 10	5 11	-2
112	112	111	111	114	126	127	137	137	155	170	167	

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th October as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :-

	1918.			1917.		
	30th September	15th October	Increase or Decrease.	30th September	15th October	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India . . .	100	93	-2	100	101	+1
Punjab . . .	100	97	-3	100	100	Nil
United Provinces.	100	95	-5	100	103	+3
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	112	+12	100	103	+3

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 490 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE PESTY).		CALCUTTA CLUB No. 2.	
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 30% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 92% RED).		Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.				
Week ending 30th July 1914	s. d. 31 6	100	s. d. 31 8	100	s. d. 32 9	100	s. d. 34 9½	100
" 6th August "	31 3	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	100
" 3rd September "	34 6	110	34 3	110	...	...	34 10½	100
" 1st October "	35 9	113	35 1½	113	33 7	108	...	...
" 5th November "	38 9	123	38 0	122	34 9½	108	41 8½	120
" 3rd December "	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	127
" 30th " "	44 3	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	...
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	136
" 4th February "	45 0	143	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	140
" 26th " "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 2	126	50 10	146
" 4th March "	44 6	141	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	143
" 1st April "	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	117
" 6th May "	37 6	119	36 9	118	38 5	117	34 4½	99
" 3rd June "	36 6	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	100
" 2nd July "	34 0	108	33 3	106	...	...	35 10½	103
" 23rd " "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	107
" 6th August "	34 9	110	34 0	109	...	...	38 7½	111
" 27th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	41 4½	126	39 4½	113
" 3rd September "	36 3	115	35 3	113	42 1	128	40 10	117
" 29th " "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	122	40 4½	116
" 8th October "	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	117
" 5th November "	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	122
" 3rd December "	36 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	120
" 7th January 1916	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	42 4	122
" 4th February "	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	109
" 3rd March "	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 5	114	36 10	112
" 7th April "	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	108	32 11	96
" 5th May "	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 8	103	32 11	95
" 12th " "	34 3	109	30 0	96	33 8	103	32 5	98
" 2nd June "	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 3	96
" 30th " "	29 0	93	28 9	92	33 4	102	32 8	94
" 7th July "	29 9	94	29 6	94	34 0	104	32 6	93
" 14th " "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	103	33 2	96
" 28th " "	32 6	106	31 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	96
" 4th August "	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	32 10½	94
" 11th " "	35 0	111	34 6	110	36 0½	110	34 1½	98
" 25th " "	35 10½	114	34 10½	112	36 5	111	34 4½	99
" 31st " "	36 3	115	34 3	113	36 2½	111	33 4½	96
" 8th September "	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	98
" 22nd " "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	98
" 13th October "	35 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	108	34 1½	98
" 20th " "	34 3	109	33 3	106	34 4	105	34 1½	98
" 27th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 3	107	34 1½	98
" 3rd November "	36 3	115	35 3	113	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 10th " "	36 9	117	35 9	114	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 17th " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 7	112	35 10	103
" 24th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	39 2	120	37 10	109
" 1st December "	38 6	122	37 6	120	39 3	120	41 1	113
" 8th " "	38 9	123	37 9	121	39 4	120	40 7	117
" 23rd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 0	116	38 10	112
" 29th " "	39 3	125	38 3	123	37 6	114	...	...
" 5th January 1917	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 1	116	39 4	113
" 12th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	38 2	117	39 4	110
" 19th " "	40 3	128	39 3	126	37 6	114	37 4	107
" 26th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	38 3	111	38 10	108

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—contd.

IN LONDON.

[Index Numbers—Prices on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DELHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
10th July, 1914	39 6 July-Aug.	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st August "	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st October "	44 9	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th November "	48 3	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd December "	50 6	128	50 0	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th "	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May sellers.	100
30th "	61 6 May-June.	180	58 7	108	59 0	102	...	...	...	...	52 0 April-May.	108
8th January, 1915	52 3 Do	132	Jany-Febr.	...	58 8 May-June.	105	...	...	...	...	53 6 Do.	106
4th February "	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4 1/2 Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	...
25th "	60 3 Do.	163	Do.	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar-April.	128
4th March "	59 0 Do.	149	Do	...	60 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	118
8th April "	58 0 Do.	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 8 Do.	127
6th May "	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	129
12th "	68 9 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do	127	66 0	100	67 0	100	...	...
4th June "	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	93	61 0 June-July.	121
2nd July "	58 0 June	134	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	105	53 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	52 9 Do.	104
23rd "	56 0 July	142	55 7 1/2 July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	83	56 3 July	84	55 9 July	110
6th August "	56 6	143	56 1 1/2	112	56 9	112	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
27th "	54 0	137	56 1 1/2	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
3rd September "	54 0 July, Sellers.	137	53 7 1/2 July, Sellers.	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July, Sellers	85	...	...
24th Sept., '15 to	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18th Apl., '16.	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th April, 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th April to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15th-May 1916.	63 0 May-June.	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th May, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd and 9th June, 1916	67 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th June, 1916	66 0 June, Sellers.	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23rd "	65 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th "	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29th " June to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7th July, 1916.	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th July, 1916	69 0 Do.	149	58 6 July-Aug. Sellers.	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd "	61 3 Do.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th "	Sellers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th August "	65 0 Aug.-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11th "	71 0 Do.	180	70 6 Aug.-Sept.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18th "	69 3 Do.	175	68 9 Do., Sellers.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25th "	72 C Do.	182	Nominal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31st "	Sept.-Oct.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th September, "	72 6 Sept., Sellers.	184	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15th "	73 0 Oct., Paid.	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd "	73 3 Oct., Sellers.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th "	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th October "	71 9, Sellers.	189	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th "	72 3 Oct., Paid.	189	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th "	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21st "	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th "	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd November "	79 0, Paid	200	Nominal.	...	79 6 Sellers.	167	...	...	...	...	...	...
10th "	80 0, Passage	203	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	167	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th "	80 3 Nov.-Dec., Sellers.	203	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	167	...	...	...	...	...	...
24th "	81 0, Paid	205	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	167	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st December, "	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	167	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th and 16th Dec. 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	79 6 Do.	167	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th December, 1916	82 0 Paid	208	81 6 Paid.	163	79 6 Do.	167	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd to 29th Dec., 1916.	No sellers	...	Nominal.	...	79 6 Do.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th to 12th Jan. 1917.	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th and 26th Jan. 1917.	82 0	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	167	...	...	...	...	...	...

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*IN INDIAN PORTS—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914=100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 White Fines).		CALCUTTA CLUB No. 2.	
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 30% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 22% RED).					
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
Week ending 2nd February 1917	40 0	127	39 0	126	36 8	112	36 10	106
" 9th "	39 6	125	38 6	123	37 2	113	36 10	106
" 16th "	38 8	121	37 8	119	37 2	113	37 4	107
" 23rd "	39 0	124	38 0	122	37 2	113	37 10	109
" 2nd March "	38 7½	123	37 7½	120	36 9	112	38 4	110
" 9th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 0	113	37 10	109
" 30th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	36 9	112	36 4	104
" 6th April "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 13th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 4	114	37 4	107
" 4th May "	37 0	117	36 0	115	36 7	112	34 2	99
" 11th "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 8	116	34 2	98
" 18th "	34 6	110	33 6	107	37 2	113	34 8	100
" 25th "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 6	114	35 8	103
" 1st June "	35 6	113	34 6	110	37 8	115	35 10½	103
" 8th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 2	120	35 2	101
" 15th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	35 5	102
" 22nd "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	36 1	104
" 29th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 6	121	36 1	104
" 6th July "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 6	121	36 1	104
" 13th "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 2	120	36 1	104
" 20th "	36 9	117	35 9	114	39 6	121	36 7	106
" 27th "	37 3	118	36 3	116	38 5	117	37 4	107
" 3rd August "	37 0	117	36 0	115	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 10th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	35 8	103
" 17th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	36 4	104
" 24th "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 3	111	36 4	104
" 31st "	36 6	116	35 6	114	35 2	107	36 4	104
" 7th September "	37 8	118	36 3	116	36 3	111	35 10	103
" 14th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 2	113	35 10	103
" 21st "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	35 10	103
" 28th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 8	115	33 2	110
" 5th October "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 11	116	37 4	107
" 12th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 19th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	38 1	116	37 7	108
" 26th "	38 9	123	37 9	121	40 8	124	...	...
" 2nd November "	39 0	124	38 0	122	41 0	125	37 10	109
" 9th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 1	122	37 1	107
" 16th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	39 7	121	37 4	107
" 23rd "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 1	122	39 4	113
" 30th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 8	124	42 10	123
" 7th December "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	42 4	122
" 14th "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	40 10	117
" 21st "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 2	123	41 7	120
" 28th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	...	...
" 4th January, 1918 "	43 3	134	41 3	132	40 5	123	45 10	123
" 11th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 0	125	46 4	123
" 18th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123	44 10	120
" 25th "	40 0	127	39 0	125	40 2	123	45 7	121
" 1st February "	39 3	125	38 3	122	39 11	122	45 7	121
" 8th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	44 10	120
" 15th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 10	125	48 1	123
" 22nd "	42 6	135	41 6	133	40 10	125	48 10	140
" 1st March "	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 3	126	51 1	147
" 8th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 1	125	48 4	139
" 15th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	40 4	116
" 22nd "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	39 4	113
" 29th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 9	124	40 10	117
" 5th April "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41	126	40 10	117
" 12th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 9	127	41 1	118
" 19th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	41 10	128	42 10	123
" 26th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 8	128	40 4	116
" 3rd May "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 1	128	39 4	113
" 10th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 5	133	39 10	114
" 17th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 9	134	40 4	116
" 24th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 7	133	41 1	116
" 31st "	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 11	134	40 4	116
" 7th June "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 6	130	41 1	118
" 14th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	46 8	142	40 10	117
" 21st "	41 6	132	40 6	130	42 10	131	40 10	117
" 28th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	48 1	147	40 4	116
" 5th July "	41 6	132	40 6	130	47 8	146	41 7	120
" 12th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	49 8	152	43 4	125
" 19th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	49 9	152	44 10	129
" 26th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	50 7	154	45 1	130
" 2nd August "	44 0	140	43 0	138	50 9	155	45 7	131
" 9th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 9	164	46 4	133
" 16th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	45 10	170	47 7	137
" 23rd "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 7	164	51 10	149
" 30th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 3	169	48 1	138
" 6th September "	44 0	140	43 0	138	56 2	173	50 10	146
" 13th "	45 0	143	44 0	141	59 6	182	50 10	146
" 20th "	46 0	146	45 6	146	60 5	184	55 10	160
" 27th "	52 0	165	51 6	163	61 10	189	72 3	208
" 4th October "	52 0	165	51 6	163	66 11	174	70 8	203
" 11th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	66 7	173	59 9	173
" 18th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	66 4	172	...	...
" 25th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	67 3	175	59 4	171
" 1st November "	53 0	168	52 6	168	67 3	175	...	...
" 8th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	...	...	...	...

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*IN LONDON—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DELHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
2nd February to 30th March 1917	82 0 Feb.-Mar. & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers.	...	79 6 Noml	157	..	..	...	...	...	...
4th April	88 0 April-May	210	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	..	...	...	..	..	...
18th Apl. to 4th May '17	85 0 " "	215	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	..	...	...
5th to 11th May	86 9 May-June quoted.	220	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	..	..	..	...
18th May to 6th July	86 9 "	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	...	..
18th to 20th July	86 9 "	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	89 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
27th July to 10th Aug 1917.	No sellers. Nominal	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th to 24th Aug.	86 9 sellers	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	...	...
31st Aug. 1917	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 Nom.	172	86 9 Nom.	171	89 6 Nom.	132	86 9 Nom.	129	...	...
7th September '17 to 2nd Jan. '18	78 0	197	77 6	155	77 6	153	79 0	116	..	...	78 0	154
3rd January to 17th October '18.	80 0	203	79 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	...	80 0	158
18th October to 8th November '18.	80 0 afloat	203	80 0 afloat	160	80 0 afloat	158	80 0 afloat	118	...	...	80 0 afloat	158

Note.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly by the Government of India. The statistics for London are supplied from Reuters' telegrams.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

The following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule II (except molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *first*, the total imports into India in the month of October 1918, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt. so far established. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911, in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1920:—

Description of sugar.	IMPORTED DURING THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1918.		IMPORTED SINCE 1st OCTOBER 1918.	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	Cwt.	Rs a.	Cwt.	Rs a.
and soft, refined in China : .	3,097	28 12	3,097	28 12
" " " " from Egypt	658,954	15 8	658,954	15 8
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 23 Dutch Standard and above.	103,225	14 0	103,225	14 0
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 16 to 22 Dutch Standard.	...	.	...	...
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 15 Dutch Standard and under.	51,149	16 8	51,149	16 8
" " " " from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over.				

* This revised classification has been adopted with effect from January 1918, in accordance with the classification of Japanese Sugar in item No. 18 of the Import Tariff Schedule prescribed by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 1547-D., dated the 16th December 1917.

The imports of Sugar from Japan during the three months, October to December 1917, were 2,691 cwt., and the average value per cwt. was Rs17-8.

G. S. HARDY,
Offg. Director-General of Commercial Intelligence."

C. E. LOW,
Secretary to the Government of India.

CALCUTTA:
The 20th November 1918.

FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE DURING OCTOBER, 1918.

REVIEW of the SEA-BORNE TRADE of BRITISH INDIA for the month of OCTOBER, 1918, and for the seven months ended October, 1918.

FOREIGN COMMERCE.

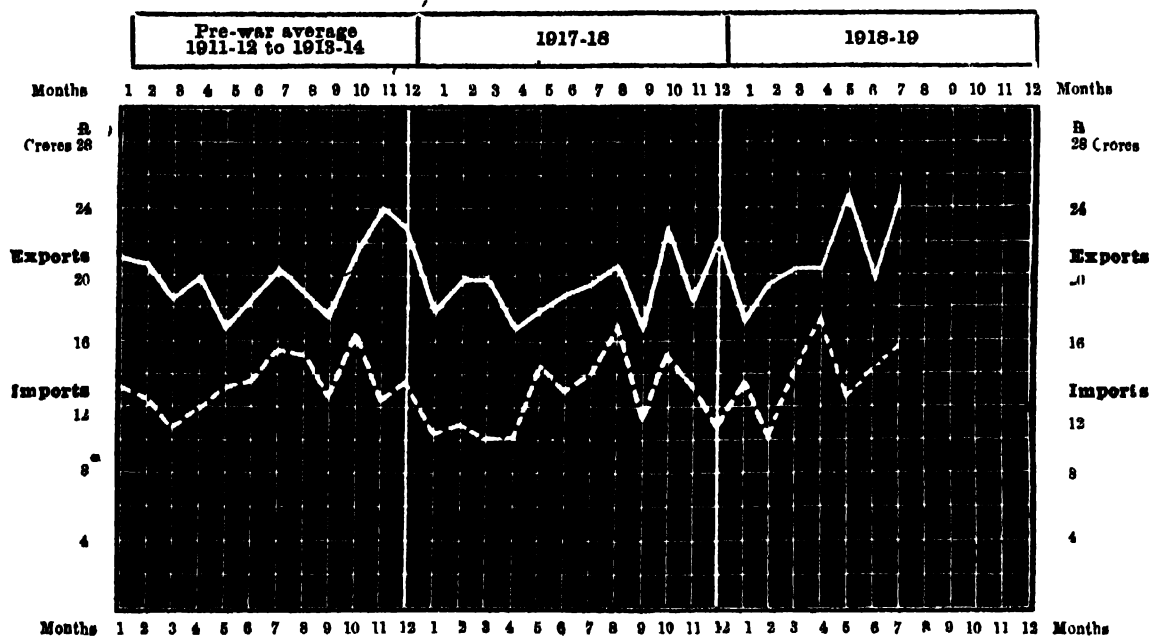
FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE DURING OCTOBER, 1918.

The outstanding feature of the trade returns of October, 1918, was a considerable increase in the export trade, the value of which approximated to the record figures of February, 1914, and August, 1918. The total imports of merchandise in October, 1918, were valued at R16 crores as against R14 crores in the preceding month, and the value of the exports was about R24 crores as against R18 crores, and of the re-exports R1.11 lakhs as against R1.25 lakhs. Imports increased by 10 per cent and exports by 31 per cent, while re-exports decreased by 9 per cent. As compared with October, 1917, imports showed an increase of 13 per cent, re-exports of 70 per cent, and exports of 26 per cent. A review of the trade of the seven months ended October, 1918, will be found on page 2089.

The chart showing the course of monthly imports and exports, including re-exports, from April, 1917, to October, 1918, as compared with the pre-war average, is appended below :—

MONTHLY IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FROM APRIL, 1917, TO OCTOBER, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PRE-WAR AVERAGE.

(Private merchandise only)



The actual net excess of exports, including re-exports, over imports was R9.07 lakhs in October, 1918, and R5.01 lakhs in September, 1918. The statement below shows the figures of imports and exports, including re-exports, during September and October of the years 1916, 1917, and 1918, and the actual net excess of exports over imports during the same periods :—

	1916		1917		1918		Actual net excess of export over imports		
	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	1916	1917	1918
	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)
September	13.05	21.73	12.91	18.81	14.36	19.37	5.67	5.90	5.01
October	12.27	20.47	14.01	19.53	15.79	24.86	8.20	5.52	9.07

Comparisons with September, 1918.—As compared with September, 1918 the most noticeable changes* were:—

Under imports: *increases* under raw cotton (+R16 lakhs), cotton, twist and yarn (+R23 lakhs), cotton, piece goods, grey (+R55 lakhs), silk piece goods (+R23 lakhs), and articles imported by post (+R29 lakhs), but *decreases* under mineral oil, kerosene (—R14 lakhs) and cotton piece goods, coloured (—R12 lakhs).

Under exports: *increases* under grain, pulse, and flour (+R44 lakhs), tea (+R32 lakhs), lac (+R17 lakhs), raw skins (+R22 lakhs), seeds (+R12 lakhs), raw cotton (+R26 lakhs), raw jute (+R95 lakhs), raw silk (+R11 lakhs), raw wool (+R16 lakhs), hides, tanned (+R53 lakhs), skins, tanned (+R13 lakhs), jute manufactures (+R1,09 lakhs), and cotton, twist and yarn (+R16 lakhs). There were no noticeable decreases as compared with September 1918.

Comparisons with October, 1917.—As compared with October, 1917, the most noticeable changes* were:—

Under imports: *increases* under liquors (+R13 lakhs), raw cotton (+R17 lakhs), steel, bars and channel (+R21 lakhs), cotton yarn (+R78 lakhs), cotton piece goods, grey (+R62 lakhs), silk piece goods, (+R25 lakhs), and articles imported by post (+R16 lakhs), but *decreases* under sugar, 16 D. S. and above (—R19 lakhs), wood (timber) (—R27 lakhs), cotton piece goods, white (—R52 lakhs) and coloured (—R32 lakhs).

Under exports: *increases* under tea (+R66 lakhs), raw skins (+R20 lakhs), raw hemp (+R13 lakhs), raw jute (+R80 lakhs), raw silk (+R16 lakhs), raw wool (+R27 lakhs), seeds (+R61 lakhs), hides, tanned (+R83 lakhs), skins, tanned (+R11 lakhs), cotton piece goods (+R14 lakhs), and jute manufactures (+R2,12 lakhs), but *decreases* under grain, pulse, and flour (—R93 lakhs), raw hides (—R25 lakhs), rubber, raw (—R19 lakhs), and raw cotton (—R56 lakhs).

VARIATIONS IN CLASSES.

The variations in October, 1917 and 1918, as compared with September, 1917 and 1918, respectively, according to the four main classes of merchandise, are as follows:—

	September, 1917	October, 1917	Increase (+) or decrease (—)	September, 1918	October, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—)
	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)
IMPORTS						
1. Food, drink, and tobacco	1,96	2,46	+ 50	2,35	2,57	+ 22
2. Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured	82	1,25	+ 43	90	99	+ 9
3. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	9,89	10,01	+ 12	10,94	11,79	+ 85
4. Miscellaneous and unclassified	24	29	+ 5	17	44	+ 27
	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	12,91	14,01	+ 1,10	14,36	15,79	+ 1,43
	—	—	—	—	—	—

* The articles of which the fluctuations were less than R10 lakhs are not especially noticed.

Exports	September, 1917	October, 1917	Increase (+) or decrease (—)	September, 1918	October, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—)
	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)
1. Food, drink, and tobacco	6,03	7,56	+1,53	6,56	7,49	+ 93
2. Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured	6,62	5,34	—1,28	4,42	6,91	+2,49
3. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	5,59	5,80	+ 21	6,98	9,17	+2,19
4. Miscellaneous and unclassified	18	16	—2	16	15	—1
Total	18,42	18,86	+44	18,12	23,72	+5,60

COMPARISON WITH THE IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE PRECEDING MONTH (SEPTEMBER, 1918)*

I.—Imports.

A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF SUGAR AND AN INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF DATES.

The imports of Food, drink, and tobacco in October, 1918, increased by R22 lakhs, as compared with the preceding month, to R2,57 lakhs, due mainly to increased imports of dates, liquors, cloves, and cigarettes. The imports of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, in October, 1918, decreased to 40,886 tons from 45,493 tons in the preceding month (September, 1918), and the value thereof decreased by R4 lakhs to about R1,27 lakhs. In the seven months ended October, 1918, the imports of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, amounted to 258,925 tons, valued at R7,63 lakhs, as against 196,589 tons, valued at R6,61 lakhs, in the corresponding period of the previous year. The imports of dates in October, 1918, increased to 113,318 cwts from 31,143 cwts in the preceding month.

AN INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF MINERAL OIL (OTHER THAN KEROSENE) AND OF RAW COTTON.

The value of the imports of Raw materials in October, 1918, increased by R9 lakhs to R99 lakhs. The quantity of mineral oil, other than kerosene, imported from abroad in October, 1918, increased to 5 million gallons from 2½ million gallons in the preceding month. The value of these imports was nearly R22 lakhs, as against about R13 lakhs in September, 1918. There was no import of kerosene oil in October 1918 as against 1,194,739 gallons in the preceding month. The quantity of cotton, raw, imported in October, 1918, increased to 12,449 cwts from 2,192 cwts in the preceding month.

AN INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF COTTON YARN AND COTTON PIECE GOODS AND OF SILK PIECE GOODS.

The value of the imports of Manufactured articles in October, 1918, increased by R85 lakhs to R 11,79 lakhs. The quantity of cotton yarn imported in October, 1918, increased to 5 million lbs from over 3½ million lbs in the preceding month. The imports of cotton piece goods, including fents, in October, 1918, increased to 99 million yards, valued at R4,69 lakhs, from 79 million yards, valued at R4,20 lakhs, in the preceding month. Grey goods increased by 20 million yards to 56 million yards and white goods by 2½ million yards to 19½ million yards, but coloured goods decreased by 3 million yards to 20 million yards. In the seven months ended October, 1918, the total imports of cotton piece goods amounted to 703 million yards, valued at R32 crores, as against 967 million yards, valued at R29 crores, in the corresponding period of the previous year. Silk piece goods advanced from 713,390 yards in the preceding month to 2,294,685 yards in October, 1918.

* Comparison is made with the previous month, and not with the corresponding month of last year, owing to the present abnormal circumstances brought about by the war.

II.—Exports.

AN INCREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF FOOD STUFFS.

Grain, pulse, and flour.

The exports of Food, drink, and tobacco increased in October, 1918, by R93 lakhs, as compared with the preceding month, to R7,49 lakhs. Exports of grain, pulse, and flour showed an increase in October, 1918, and amounted to R4,43 lakhs, as against R3,99 lakhs in the preceding month. In the seven months ended October, 1918, the value of the exports amounted to R31,57 lakhs, as against R32,41 lakhs in the corresponding period of the previous year.

AN INCREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF RAW COTTON, OF RAW JUTE, AND OF RAW WOOL.

Raw cotton

The value of the exports of Raw materials increased by R2,49 lakhs to R6,91 lakhs. The shipments of raw cotton increased in October, 1918, to 7,059 tons, valued at R1,47 lakhs, from 6,192 tons, valued at R1,21 lakhs, in the preceding month. In the seven months ended October, 1918, the exports amounted to 94,864 tons, valued at R15,60 lakhs, as against 210,476 tons, valued at R21,79 lakhs, in the corresponding period of 1917.

Raw jute.

The exports of raw jute in October, 1918, increased to 39,786 tons from 18,826 tons in the preceding month, and the value thereof amounted to R1,48 lakhs as against R53 lakhs. In the seven months ended October, 1918, the exports amounted to 228,147 tons, valued at R6,00 lakhs, as against 112,961 tons, valued at R2,92 lakhs, in the same months of 1917. The exports of raw wool in October, 1918, increased to 6,139,998 lbs from 5,380,427 lbs in the preceding month.

Raw wool

AN INCREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF JUTE MANUFACTURES.

Jute manufactures.

The value of the exports of Manufactured articles increased by R2,19 lakhs to R9,17 lakhs. Exports of jute manufactures were valued in October, 1918, at R6,00 lakhs, as against R4,91 lakhs in the preceding month. In the seven months ended October, 1918, the value of the exports amounted to R34 crores, as against over R20 crores in the corresponding period of the previous year.

SEVEN MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER, 1918.

The summary of the results for the seven months ended October, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1913 (pre-war seven months) and 1917, is as follows :—

	1913 (pre-war seven months)		1917		1918		ACTUAL NET EXCESS OF EXPORTS OVER IMPORTS		
	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	1913	1917	1918
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
Merchandise(private)	1,05,30	1,39,09	82,83	1,30,14	98,29	1,46,83	33,70	47,81	48,54

In the seven months ended October, 1918, exports, including re-exports, were higher by R16,69 lakhs or 13 per cent than in 1917, and by R7,74 lakhs or 6 per cent than in 1913. In the same period imports were higher by R15,46 lakhs or 19 per cent than in 1917, but less by R7,10 lakhs or 7 per cent than in 1913. The net excess of exports over imports in these seven months was over R48 crores, as compared with R47 crores in 1917 and nearly R34 crores in 1913. The total value of merchandise increased by R32 crores, or over 15 per cent, to R2,45 crores.

NOTE.—The export figures for the seven months ended October, 1917 and 1918, are subject to correction.

TRADE IN THE SEVEN MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER, 1918.

In the seven months ended October, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year, the quantity of imported cotton piece goods decreased by 2,64 million yards, while the value showed an increase of R3 crores. The value of cotton twist and yarn imported increased by over R3,35 lakhs, of articles imported by post by R97 lakhs, of salt by R64 lakhs, of silk piece goods by R77 lakhs, of cotton, raw, by R83 lakhs, of dyes by R23 lakhs, of paper by R26 lakhs, of betelnuts by R25 lakhs, of spirit by over R31 lakhs, of steel bars and channel by R92 lakhs, and of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, by R1,03 lakhs, while motor cars and motor cycles decreased by R44 lakhs, iron or steel sheets and plates by R29 lakhs, jute mill machinery by R23 lakhs, cotton hosiery by R26 lakhs, and wood (timber) by R43 lakhs. Under exports, the value of grain, pulse, and flour decreased by over R84 lakhs. The quantity of raw cotton exported decreased by 116,112 tons, and the value thereof by R6,19 lakhs. The value of jute manufactures exported increased by R13,92 lakhs. The quantity of raw jute exported showed an increase of 115,186 tons, and the value thereof increased to R6,00 lakhs. The value of tea increased by R4,02 lakhs and of hides tanned by R1,00 lakhs. The value of exports of seeds decreased by R21 lakhs, of raw hides and skins by R1,44 lakhs, and of skins, tanned, by R1,23 lakhs.

Comparing the values of the imports and exports during the seven months ended October, 1918, with those in the corresponding period of 1917, the chief increases and decreases are as follows:—

I.—Imports.

Increases			
	R (thousands)		Rs (thousands)
Cotton—raw	83,42	Liquors—spirit	31,35
„ grey piece goods	4,07,88	Paper (excluding pasteboard)	26,18
„ white „	48,31	Spices—betelnuts	25,44
„ twist and yarn	3,35,21	Machinery, textile (cotton)	24,71
Metals—steel bars and channel	92,21	Dyeing and tanning substances	23,10
„ iron or steel—pipes, etc.	12,96	Cigarettes	21,04
„ tin, unwrought, etc.	10,77	Mineral oil, other than kerosene	16,65
Sugar, 16 D. S. and above	1,02,71	Matchos	14,68
Articles imported by post	97,64	Railway carriages, etc.	13,01
Silk piece goods	76,92	Instruments, apparatus, etc.	12,87
„ yarn, noils, and warps	14,26	Hardware	12,27
Salt	64,25	Coal, coke, and patent fuel	11,57
Liquors—ale, beer, and porter	18,83	Tea	10,73

Decreases

Cotton, coloured piece goods	1,06,44	Cotton, hosiery	26,42
Motor cars and motor cycles	43,67	Machinery, etc.—textile (jute)	23,15
Wood (timber)	42,58	Cement	15,82
Metals—iron and steel— sheets and plates	28,76	Glass and glass ware	11,40
Precious stones and pearls, unset	26,97	Gold and silver thread	11,20

II.—Exports.

Increases			
	R (thousands)		Rs (thousands)
Jute manufactures	13,91,67	Silk (raw)	32,01
Tea	4,01,90	Opium	29,78
Jute, raw	3,08,03	Articles exported by post	18,80
Hides, tanned	99,85	Oil cakes	12,33
Cotton piece goods	86,73	Indigo	12,28
Wool, raw	78,72		

Decreases

Cotton—raw	619,18	Grain, pulse, and flour	84,19
„ twist and yarn	1,80,11	Hemp, raw	35,23
Skins, tanned	1,22,88	Seeds	21,11
Hides and skins—		Coir goods	18,84
Hides, raw	90,94	Coal, coke, and patent fuel	13,92
Skins, raw	52,64		

NOTE.—The export figures for the seven months ended October, 1917 and 1918, are subject to correction.

Imports of Foreign Merchandise.

In the following table are shown the quantities and values of the principal articles of import during the seven months ended October, 1918, as compared with the figures for the corresponding period of 1917:—

Principal Articles	Quantity		Value		Increase (+) or decrease (-) in the seven months ended October, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	Quantity	Value
	(thousands)	(thousands)	₹ (thousands)	₹ (thousands)	(thousands)	₹ (thousands)
Apparel (excluding haberdashery, hosiery, and boots and shoes)	—	—	85,64	93,24	—	+7,60
Carriages and carts (including cycles and motor cars)	—	—	75,91	32,57	—	-43,34
Chemicals	—	—	1,46,99	1,44,61	—	-2,38
Coal, coke, and patent fuel . . . tons	16	42	4,81	16,38	+26	+11,57
Drugs and medicines	—	—	75,27	77,54	—	+2,27
Dyeing and tanning substances	—	—	73,97	97,07	—	+23,10
Fruits and vegetables	—	—	34,92	27,44	—	-7,48
Glass and glassware	—	—	88,02	76,62	—	-11,40
Hardware	—	—	1,56,09	1,68,36	—	+12,27
Instruments, apparatus, etc.	—	—	1,02,89	1,15,76	—	+12,87
Liquors gals.	1,851	2,210	1,36,74	1,92,55	+359	+55,81
Machinery of all kinds, including belting for machinery	—	—	2,88,48	2,92,45	—	+3,97
Matches gross	7,978	7,888	1,00,64	1,15,32	-90	+14,68
Metals, iron and steel tons	99	97	4,66,90	6,62,74	-2	+1,95,84
„ copper cwts	16	39	23,96	46,21	+23	+22,25
Oils—mineral gals.	38,987	40,438	2,24,47	2,34,15	+1,451	+9,68
Paper and pasteboard	—	—	1,15,75	1,54,11	—	+38,36
Provisions and oilman's stores	—	—	92,37	1,06,47	—	+14,10
Railway plant and rolling-stock	—	—	85,14	52,41	—	+17,27
Salt tons	158	247	86,17	1,50,42	+89	+64,25
Spices lbs	74,922	85,035	95,28	1,13,81	+10,113	+20,58
Stationery	—	—	36,24	39,03	—	+2,09
Sugar, 16 D. S. and above . . . cwts	3,932	5,178	6,60,53	7,63,24	+1,246	+1,02,71
Tea lbs	4,789	5,206	29,44	40,17	+4,	+10,73
Textiles—						
Cotton, raw cwt	19	72	14,90	98,32	+53	+83,42
„ twist and yarn . . . lbs	9,897	32,768	1,97,64	5,32,85	+12,871	+3,35,21
„ grey piece goods . . . yards	367,480	322,242	9,68,44	13,76,32	-45,238	+4,07,88
„ white „ „ „ „	329,050	203,410	8,70,89	9,19,20	-125,640	+48,31
„ coloured „ „ „ „	252,851	160,577	9,93,63	8,27,19	-92,274	-1,66,44
„ other sorts of manufac- tures	—	—	2,03,43	1,95,60	—	-7,83
Silk, raw lbs	1,185	1,074	72,67	77,95	-111	+5,28
„ manufactures	—	—	1,65,49	2,54,12	—	+88,63
Woolen manufactures	—	—	1,31,96	1,34,36	—	+2,40

Exports of Indian Merchandise.

The table below shows the quantities and values of the principal articles of Indian merchandise exported during the seven months ended October, 1918, as compared with the figures in the corresponding period of 1917 :—

Principal Articles	Quantity		Value		Increase (+) or decrease (—) in the seven months ended October, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	Quantity	Value
	(thousands)	(thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	(thousands)	R (thousands)
Chemicals—saltpetre . . . cwt	312	313	60,89	61,09	+1	+80
Coal, coke, and patent fuel . . tons	196	40	17,99	4,07	—156	—13,92
Coir cwt	278	93	31,82	12,91	—185	—18,91
Dyes, indigo "	16	27	99,37	1,01,65	+11	+12,28
„ myrobalans "	587	486	33,08	28,19	—101	—4,50
Grain, pulse, and flour . . . value	—	—	32,41,04	31,56,85	—	—84,19
Hides and skins, raw—						
Hides cwt	334	250	2,49,43	1,58,19	—84	—90,94
Skins "	240	175	2,60,83	2,08,19	—65	—52,61
Hides and skins, tanned or dressed—						
Hides "	217	277	3,95,14	3,94,99	+60	+99,65
Skins "	32	6	1,36,06	13,19	—26	—1,22,87
Lac value	—	—	2,06,23	2,10,20	—	+3,97
Manures tons	15	19	16,55	28,31	+4	+11,76
Oilcakes cwt	737	923	30,89	43,22	+191	+12,33
Opium "	7	8	1,32,03	1,61,81	+1	+29,75
Rubber, raw lbs	4,059	4,412	73,63	73,57	+353	—6,25
Seeds—total value	—	—	4,01,79	4,70,68	—	—21,11
Tea "	—	—	7,81,07	11,62,97	—	+4,01,90
Textiles—						
Cotton, raw cwt	4,210	1,887	21,79,01	15,59,82	—2,323	—6,19,19
„ twist and yarn . . . lbs	81,589	26,550	4,53,84	2,73,73	—55,019	—1,80,11
„ piece goods . . . yards	103,032	85,642	2,59,23	3,47,96	—16,390	+88,73
Hemp, raw cwt	264	146	74,67	39,14	—118	—35,23
Jute, raw tons	113	228	2,02,29	6,00,32	+115	+3,08,03
„ manufactures . . . value	—	—	20,50,09	34,41,76	—	+13,91,67
Wool, raw lbs	24,512	25,853	2,15,97	2,94,89	+1,341	+78,72
Wood, teak cubic tons	8	14	16,77	26,03	+6	+9,26
other timber "	1	1	87	85	...	—2

NOTE.—These figures are subject to correction.

TRADE BY PROVINCES.

The total imports and exports, including re-exports, of private merchandise into and from the several maritime provinces during the month of October, 1918, as compared with those of September, 1918, are stated below :—

	IMPORTS		EXPORTS, INCLUDING RE-EXPORTS	
	September, 1918	October, 1918	September, 1918	October, 1918
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
Bengal	4.66	6.61	8.75	11.45
Bombay	6.84	5.85	4.40	5.22
Sind	1.05	1.00	2.41	2.18
Madras	1.16	1.10	1.71	2.95
Burma	65	1.23	2.10	3.06
Total	14.36	15.79	19.37	24.86

Under imports, Bengal showed an increase of 42 per cent and Burma of 89 per cent, but Bombay showed a decrease of 14 per cent and Sind and Madras of 5 per cent each. Under exports, Burma showed an increase of 46 per cent, Bengal of 31 per cent, Bombay of 19 per cent, and Madras of 72 per cent, while Sind showed a decrease of 10 per cent. These comparisons are with the preceding month (September, 1918).

BALANCE OF TRADE.

The following table takes into account the imports and exports of merchandise on private account only :—

	Seven months, April to October, 1917(a)	Seven months, April to October, 1918(a)
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
Exports of Merchandise, including Re-exports *	1,30.14	1,46.83
Imports " "	82.83	95.29
Excess of Exports over Imports	47.31	48.54
Net imports of Gold	†	†
" " " Silver	†	†
Net Imports of Treasure	†	†
Council Bills and Telegraphic Transfers paid in India	35.07	3.77
Sterling Bills on London sold in India . . . . .	...	...
Enfaced Rupee paper (net imports)	59.3	4.4
Interest on Enfaced Rupee paper	14.8	13
Net Balance of Trade	†	†
Average rate of exchange	October, 1917 d. 16.917	October, 1918 d. 18.00 (b)

In the seven months ended October, 1918, the excess of exports over imports of private merchandise was R48.54 lakhs, as against R47.31 lakhs in the corresponding period of 1917 and R33.70 lakhs in 1913. As the publication of treasure figures has been temporarily discontinued, it is not possible to give here the net (private) exports from April to October, nor the net balance of trade in the same period. It may, however, be of interest to note that the net (private) exports are higher than those of 1917 and also than those of 1916. The balance of trade, so far as shown by the statistics of merchandise, treasure, Council Bills, and Enfaced Rupee paper, in the seven months ended October, 1918, was in favour of India, but not to so large an extent as in 1916, while in the corresponding period of 1917 it was against India.

* Exclusive of Government transactions (other than articles of national importance in the case of exports.)

† Temporarily discontinued.

(a) The figures of exports of merchandise are subject to correction.

(b) Approximate rate for Telegraphic Transfers.

The amount of Council Bills and Telegraphic Transfers paid in India in the seven months ended October, 1918, was Rs 30,77 lakhs, of which Rs 21,51 lakhs were paid through the Paper Currency Reserve and Rs 9,26 lakhs through the Treasuries. In the seven months ended October, 1917, the amount was Rs 35,07 lakhs of which Rs 2,14 lakhs were paid through the Gold Standard Reserve, Rs 12,99 lakhs through the Paper Currency Reserve, and Rs 19,94 lakhs through the Treasuries. In the seven months ended October, 1916, the amount of Council Bills paid was Rs 13,85 lakhs. As regards Enfaced Rupee paper, about Rs 10 lakhs represented the amount of paper enfaced to London and Rs 14 lakhs the amount re-transferred from London in the seven months, April to October, 1918, while in the corresponding period of 1917, Rs 7 lakhs represented the amount of paper enfaced to London and about Rs 67 lakhs the amount re-transferred from London.

DECLARED VALUE PER UNIT OF SELECTED ARTICLES.

The declared values per unit of certain selected articles imported and exported during October, 1913, 1917, and 1918, are noted below :—

Imports	OCTOBER						Exports	OCTOBER					
	1913		1917		1918			1913		1917		1918	
	R	A. P.	R	A. P.	R	A. P.		R	A. P.	R	A. P.	R	A. P.
Sugar, 16 D. S. and above	8	13 3	10	13 2	15	9 3							
Cotton, twist and yarn	0	14 11	2	5 0	2	3 0							
„ grey, piece-goods yard	0	2 9	0	4 9	0	6 7	Indigo	215	14 4	544	4 0	373	1 8
„ white	0	3 0	0	4 6	0	8 8	Cotton, raw	88	1 9	54	9 1	104	1 9
„ coloured	0	3 5	0	6 6	0	9 0	Jute, raw	76	15 1	39	4 6	66	9 1

As compared with the corresponding month of the previous year (October, 1917), under imports, the declared unit value of cotton piecegoods, grey, rose in October, 1918, by 39 per cent, white by 93 per cent, and coloured by 46 per cent, while that of sugar fell by 7 per cent, and cotton twist and yarn by 5 per cent. Under exports, raw cotton showed an increase of 91 per cent and raw jute of 69 per cent, while indigo showed a decrease of 31 per cent.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.*

The following table shows the gross Indian sea customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) collected on principal articles in October, 1918, as compared with September, 1918, and October, 1917 and 1913 :—

IMPORT DUTY	October, 1913 (pre-war month)	October, 1917	September, 1918	October, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—) in October, 1918, as compared with		
	R	R	R	R	September, 1918	October, 1917	October, 1913
	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)
Special duties							
Arms	61	30(a)	62(a)	48(a)	—14	+ 18	—13
Liquors	11,11	10,64	9,29	10,29	+ 1,00	—39	—82
Petroleum	4,50	2,68(b)	1,17(b)	25(b)	—92	—2,43	—4,25
Silver bullion and coin . . .	2,61	88			—	—88	—2,61
„ manufactures	—	22	20	18	—2	—4	—
Sugar	12,78	13,65(c)	16,92(c)	13,22(c)	—3,70	—43	+ 44
Tobacco	2,15	1,73	6 56	7,69	+ 1,18	+ 2,97	+ 5,24
Duty at 2½ per cent							
Machinery	—	87	87	71	—16	—16	—
Metals—iron and steel . . .	1,29	1,28	2,68	2,56	—12	+ 1,28	+ 1,27
Railway plant and rolling stock	—	9	55	37	—18	+ 28	—
Duty at 7½ per cent							
Articles of food and drink, excluding sugar and vinegar	3,28	6,73	4,98	5,94	+ 96	—79	+ 2,66
Raw materials, etc.	1,55	4,80	3,24	2,36	—88	—2,44	+ 81
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—							
Cotton manufactures	18,74	39,61	35,40	34,76	—64	—4,85	+ 16,02
Others	20,44	26,46	29,55	28,66	—89	+ 2,20	+ 8,22
Total Import duty (including other articles) . . .	80,44	1,14,53	1,14,80	1,10,03	—4,77	—4,50	+ 29,59
EXPORT DUTY (Total)	6,81	27,20	33,02	38,83	+ 5,81	+ 11,63	+ 32,52

* The Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, IV of 1916, took effect from 1st March, 1916.

(a) Excludes the 7½ per cent duty on explosives.
(b) „ „ „ petroleum.
(c) „ „ „ confectionery.

The customs duty figures are an index to the volume of the import trade only, since under exports jute, rice, and tea only are subject to duty. In the seven months ended October, 1918, the import duties increased to nearly R7,34 lakhs from R6,66½ lakhs in the seven months ended October, 1917, and the export duties rose to nearly R2,29 lakhs from nearly R1,50 lakhs. The grand total of gross Indian sea and land customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) in the seven months, April to October, 1918, amounted to about R10,64 lakhs, as compared with R8,74 lakhs in the same period of last year.

RAILWAY STATISTICS.

Railway statistics, like the import and export statistics above, are a valuable index to the general movement of trade throughout the country, and show that the earnings from 1st April to 2nd November, 1918, were R 49,53 lakhs, as against R43,70 lakhs in the corresponding period of 1917, or an increase of R 5,83 lakhs.

TRADE OF ADEN.

The grand total value of the imports and exports of merchandise, by sea, into and from the port of Aden amounted to R1,33 lakhs in the month of September, 1918, and R7,52 lakhs in the six months, April to September, 1918. The value of the principal articles of imports and exports was as follows:—

	SEPTEMBER, 1918		SIX MONTHS, APRIL TO SEPTEMBER, 1918	
	Imports into Aden	Exports from Aden	Imports into Aden	Exports from Aden
	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)
Cotton manufactures	41,46	46,07	2,06,36	2,00,50
Hides and skins, raw	2,38	12	16,00	19,95
Grain and pulse	3,39	3,86	18,01	17,24
Coffee	1,92	3,66	26,81	30,21
Coal	4,51	—	38,73	—
Tobacco, unmanufactured	1,31	1,38	22,42	13,79
Provisions	1,06	17	3,47	59
Sugar	30	—	4,55	—
Spices	46	—	10,35	—
Oil—kerosene	—	—	2,38	—
Salt	—	65	—	9,89
Other articles	10,76	9,18	55,61	54,87
TOTAL VALUE	67,55	65,09	4,04,69	3,47,04

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

November 21, 1918

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics.

IMPORTS INTO CHIEF PORTS DURING SEPTEMBER, 1918

RETURN SHOWING the QUANTITIES of the PRINCIPAL STAPLES of AGRICULTURAL
PRODUCE IMPORTED into CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, KARACHI, and MADRAS
PORTS by RAIL, RIVER, and SEA during the month of SEPTEMBER, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

November 21, 1918

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N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics.

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN SELECTED ARTICLES IN SEPTEMBER, 1918.

The object of the tables appended is to show the quantities of the principal staples of agricultural produce imported from the various provinces, etc., and from foreign countries into the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, and Karachi, and into the Madras ports during the month of September, 1918, and for the six months, April to September, 1918, as compared with the corresponding periods of 1917. The statistics include sea-borne foreign and coasting trade as well as inland (rail and river-borne) trade. They have been furnished by Collectors of Customs, Steamer Companies, Railway Audit Officers, the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, etc.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN SEPTEMBER, 1917 AND 1918.

It will be seen from Table I that the imports by rail, river, and sea in September, 1918, as against the corresponding month of 1917, show (in round numbers) an increase of—

276 per cent in linseed	(25,900 tons as against 7,700 tons last year),
89 per cent in rape and mustard seed	(15,300 tons as against 5,100 tons last year),
82 per cent in gram and pulse	(35,300 tons as against 46,800 tons last year),
25 per cent in raw cotton	(69,200 bales as against 55,200 bales last year), and
24 per cent in rice (including paddy)	(93,200 tons as against 75,300 tons last year)

The imports of wheat (excluding wheat flour) by rail, river, and sea into ports show a decrease of 54 per cent (56,700 tons as against 124,500 tons last year), due mainly to smaller exports from the Punjab, the Central Provinces and Berar, and Rajputana and Central India. The decrease of 19 per cent (380,900 bales as against 468,500 bales last year) in the imports of jute is accounted for by smaller exports from Bengal, Assam and Bihar and Orissa. The decrease of one per cent (30,104,800 lbs. as against 30,378,600 lbs last year) in tea is due to smaller exports from Assam.

It will be seen from Table IV (wheat, excluding wheat flour) that the principal source of the imports in September, 1917, was the Punjab (59 per cent). During September, 1918, the principal sources of the imports were the Punjab (43 per cent) and the United Provinces (33 per cent of the total).

NOTE.— One bale of cotton or jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

One maund is equivalent to 82½ lbs.

One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

GENERAL RESULTS—SIX MONTHS' IMPORTS INTO THE PORTS FROM UP-COUNTRY, ETC., THIS YEAR AND LAST YEAR.

The six months' figures in table I show (in round numbers) an increase of—

- 59 per cent in jute
(2,338,200 bales as against 1,470,500 bales last year),
- 48 per cent in linseed
(150,400 tons as against 101,500 tons last year),
- 34 per cent in gram and pulse
(545,400 tons as against 408,000 tons last year),
- 13 per cent in tea
(129,148,100 lbs as against 114,310,800 lbs last year), and
- 9 per cent in rice, (including paddy)
(499,600 tons as against 460,200 tons last year).

The imports of wheat (excluding wheat flour) by rail, river, and sea into ports show a decrease of 51 per cent (699,200 tons as against 1,423,800 tons last year), mainly on account of smaller exports from the Punjab, Sind and British Baluchistan, Rajputana and Central India, and the Central Provinces and Berar. The decrease of 26 per cent (1,332,000 bales as against 1,804,200 bales last year) in raw cotton is accounted for by smaller exports into the ports chiefly from Bombay, the Central Provinces and Berar, Rajputana and Central India, Madras, and Sind and British Baluchistan. The imports of rape and mustard seed show a fall of 6 per cent (70,000 tons as against 74,500 tons last year), owing to smaller exports, principally from the United Provinces.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN SEPTEMBER, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS MONTH.

As compared with August, 1918, the imports in September, 1918, into the ports referred to above show (in round numbers) a decrease of—

- 58 per cent in raw cotton
(69,200 bales as against 165,700 bales previous month),
- 33 per cent in jute
(380,900 bales as against 568,300 bales previous month),
- 14 per cent in linseed
(28,900 tons as against 33,600 tons previous month),
- 7 per cent in tea
(30,104,800 lbs as against 32,432,200 lbs previous month), and
- 6 per cent in gram and pulse
(85,300 tons as against 90,800 tons previous month),

and an increase of—

- 100 per cent in rape and mustard seed
(15,300 tons as against 7,600 tons previous month),
- 3 per cent in wheat (excluding wheat flour)
(56,700 tons as against 55,100 tons previous month), and
- 3 per cent in rice (including paddy)
(93,200 tons as against 90,400 tons previous month).

The Statistics for September, 1917 and 1918, as also for the six months ending September, 1917 and 1918, together with those for August and September, 1918, are summarised below :—

SUMMARY TABLE I.

(1) Articles	(2) Imports, September, 1917	(3) Imports, September, 1918	(4) Imports, April to September, 1917	(5) Imports, April to September, 1918	(6) Increase (+) or decrease (-) of im- ports in September, 1918, as compared with September, 1917	(7) Increase (+) or decrease (-) of im- ports in six months, April to September 1918, as com- pared with six months, April to September, 1917
	bales	bales	bales	bales	Per cent	Per cent
Cotton, raw . . .	55,198	69,216	1,604,157	1,331,980	+25	-26
	tons	tons	tons	tons		
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	124,518	56,689	1,423,804	699,171	-54	-51
Rice (including paddy) .	75,254	93,228	460,310	499,657	+24	+9
Gram and Pulse . . .	46,772	85,349	408,011	545,394	+82	+34
Linseed	7,687	28,940	101,465	150,415	+276	+48
Rape and Mustard seed .	8,074	15,284	74,458	69,976	+89	-6
	bales	bales	bales	bales		
Jute	468,496	380,939	1,170,502	2,338,246	-19	+59
	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs		
Tea	30,378,562	30,104,802	111,310,822	129,148,095	-1	+13

SUMMARY TABLE II.

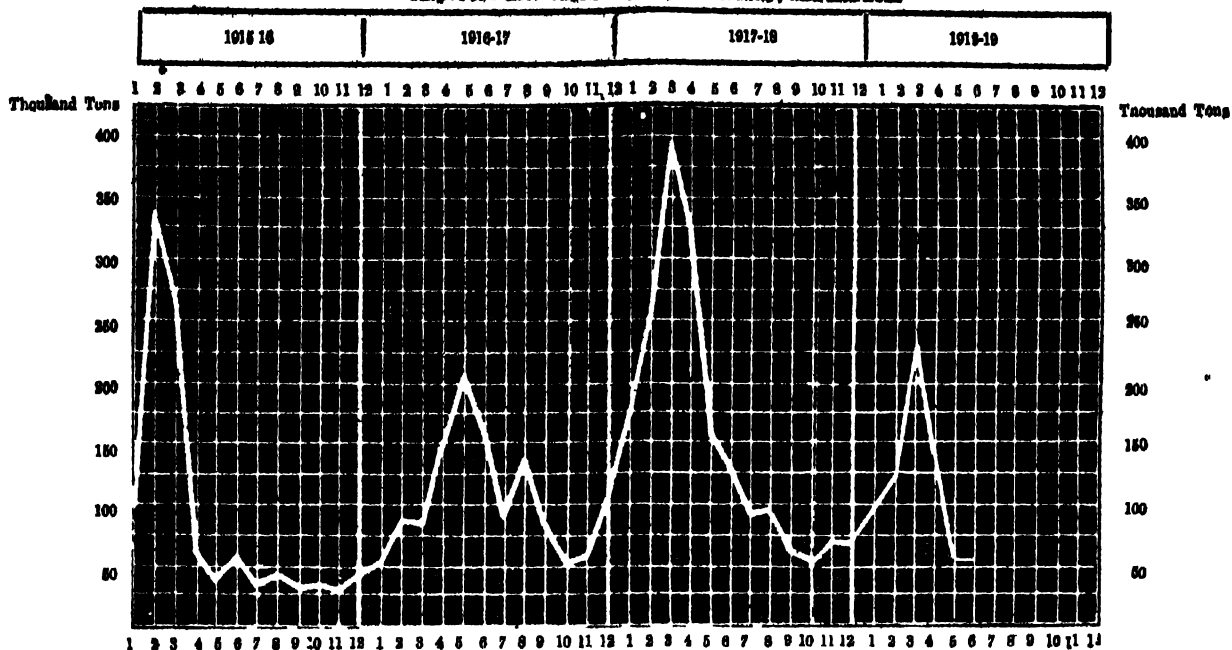
Articles	Imports, August, 1918	Imports, September, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (-) of Imports in September, 1918, as compared with August, 1918
	bales	bales	Per cent
Cotton, raw	165,658	69,216	-58
	tons	tons	
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	55,083	56,689	+3
Rice (including paddy)	90,369	93,228	+3
Gram and Pulse	90,813	85,349	-6
Linseed	38,644	28,940	-14
Rape and Mustard seed	7,647	15,284	+100
	bales	bales	
Jute	568,319	380,939	-33
	lbs	lbs	
Tea	32,482,165	30,104,802	-7

The annexed charts show the course of the monthly imports of wheat, cotton, and jute from April, 1915, to September, 1918 :—

IMPORTS BY RAIL, RIVER, AND SEA OF WHEAT, COTTON, AND JUTE
FROM APRIL, 1915, TO SEPTEMBER, 1918

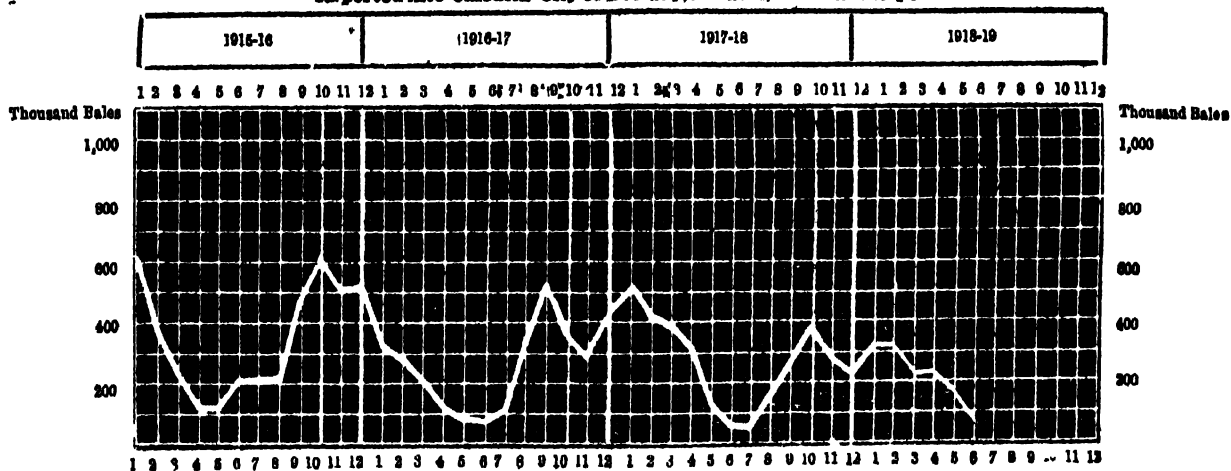
WHEAT

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, and Karachi



COTTON (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, Karachi, and Madras ports



JUTE (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta

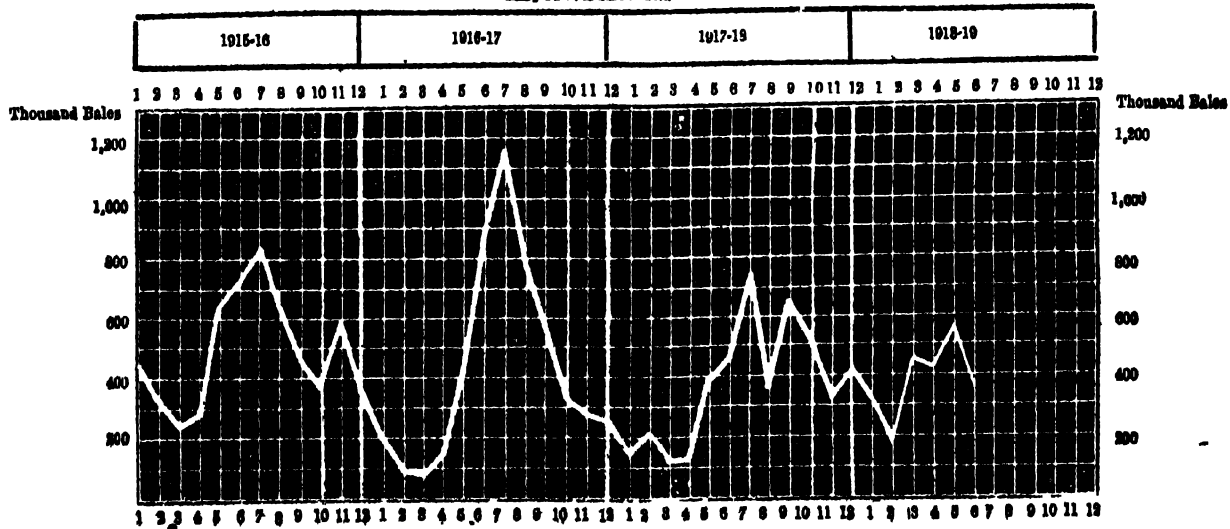


TABLE III.—Cotton, raw

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in September										
<i>By Rail and River—</i>	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
Assam	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...
Bengal	305	764	...	1,776	...	...	...	...	305	2,540
Bihar and Orissa	2	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	13
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	55	575	1,101	744	...	...	...	...	1,156	1,821
Punjab	...	...	95	515	4	...	...	...	99	515
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	139	...	...	...	139
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	3,023	762	...	...	...	...	2,623	762
Bombay	978	863	15,704	11,129	...	...	1,223	458	17,905	12,750
Central Provinces and Berar	1,754	447	546	409	...	...	...	...	2,300	916
Nizam's Territory	...	121	423	1,960	...	...	...	...	423	2,081
Madras	263	100	12,348	9,950	...	...	12,386	8,359	24,927	18,409
Mysore	...	...	861	726	...	...	...	...	861	726
TOTAL	3,395	2,883	33,600	26,333	4	139	13,609	8,817	50,608	40,172
<i>By Sea—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	10
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	551	718	...	...	...	...	551	713
Madras	509	...	5	1,744	...	...	...	...	514	1,744
Burma	31	1,734	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	1,734
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	2,957	24,229	...	...	...	...	2,957	24,229
Foreign Countries	...	...	537	614	...	...	...	...	537	614
TOTAL	540	1,734	4,050	27,300	10	...	...	...	4,590	29,044
TOTAL IMPORTS	3,935	4,617	37,650	53,633	4	149	13,609	8,817	55,198	69,216
Imports from April to September										
<i>By Rail and River—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam	1,304	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,304	90
Bengal	23,810	13,588	2,958	2,434	...	...	...	...	25,769	16,115
Bihar and Orissa	940	410	...	...	...	...	...	...	940	410
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	5,921	1,444	19,672	5,662	...	4	...	89	25,593	7,199
Punjab	1,845	3,078	26,202	101,723	17,242	1,488	...	...	44,759	106,284
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	27,234	8,239	...	...	27,234	8,239
Rajputana and Central India	189	63	133,042	28,152	...	...	...	...	133,230	28,215
Bombay	18,404	6,810	635,175	470,933	...	...	9,073	2,045	642,652	479,488
Central Provinces and Berar	10,557	2,632	147,926	38,951	...	...	...	...	159,383	26,083
Nizam's Territory	...	121	44,073	34,968	...	...	2,842	3,740	46,915	38,834
Madras	6,696	5,319	98,660	140,652	...	...	188,189	92,262	291,545	233,233
Mysore	...	...	18,748	5,403	...	...	3,039	54	16,787	5,457
TOTAL	68,165	33,753	1,119,856	824,273	44,476	9,726	203,144	98,885	1,435,141	904,637
<i>By Sea—</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	380
Bihar and Orissa	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Bombay	20	1,576	2,682	21	...	43	...	3,137	2,692	4,777
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	84,830	34,901	1	19	...	...	84,831	24,920
Madras	10,624	6,005	31,191	20,405	...	...	10	...	41,825	26,410
Burma	6,770	14,627	79	...	...	...	...	...	6,849	14,627
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	228,134	279,807	...	...	...	...	228,134	279,807
Foreign Countries	...	...	4,693	16,590	...	24	...	5	4,693	16,619
TOTAL	17,416	22,591	351,589	341,524	1	96	10	3,142	369,016	297,343
TOTAL IMPORTS	85,581	56,344	1,470,945	1,165,797	44,477	9,812	203,154	102,027	1,804,157	1,201,980

NOTE.—(1) Provinces named in the first column include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the port of Madras, French Ports (Pondicherry with its suburb Villianur and Karikal, exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, Badagara, and Dhannakkodi.

(2) For the purpose of rail and river borne trade the North-West Frontier Province and the Delhi Province are included in the Punjab.

(3) One bale of cotton is equivalent to 400 lbs.

TABLE IV.—Wheat (excluding wheat flour)*

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in September								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	...	...	...	19	...	...	740	1,625
Bengal	740	1,806	...	153	...	20	4,399	5,013
Bihar and Orissa	4,899	4,840	...	...	...	...	20,240	18,983
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	5,124	6,291	1,396	11,860	13,720	882	78,892	24,521
Punjab	45	16	896	3,182	78,951	21,323	2,885	3,081
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	770	...	36	6,839	806
Rajputana and Central India	350	...	5,570	611	909	...	2,505	611
Bombay	4,559	193	7,745	1,676	...	...	12,304	1,871
Central Provinces and Berar	...	...	47	...	...	...	47	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	18	...	...	...	18	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	15,217	12,948	18,177	18,271	90,415	25,242	123,809	56,461
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	133	...	133
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	1	95	...	...	1	95
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	689	...	19	...	708	...
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	690	95	19	183	709	228
TOTAL IMPORTS	15,217	12,948	18,867	18,366	90,434	25,375	124,518	56,689
Imports from April to September								
By Rail and River—								
Assam	3	114	...	...	...	...	2	114
Bengal	9,614	14,394	...	68	...	...	9,614	14,463
Bihar and Orissa	45,855	43,448	...	1,664	108	1,698	45,963	46,810
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	108,189	88,439	25,661	75,682	116,784	150,749	253,634	285,070
Punjab	588	1,088	16,579	24,691	725,591	269,027	742,768	294,806
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	66,224	8,418	66,224	8,418
Rajputana and Central India	5,391	471	92,306	13,145	7,391	1,694	105,088	15,010
Bombay	71	...	25,969	4,179	...	49	26,040	4,238
Central Provinces and Berar	42,708	3,131	119,300	25,763	79	12	162,177	27,966
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1,359	...	...	...	1,359	...
Madras	29	...	1	7	...	...	30	7
Mysore	...	...	35	...	...	...	25	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	212,447	119,785	284,190	145,399	916,177	431,047	1,112,814	696,831
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	28	126	5	263	33	389
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	3	820	...	...	3	820
Madras	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	7,929	1,125	3,020	...	10,949	1,125
Foreign Countries	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	6
TOTAL	...	6	7,965	2,071	3,025	268	10,990	2,240
TOTAL IMPORTS	212,447	119,791	292,155	147,470	919,202	431,315	1,123,804	699,171

* Publication of the Table (XI) showing the exports of wheat and wheat flour by sea to foreign countries has been temporarily discontinued.

TABLE V.—Rice (including paddy)*

Whence exported	Calcutta		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL	
	1917	1918†	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in September								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
<i>By Rail and River—</i>								
Assam	2	134	..	..	..	..	2	134
Bengal	13,474	32,907	..	7,787	2,461	2,069	18,555	48,763
Bihar and Orissa	608	282	10	137	1,474	5,045	5,092	5,464
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	3	..	2	421	..	..	5	421
Punjab	39	17	862	268	..	84	901	369
Sind and British Baluchistan	2	..	5,269	1,135	..	..	5,271	4,135
Rajputana and Central India	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	10
Bombay	..	..	..	..	1	57	1	57
Central Provinces and Berar	55	..	..	554	..	..	55	554
Nizam's Territory	..	..	..	..	71	..	71	..
Madras	26	1	..	..	11,223	25,085	11,249	25,086
Mysore	..	..	..	..	168	..	168	..
Kashmir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	14,100	33,351	6,143	13,803	18,418	33,810	36,670	78,903
<i>By Sea—</i>								
Bengal	..	..	..	..	572	1,000	572	1,000
Bihar and Orissa	57	..	..	..	..	..	57	..
Bombay	..	..	28	617	97	4	125	665
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	180	176	..	..	180	176
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	406	..	406
Burma	31,791	6,158	..	..	3,697	1,011	35,488	11,078
Non-British Ports in India	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Foreign Countries	2	5	..	2	160	3	162	10
TOTAL	31,850	6,163	208	795	4,526	7,277	36,584	14,235
TOTAL IMPORTS	45,950	39,514	6,351	14,597	22,944	39,617	75,254	93,238
Imports from April to September								
<i>By Rail and River—</i>								
Assam	6	353	..	..	..	..	6	353
Bengal	86,799	164,688	..	12,855	5,096	8,424	91,895	185,267
Bihar and Orissa	9,585	5,000	10	485	12,407	28,117	29,092	34,632
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	197	52	1	864	..	84	201	1,000
Punjab	283	330	5,420	3,368	..	39	5,708	3,746
Sind and British Baluchistan	3	..	57,983	27,824	..	..	57,985	27,824
Rajputana and Central India	90	10	..	..	..	..	90	10
Bombay	..	2	..	..	19	1,009	19	1,011
Central Provinces and Berar	1,111	3	..	596	90	..	1,201	655
Nizam's Territory	2	..	..	..	282	26	294	26
Madras	1,848	73	..	..	137,539	119,719	139,407	118,792
Mysore	..	..	..	..	1,161	815	1,161	815
Kashmir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	98,923	170,520	63,417	15,992	156,614	156,819	319,954	373,331
<i>By Sea—</i>								
Bengal	..	..	..	..	572	6,370	572	6,370
Bihar and Orissa	1,781	121	..	..	..	..	1,781	121
Bombay	2	..	119	1,791	684	270	775	2,061
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	1,697	2,120	88	..	1,783	2,120
Madras	..	..	1	1	117	1,569	118	1,570
Burma	76,043	45,792	..	..	58,309	65,138	194,333	113,925
Non-British Ports in India	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Foreign Countries	120	44	..	3	775	12	895	59
TOTAL	77,926	48,957	1,817	3,915	60,513	73,854	140,256	128,226
TOTAL IMPORTS	177,849	219,477	65,234	43,907	217,127	230,173	460,210	499,557

*One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice.
 †Incomplete.

TABLE VI.—Gram and Pulse

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in September								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
<i>By Rail and River—</i>								
Assam	1	10	...	...	...	...	1	10
Bengal	3,623	6,580	...	87	...	31	3,625	6,628
Bihar and Orissa	5,181	1,584	151	1,122	290	1,101	5,623	3,807
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	8,042	1,085	2,321	8,360	3,914	1,029	14,877	11,074
Punjab	54	56	1,181	13,474	14,120	37,384	15,355	51,414
Sind and British Baluchistan	2	...	6	...	175	3,543	181	3,545
Rajputana and Central India	133	...	1,260	1,791	1,376	2,417	2,775	4,208
Bombay	...	...	1,610	113	...	...	1,616	413
Central Provinces and Berar	167	119	2,235	2,557	...	...	2,392	2,676
Nizam's Territory	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras	105	...	...	...	...	...	107	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	17,908	10,014	8,770	27,754	19,875	46,007	46,553	83,775
<i>By Sea—</i>								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	14	16	13	113	27	129
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	94	1,048	17	95	111	1,143
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	204	...	10	...	...	...	220
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	63	77	...	...	63	77
Foreign Countries	7	4	...	1	11	...	18	5
TOTAL	7	208	171	1,153	41	208	219	1,574
TOTAL IMPORTS	17,915	10,222	8,941	28,912	19,916	46,215	46,772	85,349
Imports from April to September								
<i>By Rail and River—</i>								
Assam	17	17	...	...	...	...	17	17
Bengal	29,735	30,035	338	98	...	268	30,073	37,319
Bihar and Orissa	30,782	30,382	1,700	5,240	2,348	2,433	34,830	38,055
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	43,032	18,844	31,133	77,777	33,581	23,385	107,746	99,606
Punjab	168	619	15,470	10,339	132,487	248,261	148,125	296,212
Sind and British Baluchistan	3	...	8	10	12,916	7,908	12,927	7,918
Rajputana and Central India	1,096	136	17,576	10,093	20,784	21,761	39,456	33,993
Bombay	...	7	7,247	8,866	...	...	7,247	8,873
Central Provinces and Berar	2,454	813	20,945	14,127	10	15	23,409	14,960
Nizam's Territory	124	...	247	12	...	...	371	12
Madras	187	14	13	101	...	...	200	115
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	107,508	87,762	94,677	145,263	202,128	306,055	404,401	539,060
<i>By Sea—</i>								
Bengal	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	23
Bihar and Orissa	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	47
Bombay	...	...	83	436	352	234	435	670
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	1,029	2,478	586	670	1,565	3,148
Madras	...	...	59	...	...	...	59	...
Burma	537	1,327	15	44	...	...	552	1,371
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	932	899	9	110	941	1,009
Foreign Countries	30	7	5	39	23	...	58	46
TOTAL	567	1,381	2,123	3,919	930	1,014	3,610	6,314
* TOTAL IMPORTS	108,165	89,143	96,800	149,182	203,048	307,069	408,011	545,374

TABLE VII.—Linseed

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Total	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in September						
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—						
Assam	41	...	...	...	41	...
Bengal	248	907	18	...	266	907
Bihar and Orissa	2,158	6,684	1,048	982	3,206	7,666
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	208	5,136	2,728	3,941	2,936	9,077
Punjab	...	16	...	28	...	39
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	4	40	259	4,090	263	4,130
Bombay	...	...	15	2,119	15	2,119
Central Provinces and Berar	2	869	471	1,911	473	2,280
Nizam's Territory	...	...	273	2,695	273	2,695
Madras	13	...	...	...	13	...
Mysore	...	...	...	1	...	1
TOTAL	2,674	13,162	4,806	15,712	7,480	28,874
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	200	...	200	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	66	...	66
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	7	...	7	...
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	207	66	207	66
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,674	13,162	5,013	15,778	7,687	28,940
Imports from April to September						
By Rail and River—						
Assam	630	16	...	...	630	16
Bengal	3,170	3,556	41	119	3,211	3,675
Bihar and Orissa	20,857	46,440	6,011	16,291	26,868	62,740
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	4,166	11,215	28,144	30,332	32,310	41,547
Punjab	...	16	...	28	...	39
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	57	181	14,158	12,149	14,215	12,280
Bombay	...	...	3,420	5,888	3,420	5,888
Central Provinces and Berar	45	744	10,229	12,927	10,274	13,671
Nizam's Territory	...	...	8,207	9,714	8,207	9,714
Madras	17	515	215	124	232	639
Mysore	...	...	4	1	4	1
TOTAL	28,942	62,642	71,460	87,568	100,402	150,210
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	8	...	...	...	8	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	350	...	350	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	670	285	670	235
Foreign Countries	...	...	35	...	85	...
TOTAL	8	...	1,055	285	1,063	235
TOTAL IMPORTS	28,950	62,642	72,515	87,853	101,465	150,445

TABLE VIII.—Rape and Mustard Seed

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
	Imports in September					
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—						
Assam	...	12	...	...	0	12
Bengal	60	46	...	...	68	46
Bihar and Orissa	338	187	...	...	375	167
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	4,966	2,439	9	59	4,975	2,488
Punjab	1,811	9,628	4	...	1,815	9,628
Sind and British Baluchistan	235	581	...	2	235	583
Rajputana and Central India	486	685	56	531	542	1,216
Bombay	109	189	92	348	201	537
Central Provinces and Berar	117	77	16	27	133	104
Nizam's Territory	...	...	...	2	...	2
Madras	58	27	...	...	58	23
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	7,700	11,837	177	909	7,877	14,806
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	197	406	197	486
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	12	...	12
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	197	478	197	478
TOTAL IMPORTS	7,700	13,837	374	1,447	8,074	15,284
Imports from April to September						
By Rail and River—						
Assam	2,453	165	...	...	2,453	165
Bengal	515	82	...	14	515	96
Bihar and Orissa	3,014	1,636	...	...	3,014	1,636
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	32,373	7,224	508	127	32,876	7,351
Punjab	12,701	41,694	50	44	12,751	41,736
Sind and British Baluchistan	1,303	1,645	...	2	1,303	1,647
Rajputana and Central India	6,319	2,465	1,688	1,951	8,007	4,216
Bombay	319	6,061	5,811	3,227	7,130	9,288
Central Provinces and Berar	4,015	1,694	1,711	169	4,219	1,863
Nizam's Territory	...	...	62	31	62	73
Madras	1,444	784	...	22	1,444	756
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	64,440	63,200	9,348	5,587	73,794	68,787
By Sea—						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	15	...	...	...	15
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	639	1,076	639	1,076
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	25	98	25	98
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	15	664	1,174	664	1,189
TOTAL IMPORTS	64,440	63,215	10,012	6,761	74,458	69,976

TABLE IX.—Jute

Whence exported	Calcutta	
	1917	1918†
	Imports in September	
<i>By Rail and River—</i>	bales	bales
Assam	12,554	7,366
Bengal	428,141	356,190
Bihar and Orissa	27,800	14,597
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	..	..
Punjab	..	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..
Rajputana and Central India	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Central Provinces and Berar	..	..
Nizam's Territory	..	..
Madras	..	..
Mysore	..	..
TOTAL	468,495	378,063
<i>By Sea—</i>		
Bengal	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	..	2,856
Bombay	1	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..
Madras	..	..
Burma	..	..
Non-British Ports in India	..	..
Foreign Countries	..	..
TOTAL	1	2,856
TOTAL IMPORTS	468,496	380,919

Whence exported	Imports from April to September	
	1917	1918†
	Imports from April to September	
<i>By Rail and River—</i>		
Assam	43,934	80,796
Bengal	1,315,589	2,044,806
Bihar and Orissa	98,502	200,436
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	..	..
Punjab	..	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..
Rajputana and Central India	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Central Provinces and Berar	..	..
Nizam's Territory	..	..
Madras	..	..
Mysore	..	..
TOTAL	1,458,315	2,326,038
<i>By Sea—</i>		
Bengal	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	5,988	12,208
Bombay	..	..
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..
Madras	..	..
Burma	..	..
Non-British Ports in India	..	..
Foreign Countries	6,199	..
TOTAL	12,187	12,208
TOTAL IMPORTS	1,470,502	2,338,246

NOTE.—One bale of jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

By "Calcutta" is meant the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks. The import exclude, therefore, imports into those jute mills which are outside this area. Such mills form the large majority of the total number of mills manufacturing jute.

Incomplete.

TABLE X.—Tea

Whence exported	Calcutta	
	1917	1918
	Imports in September	
	lbs.	lbs.
By Rail and River—		
Assam	21,433,583	17,921,718
Bengal	7,811,900	11,999,890
Bihar and Orissa	24,419	38,510
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	740	7,077
Punjab	2,551	3,785
Sind and British Baluchistan	82	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	829
Madras	...	...
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	30,273,655	29,971,837
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	40
Burma	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	104,907	113,425
TOTAL	104,907	133,465
TOTAL IMPORTS	30,378,562	30,104,802
Imports from April to September		
By Rail and River—		
Assam	60,177,445	77,790,079
Bengal	48,453,608	50,440,238
Bihar and Orissa	135,689	135,413
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	12,507	123,265
Punjab	12,672	21,311
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	575	905
Bombay	2,715	14,071
Central Provinces and Berar	493	8,375
Nizam's Territory	...	82
Madras	328,136	128,859
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	114,118,030	129,658,076
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	13,555
Bihar and Orissa	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	240	420
Burma	9,460	5,375
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	182,192	470,669
TOTAL	191,892	490,019
TOTAL IMPORTS	114,310,922	129,148,095

NOTE.—One maund is equivalent to 82½ lbs.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 47. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Majesty the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

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No. 12814.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

INSURANCE.

Simla, the 18th November 1918.

RESOLUTION.

The following review by the Actuary to the Government of India of the working of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, VI of 1912, for the year 1917, is published for general information.

Report by the Government Actuary on the working of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912, for the year 1917.

There are at present 68 companies subject to the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act. Of these 44 are Indian, 17 British, 4 Colonial, 2 are constituted in Shanghai and 1 is an American Company. The summaries relating to these concerns are now published in a form which has been found much more convenient than the former cumbrous method. The particulars of each company's accounts are now set forth so as to facilitate comparison not only with the corresponding particulars of other companies for the same year, but what is frequently more important, with the returns from the same company in previous years. Summaries of all the valuation returns submitted since the passing of that Act are also published, together with fairly lengthy extracts from the triennial or quinquennial valuation statements submitted since the previous year's issue of these returns. The valuation statements are usually of considerably greater importance than the annual accounts, and as in the majority of cases it will be another five years before the next valuation falls to be made, it has been considered desirable to publish such portions as would for the next few years clearly show the financial position of a company as last ascertained. The impossibility of ascertaining the relation of liabilities to assets from an examination of ordinary accounts and balance sheets is possibly more pronounced in the case of life assurance than any other class of business, and forms consequently an additional reason for the publication of the more interesting portions of the valuation statements.

The returns from the Indian Companies show a marked improvement in many respects. The new sums assured are nearly 35 lakhs in excess of the amount in either of the previous two years, and although the amount is not equal to the pre-war figure it is satisfactory to see such a marked recovery. The total sums assured remaining in force also show a marked increase and now amount to nearly 24 crores of rupees. This is more than one crore in excess of the amount in any previous year. It is interesting to observe the variation in each of the past three years in the ratio to the new sums assured which is borne by the total sums written off from all causes including claims, surrenders, lapses, etc. In 1915, the sums assured written off exceeded the new business. In 1916 they were only slightly less. But last year they did not amount to half of the new sums assured and were nearly 1 crore less than the 1915 amount. Each year since the Act came into force there has been a decrease both in the expense ratio and in the amount of the sums falling due under claims by death. As was to be expected, the rate of interest earned on these Life Funds again shows an increase. Since the outbreak of war the net interest rate has increased from under $4\frac{1}{2}$ to over $4\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. and a further increase may be expected. This is a very important consideration in view of the fact that Indian Companies issue mainly endowment assurances and under that class of policy the principal source of profit is generally surplus interest.

Depreciation.

The amount written off to depreciation or transferred to the Investment Reserve Fund for the purpose of meeting the decreased value of securities has since the outbreak of war been nearly one crore, but notwithstanding this the total amount of the Life Assurance Funds shows an increase each year and is now more than one-third greater than it was five years before.

The Directors of a company need not necessarily be alarmed if, owing to depreciation of securities, the Actuary's valuation report does not permit of a bonus being paid, provided the valuation proves the company to be solvent. The fact that securities stand at a low price has the effect of forming a contingent reserve fund, and a company's financial position will be all the stronger for any prudent action which may be taken now.

Although the decrease in the value of the securities may make it seem prudent in some cases not to pay any bonus or dividend, the effect of the decrease may not be so serious as many may imagine. The income in most cases exceeds the company's outgo and, consequently, there is seldom any question of the securities having to be realised at the present low prices. Moreover, in the case of Indian companies they consist mainly of Indian Government securities; hence no question arises of any decrease in the rate of interest income. At the outbreak of War, $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent Government Promissory Notes were worth about $95\frac{1}{2}$ per cent of the face value and at that price they yielded a return of about $3\frac{3}{4}$ per cent to the purchaser. Recently the price was under 64 or about one-third lower than it was before the War. At this low value the yield has increased to nearly $5\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. This year's War Loan gives a still larger return. Allowing for repayment at a premium ten years hence the return is nearly 5.9% free from income tax. This is about the same as a $6\frac{1}{2}$ % return subject to a one anna income tax. This increased rate of interest is of great importance to Indian companies, and in many cases will go far to counterbalance the decrease in capital values at the time of an actuarial valuation of the company's financial position. With British Companies, however, the case is different, as owing to the very heavy rate of income tax to which they are now subject, any increase in the gross rate of interest return is generally counterbalanced by an increase in the rate of income tax. Notwithstanding this, the financial position of the British Companies was so strong that, after providing for depreciation, they have been able to show good results by valuations based on the same interest rates as formerly. The following table culled from an article in one of the English papers shows the results of all valuations of British Companies announced in 1916 and 1917:—

Basis of valuation.	Number of valuations which resulted in bonus being		
	maintained at former rate.	paid at a reduced rate.	passed altogether.
Unaltered	7	4	21
Weakened	2	3	5

It will be seen that only 10 out of the 42 adopted a weaker basis of valuation. This was done generally by increasing the rate of interest assumed in the valuation. Although 26 of these 42 decided to pay no bonus, many of these valuations disclosed large surpluses but which the companies with their accustomed prudence decided to carry over until more settled times.

War Risk.

Some interesting statistics were recently published by the Prudential Assurance Company of London showing how the war had affected the rate of mortality amongst the male industrial lives assured. In 1917 the rate of mortality at age 20 was nearly 5 per cent which is more than twelve times as great as it was before the war. The rate of mortality decreased for each higher age and reached a minimum at age 44 when it was less than a quarter of the rate at age 20. At ages over 44 the 1917 mortality rates were less than normal and, although increasing from age to age, it was not till about age 65 that the rate equalled the high rate for age 20. At ages under 20, the 1917 rates were less than those for the two previous years, thereby indicating the benefit to health which results from military training. As the data did not relate exclusively to those in the Army, it does not show what extra premium should be charged for war risk.

The majority of the companies transacting life assurance business in India are unwilling to issue policies to combatant officers at the front. Some companies accept the risk on the condition of charging extra premiums, others of reducing the sum payable at death; but whichever method be adopted it seems that if a combatant officer under orders to proceed to the front were to insure now, he would be required to pay each year, in ordinary and extra premium combined, a sum of not less than about 20 per cent of the net amount payable at death. This of course is different from charging an extra of 20 per cent, as, if for instance the insurance be made payable at the end of 20 years or at previous death, the annual extra would be about 15 per cent of the sum assured. For endowment assurances of shorter terms the extra would be less.

Indian Mortality Rates.

The companies should keep a permanent record of every life insurance policy they have issued, in order that, when their mortality experience becomes more mature, they may be in a position to have an investigation made into the rate of mortality they are experiencing. In the meantime, the valuation might suitably be made on the assumption that the mortality likely to be experienced will be that given in the $O^{(s)}$ table with an addition of 7 years to the age of the life. A more accurate approximation to represent the mortality of the better class of Indian lives which are insured in the companies subject to the Life Act would be that the Indian $\mu_{[x]+n} = O^{(m)} \mu_{[x]+n} + .0015$. This approximation is however less easy to apply than that previously mentioned. If there has been no medical examination at the time of insurance the rate of mortality has been found to be very much higher. In such circumstances the rate of mortality might reasonably be assumed to be equal to $H^m q_{x+1} (1 - .0095) - .0095$. This approximation has the advantage of enabling the annuity values based on this heavy rate of mortality to be represented by using the annuity values from the H^m table with an addition of 7 years to the age of the life and at a rate of interest one per cent higher than the valuation rate. This well known method may be demonstrated in the following way. If p_x represent the probability of a life aged x living till age $x+1$, and q_x the probability of his dying in that year, the value of an annuity at 4 per cent would be

$$= \frac{p_x}{1.04} + \frac{p_x \times p_{x+1}}{(1.04)^2} + \frac{p_x \times p_{x+1} \times p_{x+2}}{(1.04)^3} + \text{etc.}$$

$$= \frac{1.05}{1.04} \times \frac{p_x}{1.05} + \frac{1.05}{1.04} \times \frac{p_x}{1.05} \times \frac{1.05}{1.04} \times \frac{p_{x+1}}{1.05} + \text{etc.}$$

$$= \frac{p'_x}{1.05} + \frac{p'_x \times p'_{x+1}}{(1.05)^2} + \text{etc.}$$

= an annuity at 5 % interest at a different rate of mortality represent-

ed by the equation $\frac{1.05}{1.04} p_{x+n} = p'_{x+n}$ and \therefore by $p_x = \frac{1.04}{1.05} p'_x$,

\therefore by $1 - p_x = 1 - \frac{1.04}{1.05} p'_x$, \therefore by $q'_x = 1 - \frac{1.04}{1.05} (1 - q'_x) = \frac{1.04}{1.05} q'_x - \frac{1}{1.05}$

$= q'_x (1 - .0095) - .0095$

Fortunately very few Indian companies now issue policies without requiring

a medical examination; so the question of the mortality likely to be experienced under them is one of decreasing importance. I am of opinion that in India the mortality varies with the class of policy to a greater extent than is the case in the United Kingdom, being very high under temporary insurances for short periods and low under annuity contracts.

Actuarial Valuations.

Since the issue of the previous Blue Book, valuation particulars have been received from the following nine Indian companies:—

Name of Company.	Head office in	Result of valuation.
Indian Life ...	... Karachi	... Divisible surplus.
United India ...	... Madras	
Empire of India...	... Bombay	
B. H. and C. L....	... Bombay	... Surplus carried forward.
Aryva ...	... Silchar	
National Indian...	... Calcutta	
British Indian ...	... Lahore	... Deficits mainly covered by paid up capital.
Unique ...	... Calcutta	
Goan Mutual ...	... Bombay	... Deficit removed by reduction of sums assured.

Extracts from the returns made by each of these companies under the Fourth Schedule to the Life Act are published in this issue. The Balance Sheet of each is also published in order that the assets as well as the liabilities may be fully shown.

Up till now 32 of the Indian companies have submitted the results of actuarial valuations of their assets and liabilities. Exactly one half of these valuations disclosed a surplus. In 10 of the remaining sixteen, the deficit was covered by the paid-up capital, thus proving solvency but precluding the payment of either bonus or dividend. In five cases solvency was restored by reduction of sums assured or by calling up further capital. In one case the degree of insolvency necessitated the winding up of the concern. Many of the other companies which went into liquidation without an actuarial valuation being made, adopted this course as the unsoundness of their financial position could be clearly demonstrated without it.

Mutual Companies.

With two exceptions, all the Indian companies shown as established within the last 24 years are proprietary companies with a share capital; but of the older companies, the great majority are mutual companies. These mutual companies generally have very small funds and it is found that payment of the full deposit prescribed in section 4 of the Life Act sometimes presses unduly on their resources, and as payment of the full deposit also interferes with the formation of new mutual companies, Government will be prepared to consider any application from an Indian mutual company for permission to pay a smaller deposit. Another privilege which Government have decided to extend to mutual companies is with regard to the audit of their accounts. While life assurance companies having a share capital may employ as an auditor only the holder of an unrestricted certificate or the member of one of the six exempted societies of accountants, mutual life assurance companies may, alternatively, employ the holder of a restricted certificate. One or two of the existing Life Offices are called Mutual Companies even although they have share capital; such nomenclature should be avoided in the case of companies established hereafter, as there is generally a recognised technical meaning attached to the use of the word "Mutual" in connection with life assurance, in consequence of which its use by a company having a share capital is likely to be misleading.

Provident Funds.

Although some of the Indian Life Assurance companies which formerly issued policies may deservedly have bad records, it must be remembered that a great deal of discredit has been brought on the better class of such companies owing to a large number of the unsound Provident Societies having names which suggested that they were ordinary Life Assurance companies. This confusion is certain to decrease, as it is probable that some of the existing Provident societies which call themselves Life Assurance Companies will disappear. Moreover, the rules under the Provident Insurance Societies Act which have been adopted by nearly all the local Governments provide that no new Society subject to that Act may be started with a name in which the words "life insurance" or "life assurance" occur. About twelve years ago there were about 1,200 Provident Insurance societies in existence in India. Now about 45 remain. The unsound ones were very similar to the dividing societies whose methods I have dealt with in previous issues of these returns. The essential difference

between a Life Assurance Company and a Provident Insurance Society is that the company is subject to the Life Act and not to the Provident Act, if under insurances payable at the death or survival of any one life, it undertakes either to pay sums which in the aggregate exceed Rs. 500 or receive premiums which in the aggregate exceed Rs. 25 in any one year where the period for which the premiums are payable is unlimited, or Rs. 250 altogether where such period is limited. If, as may happen in the case of a dividing society, the sum assured is not fixed but may in certain contingencies exceed Rs. 500, the society is subject to the Life Act.

New Companies.

The Mysore Government Security Life and Marriage Assurance Company, Mysore, has become subject to the provisions of the Life Act. This Company's head office is in the Native State of Mysore. The Mysore Government is however in no way concerned with the Company and by a Notification dated the 23rd December 1914, published in the Mysore Gazette, it announced that the use of the words "Mysore Government" in the name of the company did not mean that the Mysore Government authorised its formation or in any way supervised its business.

This Mysore company for about a year past has endeavoured to transact insurance business of the Dividing Society type in British India. By keeping its life assurance contracts within the limits prescribed for Provident Societies, it first of all escaped compliance with the Life Act and by only having canvassers working in British India and so restricting their powers it endeavoured to escape compliance with the provisions of the Provident Insurance Societies Act. On being informed that this could not be done it has decided to issue policies which make it subject to the Life Act.

Only one other company, *viz.*, the Indian Allied Life Insurance Company, Limited, which has recently been established at Allahabad, has become subject to the Life Act during the year. This issue however contains no particulars of either of the above mentioned companies.

Agents.

The greatest possible care should be taken by the less experienced companies in selecting as agents only those of whose integrity they have no doubt, as thereby they would lessen the risk of policyholders being defrauded. Possibly more care would be exercised in this matter if companies realised that they were greatly responsible for the action of their agents. The following extract from a recent article in one of the English Insurance papers will possibly indicate the extent to which the company may be responsible :—

"The contract of insurance is in most cases made through the intervention of agents whose acts bind their principals in the same way as other business transactions. All incorporated companies must necessarily act through agents, and their officers are specially appointed and clothed with powers more or less specific to facilitate the transaction of business. To these in cases of emergency are added special or general agents who at home and abroad exercise very extensive powers. What is the fair scope of the authority of these agents, now so numerous, to whom are entrusted the duties partly or wholly of soliciting risks, receiving and forwarding applications, being supplied with blanks for the purpose, receiving premiums and deposit notes and delivering policies? This question has given rise to some of the most perplexing difficulties, and to a larger proportion, perhaps, than any other of the controversies in Courts of Law. An agent acting within the general scope of his authority binds his principal, notwithstanding that he may have departed from his instructions, provided the party with whom he contracts had no knowledge of those instructions. And even in cases where the contract might be avoided in consequence of the agent departing from his instructions, a subsequent ratification by his principal, even after a loss, makes it binding. As a corporation can act only through agents, it is responsible for the acts and contracts of such agents within the scope of their authority. The declaration, too, of its agents acting within the scope of their authority is evidence against the company. If these agents, in the line of their employment, are guilty of falsehood and fraud, their principal is liable for the consequences which may flow therefrom. If they commit a fraud in the course of their employment and while acting in the business of their principal, the parties injured by their misconduct or fraud can resort for redress to the persons who clothed them with power to act on their behalf, and who have received the benefits resulting from their agency."

Liquidation.

Since the passing of the Life Act the following eighteen Indian Life Assurance Companies have gone into liquidation. This was rendered necessary in the majority of the cases by financial difficulties brought about by insurance business having been transacted on the dividing society principle. Under this system the sum assured is not fixed but depends each year on a division of a portion of the premium income amongst the policies which have become claims; usually the premium is the same for all ages at entry and there is no medical examination.

Name of company.	Place of Head Office.	Date of resolution to go into voluntary liquidation.
1. Indian Mutual Provident Fund ...	Bombay ...	April 1913.
2. Catholic Death Benefit ...	Bombay ...	8th June 1913.
3. National Relief Corporation ...	Shikarpur ...	8th June 1913.
4. Mutual Beneficial ...	Ranpur ...	1st December 1913.
5. Crown ...	Bombay ...	11th December 1913.
6. Doaba ...	Jullundar ...	14th December 1913.
7. Pioneer ...	Bombay ...	January 1914.
8. All India Banking and Insurance...	Lahore ...	March 1914.
9. Aswini ...	Bimlipatam ...	4th April 1914.
10. Imperial Guaranteed ...	Calcutta ...	November 1914.
11. Northern Circars ...	Calcutta ...	28th December 1914.
12. Capital ...	Calcutta ...	12th March 1915.
13. National Insurance and Banking ...	Amritsar ...	13th June 1915.
14. Victoria ...	Calcutta ...	13th March 1916.
15. Coromandel ...	Bimlipatam ...	8th September 1916.
16. Eastern ...	Calcutta ...	20th September 1916.
17. Star of India ...	Calcutta ...	7th April 1917.
18. Chittagong ...	Chittagong ...	22nd April 1918.

The Universal Assurance Company, Ltd. of Calcutta, which at my suggestion has not issued any policies since June 1916, states that it is taking steps to go into liquidation; but its account books which have had to be produced in connection with a criminal action against Jogesh Chandra Sarker, Secretary, and Shayama Charan Sarker, Director of the Company, have not yet been received back from the Court.

Dividing Insurance business.

The following existing companies have ceased to issue policies on the dividing principle:—

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. India Equitable | } which issued policies payable at Death and on Marriage. |
| 2. Popular | |
| 3. Universal | |
| 4. Bengal Mercantile. | |
| 5. Aryya, which issued policies payable at Death, on Marriage and at Upanayan ceremony. | |
| 6. Unique, which issued policies payable at Death, on Marriage, at Birth and at Upanayan ceremony. | |

Many of the above mentioned companies must regret that they ever undertook such business. Notwithstanding the protestations contained in the prospectuses of the companies as to the soundness and advantage of the various schemes of dividing insurance, it has, I consider, been the curse of insurance enterprise in India. I trust that the well wishers of Indian insurance companies will impress on Directors the necessity of avoiding all forms of dividing society business and other forms of insurance not based on actuarial principles. The following three* Life Assurance companies are the only ones which now issue policies on the dividing principle:—

1. All India and Burma Provident Fund of Bangalore.
2. Hindustan Assurance and Mutual Benefit Society of Gujranwala.
3. Sind Hindu Provident Funds Society of Hyderabad, Sind.

In every case where any of these nine companies has guaranteed a minimum benefit in respect of each policy, that minimum amount is all that is now being paid. Although this is very much less than many policyholders were originally led to expect, it is more than some of the companies can now afford to pay. Companies

*The Mysore Government Security Life and Marriage Assurance Company, which has only recently been brought under the operation of the Life Assurance Companies Act, also transacts insurance business on the dividing society plan.

transacting life insurance on the dividing principle must realise that it entails more than a liability for the period ordinarily covered by the premiums paid and that it is imperative to build up a reserve on actuarial principles to ensure payment of the benefit guaranteed at death or on survivorship. In the early years the premium should be more than sufficient to meet the risk run by the Company after meeting current expenses; in the later years, however, the risk increases as the life assured becomes older and ultimately exceeds the amount of the premium. Unless therefore a reserve has been formed in the early years, the company will get into financial difficulties.

Of the Indian companies now working, 7 were established over 42 years ago. This is shown in the following list where the names of the existing Indian life assurance companies have been arranged according to their respective dates of establishment as also with reference to the Province in which the Head Office of each is now situated.

Year when established.	Madras Presidency.	Bombay Presidency.	Bengal.	Punjab.	United Provinces, Assam, Ajmer-Merwara and Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.
1829 ...	MADRAS EQUITABLE	.....	.. ...	... ..	.. ...
1833 ...	MADRAS WIDOWS.	.....	... ..	.....	... ..
1847	CHRISTIAN MUTUAL.	... ..
1849 ...	TINNEVELLY C. M. S. widows.	... ..	.....	.....	... ..
1871	BOMBAY MUTUAL	.....	.....	... ..
1874	Oriental	.....	.....	... ..
1876	BOMBAY WIDOWS	.....	... ..	... ..
1885	GOAN MUTUAL HELP	.....	.....	... ..
1886
1887
1888 ...	MANGALORE Roman Catholic.	B. B. AND C. I. ZOROASTRIAN.	.....	.....	... ..
1889	BOMBAY ZOROASTRIAN.	... ..	.....	... ..
1890
1891	GUJARAT ZOROASTRIAN.	HINDU PROVIDENT FUND.	.....	... ..
1892	Indian Life	.....	.....	RECHABITES (United Provinces).
1893
1894	SIND HINDU PROVIDENT.	.....	.....	.....
1895
1896	Empire of India	.....	Bharat	... ..
1897
1898
1899
1900
1901	SIMLA MUTUAL.	... ..
1902
1903
1904
1905
1906 ...	United India ...	All India United	National Indian; National.	Co-operative	... ..
1907	Hindustan Co-operative.	... ..	... ..
1908	Bombay Life	India Equitable...	Hindustan of Gujranwala.	General (Ajmer-Merwara).
1909
1910	Bengal Mercantile	Popular ...	Aryya (Assam).
1911	Asian Commercial	Universal ...	.....	... ..
1912	Unique ...	.....	... ..
1913	Industrial and Prudential; Western India; East and West.	Light of Asia; Provincial.	.....	... ..
1914	British Indian	... ..
1915	ALL INDIA AND BURMA (Bangalore).
1916	Zenith	.....	.....	... ..
1917	Brit India	.....	.....	... ..

The names of Mutual companies are printed in capitals.

Business other than Life Assurance.

Since the Life Act was passed in 1912, there has been a considerable reduction in the number of Indian companies transacting other classes of business in addition to life assurance, the number having decreased from twenty-one to the nine noted below :—

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. All India United | which transacts | Fire Insurance. |
| 2. Bharat | } | Fidelity Guarantee Insurance. |
| 3. Empire | | |
| 4. National | | |
| 5. National Indian | | |
| 6. Rechabites | „ | Sickness Insurance. |
| 7. Hindustan of Gujranwala | } | Marriage Insurance. |
| 8. Sind Hindu Provident Funds Society | | |
| 9. Christian Mutual | | |
| | „ | Capital Redemption business. |

Statistical information.

For the convenience of those not conversant with the Indian monetary system, it may be pointed out that, on the basis of a gold mohur being equal to a pound, the sterling equivalents of various sums in Indian currency are as follows :—

	1 Pie	= Rs. 0.0052 = $\frac{1}{19}$ of a penny = £0.00035.
3 Pies	= 1 Paisa	= Rs. 0.0156 = 1 farthing = £0.00104.
12 Pies	= 1 Anna	= Rs. 0.0625 = 1 penny = £0.00417.
16 Annas	= 1 Rupee	= 1 shilling and 4 pence.
15 Rupees	= 1 Gold Mohur	= £ 1
	1 Gold Mohur and 12 annas	= £1.1-0 = 1 Guinea
1,00,000 Rupees	= 1 Lakh	= £ 6,666-13-4.
1,00,00,000 Rupees	= 1 Crore	= £ 666,666-13-4.
1,50,00,000 Rupees	= 1½ crores	= 1 million pounds sterling = £ 1,000,000.

The new sums assured by Indian companies under ordinary life assurance policies during the year under review show a considerable increase, the total amount being nearly 2½ crores as against one crore and ninety lakhs in each of the two previous years.

Whole Life policies	were issued last year for	17½ lakhs,	or	7.8	of the total.
Limited Payment policies	„	„	„	19	„
Endowment Assurance policies	„	„	„	172	„
Children's Endowments	„	„	„	6	„
Other classes of policies	„	„	„	9½	„
Total				224 lakhs.	100

The total sums assured, including bonus additions, under ordinary life assurance policies issued by Indian companies, have increased by over 5 per cent during the year and amount to over 24 crores of rupees, or about 15 million pounds sterling.

Neither the total sums assured remaining in force nor the total amount for which policies are issued each year in India by all companies can be stated, as unfortunately particulars of this nature are not required to be submitted by the British companies and by some of the other companies which transact business both in the United Kingdom and in India.

The average rate of annual premium payable under the policies issued by Indian companies exceeds 5½ per cent of the sum assured. This is slightly higher than the rate in either of the previous two years. The corresponding rate deduced from the returns to the British Board of Trade is about 1 per cent lower. This difference between these two rates is largely due to the fact that endowment assurances constitute nearly twice as large a proportion of the policies issued by Indian as by British companies.

In previous years the classification was based according to the calendar year in which the accounts were due for submission to Government. Now it is based according to the calendar year to which the accounts relate.

The average amount of sum assured under the policies issued by the more soundly established Indian Companies is only about Rs. 1,800 or £120. In the United Kingdom the average sum assured under ordinary policies is nearly twice as large. Under most of the Indian companies' policies, the premiums are payable by monthly instalments. In the United Kingdom a much larger proportion of the premiums are renewable yearly and half yearly than monthly.

The Life Assurance revenue accounts for 1917 of the Indian companies show that—

110 lakhs' or 76.6% of the total income was derived from Life Assurance premiums.

33	"	or 22.8	"	"	"	"	interests and rents (less tax).
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1 " or "6 " " " " other items.

144. " 100

For each of the past 5 years the total life assurance income of the companies now working was.—

130 lakhs in 1913

• 135 „ 1914

141 . " 1915

137 1916

144 " 1917

The manner in which this income was disposed of is shown in the following interesting table :—

Nature of payment.	In 1913.	In 1914.	In 1915.	In 1916.	In 1917.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Claims by Death	31'4	27'3	25'0	26'2	23'9
Claims by Survivance	9'5	10'0	10'4	9'9	13'1
Surrenders	1'2	2'	2'0	2'2	2'9
Annuities	'8	'8	'8	'8	'6
Bonus in cash and reduction of premium.	1'2	1'6	1'1	1'0	1'1
Dividends to shareholders	'5	'4	'4	'4	'5
Expenses	18'8	17'4	16'0	16'0	15'4
Written off to depreciation of invest- ments, etc.	1'0	'7	14'9	37'8	18'9
Increase to Life Funds	35'7	39'5	29'4	5'7	23'6
Total	100"	100"	100"	100"	100"

The ratio of the total expenses to the life assurance premium income was—

23·8 per cent in 1913

21.6 " 1914

21'1 " 1915

205 " 1916

20'2 " 1917

These rates as well as those in the previous table would have exhibited a more marked improvement each year, if the figures relating to companies which have gone into liquidation in the meantime had not been entirely omitted.

In the United Kingdom the ratio of expenses to life assurance premium income is 13 per cent for ordinary business and 43 per cent for Industrial business.

The satisfactory manner in which the amounts both of the Life Assurance Funds and of the interest realized thereon have increased may be seen from the following table :—

Year.	Life Fund.	Net interest income.	Rate per cent of interest realised.
	Lakhs.	Lakhs.	
1913	583	23½	4.29
1914	636	25	4.21
1915	677	27½	4.29
1916	686	29½	4.43
1917	720	33	4.78

The total assets of the Indian companies consist mainly of Indian Government securities which at their face value amounted to the large sum of 5½ crores. The only other stock exchange securities consisted of nearly 1½ crores of Municipal and Port Trust Debentures and only 19 lakhs in Railway and other shares. At the time of the periodical actuarial valuation, the Life Act requires not only a statement of how the values of stock exchange securities are arrived at, but also a certificate to the effect that the assets set forth in the Balance sheet are in the aggregate fully of the value stated therein less any Investment Reserve Fund taken into account. In arriving at this value Government advise that the stock exchange securities shall not be given a rate in excess of the market value at the close of the valuation period. Applying the Investment Reserve Funds to meet the depreciations of these securities they are shown in the accounts at a value of 614 lakhs. On this basis the total assets would be as follows :—

Indian Government securities, Indian Municipal and Port Trusts Debentures, and other Indian stock exchange securities	...	614	lakhs.
Mortgages on property in India	...	30	"
Loans on Companies' policies within their surrender values	...	68	"
Loans on personal security, etc.	...	2	"
Land and House Property	...	51	"
Agents' balances, outstanding premiums and outstanding interest	...	14	"
Accrued interest	...	10	"
Deposits, Cash, Stamps, etc.	...	24	"
Stationery, Furniture, etc.	...	2	"
Sundry Debtors and other Miscellaneous assets	...	2	"
		817	lakhs.

Capital outlay for preliminary and organisation expenses, etc., is not included in the above statement; it amounted to 15 lakhs, due mainly to the capital expenditure of the Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance Society.

British, Colonial and Foreign Companies.

There are at present 24 British, Colonial and Foreign Life Offices which have a place of business in India. Of these, 17 are constituted in Britain, 2 in Canada, 1 in Australia, 1 in the Straits Settlements, 2 in Shanghai and 1 in the United States of America. Nearly all are partially exempt from the operation of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act of 1912, on the ground that, when it came into force, they were carrying on business in the United Kingdom in conformity with the provisions of the British Assurance Companies Act of 1909.

The classes of business, in addition to ordinary life assurance, transacted by these 24 companies are shown in the following statement :—

	Name of Company.	Year when estab- lished.	Place of Head Office.	Business done.							
				A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
Constituted in the United Kingdom.	1. Alliance ...	1824	London ...	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
	2. Atlas ...	1808	London ...	A	F	...	C	S	E	G	
	3. Commercial Union ...	1861	London ...	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
	4. Gresham ...	1848	London ...	A	...	...	C	...	...	...
	5. Law Union and Rock ...	1806	London ..	A	F	...	C	S	E	G	
	6. Liverpool and London and Globe	1836	Liverpool ...	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
	7. London Assurance Corpo- ration.	1730	London ..	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
	8. North British and Mer- cantile	1823	Edinburgh ...	A	F	...	C	...	...	...
	9. Northern ...	1836	Aberdeen ...	A	F	...	C	S	E	G	
	10. Norwich Union ...	1797	Norwich ...	A	...	...	C	...	...	...
	11. Phoenix ...	1782	London ...	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
	12. Royal ...	1845	Liverpool ..	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
	13. Royal Exchange ...	1720	London ...	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
	14. Royal London Auxiliary...	1910	London ...	A	F	...	C	S	...	G	
	15. Scottish Union and Na- tional.	1824	Edinburgh ...	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
	16. Standard ...	1825	Edinburgh ...	A	...	...	C	...	...	...
	17. Yorkshire ...	1824	York ..	A	F	M	C	S	E	G	
Not constituted in the U. K.	18. Manufacturers ..	1837	Canada ...	A	...	...	...	...	...	...
	19. Sun of Canada ...	1865	Canada ...	A	...	...	C	S	...	...
	20. National Mutual of Aus- tralasia	1869	Australia ..	A	.	...	...	...	...	...
	21. Great Eastern ...	1909	Singapore ...	A	...	...	...	...	...	...
	22. China Mutual ...	1898	Shanghai ...	A	...	...	...	...	...	...
	23. Shanghai ...	1905	Shanghai ...	A	...	...	...	.	...	...
	24. New York ...	1845	United States of America.	A	..	...	...	...	..	...

A—Life Annuities; F—Fire Insurance; M—Marine Insurance.

C—Annuities certain, Capital redemption etc.; S—Sickness and accident.

E—Employers' liability; G—Burglary and Fidelity Guarantee, etc.

The principal effects of the exemptions allowed to these British, Colonial and Foreign companies are that they are freed from the necessity either of making a deposit with the Controller of Currency or of stating the amount of business they do in India. Those granted exemptions are allowed to submit their accounts in the form required by the British Assurance Companies Act of 1909. That Act is very similar to the Indian one.

Accounts and Valuation Statements of Non-Indian Companies

A summary of the Revenue Accounts of each of the non-Indian companies for each of the past three years, so far as available, has been given in this publication. Since the issue of the last Blue Book no companies have published their

quinquennial or triennial valuation returns except the Great Eastern Life Assurance Company of Singapore. This issue contains a summary of and abstracts from the valuation returns of that company together with its full balance sheet, along with a summary of the valuation returns previously received from the 23 other non-India companies.

The China Mutual, Manufacturers, New York, Shanghai and Sun of Canada have their valuations made annually, and as their previous returns were fully printed in the earlier editions of this publication, the returns received in the year under review have been omitted, except to the extent of the particulars shown in the general summary of the valuations of Non-Indian companies.

Exemptions.

During the year under review, complete exemption from the operation of the Act was not granted to any company.

The following companies and pension funds were previously granted complete exemption from compliance with the Act. This publication therefore contains no particulars relating to any of them except the Madras Equitable :—

(a) Companies no longer issuing policies in India—

English and Scottish Law Life Assurance Association, Edinburgh.
London and Lancashire Life and General Assurance Association, London.

National Mutual Life Assurance Society, London.

Scottish Metropolitan Assurance Company, Edinburgh.

Star Assurance Society, London.

Sun Life Assurance Society, London.

Madras Equitable Assurance Society. (This Indian society is governed by a separate Act passed by the Madras Legislature and has not issued any policies since 1910.)

(b) Funds connected with Indian Government services—

Postal Insurance Fund.

Bengal Civil Fund.

Indian Civil Service Family Pension Fund.

Bengal and Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

Bengal and Madras Service Family Pension Fund.

Indian Civil Service Annuity Fund.

Indian Military Service Family Pension Fund.

Queen's Military Widows' Fund.

Madras Civil Fund.

Madras Military Assistant Surgeons' Fund.

(c) Other Funds—

Bengal Christian Family Pension Fund.

General Family Pension Fund.

Hindu Family Annuity Fund.

SIMLA ;

14th September 1918.

H. G. W. MEIKLE, F.F.A.,

Actuary to the Government of India.

The summaries and abstracts referred to in the above report are not reproduced here. They have, however, been appended to the report and published separately in the form of a book which can be had of the Superintendent, Government Printing, India, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta (at the price of Re. 1-8-0 per copy).

ORDER—Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, for information and that it be published in the Supplement to the Gazette of India.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 47.} DELHI, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

OFFICE OF THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE VICEROY.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 23rd November 1918.

No. 6621-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India will leave Delhi by special train on the night of the 27th November 1918. His Excellency's departure will be private.

The Viceroy will visit Bharatpur and will return to Delhi on the morning of the 29th November. The arrival will be private.

The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

The Hon'ble Sir J. B. Wood, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., Political Secretary.

J. L. Maffey, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. Verney, Military Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Austen Smith, C.I.E., I.M.S., Surgeon.

Major R. D. Alexander, A.-D.-C.

Captain J. A. Denny, A.-D.-C.

Captain Lord Carnegie, A.-D.-C.

Major E. H. Arkwright, A.-D.-C.

Communications of an urgent nature intended to reach His Excellency and party during the tour should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp," without the addition of any post town; all others to the headquarters of the several Departments at Delhi.

By Command,

R. VERNEY, Lieutenant-Colonel,

Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

HOME DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.****JUDICIAL.***Delhi, the 22nd November 1918.*

No. 67-C.—Mr. E. B. H. Panton, I.C.S., took his seat as an Acting Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 14th November 1918.

No. 75-C.—Mr. G. C. Rankin, Barrister-at-Law, took his seat as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 14th November 1918.

MEDICAL.*The 22nd November 1918.*

No. 73-C. Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. R. Cochrane, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., is appointed to be Professor of Medicine, King George's Medical College, Lucknow, *substantively pro tempore*, with effect from the date on which he took over charge of his duties, until further orders.

POLICE.*The 21st November 1918.*

No. 48-C.—Mr. F. A. R. Sempkins, officer on special duty under the Government of India in the Home Department, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the date of his relief.

No. 49-C.—The services of Mr. F. A. R. Sempkins, officer on special duty under the Government of India, are replaced at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces with effect from the date of expiry of his leave.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.**NOTIFICATIONS.****GENERAL.***Delhi, the 21st November 1918.*

No. 4-C.—The Hon'ble Sir Edward Maclagan, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Education, has been granted privilege leave for one month six days and, in continuation, special leave for four months 10 days, with effect from the afternoon of the 20th November 1918.

No. 5-C.—In consequence of the grant of the above leave to the Hon'ble Sir Edward Maclagan, the Hon'ble Mr. H. Sharp, C.S.I., C.I.E., Educational Commissioner with the Government of India, is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Education in addition to his own duties until further orders.

H. SHARP,
Officiating Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.**NOTIFICATION.****FORESTS.***Delhi, the 15th November 1918.*

No. 9-C.—Mr. M. C. C. Bonig, Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests, is appointed to the charge of the North and Middle Andamans Forest Division, with effect from the forenoon of the 15th October 1918.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.*Simla, the 15th November 1918.*

No. 30.—Mr. Muhammad Ali, Sub Engineer, 3rd grade, sub *pro tem.*, United Provinces, is appointed to the Provincial Service of the Engineer Branch of the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, and is posted to the United Provinces.

F. C. ROSE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.*Delhi, the 15th November 1918.*

No. 3592-I. B.—In pursuance of rule II J of the rules issued under the notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 86, dated the 9th December 1915, as applied to the Administered Areas in Central India, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that it is necessary for the purpose of securing the public safety, to control the supply of wheat, barley, rice, maize, jowar, bajra, gram and pulse in the Administered Areas in Central India, as described in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2365-I. B., dated the 14th November 1912.

The 18th November 1918.

No. 3607-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), as applied to the Administered Areas in Central India, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules issued under the notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 86, dated the 9th December 1915, as subsequently amended and applied to those areas by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 145-D, dated the 14th January 1916, namely:—

After clause (c) of rule 11 J (2) of the said rules the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(d) by notification in the *Gazette of India* direct that, subject to such exceptions (if any) as may be specified in the notification, such commodity shall not be exported except under a license granted by an authority to be specified in the notification.”

No. 2477-Est. A.—The services of Mr. W. Fanshawe, Indian Educational Service, are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 8th October 1918.

No. 2479-Est. A.—The services of Mr. S. F. Madden, Indian Educational Service, are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 9th October 1918.

J. B. WOOD,

*Secretary to the Government of India**The 19th November 1918.*

No. 2484-Est. A.—Mr. R. E. Holland, C.I.E., of the Political Department, was granted leave for the period from the 27th December 1915, to the 25th February 1916, inclusive, under the rules contained in the letter from the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 811-C.S.R., dated the 4th September 1917.

Notification No. 619-D., dated the 15th February 1916, is hereby cancelled.

The 21st November 1918.

No. 2488-Est. A.—Assistant Surgeon J. G. Johnstone is appointed to officiate as His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Lingah in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 20th February 1918 and until further orders.

Notification No. 870-Est. A., dated the 29th April 1918, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2196-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Lawton Miller as Vice-Consul for the United States of America at Bombay.

DENYS BRAY,

Officiating Secretary to the Government of India.

The 21st November 1918.

No. 2493-Est. A.—Mr. J. R. Makeig-Jones, Indian Civil Service, temporarily officiating in the Political Department of the Government of India, is posted as Assistant Commissioner, Peshawar, with effect from the 15th October 1918.

No. 2495-Est. B.—Major R. W. W. Grimshaw, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Inspecting Officer, Rajputana Imperial Service Cavalry and Transport, and in addition, as Inspecting Officer of those troops, with effect from the 3rd November 1918.

No. 2498-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel S. B. A. Patterson of the Political Department, on return from military duty, is posted as Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 6th November 1918.

No. 2201-G.—Mr. A. F. Emmer, Superintendent, 3rd grade, Foreign and Political Department Secretariat, assumed charge of the duties of Extra Assistant Resident, Treasury Officer and Superintendent of Stamps, Hyderabad Residency, on the afternoon of the 26th October 1918.

No. 2202-G.—Mr. F. S. Hosley, Extra Assistant Resident, Treasury Officer and Superintendent of Stamps, Hyderabad Residency, assumed charge of the duties of a Superintendent, 3rd grade, Foreign and Political Department Secretariat, with effect from the 2nd November 1918.

The 22nd November 1918.

No. 3665-I. B.—In pursuance of rule 11 J of the rules issued under the notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 86, dated the 9th December 1915, as applied to the Administered Areas in the Hyderabad State, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that it is necessary for the purpose of securing the public safety, to control the supply of wheat, rice, jowar, salt, pulse and gram in the Administered Areas in the Hyderabad State as described in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 582-I. B., dated the 22nd March 1918.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Delhi, the 20th November 1918.

No. 1457-F. E.—Mr. A. H. King, an officiating Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in the Paper Currency Office, Bombay, has been confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 18th October 1918.

Mr. K. E. Kumana, a Superintendent in the Paper Currency Office, Bombay, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office with effect from the 15th October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1458-F. E.—In this Department Notification No. 1273-F. E., dated the 3rd October 1918, published on page 1593 of Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 5th October 1918 substitute "20th September 1918" for "31st July 1918" so far as it relates to Mr. Ghulam Zakariah Khan.

No. 1459-F. E.—Mr. P. Raghavendra Rao, an Officer in Class II of the Indian Finance Department, has been placed on special duty under the Controller of Currency with effect from the 1st November 1918.

The 21st November 1918.

No. 1463-F. E.—Mr. Jagat Prasad has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from the 12th November 1918.

No. 1464-F. E.—Mr. A. G. F. Napier has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Burma, with effect from the 2nd November 1918.

The 22nd November 1918.

No. 28-G1. (F. E.).—The services of Mr. G. Rainy, C.I.E., I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, are placed at the disposal of the Home Department with effect from the afternoon of the 19th November 1918.

H. I. HOWARD,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COMMERCE—WAR.

Delhi, the 23rd November 1918.

No. 2-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the entry "Société d'Exportation et d'Importation Coloniales, Tientsin," shall be deleted from the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 2043, dated the 27th April 1918, as subsequently amended.

EXPLOSIVES.

The 23rd November 1918.

No. 12914.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, published with the Department of Commerce and Industry Notification No. 4013-33, dated the 6th June 1914, as subsequently amended, namely :—

After rule 132 of the said Rules the following rule shall be inserted, namely :—

" 133. If the vehicles employed in the transport of explosives are provided with brakes, other than iron brakes, the brakes thereon shall on no account be worked while the vehicles are running with a train, nor shall brakes, other than iron brakes, on vehicles immediately adjoining such vehicles, be worked while such vehicles are so running."

POST OFFICE

The 23rd November 1918.

No. 82-D.—Wednesday, 27th November, will be observed as a Post Office and Telegraph holiday in the several postal and telegraph circles in India in celebration of the cessation of hostilities between the Allies and the Central Powers

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 23rd November 1918.

No. 12905.—The Hon'ble Mr. G. R. Clarke, O.B.E., I.C.S., officiating Director General of Posts and Telegraphs, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 26th September 1918.

No. 12942.—The following reversion, permanent and temporary promotions in the higher grades of Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department are sanctioned with effect from the dates specified :—

Mr. M. A. Thompson, Deputy Director General, Telegraph Traffic, is reverted to the grade of Rs. 1,750 with effect from the 5th September 1918.

Mr. W. Sutherland, Deputy Director General, Telegraph Traffic (on leave), to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 2,000 with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Mr. L. Truninger, C.I.E., employed as Postmaster General, United Provinces, to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 2,000 with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Mr. G. P. Roy, Director, Telegraph Engineering, to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 1,750 with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Mr. G. W. Talbot, Director, Telegraph Engineering, to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 1,750 with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Mr. J. D. Macrae, Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, to be permanently in the grade of Rs. 1,500 with effect from the 1st October 1918, and to act temporarily in the grade of Rs. 1,750 with effect from that date.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 22nd November 1918.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 2700.—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary ranks specified, while holding the appointments noted :—

To be temporary Major.

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) W. J. Slim, M.C., West India Regiment, while holding the appointment of General Staff Officer, 2nd grade. Dated 2nd November 1918.

To be temporary Captain

Lieutenant J. T. Henderson, Garrison Battalions, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), while holding the appointment of Station Staff Officer (1st class). Dated 22nd March 1918.

No. 2701.—Lieutenant H. Thomson, Unattached List, Army Dental Surgeon, to be Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 17th November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2702.—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary ranks specified, while holding the appointments noted :—

To be temporary Major.

Captain J. R. Wynter, D.S.O., 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force), while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 28th July 1918.

To be temporary Captain

Lieutenant H. S. M. McEntire, 123rd Outram's Rifles, while holding the appointment of Platoon Commander at a School of Instruction. Dated 30th October 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2703.—In Army Department Notification No. 2236, dated the 27th September 1918, for "Mohin Lal Deb" read "Mohim Lal Deb".

INDIAN LAND FORCES.

No. 2704.—Temporary Honorary Second Lieutenant R. B. Dorai Raja is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (without pay and allowances of that rank), while employed as an Assistant Recruiting Officer, with effect from the 6th September 1918.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 2705.—Conductor Parr Cotter is promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissary (supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918; with effect from the 20th November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE.

No. 2706.—Lieutenant Fletcher Cecil Macdonald Cruickshank, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while employed as Assistant Commandant, Prisoners of War Camp, Sumerpur. Dated 17th September 1918.

No. 2707.—Second Lieutenant R. C. Jeffreys, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 3rd grade. Dated 18th October 1918.

No. 2708.—Lieutenant A. P. Stone, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Assistant Embarkation Staff Officer. Dated 2nd November 1918.

No. 2709.—Lieutenant Arthur William Fagan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while employed as Assistant to His Britannic Majesty's Consul, Shiraz. Dated 10th November 1918.

No. 2710.—Lieutenant Robert Chetwynd-Palmer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while commanding the Followers Central Depot, Lucknow. Dated 14th August 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

11st Eastern Bengal Company

No. 2711.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

George William Leeson. Dated 6th November 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 2712.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. Sanders relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a training depot. Dated 26th September 1918.

Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) B. G. Donne relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of second-in-command of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 10th October 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Captain L. E. Fagan to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant R. M. E. Brady to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 17th October 1918.

Captain E. G. Campbell to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 3rd October 1918.

Second Lieutenant W. J. Pannett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 27th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. C. L. Holman, vacated with effect from the 12th October 1918.

Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. W. Moore, Royal Garrison Artillery, to be acting Major while commanding the Royal Artillery Depot, Roorkee. Dated 23rd July 1918.

INFANTRY.

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

In Army Department Notification No. 1278, dated the 11th June 1918, for "22nd May 1918" read "23rd May 1918."

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

The South Wales Borderers

Captain E. F. Cockcroft to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 17th September 1918, *vice* Major A. L. Careless, vacated with effect from the 2nd September 1918.

Major A. B. Wigley, The Royal Sussex Regiment, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 22nd September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Hamilton, vacated.

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

The East Yorkshire Regiment

Second Lieutenant V. G. Lt V. N. Ives to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th October 1918, *vice* Captain W. R. Orwin, vacated with effect from the 17th October 1918.

Alexandra, Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. H. Roskin relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 31st October 1918.

Lieutenant H. H. Roskin to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Captain G. Whithead, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

The Royal Scots Fusiliers

Lieutenant G. C. G. Munro to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. S. C. Cleland, vacated with effect from the 9th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. S. C. Cleland relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 9th October 1918.

RESERVE BATTALIONS (INDIA).

Lieutenant C. C. Webb, The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th October 1918, *vice* Captain E. P. Bury, The South Wales Borderers, vacated with effect from the 23rd September 1918.

Lieutenant E. G. W. Collins, M.C., The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th October 1918, *vice* Captain J. H. Moore, The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), vacated with effect from the 21st September 1918.

Captain W. N. V. Bickford-Smith, M.C., The South Wales Borderers, to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 6th October 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) L. Kettlewell, D.S.O., The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), vacated with effect from the 21st September 1918.

Captain (acting Major) L. Kettlewell, D.S.O., The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 21st September 1918.

Lieutenant H. R. Vance, The Worcestershire Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Lucas, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, vacated with effect from the 16th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Lucas, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 15th September 1918.

Lieutenant S. Craddock, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th September 1918, *vice* Captain G. R. Guy, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, vacated with effect from the 13th September 1918.

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

Lieutenant James Shaw, M.C., General List, Machine Gun Training Centre, Mhow, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) James Shaw, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 3rd October 1918.

Second Lieutenant R. L. Hill, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant Douglas Grahame, Machine Gun Corps, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th October 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. L. Hill, vacated with effect from the 11th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. L. Hill relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 11th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant C. W. Jones, Machine Gun Corps (Cavalry), to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant D. C. Breton, The Hampshire Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd November 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. Jones, vacated with effect from the 18th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. Jones relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th October 1918.

Lieutenant H. M. Southon, Machine Gun Corps, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant J. F. Bowerman, Machine Gun Corps, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. M. Southon, vacated with effect from the 11th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. M. Southon relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 11th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. J. Lumby, Machine Gun Corps (Cavalry), relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 15th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2713.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

3rd Skinner's Horse.

Lieutenant A. M. H. Russell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 11th October 1918, *vice* Captain H. B. Watson, vacated.

26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant T. C. Chalmers to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 19th July 1918, *vice* Captain J. A. Collum, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 4th July 1918.

31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. R. Campbell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 24th September 1918.

Lieutenant G. R. Campbell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 24th September 1918.

Lieutenant J. W. Muirhead, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 9th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant G. R. Campbell, vacated with effect from the 24th September 1918.

35th Scinde Horse.

Lieutenant J. H. G. Knox to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 9th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Gahan, vacated with effect from the 25th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Gahan relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 25th July 1918.

38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Lieutenant S. B. Good to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 14th August 1918 (on formation)

INDIAN SIGNAL SERVICE.

Signal Service Depot.

Captain H. R. Pelly, Indian Army, to be acting Major while commanding a depot company. Dated 23rd October 1917.

Captain (acting Major) H. R. Pelly, Indian Army, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depot company. Dated 5th May 1918.

Lieutenant J. B. Reid, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a depot company. Dated 20th May 1918, *vice* Captain H. R. Pelly, Indian Army, vacated with effect from the 5th May 1918.

Captain A. E. Hawkins, The Dorsetshire Regiment, to be acting Major while commanding a depot company. Dated 23rd October 1917.

Captain (acting Major) A. E. Hawkins, The Dorsetshire Regiment, retains his acting rank of Major on transfer to the command of a divisional signal company. Dated 2nd June 1918.

Lieutenant R. H. Rayner, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), to be acting Captain while commanding a dépôt company. Dated 17th June, 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) A. E. Hawkins, The Dorsetshire Regiment, transferred to command a divisional signal company, with effect from the 2nd June 1918.

Captain A. G. J. Copeland, 5th Cavalry, to be acting Major while commanding a dépôt company. Dated 23rd October 1917.

Captain (acting Major) A. G. J. Copeland, 5th Cavalry, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a dépôt company. Dated 5th November 1917.

Captain J. Ferguson, Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while commanding a dépôt company. Dated 20th November 1917, *vice* Captain A. G. J. Copeland, 5th Cavalry, transferred to command an Army Corps Signal Company, with effect from the 5th November 1917.

Lieutenant D. A. Brown, The East Surrey Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a dépôt company. Dated 23rd April 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) J. Ferguson, Royal Engineers, transferred to command a divisional signal company, with effect from the 8th April 1918.

Lieutenant C. H. Mocatta, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, to be acting Captain while commanding a dépôt company. Dated 14th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. P. Prescott, Royal Engineers, transferred to command a divisional signal company, with effect from the 29th June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. P. Prescott, Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while commanding a divisional signal company to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 29th June 1918.

Captain R. B. Deedes, M.C., 31st Punjabis, attached, to be acting Major while holding the appointment of second-in-command of a Signal Service Depot, *vice* Major F. A. Drayson, M.C., vacated with effect from the 17th October 1918.

Lieutenant C. B. Fariar, General List, attached 4th Cavalry, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. A. Brown, The East Surrey Regiment, vacated with effect from the 20th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. A. Brown, The East Surrey Regiment, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 20th September 1918.

Captain A. G. J. Copeland, 5th Cavalry, to be acting Major while commanding a company. Dated 4th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. H. Mocatta, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, vacated with effect from the 19th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. H. Mocatta, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 19th September 1918.

Captain E. A. H. Churchill, Prince Albert's Somerset Light Infantry, to be acting Major while commanding a divisional signal company. Dated 29th October 1918.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).

Lieutenant C. W. Free, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Captain J. H. Jameson, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 1st October 1918.

3rd Gaur Brahmins.

Major H. V. Lane to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 17th June 1918 (on formation).

Captain L. P. Brotherton to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 19th June 1918 (on formation).

6th Jat Light Infantry.

Captain C. F. Boulton, 10th Jats, to be acting Major while commanding a dépôt. Dated 16th May 1918, *vice* Major F. G. Moore vacated.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Lieutenant V. C. Lisby to be acting Captain while commanding a dépôt. Dated 6th April 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) R. J. N. Norris, vacated with effect from the 22nd March 1918.

Captain (acting Major) R. J. N. Norris relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a dépôt. Dated 22nd March 1918.

Captain F. R. E. Grant to be acting Major while commanding a dépôt. Dated 23rd May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) V. C. Lisby, relieved with effect from the 8th May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) V. C. Lisby relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a dépôt. Dated 8th May 1918.

Captain R. J. N. Norris to be acting Major while commanding a dépôt. Dated 11th August 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) F. R. E. Grant, relieved with effect from the 27th July 1918.

Captain (acting Major) F. R. E. Grant relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a dépôt. Dated 27th July 1918.

21st Punjabis.

Major G. W. S. Sherlock to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 8th October 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) H. C. D. Jarrett, vacated with effect from the 23rd September 1918.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) H. C. D. Jarrett relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 23rd September 1918.

25th Punjabis

Captain (acting Major) I. D. Guthrie, M.C., relinquishes the acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of second-in-command. Dated 2nd September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. K. Friday relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 2nd September 1918.

27th Punjabis.

Lieutenant A. T. R. Bradshaw, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th August 1918.

Lieutenant A. S. Lancaster, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th August 1918.

Lieutenant H. P. B. Hoare, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th August 1918.

33rd Punjabis

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. H. B. B. Hart relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 26th February 1918.

Lieutenant J. H. B. B. Hart to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th February 1918.

Lieutenant A. H. H. Duffus to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 26th February 1918 to 12th March 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant A. H. H. Duffus to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant, from 28th March 1918 to 15th April 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant J. H. B. B. Hart, vacated with effect from the 26th February 1918.

Lieutenant A. C. B. Dodd, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. H. H. Duffus, vacated with effect from the 16th April 1918.

Lieutenant C. V. Fitton to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th March 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. H. H. Duffus, vacated with effect from the 13th March 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. C. B. Dodd, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 26th July 1918.

Lieutenant A. C. B. Dodd, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 12th August 1918, *vice* Captain D. G. P. M. Shewen, vacated with effect from the 28th July 1918.

Lieutenant F. S. Helme, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, from 12th August 1918 to 15th September 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant A. C. B. Dodd, vacated with effect from the 28th July 1918.

Lieutenant A. H. H. Duffus to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. S. Helme, vacated with effect from the 16th September 1918.

35th Sikhs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. J. Purves, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 17th September 1918, *vice* Major F. W. J. Paterson, M.C., vacated with effect from the 2nd September 1918.

36th Sikhs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. M. Keddle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant H. H. Ryall to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. M. Keddle, vacated with effect from the 1st September 1918.

41st Dogras

Lieutenant T. Wilton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th February 1918.

Lieutenant A. D. E. Reiche, 38th Dogras, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th February 1918.

43rd Erinpura Regiment.

Lieutenant G. A. Williamson to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 10th May 1918.

Lieutenant H. S. Secombe to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Depot, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. A. Williamson, vacated with effect from the 1th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. A. Williamson relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1th October 1918.

Lieutenant H. E. Watts to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 15th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. S. Secombe, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. S. Secombe relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant of a Depot. Dated 15th October 1918.

48th Pioneers.

Lieutenant A. H. Virgin to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th August 1918.

Lieutenant T. G. Gordon, M.C., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd August 1918.

Lieutenant W. E. Tollit to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd September 1918.

Lieutenant C. L. Seymour to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 3rd September 1918.

(Army Department Notification No 2152, dated the 20th September 1918, so far as it relates to Lieutenant A. H. Virgin, is cancelled.)

70th Burma Rifles

Captain (now Major) G. G. Richardson, 107th Mahratta Light Infantry, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 10th June 1918 to 17th June 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant S. F. H. Griffin, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th June 1918.

Lieutenant W. F. Harvey, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant (now Lieutenant) H. R. Lanktree, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th June 1918.

82nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant H. W. Dallas to be acting Captain while commanding a depot. Dated 29th May 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel H. Tweddell, vacated with effect from the 14th May 1918.

Captain A. J. L. Wallace to be acting Major while commanding a depot. Dated 7th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. W. Dallas, vacated with effect from the 22nd June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. W. Dallas relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 22nd June 1918.

Lieutenant F. H. Badman to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. M. R. Salvesen, relieved.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. M. R. Salvesen relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Adjutant. Dated 1st September 1918.

89th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. G. Wodehouse, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 29th May 1918.

Lieutenant C. G. Wodehouse, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 13th June 1918 to 24th August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain P. A. Allan, vacated with effect from the 29th May 1918.

Lieutenant F. L. Faddy, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 13th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. G. Wodehouse, vacated with effect from the 29th May 1918.

Lieutenant F. C. Booty, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. G. Wodehouse, vacated with effect from the 25th August 1918.

54th Russell's Infantry

Lieutenant W. S. Barroll to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Depôt. Dated 2nd January 1918 (on formation).

Captain C. H. Keith Jopp to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 13th September 1918.

The 101st Grenadiers.

Lieutenant A. B. Cross to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Assistant Commandant. Dated 24th June 1918.

Lieutenant G. S. Lightfoot to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Assistant Commandant. Dated 25th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. B. Cross, vacated with effect from the 9th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. B. Cross relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Assistant Commandant. Dated 9th July 1918.

107th Pioneers.

Captain H. H. Marshall, M.C., 48th Pioneers, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 4th October 1918.

Lieutenant K. H. Noel, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a depôt. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) I. L. O'H. Hare, 64th Pioneers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank with effect from the 1st October 1918.

110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant G. E. Holdcroft, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th February 1918.

111th Mahars.

Lieutenant H. S. Fussell to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st April 1918.

Lieutenant R. S. Tonkin to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. S. Fussell, vacated with effect from the 12th June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. S. Fussell relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 12th June 1918.

Lieutenant A. K. Hillman to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st April 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. K. Hillman relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 10th June 1918.

112th Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. G. Williams relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a wing. Dated 1st May 1918.

Lieutenant D. Stuart, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st May 1918.

Lieutenant R. J. Mackay to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 1st May 1918 to 31st May 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant J. J. O'Brien, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. J. Mackay, vacated with effect from the 1st June 1918.

116th Mahrattas.

Captain R. C. Eberhardie to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 9th August 1918, *vice* Major A. P. Harrison, vacated with effect from the 25th July 1918.

Captain K. L. Fasken, 90th Russell's Infantry, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 15th September 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) R. C. Eberhardie, vacated with effect from the 2nd September 1918.

Captain (acting Major) R. C. Eberhardie relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to perform the duties of Officer Commanding Depôt. Dated 2nd September 1918.

120th Rajputana Infantry.

Captain D. G. P. M. Shewen, 27th Punjabis, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 13th August 1918.

Lieutenant F. E. N. Faithfull to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a Depôt. Dated 13th August 1918.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Elton-Williams-Jervis, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th October 1918.

Lieutenant H. C. Milligan, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 22nd October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. Elton-Williams-Jervis, vacated with effect from the 7th October 1918.

142nd Jolhpur Infantry.

Lieutenant R. B. Ledward to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd September 1918.

Lieutenant F. M. R. Salvesen to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd September 1918.

Lieutenant R. Brown to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd September 1918.

143rd Dholpur Infantry.

Major J. Peters to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 31st August 1918.

Lieutenant J. B. Dalison to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 31st August 1918.

Lieutenant K. O. Carlton to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command of a battalion (and commanding a company). Dated 23rd September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) J. B. Dalison, relieved with effect from the 5th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) J. B. Dalison relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 5th September 1918.

Lieutenant J. B. Dalison to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th September 1918.

Lieutenant D. D. H. Johnston to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 13th September 1918.

152nd Indian Infantry.

Captain J. P. S. Minter to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 20th May 1918 to complete establishment.

Lieutenant A. W. Longbottom to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st August 1918, to complete establishment.

154th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant B. St. J. Smith to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. M. Eagar, relieved.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. M. Eagar relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 14th October 1918.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Captain (acting Major) J. R. Hartwell, D.S.O., 4th Gurkha Rifles, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 16th September 1918.

Captain N. F. Graeme to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 30th September 1918, *vice* Captain J. R. Hartwell, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 15th September 1918.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. A. D. Parry, M.C. attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 22nd July 1918.

Lieutenant D. Sim, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. A. D. Parry, M.C., vacated with effect from the 22nd July 1918.

3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. H. Lewis, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 2nd October 1918.

Lieutenant W. A. M. Ferguson, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 17th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. H. Lewis, vacated with effect from 2nd October 1918.

11th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. R. V. Leir relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 26th July 1918.

Lieutenant W. H. Mailey to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 10th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. K. Swan, vacated with effect from the 26th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. C. K. Swan relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 26th July 1918.

Lieutenant C. P. Gouldsbury to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of permanent Adjutant. Dated 19th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Mailey, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Mailey relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 19th August 1918.

Lieutenant F. H. Harpell to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd September 1918, *vice* Major P. M. Ransford, transferred with effect from the 7th September 1918.

Porter and Labour Corps

Lieutenant A. H. Greening, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding Rest Camp, Dadar. Dated 27th October 1917, *vice* Lieutenant C. J. Fitzpatrick, vacated with effect from the 11th October 1917.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. V. Norris, Indian Army Reserve, attached, retains his acting rank on assuming command of Wadi Bunder Camp, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. V. Stevens, transferred with effect from the 17th May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. V. Stevens, Indian Army Reserve, attached, retains his acting rank on assuming command of Rest Camp, Dadar, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Greening, vacated with effect from the 17th May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Greening relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command Rest Camp, Dadar. Dated 17th May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. V. Stevens, Indian Army Reserve, attached, retains his acting rank on assuming command of Wadi Bunder Camp, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. V. Norris, vacated with effect from the 18th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. V. Norris, Indian Army Reserve, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command Wadi Bunder Camp. Dated 18th July 1918.

Lieutenant A. H. Greening, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding Rest Camp, Dadar. Dated 19th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. V. Stevens, vacated with effect from the 3rd August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. W. Betteridge, Indian Army Reserve, attached, retains his acting rank of Captain on assuming command of Wadi Bunder Camp, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. V. Stevens, vacated with effect from the 30th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. V. Stevens, Indian Army Reserve, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command Wadi Bunder Camp. Dated 30th August 1918.

Lieutenant S. C. Pain, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Adjutant and Quartermaster of a Combined Labour Corps Depot. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. W. Betteridge, Indian Army Reserve, attached, vacated with effect from the 16th September 1918.

No. 2714.—Army Department Notification No. 1855, dated the 16th August 1918, so far as it relates to 15th Ludhiana Sikhs, is cancelled, and the following substituted :—

15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Major C. F. W. Hughes to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 19th June 1918.

Captain Z. G. Burmester to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 28th June 1918.

No. 2715.—Army Department Notification No. 2304, dated the 4th October 1918, so far as it relates to 32nd Lancers, is cancelled, and the following substituted :—

32nd Lancers.

Captain (acting Major) F. C. Mulloy, M.C., attached 109th Infantry, assumes command of the depot. Dated 28th July 1918, and retains his acting rank with effect from the 11th June 1918.

No. 2716.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified :—

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant J. M. Lowson, attached. Dated 8th September 1918.

6th Jat Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant B. R. Godley, attached. Dated 2nd October 1918.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant W. A. Trott, M.C., attached. Dated 15th August 1918.

11th Rajputs.

Second Lieutenant J. H. S. Richardson, attached. Dated 26th September 1918.

43rd Erinpura Regiment.

Lieutenant R. T. Dade, attached. Dated 19th September 1918.

55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant F. R. Steele, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 1st October 1918.

53rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Lieutenant G. M. W. Johnson, attached. Dated 17th September 1918.

Lieutenant W. M. Clapp, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 20th September 1918.

84th Punjabis.

Lieutenant J. A. Lawrence, attached. Dated 22nd March 1918.

97th Deccan Infantry.

Lieutenant R. Ashley-Smith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 1st September 1918.

107th Pioneers.

Lieutenant G. H. Maunder, M.C., attached. Dated 16th October 1918.

108th Infantry.

Lieutenant G. G. Ray, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 16th September 1918.

No. 2717.—The undermentioned officers relinquish the acting rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval, on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified :—

6th Jat Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. K. Tester, M.C. Dated 2nd October 1918.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Robertson, attached. Dated 31st July 1918.

11th Rajputs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. D. H. Johnston, attached. Dated 11th September 1918.

43rd Erinpura Regiment.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. H. N. Pepper, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached. Dated 20th September 1918.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. M. Clapp, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached.
Dated 2nd September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. M. W. Johnson, attached. Dated 4th October 1918.

107th Pioneers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) K. H. Noel, attached. Dated 1st October 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.**INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 2718.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 2128, dated the 14th December 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 2244, dated the 28th December 1917, No. 58, dated the 12th January 1918, No. 262, dated the 8th February 1918, No. 712, dated the 12th April 1918, No. 770, dated the 19th April 1918, No. 1193, dated the 7th June 1918, No. 1315, dated the 21st June 1918, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918, No. 1518, dated the 12th July 1918, No. 1715, dated the 2nd August 1918, No. 1778, dated the 9th August 1918, and No. 1834, dated the 16th August 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army with effect from the dates specified :—

James Desmond Gabb.	Dated 6th July 1918
Alfred Edmund Barlow, M.C.	Dated 6th October 1918.
Alexander Granville Blake	Dated 22nd November 1918
Hugh Christopher Lewprie Heywood	Dated 29th July 1918.
Philip Carlisle Tudor-Craig.	Dated 20th October 1918.
Thomas James Comerford.	} Dated 22nd November 1918.
Cyril Ashbrooke Peak.	
George Edward Litton.	} Dated 18th June 1918.
Louis Gerald Blanc.	
Norman Moray Carstairs.	} Dated 20th October 1918
Frederick Ralph Honeyball.	
Alexander Schneider.	} Dated 22nd November 1918.
Alfred Norman Mitchell Watkins.	
Charles Crawford Craig.	} Dated 17th June 1918.
John Johnstone Dedman.	
George Ambrose Mitchley.	} Dated 29th July 1918.
Hubert Melville Williams	
Eric Angus McAlister Franklin, M.C.	} Dated 22nd June 1918.
Bertram Bayliss.	
Adrian Augustus Abbott.	} Dated 22nd November 1918.
Leslie Clarence Whitcombe.	
Richard Philip Steele.	} Dated 29th July 1918.
Kenneth Charles Johnston Jones, M.C.	
William George Green	} Dated 22nd November 1918.
William Milles Martin	
Theodore Anthony Lennox Bigger.	} Dated 16th September 1918.
John Chiles Russell.	
Reuben Godfrey Smith.	} Dated 23rd November 1918.
Charles Cleaver Bock.	
William Scott Knowles, M.C.	} Dated 22nd November 1918.
James Russell Gibson.	
Henry Taylor Kent.	} Dated 21th October 1918.
Arthur Edmund Swann.	
David Ceredig John.	} Dated 22nd November 1918.

No. 2719.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant James Ewan Macpherson, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached, 90th Punjabis. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 1st June 1918.

Captain John Norman Hildick-Smith, M.C., The South Staffordshire Regiment, attached 8th Rajputs. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 25th June 1916.

Captain John Archibald McLaron, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles), attached 151st Infantry. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 13th August 1916.

Lieutenant Morton Barker Shier, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 4th November 1918, but to rank from the 3rd September 1916.

Lieutenant James Laurie, The Royal Scots Fusiliers, attached 42nd Deoli Regiment. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 24th December 1916.

Lieutenant Sam Daykin Holbrook, The East Yorkshire Regiment, attached 153rd Punjabis. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 6th February 1917.

Lieutenant George Desborough, The East Yorkshire Regiment, attached 62nd Punjabis. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 21st June 1917.

Lieutenant John Sanders Rutherford, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, attached 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 25th June 1917.

Lieutenant Kevill Armstrong, 5th (Royal Irish) Lancers, attached 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry. Dated 28th October 1918, but to rank from the 5th July 1917.

Lieutenant William Harlow Chamberlain, The Dorsetshire Regiment, attached 1st Brahmans. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 9th July 1917.

Lieutenant Rowland Alexander Naye, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, attached 95th Russell's Infantry. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 11th August 1917.

Lieutenant Thomas Meredith Lewis, Machine Gun Corps, attached 79th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 30th October 1918, but to rank from the 4th September 1917.

Lieutenant Douglas Walter Belcher, V.C., The London Regiment (Queen Victoria's Rifles), attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 30th October 1918, but to rank from the 10th November 1917.

Lieutenant Douglas William Evans, The London Regiment (The Queen's), attached 37th Dogras. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 11th April 1918.

Lieutenant Samuel John Claude Denning, The Devonshire Regiment, attached 23rd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 5th June 1918.

Lieutenant Norman Melville Chivers, M.C., The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 80th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 23rd August 1918.

Lieutenant Peter Murray, Princess Charlotte of Wales's (Royal Berkshire Regiment), attached 25th Punjabis. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 23rd August 1918.

Second Lieutenant Horace Edward Baness, Welsh Guards, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1918.

Lieutenant Stuart Greeves, The Lancashire Fusiliers, attached 152nd Punjabis. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Second Lieutenant Creighton Edmund Griffiths, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment). Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 1st December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Philip George Brée, The Suffolk Regiment, attached 66th Punjabis. Dated 23rd October 1918, but to rank from the 28th December 1917.

Second Lieutenant David Dunn, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), attached 112th Infantry. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 28th December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Charles Gorell Snook, The Lancashire Regiment, attached 13rd Erinipura Regiment. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 26th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant Henry Alexander Pattullo, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Alexander Gemmell, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), attached 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 28th February 1918.

Second Lieutenant Archibald Robert George Fisher, The Hampshire Regiment, attached 47th Sikhs. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Alfred Charles Bannion, The Hampshire Regiment, attached 69th Punjabis. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 27th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Francis Eglesfield Bathurst Norman, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 1st May 1918.

Second Lieutenant William John Ballantyne, Machine Gun Corps, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 20th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Charles William Hebron, The King's Royal Rifle Corps, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 29th October 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Esmond Herbert Rahles-Rahbula, Machine Gun Corps, attached 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment). Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

Second Lieutenant Andrew Douglas Miller, The Border Regiment, attached 86th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 28th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant James William Kiernan Kirwan, The Royal Dublin Fusiliers, attached 110th Mahratta Light Infantry. Dated 28th October 1918, but to rank from the 30th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant Arthur Albert Prockliss, 3rd Reserve Regiment of Cavalry, attached 41st Cavalry. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 23rd November 1918.

Second Lieutenant John Frazer Sawle, The Welsh Regiment, attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 30th September 1918, but to rank from the 27th November 1918.

No. 2720.—In Army Department Notification No. 2678, dated the 15th November 1918, for "15th November 1918," read "15th October 1918."

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2721.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Ram Chandra Bose to be a temporary Lieutenant, with effect from the 23rd October 1918.

No. 2722.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Bikarn Jit Sahni to be honorary temporary Lieutenant, with effect from the 10th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2723.—Frederick Fitzgerald Wadson (Lieutenant, Army Pay Department), to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 7th January 1916.

No. 2724.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Cavalry Branch.

To be Lieutenants.

Reuben James Bird, Wellington Mounted Rifles, attached 35th Scinde Horse. Dated 19th January 1918, but to rank from the 23rd October 1915.

George Kissam Hannab, 5th Canadian Mounted Rifles, attached 40th Cavalry Regiment. Dated 26th March 1918, but to rank from the 18th July 1916.

Infantry Branch.

To be Lieutenants.

Adam Edward Lee, The Manchester Regiment, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 10th March 1918, but to rank from the 5th August 1915.

Eric Hayden Barry, The East Surrey Regiment, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 23rd December 1915.

William Charles Mathew, 4th Reserve Battalion, Royal Naval Division, attached 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment). Dated 25th September 1917, but to rank from the 8th September 1916.

Norman Winther Fischer, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 23rd November 1917, but to rank from the 25th September 1916.

Edward Noel Marston, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment). Dated 26th November 1917, but to rank from the 5th August 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Joseph Percy Castle, D.S.O., The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 26th February 1918, but to rank from the 28th March 1917.

Sealy Rollo Swan, General List, attached 28th Punjabis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Bernard Gorwyne Angel, General List, attached 98th Infantry. Dated 28th January 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1917.

No. 2725.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Infantry Branch.

To be Captain.

Hugh George Rawlingson.

Dated 21st October 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

James Donald

Frederick Rashleigh Pinker.

Harry Walter Wright.

Edgar Netherwood

John Michael Denis O'Brien.

Harold Charles Gamble.

Walter George Kingsbury

William James Wallace Hamill.

William Reginald Sutton.

Alfred Frederick Gaunt.

Ernest Smith.

Walter Frank Taylor

John Henry Carter

William Henry Edmondson.

William George Gouge

Sydney Charles Kent Kingdon

Arthur Sidney David Smith.

John Thompson.

Arthur Marshall Harris

Charles Birch

Frank Edwin Thomas Powell.

Walter Frank Harwood.

George James Morgan

Carlton Dean Virgin

Harold Greatrex Corey.

Herbert Helmer Fernbach

Ernest Cyril Mumford.

Henry Darling Renton

Wallace Alfred Selley.

Frederick Charles Pickering.

John James Sales.

Bert Jesse Bassett.

Charles George Cummings

John Edward Lyall Cole.

John Robertson Brown.

Robert Douthwaite Cameron Charmarette

Alexander George Lawson.

Dennis Duncan Pritchard Rule.

Harold Charles Wright

Percival John Watts.

Thomas William Millett.

William Crumpleholme.

Morley Curtis

Henry James Edwards.

Thomas Ernest Gilchrist.

Owen Donal O'Sullivan

Ivor Charles Watton.

John Challice

Archibald Cyril Graham.

Lawrence Rivers Mawson.

William Webb.

Dated 15th October 1918.

Dated 17th October 1918

Dated 22nd October 1918.

Dated 25th October 1918.

Dated 27th October 1918

Dated 28th October 1918.

Dated 29th October 1918.

Dated 31st October 1918.

Frederick Sydney Ayckbourn.	}	Dated 1st November 1918.
Vincent Wilbert Labanti.		
Henry Flamank Benny.		
Albert John Harrison.		
Ephraim Patchett	}	Dated 2nd November 1918
Christopher Blomfield.		
Wynne Hill Lewis.		
Henry Francis Doran.		
Henry Verner Hampton.	}	Dated 4th November 1918.
Edwin Algernon Scott.		
Aubrey Neil Weinman.		
Harold Hardy Wise		
Harold MacDonald Reeves	}	
William John Swords.		
John Hewitt		
George Henry Frederick Borman.		
John Albert Leeman.	}	
William Arthur Robinson		
Rudolph William Brandon		
Philip Thomas Ascroft		
Ernest Arnold Jeffries Greene.	}	
William Henry Sellick.		
Erie Major.		
Stanley Riley Sellers.		
Thomas Bestford.	}	
Thomas Ledgerwood.		
Ernest Clement Carpenter.		
Arthur Nickolds		
Ralph Edward Batty.	}	
Robert Sloan.		
Reginald George Beeson		
Paul Edward Skellon.		
Evelyn Aubrey Verner	}	Dated 5th November 1918.
Samuel Thomas.		
Percy Charles Boddy		
Claude Montague Rowson.		
Gilbert Marsden.	}	
William Andrews.		
Edwin Cawthron.		
Arthur Lofthouse.		
George Richard Gordon Shipp.	}	
Albert Percival Cooper.		
Tom Douglas Newman		
Alexander McIntyre Hutchinson.		
William Henry Russell.	}	
Tredgar Sidney Smith.		
Joseph Samuel Waters Corkery.		
Arthur William Enticknapp.		
John Horton Moir.	}	
Charles Terence Riley-Irving.		
Arthur Heath.		
William Henry Moss.		
John Jackson Stewart.	}	Dated 6th November 1918
Edwin Terry.		
Henry Levick.		
William Charles Walden.		

William Frederick Barry Jackson.	}	Dated 7th November 1918.
Horace Vivion Smith.		
Howard Raymond Almond.		
Henry Childs.		
Walter George Jackson		
Egerton Oliver Jansz		
Reginald Elliot Lewis.		
Charles Hector MacKenzie MacLean.		
Ernest Mathews.		
George Frederick Plummer.		
John Michael Curran Sharp.	}	Dated 8th November 1918
Alfred Patrick Whittaker.		
Raymond Mowbray Dawson		
Frank Crawford Gooch.		
Hugh Montgomery		
Anthony George Joseph O'Sullivan		
James Parsons.		
Leslie Mark Quinton.		
Godfrey Bradley Stallard.		
Claude Logan Vermont		
Philip Martin Williams.	}	Dated 9th November 1918
Frederick Andrew Murentt.		
Shifley Wilfred Franks.		
Arthur Matthews.		
Dermot Frederick St. John Woods		
Walter Elliott.		
Herbert George Handley.		
William George Austen.		
Ernest Frank Allen.		
Francis William Reed.		
Leonard Robartes Fogwell.	}	Dated 11th November 1918.
Leonard Arthur Goddard.		
George Lawrence McLennan.		
George Strong.		
Alfred Henry Thomas Collins.		
Thomas Boorman.		
William John Blake.		
Henry Charles Edward Smith.		
George Rivers Turner.		
George Paterson Henderson.		
George Henry Grover.	}	Dated 12th November 1918.
Kenneth Smith Johnson-Coombs		
Charles Cumming Calder.		
James Francis Kinneen.		
	}	Dated 13th November 1918.
	}	Dated 15th November 1918.

No. 2726.—Frederick Arthur Malcolm to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers and is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 2nd October 1917.

No. 2727.—Alick Hector Winson Ramsay to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 23rd November 1918.

No. 2728.—The following to be temporary Second Lieutenants in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

John Younie.	Dated 10th November 1918.
William Hugh Thompson	Dated 8th November 1918.
Charles Wynn Tremenhore.	Dated 15th November 1918.

No. 2729.—In Army Department Notification No. 2450, dated the 19th October 1918, against the name of Robert Scotson *for* "8th October 1918" *read* "9th November 1918."

No. 2730.—Army Department Notification No. 2450, dated the 19th October 1918, in so far as it relates to Chamberlain Francis George Dobson is hereby cancelled.

No. 2731.—Army Department Notification No. 2620, dated the 8th November 1918, in so far as it relates to William Matthews Thomas is hereby cancelled.

No. 2732.—In Army Department Notification No. 120², dated the 7th June 1918, against the name of Maxwell Weston *for* "18th August 1917" *read* "27th April 1917."

No. 2733.—In Army Department Notification No. 1521, dated the 12th July 1918, against the name of Aubrey Simons Piper Parmenter *for* "18th October 1917" *read* "29th August 1917."

No. 2734.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, a temporary commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified :—

To be temporary Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Pair Cotter, India Miscellaneous List.
Dated 20th November 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

9th Mussorie Battalion.

No. 2735.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant.

Malcolm Alexander Angus Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Second Lieutenant.

Edward Morris Plomer. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenant (Supernumerary List).

Patrick Michael Lawlor. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Second Lieutenant (Supernumerary List).

William Edward Weldon. Dated 1st April 1917.

18th Rangoon Battalion

No. 2736.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Ernest Frederick Baum. Dated 1st April 1917.

41st Eastern Bengal Company.

No. 2737.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second-Lieutenant.

John Ross Blackwood. Dated 1st April 1917.

MEDICAL CORPS

No. 2738.—The undermentioned are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from 1st April 1917 :—

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Charles Arthur Fuller, M.B.

To be Captain.

Robert Vickers Clayton.

To be Lieutenant.

Sydney Arthur Wilkinson.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE

No. 2739.—In Army Department Notification No 2184, dated the 20th September 1918, regarding the retirement from the service of Lieutenant-Colonel A. R. S. Anderson, M.B., I M S., Bengal, for "1st August 1918" read "11th September 1918."

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 2740.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain James Henry Gibbons, Assistant Engineer, Military Works Services, has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 11th October 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 2741.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 2636, dated the 8th November 1918, the following promotions are sanctioned with effect from the 19th October 1918:—

Mr A B Kunning, Superintendent, 2nd grade (substantive) and 1st grade (sub. *pro tem*), to officiate as Registrar.

Mr P P. Hypher, Superintendent, 2nd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 1st grade
Rai Sahib S C Biswas, Superintendent, 3rd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr H G. King, Secretariat Assistant, 4th grade (substantive) and 3rd grade (sub. *pro tem*), to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade

No. 2742.—With reference to Army Department Notifications Nos 2469 and 2741, dated the 18th October 1918 and 22nd November 1918, respectively, the following promotions are sanctioned, with effect from the 21st October 1918:—

Mr. E. A. Daniel, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade (substantive), and Superintendent, 3rd grade (sub. *pro tem*), to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 2743.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel E T. Carwithen, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY

No. 2744.—The following appointment is made:—

1st Dogras

Mran Dharan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

Marine Lines Convalescent Camp.

No. 2745.—Pensioned Havildar Bhaguram Shiviam, 114th Mahrattas, to be Jemadar with effect from the 1st June 1918, to complete the establishment.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 2746.—Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar, Pandit Natthu Ram to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 1st class ranking as Subadar and;

No. 798, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Rawail Singh to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar Sandhe Khan, invalided ; with effect from the 16th February 1918

Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar Kapur Chand to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 1st class ranking as Subadar and ;

No. 800, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Muhammad Faiyaz Khan to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar (Honorary Assistant Surgeon) Muhammad Khan, *Khan Sahib Bahadur* retained as supernumerary on attaining the age of 55 years ; with effect from the 17th March 1918.

Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar Mumtaz Ali Khan Bhatti (supernumerary) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 1st class ranking as Subadar (supernumerary) and ;

Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar Riyazuddin, I.O.M., to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 1st class ranking as Subadar and ;

No. 802, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Hardyal Singh to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar, Shiu-Rakhan Lal, invalided ; with effect from the 7th July 1918.

No. 714, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sirajuddin to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar ;

vice Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar, Nabi Ahmad, invalided , with effect from the 5th September 1918.

Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar, Nabi Ahmad Sadiki *Bahadur* (supernumerary, 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar) is absorbed in the grade of Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 1st class ranking as Subadar ;

No. 75, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Fazlur Rahman to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar, Ram-rachhpal, invalided with effect from the 15th September 1918.

Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar, Kehar Singh, *Sardar Sahib* (supernumerary 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar) is absorbed in the grade of Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 1st class ranking as Subadar and ;

No. 779, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jagat Singh to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon 2nd class ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar, Imam Ali, invalided , with effect from the 20th October 1918

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST

No. 2747.—Staff-Serjeant Henry Charles Cook to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor (supernumerary Conductor) William Forsyth deceased ; with effect from the 30th October 1918.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

(Factory and Inspection Cadre)

No. 2748.—Under the provisions of Army Department letter No. 12861, dated the 23rd September 1918, the following Staff Serjeants are promoted supernumerary Sub-Conductors, with effect from the dates shown against their names :—

S. C. Sealy.

L. Smith.

C. Barker.

} Dated 1st April 1918.

Dated 1st October 1918

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 2749.—In continuation of Army Department Notification No. 2469, dated the 18th October 1918, *Ras Sahib* S. C. Biswas, B.A., Superintendent, is granted an extension of privilege leave for seven days.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATE'S DEPARTMENT.

No. 2750.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 1844, dated the 16th August 1918, Risaldar Sardar Hira Singh, Extra Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, has been granted 2 months' extension of leave on medical certificate, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

JUDICIAL.

No. 2751.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), and in supersession of the Army Department Notification No. 1635, dated the 19th July 1918, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made in the table published under Army Department Notification No. 991, dated 22nd June 1917, as subsequently amended, namely:—

After the entries under the heading "Persia" the following shall be added:—

Any place whatever out of India.

The officer, not being below the rank of Brigadier-General, commanding an independent or detached force on active service in which Indian troops are serving. } The powers of an officer commanding a division.

The officer, not being below the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, commanding an independent or detached force on active service in which Indian troops are serving. } The powers of an officer commanding a brigade.

No. 2752.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given:—

First—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table

Secondly—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table.

Thirdly—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice

Rank and name	Company or Department	Place of death	Date of death	Testate or intestate	Amount of surplus	REMARKS.
					R. G. A. P.	
Major H. W. Martin	50th Scinde Rifles, F. F.	Jullundur	2nd June 1918	Intestate	2,295 0 1	Administrator-General, Punjab.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

RESIGNATIONS.

United Provinces Horse.

2nd (Northern) Regiment

No. 2753.—Major (Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel) John Walter Leather, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his honorary rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

A. H. BINGLEY, Major-General,
Secretary to the Government of India

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.*Delhi, the 22nd November 1918*

No. 1821-E.—18.—Mr. P. D. Brocken, Officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, officiated as a District Traffic Superintendent on that Railway during the absence of Mr. A. D. Green, District Traffic Superintendent, on one month's privilege leave with effect from the 21st August 1918.

No. 1835-E.—18.—Mr. E. B. Beatson, Executive Engineer, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Chief Engineer of that Railway, with the officiating rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. H. D. Green, officiating Deputy Chief Engineer, with effect from the 19th October 1918.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.**NOTIFICATIONS.***Simla, the 16th November 1918.*

No. E.-795. Mr. D. B. Meek, Professor, the Presidency College, Calcutta, is appointed an Assistant Controller of Munitions, Bengal Circle, with effect from the 3rd October 1918.

The 20th November 1918.

No. E.-442.—The war leave granted to Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Wilson, I.A.R.O., Controller (Jute Manufactures), in the Indian Munitions Board notification No E.-412 (1), dated the 14th October 1918, was interrupted from the 24th September to the 1st October inclusive, during which time he was employed on duty : in consequence the period of the leave was extended up to the 21st October 1918.

No. E.-545 (1).—Mr. A. N. Greene, Assistant Controller (Stores), Calcutta, is appointed Assistant Purchasing Officer (Miscellaneous Stores), Calcutta, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

No. E.-545 (2). Mr. J. T. Stoddart is appointed Assistant Purchasing Officer (Miscellaneous Stores), Calcutta, with effect from the 15th September 1918.

No. E.-642. Major L. C. Larmour, R.A., is appointed Assistant Superintendent, Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore, with effect from the 7th November 1918, *vice* Major G. S. Wilkes, R.A., who has reverted to arsenal duty.

No. E.-857.—Major N. S. H. Sitwell, R.A., Superintendent (sub. *pro tem.*), Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, has been confirmed in his appointment with effect from the 12th May 1917.

No. E.-863.—Lieutenant E. Holt, I.A.R.O., Assistant Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Shahjahanpur, is appointed an Assistant Director of Army Clothing Factories, with effect from the 12th September 1918.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

No. 1-D.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

RESOLUTION.

ANNUAL REPORT ON THE WORKING OF THE ASSAM LABOUR BOARD
DURING THE YEAR ENDING THE 30TH JUNE 1918.

(EMIGRATION).

Delhi, the 18th November 1918.

The following paper is published in accordance with Rule 29 of the Assam Labour Board Rules :—

Annual Report on the working of the Assam Labour Board during the year ending the 30th June 1918.

I.—ADMINISTRATIVE.

1. MR. R. W. DAVIES, I.C.S., Madras, continued to act as Chairman till the 10th September 1917, when he was relieved by Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Kennedy, C.I.E., I.A., the permanent incumbent, on the termination of the latter's deputation to England. The triennial period for which the elected members were appointed having expired on the 13th April 1918 a general election was held, which was followed by a fresh election of members to serve on the Executive Committee for the ensuing three years. The changes in the elected *personnel* of the Board and of the Executive Committee are given in detail in appendix A.

2. With effect from the 20th November 1917 Lieutenant-Colonel Kennedy was appointed Tea Commissioner for India in addition to his duties as Chairman. *Chairman appointed Tea Commissioner for India.* In view of the fact that the Food Controller's scheme for the purchase in India of tea for the United Kingdom occupies the greater portion of Lieutenant-Colonel Kennedy's time and greatly restricts his touring as Chairman, the Government of India have ruled that half his salary as Chairman of the Board should be chargeable to the Food Controller, and that the Government of India and the Board should contribute the remaining half in equal shares.

3. Owing to a technical accounts objection to refunds of cess being made by the Board, a new rule, number 24-A, was prescribed under Section 116F (d), *Alterations in the Act and Rules,* Act VI of 1901, regulating the purposes to which the cess may be applied. The rule, which was published under notification No 990, dated the 6th April 1918, of the Government of India, in the Department of Commerce and Industry, authorises the application of the cess to the payment of—

- (a) Such portion of the salary and allowances of the Chairman as the Governor-General in Council may direct;
- (b) Allowances to members of the Board to meet their expenses in attending meetings of the Board, or on other journeys performed on the business of the Board;
- (c) The salary and allowances of the supervisors and other establishment appointed by the Board, including any leave allowances, pensions and contributions towards a Provident Fund sanctioned by the Board, and including also such contributions towards the leave allowances and pensions of officers whose services have been lent by Government, as the Governor-General in Council may direct;
- (d) Contingent and other incidental expenses, including tour charges, connected with the maintenance of the Board's office and of the offices of the officers appointed by them;
- (e) Rewards for the detection or prosecution of offences under the Act;

(f) Refunds of the cess realised in respect of:—

(i) Garden-sardars and emigrants on whom it has been erroneously realised;

(ii) Emigrants whose services as labourers have, in the opinion of the Board, for any reason not become available or fully available to employers;

(g) Interest which may fall due on any loan contracted by the Board or on any overdraft of the Board's account with the Bank of Bengal sanctioned by the Board;

(h) Such other charges as the Board may, with the general or special sanction of the Government of India, direct.

4 The two statutory meetings of the Board were held respectively on the 11th October 1917 and the 7th March 1918, and were attended by all the members

Meetings of the Board

except the following who were unavoidably absent:—

September Meeting—Messrs C. Wood and N. M. Ross.

March Meeting—Messrs. H. W. Carr, E. H. Hannay, the Hon'ble Sir E. H. Bray, and the Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel W. Mason.

5. After each of the meetings of the Board a meeting of the Executive Committee was held, both being attended by all the members

Meetings of the Executive Committee

6. The Chairman was on tour for 33 days, and the acting Chairman for 45 days. Details of the places visited will be found in appendix B. Owing to

Tours of Chairman,

his duties as Tea Commissioner, the Chairman's touring had to be greatly restricted. With the exception of two hurried visits to Madras in connection with the tea purchase scheme he was unable, because of press of work, to leave Calcutta from November 1917 to the end of April 1918

Supervisors.

7. The following table shows the touring and inspection work of Mr. C. E.

Middleton Stewart, supervisor:—

Number of days on tour.	Number of Stations visited		Number of local agencies inspected.		Number of transport agencies inspected	
	Once.	More than once	Once	More than once	Once.	More than once.
203	15	24	9	15	...	12

As explained in last year's report, Mr. Stewart is now single-handed and he had to carry out, in addition to his own duties, those of the two supervisors whose services were lent to Government for employment with war Labour Corps. Mr. Stewart was most active in his inspection work, as also in investigating reports of illegal or irregular recruitment and did much useful work in removing local difficulties in the recruiting districts. Towards the close of the year, however, owing to the further combing out of the Government services in order to supply recruits for the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, the Inspector-General of Police, Central Provinces, informed the Board that he is unable to spare Mr. Stewart's services to the Board any longer. Latter has, accordingly, applied for a commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, which, it is expected, will shortly be granted.

As a temporary measure, for the period of the war, the Board have since the close of the year under review sanctioned the appointment of Mr. P. D. Kirkham to act as supervisor *vice* Mr. Stewart. Mr. Kirkham retired last year from the Government service as Superintendent of Police, Central Provinces, and has since been working under the Tea Districts Labour Supply Association as local agent at Bilaspur.

Difficulties having been experienced by supervisors owing to their not being empowered to record evidence in cases of illegal recruitment under

investigation by them, or to order the arrest of persons actually engaged in their presence in the offence of illegal recruitment, the Board enquired of local Governments whether there would be any objection to the investiture of Mr. Middleton Stewart with powers of a magistrate of the third class for purposes of the investigation but not of the trial of cases under section 164, Act VI of 1901. Except the Chief Commissioner of Assam, who for technical reasons was unable to accept the Board's recommendations, all the local Governments concerned agreed, as an experimental measure for one year, to accede to the request of the Board, and have vested Mr. Stewart with powers of a magistrate of the third class for purposes of the investigation but not the trial of cases of illegal recruitment. It is too soon yet to estimate the practical effect of this concession.

8. Since it seemed desirable that the supervisor should, as an experimental measure, be allowed a reliable assistant in order to help in the investigation of cases of illegal recruitment, which often require a good deal of detailed work, including prolonged watching for the despatch of illegally-recruited gangs of coolies and the following up of such gangs from the recruiting district to the tea estate, the Board decided to enquire from local Governments whether they would have any objection to the appointment of a reliable inspector or sub-inspector of police to work under Mr. Stewart. All the local Governments concerned agreed to the appointment being made except the Government of Madras who were inclined to the opinion that the appointment is not necessary in that province in view of the absence of reports of cases of abuses in recruitment. The Board, accordingly, decided to obtain a suitable officer to work under Mr. Stewart in all the provinces concerned except Madras, and an inspector of police, whose services have kindly been lent to the Board by the Government of Bihar and Orissa, was towards the close of the year appointed to the post on a salary equivalent to that which he received from Government, *plus* a deputation allowance of Rs. 50 a month, the Board paying in addition the usual contribution towards his leave and retiring allowances. The inspector makes detailed investigations under the orders of Mr. Stewart and patrols the transit routes. A better idea will be gained of the utility of the appointment after a year's experience.

II.—SUPERVISION OF LOCAL AGENTS.

9. Fifty-nine applications for the grant or renewal of licenses as local agents were received, all of which the Board recommended to be granted. No applications were pending at the close of the year. Superintendents of Emigration in all cases accepted the Board's recommendations.

Of the 59 persons who held licenses as local agents at the close of the year, 53 were employes of the Tea Districts Labour Supply Association, the remainder being appointed by individual estates or firms or combinations thereof.

10. On the 1st July 1917 there were altogether 35 local agencies at work, distributed as follows:—

Bengal two, Madras five, Bihar and Orissa eighteen, United Provinces six, Central Provinces four. Of these thirty were under the Tea Districts Labour Supply Association and five under individual firms or estates.

In the course of the year the Makum and Namdang Tea Companies closed their local agency at Ranchi, but later on the Namdang Tea Company opened a new agency there under Mr. Halford, who was till recently local agent at Dumka for the estates represented by Messrs. Williamson Magor and Company, Messrs. Balmer Lawrie and Company, and Messrs. Barry and Company. These firms closed down their separate local agency at Dumka in the month of December 1917.

The Scandinavian Home Mission to the Santals opened a local agency at Dumka, in charge of the Reverend Boe Bojeson Bogh, M.B., in the interests of the mission's tea estate at Ding Dinga in the Goalpara district.

The Tea Districts Labour Supply Association closed their local agency at Baidyanath in the Santal Parganas, as the results did not justify its maintenance. In Madras they transferred the Bezwada local agency to Rajahmundry in the district of Godavery. Bezwada is a large railway junction. No *bona fide* local coolies are available there, those picked up by the garden-sardars being of the waif and stray type. It was, moreover, difficult for the local agent effectively to control the garden-sardars in a place of this description. The local agency at Parvatipur in the Vizagapatam district was, also, at the desire of the District Magistrate, transferred from that place to Waltair, the headquarters of the district. The most convenient location for the local agency in that district would probably be Vizianagram. Two special local agencies to supervise recruitment in the Ganjam and Vizagapatam Agency tracts were opened, but have since been amalgamated with the local agencies at Berhampore and Vizagapatam.

Mr. White, local agent of the Salolah Tea Company, Limited, at Cuttack, died towards the end of the year, and the agency has remained closed up to the present.

The above changes left thirty-two local agencies at work at the close of the year.

11. The work of the different local agencies was carried on generally to the satisfaction of the Board. One local agent, of whose methods of working the Board did not approve, resigned his license.

12. Owing to the war and causes connected therewith, there has been a great drain on the European staff of the Tea Districts Labour Supply Association. A number of their agents have joined the army; Mr. H. A. Pickford, one of the oldest and most respected of the local agents, died when on sick leave and several others have been incapacitated owing to illness. It is practically impossible to secure suitable men to fill the vacancies. The shortage of men has greatly handicapped the Association in their work during the past year. The decrease in recruitment, also, has hit the Association hard financially. As mentioned in paragraph 10 of last year's report, negotiations are in progress with the object of re-organising the constitution of the Association and of broadening the basis of membership, and the general principles on which it is proposed that the scheme should be worked have been formulated. The detailed scheme, however, has not as yet been prepared.

13. As it not infrequently happens that acting local agents have to be appointed for a month or so in temporary emergencies, due to the illness of the permanent incumbent or other urgent causes, it has been arranged with local Governments that Superintendents of Emigration should issue temporary licenses in such cases, informing the Board of the action taken, since if the applications were to be submitted through the Board much delay would be occasioned.

III.—RECRUITMENT.

14. In paragraph 12 of last year's report it was mentioned that the prospects of recruitment for the year 1917-18 were not bright. This forecast has unfortunately proved to be correct. The cess returns (including those for June 1918, which for financial purposes appertain to the succeeding year) show that 13,452 garden-sardars obtained 12,849 labouring recruits from the 1st July 1917 to the 30th June 1918, the figures for the previous year being 28,317 garden-sardars and 33,759 labouring recruits respectively. Taking the figures of the Tea Districts Labour Supply Association, under whose supervision almost the whole of the recruitment for Assam is carried out, these show that, including garden-sardars still in the recruiting districts at the beginning of the year 1917-18, there were altogether 15,384 at work as against 29,524 in the year 1916-17, and that in the past year 13,970 adults or 17,735 souls were recruited, the figures for the previous season being 26,828 adults and 36,315 souls respectively. It may be explained that the Association's year begins on the 1st September and that their system of classifying

adults for the purpose of the levy of their fees is different from that on which the cess is assessed. The reduction was shared by all the recruiting areas. Results were best in Ranchi and the United Provinces. Except in the latter area the number of recruits per garden-sardar fell short of the 1916-17 standard, which itself was lower than that of the previous year. The causes for the less satisfactory results were various, one of the chief being that agricultural conditions were good, so the poorer people were not obliged to emigrate under stress of want. In this connection it is interesting to note that the Chairman and supervisor, in the course of their inspections of local agencies, have drawn attention to the large proportion of the recruits which were related to the garden-sardars, a fact which indicates that the latter had not much success outside of their immediate *clientèle*. Had there been famine or scarcity in any area their operations would have been more widespread. An explanation of the shortage of recruits, which is almost universally put forward by local agents and which is undoubtedly correct, is that garden-sardars were deputed in fewer numbers and too late in the season. As explained in the report for 1916-17, this was due to the uncertainty of the outlook for tea during the opening months of the season. The Food Controller's tea purchase scheme, however, had a most re-assuring effect, and from January onwards garden-sardars were sent down in increasing numbers, with the result that there was a marked recovery in the numbers of labourers and dependants engaged. The greater demand for recruits for war purposes, both combatant and especially non-combatant, also affected results. Speaking generally the good pay offered for military service, the temporary nature of the employment and the prestige which attaches to service under Government are attractive to the emigrant coolie. In some directions, also, recruitment for Assam was directly restricted owing to the needs of the war. In the Ganjam Agency Tract the engagement of labourers and dependants was stopped altogether for three months, in order not to interfere with recruitment for the local Labour Corps. In Saran the emigration of males of the sweeper caste was temporarily forbidden, as efforts were being made to obtain them for Mesopotamia. The embargo was, however, eventually removed since the attempt to induce these people to enlist in a sweeper's corps failed. More serious has been the complete stoppage of the recruitment of Nepalese in the Gorakhpur district for the coal mines of the Assam Railways and Trading Company at Margherita, which used to draw from this area a considerable supply of short-term labour consisting of immigrant Nepalese. Under previous arrangements recruits used to be produced before the local military Recruiting Staff Officer, who selected those suitable for army purposes, the remainder being allowed to proceed to Assam. But at the instance of the Nepal Durbar, who wish to conserve their man-power for purely military purposes, the Government of the United Provinces requested that the recruitment of Nepalese should be discontinued, and this has been done. The Board and the tea industry recognise that recruitment for war purposes has the paramount claim, and are always ready to assist in the promotion of all reasonable measures which Government may consider to be necessary in order to secure recruits for the army or subsidiary war services in the field. All that is asked is that measures should not be adopted which would injure recruitment for Assam, without conferring a corresponding benefit on recruitment for war purposes. Apart from the demands of the Army Department, the growth of local industries in the recruiting districts as the result of the war constitutes an additional drain on the available supply of labour. Chota Nagpur and the Feudatory States of Bihar and Orissa are the main recruiting grounds for Assam. In this area there is the promise of great industrial development. Large industries, such as the Tata Iron and Steel Works at Sakchi, already employ great numbers of unskilled labourers at high rates of pay. In the Tata Works alone it is stated that 10,000 coolies are employed, and the Board understand that many new applications are being made for mining and other concessions. There are also numerous small industrial concerns which employ unskilled labour. These sources of employment, paying good wages and close to the homes of the coolies, cannot but prove a powerful counter-attraction to comparatively distant Assam, and contribute to some extent to the ill-success of the garden-sardar. At Chaibassa, for the last two or three years, several estates secured a connection by employing short-term labour, which

was going forward fairly freely. This short term emigration has now, however, unfortunately ceased, but the Board hope that the cessation is temporary only, and that it will be possible before long to revive this type of emigration, which provides a useful means by which gardens, and especially new gardens, can establish a recruiting connection. The Tea Districts Labour Supply Association have arranged that their local agents should send reminders to managers a few weeks before short-term coolies are due to return to their home districts, since it is absolutely essential for the success of the short-term system that managers should insist upon coolies, whose period on the garden has expired, returning to their homes, whether they wish to remain or not. This is necessary in order to give confidence and to show the village people that promises are kept. Such emigrants can after a short stay in their villages be returned to the garden to settle there permanently if they wish to do so. Managers who omit to insist upon the return of short-term labour not only damage their own recruiting, but injure that also of all other estates wishing to employ this class of labour.

15. The acting Chairman, after personal consultation with the Agents to the Governor in Vizagapatam and Godavery, addressed these officers in connection with the extension of recruiting facilities in the Agency Tracts of those

districts. In the case of the Vizagapatam Tract the Agent was unable to support the proposals, except as regards the ex-patriation of the families of coolies now in Assam, and he thought that the castes, the recruitment of which in the open area is now permitted, should still further be restricted. The Government of Madras, however, decided to leave matters as they are in the latter respect, but accepted the recommendation of the Agent and acting Chairman as regards the ex-patriation of the families of coolies from the Vizagapatam Tract now in Assam, namely, that a coolie wishing to take his family from the closed area to Assam should be sent down to the local agent, who would then be in a better position to ascertain their whereabouts by personal enquiry from the coolie than the taluk officer, who, under the existing orders, has only the lists, generally erroneous, supplied by the tea garden manager to guide him.

From the portion of the Ganjam Agency Tract recently thrown open some 103 souls were recruited by 153 garden-sardars last season. Only 20 souls were obtained by 16 garden-sardars this season, but, as explained above, recruitment was stopped altogether for three months. On the whole, the results are encouraging and give grounds for the hope that an extension of the area of recruitment would yield a welcome addition to the Assam labour force, as the people are reported to be poor and ready enough to emigrate in order to better themselves. From the experience gained, however, the Board have come to the conclusion that the opening to recruitment of small areas, hedged round with restrictions, while adjacent areas remain closed, leads to much confusion, considerable expenditure and small results. It is exceedingly difficult for managers in Assam and even for the local agent to be certain what villages are within the opened area, as the definition of boundaries is inevitably vague, and this applies with greater force to the garden-sardars themselves, who are apt to stray beyond the prescribed boundaries, thereby tending to the creation of cases of misdescription and illegal recruitment with the active connivance of the recruits themselves, who are anxious to emigrate. Much unnecessary trouble, also, is caused to the local officers of Government dealing with emigration who have to decide whether intending emigrants come from the open or closed area. The Board, therefore, are of opinion that, in the interests of all concerned, it is desirable that, if any extensions of the recruiting area are granted in the future, they should comprise either whole Tracts or a substantial proportion thereof, and that special restrictions should be reduced to a minimum; in fact they think that recruitment should be carried on under ordinary conditions or not at all. Since the close of the year the Chairman has had the advantage of discussing this difficult question with the Government of Madras and with the Agent to the Governor in Ganjam, and the Board hope to be in a position before long to submit proposals as regards the Ganjam Tract, which will, at any rate, ameliorate the difficulties now being experienced in that area.

The rules for the regularisation of recruitment in the Feudatory States of Bihar and Orissa are still under the consideration of the Government of that Province. Their promulgation is expected shortly.

Speaking generally, the present is not a favourable time for pressing for extended facilities for recruitment or for the opening of new local agencies, in view of the strenuous attempts of Government to obtain recruits for the combatant and non-combatant war services.

16. This question, as mentioned in paragraph 14 of the report of last year, has been under the consideration of the Indian Tea Association with a view to the limitation of advances and bonuses paid to garden-sardars. Owing to the disturbed and unusual conditions which are concomitants of the war, the Association have decided that the time

Cost of sardari recruitment

is not opportune for arriving at a definite decision as to the limitations to be imposed. Further consideration of the matter has, therefore, been postponed until normal conditions shall be restored. As a result of the inspections of the Board's officers, however, the Board are satisfied that the advances made to garden-sardars are generally moderate and are insufficient to enable them to lay out money in the purchase of coolies, at any rate to any appreciable extent. The practice of paying *per capita* bonuses through local agents has been stopped, and the utmost vigilance is exercised in order to insure that garden-sardars are not financed direct by the estates. In one respect it has been unfortunately necessary to increase expenditure since the Tea Districts Labour Supply Association, owing to the falling off in recruitment, have been obliged to raise their fees to Rs. 20 per adult, the income of the Association being derived from fees charged on the persons recruited. But the enhancement of the fees is, it is hoped, temporary, and the situation would be eased were all estates to pay more attention to recruitment and to depute garden-sardars earlier in the season and in larger numbers. The payment of a bonus to the immigrant to be taken with him or left with his family has been suggested as a stimulus to recruiting. It is understood that such bonuses have been paid to recruits for Labour Corps and in Ranchi small payments of this description have to be made to intending emigrants, as it is the local custom, the practice being somewhat similar to that obtaining at hiring fairs in Ireland. No one objects to the coolie being granted a bonus, provided that it can be insured that he actually receives it and that it is not filched away from him or his family and applied to improper purposes, and provided, also, that the practice does not tend to bring into existence the professional emigrant who accepts the bonus and turns "unwilling" when in transit, knowing well that it is practically impossible to recover the bonus from him or to secure his conviction in a court of law for cheating.

17. Notwithstanding the activity in recruitment for war purposes, the prospects for the ensuing season in many of the recruiting areas are distinctly good, so

Prospects for the season 1918-19.

far as can be judged at present. In a number of districts the rainfall has been deficient, and an early cessation of the rains seems to be probable. These conditions may result in a partial failure of the crops in portions of the recruiting districts. Garden managers may, therefore, depute garden-sardars freely in the reasonable hope that results will be substantially better than those of last year. There is, however, no reason to apprehend that the results should be worse than in the past season, and, indeed, if concerns send down their garden-sardars in good time, there is every reason to believe that last year's figures will be improved upon. But looking beyond the immediate future, there are indications that it will be necessary for the tea industry to take stock of its position if it is to hold its own in the face of other competing interests. Allusion has already been made to the ever-growing industrial activity in the areas from which Assam draws its labour, which is providing increased employment on liberal rates of pay, close to the home of the emigrant coolie. In view of these developments it will probably be necessary for the tea industry in the near future to consider whether additional inducements in the matter of pay should not be offered. It is true that the outdoor employment on tea estates, the easy conditions as regards leave, etc., the provision of rice fields and the good prospects of eventual settlement on Government land as peasant proprietors tend to attract coolies to and to keep them in Assam. It is true, also, that actual pecuniary inducements have in many cases at present little or no influence on the coolie's decision to emigrate. Many of them pay

little regard to the terms offered and leave their homes either to join their relatives in Assam or simply because they wish to get away for one reason or another. Nevertheless, with the growth of local industries, attended by a rise in the local rate of wages and extended local employment, it is reasonable to suppose that the coolie will, in time, be more and more influenced by financial considerations, and will learn to weigh the relative advantages of employment nearer his home, which will not entail the break up of his household, and emigration to Assam. It is unfortunate that under the Assam system wages are presented to the would-be emigrant in the most unfavourable light. What may be described as the standard wage is admittedly low, and it is difficult to explain to the coolies that this can be earned by a few hours' work, and that the diligent coolie can, if he wishes, earn additional wages which compare favourably with those paid by other industries. Even without raising the standard wage the Board think that an improvement would be effected if each estate were to furnish its garden-sardars with a statement in the vernacular of the recruiting district setting forth the advantages which it has to offer, not only in the matter of regular wages, *ticca*, and bonuses but also as regards housing, medical attendance, leave, sick and pregnant allowances, fuel, the supply of rice at reduced rates when prices are high, the provision of garden plots and rice lands, and facilities for the formation of hamlets of coolies of the same caste. This has often been recommended and the Assam Labour Enquiry Committee laid considerable stress on the advantages of advertisement in paragraph 65 of their report. The suggestion has not, however, been acted upon up to the present, at least to any great extent. The Board have thought it right to put forward the above considerations, in the hope that the tea industry will give the matter thought with a view to timely measures being taken to meet difficulties in recruitment which may arise in the future. With wages and the cost of living rising on all sides the tea industry can scarcely afford to stand still much longer.

IV.—ILLEGAL RECRUITMENT.

18. It is with much pleasure that the Board have to record a great improvement under this head. Only one important case of attempted illegal recruitment was brought to light. It concerned one Banerji, who, with the assistance of one Chakrabarty, a Duars recruiter, engaged to supply coolies to a certain estate in Assam on the *per capita* payment basis. The investigations of the supervisor and inspector disclosed the fact that Banerji had obtained from the manager a letter appointing him local agent of the estate. This letter, of course, had no legal effect. The case was detected in time to prevent the supply of any coolies, though it is believed that some were collected ready for despatch. The manager, when called upon for an explanation, readily admitted his fault and assisted the Board by furnishing all the information at his disposal. The Board, accordingly, dealt with the case by a reprimand which has been published in the proceedings of the local Branch of the Indian Tea Association. A case has been instituted against Banerji and Chakrabarty.

Two other cases of suspected dealings with arkatties are under investigation, one in the Balaghat district and the other at Buxar in the Saran district. In the latter case suspicion has been aroused regarding a gang of coolies who turned unwilling at Goalundo. There are grounds for the belief that they were not *bonâ fide* emigrants and that the garden-sardar obtained them from a well-known arkatti at Buxar. Unfortunately the magistrate at Goalundo released the coolies without referring to the local agent or the Board, so it is difficult to trace them but the supervisor and the inspector have the matter in hand.

Taking it all round, the Board consider that the position as regards illegal recruitment is now satisfactory. Doubtless there are occasionally isolated cases of garden-sardars obtaining coolies from petty arkatties, which are generally detected owing to the vigilance of local agents, but the organised gangs have been broken up and are no longer at work. This happy result is due in a great measure to the loyal support which the Board have received from employers, who as a body refuse to have any dealings with illegal recruiters. It was mentioned in paragraph 15 of last year's report that the Central Provinces Administration had prohibited recruitment by garden-sardars not working under a local

agent. Similar notifications have been published by the other local Governments in the recruiting districts. Thus a definite stop has been put to recruitment by independent garden-sardars, who generally either were themselves arkatties or obtained their recruits through the latter.

19. Garden-sardars are not always free from blame, their most common offence being misdescription at which the emigrants themselves actively connive.

Offences of garden-sardars.

Such cases are reported by the local agent to the magistrate, with the result that the garden-sardar is generally convicted and imprisoned. In comparison with the large number of garden-sardars at work the cases are not numerous.

V.—FINANCIAL.

20. By Department of Commerce and Industry notification No. 1092, dated the 6th April 1918, the rate of cess during the year under review was fixed at

Collection and refund of cess.

Rs. 2 per garden-sardar and labouring emigrant. The cess was punctually collected, collections by local agents being checked locally by the supervisor in the course of his inspections as provided in revised rule 24 (4). The Chairman also checked collection work in some cases. A total sum of Rs. 1,500 was refunded, viz., Rs. 1,128 on 564 garden-sardars and Rs. 372 on 186 emigrants.

21. In appendix C will be found the auditor's report and the audited statement of accounts. In the budget estimate for the year an income of Rs. 2,93,395-9-8

Receipts and expenditure.

was estimated for, comprised of an opening balance of Rs. 1,59,000, which included Rs. 1,25,000 invested (the actual opening balance being Rs. 1,59,414-0-10), a Government grant towards the Chairman's salary of Rs. 14,145-9-8, a sum of Rs. 1,18,000 being the cess on 26,000 garden-sardars and 38,000 emigrants, and Rs. 2,250 as interest on investments. The actual income amounted to Rs. 2,38,499-10-10, including the above opening balance, but excluding receipts due to withdrawals of fixed deposits and realisations from matured Treasury Bills, other than a sum of Rs. 312-8-0 being the interest thereon which is included in the sum of Rs. 25,000 shown as matured on the receipt side of the audited statement of accounts, the decrease being due to lower realisations from cess on garden-sardars and emigrants which fell short of the estimate by Rs. 65,398. The apparent large reduction in the opening balance, as shown in the audited statement of receipts and expenditure, is due to the exclusion of Rs. 75,000 invested in 5½ per cent War Bonds and Rs. 50,000 placed in fixed deposit with the Bank of Bengal. It may be explained that the audited statement of accounts is prepared from the cash-book and, therefore, differs from the budget estimate, which includes in the opening balance sums invested and on fixed deposit at the close of the previous year, but excludes fixed deposits and purchase of Treasury Bills which are made and which mature during the course of the year. The expenditure, excluding sums invested, amounted to Rs. 72,334-12-5 against an estimate of Rs. 1,21,116-7-9, the reduction being due chiefly to the fact that the staff of supervisors was reduced to one. There were also economies under almost all other heads. The closing balance amounted to Rs. 1,61,164-14-5, as compared with the budget estimate of Rs. 1,72,279-1-11. The closing balance was comprised as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Cash balance	11,477	6	5
Fixed deposit with Bank of Bengal	50,000	0	0
5½ per cent. War Bonds	75,000	0	0
Three months' Treasury Bills	24,687	8	0
TOTAL	1,61,164	14	5

The adjustment of the shares of the Chairman's salary from the 20th November 1917 to the 30th April 1918, between the Ministry of Food, the Government of India and the Board will bring in a further sum of Rs. 4,830-7-0 to the Board.

22. The budget estimate for 1918-19, as passed at the meeting of the Board held in March 1918, provides for an income of Rs. 2,49,134-3-6 made up as follows :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Opening balance	1,64,454	0	0
Cess at Rs. 2 on garden-sardars and emigrants	64,000	0	0
Government of India's contribution (which will now be reduced as the result of the redistribution of the contributions towards the Chairman's salary)	15,679	3	6
Interest on investments	5,001	0	0

An expenditure of Rs. 90,926-3-0 has been budgetted for, leaving an estimated closing balance of Rs. 1,58,208-0-6.

VI.—MISCELLANEOUS.

23. Doubt having arisen as to whether the currency of the certificates granted to garden-sardars is governed by the endorsement signed by the countersigning officer to the effect that the certificate ceases to be in force on the expiry of twelve months from the date of countersignature, or by the entry made by the employer in column 12, specifying the period within which the garden-sardar is required to return to the garden, the question was referred to the Assam Administration, who ruled that the period is governed by the endorsement and that all certificates are, therefore, in force *proprio vigore* for one year from the date of countersignature, the entry in column 12 by the employer being merely an instruction. In order to make this quite clear a revised certificate and endorsement have been prescribed by the Chief Commissioner. The matter is of importance since courts, as a rule, were under the impression that the currency of the certificate depended upon the entry in column 12, with the result that garden-sardars bringing in recruits after the expiry of the period specified in that column were often prosecuted and in some cases sentenced to substantial terms of imprisonment. Countersigning officers in Assam used frequently, also, erroneously to correct the endorsement so as to bring the period into conformity with that specified in column 12. Garden-sardars are generally ignorant people with a very hazy idea as to dates, and when they visit their villages are rather apt to take their own time in returning. If they bring in coolies after their certificates have expired a technical offence has undoubtedly been committed, but as long as the recruits are produced before the local agent for registration no actual harm is done to any one, so the Board are of opinion that sentences of imprisonment in such cases are to be deprecated as an unduly harsh punishment.

A minor matter in connection with these certificates, which often occasions trouble and delay, is the fact that technical mistakes are not infrequently made by employers in filling them up, and this is especially the case when a local agency comprises more districts than one. In strict law the certificates must be returned to the labour district for amendment, and countersigning officers often require the re-appearance before them of the garden-sardar when attesting the correction. This entails considerable expense and delay as well as harassment to the garden-sardar. The Tea Districts Labour Supply Association accordingly suggested that magistrates in the recruiting districts might be authorised, as an executive measure, to make the necessary corrections. The Board recommended this suggestion to local Governments in the recruiting districts and favourable replies have been received from the Governments of Madras, Bengal, the United Provinces, and the Central Provinces. The Government of Bihar and Orissa were unable to agree to the proposal on the technical grounds already mentioned, but have suggested that the necessary corrections can be made by the countersigning officer in Assam under section 60 of the Act without requiring the re-appearance of the garden-sardar. A reference has been made to the Assam Administration on this point.

24. Transit arrangements are generally satisfactory. The rest-houses maintained by the forwarding agents were inspected by the Board's staff, who found the arrangements, including those for the supply of food, to be adequate. Several conferences have been held with the administration of the Eastern Bengal Railway, with a view to the improvement of transit facilities on the Amingaon route, and the Board wish to acknowledge the sympathetic consideration given to the subject by the Agent and his staff. The revised arrangements, when completed, will place the transit facilities on this railway on a very satisfactory footing. The route is one which is likely to become increasingly popular owing to the saving of time effected.

25. The Board received the thanks of the Government of India, Army Department, and of the Government of Bihar and Orissa for the assistance rendered by them in raising Labour Corps in Chota Nagpur and the Santal Parganas.

Statement of RECEIPTS and
RECEIPTS.

PARTICULARS.	Budget.	Actuals.	Short	Excess.
	Rs. A P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Opening Balance . . .	1,59,000 0 0	34,414 0 10	1,24,585 15 2	...
1. Cess received from employers on garden-saidas and emigrants.	1,18,000 0 0	52,602 0 0	65,398 0 0	...
2. Contribution from the Government of India on account of Chairman's salary.	14,145 9 8	*14,145 9 8	...	...
3. Interest on Fixed Deposits.—				
Rs. A. P.				
On Rs. 75,000 . 1,312 8 0	2,250 0 0	1,766 4 4	483 11 8	...
On „ 50,000 . 875 0 0				
TOTAL . 2,187 8 0				
Loss interest on Rs. 25,000 Borrowed from Bank 421 3 8				
4. Interest on Rs. 75,000 invested in the 5½ per cent War Bonds.	...	2,062 8 0	...	2,062 8 0
5. Withdrawal of Fixed Deposits —				
Rs. 75,000	...	1,00,000 0 0	...	...
50,000				
1,25,000				
Less amount of loan repaid to the Bank of Bengal . . . 25,000				
6. Three months Treasury Bill matured on 9th June 1918	...	25,000 0 0	...	25,000 0 0
7. Recoveries from the salary of Mr. C E Middleton Stewart towards repayment of motor car advance.	...	1,333 6 0	..	...
8. Miscellaneous recoveries . . .	...	*1,868 7 0	...	1,868 7 0
TOTAL .	2,98,895 9 8	2,38,187 2 10	1,90,467 10 10	28,925 15 0

* Contribution by the Government of India towards the salary of Chairman from 1st March 1917 to 26th February 1918.

† Includes recovery of Rs. 800 advanced to R. W. Davies, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Chairman.

T. H. WORGAN,
Examiner, Outside Accounts.
W. M. KENNEDY, Lt.-Col.,
Chairman, Assam Labour Board.

EXPENDITURE for the year 1917-18.**EXPENDITURE.**

PARTICULARS.	Budget as sanctioned by Government of India.			Re-appropriation.	Budget after re-appropriation.			Actuals.			Savings.			Excess.		
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Salary of Chairman	28,689	7	9	...	...	...	...	28,649	3	4	40	4	5	...	...	...
2. Travelling allowance of Chairman.	4,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	2,070	8	0	1,929	8	0	...	...	...
3. Travelling allowance of Members of Board.	3,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	2,814	7	6	685	8	6	...	...	...
4. Salary of Board's office	4,798	0	0	...	...	...	...	4,013	12	2	784	3	10	...	...	...
5. Travelling allowance of Board's office.	1,600	0	0	...	...	...	...	72	6	0	767	10	0	...	...	...
6. Grain compensation allowance of Board's office.	48	0	0	...	...	...	...	56	14	10	...	...	...	8	14	10
7. Purchase of books, maps and periodicals.	500	0	0	...	...	...	...	40	10	0	459	6	0	...	...	...
8. Stationery and printing	700	0	0	...	...	...	...	685	12	5	14	3	7	...	...	...
9. Forms	700	0	0	...	...	...	...	198	15	0	501	1	0	...	...	...
10. Postage and Telegrams	600	0	0	...	...	...	...	296	11	0	303	5	0	...	...	...
11. Office rent	2,100	0	0	...	...	...	...	2,100	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Telephone charges	350	0	0	...	...	...	...	375	0	0	...	...	...	25	0	0
13. Electric lights and fans	275	0	0	...	...	...	...	91	11	0	183	5	0	...	...	...
14. Board's office contingencies	500	0	0	...	...	...	...	206	14	3	293	1	9	...	...	...
15. Purchase of furniture	200	0	0	...	...	...	...	106	9	0	93	7	0	...	...	...
16. Temporary establishment and job typing.	400	0	0	...	...	...	...	135	11	7	264	4	5	...	...	...
17. Liveries	220	0	0	...	...	...	...	213	9	6	7	6	6	...	...	...
18. Tour charges	400	0	0	...	...	...	...	118	1	3	251	14	9	...	...	...
19. Unforeseen charges	1,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	47	8	0	952	8	0	...	...	...
20. Refund of cash	1,500	0	0	...	...	...	...	1,500	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Board's contribution towards Provident Fund.	500	0	0	...	...	...	...	428	14	0	371	2	0	...	...	...
22. Rewards	500	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	0	0	...	...	...
22(a). Amount kept in the Fixed Deposit.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*50,000	0	0	...	...	...	50,000	0	0
<i>Supervisors.</i>																
23. Salary of supervisors	88,250	0	0	...	...	...	...	†18,425	12	10	19,824	3	2	...	...	...
24. Contribution towards pension and leave allowances.	6,450	0	0	...	...	...	...	‡2,346	2	9	4,103	13	3	...	...	...
25. Travelling allowance of supervisors.	15,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	\$4,871	9	0	10,128	7	0	...	...	...
26. Salary of supervisor's office	1,744	0	0	...	...	...	...	559	7	5	1,184	8	7	...	...	...
27. Grain compensation allowance	72	0	0	...	...	...	...	22	5	4	49	10	8	...	...	...
28. Travelling allowance of supervisor's office	3,900	0	0	...	...	...	...	1,233	10	3	1,766	5	9	...	...	...
29. Contingent expenditure, including stationery and tour-charges.	2,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	291	10	0	1,708	6	0	...	...	...
30. Office rent	1,080	0	0	...	...	...	...	129	0	0	951	0	0	...	...	...
31. Purchase of furniture	200	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	0	0	...	...	...
32. Purchase of books	300	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	300	0	0	...	...	...
33. Liveries	240	0	0	...	...	...	...	43	0	0	197	0	0	...	...	...
TOTAL	1,21,116	7	9	...	...	...	...	1,22,334	12	5	48,415	10	2	50,083	14	10
Add	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(a) 49,375	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Add	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(b) 50,000	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Add	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(c) 11,866	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Add	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	(d) 111	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	1,21,116	7	9	...	...	...	...	2,33,187	2	10	48,815	10	2	50,083	14	10

* Since matured on 25th February 1918 and shown on the receipt side.

† This includes Rs. 558-14-0 salary of the Inspector.

‡ This includes Rs. 64-14-9 contribution towards pension and leave allowances of the Inspector.

§ This includes Rs. 401-7-6 travelling allowance of the Inspector.

(a) Purchase of three Treasury bills, one of which to the value of Rs. 25,000 cost matured on 9th June 1918, and the amount has been shown on the receipt side.

(b) Kept in Fixed deposit.

(c) Cash with Bank on 30th June 1918.

(d) Cash with chairman on 30th June 1918.

W. M. KENNEDY, Lt.-Col.,
Chairman, Assam Labour Board.

ORDERED that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin* and that it be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

* Government of Bengal.
Government of Bihar and Orissa.
Government of the United Provinces.
Government of Madras.
Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.
Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

C. E. LOW,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 21-C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
HOME DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 20th November 1918.

ALLOTMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE APPOINTED IN
1917.

RESOLUTION.

The undermentioned gentlemen, recently appointed in England to the Indian Civil Service, are, under the orders of the Governor-General in Council, allotted to the Provinces shown against their names :—

Mr. Satyendra N. Gupta, Bengal.

Mr. David E. Reuben, Bihar and Orissa.

Mr. Thomas C. S. Jayaratnam, } Central Provinces.
Mr. Pendyala S. Rau, }

Mr. Balkrishna V. Bhadkamkar, Burma.

2. The Governor-General in Council is further pleased to direct that Mr. Satyendra N. Gupta shall, on arrival at Calcutta, report himself to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal. Mr. Reuben should on arrival at Calcutta enquire from the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bengal whether any orders as to his destination await him. In the absence of any such orders, he should at once proceed to Patna (Patna Junction Railway Station) and there report himself to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bihar and Orissa or in his absence to the Commissioner of the Patna Division.

3. Messrs. Bhadkamkar, Jayaratnam and Rau have been granted permission by the Secretary of State for India to pay short visit to their homes in Bombay, Madras and Ceylon respectively before joining their appointments. The present arrangement is that they will proceed, along with the gentlemen posted to Bengal and Bihar and Orissa, by steamer leaving for Calcutta early in December, but may disembark at Colombo, should it be possible. On arrival at Calcutta or Colombo, Mr. Bhadkamkar should, as instructed by the Secretary of State, address the Chief Secretary to the Government of Burma, and Messrs. Jayaratnam and Rau the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, with regard to the date of joining their appointments.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Governments of Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Burma, and the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, for information and guidance. Also that the Resolution be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, and that a copy be forwarded to each of the gentlemen named therein.

J. H. DuBOULAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

**Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on
Thursday, the 21st November 1918, based on the Indian
Daily Weather Reports of the period.**

1. A storm formed in the Bay to the east of Negapatam and travelled first northwards and then northeastwards, but it became less marked as it progressed and at the end of the week was merely a diffuse depression lying over the northern half of the Bay. It was the cause of fairly general rain in the south and east of the Peninsula, and local falls on the Bengal coast and in Burma.

Weather was unsettled in the extreme north of India, but Cherat and Sonamarg were the only stations that reported precipitation.

2. *Burma*.—Rainfall was nearly general on the Arakan coast from the 18th to the 20th. A few falls occurred during the week in Tenasserim and Upper Burma.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Light falls of rain were reported from False Point, Barisal, Chittagong and Cox's Bazar.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—There was no rain.

Northwest India.—Light precipitation occurred at Sonamarg and Cherat.

The Peninsula.—Nearly general rain fell in Madras Southeast on the 14th, 16th and 17th. Local falls occurred during the week on the west coast, in Mysore, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

November 14th.	Victoria Point 0·81", Ratnagiri 0·30", Mysore and Madura each 0·40", Mangalore 1·43", Negapatam 1·18", Coimbatore 0·95", Nellore 0·89" and Ootacamund 1·79".
„ 15th.	Port Blair 0·97" and Mysore 0·42".
„ 16th.	Port Blair 3·14", Table Island 3·33", Trivandrum 0·67", Salem 0·52", Tinnevely 1·92", Negapatam 3·82", Ootacamund 2·65", Cuddalore 3·02" and Madras 3·38".
„ 17th.	Diamond Island 2·52", Pamban 1·97", Negapatam 14·39", Trichinopoly 1·01", Cuddalore 6·42" and Madras 1·61".
„ 18th.	Bassein 1·35", Cuddalore 1·69", Calingapatam 1·72", Vizagapatam 1·20" and Gopalpur 0·50".
„ 19th.	Diamond Island 1·04".
„ 20th.	Akyab 4·39", Cox's Bazar 0·85", Trichinopoly 1·45" and Salem 1·19".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent. or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, the Konkan, Mysore and Madras Southeast; and was 20 per cent. or more in defect in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Baluchistan, Gujarat, Rajputana, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad North, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North. It was normal in Upper Burma, Kashmir and Malabar. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from the 3rd May to date is 20 per cent. or more in defect in Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar and the Madras Deccan. It is 20 per cent. or more in excess in Bengal and Bihar. In the remaining divisions rainfall differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 21st NOVEMBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3rd MAY TO 21st NOVEMBER 1918.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	41	20	+21	117.3	101.0	+16.3	+16	+14
Lower Burma	14	0.7	+0.7	158.9	146.4	+12.5	+1	+7
Upper Burma	0.3	0.3	0	53.0	17.0	+36.0	+13	+13
Assam	0	0.1	0.1	91.7	77.3	+14.4	+19	+19
Bengal	0.1	0.2	-0.1	93.2	74.0	+19.2	+26	+26
Orissa	0	0.4	-0.4	46.2	55.0	-11.8	-20	-20
Chota Nagpur	0	0.1	-0.1	39.7	40.1	-0.4	-19	-19
Bihar	0	0	0	61.0	49.9	+11.1	+22	+22
United Provinces, East	0	0	0	28.4	39.1	-10.7	-27	-27
United Provinces, West	0	0	0	19.1	38.0	-18.9	-50	-50
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	10.2	20.6	-10.4	-50	-50
Punjab, South West	0	0	0	3.1	7.6	-4.5	-55	-55
Kashmir	0.1	0.1	0	1.5	7.8	-6.3	-42	-43
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0	0	2.1	5.3	-3.2	-60	-60
Baluchistan	0	0.1	0.1	0.5	1.4	-0.9	-64	-62
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91
Rajputana, West	0	0.1	-0.1	1.6	10.7	-9.1	-85	-85
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	10.6	22.0	-11.4	-52	-52
Gujarat	0	0.1	-0.1	8.0	23.2	-15.2	-63	-63
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	17.6	29.2	-11.6	-40	-40
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	20.4	41.0	-20.6	-50	-50
Benar	0	0.1	-0.1	16.8	30.9	-14.1	-46	-45
Central Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	30.4	44.6	-14.2	-32	-32
Central Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	48.5	49.6	-1.1	-2	-2
Konkan	0.2	0.1	-0.1	72.3	95.6	-23.3	-24	-25
Bombay Deccan	0	0.1	-0.1	13.4	27.2	-13.8	-51	-51
Hyderabad, North	0	0.1	-0.1	1.1	32.5	-31.4	-41	-41
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	15.3	29.1	-13.8	-37	-37
Mysore	0.4	0.2	+0.2	17.8	26.9	-9.1	-34	-35
Malabar	0.9	0.9	0	67.2	97.6	-30.4	-31	-31
Madras, South-East	5.8	1.7	+4.1	26.7	27.9	-1.2	-4	-20
Madras Deccan	0.1	0.3	-0.2	15.8	23.5	-7.7	-33	-32
Madras Coast, North	0.6	0.3	-0.3	32.8	35.2	-2.4	-7	-6

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 21st November 1918.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
16th November 1918.

Burma.—Rainfall was generally light throughout the province. Harvesting of early rice has commenced in Lower Burma. Plucking of cotton, gathering of groundnuts and cultivation of miscellaneous dry crops continue in Upper Burma. Standing crops are generally good but ripening showers are needed in several districts of Lower Burma. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has risen slightly and is much above normal. The market for white rice is steady at Rs. 407-8 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Manufacture of tea, harvesting of winter rice, plucking of cotton and sowing of mustard and pulses are in progress. Paddy crops are reported to have been damaged by insects in some places. Prospects of tea are fair. Cattle disease is reported from three districts. Price of common rice remains unchanged.

Bengal.—No rain fell during the week. It is urgently wanted for transplanted winter paddy and other standing crops. Sowing of spring crops has been retarded by drought. Prospects of winter paddy are generally unsatisfactory in western and northern districts but are fair only in eastern districts. The average price of common rice has risen by about 1·2 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week. Harvesting of early winter paddy continues. In Chota Nagpur sowing of spring crops is going on but is being retarded in several districts for want of moisture. Great damage has been done to the winter paddy by the prolonged drought. Prospects are bad. Test works have been opened in Angul. The price of common rice has risen in six districts, fallen in seven, and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from eight districts. Paddy has suffered greatly from want of rain in the Feudatory States of Orissa.

United Provinces.—No rain fell during the week. Autumn crops have generally been damaged by drought. Preparation of land for spring crops and poppy and their sowing is going on where practicable. Harvesting of autumn crops and irrigation of sugarcane continue. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced in many districts. Picking of cotton still continues. Condition of standing crops is fair in irrigated tracts but bad elsewhere. Prospects are unfavourable. Very little cattle disease is reported and condition of agricultural stock is generally fair. Fodder is dear and is getting scarce in many districts. Water and market supplies are deficient in a few districts. Prices are almost stationary with a tendency to rise.

Punjab.—The weather was dry. Rain is badly wanted everywhere. Standing autumn crops are generally average on irrigated and poor on unirrigated areas. Picking of cotton and reaping of other crops are in progress, with yield generally normal on irrigated and much below normal on unirrigated areas. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced in a few districts. Sowings of wheat and other spring crops continue and are generally below normal. Germination is fair. Cattle are generally healthy and water is sufficient. Fodder is scarce in some districts. Prices are generally stationary but have risen slightly in some districts and are above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat :—Ambala 6, Lyallpur 6½, Ferozepore, Lahore and Rawalpindi 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is much needed. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan but are restricted in Bannu. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Maize and *chari* are being reaped with outturn average. The price of wheat in Peshawar is 7½ and in Dera Ismail Khan 7¼ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—The week was generally dry and cold. Spring operations are in progress. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are high.

Rajputana.—The week was rainless. Harvesting of crops in irrigated areas is proceeding in certain places but the crops in unirrigated areas are withering. Prospects are poor. Sowings of spring crops are restricted. The condition of cattle is generally fair but they are weak in a few places owing to scarcity of fodder. Cattle disease prevails in certain places. Water is sufficient. Prices are high but falling slightly in some places.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. Sowing of spring crops is almost finished in Indore and Southern States and is in progress elsewhere except Gwalior where it is not progressing in several districts owing to influenza. Autumn crops are being harvested and cotton is being picked. Standing crops have withered in Bundelkhand, are bad in Gwalior and Baghelkhand, suffering for want of rain in Bhopal and fair elsewhere. Probable outturn is almost nil in Bundelkhand except Panna and Bijawar, far below average in Baghelkhand, below average in Dhar, Manipur, Jhabua and Bhopal except Bhopal itself and Kurwai where they are ten to twelve annas, eight to twelve annas in Malwa, Prant and some districts of Gwalior and Prant and fair in Indore, Malwa and Southern States. Crops have mostly failed in the Northern districts of Gwalior, have been damaged in Bundelkhand and parts of Bhopal, Malwa and Southern States and seriously damaged in Baghelkhand for want of rain. Agricultural stock is good in Indore, bad in Gwalior and fair elsewhere. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Malwa and parts of Southern States. Prices are high.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been clear and cool with occasional clouds. The prolonged drought continues. Harvesting of autumn crops and picking of cotton are proceeding. Sowing of spring crops is almost completed but germination is reported to be defective in the lighter soils and the seedlings are withering for want of moisture in the seed bed in several districts. Rain is urgently required all over the province for the spring crops. The supply of fodder and water is inadequate in parts of Hoshangabad, Betul, Chhindwara and Berar Districts. Influenza still prevails in eight districts. Relief works in Sironcha continue. Weavers of Nagpur are in straitened circumstances owing to high prices of raw material and small demand and measures are being taken to alleviate the distress. Price of gram fell and that of rice and wheat rose in Damoh and Yeotmal respectively. Gram in Drug and rice in Raipur and Akola became dearer by 1 to 1½ seers per rupee. Other variations are irregular and unimportant.

Bombay.—Beneficial rain fell in parts of Konkan, Karnatak, Kolhapur and Savantvadi and very slight in the Deccan and Kathiawar. Autumn crops are withering in many places. Autumn harvesting generally continues. Spring sowing is nearly over. Cotton picking continues in Nawabshah, Thar and Parkar, Hyderabad, Khandesh, Sholapur and Dharwar. Fodder supply is generally deficient but pasture has been improved in some places by recent rain. Famine Fodder Controller has been appointed and fodder is being supplied to all affected districts from stocks. Fodder is also being taken over by Government in grass areas and movement of fodder is being controlled. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan, Kolhapur and Kathiawar. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Poona, Sholapur and Karnatak. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady.

Hyderabad.—Slight showers fell in parts, the average being eight cents. Harvesting of autumn crops continues. Crops have suffered. Early rice suffered in parts and is being harvested. Spring crops are fair to good. They have been damaged by insects in parts. Nalgonda taluk generally needs rain. Sowings have nearly been completed. Cattle are healthy. Fodder scarcity prevails in many places. Prices of grains are abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at 2½ seers per rupee in the Bir district.

Mysore.—The week was slightly wet. Standing crops are improving but more rain is wanted. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—Slight rain fell during the week. Rice is in fair condition, ears are forming. Reaping of dry crops has been completed. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was very heavy in Nellore and Madras, heavy in Cuddapah, Chingleput, Chittoor, Coimbatore and in the Hills, nil in Ganjam, light in Vizagapatam, Banganapalle and good or fair elsewhere. Standing crops are generally fair but are withering in parts for want of rain. Harvesting of paddy and dry crops is limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in two and parts of thirteen other districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in parts for want of rain. The condition of cattle is generally good. Water is insufficient except in Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Tanjore, Malabar and the Hills. Pasture is sufficient except in one district and parts of five others. Fodder is sufficient except in four and parts of seven other districts. Prices are showing a slight tendency to fall. Prospects are improving in majority of districts.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE

Delhi, the 22nd November 1918

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 9th November 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency, or Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures	Plague deaths
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Bombay City	1	1
		Broach Port	1	..
		Broach District	7	7
		Surat District	1	..
		Tilana District	1	11
	Central	West Khandesh District	9	6
		Satara District	67	60
		Nasik District	4	3
		Poona Town	5	2
		Poona District	18	39
	Southern	Bilgaum District	165	232*
	Political Charges	Manghol Port	4	3
		Nathawar Agency	27	28
		Kolhapur and Southern Marhatta Country States	10	134
	TOTAL		693	516
MALABAR PRESIDENCY		Anantapur District	1	..
		Lullary District	70	18
		Coimbatore District	10	5
		Kurnool District	11	20
		Nalgonda District	2	2
		Salem District	2	..
	TOTAL		134	78
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna District	3	3
	Tirhut	Saran District	11	7
		Champaran District	8	3
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	8	6
	TOTAL		33	19

* For two weeks.

In the return for the week ending 2nd November 1918 the following additions should be made —

Bombay Presidency	{	Dharwar District	add 681 cases 548 deaths
and Sind	{	Cambar State	" 6 " 2 "
Bihar and Orissa	{	Savnur State	" 158 " 122 "
	{	Patna District	" 2 " 2 "

62

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Benares	Mirzapur District	12	8
		Ghazipur District	9	8
		Ballia District	7	7
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	25	21
		Basti District	22	20
		Azamgarh District	10	5
	Fyzabad	Partabgarh District	8	8
		TOTAL	102	77
	Jullundur	Kangra District	1	...
	Rawalpindi.	Rawalpindi District	7	1
PUNJAB		TOTAL	8	1
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	3	4
		Tharrawaddy District	2	1
		Prome District	12	12
	Irrawaddy.	Bassein Town	1	1
		Henzada District	1	1
		Maubin District	2	2
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	14	11
	Sagaing.	Shwabo District	3	1
		Sagaing District	5	3
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	3	2
	Native States	Northern Shan States	2	1
		Southern Shan States	21	21
		TOTAL	72	63
CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	37	37
		Jubbulpore District	3	2
		Seoni District	10	5
	Nerbudda	Betul District	5	5
		TOTAL	55	49
MYSORE STATE.		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	36	37
		Bangalore City	2	3
		Mysore District	1	1
		Kadur District	3	3
		Shimoga District	5	4
		Tumkur District	11	9
		Kolar District	9	6
		TOTAL	67	63

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE		Nandor District	3	...
		Gulburgah District	129	120
		Raichur District	19	22
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	13	8
		Secunderabad	4	1
		Atmakuladah Sanikhlas District	1	
			TOTAL	169*	151*
RAJPUT- LANDA		Ajmer District	1	.
			TOTAL	1
		GRAND TOTAL	1,339	1,017

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths occurred during the week ending 9th November 1918 were 16 and 4, respectively.

In the return for the week ending 2nd November 1918 add Gwalior State 66 cases and 61 deaths. There were 1,017 deaths ascribed to plague during the week under report as compared with 11,335 in the corresponding week of 1917. The all-India reported plague mortality during the weeks ending the 2nd and 9th of November is very much lower than the total for the corresponding weeks of any of the previous twenty years. The mean incidence of plague mortality for the month of November during this twenty-year period amounts to 27,181. The incidence of the disease in all parts of the country excepting Burma is well below the mean. The plague epidemic of 1918-19 promises to be the mildest experienced since the disease obtained a hold of India twenty years ago.

SIRIA :	}	I. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
The 22nd November 1918		Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India

II. SHARP,
Offg Secretary to the Government of India.

**Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.**

3184	SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 14, 1918.	3185	SUPPLEMENT TO THE GAZETTE OF INDIA, NOVEMBER 25, 1918.
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N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

Single, the 21st November 1918

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, by the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, Delhi.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 48.} DELHI, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 29th November 1918.

No. 6785-M.—In Military Secretary Viceroy's Notification, No. 6750-M., dated the 27th November 1918, published in *Gazette of India* Extraordinary dated the 27th November 1918, page 420—following should be substituted for Rule VIII (a) under Dress—Civil and Military officers—Levee Dress—Service Dress may be worn by those Military officers not in possession of Levee Dress. (Helmets will not be taken to the Levee.)

By command,

R. VERNEY, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 28th November, 1918

No. 60.—Mr E. H. Brandon, a Superintendent in the Legislative Department, Government of India, is granted privilege leave under the provisions of Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for 22 days, with effect from the 2nd December, 1918.

No. 61.—Mr. D. D. Baird, Secretariat Assistant, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent in the Legislative Department, Government of India, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. E. H. Brandon.

The 29th November, 1918.

No. 62.—With reference to Legislative Department Notification No. 51, dated the 18th October, 1918, Mr. Satish Chandra Gupta, Bar-at-Law, Legal Assistant, Legislative Department, Government of India, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one week.

No. 63.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Sir Edward Douglas MacLagan, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

No. 64.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. F. S. A. Slocock, C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Indian Legislative Council.

H. M. SMITH,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 25th November 1918.

No. 125-C.—The following is substituted for the Home Department Notification no. 1364, dated the 5th November 1918.—

A vacancy having occurred in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General in India by the resignation of the Honourable Sir William Stevenson Meyer, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., His Majesty the King-Emperor of India has been graciously pleased to appoint Sir James Scorgie Meston, K.C.S.I., to be an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India.

The Honourable Sir James Scorgie Meston took upon himself the execution of his office on the 2nd November 1918.

The 28th November 1918

No. 175-C.—The services of Lieutenant W. R. Buchanan-Riddell, 1-9th Battalion, The Hampshire Regiment, are replaced at the disposal of the Army Department with effect from the 16th October 1918.

No. 177-C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments on His Excellency's personal staff.—

Lieutenant G. Eyre Wilson, I.S.O., I.A.R.O., to be Assistant Private Secretary with effect from the 16th to the 31st October 1918, inclusive

Mr. D. G. Mackenzie, I.C.S., to be Assistant Private Secretary with effect from the 1st November 1918

The 29th November 1918

No. 200-C.—Rai Abinias Chandra Koar Bahadur, I.S.O., a Superintendent in the Home Department, is granted privilege leave for 22 days with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. 201-C.—In consequence of the grant of privilege leave for 22 days to Rai Abinas Chandra Koar Bahadur, I.S.O., with effect from the 2nd December 1918, the following promotions, with effect from the same date, are notified :—

Mr. H. C. Marsden to officiate as Superintendent, 1st grade.

Mr. Ramnimoohan Ganguly to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. W. D'Almeida to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

JUDICIAL.

The 26th November 1918.

No. 132-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Lower Burma Courts Act, 1900 (VI of 1900), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr Justice C. P. R. Young, Barrister-at-Law, at present officiating as a Judge of the Chief Court, Lower Burma, to continue to officiate as such, during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Maung Kin, Barrister-at-Law, or until further orders

MEDICAL.

The 29th November 1918

No. 202-C.—The services of Major A. F. Hamilton, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his military duties

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EDUCATION.

Delhi, the 29th November 1918.

No. 3-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII, of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate the Revd. A. B. Johnstone, M.A., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University.

SANITARY.

The 23rd November 1918.

No. 3-C.—Major W. D. H. Stevenson, C.I.E., M.D., I.M.S., Additional Assistant Director General, Indian Medical Service, is appointed to be Assistant Director General, Indian Medical Service (Sanitary), with effect from the 14th November 1918.

H. SHARP,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 25th November 1918.

No. 3696-I. B.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department No. 1983-I. B., dated the 3rd July 1918, appointing the First Assistant to the Resident at Hyderabad to be Registrar of Births and Deaths for the whole of the Hyderabad State, excluding the Cantonment of Secunderabad, be cancelled.

Delhi, the 26th November 1918.

No. 3044-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. J. Windham, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent, Kotah and Jhalawar, with effect from the 7th November 1918.

No. 3047-Est. A.—Mr. J. R. Makeig-Jones, temporarily officiating in the Political Department, is placed on special duty as Assistant to the Revenue Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, with effect from the 14th November 1918.

No. 3059-Est. A.—Major R. J. W. Heale, O.B.E., of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Political Agent, Kurram, with effect from the 11th November 1918.

No. 3060-Est. A.—Major G. F. W. Anson, of the Political Department, is posted as Assistant Commissioner and Sub-Divisional Officer, Thal Sub-Division, with effect from the 13th November 1918.

No. 3062-Est. B.—Captain A. F. Logan, M.C., officiating Inspecting Officer, Imperial Service Camel Corps, is appointed officiating Inspecting Officer, Hyderabad and Mysore Imperial Service Cavalry, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 3064-Est. B.—Major H. Dening, officiating Inspecting Officer, Hyderabad and Mysore Imperial Service Cavalry and Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, Imperial Service Troops, is appointed officiating Inspecting Officer, Imperial Service Camel Corps, in addition to his duties as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, Imperial Service Troops, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

The 28th November 1918.

No. 3077-Est. A.—Mr. D. deS. Bray, C.I.E., a Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, is appointed to officiate as Foreign Secretary to the Government of India with effect from the 21st November 1918, and during the absence on special duty of the Hon'ble Sir Hamilton Grant, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., or until further orders.

No. 3078-Est. A.—Major W. G. Neale, Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 21st November 1918, and until further orders.

No. 3079-Est. A.—Mr. T. G. B. Waugh, Registrar, Foreign and Political Department Secretariat, is appointed temporarily to officiate in the Political Department of the Government of India, and is posted as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 21st November 1918.

No. 3734-I. B.—In pursuance of Rule 11-EEE of the rules issued with the notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 56, dated the 9th December 1915, as applied to Berar by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 119-D., dated the 14th January 1916, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of the said rule shall apply to Berar.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 28th November 1918.

No. 3072-Est. A.—The undermentioned officers have been placed on special duty under the orders of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the dates noted against each :—

Captain W. T. Fletcher, 1-4th Battalion, Dorsetshire Regiment.	16th January 1918.
Lieutenant B. S. Thomas, 1-4th Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.	6th March 1918.
Captain G. F. Royds, 1-4th Battalion, Dorsetshire Regiment.	6th March 1918.
Lieutenant W. McWhinnie, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.	11th March 1918.
Captain G. T. Fisher, 1-3rd Gurkha Rifles.	21st March 1918.

Captain A. C. Pearson, 9th Battalion, Royal Warwickshire Regiment	26th March 1918.
Lieutenant E. S. Berry, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.	29th March 1918.
Lieutenant W. T. Wrigley, 5th Battalion, Wiltshire Regiment.	9th April 1918.
Lieutenant S. H. Longrigg, 9th Battalion, Royal Warwickshire Regiment.	10th April 1918.
Major H. T. Warburton, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.	21st April 1918.
Lieutenant T. P. Williams, Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.	27th April 1918.
Lieutenant A. J. Mainwaring, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.	20th May 1918.
Lieutenant A. E. A. Dunston, Royal Lancaster Regiment.	4th June 1918.

No. 3074-Est. A.—Lieutenant Colonel H. A. K. Gough, C.I.E., of the Political Department, was employed on special duty in the Foreign and Political Department Secretariat of the Government of India for the period from the 17th to the 26th October 1918, inclusive.

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 25th November 1918.

No. 1473-F. E.—Mr. A. A. L. Parsons, I.C.S., Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, has been promoted substantively to Class I of the General List of the Indian Finance Department, and appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department with effect from the 20th November 1918.

No. 1476-F. E.—Mr. H. Denning, I.C.S., has been appointed Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department with effect from the 20th November 1918.

Delhi, the 26th November 1918.

No. 1479-F. E.—Mr. R. K. Sen, Officiating Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, office of the Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, has been granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 7th November 1918.

In paragraph 2 of Notification No. 1415-F. E., dated the 6th November 1918, published on page 1794 of Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 9th November 1918, relating to Mr. N. K. Majumdar, read "until further orders" for the words "during the absence on leave of Mr. H. K. Bose."

The 28th November 1918.

No. 1484-F. E.—The leave granted to Mr. R. Srinivasa Ayyar, Deputy Accountant General, Punjab, in Notification No. 1068-F. E., dated the 21st August 1918, published on page 1314 of Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 24th August 1918, was extended by one month and 3 days, *viz.*, privilege leave for seventeen days and in continuation furlough for the remaining period.

No. 1485-F. E.—The privilege leave for three weeks from the 21st October 1918 granted to Mr. C. V. Srinivasa Rao, Assistant Comptroller, India Treasuries, in Notification No. 1444-F. E., dated the 13th November 1918, published on page 1821 of Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 16th November 1918, has been extended by three weeks.

No. 1486-F. E.—Mr. A. Rajagopala Ayyar has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Madras, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNT.

The 29th November 1918.

No. 3122-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

October 1918.

Lakhs of Rupees.

	OCTOBER		TO END OF OCT.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1918-1919.	1917-1918	1918-1919	1917-1918	Budget, 1918-1919.	Actuals, Preliminary 1917-1918.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	33	48	15 20	14 03	37 08	35 24
Opium	25	30	1 80	1 90	4 79	3 50
Salt	13	1 16	3 52	4 91	5 24	8 25
Stamps	51	53	5 06	4 96	8 91	8 40
Excise	1 16	1 22	9 62	8 37	15 97	15 20
Provincial Rates	1		3	2	4	4
Customs	1 56	1 50	10 01	8 73	16 22	16 50
Income Tax	71	84	4 56	4 25	9 21	9 15
Forest	24	21	1 77	1 53	4 03	3 89
Registration	4	5	48	49	81	79
Tributes from Native States	1	4	21	25	92	72
Other Civil Revenue	36	72	3 07	3 50	5 85	7 05
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	5 96	7 05	57 93	52 94	1 09 07	1 08 79
Major Irrigation Revenue	3		2 29	2 33	4 63	4 35
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	3	4	35	24	82	69
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	6 02	7 09	60 57	55 61	1 14 52	1 13 83
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—41	—56	—5 64	—3 90	—10 58	—9 10
Opium	—3	—4	—1 54	—1 57	—1 88	—1 65
Famine Relief (Civil)					—4	—1
Other Civil Expenditure	—1 08	—3 67	—30 86	—27 60	—54 46	—48 26
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS	—4 52	—4 47	—38 04	—33 07	—66 98	—59 02
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—13	—14	—1 07	—1 09	—2 50	—1 87
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—38	—46	—2 83	—2 80	—7 93	—6 00
Famine Relief (Public Works)	—1	—2	—22	—28	—59	—51
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—7	—9	—06	—63	—1 39	—1 07
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—5 11	—5 17	—12 79	—37 87	—79 09	—68 47
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—2	—3	—18	—35	—68	—57
Delhi Capital Expenditure	—2	—2	—27	—15	—38	—36
TOTAL PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	—4	—5	—45	—50	—1 06	—93
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure and Debt and Remittance transactions						
Posts and Telegraph (Net)	—18	—1 35	—4 98	—9 13	—6 12	—12 47
Marine (Net)	—54	—1 03	—5 26	—7 22	—9 51	—11 25
Military Works (Net)	—67	—32	—3 81	—3 54	—3 19	—5 96
Military Receipts	+ 69	+ 30	+ 4 82	+ 2 05	+ 3 46	+ 5 19
Military Issues	—13 49	—9 16	—91 53	—55 14	—1 21 11	—1 10 28
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway	+ 86	+ 72	+ 9 03	+ 5 10	+ 9 40	+ 68 01
Other Railways	+ 4 72	+ 4 41	+ 35 35	+ 32 89	+ 60 04	+ 60 02
TOTAL	+ 5 58	+ 5 13	+ 44 38	+ 37 99	+ 69 44	+ 68 02
Railway Issues						
East Indian Railway	—50	—50	—3 39	—3 16	—5 80	—39 20
Other Railways	—3 11	—2 73	—22 37	—20 57	—34 55	—39 20
TOTAL	—3 61	—3 23	—25 76	—23 73	—40 35	—39 20
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	—12 22	—5 56	—82 14	—59 02	—1 07 68	—1 05 35
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net + Receipts more, — receipts less than payments)						
Second War Loan	...	+ 1 45	—11	+ 46 09	+ 29 43	+ 43 15
Temporary Loan	+ 51		+ 52 73			
Cash certificates	—1 49	+ 7 75	—9 29	+ 7 25	—4 00	+ 46 97
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+ 10		—24			
American Credits	—2	+ 19	+ 1 33	+ 21		+ 11
Treasury Credits	+ 4 07		+ 17 89		+ 4 00	—3 80
Transfers through Currency	—3		+ 16			
Currency Transfers against silver			+ 3 00		+ 24 52	
Deposits of District Funds	+ 1 21	+ 1 21	+ 11 13	+ 11 92	+ 19 42	+ 18 67
Loans by Governments	—25	—12	+ 36	—38	+ 8	—4
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 5 per £	—29	—1	+ 13	+ 21	+ 11	+ 70
Other Debt Heads	—2 59	—3 95	—11 81	—20 82	—2 90	—37 80
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	—39	—90	—6 58	—7 06	—8 67	+ 7 48
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	+ 63	+ 5 58	+ 58 75	+ 37 42	+ 66 04	+ 60 97
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	—10 73	—2 16	—6 08	—4 86	—6 37	+ 5
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	27 65	20 74	23 99	22 94	24 78	22 94
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	16 93	18 58	16 93	18 58	18 41	22 99

H. F. HOWARD, C

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.**CUSTOMS—WAR.***Delhi, the 30th November 1918.*

No. 251-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended :—

Delete the entry :—

(A) Plates, tin and receptacles made from tin plates.

No. 257-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in this Department Notification No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended :—

In the preamble—

Delete the words “ Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Holland, Switzerland, Greece.”

Insert the following—

(a) after the words “ British India,” the words “ of coffee and tea to the United Kingdom, and ”

(b) after the word “ Mokalla,” the words “ and to all destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas other than France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, and Portugal.”

From the Schedule—

Delete the following—

(a) the entry “ (iv) Goods marked (D) to all destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas other than France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, and Portugal ; ”

(b) all goods marked (D) with footnotes thereto.

GENERAL.
The 30th November 1918.

No. 13166.—Mr. D. O’Sullivan, Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

Mr. P. Wood-Collins, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade, *vice* Mr. O’Sullivan.

GEOLOGY AND MINES ESTABLISHMENT.
The 30th November 1918.

No. 13096.—In supersession of this Department’s Notification No. 12096 (Geology and Mines Establishment), dated the 2nd November 1918, the services of Dr. L. L. Fermor, D.Sc., A.R.S.M., F.G.S., Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, were placed at the disposal of the Indian Munitions Board for a period of 10 days with effect from the 29th October 1918.

POST OFFICE.
The 30th November 1918.

No. 13162.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 6975-137, dated the 16th September 1909, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In clause (g) of rule 53 of the said rules, after the words “ In Telegraphic Money Orders ” the following words shall be inserted, namely :—

“ the amount expressed in both figures and words.”

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Delhi, the 29th November 1918.***PART A.****PROMOTIONS.**

No. 2754.—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary ranks specified, while holding the undermentioned appointments:—

To be temporary Lieutenant-Colonel.

Deputy Director.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) W. P. Robinson, D.S.O., Army Service Corps. Dated 1st September 1918.

To be temporary Majors

Deputy Assistant Directors.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. H. B. Mowels, Army Ordnance Department. Dated 29th June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. A. Mills, Army Ordnance Department. Dated 8th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. C. Hopkins, Army Ordnance Department. Dated 28th June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. G. Dallimore, Army Ordnance Department. Dated 1st July 1918.

Captain W. H. Thomas, Army Veterinary Corps. Dated 25th February 1918.

Captain F. B. Hayes, Army Veterinary Corps. Dated 25th February 1918.

Captain H. D. Lewis, Army Veterinary Corps. Dated 25th February 1918.

Captain H. D. Stewart, Army Veterinary Corps. Dated 25th February 1918.

Captain G. V. Golding, Army Veterinary Corps. Dated 25th February 1918.

Captain G. A. Kelly, Army Veterinary Corps. Dated 25th February 1918.

Captain T. J. Davis, Army Veterinary Corps. Dated 2nd November 1918.

Captain B. N. Dawson, Army Service Corps. Dated 15th August 1918.

Captain R. C. N. Palairot, The Devonshire Regiment. Dated 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant H. L. Stevens, Army Service Corps. Dated 1st September 1918.

To be temporary Captains.

Deputy Assistant Directors.

Lieutenant A. E. Oldbury, Army Ordnance Department. Dated 29th June 1918.

Lieutenant H. Deighton, Army Ordnance Department. Dated 2nd July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. J. Robinson, Army Ordnance Department. Dated 6th July 1918.

No. 2755.—Captain G. E. M. Skinner, The King's (Liverpool) Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 2nd grade. Dated 15th October 1918.

No. 2756.—Second Lieutenant H. Newman, The Hampshire Regiment, attached The South Wales Borderers (Brecknockshire Battalion), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as Adjutant of an Officers' School of Instruction. Dated 12th October 1918.

No. 2757.—Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. J. Carter, The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry), attached The Queen's (Royal West Surrey Regiment), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Platoon Commander at an Officers' School of Instruction. Dated 12th October 1918.

No. 2758.—Second Lieutenant H. C. Anderson, Royal Engineers (T. C.), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Lieutenant under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1118 of 1918. Dated 24th September 1918.

No. 2759.—The undermentioned General Officer, who was promoted to his present rank supernumerary to establishment, is absorbed into the establishment of Major-Generals for the Indian Army in an existing vacancy, under the provisions of paragraph 319-D, Army Regulations, India, Volume II.

Major-General L. C. Dunsterville, C.B., Indian Army. Dated 15th June 1918.

No. 2760.—In Army Department Notification No. 1604, dated the 19th July 1918, for 15th June 1918 in the case of the absorption of Major General (temporary Lieutenant-General) Sir A. S. Cobbe, V.C., K.C.B., D.S.O., Indian Army, *substitute* 30th April 1918.

No. 2761.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Colonels.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry King MacGeorge, C.B., Indian Army. Dated 22nd April 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Colonel) Francis William Hallows, C.I.E., Indian Army. Dated 3rd May 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Alexander Robert Hutchinson, D.S.O., Indian Army. Dated 31st August 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Major-General) Herbert Fothergill Cooke, D.S.O., Indian Army. Dated 5th September 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Francis Frederick Badcock, D.S.O., Indian Army. Dated 20th October 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Robert Edward Vaughan, C.B., Indian Army. Dated 23rd October 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry William Richard Senior, Indian Army. Dated 1st December 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Ernest Joseph Macfarlane Wood, D.S.O., Indian Army. Dated 3rd December 1917.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Halhed Brodrick Birdwood, Indian Army. Dated 6th April 1918.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Albert William Andrew, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 11th May 1918.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Alfred Coryton McCrea, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 21st May 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2762.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Robert Thomas Christopher Calvert, 120th Rajputana Infantry. Dated 13th July 1918.

William John Keen, C.I.E., Supernumerary List. Dated 19th November 1918.

Edward Gardiole Delacour de Labilliere, Military Accounts Department. Dated 23rd November 1918.

Captains to be Majors.

Arthur Edward Berry Byreh, Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 14th November 1918.

Colvin Frederic Montagu Birch, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment). } Dated 15th November 1918.

Henry Thomas Langford Hinde, 99th Deccan Infantry. }

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Leslie Faithfull Mercer, 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 15th August 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants

Hector Wagstaffe, attached 50th Kumaon Rifles. Dated 9th March 1918.

Frederick Gordon Sherriff Thomas, attached 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 12th July 1918.

Kenneth William Ross Rae, attached 108th Infantry. Dated 12th September 1918.

Robert Cecil Anderson, attached 98th Infantry. Dated 19th September 1918.

Brian Richard Godley, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry. }

James Leonard Ries, attached 88th Dogras. }

John Joseph Healy, attached 27th Punjabis. }

Charles Vincent Ralph Blackwood, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. }

Norman Standish, attached 37th Dogras. }

John Eric Cummins, attached 93rd Burma Infantry. }

Dated 27th October 1918

Honatio Nelson Kerr, attached 16th Cavalry.	} Dated 17th November 1918.
Edwin Arthur Mee, attached 8th Cavalry.	
Arthur Reginald Chapman, attached 3rd Skinner's Horse.	
Thomas Walker Doyce, attached 111th Mahars.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Walter Notley, M.C., attached 107th Pioneers.	} Dated 26th November 1918.
Ewart Washington Trotman, attached 104th Welleley's Rifles.	

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

Dated 1st November 1918.

George Edward Thornton.
 Alfred James Riggs.
 Benjamin Burgess.
 Francis Beatty Miller.
 Henry John Cotton.
 William Austin Hatton.
 Charles William Taylor.
 Eric Chilton Corbould.
 Roy Fraser.
 James Macmillan.
 Andrew McNab.
 Francis John Deane.
 William Harold Price.
 George William Poole.
 Stanley Ellis.
 Hedley John Bicker.
 Leslie Oswald Hillier.
 Clarence Hanley Jenkins.
 Anthony Charles Roberts.
 Thomas John Michael.
 Edward George Mills.
 Arthur Vincent Daughier.
 James Newman.
 Leslie Charles Upchurch.
 Louis Harold Carter.
 John Henry Allan Martin.
 Frederick John Gigg.
 Thomas Ralph Bassett.
 William John Davies.
 Alfred Charles Seeley.
 Robert Lees Nicholson.
 George Elliott Pinkerton.
 Norman Augustus Donnell.
 Daniel Thomas Taverner.

Dated 5th November 1918.

Howard George Rice.
 Frank Bertram Hargreaves.
 Sidney John Haynes.
 Cyril Herbert Hampton.
 Leonard Frederick Rood.
 Walter Henry Rowe.
 Alfred John Wonnacott.
 Arnold Ewart Barraclough.
 Gordon Lewis Biddlecombe.
 Ronald Arthur Ford.
 Geoffrey Herbert Hasnip.
 Thomas Austen Rayner.
 William Arthur Boyce.
 Arthur Horace Sergeant.
 Frank Robert Handy.
 Sidney Fulk Weale Matthews.
 William Eric Merrill.
 Clarence William Stark.
 Arthur William Hoare.
 Robert Stanley Read.
 Joseph White Sutherland.
 Thomas Henry Dew.
 Alfred Robert Kent.

Edward Dixon Burns Legg.
 Arthur Percival Mockridge.
 John Nelson Smart.
 Henry Bolton Sparkes.
 Cyril Wood.
 Lionel William Fullerton.
 Alfred Leslie Julian.
 John Edwin Liniker.
 Robert Ivor Jones.
 Arthur Barr.
 Charles John Cude.
 Henry Gilbert Hunt.
 Frank Strange.
 Robbie Winter Brooks.
 Albert Edward Fournier.
 Clifford Roberts Muston.
 William Robert Francis O'Connell.
 Cecil Henry Wyatt.
 Reginald William Wyatt.
 Reginald Arthur Collett.
 Ernest Adolphus Bellamy.
 John Phillip Blackmore.
 Cyril Frank Mills.
 Frank Wesley Fellingham.
 Gilbert Anderson Innes.
 Stuart Henry Norman.
 Michael Angelo Aloysius D Arcy.
 Harold Randolph Tilley.
 David Turnbull.
 Gilbert Richard Philpott.
 William Hayward Stokes Philp.
 Charles Alexander Walter.
 William Cross.
 Joseph Percy Raeburn.
 Wesley Taylor.
 Wilfred John Chilcott.
 Arthur George Richard Goldsack.
 Noel Edward Creasy.
 Thomas Cude.
 William James Cunningham.
 George Edward Pole.
 Albert Peirce Massey.
 Leslie Lionel Mooring.
 Walter Albert Johns Strudwick.
 Walter George Bailey.
 Terence Claud Cunningham.
 Leonard John Parsons.
 John Lockstone.
 Edwin James Abbott.
 Cyril Athelstan Bodley.
 William Henry Clarke.
 Edward William George Newlyn.
 Eric Boyd Graham Senior.
 Gilbert Holway Turl.
 Edward Reginald Brown.
 Thomas Fergus Haymes.
 Claude Walter Thurston.
 Francis Clifford Ashton.
 Thomas Henry Flye.
 Eneas Symonds.
 Harold Whittington.

William Harvey Kent.
Charles Bernard Caminada.
Frank Loveland.
Sidney Harold Lambie.
Walter Govett Tarr.
Frank Beesley.

George Leopold Rackett.
Harold Steele.
Victor Albert Baker.

Dated 10th November 1918.

George Edward Roughton.

No. 2763.—Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) N. C. Bannatyne, 128th Pioneers, is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 6th November 1918.

No. 2764.—Captain E. J. D. Colvin, attached 38th King George's Own Central India Horse, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 28th September 1918.

No. 2765.—Captain G. C. G. Gray, 3rd Skinner's Horse, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer, 2nd grade. Dated 1st November 1918.

No. 2766.—Second Lieutenant H. J. Tye, 19th Lancers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding an appointment as Adjutant and Quartermaster at a Musketry School. Dated 18th November 1918.

No. 2767.—Lieutenant W. M. F. Gamble, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry) is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Platoon Commander at an Officers' School of Instruction. Dated 26th October 1918.

No. 2768.—The promotion of Captain [now Major William Bryan Bailey, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles)], to the rank of Major, notified in Army Department Notification No. 499, dated the 6th April 1917, is antedated to the 1st September 1915 (but without pay and allowances prior to the 1st September 1916), his previous forfeited service having been restored for good service in the field.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2769.—Subject to His Majesty's approval and with effect from the 12th October 1918, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Stodart, M.B., is promoted to the rank of Colonel on temporary augmentation of establishment.

Colonel Stodart's tenure of appointment will reckon from the 12th October 1918.

No. 2770.—Captain E. A. Penny, Indian Medical Service, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding the appointment of Deputy Assistant Director of Medical Services, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 2771.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—
Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Joseph Mathias Nunes to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain ;

First class Assistant Surgeons—

Lionel Scott,

Reginald William Pettigrew,

Frederick Russell Smith, .

George Fredrick Andeen, L.A.H. (Dub.),

} *seconded,*

to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Lieutenant and to remain *seconded* ;

First class Assistant Surgeon Ernest Ebenezer Thipthorp to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant ;

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Major Albino Graciano Alphonso supernumerary on attaining the age of 55 years, with effect from the 24th August 1918.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant George Robert Chamarett, *seconded*, to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain and to remain *seconded* ;

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Louis D'Souza to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain ;

First class Assistant Surgeons—

Henry Reynold Byrne,	} <i>seconded,</i>
Nicholas Philip Shemain,	
St. John Edward Hendricks,	
Joseph Henry Arnold Donnelland,	

to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Lieutenant and to remain *seconded*;

First class Assistant Surgeon Charles Thompson to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant;

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Joseph Mathias Nunes supernumerary on attaining the age of 55 years, with effect from the 5th September 1918.

No. 2772.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the promotion of the undermentioned Senior Assistant Surgeons to the rank of Lieutenant notified in the Army Department Notification No. 2771, dated the 29th November 1918, is antedated to the dates noted against their names:—

Reginald William Pettigrew	} Dated 24th February 1918.
Federick Russell Smith.	
Nicholas Philip Shemain.	Dated 5th March 1918.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 2773.—The following warrant officers are promoted to the grade of Assistant Commissary (supernumerary) with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112 of 1918, with effect from the 27th September 1918:—

Conductor Frederick Charles Marks.
 Conductor John William Danskin.
 Conductor Percy Harold Marshall.
 Conductor Arthur John Coward.
 Conductor Thomas George Wilson.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, MADRAS.

No. 2774.—Commissary and Honorary Captain E. Price, late of the Public Works Department, Madras, temporarily re-employed, is granted the honorary rank of Major, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 1st April 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2775.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

*Cavalry Branch.**Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Duncan William Wilson C.I.E. Dated 16th August 1917.
 George Shand Dated 2nd March 1918.
 John Dunmace Heston-Armstrong Dated 8th September 1918.
 John Alexander Nash. Dated 22nd September 1918.
 James Alexander Liddell. Dated 1st October 1918.
 Reginald Herbert Edkins Dated 11th November 1918.
 David Edward Thomas. Dated 20th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Ernest Hugh Brown. Dated 25th November 1918.

*Infantry Branch.**Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Reginald Trevor Jones Dated 5th August 1917.
 James Wyld Ebdon Dated 23rd April 1918.
 Arthur Scoular Millar. Dated 10th September 1918.
 Henry Mackenzie-Rogan Dated 12th September 1918.
 William Harrington Hulton Dawson, M.C. Dated 22nd September 1918.
 Richard Brienley. Dated 1st October 1918.
 Cecil Lennox Foreman. Dated 9th October 1918.
 Thomas Llewellyn Marshall Fuge. Dated 17th October 1918.
 Bernard Eimer Heygate Judkins. Dated 19th October 1918.

Edmund Risley Hearn.
 Vyvyan Stephen Michael Williams. } Dated 21st October 1918.
 Edward Edelston. Dated 23rd October 1918.
 John Corbett Hickie. Dated 29th October 1918.
 Albert Richards.
 Frank William Hurst
 Hugh Crawford. } Dated 30th October 1918.
 Herbert Guy Dunning.
 Edward Philip Keeling.
 Arthur Clifford Earp.
 Sidney Thomas Gray.
 Evan Bertram Charles Preston, M.C. } Dated 20th November 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Joseph Percy Castle, D.S.O. Dated 28th March 1918.
 John Wilson Melvin. Dated 15th August 1918.
 William Corbould-Warren.
 Sealy Rollo Swan. } Dated 29th August 1918.
 Thomas Harold Waunsley. Dated 26th September 1918.
 John Vincent Billson. Dated 31st October 1918.
 William George Gould. Dated 1st November 1918.
 Frank Kingston. Dated 21st November 1918.
 William John Herridge. Dated 25th November 1918.
 John Alan Adams.
 Roland Admiral Richer.
 James Read.
 Eric Williams Mayers.
 Henry Gow.
 Garrard Jacob.
 Charles Norman Worden.
 William Vivian Crapp.
 John Linton.
 Alexander Birnie.
 Ronald Nicholas Moore.
 Bernard Gorwyn Angel. } Dated 28th November 1918.

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

J. S. More. Dated 11th April 1918.
 H. Bourn. Dated 17th April 1918.
 E. A. Fern. Dated 19th May 1918.

No. 2776.—The undermentioned officers of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while employed as Deputy Assistant Directors, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant (temporary Captain) T. Assheton-Smith. Dated 25th February 1918.
 Lieutenant (temporary Captain) W. Stevenson. Dated 25th February 1918.
 Captain P. J. Kerr. Dated 13th May 1918.

No. 2777.—Second Lieutenant J. M. Symns, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as General Staff Officer (2nd grade). Dated 28th October 1918.

No. 2778.—The undermentioned officers of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while employed as Assistant Recruiting Officers, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant Evan Bertram Charles Preston, M.C. Dated 8th September 1918.
 Second Lieutenant Norman Heather Hey. Dated 6th November 1918.
 Second Lieutenant George Edward Lovelace Carter. Dated 6th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant Rowland Force-Jones. Dated 7th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant Arthur Eiskine Slater. Dated 8th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant William George Branch.

Lieutenant Charles Rupert Wright.

Second Lieutenant John Charles Knight Anstey.

} Dated 11th November 1918.

No. 2779.—Lieutenant D F Bartlett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 1st September 1918.

No. 2780.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) A W. Ibbottson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 5th September 1918.

No. 2781.—Second Lieutenant Cecil Robert Porrett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while employed in the Recruiting Directorate. Dated 4th November 1918.

No. 2782.—Second Lieutenant Walter Alfred Coventry, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while commanding the 117th Labour Corps. Dated 10th October 1918.

No. 2783.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) R. F. Roberts, Indian Army Reserve, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while commanding a Works Company. Dated 12th November 1918.

No. 2784.—In Army Department Notification No. 2544, dated the 1st November 1918, for "Lieutenant W. I. Berry, Indian Army Reserve" read "Lieutenant W. J. Berry, Indian Army Reserve."

No. 2785. The promotion of temporary Second Lieutenant H. Williamson to the temporary rank of Lieutenant, notified in Army Department Notification No. 2603, dated the 8th November 1918, is antedated to the 12th April 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

2nd (Madras) Group Garrison Artillery

"The Duke's Own."

No. 2786.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Duncan Donald Campbell.

Stuart Ernest Rubie Todd.

} Dated 20th January 1918.

4th Simla Rifles.

No. 2787.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Frank Cecil Beynon.

Thomas Eustace Grant.

John Willoughby Meares.

} Dated 13th April 1918.

14th Tennesseerim Battalion.

No. 2788.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Harold Lovel Mullins. Dated 10th May 1918.

20th Nilgiri-Malabar Battalion.

No. 2789.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Herbert Kirkpatrick. Dated 20th September 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 2790.--The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :--

Royal Field Artillery.

Captain (acting Major) R. Archbold relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to command a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 1st November 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant S. Potter to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 1st October 1918.

Captain (acting Major) J. P. Pirie relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to command an Indian Mountain Artillery Depôt. Dated 23rd October 1918.

Captain R. S. Thomas, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Major while commanding an Indian Mountain Artillery Depôt. Dated 7th November 1918, *vice* Captain J. P. Pirie, vacated with effect from the 23rd October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. J. Hardy relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Royal Garrison Artillery. Dated 5th September 1918.

CAVALRY.

21st (Empress of India's) Lancers

Lieutenant B. R. Hoare to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 23rd October 1918, *vice* Captain H. G. C. Cfri-Ellison, vacated with effect from the 8th October 1918.

INFANTRY.

*Territorial Force**The Buffs (East Kent Regiment).*

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. R. McDonnell relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th October 1918.

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

Major W. H. Speke to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion, from 1st October 1917 to 1st November 1917, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. R. Paull, T. D., extra-regimentally employed with effect from the 16th September 1917.

Captain W. W. Goode to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command, from 1st October 1917 to 1st November 1917, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) W. H. Speke, commanding a battalion with effect from the 16th September 1917.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. M. Pulman relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Adjutant. Dated 9th July 1918.

Lieutenant J. Bell to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while performing the duties of Adjutant. Dated 10th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. M. Pulman, vacated with effect from the 9th July 1918.

*Garrison Battalions.**Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers).*

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. T. H. Pinkerton relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 19th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2791.--The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :--

4th Cavalry.

Lieutenant S. A. Jennison, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 29th October 1918, *vice* Captain H. G. Benton, vacated with effect from the 14th October 1918.

1st Brahmins.

Lieutenant J. H. B. O'Dowd, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th September 1918.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment)

Captain E. W. Geidt, 107th Pioneers, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 11th July 1918 to 18th July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Major H. B. Renny, M.C., vacated with effect from the 26th June 1918.

Captain A. C. Gover, M.C., 121st Pioneers, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 3rd August 1918, *vice* Captain E. W. Geidt, vacated with effect from the 19th July 1918.

Lieutenant E. R. H. Atkins, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th July 1918.

Lieutenant G. W. Webster, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th August 1918, *vice* Captain E. W. Geidt, vacated with effect from the 25th July 1918.

19th Punjabis.

Captain F. Lindsay-Young to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 18th December 1917 to 12th March 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant H. S. Bates, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th December 1917.

Lieutenant E. B. Latham, M.M., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th December 1917.

Lieutenant F. E. M. Clarke, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 18th December 1917 to 12th March 1918, inclusive.

Captain C. E. U. Bremner, M.C., attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 28th March 1918, *vice* Captain E. Lindsay-Young, relieved with effect from the 13th March 1918.

50th Punjabis.

Lieutenant B. R. Leslie Smith, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 8th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. B. Wace, vacated with effect from the 26th September 1918.

51st Sikh Pioneers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. L. Morgan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st October 1918.

Second Lieutenant A. P. Keelan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Captain A. D. P. Campbell, vacated with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant N. V. Smith, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. L. Young, vacated with effect from the 29th August 1918.

41st Dogras.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. G. I. A. Goddard, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 17th October 1918.

Lieutenant J. Clement, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th October 1918, *vice* Captain B. S. Stone, vacated with effect from the 23rd September 1918.

Lieutenant E. A. Evanson, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th October 1918, *vice* Major R. L. Bignell, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 23rd September 1918.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant A. H. J. Ellis, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. D. Hickie, vacated with effect from the 5th October 1918.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Second Lieutenant C. G. Croudace, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 28th March 1918 to 31st May 1918, inclusive; to fill an existing vacancy.

Second Lieutenant R. A. A. Badham, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 28th March 1918 to 31st May 1918, inclusive; to fill an existing vacancy.

Lieutenant G. W. Jones, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 16th June 1918 to 24th June 1918, inclusive; *vice* Second Lieutenant C. G. Croudace, vacated with effect from the 1st June 1918.

Lieutenant R. B. Cornwell, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 16th June 1918 to 5th July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Second Lieutenant R. A. A. Badham, vacated with effect from the 1st June 1918.

Lieutenant B. M. Blackburn to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 10th July 1918 to 27th July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant G. W. Jones, vacated with effect from the 25th June 1918.

Lieutenant E. W. Doig, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company from 21st July 1918 to 1st August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant R. B. Cornwell, vacated with effect from the 6th July 1918.

Lieutenant R. L. Herbert, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 16th August 1918 to 26th September 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain A. F. Hamilton, M.C., vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant A. J. Revell to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 30th August 1918 to 22nd September 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant E. W. Doig, vacated with effect from the 15th August 1918.

Lieutenant I. P. Massy, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 12th September 1918 to 9th October 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant R. d'A. Monypenny, vacated with effect from the 28th August 1918.

98th Infantry.

Lieutenant A. H. Hirst to be acting Captain while commanding a dépôt. Dated 15th October 1918.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Major J. S. M. Harcourt to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion, from 11th June 1918 to 12th July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) A. E. Jewett, vacated with effect from the 27th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. F. Norris, 117th Mahrattas, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a special Brahman company. Dated 29th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant J. B. Brooks, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a special Brahman company. Dated 14th October 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant H. F. Norris, vacated with effect from the 29th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. A. Oliphant, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant J. D. Price, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant D. A. Oliphant, vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain R. L. Lemon to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 5th June 1918 to 27th August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. M. Harcourt, vacated with effect from the 21st May 1918.

Captain B. T. B. Merritt to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 12th September 1918, *vice* Captain R. L. Lemon, relieved with effect from the 28th August 1918.

Lieutenant K. C. J. Davies, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 12th September 1918, *vice* Captain R. L. Lemon, relieved with effect from the 28th August 1918.

11th Gurkha Rifles

Captain (acting Major) A. M. Arnott, 4th Gurkha Rifles, attached, to be acting Major, (with pay and allowances of that rank), while commanding a dépôt. Dated 23rd October 1918, *vice* Major D. R. H. Jackson, vacated with effect from the 8th October 1918.

No. 2792.—Army Department Notification No. 2555, dated the 1st November 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of acting rank to Lieutenant Sir B. Pigott, Bart., 21st (Empress of India's) Lancers, is cancelled.

APPOINTMENTS.

GENERAL LIST.

Infantry.

No. 2793.—The undermentioned to be temporary Quartermaster with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, while serving with an Indian Defence Force Unit :—

Charles Alfred Baker, from The Worcestershire Regiment. Dated 19th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2794.—The undermentioned Second Lieutenants from the Unattached List are admitted to the Indian Army, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Herbert George Eric Tower, M.C., attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 7th October 1918.

- Aubertin Walter Southern Mullaby, attached 27th Punjabis. Dated 8th October 1918.
- Robert Cecil Dent, attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 7th October 1918.
- Robert Kenneth Garrow, attached 11th Rajputs. Dated 13th October 1918.
- Justin Gerard Pargiter, attached 13rd Cavalry Regiment. Dated 12th October 1918.
- Leonard Algernon Spencer, attached 31th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse. Dated 7th October 1918.
- Leonard Brown Stacey, attached 38th Punjabis. Dated 8th October 1918.
- Alin Colquhoun Broadway, attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 7th October 1918.
- Walter David Alexander Lantaigne, attached 16th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 11th October 1918.
- Alfred William Nicholls, attached 58th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 6th October 1918.
- John Norman Kerr, attached 37th Dogras. Dated 5th October 1918.
- Geoffrey Lionel Howsley, attached 16th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 7th October 1918.
- Robert David Lyons Gordon, attached 18th Pioneers. Dated 14th October 1918.
- Albert Geoffrey Tribe, attached 107th Pioneers. Dated 10th October 1918.
- George Vincent Leigh Coleman, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 7th October 1918.
- Frederick Eaton Straker, attached 92nd Punjabis. Dated 7th October 1918.
- Fergus LeFanu Dobbin, attached 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 7th October 1918.
- John Henry Dunningham Gardner, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 8th October 1918.
- John Lawrence Francis O'Feriall, attached 17th Sikhs. Dated 7th October 1918.
- Vincent David Pollock, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 6th October 1918.
- Gerald Ivan Crozier Peacocke, attached 108th Infantry. Dated 6th October 1918.
- Robert Thirkell Brown, attached 63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry. Dated 11th October 1918.
- Mahom Cecil Sinclair, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 11th October 1918.
- Charles Henry Irwin Akchuist, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 12th October 1918.
- Bernard Spangett Watkins, 51th Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 6th October 1918.
- Denis Enroll Gostling, attached 36th Jacob's Horse. Dated 7th October 1918.
- Arthur Evans Coole, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 12th October 1918.
- Sydney Andrew Mitchell, attached 10th Pathans. Dated 7th October 1918.
- Francis Hugh Anthony Stables, attached 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 7th October 1918.
- Philip Noel Stevenson, attached 109th Infantry. Dated 7th October 1918.
- Donald George Lowndes, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 21st October 1918.
- Terence Patrick Charles Seymour Keenan, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Frontier Force). Dated 5th October 1918.
- William Mitchell Caise, attached 3rd Gurmukhi Brahmins. Dated 6th October 1918.
- Cyril Hugh Price, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 7th October 1918.
- Arthur Hedley Butler, attached 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry. Dated 10th October 1918.
- Reginald George Evelyn William Alban, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 11th October 1918.
- James Rolland Ross, attached 23rd Sikh Infantry. Dated 11th November 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2795.—The date of appointment of temporary Lieutenant Krishnaji Nilkan Chhatre, Indian Medical Service, is 19th and not 20th of April 1917, as shewn in Army Department Notification No. 913, dated the 15th June 1917.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVE

No. 2796.—Percival Walter Thorogood (Lieutenant, The County of London Regiment) to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 15th November 1918, but to rank from the 21st February 1916.

No. 2797.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Infantry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Herbert Arthur Gibson.	Dated 17th October 1918
Charles Francis John Bell.	Dated 29th October 1918
Claude Horace Albert Wyncoll	Dated 4th November 1918.
Walter Burn.	Dated 5th November 1918
William Biggs	} Dated 5th November 1918.
Cyril Arthur Goff.	
Trevor Mervyn Farmer.	Dated 11th November 1918.
Hector McKinnon Simpson	Dated 12th November 1918
John Alexander Grimmond	Dated 13th November 1918.
Walter Thomas Hickman.	Dated 15th November 1918

No. 2798.—In Army Department Notification No 1325, dated the 22nd June 1918, for 16th September 1918, the date of rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers of Kenneth Corry Groombridge read 26th September 1917.

No. 2799.—In Army Department Notification No. 2623, dated the 9th November 1918, for Frank Colyer Sackett read "Frank Colyer Sackett."

No. 2800.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary commissions in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified :—

To be temporary Captains.

Dated 1st November 1918.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Frederick Charles Marks, India Miscellaneous List.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John William Dan-kin, India Miscellaneous List.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Percy Harold Marshall, India Miscellaneous List.

Dated 26th November 1918.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant William Henry Edwards, India Miscellaneous List.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Arthur John Coward, India Miscellaneous List.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Thomas George Wilson, India Miscellaneous List.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE

2nd (Madras) Group Garrison Artillery.

"The Duke's Own."

No. 2801.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

William Francis Cotton. Dated 16th October 1918.

3rd (Rangoon Port Defence) Group Garrison Artillery.

No. 2802.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant

Charles Robertson. Dated 31st October 1918.

4th (Bombay) Group Garrison Artillery.

No. 2803.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Major (Supernumerary List).

Arthur Henry Addenbrooke Simcox. Dated 1st April 1917.

15th Bombay Battalion.

No. 2804.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant.

Frederick George Bruce Hawkins Dated 1st April 1917.

20th Nilgiri-Malabar Battalion.

No. 2805.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Captain (Supernumerary List)

Arthur Peploe Marsden. Dated 1st April 1917.

34th Upper Burma Battalion.

No. 2806.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant (Supernumerary List).

Charles Bertram Smales. Dated 1st April 1917.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2807.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary Lieutenant Manindra Chandra Datta of the Indian Medical Service is permitted to resign his commission, with effect from 23rd November 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

15th Bombay Battalion.

No. 2808.—Lieutenant Frederick George Bruce Hawkins resigns his temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 30th March 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2809.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on No. 845 Dafadar Dost Muhammad Khan, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse), with effect from the 1st October 1918.

No. 2810.—The following promotions are made :—

Indian Base Remount Depot, Marseilles

Jemadar Habibul Rahman Khan [23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force)] to be Risaldar-Major, Jemadars Yasin Khan (32nd Lancers), Waryam Khan [11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse)], Khan Shirin Khan (12th Cavalry), to be Risaldars, Jemadars Jehangir Khan (39th King George's Own Central India Horse), Bela Singh (7th Haryana Lancers) and Natha Singh [23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force)] to be Ressaidars, with effect from the 2nd August 1918 and Kot-Dafadars Bishan Singh (16th Cavalry) and Ghulam Haidar Khan [22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force)] to be Jemadars, with effect from the 5th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

4th Cavalry.

Ressaidar Abdul Rauf Khan to be Risaldar, Jemadars Kirpal Singh and Abdul Shakur Beg to be Ressaidars, Dafadars Allah Belli Khan, Abdul Shakur Khan and Dalip Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).

Ressaidar Kahan Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Muhammad Zaman to be Ressaidar and Kot-Dafadar Saidullah Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).

Dafadar Shahamad Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 28th September 1918; *resc* Risaldar Pertab Singh, *Bahadur*, deceased.

14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Ressaidar Nanhe Singh to be Risaldar, with effect from the 15th July 1918 and Kot-Dafadar Laik Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

18th King George's Own Lancers

Ressaidar Malik Sultan Ahmad Khan to be Risaldar, with effect from the 10th May 1918, Ressaidar Katar Singh to be Risaldar, with effect from the 12th May 1918 and Ressaidar Jagat Singh (12th Cavalry) to be Risaldar, with effect from the 11th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).

Ressaidar Farzand Ali to be Risaldar, with effect from the 28th June 1918, Ressaidar Jahangir Beg, I.O.M., to be Risaldar, with effect from the 5th August 1918, Ressaidar Aibela Singh to be Risaldar, with effect from the 3rd September 1918, Jemadar Indar Singh to be Ressaidar with effect from the 28th June 1918, Jemadar Dewa Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 5th August 1918, Jemadar Muhammad Amir to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 3rd September 1918, Kot-Dafadar Rasul Khan to be Jemadar with effect from the 28th June 1918, Kot-Dafadar Suja Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th August 1918, and Kot-Dafadar Bahadur Sher to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).

Dafadar Mustafa Sharif to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

40th Indian Cavalry Regiment

Jemadar Fateh Muhammad Khan to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 15th August 1918 and Dafadar Muhammad Husain to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

45th Indian Cavalry Regiment.

Dafadar Ram Lal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd August 1918; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Imsden's) (Infantry)

Havildar Dost Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

30th Mountain Battery.

Havildar-Major Sham Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

40th (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Ghulam Muhammad to be Subadar and Quartermaster-Havildar Fazal Ilahi to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

45th (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Kishan Singh, I.D.S M., to be Subadar, with effect from the 18th October 1918 and Havildar-Major Alam Shah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Ambala.

Quartermaster-Havildar Atma Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918, to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Jemadars Chagatta, I.O.M., Gujar Singh, Kishan Singh and Narain Singh to be Subadars, Havildars Dasanda Singh, Kuttra Singh, Kala Singh and Sakhi Muhammad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 5th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st Brahmans

Havildars Bhagwant Tewari, Jhandulal Tewari, Puttan Dube and Ramnath Tewari to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Nagesar Tewari to be Subadar, Havildars Gangaparshad Tewari and Brijlall Dichiht to be Jemadars, with effect from the 29th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

3rd Brahmans.

Jemadar Matadin Tewari to be Subadar and Havildar Ramesardath Misr to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th August 1918 and Havildar Mahadeo Tewari to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Neki Ram to be Subadar, Havildars Jai Lal, Sukhdeo, Mulchand, Harphul, Manphul, Kandhyalal, Firat Singh, Hardwari, Ramphal Sukul, Reoti Parshad, Sher Singh and Kundan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

6th Jat Light Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Jai Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Tale Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Udini Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Bhawani Din Pandey to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th November 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Havildar-Major Allah Dad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd March 1918, Company Havildar-Major Munesar Singh and Havildar Shaikh Nisar Ali to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st May 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

11th Rajputs.

Havildar Ramadhar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Havildars Shimbardan Singh, Rattipal Singh, Ram Singh, Tirloki Singh, Kamta Singh, Sughor Singh and Rambrich Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 21st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Havildars Ralla Singh and Maghar Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 6th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Jemadars Khan Bahadur and Ghulam Husain to be Subadars, Havildar Bhagwan Singh, I.D.S.M., Colour-Havildars Pahlwan Khan and Bahadur Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st July 1918, Quartermaster-Havildar Mangal Singh and Havildars Mawaz Khan and Din Muhammad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).

Havildars Kamma Singh and Ganpat Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

Jemadar Muntaz Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Khawaj Bakhsh Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th July 1918, to complete the establishment.

18th Infantry.

Havildar Umardin Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th June 1917 ; to complete the establishment.

Colour-Havildar Sardar Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

21st Punjabis.

Havildar Mardan Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th September 1918 and Havildar Azmat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Havildar Jahun Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

25th Punjabis.

Jemadar Babari Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th October 1918, Havildar-Major Amar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 and Havildar Gulistan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis

Jemadars Khan Gul and Tara Singh to be Subadars, Havildars Harnam Singh, Khadin Shah, Khuda Bakhsh, Munshi and Mondi Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

28th Punjabis.

Quartermaster Havildar Dalip Singh and Colour-Havildar Khan Khel to be Jemadars, with effect from the 6th July 1918 and Colour-Havildar Anar Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd August 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Sundar Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Sawan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment. The promotion of Sawan Singh is antedated, without pay and allowances to the 5th July 1918.

31th Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadar Wadhawa Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 10th August 1918 and Jemadar Bishan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

35th Sikhs.

Havildar Nihal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th October 1918, to complete the establishment.

Sepoy Bhup Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

38th Dogras.

Havildar Narain Datt to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th May 1918, to complete the establishment.

42nd Deoli Regiment.

Jemadar Paip Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 26th September 1918, Havildar Baldewa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 and Colour-Havildars Manohar Singh and Baldewa to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918, to complete the establishment.

47th Sikhs.

Havildars Hari Singh and Channan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Karam Din to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Nihal Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 11th September 1918 and Havildar Niaz Ali Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Lal Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Ahmad Khan to be Subadar and Havildars Sadhu Singh, Hira Singh, Gajindar Singh and Prabh Dayal to be Jemadars, with effect from the 14th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Havildars Abdur Rahman and Appasami to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918 and Havildar Ramasami and Havildar-Major Krishnasami to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

62nd Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Abdulla Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918, Colour-Havildar Hukam Dad, Havildars Jhabu Singh and Rakhman Shah to be Jemadars, with effect from the 5th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

63rd Palamcottah Light Infantry.

Havildar Rajogopal to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st July 1918; to complete the establishment.

67th Punjabis.

Havildar Ghulam Ahmad (69th Punjabis) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

70th Burma Rifles.

Havildar Bahan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th April 1918 and Havildar Htanlaw to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

72nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Amber Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Mir Asudulla to be Subadar, with effect from the 12th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

74th Punjabis.

Jemadars Ghulam Muhammad and Amir Khan to be Subadars, with effect from the 16th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadars Kannayya Thevar and Kunhi Ali to be Subadars, Havildar Doraisami Nayadu, Company Havildar-Major Mir Ihsan Ali to be Jemadars, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

81st Pioneers.

Subadar Narayanasami to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 26th August 1918; since Madras Venkatachalam Perumal deceased.

82nd Punjabis.

Jemadu Shah Zaman to be Subadar, with effect from the 15th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).

Jemadar Muhammad Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

93rd Burma Infantry.

Havildar Harnam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd September 1918, to complete the establishment.

95th Russell's Infantry.

Jemadar Durjan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 28th September 1918, Havildar Jagesar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th September 1918, Company Havildar-Major Chhaju Ram, Quartermaster-Havildar Het Ram and Colour-Havildar Makhidum Bakhsh Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 28th September 1918 and Colour-Havildar Rambadan Singh to be Jemadar with effect from the 10th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

97th Deccan Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Baldeo Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

The 101st Grenadiers.

Jemadar Keshao Dalvi to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Ramchandrar Parab to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918, to complete the establishment.

103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Havildar-Major Raghu Parab to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th September 1918, Havildars Arjunji Bedar, Sambhaji Bedar, Narfanna Bedar, Gopinath Bedar and Irpax Kotnur to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

107th Pioneers.

Jemadar Rajaram Jadhav to be Subadar, with effect from the 14th August 1918, Jemadars Manulla and Ghani Khan to be Subadars, Colour-Havildar Mir Akbar Shah, Quartermaster-Havildar Shabir Hussain, Havildar-Major Kishan Singh, Havildars Samad Khan, Sharfu Khan and Yeshwant Sawant to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

111th Mahars.

Jemadar Abdul Latif to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st September 1917, Jemadar Muhammad Yusuf to be Subadar, with effect from the 7th September 1917, Jemadar Muhammad Abdul Hakim to be Subadar, with effect from the 14th September 1917, Jemadar Namdeo Krishnaji to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st August 1918, Company Havildar-Major Sirpatrao Ghag, Company Quartermaster-Havildar Sudam Balu, Havildars Dhondbarao Kadam and Gopal Sajan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918 and Havildar Gopal Laxuman to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

113th Infantry.

Jemadar Harhet to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Tikam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

122nd Rajputana Infantry.

Havildar Kanhaiya Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th September 1918 and Havildar-Major Dost Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Jemadar Sukhmandar Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Jemadar Gaman Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Burhan Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th June 1918, Havildars Manowar Din and Ghulam Haidar to be Jemadars, with effect from the 22nd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Colour-Havildar Bagga Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

131st United Provinces Regiment.

Havildar Jumma Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

142nd Jodhpur Infantry.

Havildars Sheokarn and Moti Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

150th Indian Infantry.

Jemadar Lakha to be Subadar and Havildars Dhira, Natha and Mahadewa to be Jemadars, with effect from the 22nd May 1918 and Havildar Ramasere Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

151st Indian Infantry.

Havildar-Major Phul Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

152nd Indian Infantry.

Havildars Bhagat Singh, Fazal Ilahi, Feroz Khan and Mowaz Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

Colour-Havildar Manphul Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

153rd Indian Infantry.

Jemadar Beant Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Hazara Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Bega Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Dalu Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

154th Indian Infantry.

Jemadars Indar Singh and Keshariya to be Subadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918, Jemadar Deochand Singh to be Subadar and Havildars Jamna Sahai and Sheo Lal to be Jemadars, with effect from the 17th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

155th Indian Pioneers.

Colour-Havildar Sai Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd July 1918; to complete the establishment.

3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Man Sing Basnet to be Subadar, with effect from the 22nd June 1918; to complete the establishment.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Rajnande Limbu to be Subadar, with effect from the 18th September 1918 and Jemadar Mitralal Thapa to be Subadar, with effect from the 15th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Machine Gun Corps.

Havildar Prem Singh, Quartermaster-Havildar Sher Zaman and Havildar Dayal Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 3rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

187th Machine Gun Company.

Havildar Jai Singh (27th Mountain Battery) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

7th Labour Corps.

Pensioner Havildar Pala Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd December 1916; to complete the establishment.

8th Labour Corps.

Colour-Havildar Simbu Singh (43rd Erinpura Regiment) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th May 1918 and Dafadar Sant Singh [11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse)] to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th May 1918; to complete the establishment.

99th Labour Corps.

Jemadar Jwana Singh [16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment)] to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st April 1918; to complete the establishment.

103rd Labour Corps.

Havildar Shaikh Abdulla (98th Infantry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

119th Labour Corps.

Havildar Santokh Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 28th September 1918 and Havildars Husain Khan and Udmi to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

7th Porter Corps.

Havildar Kishan Singh [51st Sikhs (Frontier Force)] to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th August 1918 and Havildar Wahab Din (90th Punjabis) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.

Havildar Bishan Singh (9th Bhopal Infantry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

No. 2811.—The promotion of Subadar Alam Khan, as it appeared in Army Department Notification No. 1814, dated the 9th August 1918, is cancelled. The correct date of this Indian officer's promotion is as published in Army Department Notification No. 1870, dated the 17th August 1918.

No. 2812.—The promotion of Subadar Fazal Haq, as published in Army Department Notification No. 1814, dated the 9th August 1918, is antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 1st May 1918. This Indian officer will rank senior to Subadar Alam Khan.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

No. 2813.—The promotion of Jemadar Krishnasami as it appeared in Army Department Notification No. 1286, dated the 14th June 1918, is cancelled. The correct date of this Indian officer's promotion is as published in Army Department Notification No. 432, dated the 2nd March 1918.

17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).

No. 2814.—The promotion of Jemadar Mumtaz Khan, as it appeared in Army Department Notification No. 384, dated the 22nd February 1918, is cancelled. The correct date of this Indian officer's promotion is as published in Army Department Notification No. 288, dated the 8th February 1918.

35th Sikhs.

No. 2815.—With reference to Army Department Notifications No. 135, dated the 19th January 1918, No. 195, dated the 26th January 1918, and No. 384, dated the 23rd February 1918, the promotions of the undermentioned Indian officers of the 35th Sikhs are antedated, with pay, to the 20th November 1917 :—

Subadar Arjan Singh, Jemadars Arjan Singh, Punjab Singh, Sundar Singh and Gainda Singh.

No. 2816.—Army Department Notification No. 921, dated the 3rd May 1918, is cancelled.

76th Punjabis.

No. 2817.—Army Department Notification No. 343, dated the 15th February 1918, is hereby cancelled and the following substituted :—

Jemadars Muhammad Husain, Feroz Khan, Ghordial and Dost Muhammad to be Subadars, Havildars Umar Ali, Fateh Jang, Mahmud Khan, Ghansham, Subha Chand and Dalip Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1917; to complete the establishment.

No. 2818.—Army Department Notification No. 504, dated the 19th April 1918, is hereby cancelled.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

No. 2819.—The promotion of Colour-Havildar Sayyid Usman, as published in Army Department Notification No. 1891, dated the 26th July 1918, is antedated without pay and allowances to the 1st June 1918, to rank next above Jemadar Chowrimuthu.

90th Punjabis.

No. 2820.—In Army Department Notification No. 1748, dated the 2nd August 1918, for "Subadar Muru Din" read "Subadar Imam Din."

PROMOTIONS.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS

Amalgamated List.

No. 2821.—Staff Serjeant (supernumerary Sub-Conductor) Ralph Jennings, to be absorbed in the rank of Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Thomas James Cadogan, deceased; with effect from the 23rd October 1918.

(Late) Bengal-Punjab List.

No. 2822.—Sub-Conductor Thomas Firbank to be Conductor;

Staff Serjeant Albert Thomas Cooper, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List, *vice* Conductor George Brown, deceased; with effect from the 26th October 1918.

Amalgamated List.

No. 2823.—Staff Serjeant Oswald Howard Leicester to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Wilford Toikildsen, deceased, with effect from the 7th November 1918.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 2824.—Assistant Commissaries and Honorary Lieutenants John McArthur Cannell and Thomas Charlie Hall, Assistant Engineers, 3rd grade, to be Assistant Engineers, 2nd grade; with effect from the 22nd December 1917.

REWARDS.

No. 2825.—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Captain Harry Sidney Rix, 7th (Southern) United Provinces Horse, Indian Defence Force.

No. 2826.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the following reward for meritorious service in the field.—

Awarded the Meritorious Service Medal (without annuity).

2745 Colour Havildar (now Jemadar) Suraj Prasad Misra, 9th Bhopal Infantry.

RETENTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2827.—Colonel John Crimmin, V.C., C.B., C.I.E., V.D., K.H.P., is retained in the service with effect from the 27th October 1918 and will be borne as supernumerary in his rank and grade.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 2828.—Senior Assistant Surgeon Major Albino Graciano Alphonso is retained in the service after the age of 55 years, until further orders, and will be borne as supernumerary in his rank and grade with effect from the 24th August 1918

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

RESIGNATIONS.

Coorg and Mysore Rifles.

No. 2829.—Captain Herbert Martin Mann, V.D., resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917

Nasir Tal Volunteer Rifles

No. 2830.—Captain Frederick Edward Lowe, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

Burma Railways Volunteer Corps.

No. 2831.—Captain Sydney Hyde Parker is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank. Dated 31st March 1917.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 29th November 1918

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 68.—Temporary Engineer Lieutenant R. Lawson, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 69.—Temporary Lieutenant H. H. Sudbury, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 12th November 1918.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.*Simla, the 23rd November 1918.*

No. 910-P.-18.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the carrying out of surveys of alternative alignments, and the preparation of comparative estimates, with the object of determining the best scheme for the provision of direct broad gauge railway communication between Agra and Karachi.

The surveys will be included under the name of the Agra Karachi Railway Connection Survey, and will be carried out by State Agency. The sanction accorded in the Railway Board's Notification No. 48-P.—17, dated 14th November 1917, to the Luni Cawnpore Railway Survey is hereby cancelled.

Delhi, the 25th November 1918.

No. 530-1 E.—18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 530-E.—18, dated the 8th May 1918, Mr. R. H. Patterson, officiating District Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Controller of Stores of that Railway with effect from the 5th November 1918.

No. 935-E.—18.—Mr. H. G. Carpenter, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, was permitted to resign the service of Government with effect from the 31st July 1918.

The 26th November 1918.

No. 1865-E.—18.—Mr. S. D. Manson, District Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II, grade 3, sub. *pro tem*, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary, Railway Board, with effect from the 15th November 1918 and until further orders.

The 28th November 1918.

No. 1733-E.—18.—Lieutenant G. W. Gilbert, I.A.R.O., Assistant Traffic Superintendent, is on return from employment under the Army Department transferred from the Eastern Bengal Railway to the North Western Railway.

The 29th November 1918.

No. 696-E.—17.—Mr R J Collett-White, District Traffic Superintendent, is, on return from military duty, transferred from the North Western Railway to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.**NOTIFICATIONS.***Simla, the 22nd November 1918.*

No. E.-877.—Mr. J. W. Wouters, Headmaster, Government S. N. High School, Rawalpindi, is appointed a District Assistant Controller (Clothing Contracts), and is posted to the Ahmedabad depot with effect from the 1st October 1918.

The 26th November 1918.

No. E.-718.—In supersession of the Indian Munitions Board Notification No. E.-718, dated the 24th July 1918, Major J. Morrison, R A, has been appointed Second Military Assistant (Ordnance Factories) with effect from the 11th July 1918.

Delhi, the 28th November 1918.

No. E.-295.—Mr. E. G. Borthwick, a Superintendent of Police in the Punjab, is appointed Assistant Controller (Timber Supplies), Bombay, with effect from the 18th November 1918.

The 30th November 1918.

No. H.-524.—In pursuance of Rule 11EEE of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of the said rule shall apply to the Province of the Punjab and to the Central Provinces.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for week ending Saturday, 23rd November 1918.

Burma.—Rainfall was generally light throughout the province. Reaping of early rice is progressing in Lower Burma. Cultivation of island and miscellaneous winter crops and harvesting of groundnut and cotton are proceeding in Upper Burma. Standing crops are generally good, but more rain is still wanted in several Lower Burma districts. Cattle are generally healthy. The price of unhusked rice at Rangoon has fallen but is much above normal. The market for white rice is weak at Rs. 380 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice, plucking of cotton, tea manufacture, and sowing of mustard and pulses continue. Insects are reported to have damaged the paddy crops in some places. Prospects of cotton and sugarcane are fair. Cattle disease is reported in four districts. The price of common rice is practically unchanged.

Bengal.—There was no rain during the week excepting light showers in some eastern districts. Rain is urgently wanted for sowing and growth of spring crops. Prospects are unfavourable. Harvesting of winter paddy has commenced in some places. Standing paddy is drying up and ripening prematurely, especially in western districts. Price of rice has risen by about 2·3 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week, except some light showers in Puri. Harvesting of winter rice continues. A poor outturn is expected. Sowing of spring crops is going on, but is being retarded in almost all districts for want of moisture. Pressing of sugarcane has commenced. Test works continue in Angul. The price of common rice has risen in 5 districts, fallen in 6, and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that in the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from 8 districts. Winter paddy is withering in all the Feudatory States for want of rain.

United Provinces.—There was no rain during the week. It is badly required. Crops have been generally damaged by drought, also by insects. In a few districts preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops and poppy continues. Harvesting of autumn crops is nearing completion in many districts. Irrigation of spring crops and sugarcane where possible, pressing of sugarcane, and picking of cotton is going on. Standing crops are in a fair condition in irrigated areas. Prospects are unfavourable. The condition of agricultural stock is generally fair. Cattle disease is still reported from some districts. Fodder is getting scarce and dear. Water and market supplies are adequate except in a few districts. Prices are generally stationary with a tendency to rise.

Punjab.—The weather was dry. Rain is badly wanted for spring sowings. Standing irrigated autumn crops are generally average and unirrigated crops are poor. Picking of cotton, harvesting of millets, etc., and pressing of sugar-cane continue with yield generally normal on irrigated and much below normal on unirrigated areas. Sowings of wheat and other spring crops are proceeding and are generally below normal. Crops sown are germinating well. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak owing to scarcity of fodder in some districts. Water for drinking and irrigation purposes is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat :—Ambala 6, Rawalpindi 6, Ferozepore and Lahore 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is generally needed. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan but are restricted in Bannu. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu, and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Maize and *Chari* are being reaped with outturn average. Prices of wheat :—Peshawar 7½ and Dera Ismail Khan 7½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—There was no rain during the week. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—Report not received.

Rajputana.—During the week the weather was cool. Rain is badly needed. Harvesting of crops in irrigated areas continues. Prospects are poor. Sowings of spring crops are restricted. The condition of cattle is fair. Cattle disease is reported from certain places. Scarcity of fodder is general. Water is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Central India.—There was no rain during the week. It is badly wanted. Spring crops are being sown. Autumn crops are being harvested. Cotton is being picked in Gwalior and Indore and rice is being gathered in Baghelkhand. Standing crops have withered in Bundelkhand, are bad in Baghelkhand, suffering for want of rain in Bhopal and fair elsewhere. The probable outturn is 8 to 12 annas in Malwa, Bhilsa and Isagarh districts of Gwalior, below average in Bhopal except Bhopal itself and Kurwai where it is 10 to 12 annas. It is far below the average in Baghelkhand, almost nil in Bundelkhand except Bijawar and Chhatarpur, and fair in Indore, Malwa and Southern States except Dhar, Manipur and Jhabua where it is below average; damaged for want of rain in Bhopal, Bundelkhand and seriously damaged in Baghelkhand. Agricultural stock is good in Indore, bad in Gwalior, poor in Malwa and fair elsewhere. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand, Malwa and parts of Southern States. Prices are high.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be cool and occasionally cloudy. No rain fell anywhere during the week. Reaping and threshing of autumn crops and picking of cotton are well advanced. Spring sowings are approaching completion but operations are hampered in several districts for lack of moisture in the soil. Rain is immediately required throughout the province, otherwise it is apprehended that considerable damage will be done to the spring crops, particularly to those on inferior soil. Fodder and water are sufficient except in parts of the Nerbudda and Berar divisions. Influenza is abating but is still severe in parts of 9 districts. Distress in Sironcha is aggravated by influenza and relief works and kitchens are temporarily closed and gratuitous relief has been extended. The price of gram in Damoh and rice in Buldana rose and that of gram in Mandla and Amraoti, rice in Chanda and Akola, and *juar* in Betul, fell by one to 1½ seers per rupee. Elsewhere prices remained steady or fluctuated slightly, but on the whole prices seem to be a bit easier as the new *juar* is coming into the market.

Feudatory States.—Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops is in progress. Spring crops require rain urgently.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell in Ratnagiri and Dharwar. Autumn crops are withering in many places. Autumn harvesting generally continues. Spring sowing is nearly over. Cotton picking continues in Nawabshah, Rewa Kantha, Khandesh, Sholapur and Dharwar. Fodder supply is generally deficient, but pastures have improved in Karnatak. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient, but cattle are deteriorating in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan, Kolhapur and Kathiawar. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Poona, Sholapur and Karnatak. Prices of food grains are high, but generally steady. Scarcity was declared in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals, Kathiawar, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Poona, and West Khandesh.

Hyderabad.—Report not received.

Mysore.—The week was slightly wet. Standing crops are improving, but more rain is wanted in parts. Harvested *ragi* outturn is poor to fair; rice and sugarcandy outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are fluctuating.

Coorg.—The week was slightly wet. The condition of rice is fair, ears are growing. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. The public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was very heavy in Madras, South Arcot, and Tanjore; heavy in Chingleput and Pudukkottai; good in Nellore, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, Cochin and the hills; fair in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, and Littoral, Chittoor, Coimbatore and Travancore; slight or nil elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally, but have been lost or are withering in parts for want of rain. Harvesting of paddy and dry crops is limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of twelve districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding, but are restricted in parts for want of rain. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Malabar and the hills. Pasture is sufficient except in two districts and parts of six others. Fodder is sufficient except in four, and parts of eight other districts. Prices continue to be high generally and show a tendency to rise further. Prospects are improving except in parts of four districts.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 29th November 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 16th November 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SINDH.	North.	Bombay City	2	2
		Kanra District	*77	*67
		Broach Port	2	4
		Surat District . . . . .	...	1
	Central	West Khandesh District	12	7
		Satara District	127	95
		Nasik District	7	5
		Poona Town	7	7
		Poona District	75	58
	Southern	Belgaum District	27	17
		Dharwar District	*298	*265
		Bijapur District	10	4
	Political Chargen	Baroda State	1	2
		Kathiawar Agency	69	67
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	479	392
		Mundra Port	1	
		Cutch State	8	3
		Rewakantla Agency	*4	*4
		Savnur State	*20	*15
		TOTAL	1,219	1,035
MAHARASHTRA PRESIDENCY.	..	Bellary District	57	53
		Coimbatore District	6	3
		Salem District	4	4
		TOTAL	67	60
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Tirhut	Champaran District	1	2
		Darbhanga District	20	17
	Jhargalpur	Monghyr District	3	3
		TOTAL	24	22

* For two weeks.

In the return for the week ending 9th November 1918 the following additions should be made :—

Bombay Presidency	Ahmednagar District	add 3 cases 2 deaths.
	Sholapur Town	" 3 " 3 "
	Mahikantla Agency	" 2 " 1 "
	Baroda State	" 4 " 5 "
Bihar and Orissa	Darbhanga District	" 4 " 3 "

PRESIDENTIAL OR PROVINCES.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague cases.	Plague deaths.	
UNITED PROVINCES.	Benares	Ghazipur District	18	17	
		Ballia District	17	11	
	Allahabad	Fatehpur District	1	1	
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	4	4	
		Basti District	8	13	
		Asamgarh District		3	
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	10	6	
		TOTAL	58	55	
	PUNJAB	Jullundur.	Kangra District	1
		Rawal- pindi	Jhelum District	5	3
Rawalpindi District			20	10	
Multan .		Multan District	8	..	
		TOTAL	28	14	
BURMA	Pegu	Tharrawaddy District	2	2	
		Prome District	12	12	
	Irrawad- dy.	Maubin District	3	3	
	Magwe .	Magwe District	2	2	
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	12	7	
		Mandalay Town	1	1	
	Saguing.	Shwabo District	4	3	
		Saguing District	2	3	
	Miktila	Yamethin District	3		
		Myingyan District	2	2	
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Native States.	Northern Shan States	1	2	
		TOTAL	44	37	
MYSORE STATE	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	34	33	
		Jubbulpore District	27	20	
		Seoni Town	6	3	
		TOTAL	67	56	
		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	20	23	
		Bangalore City	8	5	
		Kadur District	2	2	
		Shimoga District	3	2	
		Chitaldroug District	2	1	
		Tumkur District	27	17	
Kolar District		3	5		
	TOTAL	76	55		

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE.		Galburgah District	51	81
		Raichur District	2	15
		Madak District	5	5
		Hydrabad City and Suburbs	24	13
		Secunderabad	2	2
		Atrafhaladah Sarkhah District	2	2
		TOTAL	86*	88*
		GRAND TOTAL	1,669	1,422

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths occurred during the week ending November 16th were 75 and 66, respectively.

DELHI: }
The 30th November 1918

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

II. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

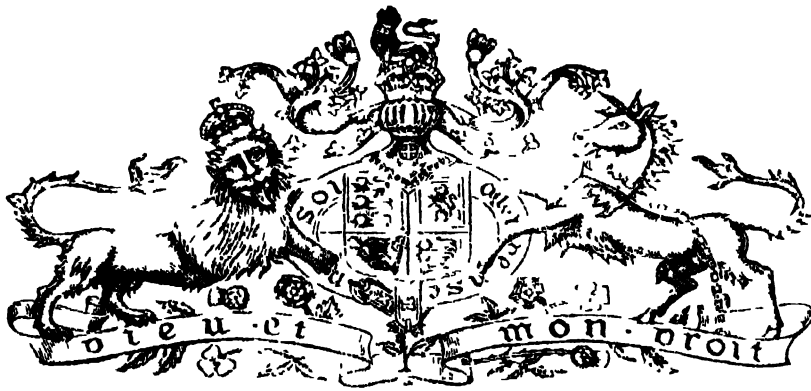
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

* B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.			GROSS MILEAGE WORKED.			TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING.			EARNINGS PER MILE WORKED FOR WEEK.			TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO			COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1913-14.		COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1912-13.	
	During official year 1917-18.			1917.			14th November 1917.			1917.			14th November 1917.			Increase.		Increase.	
	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	1918.	1917.	1918.	14th November 1917.	14th November 1917.	14th November 1918.	1918.	1917.	1918.	14th November 1917.	14th November 1917.	14th November 1918.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
State Railways.																			
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,659	2,696	2,696	8,27,526	9,75,235	9,42,000	311	362	349	2,45,46,684	3,77,49,457	3,67,84,900	1,22,37,316	...	...	30,34,543	...
Bewada Extension	479	31	21	21	7,871	7,142	7,200	375	340	343	4,54,708	3,21,215	4,05,000	72,292	...	...	18,218	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	946	1,003	1,003	7,14,106	7,52,532	5,40,000	755	700	587	2,05,89,355	2,76,47,812	3,08,17,060	99,27,615	...	...	31,69,186	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 3½" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,572	1,576	1,582	8,83,379	7,45,004	9,52,000	562	472	602	2,29,81,555	2,11,93,071	2,20,93,000	14,415	...	...	18,02,923	...
East Indian	865	2,549	2,618	2,614	20,60,413	21,44,033	24,44,000	805	619	935	6,31,55,444	7,15,93,255	8,58,91,000	1,27,85,558	...	...	1,42,95,745	...
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	16,58,669	19,47,551	19,04,000	654	746	729	4,71,78,446	6,20,80,082	7,03,79,000	2,35,00,154	...	...	8,58,91,000	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	514	126	126	126	68,820	67,101	60,500	439	463	480	13,28,712	19,04,473	20,74,000	13,45,288	...	...	7,68,527	...
Barru-Kotah	78	40	40	40	2,906	2,027	4,000	72	51	100	1,00,450	1,12,001	1,38,000	37,750	...	...	25,391	...
Bhopal-Nari (British Section)	1,594	57	12	12	28,246	15,583	17,500	495	1,429	1,442	10,44,708	5,53,948	7,08,000	3,18,705	...	...	1,48,562	...
Cawnpore-Banda	76	33	76	76	1,780	4,724	5,000	54	64	66	3,551	1,24,457	2,10,000	1,65,940	...	...	1,548	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 3½" gauge lines)	387	2,551	2,551	2,550	6,44,019	8,15,620	8,89,000	249	320	329	2,27,55,944	3,17,21,057	3,89,75,000	1,12,19,656	...	...	23,53,913	...
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,012	4,057	4,001	16,1,387	21,11,732	20,50,000	389	517	512	5,40,53,738	7,58,48,168	8,16,83,000	2,78,19,204	...	...	5,89,832	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Barru 3' 3½" hnk)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	4,64,612	5,00,115	4,99,000	290	311	313	1,44,31,766	1,76,28,915	1,95,37,000	51,05,244	...	...	19,08,285	...
Assam-Bengal	139	612	693	693	1,50,103	1,65,362	1,51,000	186	164	171	41,54,815	44,38,437	44,50,000	3,54,185	...	...	65,433	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,626	1,640	1,640	6,16,950	6,50,469	6,01,000	338	354	317	1,72,76,099	2,05,79,575	2,57,05,000	64,28,801	...	...	51,25,135	...
Burma	319	1,555	1,542	1,542	4,44,333	3,82,857	5,21,000	265	255	290	1,39,70,378	1,26,44,905	1,54,15,000	14,7,3,2	...	...	3,27,095	...
Burma Extensions	212	...	187	187	...	33,124	39,000	...	177	209	...	11,7,637	15,15,000	15,15,000	...	...	3,36,168	...
Southern Shan States	121	...	70	70	...	8,324	9,000	...	126	129	...	2,71,351	2,90,000	2,90,000	...	...	18,549	...
Dhoke-Karnool	72	...	32	32	...	2,017	2,300	...	63	72	...	7,352	92,900	92,900	...	...	18,548	...
Jaipur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	21,112	31,694	30,100	170	265	247	8,52,857	12,45,049	13,42,000	4,89,043	...	...	92,552	...
Lucknow-Bardilly	195	287	287	287	34,000	36,900	55,400	115	128	193	13,64,093	16,74,416	19,40,000	5,75,917	...	...	3,55,584	...
Myore	191	401	401	401	17,009	65,328	67,500	173	164	159	2,36,500	2,61,446	26,19,000	2,52,500	...	...	1,57,774	...
South Indian (including 5' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,481	1,587	1,587	4,30,969	5,77,719	6,42,000	290	377	398	1,76,44,171	2,24,92,703	2,27,30,000	5,85,839	...	...	2,37,497	...
Travancore Branch	151	108	108	108	16,527	25,737	25,700	147	170	176	5,78,247	6,77,700	9,04,000	3,70,753	...	...	2,26,134	...
Tirhoot	223	785	804	804	2,72,295	1,51,637	1,89,000	347	199	235	59,69,438	33,55,491	62,60,000	2,90,541	...	...	5,74,709	...
Broach-Jambhar	90	...	30	30	...	3,024	1,900	...	101	63	...	5,252	87,900	87,900	...	...	5,077	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	83	30	33	33	3,086	2,509	3,700	102	85	109	1,042	91,159	73,800	7,242	...	17,869	...
TOTAL	495	26,125	26,748	26,701	1,10,03,701	1,22,17,655	1,29,83,200	421	457	453	33,69,939	41,77,37,483	46,95,57,600	13,29,27,681	...	...	5,21,20,117	...
All other Railways.																			
Amritsar-Patli	171	56	56	56	9,833	13,359	8,900	176	249	157	4,59,223	2,97,721	3,22,000	1,37,232	...	24,279	...
Bhopal-Nari (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	13,991	20,900	...	422	402	...	6,83,113	8,80,000	8,80,000	...	...	1,76,869	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	151	114	114	114	20,760	12,611	15,300	182	110	134	6,55,228	5,61,177	6,39,000	2,777	...	...	76,822	...
Bina-Goon-Barru	80	149	149	149	10,314	7,315	8,700	70	49	78	3,53,837	2,76,736	3,14,000	...	...	15,302	...	
Delhi-Umballa-Kalka	357	192	239	239	64,943	79,585	81,500	338	534	841	20,27,474	22,54,678	28,55,000	7,97,536	...	...	30,129	...
Hardwar-Delhi	328	32	32	32	7,394	8,364	10,200	248	319	319	2,99,498	5,07,362	4,41,000	1,11,614	...	...	60,508	...
Jaipur-Kashmir (Native State Section)	134	16	16	16	3,549	2,900	1,900	209	181	119	70,311	69,002	78,600	3,888	...	...	4,598	...
Jammu-Kashmir (Native State Section)	57	...	22	22	...	4,276	2,400	...	95	51	...	1,19,320	1,03,000	1,03,000	...	...	10,820	...
Kashmir-Maharaja	330	...	10	10	...	3,021	2,400	...	302	240	...	1,11,555	97,000	97,000	...	...	4,861	...
Kashmir-Chachran	185	79	79	79	12,654	13,890	12,900	160	176	163	4,62,102	4,65,682	4,97,000	34,868	...	...	51,248	...
Kolar Gold Fields	70	...	47	47	...	2,892	2,900	...	62	60	...	1,05,324	96,700	96,700	...	...	9,624	...
Ludhiana-Dhuri-Jakkal	162	34	33	33	5,334	4,692	4,400	156	141	133	1,71,539	1,21,495	1,70,000	4,461	...	...	24,503	...
Madras-Barru	416	334	334	334	1,24,715	1,06,403	1,39,000	367	317	416	37,55,063	4,10,108	45,29,000	7,57,937	...	...	3,06,832	...
Nizam's Guaranteed State	182	34	34	34	6,403	7,063	6,700	160	208	203	1,79,935	1,12,689	2,37,000	97,065	...	...	24,514	...
Petal-Cambay	79	...	47	47	...	4,310	4,300	...	91	91	...	1,10,541	1,57,000	1,57,000	...	...	46,438	...
Phagwara-Rahon	285	108	108	108	26,919	27,114	31,100	246	251	316	11,04,464	13,91,185	17,61,000	7,57,395	...	...	4,69,815	...
Rajpura-Bhatinda	65	...	4	4	...	217	500	...	54	125	...	10,539	17,600	17,600	...	...	12,079	...
Salem District Board	97	...	50	53	...	6,065	11,400	...	122	215	...	1,70,019	2,23,000	2,23,000	...	...	52,881	...
Sara-Srinagar	114	...	38	38	...	4,166	2,500	...	110	...	...	1,29,439	1,49,000	1,49,000	...	...	9,561	...
Sialkot-Narwal	329	425	428	428	1,16,584	1,16,448	1,15,000	274	273	269	32,52,862	44,28,510	61,86,000	28,83,138	...	...	18,97,490	...
Southern Punjab (Main Line)	61	...	239	239	...	4,830	9,300	7,100	49	70	...	1,33,191	2,69,149	2,71,000	1,7,800	1,871	...
Ludhiana Extension	159	155	155	155	24,234	20,454	22,200	156	132	143	8,80,877	8,42,489	8,91,000	61,228	...	...	43,511	...
Taht Valley	194	155	156	156	31,991	26,390	37,900	404	19	213	7,84,063	6,78,566	11,14,000	3,34,347	...	...	2,35,434	...
Tenali-Repalli	96	...	22	22	...	770	1,600	...	35	73	...	7,748	64,100	64,100	...	...	13,882	...
Ahmedabad-Dholka	81	34	34	34	2,618	3,060	3,000	78	91	91	79,162	97,326	1,04,000	24,838	...	...	6,674	...
Ahmedabad-Parangli	78	...	69	69	...	6,405	6,445	7,900	74	74	...	2,23,374	2,69,000	2,69,000	...	...	6,061	...
Bengal and North-Western	1,239	1,244	1,244	1,244	2,00,499	1,95,100	2,34,000	422	357	257	66,16,000	70,6,239	90,31,000	24,14,900	...	...	18,51,711	...
Bengal-Dooars	215	153	153	153	44,471	40,106	40,300	281	242	258	10,46,387	11,27,112	11,57,000	1,56,613	...	...	50,888	...
Bewada-Masulipatam	137	62	62	62	7,														

Printed and Published by the GOVT. OF INDIA, by the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA. D 14

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The Gazette of India

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1918.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 27th November 1918.

No. 6750-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will hold a Levée at Government House, Calcutta, at 9-30 P.M. on Wednesday, the 1st January 1919.

The following rules are published for general information :—

I.—The undermentioned are eligible for presentation at His Excellency's Levée, whether European or Indian :—

- (a) All gentlemen who have been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court
- (b) All Ruling Chiefs.
- (c) All Commissioned Officers in the Civil, Naval, Military (British and Indian), Marine and Volunteer Services.
- (d) All Gazetted Officers of the first class in Government employ
- (e) All gentlemen who have received titles of honour from His Majesty the King-Emperor, or His Excellency the Viceroy.

II.—Gentlemen, whether European or Indian, who desire to attend the Levée and are eligible to do so by previous presentation at the Court of St. James, or at the Viceregal Court, are requested to make their applications to the **Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor**, stating at which Court they have been presented, on or before the 20th December. *This applies to both the Private and Public Entrees.* Applications reaching the Military Secretary after this date cannot be considered. Gentlemen who have not been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court, but who desire to attend the Levée, will be presented by gentlemen who have had the honour of presentation at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court, and will submit their applications through them.

NOTE—No applications can be received direct by the Military Secretary to the Governor from gentlemen who wish to be presented. Their names must be provided by the gentlemen who wish to make the presentation.

- III.—Gentlemen who propose, and are entitled to present others, should apply to the Military Secretary to the Governor for a form of presentation which, after the necessary particulars have been entered, will be returned to the Military Secretary's Office *not later than the 16th December*, for submission to His Excellency the Governor when, if approved, tickets of admission will be issued to the presenter.
- IV.—Gentlemen who present others must themselves attend the Levée.
- V.—In the case of all Government officials, or gentlemen engaged in business, the presenter must ordinarily be the head of the Department or Firm and in the case of Military Officers the General Officer Commanding the Presidency Brigade.
- VI.—Applications for presentation, submitted on behalf of non-official gentlemen, whether European or Indian, will be referred to the local authorities by the Military Secretary to the Governor. Only those who are declared eligible on account of their social status will be permitted to attend.
- VII.—Admission to Government House will be by ticket only and gentlemen receiving cards will show them first to the police at the gates and secondly will hand them to the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy in the Levée Room.
- VIII.—Dress :—
- (a) Civil and Military Officers—Levée dress (helmets will not be taken to the Levée).
 - (b) Clergymen being University graduates and other gentlemen entitled to wear robes or gowns on account of Judicial or Academical office or status and not entitled to wear uniform, will appear in such robes or gowns.
 - (c) Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform, or robes or gowns, will appear in court or evening dress.
 - (d) Indian gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed above will wear Choga, Aba or Jubba and Chapkan, Chilta, Saya or Kaba with trousers and their distinctive national head dress or the ceremonial dress, approved for the class by the Local Government.
 - (e) In the case of Bengali gentlemen the head dress should be a Pugree generally known as Shamla or Mouratta, and not a brimless cap.
 - (f) In the case of Burmese gentlemen the head dress should be a white fillet, the hair being dressed in a top knot.
 - (g) Indian gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed in (a), (b) or (c), should not remove their head dress when they pass His Excellency.

At the Viceregal Court only patent leather boots or shoes of an English pattern are allowed to be worn, except in the case of Indian Military Officers who wear the particular style of boot or shoe which forms part of their uniform.

NOTE—Gentlemen who had intended to be present but have found themselves unable to do so should submit an explanatory letter to the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Governor before, or as soon as possible after, the Levée.

By Command,

R. VERNEY, *Lieut.-Colonel*,
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India "

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By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 30th November 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

November 18.

1008. M. V. Rajmachikar. *Improvements in lamp supports or brackets.*
 1009. G. Le Mesurier. *Electrolytic cell for manufacturing caustic alkali.*
 1010. L. J. Martin. *Improved water tap with limited delivery.*
 1011. E. M. de Monte and F. J. Blewitt. *Locomotive driver's automatic warning.*

November 19.

1012. S. D. Master. *Anti-loose sword.*
 1013. J. W. Bradley. *A new or improved wood-splitting machine.*

November 21.

1014. K. K. Guha. *Rotary hydraulic pump.*

November 22.

1015. E. W. Embury. *Improvements in watches.*
 1016. R. A. G. Russell. *Improvements in feed-water purifiers for steam generators.*

November 23.

1017. E. T. Worswick. *A new or improved apparatus for throwing confetti or the like.*
 1018. National Lead Co. *Improvements in smelting furnaces.*
 1019. A. J. Smith. *An improved cleat.*
 1020. Mrs. W. L. Smith. *Holdall.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

2989. E. E. Dutt and P. C. Dutt. *A process for the synthetic production of methane.*
 3759. C. H. Chubb. *Improvements in trailable railway switches.*
 3816. G. Caproni. *Improvements in flying machine construction.*
 3817. G. Caproni. *Improvements in or relating to flying machines.*
 3818. G. Caproni. *Improvements in or relating to flying machines.*
 3821. C. H. Chubb. *Improvements in trailable railway switches.*
 3823. C. H. Chubb. *Improvements in trailable railway switches.*
 3898. W. & T. Avery Ltd. *Improvements in and connected with scales for automatically weighing granular or like substances.*
 3947. C. H. Bagley. *A process and apparatus for removing molten slag from fixed open-hearth steel furnaces, by means of air or steam blast.*
 3948. H. C. E. Jacoby and Enclosed Motor Co. Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to cooling arrangements for dynamo electric machines.*
 3949. P. A. H. Mossay, H. C. E. Jacoby and Enclosed Motor Co. Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to cooling arrangements for dynamo electric machines.*
 3950. G. Mairet. *A debris-removing device for percussive rock drills.*
 3955. J. M. Malloch. *Improved drag device for regulating the rate of rotation of bobbins for spinning, twisting, roving and like machines.*
 3957. E. E. R. Gaudart. *Improved process for the extraction of coconut butter.*
 3958. J. H. Marshall. *Improvements in machines or apparatus for drying tea leaves or other produce, or the like.*
 3960. A. B. C. Coupler Ltd. *Improvements in buffers for railway vehicles and the like.*
 3961. J. G. Robinson. *Improvements in or relating to steam superheaters for locomotive, marine and other boilers.*
 3962. D. M. Lewis. *Improvements in locomotive draft appliances.*
 3964. Worthington Pump and Machinery Corporation. *Improvements in feed water heating systems.*
 3965. O. F. Stafford. *Process of destructive distillation of wood.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATION PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3450. M. Auerbach. *Shuttle change mechanism for looms*
 3451. M. Auerbach. *Improvements in a mechanism for automatically changing shuttles in looms.*
 3520. P. M. Mehta. *An improved lamp and lantern.*
 3692. A. Gaillard. *Improvements in devices for controlling the speed of automobile vehicles.*
 3726. H. Schofield. *Improvements in or relating to lock-nut devices.*
 3825. J. S. Farrell. *An attachable check-weight register for railway wagons and other vehicles for progressively recording the weight imposed upon each spring and axle while loading.*
 3857. S. C. Gawthropp. *Improvements in tea rollers.*
 3873. A. Craven. *Improvements in central draw and buffing gear*
 3883. F. Ritchie. *An improved printing telegraph.*
 3884. P. C. Saccaggio and F. A. Lagrange. *Improvements in and relating to spark arresters.*
 3890. H. Dean and The Chloride Electrical Storage Co., Ltd. *Improvements in electric accumulators.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| 3109. Moore. | 3791. Parsons. |
| 3775. Datta. | 3797. Hall. |
| 3780. Raye. | 3798. Drake |
| 3793. Burdons, Limited | 3799. Appell |

PATENTS SEALED.

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| 3049. Strong. | 3768. Gowing |
| 3060. Jolnerkevitch. | 3769. Bauchet. |
| 3065. Honegger. | 3771. Ranco Ltd. |
| 3555. Nelson. | |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 182 of 1908. Sheffield & anr. (To 24 November 1919.)
 186 of 1908. Fraser & ors. (To 24 November 1919.)
 500 of 1909. Horwood. (The 11 November 1919.)
 472 of 1910. Freymuth. (To 24 November 1919.)
 604 of 1912. Southey. (The 21 November 1919.)
 605 of 1912. Westinghouse Brake Co. Ltd. (The 21 November 1919.)
 614 of 1912. Kershaw & ors. (The 23 November 1919.)
 617 of 1912. Pennell. (To 25 November 1919.)
 620 of 1912. Walker. (To 25 November 1919.)
 622 of 1912. Taylor & anr. (To 25 November 1919.)
 623 of 1912. Byrne. (To 25 November 1919.)
 624 of 1912. Byrne. (To 25 November 1919.)
 1270 of 1913. Maccaferri. (To 30 October 1919.)
 1323 of 1913. Bowles & anr. (To 24 November 1919.)
 1944 of 1914. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co. Ltd. (To 23 November 1919.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1910.

98, (Societe Anonyme Electrometallurgique Proces Paul Girod.)

1914.

1831, (Foreign Patents Corporation) 1832, (Brennan.) 1838, (Mechanical Process Manufacturing Co.) 1839, (Mechanical Process Manufacturing Co.) 1841, (Rose.) 1842, (Bignell) 1843, (Beere and anr.) 1845, (Willison)

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.****Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.**

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (11 of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India applications should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in cash and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:

AHMEDABAD . . .	R. C. Technical Institute	HYDRABAD . . .	Revenue Department of His Highness as the Nizam's Government.
ALAHABAD . . .	Public Library	JALPAIGURI . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BANGALORE . . .	Indian Institute of Science	KARACHI . . .	Office of Chief Deputy Collector.
BOMBAY . . .	Record Office	LAHORE . . .	Punjab Public Library.
. . .	Victoria Jubilee Textile Institute Byculla	LONDON . . .	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
. . .	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road Parcel.	MADRA . . .	Record Office, Egmore.
CALCUTTA . . .	Patent Office No. 1 Council House Street	. . .	College of Engineering
. . .	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur	MYNORE . . .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department
CANNPORE . . .	Office of the Director of Industries United Provinces	NAGPUR . . .	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHENNAI . . .	Office of the Commissioner Burdwan Division	POONA . . .	College of Engineering.
CHITTAGONG . . .	Office of the Commissioner Chittagong Division	RANGOON . . .	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
DACCA . . .	Office of the District Board, Dacca	ROORKEE . . .	Thomson College.
DELHI . . .	Office of the Deputy Commissioner	SROGAIUR . . .	Office of the Collector.
		WASHINGTON U.S.A.	The Patent Office.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the

Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

8. *Publications on sale at the Patent Office:—*

	Price.	
	R.	a.
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)	1	0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	0	2
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(e) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
(f) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1908, and Chronological lists, 1900-1904)	2	0
(g) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1911, and Chronological lists, 1905-1911)	3	0
(h) Patent Office Journal (Issued quarterly)	0	8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917	1	0
(j) Specifications of Inventions	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICES.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure was found by (1) a boy Ramanujam and (2) a girl Sellai of Neladicheamangalam, Namilam Taluk on 13th February 1918, while removing earth and grazing sheep in S. F. No. 67-A. (natham poramboke) of the village.

DESCRIPTION OF THE TREASURE.

Serial No.	Name of the article.	No. of the articles.	Weight in Virahanidais.	Value.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Ear ring made of gold wire (large)	2	1 1/16	6	12	0
2.	Ditto (small)	2	1	4	0	0
3.	Koppukoy (gold) with wax	2	1 1/8	1	1	0
4.	Poochikkoodu (gold)	2	1 1/8	2	12	0
5.	Navadam (gold)	1	1	2	4	0
6.	Karandi pottu (gold)	2	1 1/8	1	8	0
7.	Onnapoo (gold)	2	1 1/16	5	12	0
8.	Screw pin (silver)	1	...	0	0	3
9.	Koppu (gold)	2	1 1/8	5	4	0
10.	Square pottu (gold)	1	1 1/8	1	5	0
11.	Hair catch (gold)	2	1 1/8	2	11	0
12.	Do. chain (silver)	2	1	0	2	6
13.	Valavu pottu (gold)	11	1 1/8	5	1	0
14.	Kodakkadukkan with pearls (gold)	2	1 1/8	5	12	0
15.	Araasai (gold)	1	1	0	12	0
16.	Beads resembling wheat (gold)	42	2 1/8	11	13	0
17.	Ear ring made of red stones	...	...	4	2	0
18.	Kozhi kasu (fowl coin) (copper)	16	1/2 sr.	0	1	6
19.	Padam (silver)	3	1 1/8 sr.	14	0	0
20.	Silver bangle	2	1 1/8 sr.	2	0	0
21.	Upplika peeli (silver)	4	2 virahanidais.	0	4	0
22.	Screw pin 3, Talisman (tha/hthu) 1 (silver)	8	1 1/2 do.	0	2	6
23.	Rusty dappi (copper) (a little case)	1	1/2 sr.	0	1	0
				77	15	6

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanjore at his office on Thursday, the 10th April 1919, in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

TANJORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,

J. R. HUGGINS,

Dated 11th November 1918.

Collector.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.**Text-books, etc., for sale.**

List of text books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Urdu), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta

Persian and Arabic Instructors.

Two fully qualified instructors, natives of Persia and Arabia, respectively, are maintained by the Government of India for the convenience of officers wishing to study Persian and Arabic. The services of these instructors may be obtained in Calcutta, on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners.

Qualified Urdu Teachers.

AGAR MALWA—M Ramchandani Deputy Officer's Munshi Agar, Malwa, C. I.

ALLAHABAD—

- M Shukh Mohammad Ismail, South Malwa, Allahabad
- M Syed Mazhar ul Hameed, 207A, Mohitasham Ganj, Allahabad
- M S Athar Husain Jafar Haidar Malwa, A. P. Mission High School, 207 Chak, Allahabad.

AMBALA—

- M Mohd Akbar Khan Haidari, The Oriental Lodge, Ambala
- M Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala
- M Chhotu Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala
- M Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R. M. S. and Sorting, Ambala, Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.
- M Gulam Qadir Katimullah's Compound near H. M. High School Ambala Cantonment

AMRITSAR—M Mirhuddin C/o Messrs Karimudin Bros, Hall Bazar, Amritsar

BANGALORE—

- M Mohd Imdad Hussain, 1 Gun Troop Road, Bangalore Cantonment
- M Husain Mirza, 1, Gun Troop Road, Bangalore.
- *M Din Mohammad Khan Talib, 1, Gun Troop Road, Ulsoor P. O., Bangalore Cantonment
- *M Mukhtar Ahmad, 1 Gun Troop Road, Bangalore
- M Ghulam Ahmad Shahib, 18 Dispensary Road, Bangalore (Cantonment)
- M Abdul Karim Nashtar, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore
- M Akmal Ali Akmal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore
- M Mohd Ismail Khan, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore
- M Muhammad Mushim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore
- *M S. M. Abdullah Afzal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore

BANNU—M Mul Chand Khurmi, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

BAREILLY—

- M Mohd Atif, B. I. Bazar Bareilly

BOMBAY—

- Mr H. M. Anwar, Kurlawadi, Phakirwar Road, Post No. 2, Bombay
- Mr Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafi Lalji, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

CALCUTTA—

- M Reza Ali Wahshat, M. R. A. S., 2/1/2, Tiljala 1st Lane, Ballingunge, Calcutta
- M Bidu / Zaman, 212/1, Linton Street, Calcutta
- M Abdul Badi, 5, Ramsankar Roy Lane, Calcutta
- M A. M. I. Wihab, Librarian, Calcutta Madrasah 14 Zikaria Street, Calcutta
- M Habibun Nabi Khan Sautat, 27 Karaya Bazar Road, Ballingunge, Calcutta
- M Mohd Gholam Kabirya Ibrat, 17/1, Noorallah Doctor's Lane, Ballingunge Road, Calcutta.
- *M Badruddin Ahmed, B. A., 3, Illicit Lane, Calcutta
- M Syed Nawab Ali, 11, Colootolla Street, Calcutta
- M Wahidun Nabi Khan, 88/1, Old Baitak Khana Road, Harrison Road P. O.
- *M Dahluddin Ahmed, 37, Karaya Bazar Road, Ballingunge, Calcutta
- M Abdul Wajid, 106, Harrison Road, Calcutta
- M A. M. Ubaidur Rashid B. A., 4, Kotabardar Lane, P. O. Welleley, Calcutta
- M Nisar Ahmad Khan, 39, Ice Factory Lane, Entally, Calcutta
- M Shuhubuddin Ahmad Siddiqi, 41, Gardner Lane, Entally P. O., Calcutta
- M Azharus Sulaim, 148/1, Karaya Road
- M Abdul Habib Khan, 11, Gora Chand Road, Entally P. O., Calcutta
- M Syed Abu Zafar, 36, European Asylum Lane, Calcutta
- *M Mohammad Sharif Ali, 27, Jhowtala Lane, Ballingunge P. O.
- M Mohd. Qurban Ali Asst. 24 Park Lane
- M Md. Qasim Khan, C/o H. A. Rahman & Co., 14, Lower Chitmore Road, Calcutta
- M Mohd. Azim, 10, Tiljala 1st Lane, P. O. Ballingunge, Calcutta
- Mr Mirza S. M. K. Sultan B. A., M.F., 11, Colootolla Street, Calcutta
- *M Aziz Mohd. Khan Afandi, 11, Garden Lane, Entally P. O.

CAWNPORE—

- M S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles

DELHI—

- M Aziz ur Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi

DERA GHAZI KHAN—

- M M. Wazir Ali Khan, Block No. 43, Dera Ghaazi Khan

FEROZEPUR—

- M Suraj Narain, B. A., Kabali Bazar Ferozepore

- M Harnam Das Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City

HISSAR—

- M M. T. Jan Bikhari, C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Bawani District, Hissar

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).—

- M Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H. E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad

JHANSI—

- M S. R. Kapur, 7, Sulair Bazar, behind Kotwali, Jhansi.

JHELUM—

- M Thakur Das Pahwa Officer's Munshi, Jhelum.

- M Chandan Khan Officers Munshi, Phumanwala Bazar, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

- M Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Sildar Bazar, Jubbulpore

- M Mohd. M. Haque Officers Munshi C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt

- Mr. Mahmood Zaid Khan C/o Hakim Mahmood Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore

JULLUNDUR—

- M Karam Chand, C/o Jacki Mull & Sons, Sildar Bazar, Jullundur Cantonment.

- M Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depot, Jullundur

- M Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.

KARACHI.—

- M Anandram Thadamal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.

KASAUJI.—

- M. Anand Sarup, Depot Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KOHAT.—*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.
KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shahupuri, Kolhapur.

LAHORE

M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
 M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.
 M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
 M. Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.
 M. M. Abdul Hamid, C/o H. Abdul Latif, Esq., Pleader, Haveli Pathranwali Moshi Gate, Lahore.
 M. Muhammad Din, 2099, Pir Gilavian Street, Lahore.

LUCKNOW

M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
 M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.
 M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.
 †M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.
 M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, C/o Munshi Karim Khan, Chhitwapur, near Takya Langara Shah, Lucknow.
 M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg, Kandhari Bazar, Lucknow.

LUDHIANA.—M. Kishori Lal Jithi, Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.

LYALLPUR.—M. S. Sadiq Ally, Munshi Fazil—D. M. A. S. High School, Lyallpur.

MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillar Street, Royapettah, Madras.

MEERUT

M. Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, British Reserve Cavalry Regiment, Meerut.
 M. S. M. Aminuddin, C/o M. Amir Hassan Khan, Regimental Kotwal, Jamal Mohalla Lal, Kurti Bazar, Meerut.

MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.

MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.

MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS

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 M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).
 M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).
 M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Ghatial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

PANIPAT.—M. Jiya Lal, C/o L. Shadi Ram, Petition writer, Panipat (Karnal)

PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR

M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Saddar Bazar, Peshawar.
 M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.
 M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.
 M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Saddar Bazar, Peshawar.
 *M. Saiyid Zafar Shah Bukhari, Head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, N. W. F. P., Peshawar.

QUETTA

M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
 M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
 M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
 Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
 M. S. Abdul Aziz, The Kings Regiment, Quetta.
 M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.
 M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
 M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
 M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
 *M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
 M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.
 M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
 M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
 M. Mahmud Hasan Israeli, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.
 M. Syed Aulad Hussain, Cadet College, Quetta.
 M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishitar—Shair Manzil, (M. W. S., Military District).

RAWALPINDI

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).
 M. Ghulam Rasul, Saddar Bazar, Rawalpindi.
 M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.
 M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).
 †M. Fazi Elahi, C/o Ellahi Bukh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Messy Gate, Rawalpindi.
 M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Saddar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.

ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City

SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street Sialkot

SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU

*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 M. Haji Ahmad Fakhricy, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 *M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 *M. Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.
 M. Mool Chand Saingal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

WELLINGTON

M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Surosh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktarom Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Sehadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.

KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothan, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—*Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnavali Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.

Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.**SHOLAPUR.**—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.**Qualified Punjabi Teacher.****LAHORE.**—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore**Qualified Tamil Teachers.****MADRAS—**

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.

M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.**GODAVARI** - M. R. Ry V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.*N.B.*—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA,

The 21st November 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

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AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

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For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
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For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids. „ 4 „**QUINOIDINE TABLETS.**

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

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Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ½ and ¼ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	Rs. A. P.
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	0 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1 0 0
	1 3 0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS.

CLAIMANTS WHO HAVE ATTAINED THEIR MAJORITY.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son). Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Artificer, Carnatic Ordnance Department	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	{ Agnes Carroll (daughter). John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia, <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, I., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Joseph Flynn (son). Perquira Grimstone (daughter).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	{ Richard Grimstone (son). Jeremiah Mitchell Hawkins (Foster-son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	{ George Hawkins (son). Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Colour-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

G. R. O'DOWD,
for Controller of Military Accounts.

7TH (SECUNDERABAD) DIVISION, BOLARUM;
November 1918.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 25th November 1918
Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 22nd November 1918

RESERVE																	
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION			COIN AND BULLION								SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE)						
			In India		In England		In His Majesty's Dominions		In transit between India, England and His Majesty's Dominions		Silver Bullion held in the U S A.		Held in India		Held in England		TOTAL
			Silver Coin	Gold Coin and Bullion	Silver Bullion under couponage	Gold Coin and Bullion	Silver Bullion	Gold Coin and Bullion	Silver Bullion	Gold Coin and Bullion	Silver Bullion	and in transit therefrom	R	(a) R	(b) R	(c) R	
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
R			L	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	7,73,300	41,61,83,245	41,69,06,515	1,78,94,029	2,46,45,383	3,33,64,083	12,35,865			3,34,180	9,99,99,946	75,99,14,690	1,08,64,78,721				(a) Nominal value— R10,20,81,500
Canton		6,23,34,971	6,23,34,971	59,27,240	52,29,443								1,11,06,683				(b) Nominal value— R77,53,43,001.
Lahore		12,28,96,067	12,28,96,067	1,10,94,535	1,79,53,154								2,90,47,719				(c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under section 3 of Act XI of 1917 as amended by Act V of 1918.
Bombay	7,55,825	49,51,07,029	49,59,12,854	3,71,42,038	14,69,67,143	4,53,29,654							22,99,98,805				
Karachi		5,27,71,906	5,27,71,906	30,80,371	21,85,700								52,19,071				
Madras	8,04,975	16,08,96,700	16,17,01,675	87,95,619	40,42,446								1,23,37,496				
Rangoon		8,49,54,680	8,49,54,680	74,86,168	84,86,795								1,09,72,963				
23,33,600			1,39,51,44,608	1,39,74,78,208	9,14,19,429	20,44,68,046	9,91,93,767	12,35,865				13,14,24,185	9,99,99,946	75,99,14,690	1,38,76,30,518		
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue			98,27,380														
TOTAL CIRCULATION H			1,38,76,50,818														TOTAL RESERVE H
Deduct—Amount due on T's drawn by one Circle on another																	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending the 22nd November 1918
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 22nd November 1918

E. M. COOK
Offg. Controller of Currency.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
 Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
 Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.
NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
 and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners

● DHANBAD,
 The 30th October 1918.

CENTRAL BANKS.

PART II.

Name of Bank.	DEPOSITS OR DEBENTURES OF THE KIND DEALT WITH IN COLUMNS 2 AND 3 OF PART I.						REPAYMENT OF LOANS BY SOCIETIES.		
	On current or savings bank account.	Deposits for not more than three months.	Other deposits and debentures falling due				Estimated		Actual in 12 months preceding present quarter.
			In twelve months from commencement of present quarter.	In next 12 months.	In 12 months following.	In subsequent years.	In twelve months from commencement of present quarter.	In next twelve months	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Es.
Ajmer Central Bank, Ltd. . . .			5,94,290	41,230		1,250	5,21,000	50,000	2,52,373
Nasirabad Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	25,635	10,425	1,700		25,000	31,509	17,344
Kekri Central Bank, Ltd.	23,660	112	1,300		21,000	4,103	4,505
Total Ajmer Circle	6,43,545	51,757	6,000	1,250	5,70,000	88,611	2,74,323
Beawar Central Bank, Ltd.	87,260	1,19,403	51,210		75,000	1,25,000	49,106
Total Merwara Circle	87,260	1,19,403	51,210		75,000	1,25,000	49,106
GRAND TOTAL	7,30,845	1,71,160	57,210	1,250	6,45,000	2,13,611	3,23,328

NOTE TO PART II.—When deposits are taken on a certain term of notice —
 if the notice required is for not more than 3 months, they should be shown under column 3,
 if the notice is for not more than a year, they should be shown under column 4,
 if the notice is for a year, should be shown under column 5, and
 if for longer periods, under columns 6 and 7.

PART III.

Name of Bank.	PORTION OF DEPOSITS OR DEBENTURES OF THE KIND DEALT WITH IN COLUMNS 2 AND 3 OF PART I FALLING DUE IN EACH QUARTER IN TWELVE MONTHS FROM COMMENCEMENT OF PRESENT QUARTER (4TH COLUMN OF PART II).				REPAYMENT OF LOANS BY SOCIETIES ESTIMATED IN EACH QUARTER IN TWELVE MONTHS FROM COMMENCEMENT OF PRESENT QUARTER (COLUMN 8 OF PART II).			
	I Quarter.	II Quarter.	III Quarter.	IV Quarter.	I Quarter.	II Quarter.	III Quarter.	IV Quarter.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ajmer Central Bank, Ltd. . . .	1,61,777	1,18,405	1,15,795	1,98,313	50,000	2,50,000	75,000	1,46,000
Nasirabad Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	12,623	7,290	3,422	2,300	13,000	7,000	3,100	1,600
Kekri Central Bank, Ltd. . . .	1,060	19,000	...	1,600	1,200	9,000	10,000	3,800
Total Ajmer Circle	1,75,460	1,44,695	1,19,217	2,01,213	64,200	2,66,000	88,100	1,51,400
Beawar Central Bank, Ltd. . . .	29,980	23,642	14,740	18,598	20,000	10,000	40,000	5,000
Total Merwara Circle	29,980	23,642	14,740	18,598	20,000	10,000	40,000	5,000
GRAND TOTAL	2,05,440	1,68,337	1,33,957	2,23,111	84,200	2,76,000	1,28,100	1,56,400

JAIGOPAL,

Extra Assistant Commissioner in charge Co operative Societies, Ajmer.

By order,

H. C. GREENFIELD,

for First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dated Delhi, the 21st November 1918.

No. 8148-C. & I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information:—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi district at the close of the half month ending 15th November 1918.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS	Amount per Rupee.	ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.
	Srs. Chhs.		Srs. Chhs.
Wheat, white	5 8	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked) .	7 8
Barley	8 0	Maize . . . . .	...
Rice { Best sort	3 0	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	5 8
Common sort	4 8	Firewood	55 0
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum) . . . . .	..	Salt { Wholesale . . . . .	...
Bájra (Pennisetum typhoideum).	3 12	Retail	12 0
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	..	Gur Lawar	3 12
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...	Cotton (unginned)	2 0
		Bejhar	8 0

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Delhi District during the fortnight ending 15th November 1918.

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82½ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS	Wholesale price in Rupees.	ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Rice, unhusked . . . . .	...	Cotton seed	4 12 0
„ husked	7 4 0	Ghi	73 0 0
Wheat, white	6 15 0	Flour (wheat)	7 4 0
Barley	4 13 0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8 0 0
Oats . . . . .	...	Turmeric (unground)	20 0 0
Jowar . . . . .	...	Salt, Sambhar	3 0 0
Bájra	10 0 0	Raw hides (cow)	50 0 0
Maize . . . . .	...	Bran	4 0 0
Gram	5 0 0	Grass (dry)	3 0 0
Arhar Dál	7 0 0	Bhusa (white)	3 4 0*
Linseed	6 0 0	Jowar stalks	3 0 0*
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	7 12 0	Bengal coal	1 4 0
Poppy-seed . . . . .	...	Kerosine oil (per tin) Sovereign mark	3 11 3
Til (jinjili seed)	13 0 0	Plough bullocks, per pair	300 0 0
Sugar (raw), Gur Lawar	10 0 0	Sheep, per score	100 0 0
Cotton (cleaned)	65 0 0	Bejhar	4 13 0

* The increase is due to the scarcity of rain.

Delhi, the 22nd November 1918.

No. 8180-Education.—Consequent on the retirement from the public service of Miss V. Gilbertson, Assistant Superintendent for Female Education in Delhi, with effect from the 13th November 1918, Miss Irene Mitra is appointed *sub pro tem* to the post from the afternoon of the 13th November 1918, the date on which she assumed charge.

No. 8200-Home.—Notification No. 1203-Home, dated the 10th June 1918, is hereby cancelled.

No. 8202-Home.—In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 20, sub-section (2), clause (a) of Act XX of 1853 (The Punjab District Board Act), and by section 31 of Act I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass Act), as amended by Act I of 1891, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to transfer to the District Board of Delhi in respect of the cattle pound at Patpar Ganj, the functions vested in the Magistrate of the district by sections 5, 6, 12, 14 and 17, and in the Local Government by section 18 of Act I of 1871 (Cattle Trespass Act).

Delhi, the 25th November 1918.

No. 8257-C. & I.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 27 of the Indian Factories Act, XII of 1911, it is hereby notified that the Chief Commissioner has been pleased to declare that sub-section (1) of section 22 of the said Act, shall not be applicable to the "Delhi Printing Works", Chaoni Bazar, Delhi, during the period from 30th November 1918 to 31st March 1919.

The 26th November 1918.

No. 8290-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 16th November 1918 is published for information:—

No.	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17					
Name of Municipal Towns		Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths			Cause of Death														Infants under one year of age			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.
			Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Cholera	Small-pox	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory	Injuries	All other causes	Measles and chicken-pox	Males	Females	Total							
Delhi . .		325,471	112	120	232	178	214	392				207	3	154	1	27		47	51	98	53.50	100.40					
Notified Area		3,673	5	3	8	12	20	32	...			2				..	...	1		1	113.2	463.03			
Total . .		229,144	117	123	240	190	234	424				209	3	154	1	27	..	48	51	99	50.16	96.21					

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 20th November 1918.

No. 1826-W.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, as applied to the Administered Areas in Central India, the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India is pleased to declare Wednesday, the 27th November 1918, to be a public holiday in the said Areas in celebration of the Armistice.

By order,
A. R. JELF,
First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General in Central India.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Quetta, the 21st November 1918.

No. 2832.—It is hereby notified that Wednesday, the 27th November 1918, will be observed as a holiday in the Public Offices in the Baluchistan Agency Territories and British Baluchistan in celebration of the signing of the Armistice by the Allies and Germany and will be a public holiday within the meanings of section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act XXVI of 1881.

By order,
G. HARRIS,
First Assistant.

**THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH
BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Quetta, the 22nd November 1918.

No. 7564-B—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Chief Commissioner, of British Baluchistan is pleased to extend the Presidency Banks Act, 1876 (XI of 1876), to British Baluchistan.

By order,
G. HARRIS, MAJOR,
Secretary.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Camp Ajmer, the 25th November 1918.

No. 1400-C.—Under section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (XXVI of 1881), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to declare that Wednesday, the 27th November 1918, shall be observed as a public holiday in celebration of the cessation of hostilities.

By order,
B. J. GLANCY,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner,
Ajmer-Merwara.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 20th November 1918.

No. 5002-G—Mr. H. Hardingham, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for two months, on medical grounds, with effect from the 25th October 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, COLONEL,
Military Accountant General.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, dated at Fort William, Calcutta, this 19th day of November 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—32217, Private, A. Boylan.
Age—46 years.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Farmer.
Date of Enlistment—29th August 1914.

Place of Enlistment—Bolton.
Parish and County in which born—Belmont.
Date of Desertion or absence—19th November 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Calcutta.
Under 5 years' service.

C. H. SHEPHERD, Colonel,
Commanding, 1st Garr. Bn., Lincolnshire Regt.

Report of a Deserter or absentee without leave from No. 74 Company, R. G. A., dated at Agra, this 24th day of November 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—173825, Gunner, J. Fergusson.
Age—Not known.
Height—Not known.
Colour of—Complexion, not known.
Trade—Shipyards Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—14th August 1916.

Place of Enlistment—Not known.
Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Date of Desertion or absence—8th November 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—En route from Deolali to Agra.
Marks—Not known.
Under 3 years' service.

E. TAYLOR, 2nd-Lieut., for Major, R. G. A.,
Commanding 74th Company, R. G. A.

Report of an absentee without leave from the 2-96th Infantry.

Number, Rank and Name—2299, Reservist, Ram Karan.
Age—21 years.
Height—5 feet 4 inches.
Father's name and caste—Kashiram, Hindu Ahir.
Date of Enlistment—29th May 1918.

Date of Desertion—14th November 1918.
Resident—Village Biserpur, Tahsil Narnaul District Patiala (State).
Marks—Three scars on back. Right side one scar and one scar on left leg, upper part.

J. T. COTTON, Capt.,
Commanding 2-96th Infantry.

ZOOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA. INDIAN MUSEUM.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 26th November 1918.

In continuation of this office notification dated the 22nd February 1918, Dr F. H. Gravely, Assistant Superintendent, Zoological Survey of India, is granted special privilege leave for seven days with effect from the 7th September 1918 taken in advance and debited to his leave account under the terms of the Government of India, Finance Department, endorsement No. 1072, Civil Service Regulations, dated 1st November 1916.

Mr. C. A. Paiva, Special Entomological Assistant in the Zoological Survey of India, is placed in charge of the office of the Assistant Superintendent, *vice* Dr. F. H. Gravely on leave. Mr. Paiva will draw charge allowances under Articles 161 and 162 of the Civil Service Regulations for the period.

F. H. GRAVELY,
for Director, Zoological Survey of India,

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**POST OFFICE.****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 20th November 1918.

No. 2135-s.-Ap.—Mr. Kariudra Nath Ghosal, clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Bengal and Assam, is appointed sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 8th July 1918 and until further orders.

Simla, the 21st November 1918.

No. 2148-s.-Ap.—Mr. Amar Nath Dass, Inspector of Sorting, 2nd grade, is appointed sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, with effect from the 1st October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 2151-s.-Ap.—Mr. Daulat Ram, Probationary Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, is appointed sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, with effect from the 1st October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 2156-s.-Ap.—Mr. Syed Niaz Qutb, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 6th November 1918.

Mr. Atti-ullah Khan, Postmaster, Jullundur, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Syed Niaz Qutb or until further orders.

Simla, the 22nd November 1918.

No. 2169s.-Ap.—The following appointments are made with effect from the date noted against each : —

Mr. Girja Dutt Bajpai, Postmaster, Naini Tal, pay Rs. 200—300, to be 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs. 300—400, from the date on which he assumes charge of that appointment ;

Mr. C. F. G. Dobson, Postmaster, Muzaffarpur, pay Rs. 200—300, to be sub. *pro tem.* Postmaster, Nagpur, pay Rs. 300—400, from the 6th October 1918 and until further orders.

Simla, the 25th November 1918.

No. 2185s.-Ap.—Mr. Noresh Chandra Dutt, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month with effect from the 4th November 1918.

No. 2189s.-Ap.—Mr. A. Gangatharam, Postmaster, Mandalay, pay Rs. 300—400, is granted privilege leave for two months and four days with effect from the 11th October 1918.

Mr. D. Emmanuel, 1st Assistant Postmaster, Rangoon, pay Rs. 200—300, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Mandalay, with effect from the 13th October 1918 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. A. Gangatharam, on privilege leave.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)****NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 26th November 1918.

No. 6577-T.—Mr. E. Green, Assistant Postmaster-General, Telegraph Traffic, United Provinces Circle, is granted an extension of furlough on medical certificate for six months with effect from the 15th September 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 26th November 1918

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	6,29,47,501	0 0
Reserve Fund 2,26,00,000	0 0		Other authorized Investments	1,41,81,911	0 0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i>	67,50,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	9,51,33,202	1 5
	1,58,50,000	0 0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,71,92,427	12 7
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	1,82,60,570	11 2
Public Deposits at Head Office 3,21,21,341	12 4		Balances with other Banks	53,84,185	5 11
Public Deposits at Branches 1,49,10,845	10 0		Ballion . . . . .	.....
	4,70,31,687	7 1	Dead Stock	28,06,240	1 6
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	25,29,05,038	12 2	Stamps	10,775	11 5
Bank Post Bills, etc.	12,85,678	2 1	Sundries	19,81,502	1 11
Sundries	32,73,671	3 4		25,79,05,322	0 11
RUPEES	34,70,96,078	8 8	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office* 3,12,03,051	1 4	
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† 5,79,87,705	6 5	
			RUPEES	34,70,96,078	8 8

* Includes Sovs. & $\frac{1}{2}$ Sovs., value Rs. 3,77,175 0 0
 + Do do do. .. 5,51,585 0 0

Rs. 9,08,760 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:
 Calcutta, 28th November 1918.

H. FISHER,
 Chief Accountant.
 Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
 Percentage 29·29.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
 Secretary & Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

The following is a statement of the cash balances at the Home Treasury of the Government of India on the last day of September 1918 and of the form in which they were held:—

	General Balance.	Gold Standard Reserve.
	£	£
Cash at the Bank of England	1,875,673	...
Short loans	5,948,791	6,001,209
TOTAL	7,824,464	6,001,209
Total Home Treasury balances as shown in the accounts	13,825,673	

THE TREASURY;
 Calcutta, the 28th November 1918.

E. M. COOK,
 Offg. Controller of Currency.

**STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD
FROM 16TH TO 22ND NOVEMBER 1918.**

(In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.														COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.		COINAGE.					BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.					Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Dollar Closing balance and of paid over.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary and paid over.	Subsidiary coin closed and paid over.	Closing balance.		
	Purchased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	TOTAL.							
Calcutta . . .	49	...	..	49	43	...	43	8	(a) 253	3	...	264	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	...	..	...	..	38	..	38	...	(b) 78	1	..	79	...	..	1	...	55

(a) Exclusive of 411 lakhs of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

(b) Exclusive of 310 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT; }
Calcutta, the 28th Nov. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, LT.-COLONEL, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30. 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 149850 for Rs 500 and Nos. 149851 to 54 of the $3\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 1,000 each and Nos 251121 and 251122 of the $3\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of Manmath Nath Dutt and Pramath Nath Dutt, minors and Nos. 256161 and 240213 of the $3\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs 1,000 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Manmath Nath Dutt, and Pramath Nath Dutt, minors, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

NONI BALA DAS.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 282996 of the $3\frac{1}{4}$ per cent loan of 1865 for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of Jnanendra Mohan Das, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—JNANENDRA MOHAN DAS.

Residence—Suapur (District Dacca) Present Address Sylhet, Muzaff.

(151)

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 111728 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 500 originally standing in the name of Apurba Chandra Ghosh, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

GIRIBALA DASSY,

Executrix to the Estate of A. C. Ghosh,
19, Hari Ghosh's Street, Calcutta.

LOST OR STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 126490 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1842-43, for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of Rakashakali Debi, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**SRIMATY SAROJBASINI DEBI.**

Residence—53, Paddopukur Road, Bhowanipur, Calcutta.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes No. 081625, 081657, 081658, 081659 of the 3 per cent. loan of 1896-97, for Rs. 500, 100, 100, 100, respectively originally standing in the name of the Controller of Currency and last endorsed to Sundar Singh, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

SUNDAR SINGH,

Retired Supply Agent, Gujranwalla.

DESTROYED.

The War Loan Bond of 1920 bearing No. 071823 of 5½ % for Rs. 2,000 originally standing in the name of Jamita Mall Moti Ram and no endorsement on the back and never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed in fire notice is hereby given that payment of the above Bond and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

JAMITA MALL MOTI RAM,

General Cloth Merchants.

DABBI BAZAR,

Lahore, the 29th October 1918.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 175296, 175297 and 175298 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 100 each originally standing in the name of Prosad Das Boral and Bros. and last endorsed to Sontosh Kumar Mitra, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**SONTOSH KUMAR MITRA,**

Residence—Gargoripara Road, Chinsurah P. O., District Fugli.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 121992 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Amiabala Debi, Administratrix of Hrishicase Gangooly, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of Advertiser—**AMIABALA DEBI,**
Administratrix of **HRISHICASE GANGOOLY,**

Residence—C/o Babu Panchanan Gangooly, Village Ayda
Guptipara P. O., District Hoogly.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. B. 007775 of the 3 per cent. loan of 1896-97 for Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to Bapu R. Kanade, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**BAPU R. KANADE,**

Present Residence—Bhandara, C. P., Permanent Address 377, Shanwar Pith,
Poona.

10th October 1918.

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in my name No. 318901, dated 1st November 1918 of the 8½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 114-14. The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietor—**NISTARINI DASI,**
Administratrix of **MADHUB CHANDRA GHOSE.**

Address—Kona (Howrah).



SUPPLEMENT TO,
The Gazette of India.

No. 48. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

RETURN SHOWING the WHOLESALE and RETAIL PRICES of CEREALS, PULSES, OILSEEDS, SUGAR (RAW), SALT, ETC., in INDIA by DISTRICTS for the FORTNIGHT ENDING 31st OCTOBER 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }
 November 26, 1918

N. G. BASAK,
 Offg. Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 31st October, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917.

Province	RICE (Common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum.</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer aridinum</i>)		ARHAR DÁL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 31st October of																			
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma	100	151	100	133	..	..	110	114	..	..	100	125	100	128	100	125	...	...	100	118
Assam	100	95	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	121	100	112	100	77
Bengal	100	111	100	150	...	..	..	...	..	...	100	135	100	121	100	120	100	85	100	82
Bihar and Orissa	100	144	100	104	100	162	..	..	100	180	100	175	100	189	100	109	100	88	100	62
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	100	148	100	150	100	183	100	297	100	175	100	187	100	169	100	117	100	83	100	93
Delhi	100	116	100	158	100	162	..	..	..	..	100	161	100	200	100	120	100	137	100	88
Punjab	100	168	100	140	100	145	100	168	100	144	100	146	100	187	100	118	100	119	100	158
North-West Frontier Province	100	168	100	126	100	132	..	...	100	114	100	129	100	117	100	129	100	149	100	127
Sind and Baluchis- tan	100	237	100	116	100	156	100	141	100	106	..	...	100	180	100	114	...	...	100	101
Bombay	100	158	100	195	100	125	100	267	...	...	100	154	100	181	100	137	100	97	100	137
Central Provinces and Berar	100	189	100	165	..	..	100	352	..	...	100	194	100	165	100	107	...	...	100	110
Madras	100	132	...	...	...	..	100	153	...	...	100	139	100	147	100	144	100	114	100	98
Average India	100	153	100	149	100	154	100	209	100	144	100	154	100	144	100	123	100	108	100	103
	Unweigh- ted	100	153	100	149	100	154	209	100	144	100	154	100	144	100	123	100	108	100	103
Weighted	100	137	100	150	100	171	100	244	100	165	100	169	...	...	...	...	100	98	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the corresponding fortnight of the preceding year, there has been a general rise in the prices of all food grains in all the reporting provinces, except in the case of rice in Assam, the most noticeable increases being in rice in Sind and Baluchistan, in wheat in the Bombay Presidency, in barley in the United Provinces, in jawar and gram in the Central Provinces and Berar, in maize in Bihar and Orissa and in arhar dāl in Delhi. The price of ghi also increased generally, the highest rise being in the Madras Presidency. The rise in the price of raw sugar in the North-West Frontier Province and in Delhi and of salt in the Punjab, the Bombay Presidency and the North-West Frontier Province is noticeable. The fall in the price of salt in Bihar and Orissa and Assam is also noteworthy.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2

Comparison with previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 31st October, 1918, as compared with the previous fortnight.

	RICE (common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer ariselinum</i>)		ARHAR DÁL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
Province	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending																			
	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918	15th Oct 1918	31st Oct 1918
Burma . . .	100	98	100	111	..	...	100	114	.	..	100	96	100	104	100	100	...	...	100	101
Assam . . .	100	89	...	...	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	98	100	106	100	100
Bengal . . .	100	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	105	100	104	100	105	100	100	100	97
Bihar and Orissa	100	100	100	92	100	94	...	...	100	101	100	93	100	93	100	109	100	111	100	100
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh .	100	98	100	97	100	99	100	100	100	88	100	93	100	96	100	103	100	97	100	99
Delhi . . .	100	88	100	100	100	104	..	...	.	...	100	102	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	91
Punjab . . .	100	98	100	101	100	94	100	100	100	100	100	104	100	106	100	108	100	100	100	103
North-West Frontier Province	100	114	100	109	100	106	...	...	100	103	100	98	100	100	100	113	100	100	100	108
Sind and Baluchistan	100	119	100	120	100	108	100	103	100	100	...	...	100	105	100	100	...	...	100	94
Bombay . . .	100	102	100	101	100	96	100	95	..	...	100	105	100	100	100	97	100	101	100	103
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	100	125	100	104	..	...	100	142	...	...	100	110	100	100	100	95	...	...	100	91
Madras . . .	100	104	...	...	...	...	100	107	...	..	100	100	100	118	100	100	100	100	100	91
Average India { Unweighted	100	103	100	103	100	100	100	109	100	98	100	101	100	102	100	102	100	102	100	98
{ Weighted	100	101	100	100	100	97	100	109	100	95	100	99	..	...	...	...	100	100	...	..

NOTE.—Compared with the previous fortnight, the rise in the price of rice in the Central Provinces and Berar, and Sind and Baluchistan, of wheat in Sind and Baluchistan, of jawar in the Central Provinces and Berar and of arhar dāl in the Madras Presidency is noticeable.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 3.

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82½ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, bajra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending the 31st October of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918.

MARKET	WHEAT (Triticum sativum)			RICE (common) (Oryza Sativa)			JAWAR (Andropogon sorghum)			BAJRA (Pennisetum typhoides)			GRAM (Cicer aristatum)		
	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916	1918	1917	1916
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta . . .	7 8 0	5 0 0	4 5 0	5 12 0	5 4 0	6 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8 0	3 8 0	3 10 0
Bombay . . .	10 9 4	6 2 2	4 10 6	7 7 1	5 0 0	4 11 2	10 0 0	4 6 0	2 12 0	11 10 8	4 3 9	3 6 2	5 11 5	3 11 2	3 4 6
Karachi . . .	6 12 0	4 13 9	4 7 0	11 14 0	5 0 0	5 1 0	...	2 12 0	2 10 0	8 0 0	3 3 0	2 13 0	...	...	...
Madras . . .	...	...	...	7 4 4	5 6 11	5 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7 0	4 9 5	4 3 4
Rangoon . . .	...	...	...	4 8 1	2 5 0	3 8 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 13 1	3 9 10	3 14 1
Dacca . . .	...	...	...	5 8 0	5 4 0	6 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna . . .	5 11 0	3 15 0	3 7 6	5 11 0	3 1 0	3 15 6	...	2 3 0	2 5 0	...	...	...	4 0 0	2 7 6	3 1 0
Ranohi . . .	8 8 0	5 2 0	4 3 0	6 10 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 10 0	3 14 0	4 0 0
Cuttack . . .	8 3 3	4 5 8	4 1 2	5 9 0	3 15 2	4 8 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 6	3 12 11	3 12 11
Benares . . .	6 2 7	4 3 10	3 15 9	6 7 9	4 8 8	5 2 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 13 5	2 7 9	3 1 7
Cawnpore . . .	6 18 0	4 5 0	4 0 0	7 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	2 15 0	2 14 0
Meerut . . .	6 6 0	4 0 0	3 11 6	6 10 9	4 11 4	5 8 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 2 0	3 3 2	2 15 6
Agra . . .	7 5 2	4 11 3	4 5 2	8 9 7	6 10 3	6 15 3	7 9 11	2 13 8	2 5 7	6 11 6	3 3 4	2 9 3	5 6 2	3 3 6	3 5 5
Lucknow . . .	6 6 4	4 5 2	3 14 6	6 6 4	3 13 0	4 0 0	...	...	...	4 13 6	2 6 9	2 6 9	5 0 0	2 10 8	2 10 8
Ferozepur . . .	6 2 6	4 0 0	3 13 0	9 6 6	5 5 3	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	2 12 0	2 5 6	4 13 6	3 1 3	2 14 6
Lahore . . .	6 2 6	4 9 3	4 0 0	8 0 0	4 13 6	4 11 8	...	3 1 3	3 1 3	5 11 6	3 0 3	3 7 6	4 11 8	3 5 3	3 2 3
Amritsar . . .	5 12 0	4 4 3	3 12 0	7 12 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 14 3	3 3 0	3 0 3
Rawalpindi . . .	6 0 6	4 7 0	3 11 0	8 14 3	4 12 0	5 8 0	4 9 0	2 10 6	2 8 0	6 2 6	2 10 6	3 0 0	4 13 6	3 6 0	3 2 0
Lyalpur . . .	5 13 6	4 3 0	3 14 0	8 8 0	5 1 0	5 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 4 6	3 2 0	3 0 0
Ambala . . .	6 9 0	4 3 0	3 14 0	8 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	...	2 12 0	2 15 0	...	3 0 0	3 12 0	5 8 0	3 0 0	3 0 0
Delhi . . .	6 10 0	4 3 0	4 0 0	7 4 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	...	3 0 0	3 1 0	...	3 1 6	2 11 0	5 2 0	3 3 0	2 15 6
Peshawar . . .	5 1 3	4 2 1	3 10 4	10 0 0	5 5 4	5 0 5	...	3 2 5	2 3 8	...	2 14 9	3 1 3	4 4 9	3 5 4	3 3 10
Quetta . . .	4 13 6	5 2 0	4 15 0	...	...	...	4 8 0	3 3 0	3 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poona . . .	...	5 15 7	4 11 7	9 8 10	5 11 3	5 8 0	...	3 9 2	2 8 0	10 11 1	4 7 1	3 8 8	6 2 10	4 8 4	3 11 6
Ahmednagar . . .	8 11 9	4 9 7	3 8 11	...	...	...	8 13 0	2 14 5	...	...	...	...	6 0 3	3 12 5	3 0 1
Ahmedabad . . .	8 0 0	5 5 0	4 3 0	9 0 0	7 4 0	6 12 0	...	...	...	10 0 0	4 0 0	2 14 0	6 8 0	4 0 0	3 8 0
Nagpur . . .	8 6 2	4 11 4	3 11 7	12 5 0	4 9 10	4 2 1	...	3 9 2	2 5 0	...	...	...	7 3 11	3 7 6	3 7 6
Jabalpur . . .	6 15 4	4 7 1	3 11 6	6 15 4	4 3 5	4 11 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 2 6	3 10 2	3 7 7
Cocanada . . .	...	...	...	5 10 5	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutt . . .	...	...	...	7 4 6	5 6 11	5 2 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER

Districts	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		BAGI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Barma*—															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergal	...	...	45.71	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	32.99	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst†	...	...		27.47		71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Bangoon	...	...	45.07	28.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	46.04	26.89	160	95.52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	42.67	28.88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Henzada	...	...	45.39	24.71	100	75.39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toangoo	...	...	35.16	24.71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay	...	...	41.29	28.57	81.01	45.07	...	...	...	...	22.38	19.69	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	44.14	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arahan—</i>															
Akyab	...	...	36.36	36.36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—															
<i>Surma—</i>															
Sylhet (Balaganj)	21.87	21.87	35.02	37.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara	20	18.75	35	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	21.25	22.5	47.5	46.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong	25	...	50	43.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	25.62	25	55	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Calcutta	27.5	25	57.5	52.5	75	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Burdwan	23.12	20	47.5	37.5	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	30	18.75	50	41.25	85	57.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Pabna	26.25	23.12	45	45	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	23.75	23.75	55	55	57.5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpore†	...	20	...	38.75	...	40	...	...	...	32.5	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	30	20.04	61.56	44.37	81.56	40	...	...	36.12	22.19	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna	28.12	17.5	56.87	30.62	56.87	39.37	...	...	33.12	21.8	...	21.87	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack	25.36	16.04	55.62	39.48	82.03	43.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRA—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Benares	36.67	23.59	64.84	45.42	61.61	42.1	68.23	45.16	45.68	27.13	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore	35.62	22.5	70	52.5	68.12	43.12	71.25	50	50	22.12	...	...	...	...	...
Jhansi	...	...	71.87	47.03	65.81 to 72.81	43.23 and 44.37	...	...	50	24.58	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Moorut	...	...	66.72	47.06	68.75	40	73.12	44.43	50	26.67	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	70.62	...	85.99	66.41	73.23	47.03	85.26	53.38	49.58	29.58	26.2	28.54	67.19	38.06	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur	38.75	20	70	41.72	64.37	40	77.5	46.25	46.25	24.53	...	...	...	26.56	...
(b) OUDH—															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow	...	20	63.96	38.12	63.96	43.23	80	51.56	44.43	27.6	...	...	24.44	24.23	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Lychnad	39.13	24.22	61.72	45	61.72	40.62	...	...	47.05	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice
† Figures have not so far been reported

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district headquarters) in each province on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RAOY	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LUSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPSSEED		DISTRICTS
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
															Burma—
...	61'54	61'54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinasserim—
...	Mergui
...	65'98	...	68'82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and Amherst
...	58'18	86'18	79'01	51'61	68'82	58'08	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	80	61'54	80	61'54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangoon
...	48'84	34'41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	57'14	46'72	79'01	75'29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Hensada
...	Toungoo
...	...	18'71	58'14	34'41	75'29	60'95	64	58'78	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	34'41	86'49	71'91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	88'88	66'67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	70	32'5	...	...	Surma—
...	100	62'5	Sylhet (Balaganj)
...	82'5	65	Brahmaputra—
...	Gaolpara
...	Gaubati
...	57'5	45	77'5	70	...	...	...	...	100	100	95	65	Bengal—
...	85	60	...	...	...	...	65	55	93'75	65	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	45	35	67'5	55	...	...	...	...	75	50	85	55	Dacca
...	Dacca—
...	55	40	68'75	45'62	...	...	...	...	...	70	100	52'5	Calcutta
...	{ 55 to 70 }	42'5	80	{ 50 to 65 }	...	...	...	...	70	45	{ 105 to 117'5 }	63'5	Western—
...	72'5	60	...	...	...	...	70	66'25	96'25	65	Burdwan
...	60	62'5	65	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	70	Midnapur
...	Northern—
...	Patna
...	Bangpur
...	...	17'5	...	27'5	...	45	...	23'75	...	...	...	47'5	{ 50 to 56'25 }	...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	38'12	20'94	46'56	26'56	61'58	44'37	46'58	28'44	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bihar, north—
...	33'12	18'75	40	24'69	56'87	39'87	40	32'5	...	...	86'25	45	80	57'5	Bhagalpur
...	60'94	38'07	76'15	47'08	64'68	35'94	...	...	...	...	75	...	Muzaffarpur
...	Bihar, south—
...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	40'78	23'59	43'38	24'84	63'75	37'66	...	...	...	...	62'97	45'42	65'78	47'71	United Provinces—
...	40	21'87	50	29'37	58'75	37'5	...	32'5	40	28'12	65'75	46'25	77'5	48'75	(a) AGR—
...	...	32'08	53'33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Eastern—
...	46'87	25	51'25	31'08	63'75	38'07	...	...	...	...	50	...	80	50	Benares
...	43'91	26'67	45'1	32'19	72'40	38'07	...	...	45'83	30'16	80	50	91'25	38'07	Central—
...	30'37	22'5	56'25	25	77'5	35'94	...	...	...	26'72	73'75	42'5	...	51'58	Cawnpore
...	40	21'61	50	26'67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47'08	...	63'91	Jhansi
...	39'06	...	47'06	25'62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Western—
...	Meerut
...	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	(b) OUDH—
...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

Districts	SESAMUM Tol or jumrah		GHI		SUGAR RAW (Gir)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui			800	581 82	...		35 75	27 47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tavoy		...	640	640			25 7	25 7	...	..	..	...	..	..	..
Moulmein and Amherst*		..		457 14			..	24 62	..	..	..	..	...	..	..
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Bangoon			914 20	538 38			33 51	35 56	..	...	..	..	..	..	..
Maubin			800	640			48 12	48 12	..	..	..	...	..	...	..
Bassein			640	640			45 71	45 71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pegu (inland)—															
Hensada			914 29	711 11			42 72	35 75			..	..	..	..	..
Toungoo							42 95	40 51	..		..	...	..	..	..
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay			711 11	711 11			44 14	41 83			..	...	..	...	..
Pakokku			914 29	711 11	..	..	45 80	45 39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arakan—															
Akyab			914 29	600		..	40	36 36	..	..	..	...	..	..	..
Assam—															
Surma—															
Sylhet (Balagan)			900	600	80	75	40	48 75			..	..	..	..	..
Brahmaputra—															
Goalpara			680	80	90	80	45	58 75					..	..	..
Gauhati			720	605	92 5	92 5	42 5	55		..	..	...	..	..	..
Bengal—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong			700	600	85	70	35	55					..	..	..
Dacca			600		102 5	110	45	52 5		..		..	..	..	..
Dacca—															
Calcutta			720	650	85	100	37 5	47 5	...	..	..	..	...	..	..
Western—															
Burdwan			700	560	110	80	37 5	35							
Midnapur			{ 750 to 800 }	{ 620 to 630 }	85	100	40	48 75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern—															
Patna			860	620	91 87	85	42 5	47 5	...	..			..	..	..
Rangpur			620	650	80	130	43 75	55			..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa—															
Bihar, north—															
Bhagalpur*		50		640		68 5	...	50		80	...	..	..	..	..
Muzaffarpur			581 25	538 12	87 19	68 56	29 12	50	200	268 56	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar, south—															
Patna	100	55	540	500	65	60	30 78	30	20	25	..	..	5	5	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack	13 75	..	700	608 45	51 41	64 74	36 35	35	120 47	91 41	..	..	6 25	6 25	6 25
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Banaras	84 69	17 07	810 42	538 38	61 87	58 8	43 12	31 93	...	...	...	..	...	..	...
Central—															
Cawnpore	115	67 5	630	480	60	76 25	24 58	36 25	150	160	155	190	..	..	..
Jhansi			558 41	483 12	70		30	33 75	..	..	...	..	...	..	..
Western—															
Meerut			655 04	581 82	80	84 22	31 87	48 44	..	..	...	...	...	..	..
Agra	127 11	61 04	689 75	556 56	71 77	90 69	34 06	36 35	85 62	120	184 37	180	14 45	10	18 38
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahanpur		47 19	550	530	80	..	32 5	40	180	180	{ 160 to 200 }	{ 180 to 190 }	...	..	...
(b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow			570	495	..	...	33 33	34 79	..	..	...	..	...	...	..
Northern—															
Fyzabad	..	..	512 5	480	50	..	37 5	30	...	..	...	...	5	...	..

*Figures have not so far been reported

TABLE NO. A.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—continued

Districts	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer . . .	36 67	26 67			80	46 87			60 99	38 23	62 4	25 44	108 99	22 19	...
Delhi—															
Delhi . . . .	...		72 5	62 5	68 23	41 87	72 5	47 5	50	30 94	..	30	..	30 94	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozepur . . .	44 37	26 25	94 06	59 28	61 56	40	69 53	45 78	44 37	26 72		25		27 5	...
Central—															
Lahore . . .	44 37	23 44	80	48 44	61 56	45 78	69 53	50	86 41	27 97	...	30 78	57 19	30 16	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar . . .	46 87	25	77 5	50	57 5 1/2	12 66	64 37	50	...	30	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . . .			88 91	47 5	60 31	44 37	69 53	46 87	40	27 5	45 02	26 56	61 56	26 56	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . .		27 5	85	50 62	57 81	41 87	63 75	46 87	40	27 5					...
Multan . . .	48 75	21 5	80	44 22	55 16	40	60 47	43 75	44 37	28 59	46 87	18 59	...	30 78	...
N.-W. Frontier Pro-															
vince—															
Peshawar . . .			100	53 37	50 78	41 3	57 64	46 72	31 2	25 94		31 51		29 22	...
Dera Ismael Khan				62 13	52 66	40 62	58 75	46 46	42 66	30 16		26 04	56 56	28 04	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . .			118 75	50	67 5	48 59			56 25			27 5	60	31 87	...
Shikarpur . . .					75				52 19	..	80		77 5		...
Quetta . . .					46 25 to 50 62	50 to 52 5	89 06	72 5 to 80 02	51 87	38 12	45	31 87			...
Bombay—															
Konkan—															
Bombay . . .	50 68	33 8	74 43	50	105 83	61 35			50 78	32 81	100	43 75	116 41	42 34	
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli)†			101 25		59 9	43 18					82 76				...
Sholapur . . .			80 21	50 57	93 54	45 26	..				89 63	38 59		33 38	...
Poona . . .			95 52	57 08		59 74		...				36 09	106 93	44 48	...
Khandesh and N.-E															
Deccan—															
Ahmednagar . . .			69 11		87 34	45 99		...		...	88 12	29 01		38 07	...
Dhulia . . .					85 57	..							91 56	34 01	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . .												41 82		41 82	...
Ahmedabad . . .			90	72 5	80	58 12	..	..					100	40	...
Central Provinces*															
Western—															
Nagpur . . .			123 12	46 12	83 87	47 06	100	57 5	..	..		35 75			...
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . .			69 56	42 12	62 56	44 44	88 87	57 12	..	...					...
Eastern—															
Raipur† . . .		30		35		35		42							...
Berar—															
Akola . . .			79 69	42 12	90 94	...	..	...			100	23 44			...
Amratoti† . . .				44 44		47 06	..	..				38 75			...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . .											57 7	38 2		37 8	...
Salem . . .															64 8
Central—															
Bellary . . .											65 9	33 9			...
Cuddapah . . .	52 9	36 4									44 9	37 6	47 7	31 6	...
Karnul . . .															...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . .															...
East Coast, South—															
Madras . . .	43 6	33 5	72 7	54 3											...
Tanjore . . .		34 7	70 8	54 6											...
Trichinopoly . . .															42 2
Southern—															
Madura . . .												38 8		44 6	...
Mysore—															
Mysore . . .	34	28	76	64	112	60	08	65			44	32			40
Bangalore . . .	48	23	120	80	128	54		67 76				28			44

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the prices of cleaned rice
† Figures have not so far been reported.

(The figures show prices in rupees per ton rounded)

No.	MAIZE		GRAM		ANAR DİL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSEED		MUSTARD AND RASEED		Districts
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
...	58.40	25	60.90	33.28	..	..	..	..	..	..	106.61	84.22	..	..	Rajputana--
...	...	26.25	51.25	31.87	70	35	...	...	50	31.87	60	60	80	50.62	Eastern-- Ajmer
...	48.44	30.78	88.91	66.72	...	...	42.08	40	73.66	76.25	...	44.87	Delhi-- Delhi
...	48.28	30.16	47.03	33.28	66.72	47.03	57.19	82.08	43.28	30.78	66.72	55.16	66.72	44.37	Punjab-- Southern-- Ferozepur
...	48.91	35	72.5	...	...	...	43.75	37.5	70	66.25	77.5	55	Central-- Lahore
...	40.94	28.44	48.44	33.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	43.75	66.72	41.37	Submontane-- Amritsar
...	44.27	30	42.81	31.25	65	50	46.87	31.09	42.5	33.28	65	55	76.25	48.75	Northern-- Rawalpindi
...	43.75	33.96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Western-- Lyallpur Multan
...	34.2	30.05	42.97	33.38	46.35	39.48	...	...	...	...	...	...	68.85	44.79	N.W. Frontier Province--
...	53.75	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Peshawar Dera Ismail Khan
...	53.12	...	70	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Baluchistan--
...	45	{ 40 to 45	...	...	{ to 80	{ to 65	57.5	51.35	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kardohi Shikarpur
...	57.13	37.03	74.33	64.9	57.13	57.5	41.82	1.553	93.75	52.6	...	...	Quetta
...	66.51	43.85	...	70.16	...	...	36.35	22.45	...	44.06	...	...	Bombay-- Kankar-- Bombay
...	58.44	...	73.23	54.58	...	...	...	...	...	46.77	...	...	Deccan and Karnatak-- Dharwar (Hubli)
...	61.77	42.08	...	52.19	...	...	...	21.11	...	...	...	...	Sholapur Poona
...	60.16	37.76	...	48.49	...	...	...	...	78.91	46.25	...	...	Khandesh and N.W. Deccan-- Ahmednagar Dhulia
...	71.04	45.31	...	...	...	...	41.93	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat-- Surat Ahmedabad
...	65	40	80	56.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central Provinces -- Western-- Nagpur
...	72.44	34.69	105.19	...	...	...	39	27	86.75	54	...	...	Central-- Jubbulpore
...	61.56	36.37	69.56	42.12	50	36.37	50	26.69	76.19	45.69	...	...	Eastern-- Raipur
...	29	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	Berar--
...	70.56	39.69	70.56	...	...	...	37.75	22.87	81.06	60	...	...	Akola Amratoli
...	40.69	...	47.06	...	...	...	...	18.37	...	...	...	...	Madras--
...	77.8	55.8	...	...	...	...	52	35.2	...	...	...	...	South, central-- Coimbatore Salem
30.7	67.2	40.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central-- Bellary Chidambaram Karnul
...	61.7	46.3	91.1	35.3	...	...	23.6	25	...	...	...	...	East Coast, central-- Nellore
29.7	40.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	East Coast, south-- Madras Tanjore Trichinopoly
...	64.4	45.9	...	...	85.2	54.9	57.6	57.6	...	...	...	...	Southern-- Madura
29.6	Mysore-- Mysore Bangalore
...	
30	
26	

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER—continued.

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinjh)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gār)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNIPSEED		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	100	72.35	678.59	402.94	97.08	67.45	..	..	..	..	..	..	90	..	..
Delhi— Delhi	125	62.5	730	610	92.5	67.5	30	86.25	80	80	200	200	30	11.25	..
Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur	114.22	72.66	678.75	595.31	76.25	66.58	50	28.59	177.81	160	160	145.47	..	..	..
Central— Lahore	114.22	56.09	711.09	640	76.25	63.91	48.44	23.50	160	183.28	152.34	188.28	11.41	10	..
Submontane— Amritsar	115	61.25	700	635	67.5	45	42.5	30	110	90	170	165	..	..	..
Northern— Rawalpindi . . . . .	..	..	609.53	540	72.66	44.37	44.37	27.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Western— Lyallpur	90	57.5	710	575	50	57.5	45	31.25	200	140	170	140	..	..	..
Multan	122.5	55	680	555	68.56	60	42.19	31.87	120	122.5	190	195	12.5	8.44	..
N.W. Frontier Province— Peshawar . . . . .	..	..	640	568.91	93.44	58.7	23.18	19.63	98.44	94.11	..	..	..	..	..
Dera Ismail Khan . . . . .	..	..	914.37	640	79.37	60.94	30.37	20.68	..	..	..	..	..	12.03	..
Sind and Baluchis- tan— Karachi . . . . .	..	..	750	..	110	..	18.75	18.44	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shikarpur . . . . .	..	..	730	..	65	..	21.41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Quetta . . . . .	..	..	655 to 741.25	380 to 650	..	..	23.44	23.44	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay— Konkan— Bombay	170	74.27	865.73	714.27	89.79	82.97	35	25	..	..	149.63	174.17	24.01	15.90	..
Deccan and Karnā- tak— Dharwar (Hubli) . . . . .	..	70.81	..	..	60.58	67.07	..	33.33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sholapur . . . . .	..	61.63	..	550.52	81.51	88.8	50	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Poona . . . . .	..	..	..	..	81.23	87.71	47.4	31.56	..	210.52	..	..	..	..	..
Khamtash and N.E. Deccan— Ahmednagar . . . . .	..	..	..	533.33	96.97	86.67	41.15	34.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dhulia . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gujarat— Surat . . . . .	..	..	..	627.08	..	..	..	17.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ahmedabad . . . . .	..	..	900	590	..	..	17.19	16.56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Central Provin- ces— Western— Nagpur . . . . .	..	80	600	590	..	..	40	26.25	135.31	108.31	171.37	..	11.12	7	..
Central— Jubbulpore	84.19	66.69	630	510	..	..	28.21	30.75	160	123.06	160	200	..	..	..
Eastern— Raipur† . . . . .	..	..	..	520	..	..	..	29	..	160	..	120	..	..	..
Berar— Akola	98	..	838.12	609.5	..	..	44.06	40.44	133.31	123.31	..	..	..	..	..
Amritot† . . . . .	..	74.25	..	480	..	..	..	29	..	177.81	..	..	..	..	..
Madras— South, central— Coimbatore	139.6	82.8	71.7	487.8	70.4	60.8	28.9	27.1	..	..	144	144	..	..	..
Salem . . . . .	..	..	684.9	488	..	..	..	..	171.8	171.3	144	126.9	..	..	7.7
Central— Bellary	110.8	73.1	1015.9	507.9	71.4	71.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah . . . . .	..	..	723.7	550.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	131.8	146.3	..	..	..
Karnul . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	333.3	100	116.5	119.1	..	..	..
East Coast, central— Nellore . . . . .	..	..	..	500	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5.7
East Coast, south— Madras	108.7	..	790	543.1	74.1	62.6	18.9	17.8	299	141.1	123.4	141	..	..	..
Tanjore . . . . .	..	..	600	466.7	..	..	23.4	23.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly . . . . .	..	..	810.7	608.1	..	..	23	23.1	123.4	123.4	..	..	..	..	..
Southern— Madura . . . . .	..	66.7	..	675.7	..	..	..	..	217.7	141.1	..	..	..	..	..
Mysore— Mysore	120	60	780	582.86	76.87	94.27	..	..	274.27*	205.73*	154.32	154.27	4.48	4.48	4.48
Bangalore	120	72	1131.41	617.13	80	77.13	..	..	240*	240*	137.13	120	8.8	8.8	14.69

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 108 per 10 mounds

† Figures have not so far been reported.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ton nett weight)

STRAW	JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BEAN		COAL (BENGAL)		SHEEP, PER SCORE		FLOUR, BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	
...	55.16	...	...	...	110	...	{ 160 to 180 }	{ 80 to 90 }	5 25	3 25	Rajputana-- Eastern-- Ajmer
...	85	18	25	12.5	42.5	16.57	12.5	7.5	100	80	300	250	5 66	2 58	Delhi-- Delhi
...	10	10	36.41	24.22	...	...	113	142 5	225	225	...	3 5	Punjab-- Southern-- Ferozepur
...	14 84	15 91	35.62	26.72	11.37	10	200	161	170	170	6	3 59	Central-- Lahore
...	10	...	16 87	18.12	42 5	20	10	16 25	160	140	...	...	4 5	3 50	Submontane-- Amritsar
...	23 59	20	...	...	12.5	22.5	120	100	140	120	4	3 76	Northern-- Rawalpindi
...	13.44	10	37 5	20	17.5	13.12	140	130	270	180	5	3.53	Western-- Lyallpur
...	...	3.75	11 41	8 12	37.5	20 62	...	...	125	105	...	...	4 5	3 5	Multan
...	9 32	7 5	31 51	22 76	13.49	13 38	{ 80 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 300 }	{ 60 to 300 }	5	3 57	N.W. Frontier Province-- Peshawar
...	19 37	10	39 37	27 97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 06	Dera Ismael Khan
...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 62	Sind and Baluchistan-- Karachi
...	17.5	13 75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shikarpur
...	11.25	13 75	30 37	25.75	15 43	12.86	{ 130 to 230 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	...	4 47	3 47	Quetta
...	37 5	16 98	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 31	3 06	Bombay-- Konkan-- Bombay
...	95	...	...	3.75	3 25	Deccan and Kande- sh-- Dharwar (Habl)
...	2 53	2 41	Sholapur
...	3 37	3 11	Poona
...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.30	Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan-- Ahmednagar
...	4 53	3.75	Dhulia
...	35	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 5	Gujarat-- Surat
...	Ahmedabad
7.5	10	21	...	...	...	...	10	8.75	90	70	125	120	4 06	2 25	Central Provin- ce-- Western-- Nagpur
...	40	26.69	...	...	60	60	70	70	3.16	2 37	Central-- Jubbulpore
...	2.62	Eastern-- Raipur
...	8 91	95	95	61	64	3.61	2 62	Berar-- Akola
...	70	...	70	...	2 6	Amravati
7.7	10.1	0.1	...	...	102 90	90.10	...	...	100†	100†	60	60	5 75	3 41	Madras-- South, Central-- Coimbatore
...	12.5	10 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	10†	150	150	4.57	3 36	Salom
...	2.28	3 16	Central-- Bellary
...	3 75	3.75	Ouddapah
5.7	3 35	2.11	Karnul
...	47	26.5	12.9	14.3	225†	203†	...	...	...	...	East Coast, Central-- Nellore
...	10 4	10 5	...	...	150†	150†	...	...	5.62	2.67	East Coast, South-- Madras
...	28.2	38.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.63	3.53	Tanjore
5	30.4	...	...	...	...	60	60	...	3 5	Trichinopoly
4.43	4 22	4 43	...	...	40	40	17.5	15.42	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 80 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	4.75	3 75	Southern-- Madras
9.6	32.5	33.8	...	...	160	160	{ 160 to 200 }	{ 120 to 150 }	6	3 25	Mysore-- Mysore
															Bangalore

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER, 1918

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUK (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OPUN (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Burma—												
<i>Tenasserim—</i>												
Mergui . . .	...	...	..	...	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	11 2	11 12	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst ^a . . .	...	4 10	...	...	...	8 1	..	8 9	..	..	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>												
Pegu . . .	...	..	..	..	7 4	7 4	9 1	9 1	..	...	...	...
Rangoon . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . .	2 5	2 5	...	...	7 5	6 10	8 9	8 2	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	..	..	...	...	9 1	9 1	9 1	9 1	...	...	..	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>												
Tharawadi . . .	...	...	..	..	6 12	7 11	8 1	8 9	..	...	...	...
Hemasada . . .	3 11	3 11	..	..	8 1	8 1	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Prome . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	10 7	10 7	...	..	...	...
Thayetnyo . . .	..	...	..	..	6 5	6 15	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>												
Mandalay . . .	4 12	4 15	..	...	7 10	7 10	9 1	8 12	16 5	17 14	..	...
Bhamo . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	10 6	10 7	12 2	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Meiktila . . .	...	...	..	...	9 2	9 2	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>												
Sandoway . . .	2 —	2 —	...	...	15 4	15 4	21 3	21 3	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpada . . .	2 12	2 12	...	...	12 —	14 —	14 —	16 —	...	..	...	...
Akyab . . .	...	...	..	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
<i>Burma—</i>												
Sylhet . . .	...	...	...	...	10 8	9 —	14 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cachar . . .	4 12	4 12	...	...	7 7	7 —	10 12	10 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Hill Tracts—</i>												
Khasi and Jaintia Hills . . .	5 —	5 —	..	...	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	..	...
Garo Hills . . .	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	2 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	24 —	23 —	26 —	24 —	...	...	...	..
Naga Hills . . .	...	...	..	...	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills ^a . . .	...	...	...	...	...	4 —	...	5 —	...	...	..	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>												
Goalpara . . .	7 —	6 8	...	...	4 4	4 —	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kamrup (Gauhati) . . .	5 —	6 8	...	...	6 4	5 14	8 —	..	...	...	..	...
Darrang . . .	..	...	...	..	6 8	6 —	11 —	12 —	..	...	...	...
Nowgong . . .	..	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	15 —	...	...	..	...
Sibsagar . . .	...	...	..	..	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 4	..	..	..	..
Lakhimpur . . .	5 8	5 8	..	...	5 —	5 —	8 8	7 —	...	..	...	..
Bengal—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Chittagong . . .	..	..	...	...	..	..	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Tippera . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>												
Khulna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishtnagarh) . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	7 8	...	...	...	...
Jessore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . .	..	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest next) day of each fortnight. Figures have not so far been reported.

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUN (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CHURU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Bengal—continued												
Western—												
Bankura . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 —	7 —	..	..	..	..
Burdwan . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 —	..	..	..	..	..
Birbhum . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	6 12	7 8	..	..	..	..
Midnapur . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Murshidabad . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 —	8 8	..	..	..	..
Northern—												
Pabna . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 10	..	..	..	..	..
Rajshahi . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 2	7 2	..	..	..	..
Malda . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 8	8 8	..	..	..	..
Bogra . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 8	5 8	..	..	..	..
Jalpaiguri . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 —	7 8	..	..	..	..
Dinajpur . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 6	8 6	..	..	..	..
Rangpur . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 —	7 12	..	..	..	..
Hills—												
Darjeeling . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 —	6 —	..	..	..	..
Other and Orissa												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	6 —	5 —	..	..	..	..	7 —	7 —	..	..	..	..
Bhagalpur . . . . .	..	6 10	..	9 —	..	..	..	6 —	..	..	..	..
Darbhanga	6 —	6 9	10 7	11 —	..	..	7 4	7 11	..	..	..	..
Muzaffarpur	6 —	5 8	10 —	10 —	..	..	6 —	6 —	..	..	..	..
Saran	6 0 to 6 8	6 —	10 —	9 —	..	..	6 —	6 —	..	..	..	..
Champaran	6 12	5 12	10 8	9 —	..	..	5 8	6 —	..	..	..	..
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	5 4	5 4	6 —	6 8	..	..	6 6	7 —	..	..	..	..
Monghyr	6 5	6 5	11 9	10 7	..	..	5 4	5 12	..	..	..	..
Gaya	6 —	6 —	9 —	10 —	..	..	6 8	7 8	9 —	11 —	..	..
Patna	7 8	7 —	11 8	11 —	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shahabad	6 —	6 8	11 —	10 8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	5 —	5 8	..	..	..	..	6 —	6 8	..	..	..	..
Manbhum	5 8	5 —	10 —	10 —	..	..	6 —	6 —	..	..	..	..
Ranchi	4 8	4 8	8 —	9 —	..	..	5 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	..	6 —
Palaman	6 8	6 7 1/2	9 —	9 9	..	..	7 5	6 12	..	..	..	..
Hazaribagh	5 8	5 —	..	..	..	..	5 —	5 8	..	..	..	..
Orissa—												
Puri	4 9	5 4	..	..	..	..	8 3	8 8	..	..	..	..
Cuttack	4 14	5 14	..	..	..	..	7 3	8 8	..	..	..	..
Balasore	6 8	6 8	..	..	..	..	7 12	8 4	..	..	..	..
Sambalpur	5 —	5 —	..	..	..	..	8 —	9 8	..	..	..	..
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	5 8	5 12	7 6	7 8	4 —	5 8	5 —	6 —	..	..	7 —	..
Benares	6 1 1/2	5 1 1/2	8 6	8 1 1/2	5 2	5 2	5 11 1/2	5 11 1/2	..	..	..	..
Ghazipur	5 12	5 12	8 14	8 14	4 11	4 11	6 6	6 5	..	..	..	..
Jaunpur	6 3	6 4	8 8	8 10	3 12	3 12	5 10	6 —	..	..	..	..
Allahabad	6 —	5 12	8 —	8 —	4 8	4 4	5 8	5 14	..	7 8	7 —	5 8
Central—												
Etah	6 4	6 2	7 4	7 8	8 12	8 10	4 12	4 10	..	..	..	..
Fatehpur	6 4	6 —	6 12	7 4	3 —	3 —	5 4	5 —	..	..	..	..
Hamirpur	6 9	5 12	6 9	6 6	4 —	4 —	5 4	5 4	7 4	6 6	..	..
Jaloun	5 8	6 —	7 8	8 8	3 —	3 —	4 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Cawnpore	5 14	5 8	7 8	7 —	..	..	5 7	..	7 4	7 8	5 14	..
Jhansi	5 7	5 1	7 11	7 10	3 8	3 9	3 2	4 15	..	..	..	..
Etawah	5 6	5 14	6 12	6 14	3 4	3 8	4 11	5 4	5 8	6 10	6 —	5 2
Farrukhabad	5 12	5 —	7 12	6 8	3 10	3 8	4 8	5 —	..	..	6 8	..
Mainpuri	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 —	3 —	3 —	4 —	5 —	..	..	..	..
Etah	6 4	6 4	8 4	7 12	2 8	2 8	5 8	5 4	..	..	7 —	6 8
Western—												
Meerut	6 —	6 —	7 12	8 —	3 —	3 —	5 12	5 12	..	..	..	..
Agra	5 10	5 4	7 12	7 9	8 10	8 15	5 5	..	..	..	..	..
Muttra	5 12	5 4	8 8	8 4	2 12	2 12	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aligarh	6 4	5 12	8 4	8 4	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 8	7 4	..	6 —	6 —
Bulandshahr	6 —	5 14	7 8	7 8	3 —	..	4 —	3 —	6 —	6 —	5 —	5 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	7 12	7 8	11 11	10 5	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	..	..	..	..
Amroha	6 8	6 4	9 8	9 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	..	..	..	..
Gorakhpur	6 12	6 11	10 —	8 12	5 8	5 10	7 —	7 8	..	..	..	..
Easti	6 4	6 —	9 8	9 —	4 12	4 12	5 12	5 12	..	..	..	..

*Figures have not so far been reported.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 telas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

RASI OR KANVA (Rice)		KANERI OR KANUN, IRAKHAN MUKHER (Sataria salica)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SURAGA (Oser aristinum)		MATH (Ses Mays)		ASHAR DAL (Oxyurus Indicus)		BALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	5 —	5 —	10 8	10 8	Bengal—continued
...	5 8	5 5	9 —	9 —	Western—
...	5 5	5 8	10 —	9 —	Bankura
...	Burdwan
...	Birbhum
...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	Midnapur
...	6 —	6 8	9 —	10 —	Murshidabad
...	5 —	5 8	8 —	8 —	Northern—
...	5 4	5 4	8 —	9 12	Pabna
...	6 —	5 4	8 —	8 —	Rajshahi
...	4 6	4 6	9 5	9 5	Malda
...	4 9	4 8	8 —	8 —	Bogra
...	4 12	5 6	8 —	8 8	Jalpaiguri
...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	Dinajpur
...	Rangpur
...	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	Hills—
...	Darjeeling
...	8 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	5 8	5 4	11 —	11 —	Bihar and Orissa—
...	8 4	8 4	10 —	10 —	...	5 11	10 8	10 8	Bihar, north—
...	Purnea
11 —	13 3	...	...	9 14	9 14	9 14	11 —	6 9	7 2	12 —	13 —	Rhagapur
...	8 —	7 3	10 —	10 —	6 —	6 —	13 4	13 4	Darbhanga
...	8 —	8 —	11 8	9 —	6 8	6 —	9 8	12 —	Muzaffarpur
11 —	10 —	8 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	11 8	10 —	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	Saran
...	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	11 8	10 —	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	Champaran
...	7 4	7 —	9 12	10 —	6 12	6 8	10 10	9 8	Bihar south—
...	Santal Parganas
10 —	11 —	11 —	10 —	7 14	8 4	10 8	10 7	8 6	7 14	12 —	11 8	Monghyr
...	8 —	8 —	9 —	10 —	5 8	5 8	13 5	13 5	Gaya
...	9 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	6 8	...	13 —	13 —	Patna
...	8 —	8 —	10 8	11 —	5 8	5 8	13 —	13 —	Shahabad
...	6 8	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	Chota Nappur—
...	7 —	6 8	9 —	9 —	5 8	5 8	9 —	9 —	Singbhum
11 —	12 —	...	...	6 6	6 12	9 —	9 —	5 —	5 8	8 —	8 —	Manbhum
...	7 14	7 14	9 —	13 8	6 3	6 12	12 15	12 15	Ranchi
12 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	6 8	9 8	9 —	5 —	5 —	9 —	13 —	Palamanu
...	6 4	6 14	...	...	4 9	4 10	13 —	10 12	Hazaribagh
...	6 9	6 9	...	...	5 4	5 4	11 —	11 —	Orissa—
...	6 8	8 4	...	...	4 8	5 5	9 8	9 2	Puri
...	7 —	8 —	...	...	4 —	4 8	10 —	10 —	Cuttack
...	Belasore
...	Sambalpur
...	United Provinces—
...	6 8	7 —	7 —	7 8	6 —	6 —	9 —	9 —	(a) Agra—
...	...	13 —	13 —	7 14	7 9	9 3	8 15	5 13	5 9	...	...	Eastern—
...	8 8	7 14	9 15	9 10	6 9	6 6	11 9	11 9	Mirzapur
4 5	...	8 15	...	7 10	7 14	9 2	...	6 —	6 3	14 12	14 12	Benares
...	8 4	7 4	...	...	5 13	5 4	8 12	10 12	Ghazipur
...	Jaunpur
...	Allahabad
...	7 2	7 —	...	...	5 4	6 —	11 2	10 4	Central—
...	7 —	7 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 —	Banda
...	7 10	6 13	...	...	5 8	6 4	13 —	13 —	Fatehpur
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Hamirpur
...	7 8	6 8	9 4	8 8	6 8	6 8	16 —	16 —	Jalaun
...	...	5 8	...	6 15	6 7	...	...	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	Cawnpore
3 —	...	4 —	...	7 1	6 11	7 3	7 1	5 6	5 9	13 —	12 13	Jhansi
...	7 2	6 8	7 13	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Etawah
...	6 4	6 —	7 —	7 —	5 4	6 —	10 —	15 —	Farrukhabad
...	7 —	7 —	8 4	7 8	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Mainpuri
...	Etah
...	7 8	7 4	8 4	8 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	13 —	Western—
...	7 4	7 2	8 4	8 6	...	...	...	...	Meerut
...	9 —	7 8	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 8	Agra
...	...	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 4	8 4	7 8	6 —	5 12	15 —	16 —	Muttra
...	Aligarh
...	7 2	7 2	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Bulandshahr
...	9 13	9 —	10 3	10 5	6 8	5 13	9 12	10 5	Submontane, east—
...	8 —	8 —	9 8	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Balla
...	9 —	8 1	10 —	9 7	6 12	6 —	10 —	10 —	Asamgarh
...	Gorakhpur
...	7 8	7 8	9 8	10 —	6 4	6 4	15 8	15 8	Basti

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER, 1918—continued

Districts	WHEAT (Triticum Sativum)		BARLEY (Hordeum vulgare)		RICE				JAWAR OR Sorghum (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR Pennisetum (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
United Provinces— continued												
(a) Agra—continued												
Saharanpur, west—												
Shahjahanpur	6 2	6 6	8 2	8 6	2 8	2 8	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Badaun	5 11	4 13	8 1	8 1	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 8	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —
Filibit	6 —	5 2	7 12	7 12	3 12	3 12	6 4	5 8	...	...	...	...
Bareilly	5 15	5 3	7 9	7 9	3 8	3 8	5 4	4 13	...	...	...	...
Moradabad	5 12	5 6	7 12	7 6	3 12	3 12	5 10	5 10	...	...	...	...
Bijnor	5 6	...	8 —	...	2 12	...	4 4	...	...	...	6 —	...
Musaffarnagar	6 5	5 14	8 12	9 12	4 6	4 6	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	...	...
Saharanpur	6 2	...	8 —	...	3 3	...	4 9	...	...	...	...	...
Dehra Dun	5 14	5 —	8 12	7 8	2 10	2 10	5 10	5 12	5 —	4 8	6 4	5 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	2 12	3 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Almora	4 8	4 8	6 4	6 8	2 8	2 8	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
Gairhwal	4 4	4 4	6 4	6 4	2 8	2 8	3 12	3 12	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh	6 12	5 12	8 —	7 8	5 —	4 8	6 —	5 4	8 —	8 —	7 12	6 8
Sultanpur	6 8	6 4	9 —	8 8	...	...	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Rae Bareilly	6 4	6 2	8 —	7 —	4 —	4 —	5 2	5 2	8 —	...	8 —	7 —
Unao	6 2	5 10	7 8	6 14	3 8	3 12	4 —	5 4	...	...	...	...
Lucknow	6 —	5 12	8 12	7 4	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 12	...	...	6 —	...
Hardoi	6 4	5 8	8 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Fyzabad	6 4	5 6	8 4	7 12	...	...	6 4	5 8	...	...	6 4	7 12
Barabanki	6 13	6 —	8 15	8 8	4 2	3 10	6 12	6 5	9 —	7 9	7 —	7 —
Gonda	6 2	5 14	7 8	8 —	4 —	3 12	5 4	5 2	...	...	8 —	4 2
Bahraich	6 8	5 8	9 —	9 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Sitapur	6 8	6 —	8 8	8 —	2 8	2 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	8 —	...
Kheri	7 —	6 8	11 —	9 —	2 8	2 8	7 —	6 4	...	...	...	...
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Mewar (Udaipur)	6 6	7 10	8 2	10 4	3 —	3 1	5 5	5 1	8 10	11 8	5 10	7 10
Ajmer	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	5 8	5 4	...	...	...	...
Kishangarh	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 4	2 8	3 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	4 3	5 —
Tonk	5 —	5 12	7 5	7 12	4 3	4 3	5 4	5 4	7 —	7 —	...	...
Jaipur	4 12	5 8	6 7	7 8	4 4	4 4	4 8	4 8	5 12	7 —	4 12	4 8
Karauli	5 5	5 5	6 4	6 9	3 12	3 12	4 6	4 11	6 4	...	6 4	6 9
Dholpur*	...	6 9	...	7 15	...	3 15	...	4 3	...	4 1	...	6 1
Bharatpur*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alwar	6 3	6 9	7 15	8 —	4 —	4 —	4 9	4 9	8 9	9 —	7 —	7 —
Nasirabad	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 12	5 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	4 —	...
Western—												
Bikaner	5 —	4 12	7 —	7 —	2 12	3 —	4 4	4 8	...	...	4 —	4 —
Jaisalmer	3 4	3 4	...	...	2 8	2 8	2 12	2 12	...	...	3 4	4 —
Jodhpur	{ 5 — and 5 5 }	5 —	6 5	6 4	3 12	3 12	4 6	5 —	...	...	5 6	6 —
Central India—												
Indore	6 4	5 12	6 8	6 8	6 —	6 —	6 4	6 8	...	...	...	...
Neemuch	5 —	5 4	...	...	4 —	4 4	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Gwalior*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Delhi—												
Delhi	5 12	5 12	7 12	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 12	4 12	...	...	...	...
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	5 12	6 8	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	6 —	6 —
Ferozepur	6 4	6 8	8 8	8 8	...	...	4 —	4 8	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	6 4	6 4	10 12	10 12	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	6 8	6 8
Gujranwala	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Quetta	6 8	6 12	7 —	8 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	...	...	...	...
Jhelum	6 6	6 12	5 —	9 —	...	...	4 8	4 —	...	...	...	8 —

* Figures have not so far been reported.

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF OCTOBER 1918—continued

Districts	WHEAT (Triticum Sativum)		BARLEY (Hordeum vulgare)		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLUR (Andropogon sorghum)		BARRA OR CHHUR (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Punjab—continued												
<i>South-eastern—</i>												
Gurgaon	5 12	6 —	7 —	7 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	5 —	5 —	4 —	5 —
Rohak	6 —	5 14	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	5 8	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 —
Karnal	6 4	6 —	8 4	8 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Submontane—</i>												
Ambala	6 1	6 1	7 12	7 12	...	...	4 14	4 14	...	...	...	...
Ludhiana	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	5 —	5 —	5 —	5 —
Jullundur	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	4 12	5 —	5 —	...	...
Hoshiarpur	6 5	6 5	8 —	9 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Gurdaspur	6 1	6 4	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 4	5 8	...	4 —	...	...
Amritsar	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	...	...	...
Sialkot	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Simla	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	4 12	4 8	3 12	3 12
Kangra	5 12	5 12	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Rawalpindi	6 6	6 4	9 12	9 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	8 8	8 8	6 4	5 12
Attock	6 8	6 8	11 —	11 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	...	...	7 —	8 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Shahpur	6 14	7 —	9 —	18 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	13 —	18 —	...	...
Jhang	6 14	6 14	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 —	3 8	...	...	...	...
Lyallpur	6 10	6 12	9 12	9 12	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Multan	7 —	6 14	5 12	9 —	...	...	5 —	5 4	8 4	8 4	...	...
Montgomery	7 —	7 4	9 8	9 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Muzaffargarh	6 14	6 14	8 8	9 —	...	...	4 8	4 12	10 —	9 —	...	...
Dera Ghazi Khan	7 8	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 4	7 —	7 —	6 4	5 4
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hazara	5 14	5 12	9 4	9 —	3 14	2 14	4 14	5 1	...	...	6 2	7 —
Peshawar	7 12	7 12	12 11	13 —	3 10	4 4	3 15	4 9	...	...	7 8	7 8
Kohat	6 11	7 —	9 13	10 3	2 4	...	4 8	5 4	...	...	8 12	8 12
Bannu	8 5	8 5	10 4	11 4	...	...	3 2	5 11	...	...	7 —	7 —
Dera Ismail Khan	7 8	7 12	9 4	10 —	3 10	2 13	...	4 8	...	...	...	...
Tochi	6 4	6 9	9 —	9 10	...	...	4 8	4 13	...	...	...	...
Kurram	7 4	8 2	11 —	13 —	6 —	4 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	8 —	8 —	12 —	15 —	3 —	4 —	4 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Wano	6 1	6 1	10 —	10 —	2 4	2 6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 —	3 8	...	4 8	...	...	5 —	5 —
Hyderabad	4 4	4 4	...	...	3 4	3 4	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	4 —	4 —
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khan)	4 2	4 8	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 8	3 8	...	...	4 —	4 4
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	5 —	...	...	3 8	3 2	4 —	3 10	...	5 —	5 8	5 —
Upper Sind Frontier	5 8	5 12	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 8	3 8	5 12	6 —	5 —	5 —
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	7 4	7 12	3 —	3 1	5 4	5 7	8 7	8 10	5 7	6 1
Bombay—												
<i>Konkan—</i>												
Karwar	3 6	3 6	...	...	4 1	3 9	4 6	4 2	...	...	...	...
Ratnagiri	3 7	3 7	...	...	3 14	3 14	4 10	4 10	...	...	...	...
Alibag	3 4	3 11	...	...	3 4	3 4	3 11	3 11	...	...	...	...
Bombay	3 11	3 13	...	...	3 —	3 —	4 7	4 7	3 3	3 1	3 14	3 —
Thana	4 7	4 7	...	...	4 3	4 3	4 10	4 10	...	...	4 7	4 7
<i>Deccan and Karnatak—</i>												
Dharwar	4 12	4 11	...	...	3 7	3 7	4 6	4 6	4 9	4 12	...	...
Bolgaum	4 —	4 11	...	...	3 4	3 15	3 8	3 4	3 4	4 2	5 4	5 2
Satara	3 13	3 2	...	...	3 5	2 15	3 9	3 9	3 2	3 2	3 2	3 2
Sholapur	4 1	4 4	...	...	3 11	3 11	4 12	5 3	4 —	4 —	...	...
Bijapur	4 3	4 6	...	...	4 3	4 5	4 14	4 14	4 8	4 10	...	...
Poona	3 14	3 14	...	...	3 —	3 —	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 5	3 5
<i>Khandesh and N.-E.</i>												
Deccan—												
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 5	...	...	4 15	4 9	5 5	4 15	3 15	4 5	3 12	3 12
Nasik	4 1	4 7	...	...	3 11	4 13	4 1	5 3	...	...	3 5	3 10
Dhule	3 15	3 15	...	...	4 11	4 11	5 —	5 —	3 8	...	3 9	3 9
Jalgaon	4 6	4 6	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 10	5 10	4 8	4 8	3 8	3 8
<i>Gujarat—</i>												
Surat	3 11	3 11	...	...	3 4	3 4	4 10	4 10	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4
Broach	4 8	4 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	3 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	4 —	4 —
Kaira	3 12	3 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Baroda	4 4	4 4	...	...	4 —	4 4	4 8	4 8	...	...	4 —	4 —
Ahmedabad	4 8	4 8	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 8	3 8
Godhra	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	...	...	3 —	3 —
Disa	4 —	8 8	...	...	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	...	5 4	4 8	5 —
<i>Kathiawar—</i>												
Rajkot	4 2	4 2	...	...	2 10	2 10	3 8	3 8	...	...	2 12	2 2
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	4 4	4 4	...	...	3 6	3 6	5 1	5 1	...	...	...	...
Hoshangabad	5 2	5 11	...	...	2 8	3 —	6 4	6 2	...	...	...	...
Betul	4 5	4 15	...	...	2 12	2 12	5 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara	4 12	5 —	...	...	3 2	3 12	3 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
Nagpur	4 14	4 14	...	...	2 10	3 10	...	3 15	...	...	...	...
Wardha	3 12	3 12	...	...	2 9	3 3	5 2	5 2	4 12	4 12	...	...

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 talas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

RAGI OR MARYA (Eleusine coracana)		KARHI OR KARUN, FRANKAN WILLET (Scleria latifolia)		GRAM, CHENNA, KADAKAT, OR SUNAGA (Oryza arizotum)		MAIZE (Zea Mays)		ASHAR DAL (Cajanus indicus)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre-vious half-month	
...	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 —	5 8	11 —	11 —	Punjab—continued
...	8 8	8 2	...	...	6 —	...	12 —	12 —	Southeastern—
...	7 4	7 4	...	...	5 12	6 —	11 —	12 —	Gurgaon
...	Rohat
...	Karnal
...	7 12	7 4	7 4	...	...	6 1	6 1	9 12	9 12	Submontane—
...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	7 8	7 8	5 8	6 —	8 8	8 —	Ambala
...	...	8 —	8 —	8 —	7 8	7 —	6 —	...	...	8 12	8 —	Ludhiana
...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	Jullundur
...	...	4 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	Hoshiarpur
...	...	9 —	9 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 4	6 —	9 4	8 8	Gurdaspur
...	7 12	8 —	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Amritsar
...	6 4	6 —	6 8	6 8	4 4	4 4	7 —	6 8	Shikot
...	6 12	6 12	...	...	4 8	4 8	11 —	11 —	Hills—
...	8 —	8 4	9 8	9 12	5 4	5 4	8 12	9 —	Simsa
...	8 12	8 12	9 8	9 8	5 —	5 8	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	9 —	8 12	...	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 8	8 —	Northern—
14 —	14 —	11 —	11 —	8 14	10 8	8 —	8 8	5 8	5 8	8 —	7 8	Bawalpindi
...	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	Attock
...	...	8 —	8 —	8 10	8 10	8 12	8 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	Shahpur
...	8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Jhang
...	8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Lyalpur
...	9 8	9 12	...	...	...	...	8 —	10 —	Multan
...	Montgomery
...	Musaffargarh
...	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	...	7 —	8 —	7 6	7 8	7 12	7 10	8 8	8 8	8 4	8 8	N. W. F. Province—
...	...	11 11	11 11	9 2	8 12	11 7	11 11	8 8	8 8	16 15	16 15	Hazara
...	8 12	8 12	8 —	8 —	...	...	18 —	18 —	Peshawar
...	10 —	10 8	12 3	10 —	...	...	18 2	21 4	Kohat
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	Bannu
...	8 8	7 10	...	...	14 —	14 —	Dera Ismail Khan
...	8 —	8 —	11 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	Tochi
...	8 —	9 —	12 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	12 —	Kurram
...	11 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	Malakand
...	Wano
...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	6 —	...	21 —	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Karachi
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Hyderabad
...	7 8	7 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	18 —	18 —	Thar and Parkar
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	(Mirpur Khaw)
...	6 12	6 14	8 7	8 7	4 11 to 5 5	4 13 to 5 10 1/2	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
...	Upper Sind Frontier
...	Quetta
6 4	5 12	...	...	5 5	5 1	...	...	4 13	4 5	10 —	10 —	Bombay—
6 1	6 1	...	...	5 15	5 15	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 2	8 2	Konkan—
4 8	4 8	...	...	5 10	6 —	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 3	6 6	Karwar
...	4 13	4 13	...	...	4 14	4 14	8 6	8 6	Betnagiri
...	6 5	6 5	...	...	5 5	5 5	7 14	7 14	Alibag
6 10	6 7	...	...	5 8	5 10	...	...	8 14	8 15	7 6	6 12	Bombay
6 —	6 8	...	...	6 —	6 12	...	...	4 4	4 4	9 —	6 12	Thana
...	6 7	6 7	...	...	4 3	4 1	7 12	7 12	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	7 1	6 10	...	...	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	Dharwar
...	5 12	5 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Belgaum
...	5 15	6 8	...	...	4 5	4 —	7 6	7 6	Satara
...	6 5	6 —	...	...	4 13	5 8	8 —	8 —	Sholapur
4 10	5 8	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	4 11	5 1	6 10	6 5	Bijapur
...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 7	6 4	Poona
...	6 8	6 8	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Khandesh and N.E.
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 10	4 10	9 4	9 4	Deccan—
...	5 —	5 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 8	10 8	Ahmednagar
5 —	5 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	20 —	20 —	Nasik
...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 —	4 8	17 12	17 12	Dhulia
...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	20 —	20 —	Jalgaon
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Gujarat—
...	5 4	5 4	...	...	3 12	4 8	18 —	18 —	Surat
...	4 8	4 8	...	...	4 —	4 4	4 —	50 —	Broach
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Ahmedabad
...	Godhra
...	Dise
...	Kathawar—
...	Rajkot
...	6 6	5 14	...	...	5 5	5 5	7 14	7 14	Central Provinces—
...	5 15	6 5	...	...	5 11	5 10	16 —	16 —	Western—
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	4 11	4 11	13 —	13 —	Nimar
...	5 9	...	...	...	4 4	4 14	18 —	18 —	Hoshangabad
...	4 12	4 12	...	...	4 12	5 5	6 12	8 12	Betul
...	Chhindwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA
FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE SECOND HALF OF
OCTOBER, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

November 27, 1918

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending					
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 9	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3	4 12 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	...	5 0 3
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	5 1 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 3	3 11 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	3 11 6	4 7 0
	Ferozepur	3 5 3	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Lyallpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 13 0	4 4 0
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0	4 8 0
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	4 7 0
Delhi	Ambala	3 10 3	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6	4 12 0
	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 6 0	4 3 0	4 12 6
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5	4 10 6
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5	4 9 3
	Cawnpore	4 3 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 14 0
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	6 2 8	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0	4 10 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1	5 2 6
	Fyzabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0	4 13 0
Central Provinces and Berar.	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 13 6
	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0	4 12 10
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 2	4 13 7
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 5	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10	4 11 2
North-West Frontier Province.	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7	3 15 7
	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 3 10	4 3 10	3 8 10	4 6 2
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 0	5 5 2	4 7 3	4 3 3
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	5 11 7	5 6 2	5 1 4	5 8 11
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 13 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1	4 15 6
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 5 4
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 10 8	3 11 9	3 12 1
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0	5 0 0
	Bhagalpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0	5 9 7
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0	5 0 0
	Ranchi	4 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 12 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 11 3	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3	5 1 3
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7
	(Median Average)	4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 8	5 0 0	4 6 2	4 12 10
	Index Numbers (a).	100	104	125	121	106	116

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 80% red.

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from fortnightly returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight. The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs

FORTNIGHT ENDING									
31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th Septem- ber 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	29th February 1917.	15th March 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 9 3	3 15 3	3 10 2	4 4 3	4 14 9	5 1 3	5 1 3	4 12 9	4 13 6	4 13 3
5 0 5	4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 12 7	4 8 9	4 10 7	4 9 10	4 10 9
5 3 0	3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 14 6
4 7 0	3 9 0	3 3 3	3 11* 6	4 5 3	4 7 0	4 9 3	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 3 3
4 5 3	3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 1 9	4 5 3	4 5 3
4 2 0	3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 4 6	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 6
4 5 0	3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	4 6 0	4 3 6	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 1 0
4 3 6	3 7 0	3 2 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 5 3	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 6
4 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0
4 9 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 6 0
4 12 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 10 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0
4 14 3	4 2 10	3 14 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 5 10
4 15 8	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 8 11	4 8 11	4 5 2	4 5 4	4 5 5	4 5 4
5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 9 0	3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3
4 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6
5 5 4	4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	4 13 6
5 2 8	3 10 3	3 13 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 5 6	4 7 0	4 6 0	4 1 9
5 0 0	3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 3	4 9 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 7 1
4 9 7	3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 6	4 1 11
4 14 10	3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 9 1	4 7 1	4 4 4	4 3 5	4 3 5
4 6 5	3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 10	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
4 12 2	3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 4 8
4 7 7	3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 4 9	4 5 8	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 9 3	4 9 8
4 10 6	4 9 4	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0
5 6 8	4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	...	4 11 7	4 10 5	...	4 11 7	4 13 9
3 10 9	3 11 8	3 11 2	3 9 10	3 8 1	3 8 11	3 4 5	4 1 1	3 13 6	3 13 0
5 5 4	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 13 8	3 0 10	3 0 1	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 4 10	3 2 4	3 8 2	4 0 2	3 5 11
5 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	3 15 0
6 8 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 6 0
5 5 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
6 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
5 9 0	4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	5 1 5	5 1 5	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
5 7 6	4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 8 7	3 5 7	3 8 7	3 10 10
4 14 3	3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 7 1	4 6 2	4 6 0	4 6 0
118	95	90	95	107	110	107	106	106	106

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

		FORTNIGHT ENDING								
Port or province.	Market.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.		
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
Port	Karachi (white)*	4 12 3	4 13 3	4 13 3	4 5 3	4 7 3	4 7 3	4 7 3		
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Peasay).	4 9 10	4 10 11	4 9 10	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 13 11	4 15 4		
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 8 6		
Punjab	Lahore	4 8 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	3 18 0	3 14 3	4 0 0	4 0 0		
	Ferozepur	4 1 9	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 10 3	3 11 6	3 12 0	3 12 0		
	Lyallpur	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 13 0		
	Amritsar	3 13 6	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 11 6	3 13 0		
	Multan	4 1 6	4 1 6	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 13 0		
	Rawalpindi	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 3 5	4 4 0		
	Ambala	3 14 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6		
Delhi	Delhi	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 15 3	4 0 9	4 0 0		
United Provinces	Benares	4 5 0	4 3 1	4 3 1	1 4 1 2	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 3 5		
	Aligarh (Hathras).	4 3 8	3 14 6	3 13 0	3 11 5	3 14 4	3 14 5	3 14 0		
	Cawnpore	4 7 0	3 14 0	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0		
	Meerut	4 5 0	4 1 6	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	3 12 9		
	Shahjahanpur	4 1 9	3 12 0	3 8 3	3 9 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 3		
	Agra	4 13 6	4 9 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 5 2	4 7 1		
	Fyzabad	4 1 7	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 1 6	...		
	Lucknow	4 0 0	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 0	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4		
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	3 13 2	4 0 4	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11		
	Jubbulpore	4 5 2	4 1 8	3 14 5	3 10 2	3 11 6	3 15 2	4 0 0		
	Raipur	3 12 10	3 12 10	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0		
	Akola	3 4 8	3 7 6	3 10 11	3 7 3	3 11 11	4 3 6	4 3 6		
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	4 8 7	4 10 2	4 2 14	2 10	4 2 11	4 2 1	4 0 4		
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	4 14 0	4 14 0		
Bombay	Poona	4 11 7	...	4 10 5	4 9 4	4 14 11	4 13 9	5 3 4		
	Ahmednagar	3 9 11	3 15 5	3 13 7	3 12 8	4 0 5	4 2 2	4 4 1		
	Ahmedabad	5 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0		
	Dharwar (Hubli)	3 3 10	3 9 4	3 2 6	3 7 11	3 6 1	3 11 8	3 11 8		
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	4 6 0	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 5 0	3 1 0	3 5 0	3 12 0		
	Bhagalpur	4 6 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	4 0 0		
	Muzaffarpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 5 3	3 5 3	3 10 0	4 0 0		
	Ranchi	5 12 0	5 12 0	4 14 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 11 0		
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 4		
Bengal	Rangpur	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0		
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1		
	Mandalay	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 14 1	3 7 8	3 3 5	3 3 7	3 14 1		
	(Median Average).	4 5 0	4 0 8	4 0 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 0 2		
Index Numbers (a)		104	98	97	92	94	99	97		

* 5% barley, 5% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs.—contd.

FORTNIGHT ENDING											
15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 7 9	4 10 9	4 8 8	4 9 8	4 11 9	4 11 9	4 12 8	4 14 8	5 2 8	5 6 4	5 3 9	5 6 4
4 14 7	4 18 2	...	4 6 6	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 13 5	5 2 8	4 15 6	5 1 7	5 0 10	5 1 2
4 8 6	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 12 6	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 11 0	5 6 0	5 2 0	5 3 6
4 0 0	4 0 9	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 3	4 9 8	4 11 3	4 9 8	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 3 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 14 0
3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 14 0	4 4 8	4 5 3	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0
3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 12 0	4 14 6	4 13 0
4 1 6	4 3 3	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 2	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 2 6
3 14 0	4 0 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 15 0	4 15 0
4 0 0	4 2 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 2 3	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	4 15 4
4 3 5	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 1 7	4 3 5	4 3 10	4 3 10	4 5 5	4 10 3	4 11 5
3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 1 9	3 14 6	4 1 8	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 9 5	4 13 7	4 14 9
4 3 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	5 0 0
3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 5	3 12 11	3 14 5	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 11 4	4 13 7	4 13 7
3 11 6	3 12 6	3 11 0	3 11 6	3 11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 4 3	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 7 1	...	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 5 4
...	4 3 4	4 2 0	3 15 3	3 15 3	3 15 3	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 5 3	4 12 0
4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0
4 1 11	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 1 10	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	5 1 6	4 14 5
4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 5	3 10 10	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 14 10	4 14 10	5 0 0	5 2 7
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2
4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 7 11	...	...	...	...	...
4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 2 6	4 2 6	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 13 7	4 15 4
4 14 0	4 13 0	4 18 6	4 12 10	4 14 6	5 0 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 7 0
5 4 5	5 4 5	5 2 2	5 4 5	5 3 4	5 2 2	5 18 4	5 15 7	5 8 11	...	6 2 11	...
4 7 9	4 5 11	4 6 10	4 11 5	4 6 10	4 15 1	5 2 9	4 9 7	4 13 3	4 15 1	5 11 11	5 13 10
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0
3 11 8	4 1 7	4 1 8	4 1 8	3 11 8	4 8 11	4 6 0	4 5 1	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	...
3 12 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 12 0
3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 8 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 9 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0
4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 5 4
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	4 9 2	4 9 2
3 14 1	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 10 2	4 8 1	4 8 1	4 4 3	4 4 3	4 6 2	4 13 7
4 0 11	4 2 10	4 1 10	4 1 10	4 2 10	4 3 3	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 6 6	4 11 2	4 14 9	4 15 4
98	101	99	99	101	102	104	104	106	113	119	120

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

		FORTNIGHT ENDING									
Port or province	District.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	28th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Port (a)	Karachi (white)*	5 4 4	4 14 9	5 3 3	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 3 3	5 4 4	5 4 4	
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Peasey)	5 0 10	5 0 1	5 1 11	5 2 10	5 1 4	5 1 9	5 3 9	5 2 10	5 7 10	
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	5 10 0	5 11 6	6 12 6	6 6 6	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	
Panjab	Lahore	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 10 3	4 1 6	
	Ferozepur	5 0 0	4 11 3	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	
	Lyallpur	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	3 13 0	
	Amritsar	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	
	Multan	4 12 6	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 13 0	4 6 3	3 13 0	
	Rawalpindi	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 5 3	5 14 9	5 14 9	6 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	4 13 6	
	Ambala	4 15 0	4 15 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	3 12 6	4 0 0	
Delhi	Delhi	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 1 0	5 8 0	5 3 6	4 15 0	5 0 8	4 9 0	4 7 0	
United Provinces	Benares	4 11 5	4 11 5	5 3 6	5 3 6	5 1 11	4 10 9	4 1 2	4 3 2	4 4 0	
	Aligarh (Hathras).	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 7 2	5 6 8	5 8 2	4 11 2	4 3 8	4 1 8	4 1 8	
	Cawnpore	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 3 0	5 5 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	
	Meerut	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 5 4	5 5 3	4 13 9	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	
	Shahjahanpur	4 14 0	4 15 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 6	
	Agra	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 11 5	5 14 5	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 5 4	4 13 6	
	Fyzabad	4 13 6	4 11 3	4 12 0	4 15 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Lucknow	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 5 4	4 5 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 8	
	Jubbulpore	5 3 11	5 9 10	5 5 5	5 1 4	5 1 4	4 6 1	4 6 1	4 9 1	4 9 1	
	Raipur	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 10	4 6 5	
	Akola	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 4	5 9 11	5 3 11	5 3 10	5 3 11	
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	4 15 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 6 9	5 1 3	5 1 11	4 15 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 9 0	5 13 0	5 12 0	5 8 0	5 2 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	
Bombay	Poona	7 6 11	...	...	...	6 12 11	6 9 7	7 1 11	7 3 7	8 3 1
	Ahmednagar	...	6 0 7	5 13 10	5 15 2	5 10 1	6 10 8	6 10 8	6 1 6	5 15 8	
	Ahmedabad	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 3 4	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	4 13 3	4 8 11	4 12 1	5 7 6	6 2 6	
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	4 6 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 10 0	
	Bhagalpur	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Muzaffarpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	
	Ranchi	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	
	Cuttack	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	6 1 6	6 1 6	5 9 0	
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	
	Mandalay	4 13 7	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	
	(Median Average)	5 0 0	4 14 7	5 1 11	5 3 2	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 13 7	4 10 3	4 9 1	
Index Numbers (b)		121	119	124	126	122	119	117	113	110	

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Prices at ports after 31st October 1918, are as follows:—

Ports	Rate per	On 8th November 1918.	On 15th November 1918.	On 22nd November 1918.
Karachi (white)	Maund	Rs. A. P. 6 10 4	Rs. A. P. 6 13 4	Rs. A. P. 6 13 4
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Peasey)	"	8 8 8	8 8 8	...
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	7 14 0	7 12 0	7 8 0

(b) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs—*consolid.*

FORTNIGHT ENDING												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 31st October 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight.
31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	Per cent	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 5 3	5 8 4	8 4	5 8 4	5 10 4	6 8 4	6 10 4	6 10 4	Nil	
5 8 2	5 13 8	6 0 7	6 3 11	6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	7 12 2	7 1 27	2 10	+1	
5 1 0	5 2 0	5 1 0	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 6 0	9 1 0	7 8 0	8 4 0	+10	
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
3 13 0	3 10 3	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 5 3	6 2 0	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
3 15 0	3 14 0	4 0 1	4 5 0	4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 11 0	5 13 6	+2	
4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 11 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 6 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	Nil	
3 13 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 10 0	5 8 3	-2	
4 11 3	5 6 2	5 1 3	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 9	5 8 3	5 14 9	6 0 0	6 0 6	+1	
4 0 0	4 1 0	4 1 0	4 5 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	6 4 0	6 9 0	6 9 0	Nil	
4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	Nil	
4 6 3	4 7 1	4 10 6	4 8 3	5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 3	6 6 0	6 10 8	6 7 9	6 2 7	-5	
4 2 6	4 7 2	4 14 6	5 1 4	5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7	6 10 0	7 4 8	7 4 8	6 5 6	-13	
4 7 0	4 9 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	5 5 4	5 15 0	5 8 3	6 10 0	7 4 0	6 15 0	6 13 0	-2	
4 1 6	4 1 6	4 11 3	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 11 6	5 11 6	6 6 0	7 0 9	6 6 0	6 6 0	Nil	
4 0 0	4 3 6	4 7 9	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 9 9	5 9 9	6 6 0	7 10 0	6 10 0	6 7 0	-3	
4 13 6	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 11 5	14 10	6 12 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	7 4 8	7 7 5	7 5 2	+1	
4 0 0	4 1 9	4 1 9	4 5 0	5 0 0	5 1 3	5 2 9	5 8 0	6 15 3	7 1 3	6 2 9	-13	
4 7 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 14 0	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 3	6 6 4	8 0 0	6 10 6	6 6 4	-4	
5 14 1	5 14 1	5 10 8	5 7 10	5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 7 4	8 6 2	+12	
4 14 10	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 5 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	6 10 8	7 1 10	6 15 4	-2	
4 6 5	4 6 5	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 2	6 0 0	6 3 2	7 8 0	...	...
5 3 11	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	6 1 0	6 13 1	7 0 2	7 0 2	29 1 6	+30	
4 10 9	4 3 9	4 1 2	4 1 2	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	Nil	
4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	Nil	
7 9 8	...	7 6 11	7 15 9	8 0 11	7 8 0	8 3 1	8 14 3	...	9 7 1	...	...
6 3 4	6 5 1	6 5 1	6 7 11	6 14 4	7 5 8	...	9 3 1	...	8 11 9	8 11 9	Nil	
6 6 0	6 2 0	5 12 0	6 2 0	6 6 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	-6	
...	5 15 0	5 8 7	5 14 11	7 3 7	7 9 1	7 11 8	9 4 0	9 10 3	...	8 15 10	...	
3 7 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	6 10 0	6 0 0	5 11 0	-5	
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	6 0 0	...	...
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	6 10 6	6 2 6	-8	
5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	Nil	
5 9 0	5 9 0	5 5 4	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 12 11	6 12 11	3 3	+21	
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	5 12 0	+5	
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	..	...
5 7 6	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	7 1 9	7 12 11	3 1 7	+4	
4 8 11	4 9 1	4 14 3	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 9	6 6 0	6 12 11	6 10 6	6 7 0	-3	
110	110	118	124	125	133	134	154	164	161	155		

* Since reported

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 31st October, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	15th October.	31st October	Increase or Decrease.	15th October.	31st October	Increase or Decrease.
India	100	97	Per cent —3	100	100	Nil
Punjab	100	101	+1	100	105	+5
United Provinces	100	94	-6	100	103	+3
Central Provinces and Berar	100	118	+18	100	106	+6

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING					
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th Septem- ber 1915.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi . . .	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 0
	Bombay . . .	6 13	6 8	5 14	5 8	5 14	5 3
	Calcutta . . .	9 0	8 4	6 5	...	...	...
Punjab	Lahore . . .	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 12	10 8	8 12
	Ferozepur . . .	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Amritsar . . .	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12
	Rawalpindi . . .	12 4	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8
	Lyallpur . . .	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 0
	Multan . . .	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 12	10 12	8 14
	Ambala . . .	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0
United Provinces	Benares . . .	9 3	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15
	Cawnpore . . .	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 0
	Meerut . . .	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12
	Agra . . .	9 12	8 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8
	Lucknow . . .	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0
	Aligarh . . .	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur . . .	10 0	9 6	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12
Central Provinces and Berar	Fyzabad . . .	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0
	Nagpur . . .	9 9	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 2
	Jubbulpore . . .	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 4	8 8	8 0
	Raipur . . .	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0
North-West Frontier Province	Akola . . .	8 6	7 6	6 5	7 6	8 6	9 7
	Peshawar . . .	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14
Baluchistan . . .	Quetta . . .	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 3
	Ahmednagar . . .	8 2	8 1	5 14	8 2	7 6	7 6
	Ahmedabad . . .	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0
	Dharwar . . .	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna . . .	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12
	Bhagalpur . . .	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14
	Muzaffarpur . . .	9 0	9 0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8
	Banahi . . .	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12
	Cuttack . . .	9 3	8 8	7 3	6 9	8 8	7 14
Bengal . . .	Dacca . . .	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murahidabad . . .	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda . . .	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moul- mein) . . .	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10
	Mandalay . . .	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5
	(Median Average) . . .	9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 12	8 0
	Index Numbers(a) . . .	100	106	127	123	109	120

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FOURTH ENDING

31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
...
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	8 12	8 8	9 0	9 0
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	9 1	9 4	9 7	9 7
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 6	8 14	8 14	8 10	8 4	8 4
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	8 12	9 4	9 8	9 8
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	8 6	8 6	8 8	8 8
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	8 4	8 6	8 6	8 6
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 6	8 8	8 8	8 4
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 0	7 12	7 8	7 12
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	10 0	8 4
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	8 6	8 10	8 10	8 14
8 2	10 0	10 8	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	8 8	8 12	9 2	9 4
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11
8 11	10 0	10 0	11 4	9 3	9 2	9 3	8 11	8 10
8 9½	8 11	9 0	8 6½	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
7 8	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 12	7 12	8 6	8 6	8 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 3	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0
6 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	8 8	8 6	9 4	9 8
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	9 8
6 8	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 4	7 4
7 8	9 3	10 8	9 3	7 14	7 14	7 14	8 8	8 8
...
...
...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	10 5	10 12	10 5
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 12	8 14
120	96	93	96	111	112	111	109	108

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd.

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING							
		15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port . . .	Karachi . . .	7 8	7 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
	Bombay* . . .	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	10 4	10 0	9 12	9 12
	Ferozepore . . .	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4
	Amritsar . . .	9 9	10 0	9 14	9 12	11 2	10 6	10 4	10 3
	Rawalpindi . . .	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	9 4	9 4
	Lyalpur . . .	9 4	9 12	9 12	9 8	10 8	10 4	10 8	10 4
	Multan . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4
Delhi . . .	Ambala . . .	8 14	10 0	9 12	9 10	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0
	Delhi . . .	8 8	8 12	9 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 12
United Provinces . . .	Benares . . .	8 13	9 1	9 1	9 10	9 8	9 3	9 3	9 1
	Cawnpore . . .	8 8	8 8	10 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 4	9 4
	Meerut . . .	8 4	9 0	9 8	10 4	10 8	10 0	9 8	10 0
	Agra . . .	8 0	7 12	8 4	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8
	Lucknow . . .	8 12	9 12	10 4	10 4	10 0	9 4	9 4	9 4
	Aligarh . . .	9 4	9 4	10 12	11 4	11 4	10 12	10 8	10 7
	Shahjahanpur . . .	9 8	9 8	10 0	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 12	10 12
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	Fyzabad . . .	8 14	9 12	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 14	9 8	9 4
	Nagpur . . .	9 9	10 3	9 9	10 3	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9
	Jubbulpore . . .	9 4	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 12	10 8	9 14	9 12
	Raipur . . .	10 0	10 2	10 2	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
North-West Frontier Province . . .	Akola . . .	10 12	10 12	10 12	9 11	10 9	9 7	8 15	8 15
	Peshawar . . .	8 10	8 12	8 9	9 10	9 7	9 7	9 10	9 14
Baluchistan . . .	Quetta . . .	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 12	8 0 1/2	8 3 1/2	8 3 1/2
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 3
	Ahmednagar . . .	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	8 11	8 11
	Ahmedabad . . .	7 8	7 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
	Dharwar . . .	10 4	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	9 5	9 5
Bihar and Orissa . . .	Patna . . .	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	13 0	12 0	10 8
	Bhagalpur . . .	9 4	9 0	10 8	10 12	11 3	11 3	10 8	10 0
	Muzaffarpur . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	12 0	12 0	11 0	9 8
	Ranchi . . .	7 4	7 4	7 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 8	8 8
	Cuttack . . .	8 8	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 13
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moulmein) . . .	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
	Mandalay . . .	10 5	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 13	11 5	10 5	9 9
(Median Average) . . .		8 14	9 3	9 8	9 10	10 4	9 14	9 9	9 8
Index Numbers (a) . . .		108	104	101	99	93	97	100	100

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING											
15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th Septem- ber 1917.	30th Septem- ber 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th Novem- ber 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 6	6 6	5 12	5 12	5 7	5 2
9 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 8	8 0	8 0
10 4	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	8 8	8 0	7 8	7 8
10 0	10 0	10 4	10 7	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 6
9 8	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 14	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 8
10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 4	8 0	7 8
10 4	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 10	8 2	7 14	8 2
10 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12
9 12	9 7	9 8	9 8	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 12	8 10	7 12	7 13½
9 1	9 1	9 3	9 4½	9 4½	9 6½	9 2½	8 15	8 15	8 13	8 4	8 1½
9 0	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12	7 12
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 0	8 4	8 0	8 0
8 8	9 0	9 0	8 8	...	8 8	...	8 1	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	7 8	7 14
10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	9 8	9 4	9 8	8 8	8 8
10 10	10 8	10 10	10 8	10 8	10 4	10 4	9 14	9 12	9 2	8 11	8 14
9 4	9 8	9 0	9 10	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 8	9 12	...	8 14	8 4
9 9	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 15	8 5	8 5	8 5	7 11	7 11
9 12	9 12	10 0	10 10	9 12	9 0	8 12	8 12	7 14	7 14	7 12	7 8
11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	7 13	...	...	...	...	...
9 14	9 14	9 14	9 9	9 9	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 2	8 0
8 3½	8 5½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 6
8 11	8 11	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	7 10	7 10	7 4	6 8	6 8
8 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
9 5	9 5	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 15	7 15	7 15
10 8	11 0	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 8
10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 6	8 12	8 8	8 14
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8
8 12	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 0	7 4	7 4
9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	7 14	7 14	7 8
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	7 0	7 0
9 9	8 4	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 9	7 12
9 8	9 5	9 4	9 6½	9 4½	9 4	9 2½	9 0	8 12	8 4½	7 14	7 12
100	103	103	102	103	103	105	106	109	115	121	123

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—*continued*.

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING							
		15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	28th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port . . .	Karachi . . .	6 0	6 8	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
	Bombay* . . .	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	5 2	4 7	4 7	4 7
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 0	8 0	8 8
	Ferozepore . . .	7 8	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	10 0
	Amritsar . . .	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 4	8 8	8 10	9 0	9 8
	Rawalpindi . . .	7 8	7 8	7 4	6 8	6 8	6 4	7 8	6 12
	Lyallpur . . .	8 0	8 0	8 8	8 4	8 8	9 8	9 0	9 4
	Multan . . .	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2	8 2	8 6	8 2	8 14
	Ambala . . .	8 0	8 0	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 14	8 8	10 4
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	7 12	8 0	7 10	7 0	7 6	7 14	7 11	8 6
United Provinces . . .	Benares . . .	8 1½	8 1½	7 5½	7 5½	7 7½	8 10	9 8	8 15
	Cawnpore . . .	7 12	8 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	8 4	8 0	8 8
	Meerut . . .	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 4	8 0	7 8	8 12	10 0
	Agra . . .	7 4	7 0	6 12	6 8	6 8	7 0	7 0	7 8
	Lucknow . . .	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 4	9 0	8 12	8 12	9 4
	Aligarh . . .	8 8	8 8	8 4	7 12	7 12	9 0	9 0	10 8
	Shahjahanpur . . .	8 4	8 1	7 10	7 10	8 10	8 10	8 14	10 0
Central Provinces and Berar.	Fyzabad . . .	8 0	8 2	8 0	7 14	9 2	9 10	9 6	9 12
	Nagpur . . .	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 10
	Jubbulpore . . .	7 6	6 14	7 4	7 10	7 10	7 10	8 14	8 8
	Raipur . . .	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8
North-West Frontier Province.	Akola . . .	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 14	6 11	6 11
	Peshawar . . .	8 0	7 13	7 13	7 8	7 13	7 10	8 0	8 8
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6
	Ahmednagar . . .	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	5 13	5 13	5 13
	Ahmedabad . . .	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 8
	Dharwar . . .	7 15	7 15	8 6	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 0
Bihar and Orissa . . .	Patna . . .	9 0	9 0	7 8	7 0	8 0	8 12	10 8	11 0
	Bhagalpur . . .	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Muzaffarpur . . .	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	9 0
	Ranohi . . .	7 4	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0
	Cuttack . . .	7 8	7 8	7 14	7 14	7 14	7 14	6 9	6 9
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moulmein) . . .	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	4 10	4 10
	Mandalay . . .	7 12	8 4	7 12	7 12	7 5	7 5	7 12	7 5
	(Median Average) . . .	7 12	7 15½	7 9	7 6½	7 12	7 14	8 0	8 8
Index Numbers (a)		123	120	120	129	123	121	120	112

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 31st October 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight
15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	Per cent.
6 8 4 7	6 8 4 7	6 8 4 12	6 8 4 12	7 4 4 12	7 4 4 12	7 4 4 7	7 0 4 7	7 0 3 13	7 0 3 13	6 0 3 13	6 0 3 11	Nil +3
9 8 10 0 9 10 8 0 10 0 10 4 10 0	8 12 10 0 9 0 8 4 10 0 10 4 10 0	8 12 10 8 9 0 7 8 10 0 9 12 9 12	8 8 10 4 8 12 7 10 9 8 9 8 9 12	8 0 9 8 8 8 7 8 9 4 9 0 9 2	7 12 8 8 8 4 7 8 8 6 8 12 8 12	7 8 8 4 8 0 6 12 8 2 8 0 7 12	7 12 8 0 8 0 7 2 8 4 7 12 7 12	7 0 7 4 7 4 7 0 7 8 7 8 7 2	6 4 6 4 6 4 6 8 6 10 7 0 6 5	6 4 6 8 6 8 6 4 6 12 6 14 6 1	6 4 6 4 6 8 6 6 6 10 7 0 6 1	Nil +4 Nil -2 +2 -2 Nil
8 8 8 14 8 8 9 8 8 4 9 0 10 0 9 9 9 12	8 12 8 13 8 8 9 8 8 4 8 12 9 12 9 14 9 10	8 12 8 11 8 8 9 8 8 0 8 8 9 12 9 6 9 4	8 8 8 4 8 0 8 12 7 8 8 8 9 8 8 14 9 4	7 8 7 10 7 0 7 8 7 0 8 0 8 0 8 7 7 12	7 8 7 10 7 4 7 8 6 12 7 8 8 0 8 0 7 12	7 0 7 9 6 8 7 0 7 1 7 4 7 12 6 14 7 8	7 0 6 14 7 0 6 12 7 4 6 14 6 1 6 14 7 6	5 12 6 8 5 12 6 0 6 2 6 0 6 12 6 1 7 0	5 8 5 12 5 4 5 8 5 6 4 12 6 0 5 6 5 8	5 12 5 11 5 8 6 0 5 4 5 12 5 12 6 6 5 6	5 12 6 1 5 14 6 0 5 8 6 4 6 2 6 4	Nil -6 -6 Nil -7 -4 -8 +5 -14
7 0 8 8 8 8 6 11	6 11 7 14 8 12 6 11	6 11 7 8 8 12 6 10	6 11 7 8 8 8 6 10	7 0 7 8 7 12 6 10	7 0 7 4 7 12 6 10	6 6 6 14 7 12 6 10	6 1 6 12 6 2 5 13	5 12 6 0 6 4 5 8	5 12 5 12 6 0 5 4	4 14 5 6 5 0 5 4	4 14 5 8 5 0 3 9	Nil -2 ... +17
8 5	8 8	9 5	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	7 13	7 13	7 13	Nil
4 13 5 13 5 8 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 8 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 7 6 0 5 9	4 13 5 1 5 0 5 2	4 13 4 11 5 8 5 2	3 14 4 5 4 8 4 14	3 14 4 5 4 0 5 2	3 14 4 5 4 8 4 11	3 14 4 5 4 8 4 12	Nil Nil Nil -1
10 8 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 8	11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 8	11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 8	11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 8	11 0 9 0 9 0 6 12 6 9	9 8 9 0 8 8 6 4 6 9	9 0 9 0 8 8 6 4 6 9	8 8 9 0 8 8 6 0 6 9	8 0 8 8 7 0 6 0 6 9	6 0 7 0 5 8 5 0 5 14	7 0 6 10 5 8 4 8 5 14	7 8 ... 6 0 4 8 4 14	-7 ... -8 Nil +21
4 10 7 5	4 10 6 14	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 5 14	4 10 5 6	4 10 4 15	... 4 12	Nil +4
8 8	8 10	8 9	8 6	7 10	7 8	7 0	7 0	6 3	5 10	5 11	6 0	-5
112	111	111	114	125	127	137	137	155	170	167	159	

*Since reported

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during [the fortnight ending the 31st October as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	15th October	31st October	Increase or Decrease.	15th October	31st October	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India	100	95	-5	100	102	+2
Punjab	100	102	+2	100	105	+5
United Provinces .	100	95	-5	100	103	+3
Central Provinces and Berar .	100	108	+8	100	102	+2

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE PESST).		CALCUTTA CLUB No. 2.	
	WHITE (5% HARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 30% RED).		RED (5% HARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 92% RED).		Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.				
Week ending 30th July 1914	s. d. 31 6	100	s. d. 31 3	100	s. d. 32 9	100	s. d. 34 9½	100
" 6th August "	31 3	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	100
" 3rd September "	31 6	110	34 3	110	...	...	34 10½	100
" 1st October "	35 9	113	35 1½	112	33 7	103	...	...
" 5th November "	38 9	123	38 0	122	34 9½	108	41 8½	120
" 3rd December "	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	127
" 30th " "	44 3	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	...
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	136
" 14th February "	45 0	143	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	140
" 25th " "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 2	126	50 10	146
" 4th March "	44 6	141	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	143
" 1st April "	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	117
" 6th May "	37 6	119	36 9	118	38 5	117	34 4½	99
" 3rd June "	36 8	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	100
" 2nd July "	34 0	108	33 3	106	...	...	35 10½	103
" 23rd " "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	107
" 6th August "	34 9	110	34 0	109	...	...	38 7½	111
" 27th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	41 4½	126	39 4½	113
" 3rd September "	36 3	115	35 3	113	42 1	128	40 10	117
" 29th " "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	122	40 4½	116
" 8th October "	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	117
" 5th November "	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	122
" 3rd December "	36 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	120
" 7th January 1916	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	43 4	123
" 4th February "	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	109
" 3rd March "	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 5	114	38 10	112
" 7th April "	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	108	32 11	95
" 6th May "	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 8	103	32 11	95
" 12th " "	34 8	109	30 0	96	33 8	103	32 5	93
" 2nd June "	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 8	96
" 30th " "	29 0	92	28 9	92	33 4	102	32 8	94
" 7th July "	29 9	94	29 6	94	34 0	104	32 5	93
" 14th " "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	103	33 2	95
" 28th " "	33 6	106	33 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	96
" 4th August "	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	32 10½	94
" 11th " "	35 0	111	34 6	110	36 0½	110	34 1½	98
" 25th " "	35 10½	114	34 10½	112	36 5	111	34 4½	99
" 31st " "	36 3	115	34 3	113	36 2½	111	33 4½	96
" 8th September "	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	98
" 22nd " "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	98
" 13th October "	35 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	106	34 1½	98
" 20th " "	34 3	109	33 3	106	34 4	105	34 1½	98
" 27th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 2	107	34 1½	98
" 3rd November "	36 3	115	35 3	113	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 10th " "	36 9	117	35 9	114	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 17th " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 7	112	36 10	106
" 24th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	39 2	120	37 10	109
" 1st December "	38 6	122	37 6	120	39 3	120	41 1	114
" 8th " "	38 9	123	37 9	121	39 4	120	40 7	117
" 22nd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 0	116	38 10	112
" 29th " "	39 3	125	38 3	122	37 6	114	...	...
" 6th January, 1917	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 1	116	39 4	113
" 12th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	38 2	117	38 4	110
" 19th " "	40 3	128	39 3	126	37 6	114	37 4	107
" 26th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	36 3	111	36 10	106
" 2nd February "	40 0	127	39 0	125	36 8	112	36 10	106
" 9th " "	39 6	125	38 6	123	37 2	113	36 10	106
" 16th " "	38 3	121	37 3	119	37 2	113	37 4	107
" 23rd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	37 3	113	37 10	109
" 2nd March "	38 7½	123	37 7½	120	38 9	112	38 4	110
" 9th " "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 0	113	37 10	109
" 30th " "	38 0	121	37 0	118	36 9	112	36 4	104

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON.

Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DEHLI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
10th July, 1914	s. d. 39 6 July-Aug.	100	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...
1st August "	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st October "	44 9	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th November "	48 3	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd December "	50 6	128	50 0	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May sellers.	100
30th " "	51 6 May-June.	130	53 0	106	52 0	102	...	...	...	...	52 0 April-May.	103
8th January, 1915	52 3 Do.	132	Jany.-Feb.	...	53 3 May-June.	105	...	...	...	...	53 6 Do.	106
4th February "	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4 Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	...
25th " "	60 3 Do.	153	Do.	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar.-April.	128
4th March "	59 0 Do.	149	Do.	...	59 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	118
3th April "	58 0 Do.	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 3 Do.	127
6th May "	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	129
12th " "	63 9 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do.	127	66 0	100	67 0	100	...	...
4th June "	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	93	61 0 June-July.	121
2nd July "	53 0 June	134	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	105	53 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	52 9 Do.	104
23rd " "	56 0 July	142	55 7½ July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	83	56 3 July	84	55 9 July	110
6th August "	56 6	143	56 1½	113	56 9	112	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1½	111
27th " "	54 0	137	56 1½	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1½	111
3rd September "	54 0 July, Sellers.	137	53 7½ July, Sellers.	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July, Sellers.	86	...	...
24th Sept., '15 to 18th Apl., '16	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th April, 1916	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th April to 15th May 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th May, 1916	63 0 May-June.	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd and 9th June, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th June, 1916	57 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23rd " "	56 0 June, Sellers.	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	55 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29th " June to 7th July, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th July, 1916	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	59 0 Do.	149	58 8 July-Aug. Sellers.	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	61 3 Do. Sellers.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th August "	65 0 Aug.-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11th " "	71 0 Do.	180	70 6 Aug.-Sept.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	69 3 Do. Sellers.	176	68 9 Do., Sellers.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25th " "	72 0 Do. Sept.-Oct.	182	Nominal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31st " "	72 6 Sept., Sellers.	184	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th September, "	73 0 Oct., Paid.	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15th " "	72 3 Oct., Sellers.	188	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	71 9, Sellers.	182	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th October "	72 3 Oct., Paid.	188	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th " "	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21st " "	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd November, "	79 3, Paid.	200	Nominal.	...	79 6 Sellers.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
10th " "	80 0, Passage	203	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th " "	80 3 Nov.-Dec., Sellers.	203	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
24th " "	91 0, Paid	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st December, "	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th and 15th Dec. 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th December, 1916	82 0 Paid	208	81 6 Paid.	163	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd to 29th Dec., 1916	No sellers	...	Nominal.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th to 12th Jan. 1917	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th and 26th Jan. 1917	82 0	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd February to 30th March 1917	92 0 Feb.-Mar. & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*
IN INDIAN PORTS—*contd.*
[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914=100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE PRIST).				CALCUTTA CLUB No. 2.			
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 30% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 3% DIRT, AND 34% RED).		Price.		Index Numbers.		Price.		Index Numbers.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.								
Week ending 6th April 1917	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107	37 4	107	37 4	107
" 13th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 4	114	37 4	107	37 4	107	37 4	107
" 4th May "	37 0	117	36 0	115	36 7	112	34 2	98	34 2	98	34 2	98
" 11th "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 8	115	34 2	98	34 2	98	34 2	98
" 18th "	34 6	110	33 6	107	37 2	118	34 8	100	34 8	100	34 8	100
" 25th "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 6	114	35 8	103	35 8	103	35 8	103
" 1st June "	35 6	113	34 6	110	37 8	115	35 10	103	35 10	103	35 10	103
" 8th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 2	120	35 2	101	35 2	101	35 2	101
" 15th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	35 5	102	35 5	102	35 5	102
" 22nd "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	36 1	104	36 1	104	36 1	104
" 29th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 6	121	36 1	104	36 1	104	36 1	104
" 6th July "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 6	121	36 1	104	36 1	104	36 1	104
" 13th "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 2	120	36 1	104	36 1	104	36 1	104
" 20th "	36 9	117	35 9	114	39 6	121	36 7	105	36 7	105	36 7	105
" 27th "	37 3	118	36 3	116	38 5	117	37 4	107	37 4	107	37 4	107
" 3rd August "	37 3	117	36 0	115	38 1	116	37 4	107	37 4	107	37 4	107
" 10th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	35 8	103	35 8	103	35 8	103
" 17th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	36 4	104	36 4	104	36 4	104
" 24th "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 3	111	36 4	104	36 4	104	36 4	104
" 31st "	36 6	116	35 6	114	35 2	107	36 4	104	36 4	104	36 4	104
" 7th September "	37 3	118	36 3	116	36 3	111	35 10	103	35 10	103	35 10	103
" 14th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 2	113	35 10	103	35 10	103	35 10	103
" 21st "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	35 10	103	35 10	103	35 10	103
" 28th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 8	115	34 2	110	34 2	110	34 2	110
" 5th October "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 11	116	37 4	107	37 4	107	37 4	107
" 12th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 1	107	37 1	107	37 1	107
" 19th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	38 1	116	37 7	108	37 7	108	37 7	108
" 26th "	38 9	123	37 9	121	40 8	124	...	...	...	...	...	...
" 2nd November "	39 0	124	38 0	122	41 0	125	37 10	109	37 10	109	37 10	109
" 9th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 1	123	37 1	107	37 1	107	37 1	107
" 16th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	40 7	121	37 4	107	37 4	107	37 4	107
" 23rd "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 1	123	39 4	113	39 4	113	39 4	113
" 30th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 8	124	42 10	123	42 10	123	42 10	123
" 7th December "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	42 4	122	42 4	122	42 4	122
" 14th "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	42 10	117	42 10	117	42 10	117
" 21st "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 2	123	41 7	120	41 7	120	41 7	120
" 28th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	...	...	...	...	...	...
" 4th January, 1918 "	42 3	134	41 3	132	40 5	123	45 10	132	45 10	132	45 10	132
" 11th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 0	125	46 4	133	46 4	133	46 4	133
" 18th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123	44 10	120	44 10	120	44 10	120
" 25th "	40 0	127	39 0	125	40 2	123	45 7	131	45 7	131	45 7	131
" 1st February "	39 3	125	38 3	122	39 11	122	45 7	131	45 7	131	45 7	131
" 8th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	44 10	120	44 10	120	44 10	120
" 15th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 10	125	46 1	132	46 1	132	46 1	132
" 22nd "	42 6	135	41 6	133	40 10	125	48 10	140	48 10	140	48 10	140
" 1st March "	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 3	126	51 1	147	51 1	147	51 1	147
" 8th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 1	125	48 4	139	48 4	139	48 4	139
" 15th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	40 4	116	40 4	116	40 4	116
" 22nd "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	39 4	113	39 4	113	39 4	113
" 29th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 9	124	40 10	117	40 10	117	40 10	117
" 5th April "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 2	126	40 10	117	40 10	117	40 10	117
" 12th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 9	127	41 1	118	41 1	118	41 1	118
" 19th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	41 10	128	42 10	123	42 10	123	42 10	123
" 26th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 3	126	40 4	116	40 4	116	40 4	116
" 3rd May "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 1	128	39 4	113	39 4	113	39 4	113
" 10th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 5	133	39 10	114	39 10	114	39 10	114
" 17th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 9	134	40 4	116	40 4	116	40 4	116
" 24th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 7	133	41 1	118	41 1	118	41 1	118
" 31st "	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 11	134	40 4	116	40 4	116	40 4	116
" 7th June "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 6	130	41 1	118	41 1	118	41 1	118
" 14th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	46 8	142	40 10	117	40 10	117	40 10	117
" 21st "	41 6	132	40 6	130	42 10	131	40 10	117	40 10	117	40 10	117
" 28th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	48 1	147	40 4	116	40 4	116	40 4	116
" 5th July "	41 6	132	40 6	130	47 8	146	41 7	120	41 7	120	41 7	120
" 12th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	49 8	152	43 4	125	43 4	125	43 4	125
" 19th "	43 6	136	41 6	133	49 9	152	44 10	129	44 10	129	44 10	129
" 26th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	50 7	154	45 1	130	45 1	130	45 1	130
" 2nd August "	44 0	140	43 0	138	50 9	155	45 7	131	45 7	131	45 7	131
" 9th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 9	164	46 4	133	46 4	133	46 4	133
" 16th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 10	170	47 7	137	47 7	137	47 7	137
" 23rd "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 7	161	51 10	141	51 10	141	51 10	141
" 30th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 3	160	48 1	138	48 1	138	48 1	138
" 6th September "	45 0	143	44 0	141	59 6	182	50 10	146	50 10	146	50 10	146
" 13th "	46 0	146	45 6	146	60 5	184	55 10	160	55 10	160	55 10	160
" 20th "	52 0	165	51 6	163	61 10	189	72 3	208	72 3	208	72 3	208
" 27th "	52 0	165	51 6	163	50 11	171	70 8	202	70 8	202	70 8	202
" 4th October "	53 0	168	52 6	168	50 7	173	69 9	172	69 9	172	69 9	172
" 11th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 1	172	...	...	...	...	...	...
" 18th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	59 4	171	59 4	171	59 4	171
" 25th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	55 9	169	55 9	169	55 9	169
" 1st November "	53 0	168	52 6	168	68 7	208	62 9	180	62 9	180	62 9	180
" 8th "	54 0	171	53 6	171	68 1	208	61 9	177	61 9	177	61 9	177
" 15th "	54 6	173	54 0	173	...	...	59 9	172	59 9	172	59 9	172

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*IN LONDON—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Price on 20th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DELHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
4th April 1917	83 0 April-May	210	No Sellers	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
13th Apl. to 4th May '17	85 0 " "	215	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
5th to 11th May 1917	86 9 May-June quoted.	220	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
18th May to 6th July.	86 9 " "	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	...	...
13th to 20th July.	86 9 " "	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	89 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
27th July to 10th Aug. 1917	No sellers. Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th to 24th Aug. '17	86 9 sellers	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	...	...
31st Aug. 1917	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 Nom.	172	86 9 Nom.	171	89 6 Nom.	132	86 9 Nom.	129	...	...
7th September '17 to 2nd Jan. '18	78 0	197	77 6	155	77 6	153	79 0	116	...	...	78 0	154
3rd January to 17th October '18	80 0	203	79 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	...	80 0	158
18th October to 22nd November '18	80 0 afloat	203	80 0 afloat	160	80 0 afloat	158	80 0 afloat	118	...	...	80 0 afloat	158

NOTE.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly by the Chambers of Commerce. The statistics for London are compiled from Reuter's telegrams.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

Joint Stock Companies.

OCTOBER, 1918.

During the month under report, 12 companies were registered with an aggregate authorised capital of about R73 lakhs, as against 19 companies with an aggregate authorised capital of over R73 lakhs in the corresponding month of the preceding year. Bengal alone accounted for 11 companies (about R28 lakhs). For the seven months, April to October, 1918, the number of companies registered was 137 with an authorised capital of R5,76 lakhs, as against 138 companies with R4,25 lakhs of authorised capital in the corresponding period of the preceding year. The largest flotation in October was that of the Burma Company, Rangoon (R45 lakhs).

Table 1.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of October, 1918, and in the corresponding month of 1917.

Classification of Companies	October, 1917		October, 1918	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital R(1,000)	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	2	2,00	1	20
Trading—				
Printing, publishing, and stationery	1	20	...	...
Others	7	13,80	6	15,20
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton mills	1	35,00	...	...
Rice mills	...	...	1	45,00
Other mills and presses	1	1,60	...	...
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	5	9,20	1	4,20
Others	...	...	1	1,00
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	1	2,50	2	7,00
Others	1	10,00	...	...
TOTAL	19	73,30	12	72,60

Table 2.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the seven months, April to October, 1918, and in the corresponding period of 1917.

Classification of Companies	April to October, 1917		April to October, 1918	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital R(1,000)	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	22	21,15	12	26,93
Insurance	...	...	1	10,00
Trading—				
Railways and tramways	3	28,00	...	...
Co-operative association	1	2,50	1	20
Shipping, landing, and warehousing	1	5,00	...	...
Printing, publishing, and stationery	9	4,10	7	5,19
Others	49	1,39,12	60	2,08,35
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton mills	1	35,00	8	51,00
Mill for wool, silk, hemp, etc.	1	1,00	...	...
Cotton and jute screws and presses	1	2,00	1	5,00
Paper mill	1	2,00	...	...
Rice mills	2	1,70	2	90,00
Saw and timber mill	...	...	1	10,00
Other mills and presses	2	16,60	2	7,00
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	20	44,13	18	42,60
Coffee and cinchona	1	3,00	...	...
Others	4	5,48	6	19,90
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	6	16,50	6	18,50
Others	5	56,50	8	32,18
Land and building	1	1,00	1	6,00
Breweries	1	6,88	2	1,72
Ice manufacturing	1	60	...	...
Sugar manufacturing	...	...	1	6,00
Companies other than those specified above	6	32,35	5	37,55
TOTAL	138	4,24,61	137	5,76,13

Table 3.

Detailed statement showing particulars of Joint Stock Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of October, 1918.

No.	Class and Name	Situation of Registered Office	Objects	Authorised capital Rs.
I.—Banking, Loan, and Insurance				
1	Backergunge Loan Co. . . .	Barisal, Bengal . . .	Money lending . . .	20,000
II.—Trading				
2	Incell & Silk *	Calcutta	Sanitary engineers, Plumbers etc.	3,25,000
3	Red Rose Co.	Jalpaiguri, Bengal . . .	Manufacturing bricks, earthenware etc.	75,000
4	Aurora Match Factory . . .	Bengal	Manufacturing Matches, soap etc.	1,00,000
5	Chemical Industries . . .	Calcutta	Manufacturing common salt, sodium chloride etc.	7,00,000
6	Chittagong Timber Trading Co.	Chittagong, Bengal . . .	Timber merchants . . .	20,000
7	Wallace Stuart & Co.* . . .	Calcutta	General merchants and Commission agents.	3,00,000
	Total, Trading . . . . .	.....	.....	15,20,000
III.—Mills and Presses.				
8	Burma Co.	Rangoon, Burma . . .	Milling rice etc. . . .	45,00,000
IV.—Tea and other Planting Companies				
<i>(a) Tea</i>				
9	Manipur Tea Co.	Calcutta	Planting tea, etc. . . .	4,20,000
<i>(b) Others</i>				
10	Simna Tea and Trading Co. .	Bengal	Promoting agriculture, horticulture etc.	1,00,000
	Total, Tea and other Planting Companies . . . . .	.....	.....	5,20,000
V.—Mining and Quarrying.				
11	Hapjan Colliery	Calcutta	Miners and colliery proprietors.	6,00,000
12	Koradi Colliery	"	"	1,00,000
	Total, Mining and Quarrying . . . . .	.....	.....	7,00,000
	GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	.....	.....	72,60,000

* Registered as a private company.

CALCUTTA :
November 22, 1918 }

N. G. BASAK,
Offg. Director of Statistics.

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 3 of 1918-19.

1.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 15th October, 1918.

(Season 1918-19, i.e., from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (a)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half- month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY PRESSED FROM 1ST SEPTEMBER TO 15TH OCTOBER, 1918 (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda			198	3	963	4,018	9,624
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)			162	...	...	...	...
Madras			58	52	(b) 8,529	31,691	(c) 21,167
Punjab (including Native States)			92	2	1,183	1,940	...
United Provinces			85	15	4,010	5,414	6,738
Sind			15	1	203	203	...
Burma			19	...	...	53	86
Bihar and Orissa
Bengal			3	...	...	...	...
Assam
North-West Frontier Province			1	1	...	...	109
Ajmer-Merwara			9	...	...	...	...
Delhi			1	...	...	...	...
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (c)			643	74	14,898	43,319	37,724
Hyderabad			41	(e)	(e)	...	...
Central India			32	(e)	(e)	...	...
Rajputana			10	(e)	(e)	212	1,206
Mysore			3	(e)	(e)	...	...
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (d)			86	(e)	(e)	212	1,206
GRAND TOTAL			729	74	14,888	43,531	38,930

(a) Preliminary estimates of the outturn of the Cotton crop of the season 1918-19 will not be available until the third week of December.

(b) Figures for the weeks ending 5th and 12th October, 1918. In Madras the cotton pressing season commences in February and these figures therefore relate to the crop of the preceding season.

(c) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(e) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

(f) Revised figure.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 15th October, 1918.
(Season 1918-19, i.e., from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 15th OCTOBER, 1918 (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
				Current year	Previous year
1.	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda	165	17	2,602	11,627	20,114
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)	10	4	30	32	52
Madras	12	11	(a) 563	3,208	(c) 3,824
Punjab	3	...	...	476	515
United Provinces	15	5	32	398	2,550
Sind	1	...	...	...	...
Bengal	10	10	1,883	7,796	(c) 4,212
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	230	578	359
Delhi	2	1	114	114	677
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (b)	220	50	5,514	24,229	32,803
Hyderabad	3	1	...	...	1
Central India	3	2	419	756	1,320
Rajputana	1	(d)	(d)	...	...
Mysore	2	(d)	(d)	...	...
TOTAL NATIVE STATES (c)	9	3	419	756	1,321
GRAND TOTAL	229	53	5,933	24,385	33,624

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of unpressed cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton coming through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 5th and 12th October, 1918. [See footnote (b) on preceding page.]

(b) Including Native States situated within provincial boundaries.

(c) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

(e) Revised figure.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in the Spinning Mills, from 1st September to 15th October, 1918, in British Provinces (including Native States within provincial boundaries).

Province	Total estimated output of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 15th October, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 15th October, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 2 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Native States) and Baroda		4,018	11,627	15,645	
Central Provinces and Berar (including Native States)		...	32	32	
Madras		31,691	3,208	34,899	
Punjab (including Native States)					
North-West Frontier Province		1,940	590	2,530	
Delhi					
United Provinces		5,414	398	5,812	
Sind		203	...	203	
Burma		53	...	53	
Bengal					
Bihar and Orissa		...	7,796	7,796	
Assam					
Ajmer-Merwara		...	578	578	
TOTAL		43,319	24,239	67,558	

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.

* See footnote (a) to statement I.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

November 25, 1918.

N. G. BASAK,

Offg. Director of Statistics.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1918.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 4th December 1918.

ORGANISATION.

No. 70. —The following telegram has been received from His Majesty's Secretary of State for India —

“ His Majesty the King has been pleased by and with the advice of his Privy Council to approve the grant of commissions to officers of the Royal Indian Marine.

The commissions will run in the name of the Secretary of State for India and will bear His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual.

They will be granted to temporary as well as to permanent officers of the Service.”

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 7th December, 1918.

An Ordinance further to amend the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1917.

WHEREAS an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary further to amend the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1917;

XIX of 1917

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 72 of the Government of India Act, 1915, the Governor General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance :—

5 and 6, 1917
5, C. 61

ORDINANCE No. III OF 1918.

1. This Ordinance may be called the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Ordinance, 1918.

Short title.

2. In section 2 of the Indian Paper Currency (Amendment) Act, 1917, for the words "six hundred and sixty millions," the words "eight hundred millions" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 2, Act XIX of 1917.

CHELMSFORD,

Viceroy and Governor General.

H. M. SMITH,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777-79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India "

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J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 7th December 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

November 26.

- 4021. (Miss) V. Hansen. *Resilient single, twin or the like rim for automobiles or the like.*
- 4022. C. A. Parsons. *Turbine blade attachments.*
- 4023. Fine Cotton Spinners' and Doublers' Association Ltd. and W. L. Balls. *Improvements in apparatus for grading or separating fibres according to their length.*
- 4024. General Electric Co. *Improvements in and relating to circuit interrupters.*
- 4025. A. C. Diehl. *Improvements in sound boxes for talking machines.*
- 4026. I. F. Burton, W. W. Moyer and L. Y. Squibb. *Improvements in flexible connections for shafts of talking machines.*
- 4027. H. H. Waller. *Improvements in openers, scutchers, willows and rag tearing and the like machines.*
- 4028. A. Newton-Smith. *Improvements in the picking mechanism of looms.*
- 4029. R. Redman, J. W. Parkinson and C. T. Walker. *Improvements appertaining to shuttle and picker checking mechanism for looms.*
- 4030. Watford Manufacturing Co., Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to collapsible boxes or cases.*
- 4031. G. W. Beldam and A. U. B. Ryall. *Improvements in or connected with the soles and heels of boots and shoes.*

November 28.

- 4032. A. Gledie. *Machine for drying liquids.*
- 4033. A. B. Sinha. *Improved wagon seat.*
- 4034. L. J. Martin. *Railway wagon door lock.*
- 4035. T. W. S. Hutchins. *Improvements in the manufacture of lampblack.*
- 4036. L. L. Ruffier. *Improvements relating to stereoscopic cinematography.*
- 4037. F. L. Impey. *Improvements relating to loose-leaf binders.*
- 4038. F. L. Rapson. *Improvements in or relating to self starting devices for internal combustion engines.*
- 4039. H. M. Butler and C. W. Davis. *Improvements in axles for motor-driven road vehicles.*
- 4040. Singer Manufacturing Co. *Sewing machine.*
- 4041. W. C. Cartland and R. H. Martin. *Improvements in code or combination locks.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 3871. F. Luke, H. I. Crawcour and J. Solomon. *Improvements in and connected with the economization of hydro-carbon engine fuel.*
- 3967. B. H. Tilston and T. Melbourne. *Improvements in or relating to the treatment of hides, skins or other goods.*
- 3969. F. Walford and J. White. *A sectional filter.*
- 3970. A. J. Gange. *Automatic flushing latrine.*
- 3971. H. L. T. Wolfe. *Improvements in and relating to electric motors of the ceiling fan type.*
- 3972. A. W. Halliday and E. MacIver. *Automatic spark quencher, for use in chimneys of steam generators, or the like.*
- 3973. G. L. Hart and C. A. Bush. *Method of and apparatus for separating light or heavy coins from those of standard weight.*
- 3977. G. C. Chadwick. *Improved means for unloading coal or other suitable goods from vessels.*
- 3981. J. W. Smith and Industrial Appliances Ltd. *Improvements in valves, used on lubricating systems, for retaining oil pressure in the feed pipes and controlling the discharge of lubricant from the pipes.*

3983. J. C. Snelling. *Improvements in or relating to the construction of reinforce concrete ships.*
 3984. F. E. Berry. *Improvements in or relating to electrical transformers.*
 3985. C. Hyland. *Improvements in wheels for railway and tramway, road, and other vehicles or for other purposes.*
 3986. A. Bonde and T. Norman. *Improvements in crafts of steel concrete.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3753. Carrington.	3804. Lowe and Lyth.
3801. Electric & Ordnance Accessories Co., Ltd.	3806. Walton.
3803. Lowe and Lyth.	3811. Mahomed Siddiq.
	3813. Grip Nut Co.

PATENTS SEALED.

3069. Honegger.	3774. Adamsen.
3071. Inshaw and Inshaw.	3786. Turner.
3767. Hirsch.	3787. Schroeder.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 231 of 1906. Whitaker. (To 27 November 1919.)
 516 of 1906. Butters. (To 30 November 1919.)
 523 of 1906. Lane and ors. (To 30 November 1919.)
 526 of 1906. Brauning. (To 29 November 1919.)
 441 of 1909. Thompson. (To 4 March 1920.)
 442 of 1910. Williams and ors. (To 5 November 1919.)
 523 of 1910. William Simons & Co. Ltd. and ors. (To 1 December 1919.)
 526 of 1910. Archer. (To 9 December 1919.)
 251 of 1911. Cooper. (To 28 November 1919.)
 801 of 1911. Cook. (To 27 February 1920.)
 139 of 1912. J. Stone & Co. Ltd. (To 18 March 1920.)
 632 of 1912. Schmidt's Superheating Co. (1910) Ltd. (To 2 December 1919.)
 1210 of 1913. Pitter. (To 30 September 1919.)
 1291 of 1913. Sumner. (To 11 November 1919.)
 1292 of 1913. Hawes and ors. (To 11 November 1919.)
 1307 of 1913. Soc. Agganciamiento Crescimbeni. (To 13 November 1919.)
 1338 of 1913. Rutter. (To 1 December 1919.)
 1406 of 1914. Deacon & anr. (To 7 January 1920.)
 1459 of 1914. J. Stone & Co. Ltd. (To 10 February 1920.)
 1588 of 1914. Soc. Anon. pour l'Exploitation des Procédés Westinghouse-Leblanc. (To 14 April 1920.)
 1924 of 1914. O'Donnell. (To 9 November 1919.)
 1925 of 1914. Glenn. (To 9 November 1919.)
 1946 of 1914. Melhuish. (To 23 November 1919.)
 1952 of 1914. Leigh and anr. (To 7 December 1919.)
 1980 of 1915. Samuel Thompson & Co. (Millfields) Ltd. and anr. (To 6 January 1920.)
 2078 of 1915. J. Stone & Co. Ltd. (To 29 March 1920.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1906.

91, (Duffy.)

1907.

500, (Anto Strop Co.).

1912.

463, (Raymond & ors.)

1913.

1141, (Laing.)

1914.

1849. (Bernard). 1851, (Findeisen). 1854, (Filippo).

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.****Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.**

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The international Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

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6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD . . .	R. C. Technical Institute.	HYDERABAD . . .	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
ALLAHABAD . . .	Public Library.	JALPAIGURI . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BANGALORE . . .	Indian Institute of Science.	KARACHI . . .	Office of City Deputy Collector.
BOMBAY . . .	Record Office.	LAHORE . . .	Punjab Public Library.
" . . .	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LONDON . . .	The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
" . . .	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sarsac Road, Parel.	MADRAS . . .	Record Office, Egmore.
CALCUTTA . . .	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.	MANGORE . . .	College of Engineering.
" . . .	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	" . . .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
CAWNPORE . . .	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR . . .	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINBURAH . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA . . .	College of Engineering.
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DELHI . . .	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.	SHOLAPUR . . .	Office of the Collector.
		WASHINGTON (U.S.A.)	The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and

other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

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H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 3rd December 1918.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	6,34,15,531	0 0
Reserve Fund	2,26,00,000	0 0	Other authorized Investments	1,41,81,914	0 0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, <i>see below</i>	67,50,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	8,91,59,481	4 9
	1,58,50,000	0 0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,64,82,874	11 10
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	2,09,97,729	9 7
Public Deposits at Head Office	2,66,00,907	7 7	Balances with other Banks	61,03,548	11 11
Public Deposits at Branches	1,27,31,504	3 6	Bullion . . . . .	.....
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	25,19,57,063	14 4	Dead Stock	28,06,420	1 6
Bank Post Bills, etc.	21,90,651	12 9	Stamps	10,570	0 5
Sundries	37,74,532	0 7	Sundries	19,49,041	6 6
RUPEES	33,98,54,659	6 9	Rs. A. P.	25,51,07,111	4 6
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	2,78,27,322	6 2
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	5,69,20,225	12 1
			RUPEES	33,98,54,659	6 9

* Includes Sevs. & † Sevs., value Rs. 3,77,175 0 0

† Do. do. do. „ 5,81,685 0 0

Rs. 3,08,760 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL:

H. FISHER,

N. H. Y. WARREN,

Chief Accountant.

Secretary & Treasurer.

Calcutta, 5th December 1918.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.

Percentage 28.51.

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- M. Muhammad Muslim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.
- *M. S. M. Abdullah Afzali, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

BANNU—M. Mul Chand Khurana, Munshi Alim, Pensioner and Clerk to Afghan Medical Mission, Bannu.

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- M. Mohd. Arif, B. I. Bazar, Bareilly.

BOMBAY—

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- Mr. Musa Younus Hakim, Mustafa Lodge, Antop Hill, Matunga, Bombay.

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- *M. Aziz Mohd. Khan Afridi, 41, Gardner's Lane, Entally P. O.

CAWNPORE—

- M. S. Abdul Ghani, Regimental Munshi, Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.

DELHI—M. Aziz-ur-Rahman (of Delhi), Regimental Munshi, The Fort, Delhi.

DERA GHAZI KHAN—M. M. Waris Ali Khan, Block No. 43, Dera Ghazi Khan.

FEROZEPORE—

- M. Suraj Narain, B.A., Kabari Bazar, Ferozepore.
- M. Harnam Das, Headmaster, Malwa Khalsa School, Ferozepore City.

HISSAR—M. M. I. Jan Bukhari, C/o Booking Clerk, Railway Station, Biwani District, Hissar.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN)—M. Jamaluddin, Revenue Secretariat, H.E. H. the Nizam's Government, Hyderabad.

JHANSI—M. S. R. Kapur, 75, Saddar Bazar, behind Kotwali, Jhansi.

JHELUM—

- M. Thakur Das Pahwa, Officers' Munshi, Jhelum.
- M. Chandan Khan, Officers' Munshi, Phurianwala Bazar, Jhelum.

JUBBULPORE—

- M. Abdul Rahim, Regimental Munshi, 1/4th Royal West Kent Regiment, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore.
- M. Mohd. M. Haque, Officers' Munshi, C/o Nisar Ali Shah's Garden, Nerbadda Road, Jubbulpore Cantt.
- Mr. Muhomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

JULLUNDUR—

- M. Karam Chand, C/o Jacki Mull & Sons, Saddar Bazaar, Jullundur Cantonment
- M. Dharim Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depot, Jullundur.
- M. Hari Chand (of Rahon), Son of P. Dhanpat Rai, Officers' Munshi, Rahon, Dist. Jullundur.

KARACHI—M. Anandram Thadamaal, Regimental Munshi, Norfolk Regiment, Garrikhata, Karachi.

KASAUJI—M. Anand Sarup, Depot Munshi, Kasauli (summer only).

KOHAT.—*M. Lal Muhammad Qureshi, A. V. M. Islamia School, Kohat.

KOLHAPUR.—Pt. Vasudeo Damodar Kulkarni, 112, Shabupuri, Kolhapur.

LAHORE—

M. Sham Lal Bhargava, Officers' Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Syed Mohammad, B.A. (Cal.), No. 3, Katoomal Building, Beadon Road, Lahore.

M. Mohd. Ishaq, Regimental Munshi, Bengali Mohalla, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. Ram Kishan, Regimental Munshi, Saddar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.

M. M. Abdul Hamid, C/o H. Abdul Latif, Esq., Pleader, Haveli Pathranwali Mochi Gate, Lahore.

M. Muhammad Din, 2999, Pir Gilavian Street, Lahore.

LUCKNOW—

M. Abdul Karim, C/o The 10th Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.

M. Mohd. Ashfaq Hussain, Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.

M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.

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LUDHIANA.—M. Kishori Lal Jethi, Khanna Khurd, District Ludhiana.

LYALLPUR.—M. S. Sadiq Ally, Munshi Fazil—D. M. A. S. High School, Lyallpur.

MADRAS.—M. Muhiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.

MEERUT—

M. Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, British Reserve Cavalry Regiment, Meerut.

M. S. M. Aminuddin, C/o M. Amir Hassan Khan, Regimental Kotwal, Jamal Mohalla Lal, Kurti Bazar, Meerut.

MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.

MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.

MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS—

M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).

M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

PANIPAT.—M. Jiya Lal, C/o L. Shadi Ram, Petition writer, Panipat (Karnal)

PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muballa, Patna City.

PESHAWAR—

M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.

M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.

M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

*M. Saiyid Zafar Shah Bukhari, Head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, N. W. F. P., Peshawar.

QUETTA—

M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Abdul Aziz, The Kings Regiment, Quetta.

M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.

M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.

M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.

*M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.

M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.

M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Anlad Hussain, Cadet College, Quetta.

M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar—Shair Manzil, (M. W. S., Military District).

RAWALPINDI—

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).

M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).

†M. Fazl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.

M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.

ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muballa Satti, Roorkee City

SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, Now Street, Sialkot.

SAUGOR.—M. Sadar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU—

*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriy, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

*M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

*M. Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

WELLINGTON—

M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Mukhtaram Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. O. E. School, Adichanalloro.

KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothan, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.

Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Poth, Poona City.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—Mr. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.**SHOLAPUR.**—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.**Qualified Punjabi Teacher.****LAHORE.**—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.**Qualified Tamil Teachers.****MADRAS—**

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.

M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparmananuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.**GODAVARI.**—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.*N.B.*—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA,

O. F. JENKINS,

The 21st November 1918.

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

**SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE,
CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID
AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	" 29 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 30 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 12 "

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	" 6 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 7 "

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.

Rs. 4 "

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	" 7 "

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	8	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 4th December 1918.
Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th November 1918.

RESERVE.															
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.						SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).					REMARKS.	
In Reserve Treasuries.		Elsewhere.	In India.		In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.		In transit between India, England and H. M.'s Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.	Held in India.	Held in England.		TOTAL.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	26,88,400	39,36,29,739	39,63,12,139	1,69,94,293	2,35,50,281	8,30,30,083	12,35,565	...	...	...	13,33,38,185	9,99,99,946	75,99,07,450	1,11,71,56,123	(a) Nominal value— ₹10,20,81,500. (b) Nominal value— ₹177,53,65,001 (c) Includes Treasury Bills purchased under Section 3, Act XI of 1917, as amended by Act V of 1918.
Canapore.	...	8,59,83,853	8,59,83,853	72,05,403	52,29,412	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,24,34,945	
Lahore	...	11,98,58,240	11,98,58,240	1,23,97,359	1,79,54,729	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,03,52,088	
Bombay	27,690	49,77,26,334	49,77,54,024	2,72,06,478	14,79,60,820	4,18,29,684	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21,63,96,782	
Karnachi	...	6,71,25,000	6,71,25,000	29,90,530	51,38,701	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51,85,230	
Madras	5,67,175	15,99,55,367	16,04,12,542	92,38,745	40,42,448	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,32,81,193	
Kangoon	...	8,28,54,255	8,28,54,255	87,35,752	31,86,795	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,22,22,147	
	32,83,565	1,40,71,32,868	1,41,04,16,133	8,57,54,160	20,44,63,015	12,48,59,707	12,35,565	...	...	...	13,33,38,185	9,99,99,946	75,99,07,450	1,40,75,73,408	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue															
Total Reserve is															
1,40,75,73,403															

Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue

TOTAL CIRCULATION is

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 30th November 1918.

There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 30th November 1918.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS.

CLAIMANTS WHO HAVE ATTAINED THEIR MAJORITY.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing: -

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	{ Caroline Brooks (daughter), Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	{ John Brandon (son). Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Artificer, Carnatic Ordnance Department	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	{ Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	{ Agnes Carroll (daughter). John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia, <i>alias</i> Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, I., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	{ James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	{ Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	{ Jeremiah Mitchell Hawkins (Foster-son). George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	{ Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	{ Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter). Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	{ Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Colour-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	{ John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	{ John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

G. R. O'DOWD,
for Controller of Military Accounts.

9TH (SICUNPERABAD) DIVISION, BOLARUM;
November 1918.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,

Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in —
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P.O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
 and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

• DHANBAD,
 The 30th October 1918.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF CURRENCY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 6th December 1918.

In continuation of this office notification dated the 6th September 1918 it is further notified that no Exchange Compensation Allowance will be admissible during the quarter commencing 1st January 1919 and that the rate of exchange at which contributions to the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Fund should be recovered during the period is 1s. 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. per rupee. This rate shall also apply to the contributions to the Indian Military Service Family Pension Fund and the Indian Military Widows' and Orphans' Fund.

E. M. COOK,

Offg. Controller of Currency.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Note of the Calcutta Circle is stated to have been destroyed and payment of its value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the number. Any other person claiming a right to it is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTE WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Note.	Value.	Name of claimant.
W. D.-2 of 1918-19 No. 011001	VB 15852. 66	100	Thakur Rudra Prosad Singh, Taluqdar, Tala, District Partabgarh.

N. B. DEANE,

Deputy Controller, In charge Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
Calcutta, the 3rd December 1918. }

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

Under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, it is hereby notified that the treasure mentioned below was found by Mullasseril Vilakkathala Choori of Kizhangathole desam, while he was repairing the old walls of Cholakkal Kechu's house in Eravimangalam amsom, Walluvanad Taluk.

Description.	No.	Value.
Gold puthiya panam	207	Rs. 51-12-0
Metal vessel	1	„ 0-0-3

All persons claiming the treasure or any portion thereof are required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector at Calicut on Saturday the 12th April 1919 in order that their claims may be enquired into and determined according to law.

MALABAR COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,

Calicut, 25th November 1918.

F. B. EVANS,

Collector.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

In accordance with the provision in Section 4, Sub-section (2) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), the following Ordinary Fellows of the Calcutta University elected by the Registered Graduates in 1914 will vacate their Fellowships on the 29th of March 1919 :—

The Hon'ble Mr. Mahendranath Ray, M.A., B.L., C.I.E.

The Hon'ble Mr. Bhupendranath Basu, M.A., B.L.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 1 (1) of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to direct that two Ordinary Fellows shall be elected in January next by the Registered Graduates of the Calcutta University from among themselves.

The election will take place at the Senate House in the Registrar's Room, Darbhanga Library Building, on Saturday, the 18th January, 1919.

No person, unless his name has been entered in the Register of Graduates and unless he has paid his fee for the year, will be qualified to nominate, to vote, or to stand as a candidate for election.

Every candidate for election must be nominated by a Registered Graduate, and no person will be allowed to nominate more than *one* candidate. The nomination of a candidate shall be made in writing in the following form, which will be signed by the person making the nomination :—

FORM OF NOMINATION.

I, _____, Registered
Graduate No. _____, do hereby nominate _____
_____ Registered Graduate No. _____ as a candidate for election
as an Ordinary Fellow of the Calcutta University, subject to the approval of His Excellency
the Chancellor.

The following is a brief statement of the special qualifications of my nominee :—

The 191 .

Signature

The nomination paper should be, on the face of it, addressed to the Registrar, Calcutta University, and must reach his office not later than 5 p.m. on the 27th December, 1918. A printed list of the nominees (with the name of the first proposer in each case) and statements of their qualifications will be forwarded to the Registered Graduates on the 31st of December, 1918.

On the 3rd January, 1919, the Registrar will forward a Voting paper, containing the names of the candidates proposed and their first proposers, by registered post to each of the Registered Graduates. *The Voting paper must be filled up and signed in the presence of the Registrar at the Darbhanga Library Building, on the 18th January 1919, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m.; but Graduates who will not be able to appear in person before the Registrar may fill up and sign their Voting papers in the presence of a Magistrate, a Judge, a Subordinate Judge, a Munsiff (excluding Village Munsiffs), a Fellow of the University (including Honorary Fellows), or a Principal of a College affiliated to this University. In the absence of a Magisterial or Judicial Officer of the rank aforesaid in a Native State, the signature must be acknowledged before the Chief Minister or the Chief Magisterial Officer of the State.* Voting papers may also be filled up and signed before the Registrar, between 4 and 5 p.m. any day (other than a Sunday or holiday) between the 4th and the 17th January, 1919. The officer before whom such acknowledgment is made or the Registrar, as the case may be, shall countersign the Voting paper, as having been signed before him by the person whose signature it bears. A voter of the rank aforesaid will not be competent to countersign his own voting paper. All voting papers duly signed and countersigned as aforesaid must reach the Registrar not later than 3 p.m. on Saturday, the 18th January, 1919, after which no voting paper will be accepted. A Graduate who is not known to the officer in whose presence he intends to fill up and sign his voting paper must bring with him his Diploma or other satisfactory proof of identity.

Each voter shall have only *one* vote for each vacancy which is to be filled up and can give only one vote to any one candidate.

K. L. DATTA,

Offg. Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE;
The 15th November, 1918.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.
Separate Revenue Branch.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 2nd December 1918.

No. 3264-S.R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. Law, the Superintendent of Customs at the Port of Maungdaw in Burma, to be Superintendent of Customs at the Port of Nilla in the district of Chittagong in the Presidency of Bengal, *vice* Mr. Murrell, and authorises him to exercise the powers conferred, and to perform the duties imposed by the said Act on such officers.

J. DONALD,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 2nd October 1918.

No. 169.—Mr. H. A. H. Scott, Superintendent, Jatta circle, Kohat Mines Division, is granted privilege leave for two days in extension of the period sanctioned in notification No. 119, dated 17th August 1918.
(639 P. of 1918.)

The 4th October 1918.

No. 172.—Mr. W. O. Davey, Superintendent, Saran circle, Lower Division, Internal Branch, is granted leave on medical certificate for 21 days in extension of the period sanctioned in notification No. 86, dated the 18th July 1918.
(310 P. of 1917.)

The 18th October 1918.

No. 184.—Mr. C. H. Jeffery-Orchard, Assistant Commissioner, is permitted to retire from the service of Government in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department, with effect from the 16th January 1919.

No. 185.—The following substantive promotions of officers are ordered in the vacancy caused by the retirement of Mr. C. H. Jeffery-Orchard, Assistant Commissioner, with effect from the 16th January 1919 :—

1. Mr. C. S. Haygarth, Assistant Commissioner, on Rs. 900 to be Assistant Commissioner, on Rs. 1,000.
2. Mr. H. A. R. Lyon, Assistant Commissioner, on Rs. 500—30—800 to be Assistant Commissioner on Rs. 900.
3. Mr. E. D. Beatson, Superintendent, 1st grade to the class of Assistant Commissioner on Rs. 500—30—800.
4. Mr. E. St. C. L. Chopin, Superintendent, 2nd grade to the 1st grade.
5. Mr. H. H. Bryan, Superintendent, 3rd grade to the 2nd grade.
6. Mr. P. A. Kirwan, Superintendent 4th grade to the 3rd grade.
7. Mr. G. L. Fanthome, Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade to the 4th grade of Superintendents.
8. Mr. A. David, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade to the 1st grade.
(File No. 733 P-1918.)

The 30th October 1918.

No. 196.—Mr. W. O. Davey, Superintendent, is granted two months' leave on medical certificate, in extension of the period sanctioned by notification No. 172, dated the 4th October 1918.
(310 P. of 1917.)

J. C. FERGUSSON,

Offg. Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

To be substituted for the Notification bearing the same No. and date.
**THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH
BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 30th October 1918.

No. 7318-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 62, sub-section (2), clauses (c) and (h) of the Excise Regulation, 1915 (I of 1915), the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct that the following shall be added as condition No. 7 of Form c-5 published with his Notification No. 1970-R., dated the 13th June 1916, and the subsequent conditions renumbered consecutively :—

7. " The amount and percentage of Cocaine contained in the drugs sold by the licensee shall be clearly marked on the label."

By order,

T. G. M. HARRIS, MAJOR,
First Assistant.

**ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-
GENERAL, RAJPUTANA, AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
AJMER-MERWARA.**

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 1st December 1918.

No. 676-C.—Mr. Shivcharandas, Railway Magistrate, Rajputana, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 25th October 1918, forenoon.

No. 682-C.—Munshi Bhagwatilal, Treasury Officer, Ajmer, is appointed to officiate as Railway Magistrate, Rajputana, *vice* Mr. Shivcharandas granted leave, from the date of assuming charge.

By order,

H. G. RICHARDSON,
Police Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 26th November 1918.

No 2889.—In continuation of his Notification No. 2832, dated the 21st November 1918, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General is pleased to declare that, as celebrations in connection with the signing of armistice between the Allies and Germany will take place in the Loralai District on the 9th December 1918 instead of 27th November 1918, the 9th December 1918 will be observed as a public holiday in the public offices in that District within the meanings of section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881 instead of 27th November 1918.

The 29th November 1918.

No. 2952.—The following candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed tests in the Brahui language in an examination held at Quetta on the 26th November 1918.

- (1) Captain T. P. Campbell, Officer in charge Clothing Depot, 4th (Quetta) Division with credit.
- (2) Lieutenant T. Edwards, Kalat Depot.

By order,

T. G. M. HARRIS,
First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Ajmer, the 28th November 1918.

No. 1439-C.—790.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 12 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act (IX of 1887), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Mr. Onkar Prasad Bhargava to officiate as Registrar, Small Cause Court, Ajmer, and to confer upon him, within the local limits of the jurisdiction of that Court, the jurisdiction of a Judge of the Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits of which the value does not exceed Rs. 20 with effect from the date of assuming charge of the office of Registrar.

No. 1444-C.—269.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Kanwar Ganpat Singh of Kharwa to be an Honorary Magistrate and to invest him with the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd class to be exercised in regard to cases generally within the limits of the Kharwa Estate.

No. 1445-C.—269.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Ajmer Courts Regulation (I of 1887), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Kanwar Ganpat Singh of Kharwa to be a Munsiff within the limits of the Kharwa Estate in the district of Ajmer-Merwara.

By order,

B. J. GLANCY,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner,
Ajmer-Merwara.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 2nd December 1918.

No. 8364-Home.—Lala Bishan Das, Extra Assistant Commissioner, a Magistrate of the first class, is hereby invested with powers under section 565, Criminal Procedure Code, within the limits of the Province of Delhi.

The 4th December 1918.

No. 8401-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal Towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 23rd November 1918 is published for information:—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Town.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death.								Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.	
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.			Total.
	Delhi	225,471	110	90	200	110	112	222	...	...	...	103	4	95	1	19	...	40	30	70	46.12	51.20
	Notified Area	3,673	..	..	..	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	14.15
	Total	229,144	110	90	200	111	112	223	...	...	...	104	4	95	1	19	...	40	30	70	45.38	50.60

C. A. BARRON,

Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment, dated at Gharial, this 23rd day of November 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—9914, Private, Blackstone, Wm.
Age—27 years.
Height—5 feet 8½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—10th June 1910.

Place of Enlistment—No record.
Parish and County in which born—No record.
Date of Desertion or Absence—22nd November 1918.
Place of Desertion or Absence—From Calcutta.
Marks—Nil.
On furlough with Boxing Team.
Under 9 years' service.

A. O. L. DAVIS, Captain and Adjutant, for Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding, 1st Battalion, The Duke of Wellington's Regiment.

REGISTRAR, HIGH COURT, CALCUTTA, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

It is ordered that the following Rule be substituted for Rule 6, Chapter XXVII of "the Rules of the High Court, 1914," with effect from the 26th day of August 1918:—

The notification (or such portion thereof as the Registrar shall think necessary) of every intended sale by public auction under these rules shall be published in such public papers, and as often as the Registrar shall direct having regard to the nature and value of the property to be sold, and shall also, where the property to be sold is out of Calcutta, be proclaimed and published in the mode prescribed by the Code for the notification of sales in execution.

L. SANDERSON.
J. G. WOODROFFE.
C. W. CHITTY.
E. E. FLETCHER.
N. R. CHATARJI.
W. TEUNON.
T. W. RICHARDSON.
A. CHAUDHURI.
C. P. BEACHCROFT.
H. WALMSLEY.
W. E. GREAVES.
B. B. NEWBOULD.
SYED SHAMSUL HUDA.
G. C. RANKIN.
E. PANTON.

It is ordered that rule 8 of Chapter XXXII of "the Rules of the High Court, 1914," be repealed and that the following rule be passed in substitution therefor with effect from the 2nd day of January 1919:—

8. Where the appeal is from a decree, the paper book shall contain the following papers arranged in the following order:—

- (a) Table of contents with reference to pages.
- (b) Plaint.
- (c) Written Statement.
- (d) The issues.
- (e) Depositions of witnesses examined on behalf of the plaintiff, including depositions taken *de bene esse* or on commission, if put in and used at the hearing.
- (f) Depositions of witnesses examined on behalf of the defendant, including depositions taken *de bene esse* or on commission, if put in and used at the hearing.
- (g) Documentary evidence put in on behalf of the parties arranged in the following orders:—
 - (i) Such answers to interrogatories delivered for the purposes of discovery as have been used at the hearing and marked as exhibits, together with the interrogatories so answered;
 - (ii) Correspondence arranged in chronological order;
 - (iii) Entries in accounts arranged (as far as practicable) in chronological order;
 - (iv) Other documents arranged in chronological order.
- (h) The Judgment.
- (i) The decree.
- (j) The Memorandum of appeal.

- (k) Objections, if any, under O. XLI r. 22 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (l) Any document rejected by the Original Court where its rejection is a ground of appeal or cross objection.
- (m) Such other documents arranged in chronological order as both the appellant and the respondent consider necessary, or as the Registrar may direct, on notice to the parties.

Provided that any documents or portions of documents which both the appellant and respondent agree are not necessary or relevant to the subject matter of the appeal may, and all duplication of documents and the unnecessary repetition of headings and other merely formal parts of documents shall, be excluded from the printed paper book; a list of the documents so excluded being inserted at the end of the Table of Contents.

L. SANDERSON.
J. G. WOODROFFE.
E. E. FLETCHER.
N. R. CHATARJI.
W. TEUNON.
A. CHAUDHURI.
C. P. BEACHCROFT.
H. WALMSLEY.
W. E. GREAVES.
B. B. NEWBOULD.
SYED SHAMSUL HUDA.
E. PANTON.
G. C. RANKIN.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated the 3rd December 1918.

No. 11.—Mr. Wazir Singh Agarwal, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 3 months, *vis.*, privilege leave for 2 months and 4 days and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period, with effect from the 24th September 1918.

J. H. WHITE,
for Agent, North Western Railway.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 30th November 1918.

Corrigendum.

No. 3.—In Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway Notification No. 2 of 1918, for the words "Privilege leave for 13 days", read "Privilege leave for 14 days".

H. B. HOLMES,
Agent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 4th December 1918.

No. 110—*G.-Camp*.—Mr. J. R. King, Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, temporary, and supernumerary, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 6th November 1918.

No. 111—*G.-Camp*.—Mr. R. H. D. Lacey, an officer of the Indian Finance Department, who is on deputation in the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is granted privilege leave for two months, on medical grounds, with effect from the 21st November 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE.

Agents for Sale of Maps.

LONDON.—Edward Stanford, Limited, 12, 13 and 14, Long Acre, London, W.C.

CALCUTTA.—Maps can be obtained from the Office, 13, Wood Street, or from Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., No. 8, Esplanade, East; Messrs. Newman & Co., No. 4, Dalhousie Square; the Manager, The Indian School Supply Depot, No. 809, Bow Bazar Street; and Messrs. Lal Chand & Sons, No. 76, Lower Circular Road.

Dacca.—The Manager, The Indian School Supply Depot, No. 226, Nawabpur.

BOMBAY.—Messrs. Thacker & Co., Limited, and Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co.

KASHMIR.—The Cookburns Agency, Srinagar.

LAHORE.—Messrs. Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons.

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MUSSOOREE.—The Proprietor, Mafaulite Printing Works.

MURRAYPURI.—Messrs. Burman & Co.

RANGOON.—The Curator, Government Book Depot, Burma.

SIMLA.—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.

A Catalogue of Maps corrected up to 1st October 1917 is available at Re. 1 per copy.

All published maps are sold at the Map Record and Issue Office, Survey of India, Calcutta, for cash with postage *prepaid*.

Agents cannot issue maps on the *Public Service except on cash payment*.

The following is a List of Maps published at the Head-Quarter Offices, Calcutta and Dehra Dun, during the Quarter ending 31st December 1918.

EXPLANATION.

All maps from Surveys after 1905 called "Modern" are printed in 4 or 5 colours, i.e., water forms in blue, towns and roads in red, forests and jungle in green, cultivation in yellow, hill contours in brown with shading to emphasize the hills, and other details in black.

All Maps from Surveys prior to 1905 called "Old" are printed in black only or in black with hills in brown.

All Maps on scales $1"=4$ miles, $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ or nearly $1"=16$ miles and $\frac{1}{2,000,000}$ or nearly $1"=32$ miles are printed in either one or two of the following editions, except those marked "Provisional Issue" which are from old surveys —

(1) *Layered edition*, printed in colours with contours and graduated layer tints to show altitudes and shading to emphasize the hills (*Colour ribbands along boundaries cannot be added to this edition*)

(2) *Political edition*, printed in colours with colour ribbands along boundaries, contours to show altitudes and shading to emphasize the hills.

(3) *Provisional Issue*, generally printed in black, with hills in brown, colour ribbands along boundaries are added by hand when required at an extra cost of 2 annas per sheet

Description	Year of Survey	Date of current edition.	No of sheets.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		REMARKS.
					Rs. a		
GENERAL MAPS OF INDIA AND NEIGHBOURING COUNTRIES.							
<i>Scale $1"=64$ miles.</i>							
India showing Railways open and under construction on 31st March 1918.	...	1918	1	38 x 32	1 8		
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS.							
<i>Scale $\frac{1}{2,000,000}$.</i>							
Index to names appearing on $\frac{1}{2M}$ sheet Baluchistan.	...	1918	1	...	0 2		In pamphlet.

Description.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	No. of sheets.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		REMARKS.
					Rs.	a.	
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS--							
<i>concl'd.</i>							
<i>Scale 1</i>							
<i>1,000,000'</i>							
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES.							
Sheet No. 37 (Rough Provisional Issue).	...	1918	1	24×19	1	0	<i>Badakhshān.</i>
Sheet No. 46 . . . . .	...	1917	1	24×19	1	0	<i>Baroda.</i> Published (1) Layered edition, and (2) Political edition.
" " 54 . . . . .	...	1918	1	24×19	1	0	<i>Agra.</i> Published (1) Layered edition.
" " 61 . . . . .	...	1918	1	24×19	1	0	<i>Thok Jalung.</i> Published (1) Layered edition, and (2) Political edition.
" " 70 . . . . .	...	1918	1	24×19	1	0	<i>Thok Daurākpā.</i> Published (1) Layered edition, and (2) Political edition.
DEGREE SHEETS.							
<i>Scale 1"=4 miles.</i>							
ASSAM AND BURMA.							
Sheet No. 84-E. (Provisional Issue).	1853-91	1895	1	24×19	1	0	Fort White and country to the north-west.
BERAR, CENTRAL PROVINCES AND HYDERABAD.							
Sheet No. 56-M. (Provisional Issue).	...	1918	1	24×19	1	0	Chānda and country to the south.
BURMA.							
" " 84-N.	{ 1890-91 1897-1907 }	{ 1918 1919 }	{ 1 1 }	{ 24×19 24×19 }	{ 1 1 }	{ 0 0 }	Shwēbo and country round. Published (1) Layered edition and (2) Political edition.
BURMA INDO CHINA (FRENCH) AND SIAM.							
Sheet No. 102-D.	1907-08	1918	1	24×19	1	0	Published (1) Layered edition and (2) Political edition.
CENTRAL PROVINCES.							
Sheet No. 55-N. (Provisional Issue.)	...	1918	1	24×19	1	0	Seoni and country to the north.
COORG, MADRAS AND MYSORE.							
Sheet No. 57-D. (Provisional Issue.)	...	1918	1	24×19	1	0	Mysore and country to the north.
MADRAS.							
Sheet No. 57-N. (Provisional Issue.)	...	1918	1	24×19	1	0	Nellore and country to the west.
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.							
Sheet No. 38-L. (Second edition)	{ 1879-81 1894-97 1904-09 & 1917 }	1918	1	24×19	1	0	Miram Shāh and Bannu and country between and south.

Description.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	No. of sheets.	Size per sheet in inches.	PRICE.		REMARKS.
					Rs.	s.	
HALF-INCH SHEETS.							
<i>Scale 1"=2 miles.</i>							
ASSAM.							
Sheet No. 83 $\frac{B}{N. W.}$. . .	{ 1905-06 & 1912-14 }	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Udalguri and country to the east.
" " 83 $\frac{B}{S. W.}$. . .	1912-13	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Mangaldai and country to the south-east.
" " 83 $\frac{B}{S. E.}$. . .	1913-14	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Nowgong and country round.
ASSAM AND BENGAL.							
Sheet No. 83 $\frac{D}{N. W.}$. . .	1909-11	1917	1	24 x 19	1	0	Karimganj and country to the south and west.
BIHAR AND ORISSA.							
Sheet No. 72 $\frac{L}{S. W.}$. . .	1913-14	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Girdih and country round.
BIHAR AND ORISSA AND CENTRAL PROVINCES.							
Sheet No. 73 $\frac{B}{N. W.}$. . .	1913-14	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Jashpurnagar and country to the south-east.
BURMA.							
Sheet No. 84 $\frac{K}{S. E.}$. . .	1907-08	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Pagan and country to the north and west.
" " 84 $\frac{L}{N. W.}$. . .	{ 1891-93 1896-98 1902-03 1905-06 }	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Kyaukse and country round.
" " 93 $\frac{J}{S. E.}$. . .	1909-10	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	
" " 94 $\frac{A}{S. E.}$. . .	1904-05	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Thandaung and country to the north.
CENTRAL INDIA AND CENTRAL PROVINCES.							
Sheet No. 55 $\frac{I}{S. E.}$. . .	{ 1904-07 1910-11 }	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Jaithari, Udaipura and Deori and country to the north-east.
CENTRAL PROVINCES.							
Sheet No. 55 $\frac{K}{S. E.}$. . .	1912-14	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Saoner and Katol and country between and south.
COORG, MADRAS AND MYSORE.							
Sheet No. 48 $\frac{P}{N. E.}$. . .	{ 1909-10 1911-12 }	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Sakleshpur Kodlipet and Somvarpet and country between and west.
HYDERABAD.							
Sheet No. 56 $\frac{A}{S. E.}$. . .	1913-14	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Parbhani and country round.
" " 56 $\frac{H}{S. W.}$. . .	1913-14	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Nander and country to the north-west.
" " 56 $\frac{F}{S. E.}$. . .	1915-16	1918	1	24 x 19	1	0	Kaula and country round.

Description.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	No. of sheets.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		REMARKS.	
HALF-INCH SHEETS— <i>concl'd.</i> Scale 1"=2 miles. MADRAS.					Rs. a.	Maps with boundaries hand coloured may also be obtained at a small additional charge.		
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MADRAS AND MYSORE.								
Sheet No. 57 $\frac{H.}{S. E.}$. . .	1912-13	1918	1	24×19				1 0
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE AND PUNJAB.								
Sheet No. 38 $\frac{O.}{N. E.}$. . .	{ 1897-98 1907-08 }	1918	1	24×19	1 0	Peshawar and Nowshera Cantonments and country between and south.		
UNITED PROVINCES.								
Sheet No. 53 $\frac{L.}{S. E.}$. . .	1911-12	1918	1	24×19	1 0	Chandauli and country to the south.		

Index Number.	District, etc.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	Price.		REMARKS.
ONE-INCH SHEETS. Scale 1"=1 mile. BENGAL.				Rs. a.		
79 $\frac{E}{14}$ (Preliminary edition).	Faridpur and Dacca . . .	1904-13	1918				1 0	Faridpur and country round.
79 $\frac{J}{15}$ (Ditto) . . .	Bakarganj and Noakhali . . .	{ 1889-90 1903-04 1909-10 1911-12 1913-16 }	1918	1 0	Tazumuddin and country to the south.	
BERAR.						
55 $\frac{G}{4}$. . .	Akola and Amraoti . . .	1916-17	1918	1 0	Akot and country to the north and east.	
BIHAR AND ORISSA.						
63 $\frac{P}{11}$ (Preliminary edition).	Palamau . . .	1914-16	1918	1 0	Bhaunathpur and country round.	
BERAR AND CENTRAL PROVINCES.						
55 $\frac{G}{2}$. . .	Amraoti, Batul and Nimar . . .	1916-17	1918	1 0	Damjipura and country to the south.	
BIHAR AND ORISSA AND CENTRAL PROVINCES.						
64 $\frac{M}{14}$ (Preliminary edition.)	Palamau District and Surguja State.	{ 1865-67 1913-15 }	1918	1 0	Bhandaria and country to the south.	
BOMBAY AND HYDERABAD.						
56 $\frac{C}{4}$. . .	Bijapur and Gulbarga . . .	1916-17	1918	1 0	Almel and country to the north and west.	
BURMA.						
95 $\frac{F}{13}$. . .	Tavoy . . .	1915-16	1918	1 0	Natkyizin and country round.	
95 $\frac{L}{1 \& 5}$. . .	Mergui . . .	1915-16	1918	0 8	Tavoy Island (Mali) and country to the south.	

Index Number.	District, etc.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	Price.		REMARKS.	
	ONE-INCH SHEETS —contd. <i>Scale 1"=1 mile.</i>			<i>Rs.</i>	<i>a.</i>		
	KASHMIR AND JAMMU.						
48 $\frac{K}{16}$	Riasi and Jammu	1914	1917	1	0	Riasi and country round.	
49 $\frac{O}{10}$	Anantnag and Udhampur	1915	1918	1	0	Potgam and country to the south-west.	
52 $\frac{C}{3}$	Udhampur	1915	1917	1	0	Arthal (Atholi) and country to the north.	
	MADRAS.						
66 $\frac{B}{4}$	Nellore	1916-17	1918	1	0	Kota and country to the north and east.	
66 $\frac{C}{2}$ & $\frac{C}{6}$	Chingleput and Nellore	1916-17	1918	1	0	Sulurpet and country to the south-east.	
	NEPAL AND UNITED PROVINCES.						
68 $\frac{E}{18}$	Dang-Deokhar, Banki and Bahraich.	{ 1912-13 1915-16 }	1918	1	0	...	
	NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.						
38 $\frac{L}{3}$ (2nd edition)	Dera Ismail Khan District, Bhattanni and Wazir tan.	{ 1879-81 1894-97 1907-08 and 1917 }	1918	1	0	Jandola and country round.	
	PUNJAB.						
53 $\frac{D}{7}$	Gurgaon and Rohtak Districts and Dujana, Jind, Nabha and Patiala States.	1915-16	1918	1	0	Nahar and country round.	
	PUNJAB AND RAJPUTANA.						
53 $\frac{D}{4}$	Alwar, Jaipur, Nabha and Patiala States.	1915-16	1918	1	0	Narnaul and country to the north.	
	UNITED PROVINCES.						
53 $\frac{K}{4}$	Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Moradabad and Meerut.	1915-16	1918	1	0	Hastinapur and country to the east.	
53 $\frac{K}{8}$	Bijnor and Moradabad	1915-16	1918	1	0	Chandpur and country to the east.	
53 $\frac{K}{16}$	Moradabad and Naini Tal Districts and Rampur State.	1915-16	1918	1	0	Kashipur and country to the south-west.	
Maps with boundaries hand-coloured may also be obtained at a small additional charge.							
Description.	Year of Survey.	Date of current edition.	No. of sheets.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		REMARKS.
					<i>Rs.</i>	<i>a.</i>	
PROVINCIAL MAPS. <i>Scale 1"=32 miles.</i>							
Bihar and Orissa (without hills)	...	1918	1	25 x 18	1	4	Maps with boundaries hand-coloured may also be obtained at a small additional charge.

MAPS PUBLISHED AND AVAILABLE FROM THE FOREST SURVEY OFFICE AT DEHRA DUN.

TITLE.	Year of Survey.	Price per sheet uncoloured.	TITLE.	Year of Survey.	Price per sheet uncoloured.
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Scale 4" = 1 mile.			Scale 2" = 1 mile.		
LAKHIMPUR DIVISION.			AMRAOTI DIVISION.		
Sheet No. 1 . . . {	1913-14 -15 }	1 8	Sheet No. 55 $\frac{L}{1}$ N. .	1905-06	1 8
" " 2 . . . {	1913-14 -15 }	1 8			
" " 3 . . . {	1913-14 -15 }	1 8			
Scale 2" = 1 mile.					
NOWGONG AND SIBSAGAR DIVISIONS.			COORG AND MADRAS.		
Sheet No. 83 $\frac{F}{3}$ N. .	1913-14	1 8	Scale 2" = 1 mile.		
BERAR.			MALABAR NORTH AND COORG DIVISIONS.		
Scale 4" = 1 mile.			Sheet No. 49 $\frac{M}{13}$ N. .	{ 1905-06 } { 1907-08 }	1 8
MURPIZAPUR TALUK.					
Sheet No. 55 $\frac{H}{9}$ S. 2 . .	1905-06	1 8	Scale 2" = 1 mile.		
" " 55 $\frac{H}{10}$ S. 1 . .	1906-07	1 8	MALABAR SOUTH AND COORG DIVISIONS.		
Scale 2" = 1 mile.			Sheet No. 48 $\frac{P}{7}$ N. .	1911-12	1 8
AKOLA YEOTMAL DIVISIONS.					
Sheet No. 55 $\frac{H}{11}$ S. .	1906-07	1 8			
Scale 1" = 1 mile.					
Amraoti Taluk (in 2 sheets)		3 0	MADRAS.		
Morsi Taluk (in 2 sheets)	...	3 0	Scale 2" = 1 mile.		
BIHAR AND ORISSA.			NILGIRI DIVISION.		
Scale 2" = 1 mile.			Sheet No. 58 $\frac{A}{15}$ N. .	1908-10	1 8
PORAHAT, SINGHERUM AND CHAIBANSA DIVISIONS.					
Sheet No. 73 $\frac{F}{6}$ S. .	1911-13	1 8	MADRAS AND MYSORE.		
BOMBAY.			Scale 2" = 1 mile.		
Scale 4" = 1 mile.			MANGALORE NORTH DIVISION.		
Sheet No. 309 N. W. 2 .	1902-03	1 8	Sheet No. 48 $\frac{O}{2}$ N. .	1910-11	1 8
BURMA.					
Scale 2" = 1 mile.			PUNJAB.		
BRAMO DIVISION.			Scale 1" = 1 mile.		
Sheet No. 92 $\frac{D}{11}$ N. .	1911-13	1 8	CHAMBA STATE.		
" " 92 $\frac{D}{11}$ S. .	1911-13	1 8	Sheet No. 52 $\frac{C}{12}$. .	1908-09	1 0

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th November 1918.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS					4 PER CENT.		INDIAN WAR LOAN.			RED INDIAN WAR LOAN.	TOTAL
		of 1843-43.	of 1854-55	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.	5 per cent. War Loan 1920-1947.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1923.	
Balance of 15th Novr. 1918	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,81,62,600	1,42,04,000	62,09,800	19,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,50,000	7,42,34,800
<i>Add—</i> Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amount enfaced at Madras up to . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 1st November 1918 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 191 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,000	5,000
<i>Deduct—</i> Amount written off in the London Registers	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,81,62,600	1,42,04,000	62,09,800	19,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	9,55,000	7,42,34,800
Balance on 30th Nov. 1918	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,81,62,600	1,42,04,000	62,09,800	19,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,900	9,55,000	7,42,34,800

NOTE.—From 9th June 1897 to 30th Sept. 1915 Enfaced from India 12,429 lakhs, re-transferred from London 13,036 lakhs.

1st Oct.	..	ditto	..	1 lakh.
16th "	..	ditto	..	1 "
1st Novr.	..	ditto	..	..
16th "	..	ditto	..	..
30th "	..	ditto	..	..
	13,429		13,036	

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 4th December 1918.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23RD TO 30TH NOVEMBER 1918.

(In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																			
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.				COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN.					COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.			SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.			
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery.	Currency Bullion.	Other Govern- ment Bullion.	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion for transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres closing and paid over.	Closing balance of Bul- lion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.	
Calcutta . . .	48	2	...	45	44	...	44	8	(a) 252	3	2	266	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	...	...	...	...	40	...	40	...	(b) 38	1	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	55

(a) Exclusive of 383 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 504 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT ; }
Calcutta, the 6th Dec. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM
IN BENGAL.
In Insolvency.**

No. 122 of 1913.

Dated the 22nd November 1918.

Re Charles Osmond D'Cunha.

Ex parte the debtor.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of Court, dated the 1st day of June 1915, the order of adjudication made herein on the 9th day of July 1913, was annulled.

No. 37 of 1916.

Dated the 28th November 1918.

Re Walter Edward Alexander.

Ex parte the debtor.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 14th day of January 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

No. 60 of 1917.

Dated the 22nd November 1918.

Re Hari Bhusan Mukherjee.

Ex parte the debtor.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 14th day of January 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

Summary Case.

No 56 of 1917.

Dated the 28th November 1918.

Re Kissen Gopal Bajori.

Ex parte the debtor.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed debtor having applied for his discharge, the Court has fixed the 14th day of January 1919 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House for hearing the application.

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 142 of 1918.

Dated the 3rd December 1918.

Re Asaram Roopchand, both residing at No. 12, Puggyputty Street, in the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on business in copartnership at the same place as traders in piece goods under the name and style of Asaram Roopchand.

Ex parte Messrs. Labhchand Rekhabdass the creditors.

On the 25th day of November 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as Insolvents.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 148 of 1918.

Dated the 2nd December 1918.

Re Harold George Charles Namey, residing at No. 21, Marquis Street, in the town of Calcutta, at present working in the firm of Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., as an assistant.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 26th day of November 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
533-1918	Mulla Esmail Mahamed .	Mahomedan .	Hoosria Street .	Doing business in second-hand perambulators and iron bedsteads.	19th	November .	1918	19th	November .	1918
534-1918	Damodar Nanji Thucker and Jivandas Nanji Thucker.	Hindu .	Bora Bazar Street, Fort .	Lately Mucadams for supplying labour and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
535-1918	Dwarakadas Gordbandas Thaker .	" .	Malharwadi. Dadyseth Agiary Lane.	Lately cloth merchant and now unemployed	20th	"	"	20th	"	"
536-1918	Meghji Champay Nagda .	" .	Dongri Street .	Lately Mehta in the service of Nassi Chaturbhuj & Co., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
537-1918	Atmaram Harishanker Joshi .	" .	1st Bhoirade, Bhuleshwar .	Lately doing partnership business, with Haridas Dhunji, Popatlal Cauji, Dayashankar Ramji and Jeewram Calidas as Boarding House keepers in the name of P. H. A. Jain & Co., and now Boarding House keeper on his own account.	"	"	"	"	"	"
538-1918	Anandraso Bhawoo Kathare .	" .	Nigdowdi Lane, Kondewadi .	Trading as General Import and Export merchant under the name of Anandraso Bhawoo & Co.	"	"	"	"	"	"
539-1918	Chundulal Chunilal Parikh .	" .	Lower Parel .	Lately trading as Commission Agent under the name of the Century Industrial Co. and now unemployed.	21st	"	"	21st	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitioners, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 25th day of November 1918. }

R. B. PATEL,

Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909) :—

No.	Names.	Denomination	Address.	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS			DATE OF EXAMINATION		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
541—1918	Manilal Govindram Ghandhi	Hindu	Kandewadi, Bombay.	Lately cloth merchant in the name of Kamilal Manilal and now unemployed.	26th	November	1918	26th	November	1918
542—1918	Bernard Euphlus Mathias	Anglo-Indian	Mount Road, Mazagon, Bombay.	Clerk in the Mints Workshop, Mazagon	"	"	"	"	"	"
543—1918	Chandrasing Kalosing Rajput	Hindu	Tardeo	Lately hack victoria-keeper and now brocade pedlar.	"	"	"	"	"	"
544—1918	Sayei Hamid Husein Altafhussein	Mohamedan	Kanatipura 15th Lane, Bombay.	Lately Arabian cars-maker and petty dealer in the same in the name of Syed Hamid Husein and now Arabian caps-maker.	28th	"	"	28th	"	"
545—1918	Mabadeo Narain Karao	Hindu	No. 4, Shewvi Kandwady Bombay.	Lately cloth merchant and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
546—1918	Naran Lakhman Dhoree	"	21, Marine Lines, 4th Lane, Dnobi Talao, Bombay.	Lately servant in the service of Keshew Premji at South Africa and now servant in the service of Ranibai, widow of Keshon at Bombay.	"	"	"	"	"	"
548—1918	Mahomed Miya Allam Miya	Mohamedan	Khoja Street, Bombay	Lately hawker in old cotton and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
549—1918	Falemahomed Bhaijibhai Mistry	"	Kamathipura 10th Lane, Bombay.	Lately carriage repairer and now unemployed	29th	"	"	29th	"	"
550—1918	Ranchodji Vasanji Mehtaji	Hindu	Lamington Road, Bombay	Lately milk vendor and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
551—1918	Babaji Apoo Shirke	"	89, New Nagpada Beladus Road, Bombay.	Weaver in the Framji Petit Mills, Ltd.	30th	"	"	30th	"	"
552—1918	Mariano Purification Fernaudes	Portuguese	Ladar, Bombay	Sub-Inspector, Health Department, Bombay Municipality.	"	"	"	"	"	"
553—1918	Mohanlal Hemraj Mistry	Hindu	22-23, C. P. Tank Road	Lately contractor for supplying wooden boxes and now unemployed.	2nd	December	"	2nd	December	"
554—1918	Shaikh Abdul Latiff	Mohamedan	Goorla	Lately dealing in boot- and shoes under the name and style of S. A. Latiff and Brothers and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
555—1918	Mahadeo Balwant Bahulkar and Ramchandra Narayan Bahulkar.	Hindu	No. 15, Gamdevi, Bombay	1st Debtor clerk in the Chief Auditor Non-Military Pay and Pension Account Office, Dadar and the 2nd Debtor music teacher.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 2nd day of December 1918.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.**

No. 540 of 1918.

Dated the 26th November 1918.

Re Bhut Motilal Prabhashankar, a firm, until lately carrying on business in piece-goods at Lakhmidas Khimji Cloth Market without the Fort of Bombay : adjudged Insolvents.

Ex parte—Messrs. Allimahomed Abdulla & Co., a firm : Petitioning Creditors.

Whereas the abovenamed Bhut Motilal Prabhashankar, a firm, have been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.

No. 547 of 1918.

Dated the 28th November 1918.

Re Babul *alias* Gangadas Vithaldas, who was lately trading in the name of Vithaldas Karamchand at Bombay and Thana : an adjudged Insolvent.

Ex parte Shivji Nensey, a partnership firm : Petitioning Creditors.

Whereas the abovenamed Babul *alias* Gangadas Vithaldas has been this day duly adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvent do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvent do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon him, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

**IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.**

CASE No. 165 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 22nd November 1918.

In the matter of Swaminatha Pillay, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Swaminatha Pillay, Compositor, residing at Nos. 22, 23, 36th Street, Rangoon, on the 21st day of November 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Swaminatha Pillay.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

**POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
POST OFFICE.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 4th December 1918.

No. 2896-*Ap*.—Mr. Abdul Rahim, Inspector of Sorting, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 10th November 1918 and until further orders.

Calcutta, the 5th December 1918.

No. 2909-*Ap*.—Mr. G. G. Dange, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 3rd January 1918, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. J. G. Trivedi, City Inspector, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. G. G. Dange, or until further orders.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 6th December 1918.

No. 4607-E.-E.—The following permanent promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Technical Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified:—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. J. Brown . . .	Telegraph Master, Technical.	Deputy Superintendent, Technical, 2nd Class.	16th December 1916.

2. The promotion of Mr. J. Brown to the grade of Deputy Superintendent Technical, 2nd class, sanctioned in this Department Notification No. 140-Camp-E.-E., dated the 2nd March 1918 is hereby cancelled.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 2nd December 1918.

No. 6641-T.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 21st November 1918 to 27th November 1918.

Name of Office.	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Malegaon	Bombay	10th October 1918 . . .	Closed.
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices,</i>			
Bariwala	Bombay-Baroda and Central India Railway.	21st October 1918 . . .	Closed.
Bhaistana	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"
Chak Pakhwala	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"
Dhigawara	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"
Harsauli	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"
Lakhewali	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"
Mahwa	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"
Mamhern	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"
Nizampoor	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"
Parisal	Ditto ditto	Ditto	"

M. A. THOMPSON,
Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

Calcutta, the 6th December 1918.

No. 6771-T.—Mr. W. J. Benson, Officiating Superintendent of Post Offices, Traffic, Bengal and Assam Circle, reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, with effect from the 13th November 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

INDIA.									
WHOLE YEAR.			APRIL TO SEPTEMBER.				APRIL TO SEPTEMBER.		
Preliminary Accounts, 1917-1918.	Budget, 1918-1919.		1917-1918.	1918-1919.		1917-1918.	1918-1919.	Increase.	Decrease.
Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
DISBURSEMENTS.									
Expenditure.									
Direct Demands on the Revenue	14,61,28,000		15,40,02,000	9,76,15,000		8,43,57,000	9,76,15,000	1,32,58,000	—
Interest (including in India that on Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works)	9,50,75,000		11,98,55,000	5,37,98,000		3,38,95,000	5,37,98,000	1,99,03,000	—
Post and Telegraphs and Mint	4,15,19,000		5,46,31,000	2,19,57,000		2,93,88,000	2,19,57,000	—	8,21,000
Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments	26,39,13,000		38,78,22,000	14,78,64,000		13,66,38,000	14,78,64,000	1,12,26,000	—
Miscellaneous Civil Charges	5,00,24,000		5,00,91,000	2,78,96,000		2,53,45,000	2,78,96,000	25,50,000	—
Famine Relief and Insurance	51,000		1,46,41,000	21,47,000		35,36,000	21,47,000	—	9,79,000
Railway Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	33,99,35,000		36,34,56,000	19,14,50,000		16,18,78,000	19,14,50,000	3,95,72,000	—
Irrigation Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	3,94,29,000		3,68,86,000	1,53,48,000		1,54,24,000	1,53,48,000	—	2,81,000
Other Public Works	7,31,39,000		9,63,77,000	3,19,69,000		2,79,93,000	3,19,69,000	39,77,000	—
Military Services	27,10,04,000		38,30,19,000	12,64,31,000		11,92,45,000	12,64,31,000	71,86,000	—
TOTAL EXPENDITURE, IMPERIAL AND PROVINCIAL	1,38,32,67,000		1,60,46,32,000	71,64,50,000		63,98,06,000	71,64,50,000	8,66,44,000	—
Add—Provincial Surpluses, that is portion of allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the year	—		+85,59,000	—		—	—	—	—
Deduct—Provincial Deficits, that is portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from Provincial balances	—		—68,19,000	—		—	—	—	—
TOTAL EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE	1,38,32,67,000		1,60,46,32,000	71,64,50,000		63,98,06,000	71,64,50,000	8,66,44,000	—
Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.	4,34,69,000		5,46,47,000	2,49,71,000		1,32,16,000	2,49,71,000	1,27,55,000	—
Capital outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works.	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Capital of Railway Companies (not payments)	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Initial expenditure on new Capital at Delhi	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
India's Financial Contribution to the War	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
TOTAL	4,34,69,000		5,46,47,000	2,49,71,000		1,32,16,000	2,49,71,000	1,27,55,000	—
Debt, Deposits and Advances.	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Permanent Debt (not discharged)	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Temporary do.	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Unfunded do.	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Deposits and Advances (not)	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Loans and Advances by Imperial Government	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Do. do. by Provincial Governments	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Loans to Local Boards	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Bonities (not)	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Secretary of State's Bills paid	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Do. do. exchange	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Drinks on London (not)	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
TOTAL	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
Closing Balance	—		—	—		—	—	—	—
GRAND TOTAL	—		—	—		—	—	—	—

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

THE TREASURY,
Calcutta, the 6th December 1918.

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 Volume XLVIII, Part 4. A. M. HERON, B.Sc., F.G.S., Assoc.Inst.C.E., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, and Late R. C. BURTON, B.Sc., F.G.S., I.A.R.O., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India. The Hana-Lalsot Hills in Eastern Rajputana (with plates 9-12). On the origin of the Laterite of Seoni, Central Provinces (with plate 13). Index. Rs. 1.
 Volume XLIX, Part 1. By H. H. HAYDEN, C.I.E., F.R.S., Director, Geological Survey of India, J. COGIN BROWN, M.Sc., M.Inst.M.M., M.I.M.E., F.G.S., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, and R. FOURTAN. General Report of the Geological Survey of India for the year 1917. The Cassiterite Deposits of Tavoy. Les Echinides des "Bagh Beds" (Plates 1, 2). Rs. 1.
 Volume XLIX, Part 2. By H. H. HAYDEN, C.I.E., F.R.S., Director, Geological Survey of India, and R. D. OLDHAM, F.R.S. The Mineral Production of India during 1917. The Support of the Mountains of Central Asia. Rs. 1.

NEW PUBLICATION ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1915. Rs. 2 or 2s. 5d.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1918.

NOTE.—Advertisements appearing in this Part are given in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Notes No. 081625, 081657, 081658, 081659 of the 3 per cent. loan of 1896-97, for Rs. 500, 100, 100, 100, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Controller of Currency and last endorsed to Sundar Singh, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

SUNDAR SINGH,

Retired Supply Agent, Gujranwala.

DESTROYED.

The War Loan Bond of 1920 bearing No. 971823 of 5½% for Rs. 2,000 originally standing in the name of Jamita Mall Moti Ram and no endorsement on the back and never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed in fire, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Bond and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned security.

JAMITA MALL MOTI RAM,

General Cloth Merchants.

Dated 28th Nov.

Lahore, the 27th October 1918.

LOST.
The Government Promissory Note No. 121921 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 100, originally standing in the name of Bontach Kumar Bhowmik, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**BONTACH KUMAR BHOWMIK**,
Residence—Ganguram Road, Chittagong P. O., District Hooghly.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 121921 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1900-01 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Amiabala Debi, Administratrix of Hrishikase Gangooly, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of Advertiser—**AMIABALA DEBI**,
Administratrix of **HRISHIKASE GANGOOLY**,
Residence—C/o Babu Panchanan Gangooly, Village Ayda
Guptipara P. O., District Hooghly.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. B. 007775 of the 3 per cent loan of 1898-97 for Rs. 1,000, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to Bapu R. Kanade, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**BAPU R. KANADE**,
Present Residence—Bhandara, C. P., Permanent Address: 377, Shanwar Pith,
Poona.

10th October 1918.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 149205 of 3½ per cent loan of 1842-43 for Rs. 500 (Rupees five hundred) endorsed by Mr. N. R. Macdonald to the Chairman, District Board, Gaya, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned Government Promissory Note.

KHWAJA MOHAMMAD NOOR,

Vice-Chairman, District Board;

GAYA,
The 5th October 1918.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 055323, and 055324 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1854-55, for Rs. 500 each, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal, and last endorsed to Makala Papia, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**MAKALA RAJABATNAM**, son of DEBIA,
Residence—Bhandara Road, Secunderabad, Deccan.

The District Superintendent of Police, Rawalpindi, has been informed that a large number of persons are engaged in the manufacture of explosives in the district. It is stated that the manufacture of explosives is being carried out in a large number of small houses and that the persons engaged in this work are not known to the authorities. The District Superintendent of Police has taken steps to stop the manufacture of explosives and has issued orders to the police stations in the district to keep a close watch on the persons engaged in this work. It is also stated that the persons engaged in this work are not known to the authorities and that the manufacture of explosives is being carried out in a large number of small houses.

Name of the Adviser—Z. D. AHMED.

Residence—A. District Superintendent of Police,
Rawalpindi.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 49.} DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

OFFICE OF THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE VICEROY.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 6th December 1918.

No. 6967-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India will leave Delhi by special train on the night of the 8th December 1918. His Excellency's departure will be private.

The Viceroy will visit Calcutta, Cooch Behar, Sakchi and Pusa, and will return to Delhi on the morning of the 8th January next. The arrival will be private.

The party accompanying His Excellency will be :—

Her Excellency the Lady Chelmsford, G.B.E., C.I.
 J. L. Maffey, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Private Secretary.
 Lieutenant-Colonel R. Verney, Military Secretary.
 Lieutenant-Colonel H. Austen Smith, C.I.E., I.M.S., Surgeon.
 Major J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., Comptroller.
 Major R. D. Alexander, A.-D.-C.
 Captain J. A. Denny, A.-D.-C.
 Captain Lord Carnegie, A.-D.-C.
 Captain Offley Wakeman, A.-D.-C.

Communications of an urgent nature intended to reach His Excellency and party during the tour should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp," without the addition of any post town; all others to the headquarters of the several Departments at Delhi.

By command,

R. VERNEY, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.*Delhi, the 5th December, 1918.*

No. 65.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 64 (1) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Thursday, the 6th February, 1919, at 11 A.M. as the time, and the Council Chamber in the Imperial Secretariat, Delhi, as the place, for a meeting of the Indian Legislative Council.

H. M. SMITH,*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.**ARCHÆOLOGY AND EPIGRAPHY.***Delhi, the 6th December 1918.*

No. 8-C.—With reference to the Department of Education Notification no. 85, dated the 23rd July 1918, Mr. H. Panday, Assistant Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Eastern Circle, is granted an extension of privilege leave for two days with effect from the 16th September 1918.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

*The 2nd
5th December 1918.*

No. 5-C.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the undermentioned alterations shall be made in the Ecclesiastical rules published with the Department of Education Notification no. 212, dated the 10th May 1913 :—

Substitute the following for Rules 23 A and 23 B in Part V :—

- 23 A. Local Governments and Administrations including the Director-General of Military Works Services may sanction an original work including additions and alterations required for an existing Government church up to a limit of R1,500 at one time, provided that the total expenditure on the church does not exceed the total grant permissible under the rules in Part V.
- 23 B. Expenditure in excess of that permissible under or not covered by the preceding rules, on the erection, addition, alteration or repair of a church, whether it be the property of the Government or not, or to a building subsidiary thereto, may be sanctioned by—

the Government of India subject to a limit of R1,500 for any one church ;

local Governments and Administrations and the Director-General of Military Works Services up to R500 for any one church for additions, alterations and repairs.

The powers of local Governments have effect from *11th September 1910*—in the case of additions and alterations to a Government church ; and from *27th August 1918*—in the case of repairs to a Government church, and additions, alterations and repairs to a church which is not the property of Government. Local Governments may sanction expenditure up to R500 for any one church in both the above cases even if the permissible grant had been exceeded prior to the date noted against each, irrespective of the amount of such excess.

GENERAL.

The 5th December 1918.

No. 31-C.—In consequence of the death of Mr. L. D. Harrington, a first grade Superintendent in the Department of Education, the following appointments are made with effect from the 28th October 1918 :—

Rai Sahab M. N. Chakrabarty to be Superintendent, 1st grade ;

Mr. A. H. Bartlett (on military duty) to be Superintendent, 2nd grade ;

Mr. P. N. Sen, to be Superintendent, 3rd grade, substantive and Superintendent, 2nd grade, provisionally substantive, *vice* Mr. A. H. Bartlett on military duty.

No. 32-C.—Mr. L. M. Roy is appointed as a provisionally substantive Superintendent, 3rd grade, with effect from the 1st December 1918, *vice* Mr. P. N. Sen.

The 6th December 1918.

No. 35-C.—Major J. C. Coldstream, Indian Army (Supernumerary List), is appointed Secretary, Central Employment and Labour Board, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st June 1918.

H. SHARP,

Offy. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.**FORESTS.**

Delhi, the 8th December 1918.

No. 65-C.—On return from leave Mr. H. H. Forteath, Conservator of Forests, 2nd grade, resumed charge of the Bazar Circle, Central Provinces, on the forenoon of the 15th November 1918 and relieved Mr. S. L. Kenny, officiating Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade.

From the same date Mr. S. L. Kenny reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator of Forests on the Central Provinces cadre.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 30th November 1918.

No. 31.—Mr. G. T. Barlow, C.I.E., Chief Engineer, Irrigation Branch, United Provinces, has been placed on special duty under the Government of India in connection with the preliminary investigation of the hydro-electric potentialities of India, with effect from the 15th November 1918.

The 5th December 1918.

No. 32.—Mr. D. Macfarlane, Executive Engineer, Punjab, on deputation under the Director of Railways in Mesopotamia, reverted to his substantive post on the forenoon of the 28th August 1918.

No. 33.—Mr. W. G. Dollman, Secretariat Superintendent, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Mr. W. J. Drake, I.S.O., with effect from the 8th October 1918, or until further orders.

No. 34.—With reference to the Government of India, Public Works Department Notification No. 33, dated the 5th December 1918, the following promotions are ordered in the grades of Superintendents in the Government of India, Public Works Department Secretariat, with effect from the dates specified and until further orders :—

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Mr. W. I. Tilden, Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade, to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 1st grade. | } From the 8th October 1918. |
| Mr. H. M. Marchant, <i>V.D.</i> , Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade (at present on military duty), to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade. | |
| Mr. L. Bloemink, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade (provisionally permanent), to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade. | |
| Mr. A. Hyde, Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade (provisionally permanent), to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade, during the absence of Mr. Marchant on military duty. | } From the 10th October 1918. |
| Mr. W. C. Carey, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade (provisionally permanent), to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade. | |

No. 35.—In consequence of the grant of privilege leave for ten weeks to Mr. A. Hyde, Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade, officiating, the following promotions are ordered with effect from the 2nd November 1918 and until further orders :—

Mr. L. Bloemink, Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade (provisionally permanent), to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. Atanu Mohan Banerjee, Secretariat Assistant, 2nd grade (provisionally permanent), to officiate as Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade.

F. C. ROSE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 4th December 1918.

No. 138-I-E.—The following extract from the London Gazette, dated the 11th October 1918, is published for general information :—

Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood.

St. James's Palace, S. W.-1.

11th October 1918.

The King has been graciously pleased to make the following promotion in the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire :—

To be a Knight Grand Commander of the said Most Eminent Order.

Captain George Ambrose Lloyd, C.I.E., D.S.O., M.P.,
Governor Designate of Bombay.

* * * * *

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

*Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of
the Indian Empire.*

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 2nd December 1918.

No. 3111-Est. A.—2nd Lieutenant J. E. L. Talbot, Temporary Commission, Indian Army, has been placed on special duty under the orders of the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 5th August 1918.

No. 2302-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1801-G., dated the 9th October 1918, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. James Fletcher Simpson as Consul for Norway at Madras has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 2nd December 1918.

No. 3116-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. B. Prideaux, C.S.I., C.I.F., of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months, with effect from the 21st November 1918, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 3117-Est. A.—Mr. B. J. Gould, of the Political Department, is posted as His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Sistan and Kain, with effect from the 21st November 1918.

The 3rd December 1918.

No. 3130-Est. A.—Mr. K. S. Fitze, Indian Civil Service, temporarily officiating in the Political Department, is appointed to be Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, with effect from the 25th November 1918.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 3rd December 1918.

No. 2315-G.—Subject to the confirmation of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Monsieur J. J. Serre as acting Consul-General for France at Calcutta.

No. 2319-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Senor Don Bienvenido Martinez y Montalván as Consul for Cuba at Calcutta.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.**LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.**

Delhi, the 4th December 1918.

No. 1497-F. E.—The privilege leave granted to Mr. P. N. Mukherji in Notification No. 1384-F. E., dated the 1st November 1918, published on page 1773 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 2nd November 1918, has been extended by 23 days.

No. 1498-F. E.—Mr. W. R. F. Robinson, Assistant Audit Officer, Class II, Temporary Rank, office of the Chief Auditor, Eastern Bengal Railway, has been granted privilege leave for one month and six days with effect from the 18th November 1918.

No. 1506-F. E.—Lala Jai Kishan, a Senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Punjab, was appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, Class II, in that office from the 4th November 1918 to 14th November 1918.

H. F. HOWARD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COMMERCE—WAR.

Delhi, the 7th December 1918.

No. 364-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 2043, dated the 27th April 1918, as subsequently amended, *vis.* :—

Additions.

Gaston, Williams and Wigmore, Electrical Engineering Corporation, Shanghai.
Kokando Co., The, Amoy.
Peng Kee (Siuliong and Co.), Amoy.
Saintly and Co., Peking.
Scotson, James and Co., Shanghai.
Siuliong and Co. (Peng Kee), Amoy.

Alteration.

Consortium des Industriels Belges en Extreme Orient, Tientsin,
should read
Consortium des Industriels Belges en Extreme Orient, Peking, Tientsin.

Removals.

Consortium des Industriels Belges en Extreme Orient, Peking (Charles Ley, Representative).
Karimbaksh, H. A. G., Shanghai.

No. 505-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act of 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made to the Schedule appended to the Notification in this Department No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended :—

Delete the entry “ (C) Lanterns, suitable for camp use.”

Add as a new entry “ (A) Lanterns, suitable for camp use.”

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 508-D.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 13 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that all goods imported from, or exported to, the port of Jafarabad in Kathiawar belonging to His Highness the Nawab of Janjira, into or from any customs port in British India shall be treated, as regards the levy of customs duties and the payment of drawbacks under the said Act, as goods imported from, or exported to, a customs port, as the case may be.

No. 508-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 49(b), 111 and 134 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), and in modification of the notification of the Government of India, Customs, No. 77, dated the 7th May 1879 as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the port of Jafarabad in Kathiawar belonging to His Highness the Nawab of Janjira shall be deleted from the list of ports in the said notification.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 575-D.—Mr. A. M. Green, I.C.S., an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Service, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for six months, with effect from the 21st November 1918.

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 512-D.—The following Order in Council, dated the 1st October 1918, on the subject of prohibitions of export from the United Kingdom, is published for general information:—

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 1st day of October, 1918.

BY THE LORDS OF HIS MAJESTY'S MOST HONOURABLE PRIVY COUNCIL.

Whereas it is provided by section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas it is provided by section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the Proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, and made under section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, and section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, and section 1 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited:

And whereas by subsequent Orders of Council the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars:

And whereas by the said Proclamation as subsequently amended it was provided *inter alia* that the exportation of goods marked "C" in the Schedule to such Proclamation should be prohibited to all destinations in European and Asiatic Russia, and in other foreign countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions and Portugal, and to all ports in any such foreign countries:

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect:—

That the Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May, 1917, as amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council, should be further amended by making the following addition to the Schedule to the same:—

That there shall be added to the list of goods marked "C" all goods not already appearing in the list of goods prohibited to all or any destinations in the said Proclamation as amended as aforesaid, with the following exceptions:—

- (1) Printed matter of all descriptions;
- (2) Personal effects accompanied by their owners.

Now, therefore, Their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, the Director of the War Trade Department, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

J. C. LEDLIE.

PORTS AND LIGHTING.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 13220.—The following statement showing the receipts and charges for the year 1917-18 on account of the Madras Coast Lights is published for general information :—

Statement showing the receipts and charges of the Madras Coast Lights Fund for the year 1917-18.

Opening balance.		Receipts.		Charges.					SURPLUS (+) OR DEFICIT (-).		CLOSING BALANCE.		
		Gross receipts.	Refunds.	Net receipts.	Repayment instalment (capital and interest) of the debt due to the Imperial Government.	Maintenance and repair charges.	Establishment, contingencies, travelling allowance and miscellaneous.	Transfer to Capital account for major works and repairs.		Cash.	Government securities.	Cash.	Government securities.
Cash.	Government securities.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Cash.	Government securities.	Cash.	Government securities.	Cash.	Government securities.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
31,224 3 10	50,000 2 0	95,688 1 8 ^(a)	1 1,161 1 5	94,532 0 8	47,828 0 0 ^(b)	1,942 7 7	86,010 12 10 ^(c)	...	...	+8,750 11 10	-50,000 0 0	39,974 15 8	...

(a) Excludes Rs. 34,371 sale proceeds of Government Securities of the face value of Rs. 50,000, but includes Rs. 11,000, being loan taken from the Minor Ports Fund during the year.
 (b) Interest, Rs. 20,208-9-8 and repayment of loan, Rs. 27,619-6-4. Loan received from Imperial funds in 1904, i.e. 9,38,476. Loan outstanding on the 31st March 1918, Rs. 4,98,595 12-4.
 (c) Includes Rs. 15,629, loss on investments. Face value of securities sold is Rs. 50,000.

INLAND NAVIGATION.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 13213.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 (2) (a) of the Freight (Railway and Inland Steam-vessel) Tax Act, 1917 (XIII of 1917), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 3536, dated the 18th May 1918, namely :—

"(6) In default of payment of any sum due under section 3 of the said Act, such sum shall be recoverable as if it were an arrear of land revenue."

PATENTS AND DESIGNS.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 523-D.—Whereas by a license dated the 9th day of January 1915, the Governor General authorised all persons residing, being, or carrying on business in British India to pay any fees necessary for obtaining the grant, or for obtaining the renewal, of patents, or for obtaining the registration of trade marks or designs, or the renewal of such registrations in an "enemy country;"

And also to pay on behalf of an "enemy" any fees payable in British India on application for, or renewal of, the grant of a patent or on application for the registration of designs or the renewal of such registration;

And whereas it appears to the Governor General in Council that such payments should no longer be authorised;

Now therefore I, Frederick John Napier Thesiger, Baron Chelmsford, hereby revoke the said License and give notice that all such payments as aforesaid are from the date hereof prohibited under the Proclamations relating to Trading with the Enemy.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 13255.—The following reversions and appointment are made with effect from the 2nd October 1918 :—

Mr. D. J. Murtrie, O.B.E., I.S.O., Postmaster-General officiating in the 2nd grade and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office to revert to the 3rd grade;

Mr. A. W. Lane Ryan, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 1,200—1,400 to officiate as Postmaster-General, 4th grade and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office until further orders. He acted as Postmaster-General, 3rd grade and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office up to and including the 1st October 1918;

Mr. J. B. T. Booth, I.C.S., to revert to his special duty in the Post Office.

No. 13257.—The following promotions and appointments are made with effect from the 26th September 1918 :—

Mr. H. N. Hutchinson, O.B.E., I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, officiating in the 1st grade to be confirmed in that grade;

Mr. P. G. Rogers, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, to be promoted to the 2nd grade and to continue to officiate in the 1st grade until further orders;

Mr. D. J. Murtrie, O.B.E., I.S.O., Postmaster-General, 4th grade, and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office, to be promoted to the 3rd grade and to continue to officiate in the 2nd grade until further orders;

Mr. W. A. Roussac, Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and officiating Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, to be appointed Postmaster-General, 4th grade, Bihar and Orissa, and to continue to officiate in the 3rd grade until further orders;

Mr. J. E. Home, Superintendent of Post Office, 1st grade, and officiating Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, to be confirmed in the latter appointment.

No. 13259.—The following promotions and appointments are made with effect from the 11th October 1918 :—

Mr. H. A. Sams, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, officiating in the 1st grade to be confirmed in that grade and to continue on field service;

Mr. G. W. Schoneman, Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, officiating in the 2nd grade to be confirmed in that grade ;

Mr. J. Monteath, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 4th grade, officiating in the 3rd grade to be confirmed in that grade ;

Mr. A. W. Lane Ryan, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 1,200—1,400 and officiating Postmaster-General, 4th grade, and Deputy Director-General of the Post Office to be confirmed in the latter appointment ;

Rai Hemanta Kumar Raha Bahadur, Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, to be Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 1,000 ;

Mr. O. H. G. Rulaeb, Superintendent of Post Offices, 1st grade, and officiating Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Punjab and North-West Frontier, to be confirmed in the latter appointment ;

Mr. Mahendra Nath Lahiri, Superintendent of Post Offices, 1st grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Bengal and Assam, to officiate as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Eastern Circle, until further orders.

No. 13291.—Mr. C. J. E. Clerici, C.I.E., Superintendent of Post Offices, 2nd grade, at present employed as Deputy Director, Postal Services in the Civil Administration of Iraq and Arabistan, is appointed Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 800, with effect from the 16th October 1918. He will continue on foreign service.

PURCHASE SCHEME.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 359-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1918 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the Schedule appended to the Notification in this Department No. 3075-W., dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended, *vis.* :—

Insert as a new item the following, vis. :—

(A) Oilcakes of all kinds.

STATISTICS.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 384-D.—The services of Mr. Nabagauranga Basak, officiating Director of Statistics, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

C. E. LOW,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 6th December 1918.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 2832.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) G. A. G. Vallance, Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Brigade Major. Dated 18th November 1918.

No. 2833.—Lieutenant C. Woolger, The Duke of Wellington's (West Riding Regiment), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as Adjutant and Quartermaster of a Musketry School. Dated 22nd November 1918.

No. 2834.—Lieutenant J. H. Williams, The Devonshire Regiment, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as an Instructor at a Bombing School. Dated 25th November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2835.—In Army Department Notification No. 2290, dated the 4th October 1918, for "Thomas Arthur Pritchard" read "Thomas Archer Pritchard."

No. 2836.—In Army Department Notification No. 2417, dated the 18th October 1918, for "Royal Army Medical Corps" read "The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment."

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2837.—Subject to His Majesty's approval and with effect from the 15th August 1918, Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Kinnear Close, M.D., is promoted to the rank of Colonel, *vice* Colonel Harold Hendley, M.D., K.H.S., promoted to the rank of Major-General. Colonel Close's tenure of appointment will reckon from the 8th November 1918.

No. 2838.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the following temporary Lieutenants to be temporary Captains, with effect from the dates specified :—

Narayan Mahade Bodas, M.B. Dated 7th October 1917.

Peston Byramji. Dated 15th December 1917.

No. 2839.—The following corrections are made to Army Department Notification No. 1495, dated the 5th July 1918 :—

Against Mysore Sheshagiri Rao Krishnaswami Rao for "16th September 1917" read "15th September 1917."

Against Tottakat Krishna Menon, M.B., insert "resigned."

Against M. P. Kesava Menon for "26th March 1916" read "2nd December 1916."

Delete the footnotes connected with Tottakat Krishna Menon and M. P. Kesava Menon.

No. 2840.—The following correction is made in Army Department Notifications No. 1047, dated the 6th July 1917, and No. 2183, dated the 21st December 1917 :—

For "honorary temporary Lieutenant" read "honorary temporary Captain."

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2841.—Lieutenant Gilbert Duncan Graham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while commanding the Combined Labour Depot, Lucknow. Dated 9th October 1918.

No. 2842.—Second Lieutenant William Pettigrew, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding the appointment of second-in-command of the Combined Labour Depot, Lucknow. Dated 9th October 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 2843.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. W. Hawley, Royal Field Artillery, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battery. Dated 16th September 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Captain G. K. P. Herbert to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Major G. R. Crowdy, vacated with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant J. C. L. Holman to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Captain G. K. P. Herbert, vacated with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant H. Morgan to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Commandant of a Corps of Indian Coast Artillery. Dated 4th July 1918, *vice* Captain A. G. Mathey, vacated with effect from the 18th June 1918.

Royal Engineers.

Major A. H. Bell, D.S.O.,
 Major and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. Haswell,
 Major R. St. J. Gillespie,
 Major A. ff. Garrett,
 Major and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel C. B. L. Greenstreet,
 Lieutenant (temporary Major) R. J. Weston,
 Indian Army Reserve (since deceased),
 Major J. B. MacGeorge,
 Captain M. A. H. Scott, M.C.,
 Captain F. Newhouse,

to be acting Lieutenant-Colonels while holding appointments as officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers, with effect from the 11th July 1918.

to be acting Majors while holding appointments as officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers, with effect from the 11th July 1918 and the 1st August 1918, respectively.

INFANTRY.

*Garrison Battalions.**The South Staffordshire Regiment.*

Lieutenant C. W. Firth to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th November 1918, *vice* Captain F. H. Aulton, extra-regimentally employed with effect from the 25th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. J. C. Clark relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 9th November 1918.

Reserve Battalions (India).

Lieutenant J. W. Walsha, The Norfolk Regiment, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th November 1918, *vice* Captain H. S. H. H. Hall, The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment), deceased with effect from the 25th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2844.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

4th Cavalry.

Lieutenant L. F. E. Vanrenen, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 22nd February 1918, *vice* Major R. Johnston, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 7th February 1918.

16th Cavalry.

Lieutenant J. Read to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron, from 12th June 1918 to 30th September 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain A. D. Gordon, vacated with effect from the 28th May 1918.

35th Scinde Horse.

Major G. S. Gordon to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a regiment. Dated 26th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel O. M. J. da Costa, deceased with effect from the 11th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. M. Horison to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 11th October 1918, *vice* Captain E. R. C. Booth, vacated.

46th (1st Alwar) Lancers.

Major W. Hesketh, 12th Cavalry, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a regiment. Dated 16th November 1918.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Second Lieutenant H. Dawkins, Royal Engineers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 18th June 1918 to 14th October 1918, inclusive.

Second Lieutenant H. Dawkins, Royal Engineers, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of the Depot, Army Troops Training Companies, Roorkee. Dated 15th October 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Captain A. B. Aitken, M.C., Royal Engineers, to be acting Major while employed as Superintendent of Park. Dated 26th October 1918, *vice* Major P. E. Prince, Royal Engineers, vacated with effect from the 11th October 1918.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant H. C. Muggeridge, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. F. B. Harvey, Indian Army Reserve, attached, transferred with effect from the 12th August 1918, and to retain his acting rank on transfer.

Second Lieutenant W. J. Kelly, Indian Army, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 13th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Davies, Indian Army Reserve, attached, vacated with effect from the 29th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Davies, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 29th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant J. W. Flynn, Indian Army, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. J. R. Richards, Indian Army Reserve, attached, transferred with effect from the 1st September 1918, and to retain his acting rank on transfer.

Lieutenant C. W. T. Green, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. A. Drake-Brockman, Royal Engineers, vacated with effect from the 9th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. A. Drake-Brockman, Royal Engineers, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 9th September 1918.

No. 3 Wireless Signal Squadron.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) B. Mead, The Hampshire Regiment, relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a troop. Dated 17th October 1918.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant T. R. Henry to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. P. H. Baird, relieved with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. P. H. Baird relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 22nd October 1918.

11th Rajputs.

Lieutenant W. Wiseman, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. C. Burrows relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company, with effect from the 9th October 1918.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. Virgin, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 16th August 1918.

Lieutenant W. H. H. Dawson, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 31st August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. H. Virgin, vacated with effect from the 16th August 1918.

27th Punjabis.

Major J. Y. Tancred, 19th Punjabis, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 20th August 1918.

32nd Sikh Pioneers.

Major J. H. G. Marriott, 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment), attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 13th October 1918.

39th Garhwal Rifles.

Second Lieutenant A. W. Aspinall, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant P. W. Fitzpatrick, vacated with effect from the 17th June 1918.

41st Dogras.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) I. H. Macintyre, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 4th August 1918.

Lieutenant G. B. Kane, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 19th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant I. H. Macintyre, vacated with effect from the 4th August 1918.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Captain (acting Major) C. N. Buist relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 1st October 1918.

Captain S. P. Williams to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Captain C. N. Buist, vacated with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. F. A. Postance, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st October 1918.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Captain (acting Major) W. M. Tate, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force), attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depôt. Dated 27th September 1918.

Captain J. R. Wynter, D.S.O., to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 12th October 1918, *vice* Captain W. M. Tate, vacated with effect from the 27th September 1918.

70th Burma Rifles.

Second Lieutenant F. B. Leach, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 26th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) S. F. H. Griffin, relinquished his acting rank on ceasing to command a company, with effect from the 11th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. F. Searle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. F. Hervey, relinquished his acting rank on ceasing to command a company, with effect from the 29th September 1918.

71st Punjabis.

Second Lieutenant J. Halstead to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a depôt. Dated 9th September 1918.

72nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. H. D. O'Callaghan, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. L. Walker, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant E. Hutchison, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. H. D. O'Callaghan, vacated with effect from the 18th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant R. M. Davies, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. L. Walker, vacated with effect from the 18th May 1918.

75th Carnatic Infantry.

Major H. R. Watson to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 19th October 1918.

95th Russell's Infantry.

Lieutenant A. G. I. A. Goddard to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. E. Andrews, vacated with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. E. Andrews relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 22nd October 1918.

98th Infantry.

Captain R. C. Ruck to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 2nd September 1918 (on formation).

108th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Second Lieutenant N. A. Donnell to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. McCombe, vacated with effect from the 23rd August 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. McCombe relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd August 1918.

109th Infantry.

Captain R. Todd, 27th Punjabis, attached, to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 11th November 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) M. E. De B. Goldman-Monk, vacated with effect from the 26th October 1918.

Captain (acting Major) M. E. De B. Goldman-Monk relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 26th October 1918.

121st Pioneers.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) S. L. Landon, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant R. D. Whitehill, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant S. L. Landon, vacated with effect from the 1st October 1918.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Lieutenant P. G. Walsh to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th August 1918, to complete establishment.

Lieutenant T. F. McC. Bursey, M.C., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. A. Davies, vacated with effect from the 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. A. Davies relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant J. R. Illingworth to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. E. Sheppard, vacated with effect from the 24th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. E. Sheppard relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 24th September 1918.

140th Patiala Infantry.

Major G. D. R. MacMahon, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 6th July 1918.

Captain C. Leslie-Smith, 22nd Punjabis, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 2nd July 1918.

Second Lieutenant A. Cattanaoh, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 2nd July 1918 to 4th August 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant A. T. Owen, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd July 1918.

Lieutenant L. W. Hart, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th July 1918.

Lieutenant H. McD. Morison, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 20th August 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant A. Cattanaoh, vacated with effect from the 5th August 1918.

Lieutenant H. A. Dubois, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a special company. Dated 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant J. R. Mellor, 83rd Punjabis, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. T. Owen, vacated with effect from the 7th September 1918.

142nd Jodhpur Infantry.

Major E. F. D. Money, D.S.O., to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 1st September 1918 (on formation).

150th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant C. D. Wheeler, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (additional), from 6th July 1918 to 31st July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. G. Matthews, transferred with effect from the 22nd June 1918.

11th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain M. C. Baldwin, M.C., to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 22nd September 1918, *vis* Lieutenant (acting Major) N. Burgan, M.C., relieved with effect from the 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) N. Burgan, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 7th September 1918, and retains the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while performing the duties of Adjutant. Dated 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. Le G. Poingdestre, Indian Army Reserve, attached, relinquishes his acting rank (additional Captain) on a senior officer joining. Dated 7th September 1918.

General Headquarters, Force "D," List No. 29, dated 17th July 1918, so far as it affects Lieutenant H. St. J. Carruthers is cancelled and the following substituted:—

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. St. J. Carruthers to retain his acting rank while commanding a company. Dated 24th May 1918.

Mechanical Transport.

Lieutenant P. S. Bapty, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a Mechanical Transport Section. Dated 13th November 1918.

Lieutenant W. G. Burne, The Royal Sussex Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a Mechanical Transport Section. Dated 13th November 1918.

Indian Convalescent Sections.

Lieutenant H. K. Nesbitt, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of an Indian Convalescent Section. Dated 15th January 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2845.—In Army Department Notification No. 2191, dated the 27th September 1918, against the name of Second Lieutenant Thomas Archer Pritchard, for "31st August 1911" substitute "31st August 1918."

No. 2846.—Army Department Notification No. 2498, dated the 25th October 1918, so far as it relates to the admission of Lieutenant Percival Walter Thorogood to the Indian Army, is cancelled.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2847.—The date of appointment of temporary Lieutenant Mysore Seshagiri Rao Krishnaswami Rao is "15th September 1916" and not "16th September 1916" as notified in Army Department Notification No. 60, dated the 19th January 1917.

No. 2848.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Tottakat Krishna Menon to be temporary Captain with effect from the 16th July 1917, and not Lieutenant as published in Army Department Notification No. 1317, dated the 17th August 1917.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2849.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

*Infantry Branch.**To be Second Lieutenants.*

Kenneth Stuart McGregor.

Dated 21st November 1918.

Joseph Charles Henry Morby.

Dated 25th November 1918.

No. 2850.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, a temporary commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified:—

To be temporary Captain.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Frederick Vonsley, India Miscellaneous List. Dated 4th October 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

MEDICAL CORPS.

No. 2851.—The undermentioned are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Major.

Edward Albert Houseman. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenants.

Charles Edwin Percy Forsyth. Dated 1st April 1917.

Charles Ainslie Stone. Dated 6th December 1918.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2852.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Lieutenant-Colonel George William Jenney, M.B., has been permitted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 4th October 1918.

REWARDS.

No. 2853.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotions of the undermentioned departmental officers with honorary rank, for services in the field during the present war :—

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT, NORTHERN ARMY.

Conductors Robert William Hughes and Edward John Harrison to be Assistant Commissaries, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 1st July 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2854.—The following direct appointment is made :—

30th Punjabis

Balmokand to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 12th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 2855.—The following promotions are made :—

38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Jemadar Hazura Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 14th November 1917; Jemadar Kartar Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 2nd February 1918; Kot-Dafadar Mal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1917; Kot-Dafadar Mangal Singh and Dafadar Kishan Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th August 1917; Kot-Dafadar Shah Wali Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th September 1917; Dafadar Sher Jan Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th November 1917; Dafadar Balwant Singh and Kot-Dafadar Lal Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd December 1917; Kot-Dafadar Yaqub Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th December 1917; Kot-Dafadar Mir Zaman Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th January 1918 and Kot-Dafadar Bhagat Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd February 1918; to complete the establishment.

Burma Mounted Rifles.

Kot-Dafadar Chanan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st Brahmans.

Havildar Surajpal Tewari to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.

Jemadar Sispal Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Bhup Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th September 1918 and Havildar Dip Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

18th Infantry.

Havildars Khushi Muhammad Khan, Nabi Bakhsh Khan, Imam-uddin Khan, Ghulam Haider Khan and Nathu Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 17th December 1917; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Gulab Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

32nd Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadars Natha Singh and Santokh to be Subadars and Colour-Havildar Ralla Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th June 1918; to complete the establishment.

47th Sikhs.

Jemadar Bishan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 16th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

55th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Madat to be Subadar and Havildar Misri Khan to be Jemadar with effect from the 10th July 1918; Havildar Channan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st July 1918; Havildar Baidulla to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th August 1918 and Havildar Wali Dad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st August 1918; to complete the establishment.

75th Carnatic Infantry.

Havildar Satwaji Rao to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

81st Pioneers.

Colour-Havildar Mariappa Thevar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th October 1918 and Colour-Havildar Elliah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

90th Punjabis.

Jemadar Makhan Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 18th May 1918 and Colour-Havildar Muhammad Bakhsh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

93rd Burma Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Madat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

97th Deccan Infantry.

Company Havildar-Major Pran Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; Company Quartermaster-Havildar Hazari Singh, I.D.S.M., to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; Company Havildar-Major Sawant Singh and Havildar Yusuf Ali to be Jemadars, with effect from the 16th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

The 101st Grenadiers.

Jemadar Muhammad Alam to be Subadar and Havildar Lal Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Jemadar Polu Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Hanse Singh (113th Infantry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

105th Maharashtra Light Infantry.

Jemadar Daulat Bhosle, I.D.S.M., to be Subadar, with effect from the 31st July 1918 to complete the establishment.

107th Pioneers.

Havildar Ram Sarup to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd July 1918 and Havildar Sarfaraz to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

108th Infantry.

Company Quartermaster-Havildar Imam Ali Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Jemadar Kalyan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 23rd May 1918; to complete the establishment.

123rd Outram's Rifles.

Jemadar Muhammad Alam and Baz Khan to be Subadars and Havildar Muhammad Nur, Colour-Havildar Ziara Khan and Quartermaster-Havildar Karam Dad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 22nd May 1918 and Colour-Havildar Fazal Dad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th July 1918; to complete the establishment. The promotion of Fazal Dad is antedated, without pay and allowances, to the 24th May 1918.

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Subadar Zaman Khan, Bahadur, M.C., to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 6th September 1918; *vice* Mala Khan transferred to the pension establishment.

151st Infantry.

Jemadar Hukam Dad to be Subadar, Havildars Malak Khan and Baz Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st June 1918 and Havildar Zaman Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

153rd Punjabis.

Jemadar Kishan Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Wir Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

154th Indian Infantry.

Jemadar Kala Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; Jemadar Latte Singh to be Subadar, and Havildar Nathu Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th September 1918; Havildars Phusan Singh and Akram Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 22nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Jemadar Gajbahadur Thapa to be Subadar, with effect from the 12th August 1918; Jemadar Akbar Ale, I.D.S.M., to be Subadar, with effect from the 18th August 1918; Jemadar Anne Thapa to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; Havildar Karanbir Rana to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th August 1918; Havildar-Major Rambahadur Rana to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th August 1918 and Colour-Havildar Jite Limbu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Havildar Hastabir Rana to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Narbahadur Gurung, I.D.S.M., to be Subadar and Havildar Harkasing Gurung, I.D.S.M., to be Jemadar, with effect from the 30th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

10th Gurkha Rifles.

Colour-Havildar Narbahadur Limbu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th July 1918; to complete the establishment.

11th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Gristiram Rai to be Subadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918; Havildar Bansraj Limbu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th September 1918; Colour-Havildar Manbahadur Limbu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918 and Havildar Dalbahadur Gurung to be Jemadar with effect from the 25th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

FIELD OPERATIONS.

No. 2856.—The following despatch by His Excellency General Sir Charles Carmichael Monro, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., A.-D.C., General, Commander-in-Chief in India, on the work done in India including the Native States, during the first three years of the war, which appeared in the supplement to the *London Gazette*, dated the 26th November 1918, is published for general information :—

No. 17445-1.

ARMY HEADQUARTERS, INDIA.

Simla, the 20th August 1918.

FROM

HIS EXCELLENCY GENERAL SIR CHARLES

CARMICHAEL MONRO, G.C.M.G., K.C.B.,

Commander-in-Chief in India,

TO

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

Although the time has not yet arrived for publishing full details regarding the assistance rendered by India towards the prosecution of the war, and though this despatch does not purport to be a complete narrative of India's effort in this respect, I have the honour to submit, in continuation of my despatches of the 9th March 1916 and 23rd July 1917 which dealt with minor operations, a brief account of the work done in India, including the Native States, during the first three years of the war.

2. The declaration of war, on the 4th August 1914, found the Army in India distributed to meet normal hot weather conditions. The bulk of the British troops were temporarily located in the hills, a large percentage of the Indian troops were on furlough and the usual proportion of civil and military officers were on leave out of India. Immediate steps were taken for the despatch of expeditionary forces overseas. The first convoy sailed for France on the 25th August 1914 and it was followed at a few days' interval by others, conveying troops not only to Europe, but also to East Africa, Egypt and Mesopotamia.

3. In order to meet the urgent demand for trained soldiers which arose during the winter of 1914-15, the British forces in India were further depleted by the despatch to England of a number of Regular units, so that, by the beginning of 1915, the British garrison was largely composed of Territorial troops sent to replace the Regulars withdrawn. Besides providing guns and rifles for the equipping of the New Armies, India lent the services of a large number of officers who were on leave in the United Kingdom when war broke out and were retained there for the training of the newly raised troops and for staff and other duties under the War Office.

4. During 1915, attempts were made by the enemy through various sources to create disaffection in the Indian Army, and provoke internal disorder. These efforts were successfully checked owing to the loyalty of the troops and the prompt assistance rendered by the Indian Police, who displayed great courage and efficiency in the performance of their difficult duties.

5. The necessity for the despatch of large drafts of officers and men overseas to replace wastage in the units fighting in France, Gallipoli, Egypt, Mesopotamia, East Africa, and the Cameroons, caused a very heavy strain on the Indian Army. The substantial assistance rendered at this juncture by the Nepal Durbar, in placing a contingent of their troops at the disposal of the Government of India, proved, therefore, most timely. The Prime Minister of Nepal also placed the services of his son, General Sir Baber Shum Shere Jang Bahadoor Rana, K.C.I.E., at the disposal of my predecessor. The untiring efforts of this officer have been of the greatest assistance, while the Nepalese troops have proved a valuable addition to our strength, and have materially assisted in the task of maintaining order on India's frontiers, notably in connection with the operations in Waziristan in 1917.

6. Meanwhile, the various expeditionary forces dependent on India continued to expand. The force in Mesopotamia, which had originally consisted of one division, had increased considerably. Moreover, owing to Turkish incursions into the Aden hinterland, it had become necessary to increase the Aden garrison so as to ensure the safety of that fortress. In addition, several minor operations had to be undertaken on the North-East and North-West frontiers as well as in Sistan and Waziristan.

7. The maintenance of these forces entailed a heavy drain on India, not only in men but also in munitions, medical equipment, and supplies. To meet these demands, every endeavour was made to develop all available resources. With the assistance of the Railway Board, steps were taken in 1915 to supplement the manufacturing capacity of the ordnance establishments

by organising munition factories in railway and other workshops. These efforts proved so successful that by the end of 1916 the monthly output of shell alone had increased 1,200 per cent. In addition to the manufacture of munitions, the Railway Board assisted in the provision of railway material, river craft and machinery, and in the recruitment of technical personnel.

8. The reorganization of the force in Mesopotamia preparatory to the advance on Baghdad, the development of the port of Basrah, and the provision of a large river flotilla for service on the Tigris, created fresh demands on India necessitating extensive changes in the organization of sources of supply. The Indian Munitions Board was accordingly constituted, and early in 1917 it assumed responsibility for the construction of river craft and the provision of railway material, engineering stores, machinery, tools, timber, textiles, hides and electrical plant, not only for the forces overseas, but also for those serving in India. It subsequently took over the control of the Ordnance, Clothing and Boot Factories and of various industries directly connected with the manufacture of army requirements. These activities were in nowise affected by the decision, arrived at early in 1916, to place the control of operations in Mesopotamia directly under the War Office, and they have continued to expand and develop ever since, entailing constantly increasing demands on the resources of India.

9. At the outbreak of war, several Volunteer units undertook to replace or supplement, for as long as might be necessary, the Regulars in certain garrisons, in which employment they rendered excellent service. The Volunteer Force, as formerly constituted, has since ceased to exist and has been reorganized as the Indian Defence Force. The passing of the Indian Defence Force Act in 1917 rendered military training compulsory for all European British subjects in India between the ages of 16 and 50, thus bringing their military obligations more into line with those required of their fellow citizens in other portions of the Empire. These increased obligations have been accepted in a soldierly and patriotic spirit and officers and men have spared no effort to improve their military training. The efforts made to develop and improve this force have been attended with success and, though only recently constituted, it has attained considerable efficiency.

10. The regimental and departmental recruiting agencies which before the war had sufficed to provide the small numbers required for the maintenance of peace cadres, were found incapable of meeting the increased demands arising from war wastage, the creation of many new units and the recruitment of labour on a considerable scale. The formation of a Central Recruiting Board was accordingly decided on in 1917 and its work has been conspicuously successful. Thanks to the willing assistance rendered by Local Governments, all sources of recruitment have been systematically exploited, with the result that, besides raising recruits for the combatant ranks on a greatly increased scale, large numbers have been enlisted for Indian Labour Corps overseas as well as for various technical services.

11. The sick and wounded despatched to India from oversea theatres of war, as well as those invalided from Waziristan and other theatres of frontier operations, have been adequately and sympathetically cared for. A number of war hospitals have been formed, other hospitals have been expanded and improved, and Ruling Chiefs and others have generously provided hospitals and convalescent homes in Bombay and elsewhere, in which everything possible has been done for the comfort of the sick and wounded. The satisfactory health of the troops, both in the field and in India, affords striking testimony as to the value and efficacy of these measures and the skill, forethought and administrative capacity of the Medical Services.

12. I desire to place on record my high appreciation of the services rendered to the Army in India by Local Governments, Civil Departments and various public bodies such as Railway Administrations, Port Trusts and Municipalities, besides many shipping companies and private firms.

13. The help rendered by the Finance Department, and more especially its Military Finance Branch, has been of the highest value and I readily acknowledge the promptitude with which it has met all military demands. The Commerce and Industry Department, including the Railway Board, has rendered valuable aid in respect of railways, shipping and the working of the postal and telegraph services. The Home Department has been most helpful in measures affecting the maintenance of internal security, in encouraging recruitment for the army from the police, and in releasing medical officers in large numbers from civil employment for service with the troops. The Revenue and Agriculture and Public Works Departments have assisted in various ways, the former in the collection of supplies and the latter in the release of officers and subordinates for Army service.

14. My thanks are due to the Foreign and Political Department which has always maintained most cordial relations with the Staff at Army Headquarters; to the Army Department which has been called upon to deal with a great increase of business and has worked with the Headquarters Staff in the closest co-operation; and lastly to the Marine Department which has been responsible for the fitting out, repair and coaling of numerous transports and hospital ships, and the embarkation and transportation of large numbers of troops who have been conveyed to their destinations overseas with promptitude, comfort and safety.

15. This despatch would not be complete without a special acknowledgment of the spontaneous and generous assistance afforded by Ruling Princes and Chiefs, as well as by the British and Indian communities throughout India, in the contribution of men, money and material towards the prosecution of the war. A similar acknowledgment is due in respect of

the services rendered by the Indian Branch of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, the British Red Cross Society, the Imperial Indian Relief Funds, the Provincial War and Relief Funds, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Soldiers and Sailors Families Association, and the various organizations formed in every province to supplement the equipment of hospitals and provide comforts for the troops, in the work of which ladies and gentlemen, both official and non-official, have laboured with conspicuous devotion.

16. A list of those whose services have been of particular value and whose assistance and work I desire to bring specially to notice, forms the subject of Appendix I of this despatch.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

C. C. MONRO, *General,*
Commander-in-Chief in India.

APPENDIX I.

- Anderson, Sir A. R., Kt., C.I.E., C.B.E.
 Babington, Colonel D. M., C.I.E., Indian Ordnance Department.
 Bagshawe, Lieutenant-Colonel F. W., Military Accounts Department.
 Barratt, Colonel H. J., Retired Pay.
 Bingley, the Hon'ble Major-General A. H., C.B., C.I.E., Indian Army.
 Blenkinsop, Honorary Major-General L. J., D.S.O., British Service.
 Bonner, Lieutenant-Colonel T. W., O.B.E., V.D., Indian Defence Force.
 Bruce, Major J., Army Remount Department.
 Burdon, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) W. B. C., Royal Field Artillery.
 Campbell, the Hon'ble Sir John, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.
 Carey, the Hon'ble Sir B. S., K.C.I.E., C.S.I., V. D.
 Cleveland, Sir Charles R., K.C.I.E., K.B.E.
 Clifton, Major (temporary) A. J., Durham Light Infantry.
 Colvin, Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. C., V.C., Royal Engineers.
 Crawford, Lieutenant-Colonel J. M., O.B.E., M.B., Indian Medical Service.
 Crocker, Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) G. D., British Service.
 Davys, Major G. I., M.D., Indian Medical Service.
 DesVoeux, Lieutenant-Colonel H., Indian Army, Supernumerary List.
 Drayson, Lieutenant-Colonel A. P., 1-6th Battalion, East Surrey Regiment.
 Duff, Colonel G. M., Royal Engineers.
 Dunwoodie, Lady Superintendent Miss L. B., Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service, India.
 Evans, Lieutenant-Colonel G. H., C.I.E., A.-D.-C., Indian Defence Force.
 Fell, the Hon'ble Mr. G. B. H., C.S.I., C.I.E.
 Fennell, Captain (temporary) C. D., Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Filgate, Lieutenant-Colonel T. R., C.I.E., V.D., Indian Defence Force.
 Geoghegan, Lieutenant-Colonel F. E., Supply and Transport Corps.
 Gervers, Major F. R. S., Royal Engineers.
 Gillespie, Major R. St. J., Royal Engineers.
 Grant, the Hon'ble Sir A. Hamilton, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.
 Grove, Lieutenant-Colonel E. W., D.S.O., Royal Field Artillery.
 Grove, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) P. L., Cheshire Regiment.
 Haines, Captain J. B., 10th Jats.
 Halland, Major (temporary) G. H. R., Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Hallilay, Major H., M.B., Indian Medical Service.
 Halton, Lieutenant-Colonel F. W., T.D., 2-4th Battalion, Border Regiment.
 Harvey, Lieutenant-Colonel R. K., T.D., 1-5th Battalion, East Surrey Regiment.
 Hocken, Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. F., 35th Horse.
 Holliday, Captain J. C. H., 122nd Infantry.
 Holmes, Lieutenant-Colonel H. B., V.D., Indian Defence Force.

- Howson, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) G., M.C., 4th Cavalry.
 Iggulden, Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) H. A., British Service.
 Irving, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) D. I. Miles, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Isaacs, Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) H., C.M.G., British Service.
 Jackson, Lieutenant-Colonel T., M.B., Indian Medical Service.
 Jennings, Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) H. A. K., C.I.E., British Service.
 Jennings, Colonel W. E., M.D., Indian Medical Service.
 Kennedy, Major J. C., M.D., Royal Army Medical Corps.
 Kirkpatrick, Lieutenant-General (temporary) Sir G. M., K.C.S.I., C.B., British Service.
 Lane, Lieutenant-Colonel F. C., R.A., Indian Ordnance Department.
 LeMesurier, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) H. G., Royal Engineers.
 Lethbridge, Lieutenant-Colonel S., Royal Artillery.
 Liston, Lieutenant-Colonel W. G., C.I.E., M.D., Indian Medical Service.
 Lloyd, Lady Superintendent Miss I. M. A., Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service,
 India.
 Maclean, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) G. G. C., 104th Rifles.
 Maffey, Mr. J. L., C.I.E., Indian Civil Service.
 Mahon, Colonel (temporary) H. J., Indian Defence Force.
 Marlow, Colonel B. W., C.S.I., C.I.E., Military Accounts Department.
 Martin, Brevet Colonel R. H., C.B., C.M.G., 1st Garrison Battalion, Norfolk Regiment.
 May, Major-General E. S., C.B., C.M.G., British Service.
 Molesworth, Colonel W., C.I.E., M.B., Indian Medical Service.
 Mollison, Major E. J., C.I.E., 125th Rifles.
 Montgomery, Brevet Colonel C. A. S., 18th Battalion, Rifle Brigade.
 Nugent, Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. H., C.I.E., Royal Engineers.
 O'Donnell, Lieutenant-General T. J., C.B., D.S.O., British Service.
 Padma Shamsher Jang, Bahadur Rana, General, Nepalese Contingent.
 Pease, Lieutenant-Colonel H. T., C.I.E., V.D., Indian Defence Force.
 Philson, Colonel F. C., Retired Pay (since deceased).
 Poore, Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) R. M., C.I.E., D.S.O., British Service.
 Pugh, Lieutenant-Colonel A. J., O.B.E., V.D., A.D.C., Indian Defence Force.
 Radford, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) O. H., 57th Rifles (Frontier Force).
 Radnor, Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) the Earl of, T. D.
 Rind, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) G. B. A., 124th Infantry.
 Robertson, Mr. Laurence, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service.
 Rose, Brigadier-General J. L., C.I.E.
 Ross, Major D. B., 19th Punjabis.
 Ross, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) R. C., D.S.O., 6th Jat Light Infantry.
 Rugg, Major G. F., Royal Army Medical Corps.
 Sanders, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) G. A. F., British Service.
 Sanders, Colonel (temporary) G. L'H., Supply and Transport Corps.
 Sheen, Colonel A. W., M.D., Royal Army Medical Corps (Territorial Force).
 Shepherd, Colonel C. H., D.S.O., 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment.
 Shine, Major E. P. F., Supply and Transport Corps.
 Smith, Colonel W. W. M., Royal Field Artillery.
 Sorsbie, Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) R. F., C.I.E., British Service.
 Stiffe, Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. E., Royal Garrison Artillery.
 Strange, Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) R. G., C.I.E., British Service.
 Talbot, Lieutenant-Colonel G. R. FitzR., Royal Field Artillery.
 Tarver, Lieutenant-Colonel A. L., D.S.O., 124th Infantry.
 Thackwell, Colonel C. G. R., C.B., D.S.O., Supply and Transport Corps.
 Villiers-Stuart, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) W. D., 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force.)
 Walker, Lieutenant-Colonel G. K., C.I.E., F.B.C.V.S., Indian Defence Force.
 Walter, Major A. E., Indian Medical Service.
 Wanhill, Lieutenant-Colonel C. F., Royal Army Medical Corps.

Waterlow, Lieutenant-Colonel J. E., D.S.O., T.D., 1-4th Battalion, Border Regiment.
 Watson, Lieutenant-Colonel J. W., Indian Medical Service.
 Wheeler, the Hon'ble Sir Henry, K.C.L.E., C.S.I., Indian Civil Service.
 Williams, Major-General G., C.B., British Service.
 Wood, Brevet Colonel A. H., 1st Garrison Battalion, Royal Irish Rifles.
 Woodall, Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary) H. W., 2-4th Battalion, Dorset Regiment.
 Young, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir F. Popham, K.B.E., C.I.E., Indian Army.

JUDICIAL.

No. 2857.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6 and 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the table published with Army Department Notification No. 991, dated the 22nd June 1917, as subsequently amended, namely :—

Under the heading " Persia " the following shall be added :—

The Officer Commanding the Line of Communication Defences in East Persia. Inspector-General, or Inspectors of Communications. Base Commandants.	}	The powers of an Officer Com- manding a Brigade.
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No. 2858.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given :—

First.—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Lieutenant L. G. N. Giell.	1-27th Punjabis.	Landour.	5th June 1918.	Intestate.	5 14 7	

REWARDS.

No. 2859.—His Excellency the Governor General in India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Captain Dudley Macwhirter, 2nd Surma Valley Light Horse, Indian Defence Force.

No. 2860.—With the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned warrant and non-commissioned officers and men, for services in the field during the present war, with effect from the dates specified :—

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Staff-Serjeant Sydney Shepherd to be Sub-Conductor ; with effect from the 23rd October 1918.

With effect from the 1st July 1918 :—

Amalgamated List.

Staff-Serjeants Alfred Duncan Taylor and William Leith Ligertwood Davidson to be Sub-Conductors.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.

Staff-Serjeants Robert Adolphus Goode and James Cullen to be Sub-Conductors.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

Sub-Conductor Stephen Atkinson to be Conductor and Staff-Serjeant Frederick William Addinall to be Sub-Conductor.

CORPS OF MILITARY STAFF CLERKS.

Serjeants John Frederick Pope Truscott and Edgar Chatfield to be transferred to the India Miscellaneous List (supernumerary) in the rank of Staff-Serjeant.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE VETERINARY CORPS.

Farrier Staff-Serjeant Albert Victor Palmer to be Farrier Quartermaster-Serjeant.

SOLDIER CLERKS.

No. 9143 Serjeant Harry Watts, Alexandra Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment), No. 7294 Serjeant Walter Robert Joseph Balls, The Norfolk Regiment, No. 24844 Bombardier James Robert Fairburn, The Royal Garrison Artillery, No. 8180 Acting Serjeant William Jones, Alexandra Princess of Wales's Own (Yorkshire Regiment), No. 5194 Acting Serjeant George Palmer, 7th (Queen's Own) Hussars, and No. 18700 Acting Serjeant Horace Ray, The Royal Fusiliers (City of London Regiment), to be appointed to the Corps of Military Staff Clerks, 3rd grade, supernumerary to the establishment.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Acting Serjeant-Major Walter James Crane, Cossipore Artillery, to be Sub-Conductor on the India Miscellaneous List (supernumerary).

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 2861.—The following extracts are published for information :—

London Gazette, dated the 28th May 1918, pages 6226, 6229 and 6239.

*Air Ministry,
28th May, 1918.*

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MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

Lt. (Hon. Capt.) (Capt., Indian Army) W. H. L. O'Neill relinquishes his commission on ceasing to be employed. 16th May 1918.

* * * * *

*India Office,
28th May, 1918.*

* * * * *

The King has approved the grant of the temporary rank of Lieutenant in the Indian Medical Service to the undermentioned gentlemen :—

Dated 5th January, 1917.

Pertanji Manekji Masina.

* * * * *

London Gazette, dated the 23rd July 1918, pages 8630 and 8635.

*India Office,
23rd July, 1918.*

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The King has approved the grant of the temporary rank (as shown below) in the I.M.S. to the following gentlemen :—

To be tempy. Major.

Percy Charles Woollatt. 21st May 1917.

To be tempy. Lieuts.

Nariman Sorabji Kotwal. 6th Nov. 1917.
 Kaikhusroo Rustomji Dalal. 8th Dec. 1917.
 Susanta Kumar Sen. 8th Dec. 1917.
 Kantilal Kalynji Mankodi. 12th Dec. 1917.
 Gopal Narayan Khanna. 16th Dec. 1917.
 Amar Nath Mandhok. 17th Dec. 1917.
 Bantwal Shankar Rau. 19th Dec. 1917.
 Waris Khan. 20th December 1917.
 Eustace Trevor Neave Taylor. 20th Feb. 1918.
 Keki Sorabji Bhiwandiwalla. 15th Mar. 1918.
 Keith Montague Woodruff. 19th Mar. 1918.
 Daya Ram Thapar. 25th Mar. 1918.

2nd May 1918.

Albert Victor Lopes, James Henry Barrett.

3rd June 1918.

Shaikh Ghulam Mohamed, George Patrick de Sibra.
 Jugal Kishor Adhya. 8th June 1918.
 Yedatore Venkoba Krishnamoorthy. 6th July 1918.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 18th June 1918, to the London Gazette of the 14th June 1918, pages 7183, 7190 and 7191.

*War Office,
 18th June, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

* * * * *

(Graded for purposes of pay as a Staff Lt., 2nd Cl.).—Lt.-Col. A. W. Warden, ret. pay, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 6th June 1918.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. F. W. Douglas (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) to be actg. Capt. while comdg. a Co. 8 Sept. 1917.

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GENERAL LIST.

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The undermentioned temp. Lts. to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

3 May 1918.

E. W. Doig, from M. G. C. (Inf.).

A. O. Fairgrieve, from M. G. C. (Inf.).

J. Robison, from Notts. & Derby R. (attd.). 27 May 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

W. H. G. Beard, from M. G. C. (Inf.). 3 May 1918.

27 May 1918.

F. A. Christal, from Linc. R. (attd.).

F. J. McClusky, from a Serv. Bn., North'd Fus.

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Supplement, dated the 19th June 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th June 1918, pages 7265, 7269, 7270, 7272 and 7273.

*War Office,
19th June, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The undermentioned relinquish their appts. :—

(Graded for purposes of pay as Staff Lts., 1st Cl.).—Col. E. B. Burton, C.B., ret. pay, Ind. Army. 27th May 1918.

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ROYAL FLYING CORPS.

Mil. Wing.—The undermentioned appts. are made :—

Equipment Officers, 1st Cl.—Lt. (temp. Capt.) W. H. Dolphin, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from an Examining Officer (graded as a Flight Comdr.), Schools of Mil. Aeronautics, and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 26th Jan. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

Bt. Col. F. W. B. Gray, C.M.G., D.S.O., Ind. Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gen. whilst comdg. a Brig. 18th May 1918.

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The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. :—

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William Sutherland, for service with R. A. Ind. Personnel. 18th June 1918.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. E. M. Egan, R.E., is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army. 26th May 1918.

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MACHINE GUN CORPS (CAVALRY).

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Capt. E. S. MacL. Prinsep (Ind. Army) ceases to be empld. with the Corps. 19 Aug. 1917.

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General List.

The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

Temp. Lt. T. P. W. Rogers, M.C., from a Serv. Bn., W. York. R. 3. May 1918.

27 May 1918.

Lt. G. H. Pulling, from Austrln. Inf.

Temp. Lt. G. F. White, M.C., from a Serv. Bn., Notts. & Derby. R.

The undermentioned to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

27th May 1918.

Temp. Lt. H. G. Ashworth, from S. Afr. Inf.

Temp. 2nd Lt. W. I. Gosden, from Wilts. R. (attd.).

Temp. 2nd Lt. A. Kennedy, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Regt.

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*Second Supplement, dated the 20th June 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th June 1918
pages 7277 and 7279.*

*War Office,
20th June, 1918.*

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MEMORANDA.

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Bt. Lt.-Col. F. G. Marsh, C.M.G., Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army, relinquishes the temp. rank of Col. on ceasing to be specially empld. 28th Nov. 1917.

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Temp. Lt. G. F. Sutton, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 27th May 1918.

*Third Supplement, dated the 21st June 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th June 1918,
pages 7289, 7290, 7294, 7296 and 7298.*

*War Office,
21st June, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned temp. appt. is made at the War Office :—

A. A. G.—Temp. Maj. C. E. A. F. A., Earl of Carrick, O.B.E., A.S.C., from a D. A. A. G., and to be tem. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld., *vice* Maj.-Gen. Sir A. W. L. Bayly, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., C.S.I., D.S.O., ret. pay., Ind. Army. 15th Apr. 1918.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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(Graded for purposes of pay as a G.S.O., 3rd Grade).—Lt.-Col. J. S. Ashby, ret. pay, Ind. Army, from graded as a Staff Lt., 1st Cl., *vice* Bt. Col. R. K. Teversham, D.S.O., Ind. Army. 1st June 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

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John Thompson, for duty with Inland Water Trans. 22nd June 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

The undermentioned temp. Lts. to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

H. O. Foot, from a Serv. Bn., L'pool R. 3 May 1918.

E. A. Thornton, from a Serv. Bn., R. Muns. Fus. 27 May 1918.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 21st June 1918, to the London Gazette of the 18th June 1918 pages 7307 and 7308.

*War Office,
21st June, 1918.*

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Victoria Cross to the undermentioned Men :—

* * * * *

No. 4146 Rifleman. Karanbahadur Rana, Gurkha Rif.

For most conspicuous bravery, resource in action under adverse conditions, and utter contempt for danger.

During an attack he, with a few other men, succeeded under intense fire, in creeping forward with a Lewis gun in order to engage an enemy machine gun which had caused severe casualties to officers and other ranks who had attempted to put it out of action.

No. 1 of the Lewis gun opened fire, and was shot immediately. Without a moment's hesitation Rifleman Karanbahadur pushed the dead man off the gun, and in spite of bombs thrown at him and heavy fire from both flanks, he opened fire and knocked out the enemy machine-gun crew; then, switching his fire on to the enemy bombers and rifleman in front of him, he silenced their fire. He kept his gun in action and showed the greatest coolness in removing defects which on two occasions prevented the gun from firing. During the remainder of the day he did magnificent work, and when a withdrawal was ordered he assisted with covering fire until the enemy were close on him. He displayed throughout a very high standard of valour and devotion to duty.

London Gazette, dated the 21st June 1918, page 7329.

*India Office,
21st June, 1918.*

The KING has approved the appointment of Honorary Major-General His Highness Maharajadhiraja Sri Sir Bhupindar Singh Mahindar, Bahadur, G.C.I.E., G.B.E., Maharaja of Patiala, to be Honorary Colonel of the 16th Ludhiana Sikhs. Dated 15th June 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 22nd June 1918, to the London Gazette, of the 21st June 1918, pages 7377, 7380, 7381 and 7385.

*War Office,
22nd June, 1918.*

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MEMORANDA.

Capt. The Hon. Sir E. H. Bray, Ind. Vols., to be temp. Hon. Brig.-Gen. whilst empld. as Dir. of Contracts in India. 23rd June 1918.

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Bt. Maj. J. D. Crawford, D.S.O., M.C., Punjabis, Ind. Army, to be temp. Col. whilst specially empld. 24th May 1918.

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The undermentioned to be temp. Majors whilst empld. as stated. 25th Feb. 1918 :—
As G. S. O.'s, 2nd Grade :—

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Capt. D. H. Asworth, M.C., Rif., Ind. Army.
As D. A. A. G.'s :—

* * * * *

Cpts. :—

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C. A. Shute, Pioneers, Ind. Army.

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As D. A. Q. M. G.'s :—

Cpts. :—

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H. F. C. McSwiney, M.C., Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army.

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The undermentioned temp. Lts. to be temp. Cpts. :—

W. Stevens, for duty with Inland Water Trans. 1st Apr. 1918.

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The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. :—

* * * * *

F. Lewisohn, for service with R. A. Ind. Personnel. 20th June 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. O. H. Baily, from R. Muns. Fus., to be 2nd Lt., for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 27th May 1918.

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The undermentioned to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

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May Flower Crisp, for duty with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 27th May 1918.

For duty with Inland Water Trans. 23rd June 1918 :—

David Parker.

Henry Chilton.

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OVERSEA CONTINGENTS.

CANADA.

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Quebec Regt.

Temp. Lt. H. J. G. Laing resigns his commn. on transfer to the Indian Army. 26th May 1918.

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A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 6th December 1918.

RANK.

No. 71.—Lieutenant H. W. Thomas, Royal Indian Marine, is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Commander while holding the appointment of Sea Transport Officer, Koweit.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 72.—The following extracts are published for information :—

Fourth Supplement, dated the 29th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 26th August 1918, pages 10097, 10099 and 10100.

*War Office,
29th August 1918.*

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned to be temp. Capts. :—

Lt. E. C. Withers, C.I.E., R. Ind. Marine, whilst emp'd. as an Asst. Prov. Marshal.
10th July 1918, with seniority from 23rd July 1916.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 6th December 1918.

No. 1802-E.—18.—Captain A. R. G. Lilley, R.E., District Traffic Superintendent, is, on return from military duty, reposted to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 1802-E.—18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 805-2—E., dated the 31st August 1917, Mr. H. N. Parker will officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent with temporary rank in class II, grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, from the 8th October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1802-E.-2—18.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 522-2—E., dated the 11th April 1918, Mr. S. L. R. Naidu, officiating District Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent of that Railway with effect from the 9th October 1918.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 4th December 1918.

No. E.-545.—Lieutenant W. C. Langer, I.A.R.O., Assistant Controller (Indian Indents), is appointed Deputy Controller (Hardware, Implements and Metals), Calcutta, with effect from the 16th November 1918.

No. E.-670.—The services of Mr. R. G. Marriott, Assistant Controller (Timber Supplies), are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces, with effect from the 24th November 1918.

The 6th December 1918.

No. E.-838.—Second-Lieutenant A. F. Ynill, I.A.R.O., is appointed Assistant Controller (Oils and Paints), Bombay, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

T. RYAN,
Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

SUPPLEMENT TO The Gazette of India.

No. 49.] DELHI SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A *Supplement to the Gazette of India* will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem it of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The *Proceedings of the Indian Legislative Council* will in future be published in PART VI of the *Gazette*.

Non-Residents in the Gazette may receive the *SUPPLEMENT* separately on a payment of one rupee per annum if delivered to Calcutta, or nine paise if sent by post. THE *SUPPLEMENT* and PART VI of the *GAZETTE* can also be ordered for separately on a payment of rupee one per annum if delivered to Calcutta, or rupees nine if sent by post.

No *Official Orders or Notifications* the publication of which in the *GAZETTE OF INDIA* is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the *CALCUTTA GAZETTE*, will be included in the *SUPPLEMENT*. For such *Orders and Notifications* the body of the *GAZETTE* must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 28th November 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

Rainfall was confined to Burma, southeast Bengal and the northern half of the Peninsula, but some heavy falls were reported from the last area and the Arakan coast. The rainfall of the week was heavier than usual in the south Konkan, southwest Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, the Madras Decan and the south of the north Madras coast, and amounted to 6.3" at Chitaldrug, 5.0" at Bangalore, 3.7" at Mysore, 3.6" at Mercara, 3.9" at Bellary, 7.3" at Nellore, 3.6" at Madura and 4.0" at Trichinopoly.

2. *Burma*.—Local rainfall occurred chiefly in the northern half of the province.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Cox's Bazar and Chittagong were the only stations that had rain.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.— } Weather was dry.
Northwest India.—

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general in Mysore, Malabar and southeast Madras on the 27th, and in the Madras Decan on the 26th and 27th. A few falls occurred in the south of the Konkan, of the Bombay Decan and of the north Madras coast and in the west of Hyderabad.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows:—

November 21st.	Kyankpyu 1.75", Akyab 4.81", Madura 0.64", Trichinopoly 0.57" and Salem 0.46".
" 22nd.	Akyab 2.01" and Bangalore 1.12".
" 23rd.	Akyab 3.22", Yanchin 1.34", Mysore 3.32", Calicut 1.63", Madura 1.78" and Kodakanal 1.07".
" 24th.	Moulmein 1.73", Bangalore 3.74", Cuddalore 1.85", Madura 0.56", Trichinopoly 0.44" and Salem 0.67".
" 25th.	Pamban 2.00" and Cuddalore 1.09".
" 26th.	Chitaldrug 3.32", Pamban 1.00", Cuddalore 1.87", Bellary 3.69" and Nellore 3.80".
" 27th.	Victoria Point 1.16", Marmagao 1.74", Karwar 1.53", Gulbarga 0.82", Chitaldrug 3.95", Mysore 1.34", Mercara 1.75", Calicut 1.06", Cochin 1.25", Trichinopoly 3.33", Coimbatore 0.86", Kurnool 1.82", Cotacamund 1.15" and Kodakanal 1.14".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Burma, the Konkan, Hyderabad South, Mysore, Malabar, the Madras Decan and the Madras Coast North. It was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Assam, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab Southwest, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Central India, Bihar and the Central Provinces, and was normal in Bengal, the Bombay Decan and Hyderabad North. No rain actually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from 2nd May to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajasthan, Gujarat, Central India, Bihar, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Decan, Hyderabad, Malabar and the Madras Decan, and is 20 per cent or more in excess in Bengal and Assam. In the remaining divisions rainfall differs by less than 20 per cent from the normal.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 28TH NOVEMBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 8th MAY TO 28th NOVEMBER 1918.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0.8	1.9	-1.6	117.6	102.9	+14.7	+14	+16
Lower Burma	1.8	0.5	+1.3	158.7	146.9	+11.8	+8	+7
Upper Burma	0.7	0.2	+0.5	53.7	47.2	+6.5	+14	+18
Assam	0	0.2	-0.2	91.7	77.5	+14.2	+18	+19
Bengal	0.1	0.1	0	98.8	74.1	+24.7	+26	+26
Orissa	0	0.2	-0.2	46.2	58.2	-12.0	-21	-20
Chota Nagpur	0	0.1	-0.1	39.7	49.2	-9.5	-19	-19
Bihar	0	0.1	-0.1	61.0	50.0	+11.0	+22	+22
United Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	28.4	39.2	-10.8	-28	-27
United Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	19.1	38.1	-19.0	-50	-50
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	10.2	20.6	-10.4	-50	-50
Punjab, South-West	0	0.1	-0.1	3.4	7.7	-4.3	-56	-55
Kashmir	0	0.1	-0.1	4.5	7.9	-3.4	-43	-42
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0.1	-0.1	2.1	5.1	-3.0	-61	-60
Baluchistan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.5	1.5	-1.0	-67	-64
Sind	0	0	0	0.4	4.7	-4.3	-91	-91
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	1.6	10.7	-9.1	-85	-85
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	10.6	22.0	-11.4	-52	-52
Gujarat	0	0	0	8.0	23.2	-15.2	-63	-63
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	17.0	29.3	-12.3	-40	-40
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	20.1	41.1	-21.0	-50	-50
Berar	0	0.1	-0.1	16.8	31.0	-14.2	-46	-46
Central Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	30.4	44.7	-14.3	-32	-32
Central Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	48.5	49.7	-1.2	-2	-2
Konkan	0.9	0.1	+0.8	73.2	95.7	-22.5	-24	-24
Bombay Deccan	0.1	0.1	0	18.3	27.3	-9.0	-33	-33
Hyderabad, North	0.1	0.1	0	10.2	32.6	-22.4	-69	-69
Hyderabad, South	0.2	0.1	+0.1	18.5	29.3	-10.8	-37	-37
Mysore	5.0	0.2	+4.8	23.8	27.1	-3.3	-12	-12
Malabar	1.4	0.6	+0.8	68.6	98.2	-29.6	-30	-31
Madras, South-East	2.1	1.8	+0.3	28.8	29.7	-0.9	-3	-4
Madras Deccan	2.4	0.4	+2.0	18.2	23.9	-5.7	-24	-23
Madras Coast, North	1.5	0.8	+0.7	34.8	36.0	-1.2	-3	-7

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 28th November 1918.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 5th December 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. An area of low pressure passed into Gujarat from the Arabian Sea and was the cause of widespread rain on the 28th November in the central parts of the country, and more rain occurred in the same area at the close of the week from generally unsettled conditions prevailing there. At this time of year rain in this area is abnormal. Rainfall continued almost throughout the week in the south of the Peninsula.

2. *Burma, including the Bay Islands.*—Port Blair, Victoria Point and Rangoon were the only stations that reported rain.

North-east India, including Orissa.—Sibsagar and Sambalpur had light falls of rain.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain fell in the Central Provinces and Central India on the 29th November, and in the Central Provinces excluding the eastern districts on the 5th December. A few falls occurred during the week in the United Provinces.

North-west India.—Light snow and rain fell in the hills of the North-West Frontier Province and at Simla, and light rain at Rawalpindi and Kotah.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general in Hyderabad North on the 28th and 30th November, in Hyderabad South and the Madras Deccan on the 28th November, in Malabar on the 3rd December and in Madras Southeast on the 29th November, and the 1st and 3rd December. A few falls were reported during the week from the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Mysore and the Madras Coast North.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

November 28th. Gulbarga 2.50", Parbhani 0.75", Nizamabad 0.37", Hyderabad (Deccan) 0.31" and Tinnevely 0.68".

" 29th. Jhansi 0.90", Nowgong 0.67", Sutna 0.43", Akola 1.58", Amraoti 1.30", Hoshangabad 1.42", Sangor 0.54", Jubbulpore 0.85", Seoni 0.41", Nagpur 1.16", Pachmarhi 3.05", Pendra 0.50", Sironj 1.25", Chhabra 1.30", Pamban 1.45", Cuddalore 1.64", Madras 2.96", and Poona and Sholapur each 0.41".

" 30th. Chakrata 0.60", Nizamabad 1.96", Hyderabad (Deccan) 1.75", Chitaldrug 0.95", Tinnevely and Cuddalore each 2.33", Pamban 1.30" and Coimbatore 1.40".

December 1st. Cochin 1.66" and Madras 3.05".

" 2nd. Aurangabad 0.32", Pamban 2.45" and Negapatam 1.35".

" 3rd. Hanamkonda 0.90", Bangalore 1.55", Tinnevely 1.15", Negapatam 4.76", Cuddalore 3.79", and Kodaikanal 0.88".

" 4th. Benares 0.20", Sutna 0.30", Amraoti 0.27", Hoshangabad 0.75", Sangor 0.27", Jubbulpore 0.45", Seoni 1.37", and Nagpur 1.04".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, the United Provinces, Rajputana East, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan. It was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan and the Madras Coast North, and was normal in Orissa. No rain usually falls in the remaining divisions at this time of year.

A new rainfall period begins with this week; the departures of rainfall from the normal are thus the same for the period as for the week.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 5TH DECEMBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 29TH NOVEMBER TO 5TH DECEMBER 1918.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1.0	2.8	-1.8	1.0	2.8	-1.8	-64	
Lower Burma	0.9	0.2	+0.7	0.9	0.2	+0.7	+350	
Upper Burma	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	
Assam	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	
Bengal	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	
Orissa	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0.1	0	0	
Chota Nagpur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bihar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
United Provinces, East	0.1	0	+0.1	0.1	0	+0.1	-	
United Provinces, West	0.2	0	+0.2	0.2	0	+0.2	-	
Punjab, East and North	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Punjab, South-West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Kashmir	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	
N-W. Frontier Province	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	
Baluchistan	0	0.2	-0.2	0	0.2	-0.2	-100	
Sind	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rajputana, East	0.1	0	+0.1	0.1	0	+0.1	-	
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Central India, West	0.1	0	+0.1	0.1	0	+0.1	-	
Central India, East	0.8	0	+0.8	0.8	0	+0.8	-	
Berar	1.6	0	+1.6	1.6	0	+1.6	-	
Central Provinces, West	1.1	0	+1.1	1.1	0	+1.1	-	
Central Provinces, East	0.5	0	+0.5	0.5	0	+0.5	-	
Konkan	0.2	0	+0.2	0.2	0	+0.2	-	
Bombay Deccan	0.3	0	+0.3	0.3	0	+0.3	-	
Hyderabad, North	1.6	0	+1.6	1.6	0	+1.6	-	
Hyderabad, South	1.5	0	+1.5	1.5	0	+1.5	-	
Mysore	1.0	0.2	+0.8	1.0	0.2	+0.8	+400	
Malabar	1.6	0.5	+1.1	1.6	0.5	+1.1	+220	
Madras, South-East	4.3	1.5	+2.8	4.3	1.5	+2.8	+187	
Madras Deccan	0.3	0.2	+0.1	0.3	0.2	+0.1	+50	
Madras Coast, North	0.4	0.5	-0.1	0.4	0.5	-0.1	-20	

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 5th December 1918

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday,
30th November 1918.

Burma.—Light to moderate rain was general throughout the province. Reaping of early paddy is proceeding in several Lower Burma districts. Sowing of island crops and harvesting of groundnut and cotton are progressing in Upper Burma. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has fallen further but is still much above normal. The market for white rice is weak at Rs. 340 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice, plucking of cotton and manufacture of tea continue. Paddy crops are reported to have been damaged by insects in some places. Outturn of winter rice, tea and cotton is fair. Cattle disease is reported in three districts. The price of common rice is unchanged.

Bengal.—There was practically no rain during the week, excepting light showers in parts of Chittagong division. Reaping of winter rice continues. Outturn is unsatisfactory in many places. Owing to drought transplanting of tobacco seedlings and sowing of potatoes, oilseeds and wheat are progressing slowly. Spring crops are daily in need of rain. Damage to winter paddy by insects is reported from some eastern districts. The price of common rice rose by 1·5 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—Light rain fell in parts of Orissa and Chota Nagpur. There was no rain in the rest of the province. Harvesting of winter paddy and pressing of sugarcane continue. Sowing of spring crops is going on but is being retarded in several districts for want of moisture. Prospects are bad, especially in the Patna, Orissa and Chota Nagpur divisions. In Angul test works have been opened at 32 places and gratuitous relief was given to 154 persons. The price of common rice has risen in five districts, fallen in six and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that in the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts.

United Provinces.—Light rain fell in many districts. It was beneficial to the crops but more is urgently needed. Some damage to crops by drought is still reported. Spring crops have been attacked by white ants. In the Rae Bareilly district preparation of land for and sowing of spring and poppy crops continue. Harvesting of autumn crops is nearly finished in many places. Pressing of sugarcane, picking of cotton and irrigation of spring crops and sugarcane are in progress. Standing crops have improved by rain. Prospects are still unfavourable. Condition of agricultural stock is generally satisfactory. Fodder is getting scarce and dear. Water and market supplies are generally sufficient. Prices are stationary with a tendency to rise.

Punjab.—The weather remained dry. Rain is urgently wanted for spring crops. Condition of standing autumn crops is generally average on irrigated areas and poor on unirrigated areas. Picking of cotton, pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of other crops continue on irrigated areas and are below normal to normal. Standing irrigated crops are average to good and unirrigated crops are below average. Cattle are generally healthy but are weak in some districts owing to scarcity of fodder. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat:—Ambala 6, Rawalpindi 6½, Lyallpur 6½, Ferozepore and Lahore 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is greatly needed. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan but are restricted in Bannu. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Maize and *ohari* are being reaped with outturn average. Prices of wheat:—Peshawar 7½ and Dera Ismail Khan 8½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—There was no rain during the week. Prices are still rising in some tahsils.

Kashmir.—Report not received.

Rajputana.—Rain fell in a few places during the week. The weather was cool. Harvesting of crops in irrigated areas is nearing completion. Prospects are poor. Sowings of spring crops are late and restricted. Condition of cattle is fair. Scarcity of fodder is general. Water is sufficient. Prices are stationary but show a tendency to fall.

Central India.—The rainfall was good in parts of Bundelkhand, and in Gwalior and Southern States and general elsewhere except Bhopal and Baghelkhand, where it was insufficient. Slight showers of rain are reported in Indore district but rain is still badly wanted.

for spring crops. Spring crops are being sown. Autumn crops are being harvested. Cotton picking is in progress in Gwalior, Indore and Southern States. Standing crops have withered in Bundelkhand, are good in Bhopal, bad in Baghelkhand and fair elsewhere. The probable outturn is unsatisfactory in Bundelkhand, fair in Baghelkhand, Malwa and Southern States. Prospects have much improved by recent winter rains in Bhopal and Bundelkhand, have been damaged by insects in Basoda, seriously damaged in Baghelkhand, and have withered in Indore for want of rain. Condition of agricultural stock is not satisfactory in northern districts of Gwalior except Bhilsa but is fair elsewhere. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Bundelkhand and in parts of Southern States. Prices are high. Poppy cultivation is in progress in Gwalior.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be clondy and cool. Light to moderate rain was received throughout the Provinces during the latter part of the week. The fall has been very opportune and with the dew that has now begun to fall will greatly improve the condition of spring crops. It was accompanied by light hail in parts of Hoshangabad, Nimar and Buldana but the damage caused was slight. Reaping and threshing of autumn crops and picking of cotton are very well advanced and spring sowings are approaching completion. Fodder and water are insufficient in parts of Betul, Chhindwara and Berar districts. Cattle disease prevails in a sporadic form in parts of four districts. Gratuitous relief is being extended in Sironcha. Influenza is generally speaking abating but is spreading to remote and jungly villages in nine districts. Gram in Mandla, rice in Hoshangabad and *juar* in Betul rose, while gram in Hoshangabad and rice in Yeotmal fell by one to $1\frac{1}{4}$ seers per rupee. Other variations are insignificant but exhibit a slight downward course.

The weekly report on scarcity in Sironcha is as follows:—Distress in Sironcha has been aggravated by influenza which is severe in Sironcha and in villages. Public works and kitchens have been temporarily closed, gratuitous relief being rapidly extended temporarily to replace other relief measures which are suspended. Number on relief—ordinary works 181, gratuitous 281, total 462.

Feudatory States.—Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops are in progress. The rain has been very beneficial to spring crops.

Bombay.—Good rain fell in Karnatak, Kolhapur, parts of Konkan and the Deccan and slight in Savantvadi and Rewa Kantha. Standing crops are withering in many places but have improved somewhat by recent rain. Autumn harvesting generally continues. Spring sowing is nearly over. Cotton picking continues in parts of Sind, Broach, Surat, Rewa Kantha, Baroda, Khandesh and Sholapur. Fodder supply is generally deficient but pastures have improved in Karnatak. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in several districts of Kolhapur and Kathiawar. Water is sufficient for drinking purposes but deficient for irrigation purposes in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, the Deccan and Karnatak. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Demand for labour is sufficient. Wages are normal. Test works were opened in Kaira, Panch Mahals and Ahmednagar.

Hyderabad.—The rainfall during the week was good in parts of three districts and 10 to 76 cents elsewhere. The average fall was 52 cents. Autumn harvest is almost completed except cotton which is being picked. Early rice harvest continues, the crop has suffered. Autumn crops are fair to good. They have been damaged by insects in parts of Nalgonda taluk. Cattle are healthy. Fodder scarcity is reported from many places. Prices of grains continue to be abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at 2 seers per rupee in the Parbhani district.

Mysore.—The week was generally wet. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested *ragi* outturn is poor to fair; rice and sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—Moderate rain fell during the week. Condition of rice is fair, ears are growing. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was heavy in Nellore, Chingleput, Madras, Coimbatore, Madura, Malabar, North Cochin and the hills; good in Guntur, Kurnool, Banganapalle, Bellary, Anantapur, South Arcot, Central except Coimbatore, South except Madura and South Canara, *nil* in Ganjam, unreported in Vizagapatam Agency and light or fair elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been lost or are withering in parts owing to excess or deficiency of rainfall. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in one and parts of eleven other districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in places for want of rain. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, West Coast and the hills. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of three districts. Fodder is sufficient except in one and parts of seven other districts. Prices are stationary or have fallen in the majority of cases. Prospects are fair except in parts of five districts. Distress is feared owing to failure of crops in two outlying villages in Salem district. Test works have just been started.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 6th December 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 23rd November 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Bombay City	1	1
		Broach Port	2	...
		Broach District	1	1
		Thana District	1	1
	Central	Ahmednagar District	4	5
		West Khandesh District	2	1
		Nasik District	17	11
		Poona Town	1	1
		Poona District	13	12
		Sholapur Town	10	4
		Sholapur District	14	8
	Southern	Belgaum District	24	21
		Dharwar District	58	37
		Dijapur District	10	6
	Political Charges.	Kathiawar Agency	32	22
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	11	23
		Ontoh State	2	2
		Savnur State	8	5
		TOTAL .	217	161
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	...	Bellary District	1	...
		Coimbatore District	69 (a)	45 (b)
		Salem District	14	4
		Guntur District	13	12
		Nilgiris District	1	1
		TOTAL .	98	62
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Shahabad District	12	7
	Tirhut	Champanau District	1	...
		Darbhanga District	36	30
		TOTAL .	49	37

(a) Two imported.

(b) One imported.

In the return for the week ending 16th November 1918 the following additions should be made :—
Patna District, add 2 cases, 2 deaths.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.	MAY MILEAGE WORKED.			TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING			EARNINGS PER MAY MILE WORKED FOR WEEK			TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO			COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1913-14.		COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1912-13.		
		1913.	1917.	1918.	21st November 1913.	23rd November 1917.	23rd November 1918.	1913.	1917.	1918.	21st November 1913.	23rd November 1917.	23rd November 1918.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.	
State Railways.																		
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge line)	402	2,659	2,696	2,695	7,50,393	10,12,844	11,47,000	286	375	426	2,53,07,077	3,47,51,801	3,79,31,000	1,26,23,923	...	81,69,199	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	574	946	1,003	1,003	7,56,616	7,90,561	8,89,000	800	788	888	2,16,45,971	2,84,39,373	3,17,00,000	1,00,60,029	...	32,67,827	...	
Eastern Bengal (including 2' 6" and 3' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,779	1,676	1,681	9,11,207	7,76,745	8,21,000	580	493	519	2,38,92,792	2,19,58,816	2,41,07,000	2,14,208	...	81,97,184	...	
Great Indian Peninsula	865	2,649	2,618	2,612	20,51,409	22,04,833	24,14,000	805	842	824	5,53,06,531	7,38,00,000	8,31,85,000	2,93,78,149	...	1,48,84,920	...	
Agra-Delhi-Chandigarh	781	2,637	2,612	2,612	17,76,263	21,37,563	20,69,000	700	818	792	4,89,55,108	6,43,17,845	7,27,47,000	1,43,91,832	...	7,70,780	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	614	136	136	136	68,615	60,807	60,800	478	483	492	18,88,337	19,65,280	27,38,000	18,47,873	...	27,298	...	
Delhi-Delhi-Chandigarh	78	40	40	40	2,554	2,101	4,100	71	53	102	1,08,104	1,14,702	1,42,000	38,895	...	1,49,827	...	
Rohal-Hard (British Section)	1,594	87	12	12	99,531	17,026	17,000	520	1,419	1,475	10,54,339	5,76,873	7,26,000	3,28,339	...	11,877	...	
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	1,796	5,168	5,300	64	68	70	39,847	1,97,633	2,19,000	1,69,153	...	...	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 2' 6" gauge line)	387	2,655	2,651	2,650	6,49,649	8,56,532	9,91,000	251	336	349	2,34,04,993	3,26,77,719	3,52,30,000	1,18,52,007	...	36,59,281	...	
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge line)	579	4,012	4,077	4,001	16,38,832	22,57,141	21,30,000	429	554	532	8,57,02,630	7,81,00,309	8,38,13,000	2,61,12,370	...	67,12,691	...	
Orissa and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Burhal 2' 6" line)	345	1,600	1,592	1,592	4,56,549	4,73,802	5,05,000	286	297	317	1,48,88,615	1,51,01,117	2,00,52,000	51,63,385	...	19,60,888	...	
Assam-Bengal	159	819	893	893	1,50,103	1,41,131	1,42,000	168	159	159	42,84,918	46,31,000	46,31,000	4,46,083	...	64,402	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	387	1,836	1,840	1,840	6,19,200	6,92,890	6,67,000	339	376	362	1,76,95,392	2,12,73,145	2,03,72,000	84,76,701	...	50,69,855	...	
Burna	319	1,653	1,642	1,642	4,46,715	4,15,279	4,99,000	288	309	372	1,44,17,093	1,50,60,194	1,59,28,000	10,06,907	...	38,62,816	...	
Burna Extension	312	...	187	187	...	39,476	45,000	...	206	241	...	12,15,315	15,58,000	15,58,000	...	3,47,687	...	
Southern Sanshodhan	121	...	70	70	...	10,419	8,000	...	150	114	...	3,61,700	5,01,000	5,01,000	...	19,399	...	
Dhoke-Karnool	72	...	33	33	...	2,186	2,300	...	66	68	...	76,782	95,100	95,100	...	18,633	...	
Jodhpur-Hydabad (British Section)	817	194	194	124	21,111	31,593	31,500	170	256	256	8,74,068	12,80,741	13,73,000	4,98,233	...	82,259	...	
Lucknow-Bareilly	186	267	267	267	34,215	45,535	58,100	119	159	202	13,98,398	16,19,951	19,98,000	5,98,703	...	3,76,048	...	
Mysore	191	411	401	401	971,682	69,226	69,000	174	173	173	24,06,162	26,20,459	27,73,000	3,64,838	...	2,62,546	...	
South India (including 2' 6" and 3' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,451	1,587	1,587	4,61,614	6,50,320	5,91,000	318	410	372	1,81,05,785	2,31,42,733	2,33,21,000	52,15,215	...	1,78,387	...	
Tirunelveli Branch	161	108	108	108	17,510	20,086	24,000	162	186	164	6,90,737	6,97,952	9,28,000	2,37,243	...	2,80,048	...	
Tirunelveli	223	785	804	804	2,61,206	1,68,439	2,30,000	320	307	274	64,20,664	65,51,779	64,50,000	2,39,336	...	6,96,321	...	
Branch-Jambur	90	...	80	80	...	5,094	2,900	...	101	87	...	65,847	90,000	90,000	...	4,753	...	
Jodhpur (Provincial)	83	80	83	83	2,250	2,808	3,800	74	85	100	53,292	93,397	77,100	...	6,198	...	18,897	...
TOTAL	496	36,125	36,738	36,697	1,11,77,969	1,28,92,164	1,33,36,400	428	482	499	34,81,07,308	48,06,29,647	48,37,92,300	13,56,84,992	...	5,31,08,158	...	
All other Railways.																		
American-Polish	171	56	56	56	10,216	9,529	8,900	132	172	157	4,59,448	3,07,350	3,31,000	...	1,38,448	22,550	...	
Rohal-Hard (Native State Section)	519	...	45	45	...	20,788	21,800	...	463	473	...	7,03,901	8,51,000	8,51,000	...	1,77,099	...	
Rohal-Hard	161	114	114	114	30,055	12,600	18,000	183	110	136	6,37,373	7,72,741	8,54,000	...	3,973	10,269	...	
Rohal-Hard	50	183	183	183	10,948	7,487	9,000	70	60	80	3,46,196	3,96,196	3,96,196	...	31,156	70,305	...	
Rohal-Hard	187	192	192	192	63,769	76,549	76,500	329	389	389	20,81,884	26,71,829	26,71,829	...	5,90,000	9,30,100	...	
Rohal-Hard	358	29	33	33	6,747	8,540	9,500	312	281	287	1,06,233	8,58,123	4,30,000	1,13,077	...	60,823	...	
Rohal-Hard	184	18	18	18	5,516	9,905	9,900	24	189	176	73,727	71,007	76,400	...	4,488	12,344	...	
Rohal-Hard	37	...	...	...	...	4,482	2,700	...	80	80	...	1,26,343	1,06,000	...	7,234	...	...
Rohal-Hard	339	...	10	10	...	6,812	3,800	...	318	270	...	1,14,734	1,04,000	...	10,734	...	...
Rohal-Hard	185	79	79	79	13,917	13,971	13,700	177	177	177	4,76,714	4,50,638	5,11,000	...	61,877	9,163	...	
Rohal-Hard	70	...	47	47	...	2,333	3,800	...	60	70	...	1,06,162	1,00,000	...	...	...	...
Rohal-Hard	153	34	33	33	5,334	4,662	4,900	156	141	139	1,76,373	1,56,187	1,80,000	...	23,843	...	...
Rohal-Hard	416	334	334	334	1,44,385	1,17,165	1,34,000	402	351	401	38,89,348	43,33,333	46,58,000	7,66,653	...	3,23,637	...	
Rohal-Hard	192	34	34	34	5,453	7,053	7,100	160	208	215	1,85,388	2,19,740	2,44,000	66,313	...	24,251	...	
Rohal-Hard	79	...	47	47	...	4,968	5,800	...	91	113	...	1,14,809	1,43,000	1,63,000	...	48,191	...	
Rohal-Hard	885	108	108	108	94,851	32,504	36,700	230	399	340	11,36,315	14,33,429	19,98,000	7,66,685	...	47,45,111	...	
Rohal-Hard	65	...	53	53	...	6,634	9,100	...	59	75	...	1,76,612	1,70,000	1,70,000	...	12,073	...	
Rohal-Hard	114	...	38	38	...	4,115	3,400	...	108	89	...	1,52,000	1,52,000	...	...	...	...
Rohal-Hard	339	435	435	435	1,17,437	1,28,168	1,27,000	276	393	297	3,270,389	4,06,068	6,58,000	3,98,271	...	16,66,248	...	
Rohal-Hard	60	99	133	133	5,416	9,216	7,600	55	69	57	1,88,077	2,78,365	2,78,365	...	...	...	...
Rohal-Hard	159	155	155	155	26,640	22,144	24,800	155	143	159	5,55,117	5,64,633	9,16,000	60,428	...	51,307	...	
Rohal-Hard	194	155	155	155	11,591	26,390	38,000	169	169	244	8,16,154	9,04,956	11,52,000	3,36,846	...	2,47,044	...	
Rohal-Hard	96	...	22	22	...	814	1,800	...	87	65	...	78,285	60,000	60,000	...	17,906	...	
Rohal-Hard	339	...	34	34	...	2,618	3,200	...	81	88	...	1,17,800	1,00,400	1,07,000	...	6,594	...	
Rohal-Hard	115	...	89	89	...	6,405	8,540	...	74	90	...	3,29,779	4,58,884	5,05,000	66,281	...	63,816	...
Rohal-Hard	218	1,239	1,244	1,244	3,28,374	2,10,532	3,32,000	158	169	166	68,46,024	73,70,711	94,88,000	26,07,979	...	23,05,280	...	
Rohal-Hard	115	153	153	153	45,781	37,627	47,100	286	246	298	10,72,156	11,64,339	12,34,000	1,81,593	...	69,051	...	
Rohal-Hard	137	63	59	59	7,486	6,863	6,200	145	132	100	2,22,166	2,42,190	3,30,000	...	3,108	23,190	...	
Rohal-Hard	146	237	249	249	39,994	28,594	41,200	145	115	166	9,31,333	12,07,175	17,44,000	8,11,777	...	5,86,885	...	
Rohal-Hard	157	33	33	33	9,243	6,569	5,800	279	199	151	1,76,505	1,56,505	1,80,000	4,596	...	14,496	...	
Rohal-Hard	322	86	86	86	37,364	26,468	21,600	117	331	251	8,67,348	8,68,808	8,61,000	...	6,345	7,808	...	
Rohal-Hard	90	184	209	209	14,322	18,613	22,800	78	99	110	4,99,303	6,30,017	9,27,000	4,38,097	...	3,94,083	...	
Rohal-Hard	150	211	231	231	31,335	32,485	44,800	148	141	194	8,29,535	11,23,326	15,96,000	7,48,465	...	4,73,075	...	
Rohal-Hard	179	443	441	441	63,115	79,491	81,300	196	184	208	28,82,589	37,42,451	47,36,000	4,48,401	...	63,819	...	
Rohal-Hard	69	73	107	121	6,370	5,915	10,000	87	55	83	1,52,576	2,41,784	3,24,000	1,44,811	...	64,076	...	
Rohal-Hard	133	54	54	54	5,606	6,189	7,800	104	116	144	1,52,576	2,41,784	3,24,000	1,44,811	...	64,076	...	
Rohal-Hard	129	1,030	1,106	1,104	1,03,633	1,05,271	1,29,000	101	95	117	34,98,508	46,76,121						

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, by the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, Delhi.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 50.} DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 13th December, 1918.

No. 67.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (6) of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, c. 6), the Governor-General in Council has, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, made the following amendment in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor-General of India, published under Notification No. 61 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated 14th November, 1912, as amended by the like Notifications Nos. 3, 32 and 46, dated, respectively, the 24th January, 1914, the 14th August, 1914, and the 20th August, 1915, namely :—

In the second proviso to clause (1) of Regulation X of the said Regulations for the words "six months" the words "one year" shall be substituted.

H. M. SMITH,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.****ESTABLISHMENTS.**

Delhi, the 9th December 1918.

No. 407-C.—The services of Mr. G. H. Spence, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab with effect from the afternoon of the 1st November 1918.

MEDICAL.

The 7th December 1918

No. 384-C.—The services of Major A. W. Tuke, I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties.

The 11th December 1918.

No. 465-C.—The services of Major E. T. Harris, D.S.O., M.B., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Burma, with effect from the 16th September 1918.

No. 467-C.—The services of Major W. V. Coppinger, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Burma, with effect from the 31st October 1918, until further orders.

The 13th December 1918.

No. 498-C.—The services of Major O. St. John Moses, M.D., F.R.C.S.E., I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 11th September 1918.

POLICE.

The 11th December 1918.

No. 443-C.—Sir Charles Cleveland, K.C.I.E., K.B.E., I.C.S., Director, Central Intelligence, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

This cancels the Home Department notification no. 1079, dated the 17th October 1918.

No. 444-C.—Mr. G. C. Denham, C.I.E., O.B.E., on special duty, is appointed to officiate until further orders as Deputy Director, Central Intelligence, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

This cancels the Home Department notification no. 1081, dated the 17th October 1918.

WAR.

The 9th December 1918.

No. 351.—In the third line of the Home Department notification no. 310 (War), dated the 14th November 1918, for the words and figures "sections 3 to 4," *substitute* the words and figures "sections 3 to 11".

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.**NOTIFICATION.****EXAMINATIONS.**

Delhi, the 13th December 1918.

No. 57.—Mr. S. T. Hollins, Inspector General of Police, Tonk State, Rajputana, has obtained a Degree of Honour in Urdu in the First Division and is entitled to the authorised donation of Rs. 3,000.

H. SHARP,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.**NOTIFICATIONS.****AGRICULTURE.**

Delhi, the 9th December 1918.

No. 84-C.—Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., is appointed Foodstuffs Commissioner with the Government of India and Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st November 1918.

No. 86-C.—In modification of the Department of Revenue and Agriculture Notification No. 1032, dated the 14th October 1918, Mr. J. Hullah, I.C.S., is appointed Deputy Foodstuffs Commissioner with the Government of India and Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with effect from the afternoon of the 14th October 1918.

GENERAL.

The 12th December 1918.

No. 101-C.—Mr. C. H. Martin, Superintendent, 1st grade, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, is granted privilege leave for three months under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 16th December 1918, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following officiating promotions are made during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. C. H. Martin or until further orders :—

Mr. T. McDonnell, Superintendent, 2nd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 1st grade.

Mr. H. H. Lincoln, Superintendent, 3rd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. E. B. Hughes, Secretariat Assistant, 2nd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

LAND SURVEYS.

The 11th December 1918.

No. 94-C.—Colonel Sir S. G. Burrard, K.C.S.I., R.E., F.R.S., Surveyor General of India, is granted privilege leave for one month under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 6th December 1918.

No. 95-C.—Colonel G. P. Lenox-Conyngham, R.E., F.R.S., Superintendent of the Trigonometrical Survey, Dehra Dun, is appointed to officiate as Surveyor General of India, during the absence on leave of Colonel Sir S. G. Burrard, K.C.S.I., R.E., F.R.S., in addition to his own duties.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 9th December 1918.

No. 3176-Est. A.—The privilege leave granted to the Hon'ble Sir John Wood, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Political Secretary to the Government of India, in Notification No. 1960-Est. A., dated the 5th September 1918, is extended by one day.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 11th December 1918.

No. 2388-G.—The following promotions are made in the Secretariat with effect from the 21st November 1918, *vice* Mr. T. G. B. Waugh appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary :—

Mr. C. W. Kirkpatrick, Superintendent, 1st grade, to officiate as Registrar.

Mr. C. O'H. Teeling, I.S.O., Superintendent, 2nd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 1st grade.

Mr. F. S. Hosley, Superintendent, 3rd grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. J. W. Edmondson, Secretariat Assistant, Class I, to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

No. 3195-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. A. Hamilton, of the Political Department, on return from leave, was placed on special duty under the orders of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, from the 24th to 30th November 1918, inclusive.

No. 3196-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. A. Hamilton, of the Political Department, is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. 3889-I. C.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to confirm and recognise the hereditary title of Nawab borne by Nawab Sajjad Ali Khan, Mandal, Karnal District, in the Punjab.

No. 3907-I. B.—In pursuance of Rule 11-J. of the rules issued under the Notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 86, dated the 9th December 1915 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that it is necessary for the purpose of securing the public safety, to control the supply of ragi, in the said Station.

The 12th December 1918.

No. 3202-Est. A.—Mr. G. A. G. Mungavin, of the Indo-European Telegraph Department, temporarily officiating in the Political Department of the Government of India, is posted as His Britannic Majesty's Vice-Consul at Bandar Abbas and *ex-officio* Assistant to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the 6th December 1918.

No. 3927-I. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Cecil James Barton, Special Magistrate, Peermade, Travancore, being a European British subject, to be a Justice of the Peace within the State of Travancore.

J. B. WOOD,^c

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS.

Delhi, the 14th December 1918.

No. 793-D.—The following War Trade Department list, dated the 21st October, 1918, of goods the export of which from the United Kingdom is prohibited or restricted, is published for general information :—

WAR TRADE DEPARTMENT,
4, CENTRAL BUILDINGS,
WESTMINSTER, S. W. 1,
21st October, 1918.

List of goods the export of which is prohibited by the Royal Proclamation of the 10th May, 1917, as amended by Orders of Council of the 22nd June, 1917, the 13th July, 1917, the 14th August, 1917, the 28th August, 1917, the 18th October, 1917, the 27th November, 1917, the 18th December, 1917, the 22nd January, 1918, the 8th February, 1918, the 26th February, 1918, the 8th March, 1918, the 12th April, 1918, the 25th April, 1918, the 14th May, 1918, the 11th June, 1918, the 2nd July, 1918, the 30th July, 1918, the 6th August, 1918, the 27th August, 1918, the 1st October, 1918, and the 15th October, 1918, to be exported from the United Kingdom to the following destinations, viz. :—

Goods marked (A) to All Destinations ;

Goods marked (B) to All Ports and Destinations Abroad other than Ports and Destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates ;

The dates appended to various prohibitions are those of Orders of Council imposing or amending those prohibitions since the Royal Proclamation of 10th May, 1916. Where no date appears it may be assumed that the prohibition stands as it did on the 10th May, 1916.

List C.—By order of Council, dated the 1st October, 1918, All Goods [other than (1) printed matter and (2) personal effects accompanied by their owners] are prohibited from export to All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, and Portugal, and to all Ports in any such Foreign Countries. [As regards (1) it should be noted that certain forms of printed matter are prohibited under the prohibition on (B) Paper, etc., page 17. See also page 29, for further information regarding exports to neutral Europe.]

Orders of Council issued subsequently to the date of this list are published in the "Board of Trade Journal," which may be obtained either directly or through any bookseller from the undermentioned branches of H. M. Stationery Office :—

London : Imperial House, Kingsway, W. C. 2 ;

Cardiff : 1, St. Andrew's Crescent ;

Manchester : 37, Peter Street ;

Edinburgh : 23, Forth Street ;

or from Messrs. E. Pousouby, Ltd., 115, Grafton Street, Dublin.

The attention of exporters is drawn to the fact that various articles marked B may, in view of the percentage of copper contained in them, be subject to the Copper Prohibition (List A). (See "Copper.")

Application must therefore be made to the War Trade Department for licences to export goods which fall within the aforementioned copper prohibition on account of the quantity of copper contained therein. Such applications should always indicate clearly the actual quantity of copper and/or copper alloys the goods contain.

This list cancels all similar lists issued by the War Trade Department prior to 21st October, 1918.

A

- Abrasives, artificial, see Emery
- (B) Accoutrements, not otherwise prohibited; (14-8-17).
- (A) Acetanilide; (11-6-18).
- (A) Acetates, all metallic.
- (A) Acetic acid.
- (A) Acetic anhydride; (19-2-17).
- (A) Aceto-celluloses.
- (A) Acetones and their compounds and preparations; (7-6-16).
- (A) Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin) and its preparations.
- (A) Aconite root; (11-6-18).
- (A) Acriflavine proflavine and other acridine derivatives having antiseptic or therapeutic properties, and mixtures or preparation containing any of those substances; (18-10-17).
- Adzes, see Tools, see also Handles.
- (A) Aerated and Mineral Waters; (1-5-17).
- (A) Aeroplane dope.
- (A) Aeroplane engines and their component parts.
- Agricultural machinery, see Machinery.
- (A) Agar agar; (23-10-16) (15-10-18).
- (A) Aircraft of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
- Aircraft, Steel stampings suitable for, see Steel.
- Ajowan seeds, see Seeds.
- (A) Albumen; (8-9-16) (19-2-17).
- (A) Alcohol, absolute.
- (A) Alcohol, ethylic, mixtures and preparations containing (not otherwise prohibited); (14-8-17).
- (A) Alcohol methylic, and its esters; (15-1-17).
- Ale, see Beer.
- (B) Algin and its compounds; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (22-1-18).
- Alkaline bromides, see Bromine.
- Alkaline tartrates, see Tartaric Acid.
- (A) Aloes; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
- Alumina, see Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Aluminium, alloys of aluminium and manufactures of aluminium, or of its alloys; (18-10-17).
- (A) Aluminium nitrate.
- (B) Aluminium, oxides of, and mixtures containing aluminium oxides.
- (A) Aluminium powder.
- (B) Aluminium sulphate.
- (B) Alumino-ferric.
- Alundum, see Emery.
- (B) Alunite.
- (A) Ambergris; (8-2-18).
- (A) American cotton ties, varnished or blacked; (25-7-16).
- (A) Amidol and mixtures containing amidol.
- (B) Amidopyrino; (10-5-17).
- (A) Ammonia and its salts, whether simple or compound, and mixtures containing such salts; (19-1-17) (22-1-18) (6-8-18).
- (A) Amyl acetate and other amyl esters; (15-1-17).

- Amyl alcohol, see Fusel Oil.
- (A) Anchors; (30-3-17).
- (A) Aneroids suitable for aircraft.
- Animal fats, see Fats.
- Animal hair, see Hair.
- Animal hoofs, see Gluestock.
- Animal oils, see Oils.
- Animal waxes, see Waxes.
- (A) Animals, living, for food (12-12-16).
- (A) Animals, pack, saddle and draught, suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war; (8-1-15).
- (A) Anthracene oil, and mixtures and preparations containing anthracene oil; (26-7-16) (2-2-17).
- (A) Antimony and alloys of antimony; (15-10-18).
- (A) Antimony, sulphides and oxides of, and mixtures containing sulphides and oxides of antimony; (11-6-18).
- (A) Antipyrine (phenazone) and its preparations.
- (A) Anti-tetanus serum.
- (A) Anvils; (12-3-17); (27-11-17).
- Apatites, see Phosphate Rock.
- (A) Araroba or Goa powder; (27-11-17) (11-6-18).
- (A) Areca or betel nuts; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Arecoline; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
- (A) Arms, not being Firearms and their component parts.
- (A) Arrowroot.
- (B) Arsenical ore; (18-10-17).
- (B) Arsenic, compounds of arsenic, and mixtures containing arsenic; (18-10-17).
- Artificial teeth, see Dental.
- (A) Asbestos and articles manufactured wholly or partly of asbestos; (27-11-17).
- Aspirin, see Acetylsalicylic Acid.
- (A) Asphalt and articles containing asphalt; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
- (A) Asphalt, coal tar; (25-5-16) (22-6-17) (22-1-18).
- Augers, see Tools.
- Awls, handles for, see Handles.
- (A) Axes (10-5-17); (27-11-17); see also Handles.
- Axles, see Carts; Bicycles; Motor Vehicles; Railway Material; Wagons.

B

- (A) Baggings, old.
- (A) Bags and sacks made wholly or partly of jute other than such bags or sacks as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings; (19-12-16) (18-12-17).
- Backery utensils, see Tinplate.
- (A) Baking powder; (12-3-17).
- Balata, see Rubber.
- Ball bearings, see Bearings.
- (A) Balsams; (12-4-18).

- (A) Banana meal and banana flour and preparations containing banana meal and banana flour ; (22-6-17).
Bandoliers, leather, see Leather Goods.
Banknotes, see Notes.
Barbed wire, see Wire.
- (B) Barium peroxide ; (30-3-17).
- (A) Barium sulphate and mixtures containing barium sulphate ; (11-6-18) (6-8-18).
Bark, see Cascarilla, Cinchona, Witch Hazel, Quercitron.
- (A) Barley, barley meal and pearled and pot barley.
- (A) Barographs, suitable for aircraft.
- (A) Barometers and their component parts ; (17-11-16) (19-2-17).
- (A) Barrels and casks, wooden (other than such barrels or casks as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods), whether whole or in shooks, and their distinctive component parts ; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
- (A) Basic slag ; (23-10-16).
- (A) Baskets and basket ware ; (1-5-17) (22-1-18).
- (A) Baudruche skin.
- (B) Bauxite.
- (A) Bayonets and their component parts.
- (A) Beans of all kinds including haricots ; (12-12-16) (27-11-17).
- (A) Bean flour and meal.
Bearded needles, see Needles.
- (A) Bearings, ball and roller and steel balls and rollers suitable for bearings ; (15-8-16).
- (B) Bedding (not including bedsteads and parts thereof) ; (1-5-17) (8-3-18).
- (A) Bedsteads, metal, and metal frames for bedsteads ; (12-4-18).
- (A) Beer and ale ; (1-5-17).
- (A) Beeswax ; (28-8-17).
Beet seed, see Seeds.
- Belaying pins, see Ships' rigging.
- (A) Belladonna and its preparations.
- (A) Belladonna alkaloids, and their salts and preparations.
- Belt fasteners, see Castings.
- (A) Belting, cotton, including belting made with cotton duck impregnated with balata or with rubber ; (14-5-18).
- (B) Belting, woven hair ; (8-3-18).
- Belting**, see also under Leather ; Rubber, &c.
- Belts, see Leather Goods.
- Benzamine, see Eucaine Hydrochloride.
- (A) Benzoic acid (synthetic) and benzoates ; (12-4-18).
- (A) Benzol and its compounds and preparations.
- Betel nuts, see Areca.
- (A) Bicycles and their component parts except tyres ; (14-3-17) (15-10-18).
- (A) Binder twine ; (23-10-16) (12-3-17).
- (A) Binnacles ; (30-8-17).
- (A) Binoculars and their component parts ; (10-5-17) (2-7-18).
- (A) Bins, iron or steel ; (12-4-18).
Biscuit meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Biscuits.
- (A) Bismuth nitrate.
- (A) Bitumen, liquid or solid, and articles containing bitumen ; (10-5-17) (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (26-2-18).
- (A) Bladders (19-2-17), see also Fish Bladders.
- (B) Blankets, manufactured wholly or partly of wool or hair ; (8-3-18).
- (A) Bleaching powder ; (8-9-16).
Blocks, wood and iron rigging, see Ships' rigging.
- (A) Boats and craft ; (10-5-17) (18-12-17).
- (A) Bobbins and their component parts ; (22-6-17).
- (A) Boilers ; including portable boilers and their component parts ; (25-5-16) (14-5-18).
- (A) Boiler tubes.
- (A) Bolts, iron or steel ; (13-7-17).
Bolts, see also Ships' rigging.
- Bone ash, see Bones.
- (A) Bone black ; (15-1-17) (2-7-18).
- (A) Bones (except fish bones) in any form and bone ash (see also fish bones! ; Whalebone).
- (A) Boots and shoes with soles or uppers of leather ; (8-7-16) (30-3-17).
- Boots and shoes materials and tools** used in the manufacture of the following ; (8-9-16) (15-1-17) (19-2-17) (1-5-17) (22-6-17) (13-7-17).
- (A) Boot and shoe grindery, including clog nails.
- (A) Cutters ; (2-7-18).
- (A) Drivers ; (2-7-18).
- (A) Eyelets ; (2-7-18).
- (A) Groovers ; (2-7-18).
- (A) Hooks ; (2-7-18).
- (A) Lasts ; (14-8-17).
- (A) Shoemakers' machines and their component parts ; (14-8-17).
- (A) Shoemakers' tools, hand and machine ; (14-8-17).
- Boring cutters, see Tools.
- (A) Bottles, metal, such as can be used for containing mercury ; (1-5-17).
Bottles, metal, see Hollow-ware ; Tinplate.
- Bowls, see Tinplate.
- Braces and bits, see Tools.
- Braid, see Silk.
- Bran, see Offals of Corn.
- Brass, see Copper.
- Braziers, see Hollow-ware.
- (A) Bread.
- Brewers' grains, see Grains.
- Bricks, see Fireclay ; Magnesite ; Silica.
- (A) Bristles ; (26-6-16) (8-3-18) (2-7-18).
- Broccoli seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Bromine and alkaline bromides ; (12-4-18).
- Bronze, see Copper.
- (A) Brooms and brushes ; (1-5-17) (8-3-18) (2-7-18).
- Brussels sprouts, see, see Seeds.

- (A) Bchu leaves ; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Buckets, iron or steel ; (12-4-18).
Buckles, see Castings.
- (A) Buckwheat ; (12-12-16).
Buffalo hides, see Hides.
- Builders' ironmongery, see Castings.
- Bullion, see Silver.
- (A) Burettes and their component parts
(15-10-18).
- (A) Butter.

C

- Cabbage seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Cables, chain.
- (B) Cables, insulated.
Cables, see also Copper manufactures.
- (B) Cadmium, alloys of cadmium and
cadmium ore ; (15-8-16).
- (A) Caffeine and its salts ; (10-5-17)
(12-4-18).
- (A) **Cakes and Meals** (which may
be used as forage or food for
animals), the following :—
Biscuit meal ;
Calf meal ;
Coconut and poonac cake ;
Compound cakes and meal ;
Cotton seed cake and cotton seed
meal ;
Fish meal and concentrated fish ;
Gluten meal or gluten feed ;
Ground nut or earth nut cake
and meal ;
Hemp seed cake and meal ;
Husk meal ;
Linseed cake and meal ;
Locust bean meal ;
Maize germ meal ;
Maize meal and flour ;
Meat meal ;
Palm nut cake and meal ;
Poppy seed cake and meal ;
Rape seed or colza seed cake and
meal ;
Sesame seed cake and meal ;
Soya bean cake and meal ;
Sunflower seed cake and meal ;
Whale cake ;
Whale meal.
- (A) Cakes.
- (A) Calabar beans ; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Calcium carbide ; (12-3-17).
Calf meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Calfskins.
- (A) Calumba root ; (11-6-18).
- (A) Calves' stomachs ; (25-5-16).
Cambries, see Cotton.
- (B) Camp equipment, military articles if
not otherwise prohibited ; (14-8-
17).
Camp kettles, see Kettles.
- (B) Camphor ; (1-5-17).
- (A) Candles ; (1-5-17) (8-2-18).
- (A) Canes, unmounted ; (14-5-18).
Cannabis Indica, see Indian hemp.
- (A) Cannon and other ordnance, and their
component parts.
Cans, see Hollow-ware ; Tinplate.
- (A) Cantharides ; (12-4-18).
- Canvas, cotton, see Cotton.
- (A) Canvas cuttings.
- Caoutchouc, see Rubber, also Gums.

- (A) Capsicum, including oleo-resin of
capsicum (2-7-18).
- (A) Caramel, liquid or solid ; (1-5-17).
- (A) Carboic acid and compounds thereof,
and preparations containing carbo-
lic acid.
- (A) Carbon, Brazilian.
- (A) Carbon, coke oven ; (6-8-18).
- (A) Carbon disulphide.
Carbon electrodes, see Electrodes.
- (A) Carbon, gas ; (19-2-17).
- (A) Carbon, pitch ; (6-8-18).
- (B) Carbon, tetrachloride and its prepara-
tions.
- (A) Carbons, suitable for searchlights.
Carbonyl chloride, see Phosgene.
- Carborundum, see Emery.
- (A) Card clothing ; (1-5-17) (10-5-17).
Card pins, see Steel.
- Cardboard, see Paper.
- Carnauba wax, see Wax.
- (B) Carpets and carpet rugs made wholly
or partly of wool or hair ; (8-3-18).
Carrot seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Carriages and mountings for cannon
and other ordnance and their com-
ponent parts.
Carriages, see Railway.
- (A) Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and
their component parts, and tools,
appurtenances and accessories for
the filling and repair of rifle and
shot gun cartridges ; (8-2-18).
- (B) Carts, two-wheeled, capable of carry-
ing 15 cwt. or over, and their com-
ponent parts.
- (A) Casein and preparations thereof ;
(17-11-16) (19-2-17).
- (A) Cascara Sagrada and its preparations ;
(30-3-17) (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Cascarilla bark ; (12-4-18).
- (A) Casings ; (19-2-17).
Casks, see Barrels.
- (A) Cassava powder.
- (A) Cassia pods and pulp ; (15-10-18).
- (A) **Castings**, malleable, hematite
iron, the following ; (12-3-17) *
(14-8-17) :—
Belt fasteners ;
Buckles ;
Builders' ironmongery ;
Chain fittings ;
Coat and hat hangers ;
Conduit fittings ;
Furniture fittings ;
Hinges ;
Horse clippers ;
Lamp fittings ;
Pipe flanges ;
Spurs ;
Stove fittings ;
Tramway fittings ;
Castings, see Armour Plates and
Shipbuilding material.
Cast iron guttering, etc., see Gutter-
ing.
Cast iron pipes, see Pipes.
- (A) Catechu ; (11-6-18).
Cattle foods, see Cakes and Meals.
Cattle foods, patent and proprietary,
see Patent.
- Cattle hides, see Hides.

- Cauliflower seed, see Seeds.
 Caustic potash, see Potash.
 Caustic magnesite, see Magnesite.
 Caustic soda, see Soda.
 Cedar-wood, oil of, see Oils.
 Cellary seed, see Seeds.
 (A) Celluloid.
 (A) Celluloid articles, wholly or partly manufactured of; (1-5-17) (10-5-17) (22-1-18)
 (A) "Celluloid" sheet, non-inflammable, and similar transparent material non-soluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water.
 (A) Cement for building and engineering purposes; (14-5-18).
 (A) Cereals, Prepared foods derived wholly or partly from.
 (B) Cerium, oxide and salts of; (10-5-17).
 (A) Cerium and its alloys (except ferro-cerium, the exportation of which is prohibited to all ports and destinations abroad other than ports and destinations in British Possessions and Protectorates).
 Chain cables, see Cables.
 Chain fittings, see Castings.
 Chains, rigging, see Ships' rigging.
 Chairs, dental, see Dental.
 Charges, see Cartridges.
 (A) Cheese.
 (A) Chicory; (30-3-17) (27-11-17).
 Chicory seed, see Seeds.
 (A) Chick peas; (12-12-16).
 (A) Chiro-tta (15-10-18).
 Chisels, see Tools, also Handles.
 (A) Chloral and its compounds and preparations; (10-5-17) (12-4-18).
 (A) Chloroform; (12-4-18).
 (A) Chlorates, all metallic.
 (B) Chlorine.
 Choppers, see Tools.
 (B) Chrome ore.
 (B) Chromium, compounds of (except chromium acetate, chromium chlorate and chromium nitrate), and mixtures containing such compounds of chromium.
 (A) Chromium acetate.
 (A) Chromium chlorate.
 (A) Chromium nitrate.
 (A) Chronometers and their component parts; (23-10-16) (15-10-18).
 (A) Chrysarobin; (27-11-17) (11-6-18).
 Chucks, see Tools.
 Cigarette paper, see Paper.
 (A) Cinchona bark, its alkaloids and their salts and preparations of any of these substances; (1-5-17) (27-11-17) (22-1-18).
 (A) Cinematograph films.
 Cisterns, see Hollow-ware.
 (A) Citrate of iron and ammonium (15-10-18).
 (B) Citrates, not otherwise prohibited; (22-6-17) (15-10-18).
 (B) Citric acid; (25-5-16) (30-3-17).
 Clay, fire, see Fireclay.
 Cleats, see Ships' rigging.
 Cleavers, see Tools.
 *Clog nails, see Boots and Shoes.
 Clothing, see Card; Uniform; Wool; silk.
 Cloth, see Cotton; Insulating materials; Jute; Wool; etc.
 Clover seed, see Seeds.
 (A) Coal, except coal allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as bunker coal; (27-11-17).
 (A) Coal tar.
 Coal tar asphalt, see Asphalt.
 (B) Coal tar pitch (15-10-18).
 (A) Coal tar, all products obtainable from and derivatives thereof, suitable for use in the manufacture of dyes and explosives, whether obtained from coal tar or other sources, and mixtures and preparations containing such products or derivatives; (26-7-16).
 Coat and hat hangers, see Castings.
 (B) Cobalt, cobalt ore, and alloys of cobalt.
 (A) Cobalt nitrate.
 (B) Cobalt, oxides and salts of (except cobalt nitrate), and mixtures containing such oxides or salts of cobalt.
 (A) Cobaltchrom and similar alloys; (12-4-18).
 (A) Coca leaves and their preparations; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
 (A) Cocaine and its salts and preparations; (17-11-16).
 Coconut cake, see Cakes and Meals.
 (A) Cocoa, raw, and manufactures thereof; (19-2-17).
 (A) Cocoa husks; (12-2-17).
 (A) Cocoa shells; (19-2-17).
 Cocoons, see Silk.
 (A) Coffee; (19-2-17).
 (A) Coffee essence, including coffee essence containing Chicory; (27-11-17).
 (B) Coir yarn; (1-5-17).
 (A) Coke and manufactured fuel; (18-12-17).
 (B) Colchicum and its preparations.
 Collar check, see Wool.
 (A) Collodion.
 (A) Colocynth; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
 Comb pins, see Steel.
 Combs, see Curry.
 Combings, see Malt.
 (A) Compasses for ships, and component parts thereof; (30-3-17).
 (A) Compasses (other than ships' compasses), and their component parts; (2-7-18).
 Compound cakes and meals, see Cakes and Meals.
 Condenser tubes, see Shipbuilding materials.
 (A) Condiments (except table salt) not otherwise specifically prohibited; (1-5-17) (2-7-18).
 Conduit fittings, see Castings.
 (A) Confectionery manufactured wholly or partly of sugar; (12-3-17).
 (A) **Copper**, whether refined or unrefined, unwrought, wrought, or partly wrought of all kinds and descriptions, including brass, bronze, yellow metal, and all other alloys of copper; (23-2-17).

- (A) Copper acetate.
- (B) Copper iodide.
- (A) Copper manufactures, the following:—(23-2-17).

All articles wholly or partly manufactured of copper or its alloys except articles partly manufactured of copper or its alloys in which the total weight of copper and copper alloy does not exceed 5 per cent. of the total weight of the article, and does not exceed 56 lbs.

- (A) Copper nitrate.
- (A) Copper ore; regulus, matte, concentrate and precipitate; (27-2-17).
- (A) Copper stamps for stamping woven piece-goods; (28-6-16).
- (B) Copper, suboxide of, and mixtures containing suboxide of copper.
- (A) Copper sulphate; (12-4-18).
- (A) Coppers and their component parts (14-5-18).

Cordage and Twine, see binder twine; Flax; Hemp manufactures; Jute cordage.

Cordite presses, see Implements, etc.

- (A) Cork and cork dust, and articles manufactured therefrom, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (22-1-18) (14-5-18).
- (B) Corks, crown; (14-5-18).
- (A) Cornflour.
- (A) Corn grits.
- Corn offals, see Offals.
- Corundum, see Emery.
- Corrugated sheets, see Galvanised sheets.

Cotton, manufactures of, the following:—

- (A) Typewriter cloth and fine cotton cambrics, in the grey, from 40 to 50 inches wide and weighing from 1½ ounces to 4 ounces per square yard; (11-6-18).

Cotton belting, see Belting.

- (A) Cotton canvas, duck, or sailcloth, weighing more than 25 ounces per square yard; (14-5-18).
- (A) Cotton pulp.
- (A) Cotton rags and rags containing cotton.
- (A) Cotton, raw; (12-3-17).
- (A) Cotton yarn, made from or containing Sea Island cotton, whether grown in the United States of America or the West Indies; (1-5-17) (14-5-18).

Cotton seed cake, and cotton seed meal, see Cakes and Meal.

- (A) Cotton shoddy.
- Cotton ties, see American.
- (A) Cotton wadding, and articles containing cotton wadding.
- (A) Cotton waste, and articles containing cotton waste.
- (A) Cotton wool, and articles containing cotton wool.
- Craft, see Boats.
- Cramps, see Tools.
- Cream of Tartar, see Tartaric Acid.

- (A) Creosote and creosote oils except wood tar oil (for which see Oils) and mixtures and preparations containing such creosote or creosote oils; (26-7-16) (2-2-17).
- (A) Cresol compounds and preparations of cresol and nitro-cresol; (18-10-17).
- Crowbars, see Tools.
- (B) Crucibles (plumbago).
- (A) Crysolite; (15-8-16).
- Crystolon, see Emery.
- (A) Cubebs; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- Culms, see Malt.
- (A) Culvers root (15-10-18).
- (A) Curry combs; (15-8-16).
- (A) Cutch, and extracts thereof; (28-8-17).
- Cutters, see Boots and Shoes, materials for; Tools, small; Wire, barbed.
- (A) Cyanamide.
- Cycle fittings, see Bicycles.
- Cycles, see Bicycles, Motor Vehicles.
- (A) Cylinders, metal, capable of use for the storage of gases or liquids under pressure; (14-8-17).

D

Dairy utensils, see Tinplate.

- (A) Damiana (12-4-18).
- (A) Dari.
- Deadeyes, see Ships' rigging.
- (A) Deer skins (15-10-18).
- Delta metal, see Copper.
- (A) Dental instruments, appliances and materials (including dental chairs, artificial teeth and dental fillings manufactured mainly from gold; (15-10-18).
- (A) Dextrine and all articles and mixtures and preparations containing dextrine; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
- Dhol, see Gram.
- (A) Diamonds suitable for industrial purposes.
- (A) Diatomite or infusorial earth; (2-7-18).
- Dies for cartridge cases, see Implements, etc.
- (A) Diethylbarbituric acid (veronal) and veronal sodium.
- Diesel engines, see Shipbuilding material.
- (A) Dimethylaniline.
- Distillers' grains, see Grains, etc.
- (B) Docks, floating, and their component parts.
- Domestic utensils, see Hollow-ware; Tinplate.
- Drawings, see Maps.
- (B) Draw plates, jewelled for drawing wire; (8-1-15).
- Drilling posts, see Tools.
- Drivers, see Boots and Shoes, material for.
- (A) Drums, iron or steel, other than such drums as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of

such goods ; (14-5-18).

Duck, cotton, see Cotton.

- (A) Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products, and articles containing such dyes and dyestuffs.

E

Earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.

- (A) Eggs in shells

- (A) Egg Powder ; (1-5-17).

- (A) Egg, yolk and liquid ; (8-9-16) (19-2-17).

Electrical insulating materials, see Insulating.

- (B) Electric lamps (except carbon filament lamps, are lamps for street lighting and pocket electric lamps and their component parts ; (7-6-16) (12-12-16).

Electric lamp filaments, see Tungsten.

- (A) Electrodes, carbon, for electric furnaces.

- (A) Emery and corundum and manufactures thereof, carborundum, alundum, crystolon, and all other artificial abrasives and manufactures thereof ; (7-6-16) (17-11-16) (11-6-18).

- (A) Emetin and its salts.

Enamel, gold, see Gold.

Engines, internal combustion, see Ship-building material.

Engines, see Aeroplane ; Railway carriages.

- (B) Equipment, military, not otherwise prohibited ; (14-8-17).

Equipment web, see Web.

- (A) Ergot of rye, and the liquid extract of ergot ; (10-5-17) (12-4-18) (15-10-18).

- (A) Esparto grass.

- (A) Ether, acetic.

- (A) Ether, formic.

- (A) Ether, sulphuric.

Ethylic, alcohol, see Alcohol.

- (A) Eucaine hydrochloride, eucaine (benzamine) lactate, and their preparations.

- (A) Explosives.

Eyelets, see Boots and Shoes, material for.

Eyeplates, see Ships' rigging.

F

Faller pins, see Steel.

- (A) Farina ; (19-2-17).

Farming implements, see Machinery, agricultural.

- (A) Fats, all animal and vegetable, and articles and mixtures containing such fats, not otherwise specifically prohibited ; (19-2-17) (27-11-17).

- (A) Fatty acids, and articles and mixtures containing fatty acids, not otherwise specifically prohibited ; (27-11-17).

- (B) Felt made wholly or partly of wool or hair (except roofing felt and saddle felt, which see) ; (8-3-18).

- (A) Felt, roofing (26-2-18).

Felt, saddle, see Wool.

Fenugreek seed, see Seeds.

Ferberite, see Tungsten Ores.

Ferro-alloys, the following :—

- (B) Ferro-cerium.

- (B) Ferro-chrome.

- (A) Ferro-manganese ; (22-6-17).

- (A) Ferro-molybdenum.

- (B) Ferro-titanium.

- (B) Ferro-vanadium.

- (B) Silicon spiegel ; (15-8-16).

- () Spiegeleisen.

- (A) Ferro-silicon.

Fibre, Manuoy, see Hemp.

- (A) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited ; (15-8-16) (19-12-16) (1-5-17) (28-8-17) (8-2-18).

Fibre, vulcanised, see Insulating materials.

- (A) Field glasses, and their component parts ; (2-7-18).

Filaments for Electric Lamps, see Tungsten.

Files, see Shoemakers' tools ; Tools, small ; Handles.

Fillings, dental, see Dental.

Films, see Cinematograph, Photographic.

Finings, see Glue.

- (A) Firearms and their component parts, and tools, appurtenances and accessories for use in connection therewith ; (8-2-18).

- (A) Fireclay, and articles wholly manufactured of fireclay including firebricks ; (28-6-16) (18-12-17) (26-2-18).

- (A) Fish.

Fish bladders, see Gluestock.

- (B) Fish bones ; (12-12-16).

Fish glue, see Glue.

- (A) Fish hooks ; (18-10-17).

Fish oil, see Oils.

Fish skins, see Gluestock, &c.

- (A) Fishing gear, including fish hooks, but not including other tackle for fishing by rod and line ; (15-10-18).

Fishmeal and concentrated fish, see Cakes and Meal.

Fittings, harness, see Harness.

Fittings, metal, see Castings.

- (A) Flax and linen, all goods wholly or partly manufactured of, except made up articles of wearing apparel ; (29-9-16) (28-8-17) (27-11-17) (18-12-17) (8-2-18).

- (A) Flax cordage and twine ; (18-12-17).

- (A) Flax, raw.

- (A) Flax shakings.

- (A) Flax tow.

- (A) Flax waste.

Fleshes, see Pickled Grains.

Flour, see Banana ; Bean ; Corn ; Lentil ; Malt ; Maize ; Pea ; Potato ; Rice ; Rye ; Sago ; Tapioca ; Wheat.

Flyers, See Steel.

Foods prepared from cereals, see Cereals.

Forage and food which may be used for animals, see specific headings as *e.g.*, Beans ; Cakes ; Hay, Oats, &c.

- (A) Forage, green.
- (A) Forges, portable.
Forks, see Tools ; see also Handles.
- (A) Formic acid ; (27-11-17).
- (A) Formic aldehyde ; (12-4-18).
Formic ether, see Ether.
- Fountains, see Hollow-ware.
- (A) Fruit and fruit preserves ; (29-9-16).
(15-1-17) (19-2-17).
- (A) Fuel economisers constructed of cast-iron pipes, used as auxiliary heating apparatus in connection with land or marine steam boilers ; (12-12-16).
- Fuel, manufactured, see Coke.
- Fuel oil, see Oil.
- Furniture fittings, see Castings.
- (A) Fusel oil (amyl alcohol).
- (A) Fuses.
- (A) Fustic (chips and extracts) ; (22-1-18).

G

- (A) Gall nuts and extracts thereof ; (28-8-17).
- (A) Galvanised sheets, corrugated or flat ; (26-7-16) (10-5-17).
Galvanised wire, see Wire.
- (A) Gambier and extracts thereof ; (28-8-17).
- (A) Game.
- Gas carbon, see Carbon.
- Gas Mantles, see Incandescent, Mantles, Ramie.
- Gas masks, see Respirators.
- Gasmeters, see Tinline.
- Gauges for cartridges and shells, see Implements, etc.
- Gelatine, see Glue.
- (A) Gelsemium root ; (12-4-18).
- (A) Gentian root ; (10-5-17) (11-6-18).
- Gilding solution, see Gold.
- Gill pins, see Steel.
- Gimlets, see Tools, also Handles.
- (A) Ginger, crystallised or preserved ; (2-2-17) (10-5-17).
- (A) Glass for optical instruments.
- Glasses, Field, see Field.
- (B) Gloves made wholly or partly of leather, not otherwise specifically prohibited ; (8-9-16) (23-10-16) (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
- (A) Gloves, men's, made wholly or partly of leather ; (12-4-18).
- (A) Glucose, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing glucose ; (19-2-17) (10-5-17).
- (A) Glue, caseine, and concentrated size (and other sizes and sizings made from glue), fishglue, isinglass, linings and other kinds of gelatine ; (12-12-16) (22-6-17).
(22-1-18).
- (A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts, not otherwise specifically

prohibited, fish bladders, and fish skins ; (12-12-16) (1-5-17) (14-5-18).

- Gluten meal, or gluten feed, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Glycerine, and preparations containing glycerine not otherwise specifically prohibited.
- Goa powder, see Araroba.
- (A) Goat skins ; (18-10-17).
- (A) Goldbeater's skin
- Gold fillings, dental, see Dental.
- (A) Gold leaf, (15-10-18).
- (A) Gold, liquid, including gold paint, gold enamel, gilding solution and all other pigments containing gold ; (12-4-18).
- Gouges, see Tools, also Handles.
- (A) Grains, Brewers' and Distillers ; (12-12-16).
- Grains, Pickled, see Pickled.
- (A) Gramophone and other sound records, including perforated music rolls ; (10-5-17).
- (A) Gram or dhol ; (12-12-16).
- (B) Graphite, and mixtures containing graphite.
- (A) Grass, esparto.
- Grass seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Grates and registers for heating purposes, and their component parts ; (6-8-18).
- (A) Green forage ; (12-12-16).
- (A) Green oil, and mixtures and preparations containing green oil ; (26-7-16) (2-2-17).
- (A) Grenades and component parts thereof ; (10-5-17).
- (A) Grindelia ; (12-4-18).
- Grindery, see Boots and Shoes, Material for.
- (A) Grindstones ; (8-9-16).
- Ground nut, or earth nut cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- Groovers, see Boots and Shoes, Material for.
- (B) Guaiacol and guaiacol carbonate.
- (A) Guanos ; (2-2-17).
- (B) Gums containing caoutchouc.
- (A) Gums not otherwise specifically prohibited ; (1-5-17) (12-4-18).
- Guns, see Cannon, Firearms, Machine.
- Gun-metal, see Copper.
- Gutta-percha, see Rubber.
- (A) Guts ; (19-2-17) See also Silkworm.
- (A) Gutting, cast-iron, and cast-iron gutter fittings and connections ; (2-7-18).

H

- Hackle pins, see Steel.
- Hacksaws and their component parts ; see Tools.
- (A) Hair, animal, and tops, noils, mixtures, waste, and yarns thereof ; (8-9-16) (18-10-17).
- (B) Hair, human, and tops, noils, mixtures, waste, and yarns thereof ; (10-5-17) (14-8-17).

- (B) Hair, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations; (18-3-18).
Hair, see Belting; Blankets; Carpets; Felt; Rugs.
- (B) Hammers, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-3-17) (27-11-17); see also Tools, also Handles.
- (A) Handles and helms for grubbers, pickaxes, spades, and shovels; (12-3-17).
- (A) Handles for adzes, awls, axes, chisels, files, forks (agricultural, stone, roadmaking, and coke), gimlets, gouges, hammers (hand), hoes, hooks (brushing and reaping), jakes, roadscrapers, screwdrivers (or turn-screws) and scythes; (27-11-17) (14-5-18) (15-10-18).
- (A) Harness and metal fittings therefor, see also leather.
Harness and saddlery, materials and tools used in the manufacture of, the following (18-12-17):—
(A) Harness and saddlery making machines and their component parts;
(A) Harness and saddlery tools, hand and machine;
(A) Needles for harness and saddlery making machines.
- Haricots, see Beans.
- (A) Hatchets; (10-5-17) (14-5-18).
- Hat hangers, see Castings.
- Hawfers, see Steel.
- (A) Hay.
- (A) Heliographs and their component parts (2-7-18).
- Hemp and hemp manufactures**, the following:—
(A) Hemp ropes, old.
(A) Hemp waste.
(A) Hemp of all kinds (including Indian hemp used in textile manufacture), Managua fibre and manufactures thereof, except Tagal braid; (8-3-18).
See also Indian Hemp.
- Hempseed cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (B) Henbane and its preparations; (10-5-17).
- (A) Hexamethylene tetramin (urotropine) and its compounds and preparations; (11-6-18).
- (A) Hides of cattle, buffaloes, and horses.
- (A) Hides and pelts, clippings of; (12-12-18) (14-5-18).
Hides and pelts untanned, see Gluestock, &c.
- Hides, manufactures of, the following:—
(A) Pickers and drop box pickers; (14-8-17) (8-3-18).
(B) Pinions, centres and other goods manufactured from hide, suitable for textile machinery, not otherwise specifically prohibited; (14-8-17) (8-3-18).
- Hinges, see Castings.
- Hods, see Hollow-ware.
- Hoe handles, see Handles.
- (A) Hollow-ware, wrought, made wholly or partly from iron and steel sheet or plate, the following (2-7-18):—
Bottles, empty, braziers, cans, measures, scoops, pails, pans, riddles, skips, troughs and trunks;
Cisterns and tanks;
Domestic utensils;
Fountains;
Hods;
Hoppers, seed.
- (A) Hominy.
- (A) Honey and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing honey; (25-5-16) (19-2-17).
- Hoofs, animal, see Gluestock.
- Hooks, see Boots and Shoes, material for; Fish; Handles.
- Hoppers, seed, see Hollow-ware.
- (A) Horns, animal, and articles manufactured therefrom in which the total weight of horn exceeds 50 per cent. of the total weight of the article; (2-7-18).
- Horse clippers, see Castings.
- Horsehides, see Hides.
- Horse rugs, see Rugs.
- (B) Horse, mule, and pony shoes; (23-2-17).
- Hosiery needles, see Needles.
- Hübnerite, see Tungsten Ores.
- Husk meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (B) Huts, wooden.
- (A) Hydrastis canadensis and hydrastine; (22-6-17) (22-1-18) (12-4-18).
- (A) Hydrobromic acid; (11-6-18).
- (B) Hydrochloric acid.
- (A) Hydrocyanic (prussic) acid and solutions thereof; (22-6-17).
- (B) Hydrogen peroxide; (30-3-17).
- (A) Hydrometers made of glass (15-10-18).
- (A) Hydroquinone, and mixtures containing hydroquinone.

I

- (A) **Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea**, the following:—
Cordite presses;
Dies for cartridge cases;
Gauges for cartridges or shells;
Incorporators;
Lapping machines;
Rifling machines;
Wire-winding machines.
Implements for cutting or fixing barbed wire, see Wire.
- (A) Incandescent gas mantle rings; (18-12-17).
- Incandescent mantles, see Mantles; Ramie.
- Incorporators, see Implements.

- Plates, see Copper ; Drawplates ; Iron, Photographic ; Steel ; Tin Plates.
- (A) Platinum, alloys of platinum, and manufactures containing platinum.
- (A) Platinum, salts of.
- (H) Plumbago, see also Crucibles.
- (A) Plywood ; (1-5-17).
- (A) Podophyllum rhizome ; (12-4-18) (14-5-18).
- Pollard, see Offals of Corn.
- Ponyshoes, see Horse.
- Poonac cake, see Cakes and Meals.
- Poppy seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Potash, caustic, and articles containing caustic potash.
- (A) Potash, muriate, nitrate (saltpetre), sulphate, and crude manurial potash salts, and mixtures containing any of these substances ; (19-2-17).
- (B) Potash salts, and mixtures containing such potash salts, not otherwise prohibited ; (19-2-17).
- (A) Potassium bicarbonate and mixtures containing potassium bicarbonate (13-7-17).
- (A) Potassium carbonate and mixtures containing potassium carbonate ; (22-6-17).
- (A) Potassium chlorate, and mixtures containing potassium chlorate.
- (A) Potassium cyanide, and mixtures containing potassium cyanide.
- (A) Potassium perchlorate.
- (A) Potassium permanganate.
- (A) Potassium prussiates and mixtures containing potassium prussiates ; (12-3-17).
- (A) Potatoes ; (7-6-16).
- (A) Potato flour ; (7-6-16) (19-2-17).
- Pots, see Tinplate.
- (A) Poultry ; (4-7-16) (29-9-16) (19-2-17).
- (A) Prepared foods wholly or partially derived from cereals.
- Preserves, see Fruit.
- Prints, see Maps.
- Proflavine, see Acrillavine.
- (A) Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
- Prussic acid, see Hydrocyanic.
- Pulp, see Cotton ; Tomato ; Wood.
- (A) Pulp-board waste.
- Pump leather, see Leather.
- (A) Pyridine.
- Pyrites, see Iron.
- (A) Pyrogallio acid, and mixtures containing pyrogallio acid.

Q

- (A) Quassia wood ; (11-6-18).
- (A) Quercitron bark and extracts thereof ; (30-3-17) (10-5-17) (28-8-17).
- Quinine, see Cinchona.

R

- (A) Radiators manufactured of cast iron pipes ; (2-7-18).
- (A) Radium and its compound ; (27-11-17).
- (A) Raffia ; (12-8-17).
- Rags, see Cotton ; Jute ; Linen ; Wool.

Railbenders (or Jimcrows), see Tools, small.

(A) **Railway material of iron or steel ;**

(1-5-17) the following :—

- Rails.
- Sleepers.
- Springs.
- Wheels, axles and tyres.
- Other railway constructional material.
- (A) Railway carriages, locomotives and wagons and their component parts.
- Rakes, handles for, see Handles.
- (B) Ramie stockings and ramie fabrics suitable for the manufacture of gas mantles.
- (A) Range finders and their component parts.
- (A) Ranges, cooking, and their component parts ; (14-5-18).
- Ranges, piping for, see Piping.
- Rapeseed, or colza seed cake, and meal, see Cakes.
- (A) Rattan, woven ; (28-6-16) (14-5-18).
- (A) Rattans ; (30-3-17).
- Reamers, see Tools, small.
- Receptacles, empty, see Tinplate.
- Records, see Gramophones.
- Registers, see Grates.
- (A) Rennet powder, rennet extract, and other preparations of rennet ; (4-7-16).
- (A) Resins, resinous gums and resinous substances except such as contain caoutchouc; and articles containing them ; (4-7-16) (1-5-17) (12-4-18).
- (B) Resinous substances containing caoutchouc.
- (A) Respirators and self-contained breathing sets intended to afford protection to the wearer against toxic atmospheres ; (22-1-18).
- (A) Revolution indicators suitable for aircraft.
- (A) Rhatany root ; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).
- (B) Rhodium and its alloys and manufactures containing rhodium ; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) (27-11-17).
- (B) Rhodium compounds ; (27-11-17).
- (A) Rhubarb (medicinal) ; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
- Rice meal (or bran) and dust, see Offals of Corn.
- (A) Rice and rice flour, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing rice or rice flour.
- Riddles, see Hollow-ware.
- Rifles, see Firearms.
- Rifling machines, see Implements.
- (A) Rivets, iron or steel ; (13-7-17).
- Road scrapers, see Tools.
- Roller bearings, see Bearings.
- Roofing felt, see Felt.
- Ropes, see Hemp.
- Rouble notes, see Notes.
- (B) Rubber (raw, waste, and reclaimed), solutions containing rubber, jellies containing rubber, and any other preparations containing rubber, and also balata, gutta-percha, and

the following varieties of rubber, viz.:—Borneo, Guayule, Jelutong, Palembang, Pontianac, and all other substances containing caoutchouc; (20-11-14).

- (B) Rubber, gutta-percha or balata, goods made wholly or partly of not otherwise specifically prohibited; (29-9-16) (23-10-16) (19-2-17) (14-5-18), see also Tyres.
- (B) Rubies, natural or synthetic; (2-2-17).
- (B) Rugs, manufactured wholly or partly of wool or hair; (8-3-18), see also Carpets.
- (B) Rugs, horse Russian rouble notes, see Notes.
- (B) Ruthenium and its alloys and manufactures containing ruthenium; (12-12-16) (22-6-17) 27-11-17).
- (B) Ruthenium compounds; (27-11-17).
- (A) Rye, rye flour and meal.

S

- (A) Saccharin, and articles, mixtures and preparations containing saccharin; (26-8-17).
- (B) Sacks, coal. Sacks, other sorts, see Bags.
- (A) Sackings, old. Saddle felt, see Wool. Saddle serge, see Wool.
- (A) Saddlery, and metal fittings therefor, see also Leather. Saddlery, materials and tools used in the manufacture of, see Harness.
- (A) Sago and sago flour and meal. Sailcloth, cotton, see Cotton.
- (B) Salicylic acid and its preparations; (10-5-17).
- (B) Salipyrine; (10-5-17).
- (B) Salol and its preparations; (10-5-17).
- (A) Salt (5-10-18). Saltpetre, see Potash, Muriate, &c.
- (A) Salvarsan.
- (B) Sandalwood for medicinal purposes; (18-10-17). Sandalwood oil, see Oils.
- (A) Santonin and its preparations; (10-5-17) (12-4-17).
- (B) Sapphires, natural or synthetic; (2-2-17). Sassafras, oil of, see Oils.
- (A) Sassafras root; (12-1-18).
- (A) Sausages; (2-2-17).
- (A) Sausage skins; (19-2-17). Saws, see Tools, small.
- (A) Scammony root; (12-4-18). Screenings, see Offals of Corn. Scheelite, see Tungsten Ores. Scoops, see Hollow-ware. Scrap, see Iron; Steel; Tin. Scythe handles, see Handles. Screwdrivers, see Tools, also Handles. Screwing tackle, see Tools, small. Screws, rigging, see Ships' rigging.
- (A) Sealskins, fur and hair; (12-3-17) (8-2-18).
- (B) Searchlights, and their component parts; (1-5-17). Searchlight carbons, see Carbons.

Seeds; (12-12-16) (12-3-17), the following:—

- (A) Ajowan; (11-6-18).
 - (A) Beet; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Broccoli; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Brussels sprouts; (11-8-17).
 - (A) Cabbage; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Carrot.
 - (A) Cauliflower.
 - (A) Celery; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Chicory; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Clover (14-8-17).
 - (A) Fenugreek; (22-6-17) (2-7-18).
 - (A) Grass (14-8-17).
 - (A) Kale; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Kohl rabi.
 - (A) Leek; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Lettuce; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Lupin; (12-12-16).
 - (A) Mangold.
 - (A) Mustard; (23-2-17).
 - (A) Onion.
 - (A) Parsnip.
 - (A) Shallot; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Spinach; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Strophanthus; (12-1-18).
 - (A) Swede.
 - (A) Tomato; (14-8-17).
 - (A) Turnip.
 - (A) Vetch or taro (15-10-18).
- Seeds, oleaginous, see Oleaginous.
- (B) Selenium.
 - (A) Semolina.
 - (A) Senega root; (30-3-17) (12-4-18).
 - (A) Senna leaves and pods; (12-4-18).
 - (A) Serpentry rhizome; (12-4-18).
- Sesame seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- Shackles, see Ships' rigging.
- Shale, see Oil, Fuel.
- Shallot seed, see Seeds.
- Sharps, see Offals of Corn.
- Shaves, see Tools, small.
- Shears and snips, see Tools, small.
- (A) Sheepskins, haired or woolled and pelts; (23-10-16) (18-10-17).
- Sheets,** see Galvanised; Iron; Lead coated; Mica; Steel.
- Shipbuilding Materials;** (15-1-17) (30-3-17) the following:—
- (A) Condenser tubes.
 - (A) Engines for use on board ships (including Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion) and component parts of such engines.
 - (A) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships.
 - (A) Machinery for steam ships and component parts thereof; (10-5-17).
 - (A) Sectional materials for shipbuilding; (26-7-16).
 - (A) Ships' auxiliary machinery.
 - (A) Ships' telegraphs and component parts thereof.

(A) Steering gear and component parts thereof.

(A) Winches.

(A) Windlasses.

See also Fuel Economisers.

Ships' Rigging; (27-11-17)

Fittings for the following:—

(A) Belaying pins.

(A) Blocks, wood and iron rigging.

(A) Bolts.

(A) Chains, rigging.

(A) Cleats.

(A) Deadeyes.

(A) Eyeplates.

(A) Screws, rigging, set or stretching.

(A) Shackles.

(A) Thimbles.

Ships' compasses, see Compasses.

Shoddy, see Cotton; Wool.

Shoemakers' tools and materials, see Boots.

Shoes, see Boots; Horse.

(A) Shovels; (13-7-17).

(A) Shuttles and their component parts; (22-6-17).

(A) Siennas and mixtures containing siennas (2-7-18) (15-10-18).

(n) Signalling lamps and their component parts.

Signalling apparatus, see Submarine.

(A) Silica bricks.

(A) Silicon manganese; (10-5-17).

(n) Silicon-speigel; (15-8-16).

Silk and Silk Manufactures; (23-10-16) (15-1-17) the following:—

(A) Cocoons.

(A) Raw silk and all threads, yarns and twists thereof; (15-1-17).

(A) All threads, yarns and twists of Tussah silk and of artificial silk.

(A) Silk waste of all kinds (including artificial silk waste) and all threads, yarns and twists thereof, including noils and noil yarns.

(n) Tissues and fabrics of silk of all kinds (including artificial silk) whether pure or mixed with other yarns or materials in the grey, or discharged, undyed, dyed or printed, unweighted or weighted, with the exception of velvets, plushes, laces, mourning crêpe, trimmings, braids, ribbons, not exceeding 6 inches in width, furnishing fabrics (embroidered or brocaded), fabrics containing any kind of metal thread, and all made-up articles, not otherwise prohibited; (15-1-17) (22-6-17) (14-8-17) (8-2-18).

(A) Silkworm gut (surgical); (12-4-18).

(A) Silver bullion, specie and coin and articles wholly or mainly manufactured of silver; (12-4-18).

(A) Sisal strings, old.

(A) Sisal waste.

(n) Size and sizings of all kinds (whether nitrogenous or not), not including articles, the exportation of which is prohibited to all destinations under the prohibition attached to farinaceous substances, dextrine, concentrated size and other size and sizings made from glue (which see); (22-1-18).

Skins, see Baudruche; Calf; Deer; Gluestock (Fish); Goat; Goldbeater; Hides; Pig; Sausage; Seal; Sheep.

Skips, see Hollow-ware.

Slitting saws, see Tools.

Small tools, see Tools.

(A) Soap including soft soap; (26-2-18).

(A) Soda, caustic, and mixtures containing caustic soda; (8-2-18).

(n) Sodium.

(A) Sodium bicarbonate; (25-5-16) (6-8-18).

(A) Sodium carbonate in all forms, including sodium sesquicarbonate and mixtures containing any of these substances; (25-5-16) (22-1-18).

(A) Sodium cyanide, and mixtures containing sodium cyanide; (12-3-17).

(n) Sodium hyposulphite (thiosulphate) and mixtures containing sodium hyposulphite.

(n) Sodium peroxide; (22-6-17).

(A) Sodium prussiates and mixtures containing sodium prussiates; (12-3-17).

(n) Sodium salicylate and its preparations; (10-5-17).

(n) Sodium sulphide; (12-4-18).

Solder, see Copper, Lead.

Sound records, see Gramophone.

(A) Soups, compressed and desiccated; (19-2-17).

Soya bean cake and meal, see Cakes and Meals.

(A) Spaghetti.

Spanners, see Tools, small.

(A) Sparking plugs; (15-8-16).

(A) Spelter and spelter dross.

(A) Spent oxide.

(A) Spumaceti; (1-5-17).

(A) Spices and mixtures thereof not otherwise specifically prohibited; (12-12-16) (12-4-18) (2-7-18).

(n) Spiegeleisen.

Spinach seed, see Seeds.

Spirit, Motor, see Motor.

Spirit, Petroleum, see Petroleum.

(A) Spirits, methylated, and mixtures containing methylated spirits.

(A) Spirits of a strength of not less than 43 degrees above proof.

(A) Spirits, potable, of a strength less than 43 degrees above proof; (26-7-16) (22-1-18).

Spokeshaves, see Tools, small.

Spurs, see Castings.

Squares, see Tools, small.

(A) Squills; (27-11-17) (12-4-18).

Stamps, copper, used for stamping woven piece goods. See Copper,

- (A) Starch, articles containing starch and mixtures, and preparations of starch; (19-2-17).
- Steel**; (1-5-17) (10-5-17), the following:—
- (A) Angles, channels, joists, tees and other steel sectional material.
Balls, see Bearings.
- (A) Bars, including flats, rounds, and other sections or shapes; (1-5-17).
- (A) Billets.
Bins, see Bins.
- (A) Blooms.
Bolts, see Bolts.
- (A) Bridgework, pierwork, and structural material.
Buckets, see Buckets.
Castings, see Shipbuilding Material.
Channels, see Angles, etc., above.
Drums, see Drums.
- (A) Flats, see Bars above.
- (A) Flyers; (10-5-17).
- (A) Hawsers; (25-5-16).
Hollow-ware, see Hollow-ware.
- (A) Hoops; (8-9-16).
- (A) Ingots.
Joists, see Angles, etc., above.
Nails, see Nails.
Nuts, see Nuts.
Pierwork, see Bridgework, etc., above.
Piping, see Piping.
- (A) Plates and sheets; (29-9-16) (1-5-17).
Pins, see Textile, below.
Rails, see Railway Material.
Rivets, see Rivets.
Rounds, see Bars, etc., above.
- (A) Scrap.
Screws, see Wood screws.
Sectional material, see Angles, etc., above.
Sections, see Bars, etc., above.
Sheets, see Plates, etc., above.
- (A) Sheet bars.
- (A) Slabs.
Sleepers, see Railway Material.
Springs, see Railway Material.
- (A) Stampings suitable for aircraft.
Structural material, see Bridge-work, above.
Tees, see Angles, etc., above.
- (A) Textile pins of all kinds, including card pins, comb pins, faller pins, gill pins, and hackle pins.
- (A) Travellers.
- (A) Tubes.
Tubs, see Tubs.
Wire and wire rods, see wire.
- (A) Wire rope; (25-5-16).
- (A) Steel, containing tungsten or molybdenum, and any tools or other articles made from such steel.
- (A) Steel and steel articles containing chrome, cobalt, nickel, or vanadium; (29-9-16) (1-5-17).
- (A) Stellite and similar alloys; (12-4-18).
- (A) Sticks, unmounted; (14-5-18).
- (A) Stoves, heating, capable of consuming coal, coke or other solid fuel, and their component parts; (14-5-18).
Stoves, piping for, see Piping.
Stove fittings, see Castings.
- (B) Stramonium leaves and seeds.
- (A) Straw.
Strawboard, see Paper.
- (A) Strawboard waste.
- (A) Strontium compounds, and mixtures containing strontium compounds; (19-12-16).
Strophanthus seeds; see Seeds.
- (B) Submarine sound signalling apparatus.
- (A) Sugar, cane and beet, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing sugar, cane or beet; (10-5-17); see also Confectionery; Malt Sugar; Milk Sugar; Invert Sugar.
- (A) Sulphonal.
- (A) Sulphur and preparations containing sulphur.
- (A) Sulphur, chlorides of.
- (A) Sulphur dioxide, liquefied.
- (A) Sulphuric acid and mixtures containing sulphuric acid; (26-7-16).
- (A) Sulphuric acid, fuming (oleum).
Sunflower seed cake, and meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Superphosphates.
Surat tares, see Jute Wrappers.
- (A) Surgical bandages and dressings; (12-4-18).
- (A) Surgical instruments; (14-5-18).
Swede seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Swords and their component parts.
- (B) Syringes, hypodermic.
- (A) Syrups which may be used as food for man; (19-2-17).

T

- (A) Tallow, and articles, mixtures, and preparations containing tallow; (19-2-17) (1-5-17) (22-6-17).
Tanks, see Hollow-ware.
- (A) Tannic acid; (15-10-18).
- (A) Tanning extracts, and substances for use in tanning; (23-10-16) (30-3-17) (14-8-17) (25-8-17).
- (A) Tantalum, alloys of tantalum, and ores containing tantalum.
Tape, Oiled, see Insulating Materials.
- (A) Tapers; (8-2-18).
- (A) Tapioca and tapioca flour.
- (A) Tar, coal.
- (A) Tar, vegetable; (6-8-18).
- (A) Tar, wood; (2-7-18).
Taro seed, see Seeds.
- (A) Tarpaulins.
- (A) Tartaric acid, cream of tartar, and alkaline tartrates; (5-12-14) (8-1-15) (12-4-18).
- (A) Tea, including tea waste, sweepings, dust and fluff, whether denatured or not; (28-6-16) (19-2-17) (2-7-18).
- (A) Telegraphs (including wireless) and telephones, and instruments and material for, including valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus; (15-1-17) (23-2-17) (28-8-17).
Telegraphs, ships, see Shipbuilding Materials.
- (A) Telescopes and their component parts; (2-7-18).

- (B) Tents and their component parts.
- (A) Terebene, and articles containing terebene; (27-11-17) (18-12-17).
Medicinal terebene only, for painters terebene, see Turpentine Substitute.
- (A) Terneplates and receptacles made from terneplates; (15-8-16).
Textile, machinery, articles for, see Hides.
Textile pins, see Steel
- (B) Theobromine sodium salicylate; (10-5-17).
- (A) Theodolites and their component parts; (2-7-18)
- (A) Thermometers; (17-11-16) (12-12-16).
Thimbles, see Ships' rigging.
- (A) Thorium and its alloys; (12-12-16).
- (B) Thorium, oxide and salts of; (10-5-17).
- (A) **Thread**, see Cotton; Flax; Jute; Silk.
Thread milling hobs, see Tools.
- (B) Thymol and its preparations; (10-5-17).
- (A) Tin and alloys of tin; (8-2-18).
- (B) Tin, manufactures of (not otherwise specifically prohibited); (10-5-17) (8-2-18) (12-4-18) (2-7-18).
- (A) Tin, chlorides of; (8-2-18)
- (B) Tin, compounds of except chlorides and oxide of tin; (8-2-18).
- (A) Tin ore; (8-2-18).
- (A) Tin, oxide of, and mixtures and preparations containing tin oxide; (7-12-16) (10-5-17) (8-2-18).
- (A) **Tin plates and receptacles** made wholly or partly made therefrom (not otherwise specifically prohibited), the following (15-8-16) (12-4-18) (2-7-18):—
Receptacles, empty;
Bottles, cins, measures, pots, pans, tins and bowls, empty;
Lamps;
Bakery, dairy and domestic utensils;
Gasmeters and component parts thereof.
- (A) Tin plate scrap, including scrapped and disused receptacles wholly or partly made of tin plate (11-6-18).
- (A) Titanium, titanium alloys, and titanium ores; (10-5-17).
- (A) Titanium compounds; (10-5-17).
- (A) Tobacco, unmanufactured and manufactured; (1-7-16) (18-7-17) (27-11-17).
- (A) Toluol and its compounds and preparations.
- (A) Tomato pulp; (19-2-17).
Tomato seed, see Seeds.
Tongs, see Tools.
Tools, agricultural and farm, see Machinery, also Handles.
Tools, etc., for firearms, see firearms.
Tools, etc., for the filling and repair of rifle and shot gun cartridges, see Cartridges.
Tools, harness and saddlery, see Harness.
Tools, shoemakers', see Boots and Shoes, Material for.

(A) **Tools**, small, the following:—

- Adzes; (27-11-17).
- Augers; (27-11-17).
- Bars; boring, jumping and pinching; (27-11-17).
- Boring cutters; (27-7-16).
- Braces and bits; (27-11-17).
- Chisels; (27-11-17).
- Choppers; (14-5-18).
- Chucks; (26-7-16).
- Cleavers; (14-5-18).
- Cramps; (27-11-17).
- Crowbars; (27-11-17).
- Drilling posts; (27-11-17).
- Files, other than shoemakers' seat files; (8-9-16).
- Forks, stone, roadmaking and coke; (27-11-17).
- Gimlets; (27-11-17).
- Gouges; (27-11-17).
- Hacksaws and their component parts; (22-6-17).
- Hammers (hand varieties); (27-11-17).
- Knives, carpenters', coopers', farriers', glaziers', and painters'; (27-11-17) (18-12-17).
- Lathe tools; (26-7-16).
- Levels, spirit; (27-11-17).
- Measuring tools; (26-7-16).
- Milling cutters; (26-7-16).
- Pincers; (27-11-17).
- Pipe cutters; (27-11-17).
- Planes, wood and iron; (27-11-17).
- Railbenders (or jimcrows); (27-11-17).
- Reamers; (26-7-16).
- Road-scrapers; (14-5-18).
- Saws, cross cut, frame and pit; (22-1-18).
- Saws, hand; (27-11-17).
- Screwdrivers (or turn screws); (27-11-17).
- Screwing tackle; (26-7-16).
- Shaves, coopers'; (27-11-17) (18-12-17).
- Shears and snips, tinman's; (27-11-17).
- Slitting saws; (26-7-16).
- Spanners, (27-11-17).
- Spokeshaves; (27-11-17).
- Squares, carpenters', fitters' and smiths'; (27-11-17).
- Thread milling hobs; (26-7-16).
- Tongs, farriers' (27-11-17).
- Twist drills; (26-7-16).
- Wedges, wood splitting; (14-5-18).
- Wrenches; (27-11-17).
- (B) Torpedoes and their component parts.
- (B) Torpedo nets.
- (B) Torpedo tubes.
Tramway fittings, see Castings.
Travellers, see Steel.
- (A) Trional
- (A) Trioxymethylene.
- (A) Triphenyl phosphate.
Troughs, see Hollow-ware.
Trunks, see Hollow-ware.
Tubes, see Boiler; Copper Manufactures; Iron; Shipbuilding Material; Steel; Torpedo; Umbrella.
- (A) Tubs, washing, iron or steel; (12-4-18).

- (A) Tungsten alloys; (22-6-17).
- (A) Tungsten (except tungsten filaments for electric lamps).
- (B) Tungsten filaments for electric lamps.
- (B) Tungsten ores (including ferberite, hubnerite, scheelite and wolframite); (19-12-16).
- (B) Tungsten, compounds; (10-5-17).
- (A) Turnbuckles suitable for aeroplanes.
- Turnip seed, see Seeds
- (A) Turpentine (oil and spirit), and articles containing turpentine; (18-12-17).
- (A) Turpentine substitute, and articles containing turpentine substitute; (22-6-17) (27-11-17) (18-12-17).
- Twine**, see Binder; Jute.
- Twist drills, see Tools, Small.
- Typewriter cloth, see Cotton Manufactures.
- (A) Typewriters and parts thereof; (13-7-17) (14-8-17) (27-11-17).
- (B) Tyres for motor vehicles and for cycles (whether attached to a vehicle or cycle or not), together with articles and materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres

U

- (A) Umbers and mixtures containing umbers; (2-7-18) (15-10-18).
- (A) Umbrella ribs, tube and tube frames.
- (A) Uniform clothing; (15-10-18).
- (A) Uranium, alloys of uranium and uranium ores; (12-3-17).
- (B) Urea and its compounds.
- Urotropin, see Hexamethylenc.

V

- (A) Valerian rhizome; (15-10-18).
- Valves for wireless telegraphic apparatus, see Telegraphs.
- (B) Valves, metal, of all descriptions; (14-8-17).
- (B) Vanadium.
- (B) Vanadium ore; (28-8-17).
- (A) Vanillin, vanilla and vanilla pods; (22-6-17) (28-8-17) (2-7-18).
- Vegetable fats, see Fats.
- Vegetable ivory, see Ivory.
- Vegetable oils, see Oils.
- (A) Vegetables of all kinds whether fresh, dried, preserved, canned or bottled; (29-9-16) (12-12-16).
- (15-1-17) (10-5-17).
- Venison, see Game.
- Veronal, see Diethylbarbiturio Acid.
- (A) Vessels; (18-12-17).
- (A) Vermicelli.
- Vetch or taro seeds, see Seeds.
- (A) Vices; (12-3-17) (27-11-17).
- (B) Vinegar containing not more than 6 per cent. of acetic acid; (28-6-16).
- (A) Vinegar essence and similar preparations containing more than 6 per cent. of acetic acid; (28-6-16).
- Vulcanized fibre, see Insulating Materials.

W

- Wadding, see Cotton.
- (B) Waggon, four-wheeled, capable of carrying one ton or over, and their component parts.
- Waggon, see Railway Carriages.
- (A) Waggon covers.
- Waste**, see Cotton; Flax; Hair; Hemp; Jute; Leather; Linen; Mica; Oil; Paper; Pulpboard; Rubber; Silk; Sisal; Strawboard; Wool.
- (B) Watches and watch movements; (18-10-17) (18-12-17).
- (A) Wax, carnauba; (13-7-17).
- (A) Wax, paraffin; (1-5-17).
- (B) Waxed paper.
- (B) Waxes, animal, mineral and vegetable not otherwise prohibited; (8-9-16) (1-5-17) (18-10-17).
- (A) Waxes, composite; (18-10-17).
- (B) Web equipment.
- Wedges, wood splitting, see tools.
- (A) Whalebone; (1-5-17).
- (A) Whalebone meal; (1-5-17).
- Whale cake, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Whale fins; (1-5-17).
- Whale meal, see Cakes and Meals.
- (A) Wheat, wheat flour and wheat meal and all articles, mixtures and preparations containing wheat, wheat flour, or wheat meal.
- Wheels, see Carts; Bicycles; Motor Vehicles; Railway Materials; Waggon.
- (A) Willows, and osiers; (22-1-18).
- Winches, see Shipbuilding material.
- Windlasses, see Shipbuilding material.
- (A) Wine; (19-12-16) (22-1-18).
- (A) Wire, barbed, and galvanised wire, and implements for cutting or fixing such wire; (28-6-16) (10-5-17).
- (A) Wire, card.
- (A) Wire, heald.
- Wire mattresses, see Mattresses.
- (A) Wire, reed.
- (A) Wire rods, and wire of iron or steel, and articles manufactured wholly of such wire rods or wire; (8-2-18).
- Wire-winding machines, see Implements.
- (B) Wires, insulated.
- (A) Witch hazel bark and leaves; (15-10-18).
- (B) Wolfenite
- Wolframite, see Tungsten ores.
- (A) **Wood and timber** of all kinds, hewn, sawn, or split, planed or dressed; (29-9-16) (15-1-17) (2-2-17) (12-3-17). See also Plywood.
- Wood packing cases, see Packing.
- (A) Wood pulp; (12-12-16).
- Wood-pulp-board, see Paper.
- (A) Wood screws, made of iron or steel; (29-9-16) (12-12-16) (18-10-17).
- Wood-tar, see Tar.
- Wood-tar oil, see Oils.
- Wooden pegs, see Pegs.

Spectacles.	Toys.
Sugar-refining machinery (subject to special conditions).	Trimnings, silk.
Surgical appliances other than appliances containing rubber.	Truffles, fresh or preserved.
Teeth, artificial (except such as contain platinum, iridium, or other rare metals).	Type-setting and type-casting machinery (excluding type metal).
Toilet preparations (excluding soap) not in tin or lead containers and not containing more than 1 per cent. of glycerine.	Typewriters and spare parts and accessories (except typewriter ribbons not out for use and except those over two inches wide).
Tooth-brushes.	Vanilla.
	Wall paper.
	Wines.

COMMERCE—WAR.

The 14th December 1918.

No. 654-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 2043, dated the 27th April 1918, as subsequently amended, *viz.* :—

Additions.

Deeks, S. J., Shanghai.
Hongkong Trading Company, Shanghai.
International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Company, Shanghai.
Societe Franco-Chinoise de Distillerie, Hankow.

Alteration.

Iah Leng Dispensary, Swatow

should read

Yah Leng Dispensary (late Iah Leng Dispensary), Swatow.

Removal.

Grilk, G. J., Shanghai.

No. 724-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), and in supersession of the Notification in this Department No. 7154, dated the 27th July 1918, as subsequently amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit the import and export of all goods, directly or indirectly, from and to Siam except such goods as are shipped by, or consigned to, the trading concerns in Siam named in the Schedule hereto attached :

Provided that nothing in this Notification shall be deemed to authorise the import or export of any article, the import or export of which is prohibited by or under any enactment.

SCHEDULE.

SIAM WHITE LIST.

His Majesty's Diplomatic, Consular, Military and Naval Officers.	Angullia, A., & Sons, Bangkok.
British Missionary Bodies and Missionary Bodies of Neutral and Allied Countries.	Apothecaries' Hall, Bangkok.
Abdoolally, H., Bangkok.	Arracan Company, Limited, Bangkok.
Abdoolcaim K. Saherwalla, Bangkok.	Asiatic Petroleum Company, Limited, Bangkok.
Adam, A. H. M., & Co., Bangkok.	Assumption Printing Press, Bangkok.
Adamji Alibhai Dorajiwalla, Bangkok.	Bahoojee, A. K., Bangkok.
Adamsen, Dr. (Seekak Dispensary), Bangkok.	Badman, H. A. & Co., Bangkok.
Ah Lee Koh (Yan Sec Tai Lee Kee), Nakon Lampang.	Bahadur, A. M., Bangkok.
Alibhai Chinwalla, Bangkok.	Bamrung Nukulkiy Printing Works (Luang Damrong Thamasarn), Bangkok.
American Presbyterian Mission Press, Bangkok.	Bangkok Dock Company, Limited, Bangkok.
Anglo-Siam Corporation, Ltd. (late Siam Forest Co., Ltd.), Bangkok.	Bangkok Manufacturing Company, Limited, Bangkok.
	Bangkok Times, Bangkok.
	Bangkok Travelling Agency, Bangkok.

Bangkok United Club, Bangkok.
 Bangnon Syndicate, Renong.
 Banque de l'Indo-Chine, Bangkok.
 Barrow, Brown & Co., Limited, Bangkok.
 Bèranger, Mulcolm (Maison Beranger), Bangkok.
 Berli, A., & Co., Limited, Bangkok.
 Bhandakayacara, Bangkok.
 Bombay-Burma Trading Corporation, Limited, Bangkok and Chiengmai.
 Boon Long, Bangkok.
 Boon Mee Dispensary, Bangkok.
 Bergersen, H. B., Bangkok.
 Borneo Company, Limited, Bangkok and Chiengmai.
 British-American Tobacco Company, Limited, Bangkok.
 British Club, Bangkok.
 British Dispensary, Bangkok.
 Brohma Yodhee, Mrs. Luang (Pradit Sookonta), Bangkok.
 Buan Hoa Seng & Co., Limited, Bangkok.
 Buan Soon Lee & Co., Bangkok.
 Budroodin, F. H., Bangkok.
 Capper, J. C. (The Ceylon & Australia Produce Stores), Bangkok.
 Cartwright, B. O., Bangkok.
 Ceylon & Australia Produce Stores (Capper, J. C.), Bangkok.
 Chapman, W. P., Bangkok.
 Charoen Krung Dispensary, Bangkok.
 Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Bangkok and Puket.
 Cheng Kiat, L., Bangkok.
 Chiengmai Mission Press, Chiengmai.
 Chinese Mercantile Dispensary, Bangkok.
 Chino-Siam Daily News, Bangkok.
 Chino-Siamese Trading Company, Bangkok.
 Chin Seng Huat, Bangkok.
 Chinwalla, Alibhai, Bangkok.
 Choo Kwang Lee, Bangkok.
 Chotirmall, K. A. J., & Co., Bangkok.
 Chung Choo Guan Ah Fook, Bangkok.
 City Dispensary, Bangkok.
 Comptoir Francais du Siam, Bangkok.
 Couper-Johnston, D., & Co., Bangkok.
 Damrong Thamasarn, Luang (Bamrung Nukulkiy Printing Works), Bangkok.
 Dastakeer & Co., Bangkok.
 Dawoodbhai, N., & Co., Bangkok.
 Deebook Dredging, Renong.
 Diana, A. & Co., Bangkok.
 Dickinson, John, & Co., Limited, Bangkok.
 Diethelm & Co., Limited, Bangkok.
 Dorajiwalla, A. A., Bangkok.
 Dunlop, John M., Bangkok.
 East Asiatic Company, Limited, Bangkok.
 Eastern Smelting Company, Limited, Puket.
 Edgar Brothers, Bangkok.
 Educational Supply Association, Bangkok.
 Esmailjee, A. T. (A. T. E. Maskati), Bangkok.
 Excelsior Ice Factory, Bangkok.
 Fook Loong & Co., Bangkok.
 Foran, J. H. (Langkat Oil Company), Senggora.
 Fraser & Neave, Limited, Bangkok.
 French Dispensary, Bangkok.
 Gian Singh Nandsing, Bangkok.
 Gilitwala, E. E., Bangkok.

Goh Yong Chua, Bangkok.
 Goriawalla, A. H. A., Bangkok.
 Goriawalla, F. A., Bangkok.
 Government Medical Depot, Bangkok.
 Gritters, Mrs., Bangkok.
 Groundwater, C. L. & Co., Bangkok.
 Gulamhusein Abdoolkader (Kader, G. A.), Bangkok.
 Guan Seng Soon (Nguan Seng Soon), Bangkok.
 Habibar, Rahman, Bangkok.
 Halim, B. A., & Co., Bangkok.
 Hansen, Dr. C. C. (Lotus Dispensary), Bangkok.
 Harp Heng Long, Bangkok.
 Harp Vour Long & Co., Bangkok.
 Harrison, Frank A., Puket and Pangnga.
 Hock Chuan & Co., Bangkok.
 Hoh Leng Dispensary, Bangkok.
 Hokek, H. de (Siam Packing Co.), Bangkok.
 Hong Ching, Bangkok.
 Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Bangkok.
 Hoosain, A. G., Bangkok.
 Hosain, E. A., Bangkok.
 Hotchand Vishandass & Co., Bangkok.
 Husain, A. M., Bangkok.
 Hussain, A., & Sons, Bangkok.
 Hussainally Wasce, A. K. & Co., Bangkok.
 Ikezaki, K., & Co., Bangkok.
 International Store, Bangkok.
 Jackson, Thomas Lee, Bangkok.
 Jewaji Raja and Sons (M. Moosbhoy) (M. Moosbhoy Raja), Bangkok.
 Johansen, P. & Co., Bangkok.
 Joo Hoa Lee, Bangkok.
 Kader, G. A. (Gulamhusein Abdool Kader), Bangkok.
 Kaj Cotermall & Co. (see Chotirmall, K. A. J., & Co.), Bangkok.
 Kasoojee, M. E., Bangkok.
 Katib, E. M., Bangkok.
 Katoo Deo Book, Renong.
 Katz Brothers, Limited, Bangkok.
 Kempton & Co., Bangkok.
 Kerr & Co., Bangkok.
 Kiam Hoa Heng & Co., Limited, Bangkok.
 Kiam Hoa Seng & Co., Bangkok.
 Kian Seng Store, Bangkok.
 King's College, Bangkok.
 Kluzer, G., & Co., Bangkok.
 Kwang, Ngee Hoa & Co., Bangkok.
 Ladha Singh Bhagwan Singh, Bangkok.
 Lakhwalli, E. A., & Co., Bangkok.
 Lakhwalla, M. A., & Co., Bangkok.
 Langkat Oil Co. (J. H. Foran), Senggora.
 Legations of Allied Powers.
 Legations of Neutral Powers.
 Leong Chin Hang, Bangkok.
 Leonowens, Louis T., Limited, Bangkok and Nakawn Lampang.
 Lert, Nai, Bangkok.
 Loh Buan Heng, Bangkok.
 Loh Kye Juay & Co., Bangkok.
 Lotus Dispensary (Dr. Hansen), Bangkok.
 Luang Brohma Yodhee, Mrs. (Pradit Sookonta), Bangkok.
 Luang Damrong Thamasarn (Bamrung Nukulkiy Printing Works), Bangkok.
 Luang Phipat Tanakorn, Bangkok.

- Magan S. Dave, Bangkok.
 Maire, A. J., Bangkok.
 Maison Beranger (Beranger, Malcolm), Bangkok.
 Malaya Tin Corporation, Renong.
 Malbary, H. A., Bangkok.
 Mama, Piroshaw F., Bangkok.
 Mansoor Sahib, S. S., Bangkok.
 Marican M. T. S., Bangkok.
 Marican, S. S., Bangkok.
 Maskati, A. T. E. (Esmailjee, A. T.), Bangkok.
 Maung Hpo Min, Nakawn Lampang.
 Maung Ngwe Zin & Sons, Lampang.
 Maw Jim, Bangkok.
 Maw Kim (City Dispensary), Bangkok.
 Maw Sooi Dispensary, Bangkok.
 McBeth, J. J., Bangkok.
 McFarland, Dr. G. B., Bangkok.
 Meklong Railway Company, Bangkok.
 Menam Motor-boat Company, Limited, Bangkok.
 Meng Hong, Bangkok.
 Michellis and Dimitrellis, Bangkok.
 Ministries and Departments of the Royal Siamese Government.
 Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Limited, Bangkok.
 Mizokami, M., Bangkok.
 Mogul, M. A., Bangkok.
 Moh Tuan, Bangkok.
 Mohammed Meah, D. S., & Co., Bangkok.
 Mohammed Ally Noorbhai, Bangkok.
 Monod, E. C., & Co., Bangkok.
 Moosaji, M., & Co., Bangkok.
 Moosbhoy, M. (Moosbhoy Raja) (Jewaji Raja & Sons), Bangkok.
 Motiwalla, A. & F., Bangkok.
 Motiwalla, E. J., & Co., Bangkok.
 Motiwalla, F. A., Bangkok.
 Nahas, A., Bangkok.
 Nai Lert, Bangkok.
 Nai Siu (Phu-adu Usamayon), Bangkok.
 Nakhoda Osmanbhai Amirbhai, Bangkok.
 Nana, A. E., & Co., Bangkok.
 Nestle and Anglo-Swiss Condensed Milk Company, Bangkok.
 Netherlands Trading Society.
 Nguan Seng Soon (Guan Seng Soon), Bangkok.
 Nooraddin Dawoodbhai, Bangkok.
 Noorbhai, Muhammed Ally, Bangkok.
 Oriental Bakery, Bangkok.
 Oriental Store, Bangkok.
 Paknam Railway Company, Bangkok.
 Pappayanopoulos, C., Bangkok.
 Peng Hak Chieng (Tia Peng Ngee), Bangkok.
 Pereira, E. M., & Co., Bangkok.
 Pharnisuphaphon Printing Office, Bangkok.
 Phasadu Usamayon (Nai Siu) Bangkok.
 Phya Sri Kridikara (Sri Kridikara Phya), Bangkok.
 Piroshaw, F., Mama, Bangkok.
 Pisal Banniti (Printer), Bangkok.
 Pollard, T. H., Bangkok.
 Pradit Seokonta, Mrs. (Luang Brohma Yodhee), Bangkok.
 Prince Royal's College, Chiangmai.
 Puket Dispensary, Puket.
 Ratanamala Company, Bangkok.
 Ratrut Basin Tin Dredging Company, Renong.
 Roohiram, J. R., Bangkok.
 Rongpim Nangsu Pim Thai Mai, Bangkok.
 Royal Bangkok Sports Club, Bangkok.
 Royal Siamese State Railways, Bangkok.
 Sae Thien & Co., Bangkok.
 Salehbbhai, A. R., & Co., Bangkok.
 Sampson, John, & Son, Bangkok.
 Samsen Power Station, Bangkok.
 Sarafally, G. A., Bangkok.
 See Kak Dispensary (Dr. Adamsen), Bangkok.
 Selley, N. (Wat Debsirindr School), Bangkok.
 Semprez & Co., Bangkok.
 Seng Hong & Co., Bangkok.
 Seow Hood Beng, Senggora.
 Siah Leng, A., Bangkok.
 Siah Leng Dispensary, Bangkok.
 Siam Cement Company, Limited, Bangkok.
 Siam Commercial Bank, Limited, Bangkok.
 Siam Drug Store, Bangkok.
 Siam Electricity Company, Limited, Bangkok.
 Siam Forest Company, Limited. (See Anglo-Siam Corporation, Ltd., Bangkok.)
 Siam Free Press Company, Limited, Bangkok.
 Siam Hides & Leather Co., Ltd., Bangkok.
 Siam Import Company, Limited, Bangkok.
 Siam Industries Syndicate, Bangkok.
 Siam Motor Works, Limited, Bangkok.
 Siam Observer Press, Limited, Bangkok.
 Siam Packing Co. (H. de Holec), Bangkok.
 Siam Perfumery Store (M. Towfique), Bangkok.
 Siam Produce Co. (The), Bangkok.
 Siam Stamp Company, Bangkok.
 Siam Trading Co. (The), Bangkok.
 Siamese State Railways.
 Siamese Tin Syndicate, Puket and Renong.
 Siamese Tobacco Company, Bangkok.
 Siamwalla, D. H. A., Bangkok.
 Siamwalla, F. A., Bangkok.
 Sin Sin Ha, Bangkok.
 Singer Sewing Machine Company, Bangkok.
 Siribhand Store, Bangkok.
 Siu Nai (Phasadu Usamayon), Bangkok.
 Smith Premier Typewriter Company, Bangkok.
 Société Anonyme Belge, Bangkok.
 Sophon Printing Office, Bangkok.
 Spicer Bros. (Colonial and Foreign), Ltd., Bangkok.
 Sri Kridikara, Phya (Phya Sri Kridikara), Bangkok.
 Sri Phranakarn, Bangkok.
 Sriracha Company, Limited, Bangkok.
 Standard Oil Company, Ltd., Bangkok.
 Staro, Mme. A., Bangkok.
 Steel Brothers & Co., Limited, Bangkok.
 Stephens, Paul & Co., Bangkok.
 Straits & China Textile Co., Ltd., Bangkok.
 Straits Trading Company, Ltd., Puket.
 Sutton, N., Bangkok.
 Swanson, J. H., Bangkok.

Swanson & Sehested, Bangkok.
 Swee Ho, H., Bangkok.
 Syme & Co., Bangkok.
 Tachin Railway Company, Bangkok.
 Tatner, F., Bangkok.
 Tay, K. C. (Dentist), Bangkok.
 Tayeb & Co., Bangkok.
 Tayebally, A. H., & Co., Bangkok.
 Thakur Singh Lahda Singh, Bangkok.
 Thonakitch Raza Phya, Bangkok.
 Tia Peng Ngee (Peng Huk Chieng), Bangkok.
 Tilleke, Dr. R. E. G., Bangkok.
 Tilleke & Gibbins, Bangkok.
 Tisseman, S., & Co., Bangkok.
 Tongkah Compound, Puket.
 Tongkah Harbour Tin Dredging Company, Puket.
 Towfique, M. (Siam Perfumery Store), Bangkok.
 Tung Who & Co., Bangkok.

Undertakers Supply Stores, Bangkok.
 Union Dispensary, Bangkok.
 United Engineers, Limited, Bangkok.
 Vacuum Oil Company, Bangkok.
 Viraj Chanthorn, Bangkok.
 Walker, Dr. C. C., Bangkok.
 Wall, Norman (Agent for C. Fabergé, Ltd., Petrograd), Bangkok.
 Wasee, A. K. H., & Co., Bangkok.
 Wasiamull Assomull & Co., Bangkok.
 Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Limited, Bangkok.
 Wing Yuen & Co., Bangkok.
 Yan See Tai Lee Kee (Ah Lee Koh), Nakon Lampang.
 Yamaguchi, G., & Co., Bangkok.
 Yee Saé, Bangkok.
 Yong Lee & Co., Bangkok.
 Yong Lee Seng & Co., Bangkok.
 Yong Mong Lee, Bangkok.
 Yong Nguan, Bangkok.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 14th December 1918.

No. 813-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended :—

Delete the following entries,—

- (A) Boots and shoes.
- (C) Cotton sewing thread.
- (A) Tents.
- (A) Woollen and worsted manufactures, other than carpets.

No. 894-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the notification in this Department No. 325-C. W. D., dated the 23rd December 1916.

CUSTOMS—ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 14th December 1918.

No. 672-D.—The services of Mr. F. C. Barclay, I.C.S., an Officiating Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Burma with effect from the 1st January 1919.

PATENTS AND DESIGNS.

The 14th December 1918.

No. 13442.—Mr. H. G. Graves, Controller of Patents and Designs, is granted privilege leave from the 2nd January 1919 till the 1st February 1919, inclusive.

2. Mr. H. A. F. Lindsay, I.C.S., Director General of Commercial Intelligence, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of the Controller of Patents and Designs, in addition to his own, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. G. Graves or until further orders.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 14th December 1918.

No. 13464.—Mr. J. M. Coode, Director, Telegraph Engineering, Northern Circle, is granted special privilege leave in advance for 10 days with effect from the 19th August 1918, the date on which he was due back from combined leave.

No. 13466.—Mr. O. W. P. Fermie, B.E., a passed student of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, is appointed as an Assistant Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering (Provincial Service), with effect from the 21st October 1918.

C. E. LOW,
 Secretary to the Government of India.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Humphrey Norman Loch, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 15th August 1918.

Heber Jackson Ackland, 1st Brahmans.	}	Dated 1st October 1918.
Harold Richard Hutchinson O'Reilly, attached 10th Jats.		
Berthold Wells Key, 45th Ratnay's Sikhs.	}	Dated 7th November 1918.
Gerald Alexander Leith Farwell, 26th Punjabis.		
George Eric FitzGerald Shute, 19th Punjabis.	}	Dated 11th November 1918.
Cyril Herbert Godsland, M.C., attached 19th Punjabis.		
George Walter Holland, attached 21st Punjabis.	}	
Donald Powell, 30th Punjabis.		
Douglas Maxwell Arthur Herbert, 82nd Punjabis.		

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

James Stanley Deakin, attached 84th Punjabis.	}	Dated 27th October 1918.
Clement Selby Moore, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles.		
Maynard Charrington Nicholl, attached 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).	}	
Ernest Wilmot Billing, attached 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).		
John Peffers, attached 19th Punjabis.	}	
Ernest Ross Magenty, attached 35th Sikhs.		
Christopher Eric Pleydell Wilton attached 40th Pathans.	}	
Angus Davidson, attached 79th Carnatic Infantry.		
Howard Bartle Pye, attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.	}	
Antony Owen Leo Burke, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles.		
John Gerald Turton Eccles, attached 1st Brahmans.	}	
Hugh Donald, attached 80th Carnatic Infantry.		
Oswin Hollier Bailly, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.	}	Dated 1st December 1918.
Charles Stuart Cornish Cowling, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles.		
John Lawson, attached 27th Light Cavalry.	}	
Robert O'Neill Butler, attached 112th Infantry.		
Spencer Albert Bowden, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers.	}	
Joseph Andrew Holmes, attached 43rd Erinpura Regiment.		
Creighton Edmund Griffiths, attached 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).	}	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Arthur Leslie Hanna, attached 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).		
Roy William Rowe, attached 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).	}	Dated 6th December 1918.
Frederick Robert Hamer, attached 88th Carnatic Infantry.		

No. 2867.—Major E. Walter, C.I.E., Supply and Transport Corps, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding a special appointment. Dated 26th November 1918.

No. 2868.—Captain D. O. W. Lamb, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 28th November 1918.

No. 2869.—The following officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding appointments as Company Commanders at a Non-Commissioned Officers' School, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieutenant H. L. Ogden, 7th Mariana Lancers. Dated 23rd November 1918.

Lieutenant G. P. Farley, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 23rd November 1918.

No. 2870.—Lieutenant R. C. McCay, D.S.O., Indian Army (on probation), attached 17th Cavalry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 22nd November 1918.

No. 2871.—Lieutenant S. St. G. Hare, 76th Punjabis, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as Adjutant and Quartermaster at a Musketry School. Dated 26th November 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2872.—Subject to His Majesty's approval and with effect from the 4th July 1918, Lieutenant-Colonel Walter George Pridmore, C.M.G., M.B., is promoted to the rank of Colonel, *vice* Colonel Robert Robertson, M.B., retired.

Colonel Pridmore's tenure of appointment will reckon from the 1st November 1918.

No. 2873.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be honorary temporary Majors, with effect from the dates specified :—

Honorary temporary Captain Cajetan Fernandes. Dated 17th May 1918.

Honorary temporary Captain Sorab Kaikhashru, Engineer. Dated 18th May 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 2874.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, 1st class Assistant Surgeon Henry Alexander Greene to be Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete establishment owing to temporary augmentation.

No. 2875.—Under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the promotion of the undermentioned Senior Assistant Surgeons to the rank of Lieutenant notified in the Army Department Notification No. 2666, dated the 15th November 1918, is antedated to the dates noted against their names subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Hugh Norman Stewart. Dated 20th September 1916.

William John Marshall. Dated 25th December 1917.

Louis Percival Kenyon. Dated 5th March 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2876.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Cavalry Branch.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Archie Chalmers Hills. Dated 16th February 1918.

Charles Norman Nixon. Dated 17th August 1918.

William Gerdes Shout. Dated 23rd August 1918.

John Aubrey Batten Garle. Dated 21st September 1918.

Sydney Henry Persse. Dated 23rd September 1918.

John Howard Carpenter. Dated 30th October 1918.

George Robert Byrne. Dated 9th November 1918.

Basil Whitaker. Dated 4th December 1918.

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Stanley Harold Franks. Dated 28th November 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Peter Germanus Westmacott. Dated 29th August 1918.

Percy Charles Kinns. Dated 22nd September 1918.

Reginald Martin Livesay-Wardle. Dated 26th September 1918.

Michael Joseph MacDermott, C.I.E. Dated 30th October 1918.

Arthur Frederick Joseph. Dated 13th November 1918.

Gerald Butler O'Connor. Dated 20th November 1918.

Arthur Villeneuve Nicolle. Dated 27th November 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Charles Henry James Craven. Dated 1st June 1918.

Melville Frederick Gamble. Dated 5th October 1918.

Richard Farrer James. Dated 3rd December 1918.

No. 2877.—Lieutenant C. H. Cooper, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while employed as Officer-in-charge, Base Telegraph Office, Basrah. Dated 1st October 1918.

No. 2878.—Lieutenant C. F. G. Quilter, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding a special appointment. Dated 4th October 1918.

No. 2879.—Lieutenant H. S. Jackson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding the appointment of Workshop Officer No. 4 Burma Ford Van Company. Dated 26th November 1918.

No. 2880.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) E. P. Harrison, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Major while holding an appointment as Officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer. Dated 18th November 1918.

No. 2881.—Lieutenant G. H. Mackrow, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while holding the appointment of Workshop Officer in a Mechanical Transport Company. Dated 13th December 1917.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

12th Eastern Bengal Railway Battalion.

No. 2882.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

Frederick Hickie Bibra, V.D. Dated 7th September 1918.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

James Samuel Goss. Dated 7th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Arthur Robert Gundry. Dated 7th September 1918.

24th North Western Railway Battalion.

No. 2883.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Harry Charles Sparke, V.D. Dated 1st April 1917.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 2884.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant E. A. Eden, M.C., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 12th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. J. Pannett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 31st October 1918.

Lieutenant H. F. Bensly, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 15th November 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant W. J. Pannett, vacated with effect from the 31st October 1918.

CAVALRY.

21st (Empress of India's) Lancers.

Lieutenant Sir B. Pigott, Bart., to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 13th November 1918, *vice* Captain G. E. D. Learoyd (deceased), vacated with effect from the 29th October 1918.

INFANTRY.

The King's (Liverpool Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. S. Agar relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 20th October 1918.

The Hampshire Regiment.

Lieutenant C. E. Dickinson to be acting Captain while employed as a Garrison Engineer, Military Works Services. Dated 15th November 1918.

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. M. P. Luscombe relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 14th September 1918.

Lieutenant C. N. Price to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. M. P. Luscombe, relinquished acting rank with effect from the 14th September 1918.

The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment).

Captain R. R. Wood to be acting Major while holding the appointment of second-in-command. Dated 2nd November 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) C. C. F. Hosken commanding a battalion, with effect from the 18th October 1918.

RESERVE BATTALIONS (INDIA).

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) H. L. Willett, The Norfolk Regiment, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Reserve Battalion. Dated 4th November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2885.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

Lieutenant A. A. Abbott, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 9th July 1918.

10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse).

Lieutenant J. G. Drummond, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 6th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant P. J. Charles, vacated with effect from the 6th November 1918.

17th Cavalry.

Lieutenant C. C. Williams, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 16th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. R. H. Hutchison, vacated with effect from the 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant J. A. B. Garle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 26th October 1918, *vice* Major T. W. Kirkwood, vacated with effect from the 11th October 1918.

25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant T. M. Steven, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 29th October 1918, *vice* Captain W. K. Fraser-Tytler, M.C., vacated with effect from the 14th October 1918.

30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).

Lieutenant T. E. Riddle, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 16th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. Hobson, M.C., vacated with effect from the 1st July 1918.

Second Lieutenant C. C. Book, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 26th October 1918, *vice* Captain F. V. Spooner, vacated.

38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Lieutenant B. Holmes, D.S.O., to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Squadron Commander. Dated 22nd October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) S. B. Good, vacated with effect from the 7th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) S. B. Good relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 7th October 1918.

5th Light Infantry.

Lieutenant P. Shelley to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st August 1918.

Lieutenant F. H. Simms to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) P. Shelley, vacated with effect from the 14th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) P. Shelley relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 14th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant T. A. Bromby to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th August 1918.

Lieutenant N. Tait to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. A. Bromby, vacated with effect from the 6th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. A. Bromby relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 6th September 1918.

Lieutenant J. D. K. Lunnion to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th August 1918.

Lieutenant J. R. James to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st September 1918.

Lieutenant E. S. Storey Cooper to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 21st August 1918.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. W. Webster, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 21st August 1918.

14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Lieutenant A. H. Booth, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 29th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. G. Milward, vacated with effect from the 14th November 1918.

21st Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. Scott to be acting Major while commanding a dépôt. Dated 30th August 1918 (on formation).

Lieutenant S. G. Rowe to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant) while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a dépôt. Dated 30th August 1918.

Lieutenant F. R. Turner to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. Scott, vacated with effect from the 30th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. Scott relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 30th August 1918.

22nd Punjabis.

Captain F. B. Scott, Survey Department, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion, from 10th June 1918 to 20th June 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain (acting Major) C. Leslie-Smith relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion, with effect from the 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. D. Drew, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be acting Captain (additional). Dated 25th May 1918.

Lieutenant J. D. Drew, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th June 1918, *vice* Captain G. T. Johnson, vacated with effect from the 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Donald, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 26th May 1918.

Lieutenant A. Donald, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Donald, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, retains his acting rank (with pay) while commanding a company. Dated 15th August 1918, *vice* Captain F. B. Scott, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) S. H. Harman, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 17th June 1918.

Lieutenant K. S. B. Dawes, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 21st July 1918 to 5th August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Wickham relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company, with effect from the 9th July 1918.

Lieutenant R. A. Delahunty, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 21st August 1918 to 25th September 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant K. S. B. Dawes, vacated with effect from the 6th August 1918.

Lieutenant C. W. Tatham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 10th September 1918 to 17th October 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Donald, relieved with effect from the 26th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Donald, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, retains his acting rank (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 26th August 1918.

Lieutenant S. H. Harman, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 11th October 1918 to 23rd October 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. A. Delahunty relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company, with effect from the 26th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Donald, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, retains his acting rank (with pay) while commanding a company. Dated 18th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. W. Tatham relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company, with effect from the 18th October 1918.

Lieutenant R. A. Delahunty, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 8th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) S. H. Harman relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company, with effect from the 24th October 1918.

Lieutenant C. J. Hathaway, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 2nd November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. Donald, appointed temporary company commander with effect from the 18th October 1918.

28th Punjabis.

Captain (acting Major) R. N. G. Scott relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a *dépôt*. Dated 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant H. G. Watkin to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant G. E. Tinney, vacated with effect from the 3rd October 1918.

Lieutenant E. E. Aldworth to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. W. Stevens, vacated with effect from the 13th October 1918.

Lieutenant G. E. Tinney to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 18th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. S. Batchelor, vacated with effect from the 3rd October 1918.

30th Punjabis.

Lieutenant M. C. T. Gompertz, 8th Rajputs, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. J. Salt, vacated with effect from the 25th September 1918.

Lieutenant L. Mass to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 10th October 1918, *vice* Captain J. B. Nevill, vacated with effect from the 25th September 1918.

Lieutenant B. Skead to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant F. C. Bright, vacated with effect from the 12th October 1918.

35th Sikhs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. T. Ridlington, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 16th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. E. Lloyd, M.C., attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 27th June 1918.

Lieutenant J. E. Lloyd, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 12th July 1918 to 25th August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Captain Z. G. Burmester, vacated with effect from the 27th June 1918.

Lieutenant N. W. Fischer, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, from 12th July 1918 to 31st July 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant J. E. Lloyd M.C., vacated with effect from the 27th June 1918.

15th Rattray's Sikhs.

Lieutenant (acting Major) J. E. Waller relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a dépôt. Dated 10th November 1918.

53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. B. Carter Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th October 1918.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Lieutenant G. W. Jones, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. J. Revell, vacated with effect from the 23rd September 1918.

Lieutenant L. A. Kenworthy, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 12th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. L. Herbert, vacated with effect from the 7th September 1918.

98th Infantry.

Lieutenant F. R. Pattison to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. C. Grey, vacated with effect from the 17th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. C. Grey relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 17th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. R. Pattison relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 22nd September 1918.

Lieutenant R. H. H. McKenzie to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 21st October 1918, *vice* Captain W. L. Wayman, transferred with effect from the 6th October 1918.

Lieutenant F. C. Bright to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. H. H. McKenzie, relieved with effect from the 31st October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. H. H. McKenzie relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 31st October 1918.

Lieutenant H. C. Duncan to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 2nd November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) P. E. Larham, relieved with effect from the 10th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) P. E. Larham relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 10th November 1918.

103rd (Kolhapur) Mahratta Light Infantry.

Lieutenant W. C. G. Norris, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 19th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) W. C. G. Norris relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 30th August 1918.

Captain H. T. Craig, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 7th October 1918, *vice* Captain G. P. Murphy, vacated with effect from the 20th September 1918.

Lieutenant R. G. Cooper, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st September 1918.

Lieutenant W. C. G. Norris, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant G. L. Shipton, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd August 1918.

Lieutenant R. M. Peddie, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st September 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. L. Shipton, vacated with effect from the 4th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. L. Shipton relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 4th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant G. L. Shipton, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 4th October 1918.

105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Major H. C. Steen to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 5th September 1918.

108th Infantry.

Second Lieutenant E. J. M. Hudson, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 22nd September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. Z. D. Babington, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. Z. D. Babington relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be Adjutant of a dépôt. Dated 22nd September 1918.

109th Infantry.

Army Department Notification No. 1920, dated the 23rd August 1918, so far as it relates to Lieutenant H. L. Barclay and Lieutenant S. F. Martin is cancelled and the following substituted :—

Lieutenant H. L. Barclay, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 9th May 1918 to 26th May 1918, inclusive; and to retain the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 27th May 1918.

Lieutenant S. F. Martin, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th May 1918, to complete establishment.

119th Infantry (The Moulton Regiment).

Lieutenant C. H. Spicer, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Major H. L. Holmes, vacated with effect from the 11th October 1918.

120th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Major W. Hesketh, 12th Cavalry, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 24th October 1918.

Major J. C. Loch, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 27th November 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) W. Hesketh, transferred with effect from the 12th November 1918, and to retain his acting rank on transfer.

Captain J. W. Drought, 14th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 28th October 1918.

Lieutenant A. J. Dyer, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st November 1918.

123rd Naranyi Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. A. Bennett to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 9th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) K. O. Carleton, relieved with effect from the 24th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) K. O. Carleton relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 24th October 1918.

Lieutenant K. O. Carleton to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th October 1918.

156th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant D. M. William to be acting Captain (additional), from 9th June 1918 to 29th June 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) D. M. Ham to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 4th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Major) T. S. Conner, vacated with effect from the 19th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) T. S. Conner relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 19th September 1918.

7th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain N. H. Edwards to be acting Major while commanding a depot, from 28th January 1918 to 5th April 1918, inclusive.

No. 2886.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, with effect from the dates specified :—

8th Rajputs.

Lieutenant D. J. Beaton, attached. Dated 1st October 1918.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant J. C. Grant, attached. Dated 25th October 1918.

Lieutenant Leonard Frank Smith, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment), attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 6th November 1918, but to rank from the 7th July 1917.

Lieutenant Clifford William Boorn, Australian Imperial Forces, attached 1st Brahmans. Dated 25th February 1918, but to rank from the 25th August 1917.

Lieutenant John Carlyon Richards, The East Yorkshire Regiment, attached 11th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 6th November 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Captain Arthur Ernest Bramfitt, The York and Lancaster Regiment, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 6th October 1917.

Lieutenant Herbert Eric St. George McClenaghan, Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish Fusiliers), attached 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. Dated 18th November 1918, but to rank from the 8th October 1917.

Lieutenant Jack Estill, South African Infantry, attached 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment). Dated 18th November 1918, but to rank from the 25th May 1918.

Lieutenant William Sinclair McHardy, The King's Own Scottish Borderers, attached 76th Punjabis. Dated 6th November 1918, but to rank from the 26th June 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Second Lieutenant George Thwaites Weir, The Northumberland Fusiliers, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 21st November 1917.

Second Lieutenant Roland Nicholas Higgs, Royal Field Artillery, attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 25th December 1917.

Second Lieutenant Egbert Anthony Lees, The Lancashire Fusiliers, attached 22nd Punjabis. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 26th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant James Ballantine, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment). Dated 13th August 1918, but to rank from the 26th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant Kenneth Thomas Stephens, The Worcestershire Regiment, attached 67th Punjabis. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 24th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant Robert Nathaniel Rolson, The East Lancashire Regiment, attached, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant Alexander James Macdonald, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 9th (Delhi) Infantry. Dated 6th November 1918, but to rank from the 31st July 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2390.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants, with effect from the dates specified:—

Ganga Charan Garg.	Dated 19th September 1918.
Homi Dinsha Kalapesi.	Dated 25th September 1918.
Rajendra Prasad.	Dated 27th September 1918.
Gajanan Balvant Gole.	Dated 11th October 1918.
Jitendra Nath Sen Gupta.	Dated 30th October 1918.
Abinash Krishna Sen.	Dated 1st November 1918.
Nautamlal Popatbhai Mankad.	Dated 3rd November 1918.
Bankim Chandra Banerjee.	Dated 4th November 1918.
Hari Prasanna Mukerjee.	Dated 9th November 1918.
Nagendra Nath Ghosh.	Dated 13th November 1918.
Harendra Nath Basu.	Dated 18th November 1918.

No. 2891.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Doctor George Hugh Kidd Macalister, late temporary Captain in the Indian Medical Service, is granted the honorary rank of Captain in the Indian Medical Service, with effect from the 30th June 1918.

INDIAN LAND FORCES.

No. 2892.—The following amendment is made to Army Department Notification No. 2288, dated the 4th October 1918, for "Surendra Nath Sen Gupta" read "Surendra Nath Das Gupta."

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2893.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

*To be Lieutenants.**Cavalry Branch.*

Charles Speedie Forsyth, Scottish Horse, attached 28th Light Cavalry. Dated 20th August 1917, but to rank from the 11th June 1916.

Charles Albert John Oeeken, North Irish Horse, attached 8th Cavalry. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 21st December 1917.

Infantry Branch.

Gordon Thomas Burrows, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 19th September 1916.

Murray Munro Jack, The Gordon Highlanders, attached 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment). Dated 12th May 1918, but to rank from the 9th April 1916.

Reginald Edward Walker, The Norfolk Regiment, attached 97th Deccan Infantry. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 6th December 1916.

Frederick Charles Alexander Thompson, The Bedfordshire Regiment, attached 72nd Punjabis. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Henry Alfred Meggett, The King's Own (Yorkshire Light Infantry), attached 69th Punjabis. Dated 14th April 1918, but to rank from the 30th May 1917.

Albert Charles Cooper, 63rd Royal Naval Division, attached 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 30th May 1917.

William Barton, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment), attached 15th Infantry. Dated 19th April 1918, but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

Gilbert William Steel, The Norfolk Regiment, attached 76th Punjabis. Dated 10th March 1918, but to rank from the 1st August 1917.

Frank Murphy, General List, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Reginald Edward Knatchbull, General List, attached 113th Infantry. Dated 29th January 1918, but to rank from the 28th November 1917.

No. 2894.—The undermentioned are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

*To be Second Lieutenants.**Cavalry Branch.*

John Chevalier O'Dwyer. Dated 14th December 1918.

Infantry Branch.

Donald William Chambers. Dated 11th November 1918.

No. 2895.—Harold Francis Playne to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while employed as Field Accounts Officer, Bushire. Dated 23rd November 1918.

No. 2896.—Harold Scott Wright to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, and is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while employed as Workshop Captain, No. 5 Burma Ford Van Company. Dated 7th November 1918.

No. 2897.—Army Department Notification No. 2725, dated the 23rd November 1918, in as far as it relates to Henry Childs, is cancelled.

No. 2898.—In Army Department Notification No. 1648, dated the 26th July 1918, for "15th August 1917," date of rank as Second Lieutenant in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers of John Wilson Melvin, *substitute* "26th September 1917."

No. 2899.—In Army Department Notification No. 1838, dated the 16th August 1918, against the name of John Aubrey Batten Garle for "28th October 1915" read "21st September 1915."

No. 2900.—In Army Department Notification No. 2680, dated the 15th November 1918, against the name of Arthur Edward Kingett, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles, for "11th October 1917," read "27th June 1917."

No. 2901.—Under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 1112, dated the 24th September 1918, the undermentioned are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary commissions in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers as specified :—

To be temporary Captains.

Dated 8th December 1918.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Hedley Charles Parks, India Miscellaneous List.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Joseph McGregor Cheers, India Miscellaneous List.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

4th (Bombay) Group Garrison Artillery.

No. 2902.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant.

Henry Guy Weber. Dated 1st April 1917.

No. 2903.—Army Department Notification No. 2459, dated the 18th October 1918, in so far as it relates to the appointment of Arthur Thomas Arnall is cancelled.

1st Madras Guards.

No. 2904.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Henry Owen Kershaw. Dated 1st August 1918.

3rd Punjab Rifles.

No. 2905.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Major (Supernumerary List).

Tom Salkield. Dated 1st April 1917.

13th Great Indian Peninsula Railway Battalion.

No. 2906.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant

William Alexander, C.I.E. Dated 19th July 1918.

1-24th North Western Railway Battalion.

No. 2907.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Captains.

Spencer Pelham Flowerdew.

George William Meares.

Ernest Lynch Scott.

Harry Dale Green, V.D.

Allan Hope Joscelyne.

Henry Armitstead.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenants.

Henry Johnson Charlton.

Ernest Alexander Scott.

Alan Andrew Phillips.

Frederick Barclay Martin.

Digby Bruce Trevor.

Ernest Bertram Neave Taylor.

John Wilfrid Ogle.

Vincent Lee Dean.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Francis Gordon Griffith.

Donald D'Arcy Smith.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel (Supernumerary List).

Frederick George Royal-Dawson. Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Majors (Supernumerary List).

Ernest Sidney Strong, V.D.

Alfred James Chase.

} Dated 1st April 1917.

To be Captain (Supernumerary List).

Ulric Capel Sandys. Dated 1st April 1917.

36th Bengal-Nagpur Railway Battalion.

No. 2908.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant.

Charles William Anderson. Dated 1st April 1917.

44th Calcutta Scottish.

No. 2909.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant.

Willoughby Langer Carey. Dated 19th November 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Robert Douglas Wands.

Harwood Chamberlain.

Herbert Dresser Wood.

} Dated 19th November 1918.

RETIREMENTS.
INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2910.—The date of retirement of Colonel Robert Robertson, M.B., Madras, is 4th July 1918 and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 1628, dated the 19th July 1918.

PART B.
APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.**INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 2911.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Dafadar Salutri Gopal Singh, 39th King George's Own Central India Horse, with effect from the 1st July 1917.

No. 2912.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on No. 140, Dafadar Sham Singh, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers, with effect from the 10th April 1918.

No. 2913.—The following direct appointment is made :—

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Muhammad Azad Khan to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 10th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

No. 2914.—The following promotions are made :—

6th Cavalry.

Dafadars Mazhar Ali Shah and Bisal Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.

Ressaidars Kehar Singh and Jaising Rao Mahadik to be Risaldars and Jemadar Abaji Rao Mahadik to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 17th October 1918 ; temporary Dafadar Baputi Rao Kadam to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918 and Kot-Dafadar Atar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Maung Ba Thein to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

1st Brahmans.

Havildar-Major Pitham Lal Misr, Havildars Ramesar Sukul, Dwarka Prasad Tiwari, Ram Racha Misr, Ramanand Sukul, Satnarayan Sukul, Bhawani Prasad Pando and Shiubalak Aginhotri to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment).

Havildars Lachhman Singh and Hari Singh and Havildar-Major Moti Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

Havildar Akhmad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

23rd Sikh Infantry.

Jemadar Sapuran Singh to be Subadar; Havildars Mangal Singh, Khushal Singh, Mal Singh, Bishan Singh, Jaswant Singh, Asa Singh, Bhagat Singh and Madho Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 23rd October 1918; to complete the establishment.

26th Punjabis.

Havildar Debi Dayal to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918 and Havildar Ralla Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

28th Punjabis.

Company Havildar-Major Bhagat Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

50th Punjabis.

Havildars Kahan Singh, Ata Muhammad Khan, Mehr Singh and Wilayat Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Havildars Lal Khan, Fateh Muhammad and Tek Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th October 1918 and Havildar Puran Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

32nd Sikh Pioneers.

Havildars Arjan Singh and Nand Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st April 1918; to complete the establishment.

33rd Punjabis.

Jemadar Gheba Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; Jemadar Lal Khan to be Subadar, Colour-Havildars Amir Baz, Sultan Khan and Hazura Singh and Havildar Faiz Ahmad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

34th Sikh Pioneers.

Havildars Binda Singh, Anokh Singh and Jhanda Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

35th Sikhs.

Jemadar Moti Lal to be Subadar, with effect from the 4th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Jainal Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th August 1918 and Jemadar Sheo Chand to be Subadar, with effect from the 7th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

39th Garhwal Rifles.

Havildars Meharwan Sing Butola Rawat, Chauhan Sing Karmiyal, Kunwar Sing Gufain, Gulab Sing Patwal, Khushal Sing Rawat and Fateh Sing Rawat to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Ghulam Haidar to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Ganga Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Karim Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th October 1918; Havildars Allah Bakhsh and Lal Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

66th Punjabis.

Jemadars Sher Zaman and Ran Singh to be Subadars, Havildar-Major Muhammad Khan and Havildars Bostan Khan, Hem Singh and Jawahir Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 3rd November 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

76th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Paras Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Havildar Ghulam Husain to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

140th Patiala Infantry.

Jemadars Jiwa Singh, Mangal Singh, Dalip Singh and Kale Khan to be Subadars and Colour-Havildar Darbara Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 2nd July 1918 ; Colour-Havildars Chainchal Singh and Sham Singh and Havildars Ali Muhammad, Fateh Khan and Jot Ram to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lance Naik (temporary Havildar-Major) Jaman Sing Gurung to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

7th Gurkha Rifles.

Havildar Adaljit Limbu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd November 1918 ; *vice* Jitman Rai, deceased.

11th Gurkha Rifles.

Havildar Harkaraj Rai to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

141st Labour Corps.

Dafadars Khushi Ram and Gorkha Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 26th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

31st Punjabis.

No. 2915.—In Army Department Notification No. 2630, dated the 8th November 1918, for "Vakil Dhian Singh" read "Wakila Dhian Singh".

37th Dogras.

No. 2916.—In Army Department Notification No. 1870, dated the 16th August 1918, for "Jainat Singh" read "Jamit Singh".

79th Carnatic Infantry.

No. 2917.—In Army Department Notification No. 848, dated the 26th April 1918, for "29th November 1917" read "29th October 1917" and for "4th March 1918" read "4th February 1918".

109th Infantry.

No. 2918.—In Army Department Notification No. 2244, dated the 27th September 1918, for "Muhammad Khan" read "Mahmud Khan".

5th Gurkha Rifles.

No. 2919.—The promotion of Jemadar Bhairab Sing Gurung should have effect from the 3rd August 1918, and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 2578, dated the 1st November 1918.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 2920.—The following promotions are made :—

73rd Mule Corps.

Kot-Dafadar Mangu Khan, No. 5 Mule Depôt, to be Jemadar to complete the establishment ; with effect from the 8th October 1918.

75th Mule Corps.

Kot-Dafadar Bakar Shah, No. 5 Mule Depôt, to be Jemadar to complete the establishment ; with effect from the 8th October 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 2921.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel T. C. Browning, Indian Army, Supernumerary List, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Branch.

No. 2922.—The undermentioned Civil Sub-Assistant Surgeons, who are employed on temporary military duty, in accordance with paragraph 16, Army Regulations, India, Volume VI, are granted, while so employed, the temporary rank of warrant officer, with effect from the dates specified :—

Mul Chand. Dated 31st August 1918.

Chaturbhuj Sahai Pooranchand Hajailcy. Dated 5th September 1918.

Jagat Ram Seth. Dated 25th October 1918.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH

Bengal Establishment.

No. 2923.—2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bir Singh, seconded, to be 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar and to remain seconded.

2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mahendu Lal Garg to be 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar ;

No. 818, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Karam Husain to be 2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Ilahi-Baksh, invalided with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 2924.—2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon No. 1256 Chiranji Lal, having completed five years' service in that class to be 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. 2925.—The undermentioned 3rd class Sub-Assistant Surgeons having completed five years' service in that class to be 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeons with effect from the 14th November 1918 :—

No. 1400, Bagh Ali.

No. 1401, Vishnu Sakha Ram Panjre.

Madras Establishment.

No. 2926.—2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Rai Sahib N. Sadasiva Pillai, (Supernumerary) to be 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ranking as Subadar (Supernumerary) ;

2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon P. Ratnam Pillai to be 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar ; and

No. 1249, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Robert Sahu (Supernumerary), 2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon is absorbed in the grade of 2nd class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon T. P. Somasundaram Pillai, invalided with effect from the 1st November 1918.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 2927.—In Army Department Notification No. 2649, dated the 8th November 1918, for "Frederick James Eltham" read "James Frederick Eltham."

JUDICIAL.

No. 2928.—In pursuance of section 2 of the Defence of India (Criminal Law Amendment) Act, 1915 (IV of 1915), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended, namely:—

Rule 24-B., as published with Army Department Notification No. 2264, dated the 27th September 1918, and subsequently amended by Army Department Notification No. 2583, dated the 1st November 1918, shall be cancelled.

No. 2929.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given:—

First.—That information has been received by me of the death of the officer named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there has been received by me, as the surplus of his property, the amount set opposite his name in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the property of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					R. A. P.	
Captain J. Anderson	Royal Army Medical Corps.	Fort Sandeman.	17th May 1918.	Intestate	628 1 3	

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS AND DISCHARGES.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2930.—In Army Department Notification No. 2581, dated the 1st November 1918, for "Second Lieutenant Albert Edwin Jones" read "Second Lieutenant Albert Jones."

REWARDS.

No. 2931.—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Captain Douglas Knox-Ord, 5th Calcutta Battalion, Indian Defence Force.

No. 2932.—The following amendment is made to Army Department Notification No. 1181, dated the 3rd June 1918:—

Under Meritorious Service Medal for "No. 2157 Lance-Naik Govind Singh, 4th Gwalior Imperial Service Infantry" read "No. 2157 Lance-Naik Girand Singh, 4th Gwalior Imperial Service Infantry."

RESIGNATIONS.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 2933.—Captain Stuart Duncan Robertson resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917.

London Gazette.

No. 2934.—The following extracts are published for information:—

Third Supplement, dated the 24th June 1918, to the London Gazette of the 21st June 1918, pages 7433, 7434, 7437, 7438 and 7444.

War Office,
24th June, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made:—

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

(Graded for purposes of pay as Staff Lts., 1st Cl.)—4th June 1918 :—

Lt.-Col. F. Jollie, Ind. Army.

* * * * *

(Graded for purposes of pay as Staff Lts., 2nd Cl.) :—

Lt.-Col. A. G. Burn, ret. pay, Ind. Army. 27th May 1918.

* * * * *

CAVALRY.

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Res. Regts. of Cav.—Temp. Lt. K. Armstrong is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 27th May 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. F. G. S. Thomas, R.G.A., Spec. Res., to be empld. with Ind. Army in the rank of 2nd Lt. (on prob.). 27th May 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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C. of O. & Hon. Capt. J. Hunter, ret., Indian Army Dept., to be Hon. Maj. 1st July 1917.

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*Fourth Supplement, dated the 25th June 1918, to the London Gazette of the 21st June 1918, pages 7447, 7450, 7451, 7453 and 7454.**War Office,
25th June, 1918.*

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MEMORANDA.

Lt.-Col. E. J. M. Wood, D.S.O., Inf., Ind. Army, to be temp. Brig.-Gen. whilst empld. as a Brig. Comdr. 21st May 1918.

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Temp. Lt. F. M. Graydon to be actg. Capt. for duty with Inland Water Trans. 1st Apr. 1918.

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The undermentioned to be temp. 2nd Lts. :—

Pte. Harry Leake, from A.S.C., for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 7th Nov. 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

27th May 1918.

Temp. Capt. J. G. Simons, M.C., from 26th Serv. Bn., North'd Fus.

Temp. Lt. N. J. Willans, from A. Cyclist Corps.

Temp. Lt. C. C. Davies, from W. York. R. (attd.).

Temp. Lt. T. Laidler, from M.G.C. (Inf.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 27th May 1918.

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London Gazette, dated the 25th June 1918, pages 7487, 7488 and 7490.

*Air Ministry,
25th June, 1918.*

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

* * * * *

FLYING BRANCH.

* * * * *

The undermentioned are granted temp. commns. as 2nd Lts. (A. & S.) :—

* * * * *

20th Apr. 1918.

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J. H. Paterson (Lt., I.A.R.O.), and to be Hon. Lt.

* * * * *

*India Office,
25th June, 1918.*

The undermentioned Officer of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers has been cashiered by sentence of a General Court-Marshal :—

Sec.-Lieut. Lionel Carpenter-Turner. 8th Nov. 1917.

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Supplement, dated the 4th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 3rd September 1918, pages 10486, 10488 and 10489.

*War Office,
4th September, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

General List.

Temp. Lt. A. C. Taylor, D.S.O., from a Serv. Bn., Midd'x R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29th July 1918, with seniority 7th Aug. 1917.

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Lt. P. F. O'Collins, from Austrln. Inf., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29th July 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 4th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 3rd September 1918, pages 10495, 10496, 10497, 10498 and 10499.

*War Office,
4th September, 1918.*

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service in connection with military operations in France and Flanders. Dated 3rd June, 1918 :—

* * * * *

To be Brevet Colonel.

Lt.-Col. H. H. Cobbe, C.M.G., D.S.O., Lrs., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

To be Brevet Major.

Capt. E. O. Fowler, Ind. Army R. of O.

* * * *

*Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George,
Downing Street,*

4th September, 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointments to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, for services rendered in connection with Military Operations in East Africa. Dated 3rd June, 1918 :—

To be Additional Members of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

Lt.-Col. Patrick Wilkins O'Gorman, Ind. Med. Serv.

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War Office,

4th September, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for Distinguished Service in connection with Military Operations in East Africa. Dated 3rd June, 1918 :—

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

Maj. Robert Siggins Kennedy, M.C., M.B., Ind. Med. Serv.

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*Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George,
Downing Street,*

4th September, 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointment to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, for services rendered in connection with Military Operations at Aden. Dated 3rd June, 1918 :—

To be an Additional Member of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Distinguished Order :—

Lt.-Col. Maynard Ffolliott Harding, Punjabis, Ind. Army.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James's Palace, S. W. 1.,

4th September, 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire in recognition of meritorious services rendered at Aden in connection with the War :—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Eminent Order.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wyndham Madden Pierpoint Wood, Indian Army, Bombay Political Department.

John Brown Sydney Thubron, Esq., Indian Public Works Department.

War Office,

4th September, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for Distinguished Service in connection with Military Operations at Aden. Dated 3rd June, 1918 :—

To be Brevet Colonel.

Lt.-Col. M. H. Henderson, Cav., Ind. Army.

To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel.

* * * *

Maj. E. L. Popham, D.S.O., Cav., Ind. Army.

To be Brevet Major.

Capt. F. J. O. Hume-Wright, Rajputs, Ind. Army.

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

* * * *

Maj. John Francis Parkin, Ind. Army.

Awarded the Military Cross.

Lt. (T./Capt.) Harry Rivett Cecil Guise, Ind. Army R. of O.

Lt. William Neilson Powell, Cav., Ind. Army.

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War Office,

4th September, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for Distinguished Service rendered in connection with Military Operations in Russia and Roumania. Dated 3rd June, 1918 :—

To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel.

Maj. T. H. Keyes, C.I.E., Ind. Army.

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. Michael George Dobbie Rowlandson, Inf., Ind. Army.

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War Office,

4th September, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for valuable services rendered in connection with the War. Dated 3rd June 1918 :—

* * * *

The undermentioned Officers to be promoted under Articles 33A and 331 of the Royal Warrant as applicable :—

* * * *

To be Major.

Commy. and Capt. A. E. Oppenheim, ret., Ind. Army Dept.

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AMENDMENTS.

* * * *

The following is substituted for the announcement which appeared on page 147, London Gazette, dated 1st January 1918 :—

To be Honorary Lieutenant.

Temporary Honorary Lieutenant Mirzada Mir Ghulam Ali Khan, son of His Highness the Mir of Khairpur.

The following Officers, upon whom honours and awards have been conferred, are now correctly described :—

London Gazette dated 1st January 1918.

To be Brevet Major.

Capt. J. D. Crawford, D.S.O., M.C., Ind. Army.

* * * *

London Gazette dated 27th July 1918.

Awarded Military Cross.

Page 8969.—Lt. Harry Reynolds Jones, R.G.A., attd. Mtn. Bty., Ind Army.

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Third Supplement, dated the 10th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 6th September 1918, pages 10635, 10638, 10639, 10640 and 10641.

*War Office,
10th September 1918.*

*	*	*	*	*	*
MEMORANDA.					
*	*	*	*	*	*
Maharaja Purna Chandra Bhanja Deo to be temp. Hon. 2nd Lt. 11th Sept. 1918.					
*	*	*	*	*	*
		REGULAR FORCES.			
*	*	*	*	*	*
INFANTRY.					
*	*	*	*	*	*
Gen. List.					

Temp. Lt. R. K. W. Cormack, from M.G.C. (Inf.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 16 Aug. 1918, with seniority 25 June 1917.

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TERRITORIAL FORCE RESERVE.					

Lt.-Col. W. T. C. Beckett, D.S.O. (late Lt.-Col., Ind. Vols.), from Loyal North Lancs Regt., to be Lt.-Col. 23rd July 1918.

Fourth Supplement, dated the 10th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 6th September 1918, pages 10615 and 10616.

*War Office,
10th September 1918.*

The following are among the Decorations and Medals awarded by the Allied Powers at various dates to the British Forces for distinguished services rendered during the course of the campaign :—

His Majesty the KING has given unrestricted permission in all cases to wear the Decorations and Medals in question

DECORATIONS AND MEDALS CONFERRED BY
H. M. THE KING OF SERBIA.

*	*	*	*	*	*
<i>Order of the White Eagle, 3rd Class (with Swords).</i>					
*	*	*	*	*	*
Brevet Colonel Richard Alexander Steel, C.I.E., Cavalry, Indian Army.					
*	*	*	*	*	*

Supplement, dated the 11th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 10th September 1918, pages 10715, 10718, 10720 and 10722.

*War Office,
11th September, 1918.*

		REGULAR FORCES.			
*	*	*	*	*	*
INFANTRY.					
*	*	*	*	*	*
General List.					

Temp. Lt. C. H. Gore, from Sea. Highrs. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 16 Aug. 1918, with seniority 2 Feb. 1917.

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INFANTRY.

The undermentioned Gentlemen Cadets, from the R. Mil. Coll., to be 2nd Lts. 21st Aug. 1918:—

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Unattached List for Indian Army.

With a view to their appointment to the Indian Army.

John Conrad Reginald Sampson.
Reginald Hugh Dorman-Smith.
John Frederic Sydney Buckley.
Herbert Lawrence Hill.
William Benjamin Whitaker.
Alan Rendel Westmacott.
Francis George Bott.
William Arthur Evans.
George Bernard Calder Woods.
William Hawkesley Burbury.
Douglas Oswald Cook.
Carmont Owen Telford.
George Standerwick Jarman.
James Joseph Lambert MacKirdy.
Robert Douglas Clague Taylor.
William Kimberley Phillips.
Geoffrey Huyshe Stafford Webber.
Jack Carstairs Maude.
Francis Charles Echlin.
Clifford Seddon Sankey.
Leslie Jack Martin.
Alfred Villeneuve le Maistre.
Barnett Berlyn Myers.
James Lindsay Wood.
Henry Francis Whitby.
Eric Charles Marten.
John Whitaker Williams.
Bevis Swinborne Sheldrake.
Ralph Walter Tobin.
John Rowland Bean.
Edwin Forbes Dale.
Basil Edmond Hervey Waters.
Reginald Henry Trivess Smith.
Frederick Hedley Dixon.
Edward Arthur Rawlins Eustace.

Daniel Leslie Wray.
Francis Arthur Frederick Mitchell.
Harold Eustace Cartwright.
Cyril John Russell Jarman.
Andrew Forbes Davidson.
Claude Cuthbert Williams.
Ian Arthur Talbot Edwards.
Rodney Warwick Howell.
Edward Leigh Edwards.
Norman Angus Grinstead.
John Charles Hamilton Lord.
Leslie Charles Cockaday.
John Ardra de Crespigny Fegan.
William Maybery Cann.
Reginald Culcheth Holcroft.
Frederick Arthur Morris.
Muir Douglas Wilberforce Bird.
Frank de Vismes Ambler.
James John Lyons.
Kenneth Cradock Cradock Watson.
Richard Dennison.
Michael Desmond George Waterer.
John Henry Everett.
Eric Hamilton Buller Rice.
Guy Archibald Coney.
Archibald Hayes.
Leonard Grame Harper.
Temple Hugh Travers.
Ernest John D'Oyly Inglis.
Robert Eglinton Wharton.
Dudley Herbert Ford.
Thomas Hetherington Henfrey.
Jocelyn Marmaduke Coghill Cramer.
Thomas Peter Maubray Hall.

Second Supplement, dated the 12th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 10th September 1918, pages 10731, 10732, 10736 and 10737.

*War Office,
12th September, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made:—

* * * * *

A.G.'s AND Q.M.G.'s STAFF.

A.A.G.—Capt. (temp. Maj.) C. A. Shute, Pnrs., Ind. Army, from a D.A.A.G., and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 14th May 1918.

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D.A.A.G's.—Lt. (temp. Capt.) J. G. Bell, Ind. Army Res. of Off., from a Staff Capt., and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld., *vice* Capt. (temp. Lt.-Col.) C. A. Shute, Pnrs., Ind. Army. 14th May 1918.

Capt. R. Denning, M.C., Ind. Cav., *vice* Capt. W. T. Law, Sco. Rif. T.F., who relinquishes the temp. rank of Maj. 13th June 1918.

Commy. and Hon. Maj. E. L. Bartlett, Ind. Misc. List. 20th June 1918.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

Brig. Majs.—Capt. F. Gwatkin, M.C., Ind. Cav., from a Staff Capt., *vice* Bt. Maj. M. Crawley-Boevey, D.S.O., M.C., D. of Corn. L.I. 12th June 1918.

Capt. G. N. Miller, Punjabis, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 17th June 1918.

Staff Capts.—

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Capt. L. Smith, Ind. Cav., *vice* Capt. F. Gwatkin, M.C., Ind. Cav. 10th June 1918.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

Labour Corps.—

Col. (Hon. Brig.-Gen.) J. B. Edwards, C.B., D.S.O. (ret., Ind. Army), ceases to be empld. with the Corps. 8 Sept. 1918.

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General List.

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Temp. Lt. L. G. Cooper, from a Serv. Bn. Sea. Hghrs., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29th July 1918, with seniority 5 June 1918. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 2 Sept. 1918, incorrectly specifying seniority and transfer.)

Temp. 2nd Lt. S. P. Colquhoun, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29th July 1918, with seniority 25 July 1918. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 2 Sept. 1918, incorrectly specifying transfer to Ind. Army Res. of Off.).

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 13th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 10th September 1918, pages 10747, 10749, 10750, 10751, 10755 and 10756.

*War Office,
13th September, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

* * * * *

The undermentioned appts are made:—

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. II.—

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Maj. C. H. Williams, ret. pay, Ind. Army. 20th July 1918.

(Substituted for the notifications in the Gazette of 12th Aug. 1918.)

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. Dudley George Clarke, Canadian Res. Bn., to be temp. 2nd Lt. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.), 4th July 1918, with seniority from 26th Jan. 1918. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 15th Aug. 1918.)

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A.G.'s AND Q.M.G.'s STAFF.

D.A.A.G.—Capt. M. H. Seymour, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army, from a Staff Capt., and to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld. 5th Apr. 1918.

A.Q.M.G.—Lt.-Col. W. H. Norman, D.S.O., Ind. Cav., from a G.S.O., 1st Grade. 8th Apr. 1918.

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.**Cl. BB.—**

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Bt. Maj. E. R. P. Berryman, Garhwal Rif., Ind. Army. 20th Apr. 1918.

* * * * *

Cl. GG.—The undermentioned to be temp. Capts. (with pay and allces. as Lt.) whilst so empld. :—

Lt. R. M. Thompson, Gen. List, attd. Delhi Inf., Ind. Army. 18th Mar. 1918.

Lt. L. E. Walsh, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 21st Mar. 1918.

2nd Lt. S. L. Ashworth, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 25th Mar. 1918.

ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.**Staff Capts.—**

* * * * *

Capt. (temp. Maj.) J. H. Hay, R.W., Kent R., T.F., and to relinquish his temp. rank, *vice* Capt. M. H. Seymour, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army. 3rd Apr. 1918.

Capt. A. L. Johnson, Inf., Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. D. C. Robinson, M.C., Sikhs, Ind. Army. 7th Apr. 1918.

Staff Lts., 2nd Cl.—Temp. 2nd Lt. J. W. A. Gray, attd. Durh. L. I., *vice* Lt. A. H. J. Snelling, Rajputs, Ind. Army, from 15th Jan. to 18th Feb. 1918.

Maj. E. C. O. Ross, Merwara Inf., Ind. Army, *vice* Lt. J. W. Gray, M.C., Ind. Army Res. of Off. 24th Feb. 1918.

Lt. H. Newman, Ind. Army Res. of Off., *vice* Maj. E. C. O. Ross, Merwara Inf., Ind. Army. 8th Mar. 1918.

Camp Comdts. (Cl. BB.)—Maj. J. L. Murphy, Inf., Ind. Army. 18th Mar. 1918.

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Comdt. (Cl. X.)—Maj. F. S. Keen, D.S.O., Sikhs, Ind. Army, and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 20th Apr. 1918.

Administrative Comdt. (Cl. X.)—Lt.-Col. A. S. Capper, D.S.O., Ind. Cav., from an A.Q.M.G. 24th Mar. 1918.

Asst. Prov.-Marshal (Cl. FF.)—Lt. (temp. Capt.) G. J. T. Walsh, Ind. Army Res. of Off., relinquishes his appt. and temp. rank. 8th Apr. 1918.

HD. QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

Asst. Dir. of Supplies and Trans.—Maj. J. E. Hext, Ind. Army and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld., *vice* Maj. G. F. E. Wardell, S. and T. Corps, who relinquishes the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. 10th Apr. 1918.

Asst. Dir. of Inland Water Trans. (Cl. X.)—Temp. Maj. E. D. Truman, R.E., from a D. A. D. of I. W. T. (Cl. BB.), and to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld. 6th Apr. 1918.

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TERRITORIAL FORCE.

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TERRITORIAL FORCE RESERVE.

Capt. R. P. Colomb (Lt.-Col., ret., Ind. Army) is retired, under para. 116, T. F. Regns. 14th Sept. 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 14th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 13th September 1918, pages 10835, 10837, 10838 and 10839.

*War Office,
14th September 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

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Brig Comdrs.

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Bt. Lt.-Col. R. B. Worgan, D.S.O., Ind. Cav., relinquishes the temp. rank of Brig.-Genl. on ceasing to comd. a Brig. 3rd Sept. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Maj. J. Bruce, Ind. Army (Army Remt. Dept. in India) to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst specially empld. 9th Aug. 1918.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Majors :—

Lt. (actg. Capt.) R. J. Wilkinson, Ind. Army Res. of Off., whilst Comdt., Wireless Sig. Sqdn. 24th May 1918.

For duty as District Irrigation Officers. 29th May 1918 :—

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Lts. (actg. Capts.), Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

P. J. Sellier.

A. S. Holmes.

W. C. N. Shilstone.

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The undermentioned to be actg. Capts. :—

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For duty as Asst. Irrigation Officers. 29th May 1918 :—

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Lts., Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

P. V. Chance.

R. H. Smith.

J. L. Grant.

W. A. Evershed.

C. E. Jefferis.

J. P. Gunn.

E. Howe.

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The undermentioned temp. Lts. are transfd. to Gen. List. :—

A. G. Kelly, A.S.C., for service with Ind. Army. Res. of Off. (on prob.). 19th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 31st Dec. 1917.

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GENERAL STAFF.

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G. S. Os. 1st grade.

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Bt. Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) G. P. L. Cosens, D.S.O., Dns. and to retain his temp. rank, vice Maj. J. A. Muirhead, D.S.O., Ind. Cav., who relinquished the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. 24th July 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 16th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 13th September 1918, pages 10863, 10862, 10868, 10912, 10959, 10960, 10965, 10972 and 10985.

* * * *

*War Office,
16th September, 1918.*

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the following Awards to the undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers, in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the Field :—

* * * *

AWARDED THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER.

* * * *

Lt.-Col. (Bt. Col.) Edward Alexander Kettlewell, Indian Army.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He was in command of reinforcement camps, and was ordered to fill a gap in our line with such forces as he could collect. Realising the emergency, he had already reorganised the reinforcements and such stragglers as he could collect into a battalion, and at an hour's notice personally led them forward to a section of the line which he held for two days until relieved. During this period he beat off several attacks, and by his personal example inspired his men with confidence and assurance.

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AWARDED THE MILITARY CROSS.

* * * *

Capt. Walter Leslie Hailes, Jats, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. This officer led his company in a successful night attack on the enemy's trenches, and maintained his position there under heavy fire for several hours.

* * * *

Lt. (A./Capt.) John Stewert Hannah, I.A.R.O., attd. Punjabis, I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. This officer organised the defence of a building against repeated hostile attacks. The position was one of great uncertainty and danger, which demanded exceptional pluck and determination to hold.

* * * *

Lt. George Gregory Hills, I.A.R.O., attd. Rif. I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an advance. His platoon came under very heavy cross fire from machine guns, and after going about 150 yards was unable to advance or retire. He got the survivors back to the top of a hill, which was then counter-attacked by the enemy, who advanced under an extremely heavy machine-gun barrage to within 25 yards of the top. With great gallantry and steadiness he beat off the attack with Lewis guns and bombs. The enemy then tried to capture the hill by coming in his left flank, and was again beaten back. Owing to his courage and example the hill was retained.

* * * *

Lt. (A./Capt.) James Clyde Johnson, I.A.R.O., attd. Infy., I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. This officer rushed to the assistance of his commanding officer, who was lying wounded on a slope exposed to accurate fire from the enemy's guns, and carried him to a place of safety.

* * * *

To be temp. Colonels.

Lt.-Col. E. F. Hugo, C.M.G., while holding an appointment as Consulting Surgeon of a Force. 14th Aug. 1918.

Lt.-Col. H. G. Melville, while holding an appointment as Consulting Physician of a Force. 14th Aug. 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 18th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 17th September 1918, pages 11139, 11140 and 11142.

*War Office,
18th September, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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A. G.'s AND Q. M. G.'s STAFF.

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D. A. A. and Q.M.G.—Maj. A. H. R. Dodd, Ind. Cav. 19th Apr. 1918.

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SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Lt. G. V. FitzPatrick, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 1st Apr. 1918.

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6th April 1918.

Lt C. W. Hayne, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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ATTD. TO HD.-Q.R. UNITS.

Staff Officer to Chief Engineer (Cl. CC.)—

Maj. A. H. Morin, D.S.O., Ind. Army Res. of Off. 10th Apr. 1918.

Brig. Comdrs.

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Lt.-Col. D. M. Watt, D.S.O., Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. and the temp. rank of Brig.-Gen. 1st Sept. 1918.

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*Asst. Prov.-Marshall (Cl. BB.)—*Maj. A. de C. Rennick, Ind. Cav. 15th Apr. 1918.

HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

*Asst. Dir. of Supplies and Trans.—*Bt. Lt.-Col. P. St. J. R. Woodhouse, Supply and Trans. Corps, Ind. Army. 11th Apr. 1918.

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HD.-QRS. FOR EMBARKATION DUTIES.

*Asst. Embarkation Staff Officer (Cl. FF.)—*Lt. (temp. Capt.) A. C. de Clermont, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 25th Mar. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Maj. S. G. V. Ellis, D.S.O., Ind. Army, to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst specially empld. 1st Sept. 1918.

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The undermentioned temp. Lts. are transfd. to Gen. List :—

K. Syme, A. S. C., for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 12th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 26th June 1917.

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Second Supplement, dated the 19th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 17th September 1918, pages 11151 and 11154.

War Office,
19th September, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Capt. C. Southgate, M. C., from Gen. List, New Armies, to be temp. Lt., Gen. List, for duty with Ind. Army (on prob.). 29th July 1918, with seniority from 19th June 1916.

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Third Supplement, dated the 20th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 17th September 1918, pages 11165 and 11166.

War Office,
20th September, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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HD. QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

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The undermentioned temp. appt. is made :—

Special Appointment, Cl. G G.—Hon. Lt.-Col. A. C. Gabbott, ret. pay, Ind. Army. 27th Aug. 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 21st September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th September 1918, pages 11235, 11239 and 11240.

War Office,
21st September, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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ATTD. TO HD. QR. UNITS.

Brig. Comdr.—Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) G. Gwyn-Thomas, D.S.O., Ind. Army, and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empled., *vice* Bt. Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) C. Yatnan, C.M.G., D.S.O., North'd Fus. 20th Apr. 1918.

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HD. QRS. FOR EMBARKN. DUTIES.

Mil. Landing Officer (Cl. BB.)—Col. St. G. L. Steele, C. B., Ind. Army. 4th Sept. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

Lt.-Col. E. T. Carwithen (Ind. Army) ceases to be empled. with the Corps. 26th Aug. 1918.

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General List.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off.:—

S. Y. Macqueen, from R. Lanc. R. (attd.). 29 July 1918, with seniority 27 Mar. 1918.

J. F. Galland, from R. Fus. (attd.). 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

Pte. George Wilson Putnam, from Lon. R., T. F., to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 29 July 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 23rd September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th September 1918, pages 11261, 11262, 11265, 11267, 11270 and 11271.

*War Office,
23rd September, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

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CAVALRY.

* * * * *

Res. Regts. of Cav.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. are transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.) :—

J. P. Jordan. 29th July 1918, with seniority from 23rd Feb. 1918.

R. C. Pollard. 29th July 1918, with seniority from 24th Nov. 1917.

MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Lt. R. D. Battye, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List for serv. with Ind. Army (on prob.), 14th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 3rd Mar. 1917.

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SPECIAL RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

RESERVE UNITS.

CAVALRY.

Ir. Horse.—Lt. W. K. McMullen is empld. with Ind Army (on prob.). 14th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 18th Oct. 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Capt. V Howell, from a Serv. Bn., Welsh R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 31 Aug. 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. J. Waterfall, from Yorks. L. I. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 14 Aug. 1918.

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UNATTACHED LIST FOR INDIAN ARMY.

With a view to his appointment to the Indian Army—

Harry Scarborough Prowse.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 21st September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th September 1918, pages 11275, 11286, 11294, 11297, 11298 and 11321.

War Office,
24th September, 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the following Awards to the undermentioned Officers and Warrant Officers, in recognition of their gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :—

* * * *

AWARDED THE MILITARY CROSS.

* * * *

Capt. Raymont Patrick Thomas Ffrench, Rif. I. A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in leading his company in an attack. Though wounded in two places, he continued to fight on and to inspire his men by his courageous example. The same night, when the enemy counter-attacked, he splendidly conducted the defence of his portion of the line and greatly inspired his men.

* * * *

Subadar Harnath Singh, I.O.M., I.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. During an attack on a hill where there were heavy casualties he assumed command of two platoons, rallied the men and three times gallantly led them against the enemy. His utter disregard for his personal safety greatly inspired the men and set a splendid example to all.

* * * *

Lt. (A.-Capt.) Frederick Helm, I.A.R.O.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during a determined attack by enemy bombers on his company, when a party of the enemy worked round the position and appeared from the rear. He seized a rifle and rushed at the party alone. He shot one, and his prompt and gallant action caused the others to flee and restored the situation.

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AMENDMENTS.

The following are the correct descriptions of Officers and a Warrant Officer upon whom rewards have recently been conferred :—

Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) R. M. Barron, I.M.S.

(London Gazette, dated 26th March 1916.)

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 24th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th September 1918, pages 11323, 11329, 11329, 11331 and 11333.

War Office,
24th September, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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ATTD. TO HD. Q.R. UNITS.

Brig. Comdrs.

* * * *

Lt.-Col. G. Gwyn-Thomas, D.S.O., Ind. Army, relinquishes the temp. rank of Brig.-Gen. on ceasing to comd. a Brig. 8th Sept. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

* * * *

The undermentioned Native Officers, Ind. Army, to be Hon. Capt. on retirement :—

Subadar Major Alam Khan, Sardar Bahadur, I.O.M., late Corps of Guides. 1st Nov. 1917.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Delhi, the 7th December 1918.

No. E.-679.—The services of 2nd-Lieutenant H. Harding Kelley, 8th Battalion, the Cheshire Regiment, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with effect from the 25th October 1918.

No. G.-1270.—With reference to the Indian Munitions Board's Notification No. G.-678, dated the 24th June 1918, which appeared in the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 29th June 1918, and in which were published certain orders made by the Governor General in Council with effect from the 15th day of July 1918, for the purpose of requiring returns of stocks of, and of restricting the purchase, sale, delivery of, or other dealing in the following materials, namely :—

Steel plates,
Galvanized and black iron sheets,
Steel or iron beams, girders, bars, channels, angles and other rolled sections,
Steel wire ropes,
Steel scrap,
Tin plates, and
Copper tubing,

the Governor General in Council is pleased hereby to cancel the said orders with effect from the date hereof.

The 11th December 1918.

No. E.-868(1).—Mr. A. T. Weston is appointed Works Manager at the Gun and Shell Factory, Cossipore, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. E.-868(2).—Mr. A. F. Wylie is appointed Works Manager at the Gun Carriage Factory, Jubbulpore, with effect from the 3rd December 1918.

The 12th December 1918.

No. E.-787.—Mr. R. A. Hughes is appointed an Assistant Controller of Stores, Calcutta, with effect from the 11th November 1918.

The 13th December 1918.

No. E.-756.—2nd-Lieutenant A. G. Buck, Assistant Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Madras, is appointed Assistant Controller (Textile Stores) Munitions (Textile) Depot, Lahore, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. E.-801 (1).—Mr. W. Meyers, Assistant Controller (Stores), Bombay, is appointed Assistant Controller (Miscellaneous Stores), Bombay, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. E.-801 (2).—Mr. G. Green, Assistant Controller (Stores), Bombay, is appointed Assistant Controller (Miscellaneous Stores), Bombay, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. E.-801 (3).—2nd-Lieutenant A. J. Gibbons, I.A.R.O., Assistant Controller, (Stores), Bombay, is appointed Assistant Controller (Hardware, Implements and Metals) Bombay, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. E.-801 (4).—Lieutenant L. C. Simpson, I.A.R.O., Assistant Controller (Stores), Bombay, is appointed Assistant Controller (Hardware, Implements and Metals), Bombay, with effect from the 13th September 1918.

T. RYAN,

Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1918.

or Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART V.

Bills introduced in the Indian Legislative Council, Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council, and Bills published under Rule 23.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 15th December, 1918.

No. 66.—The Governor General has been pleased, under Rule 23 of the Rules for the Conduct of the Legislative Business of the Council of the Governor General, to order the publication in the *Gazette of India* and in the local official Gazettes in English, of the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, and the Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons are accordingly hereby published for general information :—

BILL NO. 25 OF 1918.

A Bill to impose a duty on excess profits arising out of certain businesses.

WHEREAS it is expedient to impose a duty on excess profits arising out of certain businesses ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and commencement. 1. (1) This Act may be called the Excess Profits Duty Act, 1918.

(2) It shall come into force on the 1st April, 1919.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

“accounting period” means the twelve months ending on the 31st March, 1919, or if the accounts of the business have been made up within that twelve months for the purposes of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, in respect of a year ending on any date other than the said 31st March, then the year ending on that date ;

“business” includes any trade, commerce or manufacture, or any adventure or concern in the nature of trade, commerce or manufacture ;

“prescribed” means prescribed by rules made under this Act.

All expressions used or embodied by reference in this Act which are not hereinbefore defined shall have the same meaning as is attributed to them by the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918.

3. This Act shall apply to every business (other than the businesses specified in Schedule I) carried on in British India or owned or carried on in any place in India by persons ordinarily resident in British India during any part of the accounting period.

4. Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall be charged, levied and paid on the amount by which the profits arising in the accounting period, from any business to which this Act applies exceeded the standard profits, a duty (in this Act referred to as “excess profits duty”) of an amount equal to fifty per cent of that excess :

Provided that the amount of the said duty shall not exceed such sum as would reduce the profits in the accounting period to less than thirty thousand rupees.

5. The profits in the accounting period shall be the profits as ascertained for the purpose of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918.

VII of 1918.

VII of 1918

6. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the standard profits shall be ascertained as follows, namely :—

(1) If the profits of the business have been assessed in the four years, 1913, 1914, 1916 and 1917 for the purpose of the income-tax law then in force, the average of the assessed profits in these years :

Provided that if the assessment in any of the said years was made in respect of a period of less than twelve months, that assessment shall for the purpose of determining the average be proportionately increased.

Explanation.—Each of the years referred to in this clause shall be deemed to be the twelve months commencing with the 1st of April in the year mentioned.

(2) If the profits of the business have not been so assessed in all the said years, an amount calculated at the rate of ten per cent. on the capital of the business as existing at the end of the accounting period and the capital of the business shall, for the purposes of this Act, be ascertained in accordance with the provisions of Schedule II.

7. (1) Where the capital has been increased during the accounting period, a deduction shall be made from the profits of that period at the rate of ten per cent. per annum on the amount by which the capital has been increased for the period during which such increased capital has been employed :

Provided that no such deduction shall be made in respect of any increase of capital when it appears or to the extent to which it appears, that the increase was made with intent to evade or has the effect of evading, the payment of excess profits duty.

(2) Where the capital has been decreased during the accounting period an addition shall be made to the profits of that period at the rate of ten per cent. per annum on the amount by which the capital has been decreased for the period during which such decreased capital has been employed.

(3) For the purposes of this section, capital shall be deemed to be increased or decreased as the case may be :—

(a) where the standard profits are ascertained in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 6, if the capital employed in the business during any part of the accounting period is more or less than the average amount of capital so employed during the assessment years referred to in that sub-section ; and

(b) where the standard profits are ascertained in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 6, if the capital so employed is more or less than the capital of the business as existing at the end of the accounting period.

8. On the application of any person chargeable with excess profits duty to modify method of alleging that, owing to any calculation of the following circumstances, namely :—

- (a) any change in the constitution of a partnership of which he is or was a member,
- (b) the postponement or suspension, as a consequence of the present war, of renewals or repairs,
- (c) any exceptional depreciation due to the present war of assets employed in the business,
- (d) the provision in connection with the requirements of the present war of plant or machinery which will not be required for the purposes of the business after the termination of the war, or
- (e) any other special circumstances connected with the nature of the business,

the provisions of this Act for the calculation of excess profits duty operate unfairly in his case, the Collector may make such modifications in the provisions of this Act for the purpose of calculating the amount of the duty as seem to him to be necessary to meet the special circumstances, provided that a reduction in the amount of duty payable under the provisions of the Act by more than twenty-five per cent. shall not be made without the previous sanction of the Commissioner.

9. (1) If any person who has applied under section 8 is dissatisfied with the decision of the Collector thereon, he may appeal to the Chief Revenue-authority who shall either itself decide such appeal or, if it is of opinion that questions of general importance are involved, shall refer it to a Board of Referees to be appointed by the Local Government. The Board shall hear and consider any appeal so referred and shall communicate their decision to the Chief Revenue-authority.

(2) The Chief Revenue-authority and the Board shall be entitled to take into account any of the circumstances specified in section 8, and to modify the decision of the Collector with reference thereto in such way and to such extent as they may consider just and equitable.

(3) Every Board of Referees appointed under this section shall consist of three persons, of whom at least one shall be a person not in the service of Government and having acquaintance with businesses of the nature of that in respect of which the appeal is made.

(4) In case of a difference of opinion between the members of the Board, the opinion of the majority shall prevail.

(5) The decision of the Chief Revenue-authority on any appeal under this section, or of the Board where an appeal is referred to them shall notwithstanding any other provision of this Act be final, and shall be deemed to be the basis of assessment in the particular case.

10. Every person chargeable to excess profits duty under this Act shall that excess profits have given notice that he is so been made. chargeable to the Collector before the 30th April 1919, and every liquidator of

a company which is being wound up at the commencement of this Act, or is wound up after the commencement of this Act, and which is chargeable to excess profits duty, shall give notice of the fact to the Collector.

11. The Collector may, for the purposes of this Act, require any person whom he believes to be engaged in any business to which this Act applies, or to have been so engaged during the accounting period or in the year 1912 or in any year thereafter, to furnish him within one month after service upon him of a notice to that effect with such particulars in connection with the business as the Collector may require.

12. If a person fails, without reasonable cause or excuse, to furnish or cause to be furnished to the Collector in due time any notice required by section 10 or any particulars referred to in section 11, he shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the default continues.

13. The amount of excess profits duty to be paid in respect of any business shall be assessed by the Collector, who may in any case where he thinks fit allow the duty to be paid in instalments of such amounts payable at such time as he may direct.

14. The duty may be assessed on any person for the time being owning or carrying on the business whether as agent for the owner or otherwise or, where the business has ceased during the accounting period, on the person who owned or so carried on the business immediately before the time at which the business ceased, and where there has been a change of ownership of the business during the accounting period, the Collector may, if he thinks fit, take the accounting period as the period ending on the date at which the ownership has so changed and assess the duty on the person who owned or carried on the business.

15. The provisions of sections 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 29, and of Chapters IV and V and of sections 42, 45, 46, 47 and 49 to 52 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, shall apply, with such modifications, if any, as may be prescribed, as if those sections referred to excess profits duty instead of income-tax, and every officer or authority exercising powers under these provisions of the said Act may exercise the like powers under this Act in regard to excess profits duty as he or it exercises in regard to income-tax under the said Act:

Provided that references in the said provisions to the assessee shall be construed as references to a person by whom excess profits duty is payable.

16. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, all information contained in any statement or return made or furnished under the provisions of the said Act, or obtained or collected for the purposes of that Act may be used for the purposes of this Act.

17. (1) A person shall not for the purposes of avoiding payment of excess profits duty enter into a fictitious or artificial transaction or carry out any fictitious or artificial operation and if he has entered into any such transaction or carried out any such operation before the commencement of this Act, shall inform the Collector of the nature of the transaction or operation.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section an artificial transaction or operation includes every device of whatever nature adopted for the purposes of presenting the accounts of a business in a misleading form or manner with intent to evade or having the effect of evading the obligations imposed by this Act.

(2) If any person acts in contravention of, or fails to comply with, the provisions of sub-section (1), he shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees.

18. (1) The Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, make rules for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for—

- (a) the procedure to be followed by Boards of Referees appointed under this Act;
- (b) the adaptation to excess profits duty of any of the provisions of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, which are made applicable to that duty by section 15.

(3) All rules made under this section shall have effect as if enacted in this Act

SCHEDULE I.

EXCEPTED BUSINESSES.

(See section 3.)

1. Agriculture.

2. Offices or employments.

3. Any profession the profits of which are dependent mainly on the personal qualifications of the person by whom the profession is carried on, and in which no capital expenditure is required or only capital expenditure of an amount small when compared with the profits which the person carrying on the profession makes:

Provided that the business of any person taking commissions in respect of any transactions or services rendered, or any agent of any description (not being a commercial traveller or an agent whose remuneration consists wholly of a fixed and definite sum not dependent on the amount of business done or any other contingency) shall not be included in this exception.

4. Any business which is liable to pay in respect of the accounting period excess profits duty in the United Kingdom.

5. Any business the profits of which in the accounting period did not exceed thirty thousand rupees.

SCHEDULE II.

ASCERTAINMENT OF CAPITAL.

(See section 6.)

1. The amount of the capital of a business shall so far as it does not consist of money, be taken to be—

- (a) so far as it consists of assets acquired by purchase, the price at which these assets were acquired, subject to such deduction for depreciation or for unpaid purchase money as may be prescribed,
- (b) so far as it consists of assets being debts due to the business, the nominal amount of those debts subject to any reduction which has been allowed or is allowable in respect of those debts under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, and
- (c) so far as it consists of any other assets which have not been acquired by purchase, the value of the assets at the

time, when they became assets of the business, subject to such deduction for depreciation as may be prescribed;

Provided that nothing in this provision shall prevent accumulated profits (other than those made in the accounting period) employed in the business being treated as capital.

2. Any borrowed money or trade debts shall be deducted in computing the amount of capital for the purposes of this Act.

3. Where any asset has been paid for otherwise than in cash, the cost price of that asset shall be taken to be the value of the consideration at the time the asset was acquired, but where the business has been converted into a company, and more than two-thirds of the shares in the company are held by the person who was the owner of the business, no value shall be attached to those shares, so far as they are represented by good-will or otherwise than by material assets of the company, unless the Collector in special circumstances otherwise directs. Patents and secret processes shall be deemed to be material assets.

I of 1918.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

On the 10th of September 1918, a Resolution was adopted by the Indian Legislative Council declaring that the prolongation of the war justifies India's taking a larger share than she does at present of the cost of the military forces raised or to be raised in this country. It is the object of the present Bill to raise money, by the imposition of an excess profits duty, towards the cost of the measures proposed to give effect to this Resolution.

2. Although no guarantee can be given by the Government on the point, the change which has recently come over the military situation makes it possible that the sum to be raised by the duty will not be required for more than one year, and the duty is, therefore, imposed by the Bill only on the profits of a single year (clauses 2 and 4). The proposed duty will absorb fifty per cent. of the excess of the profits made in an accounting period of twelve months over a certain standard called in the Bill the "standard profits" (clause 4). The accounting period consists of the twelve months ending on the 31st March 1919, unless a different period of twelve months has been taken for the income-tax assessments of that year, when that period is taken; and the profits of the accounting period are those ascertained for income-tax purposes (clause 5). Standard profits are calculated on different bases when the business subject to the duty has been assessed to income-tax in the course of the four financial years, 1913-14, 1914-15, 1916-17, and 1917-18, and when it has not.

3. When a business has been assessed to income-tax in the four years, the standard profits will under the Bill be the average profits as assessed for income-tax purposes, with proportionate increases if the assessment in any of the years covered a period of less than twelve months. When it has not been assessed to income-tax in all the four years, the standard profits will be calculated at ten per cent. on the capital of the business at the end of the accounting period (clause 6). With slight modifications, the provisions of the British Excess Profits Duty Acts are followed for the calculation of the capital of the business. (Schedule II).

4. The Bill provides for an adjustment, where capital has been increased or decreased during the accounting period, by deduction from or addition to the profits of that period of an amount equivalent to ten per cent per annum on the increase or decrease of capital (clause 7).

5. Businesses which have not earned in the accounting period more than thirty-thousand rupees will be exempt from the duty (Schedule I), and in no case will a larger sum be taken as the duty than will reduce the profits to thirty-thousand rupees (clause 4, proviso). Otherwise the duty will be imposed upon all businesses except agriculture, offices or employments, professions subject to the limitations in force in the United Kingdom, and businesses which are liable to pay in respect of the accounting period excess profits duty in the United Kingdom (Schedule I).

6. In general, the procedure for the recovery of the duty, for appeals against the Collector's assessments, and similar matters will be that in force under the Income-tax Act (clauses 13 and 15), but there are some special provisions. The Collector is given wide powers to modify assessments when on application to him it is shown that for special reasons the methods laid down for calculating the duty will operate unfairly (clause 8), and persons dissatisfied with his orders on such applications are permitted to appeal to the Chief

Revenue-authority, who, if it thinks that the appeal involves questions of general importance, is required to refer it to a Board of Referees appointed by the Local Government, and consisting of three members, of whom at least one must be a non-official acquainted with businesses of the nature of that in respect of which the appeal is made (clause 9). The Collector is also authorised in addition to his powers under the Income-tax Act to call, under penalty for non-compliance, for such particulars in connection with the business as he may require (clauses 11 and 12), to permit payment in instalments (clause 13), and to use in his assessments to the duty information obtained for the purpose of income-tax assessments (clause 16). Persons chargeable to the duty are required under penalty to give the Collector notice of the fact (clauses 10 and 12), and they are forbidden, on pain of a fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, to enter into fictitious or artificial transactions with the object of avoiding payment of the duty (clause 17).

JAS. S. MESTON.

The 13th December, 1918.

H. M. SMITH,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 12th December 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A depression formed to the west of the Andamans and advancing towards the Arakan coast gave widespread rain in the Andamans and the central districts of Burma. A winter disturbance appeared in Baluchistan and passed into Rajputana; it occasioned nearly general rain or snow in northeast Baluchistan and the North-West Frontier Province, with a few falls in Sind and Kashmir. At the close of the week conditions were again disturbed in the southwest of the Bay and rain was falling on the Coromandel coast.

2. *Burma, including the Bay Islands.*—Rainfall was nearly general in the central parts of Burma on the 10th, and in the Andamans on the 7th and 8th. Local falls occurred in the south of the province.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.— } There was no rain.

Northwest India.—Nearly general rain fell in northeast Baluchistan and the North-West Frontier Province on the 10th. A few falls occurred in Sind and Kashmir.

The Peninsula.—Weather was dry, except on the southeast Madras coast where rainfall was nearly general on the 11th.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

December 5th. Pendra and Sonamarg each 0·26".

„ 6th. Port Blair 1·80".

„ 7th. Table Island 1·01" and Victoria Point 0·64".

„ 8th. Port Blair 3·30", Moulmein 0·45" and Lashio 0·65".

„ 9th. Akyab 1·71", Monywa 0·31", Lashio 0·30", Robat 0·60", Kalat 0·26" and Karachi 0·17".

„ 10th. Toungoo 0·68", Akyab 2·17", Minbu 0·50", Mandalay 0·34", Maymyo 0·86", Cherat 0·70", Parachinar 0·65", Peshawar 0·29", Fort Sandeman 0·25", Quetta 0·32", and Chaman and Karachi each 0·19".

„ 11th. Sonamarg 0·47", Parachinar 0·50", Doshi 0·62", Peshawar 0·29", Negapatam 0·95" and Madras 1·35".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Burma the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind and the Central Provinces East; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces West, the Punjab, Rajputana East, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad North, Mysore and the whole of the Madras Presidency. It was within 20 per cent of the normal in Kashmir. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the Punjab, Kashmir, Baluchistan and the Madras Coast North. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Burma, the United Provinces, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar and Madras Southeast. It is normal in Rajputana East, Central India West and the Madras Deccan. No rain is expected at this time of year in Bihar, Rajputana West and Gujarat.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 12TH DECEMBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 20TH NOVEMBER TO 12TH DECEMBER 1918.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	6.1	1.7	+4.4	7.1	4.5	+2.6	+53	-64
Lower Burma	0.8	0.2	+0.6	1.7	0.4	+1.3	+325	+350
Upper Burma	0.4	0.2	+0.2	0.4	0.3	+0.1	+53	-100
Assam	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.2	-0.2	-100	-100
Bengal	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.2	-0.2	-100	-100
Orissa	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.1	-50	0
Chota Nagpur	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	0
Bihar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Provinces, East	0	0	0	0.1	0	+0.1	-	-
United Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.1	+0.1	+100	-
Punjab, East and North	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	0
Punjab, South-West	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	0
Kashmir	0.2	0.2	0	0.2	0.3	-0.1	-33	-100
N.-W. Frontier Province	0.3	0	+0.3	0.3	0.1	+0.2	+200	-100
Baluchistan	0.3	0.2	+0.1	0.3	0.4	-0.1	-25	-100
Sind	0.1	0	+0.1	0.1	0	+0.1	-	0
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	-
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	-
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	0.3	0.1	+0.2	+700	-
Berar	0	0.1	-0.1	1.6	0.1	+1.5	+1500	-
Central Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	1.4	0.1	+1.3	+13.0	-
Central Provinces, East	0.1	0	+0.1	0.6	0	+0.6	-	-
Konkan	0	0	0	0.2	0	+0.2	-	-
Bombay Deccan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.3	0.1	+0.2	+200	-
Hyderabad, North	0	0.1	-0.1	1.6	0.1	+1.5	+1500	-
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	1.5	0	+1.5	-	-
Mysore	0	0.1	-0.1	1.0	0.3	+0.7	+233	+400
Malabar	0	0.3	-0.3	1.6	0.3	+0.3	+100	+220
Madras, South-East	0.4	1.0	-0.6	4.7	2.5	+2.2	+83	+187
Madras Deccan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.3	0.3	0	0	+50
Madras Coast, North	0	0.4	-0.4	0.4	0.9	-0.5	-56	-20

HEM RAJ,

for Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 19th December 1918.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 7th December 1918.

Burma.—The week was rainless. In Lower Burma reaping of early paddy is proceeding and that of winter rice has commenced. In Upper Burma sowing of miscellaneous and island crops and harvesting of cotton, groundnut and late sesamum are progressing and reaping of winter rice and cultivation of spring rice have commenced. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has fallen further to Rs. 188, but is still considerably above normal. The market for white rice is weak at Rs. 327-8 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice, manufacture of tea and plucking of cotton continue. Pressing of sugarcane is going on in some places. Ploughing of spring rice has commenced. Outturn and prospects of crops are fair but rain is wanted for growth of standing crops. Cattle disease is reported from four districts. The price of common rice has risen.

Bengal.—Practically no rain fell during the week, excepting scanty showers in a few districts. Harvesting of winter paddy continues. Standing crops are suffering for want of moisture. Transplantation of tobacco seedlings, sowing of wheat and some spring crops are going on. Damage to standing crops by insects is reported from some eastern districts. Average price of common rice has risen by about 2·7 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week except light showers in parts of Shahabad, Ranchi, Angul, Sambalpur and Puri. Harvesting of winter paddy and pressing of sugarcane continue. Sowing of spring crops is in progress, but they are withering in several districts for want of moisture, and rain is urgently wanted. Prospects are bad, especially in the Patna, Orissa and Chota Nagpur divisions. In Angul test works are going on at 37 centres, but many of these are to be closed. Gratuitous relief was given to 446 persons. The price of common rice has risen in six districts, fallen in four and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that in the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from eight districts. Reports from the Feudatory States of Orissa and Chota Nagpur have not been received.

United Provinces.—There was light rain again in some districts, but more is urgently wanted. Damage to crops continues for want of rain. Land is being prepared for spring crops and poppy and their sowing continues. Harvesting of autumn crops is nearly complete. Pressing of sugarcane, picking of cotton, and irrigation of sugarcane are going on. Standing crops are fair except in a few districts. Prospects are not favourable. Condition of agricultural stock is on the whole satisfactory, but cattle disease is still prevalent in places. Fodder is scarce and dear. Water and market supplies are sufficient. Prices are generally stationary with a tendency to rise.

Punjab.—Except some slight local falls of rain the weather remained dry all over the province. Standing irrigated autumn crops are generally average and unirrigated crops are poor. Picking of cotton, pressing of sugarcane, and harvesting of other crops continue. The yield is generally normal on irrigated and much below normal on unirrigated areas. Wheat and other spring crops are being sown on irrigated areas. Area sown is below normal to normal. Standing irrigated crops are average to good but unirrigated crops for which rain is badly needed are much below average. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is scarce in most districts. Sugarcane is being used as fodder in some districts. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat:—Ambala 6, Rawalpindi 6½, Lyallpur 6½, Ferozepore and Lahore 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—Slight rain fell in one district. More rain is greatly needed throughout the province. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan, but are restricted in Bannu. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Maize and *chari* are being reaped with outturn average. Prices of wheat:—Peshawar 7½ and Dera Ismail Khan 7½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Very slight rain fell in some parts. There was no fall in prices.

Kashmir.—The week was generally cloudy and cold. Spring agricultural operations are in progress in Baramulla and Anantnag districts and are over in Muzaffarabad. Cattle disease is reported in Muzaffarabad. Prices are becoming normal.

Rajputana.—Rain fell in a few places during the week. The weather was cool. Harvesting of autumn crops has been completed. Prospects are poor. Spring sowings are late and restricted. Condition of cattle is fair. Scarcity of fodder is general. Water is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Central India.—The rainfall was good in parts of Bundelkhand, hail accompanied rainfall in parts of Jaora and in all districts of Indore, was partial in Gwalior and Malwa and insufficient in Baghelkhand. Sowing of spring crops is nearly completed in Gwalior and Southern States. Late sowings are in progress in parts of Gwalior. Autumn crops are being harvested and cotton picking is in progress in Indore and Southern States but have been damaged by hail in certain parganas of Malwa and Prant. Standing crops have withered in Bundelkhand and are fair elsewhere except Jaora and Ratlam. Probable outturn depends on winter rain in Gwalior, is unsatisfactory in Bundelkhand, annas four to ten in Bhopal and below average in Dhar. Cattle disease prevails in Karera, Gwalior, southern part of Rewa, Dhar and Barwani. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore and parts of Malwa. Prices are fluctuating in Gwalior and Indore, but are stationary elsewhere. Poppy cultivation is in progress in Gwalior and Indore.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been cold and occasionally cloudy. During the week all districts received some rain. Seoni and Nagpur reported over an inch but the quantity registered at headquarters in the remaining districts nowhere exceeded 75 cents. This rainfall and that of the preceding week together with the dew that is now falling have greatly improved the condition of spring crops and their prospects at present are generally good all over the province. Additional land is now being put under spring crops in several districts. Harvesting and threshing of autumn crops and picking of cotton continue. The supply of fodder and water is adequate except in parts of Hoshangabad, Betul, Chindwara and Berar. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition. In Sironcha Tahsil gratuitous relief is being extended. A kitchen has been reopened and a charitable fund organized to distribute clothes to the distressed. Influenza still prevails in parts of six districts but it is reported to be generally subsiding. Wheat in Chanda, rice in Seoni, Hoshangabad and Amraoti and *juar* in Chanda and Yeotmal became cheaper by about $1\frac{1}{2}$ seers per rupee. Rice rose by 2 seers in Chanda. Elsewhere prices remained steady or fluctuated slightly but the general tendency to fall is now well marked.

The weekly report on scarcity in Sironcha is as follows:—Influenza has much increased distress in Sironcha and mortality is high. Gratuitous relief is being extended and kitchens will soon be reopened. Public works are still closed. Numbers on relief—gratuitous relief 735.

Feudatory States.—Light to moderate showers were received in the States and the spring crops are doing well.

Bombay.—Good rain fell during the week in Ratnagiri, Kanara, Ahmednagar and Bijapur and slight elsewhere. Standing crops have been damaged by rats in Deccan and Karnatak, and are withering in Karachi and Hyderabad in many places. Autumn harvesting continues in Sind and some places in the Presidency. Spring sowing continues, but is much retarded for want of moisture. Cotton picking continues in Sind, Broach, Rewa Kantha, Baroda, Khandesh and Sholapur. Fodder supply is generally deficient but pastures have improved in parts of Karnatak. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient, but cattle are deteriorating in parts of Hyderabad, North Gujarat, Deccan, Belgaum, Kolhapur and Kathiawar. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind, Kaira, Surat, Poona, Sholapur, Satara and Karnatak. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Demand for labour is sufficient. Small test works continue in Kaira, Panchmahals and Nagar.

Hyderabad.—The rainfall during the week was good in four districts, light in four districts and fair elsewhere. The average fall was 77 cents. Autumn harvest is nearly completed. Early rice harvest continues, the crop has suffered in some districts. Spring crops are fair to good. They have been damaged by insects in parts of Nalgonda district. Cattle are healthy. Fodder is scarce. Prices of grains continue to be abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at two seers per rupee in the Parbhani district.

Mysore.—The week was slightly wet. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested ragi outturn is poor to fair. Rice and sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The week was practically rainless. Condition of rice is fair, ears are growing. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was heavy in South Arcot, Tanjore, Ramnad and Tinnevely; good in Nellore, Chingleput, Madras, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Pudukkottai, Madura, west coast and the hills; fair in Guntur, Bellary, Sandur, Cuddapah, Chittoor and North Arcot; and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally, but have been lost or are withering in parts owing to excess or deficiency of rainfall. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of fifteen districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but restricted in places for want of rain. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, west coast and the hills. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of three districts. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of nine districts. Prices have risen in parts but tendency to rise is generally weakened. Prospects are fair except in parts of four districts. No report has been received regarding details of test works in Salem.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.
(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 23rd November 1918.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.						THAGIS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.		Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	Dependants of relief-workers, relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	9	11
				UNITED PROVINCES.			.		
	Cashwal	295	81,019	...	...	...	...	...	116
	Total	295	81,019	...	...	...	...	...	116

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 13th December 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 30th November 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Kaira District	18	14
		Broach Port	2	...
		Surat District	5	3
	Central	Ahmednagar District	1	...
		Satara District	200*	136*
		West Khandesh District	6	2
		Nasik District	7	4
		Poona Town	1	2
		Poona District	34	28
		Sholapur Town	5	4
		Sholapur District	58	40
	Southern	Belgaum District	7	3
		Dharwar District	97	78
		Bijapur District	106	50
	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	1	1
	Political Charges.	Kathiawar Agency	14	9
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	28	13
		Mundra Port	1	1
		TOTAL	781	395
MAHARASHTRA PRESIDENCY.	...	Ahmednagar District	14 (a)	5 (b)
		Coimbatore District	33 (b)	22 (b)
		Salem District	2	5
		Guntur District	7	6
		Kurnool District	63	49
		TOTAL	119	87
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Shahabad District	5	4
	Tirhut	Saran District	33	28
		Champanan District	3	5
		Muzaffarpur District	3	3
		Darbhanga District	19	16
	Blagalpur.	Monghyr District	12	6
		TOTAL	77	62

* For two weeks.

(a) Three imported.

(b) One imported.

In the return for the week ending 23rd November 1918, the following additions should be made :—

Bihar and Orissa { Patna District, add 2 cases, 2 deaths.
Saran District, add 12 cases, 4 deaths.

Province or Possession.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and Forts.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Benares	Jaunpur District	8	8
		Ghazipur District	9	8
		Ballia District	27	21
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	31	21
		Basti District	10	9
		Asansgarh District	14	12
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	7	4
		TOTAL	101	78
	Ambala	Hissar District	1	1
	Lahore	Gujranwala District	4	2
PUNJAB.	Rawalpindi.	Jhelum District	3	1
		Rawalpindi District	8	5
	Multan	Multan District	6	6
		TOTAL	22	15
	Pegu	Pyaw District	4	3
BURMA.	Irrawaddy.	Bassein Town	1	1
	Mandalay	Maymyo Town	19	16
		Katha District	8	6
	Sagaing.	Shwebo District	3	3
		Sagaing District	7	4
		Lower Chinlwin District	—	1
	Mektila.	Mektila District	2	2
		Yamethin District	7	2
	Native States.	Northern Shan States	2	1
		TOTAL	53	39
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	12	10
		Jubbulpore District	4	4
		Seoni District	1	1
		TOTAL	17	15
MYSORE STATE.		Bangalore Civil and Military Station	16	13
		Bangalore City	11	7
		Bangalore District	22	12
		Mysore City	9	9
		Mysore District	14	9
		Shimoga District	14	7
		Tumkur District	35	19
		Kolar District	20	12
		TOTAL	141	88

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Gulburgah District	92	80
		Medak District	116	87
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	42	32
		Secunderabad	2	2
		Atrafbaladah Sarfkhias District	1	...
		TOTAL .	253*	161*
		GRAND TOTAL .	1,304	910

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending November 30th were 14 and 55, respectively

In the return for the week ending 28rd November 1918, the following additions should be made:—

Hyderabad State	Gulburgah District	8 cases, 7 deaths.
	Bidar District	28 " 20 "
	Medak District	4 " 1 death
	Hyderabad City and Suburbs	20 " 17 deaths
	Secunderabad	1 case 2 "
Central India	Atrafbaladah Sarfkhias District	3 cases, 1 death
	Gwalior State	1 case 1 "

DEHI:
The 12th December 1918

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

II. SHARP,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

**Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.**

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.	MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.			TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING.			EARNINGS PER MEAN MILE WORKED FOR WEEK.			TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO			COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1917-18.		COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1917-18.		
		1918.	1917.	1918.	28th November 1918.	30th November 1917.	30th November 1918.	1918.	1917.	1918.	28th November 1918.	30th November 1917.	30th November 1918.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.	
State Railways.																		
Bengal-Nagpur (including 2' 6" gauge line)	402	2,669	2,636	2,606	7,72,369	11,05,702	10,78,000	289	410	400	2,60,79,446	3,58,67,503	3,94,20,000	1,33,40,554	...	35,52,497	...	
Bombay Extension	479	21	21	21	6,611	10,033	10,200	315	477	498	2,46,629	3,47,634	3,28,000	76,371	...	24,634	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	946	1,003	1,003	7,46,092	8,12,021	9,90,000	788	809	906	2,33,81,063	2,92,50,394	3,26,15,000	1,03,36,937	...	33,64,006	...	
Eastern Bengal (including 2' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	493	1,572	1,579	1,581	8,70,916	7,26,316	7,90,000	594	460	499	2,47,63,707	2,36,36,732	2,48,97,000	1,19,268	...	23,01,268	...	
East Indian	765	2,649	2,618	2,613	20,77,383	23,83,788	25,24,000	611	911	968	6,72,74,244	7,61,89,868	9,07,09,000	1,34,34,755	...	1,46,25,132	...	
Great Indian Peninsula	801	2,637	2,612	2,613	19,38,064	21,84,840	25,84,000	764	636	900	6,06,93,173	6,69,74,534	7,53,34,000	1,44,40,868	...	80,61,406	...	
Agro-Delhi Chord	614	126	126	126	54,150	68,137	70,000	430	501	556	14,43,487	20,38,487	25,08,000	1,93,513	...	7,77,535	...	
Bombay-Kolhat	78	40	40	40	3,117	2,908	4,500	77	55	113	1,06,321	1,16,310	1,47,000	40,779	...	30,000	...	
Rajput-Rawal (British Section)	1,594	57	13	13	30,290	17,397	19,000	543	1,444	1,583	10,38,029	5,93,700	7,45,000	3,40,039	...	1,51,800	...	
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	78	78	1,891	4,974	5,000	57	65	74	41,738	3,02,397	2,15,000	1,73,263	...	12,403	...	
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 2' 6" gauge line)	387	2,685	2,651	2,550	6,69,882	9,43,313	9,50,000	269	372	373	2,40,73,875	3,35,36,032	3,61,79,000	1,21,05,135	...	36,53,968	...	
North-Western (including 2' 6" gauge line)	579	4,013	4,066	4,001	16,13,222	20,36,326	21,70,000	402	375	542	5,73,16,132	8,04,36,635	8,99,89,000	2,86,69,848	...	55,46,865	...	
Orissa and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Berhampur 2' 6" link)	146	1,509	1,593	1,593	4,97,753	6,12,303	4,47,000	274	385	281	1,53,26,358	1,87,14,020	2,04,99,000	51,73,632	...	17,84,980	...	
Assam-Bengal	839	812	1,593	1,593	1,50,103	1,43,730	1,39,000	168	169	168	44,53,021	47,19,331	47,80,000	2,66,979	...	67,819	...	
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	1,286	1,286	1,286	1,286	1,286	1,286	325	325	325	1,286	1,286	1,286	...	...	...	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	319	1,553	1,543	1,543	4,66,883	4,99,424	5,29,000	301	320	389	1,45,83,976	1,24,69,668	1,44,45,000	13,61,034	...	29,55,383	...	
Burma Extension	213	...	187	187	...	36,655	47,000	...	196	251	...	12,81,549	16,10,000	...	...	8,53,083	...
Southern Rana Station	121	...	70	70	...	8,226	9,000	...	133	138	...	2,80,266	3,10,000	...	...	19,704	...
Dhoke-Karnool	78	...	33	33	...	896	2,400	...	68	75	...	80,664	97,500	...	...	16,836	...
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	21,111	37,933	40,300	170	266	244	8,95,179	13,12,434	14,04,000	6,08,881	...	91,565	...	
Lucknow-Bardoli	166	287	302	287	36,511	47,483	64,200	128	167	224	14,84,809	16,67,434	20,63,000	4,78,001	...	9,84,565	...	
Myner	191	411	401	401	73,603	75,982	73,200	179	189	183	26,81,765	26,86,434	29,47,000	9,65,236	...	2,60,666	...	
South India (including 2' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,461	1,487	1,487	4,69,228	6,65,939	5,76,000	323	413	368	1,83,74,713	2,38,09,732	2,38,97,000	55,23,267	...	98,268	...	
Tromsore Branch	151	408	408	408	17,368	20,860	24,600	160	190	168	5,08,095	7,18,119	9,88,000	2,44,975	...	2,84,408	...	
Thiruv	238	785	804	804	2,59,385	1,81,555	1,97,000	286	241	245	64,53,049	67,45,634	66,47,000	1,93,551	...	9,01,368	...	
Branch-Jambhik	93	...	30	30	...	2,035	2,800	...	101	89	...	86,589	80,300	...	...	4,813	...
Jorhat (Provincial)	83	30	33	33	2,069	2,808	3,200	69	85	97	85,361	96,805	80,300	...	5,061	...	18,505	...
TOTAL	496	36,125	36,745	36,807	1,13,14,920	1,25,85,886	1,19,37,800	433	506	523	35,94,23,828	44,42,20,355	49,81,61,000	13,87,38,173	...	5,39,40,746	...	
All other Railways.																		
Assam-Pat	171	56	56	56	13,223	8,936	9,300	288	160	164	4,82,771	3,16,368	3,40,000	...	1,42,771	22,714	...	
Rajput-Rawal (Native State Section)	519	...	...	...	...	21,351	20,000	...	472	511	...	7,26,152	9,04,000	...	...	1,78,848	...
Rajput-Rawal	161	114	114	114	22,165	12,658	10,000	194	111	140	6,76,444	6,96,899	6,96,899	...	...	84,801	...
Baroda-Bombay	80	149	149	149	11,051	7,500	7,500	60	65	65	8,55,285	8,55,285	8,55,285	...	...	23,288	...
Baroda-Bombay	267	127	239	239	67,755	29,658	32,800	322	345	346	21,64,989	20,44,000	20,44,000	...	...	32,702	...
Baroda-Bombay	235	8	52	52	7,403	7,487	9,000	284	300	300	3,12,854	3,86,289	4,48,000	1,61,134	...	68,971	...	
Baroda-Bombay	134	...	...	...	...	2,553	2,500	...	228	156	...	75,470	7,700	...	...	2,630	...
Baroda-Bombay	98	...	...	...	...	4,710	5,900	...	105	94	...	34,619	1,79,000	...	...	1,005	...
Baroda-Bombay	180	591	854	...	36	37	...	1,37,398	1,00,000	...	7,215	...	1,005	...
Baroda-Bombay	185	79	79	79	14,890	14,820	14,200	138	188	180	4,90,404	4,74,462	4,90,000	...	...	80,557	...
Baroda-Bombay	70	...	...	...	...	2,955	3,400	...	63	74	...	1,13,118	1,08,000	...	...	6,118	...
Baroda-Bombay	153	34	33	33	5,324	4,676	4,500	135	141	138	1,82,207	1,60,833	1,85,000	2,798	...	24,187	...	
Baroda-Bombay	416	324	324	324	1,84,286	1,40,594	1,59,000	402	382	398	40,33,634	44,71,800	47,85,000	7,41,396	...	1,18,610	...	
Baroda-Bombay	122	84	84	84	3,453	7,153	7,300	180	210	213	1,80,841	2,36,302	2,63,000	61,159	...	21,008	...	
Baroda-Bombay	79	...	...	...	...	4,605	5,800	...	98	123	...	1,18,414	1,69,000	...	...	48,685	...
Baroda-Bombay	395	108	108	108	26,383	33,980	39,100	244	315	302	11,54,387	14,57,479	16,27,000	7,82,308	...	4,79,331	...	
Baroda-Bombay	68	...	...	...	...	169	160	...	128	111	...	6,96,897	1,31,000	...	...	12,415	...
Baroda-Bombay	97	...	...	...	...	6,653	11,200	...	138	105	...	1,32,377	2,11,000	...	...	67,726	...
Baroda-Bombay	114	...	...	...	...	4,673	4,200	...	123	105	...	1,45,126	1,56,000	...	...	7,774	...
Baroda-Bombay	330	425	428	428	1,21,495	1,46,150	1,31,000	285	341	306	34,91,764	47,32,618	68,53,000	20,61,216	...	1,40,135	...	
Baroda-Bombay	90	99	133	133	6,724	9,249	7,800	68	70	59	1,45,381	2,87,614	2,86,000	1,41,619	...	1,614	...	
Baroda-Bombay	159	155	155	155	25,433	29,449	35,100	164	163	163	8,81,890	8,88,262	9,41,000	60,600	...	63,718	...	
Baroda-Bombay	194	156	156	156	31,591	26,286	30,200	203	169	251	8,47,745	9,21,242	11,01,000	3,43,555	...	2,58,658	...	
Baroda-Bombay	96	...	...	...	...	908	1,300	...	41	59	...	79,202	82,200	...	...	17,008	...
Baroda-Bombay	84	34	34	34	2,618	3,067	3,200	78	91	94	84,398	1,08,472	1,10,000	26,002	...	6,547	...	
Baroda-Bombay	178	89	89	89	6,405	9,533	8,200	71	74	82	2,46,184	2,90,387	3,14,000	67,816	...	95,753	...	
Baroda-Bombay	186	1,329	1,344	1,344	2,12,542	2,39,437	2,86,000	172	198	220	70,80,566	76,16,268	87,85,000	27,04,484	...	25,51,711	...	
Baroda-Bombay	185	153	153	153	43,939	39,919	42,500	300	279	272	11,15,053	11,99,999	13,56,000	1,96,947	...	86,003	...	
Baroda-Bombay	187	49	52	52	7,510	7,471	5,400	145	148	104	9,28,676	9,49,661	9,27,000	...	...	2,676	...
Baroda-Bombay	148	227	249	249	33,673	38,907	42,900	186	170	170	9,64,596	12,41,089	17,55,000	8,01,104	...	1,45,918	...	
Baroda-Bombay	157	33	33	33	9,111	7,425	5,900	281	222	179	1,84,716	1,72,840	1,86,000	1,384	...	18,100	...	
Baroda-Bombay	322	86	86	86	25,009	26,295	23,100	291	306	269	8,92,857	8,95,100	8,93,000	...	...	9,287	...
Baroda-Bombay	90	184	309	309	14,322	18,614	24,400	78	89	117	5,15,225	6,00,631	9,53,000	4,88,775	...	5,01,389	...	
Baroda-Bombay	150	211	227	227	32,710	34,500	44,400	141	129	129	8,85,465	11,04,926	16,41,000	7,55,755	...	4,96,175	...	
Baroda-Bombay	179	443	441	441	92,414	94,971	89,000	209	215	201	24,65,013	24,43,829	29,95,000	4,90,987	...			

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, by the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, Delhi.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14. 1918

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901. -

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department No 777-79, dated 9th February 1870 the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J P HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India "

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Subscription for <i>Gazette</i> and Supplement	Rs 15 0 0
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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 11th December 1918.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

December 2

1012. N. P. Roe. *Improved point box.*
 1013. S. K. Sibbald. *New or improved products for treating road surfaces, for water-proofing surfaces and for coating surfaces of materials and the like, and processes for the manufacture thereof.*

December 3

1044. Amalgamated Zinc (De Bavay's) Ltd. *Improvements in the recovery of lead and silver from sulphide ores and metallurgical products.*

December 4.

1015. S. H. Ashworth. *Improvements in apparatus and methods for procuring the regular discharge of liquids.*
 1046. Standard Oil Company of New York. *Fire extinguishing apparatus.*

December 5.

4017. H. E. Marcel. *Improvements relating to appliances for waving or treating hair.*
 4048. Healy and Gresham Ltd. *Improvements in filters.*
 4049. F. D. S. Sandeman. *A machine for dividing materials such as jute into short lengths.*

December 6.

4050. L. Chomier. *Improvements relating to miners' lamps.*
 4051. Chas. Butters & Co., Ltd. *Improved means for treating sugar liquors.*
 4052. W. J. Stewart and J. Woolcock. *Improvements in or relating to ferro-concrete ship construction.*
 4053. J. V. Clarke. *An improved process for separating Thorium from other rare earths and for the manufacture of Thorium nitrate and other Thorium salts.*
 4054. J. C. Dallas. *Improvement of septic tanks.*
 4055. J. Nelson. *Improvements in or relating to the low-temperature distillation of coal, shale and the like.*
 4056. J. Nelson. *Improvements in the manufacture of metallic lead powder and lead paints.*
 4057. F. S. Betts. *Improvements in albums for talking machine records.*
 4058. A. C. Diehl. *Improvements in soundboxes for sound reproducing and sound recording machines.*
 4059. F. Lowenstein. *Improvements in telephone relays.*
 4060. R. H. Squire. *Improved sand pump.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Connel House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

3777. P. Poore. *Improvements relating to the distillation of wood, woody fibre, peat and similar carbonaceous substances.*
 3910. G. Rigg. *Improvements in the desulphurisation of zinc sulphide ores.*
 3938. Raghubir Prasad and Bed Ram. *Improved padlock.*
 3968. J. Rennie. *An improved air valve for water pumps.*
 3987. T. W. S. Hutchins. *Improvements relating to muffle furnaces.*
 3989. G. H. Williams and E. S. Luard. *A combined feed water heater and steam superheater for locomotive and other smoke or fire tube boilers.*
 3989. F. C. Lynde. *Improvements in pads used on crutches, artificial limbs and sticks.*

3990. William Morris & Son (Birmingham) Ltd. and F. S. Chaplin. *Improvements in the mode of and means for forming metal blanks from which shell casings and other sheet metal articles may be formed.*
3991. J. B. Neesham and John MacDonald & Son, Ltd. *Improvements in moulding machines for foundry use.*
3993. W. J. Stewart, J. Woolcock and H. Kruse. *Improvements relating to ship construction.*
3994. General Electric Co. *Improvements in and relating to systems of electrical distribution.*
3995. H. J. Fereday and F. Palmer. *Improvements in instruments for measuring and recording vibrations stresses, and alterations in length, in iron or steel bridges, and other bodies.*
3996. Williams Foreign Patents Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to shipways for the construction of reinforced concrete ships, barges, floating structures and the like.*
3998. H. H. Murray. *Improvements in ball bearing tone arms*
3999. T. G. Mylechreest. *Improvements in and relating to the covers or casings of carding engines, breakers and scutchers and other like covers or casings.*
4000. T. W. S. Hutchins. *Improved means for treating gases with liquids.*
1001. A. C. Ionides, Jr. *A method and means for mixing the constituents of a combustible gaseous mixture.*
1004. A. J. Gange. *Permutative lock.*
4007. W. Stocks. *New or improved composition of matter for use in lieu of leather or for other suitable purposes and method or process of manufacturing same.*
4009. G. Le Mesurier. *Electrolytic cell for manufacturing caustic alkali.*
4013. J. W. Bradley. *A new or improved wood-splitting machine.*
4015. E. W. Embury. *Improvements in watches.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATION PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3776. J. Wallace. *Improvements in barrel making machines.*
3810. S. H. Bruton. *An improved method of constructing slabs of parquetry or wooden mosaic.*
3896. W. H. Hayter. *Improvements in and connected with cam-levers.*
3897. S. T. Dutton. *An improved roller guide for point rolling on railways.*
3904. J. de Bruyn. *An improved food product of edible oils and fats, and process of producing same.*
3913. H. F. Harvey and T. C. Bose. *An improved lubricant.*
3920. R. D. Khan and A. Rashid. *Improvements in machines for husking paddy and other grain.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7 accompanied by the fee, Rs 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 3143. Gange. | 3812. Stewart |
| 3795. Belden. | 3820. Ohtani. |
| 3796. Belden. | 3826. Small. |
| 3802. Belinder. | 3827. Majumdar. |

* PATENTS SEALED.

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 3657. Griffith. | 3794. Parsons. |
| 3780. Rayo. | 3797. Hall |
| 3785. Temple. | 3798. Pike. |
| 3793. Burdons Ltd. | 3799. Appell. |

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 220 of 1905. Dhanakoti Raju. (To 2 November 1919.)
- 224 of 1905. Societe Generale de Soie Artificielle par le procede Viscose. (To 1 December 1919.)
- 280 of 1905. Sulman and ors (To 16 January 1920.)
- 362 of 1905. Toledo Glass Co. (To 21 February 1920.)
- 438 of 1906. Davda. (To 22 December 1919.)
- 248 of 1907. Eschaliar. (To 7 December 1919.)

- 408 of 1907. Tice. (To 16 December 1919.)
 582 of 1909. Consolidated Brake & Engineering Co., Ltd., and anr. (To 3 January 1920.)
 354 of 1910. Abbott. (To 13 March 1920.)
 524 of 1910. Mikimoto. (To 8 December 1919.)
 607 of 1910. Forbes. (To 6 January 1920.)
 114 of 1911. Neame. (To 12 October 1919.)
 320 of 1911. Smith and ors. (To 28 November 1919.)
 787 of 1911. Davis & anr. (To 4 December 1919.)
 542 of 1912. Severy and anr. (To 7 October 1919.)
 559 of 1912. Cook and anr. (To 28 October 1919.)
 616 of 1912. Printing Machinery Co., Ltd. (To 9 December 1919.)
 652 of 1912. Calcar and ors. (To 11 December 1919.)
 709 of 1913. Techno Chemical Laboratories, Ltd. (To 21 January 1920.)
 774 of 1913. Galletti's Wireless Telegraph & Telephone Co., Ltd. (To 24 February 1920.)
 907 of 1913. Brown. (To 21 April 1920.)
 1199 of 1913. White. (To 18 September 1919.)
 1208 of 1913. Davies & anr. (To 21 September 1919.)
 1311 of 1913. George Kent, Ltd. (To 8 December 1919.)
 1343 of 1913. Lumiere. (To 8 December 1919.)
 1346 of 1913. Sutcliffe. (To 8 December 1919.)
 1367 of 1913. Trypani. (To 16 December 1919.)
 1368 of 1913. Corrie and anr. (To 16 December 1919.)
 1415 of 1914. Pedersen. (To 14 January 1920.)
 1461 of 1914. Pure Coal Briquettes Ltd. (To 11 February 1920.)
 1953 of 1914. Bowles. (To 7 December 1919.)
 1981 of 1915. Thomas. (To 6 January 1920.)
 2009 of 1915. Cox. (To 1 February 1920.)
 2042 of 1915. Dina. (To 23 February 1920.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1909.

229, (Le Feuvre).

1910.

533, (Serpek), 602, (Riegen).

1911.

333, (Warwick and ors.), 404, (Schilowsky).

1912.

169, (Pollak), 182, (Werboff).

1913.

1156, (Moore) 1159, (Greenberg and anr.) 1163, (Herendeen.)

1914.

1856, (Wallis). 1857, (Snell). 1862, (Davidson) 1863, (Mullick).

EXTENSION OF COPYRIGHT IN DESIGNS.

Class 1. No. 1159. The Expanded Metal Coy. Ltd., York Mansion, York Street, Westminster, London, England, February 16, 1914. (Copyright in design extended for five years.)

Class 3. No. 1505. United States Tire Co., 1790 Broadway, New York, U. S. A., May 25, 1914. (Copyright in design extended for five years.)

Class 13. No. 1176. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England, February 10, 1914. (Copyright in design extended for five years.)

DESIGNS ENTERED ON THE REGISTER.**From 2nd to 7th December 1918.**

- Class 5. No. 7827. Lal Behari Varma. The Cawnpore Box Factory, Cawnpore. September 20.
- Class 5. Nos. 8020 and 8021. Lal Behari Varma. The Cawnpore Box Factory, Cawnpore. October 21.
- Class 6. No. 8108. Miss Ellen Margaret de Monte. Elfin Lodge, Simla, S. W. November 28.
- Class 13. Nos. 8024 to 8097. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. November 26.
- Class 15. Nos. 8098 to 8105. The Calico Printers' Association, Ltd., St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. November 26.

NOTICES.**THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.****Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.**

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (11 of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

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6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas

per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD . . .	R C Technical Institute.	HYDERABAD . . .	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
ALLAHABAD . . .	Public Library	JALPAIGURI . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
BANGALORE . . .	Indian Institute of Science.	KARACHI . . .	Office of City Deputy Collector.
BOMBAY . . .	Record Office	LAHORE . . .	Punjab Public Library.
" . . .	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bynulla	LONDON . . .	The Patent Office 25, Southampton Buildings, W C
" . . .	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No 1A Sussex Road Parel.	MADRAS . . .	Record Office, Egmore.
CALCUTTA . . .	Patent Office No 1, Council House Street	" . . .	College of Engineering
" . . .	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur	MYSORE . . .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department
CAWNPORE . . .	Office of the Director of Industries United Provinces	NAGPUR . . .	Victoria Technical Institute
CHINSURAH . . .	Office of the Commissioner Burdwan Division	POONA . . .	College of Engineering
CHITTAGONG . . .	Office of the Commissioner Chittagong Division	RANGOON . . .	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma
DACCA . . .	Office of the District Board, Dacca	ROORKEE . . .	Thomson College.
DELHI . . .	Office of the Deputy Commissioner	SHOLAPUR . . .	Office of the Collector.
		WASHINGTON (U S A) . . .	The Patent Office

8. Specifications of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. Publications on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price	
	R	a
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and instructions)	1	0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi)	0	2
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(e) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the <i>Gazette of India</i>)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
(f) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1908, and Chronological lists, 1900-1904)	2	0
(g) Inventions (Consolidated Subject Matter Index, 1900-1911, and Chronological lists, 1905-1911)	3	0
(h) Patent Office Journals (Issued quarterly)	0	8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1912, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917	1	0
(j) Printed specifications of inventions since 1912	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL SIDE.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated 10th December 1918.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice has, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, appointed Mr Surendra Nath Roy, Barrister-at-Law, substantively *pro tempore* on full pay to be an Assistant Registrar on a salary of Rs. 400 to Rs. 600 a month on the Original Side of this Court with effect from 21st November 1918 in place of Mr. Satish Chandra Mitra, Barrister-at-Law, who has been appointed substantively *pro tempore* to be Registrar and Chief Ministerial Officer of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta.

By Order,

J. H. HECHLER,

Registrar.

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List of text-books, etc., prescribed for the examination (other than departmental) of Civil and Military officers in oriental languages (Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Hindi, Sanskrit, Assamese, Bengali and Uriya), together with annual collections of Specimens of Examination Papers, obtainable from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, can be had from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

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Two fully qualified instructors, natives of Persia and Arabia, respectively, are maintained by the Government of India, for the convenience of officers wishing to study Persian and Arabic. The services of these instructors may be obtained in Calcutta, on application to the Secretary, Board of Examiners.

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M. Zafarullah Khan Haidari, Oriental Lodge, Ambala.

M. Chhote Lal, Lalkurti Bazar, Ambala.

M. Abdul Latif, Office of the Deputy Postmaster General, R M S. and Sorting, Ambala; Kothi Hakim Morad Ali, Ambala Cantonment.

M. Gulam Qadir, Karimullah's Compound, near H. M. High School, Ambala Cantonment.

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M. Mohd. Ismail Khan, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

M. Muhammad Mushim, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

*M. S. M. Abdullah Afzal, Officers' School of Instruction, Bangalore.

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Mr. Mahomed Zahid Khan, C/o Hakim Mahomed Hayat Khan, General Merchant, Sadar Bazar, Jubbulpore.

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M. Dharm Lal, C/o Oriental Book Depot, Jullundur.

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†M. Abdul Alim, Hussainganj, Lucknow.

M. Mohd. Fazil Khan, C/o Munshi Karim Khan, Chhitwapur, near Takya Langara Shah, Lucknow.

M. Ghulam Murtaza Beg, Kandhari Bazar, Lucknow.

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M. S. M. Aminuddin, C/o M. Amir Hassan Khan, Regimental Kotwal, Jamal Mohalla Lal, Kurti Bazar, Meerut.

MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.

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M. Bodh Rai, Regimental Munshi (summer only).

M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

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Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

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M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.

M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

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M. Bodh Rai, Regimental Munshi (winter only).

†M. Fajl Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gato, Rawalpindi.

M. Mohd. Aidi Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.

ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazli-Haq, Muballa Satti, Roorkee City.

SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mun Gato, New Street Sialkot.

SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU—

*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fazil), Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Mohd. Musharrif Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriv, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

*M. S. Aulad Ali Giani, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Md. Khalid-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Md. Miyan Khan Hudari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

*M. Habibullah, Syd, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Mool Chand Sahgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

WELLINGTON—

M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktarim Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. R. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. R. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. G. E. School, Adichanallore.

KOTTAYAM.—M. R. Ry. A. I. Pothan, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.

Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.

Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI.—M. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.**SHOLAPUR.**—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.**Qualified Punjabi Teacher.****LAHORE.**—M. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore.**Qualified Tamil Teachers.****MADRAS—**

M. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.

M. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparmanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.**GODAVARI.**—M. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.**N.B.**—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (+) are out of India.

CALCUTTA,

O. F. JENKINS,

The 21st November 1918.

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE, CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID AND QUINOIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and $3\frac{1}{2}$ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	" 29 "
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 30 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 12 "

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	" 6 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 7 "

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and **Residual Alkaloids.****QUINOIDINE TABLETS.**

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	" 7 "

Quinine is available in 1-oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.Cinchonidine is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.Cinchona Febrifuge is available in $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ -lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

	Rs.	A.	P.
Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	0	10	0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1	0	0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1	3	0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
 Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,
 Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

DHANBAD,
 The 30th October 1918.

G. F. ADAMS,
 Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
 and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 10th December 1918.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th December 1918.

RESERVE.																	
TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			COIN AND BULLION.							SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).			REMARKS.				
			In India		In England.		In His Majesty's Dominions.		In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Dominions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.			Held in India.	Held in England.	TOTAL.	
											Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.					Silver Bullion under coinage.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
6,78,107	36,88,89,888	36,95,67,995															
..	9,78,37,059	9,78,37,059															
..	11,76,49,879	11,76,49,879															
14,63,600	48,69,66,212	48,84,29,812															
..	7,10,34,736	7,10,34,736															
3,91,560	18,13,35,909	18,17,27,459															
..	10,69,94,665	10,69,94,665															
25,33,387	1,43,07,08,848	1,43,32,41,635															
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance, to Circles of Issue			Deduct—Amount due on T. T.'s drawn by one Circle on another														
77,09,965			..														
TOTAL CIRCULATION IN			TOTAL RESERVE IN														
1,42,55,31,670			1,42,55,31,670														

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending the 7th December 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 7th December 1918

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 10th December 1918.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0 0	Government Securities	6,36,27,411	0 0
Reserve Fund	2,26,00,000	0 0	Other authorized Investments	1,41,35,214	0 0
Transfer to Special Reserve Fund for Depreciation of Investments, see below	67,50,000	0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	9,02,77,144	4 7
	1,58,50,000	0 0	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	5,53,75,277	9 5
Reserve for Depreciation of Investments	67,50,000	0 0	Bills discounted and purchased	2,04,16,090	6 1
Public Deposits at Head Office	2,16,68,976	11 2	Balances with other Banks	15,38,768	3 4
Public Deposits at Branches	1,81,05,035	0 5	Bullion	.....
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	24,78,77,371	13 11	Dead Stock	28,01,284	10 1
Bank Post Bills, etc	23,18,496	13 4	Stamps	11,121	9 5
Sundries	34,17,613	0 4	Sundries	19,06,897	8 3
	33,61,37,493	7 2		25,30,89,200	3 2
			Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	2,84,35,367	1 8
			Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	5,19,12,917	2 4
				8,33,48,284	4 0
				33,64,37,493	7 2

* Includes Sova & Co's., value Rs. 3,77,175 0 0

† Do do. do. ,, 5,31,450 0 0

Rs. 9,08,625 0 0

By the order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL.

H. FISHER,

N. H. Y. WARREN,

Chief Accountant.

Secretary & Treasurer.

Calcutta, 12th December 1918.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.

Percentage 28·36.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF FORESTS.**NOTIFICATION.**

Simla, the 7th December 1918.

No. 893-315—4.—Mr. Atulananda Das, Assistant Instructor, Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, is granted privilege leave for one month and seventeen days, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th November 1918.

G. S. HART,

Inspector General of Forests.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Dated Delhi, the 5th December 1918.

No. 8433-C. & I.—The following returns of wholesale and retail prices current in Delhi Province are published for information :—

Retail prices current of food-grains, etc., at the headquarters of the Delhi district at the close of the half month ending 30th November 1918.

(Seers of 80 tolas only.)

ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.	ITEMS.	Amount per Rupee.
	Srs. Chhs.		Srs. Chhs.
Wheat, white	5 8	Gram (Cicer arietinum) (unhusked)	7 0
Barley	7 0	Maize	7 8
Rice { Best sort	3 0	Arhar (Cajanus Indicus) (husked) (Dál)	5 0
Common sort	4 0	Firewood	55 0
Jowár (Andropogon sorghum) . . . . .	... %	Salt { Wholesale . . . . .	...
Bájrā (Pennisetum typhoideum).	3 12	Retail	12 0
Mandwa (Eleusine Coracana) . . . . .	...	Gur Lawar	3 12
Kangni (Setaria Italica) . . . . .	...	Cotton (unginned)	2 0
		Bejhar	7 0

Statement showing prices current (wholesale) of food grains, etc., in the mart at the headquarters of the Delhi District during the fortnight ending 30th November 1918.

WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND OF 82½ LBS. OR 40 SEERS OF 80 TOLAS EACH.

ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.	ITEMS.	Wholesale price in Rupees.
	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Rice, unhusked . . . . .	...	Cotton seed	1 12 0
„ husked	8 0 0	Ghi	69 0 0
Wheat, white	6 15 0	Flour (wheat)	7 5 0
Barley	5 8 0	Tobacco leaf (dry)	8 0 0
Oats . . . . .	...	Turmeric (unground)	20 0 0
Jowar . . . . .	...	Salt, Sambhar	3 0 0
Bajra	10 0 0	Raw hides (cow)	50 0 0
Maize	5 2 0	Bran	4 0 0
Gram	5 8 0	Grass (dry)	3 0 0
Arhar Dál	7 8 0	Bhusa (white) †	2 8 0†
Linseed	7 0 0	Jowar stalks‡	2 8 0‡
Rapeseed (Sarshaf)	8 0 0	Bengal coal	1 4 0
Poppy-seed . . . . .	...	Kerosine oil (per tin) Sovereign mark	3 11 3
Til (jinjili seed), white	14 8 0	Plough bullocks, per pair	300 0 0
Sugar (raw), Gur Lawar	9 12 0	Sheep, per score	100 0 0
Cotton (cleaned)*	46 0 0	Bejhar	5 8 0

* The decrease is due to the importation of cotton (cleaned).

† The decrease is due to the importation of bhusa.

‡ The decrease is due to the importation of jawar stalks.

No 8444-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 30th November 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17
No.	Name of Municipal Towns.	Population of 1911.	Births.			Deaths.			Cause of Death								Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum	
			Males	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males	Females			Total.
	Delhi .	225,471	118	107	225	101	92	193	..	..	..	89	7	77	..	2	..	34	29	63	51.59	14.51
	Notified Area	3,673	8	1	4	1	3	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	56.62	56.62
	Total	29,144	121	108	229	102	95	197	..	..	..	93	7	77	..	20	..	35	29	64	51.9	44.70

The 7th December 1918.

No. 8514-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending the 15th November 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Rural Circles in the Province	Deaths registered in previous half month	Total in present half month.	Deaths registered in the half month.										Infants under one year of age		
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite.	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	Males.	Females.	Total
P. S. Alipur	806	2117	.	.	.	2051	.	61	.	.	5	5	53	62	115
Nangloi	954	1493	.	.	.	1473	..	20	.	.	.	.	35	36	74
Najafgarh	761	1251	.	...	..	1223	.	22	...	..	6	..	28	2	53
Subsimundi	130	63	.	...	.	63	.	..	.	.	.	.	1	1	2
Paharganj	8	2	...	..	..	2	...	...	.	.	.	.	1	..	1
Mehrauli	595	1793	.	.	..	1719	..	74	.	..	.	.	5	31	89
Balsina	117	447	..	...	..	447	.	.	...	.	...	.	10	2	12
Shahdara	175	317	..	...	.	316	.	1	..	..	.	..	5	6	11
New Cantonment	191	878	..	...	..	860	..	15	.	...	3	..	28	19	47
Total of the District	8827	8361	..	..	..	8154	..	193	...	..	14	..	222	182	404

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 10th December 1918.

No. 211-G-Camp.—The following Accountants in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division, were appointed to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, for the periods noted against their names :—

Name	From	To
Mr. Provakhar Chatterjee, Accountant, 1st grade	18th March 1918 24th April 1918 3rd May 1918 28th May 1918	24th March 1918. 30th April 1918. 5th May 1918. 11th October 1918.
Mr. Taja Singh, Accountant, 1st grade, sub <i>pro tem</i> .	15th March 1918 25th March 1918 1st May 1918 6th May 1918 3rd June 1918 13th August 1918 9th September 1918	17th March 1918. 23rd April 1918. 2nd May 1918. 27th May 1918. 10th August 1918. 30th August 1918. 10th October 1918.
Mr. Annoda Prosono Basu, Accountant, 1st grade, sub <i>pro tem</i> .	8th July 1918 9th September 1918	8th August 1918. 2nd October 1918.

No. 212-G-Camp —Mr. J. H. Brown, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division, was granted privilege leave for 1 month and 2 days, with effect from the 9th September 1918.

No. 213-G-Camp.—Military Accounts Department Notifications, No 1606-G, dated the 18th June 1918, and No 2395-G, dated the 7th August 1918, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, dated the 22nd June and 10th August 1918 respectively, are hereby cancelled.

No. 214-G-Camp —Mr. F. B. Walters, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 7th (Meerut) Division, is appointed as a temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 13th October, 1918.

No. 215-G-Camp.—Mr T. N. A. Pillay, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 5th (Mhow) Division, reverts to his own grade, with effect from the 24th November 1918.

No. 216-G-Camp —The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India :—

Mr. N. Mason, B.A., Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, for two months, on medical certificate

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 7th December 1918.

No. 24 —Third Grade Assistant Surgeon G. Mackey, I.M.D., Assistant to the Director, Central Research Institute, Kasauli, is granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the 10th December 1918, on date from which he avails himself of it

W. D. H. STEVENSON, M. D.,

Major, I.M.S.,

for Director-General, Indian Medical Service

Delhi, the 10th December 1918.

No. 7.—Lieut.-Colonel W. D. Hayward, M.B., I.M.S., a Medical Store-Keeper to Government, is posted to the Medical Store Depot, Calcutta, with effect from the 1st December 1918, and until further orders

R. A. NEEDHAM, Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

**REPORT ON THE OPERATIONS OF THE CURRENCY DEPARTMENT
DURING THE YEAR 1917-18.**

From—M. M. S. GUBBAY, Esq., C.S.I., CIE., I.C.S., Controller of Currency,
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department, Simla.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit my report on the operations of the Currency Department, the movement of funds, and the resource operations of the Government of India for the year 1917-18. The report was ready for publication at the end of September but its issue had necessarily to be delayed by reason of the discovery of certain important omissions from the trade statistics of the year on which are based the table in paragraph 2 and the narrative in paragraphs 3 to 12.

The record of the financial and currency events of the year marks ^{Introductory.} another definite stage in the development of tendencies which previous Currency Reports have noticed as characteristic of the second of the two periods into which the history of the working of the Indian currency system under war conditions falls. This period opens with the revival in the autumn of 1915 of activity in the export trade which set in on the passing away of the disturbing effects caused by the first shock of war. Since then there has been an expanding demand for Indian products, both from the Allies and from neutrals. Much of this demand has been of a war character, and therefore not subject to the limiting influence of advancing prices, and of many of the principal Indian products it may be said that they have enjoyed a practical monopoly in the world's markets. Concurrently, the manufacturing activities and the industrial power of Europe and America have been diverted, to an increasing extent, to the production of war material thereby resulting in a contraction of the output of goods which other countries have been able to export to India. On the other hand, the huge structures of credit which the exigencies of war finance have compelled belligerents and many neutrals to create have led to a jealous economy by them of their gold reserves. A decrease in the world production of gold and silver, accompanied by an increase in the coinage demand for the latter metal, has further added to the difficulties with which foreign consumers of Indian products have been faced in liquidating the debts due by them to India. The events of this period group themselves, therefore, round the central fact, that foreign countries have been unable or unwilling to correct the adverse balance against them through the usual method of exportation to India of goods or of treasure. One consequence has been that the financial relations between India and other countries have undergone a sensible modification. Another result has been that an appreciating value has attached to the rupee in the international exchanges. Normally the interdependence between the Government and the trade transactions which forms the central feature of the Indian currency system provides an automatic mechanism whereby ultimately an adjustment of the trade balance can be effected. But under war conditions the operation of this mechanism is limited in two ways. In the first place the Government of India in the discharge of obligations assumed in connection with the financing of military operations in certain theatres of war, have themselves become the largest individual exporters of war supplies and services, and have thereby been involved in large disbursements in India on behalf of His Majesty's Government. The financing of these disbursements has naturally had to take precedence of other demands. In the second place, though the sums so disbursed in India by Government have been repaid in London, their re-transfer to India is only possible through the shipment of gold or silver to India, and here the same limitations have operated to curtail these counter remittances by Government as have just been shown to constitute the difficulty which foreign consumers have experienced in liquidating their debts to India.

This brief introductory summary will serve to explain the general arrangement of the report which follows. The first three sections deal, as usual, with India's foreign trade, and the adjustment of the trade balance; the rise in the price of silver and the movements of exchange, and the sale of Council bills. The fourth section deals with the Government's financial operations

and balances, and the effect of these operations on money market conditions in India is discussed in the next succeeding section. Then follow the usual sections dealing with the demand for the various forms of currency, the absorption of metallic currency and the expansion of the note circulation. Finally, certain miscellaneous matters are dealt with in the last section.

I.—India's Foreign Trade.

Statistics of Foreign trade.

2. The statement below gives in the form adopted in former reports, for the year 1917-18 and the preceding seven years, a summarised record of the statistics of India's foreign trade and of some other transactions which are usually taken into account in estimating the trade balance. In paragraphs 6 and 7 I refer to certain adjustments which are required in the statistics of imports and exports of gold and silver on account of the special nature of some of the transactions which are included in the trade figures. The adjusted figures for the year under report and each of the two preceding years are shown in italics in the statement below.

(In lakhs of rupees)

Year	Gross exports of private merchandise.	Gross imports of private merchandise.	Net exports of private merchandise.	IMPORTS OF FUNDS AND TREASURE ON PRIVATE ACCOUNT					TOTAL 4 to 8.	Balance. Net export transactions + Net import transactions
				Council Bills (Payments in India)	Gold sovereigns (Net)	Gold bullion (Net)	Silver bullion and coin. (Net)	Government securities (Net)		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1910-11	2,00,88	1,29,35	80,53	39,43	12,24	11,74	8,57	2,43	74,41	+ 6,12
1911-12	2,27,84	1,36,57	89,27	40,17	27,34	10,42	5,29	1,06	84,28	+ 4,99
1912-13	2,46,09	1,61,00	85,09	38,83	26,11	11,15	6,57	53	83,51	+ 1,58
1913-14	2,48,88	1,83,15	65,63	46,00	11,34	11,98	6,21	1,12	77,28	- 11,65
1914-15	1,81,50	1,37,92	43,66	(a) - 2,27	1,65	6,80	10,01	35	16,54	+ 27,12
AVERAGE FOR 5 YEARS	2,22,86	1,50,02	72,84	32,55	15,80	10,42	7,33	1,10	67,20	+ 5,64
1915-16	1,97,98	1,31,90	65,39	(a) 23,71	- 2,68	1,54	5,58	90	29,05	+ 36,34
					(b) 32	(b) 4,58			35,09	+ 30,30
1916-17	2,45,15	1,40,63	95,53	47,07	1,77	11,51	- 8,32	52	57,55	+ 37,98
						(c) 2,43	(c) - 2,16		49,68	+ 47,90
1917-18	2,12,56	1,50,42	92,14	50,72	6,42	13,53	69	83	72,18	+ 19,06
						(d) 16,04	(d) 1,46		74,47	+ 17,67

	1914-15	1915-16
(a) Council bills and transfers	10,79	31,05
Sterling drafts on London	13,06	7,34
	- 2,27	23,71

(b) Figures adjusted as explained in paragraph 7 of the Currency Report of 1915-16

(c) Figures adjusted as explained in paragraphs 6 and 7 of the Currency Report of 1916-17.

(d) Figures adjusted as explained in paragraphs 6 and 7 below.

3. I can only attempt a very brief summary of the principal features of the foreign trade with more particular reference to those affecting the currency and exchange problems of the year, leaving to the Review of Trade published by the Director of Statistics a detailed exposition of the trade statistics of the year. In the 12 months under report India exported goods to the value of over 2,42½ crores, of which all but slightly over 9 crores represented goods of Indian origin. In return India received about 1,50½ crores of goods from other countries, so that the excess of exports of private merchandise over imports of the same amounted to 92.14 crores. This

excess, it will be observed, is smaller than that recorded in 1916-17, but is still very considerably larger than that recorded for the average of the five years 1910-11 to 1914-15. In normal times imports of gold and silver help substantially to fill the gap between exports and imports. Under war conditions, however, as was pointed out in the report for 1916-17, difficulties in obtaining gold and silver in quantities approximating to those imported in normal times have resulted in a greater strain being thrown on the alternative method of financing exports, namely, that whereby funds are placed at the disposal of trade by Government in the form of Councils. In the year which has just closed the imports of gold and silver, though appreciably greater than those of the two preceding years, were still far below the pre-war standard, while the amount of Council Bills paid in India exceeded even the high figure recorded in 1916-17 and amounted to no less than 50,72 lakhs. A comparatively insignificant import of Government securities, amounting to 83 lakhs, further helped to pay for the exports from India to other countries. As disclosed by the statement above the net apparent balance in favour of India was thus brought down to 19,96 lakhs. This apparent balance is further reduced to 17,67 lakhs by the adjustments, explained in paragraphs 6 and 7, which are necessary in the trade statistics of imports and exports of treasure. The fact that in a year in which the finance of exports has notoriously presented unusual difficulties and in which exchange has, save for a short-lived re-action in the autumn, always been difficult to procure, the net apparent balance as disclosed by the above statement should be smaller than the similar apparent balance in the three preceding years calls for a more detailed explanation which will be found in paragraph 12.

4. Of the exports valued at 2,42,56 lakhs, shipments of Indian merchandise Exports were returned at 2,33½ crores. The largest individual group contributing towards this total was raw cotton and cotton manufactures, shipments of which were valued at just under 56 crores, raw cotton accounting for 12½ crores thereof. The next largest individual statistical group was grain, pulse and flour. Shipments of these foodstuffs amounted to over 1½ million tons valued at 53½ crores and were distributed between rice (20,80 lakhs), wheat (19 crores), barley, gram and pulse (11,19 lakhs). Raw jute and jute manufactures accounted for 49,29 lakhs, raw jute representing only about 6½ crores of this latter figure. Tea (17,67 lakhs), hides and skins, raw and tanned, (14,29 lakhs) and seeds (8,22 lakhs) were the remaining most important individual items. The total value of the exports of the year shows a decline of less than 2 per cent as compared with that recorded in 1916-17, but in many of the important export staples there has been a substantial quantitative decline. Actually in the case of raw cotton and jute manufactures this decline is obscured by a rise in values. Shipments of raw jute and raw hides and skins, shrank both in value and quantity. On the other hand, larger quantities of tea, rice, gram, wheat, barley, maize and pulse were shipped than in 1916-17, these larger shipments being in the last four cases accompanied by higher values.

The effects of the smaller shipments of jute, of the high price of raw cotton, and of the large and practically continuous shipments throughout the year of foodstuffs were, as will be seen later, reflected in the demands for currency during the year.

5. Imports were returned at a slightly higher value than in 1916-17. Of Imports the total value of 1,50,42 lakhs, over 42 per cent. namely 63,34 lakhs were imports of yarns and textile fabrics. Next in importance were imports of sugar (15,32 lakhs); metals and manufactures of metals (10,25 lakhs), machinery (5,23 lakhs), cutlery and hardware (4,81 lakhs), and chemicals (4,30 lakhs). The influence of advancing prices is probably more markedly reflected in the values recorded for imports than in export values and allowance will need to be made for this factor in estimating how far the values as recorded for certain imports should be taken into account in the adjustment of the trade balance of the year. Quantitatively there must have been a substantial decline in the volume of the import trade. The yardage of cotton piece-goods declined by 20 per cent. while the value increased by 9 per cent. Imports of metals shrank quantitatively by nearly 40 per cent. and in value by only 4 per cent.,

those of salt declined quantitatively by 24 per cent. and appreciated in value by 15 per cent. On the other hand, the fall in the recorded value of sugar imports does not represent the full quantitative decline of 6 per cent. We shall see, when we come to a discussion of the absorption of currency during the year, to what extent the advance in prices of imports has affected the usual reflow of the currency disbursed in the purchase of crops for export.

Imports and exports
of treasure.

Gold.

6. The Reports of the last two years have included references to certain adjustments necessary in the figures for the net imports of treasure as disclosed by the statistical returns. For the year under report similar adjustments are also required. The statistical returns show the net imports of gold bullion at 13,52 lakhs but this figure includes certain import and export transactions on behalf of the Bank of England which do not enter into India's trade accounts. Imports of raw gold on behalf of the Bank of England were valued at 2,21 lakhs while exports from the Bank's holding of gold in India amounted to 3,73 lakhs. With these figures excluded the value of the net import of gold bullion into India is 15,04 lakhs, the aggregate net import of gold sovereigns and bullion being 21,46 lakhs.

Silver.

7. The table in the margin shows the monthly imports and exports on private account as furnished by the Statistical Department. There was an apparent

[In lakhs of rupees]

Month.	Gross Imports of silver.	Gross Exports of silver	Net Imports.
April . .	22	4	18
May . .	33	7	26
June . .	26	15	11
July . .	41	23	18
August . .	50	15	35
September . .	7	35	-28
October . .	18	32	-14
November . .	6	10	-4
December . .	3	5	-2
January . .	2	13	-11
February . .	3	7	-4
March . .	27	3	24
TOTAL . .	238	169	69

net import of 69 lakhs; but the export figures include 77 lakhs worth of silver coin minted for the Egyptian Government at the Bombay Mint from silver imported by Government. This export should be omitted from the gross exports thereby reducing the latter to 92 lakhs and raising the net import to 1,46 lakhs. The true net import should thus be taken at 1,46 lakhs. Of the exports on private account 22 lakhs represent shipments of whole rupees to East Africa by a Bank on behalf of the Administration of that Colony; 40 lakhs in whole rupees or krans were shipped to Bahrein and Henjam

chiefly for the pearl fisheries; 5 lakhs, mostly krans, were shipped to Persia. Exports on private account also included shipments amounting to 21 lakhs of silver coin minted for the Straits Administration and the Ceylon Government. The shipments of rupees from India made by the Government of India to Mesopotamia, amounting to 162 lakhs, are not included in the above figures.

8. In regard both to imports and exports of gold and silver, it should be noted that certain legislative measures were adopted during the year. Imports of gold except under license were prohibited by Notification No. 1469-F., issued on the 29th June 1917, while Ordinance No. III of 1917, the Gold (Import) Ordinance, gave powers for the acquisition of all gold imported into India on or after that date. The object of this Ordinance, which was re-enacted as the Gold (Import) Act, No. XXII of 1917, to remain in force during the war and for six months thereafter, was described in the terms of a Press Communiqué issued on the 29th June as "not in any way to interfere with trade remittances but to ensure that such gold as is imported is used in the most effective way possible to strengthen the Indian currency position. Gold so acquired will be placed in the Currency Reserve, where it will increase the metallic backing to the note issue and will, if it is in the form of sovereigns, be readily available for use as currency when necessary." The effect of this measure was to bring under the control of the Government of India the very considerable importations of gold which were being made from Japan and America, and to strengthen the gold reserves of the Government of India by the addition of 18,37 lakhs. The rate at which such imported gold was acquired was fixed by the Ordinance at Re. 1 for every 7.53344 grains troy of fine gold, corresponding to a rate of Rs. 15 to the pound sterling. This rate continued till the 26th September when it was altered to 7.79321 grains of fine gold to the rupee, as a consequence of the advance to 1s. 5d. of the rate for the Secretary of State's immediate

telegraphic transfers, the intention being, as stated in the Hon'ble Finance Member's speech at the Legislative Council meeting of the 25th September, that "neither premium nor discount shall attach to remittances of gold as compared with Council remittances at the present rates." On the re-enactment of the Gold (Import) Ordinance as the Gold (Import) Act, No. XXII of 1917, the opportunity was taken to provide that gold so acquired shall be paid for at rates prescribed by the Governor General in Council, this provision being necessary in view of the intention just referred to, and of the possible contingency of changes in the Council Bill rate. On the alteration from the 12th April 1918 of the latter rate to 1s. 6d. the rate for gold was lowered to 8·21830 grains per rupee. The gold acquired under the Act was paid for by notes issued from the Paper Currency Reserve against the metal there deposited. From the point of view of the trade balance these transactions operate in the same way as any other import into India, though, of course, the effect of the acquisition by Government was to postpone the passing of these imports into consumption as gold.

One incidental result of the acquisitions under this Act was to raise again the question of a Gold Mint for India. A large amount of the gold so acquired was not in the form of sovereigns, being foreign gold coin, gold bars, and bullion and therefore not available for use as currency. In view of the demand for currency in India an agreement was concluded with His Majesty's Government whereby a Branch of the Royal Mint is temporarily during the war to be established in Bombay for the purpose of converting this uncoined gold into currency so as to make it available for use in case of need. At the same time and with the same purpose it was decided to equip the Bombay Mint with a refining plant. Neither the Mint nor the Gold Refinery was actually opened for operations during the year, but within a few weeks of the close of the year, as a temporary expedient, owing to the delay in the shipment to India of the dies for the sovereign coinage and to meet an emergency caused by the enormous drain on the silver currency balances, the coinage of gold mohurs was commenced.

As regards silver, the import of silver bullion and coin, except under license, was prohibited by Notification No. 1571-F., issued on the 11th July 1917, while under an Ordinance, No. IV of 1917, issued on the same date power was taken to acquire silver imported under license. This Ordinance, unlike the Gold (Import) Ordinance, was not re-enacted and therefore lapsed six months after the date of its issue. As a matter of fact, no silver was acquired under its provisions.

The exportation of all silver coin and bullion was prohibited with effect from the 3rd September 1917.

9. Allowing for the adjustment on account of imports of railway plant and rolling stock, which for reasons given in paragraph 4 of Appendix I to Mr. Howard's report for 1913-14 should be excluded from the figures of private imports and correcting the figures of net imports of gold and silver as indicated in paragraphs 6 and 7 above, there was, according to the trade statistics, a trade balance in favour of India of 68,72 crores arrived at as follows :—

The adjustment of
the balance of trade.

	Lakhs.
Net exports of merchandise	91,64
Net imports of treasure	22,92
Balance	68,72

This balance represents the value of exports which was not liquidated by the shipment of goods or treasure to India; and we have now to consider the various methods whereby foreign consumers of Indian exports were able to effect payment otherwise than by shipping to India goods or gold or silver. A small amount was paid for by the transfer to India of Government securities previously held outside India; on balance there were 83 lakhs of these securities so transferred to India.

10. By far the greater portion of the funds required to finance these exports was found through the release of rupees by Government. In normal times the provision of rupees by Government through Councils has the double effect of placing the Home Treasury of the Government of India in funds for its sterling disbursements, and simultaneously of releasing rupees to finance purchases

Remittances
through Government.

for export. As was, however, pointed out in paragraph 44 of the Finance Member's speech introducing the Financial Statement for 1918-19, and as will be seen from Statement II appended to this Report, the requirements of the Home Treasury have in the year under review been more than amply covered by repayments made to the Secretary of State in London by His Majesty's Government on account of disbursements made in India on the latter's behalf by the Government of India. The sole object, therefore, with which Council bills were sold during the year under review was to enable the financing of the export trade to be effected. The total amount placed at the disposal of trade in this form was, as already observed, Rs. 50,72 lakhs.

In addition to the above, remittances of funds to India were made through Government agency in various other ways. Remittances through the Post Office by means of postal and money orders, particularly from Egypt and the Straits, were abnormally heavy and resulted in a net payment in India of 9,58 lakhs. Telegraphic transfers drawn on Indian treasuries from Persia and Mesopotamia totalled 7,37 lakhs. Under special arrangements with the East African Administration, and the Governments of Ceylon and of the Seychelles, various sums, amounting in all to 5,85 lakhs, were paid out by the Indian Treasury to Banks or firms in India to provide funds for the payment of goods exported to these colonies from India, repayment being made in London. In order to provide American importers of Indian produce and manufactures with the rupees required by them to discharge their liabilities to exporters in India, rupee credits were opened in December 1917 in favour of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and payments against these credits by the close of the official year amounted to Rs. 3,80 lakhs. As part of an agreement between His Majesty's Government and the Government of Japan a sum of Rs. 3 crores was placed at the disposal of exporters to Japan against the release of gold held in India on behalf of the Bank of England, such gold being passed into the Paper Currency Reserve. This transaction was, of course, in effect equivalent to an import of gold into India, but inasmuch as the value of the gold thus made over to the Government of India is not included in the figures of imports of treasure, it is necessary to bring this transaction to account as a special item in the trade balance sheet of the year. Finally some considerable portion of the exports to Australia was financed with the rupees which were paid out by Government in discharge of bills drawn on them against stores of Australian produce purchased for the use of troops. These stores being on Government account do not appear in the trade statistics of imports but the exports shipped from India in exchange for these imports are included in the figures of exports. The rupees so paid out amounted to 1,43 lakhs.

The sum total then of the funds released in India by Government for trade purposes in the above ways was Rs. 81,75 lakhs. The release of Government funds in any of the methods thus described is in effect from the point of view of the balance of trade an importation of funds on private account, and operates to reduce the excess of exports over imports as disclosed by the trade statistics. Since these statistics, as shown above, disclose an excess of 68,72 lakhs, while the remittances of funds to India through Government have been found to be 81,75 lakhs, it would appear that these latter alone should have provided, and more than fully provided, the finance required for the payment of this excess of exports over imports.

Private remittances.

11. But, apart from the funds which Government may release in any of the methods just mentioned, account must also be taken of the rupee funds which are brought forward by private agency, for these serve precisely the same purpose, namely, that of adjusting the payment for that portion of India's exports not liquidated by imports of merchandise or treasure. These are rupees which private individuals, firms, railways, banks and others wish to transfer out of India otherwise than in payment of goods imported, or to be imported, into India. They may, for instance, represent the savings of the individual which the latter wishes to remit for investment in Home securities; the earnings or profits which a firm, or railway company, or bank is required to send to its Home office; or funds which it is believed could be more profitably employed out of India. In all cases, such remittances homewards operate to render possible export transactions in excess of those covered by imports. The

amount of these remittances can necessarily never be precisely ascertained ; and, further, many of these items are not constant but vary considerably from year to year.

In 1917-18 the amount of these homeward remittances was certainly considerably smaller than in the preceding year and probably also below the level of recent years. Among the factors accounting for this decrease, probably the most important single factor has been the appreciation in the price of silver. Through its effect on the exchange value of the rupee this appreciation has, on the one hand, led to the withholding of remittances in the expectation of a higher sterling equivalent being obtainable for rupees, while, on the other hand, it has added to the uncertainty which, since the imposition of a limit to the weekly allotment of Councils, has attended the re-importation of rupee funds transferred home. That there has been a withholding of remittance on the chance or in the expectation of realising higher rates is confirmed by the large and sudden demand for sterling when, as the result of a temporary relapse in October and November in the price of silver, an anticipation (incorrect as it eventually proved to be) arose of a reduction in the exchange value of the rupee. Generally speaking, the tendency on the part of commercial houses has been to retain their balances in this country, and this tendency has been encouraged by the fuller facilities now available in India, through Indian Treasury Bills, for the employment of temporarily idle money in gilt-edged and highly remunerative securities which can, when required, be immediately turned into liquid cash. I am informed that, in particular, Indian branches of Insurance companies whose remittances to London used to represent a not inconsiderable item, have in the last 18 months been retaining their receipts in India for investment in India, the change of policy being doubtless dictated by the uncertainty attending the return of funds, when required to meet any sudden claim. It is also the case that in the preceding two years there had been an export of capital from India mainly, no doubt, for investment in British War Loan securities, and the opportunities now available in India through the Indian War Loan of effecting a similarly patriotic investment on a rupee basis probably account for the decrease which Exchange Bankers have observed in the remittances in 1917-18 for investment in National War Bonds. Finally, there has been a diminution in the remittances representing the profits earned in India by companies with sterling capital. These have become fewer in number through the transfer in previous years to a rupee basis of a number of such companies, more particularly jute mill companies, and, where, as in the case of many of these sterling capital companies, the capital is either privately held or held by a few large individual holders with interests in other Indian commercial enterprises, the tendency here too has been to retain, for investment or re-employment in India, the profits which under normal conditions would have automatically been remitted home. An exception to this tendency is, of course, to be found in the case of the railway companies, whose surplus profits remitted home were probably larger than usual owing to the increased traffic offering and the general enhancement of rates. These remittances are usually estimated at between £1 and £1½ millions annually : but this figure was probably exceeded in 1917-18, for the actual surplus profits paid over in India in 1917-18 to Railways worked by companies exceeded the average of the past two years by 43 per cent.

The above general conclusion is supported by certain data which are available regarding the operations of certain Exchange Banks. Homeward remittances of the description referred to above are, as a general rule, made through an Exchange Bank, in whose operations they represent a sale of sterling. In 1917-18 the sales of sterling of the six British Exchange Banks fell short of their purchases of sterling by nearly £32 million. A very substantial portion of this deficiency was, of course, covered by the Councils allotted to these Banks, but, in the result, these Banks found themselves at the close of the year with an uncovered or over-bought position of between £8 and £9 millions. The corresponding figure at the close of 1916-17 was slightly under £2½ millions. These figures, it is true, refer only to the operations of the six British Exchange Banks, who, as part of an arrangement concluded with the Secretary of State, furnish certain periodical returns on

which the above figures are based, and, further, these returns include the operations of these Banks' agencies in Ceylon. Subject, however, to these qualifications, the fact that so large an over-bought position had necessarily to be accumulated by the Exchange Banks for the purpose of financing exports lends support to the view expressed in the preceding paragraph, that the total amount of private remittance was substantially smaller in 1917-18 than in the preceding year.

General conclusions

12. I have shown that the amount of rupee funds placed by Government at the disposal of trade more than covered the balance in favour of India as disclosed by trade statistics, and the amount by which the Banks were over-bought must be added to this figure, since this over-buying arose, as is known, entirely as a result of the undertaking given by the Exchange Banks to assist to the fullest possible extent in the financing of war exports. After allowing for the fact that a portion of the Banks' overbuying was at the rate of 1s. 5d. and making a rough estimate of the overbuying by the Banks' Colombo Agencies we get a figure of rather more than 90 crores as representing the total amount of the rupee funds which can quite correctly be said to have been brought forward by Government and the Banks to finance the excess of exports over imports. This result does not accord with the figures given in paragraph 9 as the amount of such excess. It is not easy to particularise the causes for this discordance, and I can only very briefly point to the following factors as likely to account, to some extent, for the different results arrived at between the trade statistics on the one hand and such other data as are available on the other.

In the first place, it is very probable that a considerable portion of the imports of gold was made in anticipation of exports to be shipped from India, and that the funds so laid down were not fully utilised in 1917-18. Although the trade accounts classify such imports of gold as belonging to the year in which the import has taken place it does not necessarily follow that such imports were intended to correct an adverse balance for the year in question. I imagine that this factor was particularly operative in the case of the imports of gold by Japan, for there has been a considerable holding of Treasury Bills by or on behalf of Japanese exporters, some portion of which, I am informed, represents the funds released in India by the transfer to the Indian Government of the 3 crores of gold referred to in paragraph 10. Another disturbing factor is to be found in the basis on which prices are determined for the purpose of valuing imports for statistical purposes. As was pointed out in Appendix II to Mr. Howard's Currency Report for 1913-14, there is always the possibility that the value of imports into India and of exports from India will not correspond to the value which merchants have to pay or for which they have to draw and the discordance will, of course, be accentuated when, as under present conditions, prices are advancing rapidly and continuously. In the case of the imports of piece-goods in 1917-18, this factor probably had a peculiarly disturbing effect. A leading Calcutta firm who import piece-goods have been good enough to furnish me with the value of the remittances made by them in payment of their imports of piece-goods. Over the whole of their transactions for the period August 1917 to April 1918 this firm remitted home, as the cost of their imports of piece-goods, 13 per cent. less than the price on which import duty was assessed, this latter price, which represents the market price at time of importation, being the value at which this firm's imports would be shown in the trade accounts. A similar factor, but operating in the opposite direction, may perhaps also have been at work in the case of certain exports but its effect on the values which should be taken for exports will probably not have been as great as the effect on import values of a rise in the price of piece-goods. The latter represent, as has been shown above, 42 per cent. of the total value of imports and the sterling cost of these particular imports is an important item in the debit account of India. It must also be noted that the trade statistics do not include all exports shipped in chartered vessels and it is possible that a certain quantity of exports so shipped which should strictly speaking have been brought to account as exports of private merchandise may have escaped registration.

The above examination points to the conclusion that, as in the two immediately preceding years, the transactions of 1917-18 have resulted

in India's credits exceeding her debits. Though the flow of capital from private individuals and commercial houses observed in the last two years may have been reduced, there has been an appreciable amount of Indian banking resources transferred to London. This transfer of their resources by the Exchange Banks is, however, being partially liquidated in the year 1918-19 under a special arrangement with the Secretary of State, the effect of which will be to increase the amount of funds which the Government of India will have accumulated at Home. As is explained elsewhere the funds already accumulated have enabled the creation of a special Reserve of £20 millions for the purposes stated in paragraph 34 of the Finance Member's speech introducing the Financial Statement for 1918-19 and it may perhaps not be out of place to note here that the holdings of the Government of India in Treasury Bills, National War Bonds and Exchequer Bonds in the Paper Currency and Special Reserves amounted on the 31st March 1918 to over £52 millions, representing, as was described in paragraph 53 of the Finance Member's speech, an 'over-bought position' caused mainly by reason of the expenditure incurred in India on behalf of His Majesty's Government, but also as a result of the rupee funds placed at the disposal of the trade. These sums are in effect loaned to His Majesty's Government and are, of course, in addition to India's contribution of £100 millions to the war.

II.—Price of Silver.

13. I give in the margin the highest and the lowest as well as the average Price of Silver.

	Highest	Lowest.	Average
April .	37½ (30th)	36½ (13th to 17th)	36½
May .	38½ (3rd and 14th)	37½ (1st)	37½
June .	39½ (22nd to 26th and 28th)	38½ (1st)	39½
July .	41½ (16th)	39½ (3rd)	40½
August	46 (30th and 31st)	40½ (1st)	43½
September	55 (21st to 25th)	46 (1st)	50½
October	48½ (1st)	41½ (23rd to 25th)	45½
November	45½ (1st)	42½ (26th to 30th)	43½
December	43½ (28th to 31st)	42½ (1st to 6th)	43½
January	41½ (5th to 11th)	41½ (30th and 31st)	41½
February	41½ (1st to 5th)	42½ (22nd to 28th)	42½
March	46 (23rd to 25th)	42½ (1st to 7th)	43½

quotations in London of silver in each month of the year. There have been sensational fluctuations in the price of the white metal, and the highest point reached, namely, 55d. on the 21st September, constitutes a record since 1878. The cumulative effect of the contraction in supplies and of the continued expansion in the demand for coinage and in the requirements of the trade will account for the increasing appreciation in the value of the metal, but it is a little difficult to explain satisfactorily, except on the ground of sentiment or speculation, the spectacular rise and fall which took place between the 23rd August and the 11th October, when an advance of 10½d. in 25 days was followed by a fall of 10½d. in 14 days. It is noteworthy that during the period of the sensational advance the Indian currency silver balances which had been progressively increasing since the 7th June stood at over 29 crores, while the Indian currency gold holding had simultaneously been augmented.

On the 2nd April silver stood at 36½d. In that month the United States commenced to buy for coinage, and this somewhat unusual factor doubtless influenced the rise recorded in that month and the following two months during which period, too, there was a substantial demand for coinage from France. In the third week of July, however, there was a certain reaction, caused probably by the prohibition applied with effect from the 11th July on the importation of silver into India. From 39½d. on the 27th July the price advanced rapidly and continued to advance throughout August and in the first three weeks of September, the highest point being reached, as stated above, on the 21st of that month when silver was quoted at 55d. remaining at that level until the 25th. Thereafter prices began to fall away. The demand from China suddenly ceased. Rumours were persistent of a possible release of a portion of the large reserves of silver held by the United States Government. Other factors set in simultaneously or shortly after to accentuate the downward tendency. Sales of Mexican dollars to the United States were reported on a large scale and the calling in by the Government of the State of Panama of its currency and the demonetisation of the Italian silver coinage, together with the prohibition on the export of silver to Scandinavia and Holland, no doubt contributed towards the fall. October accordingly saw silver down to 41½d., though this fall was counteracted

by a rise of $3\frac{7}{8}d.$ to $45\frac{1}{4}d.$, on the last day of the month. The fluctuations in the remaining months of the year were not so marked, and the lowest point touched between December and March was $42\frac{3}{4}d.$ No doubt in this latter period the knowledge that negotiations had been opened between the United States Government and the British Government for the release of the former's silver reserves served to maintain the downward tendency until information transpired of the probable stabilisation of American prices at the rate of a dollar per ounce.

The high level to which the price of silver had risen, and at which it seemed likely to be maintained, led to the taking of certain consequential measures. On the 11th July the importation of silver into India was prohibited except under license, this step being taken to eliminate competition with Government purchases. On the 29th August silver having by that date reached a point at which the Secretary of State was faced with a loss in selling rupees at $1s. 1\frac{1}{4}d.$, the rate for the latter was advanced to $1s. 5d.$ On the 3rd September an embargo was laid on the exports of silver bullion and coin from India. As was explained in paragraph 48 of the Finance Member's speech introducing the Financial Statement for 1918-19 these last two measures in a sense supplement each other in their effect on checking the withdrawal of rupees from circulation for export, the former by making such transactions unprofitable, the latter by rendering them illegal. Similar preventive action had already been, or was shortly after, taken by other countries, the export of silver having been prohibited from Hongkong, Japan and the Straits, while it was also at one time contemplated by China. In the Straits Settlements, indeed, where the almost total disappearance of small coin compelled the issue of paper currency of as low a denomination as 10 cents ($2\frac{3}{4}d.$), this prohibitive action has been supplemented by a re-coinage of the currency of the Colony, the fineness of the dollar and of the subsidiary silver coin being reduced in the first case from 900 to 600 and in the latter from 600 to 400.

Imports into and exports from India having been prohibited, the Indian bullion market thereby became a watertight compartment, and prices in India of silver followed a course which naturally did not necessarily reflect, as in the past, the tendencies of the market outside India. The highest point touched during the year for bar silver in Bombay was on the 19th March, 1918 when silver was quoted *ex duty* at $\text{Rs}103\frac{7}{8}$, and the lowest on the 10th April 1917 when the price fell to $\text{Rs}86\frac{1}{8}$.

The rupee coinage of the year was 23,12 lakhs, and purchases of silver for this coinage amounted to $83\frac{3}{4}$ million standard ounces. These were supplemented by local purchases in Bombay and Calcutta of $3\frac{1}{2}$ million standard ounces. There were purchased in America 40 million, in China $28\frac{1}{2}$ million, and in Australia 5 million ounces, while $1\frac{1}{2}$ million ounces were obtained from the Baldwin Mines. The balance was shipped from London.

It is noteworthy that in spite of the rise in the price of silver exports from the silver using countries have scarcely been affected. In India, as in China, the demand for the raw materials and the produce of these two countries has throughout been so insistent and of such a character that foreign consumers have been ready to pay the higher prices asked for by Eastern producers. The past year's experience has indeed been that the rise in the exchange value of the currency of these countries, though theoretically it should have tended to curtail exports therefrom, has had less effect in this direction than other factors, such as the shortage of tonnage. It would appear that present conditions have placed Eastern producers in a monopolistic position in which they have been enabled to insist on receiving full prices from foreign consumers and that so far from the higher exchange exercising its usual inhibiting effect on exports it has actually resulted in Eastern producers obtaining a larger sterling return for an equal and probably for even a smaller quantity of produce.

III.—Exchange and Councils.

Council drawings

14. As has already been observed except for a few weeks in the autumn there was a continuous and strong demand for rupee exchange. Under normal

conditions variations in this demand at different periods of a year are reflected in larger or smaller sales of Councils as also in fluctuations, of course between the specie points, in the value of the rupee. But, with the impossibility of selling unlimited Councils, for the reasons given in last year's Report, and with the fixation of rates of exchange, which necessarily followed on such a limitation on the importation of funds, the monthly figures of the sales of Councils do not now possess their former significance. The allotment of Councils was, however, varied to some extent in accordance with trade demand. The figures

	Drawings.	Payments.
	(In lakhs of rupees)	
April	4.93	5.25
May	6.19	5.25
June	6.13	7.60
July	5.01	4.40
August	4.30	4.92
September	3.75	3.76
October	4.66	3.80
November	3.24	4.59
December	2.13	2.50
January	2.61	1.84
February	3.34	2.35
March	4.06	4.37
	50.64	50.71

insot show the monthly drawings and payments during the year. In the first four months of the year the weekly allotment was maintained at 1,20 lakhs. This period was marked by heavy shipments of Indian produce, particularly of wheat, while, on the other hand, the demand for exchange was accentuated by a considerable falling off in imports. From August to December however exports showed a tendency to decline, imports in the same period, however, exhibiting a revival. In this period accordingly the weekly allotment was reduced to

90 lakhs on the 1st August, to 60 lakhs on the 21st November and again on the 12th December to 40 lakhs. On the 16th January it was raised to 60 lakhs; and a month later, namely, on the 15th February, a special weekly allotment of 40 lakhs was added and earmarked for the financing of exports of rice from Burma and tea from Colombo. At this figure of 100 lakhs the weekly allotment continued till the close of the year.

Two specific items, which are included in the figures of drawings and payments marginally quoted but were additional to the weekly allotments just described need special mention. Between May and July to facilitate the execution of the Royal Wheat Commission's very pressing requirements for wheat, a sum of Rs. 2,03 lakhs was paid out in varying weekly amounts in sovereigns to certain of the Commission's purchasing agents against payments by the latter in London. The sovereigns paid out were released from the Paper Currency Reserve, and their sterling equivalent was invested in, and added to the Reserve's holding of British Treasury Bills. In effect then the transaction was precisely the same as any other Council drawing through the Paper Currency Reserve and has been treated as such in the statistics of Council drawings and payments. The second special item is the weekly allotment of 3½ lakhs made to the Imperial Bank of Persia to enable it to finance in Persia expenditure required in Imperial interests.

15. As regards rates the year opened with immediate Councils fixed at 1s. 4½d. per rupee, while under agreement with the Secretary of State the Exchange Banks undertook to work on rates based on a selling rate for immediate transfers of 1s. 4¾d. These rates remained in force until the 29th August 1917 when for the reasons given in paragraph 13 the rate for immediate Councils was raised to 1s. 5d. In explanation of the policy dictating the higher rate an announcement was made on the 19th September to the effect that the prices at which Council Bills would be sold would be "those at which silver could be bought by the Secretary of State. It is not to be expected that he should sell rupees at a rate appreciably lower than that at which he can actually buy them but he intends that considerable latitude shall be employed in the application of this principle so that as far as possible changes may be avoided."

The rates fixed on the 29th August 1917 continued in force until the close of the year. The further advance to 1s. 6d. made on the 11th April 1918, as also the causes accounting therefor, namely the conclusion of an agreement with the United States Government for the release to India of a portion of the dollars in their Currency Reserve, belong to the history of the events of 1918-19.

As was pointed out in paragraph 53 of the Finance Member's speech introducing the Financial Statement for 1918-19 the efforts of the Government of India to maintain stability in rates met with a full measure of assistance and

loyal support from the Exchange Banks and merchants, and thanks to their co-operation the finance required for the very large volume of exports included in the lists, drawn up in consultation with the Home Government, of articles defined as being of national importance was secured, though at times no doubt with some difficulty. As I have pointed out in an earlier paragraph, the amount of remittance available during the year to supplement the rupee funds provided by Government and by the Exchange Banks from their local resources was considerably smaller than in the preceding year. It is probable, and in fact there is definite evidence in certain cases to this effect, that there has been a certain amount of leakage of cover through hole and corner transactions on the part of certain classes of merchants, who have at times been tempted by the high rates offered by exporters of articles not on the list of exports of national importance, to part with their home remittances, and certain preventive measures have been forced on Government, as for instance, the prohibition applied, with effect from the 16th March 1918 on the export of pearls and from the 11th May and the 1st June 1918 respectively on the import and export of rouble notes. It is difficult to arrive at anything but a rough estimate of the value of exports of national importance. These were estimated by the Department of Statistics at about 100½ crores. The exchange required for these exports was of course primarily provided through Council Bills and, as we have seen, through the transfer to London of a portion of the rupee resources of the Exchange Banks

IV.—The Government Balances and Reserves. Ways and Means.

16. The usual details regarding the Treasury Balances, the Gold Standard and the Paper Currency Reserves will be found in Statements Nos. I and II appended to the Report. A summary of these details is given in the following table which sets out the amounts and the distribution of these balances at the commencement and the close of the year and also at the end of September 1917.

[In thousands of £]

	1st April 1917.			30th September 1917.				31st March 1918.		
	India	England	Total	India	England	Dominions	Total	India.	England	Total
Treasury . . .	15,293	5,391	20,684	13,825	2,012	..	22,867	15,325	10,625*	25,950
Paper Currency Reserve	Silver . . .	12,717	89	12,806	19,713	..	19,713	7,194	..	7,194
	Gold . . .	7,999	4,450	12,449	10,571	950	11,585	17,900	450	18,350
	Securities . .	6,667	25,661	32,328	6,667	31,121	10,988	6,667	31,319	40,986
Gold Standard Reserve	Gold . . .	103	..	103	15	..	15	..	..	..
	Securities . .	..	25,106	25,106	..	27,131	27,131	..	28,453	28,453
	Cash placed at short notice .	..	6,001	6,001	..	6,062	6,062	..	6,000	6,000
Total Gold in P. C. R. & G. S. R.	8,102	1,450	12,552	10,586	950	61	11,600	17,100	450	18,350

* In addition to the Special Reserve of £20 millions (Vide paragraph 19)

Treasury Balances
(a) in India

17. The above figures give a general indication of the effect on the resources of the Government of the ways and means operations of the year. Treasury balances in India at the beginning of the year included £1·01 millions of the Indian War Loan and were well above the normal. As subscriptions to the Indian War Loan came in during the first quarter of the year, Treasury balances in India continued to increase and were at their highest at the end of June, when they stood at £26,380,000. Thereafter on the closure of the Loan Lists and with the advent of the lean months of revenue collections, they fell away gradually to £12,387,000 at the end of October, and, though the sales of Treasury Bills which commenced on the 16th October brought welcome and substantial additions to the Treasury, balances dropped still further till they reached their lowest point (£11,012,000) at the end of November.

From January onwards however, with the ingathering of the Land Revenue, and the large sales of 3 months' Treasuries, which were introduced on the 14th January and found immediate and extensive support, balances rose slowly again and closed on the 31st March at £15,325,000.

18. Before passing to a corresponding account of the Treasury balances in England, I may perhaps conveniently deal briefly with the main features of the ways and means operations in India. As was observed in paragraph 3 of the Finance Member's speech introducing the Financial Statement for 1918-19, these operations presented practically continuous difficulties throughout the year. Two causes were mainly responsible therefor. In the first place, the Indian balances were called upon to supply funds, on an ever increasing scale, mainly to meet disbursements on behalf of His Majesty's Government. In the second place, counter remittances of silver purchased by the Secretary of State (which represent one method of replenishing Indian balances), substantial though they were, did not suffice to fill the void.

The following very brief summary gives the principal features of the Indian transactions of the year. Outgoings amounted to 1,99 crores accounted for mainly as follows :—

	In crores.
(a) Army, Military Works and Marine Issues	1,22.1
(b) Post office issues	12.5
(c) Council Bill payments	50.7
(d) Payments on behalf of certain Colonial Governments	6.6
(e) Payments on behalf of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York	3.5
TOTAL	1,95.7

and the finance for these transactions was provided for in the following ways :—

	In crores.
(1) From excess of Civil Revenue over Civil expenditure	41.4
(2) From excess of railway receipts over railway issues	26.8
(3) By borrowings --	
(a) Indian War Loan and Cash Certificates	15.7
(b) Treasury Bills	43.5
(c) Other borrowings	4.0
(4) By remittances to India of silver purchased by the Secretary of State	18.9
(5) By transfer of Home Treasury balances through investment of the Paper Currency Reserve	13.0
(6) By transfer through the Gold Standard Reserve	2.0
	1,98.3

19. The transactions in England will, of course, be largely a counterpart of the Indian transactions. Beginning with a balance of £5,391,000 as against a normal balance of £1 millions, the Home Treasury balances gradually grew, as a result of the accretions arising from the sales of Council bills, and of repayments by His Majesty's Government, and were actually in November and December in excess of Indian balances. The close of the year found the Home Treasury with a balance of £10,625,000, a special Reserve of £20 millions invested in Treasury Bills and National War Bonds having been formed, as explained in paragraph 34 of the Finance Member's speech introducing the Financial Statement for 1918-19.

In Statement II will be found a summary of the cash transactions of the Secretary of State under the more important heads. The net sterling charges against revenue amounted to slightly over £24 millions, while capital transactions resulted in the discharge of debt amounting to £1,582,663. The purchase of silver resulted in disbursements of £13½ millions and India's financial contribution representing the proceeds of the first Indian War Loan in the payment to His Majesty's Treasury of £35,073,000. To finance these transactions the Home Treasury received in Councils £34,880,682, in sterling equivalents of postal money order transactions paid out in India £6,335,259 and on account of disbursements in connection with the war made in India just under £62 millions while other miscellaneous transactions including recoveries from Colonial Governments in sterling of sums disbursed in rupees in India yielded about £8 millions.

The Paper Currency Reserve.

20. The silver balance in the Paper Currency Reserve fluctuated considerably during the year. On the 1st April it stood at £12,806,000 and rose by the end of the half year to £19,713,000. In the second half year owing to the heavy absorption to which reference is made in a subsequent paragraph, the balance fell to £7,194,000. The gold balance in India however, as a result of the acquisitions under the Gold (Import) Ordinance and Gold (Import) Act referred to in paragraph 8 above and of the transfer to India of £4 millions of the gold held in London increased from £7,999,000 to £17,900,000. A large increase occurred in the holdings of securities which rose from £32,328,000 to £40,986,000. The increase represents investments authorised by Ordinance No. II of 1917 which was subsequently re-enacted as Act XIX of 1917. The powers taken under that Ordinance were utilised for the purpose of financing Councils which were paid through this source in the months of April, May and June.

The Gold Standard Reserve.

21. The fluctuations in the Gold Standard Reserve have resulted in an increase in the holding of securities from £25,406,000 to £28,452,000. A great part of this increase is due to the accumulation of interest on securities held in this Reserve, for as a consequence of the advance in the price of silver this Reserve did not derive any large accretion through the coinage of rupees in the second half of the year. Actually the amount transferred to this Reserve as such profit amounted to £1,117,000. Details of the balance in this Reserve and of the securities held therein will be found in Statement XXIII.

V.—The Presidency Banks and Money conditions in India.

22. Conditions in the money market during the year under report exhibited many novel features which it is necessary to describe in some detail. I have already referred to the continued heavy expenditure by Government on services and purchases of all kinds connected with the war and to the demand for the finance of exports of national importance. To meet disbursements from Treasury balances the Government was practically continuously throughout the twelve months in the market as borrower. In the opening months of the year the proceeds of the War Loan amounting to Rs. 45 crores were available for these purposes: in October on the exhaustion of these funds the Government came out as borrowers for six, nine and twelve months' money and a few weeks later in January for three months' money. In all including the sales of Cash Certificates and a loan of 4 crores from the Bank of Bombay the borrowings of Government in India throughout the year amounted to Rs. 93 crores. The significance of this latter figure will be appreciated if it is contrasted with the total Rupee debt of the Government of India which stood on the 31st March 1914 at Rs. 145½ crores.

Yet, notwithstanding these large borrowings by the State, and despite an active internal demand for money (as illustrated by the Clearing house figures and the figures of movements of funds through currency transfers) there was at no time any recurrence of that acute stringency which has been an almost regular feature of Indian money conditions at certain periods of an active trade year. On the contrary there were surprisingly few fluctuations in the discount rates of the three Presidency Banks, and such fluctuations as did occur were within very small margins. The Bank rates at Calcutta and Bombay were only twice altered in the twelve months and at no time exceeded six per cent. I can here only indicate very briefly some of the main causes to which perhaps are to be attributed these new features in Indian money conditions. As was explained in paragraph 26 of the Finance Member's speech introducing the Financial Statement for 1918-19 the policy of Government has throughout been to protect the market against any stringency by leaving with the Presidency Banks as long as possible the proceeds of its borrowings so that these could be made available to trade and commerce until they were actually required for Government disbursements. There was thus generally speaking no considerable withdrawal from the money market of funds to be locked up in the Reserve Treasuries; and, on the other hand, the character of much of the Government's war expenditure was such that sums disbursed by it when it was necessary to draw for this purpose on the Government balances with the Presidency Banks, rapidly returned to the market. Further, while the market was thus protected, against

stringency, the sale of Treasury Bills of varying short maturities tended, through the opportunity thus offered for the employment of sums temporarily not required for trade purposes, to prevent any temporary re-action in an opposite direction. Finally, the exigencies of war finance have brought about the existence of the closest and most cordial relations between the Government and the Presidency Banks; and the resulting co-operation has, as would be expected, been reflected in more stabilised conditions in the money market.

23. The following table gives the usual statistics of the Government balances at each of the three Presidency Banks on the last day of each month of the last two years, and I have added to this statement a column to show the statistics of the balances in Reserve Treasuries on the same dates:—

Government balances
at the Presidency
Banks.

[In lakhs of rupees]

Reserve Treasury Balance.		Last day of month	1916-1917			1917-18.		
1916-17.	1917-18		Head quarters	Branches	TOTAL.	Head quarters	Branches	TOTAL.
1,85	82	April . .	2,09	2,77	1,86	11,38	1,41	15,79
1,74	4,08	May . .	2,21	2,63	1,81	11,81	5,41	20,22
3,53	5,53	June . .	3,95	2,97	6,92	15,68	6,97	22,65
4,75	8,85	July . .	4,93	2,90	7,83	9,31	6,84	16,15
4,37	7,73	August . .	3,72	2,90	6,62	2,29	6,41	8,70
5,28	2,93	September	2,60	2,75	5,35	2,07	6,50	8,57
4,05	3,32	October . .	2,70	3,12	5,82	6,15	3,09	9,27
3,68	3,51	November .	2,53	2,71	5,27	4,41	2,97	7,38
3,11	3,51	December	2,41	2,79	5,20	4,94	2,50	7,44
4,31	3,78	January . .	2,73	3,16	5,89	5,31	3,06	11,37
4,96	4,39	February . .	2,23	3,30	5,53	9,79	3,28	13,07
4,58	2,13	March . .	5,95	1,17	10,12	9,56	3,41	12,96
3,45	1,26	Average . .	3,17	3,02	6,19	8,23	1,59	12,82

Conditions in 1917-18 were so entirely different from those prevailing in the preceding year that no useful purpose would be served by elaborating the contrast, and I pass to a brief sketch of the principal factors affecting the figures for 1917-18. The high Government balances at the Banks' Head offices in the first four months of this latter year resulted from the operations of the War Loan. In pursuance of the policy referred to above, these were maintained at as high a figure as possible until the end of June, when the close of the busy season permitted their transfer to the Reserve Treasuries. Similarly, when in the autumn the trade demand resumed its activity, the Government balances at Head offices were allowed to accumulate again through the proceeds of sales of Treasury Bills. The figures for the Government balances at Branches of the Presidency Banks do not, of course, possess the same significance, since the Government balances retained thereat are ordinarily restricted to the sums required for the transactions of the treasuries which the Presidency Banks manage on behalf of Government. That these should have stood at a higher figure than usual is to be explained partly by the fact that they were swollen in the first six months of the year by the proceeds of the War Loan and partly by the necessity of strengthening them to meet the larger disbursements entailed by the war. This latter factor has

also been operative at Government treasuries many of which have needed to strengthen their balances to meet possible demands on them for military payments. It has, in fact, been found that the standard balances adopted to meet peace requirements are generally inadequate to meet the additional demands caused by the war.

Cash balances of
Presidency Banks.

24. The usual monthly statistical record of the cash balances of the Presidency Banks is given in the following table :—

(In lakhs of Rs.)

Cash balances on the last week of				Bank of Bengal.	Bank of Bombay.	Bank of Madras	TOTAL.
April	1917	.	.	11,86	5,72	3,36	20,94
May	"	.	.	12,59	9,24	3,65	25,48
June	"	.	.	14,96	10,02	1,33	26,31
July	"	.	.	16,37	11,39	4,11	31,90
August	"	.	.	15,13	16,79	4,45	36,37
September	"	.	.	16,99	20,81	5,28	42,58
October	"	.	.	17,09	24,97	5,20	47,26
November	"	.	.	17,15	20,85	5,22	43,22
December	"	.	.	11,55	13,99	4,96	30,50
January	1918	.	.	12,66	11,74	4,49	28,89
February	"	.	.	10,91	10,51	3,84	25,26
March	"	.	.	9,37	6,62	3,26	19,25

The variations in the cash balances of the Presidency Banks have been so marked as to call for some detailed comment. On the 1st April 1917 the aggregate cash balances were 21,78 lakhs; and they fell by the end of that month to 20,94 lakhs, mainly through the withdrawal of over 2 crores from the Bank of Bombay in connection with the Broach settlement. From May until October, however, there was a continuous growth in the cash balances of the three Presidency Banks and these were at their highest in the first week of November when they totalled no less than 48½ crores. The percentage figures of cash to liabilities in this period were strikingly high. In the last week of September the Bank of Bengal returned a percentage of 50; the Bank of Bombay 71; the Bank of Madras 48. An important factor in the increase in the cash balances of the Presidency Banks was the accretion to the resources of the Exchange Banks. Various causes, some common to all Banks, others more peculiar to the Exchange Banks, account for the addition to the large balances of these Banks. The substantial profits which have been made by most Indian industries in the opportunities created by the war have naturally been reflected in the increased local deposits of the Exchange Banks as in the deposits of other Banks: but the most important immediate factor in the increase to the resources of the Exchange Banks is to be sought in the large imports of gold between the months of July and November. I have already referred to these imports and I need only here describe in very general terms the effect of these imports on the banking resources of the year. Gold so imported passed, as already explained, into the possession of Government who acquired it by the release from the Paper Currency of the value of such imports in notes, these latter being paid into the Presidency Banks, who were charged with the payment to the importer of the value of the gold acquired. In a very large number of cases the sums so placed to the importer's credit at the Presidency Bank were not immediately employed, being in fact funds laid down in anticipation of requirements in the export season. The accumulation of cash with the Presidency Banks in this way during the months July to October accounts for part, at any rate, of the large and rapid increase in the Presidency Banks' cash reserves to which I have referred, while the large and rapid decrease of the latter in the second half of the year is to be explained by the withdrawals of these accumulations.

Bank rate.

25. The year opened with a bank rate of 6 per cent. in Calcutta and Bombay; and of 8 per cent. in Madras. The conditions in Bombay in the first month of the year were such as always accompany the financing of the cotton crop and the Broach settlement, though a special additional factor was the

withdrawal of money for investment in War Loan. With its large Government balance, however, the Bank of Bombay was able to render substantial help and soon after the Broach settlement conditions became markedly easier. In Calcutta the demand for accommodation for the jute crop was far below normal. A low price, combined with ample funds of their own, enabled the jute mills to reduce their demand on the Bank of Bengal; and on the 6th September the Bank of Bengal's rate was reduced to 5 per cent., the Bank of Bombay having already brought down its rate on the 23rd August to the same figure. Meanwhile, the Bank of Madras had already reduced its rate to 7 per cent, and on the 3rd September further lowered it to 6 per cent. No change occurred in these rates until the first week of December when the Bank of Bombay's rate was raised to 6 per cent: the Bank of Bengal followed suit on the 3rd January; while shortly after the Bank of Madras raised its rate to 7. At these levels the bank rates remained for the remaining months of the year, a steady demand being observable in Calcutta while at Bombay with the approach of the Broach settlement in April 1918, and record and advancing prices being almost daily registered for cotton, the withdrawals from the Bank of Bombay were continuous and at times considerable. In December the Bank's cash balances fell by 6,85 lakhs, in January by 2,25 lakhs, in February by 1,20 lakhs, and in March by 3,90 lakhs.

26. The contrast between the conditions of the year under report and those of its predecessor is strikingly illustrated by the following table which shows for each of the two years the maximum and the minimum rates of each of the three Presidency Banks and the number of changes in the rate:—

Presidency Bank	Maximum		Minimum		Number of changes in the bank rate.	
	1916-17	1917-18	1916-17	1917-18	1916-17	1917-18
Bank of Bengal	8	6	5	5	8	2
Bank of Bombay	8	6	4	5	10	2
Bank of Madras	8	5	6	6	4	3

27. The movements of funds through Currency will appear from the following statement which shows the issue of Currency Transfers for each month of the year in each circle. As usual, supplies of money for up-country purposes were drawn chiefly from Bombay, the transactions in Calcutta showing a small decline. The Karachi circle shows a further advance. Both Bombay and Karachi were heavily drawn on from Northern India during the wheat export months.

(In lakhs of rupees)

Currency T T issued from Circle	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January.	February	March	Total
Calcutta	1,13	2,14	94	2	24	70	49	71	1,28	90	2,20	2,85	13,60
Cawnpore	...	1	4	8	7	.	3	..	3		7	14	47
Lahore	1	...	6	4	10	3	6	2	1	1	3	23	60
Bombay	93	2,52	3,31	2,56	1,77	78	25	1,02	1,34	1,47	1,53	2,05	19,41
Karachi	9	15	1,07	90	41	16	5	19	38	21	57	46	4,64
Madras	3	...	.	...	...	...	2	12	2	15	2	4	10
Rangoon	3	..	2	...	..	..	...	..	...	..	..	..	5
Total	2,32	4,82	5,31	3,00	2,59	1,67	90	2,06	3,06	2,74	4,42	5,77	39,19

(b) Through Treasury and Currency.

As will be seen from Statements IV and V the total movement of funds through Government agency, i.e., through Treasuries as well as through Currency amounted to close on 65 crores. Statement IV shows the movement between Provinces: this amounted to 39.20 crores. The transactions within the Provinces are shown in Statement V and amounted to 25.27 crores.

Clearing House Figures.

28. I have referred above to the record of Clearing House figures as indicative of trade and business activity. The following statement gives for the last four official years the usual record for each centre of the value of the transactions through the Clearing House:—

(In lakhs of rupees.)

Year.	Calcutta.	Bombay.	Madras.	Karachi.	Rangoon.	Total.
1914-15	2,66,95	1,57,83	18,81	11,02	43,12	4,98,53
1915-16	3,52,36	1,77,18	20,21	14,09	39,50	6,03,34
1916-17	4,92,59	2,62,28	25,29	17,36	50,68	8,48,50
1917-18	5,21,90	3,83,53	23,01	22,17	52,86	10,06,17

The figures for the year 1917-18 show a further advance on those of the previous year which themselves constituted a record, the most noticeable increase being observable in Bombay where the transactions through the Clearing House for the first time exceeded 300 crores. Calcutta still maintains its premier position. In contrasting the figures for 1917-18 with those of previous years, it must be remembered that the former include transactions in connection with the War Loan, payments to which by cheque amounted to 24.21 lakhs.

VI.—Demand for the various forms of Currency.

Absorption or return from circulation of the various forms of currency.

29. The money conditions of the year are reflected in the demands for currency. The table below shows the nature of the additions made to the circulating media during the year and in each of the preceding five years.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	1912-13.	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.
(1) Silver—						
New rupee coinage	+ 12,27	+ 9,51	..	..	+ 29,98	+ 23,12
Increase (—) or decrease (+) in the Currency Reserve of rupees.	— 1,05	— 1,08	— 11,80	+ 9,28	+ 5,97	+ 6,68
Transfer from or to the Gold Standard Reserve.	...	...	+ 6,00	...	...	...
Exports from India	..	..	— 85	— 69	— 7,25	— 1,62
TOTAL SILVER	+ 11,22	+ 5,43	— 6,65	+ 8,59	+ 34,70	+ 28,18
(2) Gold—						
Net imports of sovereigns (through Currency).	+ 21,57	+ 9,49	— 11	— 3,33	— 7	+ 9,03
Increase (—) or decrease (+) in Currency Reserve of sovereigns in India.	— 6,04	+ 6,91	+ 14,79	— 4,60	+ 24	+ 2,12
Transfer from or to the Gold Standard Reserve.	...	...	— 7,86	+ 7,50	+ 20	+ 15
TOTAL GOLD	+ 15,53	+ 16,43	+ 6,82	— 43	+ 37	+ 11,60
(3) Increase (+) or decrease (—) in the circulation of currency notes.	+ 7,61	— 2,86	— 4,49	+ 6,10	+ 18,64	+ 13,42
(4) Increase (—) or decrease (+) in Treasury balances.	— 9,84	+ 4,84	+ 1,24	+ 4,14	— 4,92	— 5
GRAND TOTAL CURRENCY DEMANDS.	21,52	+ 23,84	— 3,08	+ 18,40	+ 48,76	+ 53,15

After distributing the increase in the Treasury balances among the different forms of currency the total absorption of each form will be as shown below :—

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.
Gold	15,37	16,26	7,43	—40	1,37	11,64
Silver (rupees and half-rupees)	10,49	5,32	—6,70	10,40	33,81	27,86
Currency notes	6	2,87	—3,43	7,87	18,18	15,46
Bank and other balances	—1,40	—61	—13	53	—4,57	—1,83
	24,52	23,84	—3,08	18,40	48,79	53,15

30. The net absorption of each form of currency is set out in the following statement which exhibits the absorption or return in each circle during the busy and slack seasons. The figures given below refer only to Currency transactions and will differ accordingly from the figures given in paragraph 29, which include Treasury transactions. The Currency transactions are the best guide of the public's requirements of the different forms of currency.

Net absorption of
Currency by seasons
in each circle.

(+ indicates absorption and — return from circulation.)

[In lakhs of rupees.]

Circles.		Seasons.	Rupees.	Notes.	Sovereigns.	TOTAL.
Calcutta	Slack Busy Slack	April to July	- 4,44	+ 1,82	...	- 2,62
		August to October	+ 1,65	+ 2,77	...	+ 4,42
		November to March	- 1,36	- 4,78	+ 16	- 5,98
		TOTAL	- 4,15	- 19	+ 16	- 4,18
	Cawnpore	Busy Slack Busy	April and May	+ 2,60	- 93	+ 7	+ 1,74
June to September			- 2,62	+ 2,32	+ 49	+ 19
October to March			+ 3,36	- 1	+ 67	+ 4,02
		TOTAL	+ 3,34	+ 1,38	+ 1,23	+ 5,95
Lahore		Busy Slack Busy	April and May	+ 4,22	+ 5	+ 2,79	+ 6,96
	June and July		- 1,10	- 16	+ 2,86	+ 80
	August to March		+ 9,14	+ 2,47	+ 1,96	+ 13,57
		TOTAL	+ 11,96	+ 1,86	+ 7,51	+ 21,33
	Bombay and Karachi	Busy Slack Busy	April and May	+ 4,70	+ 3,25	+ 63	+ 8,58
June to October			- 3,70	+ 19,99	+ 56	+ 16,85
November to March			+ 12,13	- 12,40	+ 1,57	+ 1,30
		TOTAL	+ 13,13	+ 10,84	+ 2,76	+ 26,73
Madras		Busy Slack Busy	April to June	+ 1,12	+ 27	...	+ 1,39
	June to November		- 2,26	+ 1,98	...	- 28
	December to March		+ 1,39	- 53	...	+ 86
		TOTAL	+ 25	+ 1,72	...	+ 1,97
	Rangoon	Busy Slack Busy	April	+ 28	- 38	...	- 10
May to December			- 49	- 22	...	- 71
January to March			+ 2,59	+ 79	...	+ 3,38
		TOTAL	+ 2,38	+ 19	...	+ 2,57
		GRAND TOTAL	+ 26,91	+ 15,80	+ 11,36	+ 54,37

NOTE.—The above figures exclude 1,62 lakhs of rupees and Rs. 15 lakhs worth of sovereigns exported to Basra but include 4,42 lakhs remitted from the Bombay Circle to Basra in currency notes.

Absorption of rupees.

31. I give in the margin the monthly figures of absorption of rupees and

	(In lakhs of rupees.)		
	Absorption (+) or return from Circulation (-) of		
	Rupees	Notes	Total
April	+ 5,90	+ 10	+ 6,00
May	+ 2,27	+ 2,33	+ 4,60
June	- 3,16	+ 3,80	+ 64
July	- 1,60	+ 2,67	- 2,02
August	- 91	+ 9,02	+ 8,09
September	+ 88	+ 5,87	+ 6,75
October	+ 1,17	+ 5,97	+ 7,14
November	+ 5,61	- 2,02	+ 3,59
December	+ 7,38	- 4,61	+ 2,77
January	+ 5,28	- 3,91	+ 1,29
February	+ 3,10	- 1,46	+ 1,64
March	+ 3,90	- 1,88	+ 1,92
Total	+ 26,91	+ 15,80	+ 12,71

notes. The usual statistical details regarding the note circulation are given in a subsequent section; but the monthly figures are here given, concurrently with those relating to the absorption and return of rupees to illustrate the extent to which seasonal demands cause an interchange between these two circulating media. In June, July and August there was the usual re-flow of metallic currency, though on a somewhat smaller scale than might have been expected from the enormous disbursement of rupees in the previous

15 months. Excluding these three months the remaining nine months show an average monthly absorption of 4 crores a month. The large absorption in the first month of the year is, of course, due to the requirements for cotton in Bombay and the beginnings of the demand for wheat in Northern India. With the issue of gold and the cessation of the cotton demand in Bombay, the absorption of silver in May fell to Rs. 2,27 lakhs. The demand for rupees between July and October is largely determined by the requirements for jute. These were on a smaller scale than usual and absorbed only Rs. 1½ crores as against Rs. 11½ crores in the previous year. The limitation of exports of jute, the consequent fall in prices, the larger stocks held by the mills placed purchasers of this staple at an advantage in their dealings with sellers. Purchases were spread over a longer period, were paid for at rates which purchasers could largely dictate, and the currency required was also largely determined by the seller's need to find a market. It is of interest to note in this connection that through the co-operation of the large purchasing firms an increased use of paper currency was possible in the purchase of jute, the 5-rupee note being utilised to a larger extent than in previous years. In the autumn the demand for metallic currency did not set in as early as usual and it was not until November that any serious inroads were made on the silver balances. From that month onwards the high prices of cotton and an increasing demand for food-stuffs grown in Northern India combined to cause a very serious withdrawal of rupees, and in the two closing months of the calendar year Rs. 13 crores were absorbed. There was some slight reaction in January, February and March, the total absorption in these three months amounting to Rs. 12½ crores, cotton again, and to some extent rice in Burma, being the chief causes thereof.

Taking the absorption by circles, the heaviest absorption was in the Bombay and Karachi circles where 13,13 lakhs were absorbed, the Lahore circle following with an absorption of 11,96 lakhs. Since August 1914 the Bombay circle has taken Rs. 26½ crores in silver, the Lahore circle 25½ crores, while the Calcutta circle shows a net return in the same period of 4 crores. The extent to which metallic currency has been poured into Northern India can be measured by the absorption of Rs. 41.88 crores of silver and gold issued in the Punjab and the United Provinces in the last three years. Purchases of wheat, gram, barley, and other food-stuffs, payments to the troops and to the frontier militia, all of which must necessarily be made in metal, account for this large absorption. On the other hand, as regards the absorption in Bombay, this circle, it must be remembered, includes the chief Indian bullion market, and the reduction in imports of gold and silver and, still more recently, the prohibition on the imports of precious metals have naturally created a tendency for that circle to absorb a larger share than other circles of the metallic issues from Currency and to attract the silver and gold issued in other parts of India.

32. The rupee coinage of the year amounted to 23,12 lakhs, while the net reduction in the rupee balances in treasuries and in Currency was 6,36 lakhs.

Deducting the rupees shown in the trade accounts as having been exported by sea from India, the actual number of rupees added in the year to the circulation in the hands of the public was thus 27,86 lakhs. Compared with 1916-17, when the absorption was 33,81 lakhs, the absorption in 1917-18 was on a somewhat smaller scale. It will be of interest to note here that between the 1st August 1914 and 31st March 1918 the number of rupees passed into circulation was 78,98 lakhs, representing just over 270 million ounces of fine silver. The total world production in the four years 1914 to 1917 has been estimated at 650 million ounces, so that Indian coin requirements in the 44 months in question alone represent more than 41 per cent of the estimated world production in those four years. To the coin requirements must be added the net imports of silver on private account which in the same period have amounted to 128 million ounces, bringing the total quantity of silver absorbed in India between the dates mentioned to 398 million ounces.

This last factor, namely, the requirement of silver for industries and arts, must, I think, have played some part in determining the demand for coined silver, for it will be observed from the statement in paragraph 2 that the imports of silver for purposes other than coinage have, as a result of conditions created by the war, been on a diminishing scale, and it is probably the case that, in order to fill the void thus created in the supplies of silver available for such purposes as ornaments, some portion of the silver metallic currency in the hands of the public has been, and is still being, diverted to this purpose. There is, as a matter of fact, evidence from other sources that silver rupees have been melted down into bars for use in the arts. But though these requirements may to some extent explain the ultimate destination of some portion of the silver coin in circulation, the main causes accounting for the demand for metallic currency are of course quite different.

The flow of metallic money from the ports and commercial centres to the country side is, as is generally known, determined by the seasonal and crop conditions. Those have in the last two years been exceptionally favourable. Prices of Indian produce have also been protected by the absence of competition from other parts of the world, and in regard to a very large proportion of Indian produce the requirements of foreign countries have been of such an urgent character as to make the question of cost subordinate. The volume of metallic currency required to induce the Indian producer to part with his produce has therefore in the last two years been necessarily great. In normal times metallic currency thus released in the purchase of Indian produce returns to the commercial centres and the ports in payment of manufactured goods required by the producer. But, as has been observed in previous reports, imports of foreign manufactures have shrunk considerably, while the rise in the price of raw materials, higher freights, and increased costs of production have combined to bring about a very much higher range of prices, which the Indian consumer has not been able or has been unwilling to pay. Further, the congestion of traffic on railways has also affected the despatch of imported goods from the ports to the inland central marts, and their ultimate distribution from these marts among the countryside. The natural solvent then which serves in normal times to create a re-flow of metallic currency to the ports and commercial centres has only been partially operative. It must also be remembered that over a large part of the country, and certainly by the bulk of the agricultural population, the rupee is still regarded primarily as a store of value; and where such is the principal function of a metallic currency, any appreciation in the value of the metal must necessarily tend to accentuate the withdrawal from circulation of a considerable portion of the currency. The agriculturist's insistence on being paid in metal for the product of his labours is not entirely unreasonable. These payments represent his capital and wealth, and when stored in the form of metal, such capital is protected against deterioration from climatic and other causes. This factor is often overlooked when it is sought to make a contrast between India and other Eastern countries where paper currency has replaced metallic currency as, for instance, in the Straits and latterly to some extent in Ceylon. The requirements of metallic currency in these countries are limited to the amounts necessary for the payment of wages to labour, mostly not indigenous labour, whose savings are almost immediately remitted to their home land; and, save in regard to disbursements connected with the

up-keep and maintenance of estates, the finance required can in such conditions be effected through other media of currency. Doubtless an extension of banking facilities combined with a more complete understanding of the functions of currency will tend to diminish the Indian agriculturist's present preference for payment in metal and will lead him to apply metallic currency to a less infructuous purpose than that of a store of value. As it is, the development of the paper currency which will be described at greater length in a subsequent paragraph, has on the whole been eminently satisfactory and affords direct evidence of the results which may be expected from the universal provision of facilities which will demonstrate in a practical and tangible way that paper and metallic money are interchangeable.

Absorption of sovereigns and gold.

33. As regards sovereigns, the absorption as shown above amounted to 11,66 lakhs. It can safely be asserted that the whole of this amount went into hoards or the melting pot, and represents no real addition to the circulation. As a matter of fact, the absorption of sovereigns in the year was somewhat larger than is disclosed by the above statement, for the figures there given do not include sovereigns imported and passed into consumption without presentation at a Government office or treasury. In normal times the proportion of such imports to those which are tendered to the Currency Department is not very serious and possesses no special significance. The reduction, however, since the outbreak of war, in private imports of gold, which is largely required for use in connection with the arts, has caused a scarcity value to attach to the sovereign as a commodity and imported sovereigns have consequently not found their way into the currency of the country. Of the 2,000,000 sovereigns imported between August 1914 and March 1917 all but 50,000 passed into consumption immediately on importation. The position has of course been reversed since the promulgation of the Gold (Import) Ordinance of 1917, which brought automatically into the Paper Currency Reserve all gold, whether bullion or coin, imported into this country. This Ordinance was promulgated in June 1917. Prior to that date, however, there had been imported in the first three months of 1917-18 nearly 1½ million sovereigns, namely, 2,62 lakhs which, as just explained, are not included in the 11,66 lakhs shown as having been issued from Currency during the year.

Currency sovereigns were released in the year between April and August 1917 and again in February and March 1918 to relieve the strain on the silver balances. They were issued primarily in connection with the purchase in Northern India of wheat for the Royal Commission, though both in April 1917 and in February and March 1918, issues were also made in certain districts of Madras and certain of the cotton-growing districts of Bombay.

		(in lakhs of Rupees)
April 1917	.	. 33
May "	.	. 1.21
June "	.	. 3.39
July "	.	. 2.02
August "	.	. 1.27
September "	.	. —2
October "	.	. 1
November "	.	. —1
December "	.	. ...
January 1918	.	. —2
February "	.	. 71
March "	.	. 2.75

The inset table gives the detailed absorption in each month in which Currency gold was issued. Of the total of 11,66 lakhs of Currency gold issued 8,74 lakhs were issued in the Punjab and the United Provinces and 2,37 lakhs in Bombay. It may be taken for granted that only a relatively insignificant amount of the sovereigns issued in Northern India remained in the Punjab and the United Provinces, the bulk probably finding their way very shortly after issue to Bombay, and, to a lesser extent, to Calcutta, where they were mostly turned into jewellery. The very marked increase in the numbers of private assays of gold conducted at the Calcutta and the Bombay Assay Offices is sufficient indication of the fate of these sovereigns, and latterly more direct and circumstantial evidence has become available as to the extent to which gold coin has been melted. The melting of gold as also silver coin was declared on the 29th June 1917 to be an offence under the Defence of India Rules.

Though it is unfortunately too true that all but an insignificant portion of the sovereigns thus issued eventually found their way into the melting pot or into private hoards, it must not therefore be assumed that they failed entirely

to achieve the purpose which their issue was intended to secure. *Qua* currency doubtless these sovereigns had a limited function : but they undoubtedly operated as such when paid out initially by the wheat purchasing firms to their sellers or agents, though subsequently they admittedly passed from hand to hand as commodities. It is true that only in rare cases did these sovereigns reach the actual producer with whom the wheat purchasing firms are unable to get into touch save in a very few localities. Where, as in one of the cotton-growing districts of Bombay, special measures were taken to secure the direct payment of sovereigns to the producer, it was found that the sovereigns thus paid out were immediately sold for silver. On the other hand, there is little doubt that the issue of these gold coins did for the time being relieve the strain on the silver balances. At the time when it was decided to make these issues of sovereigns the silver balances in the Currency were extremely low, and it was at least doubtful whether they could stand the strain of the further large demands for silver currency required for the purchase of wheat to the order of the Royal Commission. Actually, I may observe, in the Punjab side by side with the issue of sovereigns there was a return of silver. This coincidence is probably in part explainable as being due to other causes, and further experience will be necessary before any definite conclusions can be drawn ; but I may note here that between the middle of May when sovereigns were first issued and the end of August when these issues were closed there was a return of silver. The issue of sovereigns from April 1917 rendered it possible to maintain the silver balances at a sufficient level to meet all ordinary requirements until with the termination of the busy season the demand for silver fell away and the usual return of silver set in.

34. The price of sovereigns during the year fluctuated between a minimum of Rs. 15-3-3 and a maximum of Rs. 18-4-0, the fluctuations, as might be expected, being directly traceable to the release of sovereigns from Currency. In April 1917 the highest price touched by the sovereign was Rs. 15-15-3, the lowest Rs. 15-8. With the release of Currency sovereigns the price gradually fell away till the lowest point, namely, Rs. 15-3-3, was touched in June. The price rose again in August, when issues from Currency were again stopped, to Rs. 16-4, in November to Rs. 17-2, in January to Rs. 18 0 and in February to Rs. 18-4. The release in March of further sovereigns from Currency brought about a relapse in prices, and the year closed with the sovereign at Rs. 16-7. The price of sovereigns.

VII.—The Note Circulation.

35. Statements XI to XX contain the usual statistics regarding the currency note circulation. The table below compares the gross, net and active circulation on the 31st March, and also the average for the year in each case with the corresponding figures for certain previous years. Statistics of the note circulation.

(In lakhs of rupees)

Year.	CIRCULATION ON 31ST MARCH			AVERAGE CIRCULATION			Increase in average active circulation
	Gross.	Net	Active	Gross	Net	Active	
1899 1900	28,74	27 04	22,10	27 46	25,18	21,27	.
1904 05	39,18	31,30	25,16	39,20	35 31	28 11	+ 6 91*
1909 10	54 41	49,10	39,98	49 66	47 02	37 21	+ 9,10*
1910 11	51,99	48,31	40,17	51 15	48 50	38 75	+ 1 54
1911-12	61,36	56,17	41,61	57,17	51 83	41 81	+ 3,11
1912-13	68,98	56,10	47,92	65 62	51 92	45 09	+ 3,50
1913-14	66,12	58,72	49 97	65 55	55 62	46 63	+ 1,24
1914-15	61 63	55 65	43,96	64 01	59,28	45 43	-1,20
1915-16	67 73	61,13	53,19	64 10	60, 9	45,64	+ 2,65
1916-17	86,37	81,98	67,08	76,14	72 36	59,30	+ 11,28
1917 18	98,79	97,78	84 30	1,01,77	98 03	71,87	+ 12,51

The figures for the net circulation exclude the value of the notes held in the Reserve Treasuries. Those for the active circulation further exclude the value of notes in all other Government treasuries and also of notes held in the Head offices of the Presidency Banks.

The gross circulation exceeded the 100 crore mark for the first time in August 1917, and remained well above that mark until March, the highest figure, namely 114.77 crores, being recorded in October. Of the gross circulation the amounts held in the Reserve and District Treasuries depend primarily on the resource operations of Government, and the variations in the amounts

* These figures represent 5 years' increase

so held from time to time have no special significance in the present connection. The variations in the note holdings of the Presidency Banks at their head offices may be said to reflect the fluctuations in the money market and the large increase which Statement XV discloses in these holdings, the average of which has more than doubled in the year to 21,77 lakhs, is to be referred to the causes discussed in section V. As has been explained in previous reports the figures for the average active circulation probably form the best criterion of the extent to which currency notes actually circulate among the public. The development of the active circulation which was observed in the last two reports has been maintained. At the close of the year it was 84½ crores and exceeded by over 17 crores the figure recorded on the same date in 1916-17. The average value for the year was nearly 72 crores, that is to say, 12½ crores more than the average of the preceding year. The active circulation was at its highest in March, and at its lowest in June when it fell to 62,27 lakhs.

Passing now to the distribution of the note circulation according to circles, all circles show substantial increases, but the largest increase in the gross circulation is recorded in the Bombay circle, which, with an average gross circulation of 36.85 crores, is now ahead of the Calcutta circle, where the average gross circulation has increased from 28.45 lakhs to 33.89 lakhs. The increase in the gross circulation in Bombay, as also the increase in that of the Karachi circle, is to some extent accounted for by the fact that the note requirements of Mesopotamia are largely supplied from these two circles. Actually there were shipped during the year to Basra 4.42 lakhs in notes of these two circles. Statistics of the circulation in the occupied territories in Mesopotamia are not available, except as regard the 5-rupee and the 10-rupee notes of which it is estimated that on the 31st December 1917 there were in circulation 1½ crores and 2½ crores respectively.

Character of the
note circulation.

36. The following statement shows by circles the number of notes of each denomination (excluding the Rs. 10,000 note) in circulation on the 31st December in each of the last three years for each 10,000 of the population:—

Circle.	Year.	Rs. 1	Rs. 5.	Rs. 10.	Rs. 50.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 1,000
Calcutta	1915 . .	...	33	969	5	54	2	4
	1916 . .	...	47	1,125	5	81	2	4
	1917 . .	54	85	1,011	6	78	2	4.6
Cawnpore	1915 . .	...	20	52	5	19	1	1
	1916 . .	...	27	32	3	5	1	1
	1917 . .	...	39	71	8	19	6	7
Lahore	1915 . .	...	202	325	19	50	2	1
	1916 . .	...	279	454	22	68	2	1
	1917 . .	...	385	608	24	96	2	1
Bombay	1915 . .	...	245	398	21	37	1	5
	1916 . .	...	419	648	39	62	1	5
	1917 . .	91	712	967	53	81	2	9
Karachi	1915 . .	...	127	1,052	44	130	2	7
	1916 . .	...	317	1,413	69	156	2	9
	1917 . .	...	484	2,037	128	171	2	15
Madras	1915 . .	...	162	153	6	101	1	5
	1916 . .	...	215	198	—5	120	1	1
	1917 . .	59	243	229	—11	136	9	7
Rangoon	1915 . .	...	101	1,001	7	133	...	1.5
	1916 . .	...	131	2,318	7	177	...	1
	1917 . .	...	186	1,984	7	170	...	1
All-India	1915 . .	...	122.5	519	11.5	56	1.3	2.8
	1916 . .	...	169	673.5	14	76	1.4	2.9
	1917 . .	43	290	737	17	86	1.5	4

The increase in circulation observed in the two preceding reports of all the universal notes, i.e., notes of denominations up to and including Rs. 100 has been more than maintained, the most striking advance being in the 5-rupee denomination the circulation of which has in the last two years more than doubled itself. In every circle this denomination shows a material advance, that in the Bombay circle being most marked. In the Punjab this denomination has attained a certain popularity in connection with payments to troops and at post offices. In Calcutta, as has been explained elsewhere, a larger use was made of this denomination in connection with the finance of the jute crop. The 10-rupee note has not apparently maintained its popularity in the Calcutta and Rangoon circles, but elsewhere, more particularly, in the Karachi circle, an appreciable advance was recorded. The 50-rupee note elsewhere than in Karachi, Bombay and Lahore shows little variation as compared with the previous year. The *minus* figure shown against Madras under this denomination is due to the fact that all notes withdrawn from circulation at agencies are treated as home notes, an adjustment in respect of foreign notes not being made until the notes are eventually received at Madras. There were large remittances from Bombay to certain Madras districts, and the withdrawal of these at the agencies was taken in the first instance in reduction of the balance of Madras notes.

It will be observed that the above statement gives no statistics regarding the Rs. 2-8 notes. This denomination was not put into issue until after the 31st December, and similarly the statistics given above refer only to the circulation of the 1-rupee notes in Calcutta, Bombay and Madras in which three circles alone the 1-rupee note had been put into issue by the 31st December.

On the 31st March there were outstanding Rs. 32½ lakhs of Re. 1 notes and just under Rs. 18 lakhs of Rs. 2-8 notes. The first of these denominations was put into circulation on December 1st, and initially the issue was restricted to the Presidency Banks, though within a very short time the issue from Currency offices was commenced at Calcutta, Bombay and Madras. Subsequently, issues were commenced also at other circles. The size of these notes, and their liability to tear and to soiling have to some extent tended to affect their acceptability by the public. The Rs. 2-8 denomination, which was put into circulation on the 2nd January, has so far achieved little progress, but as regards the Re. 1 notes the shortage of silver towards the end of the official year necessitated a larger use of this small value note, and the first three months of 1918-19 witnessed a large development in the circulation thereof. By the 30th June there were in circulation about 2½ crores of these notes.

37. Statement XX gives the usual information regarding the civil treasuries in the different provinces at which notes are cashed. Save at Indore and at a few treasuries in the Punjab and in the United Provinces, treasuries elsewhere were practically in a position to encash notes generally to the full extent of the public's requirements. The statistics of transactions at treasuries given in the statement which follows, show a material increase in the receipts and issues of notes. Both in the payment of dues to Government, as also in payment of dues by Government, notes are being used to a much larger extent than formerly, a very marked increase in this direction being observable in the statistics of the last three years. Notes tendered at the treasuries for encashment exceeded by Rs. 1,66 lakhs the notes issued by Treasuries against silver tendered by the public; and there was a very small increase in the value of notes tendered by the public for exchange into notes of other values.

Encashment at
Treasuries.

(In lakhs of rupees)

RECEIPTS FROM PUBLIC.					ISSUES TO PUBLIC.			
Year.	In payment of dues to Government.	For silver.	In exchange of notes of other values.	Total.	In payment of dues by Government.	For silver.	In exchange of notes of other values.	Total.
1910-11	20,31	3,92	1,19	25,42	14,93	5,58	1,19	21,70
1911-12	22,68	4,00	1,22	27,90	16,24	6,00	1,22	23,46
1912-13	25,99	4,34	1,68	32,01	17,41	5,96	1,68	25,05
1913-14	27,16	4,02	1,55	32,73	19,08	6,01	1,55	27,24
1914-15	26,41	5,86	1,77	34,04	21,92	8,53	1,77	32,22
1915-16	33,16	8,89	2,44	44,49	25,06	8,60	2,44	36,10
1916-17	42,44	14,17	3,02	59,63	31,31	10,22	3,02	44,55
1917-18	51,79	13,68	3,13	68,60	39,74	12,02	3,13	54,89

Life of Currency Notes.

38. The following statement compares the mean circulation for the year with the total number of cancellations for notes of the denominations of Rs. 5 and upwards. The figures are in thousands of pieces in each case.

	Rs. 5.	Rs. 10.	Rs. 50.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 1,000.	Rs. 10,000.
Total Cancellation	8,484	28,372	921	7,091	170	733	62
Gross Circulation	8,761	24,967	597	2,892	50	125	16
Ratio of circulation to cancellations	1.03	.88	.65	.41	.28	.17	.26
Corresponding ratio in 1916-17 .	.72	.69	.41	.32	.24	.12	.15
Ditto in 1915-16 .	.40	.56	.41	.31	.25	.12	.15
Ditto in 1914-15 .	.58	.64	.40	.30	.27	.17	.25
Ditto in 1913-14 .	.59	.76	.44	.32	.25	.13	.20
Average of five years ending with 1912-13.	.65	.81	.44	.36	.28	.16	.20

The ratio of circulation to cancellation (taken to two places of decimals) is a rough measure of the life of each denomination. There is an increase in the length of the life of each denomination, particularly of the Rs. 5 note. This denomination, as will have been observed, has made a considerable advance in popularity, and re-issues on a large scale were necessary. Generally, re-issues have had to be on a much larger scale than could be desired; but scarcity of paper has led to inadequate supplies of notes coming forward from Home.

No statistics of the life of Re. 1 and Rs. 2-8 notes are as yet available.

VIII.—Miscellaneous matters connected with Currency notes and coinage.

Note-forgeries.

39. There was a large increase during the year in the number of forged notes presented for encashment or received in the Currency offices for examination as to their genuineness or for safe custody, an aggregate of 396 being recorded against 96 and 97 in the two previous years. 123 out of these were forged notes in various stages of completion discovered by the United Provinces police in the course of an enquiry in Meerut. They were the work of a professional forger and his accomplices who had secured a regular printing press with other implements of forgery. The effort was not, however, very successful; the first few notes which it was attempted to pass on to the public, aroused suspicion and led to the discovery of the authors by the police. Of the remaining 273 forgeries, 187 were of the Rs. 5, 66 of the Rs. 10, 18 of the Rs. 100 and 2 of the Rs. 1,000 denomination. As many as 231 of the forgeries appeared in the Calcutta Circle alone.

A considerable number of new forgeries belonging to different series was brought to light during the year. Apart, however, from the important class of forgeries described below, few exhibited any cleverness of execution or were widely circulated. The five rupee note-forgeries of the $\frac{YB}{34}$, $\frac{LC}{60}$ and $\frac{LC}{61}$ series which seem to have originated from the same source, were very successful in imposing on the public. They were apparently printed from metal or wooden blocks, the paper used being of a passable quality with spurious water-marks of a rather faint outline. The printing and the signature were fairly done and altogether the notes were clever imitations. The forgeries of the $\frac{YB}{34}$ series first made their appearance in Calcutta in October 1917, while the variants of the $\frac{LC}{60}$ and $\frac{LC}{61}$ series appeared for the first time in March 1918. No fewer than 159 of the forgeries presented during the year at Calcutta belong to one or other of these three series, while single notes have also been detected in Rangoon, Bombay and Cawnpore. The new forgeries of the Rs. 10 denomina-

tion which were represented by a few notes in each of a number of different series, were generally inferior specimens, either handdrawn or lithographed on ordinary paper. The notes of the ^{BD}₁₈ series, several of which appeared at Rangoon, were passable forgeries done by the lithographic process, though the lettering was somewhat uneven. The forged note of the ^{NC}₄₅ series presented at Rangoon was prepared by the old anastatic process. Among the new forgeries of the Rs. 100 denomination, mention may be made of the notes of the ^{NC}₅₆, ^{NC}₅₈, ^{QC}₆₈ series all purporting to be of the Rangoon circle, in illustration of a clever device sometimes employed by forgers. The notes were printed from metal blocks on a genuine 10-Rupce note paper, the original impression thereon having first been completely washed out by some chemical process. Another "0" was added to the water mark figure "10" apparently by pressure from a wooden block.

Altogether four prosecutions were undertaken during the year in connection with forged notes, two in the United Provinces, 1 in Bombay and 1 in Burma. All four resulted in convictions. The heaviest sentences were secured in the Meerut case mentioned above, three of the accused persons being sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for periods ranging from 5 to 10 years on various counts. Prosecutions.

40. The figures below show the number of wholly destroyed, half and mutilated notes, claims in respect of which were admitted during the year 1917-18 and the two preceding years:— Claims on lost notes, etc.

	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.
Whole notes destroyed	42	579	85
Half notes {			
Lost by post	710	615	462
Lost otherwise	621	806	1,030
Mutilated notes	858	999	1,506

The value of notes written off to Government during the year under section 19 of Act II of 1910 amounted to Rs. 70,830 as compared with Rs. 67,670, Rs. 66,740 and Rs. 79,430 in the three years 1914-15 to 1916-17. Writing off old notes.

41. The total value of withdrawn coins amounted to 1,22½ lakhs against Rs. 1,41½ lakhs in 1916-17. The details are as shown in the statement below:— State of the coinage.

Province.	IN THOUSANDS OF RUPEES.				
	1895.	1840.	George V 1911.	Shroff marked.	Other uncurrent.
1	2	3	4	5	6
India	80	7,14	25	1	26,25
North-West Frontier Province . . . . .	...	17	...	...	1
Madras	23	3,74	5	...	12,47
Bombay	14	2,78	1	1	3,34
Bengal	60	4,22	...	...	4,68
United Provinces	1,12	11,86	2	...	11,12
Punjab	53	5,19	...	...	6,41
Burma	6	15	1	...	2,19
Bihar and Orissa	63	5,50	3	...	6,95
Central Provinces	4	1,23	...	1	10
Assam	14	81	...	...	46
TOTAL	4,29	43,39	37	3	74,5*

* The total includes worn small silver coins to the value of Rs. 174 lakhs

The following table shows the number of light weight coins withdrawn or remitted to the Mints during the year :—

1	NUMBER OF COINS REDUCED IN WEIGHT.				
	WHOLE RUPEES		SMALL SILVER COINS.		ALL SILVER COINS.
	Over 2 per cent. but not more than 6½ per cent.	Over 6½ per cent. but not more than 25 per cent.	Over 2 per cent. but not more than 12½ per cent.	Over 12½ per cent. but not more than 25 per cent.	Over 25 per cent.
2	3	4	5	6	
Rupres . . .	3,511,064	37,371	...	...	9,104
Half Rupres . . .	...	...	572,743	6,158	326
Quarter Rupres . . .	...	...	...	227,262	2,078
Eighth Rupres . . .	...	...	...	255,376	2,972
TOTAL . . .	3,511,064	37,371	572,743	488,796	14,475

Grand Total 1917-18 . . .	4,621,449
Do. 1916-17 . . .	5,120,259
Do. 1915-16 . . .	5,186,353
Do. 1914-15 . . .	6,812,907
Do. 1913-14 . . .	13,705,088

False coinage.

42. Information regarding the counterfeit silver coins which came to light during the year will be found in the review of the reports of the working of the Mints in Bombay and Calcutta.

Absorption of small silver, nickel and bronze.

13. Statement XXI contains details of the absorption of small coin in each province during each of the last three years. These are summarised in the table below together with the corresponding figures for the years from 1910-11 onwards (a *minus* sign indicating a return from circulation):—

In thousands of rupees.					
Year	Four-anna pieces.	Two-anna pieces.	One-anna pieces.	Single piece.	TOTAL.
1910-11	14,18	14,10	20,36	9,37	58,01
1911-12	15,23	14,05	24,76	11,11	65,15
1912-13	25,72	19,53	23,76	16,51	85,52
1913-14	15,38	12,89	19,91	7,95	56,13
1914-15	—10,23	—4,63	6,87	—12,57	—20,56
1915-16	8,33	7,11	18,60	2,06	36,10
1916-17	32,99	23,17	32,50	8,59	97,25
1917-18	38,11	28,53	25,86	6,15	98,65

The total for the year 1917-18 excludes about Rs. 10 lakhs of small coin sent to Basra. The absorption for the year amounted to Rs. 98½ lakhs against 97½ in the previous year.

Receipts and expenditure of the Currency Department.

44. Statement XXII gives the usual details of the receipts and expenditure of the Currency Department for the year 1917-18. The receipts, it will be seen, have nearly doubled and amounted to Rs. 1,82,72,108 the increase in investments accounting for the larger receipts. The expenditure consequent on a larger consumption of note forms increased by Rs. 4,43,888 to 20.88 lakhs.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

M. M. S. GUBBAY,

Controller of Currency.

The 14th December 1918.

STATEMENT I.

Statement showing the Treasury balances in India on the first day of each month during 1916-17 and 1917-18 and their distribution

[In thousands of rupees]

	April.	May.	June.	July	August.	September.	October	November	December	January	February	March.	March closing balances.
1918-19													
Reserve Treasuries	1,56,23	81,60	1,08,00	5,53,92	8,88,20	7,1,41	2,92,45	1,32,37	5,54,15	5,71,37	3,78,01	4,38,51	2,43,19
Presidency Banks (Head Offices)	5,94,77	11,87,61	14,60,91	15,07,82	9,31,17	2,28,74	2,06,07	6,18,51	1,10,00	4,63,47	8,31,33	9,79,77	9,55,90
District Treasuries	12,42,08	12,53,37	18,09,79	18,3,09	17,76,02	16,41,77	15,71,23	9,07,22	5,56,73	8,31,71	10,7,00	11,07,70	10,29,18
TOTAL	22,93,08	24,72,01	32,48,70	39,69,3	35,06,2	24,41,2	2,71,7	18,508	7,1,31	10,7,70	2,84,1	2,25,57	22,98,77
1916-17													
Reserve Treasuries	8,00,10	1,41,9	1,73,06	3,02,5	1,40	1,1	27,3	4,05,18	8,2	0,59	1,11,8	4,9,20	4,56,23
Presidency Banks (Head Offices)	21,1,17	2,09,57	2,21,07	1,9,10	1,1,15	3,187	2,0,67	2,09,67	2,70	41,30	2,7,57	2,2,21	1,1,77
District Treasuries	12,37,64	11,63,83	10,2,12	10,7,47	10,72,11	10,20,29	9,76,12	9,5,20	9,32,5	9,07,33	11,20,50	1,40,23	12,12,98
TOTAL	18,02,41	15,77,68	14,46,85	15,32,11	1,1,51	18,29,6	17,4,17	16,18,03	15,5,87	14,59,72	18,1,40	1,59,37	2,03,98
Difference	+4,01,57	+8,94,01	+18,01,85	+1,11,10	+1,51,71	+8,17,07	+3,01,1	1,00,0	+27,59	+1,1,28	+1,51,02	+5,66,20	+4,79

STATE

Payments by Government on account of Transfers of Funds

	1ST QUARTER										2ND QUARTER										3RD		
	ON ACCOUNT OF										ON ACCOUNT OF										ON		
	India and Bengal	Madras	Compt. in	United Provinces	Central	Lu. P. A.	Bihar and Orissa	Central Provinces	Assam	Total	India and Bengal	Madras	Bombay	United Provinces	Punjab	Burma	Bihar and Orissa	Central Provinces	Assam	Forat.	India and Bengal	Madras	Bombay
India and Bengal	11,111	1,010	64,641	6,741	13,80	9,89	2,167	10,37	26,06														
Madras	10,00	1,12,64	1,0																				
Bombay	17,164	1,00		9,70	2																		
United Provinces	110,2	0	1,1	1,1																			
Punjab	18,11	1,11																					
Assam	14,78	2,0	0,0																				
Bihar and Orissa	1,1			2																			
Central Provinces																							
Assam	13,77																						
TOTAL	4,38,91	9,64	6,24,14	9,06	19,3	6,00	11,63	14,32	11,10,01	61,20	10,17	5,17,40	71,15	61,01	18,80	9,89	7,12,80	2,44,15	31,82	3,07,86			

MENT IV.

affected by the Public between Provinces during the year 1917-18.

(In thousands of rupees.)

QUARTER							4TH QUARTER							TOTAL												
ACCOUNT OF							ON ACCOUNT OF							ON ACCOUNT OF												
United Provinces.	Punjab.	Burma.	Bihar and Orissa.	Central Provinces.	Assam.	TOTAL.	India and Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Burma.	Bihar and Orissa.	Central Provinces.	Assam.	TOTAL.	India and Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	United Provinces.	Punjab.	Burma.	Bihar and Orissa.	Central Provinces.	Assam.	TOTAL.
6,48	16,07	...	6,60	...	7,33	50,90	2,49	26,00	9,65	55,15	6,17	...	9,16	...	9,16	1,07,52	...	32,17	2,06,10	8,51	1,17,10	25	8,20	...	39,69	5,19,81
...	...	...	...	...	...	23,86	38,00	...	1,21,82	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,89,82	48,50	...	3,41,61	...	...	4,50	...	...	...	3,87,65
3,58	16,04	...	...	...	1	73,60	10,70	...	...	15,07	39,11	...	...	...	...	55,10	2,86,17	3,10	...	29,38	86,62	25	...	...	4	4,17,66
...	32	...	...	...	...	29,69	4	...	86,11	...	8	...	...	...	...	86,29	1,15,85	50	1,64,13	...	2,50	...	...	...	...	2,82,68
1,80	...	...	...	...	...	1,79,17	16,33	...	2,32,17	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,68,41	16,51	...	0,75,19	1,87	...	...	...	...	...	10,89,41
...	...	...	...	...	...	1,83,65	5,23,54	21,50	73,20	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,18,24	2,86,59	30,85	1,67,96	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,00,33
...	...	...	...	...	...	12,62	3,30	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	3,4	24,14	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	24,36
...	...	...	...	...	...	90,00	13,00	...	28,00	...	...	...	...	...	...	41,60	57,00	...	1,56,58	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,13,58
...	...	...	...	...	...	21,78	16,01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,01	80,64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80,63
1,86	34,48	...	6,80	...	7,24	6,43,68	6,62,01	33,00	5,86,90	24,82	94,94	...	6,17	...	0,08	13,56,71	13,04,26	72,62	20,36,29	1,16,80	2,18,01	5,00	38,20	...	30,63	39,20,00

STATEMENT V.

Movement of Funds within the Provinces during the year 1917-18

	Imperial Budget	Madras	Donation	Unimproved Properties	Public	Land and Colonies	Central Provinces	Assam	Total
									(In lakhs of rupees)
Supplies of funds to Presidency Banks in Districts.	7	4,24	175	..	..	17	2	...	6,25
Receipts of funds from Presidency Banks in Districts.	...	84	33	..	...	..	...	...	1,17
Sale of supply bills and transfers to the public.	2,90	55	5,54	35	76	3,91	..	4	14,78
Transfers to head quarters by Bank post-bills.	47	...	2,57	...	...	...	3	...	3,07
TOTAL	3,44	5,96	10,19	35	76	3,98	5	4	25,27

STATEMENT VI.

Gross imports of sovereigns during 1915-16, 1916-17 and 1917-18.

(In thousands of £.)

	1915-16.		1916-17.		1917-18.	
	Tendered to Government.	Not so tendered.	Tendered to Government.	Not so tendered.	Tendered to Government.	Not so tendered.
April	25	...	10	...	220
May	22	...	25	...	116
June	67	...	25	250	1,412
July	49	...	21	1,300	...
August	21	...	65	2,611	...
September	28	...	64	756	..
October	78	...	11	680	..
November	10	...	42	100	...
December	31	...	1,09	189	..
January	47	...	17	...	..
February	12	...	3,60	256	...
March	33	...	3,88	...	...
TOTAL	456	...	1,200	6,142	1,718
	456		1,200		7,890	

STATEMENT VII.

Absorption of gold coin during 1917-18.

(In thousands of £.)

	1st quarter.	2nd quarter.	3rd quarter.	4th quarter.	TOTAL.
Opening balance—					
Currency	7,554	1,335	6,925	7,800	7,354
Treasuries	7	17	7	5	7
Gold Standard Reserve	103	47	67	...	103
TOTAL	7,464	4,399	6,999	7,805	7,464
Add—Imports tendered to Government	250	4,667	969	256	6,142
Deduct—exports . . . . .	...	30	69	..	99
TOTAL	7,714	9,036	7,899	8,061	13,507
Closing balance—					
Currency	1,335	6,925	7,800	5,738	5,738
Treasuries	17	7	5	11	11
Gold Standard Reserve	47	67	...	...	...
TOTAL	4,399	6,999	7,805	5,749	5,749
Absorption after passing through Government Treasuries and Currency Offices	3,315	2,037	91	2,312	7,758
Add—Imports on private account not tendered to Government but absorbed direct	1,748	...	...	...	1,748
TOTAL ABSORPTION	5,063	2,037	91	2,312	9,500

STATEMENT VII-A.

Absorption of gold coin by Provinces and quarters.

Name of Province.	1916-17.					(In thousands of ...)				
	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	1916-17.	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	Total
Indiaville	1	...	300	-40	25	...	...	...	109	109
Madras	1	...	-30	1	-28	...	-1	...	7	6
Bombay	2	-7	8	47	50	575	8	100	1,058	1,925
United Provinces	...	...	-22	490	477	177	122	-1	44	811
Punjab and North-West Frontier Province	...	8	-1	150	157	2,560	1,763	14	634	5,006
Burma	-2	2	2	1	3	...	...	...	1	1
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces and Peral	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2	3	257	655	917	3,315	2,037	94	2,312	7,758

STATEMENT VII-B.

Receipts of sovereigns from the public at Treasuries, Post Offices and Railway Stations.

	India and Bengal.	Malaya.	Bombay.	United Provinces.	Punjab and N.-W. F. Province.	Burma.	Bihar and Orissa.	Central Provinces and Berar.	Assam.	(In thousands of £.)		
										Total Treasuries.	Post Office.	Railways.
1907-08	293	1,145	1,204	674	562	135	...	130	26	4,409	1,358	1,045
1908-09	165	771	696	502	529	31	...	39	12	2,748	1,001	710
1909-10	31	55	679	102	67	2	...	8	1	945	265	134
1910-11	171	636	1,130	487	616	38	...	63	6	8,177	638	597
1911-12	245	902	1,515	946	1,472	41	...	162	10	5,626	1,363	1,222
1912-13	437	955	2,116	1,964	2,118	41	8	208	7	8,002	1,961	1,810
1913-14	1,011	1,398	2,037	2,019	2,443	41	85	529	8	10,223	2,787	1,987
1914-15	296	598	1,445	579	1,474	18	17	79	3	4,949	1,098	738
1915-16	11	9	174	44	45	8	...	4	...	293	67	33
1916-17	...	5	114	...	2	5	...	...	...	156	1	...
1917-18	1	2	47	6	23	...	...	...	...	79	...	...

STATEMENT VIII.

Absorption of rupees and half-rupees during 1916-17 and 1917-18.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	1916-17					1917-18.				
	April to June	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	Total April to March	April to June	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March.	Total April to March.
Opening Balance—										
Currency . . .	23.05	22.13	24.21	14.39	21.05	17.04	19.61	28.88	18.27	17.08
Treasury . . .	4.91	4.67	4.04	3.10	4.91	4.56	1.93	4.21	2.91	4.56
TOTAL . . .	27.96	27.30	28.28	17.49	27.96	21.61	21.54	33.09	21.18	21.64
Closing Balance—										
Currency . . .	22.43	24.21	14.59	17.18	17.06	19.61	28.88	18.27	10.40	10.40
Treasury . . .	4.67	4.01	3.10	4.56	4.56	1.93	4.21	5.91	3.61	3.61
TOTAL . . .	27.30	28.28	17.49	21.64	21.64	21.54	33.09	21.18	14.01	14.01
Net difference + or —	+1.66	—0.8	+10.79	—4.15	+1.92	—2.90	—8.55	+11.91	+7.17	+7.63
Add—new coin issued	+2.47	+9.31	+9.48	+8.86	+10.12	+6.51	+5.47	+4.09	+5.05	+23.12
Deduct—Remittances to Mint for recoinage	—30	—53	—19	—36	—128	—34	—34	—25	—34	—127
Do Exports from India . . .	—9.5	—11	—10	—9	—12.5	—58	—62	—21	—18	—162
Net Absorption (+) or return from circulation (—)	+1.48	+7.69	+19.99	+1.26	+33.41	+4.69	—1.04	+15.46	+11.75	+27.86
Net receipts into (+) or payments from (—) treasuries . . .	+20	—57	—3.05	+8.31	+19.2	+16.62	—15.88	—3.94	+6.20	+5
Net Currency Note circulation increase (+) decrease (—) . . .	+4.80	—1.54	+12.29	+2.63	+18.18	+2.26	+19.79	+1.78	—8.37	+15.48

Distribution of net absorption by quarters and Provinces.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

CIRCLE OR PROVINCE	1916-17.					1917-18.				
	April to June	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March	TOTAL	April to June	July to Sept.	Oct. to Dec.	January to March	TOTAL.
Bengal and India . . .	—3.15	+9.12	+1.98	—2.86	+4.79	—2.61	+1.56	+7.9	—60	—86
Madras . . .	+3.20	—39	+61	—45	+3.00	+99	—1.36	—8	+1.93	+1.48
Bombay . . .	+63	—11	+7.08	+3.76	+11.36	+4.15	—1.45	+6.99	+3.90	+13.59
United Provinces . . .	+65	—56	+1.93	+1.19	+3.21	+49	—1.13	+2.07	+1.45	+2.88
Punjab and N-W Frontier	+1.33	+32	+6.12	+1.51	+9.31	+8.33	+56	+3.93	+2.98	+10.80
Burma . . .	—16	—26	+45	+2.48	+2.51	—1	—54	+41	+2.53	+2.39
Bihar and Orissa . . .	..	—32	+38	—98	—92	—47	—77	—20	—54	—1.98
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	—20	—53	+1.26	—18	+35	—94	—1.07	+1.41	+80	—80
Assam . . .	—12	+42	+14	—24	+20	—24	+16	+14	—20	—14
TOTAL . . .	+1.88	+7.69	+19.98	+4.26	+33.81	+4.69	—1.04	+15.46	+11.75	+27.86

STATEMENT IX.

Whole rupees coined and issued from the Indian Mints from 1835.

Calendar years.	Coined in Calcutta.	Coined in Madras.	Coined in Bombay.	Total Coined.
	₹	₹	₹	₹
William IV, 1835	10,90,85,070	11,78,000	5,37,12,502	16,89,78,572
Victoria, 1840, 1st issue	17,09,31,670	2,18,98,181	10,98,38,073	31,16,70,924
" 1840, 2nd "	39,85,53,660	5,50,49,201	31,29,58,076	76,65,60,937
" 1862	26,94,27,222	2,94,81,923	40,50,03,034	70,69,12,179
" 1874	1,50,13,834	...	2,85,08,566	1,35,22,400
" 1875	1,16,31,951	...	1,93,59,597	3,09,91,548
" 1876	1,20,01,264	...	2,89,49,037	4,09,50,301
" 1877	3,92,51,692	...	9,55,54,320	13,18,06,012
" 1878	3,26,57,837	...	6,39,27,196	9,65,85,033
" 1879	1,59,28,325	...	7,27,99,901	8,87,28,229
" 1880	1,83,99,594	...	5,37,85,624	7,21,85,518
" 1881	24,85,719	...	31,61,858	55,97,577
" 1882	1,50,90,289	...	5,63,97,278	7,11,87,567
" 1883	51,23,372	...	1,80,22,789	2,31,46,161
" 1884	1,16,11,757	...	3,68,16,570	4,84,58,327
" 1885	3,41,52,203	...	6,48,78,000	9,90,30,203
" 1886	1,08,78,075	...	1,11,46,157	5,20,24,532
" 1887	1,02,00,148	...	1,81,00,000	8,86,00,148
" 1888	75,68,000	...	6,32,00,000	7,07,68,000
" 1889	93,68,310	...	6,53,00,000	7,16,68,310
" 1890	2,47,11,865	...	9,29,00,000	11,76,41,865
" 1891	1,16,69,903	...	1,95,00,000	6,41,69,903
" 1892	3,24,55,120	...	7,22,00,000	10,16,55,120
" 1893	91,40,310	...	6,95,90,000	(a) 7,87,30,310
" 1897	4,70,184	...	10,51,593	(b) 15,24,777
" 1898	12,50,976	...	62,68,437	(c) 75,19,413
" 1900	5,29,02,591	...	6,52,36,908	(d) 11,81,39,199
" 1901	3,37,22,243	...	7,54,13,718	(e) 10,91,35,961
" 1901 coined in 1902	3,82,94,641	...	5,48,44,740	(f) 9,31,39,381
Edward VII, 1903 ditto	25,000	...	...	25,000
" " 1903	4,93,78,355	...	5,29,69,151	(g) 10,23,47,506
" " 1904	5,83,38,617	...	10,19,40,291	(h) 16,02,78,908
" " 1905	5,12,57,883	...	7,62,02,223	(i) 12,71,60,106
" " 1906	10,17,97,164	...	15,89,53,269	(j) 26,37,50,433
" " 1907	8,13,38,000	...	17,09,11,816	(k) 25,22,49,816
" " 1908	2,02,17,728	...	1,07,14,770	3,09,32,498
" " 1909	1,27,58,580	...	95,38,746	(l) 2,22,97,326
" " 1910	85,00,000	...	91,88,673	1,76,88,673
" " 1910 coined in 1911	41,27,013	...	16,96,273	58,23,286
George V, 1911	42,99,924	...	51,43,125	91,43,049
" " 1912	4,51,22,132	...	7,90,67,074	(m) 12,41,89,206
" " 1913	7,58,00,163	...	8,71,65,788	(n) 16,32,65,951
" " 1914	3,31,00,150	...	1,52,70,000	4,83,70,150
" " 1915	99,00,139	...	58,71,979	1,52,72,118
" " 1916	11,50,00,210	...	9,79,00,000	21,29,00,210
" " 1917	11,32,00,217	...	15,15,82,659	26,47,82,876
" " 1918*	2,07,00,000	...	2,90,50,133	4,97,50,133
TOTAL	2,25,38,55,103	10,76,07,805	3,19,47,23,547	5,55,61,56,255

*Up to 31st March 1918.

(a) Includes ₹5,90,000 coined for the Bikaner State.

(b) On account of Kashmir and Bhopal re-coinage.

(c) Ditto Ditto.

(d) Includes ₹2,09,02,414 coined for Native States.

(e) " ₹1,90,43,904 coined for Native States.

(f) " ₹2,98,86,014 coined for Native States.

(g) " ₹11,68,451 coined for Native States.

(h) " ₹5,94,221 coined for Native States.

(i) " ₹3,28,000 coined for Native States.

(j) " ₹3,90,810 coined for Native States and ₹167 lakhs (Calcutta ₹82 lakhs and Bombay ₹135 lakhs) coined from Gold Standard Reserve Silver.

(k) " ₹94,768 coined for Native States and ₹433 lakhs (Calcutta ₹168 lakhs and Bombay ₹265 lakhs) coined from Gold Standard Reserve Silver.

(l) " ₹1,01,459 coined for Native States.

(m) " ₹16,56,250 coined for Native States.

(n) " ₹12,78,441 coined for Native States.

STATEMENT X.

Rupee Census.

	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.	1916.	1917.	1918.
William IV 1835 .	4	4	3	3	25	2	10	10	15	15	17	12	11	08	07	07	07	06	06	05
1840, 1st issue	45	45	41	21	15	95	8	75	5	43	45	33	32	26	19	19	18	18	18	18
1840, 2nd " .	181	126	118	82	43	28	213	16	12	104	90	73	61	50	39	37	30	27	27	31
1862 . . .	2095	202	190	1985	2015	1835	172	157	1435	1354	1372	1350	1352	1303	1213	1142	1117	1110	964	923
1874 . . .	85	9	76	77	75	75	75	65	55	56	59	53	54	61	52	48	51	50	43	52
1875 . . .	125	13	103	115	115	100	99	95	85	77	84	80	79	79	74	73	73	75	66	62
1876 . . .	15	15	136	14	14	13	125	11	10	96	101	100	98	96	89	90	83	91	80	81
1877 . . .	47	45	42	44	45	409	385	35	32	295	309	305	309	304	276	270	268	267	232	220
1878 . . .	315	30	29	295	30	285	215	21	22	204	213	212	212	211	191	180	184	186		148
1879 . . .	28	28	25	255	26	25	234	20	195	190	187	182	182	182	165	160	162	161	131	125
1880 . . .	27	27	24	245	25	225	208	195	18	166	168	169	167	168	155	150	153	151	129	123
1881 . . .	37	4	3	3	3	35	28	25	25	23	24	24	20	22	22	22	23	23	22	26
1882 . . .	30	30	273	28	28	25	24	22	20	184	187	187	185	178	167	160	169	165	149	135
1883 . . .	11	11	10	10	10	95	9	8	75	70	72	69	67	67	68	63	60	65	58	61
1884 . . .	22	22	192	20	195	185	175	16	145	133	138	138	136	131	125	120	123	121	105	108
1885 . . .	42	11	37	365	38	355	325	295	28	251	261	259	260	260	236	230	224	222	196	180
1886 . . .	215	235	215	215	22	201	188	175	16	146	151	150	149	152	135	133	131	136	115	113
1887 . . .	43	43	39	40	40	365	34	31	28	259	264	258	260	256	224	221	223	231	205	196
1888 . . .	325	32	29	30	295	27	25	285	21	198	203	194	198	197	181	184	178	180	159	155
1889 . . .	37	37	333	333	335	301	285	26	235	216	223	225	223	218	202	210	199	203	173	167
1890 . . .	63	64	56	57	565	504	48	43	355	333	361	370	365	360	334	328	328	336	280	264
1891 . . .	33	34	30	30	30	275	26	235	21	199	200	202	200	200	187	170	179	184	162	152
1892 . . .	555	56	49	50	50	45	42	385	335	313	321	323	322	320	292	287	282	289	250	230
1893 . . .	432	43	38	375	36	34	32	285	26	237	243	242	237	237	221	218	219	217	190	185
1897 . . .	91	1	17	15	15	18	15	17	15	18	16	17	13	16	11	15	14	15	16	17
1898 . . .	95	35	4	45	4	5	4	44	35	38	43	34	34	45	40	38	35	32	27	33
1900 . . .	...	12	68	70	705	63	585	525	47	431	432	430	430	421	384	367	375	378	327	304
1901 . . .	...	...	305	64	975	94	903	81	785	684	689	674	668	657	607	590	590	590	498	455
1903 . . .	...	...	...	...	75	66	583	45	42	391	384	358	359	360	346	323	319	328	279	278
1904 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	36	84	80	68	648	603	582	579	558	521	490	492	492	428	389
1905 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	78	66	600	574	541	532	514	474	420	440	439	387	360
1906 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	116	1056	992	1935	1020	1002	940	870	886	886	786	736
1907 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	802	823	856	806	938	917	851	854	840	737	657
1908 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	120	148	155	152	175	237	152	146	123	126
1909 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	95	90	96	95	91	85	83	75	61
1910 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	75	109	94	95	85	85	82	85
1911 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	93	13	...	...	...	...	...
1911 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	19	14	18	10	20
1912 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	463	440	469	462	424	374
1913 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	222	580	579	551	556	479
1914 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	105	117	144	132
1915 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	91	31	74	97
1916 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97	741	668
1917 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	371	706
1918 . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	207
TOTAL . . .	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	190	100	100	100	100	100

NOTE.—This statement shows the result of the examination undertaken once a year of a portion of the rupees held at the different treasuries in India, to determine the composition of the rupee circulation according to the dates borne by each coin.

STATEMENT XI.

STATE

Value of Currency Notes in circulation

	1863-64	1864-65	1865-66	1866-67	1867-68	1868-69	1869-70	1870-71	1871-72	1872-73	1873-74	1874-75	1875-76	1876-77	1877-78	1878-79	1879-80	1880-81	1881-82	1882-83	1883-84
April	5,11	5,68	7,48	7,02	7,84	8,92	9,80	9,65	10,13	11,4	11,01	9,27	10,75	10,75	11,13	13,30	11,27	12,69	12,86	14,20	13,35
May	5,01	6,04	7,46	7,87	8,19	10,04	10,38	8,68	10,49	11,49	11,1	9,96	11,06	10,70	11,55	13,09	11,17	13,10	13,01	14,67	13,09
June	5,09	5,09	8,34	8,60	8,53	10,04	10,80	8,70	10,83	13,51	11,53	10,15	11,29	11,50	12,67	13,87	11,82	13,84	13,72	14,91	13,01
July	5,11	6,31	8,58	8,67	8,72	10,06	10,51	9,12	10,72	13,47	11,95	10,73	11,18	11,54	12,85	14,07	12,24	13,91	14,04	15,20	13,54
August	5,16	6,3	8,69	8,48	9,39	10,13	10,21	9,45	11,9	13,22	12,05	10,67	11,19	11,91	12,13	14,27	12,74	13,75	14,22	15,29	13,79
September	5,26	6,48	8,87	9,28	9,53	10,41	10,16	10,07	11,32	13,3	13,09	10,60	11,77	11,75	12,39	14,06	13,33	13,47	13,55	15,28	14,40
October	5,63	7,09	7,84	10,16	9,96	10,61	10,76	10,19	11,1	13,00	12,06	10,88	12,04	11,43	13,19	13,70	13,58	13,55	13,39	15,82	14,49
November	5,16	7,13	7,83	10,10	10,21	10,41	11,33	10,27	11,09	11,30	11,73	11,02	11,89	11,93	14,74	13,46	12,75	14,50	13,07	16,25	14,17
December	5,11	7,48	7,40	9,96	10,32	10,30	11,31	10,35	10,67	12,88	10,91	11,08	11,22	11,97	15,05	12,69	13,80	14,38	13,15	16,16	13,39
January	5,15	7,39	6,91	8,68	10,11	10,20	11,42	10,76	13,08	12,16	9,98	11,10	11,77	12,44	15,64	12,15	14,23	14,12	13,39	15,37	12,11
February	5,08	7,40	6,87	6,87	9,56	10,66	10,83	10,07	12,69	11,52	9,69	11,13	11,28	12,07	14,07	12,20	13,28	12,25	13,74	14,42	12,26
March	5,35	7,43	6,90	8,09	9,07	9,96	10,47	10,44	13,17	11,14	9,25	11,24	11,00	11,62	13,57	11,42	12,36	14,40	13,91	14,51	12,76
Average	5,10	6,73	7,76	8,81	9,29	10,15	10,67	9,81	11,42	12,86	11,15	10,67	11,35	11,61	13,35	13,19	12,80	13,66	13,50	15,18	13,39
Reserve Treasury balances held in Notes Average	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	71	1,44	2,35	1,36
Metallic Reserve Average Gold	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
„ Silver	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,72	7,49	9,18	7,40
Currency Investment on 31st March	2,49	3,67	3,98	3,2	3,25	3,91	3,60	3,28	5,91	5,69	5,69	5,69	5,69	6,00	5,69	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00	6,00
Profits of Paper Currency Department	13	8	7	10	7	14	12	11	21	19	20	20	21	20	19	25	23	23	21	21	21

MENT XI.

on the last day of each month.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.	1890-91.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1899-1900.	1900-01.
12,24	13,02	13,78	14,02	16,54	15,82	17,42	25,71	23,96	21,22	30,64	30,76	25,02	23,91	24,28	28,02	27,90
13,24	13,54	14,17	13,90	17,03	15,77	17,65	26,18	25,28	24,90	31,13	30,17	26,49	22,86	23,25	28,25	28,05
13,83	14,86	13,78	14,08	17,60	16,24	17,94	26,81	26,17	26,40	31,40	30,86	27,78	23,39	24,92	29,14	30,41
14,56	14,50	14,26	15,48	18,05	16,49	19,18	27,04	26,46	27,05	31,20	32,43	29,59	24,76	26,21	29,27	30,78
14,97	14,36	14,44	15,66	17,69	16,15	20,50	26,93	29,07	29,30	31,57	31,54	28,23	24,60	26,32	28,76	28,44
15,01	15,55	30	16,76	16,94	16,14	22,97	26,21	28,97	24,98	31,23	30,77	26,89	24,71	25,64	27,63	28,81
15,61	15,71	14,53	17,78	16,71	16,63	25,66	25,99	28,94	28,59	31,51	29,98	25,05	24,59	25,64	27,67	28,30
15,76	15,64	14,68	18,61	15,50	16,67	26,51	25,88	29,83	29,62	32,85	29,79	24,53	24,65	29,79	27,33	28,35
15,08	15,20	14,41	17,69	15,15	15,47	27,01	21,85	26,05	30,13	31,45	27,52	25,26	23,79	25,20	26,26	28,06
14,97	15,41	14,10	17,08	15,23	16,29	27,66	22,62	26,61	30,52	29,50	27,12	24,27	21,32	25,67	27,18	29,37
14,53	14,56	14,07	16,45	14,83	16,37	26,42	22,90	25,86	30,20	30,35	25,99	23,58	24,53	26,24	27,27	28,10
14,58	14,17	13,88	16,42	15,74	15,77	25,69	24,06	26,40	30,41	30,70	25,91	23,75	24,76	28,20	28,74	29,87
14,54	14,71	14,20	16,16	16,43	16,15	22,80	25,44	27,10	28,29	31,11	29,28	25,94	24,24	25,63	27,96	28,88
1,49	79	86	62	1,15	1,01	1,74	2,14	2,27	6,08	7,16	3,42	1,85	1,49	2,11	2,47	2,34
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	6,54	12,19
8,45	8,72	8,21	10,19	10,49	10,17	16,64	18,33	19,10	20,29	23,11	21,29	17,31	14,22	14,93	11,42	6,68
6,00	5,99	5,99	5,99	5,98	6,00	7,00	8,00	8,00	8,00	8,00	8,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	10,00
22	30	21	21	21	21	21	24	29	27	28	29	22	24	26	29	29

STATEMENT XI—contd.

Value of Currency Notes in circulation on the last day of each month—contd.

(In lakhs of rupees.)

	1901-02.	1902-03.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.
April . . .	23,59	31,25	33,94	36,11	39,78	43,76	46,23	46,26	43,65	52,84	54,69	58,34	66,44	65,40	60,24	65,47	82,72
May . . .	20,09	31,56	35,13	37,26	40,19	42,80	46,07	44,81	46,77	54,30	55,10	58,89	66,25	66,77	61,99	66,31	88,81
June . . .	31,82	33,59	36,57	40,65	41,36	44,86	48,05	45,15	49,29	56,95	58,22	64,12	68,48	70,26	66,48	71,39	93,29
July . . .	31,69	35,20	37,57	42,52	41,58	47,30	50,32	48,10	51,53	59,16	60,29	66,59	69,90	75,45	68,06	75,48	99,31
August . . .	30,89	35,58	37,70	41,35	43,79	45,70	51,77	44,61	51,74	58,06	59,69	68,16	67,23	65,79	66,41	74,01	1,05,15
September . . .	30,55	34,65	36,61	39,96	42,73	44,40	52,74	43,84	50,82	56,10	56,32	64,33	61,80	60,52	63,81	71,55	1,08,43
October . . .	31,86	34,36	37,00	39,45	41,58	45,22	50,65	44,25	50,50	53,35	56,61	65,79	61,90	60,78	63,59	73,32	1,14,77
November . . .	30,60	34,26	36,98	39,80	39,63	44,13	47,43	43,55	46,53	52,10	58,05	67,27	64,79	61,19	62,06	76,50	1,12,93
December . . .	28,07	33,74	34,43	38,79	39,77	45,61	43,27	42,07	48,25	49,67	56,18	65,70	64,57	60,83	62,31	82,17	1,08,31
January . . .	27,93	32,13	35,47	37,62	40,49	41,65	41,82	42,21	51,84	51,12	54,70	67,75	63,94	60,26	62,43	84,36	1,04,82
February . . .	27,68	32,55	37,29	37,73	42,63	45,49	42,66	43,86	50,57	53,52	57,19	67,51	65,18	59,55	64,01	86,76	1,03,46
March . . .	31,66	35,72	38,21	39,18	44,06	46,95	46,89	45,49	54,41	54,99	61,36	68,98	66,12	61,63	67,73	86,37	99,79
Average . . .	30,03	33,71	36,41	39,20	41,52	45,11	47,32	44,52	49,66	54,35	57,37	65,62	65,55	64,01	64,10	76,14	1,01,77
Reserve Treasury balances held in Notes Average . . .	4,16	4,13	3,65	3,87	3,57	3,66	4,82	3,76	2,64	5,80	5,53	10,71	9,93	4,76	3,70	3,78	3,74
Metallic Reserve Average Gold . . .	7,62	10,24	15,11	16,67	16,31	12,69	13,40	4,09	4,75	12,34	20,36	36,63	33,54	19,22	16,49	23,22	20,86
„ Silver . . .	12,42	13,50	11,30	12,53	13,87	20,15	21,95	28,43	32,91	30,01	23,01	14,99	18,01	30,82	32,61	21,85	20,67
Currency invest- ment on 31st March . . .	13,00	10,00	10,00	10,00	12,00	12,00	12,00	12,00	12,00	12,00	14,00	14,00	14,00	14,00	20,00	48,49	61,48
Profits of Paper Currency Depart- ment . . .	24	27	27	25	27	33	25	26	27	18	22	23	20	27	24	71	1,53

STATEMENT XII.

Value of Currency Notes in circulation throughout India during 1917-18 and previous years.

	CALCUTTA	CAWNPORE.	LAHORE.	BOMBAY.	KARACHI.	MADRAS.	CALCUTTA.	RANGOON.	TOTAL.
	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.	Value of Notes in circulation.
Average of 1862-63 to 1866-67	2,68,93,972	30,98,127 (a)	20,77,591 (a)	3,04,59,274	2,61,243 (b)	6,14,446	3,45,851 (a)	...	6,64,98,113
" 1867-68 to 1871-72	3,77,08,263	35,08,005	30,29,804	4,78,69,682	21,04,702	81,01,317	8,40,554	...	10,26,57,327
" 1872-73 to 1876-77	4,85,28,273	66,13,652	55,48,411	3,86,91,351	19,17,039	1,18,90,593	21,58,582	...	11,53,47,901
" 1877-78 to 1881-82	6,36,26,928	58,39,749	68,53,453	3,75,04,227	28,35,309	43,59,405	17,54,136	...	13,28,13,397
" 1882-83 to 1886-87	6,39,94,733	78,46,597	78,90,464	4,44,29,612	37,85,266	1,41,73,405	19,42,570	23,45,849 (c)	14,40,39,536
" 1887-88 to 1891-92	7,55,28,706	98,32,570	1,08,35,142	6,61,13,610	49,21,086	2,17,57,645	15,86,244	45,96,834	19,41,41,587
" 1892-93 to 1896-97	11,66,66,705	1,94,39,476	1,69,98,145	9,14,35,035	74,74,776	3,11,75,919	15,70,975	63,73,527	28,35,23,588
" 1897-98 to 1901-02	11,66,12,090	1,25,90,579	2,02,93,065	7,52,15,545	72,85,408	3,04,66,242	15,24,750	85,13,134	27,84,98,893
" 1902-03 to 1906-07	16,37,54,515	2,04,82,663	2,88,93,678	10,84,39,796	1,09,28,794	4,22,65,899	18,28,615	1,65,07,822	39,20,11,762
" 1907-08 to 1911-12	20,82,68,121	2,56,90,584	3,85,22,552	14,11,96,695	1,40,22,723	5,93,91,275	19,61,808 (d)	3,25,74,992	50,64,18,668
" 1912-13	22,42,62,019	2,40,57,845	2,91,66,801	17,06,59,935	1,18,43,344	8,74,41,957	...	5,27,70,991	65,62,08,012
" 1913-14	28,37,07,970	2,68,73,121	3,61,23,090	15,76,38,493	1,51,41,950	8,45,37,575	...	5,18,82,638	65,55,07,240
" 1914-15	27,02,58,360	3,09,54,194	3,64,41,395	15,94,43,574	1,89,71,025	7,39,56,574	...	4,8,74,447	64,04,01,769
" 1915-16	25,47,40,130	2,95,33,832	4,27,02,157	15,41,94,926	2,66,83,430	8,05,35,240	...	5,25,37,140	64,09,50,374
" 1916-17	28,45,50,700	2,25,92,672	5,59,81,332	21,87,21,052	2,63,22,231	9,30,78,294	...	5,96,68,300	70,14,16,581
" 1917-18	33,59,23,146	3,18,20,596	6,58,12,770	38,65,63,255	3,49,79,001	11,13,80,713	...	6,18,55,677	1,01,77,35,168
Increase (+) or decrease (-) in 1917-18 as compared with 1916-17	+5,43,72,446	-92,27,924	+1,28,29,438	+15,02,42,203	-1,10,56,770	-1,74,02,419	...	+21,87,357	-25,63,18,587
Percentage of increase or decrease in 1917-18 on average circulation of 1916-17	19.04	40.815	22.916	75.917	38.206	18.517	...	3.766	

(a) Average for 3 years.

(b) " " "

(c) " " "

(d) " " "

STATEMENT XIII.

Value of Currency Note in circulation in India in the years 1912—1917

(In thousands of rupees.)

LAST DAY OF	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Bangoon.	TOTAL.
1912								
January	22,07.74	2,77.97	3,40.06	12,47.00	1,26.98	6,94.02	5,76.19	54,69.96
February	23,10.17	2,62.77	3,47.01	13,27.63	1,22.31	7,45.43	5,73.39	57,18.71
March	26,56.27	2,13.26	3,13.80	14,58.38	1,27.70	7,97.74	5,09.11	61,36.26
April	25,52.70	3,17.96	3,09.63	13,81.37	1,25.49	7,59.85	4,73.57	58,33.57
May	26,62.69	2,07.56	2,74.17	13,75.27	1,09.18	7,68.58	4,91.26	58,89.01
June	29,20.56	2,20.31	2,83.47	15,58.97	1,17.02	8,13.95	4,98.99	64,12.27
July	30,83.70	2,37.42	2,82.03	16,67.25	1,01.34	7,87.48	5,01.14	66,59.26
August	28,08.50	2,72.92	3,15.03	20,16.38	1,28.70	7,49.90	5,24.46	68,15.98
September	25,99.77	2,85.95	2,97.61	22,17.14	1,20.56	7,59.87	5,21.57	68,32.77
October	26,51.64	2,78.18	2,91.40	20,04.79	1,14.00	7,88.92	4,49.84	65,73.97
November	28,88.18	2,57.96	2,70.77	19,94.05	1,04.00	7,81.52	4,30.05	67,26.53
December	29,00.18	2,24.79	2,76.75	16,66.56	1,13.22	8,62.91	5,25.75	65,70.16
1913.								
January	29,81.73	2,21.92	2,84.62	16,35.82	1,24.85	9,03.24	6,20.77	67,75.05
February	29,10.21	2,26.05	3,22.51	14,88.66	1,33.58	9,92.65	6,80.16	67,50.61
March	31,52.49	2,23.28	2,92.97	14,39.29	1,29.55	10,41.17	6,16.03	68,97.78
April	30,93.36	2,14.64	3,07.90	12,93.57	1,40.68	10,35.31	5,58.25	66,43.71
May	31,91.06	1,99.07	2,85.65	13,57.49	1,30.34	9,30.17	5,28.07	66,24.86
June	32,06.72	2,13.58	3,07.25	15,51.47	1,38.21	9,06.92	5,01.35	68,48.50
July	31,06.47	2,35.87	1,30.41	17,56.40	1,28.10	8,72.19	4,60.40	69,89.84
August	29,09.03	2,53.91	4,53.12	17,16.26	1,37.18	8,55.72	4,68.29	67,23.48
September	25,01.26	3,47.57	4,18.60	16,29.98	1,32.71	8,11.46	4,38.37	61,79.95
October	24,82.18	2,50.85	3,51.91	17,25.87	1,60.24	7,52.98	4,21.45	61,90.48
November	28,04.16	2,62.51	3,41.90	17,68.55	1,77.03	7,25.15	4,00.01	64,79.30
December	27,26.70	2,78.19	3,25.01	17,24.92	1,77.27	7,48.88	4,65.81	64,56.74
1914.								
January	26,71.20	3,27.70	3,71.83	14,67.03	1,59.71	7,76.77	6,20.07	63,94.41
February	26,32.48	3,11.08	3,54.02	14,88.26	1,59.73	8,44.86	7,27.38	65,17.91
March	28,20.30	3,11.78	3,56.45	14,26.81	1,75.84	8,84.11	6,36.47	66,11.76
April	28,77.13	3,17.34	3,97.56	13,48.30	1,83.50	8,36.23	5,85.74	65,45.79
May	30,41.84	3,19.80	3,42.69	14,88.44	1,62.99	7,98.60	5,22.70	66,76.86
June	31,80.93	3,41.48	3,61.92	16,59.49	1,48.06	8,15.80	5,18.47	70,26.09
July	33,83.91	3,58.82	4,72.58	19,11.11	1,57.08	8,16.53	4,94.50	75,44.53
August	29,56.60	3,33.86	3,27.24	15,65.67	1,79.50	7,67.20	4,48.58	65,78.71
September	24,85.61	3,37.41	3,26.64	16,10.53	1,79.89	6,93.89	4,18.28	60,52.25
October	24,84.35	3,29.64	3,13.50	16,93.61	1,89.25	6,54.43	4,13.43	60,78.23
November	24,40.39	2,79.61	3,30.84	18,11.99	2,03.53	6,37.53	4,25.57	61,18.86
December	24,50.75	2,65.75	3,29.17	16,53.63	2,16.04	7,17.68	4,50.26	60,83.21

STATEMENT XIII—contd.

Value of Currency Notes in circulation in India in the years 1912—1917.

(In thousands of rupees.)

LAST DAY OF		Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Mauras	Rangoon.	TOTAL.
1915.									
January	.	24,93,69	2,66,82	3,55,58	14,89,80	2,03,88	7,18,93	4,67,71	60,25,34
February	.	22,82,71	2,80,25	3,90,21	14,53,98	2,09,27	7,87,86	5,50,39	59,54,67
March	.	24,03,12	2,82,95	4,25,55	14,46,91	2,41,04	8,50,16	5,09,27	61,63,00
April	.	23,68,57	2,64,80	4,63,34	13,66,20	2,61,33	7,88,91	5,11,27	60,24,42
May	.	25,26,46	2,77,91	4,33,11	13,91,12	3,36,39	7,19,79	5,11,30	61,99,08
June	.	28,02,92	3,13,60	4,00,23	15,56,57	3,57,54	7,08,67	5,09,35	66,47,98
July	.	29,01,94	3,41,49	4,08,09	16,39,61	2,94,99	7,10,97	5,14,01	68,06,10
August	.	26,45,50	3,43,57	3,99,18	16,30,28	2,67,31	8,13,22	5,11,62	66,40,98
September	.	24,22,92	3,51,19	3,79,20	16,45,74	2,67,05	8,27,23	4,89,21	63,80,54
October	.	21,70,37	3,32,22	3,83,00	16,31,51	2,39,76	8,22,68	4,79,07	61,58,61
November	.	24,60,50	2,97,01	4,18,63	15,16,80	2,32,39	8,17,61	4,63,15	62,00,12
December	.	24,25,55	2,56,09	4,62,57	15,33,60	2,35,15	8,35,57	4,85,66	62,34,49
1916.									
January	.	23,98,37	2,48,67	4,33,79	14,93,17	2,20,76	8,73,08	5,04,51	62,41,65
February	.	25,07,21	2,48,14	4,18,63	14,83,12	2,27,34	8,46,25	6,70,11	64,00,80
March	.	26,38,50	2,70,36	5,29,19	16,12,38	2,51,70	8,72,97	5,95,25	67,73,31
April	.	24,74,94	2,09,01	5,74,29	15,72,93	2,79,83	8,57,95	5,77,96	65,46,90
May	.	26,32,80	1,71,07	5,21,06	16,60,59	2,62,95	8,14,38	5,34,16	66,31,10
June	.	28,86,22	1,97,99	5,16,04	19,09,77	2,58,23	8,19,42	5,32,82	71,39,16
July	.	30,75,34	2,65,83	5,32,95	20,72,56	2,20,47	8,61,26	5,14,51	75,47,91
August	.	28,09,99	3,48,74	5,16,40	21,15,11	2,33,04	8,72,60	5,05,21	74,01,98
September	.	24,80,67	2,93,84	5,70,36	21,52,51	2,22,45	8,82,61	5,52,29	71,54,73
October	.	26,32,92	3,01,80	5,79,36	21,26,06	2,14,24	9,37,98	5,39,19	73,31,55
November	.	29,07,79	2,43,86	5,50,84	21,24,36	2,45,73	10,22,14	5,55,51	76,50,57
December	.	29,37,11	1,98,88	5,90,65	25,43,25	2,91,74	10,44,76	6,10,25	82,16,67
1917.									
January	.	30,52,49	1,42,19	5,58,51	26,25,15	2,91,36	10,42,48	7,20,52	84,36,30
February	.	30,80,30	1,65,39	5,55,05	26,76,86	3,24,81	10,56,10	8,17,82	86,56,13
March	.	31,75,40	1,71,93	6,53,16	26,19,56	3,10,80	10,15,41	6,90,96	86,37,62
April	.	31,03,72	1,17,80	6,60,28	24,80,97	3,04,62	9,67,20	6,28,76	82,72,35
May	.	33,00,88	62,09	6,71,95	29,04,63	3,04,12	10,00,80	5,86,26	88,30,73
June	.	34,50,89	3,39,18	6,05,44	29,86,27	2,90,19	10,17,67	5,79,01	93,28,65
July	.	36,15,55	4,83,25	5,92,33	33,01,31	2,91,68	10,60,79	5,86,30	99,31,21
August	.	35,64,79	5,07,96	6,22,13	37,89,63	3,36,76	10,93,65	6,00,35	1,05,15,27
September	.	34,53,28	5,00,06	6,47,72	41,67,88	3,54,10	11,29,55	5,90,34	1,06,42,93
October	.	35,67,90	3,19,75	6,58,40	48,62,58	3,76,97	11,56,18	5,55,00	1,14,76,87
November	.	35,47,22	3,10,49	6,93,15	45,68,05	3,87,21	12,05,23	5,81,25	1,12,92,59
December	.	34,85,84	2,85,73	7,43,38	40,47,11	3,94,06	12,44,92	6,29,31	1,08,30,57
1918.									
January	.	33,48,21	2,50,94	7,58,44	38,45,58	4,33,48	11,93,43	6,51,55	1,04,81,63
February	.	32,18,64	2,72,36	7,53,62	37,76,89	4,42,82	11,60,09	7,26,62	1,03,46,04
March	.	30,28,88	3,08,87	8,41,69	35,06,68	4,49,44	11,36,17	7,07,65	99,79,38

STATEMENT XIV

Net Circulation

(i.e., gross circulation, less the balance held in Reserve Treasuries in notes)

Last Day of	(In lakhs of rupees)											
	CALCUTTA	CANNING	LAHORE	COMRAH	KARACHI	MADRAS	RANCOON	TOTAL				
	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19	1919-20	1920-21	1921-22	1922-23	1923-24	1924-25	1925-26	1926-27
April	22.11	23.55	24.91	25.67	26.35	27.12	27.84	28.20	28.54	28.89	29.10	29.27
May	23.59	24.91	25.67	26.35	27.12	27.84	28.20	28.54	28.89	29.10	29.27	29.43
June	25.67	26.35	27.12	27.84	28.20	28.54	28.89	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78
July	26.35	27.12	27.84	28.20	28.54	28.89	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96
August	27.12	27.84	28.20	28.54	28.89	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14
September	27.84	28.20	28.54	28.89	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14	30.32
October	28.20	28.54	28.89	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14	30.32	30.50
November	28.54	28.89	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14	30.32	30.50	30.68
December	28.89	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14	30.32	30.50	30.68	30.86
January	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14	30.32	30.50	30.68	30.86	31.04
February	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14	30.32	30.50	30.68	30.86	31.04	31.22
March	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14	30.32	30.50	30.68	30.86	31.04	31.22	31.40
Average	28.27	28.90	29.10	29.27	29.43	29.60	29.78	29.96	30.14	30.32	30.50	30.68

STATEMENT XV.

Statement of Active Note Circulation during 1917-18 and the preceding two years.

LAST DAY OF MONTH.		Gross circulation on last day of month.		Amounts held in Reserve Treasuries.		Amounts held in other Treasuries.		Total held in Treasuries.		Balances, being notes in circulation with the public Banks at Head Offices.		Active circulation among the people.										
		1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1915-16.	1917-18.	1915-16.	1917-18.	1915-16.	1917-18.	1915-16.	1917-18.	1915-16.	1917-18.								
April	.	60.24	65.47	82.72	3.68	1.92	65	3.37	3.79	3.81	7.2	3.71	4.49	52.99	59.76	75.23	8.55	6.09	12.12	44.14	53.67	66.21
May	.	61.99	66.31	88.31	2.93	1.77	3.9	2.71	2.73	5.56	5.09	4.50	7.45	56.10	61.81	50.56	11.21	9.92	16.33	45.09	51.89	64.53
June	.	60.48	71.39	93.29	3.66	3.45	5.07	2.4	2.52	7.14	6.14	5.97	12.21	60.34	65.42	61.08	15.41	12.75	18.51	44.98	52.67	62.27
July	.	68.06	75.48	98.31	7.13	4.67	8.43	2.53	2.5	6.62	9.66	7.55	15.06	55.40	67.23	84.25	13.83	15.11	20.11	45.07	52.22	64.14
August	.	66.41	74.01	1.05.15	5.33	4.35	5.46	2.72	2.7	8.16	8.05	6.5	13.42	58.36	67.16	91.73	12.80	11.96	24.74	45.56	55.16	66.99
September	.	63.81	71.55	1.04.43	4.99	5.17	4.66	2.50	2.50	4.90	7.79	7.17	7.56	56.11	63.8	1.00.8	8.73	7.22	10.98	47.26	56.66	69.99
October	.	63.59	73.32	1.14.77	4.08	4.01	1.02	2.4	2.5	2.34	6.4	6.59	5.36	57.11	60.73	1.09.41	8.35	5.1	56.00	45.76	61.12	73.41
November	.	62.03	76.50	1.12.97	1.55	3.61	1.21	2.42	2.7	2.8	3.97	1.37	5.39	58.09	70.3	1.07.4	9.00	6.37	13.15	49.09	63.76	74.19
December	.	63.34	82.17	1.09.31	1.23	3.06	1.20	2.7	2.14	2.46	4.05	1.16	7.6	53.28	70.17	1.02.65	7.05	9.24	21.93	51.18	66.98	78.77
January	.	62.42	84.36	1.04.52	3.25	4.20	3.79	3.32	3.73	3.80	6.57	7.3	7.19	55.55	76.53	97.3	5.5	12.27	19.06	50.90	64.26	72.27
February	.	64.01	86.76	1.01.46	2.63	4.50	3.40	3.77	3.83	4.03	6.40	8.63	7.8	57.1	78.13	95.6	5.77	11.76	10.38	51.54	66.37	79.35
March	.	67.73	86.07	99.79	3.70	4.40	2.62	3.51	1.17	1.19	7.11	7.57	5.1	40.2	78.40	94.25	7.43	11.72	9.95	53.13	67.05	84.90
Average		64.10	76.14	1.01.77	3.70	3.76	3.74	2.90	2.91	4.49	6.60	6.77	8.13	57.50	69.47	91.64	9.4	10.0	21.77	49.1	59.86	71.87

[In lakhs of rupees.]

STATEMENT XVI.

Gross circulation of each denomination of note on the 31st March 1918.

Circle	NUMBER OF NOTES FOR RUPEES										TOTAL	
	1	2/8	5	10	20	50	100	500	1,000	10,000	Pieces.	Value.
Calcutta	1,45,878	80,250	1,06,291	1,024,000	1,522	67,100	797,261	10,300	47,201	5,355	11,501,051	Rs 30,28,87,689
Cawnpore	37,970*	19,114*	229,586	480,175	1,647	18,386	118,410	3,906	4,158	812	83,121	8,08,56,465
Cochin	33,905	27,510*	1,07,207	2,156,273	1,545	79,944	671,780	7,571	5,208	457	4,141,515	8,41,69,362
Bombay	1,00,000	177,897	6,114,680	8,928,470	6,178	361,927	804,034	14,141	70,403	4,820	17,165,255	35,06,08,889
Banarasi	1,10,000*	400*	21,054	1,113,104	964	62,211	94,066	954	5,067	1,408	1,701,378	4,49,44,240
Madras	548,790	140,157	1,478,766	1,384,012	1,974	1,18,710	817,872	1,460	3,229	1,008	4,551,840	11,36,16,713
Punjab	62,116	15,854	2,11,908	3,69,008	751	9,513	251,351	110	1,932	335	4,112,936	7,07,64,741
TOTAL	2,27,901	716,129	10,847,807	2,131,513	10,501	690,652	3,23,072	49,879	137,993	11,190	46,367,008	89,79,37,199
Percentage of increase			+4.5	+20.9	-9.6	+7.0	+28.0	+1.9	22.7	-24.8		
Total for 31st March 1917			6,624,209	2,118,070	1,050	504,180	2,32,181	48,944	112,410	18,890	82,460,589	86,37,51,735
Percentage of increase			+47.4	+20.2	-12.8	+12.3	+24.2	+4.9	+25.1	+49.0		
Total for 31st March 1916			4,412,270	1,800,140	21,840	440,005	2,03,915	46,661	80,875	12,679	20,958,637	67,73,34,340

* The anomaly of a minus sign is due to the procedure under which foreign circle notes held in currency chests are treated as a minus for the purpose of the currency accounts. The foreign notes of the Rs. 10, 20 and 50 denominations held on the 31st March in the currency chests of the four circles where the minus sign occurs and thus tem, or only withdrawn from circulation exceeded the total of the notes of these denominations in the circles in circulation. The figures for all the circles together of course work up to a correct total.

STATEMENT XV

Details of comparative circulation of notes on the 31st March in 1917-18 and the two preceding years.

Circle and Period.	CIRCULATION IN LAKHS OF RUPEES OF NOTES FOR								PERCENTAGE TO GROSS CIRCULATION (EXCLUDING Rs 10,000 NOTES) OF THE CIRCULATION OF NOTES FOR											TOTAL
	Rs 1.	Rs 2-5	Rs. 5.	Rs 10	Rs 20	Rs 50	Rs. 100	Rs. 500	Rs. 1,000	Rs 1	Rs 2-5	Rs 5	Rs 10	Rs 20	Rs 50	Rs 100	Rs 500	Rs 1,000		
Calcutta.																				
1915-16 .			21	9.34	1	30	5.86	1.04	3.87			1.0	1.3	1	1.5	23.4	5.0	18.7	100	
1916-17 .			20	9.98	1	32	7.83	1.05	4.72			1.2	41.3	1	1.3	32.3	4.8	14.5	100	
1917-18 .	16	20	54	10.02	1	34	7.97	.96	4.72	6	8	2.2	40.2		1.4	3.0	.8	19.0	100	
Cawnpore																				
1915-16			6	28	1	12	1.15	16	45			2.7	12.5	4	5.4	51.8	7.1	20.1	100	
1916-17			8	14	1	9	.93	22	47			6.0	10.4	8	6.7	24.6	16.4	35.1	100	
1917-18 .	-4	-10	12	4		9	1.11	17	42	-1.7	-4.4	5.3	21.0		3.9	10.0	7.5	18.4	100	
Lahore.																				
1915-16 .			37	1.12	1	39	2.03	33	36			8.0	-4.2	2	8.4	43.9	7.1	8.2	100	
1916-17			18	1.54	1	38	2.88	37	52			7.8	25.0	1	6.1	46.6	6.0	8.1	100	
1917-18 .		-1	75	2.16	1	40	3.75	39	52		-1	9.4	27.2	1	5.0	47.1	4.8	6.5	100	
Bombay																				
1915-16 .			1.04	3.53	2	1.87	3.10	56	3.54			7.9	26.6	1	10.1	23.6	4.1	26.9	100	
1916-17 .			1.70	5.24	1	1.68	4.64	58	4.65			9.2	28.3	1	9.1	25.1	3.1	25.1	100	
1917-18	11		3.06	8.3	1	2.91	8.04	71	7.04	1	1	10.1	27.5		9.6	26.6	2.4	23.3	100	
Karachi																				
1915-16			3	50		9	.58	5	28			1.9	32.7		5.9	38.0	3.2	18.3	100	
1916-17			6	71		21	.59	4	42			3.0	36.0		10.1	8.6	2.0	20.3	100	
1917-18 .			11	1.12		31	.94	5	56			3.6	36.3		10.0	31.4	1.6	18.1	100	
Madras																				
1915-16 .			47	.91		-7*	5.81	16	28			6.3	11.2		-9*	77.4	2.3	3.7	100	
1916-17 .			61	1.09	1	-23*	6.77	18	27			7.0	12.5	1	-26*	77.8	2.1	3.1	100	
1917-18 .	9	4	74	1.88	1	-64*	8.18	22	35	5	4	7.1	13.3	1	-62*	79.0	2.1	3.4	100	
Rangoon																				
1915-16 .			7	3.19		1	1.86	1	18			1.3	59.6		7	34.8	1	3.4	100	
1916-17 .			9	8.87		7	2.29	1	11			1.4	59.3		10	35.1	1	3.0	100	
1917-18 .	1	6	13	3.84		5	2.51	1	19	4		1.9	57.0		9	37.3		2.8	100	
All Circles																				
1901-02 .			40	5.60	88	1.22	7.79	2.56	5.50			1.7	23.4	3.6	5.1	32.6	10.7	22.9	100	
1911-12 .			1.30	15.09	13	1.90	10.52	2.80	9.30			1.8	32.1	3	4.0	35.1	5.9	19.8	100	
1912-13 .			1.48	17.94	10	1.72	17.76	2.72	9.04			2.9	35.3	2	3.4	35.0	5.1	17.8	100	
1913-14 .			1.61	17.73	8	1.78	17.81	2.64	9.17			3.2	34.9	2	3.5	35.0	5.1	18.0	100	
1914-15 .			1.50	14.99	6	1.75	16.05	2.36	9.30			3.4	32.6	1	3.8	35.0	5.1	20.0	100	
1915-16			2.25	18.80	5	2.24	20.39	2.33	8.99			4.0	34.2	1	4.2	37.0	4.2	16.3	100	
1916-17			3.31	22.60	5	2.52	25.32	2.45	11.24			4.9	33.5	1	3.7	37.5	2.6	16.7	100	
1917-18*	33	18	5.45	27.33	4	3.45	32.53	2.49	13.80	4	2	6.1	31.9	...	4.1	38.0	2.9	16.1	100	

* For explanation of the minus entry, vide footnote to the preceding statement (Statement XVI).

STATEMENT XVIII.

Encashment of Foreign Circle Notes.

Circle.	CASHED BY							TOTAL.			
	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Rangoon.	1917-18.	1916-17.	1915-16.	1914-15.
	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹
Calcutta		60,64,235	81,09,825	2,20,72,900	29,74,001½	49,51,658	10,06,400½	4,60,79,958	4,72,87,190	4,09,87,190	5,52,99,165
Cawnpore	1,10,67,825		42,73,220	72,33,250	11,10,180	6,00,060	55,000	3,03,99,535	3,32,29,375	4,04,33,785	5,19,28,250
Lahore	2,23,11,370	1,07,015		1,76,38,101	11,60,175	12,50,500	1,57,410	5,56,41,181	5,31,00,950	5,23,27,605	4,53,00,855
Bombay	1,71,09,510	10,72,716½	1,10,91,472		78,25,786½	2,29,76,710	6,00,305	7,29,76,611	5,11,48,775	3,43,16,080	2,14,53,995
Karachi	55,11,460	1,49,775	69,89,690	39,19,765	..	3,81,685	35,285	1,53,09,860	1,49,81,570	2,39,69,525	55,81,625
Madras	1,900,500	1,04,067	17,81,390	2,09,61,960½	8,71,242	..	4,64,500½	4,80,50,665	4,25,67,670	3,43,45,515	5,15,04,500
Rangoon	45,07,571	2,84,670	5,03,210	16,42,137	1,01,950	20,29,525	..	96,60,090	95,83,715	94,47,860	1,04,02,380
Total of 1917-18	4,88,73,099½	1,45,83,204½	3,30,18,819½	8,24,65,171½	2,40,53,265½	3,28,41,400	23,18,991	27,81,90,934	...	...	...
" 1916-17	7,83,36,040	1,67,84,175	2,42,17,950	8,64,66,010	2,05,61,505	2,30,29,785	17,40,880	...	25,18,57,915	...	...
" 1915-16	7,13,68,110	1,17,89,660	1,93,10,20	9,04,30,765	1,82,02,400	2,32,57,170	14,78,485	...	...	23,58,27,560	...
" 1914-15	5,91,00,770	82,17,010	1,97,22,095	12,20,24,280	1,89,54,335	1,78,93,440	15,08,110	...	...	..	24,84,20,670

STATEMENT XIX
Statistics of Treasury and other Balances on the 31st December 1917.

DENOMINATIONS OF NOTES.															TOTAL.		PERCENTAGE OF NOTES IN TOTAL BALANCE.			PERCENTAGE EXCLUDING RESERVE TREASURY BALANCE.		
R1.	R2-5.	R5.	R10.	R20.	R50.	R100.	R500.	R1,000.	R10,000.	Foreign Circular Notes.	Notes.	Sovereigns.	Rupees.	TOTAL.	December 1917.	December 1916.	December 1917.					
Treasuries and Branch Banks.																						
Calcutta Circle .	918	...	3,76,190	28,15,240	800	6,57,800	28,94,700	3,26,500	7,07,000	1,40,90,000	85,000	2,19,86,648	2,73,933	1,26,23,082	3,46,88,713	63	67	38				
Carapore "	879	...	2,76,220	10,37,680	580	3,06,880	24,38,600	1,71,000	6,20,000	35,20,000	30,500	84,02,109	71,572	76,00,463	1,60,74,144	52	53	...				
Lahore "	100	...	6,25,110	13,03,430	750	4,05,550	15,44,500	3,27,500	4,49,000	34,20,000	19,500	83,94,470	2,70,202	45,06,750	1,31,71,422	64	65	...				
Bombay "	4,762	...	6,49,300	16,17,190	600	4,35,550	20,08,900	3,22,500	10,45,000	1,56,00,000	14,000	2,25,97,802	51,323	1,63,68,929	3,90,13,054	58	55	29				
Karachi "	...	...	68,780	4,19,560	100	1,33,200	5,41,500	59,500	6,22,000	31,40,000	62,000	50,41,940	1,665	5,45,478	55,90,283	90	91	...		
Madras "	11,688	...	4,53,025	6,82,330	1,590	4,23,950	40,08,600	2,46,500	1,41,000	18,60,000	78,28,653	32,408	62,04,761	1,40,65,822	56	55	40					
Rangoon "	...	...	90,680	9,71,620	200	32,000	12,11,800	6,000	1,75,000	1,20,10,000	500	1,44,97,900	3,007	40,04,886	1,68,05,743	78	66	...		
TOTAL	18,147	...	25,84,305	58,50,050	4,790	24,34,400	1,58,48,900	14,59,500	37,58,000	5,36,40,000	2,11,500	8,87,49,622	7,05,360	5,18,49,299	14,13,04,191	63	62	...				
Head Offices of Presidency Banks.																						
Bank of Bengal	61,750	50,000	1,32,740	7,66,020	20	87,750	9,12,900	7,43,500	60,31,000	7,90,30,000	15,22,000	8,93,57,880	3,78,247	73,42,020	9,70,77,947	92	93	...				
" Bombay	17,955	1,00,000	1,30,530	4,96,530	...	3,80,750	9,09,600	5,97,500	34,49,000	10,77,10,000	56,14,000	11,93,56,228	35,520	17,94,327	12,11,26,075	96	97	...				
" Madras	1,800	...	30,715	7,45,510	...	33,300	3,97,300	2,26,000	5,46,000	2,39,60,000	50,00,000	3,01,69,715	95,902	1,12,200	3,03,77,817	90	95	...				
TOTAL	81,506	1,50,000	2,93,935	13,37,420	20	4,51,800	22,19,800	15,67,000	1,00,46,000	21,06,00,000	1,21,36,000	23,88,83,623	5,06,669	91,85,547	24,55,81,539	96	96	...				

STATEMENT XX.

Classification of Treasuries according to Encashment of Notes.

A	B	C			
Treasuries which were able throughout the year to cash notes at all times to the extent of the public demand on them	Treasuries ordinarily able to cash notes on presentation.	Treasuries at which this accommodation could not usually be given.	A	B	C
	India.				
Ajmer. Coorg. Delhi Nowgong. Port Blair.	Indore.	Bushire.	8	1	1
	Madras.				
Anantapur. Bangalore. Bellary. Chingleput. Chittoor. Coimbatore. Cuddapah. Chatrapore. Jocanada.	Guntur. Kistna. Kurnool. Madura. Malabar. Nilgiris. Nellore. North Arcot. Ramnad.	Salem. South Arcot. South Canara. Tanjore Tinnevely. Travancore. Trichinopoly. Visagapatam.	26	0	(
	Bombay.				
Aden. Ahmedabad Ahmednagar Baroda. Belgaum. Bijapur. Broach. Cutch. Dharwar. Dhulia.	Hyderabad. Jalgaon Kaira. Kanara. Karachi. Kolaba. Larkana. Mirpurkhas. Nasik. Palanpur.	Poona. Rajkote. Ratnagiri. Sadra. Satara. Sholapur Sul tan. Surat. Thana.	29	0	(
	Bengal.				
Backerganj. Bankura. Beerbhumi. Bogra. Burdwan. Chittagong. Darjeling. Dinajpur.	Faaidpur. Hooghly. Howrah. Jalpaiguri. Jessore. Khulna. Malda. Midnapore. Moorshedabad.	Mymensing. Noakhali. Nuddea. Pabna. Rajshahi. Rungpur. Tippurah. 24-Pargunnahs.	25	0	
	United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.				
Agra. Aligarh. Almora. Azamgarh. Bahraich. Ballia. Banda. Barabanki. Bareilly. Basti. Bijnour. Budaun. Bulandshahr. Dehra-Dun. Etah.	Etawah. Fyzabad. Gazipur. Gonda. Gorakhpur. Hamirpur. Hardoi. Jalaun Jhansi. Kheri. Lucknow. Mainpuri.	Meerut. Mirzapur. Moradabad. Muttra. Muzaffarnagar. Naini-Tal. Parabgarh. Pilibhit. Rae Bareli. Saharanpur. Sitapur. Sultanpur. Unao.	40	6	
	Benares. Farukhabad. Fatehpur.	Jaunpur. Roorkee. Shahjahanpur.	Carried over	128	7

STATEMENT XX—concl'd.

Classification of Treasuries according to Encashment of Notes—contd.

A	B	C			
Treasuries which were able throughout the year to cash notes at all times to the extent of the public demand on them.	Treasuries ordinarily able to cash notes on presentation.	Treasuries at which this accommodation could not usually be given.	A	B	C
	Punjab and N.-W. F. Province.	Brought forward	128	7	1
Attock. Hissar. Montgomery. Bannu. Hoshiarpur. Muzaffargarh. Dera Ghazi Jhelum. Peshawar. Khan. Kangra. Rawalpindi. Ferozpur. Karat. Sialkot. Gujranwallah. Kohat. Simla. Gurdaspur. Kurram. Umballa. Hazara. Mianwali. Moolian.		Amritsar. Jhang. Dera Ismail Lyallpur. Khan. Ludhiana. Gujrat. Rohtak. Gurgaon. Shahpur. Jullundur.	23	10	0
	Burma.		36	0	0
Bassein. Marqui. Taunggyi. Bhamo. Minbu. Tavoy. Hensada. Mogok. Tharrawaddy. Insein. Monywa. Thaton. Katha. Myaungmya. Thayetmyo. Kindat. Myingyan. Tounghoo. Kyauk-phyu. Myitkyna. Yamethin. Kyaukse. Pakokku. Maubin. Pegu. Lashio. Prome. Magwe. Putao. Mandalay. Pyapon. Meiktila. Sagaing. Maymyo. Sandoway. Shwebo.					
Balasore. Manbhoom. Purneah. Bhagalpore. Monghyr. Ranchi. Chumpanan. Mozufferpore. Sambalpur. Cuttack. Nya Doomba. Saran. Durbhanga. Palamow. Shahabad. Gya. Patna. Singhbhoom. Hazaribagh. Pooree.	Bihar and Orissa.	.....	20	0	0
Akola. Damoh. Nimar. Amraoti. Drug. Raipur. Balaghat. Hoshangabad. Saugor. Betul. Jubbulpore. Seoni. Bhandara. Mandla. Wardha. Bilaspur. Nagpur. Yeotmal Buldana. Narsingpur. Chanda. Chhindwara.	Central Provinces.		22	0	0
Cachar. Kamrup. Nowgong Darrang. Khasi Hills. (Assam). Garro Hills. Lakimpur. Jorhat. Goalpara. Lushai Hills. Sylhet. Imphal. Naga Hills.	Assam.		18	0	0
		TOTAL	242	17	1
			280		

STATEMENT XXI.

Absorption of Small Coins.

[In thousands of rupees]

	India.	Madras	Bombay.	Bengal.	U. P. of Agra and Oudh.	Punjab and N.-W. Frontier.	Burma.	Bihar and Orissa.	Central Provinces and Berar.	Assam.	TOTAL.
RUPEES—											
Opening Balance	3,74	2,97	3,31	1,34	2,78	2,08	2,20	81	1,09	2,27	22,59
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	8,35	1,51	15 1/2	4,72	—13	4,76	3,57	—2,10	40	2,19	38,20
Closing Balance	3,98	2,50	3,60	1,75	3,35	2,46	1,02	1,11	1,03	2,58	22,68
Net Local Absorption in 1917-18 . . .	8,71	1,98	14,81	4,31	—60	4,18	4,55	—2,40	46	1,88	38,11
Ditto ditto in 1916-17	5,16	1,40	10,81	4,17	23	3,01	3,99	—1,71	89	2,01	32,99
Ditto ditto in 1915-16	—2,60	—91	4,70	4,87	—70	5	2,20	—1,61	57	1,73	8,83
RUPEES—											
Opening Balance	6,66	3,21	1,86	70	2,29	2,12	1,91	53	1,26	1,50	22,09
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	2,08	2,60	14,86	72	—78	4,52	3,91	—1,23	—5	44	27,20
Closing Balance	3,80	2,95	3,77	87	3,61	2,53	90	66	1,35	1,89	20,85
Net Local Absorption in 1917-18 . . .	4,91	3,09	13,97	55	—2,12	4,11	4,94	—1,36	—14	55	28,58
Ditto ditto in 1916-17	1,40	4,72	7,87	66	—1,13	2,06	4,20	—91	—6	67	23,17
Ditto ditto in 1915-16	—13	88	3,81	52	—1,17	1,05	3,20	—91	1	58	7,44
NICKEL ANNA PIECES—											
Opening Balance	2,33	1,05	2,35	63	3,07	1,96	61	1,30	4,88	1,01	19,79
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	2,02	1,70	4,02	2,21	4,00	4,00	25	50	4,79	1,65	25,14
Closing Balance	2,31	1,25	2,66	61	3,81	2,57	63	83	3,86	1,04	19,07
Net Local Absorption in 1917-18 . . .	2,04	4,10	3,71	2,23	3,26	3,30	23	97	6,31	1,62	25,86
Ditto ditto in 1916-17	—15	2,60	5,98	3,63	3,56	3,02	25	1,02	8,16	1,51	32,50
Ditto ditto in 1915-16	—1,21	1,66	2,40	2,37	3,30	1,23	6	1,08	6,39	1,32	18,60
DOUBLE PICE—											
Opening Balance	4	18	4	...	1	1	..	1	8	...	32
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	—14	—30	—20	...	—11	—2	—5	—2	—10	...	—24
Closing Balance	5	12	3	...	2	...	...	1	3	...	26
Net Local Absorption in 1917-18 . . .	—15	—24	—19	..	—12	—1	—5	—2	—10	...	—88
Ditto ditto in 1916-17	—33	—40	—20	...	—0	—1	..	—2	—7	...	—1,12
Ditto ditto in 1915-16	—80	—49	—25	...	—7	—3	...	—2	—10	...	—1,20
SINGLE PICE—											
Opening Balance	2,00	1,55	3,48	65	7,93	83	1,50	91	3,36	1,00	23,21
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	—42	32	—195	1,59	—1,78	1,58	1,40	1,11	1,58	50	1,03
Closing Balance	1,42	1,28	1,01	86	5,73	1,10	1,24	1,06	4,45	84	18,90
Net Local Absorption in 1917-18 . . .	16	59	—1,48	1,38	42	1,31	1,66	96	49	66	6,15
Ditto ditto in 1916-17	—4,66	75	—21	2,16	1,84	1,00	1,52	1,98	3,80	71	8,59
Ditto ditto in 1915-16	—5,37	—46	—92	2,17	61	36	1,11	2,07	1,63	86	2,06
HALF PICE—											
Opening Balance	5	...	1	3	14	11	..	11	2	1	51
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	29	..	34	9	5	15	...	—8	2	8	80
Closing Balance	6	...	13	4	18	15	...	4	2	3	65
Net Local Absorption in 1917-18 . . .	28	...	22	6	1	14	...	—1	2	1	75
Ditto ditto in 1916-17	40	...	8	6	..	14	...	—1	3	...	70
Ditto ditto in 1915-16	28	...	10	8	...	9	...	—3	...	2	54
PIE PICES—											
Opening Balance	6	19	10	1	11	6	1	1	2	...	57
Receipts from + or Issues to — Mint or other Provinces.	26	55	50	..	10	5	...	3	...	4	1,53
Closing Balance	5	16	17	11	6	1	1	1	1	4	65
Net Local Absorption in 1917-18 . . .	27	58	43	1	7	5	...	3	1	...	1,45
Ditto ditto in 1916-17	23	40	27	7	3	1	4	...	...	...	1,14
Ditto ditto in 1915-16	7	42	28	1	1	3	...	1	—1	1	83

STATEMENT XXII.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Currency Department for the year 1917-18.

	Calcutta.	Cawnpore	Lahore	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Rangoon.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
RECEIPTS.								
Interest realised on Government Securities	68,95,847	1,41,354	13,48,550	56,48,415	6,60,687	22,02,025	12,63,777	1,81,60,655
SUNDAY CASH RECEIPTS.								
Miscellaneous	962	383	382	5,150	356	6,576	...	13,809
Value of unclaimed Currency Notes	15,567	2,143	1,080	8,710	757	-2,640	1,167	26,814
Value of old Currency Notes no longer in circulation	39,285	3,225	4,895	11,315	1,330	10,750	...	70,880
TOTAL RECEIPTS DURING 1917-18	69,11,661	1,47,154	13,51,857	76,73,590	6,63,160	22,16,741	12,64,944	1,82,72,108
TOTAL RECEIPTS DURING 1916-17	38,12,142	2,26,412	7,80,014	23,80,511	3,25,639	13,02,079	7,64,529	96,14,656
DISBURSEMENTS								
Salaries (including Exchange Compensation, House rent and Local allowance)	88,970	10,940	5,932	16,083	7,200	7,013	7,924	1,46,017
Establishment (including Local allowances)	2,96,337	39,012	37,071	1,42,032	13,689	67,529	1,22,293	7,30,953
Compensation for dearness of provision and other special allowances	2,004	...	...	2,450	102	1,873	...	6,429
Temporary establishment	15,430	6,037	...	10,990	1,126	1,525	4,543	39,671
Charges for remittance . . . . .	...	...	...	7,523	648	19	...	8,185
Stationary	2,331	27	1,43	1,435	412	1,275	...	6,879
Printing charges	19,540	...	6,16	...	1,305	1,001	...	22,762
Service postage and telegram charges	13,874	2,274	2,005	4,323	2,610	2,544	581	29,374
House, lighting, police, water rates, etc.	13,806	490	78	3,472	6,305	649	140	24,643
Cost of Note forms, including freight	9,32,301	...	77,163	6,73,722	...	2,00,748	1,85,139	20,69,078
Pensions and gratuities	18,465	765	2,013	12,598	131	7,400	...	39,138
Cost of repairs, etc., to Currency buildings	8,379	...	1,771	2,697	...	-3,97,850	...	-3,83,043
Cost of chests, bags and locks	8,212	...	210	2,230	...	...	1,095	12,353
Contingencies	25,270	7,376	3,923	8,453	2,789	2,766	3,661	54,398
Travelling allowances	49,796	3,435	...	6,618	1,033	5,009	1,801	57,772
Deadstock, Cost of office furniture	302	623	...	341	605	.17	420	3,311
Cost of coining gold ballion into sovereigns	1,10,970	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,10,970
Refund of value of old Currency Notes	980	135	30	385	...	...	...	1,480
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1917-18	16,05,227	71,134	1,33,100	8,97,323	43,096	-97,582	3,35,667	29,87,970
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1916-17	9,74,422	1,57,127	2,10,385	5,44,123	44,106	2,34,975	3,78,742	25,44,082
PROFIT DURING 1917-18	53,46,434	76,021	12,21,757	47,76,262	6,20,064	23,14,333	9,29,277	1,52,84,138

STATEMENT XXIII.*Details of the balance of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 31st March 1918.***In England—****£**

Estimated value on the 31st March 1918 of the Sterling Securities of the nominal value of £29,389,824 (as per details below)	28,452,943
Cash placed by the Secretary of State in Council at short notice	6,000,499

In India—

Gold	<i>Nil.</i>
TOTAL	34,453,442

Details of investments :—**Face value.****£**

Local Loans 3 per cent. Stock	200,000
Guaranteed 2½ per cent. Stock	438,720
Transvaal Government 3 per cent. Guaranteed Stock (1923—53)	1,092,023
Exchequer 6 per cent. Bonds	4,982,800
Exchequer 5 per cent Bonds, 1922	2,008,300
Ditto 1921	139,800
Exchequer 3 per cent. Bonds	2,998,000
Canada 3½ per cent. Bonds	161,000
New South Wales 3½ per cent. Stock	113,000
British Treasury Bills	13,494,000
National War Loan 5 per cent.	3,762,181
TOTAL	29,389,824

STATEMENT XXIV.
Statistics of Work in Currency Offices.

	Calcutta.	Cawnpore.	Lahore.	Bombay.	Karachi.	Madras.	Rangoon.	Total, 1917-18.	Total, 1916-17.	Total, 1915-16.
Receipts of home notes over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees)	65,15	5,40	9,27	1,09,23	6,72	32,07	32,15	2,59,99	2,74,64	2,37,53
Issues	74,64	4,69	10,58	1,03,87	5,12	35,48	31,97	2,69,85	2,80,04	2,51,03
Receipts of coin over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees) —										
Gold	74	1	2	1	...	10	...	86	3,84	1,28
Silver	7,53	39	82	5,68	13	1,37	1,16	17,06	23,61	24,06
Issues of coin over the counter (value in lakhs of rupees) —										
Gold	59	...	...	1,99	...	...	...	2,53	6,18	3,91
Silver	7,09	2,56	2,94	17,22	1,12	1,34	1,57	33,74	41,04	31,52
Encashment of home notes over the counter (average number for each working day)	51,164	18,594	26,321	64,430	1,750	36,275	30,397	229,431	191,873	168,660
Issues	68,534	17,630	31,686	78,611	4,489	41,961	34,975	277,788	221,647	198,375
Cancellations	56,755	1,945	14,600	41,429	4,314	22,918	32,091	177,055	169,648	164,620
Issues of home notes (in thousands of pieces)	21,612	4,990	8,239	27,710	2,240	11,959	9,277	86,027	65,877	56,542
Cancellations	15,924	1,400	3,796	10,730	1,217	6,532	8,536	48,135	46,949	46,038
Consumption of note forms	18,969	1,612	5,709	19,865	1,722	8,619	8,456	64,952	56,031	52,880

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1ST TO 7TH DECEMBER 1918.

In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS																
NAME OF MINTS	RECEIPTS		COINAGE		BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN					COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT	SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.					
	Pur- chased silver	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department	New rupees made over to Native States	TOTAL	New coin ready for delivery	Currency Bul lion	Other Govern- ment Bul lion	With- drawn and un- current coins	TOTAL	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balances	Piastre Coinage counted and paid over lion	Receipt of Bullion for Subsi- diary coinage and paid over.	Closing balance.		
Calcutta	141	2	12		143	33	306	5	2	346					...	
Bombay	310	...	66		310	...	(b) 282	1	.	283					...	55

(a) Exclusive of 685 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 19 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT:
Calcutta, the 11th Dec. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-COLONEL, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

SURVEY OF INDIA—SOUTHERN CIRCLE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Bangalore, 5th December 1918.

No. 17.—Mr. F. C. Pilcher, Extra Assistant Superintendent is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 1 day with effect from 17th October 1918 combined with leave on medical certificate for 6 days with effect from 18th December 1918, under Articles 246, 260 and 233, Civil Service Regulations.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Colonel, R.E.,
Superintendent, Southern Circle.

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Mussoorie, the 9th December 1918.

No. 4.—Mr. Moqimuddin, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India is granted privilege leave for 2 months, under articles 246 and 250 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 16th November 1918.

H. L. CROSTHWAIT, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Superintendent, Northern Circle.

SURVEY OF INDIA.**NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, 12th December 1918.

No. 32.—Mr. H. T. Hughes, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India is granted privilege leave for 19 days, with effect from the 5th December 1918, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

H. H. TURNER, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Superintendent, Map Publication.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Rangoon Circle are stated to have been wholly lost and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY LOST OR DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value	Name of claimant.
W. D.-1 of 1917-18	K. C.-95, 65453	10	Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Bombay.
	K. C.-76, 55647	10	
	K. C.-70, 37905	10	
W. D.-2 of 1917-18	N. C.-25, 55418	10	
	N. C.-3, 74370	10	

J. RATTA,

Assistant Accountant-General, In charge Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,

Rangoon, 3rd December 1918.

The following Currency Notes of the Lahore Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY LOST OR DESTROYED.

Register No	No of Notes	Value.	Name of claimant
D-6 of 1917-18	F B 27173 . .	5 . .	Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son, Bankers Post Office Box 46, Bombay.
	49		
	E C 68953 . .	5	
	77		
	E C 48080 . .	5	
	76		
	F C 10426 . .	5	
	77		
	E C 82181 . .	5	
	8		
	E C 09723 . .	5	
	79		
	E C 39423 . .	10	
	31		
	F B 13130 . .	10	
	71		
	„ 56757 . .	10	
	„ 56758 . .	10	
	F C 35411 . .	10	
	37		
	E C 38583 . .	10	
	36		
	L C 65097 . .	10	
	26		
	E C 63788 . .	10	
	27		
	E C 65011 . .	10	
	26		
	F B 18861 . .	10	
	86		
	E C 11419 . .	10	
	13		
	E C 17021 . .	10	
	37		
	F B 56756 . .	10	
	74		
	F B 91272 . .	10	
	77		
	F B 56755 . .	10	
	71		
	TOTAL Rs. . .	180	

T. MALAN,
Currency Officer.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT, }
Lahore, the 5th December 1918. }

The following Currency Notes of the Bombay Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers ; any other person claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

NOTES WHOLLY LOST OR DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
<u>D</u> 2 of 1918-19	SB 25780 1	100	Thakur Rudra Pershad Singh.— Honorary Munsiff, Taluk, District Pertabgarh, Oudh.
	SB 25783 1	100	
	SB 25788 1	100	
	SB 25792 1	100	

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT;
Bombay, 9th December 1918 ;

J. K. SHAW,
Currency officer.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, dated at Port William, this 1st day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—19809, Private, F. Wild.
Age—36 years.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fair ; hair, brown ; eyes, blue.
Trade—Carter.
Date of Enlistment—22nd July 1915.

Place of Enlistment—Smethwick.
Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Date of Desertion or Absence—1st December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Calcutta.
Marks—Nil.
Under 4 years' service.

C. H. SHEPHERD, Colonel,
Commanding, 1st Garr. Bn, Lincolnshire Regt.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the British Remount Training Depot, Bangalore, dated this 3rd day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—16710, Indian Driver, Saif Ali.
Age on Enlistment—17 years.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Chest measurement—30 inches.
Caste—Mussalman.
Father's name—Nador Ali.
Date of Enlistment—10th September 1910.

Village—Mojti Lari, Tehsil Pind Dadan Khan, District Jhelum—Telegraph office Choya Sudan Shah, Post office Salon.
Date of Desertion or Absence—4th November 1918 from furlough.
Marks—One small round scar, $\frac{1}{4}$ anna or less about centre part right thigh ; two irregular horizontal scars on outer side upper part left thigh.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the British Remount Training Depot, Bangalore, dated this 3rd day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—1734-45096, Indian Driver, Sital.
Age on Enlistment—24 years.
Height—5 feet 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches.
Chest measurement—30-32 inches.
Caste—Hindu Gadariah.

Father's name—Ganga Din.
Date of Enlistment—16th March 1918.
Village—Natkooi, Thana Banthra, Tehsil Lucknow, District Lucknow.
Date of Desertion—Night of 26th November 1918.
Marks—One scar on the right leg $\frac{1}{2}$ " x $\frac{1}{4}$ ".

V. H. SECKER, Capt.,
Commandant British Remount Training Depot.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from No. 1, Mule Depot, Sialkot, dated at Sialkot, this 5th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—Private, (a late Sergeant) W. Dillon
Age—35 to 40 years.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark ; hair, black ; eyes, brown.
Trade—Ticket Collector (N. W. Railway).
Date of Enlistment—19th August 1918.

Place of Enlistment—Rawalpindi.
Date of Desertion or Absence—9th November 1918.
Place of Desertion or Absence—En route to Rawalpindi.
Marks—Marks of a small pox on face
Mark on left side nose.
Length of service—83 days.

E. H. SAUNDERS, Major,
Commanding, No. 1, Mule Depot.

**IN THE COURT OF J. COLDSTREAM, ESQ., I.C.S., DISTRICT
JUDGE, AT MULTAN.**

CASE No. 87 OF 1918.

In the matter of the estate of the late Perozbai who died at Multan Cantonment on 3rd November 1918 and at the time of her death had her fixed place of abode and all her property within the jurisdiction of the District Judge, Multan.

Whereas application has been made by Messrs. Dadabhoy Fardonji, and Sorab Fardonji, Chulla, for grant of Probate of a will dated 31st August 1911, executed by Perozbai, the mother of the applicants, this citation is issued calling on all persons who claim to have any interest in the estate of the deceased to come and see the proceedings in this Court at 10 o'clock on the 13th January 1919 before the grant of Probate.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 29th day of November 1918.

J. COLDSTREAM,
District Judge, Multan.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, AJMER.

No 37 OF 1914.

Kamruddin, son of Abdul Rehman Sheikh of Ajmer, Insolvent.

<i>against</i>						Debt.		
						Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Banarsi Dass of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	150	0	0
2.	Kalyan Mal of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	500	0	0
3.	Mool Chand of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	250	0	0
4.	Poondul Ram of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	300	0	0
5.	Mote Lal of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	150	0	0

The applicant Kamruddin, has filed an application under section 44 of Act III of 1907. The application will be heard on the 21st December 1918 at 10 A.M. The creditors are hereby informed to appear either in person or through an authorised agent to oppose the application on the date fixed. In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 2nd December 1918.

No. 151 OF 1918.

Ram Ballaloh, son of Sheo Ram, Mahajan, Agerwala, Ajmer, Applicant, Insolvent.

<i>versus</i>						Debt.		
						Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Nathuram, son of Kalooram of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	100	0	0
2.	Peerulal, son of Kalu Ram, Minor under the guardianship of Modho Singh of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	50	0	0
3.	Heeralal, son of Gopi Ram, Mahajan, Ajmer	.	.	.	.	35	0	0
4.	Gheesulal of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	35	0	0
5.	Peirbulal, son of Mian Ram of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	5	0	0
6.	Mote Lal, son of Balji of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	100	0	0
7.	Kundanmal Saraoji, Ajmer	.	.	.	.	5	0	0
8.	Nathu Lall Nagari Mumil S. Birdhi Chand of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	80	0	0
9.	B. Banarsi Dass Jani Balajigoli, Ajmer	.	.	.	.	25	0	0
10.	Suolal, son of Gaji Ram, Agerwala of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	150	0	0
11.	Kalyanmal, son of Polu Ram Khotu of Ajmer	.	.	.	.	15	0	0
12.	Ram Dass, Agerwala, Ajmer	.	.	.	.	100	0	0
13.	Doulat Ram Saraoji, Ajmer	.	.	.	.	5	0	0
14.	Hazari, son of Narain, Goldsmith of Ghee Mandu, Ajmer	.	.	.	.	60	0	0

The Insolvent has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907, and the application will be heard on 2nd January 1919 at 10 A. M. The creditors are hereby informed that they either must appear in person or through an authorised agent to oppose the application.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 2nd December 1918.

No. 152 of 1918.

Serta, son of Moji Aheer, resident of Nasirabad, Applicant, *Insolvent*.

	<i>against</i>	Debt.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
1. Badri, son of Salegram barber of Nasirabad		425	0	0
2. Ganesh Ram, son of Ram Bax Khandelwal, of Nasirabad		352	0	0
3. Parman, son of Novanda, Caste Halwai, of Nasirabad		50	0	0
4. Sera, son of Novand Ram Halwai, of Nasirabad		85	0	0
		Creditors		

The applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1918, and the application will be heard on the 3rd January 1919 at 11 A.M. The creditors are hereby informed to appear either in person or through an authorised agent to oppose the application. In default of appearance the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 5th December 1918.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,
Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM
IN BENGAL.
In Insolvency.**

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 143 of 1918.

Dated the 1th December 1918.

Re Mihir Lal Dass, residing at No. 19-A, Ultadinee Main Road, in the Suburbs of the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on business in piece goods at No. 213, Harrison Road, Calcutta, under the name style and firm of Mihir Lal Dass and Punchanon Dass, but at present without employment.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 18th day of November 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 150 of 1918.

Dated the 6th December 1918.

Re Champalal Moheswari, residing at and lately carrying on business as a dealer and order supplier in miscellaneous goods, under the name and style of Mirjamull Nimchand, at No. 42-1, Strand Road, in the town of Calcutta, but at present doing nothing.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 2nd day of December 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 151 of 1918.

Dated the 6th day of December 1918.

Re Sewnarain, residing at No. 77, Bartolla Street, in the town of Calcutta, a Hindu priest.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 4th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay	Description	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
556—1918	Ratanchand Vadilal Sha .	Hindu .	Blue City Bazar . .	Carrying on business as native piece goods Merchant in partnership with Maganlal Devidas and Dalsookh Marchhaji under the name of R. Vadilal and also on his own account as native and Japanese piece goods and woollen and cotton cloth Merchant under the name of Ratanchand Vadlal.	2nd	December .	1918	3rd	December .	1918
557—1918	Haroon Abdul Hamid Arab .	Mohamedan .	Mazagan Navanagar Molla .	Extra Fitter	3rd	"	"	"	"	"
558—1918	Vasanji Nagjee Sha .	Hindu .	Mandvi	Lately Mehta in the service of Navandas Lakhmichand and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
559—1918	Nauji Vandrawan alias Nemabhai Vandra Wandas Thacker.	Do.	Kalbadevi	Lately hawk-er in cloth under the name of Yeshwantrao Nanabhai and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
482—1918	Harilal Ishwarji Bhatt	Do.	Naviwadi, Dadysett Agialy Lane.	Lately dealer in shares of different Joint Stock Companies and now unemployed.	11th	October .	"	5th	"	"
560—1918	Haji Suleman Haji Abdulla Mahomedan Miya.		Kambekar Street	Lately loading and unloading Mucedum and now unemployed.	5th	December .	"	"	"	"
561—1918	Anant Vishnu Desai	Hindu .	Mohan Building, Girgaon .	Clerk in the employ of Mr. Dadamiya Hasanmiya.	"	"	"	"	"	"
562—1918	Oosmansha Mahomedsha and Adamsha Oosmansha.	Mahomedan .	Mazagon and Chandan Wadi, respectively.	1st Debtor dealer in country tobacco and bidies and the 2nd debtor Ticket boy in the employ of the B.B. and C. I. Railway (Parcel Workshop).	"	"	"	"	"	"

563—1918	Keshowlal Girdharlal Chokai	Hindu	Bhuleswar, Bhagatwadi	Formerly doing partnership business with Jiwatal Patpasi as gold and silver merchant and also speculator in gold and sovereigns in the name of Keshowlal Kanthlal and also speculator in sovereigns and shares of different Joint Stock Companies on his own account and lately speculator in gold, sovereign and shares of different Joint Stock Companies on his own account and now unemployed.	6th	December	1918	6th	December	1918
564—1918	Jeshankar Umia Shankar alias Umedram Master.	"	Mirza Street	Clerk in the employ of Magazal Mulchand	7th	"	"	"	"	"
565—1918	Ali Mahomed Bana Khoja	Mahomedan	Nishanpada Cross Lane	Glassware merchant in the name of M. Ali Mahomed & Co	9th	"	"	"	"	"
566—1918	Samuel Moses Ashtemtar	Hindu	Delisle Road	Clerk in the office of the Government Examiner of Accounts, B., B. & C. I. Ry.	"	"	"	"	"	"
567—1918	Mahadeo Trikam, alias Trimbak Vani.	"	Mazagon	Lately petty dealer in leaves and betel nuts and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
568—1918	Kachralal Maganlal Sha	"	Gandevi	Lately doing partnership business with Bhogilal Damodardas as Yarn Merchant in the name of Sha Nathalal Manilal and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
569—1918	Gopal Yesoo Edroo	"	Parel, Poybowdi, Chamar Wodi.	Servant in the G. I. P. Railway at Victoria Terminus (Electric Department).	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 9th day of December 1918

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

No. 57 of 1918.

Dated the 5th December 1918.

Re Devidat Premeukhdas, Makhanlal Sundermal, Bhagirathmal Ganpatrai, Goridat Ramcharandas, and Gajadhar Ramcharandas, trading at Bombay under the name and style of Balmukund Premeukhdas, at Calcutta under the name and style of Ramcharan Devidat, at Cawnpore under the name and style of Goridat Ganpatrai and at Ahmedabad under another name; Adjudged Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 4th day of February 1918, against the said Insolvents has been this day annulled.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 165 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 22nd November 1918.

In the matter of Swaminatha Pillay, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Swaminatha Pillay, Compositor, residing at Nos. 22, 23 36th Street, Rangoon, on the 21st day of November 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Swaminatha Pillay.

CASE No. 166 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 28th November 1918

In the matter of Frederick John D'zalazar, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Frederick John D'zalazar, unemployed, residing at No. 12 37th Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of November 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Frederick John D'zalazar.

CASE No. 167 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 1th December 1918.

In the matter of R. P. De'Clozete, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Rene Piere De'Clozete, Foreman, residing at Fire Brigade, Sule Pagoda Road, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Rene Piere De'Clozete.

CASE No. 168 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 4th December 1918.

In the matter of Kanta Mariah, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kanta Mariah unemployed, residing at No. 75 in 15th Street, Rangoon, on the 1th day of December 1918 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kanta Mariah.

CASE No. 169 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 5th December 1918.

In the matter of S. Money Moodaliar, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by S. Money Moodaliar, unemployed, residing at No. 60 in 31st Street, Rangoon, on the 5th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said S. Money Moodaliar.

CASE No. 93 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 2nd December 1918.

In the matter of Leason Robert Francis, clerk, residing at No. 59, in 37th Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Leason Robert Francis an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 102 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 3rd December 1918.

In the matter of Palloo, sweeper, residing at No. 22, Tseekai Maung Tawlay Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Palloo an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 104 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 2nd December 1918.

In the matter of Gazaffar Hoosein, Municipality Police, residing at Kalabasty, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Gazaffar Hoosein an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 111 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 3rd December 1918.

In the matter of Mohamed Khan and Rahim Khan, Stallkeepers, residing at No. 102, in Dalhousie Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Mohamed Khan and Rahim Khan an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 115 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 2nd December 1918.

In the matter of Mohamed, Pin-man, residing at Chaungee Road, Kemmendinge, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Mohamed an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 119 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 2nd December 1918.

In the matter of P. B. Lall Singh, unemployed, residing at 122nd Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said P. B. Lall Singh an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

**POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.**

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 6th December 1918.

No. 311.—The following permanent and temporary promotions were sanctioned consequent on the death of Mr E. J. Blackman, a Temporary Superintendent, class IV, on the 1st October 1917.

Name	From	To	With effect from	Sanctioned by	No and date of sanction.
Mr. E. E. Aicken .	Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, permanent and temporary Superintendent, class IV.	1st October 1917.	Secretary of State for India.	Council Minute, dated 17th November 1917.
Mr. W. H. Miller .	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade I, and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, permanent.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Mr. E. M. Norris	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade II, and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade I, permanent and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Mr. L. A. Beasley	G. S. clerk, class I, and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade II.	Assistant Superintendent, class IV, grade II, permanent	Do.	Do.	Do.

No. 312 —Consequent on the retirement of Mr F. H. Jones, M.B.E., 1st Engineer of the "Patrick Stewart" and Assistant Superintendent, class V, and the return to duty of Mr J. C. Smith, Assistant Superintendent, class V, the following promotions and reversions are sanctioned with effect from the 5th February 1918.

Name	From	To	With effect from	Sanctioned by	No and date of sanction.
Mr. E. M. Norris .	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade I, and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, permanent.	5th February 1918.	Secretary of State for India.	Council Minute, dated 7th March 1918.
Mr. W. F. Lovell	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade II, and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade I, permanent and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Mr. A. U. Wright .	Engineer, "Patrick Stewart"	1st Engineer "Patrick Stewart" and Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade II.	Do.	Do.	Do.

No. 313.—Consequent on the creation of a temporary supernumerary appointment in the grade of Superintendent, class III, on Rs. 800 the following promotions are sanctioned with effect from 29th January 1918.

Name.	From	To	With effect from	Sanctioned by	No. and date of sanction.
Mr. J. O. Tovells .	Superinte n d e n t, class III, on Rs. 700 and temporary Superintendent, class III, on Rs. 800.	Superinte n d e n t, class III, on Rs. 800, Supernumerary.	29th January 1918.	Secretary of State India.	Council Minute, dated 7th March 1918.
Mr. S. N. Wilson .	Superinte n d e n t, class IV, and temporary Assistant Director.	Superinte n d e n t, class III, on Rs. 700, permanent and temporary Assistant Director.	Do. .	Do. .	Do.
Mr. F. G. Evans .	Superinte n d e n t, class IV, and temporary Superintendent, class III, on Rs. 700.	Superinte n d e n t, class IV, and temporary Superintendent, class III, on Rs. 800.	Do. .	Do. .	Do.
Mr. E. Capstick .	Superinte n d e n t, class IV.	Superinte n d e n t, class IV, and temporary Superintendent, class III, on Rs. 700.	Do. .	Do. .	Do.
Mr. W. A. Pitcher .	Assistant Superintendent, class V, and temporary Superintende n t, class IV.	Superinte n d e n t, class IV, permanent.	Do. .	Do. .	Do.
Mr. F. Pinsent .	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade I, and temporary Assistant Superintende n t, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, permanent and temporary Superintendent, class IV.	Do. .	Do. .	Do.
Mr. J. A. Hamilton	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade II, and temporary Assistant Superintende n t, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade I, permanent and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Do. .	Do. .	Do.
Mr. G. H. Meriton	G. S. clerk, class I, and temporary Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade II.	Assistant Superintendent, class VI, grade II, permanent.	Do. .	Do. .	Do.

No. 314.—The following officiating promotions are sanctioned with effect from the 25th February to 24th March 1918, during absence on privilege leave of Mr. E. Gunter, Director, Persian Gulf Section, during the period.

Name.	From	To	With effect from	Sanctioned by	No. and date of sanction.
Mr. T. F. Tebbutt .	Engineer and Electrician, class II.	Officiating Director, class I.	...	Under Secretary of State.	Council Minute, dated 11th March 1918.
Mr. E. Capstick .	Superinte n d e n t, class IV, and temporary Superintendent, class III, on Rs. 700.	Superinte n d e n t, class IV, and officiating Engineer and Electrician, class II.	...	Do. .	Do.

No. 315.—The following permanent and temporary promotions are sanctioned in consequence of the revision of the scale of pay of the Superior Officers with effect from the 1st March 1918 :—

Name.	From	To	Sanctioned by	No. and date of sanction
Mr. J. C. Smith	Assistant Superintendent, class V	Assistant Superintendent, class V, and Temporary Superintendent class IV.	Secretary of State	Telegraph despatch No. 2, dated 29th March 1918.
„ F. Pincot	Assistant Superintendent, class V, and Temporary Superintendent, class IV.	Assistant Superintendent class V.	Do.	Do.
„ J. H. Hamilton, 180.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Temporary.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Permanent	Do.	Do
„ D. W. M. Gumbly, 180.	Assistant Superintendent class VI grade I, Temporary.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Permanent.	Do.	Do
„ W. F. Lovell	Assistant Superintendent class VI, grade I, and Temporary Assistant Superintendent class V.	Assistant Superintendent class V Permanent	Do	Do
„ A. Cane	Assistant Superintendent class VI, grade II.	Assistant Superintendent, class V Permanent	Do	Do.
„ L. A. Brasley	Do	Do	Do	Do.
„ G. H. Meriton	Do	Do	Do	Do
„ F. J. Hughes	Assistant Superintendent class VI grade II Temporary.	Do	Do	Do
„ W. S. Thornton	Do.	Do	Do.	Do
„ J. Lemon	G. S. Clerk	Do	Do.	Do
„ E. B. Norton	Do	Do.	Do.	Do.
„ J. Hamilton	Do	Do.	Do.	Do
„ C. H. St. John	Do.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Temporary.	Do.	Do.
„ J. S. Navara	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.

No. 316 —The following promotions are sanctioned from the 11th May 1918 consequent on the retirement of Mr. J. W. Tanner, Superintendent, class III :—

Name.	From	To	Sanctioned by	No. and date of sanction
Mr. S. N. Wilson	Superintendent, class IV, and Temporary Assistant Director.	Superintendent, class III, and Temporary Assistant Director.	Secretary of State	Council Minute, dated 22nd May 1918.
„ G. E. New	Assistant Superintendent, class V, and seconded for service with the Persian Government.	Superintendent, class IV, and to remain seconded.	Do.	Do.
„ J. C. Smith	Assistant Superintendent, class V, and Temporary Superintendent class, IV.	Superintendent, class IV, Permanent.	Do.	Do.
„ C. H. St John	General Service Clerk and Temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Permanent.	Do.	Do.

No. 317.—The following permanent and temporary promotions are sanctioned consequent on the death of Mr. J. C. Smith, Superintendent, class IV, and entry of Mr. A. Cane on Furlough :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from	Sanctioned by	No. and date of sanction
Mr. E. E. Aicken .	Assistant Superintendent, class V, and Temporary Superintendent, class IV.	Superintendent, class IV, Permanent.	21st June 1918.	Secretary of State.	Council Minute, dated 8th August 1918
„ F. Pinsent .	Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, and Temporary Superintendent, class IV.	Do.	Do.	Do.
„ J. S. Navaru .	G. S. Clerk and Temporary Assistant Superintendent, class V.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Permanent.	Do.	Do.	Do.
„ P. W. Lang .	G. S. Clerk . .	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Temporary.	Do.	Do.	Do.
„ M. P. O'Reilly .	Do . .	Do.	11th July 1918.	Do.	Do.

No. 318.—The following promotions are sanctioned with effect from the 11th August 1918 in consequence of the creation of a supernumerary appointment of Assistant Superintendent, class V, owing to grant of extension of service for 1 year to Mr. W. F. Lovell, Assistant Superintendent, class V :—

Name.	From	To	Sanctioned by	No. and date of sanction
Mr. P. W. Lang .	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Temporary.	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Permanent.	Secretary of State.	Council Minute, dated 12th September 1918.
Mr. G. F. Nash .	G. S. Clerk . .	Assistant Superintendent, class V, Temporary.	Director-in-Chief	G. O. No 94, dated 17th September 1918.

J. C. MITRA,

Deputy Accountant-General, Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 12th December 1918.

No. 4708 E-E.—Mr. N. N. Banerjee, Assistant Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 22nd November 1918.

No. 4713 E-E.—The following reversion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. E. P. C. Steele .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class officiating.	Telegraphist (Traffic)	4th November 1918.

Simla, the 19th June 1918.

No. 802s-E-E.—The following officiating promotion in the Mesopotamia Expeditionary Force is sanctioned with effect from the date specified:—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. G. A. Morgan	Inspecting Telegraphist	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	20th April 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 6th December 1918.

No. 2921-*Ap.*—Mr. C. R. Ranganatha Rao, clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Madras, is appointed sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 26th September 1918 and until further orders.

No. 2934-*Ap.*—The following officiating appointments are made for the period noted against each:—

Pundit Kalika Prasad Tripathi, Inspector of post offices, Orai Sub-Division, to act as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 2nd November 1918 to 16th November 1918 inclusive.

Mr. Dilsukh Rai, Town Inspector, Agra, to act as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 17th November 1918 and until further orders.

No. 2937-*Ap.*—Mr. Ganpat Rai, Inspector of post offices, Moga Sub-Division, is appointed sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 9th November 1918 and until further orders.

The 9th December 1918.

No. 2956-*Ap.*—Mr. D. K. Natu, Sub-Postmaster, Poona City, and officiating Deputy Postmaster, Poona, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 11th November 1918 and until further orders.

No. 2964-*Ap.*—Mr. S. M. Yusuf Quraeshi, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 21st November 1918.

Mr. D. F. Kamdin, Inspector of post offices, Rajkot Division, and officiating Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, Cutch Division, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of the Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, Rajkot Division, in addition to his own, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. S. M. Yusuf Quraeshi, or until further orders.

The 10th December 1918.

No. 2982-*Ap.*—Mr. Pran Gopal Mukerji, Superintendent of postoffices, 2nd grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for eight days, with effect from the 23rd November 1918.

No. 2986-*A.*—The following promotions and appointments are made with effect from the date noted against each:—

Mr. M. J. Stephen, Deputy Postmaster-General, officiating in the 1st grade, to be confirmed in that grade from the 26th September 1918;

Rai Hemanta Kumar Raha, Bahadur, Deputy Postmaster-General, officiating in the 2nd grade, to be confirmed in that grade from the 26th September 1918;

Mr. Kali Prasanna Sen, Deputy Postmaster-General, officiating in the 2nd grade, to be confirmed in that grade from the 11th October 1918;

Mr. J. E. Home, Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, to officiate in the 2nd grade, from the 11th October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 2988-*Ap.*—The following promotions and appointments are made with effect from the date noted against each :—

- Mr. R. W. Hanson, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 1,000, on combined leave, to be promoted to the grade of Rs. 1,200—1,400, from the 11th October 1918 ;
- Rai Hemanta Kumar Raha Bahadur, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office, in the grade of Rs. 1,000, to officiate in the grade of Rs. 1,200—1,400, from the 16th October 1918 and until further orders ;
- Mr. A. J. Hughes, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office, officiating in the grade of Rs. 1,000, to be confirmed in that grade from the 16th October 1918 ;
- Mr. F. F. Shout, Superintendent of Post Offices, 2nd grade, and officiating Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 1,000, to be sub. *pro tem.* Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 800, from the 16th October 1918 and to continue to officiate in the grade of Rs. 1,000, from that date and until further orders, retaining sub. *pro tem.* lien on his appointment as Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of Rs. 800.

The 11th December 1918.

No. 3005-*Ap.*—The following promotions and appointments in the grades of Superintendents of post office are made with effect from the date noted against each :—

- Mr. R. D. Romer to be promoted to the 1st grade from the 26th September 1918 ;
- Khan Bahadur D. M. Kalapesi to be promoted to the 1st grade from the 11th October 1918 ;
- Mr. R. N. Melita to be promoted to the 2nd grade from the 26th September 1918 ;
- Mr. W. G. King to be promoted to the 2nd grade from the 10th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Siraj-ud-din to be promoted to the 2nd grade from the 11th October 1918 ;
- Mr. D. J. C. Byrne to be promoted to the 2nd grade from the 16th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Bhagat Singh to be confirmed in the 3rd grade from the 26th September 1918 ;
- Mr. E. B. Thompson, on field service, to be confirmed in the 3rd grade from the 10th October 1918 ;
- Mr. B. Pope, on deputation to His Majesty's Army, to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from the 26th September 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 11th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Syed Azharul Haq to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from the 10th October 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 15th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Surendra Nath Gupta to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from the 11th October 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 16th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Abdur Rahim to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from 15th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Jiya Lall to be promoted provisionally to the 3rd grade from the 16th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Muhammad Ehsan Azim to be confirmed in the 4th grade from the 26th September 1918 ;
- Mr. Maung Baing to be confirmed in the 4th grade from the 10th October 1918 ;
- Mr. W. P. Morley to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade from the 26th September 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 11th October 1918 ;
- Mr. K. K. Marathe to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade from the 10th October 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 15th October 1918 ;
- Mr. M. Bickers, on field service, to be promoted provisionally to the 1st grade from the 11th October 1918 and to be confirmed in that grade from the 16th October 1918 ;
- Mr. N. M. Buckner, on field service, to be promoted provisionally to the 1st grade from the 15th October 1918 ;
- Mr. S. G. Little to be promoted provisionally to the 4th grade from the 16th October 1918 ;
- Mr. K. S. Sheppard, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Madras, and sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 26th September 1918 ;
- Mr. Srikanta Bhattacharji, Inspector of post offices, Sikkim-Tibet Sub-Division, and officiating Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 10th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Jalal-ud-din, Investigating Inspector, office of the Postmaster-General, Punjab and N.-W. F., and sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Reserve Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, Punjab and N.-W. F., from the 11th October 1918 and to be a Divisional Superintendent from the 15th October 1918 ;
- Mr. Muhammad Zaman Khan, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Punjab and N.-W. F., and officiating Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, to be appointed Reserve Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, Punjab and N.-W. F., from the 15th October 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 9th December 1918.

No. 6820-T—Mr. T. G. Slark, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, and officiating Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, on probation, with effect from the 7th October 1918.

Mr. J. E. D'Cruze, Telegraph Master and officiating Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, is appointed permanent Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 7th October 1918.

No. 6826-T—Mr. J. Goddard, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiated as Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, from the 4th September 1918 to the 3rd October 1918.

The 10th December 1918.

No. 6840-T—Mr. S. C. Mitra, Deputy Postmaster-General, Telegraph Traffic, Burma Circle, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 17 days, with effect from the 7th October 1918.

No. 6845-T—Mr. W. G. W. O'Brien, officiating Superintendent of post offices, Traffic, United Provinces Circle, reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. 6853-T—Mr. E. L. Hardy, Telegraph Master, officiated as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, from the 10th April 1918 to the 3rd May 1918.

Mr. Hardy's promotion sanctioned in Notification No. 2824-T, dated the 23rd May 1918, is cancelled.

No. 6859-T—Mr. J. A. Howse, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, and officiating Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, was granted privilege leave for twenty-one days, with effect from the 16th September 1918.

Mr. P. Wallis, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, officiated as Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, and Mr. V. Vaithinatha Iyer, Telegraph Master, officiated as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. Howse.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 12th December 1918.

No. 6883-T—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 28th November to 11th December 1918.

Name of Office	Where situated.	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Domei	North-West Frontier . .	10th October 1918 . .	Closed.
Mirian	Ditto	10th November 1918 . .	Do.
Shinawari	Ditto	21st October 1918 . .	Do.
<i>Railway Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Chawinda	North-Western Railway . .	9th November 1918 . .	Closed.
Guhna Kalan	Ditto	Ditto	Do.
Kila Sobha Singh	Ditto	26th October 1918 . .	Do.
Manjoke	Ditto	Ditto	Do.
Narowal	Ditto	Ditto	Do.
Pasrur	Ditto	9th November 1918 . .	Do.

The following alteration in the name of a Government Telegraph Office is notified :—

“ Dharampore (Simla) ” instead of “ Dharampore.”

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Camp Ajmer, the 6th December 1918.

No. 1551-C.—1351.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), the Honourable the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Mr. E. C. Gibson, I.C.S., Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the district of Ajmer-Merwara.

No. 1559-C.—687.—The following rule is hereby added to the rules published in this office Notification No. 631-687, dated the 7th May 1918 :—

SECTION 8 (VI).

In assessing the income derived from house property the maximum allowance which may be made in respect of collection charges under Section 8, Clause (VI) of the Act, shall be six per cent. of the gross rental, or the amount of the charges actually incurred, whichever is less ; provided that no allowance shall be made unless the charges have been actually incurred.

Ajmer, the 10th December 1918.

No. 1577C-65-III.—It is hereby notified that the Courts and Offices under the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, will be closed on the days named in the list below as public holidays in the year 1919 :—

Classification of Holidays.	Names of Holidays.	Dates.	Days of Week.	No. of days.
All Creeds	New Year's Day	1st January	Wednesday	1
Hindu	Shivratri	28th February	Friday	1
"	Holi	16th and 17th March	Sunday and Monday	2
Mohammadan	Silsaptmi	24th March	Monday	1
"	Urs Khwaja Sahib	7th and 8th April	Monday and Tuesday	2
Christian	Good Friday	18th April	Friday	1
"	Easter Monday	21st April	Monday	1
Hindu	Baisakhi Fair	14th May	Wednesday	1
Mohammadan	Shabebarat	15th May	Thursday	1
All Creeds	King Emperor's Birthday	June	"	1
Mohammadan	Id-ul-Fitr	30th June	Monday	1
Hindu	Raksha Bandan	11th August	Monday	1
"	Janam Ashtmi	19th August	Tuesday	1
"	Siviri Fair	3rd September	Wednesday	1
"	Jajbhuni Ekadashi	6th September	Saturday	1
Mohammadan	Idulzuba	6th September	Saturday	1
Hindu	Dashera	2nd to 4th October	Thursday to Saturday	3
Mohammadan	Moharram	4th to 6th October	Saturday to Monday	3
Hindu	Dip-Malika	23rd and 24th October	Thursday and Friday	2
"	Yam duj	25th October	Saturday	1
"	Pushkar Fair	4th to 9th November	Tuesday to Sunday	6
Mohammadan	Barawafat	6th December	Saturday	1
Christian	Christmas	24th to 31st December	Wednesday to Wednesday	8
TOTAL				12

NOTE.—1. In English and Vernacular Offices when there are no arrears of work the last Saturday in the month may be observed as a holiday.

2. The last day of every month will be observed as a holiday in the Treasury Office, Ajmer instead of the last Saturday.

3. Mohammedan holidays depend on the Moon being visible and fall on the day following such event.

4. Local holidays may be granted for great festivals and fairs at the discretion of the Commissioner, when there are no arrears of work.

5. Civil Court vacations commence from the 1st August 1919 and continue till the 30th September 1919. No fresh suits shall during the time be instituted unless they be of an urgent character, but the Courts will be open for the purpose of clearing up cases instituted before the 15th July 1919 and for the disposal of any urgent work.

6. The day, which may be fixed for the celebration of the King Emperor's Birthday, will be notified separately in due course.

7. Chehlam will be observed as local holiday for Shias only.

8. There will be a Lunar Eclipse during the year, viz., on Friday the 7th November 1919 and the holiday will be observed on Saturday the 8th November 1919.

Camp Ajmer, the 10th December 1918.

No. 1579-C-65—III.—Under Section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act XXVI of 1881, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to declare the following holidays to be public holidays during 1919 :—

Classification of Holidays.	Names of Holidays.	Dates.	Days of Week.	No. of days.
All Creeds	New Years Day	1st January	Wednesday	1
Hindu	Shivratri	28th February	Friday	1
"	Holi	16th and 17th March	Sunday and Monday.	2
Mohammedan	Silsaptmi	24th March	Monday	1
"	Urs Khwaja Sahib	7th and 8th April	Monday and Tuesday	2
Christian	Good Friday	18th April	Friday	1
"	Easter Monday	21st April	Monday	1
Hindu	Baisakhi Fair	14th May	Wednesday	1
Mohammedan	Shabebarat	15th May	Thursday	1
All Creeds	King Emperor's Birthday	June	"	1
Mohammedan	Id-ul-Fitr	30th June	Monday	1
Hindu	Raksha Bandan	11th August	Monday	1
"	Janam Ashtmi	19th August	Tuesday	1
"	Sivritri Fair	3rd September	Wednesday	1
"	Jaljhulni Ekadashi	6th September	Saturday	1
Mohammedan	Idulzuba	6th September	Saturday	1
Hindu	Dashera	2nd to 4th October	Thursday to Saturday.	3
Mohammedan	Moharram	4th to 6th October	Saturday to Monday.	3
Hindu	Dip-Malika	23rd and 24th October	Thursday and Friday.	2
"	Yam daj	25th October	Saturday	1
"	Pushkar Fair	4th to 9th November	Tuesday to Sunday.	6
Mohammedan	Barawafat	6th December	Saturday	1
Christian	Christmas	24th to 31st December	Wednesday to Wednesday	8
TOTAL				42

No. 1582-C.—In exercise of the powers vested in him under Section 11 of the Ajmer Courts Regulation I of 1877, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to invest the Judge, Small Cause Court, Ajmer, being a Subordinate Judge of the first class, with the powers of a Judge of the Court of Small Causes to be exercised within the area of the Nasirabad Cantonment in addition to the area specified against the appointment of Judge, Small Cause Court, Ajmer, in this office Notification No. 560-C, dated the 21st March 1914, during the absence on six weeks' privilege leave of Lieutenant J. H. Riley Irving, Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, with effect from the 1st December 1918 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave

No. 1583-C.—Mr. J. A. DeSouza, General Manager of the Court of Wards, Ajmer, is placed in charge of the current work of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Lieutenant J. H. Riley Irving on six weeks' privilege leave with effect from the 4th December 1918 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Lieutt.-Col.,

1st Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The upper half of the Government Promissory Note No. B-082381 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Bombay, and last endorsed to the District Superintendent of Police, Nawabshah, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—Z. D. AHMED,
Residence—Ag. District Superintendent of Police,
Nawabshah.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 149205 of 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for Rs. 500 (Rupees five hundred) endorsed by Mr. N. R. Macdonald to the Chairman, District Board, Gaya, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned Government Promissory Note.

KHWAJA MOHAMMAD NOOR,
Vice-Chairman, District Board.

GAYA,
The 5th October 1918.

LOST, STOLEN, OR DESTROYED.

The upper halves of the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 161115 and 161116 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Mrs. R. Shepherd, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, stolen, or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA,**
Residence—Mussoorie.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Note No. 158970 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1854-55 for Rs. 1,000 originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, and last endorsed to Adwaita Charan Bose, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**ADWAITA CHARAN BOSE,**
Residence—Laharisarai (Darbhanga).

LOST.

The undermentioned Interest Warrant issued in our names No. 14740, dated 14th September 1918 of the 5½ per cent Loan of 1920 for Rs. 27-8. The payment of the Warrant has been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and application for duplicate of the Warrant is about to be made to that Office.

Name of Proprietors—**KRISHNA CHANDRA BOSE,**
SHAM LAL BOSE,
Address—82, Shambazar Street, Calcutta.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 50. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

RETURN SHOWING the WHOLESALE and RETAIL PRICES of CEREALS, PULSES, OILSEEDS, SUGAR (RAW), SALT, ETC., in INDIA by DISTRICTS for the FORTNIGHT ENDING 15TH NOVEMBER 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

December 10, 1918

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 15th November, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917.

Province	RICE (Common) (Oryza Sativa)		WHEAT (Triticum Sativum.)		BARLEY (Hordeum Vulgare)		JAWAR (Andropogon Sorghum)		MAIZE (Zea Mays)		GRAM (Cicer arabianum)		ARHAR DÁL (Cajanus Indicus)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (Sur)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 15th November of																			
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma . . .	100	152	100	131	...	...	100	114	...	...	100	116	100	127	100	125	...	...	100	100
Assam . . .	100	127	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	118	100	105	100	71	
Bengal . . .	100	111	100	145	...	..	...	...	...	...	100	142	100	136	100	119	100	85	100	69
Bihar and Orissa	100	170	100	153	100	184	...	...	100	200	100	171	100	140	100	102	100	83	100	87
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh .	100	151	100	161	100	175	100	224	100	190	100	192	100	167	100	121	100	89	100	77
Delhi . . .	100	116	100	156	100	157	...	...	...	...	100	157	100	200	100	216	100	154	100	68
Punjab . . .	100	176	100	135	100	135	100	162	100	141	100	135	100	123	100	116	100	109	100	144
North-West Frontier Province . . .	100	188	100	121	100	180	100	106	100	111	100	125	100	117	100	124	100	168	100	133
Sind and Baluchistan	100	232	100	107	100	153	100	148	100	112	...	...	100	119	100	121	...	...	100	113
Bombay . . .	100	158	100	184	100	150	100	300	..	...	100	146	100	124	100	148	100	85	100	114
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	100	211	100	171	...	...	100	262	...	...	100	192	100	189	100	184	...	...	100	114
Madras . . .	100	164	...	...	..	..	100	151	...	...	100	183	100	136	100	145	100	119	100	98
Average India	100	163	100	146	100	152	100	196	100	151	100	161	100	144	100	126	100	111	100	99
	Unweighted	100	150	100	150	100	168	100	231	100	177	100	167	..	...	..	100	94	...	...
Weighted	100	150	100	150	100	168	100	231	100	177	100	167	..	...	..	100	94	...	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the corresponding fortnight of the preceding year, there has been a general rise in the prices of all food grains and ghi in all reporting provinces, the most noticeable increases being in rice in Sind and Baluchistan, and the Central Provinces and Berar in wheat and jawar in the Bombay Presidency, in barley and maize in Bihar and Orissa, in gram in the United Provinces, and the Central Provinces and Berar, in arhar dāl in Delhi and in ghi in the Central Provinces and Berar. The rise in the price of raw sugar in the North-West Frontier Province and Delhi and of salt in the Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province is noticeable. The fall in the price of salt in Bihar and Orissa, Delhi, Bengal and Assam is also noteworthy.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2.

Comparison with previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending 15th November, 1918, as compared with the previous fortnight

Province	RICE (common) (Oryza Sativa)		WHEAT (Triticum Sativum)		BARLEY (Hordeum Vulgare)		JAWAR (Andropogon Sorghum)		MAIZE (Zea Mays)		GRAM (Cicer arabianum)		ARHAR DÁL (Cajanus Indicus)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (Sur)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending																			
	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	31st Oct. 1918	15th Nov. 1918
Burma	100	101	100	96	...	...	100	100	...	...	100	10	100	105	100	100	...	...	100	99
Assam	100	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	98	100	98	100	94
Bengal	100	100	100	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	108	100	99	100	100	100	95
Bihar and Orissa	100	104	100	104	100	100	...	...	100	98	100	99	100	102	100	98	100	89	100	109
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh .	100	102	100	108	100	97	100	88	100	108	100	108	100	100	100	98	100	104	100	100
Delhi	100	100	100	105	100	96	...	...	...	...	100	98	100	100	100	100	106	100	100	100
Punjab	100	105	100	101	100	100	100	103	100	108	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	99	100	104
North-West Frontier Province	100	100	100	100	100	99	...	...	100	97	100	97	100	100	100	98	100	108	100	103
Sind and Baluchistan	100	100	100	100	100	98	100	106	100	106	...	...	100	100	100	105	...	...	100	99
Bombay	100	98	100	106	100	100	100	121	..	..	100	94	100	100	100	96	100	88	100	94
Central Provinces and Berar	100	112	100	106	...	...	100	82	...	...	100	97	100	121	100	127	...	...	100	116
Madras	100	127	...	...	..	...	100	100	...	..	100	95	100	98	100	104	100	99	100	100
Average India	100	105	100	102	100	99	100	99	100	103	100	99	100	102	100	101	100	99	100	99
	Unweighted	100	107	100	104	100	98	100	103	100	104	100	103	...	...	...	100	100	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the previous fortnight, the rise in the price of rice in the Madras Presidency and Assam, of jawar in the Bombay Presidency, of arhar dāl and ghi in the Central Provinces and Berar is noteworthy. The fall in the price of jawar in the Central Provinces and Berar and the United Provinces is also noteworthy.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 3

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82½ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, baflra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending 15th November of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918.

MANTO	WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)			RICE (common) (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)			JAWAR (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)			BAJRA (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)			GRAM (<i>Cicer arabianum</i>)		
	1915	1917	1918	1915	1917	1918	1915	1917	1918	1915	1917	1918	1915	1917	1918
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta . . .	7 4 0	5 0 0	4 5 0	5 12 0	5 8 0	6 3 0	...	...	..	...	...	...	4 8 0	3 8 0	3 10 0
Bombay . . .	10 9 4	6 9 0	4 15 7	7 8 0	5 0 0	4 12 8	11 0 0	4 6 0	2 12 0	12 2 9	4 7 1	3 7 10	5 11 3	3 14 3	3 7 10
Karachi . . .	6 12 0	5 12 0	4 10 0	11 14 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	...	2 8 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 2 0	3 4 0	...	...	...
Madras . . .	...	...	...	10 8 0	5 10 1	5 10 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 1	4 9 3	4 3 4
Bangoon . . .	...	..	...	4 12 5	3 5 0	3 8 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 9 1	3 8 2	3 14 1
Dacca . . .	...	...	...	5 12 0	4 12 0	6 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna . . .	5 11 0	3 15 0	3 7 0	5 11 0	3 1 0	3 12 0	..	2 3 0	2 5 0	...	...	..	4 9 0	2 7 6	3 1 0
Ranchi . . .	8 8 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	6 10 0	4 0 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 10 0	3 14 0	4 2 0
Cuttack . . .	8 8 3	4 5 3	4 1 2	5 9 0	3 9 6	3 15 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 6	4 11 3	3 12 11
Benares . . .	6 7 1	4 8 10	3 14 11	6 7 9	4 8 8	5 1 6	..	...	...	...	...	...	4 13 2	2 8 6	3 1 7
Cawnpore . . .	6 15 3	4 5 0	4 2 0	7 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	..	...	...	7 14 0	3 5 0	2 10 0	5 2 0	2 14 0	3 1 0
Meerut . . .	6 10 9	4 5 2	4 0 0	6 14 9	4 11 4	5 8 3	..	...	...	...	...	...	5 9 0	3 6 6	3 2 3
Agra . . .	7 1 5	4 11 3	4 7 1	8 14 3	6 10 3	6 6 4	7 4 4	2 15 4	2 8 0	6 12 1	3 12 11	2 9 3	5 7 7	3 7 9	3 5 4
Lucknow . . .	6 15 4	4 5 2	4 0 0	6 10 8	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 5 4	2 10 8	2 6 9	...	2 10 8	3 8 0	5 5 4	2 10 8	2 10 8
Ferozepur . . .	6 3 6	4 7 0	3 12 0	9 6 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	...	..	...	...	..	...	4 13 6	3 7 6	3 0 3
Lahore . . .	6 2 6	4 11 3	4 1 6	8 0 0	4 12 6	4 11 8	...	3 1 3	3 1 3	5 11 6	3 4 3	3 7 6	4 11 3	3 7 6	3 3 3
Amritsar . . .	5 14 6	4 5 3	3 9 0	3 4 0	5 4 0	4 12 6	...	...	..	...	..	...	4 12 0	3 10 3	3 2 0
Rawalpindi . . .	6 0 6	4 9 3	3 15 0	6 14 3	4 12 0	5 2 3	4 9 0	2 10 9	2 8 0	6 2 6	3 1 3	3 0 0	4 11 3	3 10 2	3 5 3
Lyalpur . . .	5 14 0	4 6 0	3 15 6	8 8 0	5 1 0	5 4 0	...	...	...	..	..	...	4 6 0	3 7 0	3 2 0
Ambala . . .	6 10 0	4 10 0	3 15 6	9 0 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	...	2 8 0	2 12 0	...	3 0 0	3 10 0	5 0 0	3 4 0	3 1 0
Delhi . . .	6 15 0	4 7 0	4 1 6	7 4 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	...	3 0 0	2 12 0	10 0 0	3 2 0	2 12 0	5 0 0	3 3 0	3 1 0
Peshawar . . .	5 1 3	4 5 8	3 12 7	10 0 0	5 5 4	5 9 5	..	...	...	..	2 14 4	3 3 9	4 4 9	3 5 10	3 5 10
Quetta . . .	4 12 6	5 1 6	4 13 0	...	...	...	4 12 0	3 3 6	3 6 0	..	...	..	...	..	...
Poona . . .	9 11 7	5 8 11	..	...	5 10 2	5 12 4	10 18 4	3 9 9	...	...	4 7 1	3 9 9	6 7 4	4 3 4	3 12 8
Ahmednagar . . .	8 4 5	4 12 3	3 8 8	1 7 14	4 5 10	1 ..	...	2 13 5	2 0 0	10 3 10	...	2 13 7	6 4 1	3 14 4	3 6 4
Ahmedabad . . .	8 8 0	6 0 0	4 5 0	9 0 0	7 4 0	6 12 0	...	..	...	10 0 0	4 8 0	2 14 0	6 8 0	4 0 0	3 8 0
Nagpur . . .	8 6 4	4 11 4	3 11 7	12 5 0	4 9 10	4 2 1	...	3 9 2	2 5 0	..	...	...	7 3 11	3 7 6	3 7 6
Jubbulpur . . .	7 12 11	4 14 10	4 0 10	7 9 11	4 3 5	4 3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 6 5	3 10 2	3 10 2
Cuttack . . .	...	...	...	6 15 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . .	...	...	...	8 14 3	5 4 11	5 2 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		RAJRA		RATES
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	
Burma*															
<i>Tenasserim—</i>															
Mergui . . .	...	...	45.71	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	32.99	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	...	...	43.84	27.47	80	71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (delta)—</i>															
Bangoon . . .	...	...	47.76	23.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbin . . .	...	...	46.04	29.63	136.17	95.53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	42.67	28.83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Hennada . . .	...	...	45.39	24.71	108.47	75.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	34.23	24.71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . .	...	...	41.29	27.47	84.21	42.67	...	...	...	...	23.38	19.69	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	44.14	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arahan—</i>															
Akyab . . .	...	...	40	36.36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*															
<i>Surma—</i>															
Sylhet (Balaganj) . . .	20	16.25	41.25	31.87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra—</i>															
Goalpara . . .	20	16.25	35	32.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . .	21.25	20	45.62	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . .	25	...	50	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	27.5	22.5	37.5	47.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Delta—</i>															
Calcutta . . .	27.5	25	37.5	5	73.5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Burdwan . . .	28.75	20	47.5	37.5	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore . . .	27.5	18.75	50	41.25	85	57.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Patna . . .	27.5	22.5	50	45	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . .	25	25	55	50	57.5	47.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa*															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpore . . .	35.62	18.75	61.87	38.75	66.25	43.75	...	...	35.62	19.37	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . .	30	20.94	61.56	44.87	61.56	40	...	...	38.12	23.19	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna . . .	26.56	16.87	56.87	30.62	56.87	30.37	...	...	33.12	17.81	...	21.87	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack . . .	25.36	12.81	35.62	35.04	32.03	43.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces*															
<i>(a) Agra—</i>															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Benares . . .	36.67	23.59	64.84	45.42	64.48	42.4	68.23	45.16	45.88	27.66	...	...	53.4	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore . . .	35.62	21.87	70	51.25	69.58	43.12	71.25	51.25	50	28.12	...	...	78.75	38.12	...
Jhansi . . .	...	...	73.81	48.44	71.09 and 76.25	46.25 and 47.81	...	...	53.28	34.37	...	29.69	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . .	...	...	69.22	47.06	66.73	43.23	73.12	48.49	49.06	27.6	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . .	50	...	82.91	68.41	70.88	47.03	84.53	57.18	50.1	30.78	72.71	29.58	67.53	38.07	...
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Shahjahanpur . . .	38.75	20	70	40	68.75	40.62	78.12	46.87	47.5	26.25	...	...	...	29.58	...
<i>(b) Oude—</i>															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . .	...	...	66.87	38.12	69.58	43.23	81.56	53.33	47.03	27.6	57.38	28.67	...	26.67	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Syambad . . .	35.75	27.44	63.28	44.53	...	40	...	...	44.37	26.41	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district headquarters) in each province on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight.

(The figures state prices in rupees per tonne metric)

RABI	MAIZE		GRAM		ARHAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LINSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPHSEED		DISTRICTS
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918		1917
															Burma--
...	Tenasserim--
...	61.54	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
...	68.82	65.98	65.67	68.82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and Amherst
...	55.65	54.07	55.38	51.61	68.82	52.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)--
...	80	55.17	80	61.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangon
...	48.84	54.41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Manbla
...	Bassein
...	57.14	46.72	94.12	75.20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)--
...	Hennada
...	Toungoo
...	...	18.71	56.14	54.41	75.29	60.95	64	53.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma--
...	54.41	86.49	71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	88.88	72.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arahan--
...	Akyab
...	Assam--
...	120	35.25	...	Burma--
...	Sylhet (Balaganj)
...	110	100	65	Brahmaputra--
...	87.5	Gauhati
...	Gauhati
...	57.5	45	77.5	70	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	95	Bengal--
...	75	50	...	...	...	...	...	80	50	90	Eastern--
...	Chittagong
...	Dacca
...	45	35	67.5	55	...	...	...	...	...	75	50	85	Deltaic--
...	Calcutta
...	55	35	72.5	46.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	100	Western--
...	Burdwan
...	{ 67.5 to 70 }	{ 38.75 to 12.5 }	£5 { 50 to 65 }	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	45	{ 105 to 117.5 }	Midnapur
...	86.25	60	...	...	...	...	...	80	66.25	95	Northern--
...	Fabna
...	70	47.5	70	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	Bangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa--
...	Bihar, north--
...	35	17.5	42.5	27.5	17.75	45	48.75	28.25	...	...	...	52.5	50	85	Bhagalpur
...	38.12	20.94	46.58	26.58	61.58	44.37	46.58	23.41	...	...	...	...

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM Til or Jinji		GHI		SUGAR RAW (Gdr)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNIP		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma—															
<i>Tanasserim—</i>															
Mergui . . . . .	...	...	840	581 82	...	...	35 75	27 47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	640	640	...	...	25 71	25 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . . . .	...	...	711 11	457 14	...	...	31 08	24 63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)—</i>															
Bangoon . . . . .	...	...	914 29	538 38	...	...	32 83	35 56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin . . . . .	...	...	800	640	...	...	48 12	48 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basseln . . . . .	...	...	640	640	...	...	45 71	45 71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)—</i>															
Hensada . . . . .	...	...	914 23	711 11	...	...	42 95	35 75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	45 07	40 51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma—</i>															
Mandalay . . . . .	...	...	711 11	711 11	...	...	41 14	41 83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	914 29	711 11	...	...	45 89	45 89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan—</i>															
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	914 29	711 11	...	...	36 36	34 78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—															
<i>Burma—</i>															
Sylhet (Balaganj) . . . . .	...	...	730	600	70	75	38 75	56 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—															
Goalpara . . . . .	...	...	680	600	90	80	41 87	56 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . . . .	...	...	710	615	83 75	90	40	57 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	750	600	85	70	35	52 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	650	...	100	110	42 5	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deltaic—</i>															
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	700	650	85	100	37 5	52 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Burdwan . . . . .	...	...	650	530	90	100	35	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	{ 750 to 800 }	{ 580 to 620 }	85	110	33 12	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Patna . . . . .	...	...	800	620	85	100	42 5	57 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	650	650	80	115	43 75	57 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—															
<i>Bihar, north—</i>															
Bhagalpur	130	50	500	500	63 75	70	40	53 5	110	80	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . . . .	...	...	838 12	538 12	50	50	29 12	50	200	266 56	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>															
Patna	100	36 25	550	510	50	57 5	30 78	30	20	25	...	...	5	5	...
<i>Orissa—</i>															
Cuttack	93 75	...	700	600 43	51 41	64 74	36 35	28 54	120 47	91 41	...	...	6 25	6 25	6 25
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRICULTURE—															
<i>Eastern—</i>															
Banarès	84 71	35 78	601 58	538 38	64 84	72 19	40 73	38 59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>															
Cawnpore	125	67 5	620	470	60	76 25	24 58	41 25	150	160	155	180	...	...	...
Jhansi . . . . .	...	...	576 41	473 91	...	76 25	33 12	44 37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western—</i>															
Meerut . . . . .	...	...	640	568 91	88 75	80	31 87	45 08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	114 27	72 71	643 65	586 56	73 49	90 99	31 77	40	93 33	120	120	120	15 41	10	18 33
<i>Submontane, west—</i>															
Baháulpur . . . . .	...	57 19	550	430	80	...	32 5	45	180	180	{ 180 and 200 }	{ 180 and 190 }	...	...	...
(b) OTHERS—															
<i>Southern—</i>															
Lucknow . . . . .	...	...	580	500	...	...	34 79	44 43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>															
Fyzabad . . . . .	...	...	512 81	460	50	...	30 25	40	...	...	...	...	5	2 5	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten mounds)

[illegible]

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RASI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	26 07	26 07	...	...	80	51 61	...	...	00 09	35 37	62 4	33 33	108 40	44 70	...
Delhi—															
Delhi . . . . .	...	...	72 5	62 5	60 37	44 37	72 5	52 5	48 12	30 62	...	80	100	81 87	...
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozepur	44 37	23 72	94 06	57 10	61 56	41 37	70	48 44	44 37	30 78	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Lahore	44 37	26 72	80	48 44	61 56	17 03	69 53	53 28	36 41	29 69	...	30 78	57 19	32 06	...
Submontane—															
Amritsar	47 5	27 5	82 5	52 5	50 03	43 28	66 87	52 5	...	30 78	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . . .	...	...	88 91	47 5	60 31	45 73	66 72	50	40	27 5	45 62	28 59	61 56	80 78	...
Western—															
Lyallpur . . . .	...	30	85	50 62	58 75	43 75	65	48 75	40	27 5	...	...	...	...	...
Multan	48 75	22 5	90	41 22	58 12	40 62	64 37	44 37	43 75	29 69	50	30 62	65	33 91	...
N.-W. Frontier Pro-															
vinces—															
Peshawar . . . .	...	...	100	53 33	50 78	47 54	57 64	48 49	31 2	25 31	...	...	...	28 96	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	60 94	53 66	43 03	59 22	46 46	42 19	31 35	52 66	25 62	52 66	24 01	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi . . . . .	...	...	118 75	51 25	67 5	57 5	...	...	56 25	...	...	25	80	31 25	...
Shikarpur . . . .	...	...	92 5	...	46 25	40 69	...	...	52 19	...	80	...	80	...	...
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	50 62	52 19	95	75 to 85	50 62	38 12	47 5	32 19	...	...	...
Bombay—															
Konkan—															
Bombay	50 63	31 8	75	50	105 81	65 62	...	...	50 78	33 5	110	43 75	121 72	44 43	...
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli) .	...	...	59 48	...	94 95	41 04	...	...	...	...	...	81 67	...	...	...
Sholapur . . . .	...	...	48 65	46 46	98 09	40 46	...	...	...	...	85 31	38 59	...	37 55	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	...	56 35	97 24	55 57	...	...	...	...	108 33	26 09	...	44 43	...
Khandesh and N.-E															
Deccan—															
Ahmednagar . .	...	...	78 96	56 3	62 76	48 28	...	...	...	...	...	28 38	102 4	...	...
Dhulia . . . .	...	...	86 77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90 93	...	...	...	...
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	55 65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad . . .	...	...	90	72 5	85	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	45	...
Central Provinces*—															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . . .	...	32	123 12	46 12	83 91	47 06	114 31	57 5	...	...	...	33 75	...	...	...
Central—															
Jabalpur . . . .	...	...	76 19	42 12	78 06	49 25	94 12	61 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur	53	30	59	35	75	35	80	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berar—															
Akola . . . . .	...	...	91 19	42 12	98 5	...	...	...	...	...	87 5	28 44	...	...	...
Amritoli . . . . .	...	...	86 87	44 44	94 12	47 5	...	...	...	...	75 56	33 75	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57 7	38 2	...	41 5	...
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64 3
Central—															
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65 9	33 9	...	...	...
Cuddapah	54 2	36 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37 6	47 7	31 6	...
Karnul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—															
Madras	47 8	34 5	105	50 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	34 7	77	54 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54 9
Southern—															
Madras . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52 5	36 8	54 9	44 6	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	38	28	88	64	132	60	164 58	65	...	...	60	32	...	...	40
Bangalore	52 5	23	128	60	128	54	...	87 76	...	...	...	28	...	...	48

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the price of cleaned rice

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued.

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (Til or Jinja)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gds)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer . . .	100	72 97	640	402 19	80	94 08	.	.	...	..	...	...	80	...	...
Delhi— Delhi . . .	130	62 5	730	630	100	65	30	44 00	80	80	200	205	30	12 5	...
Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur . . .	114 22	68 72	678 75	595 81	48 44	72 81	50	36 41	177 81	160	160	1180	...	...	...
Central— Lahore . . .	114 22	61 60	711 09	640	76 25	63 91	48 44	36 41	160	133 28	152 34	188 28	11 41	10	...
Submontane— Amritsar . . .	130	61 75	710	625	90	70	48 25	33 5	110	95	170	160	.	...	...
Northern— Rawalpindi . . .	...	...	609 53	540	88 91	44 37	40	30 73	.	...	..	...	...	...	...
Western— Lyallpur . . .	110	57 5	650	582 5	57 5	62 5	48 75	31 25	200	140	170	140	...	...	...
Multan . . .	122 5	57 5	690	500	61 56	60	44 37	33 12	110	132 5	195	210	12 5	8 44	...
N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar . . .	...	...	640	568 91	112 08	58 7	25 1	19 63	98 44	94 11	..	..	..	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan . . .	..	..	799 37	695 31	79 37	55 52	39 37	28 75	..	.	.	...	...	12 03	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi . . .	..	..	720	..	115	..	18 75	16 56	..	...	..	...	.	...	..
Shikarpur . . .	..	..	720	..	65	..	21 41	.	..	.	..	...	.	...	..
Quetta . . .	..	..	{ 700 to 770 }	{ 570 to 640 }	..	...	23 44	..	..	...	..	...	.	...	...
Bombay— Konkan— Bombay . . .	1 0	78 59	885 73	685 73	97 97	89 79	31 25	26 57	.	...	152 4	193 18	24 01	17 6	.
Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar (Hubli) . . .	...	A.	..	..	65 99	61 98	..	39 38	..	...	..	...	.	.	..
Sholapur . . .	...	...	530 52	67 45	68 8	51 5	35	32 24	315 78	228 07	47 4	..	..	.	..
Poona . . .	...	...	817 55	543 85	73 7	86 41	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.	..
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmednagar . . .	130 85	67 4	..	541 67	90	86 67	39 27	36 77	..	...	...	...	...	...	..
Dhule . . .	174 84	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	..
Gujarat— Surat . . .	...	...	903 12	591 47	..	..	27 5	16 56	..	.	..	..	...	.	..
Ahmedabad . . .	...	...	820	560	.	.	17 19	..	..	..	..	..	.	.	..
Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur . . .	...	80	900	590	..	..	50	38 75	135 31	108 11	171 44	..	11 75	9 37	..
Central— Jubbulpore . . .	...	66 69	630	510	..	..	28 31	40	180	123 06	160	200	13 31	..	..
Eastern— Raipur . . .	..	...	680	520	..	..	43	39	190	160	145	120	.	.	..
Berar— Akola . . .	123 06	74 25	888 12	609 5	..	..	44 06	42 87	133 31	133 81	..	...	11	..	..
Amratoti . . .	...	...	640	490	..	..	30	29	320	117 81	..	...	..	..	..
Madras— South, central— Colombatore . . .	119 6	82 8	7 1 7	487 8	70 4	57 9	24 9	27 1	..	..	144	222 2	..	..	7 7
Salem . . .	...	...	684 9	488	..	...	..	..	171 3	171 3	144	136 9	..	..	..
Central— Bellary . . .	110 8	73 1	1015 9	507 9	71 4	71 4	...	...	...	.	.	.	...	...	..
Cuddapah . . .	...	...	728 7	559 2	.	.	...	...	...	...	123 6	173	.	.	..
Karnul . . .	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	338 3	100	...	119 1	...	..	..
East Coast, central— Nellore . . .	...	...	.	500	...	...	..	..	...	.	...	...	...	..	6 5
East Coast, south— Madras . . .	108 7	...	790	543 1	92 6	59 3	18 9	15 9	345 6	141 6	123 4	141	...	..	..
Tanjore . . .	...	...	600	466 7	...	...	28 4	28 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Trichinopoly . . .	...	...	810 7	606 1	...	...	22	23 1	123 4	123 4	...	...	...	...	..
Southern— Madras . . .	128 8	66 7	878 4	675 7	..	...	.	..	217 7	141 1	...	...	...	...	15
Mysore— Mysore . . .	120	60	780	582 86	77 13	94 27	...	...	274 27	205 73	154 23	154 27	4 48	4 43	4 43
Bangalore . . .	120	72	1131 41	617 13	80	77 13	...	...	240	240	137 13	120	8 8	8 8	14 69

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 108 per 10 maunds

[The figures state prices in rupees per ten pounds]

STRAW	JAWAR STRALS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BEAN		COAL (BERGAL)		SHEEP, PER SCORE		FLOUGH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
...	...	...	...	...	55.16	...	...	...	110	...	{ 160 to 180 }	{ 80 to 90 }	3.75	3.25	Rajputana - Eastern - Ajmer
...	30	15.31	32.5	16.25	40	16.25	12.5	7.5	100	80	300	250	3.7	2.58	Delhi - Delhi
...	...	...	12.5	11.41	36.41	22.19	...	...	113	142.5	225	225	...	3.5	Punjab - Southern - Ferozepur
...	...	...	17.34	15.62	35.62	28.59	11.87	10	200	180	170	170	6	3.59	Central - Lahore
...	10	...	18.12	18.12	35.31	20	10	16.87	160	140	...	...	4.5	3.56	Submontane - Amritsar
...	...	...	28.59	20	...	...	13.75	22.5	120	100	140	120	4	3.75	Northern - Rawalpindi
...	...	...	13.75	10	40	20	15	12.5	140	130	270	180	5	3.53	Western - Lyallpur
...	...	...	12.5	8.91	38.75	22.5	...	...	125	105	...	...	5.12	3.5	Multan
...	...	...	9.9	7.5	32.33	23.18	13.49	13.88	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	5	3.87	N.W. Frontier Province - Peshawar
...	...	...	19.37	10	39.37	27.97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.94	Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.5	3.08	Sind and Baluchis- tan - Karachi
...	...	...	17.5	18.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.63	...	Shikarpur
...	...	...	11.25	14.37	39.37	27.5	15.42	12.86	{ 120 to 220 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	...	4.87	3.47	Quetta
...	...	...	...	...	38.85	19.63	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.31	3.06	Bombay - Kankan - Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	91.25	...	...	3.75	3.25	Deccan and Karnat- ak - Dharwar (Hubli)
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.64	2.41	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.87	3.11	Poona
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.75	2.39	Khandesh and N.E. Deccan - Ahmednagar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.31	Dhulia
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gujarat - Surat
...	...	...	...	...	37.5	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.5	Ahmedabad
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central Provin- ces - Western - Nagpur
7.5	16	21	...	...	...	...	10	8.87	{ 90 to 135 }	70	{ 120 to 175 }	120	3.06	2.25	Central - Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	...	40	28.56	...	...	60	60	70	70	3.06	2.37	Eastern - Raipur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.94	2.62	Berar - Akola
...	11.06	...	...	...	...	...	12.5	8.94	95	95	64	64	2.81	2.62	Aurangabad
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	70	70	70	3.62	...	Madras - South, Central - Coimbatore
7.7	10.4	6.1	...	...	102.9*	90.5*	...	...	100†	100†	60	60	5.75	3.19	Salem
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	Central - Bellary
...	12.5	10.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	100†	150	150	4.57	3.36	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.38	3.19	Karnul
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.75	East Coast, Central Nellore
5.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.38	2.11	East Coast, South - Madras
...	...	...	...	...	61.7	26.5	12.9	14.3	225†	208†	...	...	2.25	...	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	10.4	10.5	...	...	150†	150†	...	...	5.62	2.66	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	41.1	38.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.68	3.53	Southern - Madura
15	...	...	...	...	20.4	20.4	...	...	...	...	60	60	3.75	3.5	Mysore - Mysore
4.45	4.43	4.43	19.06	...	40	40	17.5	15.42	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	4.75	3.75	Bangalore
2.3	4.27	4.27	...	...	52.5	23.2	...	...	160	160	{ 160 to 200 }	{ 120 to 150 }	6	3.25	

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER, 1918

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUK (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR JUNBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoidesum</i>)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergul . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 2	10 2	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	3 8	3 8	..	..	8 1	8 1	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Bangoon . . . . .	...	...	...	...	7 7	8 2	7 13	8 9	...	...	...	...
Maubin	2 13	2 5	...	...	7 11	7 5	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . . . .	..	..	...	...	9 1	9 1	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Henzada	3 8	3 11	...	...	7 14	8 1	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Prome . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 4	7 4	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 5	9 2	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 15	6 5	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	4 9	4 12	...	...	7 10	7 10	9 1	9 1	16 5	16 5	...	...
Bhamo . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 12	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	8 9	8 9	...	...	...	...
Meiktila . . . . .	...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
Aralan—												
Sandoway	2 —	2 —	...	...	15 4	15 4	21 3	21 3	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpada	2 12	2 12	...	...	12 —	12 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab . . . . .	...	...	...	...	8 —	9 —	9 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Sylhet . . . . .	..	..	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	14 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar	1 —	4 12	...	...	7 —	7 7	11 6	10 12	...	...	...	...
Hill Tracts—												
Khasi and Jaintia Hills	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	3 —	3 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	5 —	5 —	...	...	27 —	24 —	30 —	26 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	10 8	10 12	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	7 —	7 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup (Gauhati)	6 4	5 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang . . . . .	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	5 8	5 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 10	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Tippura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 11	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...
Howrah . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	...	...	...	...
Calcutta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 13	...	...	...	...
Hooghly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishtnagarh) . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 10	...	...	...	...
Jessore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest next) day of each fortnight.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARWA OR BARI (<i>Blattaria</i> <i>corvina</i>)		KANGRI OR KAKRI, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Setaria</i> <i>italica</i>)		GRAM, CHHOLA, KADALAY OR BUNAGA (<i>Oler</i> <i>aristinum</i>)		MAHAR (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAN DAL (<i>Oryza</i> <i>Indica</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	Burma—
...	14 —	14 —	Tenasserim—
...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 10	5 10	9 5	9 5	Mergal
...	Tavoy
...	5 1	5 1	...	...	4 1	4 1	10 2	10 2	Moulmein and
...	6 12	6 12	...	...	4 2	4 10	9 7	9 7	Amherst
...	4 11	4 14	...	...	4 11	4 11	8 —	8 —	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Pegu
...	Rangoon
...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	6 11	6 11	...	...	7 13	7 13	8 —	8 —	Pegu (inland)—
...	6 4	6 4	...	...	4 2	4 11	8 —	8 —	Tharawadi
...	6 —	6 5	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 2	8 2	Hennada
...	5 12	7 —	...	...	...	...	7 2	8 2	Frome
...	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 —	7 —	Toangoo
...	Thayetunyo
...	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 7	7 7	Upper Burma—
...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Mandalay
...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Bhamo
...	12 13	12 13	32 1	32 1	12 7	12 7	9 6	9 6	Pakokku
...	Meiktila
...	2 10	2 10	11 6	11 6	Arakan—
...	3 4	3 4	12 —	12 —	Sandoway
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	9 4	Kyaukpya
...	Akyab
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	9 —	9 —	Assam—
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 12	5 4	9 —	9 —	Surma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	5 6	5 15	12 4	12 4	4 10	4 10	8 —	7 7	Hill Tracts—
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	Khasi and Jaintia
...	4 —	4 —	22 —	22 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	Hills
...	5 4	5 4	...	...	4 —	4 8	5 4	5 4	Garo Hills
...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 12	5 12	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	7 —	6 8	9 —	9 —	5 4	5 4	8 8	8 —	Brahmaputra—
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	Goalpara
...	6 8	6 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Kamrup (Gauhati)
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	5 4	8 —	8 —	Darrang
...	6 4	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Nowgong
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur
...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	Bengal—
...	5 8	6 —	9 —	9 —	Eastern—
...	5 —	5 —	10 —	8 —	Chittagong
...	5 4	5 4	8 —	8 —	Noakhali
...	4 10	4 10	8 8	8 12	Backerganj
...	5 4	...	8 8	8 —	Maimensingh
...	Tippera
...	Dacca
...	4 8	4 8	9 —	9 —	Deltic—
...	5 6	5 6	9 2	9 2	Khulna
...	4 8	4 8	10 —	9 6	24-Pargannas
...	5 14	5 14	10 —	10 —	Howrah
...	5 —	5 8	10 —	10 —	Calcutta
...	4 5	5 5	10 10	10 10	Hooghly
...	4 8	4 8	10 —	10 —	Nadia (Kriahnagarh)
...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Jessore
...	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	Faridpur

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (Triticum sativum)		BARLEY (Hordeum vulgare)		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CHURU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Bengal—continued												
<i>Western—</i>												
Bankura . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Burdwan . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Pabna . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 10	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 14	7 2	...	...	...	...
Malda . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 6	8 6	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Hills—</i>												
Darjeeling* . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
<i>Bihar, north—</i>												
Purnea . . .	7 8	6 —	...	...	...	...	8 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur . . .	6 —	6 4	10 4	11 4	...	...	...	6 4	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga . . .	7 2	6 —	12 1	10 7	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . .	5 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Saran* . . .	...	6 0 6 8	...	10 —	...	...	...	6 —	...	...	...	...
Champaran . . .	5 12	6 12	11 —	10 8	...	...	5 12	5 8	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south—</i>												
Santal Parganas . . .	5 4	5 4	7 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Monghyr . . .	6 5	6 5	9 8	11 9	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
Gaya . . .	6 —	6 —	9 8	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	...	...
Patna . . .	7 —	7 8	12 —	11 8	...	...	7 —	...	...	...	...	...
Shahabad . . .	7 —	6 —	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>												
Chota Nagpur—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singbhum . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Manbhum . . .	5 8	5 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Ranchi . . .	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	8 —	...	...
Palaman . . .	6 7	6 8	10 2	9 —	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
Hasaribagh . . .	5 —	5 8	...	...	...	...	5 12	5 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Orissa—</i>												
Puri . . .	4 10	4 9	...	...	...	...	7 14	8 3	...	...	...	...
Cuttack . . .	4 14	4 14	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Balasore . . .	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...	8 4	8 —	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
<i>(a) Agra—</i>												
<i>Western—</i>												
Mirzapur . . .	5 8	5 18	8 —	7 6	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 —	9 —	...	7 8	7 —
Benares . . .	5 14	6 14	8 6	8 6	4 12	5 2	5 11	5 11	...	...	7 5	...
Ghazipur . . .	5 12	5 12	8 14	8 14	4 11	4 11	6 6	6 6	...	...	7 14	...
Jamnpur . . .	6 —	6 8	8 8	8 8	3 12	3 12	5 2	5 10	...	...	...	...
Allahabad . . .	5 8	6 —	7 12	8 —	4 8	4 8	5 12	5 8	7 4	...	7 —	7 —
<i>Central—</i>												
Banda . . .	5 14	6 4	7 2	7 4	3 8	3 12	5 —	4 12	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur . . .	6 2	6 4	7 4	6 12	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 4	...	...	6 4	...
Hamirpur . . .	5 12	6 9	5 10	6 9	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 4	6 12	7 4	6 —	...
Jalaun . . .	6 —	5 8	7 8	7 8	3 —	3 —	8 12	4 —	...	...	6 —	...
Cawnpore . . .	5 8	5 14	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 4	7 4	5 —	5 14
Jhansi . . .	5 7	5 7	...	7 11	3 8	3 8	5 2	3 2	...	...	...	...
Etawah . . .	6 —	5 6	6 14	6 12	3 3	3 4	4 10	4 11	7 5	5 3	5 15	6 —
Farrukhabad . . .	5 9	5 12	7 6	7 12	3 8	3 10	5 8	4 8	...	...	5 13	6 8
Mainpuri . . .	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 —	3 —	3 —	4 12	4 —	...	...	6 4	...
Etah . . .	5 12	6 4	7 12	8 4	2 8	2 8	5 4	5 8	...	...	6 —	7 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Meerut . . .	5 12	6 —	8 —	7 12	3 —	3 —	5 8	5 12	...	...	...	...
Agra . . .	5 7	5 10	7 12	7 13	3 13	3 10	...	5 5	5 4	...	...	...
Mathra . . .	5 6	5 12	8 4	8 8	3 —	2 12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aligarh . . .	6 —	6 4	8 —	8 4	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 8	7 12	7 4	6 8	6 —
Bulandshahr . . .	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	5 —	5 —
<i>Submontane, east—</i>												
Balla . . .	7 13	7 12	11 11	11 11	4 8	5 3	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Amroha . . .	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 8	4 8	5 —	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur . . .	6 10	6 12	10 —	10 —	4 12	5 8	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Basti . . .	7 —	6 4	10 8	9 8	4 12	4 12	7 —	5 12	...	...	...	...

*Figures have not so far been reported.

[The figures state the number of skins (of 10 to 12) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

[illegible]

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER, 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (Triticum Sativum)		BARLEY (Hordeum vulgare)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUH (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GUMRU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
<i>Sulmoniana, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur . . .	5 12	6 2	8 —	8 2	3 —	2 8	5 8	5 8	...	...	7 8	...
Budaun . . .	5 10	5 11	7 2	8 1	4 —	3 —	5 —	4 8	6 10	7 —	6 2	6 —
Pilibit . . .	5 8	0 —	7 12	7 12	3 14	3 12	5 12	6 4	...	...	...	...
Bareilly . . .	5 8	5 15	7 7	7 9	3 2	3 8	5 4	5 4	...	...	7 —	...
Moradabad . . .	5 12	5 12	7 12	7 12	3 12	3 12	5 10	5 10	...	...	...	...
Bijnor . . .	5 4	5 6	7 14	8 —	2 12	2 12	4 8	4 4	...	...	6 —	6 —
Musafarnagar . . .	6 —	6 5	9 12	8 12	4 6	4 6	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	...	...
Saharanpur . . .	5 10	6 2	8 —	8 —	2 11	3 3	4 —	4 9	...	...	...	...
Dohra Dun . . .	5 8	5 12	8 —	8 12	2 10	2 10	5 12	5 10	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 4
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal . . .	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	2 12	2 12	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Almora . . .	4 6	4 8	6 —	6 4	2 8	2 8	4 4	4 8	...	...	...	...
Garhwāl . . .	...	4 4	...	6 4	...	2 8	...	3 12	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh . . .	6 —	6 12	8 —	8 —	4 —	5 —	4 12	6 —	8 —	8 —	6 8	7 12
Sultanpur . . .	6 8	6 8	8 12	9 —	...	...	5 8	6 4	...	...	...	...
Rae Bareilly . . .	0 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	3 —	4 —	4 8	5 2	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 —
Unao . . .	5 10	6 2	7 8	7 8	3 12	3 8	5 12	4 —	...	...	7 —	...
Lucknow . . .	5 12	6 —	8 4	8 12	3 —	3 —	5 4	5 8	7 8	...	6 —	6 —
Hardoi . . .	0 —	6 4	7 12	8 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	7 8	...
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad . . .	6 2	6 4	8 8	8 4	...	...	6 2	6 4	8 8	...	6 4	6 4
Barabanki . . .	6 8	6 13	8 6	8 15	4 —	4 2	6 8	6 12	9 4	9 —	7 —	7 —
Gonda . . .	6 2	6 2	7 12	7 8	4 —	4 —	6 8	5 4	8 8	...	9 6	8 —
Bahraich . . .	5 12	6 8	9 —	9 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	10 4	...	7 —	...
Sitapur . . .	6 —	6 8	8 8	8 8	2 8	2 8	6 —	6 —	8 —	...	7 8	8 —
Kheri . . .	7 —	7 —	11 —	11 —	2 8	2 8	7 —	7 —	9 —	...	8 —	...
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mewar (Udaipur) . . .	6 —	6 6	7 7	8 2	3 4	3 —	5 4	5 5	8 7	8 10	5 4	5 10
Ajmer . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 4	4 4	5 8	5 8	...	...	3 9	...
Kishangarh . . .	5 —	5 —	8 —	7 4	2 8	2 8	4 —	4 —	7 4	7 —	4 4	4 8
Tonk . . .	4 14	5 —	7 11	7 5	4 8	4 3	5 4	5 4	6 4	7 —	...	...
Jaipur . . .	...	4 12	...	6 7	...	4 4	...	4 8	...	5 12	...	4 12
Karauli . . .	5 5	5 5	6 6	6 4	3 12	3 12	4 6	4 6	...	6 4	5 10	6 4
Dholpur . . .	6 4	...	7 12	...	3 12	...	4 —	...	5 4	...	6 4	...
Bharatpur . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alwar . . .	7 11	6 8	9 12	7 15	4 —	4 —	4 9	4 9	7 —	8 9	7 —	7 —
Nasirabad . . .	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	4 —	4 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner . . .	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	2 8	2 12	3 6	4 4	...	...	3 —	4 —
Jaisalmer . . .	4 —	8 4	...	...	2 8	2 8	2 12	2 12	...	...	3 12	3 4
Jodhpur . . .	5 —	{ 5 — and 5 5 }	0 —	6 5	3 12	3 12	...	4 6	...	...	5 —	5 6
Central India—												
Indore . . .	6 4	6 4	0 —	6 8	5 —	6 —	6 —	6 4	...	...	...	...
Neemuch . . .	5 12	5 4	...	...	4 8	4 —	5 8	5 —	...	...	...	...
Gwalior . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Delhi—												
Delhi . . .	5 8	5 12	8 —	7 12	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 12	...	...	3 12	...
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar . . .	5 12	5 12	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	6 —
Ferozepur . . .	6 4	6 4	8 8	8 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore . . .	6 4	6 4	10 12	10 12	...	...	4 10	4 8	...	...	6 8	6 8
Gujranwala . . .	6 4	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	4 12	4 —	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . .	6 4	6 8	7 8	7 —	...	...	4 12	4 8	...	...	...	...
Jhelum . . .	6 4	6 8	...	8 —	...	...	4 4	4 8	...	...	...	...

* Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARWA OR RAGI (Eleusine coracana)		KANKUNI OR KAKUNI ITALIAN MILLET (Setaria italica)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR KUNAGA (Cicer arietinum)		MAJAN (Zea Mays)		ANBAR DAL (Cajanus Indicus)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
Submontane, west—												
...	5 —	7 —	7 —	9 —	10 —	5 2	5 2	12 —	12 —	Shahjahanpur
...	8 6	8 13	8 2	8 12	5 4	5 4	11 —	11 —	Budaun
...	7 —	7 —	7 8	...	5 6	5 4	12 —	12 —	Filibit
7 12	8 —	...	...	7 7	7 6	9 —	9 —	5 4	5 9	11 4	15 —	Bareilly
...	7 10	7 10	8 4	8 4	6 2	6 2	11 2	11 2	Moradabad
...	6 8	6 12	4 3	4 3	4 8	4 8	13 —	13 —	Bijnor
...	7 2	7 6	7 10	8 12	5 8	5 8	16 —	16 —	Muzaffarnagar
...	6 15	7 7	...	...	5 1	5 5	16 —	16 —	Saharanpur
7 8	7 8	...	...	7 4	7 8	5 —	7 12	5 8	5 8	8 —	7 8	Dehra Dun
Hills—												
...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	4 —	4 —	10 —	10 —	Naini Tal
6 —	6 4	...	...	5 4	5 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	7 —	7 8	Almora
...	6 —	...	...	...	5 4	...	...	...	4 —	...	6 —	Garhwál
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
9 —	10 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	8 —	8 —	8 —	5 8	6 —	11 —	11 —	Partabgarh
...	8 8	9 —	...	9 —	5 4	5 8	16 —	9 —	Sultanpur
9 —	9 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	8 —	8 —	8 —	5 —	5 4	14 —	15 —	Rae Bareilly
...	...	4 —	...	7 2	7 2	8 8	8 —	5 12	6 —	12 8	12 8	Unao
...	7 4	7 8	8 12	9 8	6 4	...	11 —	11 8	Lucknow
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	4 12	4 12	16 —	15 —	Hardoi
Northern—												
...	...	5 8	5 —	7 8	8 4	8 8	9 14	6 —	6 —	...	...	Fyzabad
...	7 —	8 —	8 4	9 5	9 —	5 11	5 9	13 12	13 12	Barabanki
...	...	5 —	6 —	8 —	7 12	11 12	11 4	6 —	5 12	14 10	14 10	Gonda
...	...	8 —	8 —	7 8	8 —	0 4	11 4	6 —	6 6	15 —	15 —	Bahraich
11 —	11 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	9 8	9 8	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 —	Sitapur
...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	6 8	7 —	12 —	10 —	Kheri
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
...	...	5 4	5 5	6 —	6 6	7 7	8 10	5 —	4 10	11 7	10 15	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	...	3 8	3 8	...	...	5 13	6 12	...	...	18 —	18 —	Ajmer
...	7 12	7 8	6 8	7 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Kishangarh
...	7 11	7 9	...	...	...	...	13 10	13 10	Tonk
...	6 15	...	{ 6 — and 6 11 }	...	7 7	...	8 8	...	20 14	Jaipur
...	6 6	6 4	...	6 4	...	...	12 8	11 14	Karauli
...	...	6 8	...	8 —	...	...	...	6 —	...	17 —	...	Dholpur
...	Bharatpur
...	...	9 8	9 8	10 10	8 8	9 1	8 6	9 10	9 10	18 —	12 —	Alwar
...	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	18 —	18 —	Nasirabad
Western—												
...	7 —	6 12	...	...	4 —	3 12	16 —	16 —	Bikaner
...	3 8	3 8	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jaisalmer
...	0 —	0 4	5 12	5 13	4 11	4 11	20 —	20 —	Jodhpur
Central India—												
...	6 12	6 12	9 12	9 —	6 —	6 —	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	6 4	6 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	18 —	18 —	Nagmuh
...	Gwalior
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	12 —	12 —	Delhi—
...	Delhi
Punjab—												
Southern—												
...	8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Hissar
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	Ferozepur
Central—												
...	...	8 —	9 —	8 4	8 4	8 —	9 —	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	Lahore
...	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Gujranwala
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	Gujrat
...	8 4	8 4	...	...	5 —	5 8	8 —	8 —	Jhelam

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1918—continued—

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OHMBU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Punjab—continued												
<i>South-eastern—</i>												
Gurgaon	5 8	5 12	7 —	7 —	..	..	4 8	5 —	5 —	5 —	4 —	4 —
Rohtak	5 12	6 —	7 12	8 —	..	..	5 8	6 —	7 —	8 —	5 —	8 —
Karnal	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 4	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	..	..
<i>Submontane—</i>												
Ambala	6 —	6 1	7 12	7 12	..	..	4 4	4 14	..	..	5 —	5 —
Indiana	5 12	6 4	8 —	8 —	..	..	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	..	..
Jullundur	6 4	6 8	8 —	8 —	..	..	4 4	5 8	5 —	5 —	..	..
Hoshiarpur	5 14	6 5	8 —	8 —	..	..	4 8	5 —	..	..	..	..
Gurdaspur	5 12	6 4	8 —	9 —	..	..	5 —	5 4	7 —	..	..	..
Amritsar	6 5	6 8	8 12	9 —	..	..	4 12	5 —	..	9 —	..	..
Sialkot	6	6 1	8 9	8 —	..	..	4 8	4 8	..	..	..	..
<i>Hills—</i>												
Simla	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	..	..	4 4	4 4	4 12	4 12	4 4	3 12
Kangra	5 12	5 12	8 8	8 8	..	..	5 8	5 8	..	..	..	..
<i>Northern—</i>												
Bawalpindi	6 6	6 6	9 12	9 12	..	..	4 4	4 4	8 8	8 8	6 4	6 4
Attock	6 8	6 8	10 2	11 —	..	..	4 8	4 8	..	..	7 —	7 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Shahpur	6 13	6 14	8 14	9 —	..	..	4 8	5 —	..	13 —	..	..
Jhang	7 —	6 14	10 —	10 —	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	..	..
Lyalpur	6 8	6 10	9 8	9 12	..	..	4 4	4 —	..	..	..	..
Multan	6 12	7 —	9 —	8 12	..	..	..	5 —	7 12	8 4	5 12	..
Montgomery	7 2	7 —	10 —	9 8	..	..	1 8	4 —	..	..	..	..
Muzaffargarh	6 14	6 14	8 —	8 8	..	..	4 8	4 8	8 8	10 —	8 —	..
Dera Ghazi Khan	7 8	7 6	9 11	10 —	..	..	4 8	5 —	7 —	7 —	6 4	6 4
N.-W. F. Province—												
Harara	5 14	5 11	9 4	9 4	2 14	3 14	4 12	4 14	..	..	5 14	6 2
Peshawar	7 13	7 12	12 11	12 11	3 5	3 10	3 15	3 15	..	..	..	..
Kohat	6 14	6 11	9 15	9 13	..	..	2 4	4 8	..	..	7 8	7 8
Bannu	8 6	8 5	10 15	10 4	3 2	..	5 —	..	..	..	8 12	8 12
Dera Ismail Khan	7 8	7 8	9 6	9 4	2 8	2 10	..	..	7 8	..	7 8	7 —
Toohi	5 8	6 4	9 8	9 —	..	..	4 —	4 8	..	..	..	..
Kurram	7 4	7 4	11 —	11 —	5 12	6 —	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malakand	8 4	8 —	11 —	12 —	4 —	8 —	..	4 8	..	..	..	..
Wano	6 3	6 1	10 —	10 —	2 5	2 4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Kardohi	5 12	6 —	..	..	1 8	4 —	..	..	..	..	..	5 —
Hyderabad	4 8	4 4	..	..	3 8	3 4	4 —	3 8	5 —	5 —	4 4	4 —
Thar and Parkar (Mirpur Khair)	4 12	4 12	..	..	2 12	3 —	3 4	3 8	..	..	3 12	4 —
Shikarpur	..	..	..	..	4 —	3 8	..	4 —	5 —	..	5 —	5 8
Upper Sind Frontier	5 4	5 8	..	..	3 —	3 8	3 8	3 8	4 12	5 12	4 12	5 —
Quetta	..	..	7 8	7 4	12	3 —	5 —	5 4	8 —	8 7	5 —	5 7 1/2
Bombay—												
<i>Konkan—</i>												
Karwar	3 6	3 6	..	..	4 1	4 1	4 6	4 6	..	..	..	..
Ratnagiri	3 7	3 7	..	..	3 14	3 14	4 10	4 10	..	..	..	..
Alibag	3 4	3 4	..	..	3 4	3 4	3 11	3 11	..	..	..	..
Bombay	3 0	3 11	..	..	3 —	3 —	4 7	4 7	3 1	3 3	2 9	2 14
Thana	4 7	4 7	..	..	4 1	4 3	4 10	4 10	..	..	4 7	4 7
<i>Deccan and Karnatik—</i>												
Dharwar	4 8	4 12	..	..	3 7	3 7	..	4 6	4 1	4 9	..	..
Belgaum†	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 4	3 8	..	..	..	5 4
Satara	4 3	3 13	..	..	3 5	3 6	3 9	3 9	4 3	3 2	4 3	3 2
Sholapur	4 1	4 1	..	..	3 3	3 11	4 4	4 14	4 7	4 —	..	..
Bijapur	4 3	4 3	..	..	3 13	4 8	4 6	4 14	3 11	4 3	..	..
Poona†	..	3 14	..	..	..	3 —	..	3 10	..	..	..	3 5
<i>Khandesh and N.-E.</i>												
<i>Deccan—</i>												
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 5	..	..	4 9	4 15	4 15	5 5	3 15	3 15	3 8	3 18
Nasik	4 1	4 1	..	..	3 11	3 11	4 1	4 1	..	..	3 5	3 5
Dhulia	7 8	3 15	..	..	4 3	4 11	4 9	5 —	3 8	3 8	3 9	3 9
Jalgaon	4 6	4 6	..	..	4 12	4 12	5 10	5 10	4 8	4 8	3 8	3 8
<i>Gujarat—</i>												
Surat	3 11	3 11	..	..	3 4	3 4	4 10	4 10	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4
Broach	4 8	4 8	..	..	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	4 —	4 —
Kaira	3 12	3 12	..	..	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 4	3 —
Baroda	4 4	4 4	..	..	4 2	4 —	4 10	4 8	..	..	3 4	4 —
Ahmedabad	4 —	4 8	..	..	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 8
Godhra	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	4 8	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 —
Dasa	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	..	..	4 4	4 6
<i>Kathiawar—</i>												
Rajkot	4 4	4 2	..	..	2 10	2 10	4 —	3 8	..	..	2 4	2 12
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	4 13	4 4	..	..	3 6	3 6	5 1	5 1	4 18	..	..	..
Hoshangabad	5 3	5 2	..	..	2 8	2 8	5 11	6 4	8 12	..	..	..
Betul	4 10	4 5	..	..	2 12	2 12	6 —	5 13	5 11	..	..	..
Chhindwara	4 6	4 12	..	..	3 2	3 2	3 12	3 12	6 —	..	..	..
Nagpur	3 14	4 14	..	..	2 10	2 10	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wardha	3 12	3 12	..	..	2 11	2 9	4 8	5 2	..	4 12	..	..

* Relates to Khandwa wheat

† Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

RASI OR HARVA (<i>Hleusius cornutus</i>)		KAFANI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Scleria</i> <i>italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHEOLA, KADALAY, OR SUNAGA (<i>Oler</i> <i>aristinum</i>)		MAHES (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DAL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	
...	7 8	7 8	...	7 —	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Punjab—continued
...	7 12	8 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	South-eastern—
...	7 8	7 4	...	...	...	5 12	...	11 —	Gurgaon
...	Rohat
...	Karnal
...	...	7 12	...	7 12	7 4	...	...	6 1	6 1	9 4	9 12	Submontane—
...	...	4 —	...	7 8	8 —	7 8	7 8	6 —	5 8	8 —	8 8	Ambala
...	...	8 —	4 —	7 12	8 —	6 8	7 —	...	...	8 —	8 12	Ludhiana
...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Jullundur
...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	Hoshiarpur
...	...	9 —	9 —	8 4	8 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	8 8	9 4	Gurdaspur
...	8 —	7 12	6 8	...	...	...	9 8	8 —	Amritsar
...	6 4	6 4	6 12	6 8	3 12	4 4	6 —	7 —	Shikot
...	6 12	6 12	...	...	4 8	4 8	11 —	11 —	Hills—
...	8 4	8 —	9 8	9 8	5 4	5 4	9 12	8 12	Simla
...	9 —	8 12	9 8	9 8	5 —	5 —	21 —	21 —	Kangra
...	8 14	9 —	7 —	...	6 12	6 —	8 8	8 8	Northern—
14 —	14 —	11 —	11 —	8 8	8 14	8 —	8 —	5 8	5 8	7 12	8 —	Rawalpindi
...	...	9 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	8 12	9 —	Attock
...	8 12	9 10	8 4	8 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	Western—
...	9 10	8 14	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Shahpur
...	8 2	8 6	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Jhang
...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...	7 12	8 —	Lyallpur
...	Multan
...	Montgomery
...	Muzaffargarh
...	7 12	8 —	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	...	7 —	7 —	7 6	7 6	8 8	7 12	...	...	8 4	8 4	N. W. F. Province—
...	...	10 7	11 11	9 2	9 2	11 11	11 7	8 8	8 8	15 1	16 15	Hazra
...	8 15	8 12	8 —	8 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	Peshawar
...	11 —	10 —	13 —	13 3	...	...	17 8	18 2	Kohat
...	9 8	9 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	Bannu
...	9 8	8 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	Dera Ismail Khan
...	6 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	Tochi
...	7 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	11 —	10 —	Kurram
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	Malakand
...	Wano
...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	21 8	...	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 —	5 8	16 —	16 —	Karachi
...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Hyderabad
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	4 8	5 —	16 —	16 —	Thar and Parkar
...	7 8	8 —	...	...	4 8	5 —	16 —	16 —	(Mirpur Khau)
...	6 12	6 12	8 —	8 7	4 11	4 11	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
...	5 5	5 5	...	...	Upper Sind Frontier
...	Quetta
6 4	6 4	...	...	5 5	5 5	...	...	4 13	4 13	10 —	10 —	Bombay—
6 12	6 1	...	...	5 15	5 15	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 2	8 2	Konkan—
4 3	4 8	...	...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 6	5 6	7 3	7 3	Karwar
...	4 8	4 13	...	...	4 14	4 14	9 7	8 6	Rahmagiri
...	6 5	6 5	...	...	5 5	5 5	7 14	7 14	Alibag
5 3	6 10	...	...	5 3	5 3	...	...	3 14	3 14	9 3	7 6	Bombay
...	6 —	...	...	...	6 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	Thana
...	6 7	6 7	...	...	4 3	4 3	8 6	7 13	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	6 10	7 1	...	...	5 4	5 4	6 12	6 12	Dharwar
...	5 12	5 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Bolgaum
...	5 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	Satara
...	5 10	6 5	...	...	4 13	4 13	8 11	8 —	Sholapur
4 10	4 10	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	4 11	4 11	8 10	8 10	Bijapur
...	6 1	5 10	...	...	4 —	5 14	6 13	6 7	Poona
...	6 3	6 3	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Khatlesh and N.-E.
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	1 10	4 10	9 4	9 4	Deccan—
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Ahmednagar
5 —	5 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 —	5 8	20 —	20 —	Nasik
...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 —	5 8	17 12	17 12	Dhulia
...	5 8	5 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	20 —	20 —	Jalgaon
6 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	5 4	...	...	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Gujarat—
...	4 8	4 8	...	...	...	3 13	18 —	18 —	Surat
...	4 —	4 —	40 —	40 —	Broach
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Ahmedabad
...	Godhra
...	Disa
...	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	5 5	5 5	8 12	7 14	Central Provinces—
...	6 8	6 5	...	...	4 9	5 11	16 —	16 —	Western—
...	5 15	5 15	...	...	3 3	4 11	13 —	13 —	Nimar
...	5 6	5 9	...	...	3 6	4 4	13 —	13 —	Hoshangabad
...	4 12	4 12	...	...	4 2	4 12	8 7	8 7	Betul
...	Chhindwara
...	Nagpur
...	Wardha

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF NOVEMBER 1918. *continued*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CHULU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>tymphoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Central Provinces—												
<i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	5 10	4 8			3 —	3 —	4 12	4 12	8 1	..	..	..
Saugor	5 8	5 8			2 12	—	4 4	5 8	7 —	..	..	..
Damoh	5 3	5 —			1 —	4 —	4 11	4 11	..	..	..	..
Jubbulpore	4 10	5 8			1 —	3 8	5 —	5 8	..	..	..	..
Manila	5 8	5 1			2 8	3 —	5 —	5 3	..	..	..	..
Seoni	4 12	5 4			3 13	4 —	5 8	6 —	..	..	..	..
Balaghat	4 1	4 18			4 5	4 5	5 10	5 10	..	..	..	..
Bhandara	4 13	5 4	..				4 14	4 14	4 9	..	..	..
Chanda	3 15	1 7	..		3 15	1 15	4 8	4 8	4 10	..	..	..
Eastern—												
Bilaspur	6 —	6 —			5 12	5 12	6 8	6 8	..	..	..	..
Raipur	5 —	—			5 —	5 —	6 4	7 —	..	..	..	..
Drug	6 1	5 8			6 —	5 —	6 8	6 —	..	..	..	..
Berar —												
Baldana	4 —	3 14			3 14	3 14	5 9	5 9	4 —	4 6	..	..
Akola	3 5	3 9	..	..	2 10	3 3	5 7	4 10	4 —	3 8	..	..
Amratoli	3 7	3 12			2 4	2 4	4 —	4 10	3 3	4 —	..	..
Yectmal	3 3	3	..	..	3 11	2 13	3 6	3 6	..	..	..	..
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad	3 11	4 1			3 2	3 3	4 —	4 6	4 11	4 11		5 15
Madras —												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar							4 9	5 10				
S. Canara	..	..					6 14	6 14	..	..		..
South, central—												
Coimbatore							4 15	5 12	..	..
Nilgiris							4 15	5 9	..	..
Salcm							3 11	3 11	6 4	6 4	6 3	6 8
Central—												
Bellary	..						4 2	4 15	5 12	5 12	..	..
Anantapur							6 1	6 10	8 5	8 13	..	..
Cuddapah							4 15	4 15	8 10	7 14	..	..
Karnul							3 11	..	6 4	7 3	..	..
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam			..	..			5 1	5 1	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..	..	..			5 7	6 4	..	..	8 —	9 6
Godavari			..	..			6 1	6 1	..	..	12 —	12 —
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	..	..		..	..	..	6 5	7 4	4 10	5 7	..	..
Guntur	..	..		..	..	..	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —
Nellore				..	..	..	6 10	6 10	7 13	7 13	..	..
East Coast, south—												
Madras				..			3 12	5 2			..	..
Chingleput				..			4 7	5 8			..	..
N. Arcot				..			..	6 3			..	..
S. Arcot				..			5 6	4 15		..	8 4	8 4
Tanjore				..				5 15	..	..	7 9	7 9
Trichinopoly	..			..		..	5 6	6 10	7 1	8 4	6 14	6 14
Southern—												
Tinnevely	..			..	..	..	4 12	5 12	..	..	7 2	7 3
Madura				..	..	..	4 9	4 15	7 7	7 14	7 3	7 9
Mysore—												
Mysore	3 —	3 8	2 12	3 2	1 —	4 8	4 8	5 4	6 8	9 —		..
Bangalore	3 —	3 —		..	3 —	3 4		..	..	..		..
Coorg—												
Coorg	3 —	3 —		..	5 —	5 4	6 —	6 4	..	..	..	..
Aden*												
		4 5				4 —		4 4	..	5 —	..	3 6

* Figures have not so far been reported

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA
FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE FIRST HALF OF
NOVEMBER, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

December 11, 1918

}

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending					
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 9	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3	4 12 3
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	...	5 0 3
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	5 1 0
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 3	3 11 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	3 11 6	4 7 0
	Ferozepur	3 5 3	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Lyallpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0	4 8 0
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	4 7 0
	Ambala	3 10 3	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6	4 12 0
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 6 0	4 3 0	4 12 6
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5	4 10 6
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5	4 9 3
	Cawnpore	4 3 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 14 0
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	6 2 6	3 13 0	4 7 0
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0	4 10 0
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1	5 2 6
	Fyzabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0	4 13 0
	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 13 6
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0	4 12 10
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 3	4 13 7
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 5	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10	4 11 2
	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7	3 15 7
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 3 10	4 3 10	3 8 10	4 6 2
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 0	5 5 2	4 7 3	4 3 3
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	5 11 7	5 6 2	5 1 4	5 8 11
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 13 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1	4 15 6
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 0 0	4 13 0	5 6 4
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 10 6	3 11 9	3 12 1
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 13 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0	5 0 0
	Bhagalpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0	5 9 7
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0	5 0 0
	Ranchi	4 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 12 0
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 11 3	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3	5 1 3
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7
	(Median Average)	4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 8	5 0 0	4 6 2	4 13 10
	Index Numbers (a).	100	104	125	121	106	116

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 80% red.

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from fortnightly returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight. The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs

FORTNIGHT ENDING										
31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th Septem- ber 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	29th February 1917.	15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 9 3	3 15 3	3 10 2	4 4 3	4 14 9	5 1 3	5 1 3	4 12 9	4 13 6	4 13 3	4 12 3
5 0 5	4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 12 7	4 8 9	4 10 7	4 9 10	4 10 9	4 9 10
5 2 0	3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 12 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 14 6	4 9 0
4 7 0	3 9 0	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 5 3	4 7 0	4 9 3	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 3 3	4 3 3
4 5 3	3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 1 9	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 1 9
4 3 0	3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 4 6	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 6	4 0 0
4 5 0	3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	4 6 0	4 3 6	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 1 0	3 13 6
4 3 6	3 7 0	3 3 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 5 3	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 7	4 1 6	4 1 6
4 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0
4 9 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 6 0	3 14 0
4 12 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 10 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 9
4 14 3	4 2 10	3 14 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 5 10	4 5 0
4 15 8	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 8 11	4 8 11	4 5 2	4 5 4	4 5 5	4 5 4	4 3 8
5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 9 0	3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 5 0
4 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 9
5 5 4	4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 6	5 3 4	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6
5 2 8	3 10 3	3 13 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 5 6	4 7 0	4 6 0	4 1 9	4 1 7
5 0 0	3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 3	4 9 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 7 1	4 0 0
4 9 7	3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 6	4 1 11	3 13 2
4 14 10	3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 9 1	4 7 1	4 4 4	4 3 5	4 8 5	4 5 2
4 6 5	3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 10	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 10
4 12 2	3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 4 8	3 4 8
4 7 7	3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 4 9	4 5 8	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 9 3	4 9 8	4 8 7
4 10 6	4 9 4	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0
5 6 3	4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	...	4 11 7	4 10 5	...	4 11 7	4 13 9	4 11 7
3 10 9	3 11 8	3 11 2	3 9 10	3 8 1	3 8 11	3 4 5	4 1 1	3 13 6	3 13 0	3 9 11
5 5 4	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 12 8	3 0 10	3 0 1	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 4 10	3 2 4	3 8 2	4 0 2	3 5 11	3 3 10
5 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	4 6 0
6 8 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 3 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 6 0
5 5 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
6 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
5 9 0	4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	5 1 5	5 1 5	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 5 8
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
5 7 6	4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 8 7	3 5 7	3 8 9	3 10 10	3 14 1
4 14 3	3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 7 1	4 6 2	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 5 0
118	95	90	95	107	110	107	106	106	106	104

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending							
		15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Port	Karachi (white)*	4 13 3	4 13 3	4 5 3	4 7 3	4 7 3	4 7 3	4 7 9	
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Peasay).	4 10 11	4 9 10	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 13 11	4 15 4	4 14 7	
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 11 0	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 8 6	4 8 6	
Panjab	Lahore	4 3 3	4 3 3	3 18 0	3 14 8	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Ferozepur	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 10 3	3 11 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	
	Lyallpur	4 1 0	4 2 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 14 0	
	Amritsar	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 11 6	3 12 0	3 14 0	
	Multan	4 1 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	
	Rawalpindi	4 9 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 8 5	4 4 0	4 1 8	
	Ambala	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 11 0	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 0	
Delhi	Delhi	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 15 3	4 0 9	4 0 0	4 0 0	
United Provinces	Benares	4 3 1	4 3 1	4 1 2	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 3 5	4 3 5	
	Aligarh (Hathras).	3 14 6	3 13 0	3 11 5	3 14 4	3 14 5	3 14 0	3 14 6	
	Cawnpore	3 14 0	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 3 0	
	Meerut	4 1 6	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	3 12 9	3 13 9	
	Shahjahanpur	3 12 0	3 8 3	3 9 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 8	3 11 6	
	Agra	4 9 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	
	Fyzabad	4 0 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 1 6	...	...
Lucknow	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 0	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4		
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 0 4	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	
	Jubbulpore	4 1 8	3 14 5	3 10 2	3 11 6	3 15 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Raipur	3 12 10	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	
	Akola	3 7 6	3 10 11	3 3 7	3 11 11	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	4 10 2	4 2 1	4 2 10	4 2 11	4 2 1	4 0 4	4 0 4	
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	
Bombay	Poona	..	4 10 5	4 9 4	4 14 11	4 13 9	5 3 4	5 4 5	
	Ahmednagar	3 15 5	3 13 7	3 12 8	4 0 5	4 2 2	4 4 1	4 7 9	
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	
	Dharwar (Hubli)	3 9 4	3 2 6	3 7 11	3 6 1	3 11 8	3 11 8	3 11 8	
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 15 0	4 0 0	3 5 0	3 1 0	3 5 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	
	Bhagalpur	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	
	Muzaffarpur	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 5 3	3 5 3	3 10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Ranchi	5 12 0	4 14 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 4	4 4 8	
Bengal	Rangpur	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	
	Mandalay	3 14 1	3 14 1	7 3 8	3 3 5	3 8 7	3 14 1	3 14 1	
(Median Average)		4 0 8	4 0 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 0 2	4 0 11	
Index Numbers (a)		98	97	92	94	99	97	98	

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs—contd.

FORTNIGHT ENDING

31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 10 9	4 8 3	4 9 3	4 11 9	4 11 9	4 12 3	4 14 3	5 2 3	5 6 4	5 3 9	5 6 4	5 4 4
4 13 2	...	4 6 6	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 12 5	5 2 3	4 15 6	5 1 7	5 0 10	5 1 2	5 0 10
4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 12 6	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 11 0	5 6 0	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 10 0
4 0 9	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 3	4 9 3	4 11 3	4 9 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 13 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 14 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 3 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0
3 14 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 4 3	4 5 3	1 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0
3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 12 0	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 12 6
4 3 3	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 2	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6
4 0 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0
4 2 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 2 3	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	4 15 4	5 0 0
4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 1 7	4 3 5	4 3 10	4 3 10	4 5 5	4 10 3	4 11 5	4 11 5
3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 1 9	3 14 6	4 1 8	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 9 5	4 13 7	4 14 9	4 11 6
4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
3 12 9	3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 5	3 13 11	3 14 5	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 11 4	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7
3 12 6	3 11 0	3 11 6	3 11 0	3 14 0	3 11 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 4 3	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 14 0
4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 7 1	...	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4
1 3 4	4 2 0	3 15 3	3 15 3	3 15 3	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 5 3	4 12 0	4 13 6
4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 11 3	4 11 8	5 0 0	5 2 6
4 3 5	4 3 5	4 1 10	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	5 1 6	4 11 5	4 14 5
4 0 0	3 14 5	3 10 10	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 11 10	4 14 10	5 0 0	5 2 7	5 3 11
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2
4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 7 11	...	...	...	...	...	5 15 11
4 0 4	4 0 4	4 2 6	4 2 6	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 13 7	4 15 4	4 15 4
4 13 0	4 13 6	4 12 10	4 14 6	5 0 6	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 7 0	5 9 0
5 4 5	5 2 2	5 4 5	5 3 4	5 2 2	5 13 4	5 15 7	5 8 11	...	6 2 11	...	7 6 11
4 5 11	4 6 10	4 11 5	4 6 10	4 15 1	5 2 9	4 9 7	4 13 8	4 15 1	5 11 11	5 13 10	...
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0
4 1 7	4 1 8	4 1 8	3 11 8	4 8 11	4 6 0	4 5 1	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	...	4 3 4
3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 12 0	4 6 0
3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 7 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	5 0 0
4 12 0	4 12 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0
4 4 8	4 4 8	4 4 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 5 4	5 5 4
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2
4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 10 2	4 8 1	4 8 1	4 4 3	4 4 3	4 6 2	4 13 7	4 13 7
4 2 10	4 1 10	4 1 10	4 2 10	4 3 3	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 6 6	4 11 2	4 14 9	4 15 4	5 0 0
101	99	99	101	102	104	104	106	113	119	120	121

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING									
		31st January 1918.	15th February 1918.	29th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Port (a)	Karachi (white)*	4 14 9	5 3 3	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 3 3	5 4 4	5 4 4	5 5 4	
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	5 0 1	5 1 11	5 2 10	5 1 4	5 1 9	5 3 9	5 2 10	5 7 10	5 8 2	
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	5 11 6	5 12 6	6 6 6	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	
Panjab	Lahore	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 10 3	4 1 6	4 7 0	
	Ferozepur	4 11 3	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	
	Lyalpur	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	
	Amritsar	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	
	Multan	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 13 0	4 6 3	3 13 0	3 13 0	
	Rawalpindi	5 2 6	5 5 3	5 14 9	5 14 9	6 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	4 13 6	4 11 3	
	Ambala	4 15 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	3 12 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	
Delhi	Delhi	4 14 0	5 1 0	5 8 0	5 3 6	4 15 0	5 0 8	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	
United Provinces	Benares	4 11 5	5 3 6	5 3 6	5 1 11	4 10 9	4 1 2	4 3 2	4 4 0	4 6 3	
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 13 6	5 7 2	5 8 8	5 8 2	4 11 2	4 3 8	4 1 8	4 1 8	4 2 6	
	Cawnpore	4 14 0	5 3 0	5 5 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	
	Meerut	4 13 7	5 5 4	5 5 3	4 13 9	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	
	Shahjahanpur	4 15 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	
	Agra	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 11 5	5 14 5	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 5 4	4 13 6	4 13 6	
	Fyzabad	4 11 3	4 12 0	4 15 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
Lucknow	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 5 4	4 5 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1		
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 8	5 14 1	
	Jubbulpore	5 9 10	5 5 5	5 1 4	5 1 4	5 1 4	1 6 1	4 9 1	4 9 1	4 14 10	
	Raipur	3 11 2	3 11 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 10	4 6 5	4 6 5	
	Akola	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 4	5 9 11	5 8 11	5 8 10	5 3 11	5 3 11	
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 6 9	5 1 3	5 1 11	4 15 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 10 9	
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 13 0	5 12 0	5 8 0	5 2 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	
Bombay	Poona	6 0 7	5 13 10	5 15 2	5 10 1	6 10 8	6 10 8	6 1 6	5 15 8	5 3 4	
	Ahmednagar	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	
	Ahmedabad	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	4 13 3	4 8 11	4 12 1	5 7 6	6 2 6	...	
	Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	
	Bhagalpur	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Muzaffarpur	5 0 0	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	
	Ranchi	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 11 0	
	Cuttack	5 5 4	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	6 1 6	6 1 6	5 9 0	5 9 0	
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein).	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	
	Mandalay	4 8 1	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 7 6	
	(Median Average)	4 14 7	5 1 11	5 3 2	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 13 7	4 10 3	4 9 1	4 8 11	
Index Numbers (b)		119	124	126	122	119	117	112	110	110	

* 5% barley, 5% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Prices at ports after 15th November 1918, are as follows:—

Ports	Rate per	On 22nd November 1918.	On 29th November 1918.	On 6th December 1918.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Karachi (white)	Maund	6 13 4	6 13 4	6 14 5
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Pessy)	"	8 8 8	8 5 9	...
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	7 8 0	8 14 0	8 12 0

(b) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1916, which is taken as 100.

India, per maund of 82½ lbs.—round.

Fortnight ending												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 15th November 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight.
15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	Percent	
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
5 4 4	5 3 3	5 5 3	5 8 4	8 4	5 8 4	5 10 4	6 8 4	6 10 4	6 10 4	6 12 4	+2	
5 13 8	6 0 7	6 3 11	6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	7 12 2	7 1 27	2 10	8 8 8	+19	
5 2 0	5 1 0	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 6 0	9 1 0	7 8 08	4 0	7 12 0	-6	
4 7 0	4 9 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
3 10 3	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 6	5 5 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
3 14 0	4 0 1	4 5 0	4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 11 05	12 6	5 11 0	+2	
4 5 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 11 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	5 6 0	6 0 0	5 12 05	12 0	5 14 6	+3	
4 0 0	4 1 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 10 05	8 3	5 13 0	+5	
5 6 2	5 1 3	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 9	5 8 3	5 14 9	6 0 06	0 6	6 0 6	Nil	
4 1 0	4 1 0	4 5 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	6 4 0	6 9 06	9 0	6 10 0	+1	
4 5 0	4 7 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	7 0 0	6 10 06	10 0	6 15 0	+5	
4 7 1	4 10 6	4 8 3	5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 3	6 6 0	6 10 8	6 7 96	2 7	6 7 1	+5	
4 7 2	4 14 6	5 1 4	5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7	6 10 0	7 4 8	7 4 86	5 6	6 12 0	+0	
4 9 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	5 5 4	5 15 0	5 8 3	6 10 0	7 4 0	6 15 06	13 0	6 15 3	+2	
4 1 6	4 1 6	4 11 3	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 11 6	6 6 0	7 0 9	6 6 06	6 0	6 10 9	+5	
4 3 6	4 7 9	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 9 9	5 9 9	6 6 0	7 10 0	6 10 06	7 0	6 14 0	+7	
5 0 0	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 14 10	5 12 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	7 4 8	7 4 77	5 2	7 1 5	-3	
4 1 9	4 1 9	4 5 0	5 0 0	5 1 3	5 2 9	5 8 0	6 15 3	7 1 36	2 9	...	...
4 9 2	4 9 2	4 14 0	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 3	6 6 4	8 0 0	6 10 06	6 4	6 15 4	+9	
5 14 1	5 10 8	5 7 10	5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 7 48	6 2	8 6 4	Nil	
5 2 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 5 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	6 10 8	7 1 106	15 4	7 12 11	+12	
4 6 5	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 11 2	6 0 0	6 3 2	7 8 07	8 0	7 8 0	Nil	
5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	6 1 0	6 13 1	7 0 2	7 0 29	1 6	9 13 7	+8	
4 3 9	4 1 2	4 1 2	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	5 1 3	5 1 35	1 3	5 1 3	Nil	
4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	Nil	
...	7 6 11	7 15 9	8 0 11	7 8 0	8 3 1	8 14 3	...	9 7 1	...	9 11 7	...	
6 5 1	6 5 1	6 7 11	6 14 4	7 5 8	...	9 3 1	...	8 11 98	11 9	8 4 5	-5	
6 2 0	6 12 0	6 2 0	6 6 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	8 8 08	0 0	8 8 0	+6	
5 15 0	5 8 7	5 14 11	7 3 7	7 9 1	7 11 6	9 4 0	9 10 3	...	8 15 10	9 7 11	+6	
3 9 0	3 9 0	3 9 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	6 10 0	6 0 05	11 0	5 11 0	Nil	
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	6 0 06	6 0	6 10 0	+4	
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	6 10 66	2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 08	8 0	8 8 0	Nil	
5 9 0	5 5 4	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 12 11	6 12 118	3 3	8 3 3	Nil	
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 8 05	12 0	5 12 0	Nil	
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 08	0 0	8 0 0	Nil	
5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	7 1 9	7 12 11	8 1 7	8 6 9	+4	
4 9 1	4 14 3	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 9	6 6 0	6 12 11	6 10 6	6 8 0	6 14 6	+6	
110	118	124	125	133	134	154	164	161	157†	167		

* Since reported † Revised.

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th November, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	31st October.	15th November.	Increase or Decrease.	31st October.	15th November.	Increase or Decrease.
India . . .	100	106	Per cent +6	100	102	Per cent +2
Punjab . . .	100	100	Nil	100	106	+6
United Provinces .	100	107	+7	100	101	+1
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	102	+2	100	106	+6

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India

Port or province.	District.	Fortnightly average						
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.	
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	
Port	Karachi	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 0	
	Bombay *	6 13	6 8	5 14	5 8	5 14	5 3	
	Calcutta	9 0	8 4	6 5	...	...	...
Punjab	Lahore	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 12	10 8	8 12	
	Ferozepur	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12	
	Amritsar	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 12	10 4	8 12	
	Rawalpindi	12 4	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8	
	Lyallpur	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 0	
	Multan	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 12	10 12	8 14	
	Ambala	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2	
Delhi	Delhi	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0	
United Provinces	Benares	9 8	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15	
	Cawnpore	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 12	8 8	8 0	
	Meerut	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12	
	Agra	9 12	9 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8	
	Lucknow	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0	
	Aligarh	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0	
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	9 6	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12	
Fyzabad	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0		
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	9 4	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 2	
	Jubbulpore	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 1	8 8	8 0	
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0	
	Akola	8 6	7 6	6 5	7 6	8 6	9 7	
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14	
Baluchistan	Quetta	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½	
Bombay	Poona	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 2	
	Ahmednagar	8 2	8 1	5 14	8 2	7 6	7 6	
	Ahmedabad	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0	
	Dharwar	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15	
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12	
	Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14	
	Muzaffarpur	9 0	9 0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8	
	Ranchi	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12	
	Cuttack	9 3	8 8	7 3	6 9	8 8	7 14	
Bengal	Dacca	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein)	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10	
	Mandalay	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5	
	(Median Average)	9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 12	8 0	
Index Numbers (a)		100	106	127	123	109	120	

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in sears of 80 tolas.]

FOURTYEIGHT ENDING

31st December 1915.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.	15th March 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
...
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	8 12	8 8	9 0	9 0	9 4
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	9 1	9 4	9 7	9 7	9 9
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 8	8 14	8 14	8 10	8 4	8 4	8 4
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	8 12	9 4	9 8	9 8	9 4
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 8
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	8 6	8 6	8 8	8 8	8 14
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	8 4	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 12
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 8
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 6	8 8	8 8	8 4	8 4
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 0	7 12	7 8	7 12	8 0
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	8 12
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	10 0	8 4	9 4
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	8 0	8 10	8 10	8 14	8 14
8 2	10 0	10 8	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	8 8	8 12	9 2	9 4	9 4
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	10 12
8 11	10 0	10 0	11 4	9 3	9 2	9 3	8 11	8 10	8 10
8 9 1/2	8 11	9 0	8 6 1/2	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
7 8	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 12	7 12	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7	10 2
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 3	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	10 4
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0
6 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	8 8	8 6	9 4	9 8	9 4
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	9 8	9 8
6 8	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4
7 3	9 8	10 8	9 3	7 14	7 14	7 14	8 8	8 8	8 8
...
...
...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	10 5	10 12	10 5	10 5
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 12	8 14	8 14
120	96	98	96	111	112	111	109	108	108

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd

Port or province.	District.	Fortnight ending							
		31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port . . .	Karachi . . .	7 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
	Bombay* . . .	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	9 4	9 4	9 4	10 4	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12
	Ferozepore . . .	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4	10 4
	Amritsar . . .	10 0	9 14	9 12	11 2	10 6	10 4	10 3	10 0
	Rawalpindi . . .	8 4	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8
	Lyallpur . . .	9 12	9 12	9 8	10 8	10 4	10 8	10 4	10 0
	Multan . . .	9 8	9 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4	10 4
	Ambala . . .	10 0	9 12	9 10	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	8 12	9 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 12	9 12
	Benares . . .	9 1	9 1	9 10	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 1	9 1
United Provinces	Cawnpore . . .	8 8	10 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 4	9 4	9 0
	Meerut . . .	9 0	9 8	10 4	10 8	10 0	9 8	10 0	10 0
	Agra . . .	7 12	8 4	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 8
	Lucknow . . .	9 12	10 4	10 4	10 0	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4
	Aligarh . . .	9 4	10 12	11 4	11 4	10 12	10 8	10 7	10 8
	Shahjahanpur . . .	9 8	10 0	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 12	10 12	10 10
	Fyzabad . . .	9 12	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 14	9 8	9 4	9 4
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur . . .	10 3	9 9	10 3	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9
	Jubbulpore . . .	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 12	10 8	9 14	9 12	9 12
	Raipur . . .	10 2	10 2	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
	Akola . . .	10 12	10 12	9 11	10 9	9 7	8 15	8 15	8 15
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar . . .	8 12	8 9	9 10	9 7	9 7	9 10	9 14	9 14
Baluchistan . . .	Quetta . . .	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 12	8 0 ¹	8 3 ¹	8 3 ¹	8 3 ¹
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 3	7 3
	Ahmednagar . . .	10 2	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	8 11	8 11	8 11
	Ahmedabad . . .	7 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
	Dharwar . . .	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	9 5	9 5	9 5
Bihar and Orissa . . .	Patna . . .	9 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	13 0	12 0	10 8	10 8
	Bhagalpur . . .	9 0	10 8	10 12	11 3	11 3	10 8	10 0	10 8
	Muzaffarpur . . .	9 8	9 8	9 8	12 0	12 0	11 0	9 8	9 8
	Ranchi . . .	7 4	7 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 8	8 8	8 12
	Cuttack . . .	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 3
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moulmein) . . .	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
	Mandalay . . .	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 13	11 5	10 5	9 9	9 9
(Median Average) .		9 3	9 8	9 10	10 4	9 14	9 9	9 8	9 8
Index Numbers (a)		104	101	99	98	97	100	100	100

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 tolas.]

FORTNIGHT ENDING											
31st July 1917.	15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 6	6 6	5 12	5 12	5 7	5 2	5 2
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 12
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	8 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8
10 0	10 4	10 7	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 6	8 10
9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 14	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 8	7 8
10 0	9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 4	8 0	7 8	8 0
10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 10	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2
9 12	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	8 0
9 7	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 12	8 10	7 12	7 12	7 12
9 1	9 3	9 4	9 4	9 6	9 2	8 15	8 15	8 13	8 4	8 1	8 1
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 0	8 4	8 0	8 0	8 0
9 0	9 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 1	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	7 8	7 14	7 8
10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	9 8	9 4	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 8
10 8	10 10	10 8	10 8	10 4	10 4	9 14	9 12	9 2	8 11	8 14	8 4
9 8	9 0	9 10	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 8	9 12	...	8 14	8 4	8 0
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 15	8 5	8 5	8 5	7 11	7 11	7 11
9 12	10 0	10 10	9 12	9 0	8 12	8 12	7 11	7 14	7 12	7 8	7 6
11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	7 13	...	...	...	...	...	5 9
9 14	9 14	9 9	9 9	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 2	8 0	8 0
8 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 6	5 6
8 11	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	7 10	7 10	7 4	6 8	6 8	6 8
8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
9 5	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15
11 0	11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 8	9 0
10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 14	9 4
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 0
8 4	8 4	8 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 0	7 4	7 4	7 4
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	7 14	7 14	7 8	7 8
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	7 0	7 0	7 0
8 4	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 9	7 12	7 12
9 5	9 4	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 2	9 0	8 12	8 4	7 14	7 12	7 12
108	108	102	103	108	105	106	109	115	121	123	123

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—continued.

Port or provinces.	District	Fortnight ending									
		31st January 1918		15th February 1918.		28th February 1918.		15th March 1918.		31st March 1918.	
		sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.	sr.	ch.
Port . . .	Katachi . . .	6	8	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0
	Bombay* . . .	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	4	7
Punjab . . .	Lahore . . .	8	0	7	12	8	0	7	12	8	0
	Ferozepore . . .	8	0	8	8	8	8	8	12	8	12
	Amritsar . . .	8	8	8	10	8	4	8	8	8	10
	Rawalpindi . . .	7	8	7	4	6	8	6	8	7	8
	Lyallpur . . .	8	0	8	8	8	4	8	8	9	0
	Multan . . .	7	14	8	2	8	2	8	6	8	2
	Ambala . . .	8	0	7	12	7	12	8	0	8	14
Delhi . . .	Delhi . . .	8	0	7	10	7	0	7	6	7	14
										7	11
United Provinces . . .	Benares . . .	8	14	7	5	7	5	7	7	8	10
	Cawnpore . . .	8	0	7	8	7	4	8	0	8	4
	Meerut . . .	8	0	7	0	7	4	8	0	7	8
	Agra . . .	7	0	6	12	6	8	6	8	7	0
	Lucknow . . .	7	8	7	0	7	4	9	0	8	12
	Aligarh . . .	8	8	8	4	7	12	9	0	9	0
	Shahjahanpur . . .	8	1	7	10	7	10	8	10	8	14
	Fyzabad . . .	8	2	8	0	7	14	9	2	9	10
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur . . .	7	11	7	11	7	11	7	11	7	11
	Jubbulpore . . .	6	14	7	4	7	10	7	10	8	14
	Raipur . . .	10	0	10	0	9	8	9	8	9	8
	Akola . . .	5	9	5	9	5	9	5	11	6	11
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar . . .	7	13	7	13	7	8	7	13	7	10
Bombay . . .	Poona . . .	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6
	Ahmednagar . . .	6	8	6	8	6	8	5	13	5	13
	Ahmedabad . . .	6	8	6	8	6	8	6	0	5	0
	Dharwar . . .	7	15	8	6	7	15	7	15	7	15
Bihar and Orissa . . .	Patna . . .	9	0	7	8	7	0	8	0	8	12
	Bhagalpur . . .	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
	Muzaffarpur . . .	8	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	8	0
	Ranchi . . .	7	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0
	Cuttack . . .	7	8	7	14	7	14	7	14	6	9
Burma . . .	Amherst (Moulmein) . . .	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	4	10
	Mandalay . . .	8	4	7	12	7	12	7	5	7	12
(Median Average) . . .		7	15	7	9	7	6	7	12	7	14
Index Numbers (a) . . .		120		120		120		121		120	

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in scores of 80 tolas.]

FOURTEENTH ENDING												increase or decrease in fourteenth ending 18th November 1918 as compared with preced- ing fortnight
1st May 1918.	15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	Per cent.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	
6 8 4 7	6 8 4 12	6 8 4 12	7 4 4 12	7 4 4 12	7 4 4 7	7 0 4 7	7 0 3 13	7 0 3 13	6 0 3 13	6 0 3 11	5 12 3 6	+4 +8
8 12 10 0 9 0 8 4 10 0 10 4 10 0	8 12 10 8 9 0 7 8 10 0 9 12 9 12	8 8 10 4 8 12 7 10 9 8 9 8 9 12	8 0 9 8 8 8 7 8 9 0 8 12 9 2	7 12 8 8 8 8 7 8 8 6 8 12 8 12	7 8 8 4 8 0 6 12 8 2 8 0 7 12	7 12 8 0 8 0 7 2 8 4 7 12 7 12	7 0 7 4 7 4 7 0 7 8 7 8 7 2	6 4 6 4 6 4 6 8 6 10 7 0 6 5	6 4 6 8 6 8 6 4 6 12 6 14 6 1	6 4 6 4 6 8 6 6 6 10 7 0 6 1	6 4 6 4 6 8 6 6 6 8 6 12 6 0	Nil Nil Nil Nil +2 +4 +1
8 12	8 12	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	5 12	5 8	5 12	5 12	5 8	+5
8 13 8 8 9 8 8 4 8 12 9 12 9 14 9 10	8 11 8 8 9 8 8 0 8 8 9 12 9 6 9 4	8 4 8 0 8 12 7 8 8 8 9 8 8 14 9 4	8 8 7 0 8 4 7 0 8 0 8 12 8 7 9 0	7 10 7 4 7 8 6 12 7 8 8 0 8 0 7 12	7 9 6 8 7 0 7 0 7 4 7 12 6 14 7 8	6 14 7 0 6 12 7 1 7 0 7 4 6 14 7 6	6 8 5 12 6 0 6 2 6 0 6 12 6 1 7 0	5 12 5 4 5 8 5 6 4 12 6 0 5 6 5 8	5 11 5 8 6 0 5 4 5 12 6 4 6 6 5 6	6 1 5 14 6 0 5 10 6 0 6 4 6 2 6 4	5 14 5 8 6 12 5 7 3 12 6 0 5 12 6 2	+4 +7 +4 +3 +4 +4 +7 +2
6 11 7 14 8 12 6 11	6 11 7 8 8 12 6 10	6 11 7 8 8 8 6 10	7 0 7 8 7 12 6 10	7 0 7 4 7 12 6 10	6 6 6 14 7 12 6 10	6 1 6 12 6 2 5 13	5 12 6 0 6 4 5 8	5 12 5 12 6 0 5 4	4 14 5 6 5 0 5 4	4 14 5 8 5 0 3 9	3 14 4 15 5 0 3 5	+26 +11 Nil +8
8 8	9 6	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 13	Nil
4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 8 6 8	4 13 5 13 6 0 6 8	4 13 5 7 6 0 5 9	4 13 5 1 5 0 5 2	4 13 4 11 5 8 5 2	3 14 4 5 4 8 4 14	3 14 4 5 4 0 5 2	3 14 4 5 4 8 4 11	3 14 4 5 4 8 4 12	... 4 5 4 0 4 8	... Nil +12 +6
11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 3	11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 3	11 0 9 0 9 0 7 0 7 8	11 0 9 0 9 0 6 12 6 9	9 8 9 0 8 8 6 4 6 9	9 0 9 0 8 8 6 4 6 9	8 8 9 0 8 8 6 0 6 9	8 0 8 8 7 0 6 0 0 9	6 0 7 0 5 8 5 0 5 14	7 0 6 10 5 8 4 8 5 14	7 8 6 4 6 0 4 8 4 14	7 0 6 0 6 0 4 8 4 14	+7 +4 Nil Nil Nil
4 10 6 14	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 5 14	4 10 5 6	4 10 4 15	3 8 4 12	3 8 4 9	Nil +4
8 10	8 9	8 6	7 10	7 9	7 0	7 0	6 3	5 10	5 11	6 0	5 12	+4
111	111	114	125	127	137	137	155	170	167	159	166	

*Since reported

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 15th November as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	31st October	15th November	Increase or Decrease.	31st October	15th November	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India . . .	100	104	+ 4	100	103	+ 3
Punjab . .	100	100	Nil	100	109	+ 9
United Provinces.	100	105	+ 5	100	103	+ 3
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	112	+ 12	100	105	+ 5

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE Paddy).		CALCUTTA CUSC No. 2.	
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 8% DIET, AND 30% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 8% DIET, AND 92% RED).		Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.				
Week ending 30th July 1914.	s. d. 31 6	100	s. d. 31 8	100	s. d. 32 9	100	s. d. 34 9½	100
" 6th August "	31 8	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	100
" 3rd September "	34 6	110	34 8	110	...	...	34 10½	100
" 1st October "	35 9	113	35 1½	113	33 7	103	...	...
" 5th November "	38 9	123	38 0	122	34 9½	106	41 8½	120
" 3rd December "	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	127
" 30th " "	44 8	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	...
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	136
" 4th February "	45 0	148	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	140
" 25th " "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 2	126	50 10	146
" 4th March "	44 6	141	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	143
" 1st April "	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	117
" 6th May "	37 6	119	36 9	118	38 5	117	34 4½	99
" 3rd June "	36 6	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	100
" 2nd July "	34 0	108	33 8	106	...	...	35 10½	103
" 23rd " "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	107
" 6th August "	34 9	110	34 0	109	...	...	38 7½	111
" 27th " "	36 0	114	35 0	112	41 4½	126	39 4½	113
" 3rd September "	36 8	115	35 3	113	42 1	128	40 10	117
" 29th " "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	123	40 4½	116
" 8th October "	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	117
" 5th November "	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	122
" 3rd December "	36 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	120
" 7th January 1915	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	42 4	123
" 4th February "	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	109
" 3rd March "	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 5	114	38 10	112
" 7th April "	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	108	33 11	95
" 5th May "	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 8	108	32 11	95
" 12th " "	34 3	109	30 0	96	33 8	108	32 5	98
" 2nd June "	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 3	96
" 30th " "	29 0	92	28 9	92	33 4	102	32 8	94
" 7th July "	29 9	94	29 6	94	34 0	104	32 5	93
" 14th " "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	103	33 2	95
" 28th " "	33 6	106	33 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	96
" 4th August "	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	32 10½	94
" 11th " "	35 0	111	34 6	110	36 0½	110	34 1½	98
" 25th " "	35 10½	111	34 10½	112	36 5	111	34 4½	99
" 31st " "	36 8	115	34 3	113	36 2½	111	33 4½	96
" 8th September "	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	98
" 22nd " "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	98
" 13th October "	35 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	106	34 1½	98
" 20th " "	34 3	109	33 3	106	34 4	105	34 1½	98
" 27th " "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 2	107	34 1½	98
" 3rd November "	36 8	115	35 3	113	37 0	118	34 11	100
" 10th " "	36 9	117	35 9	114	37 0	118	34 11	100
" 17th " "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 7	113	36 10	106
" 24th " "	37 9	120	36 9	118	39 2	120	37 10	109
" 1st December "	38 6	122	37 6	120	39 8	120	41 1	118
" 8th " "	38 9	123	37 9	121	39 4	120	40 7	117
" 22nd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	38 0	116	38 10	112
" 29th " "	39 3	125	38 3	122	37 6	114	...	...
" 5th January 1917	40 0	124	38 0	122	38 1	116	39 4	118
" 12th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	38 2	117	38 4	110
" 19th " "	40 8	128	39 8	126	37 6	114	37 4	107
" 26th " "	40 6	129	39 6	126	36 8	111	38 10	106
" 2nd February "	40 0	127	39 0	125	36 8	112	36 10	106
" 9th " "	39 6	125	38 6	123	37 2	112	36 10	106
" 16th " "	38 8	121	37 8	119	37 2	112	37 4	107
" 23rd " "	39 0	124	38 0	122	37 2	112	37 10	109
" 2nd March "	38 7½	123	37 7½	120	36 9	112	38 4	110
" 9th " "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 0	112	37 10	109
" 30th " "	38 0	121	37 0	118	36 9	112	38 4	104

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—contd.
IN LONDON.

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DELHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
10th July, 1914	s. d. 39 6 July-Aug.	100	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...
1st August "	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st October "	44 9	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th November "	48 3	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd December "	50 6	128	50 0	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May sellers.	100
30th " "	51 6 May-June.	130	58 0	106	52 0	102	...	...	...	...	52 0 April-May.	103
8th January, 1915	52 3 Do.	132	Jany.-Feb.	...	53 3 May-June.	105	...	...	...	...	53 6 Do.	106
4th February "	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4 Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	...
25th " "	60 3 Do.	153	Do.	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar-April.	128
4th March "	59 0 Do.	149	Do.	...	59 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	118
8th April "	58 0 Do.	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 3 Do.	127
6th May "	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	129
18th " "	63 9 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do.	127	68 0	100	67 0	100	...	...
4th June "	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	93	61 0 June-July.	121
2nd July "	53 0 June	134	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	103	58 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	52 9 Do.	104
23rd " "	56 0 July	142	55 7 1/2 July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	83	56 3 July	84	51 9 July	110
6th August "	56 6	143	56 1 1/2	112	56 9	112	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
27th " "	54 0	137	56 1 1/2	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
3rd September "	54 0 July-Sellers.	137	53 7 1/2 July-Sellers.	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July-Sellers.	85	...	...
24th Sept., '15 to 18th Apl., '16	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th April, 1916	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " April to 16th May 1916.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th May, 1916	63 0 May-June.	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd and 9th June, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th June, 1916	57 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23rd " "	55 0 June-Sellers.	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	55 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29th " June to 7th July, 1916.	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th July, 1916	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	59 0 Do.	149	58 6 July-Aug-Sellers.	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	61 3 Do. Sellers.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th August "	65 0 Aug-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11th " "	71 0 Do.	180	70 6 Aug-Sept.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18th " "	69 3 Do. Sellers.	175	68 3 Do. Sellers.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25th " "	72 0 Do. Sept.-Oct.	182	Nominal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31st " "	72 6 Sept.-Sellers.	184	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th September "	73 0 Oct., Paid.	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15th " "	72 3 Oct., Sellers.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26th " "	71 9, Sellers.	182	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th October "	72 3 Oct., Paid.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th " "	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21st " "	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd November "	79 0, Paid	200	Nominal.	...	79 6 Sellers.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
10th " "	80 0, Passage	203	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th " "	80 3 Nov.-Dec. Sellers.	203	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
24th " "	81 0, Paid	205	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st December "	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th and 15th Dec. 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th December, 1916	82 0 Paid	208	81 6 Paid.	163	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd to 29th Dec., 1916.	No sellers	...	Nominal.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th to 13th Jan. 1917.	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th and 26th Jan. 1917.	83 0	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd February to 30th March 1917	83 0 Feb.-Mar. & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914=100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE FINEST).		CALCUTTA CLUB No. 2.	
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 8% DIST. AND 80% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 8% DIST. AND 80% RED).		Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.				
Week ending 6th April 1917	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 13th "	38 0	122	37 0	120	37 4	114	37 4	107
" 4th May "	37 0	117	36 0	115	36 7	112	34 3	98
" 11th "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 8	115	34 3	98
" 18th "	34 6	110	33 6	107	37 2	113	34 3	100
" 25th "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 6	114	35 3	103
" 1st June "	35 6	113	34 6	110	37 8	115	35 10 1/2	103
" 8th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 2	120	35 2	101
" 15th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	35 5	102
" 22nd "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	36 1	104
" 29th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 6	121	36 1	104
" 6th July "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 6	121	36 1	104
" 13th "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 2	120	36 1	104
" 20th "	36 9	117	35 9	114	39 6	121	36 7	105
" 27th "	37 3	118	36 3	116	38 5	117	37 4	107
" 3rd August "	37 0	117	36 0	116	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 10th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	35 8	103
" 17th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	...	...	36 4	104
" 24th "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 3	111	36 4	104
" 31st "	36 6	116	35 6	114	35 2	107	36 4	104
" 7th September "	37 3	118	36 3	116	36 3	111	35 10	103
" 14th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 2	113	35 10	103
" 21st "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	35 10	103
" 28th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 8	115	38 2	110
" 5th October "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 11	116	37 4	107
" 12th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 19th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	38 1	116	37 7	108
" 26th "	38 9	123	37 9	121	40 8	124	...	...
" 2nd November "	39 0	124	38 0	122	41 0	125	37 10	109
" 9th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 1	122	37 1	107
" 16th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	39 7	121	37 4	107
" 23rd "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 1	122	39 4	113
" 30th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 8	124	42 10	123
" 7th December "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	43 4	123
" 14th "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	40 10	117
" 21st "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 2	123	41 7	120
" 28th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	...	...
" 4th January, 1918 "	42 3	134	41 3	132	40 5	123	45 10	132
" 11th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 0	125	46 4	133
" 18th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123	44 10	129
" 25th "	40 0	127	39 0	125	40 3	123	45 7	131
" 1st February "	39 3	125	38 3	122	39 11			

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grad taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DELHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
4th April 1917	88 0 April-May	210	No Sellers	...	79 6 Noml.	157	..	...	...	...	...	...
15th Apl. to 4th May '17	85 0 " "	215	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
5th to 11th May 1917	86 9 May-June quoted.	220	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
18th May to 6th July.	86 9 " "	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	...	..
18th to 30th July.	86 9 " "	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	89 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
27th July to 10th Aug. 1917	No sellers. Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7th to 24th Aug. '17	86 9 sellers	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	...	...
11st Aug. 1917	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 Nom	172	86 9 Nom	171	89 6 Nom.	132	86 9 Nom.	129	...	...
1st September '17 to 2nd Jan. '18	78 0	197	77 6	155	77 6	153	79 0	116	...	...	78 0	154
1st January to 17th October '18	80 0	203	79 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	...	80 0	158
8th October to 6th December '18	80 0 afloat	203	80 0 afloat	160	80 0 afloat	158	80 0 afloat	118	...	...	80 0 afloat	158

NOTE.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly by the Chamber of Commerce. The quotations for London are supplied from Benter's telegrams.

INDIAN CUSTOMS REVENUE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	IN THE EIGHT MONTHS, APRIL TO NOVEMBER, OF									
	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19
SEA CUSTOMS—IMPORTS										
Special Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	3,31	3,29	3,17	4,08	4,34	3,69	3,77	5,36*	3,51*	3,06*
Coal, coke, and patent fuel (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	10	23
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	3,27	5,17	5,09	5,63	5,28	4,75	3,45	4,95	3,05	3,59
Spirits and liquors	61,02	69,14	71,23	69,71	74,58	72,81	66,46	71,87	67,29	65,01
Wines	2,40	3,64	3,68	3,46	3,69	2,51	2,91	3,09	2,89	2,92
Opium	2	4	4	5	5	8	3	5	1	1
Petroleum	30,56	35,97	48,11	44,36	40,36	54,87	45,17	25,98†	26,45†	11,75†
Silver—										
Silver bullion and coin (b)	37,18	1,21,32	74,96	77,62	53,61	92,59	68,75	12,88	16,95	—
Manufactures (c)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,48	3,26	1,15
Sugar, all sorts (d)	39,45	42,21	39,47	47,10	63,84	29,87	35,65	82,79†	82,60†	1,00,92†
Tobacco (b)	2,93	19,84	17,62	17,81	19,51	17,08	17,49	31,44	41,01	50,46
Duty at 2½ per cent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,68	6,22	5,83
Machinery (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12,57	11,42	15,40
Metals—Iron and Steel	6,00	6,30	6,86	7,16	10,17	7,96	6,29	3,11	99	2,38
Railway plant and rolling stock (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,80	2,46	2,12
Other articles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Duty at 7½ per cent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar and vinegar) (e)	15,51	16,27	16,97	18,61	19,69	17,42	20,20	34,96	33,96	35,08
Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured (f)	10,46	10,51	10,53	13,17	10,52	10,40	10,31	25,57	28,24	24,94
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—										
Cutlery, hardware, implements and instruments	14,46	16,57	18,04	19,76	24,15	19,93	15,76	29,14	23,67	23,74
Metals, other than Iron and Steel	12,57	13,30	14,07	10,80	16,64	16,98	7,16	7,22	10,38	13,47
Cotton manufactures—										
Piecegoods, grey	39,05	37,19	44,38	57,13	58,70	53,44	42,61	99,96	83,80	1,25,62
" white	14,95	20,18	21,66	28,96	34,84	27,83	24,00	30,24	79,21	65,38
" coloured	18,65	26,00	29,51	32,90	45,63	28,91	18,46	34,44	94,39	71,63
Other goods	4,44	5,59	6,23	6,61	9,49	4,96	3,03	6,07	10,11	7,36
Yarn and textile fabrics (other than cotton manufactures) (g)	19,31	25,06	28,11	30,83	33,52	20,95	19,83	41,09	36,30	40,82
All other articles, wholly or mainly manufactured (h)	43,30	52,59	56,11	59,18	71,21	54,09	57,75	1,18,08	1,15,98	1,21,81
Miscellaneous (i)	1,81	5,05	5,96	7,71	6,29	5,48	4,81	16,78	11,25	19,37
TOTAL IMPORTS	3,83,66	5,39,29	5,21,83	5,62,95	6,03,50	5,45,17	4,73,89	6,52,79	7,94,60	8,19,55
SEA CUSTOMS—EXPORTS										
Jute (a)—										
Raw	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31,26	25,00	—
Manufactured	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31,36	31,36	—
Rice	48,48	64,77	69,84	80,60	69,85	50,10	38,56	52,41	56,87	—
Tea (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	29,63	22,51	—
TOTAL EXPORTS	48,48	64,77	69,84	80,60	69,85	50,10	38,56	1,47,66	1,15,74	2,57,38
SEA CUSTOMS—MISCELLANEOUS (j)										
LAND CUSTOMS (k)	6,88	6,46	7,55	8,54	8,90	9,93	8,84	5,10	6,29	6,13§
Excise duty on cotton manufactures	20,93	22,18	27,99	28,99	29,35	29,33	23,61	26,08	37,75	79,12
ON MOTOR SPIRIT	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17,12	25,83
WAREHOUSE AND WHARF RENTS (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	18	28
MISCELLANEOUS (j)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,17	2,21	4,34
GRAND TOTAL	4,59,65	6,32,65	6,30,21	6,81,08	7,13,60	6,35,52	5,44,40	8,27,82	10,48,84	11,96,11
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal	1,37,88	1,67,80	1,83,58	1,92,40	2,19,13	1,95,12	1,69,34	2,37,39	3,06,87	3,15,51
Imports	7,16	11,27	13,90	17,36	11,67	6,97	2,14	94,23	1,28,55	1,73,96
Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bihar and Orissa	—	—	—	64	70	14	—	—	—	—
Imports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bombay	1,40,28	2,43,75	2,01,19	2,21,41	2,18,05	2,11,21	1,79,70	2,40,60	2,82,26	2,97,60
Imports	2,05	1,31	89	1,09	1,45	1,53	1,63	3,92	5,87	7,07
Exports	85,84	46,79	51,80	54,55	59,18	45,98	45,07	56,74	73,47	78,24
Sind	1,54	1,33	1,23	1,28	2,08	1,60	1,86	3,07	3,49	2,45
Imports	32,86	36,37	42,30	43,30	49,14	43,44	38,06	59,80	69,50	63,96
Exports	4,30	3,84	5,32	4,14	5,52	6,44	8,59	9,44	7,30	5,67
Madras	87,80	42,58	46,46	51,39	60,05	45,42	41,22	53,26	61,00	64,24
Imports	33,43	47,02	48,41	56,09	48,73	33,86	24,84	37,00	41,08	69,18
Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

(a) Not subject to duty prior to March, 1916

(b) Figures for the year 1909-10 were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff

(c) Figures prior to March, 1916, are included with "All other articles wholly or mainly manufactured"

(d) Figures prior to March, 1916, were shown under "General Import Duties" of the old tariff

(e) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include vinegar

(f) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are exclusive of raw silk, raw hemp, and raw flax, which are included with "Yarn and textile fabrics"

(g) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include raw silk, raw hemp, and raw flax but exclude haberdashery and millinery

(h) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 include haberdashery and millinery and coral

(i) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent articles imported by post only

(j) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 are included under "Land Customs"

(k) Figures for the years previous to 1916-17 represent the old combined head "Land Customs and miscellaneous"

* Exclude the duty collected on explosives, namely, blasting gun powder, etc., at 7½ per cent ad valorem

† Exclude the duty collected on petroleum which has its flashing point at or above 150°F. or 300°F. at 7½ per cent ad valorem

‡ Exclude the duty collected on confectionery at 7½ per cent ad valorem

§ Includes indigo cess

|| The publication of the detailed figures has been temporarily discontinued

G. FINDLAY SHIBRAE,

Director of Statistics

H. F. HOWARD

Secretary to the Government of India

COTTON PRESS RETURN.

No. 4 of 1918-19.

1.—Cotton Press Return for India in the half-month ending 31st October, 1918.

(Season 1918-19, i.e., from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total estimated outturn of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each) (a)	Percentage to total for India	Total number of presses in the Province or State	Number of presses for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton pressed in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY PRESSED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 31st OCTOBER, 1918 (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
						Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda			198	11	5,861	9,879	12,815
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States) . .			162	21	1,195	1,195	633
Madras			58	54	(b) 4,778	36,696	(f) 26,256
Punjab (including Indian States)			92	3	1,814	3,754	140
United Provinces			85	16	9,932	15,346	16,674
Sind			15	3	3,174	3,377	...
Burma			(g) 19	6	5,189	6,044	(f) 2,168
Bihar and Orissa
Bengal			3	...	...	...	...
Assam
North-West Frontier Province			1	1	...	...	631
Ajmer-Merwara			9	...	...	...	...
Delhi			1	...	...	...	...
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (a)			643	115	31,943	76,291	59,367
Hyderabad			41	(e)	(e)	...	...
Central India			32	(e)	(e)	...	...
Rajputana			10	(e)	(e)	212	1,347
Mysore			3	(e)	(e)	...	...
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (d)			86	(e)	(e)	212	1,347
GRAND TOTAL			729	115	31,943	76,503	60,714

(a) Preliminary estimates of the outturn of the Cotton crop of the season 1918-19 will not be available until the third week of December.

(b) Figures for the weeks ending 19th and 26th October, 1918. In Madras the cotton pressing season commences in February and these figures therefore relate to the crop of the preceding season.

(c) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(e) Returns not received from the Bombay-Chamber of Commerce.

(f) Revised figure.

(g) Of this number 6 presses worked during the half-month.

II.—Return of Cotton received in the Mills in India in the half-month ending 31st October, 1918.
(Season 1918-19, i.e., from 1st September, 1918, to 31st August, 1919.)

Province or State	Total number of mills in the Province or State	Number of mills for which returns have been received for the half-month	Quantity of cotton received in the half-month (bales of 400 lbs each)	TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED FROM 1st SEPTEMBER TO 31st OCTOBER, 1918 (BALES OF 400 LBS EACH)	
				Current year	Previous year
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda	165	29	5,329	16,956	26,928
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)	10	9	1,421	1,453	237
Madras	12	12	(a) 209	3,417	(c) 4,624
Punjab	3	...	...	476	872
United Provinces	15	...	...	398	2,649
Sind	1	...	...	...	...
Bengal	10	10	3,737	11,533	(c) 7,523
Ajmer-Merwara	2	2	65	643	480
Delhi	3	1	128	242	747
TOTAL BRITISH PROVINCES (b)	221	63	10,889	35,118	44,060
Hyderabad	3	(d)	(d)	...	10
Central India	3	2	758	1,514	1,890
Rajputana	1	(d)	(d)	...	...
Mysore	2	(d)	(d)	...	...
TOTAL INDIAN STATES (c)	9	2	758	1,514	1,900
GRAND TOTAL	230	65	11,647	36,632	45,960

Note.—This statement shows the quantity of unpressed cotton received in the mills, the quantity of pressed cotton coming through the presses not being taken into account, as this is included in statement I.

(a) Figures for the weeks ending 19th and 26th October, 1918. [See footnote (b) on preceding page.]

(b) Including Indian States situated within provincial boundaries.

(c) Excluding States situated within provincial boundaries.

(d) Returns not received from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce.

(e) Revised figure.

III.—Total quantity of cotton pressed in the Pressing Factories and of unpressed cotton received in the Spinning Mills, from 1st September to 31st October, 1918, in British Provinces (including Indian States within provincial boundaries).

Province	Total estimated output of cotton crop (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of cotton pressed up to 31st October, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Quantity of unpressed cotton received in spinning mills up to 31st October, 1918 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Total of columns 3 and 4 (bales of 400 lbs each)	Percentage ratio of col. 5 to col. 2
1	2	3	4	5	6
Bombay (including Indian States) and Baroda		9,879	16,956	26,835	
Central Provinces and Berar (including Indian States)		1,195	1,453	2,648	
Madras		36,696	3,417	40,113	
Punjab (including Indian States)					
North-West Frontier Province		3,754	718	4,472	
Delhi					
United Provinces		15,346	398	15,744	
Sind		3,377	...	3,377	
Burma		6,044	...	6,044	
Bengal					
Bihar and Orissa		...	11,533	11,533	
Assam					
Ajmer-Merwara		...	613	643	
TOTAL		76,291	35,118	111,409	

Note.—This table contains the totals of tables I and II, excluding Hyderabad, Central India, Rajputana, and Mysore.

* See footnote (a) to statement I.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

December 11, 1918.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 51.} DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 18th December, 1918

No. 68.—With reference to Legislative Department Notification No. 62, dated the 29th November, 1918, Mr. Satish Chandra Gupta, Bar-at-Law, Legal Assistant, Legislative Department, Government of India, has been granted an extension of privilege leave up to the 14th December, 1918.

No. 69.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (6) of section 63 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendments in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General (in the said Act referred to as

the Indian Legislative Council), published under Notification No. 61 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated 14th November, 1912, as subsequently amended namely :—

In Schedule VI to the said Regulations, the following amendments shall be made :—

(a) To rule 7, the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

“ Provided nevertheless that the Local Government may permit an elector to vote at the headquarters, for the time being, of the Local Government.”

(b) For sub-rule (1) of rule 21, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“ 21. (1) Every elector desirous of recording his vote shall attend for the purpose—

(a) at such place in the district under which his name appears in the electoral roll, or

(b) if he has been permitted under rule 7, proviso, to vote at the headquarters, for the time being, of the Local Government, at such headquarters,

and on such date and at such time as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.”

No. 70. In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 74 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendments in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort St George, published under Notification No. 15 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 15th November, 1909, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In Schedule IV to the said Regulations, the following amendments shall be made :—

(a) To rule 7, the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

“ Provided nevertheless that the Local Government may permit an elector to vote at the headquarters, for the time being, of the Local Government.”

(b) For sub-rule (1) of rule 17, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“ 17. (1) Every elector desirous of recording his vote shall attend for the purpose—

(a) at such place in the district under which his name appears in the electoral roll, or

(b) if he has been permitted under rule 7, proviso, to vote at the headquarters, for the time being, of the Local Government, at such headquarters,

and on such date and at such time as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.”

No. 71. In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 74 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendments in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay, published under Notification No. 16 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 15th November, 1909, as subsequently amended, namely :—

1. To Regulation II the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

“ Provided that the alternation of the electorate prescribed under sub-head (xix) of this Regulation shall not operate in the case of elections to fill casual vacancies or vacancies occurring by reason of elections or nominations being declared void or seats being declared vacant.”

2. The proviso to Regulation XI shall be omitted.

3. In Schedule III to the said Regulations the following amendments shall be made :—

(a) For rule 1 the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

“ 1. ‘ Returning Officer ’ means the Agent to Government for the Sardars in the Deccan, and includes any officer deputed for the time being by the Returning Officer to perform his duties.”

(b) In the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 7, for the words “ attestation of voting papers ” the words “ counting of votes ” shall be substituted.

(c) For sub-rules (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) of rule 7, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

“ (2) On the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Government in this behalf every elector desirous of recording his vote in the presence of the Returning Officer shall attend for the purpose, and, after recording his vote on the voting paper in the manner prescribed therein, shall deliver the same to the Returning Officer :

Provided that if an elector is unable to read and write or is by reason of blindness or other physical defect incapacitated from recording his vote as required by this rule, the Returning Officer shall assist him in such manner as may be necessary to mark the voting paper and sign the declaration on the counterfoil."

(d) For rule 8 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" 8. Any elector not desirous of recording his vote in the presence of the Returning Officer may send his voting paper by registered post to the Returning Officer after recording his vote thereon in the manner prescribed therein :

Provided that voting papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before the day appointed for the counting of votes shall be rejected."

(e) In sub-rule (2) of rule 9, for the words " Attesting Officer " the words " Returning Officer " shall be substituted.

(f) In rule 14, clause (d), for the words " the attestation of voting papers " the words " the recording of votes " shall be substituted.

(g) In Form II appended to the said Schedule—

(i) The following words shall be omitted, namely :—

" Signed in my presence by the elector who is personally known to me (or who has been identified to my satisfaction).

(Signed)

Attesting Officer."

(ii) For instructions Nos. 4 and 5, the following instructions shall be substituted, namely :—

" (4) The elector shall sign the declaration on the counterfoil. Without such signature the voting paper shall be invalid.

(5) The voting paper shall be marked and delivered to the Returning Officer or sent to him by registered post. Voting papers which are not received by the Returning Officer before the day of 19 , will be rejected."

(h) Form No. III appended to the said Schedule shall be omitted.

4. In Schedule VI to the said Regulations the following amendments shall be made :—

(a) In rule 5, for the words " President or Chairman " the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

" President of the Municipality or of the District Local Board or the Chairman of the meeting of the non-official members."

(b) In sub-rule (1) of rule 11, after the word " selected " the words " place the voting paper in an envelope and after closing the envelope shall " shall be inserted.

(c) To sub-rule (1) of rule 11, the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

" Provided that a delegate who is himself a President or a Vice-President shall not attest his own signature. If he is a President, the voting paper shall be attested by the Vice-President and *vice versa*."

(d) To the instructions contained in Form III appended to the said Schedule, the following instruction shall be added, namely :—

" 6. A delegate who is himself a President or a Vice-President shall not attest his own signature. If he is a President, the voting paper shall be attested by the Vice-President and *vice versa*."

5. In Schedule VII to the said Regulations the following amendments shall be made :—

(a) Clause (g) of rule 3 shall be omitted ; and clauses (h) and (i) shall be re-lettered as " (g) " and " (h) ," respectively.

(b) For sub-rule (2) of rule 4 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" (2) Where a firm or company is composed exclusively of persons who are Muhammadans and such firm or company is qualified under rule 3, clause (a) or clause (e), a majority of the members of the firm or company, who are not disqualified under Regulation VI, may nominate in writing one of themselves, and such nominee shall be entered in the said roll as the representative, for the purposes of the roll, of such firm or company ;

Provided that—

(i) no person shall vote in one Division as a nominee of more than one firm or company ;

(ii) no firm or company shall be qualified to exercise such right of nomination if half or more of the members of the firm or company, have already exercised the right on behalf of another firm or company ;

(iii) a person who votes as a representative of a firm or a company shall not be debarred from voting in his own individual capacity if qualified to do so.

Note.—Representatives appointed under this sub-rule shall be described in the electoral roll by their own names followed by the names of the firms or companies which they represent, e.g., "A. B. on behalf of C. D. and Company."

(c) To sub-rule (2) of rule 11, the following shall be added, namely :—

"Where boxes are provided for the reception of voting papers, envelopes need not be supplied to electors."

(d) To sub-rule (5) of rule 11, the following shall be added, namely :—

"or where boxes are provided for the reception of voting papers, the elector shall place the voting paper in the appropriate box."

(e) In sub-rule (1) of rule 12, after the words "delivered to him" the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"or all the voting papers contained in the boxes mentioned in rule 11, as the case may be."

No. 72.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 74 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendments in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort William in Bengal, published under Notification No. 65 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 21st November, 1912, as subsequently amended, namely :—

1. To Regulation II the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that the alternation of the electorate prescribed under sub-head (vi) of this Regulation shall not operate in the case of elections to fill casual vacancies or vacancies occurring by reason of elections or nominations being declared void or seats being declared vacant."

2. In the proviso to Regulation XI, clause (a) and the letter and brackets "(b)" shall be omitted.

3. For each of the Explanations to rule 3 in Schedule III and rule 2 in Schedule V to the said Regulations, respectively, the following Explanation shall be substituted, namely :—

"The alternation of the electorate prescribed by this rule shall not operate in the case of elections to fill casual vacancies or vacancies occurring by reason of elections or nominations being declared void or seats being declared vacant."

No. 73.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendments in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, published under Notification No. 18 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 15th November, 1909, as subsequently amended, namely :—

1. The proviso to Regulation XI shall be omitted.

2. To sub-rule (2) of rule 2 in Schedule II to the said Regulations, the following shall be added, namely :—

"*Explanation.*—The alternation of the electorate prescribed by this rule shall not operate in the case of elections to fill casual vacancies or vacancies occurring by reason of elections or nominations being declared void or seats being declared vacant."

No. 74.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendments in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, published under Notification No. 58 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 15th November, 1913, as subsequently amended, namely :—

1. In Regulation XI, the first proviso, and the word "further" in the second proviso shall be omitted.

2. For the Explanation to sub-rule (1) of rule 7 in Schedule I to the said Regulations, the following Explanation shall be substituted, namely :—

"The alternation of the electorate prescribed by this rule shall not operate in the case of elections to fill casual vacancies or vacancies occurring by reason of elections or nominations being declared void or seats being declared vacant."

3. To sub-rule (1) of rule 6 in Schedule II to the said Regulations the following shall be added, namely :—

“Explanation.—The alternation of the electorate prescribed by this rule shall not operate in the case of elections to fill casual vacancies or vacancies occurring by reason of elections or nominations being declared void or seats being declared vacant.”

No. 75.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 76 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6 Geo. 5, c. 61), the Governor General in Council, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, is pleased to make the following amendments in the Regulations for the nomination and election of Members of the Legislative Council of the Chief Commissioner of Assam, published under Notification No. 68 of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, dated the 21st November, 1912, as subsequently amended, namely :—

1. The proviso to Regulation XI shall be omitted.

2. In sub-rule (4) of rule 7 in Schedule III to the said Regulations, for the words “before 5 p.m. on the day appointed by the Local Government as the latest date in this behalf” the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

“on or before the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.”

3. In sub-rule (4) of rule 7 in Schedule IV to the said Regulations, for the words “on such dates and at such times as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf,” the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

“on or before the date and at the time and place appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.”

4. To rule 1 in Schedule V to the said Regulations the following shall be added, namely :—

“Explanation.—The alternation of the electorate prescribed by this rule shall not operate in the case of elections to fill casual vacancies or vacancies occurring by reason of elections or nominations being declared void or seats being declared vacant.”

H. M. SMITH,

Offl. Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Delhi, the 17th December 1918.

No. 595-C.—The services of Captain D. V. O'Malley, M.B., R.A.M.C. (T.C.), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam until further orders.

The 19th December 1918.

No. 648-C.—The services of Major A. S. M. Peebles, M.D., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the 22nd July 1918.

POLICE.

The 17th December 1918.

No. 588-C.—Mr. P. M. Stewart, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bombay, is placed on special duty under the Government of India in the Home Department, with effect from the 21st November 1918, and until further orders.

J. H. DuBOULAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.**ECCLESIASTICAL.***Delhi, the 19th December 1918.*

No. 316.—With reference to this Department Notification no. 284, dated the 6th November 1918, the Most Reverend G. A. Lefroy, D.D., Lord Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan in India and Ceylon, is granted an extension of furlough up to the 4th December 1918.

The 20th December 1918.

No. 320.—The Most Reverend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta has appointed the Reverend John Godber, Officiating Additional Chaplain of St. John's Church, Calcutta, to be His Lordship's Domestic Chaplain with effect from the 1st December 1918.

GENERAL.
The 11th December 1918.

No. 852.—Mr. J. M. Mitra, M.A., Rai Bahadur, Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Education, is appointed to be Deputy Secretary in that Department with effect from the 14th December 1918 and until further orders.

H. SHARP,*Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.*

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.**AGRICULTURE.***Delhi, the 17th December 1918.*

No. 121-C.—Mr. G. J. E. O'Byrne, I.C.S., Assistant Wheat Commissioner for India, is granted privilege leave for one month under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 12th December 1918.

R. A. MANT,*Secretary to the Government of India.*

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.*Delhi, the 16th December 1918.*

No. 2433-G.—With reference to Notification No. 415-G., dated the 17th April 1918, Sir A. W. Binning, Kt., Vice-Consul for Bolivia at Rangoon, resumed charge of his office on the 29th November 1918.

No. 3235-Est. B.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General in the North-West Frontier Province, for employment with the Frontier Militia, with effect from the date of assuming charge :—

Lieutenant J. Edge, attached 1-27th Punjabis.

Second-Lieutenant P. A. A. Clery, attached 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

The 17th December 1918.

No. 3246-Est. A.—Lieutenant C. T. Casling, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached 2-124th Baluchistan Infantry, is placed on special duty under the orders of His Britannic Majesty's Consul General and Agent to the Government of India in Khorasan for employment with the Khorasan Levy Corps, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 19th December 1918.

No. 3269-Est. A.—Mr. C. H. Gidney, of the Political Department, was granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 15th July 1918.

No. 3270-Est. A.—Mr. C. H. Gidney, of the Political Department, on return from privilege leave, was posted as Assistant for Mekran to the Political Agent in Kalat and *ex-officio* Commandant, Mekran Levy Corps, for the 2nd and 3rd September 1918.

No. 3271-Est. A.—Mr. C. H. Gidney, of the Political Department, was employed on special duty under the orders of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, during the period from the 4th September to the 16th October 1918, inclusive.

No. 3272-Est. A.—Mr. C. H. Gidney, of the Political Department, is posted as Assistant for Mekran to the Political Agent in Kalat and *ex-officio* Commandant, Mekran Levy Corps, with effect from the 17th October 1918.

No. 3273-Est. A.—Captain G. Hales, O.B.E., I. A. R. O., Second in Command, Mekran Levy Corps, held charge of the current duties of the office of Assistant for Mekran to the Political Agent in Kalat and *ex-officio* Commandant, Mekran Levy Corps, in addition to his own duties, during the period from the 4th September to the 16th October 1918, inclusive.

No. 3274-Est. A.—Mr. J. G. Acheson, Indian Civil Service, temporarily officiating in the Political Department of the Government of India, was employed on special duty under the orders of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan during the period from the 1st to the 20th October 1918, inclusive.

No. 3275-Est. A.—Mr. J. G. Acheson, Indian Civil Service, temporarily officiating in the Political Department of the Government of India, is posted as Assistant to the Political Agent in Kalat and Political Agent in charge of the Bolan Pass, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

No. 3276-Est. A.—Major T. G. M. Harris, of the Political Department, is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan, with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

No. 3277-Est. A.—Mr. T. J. C. Acton, Indian Civil Service, temporarily officiating in the Political Department of the Government of India, was posted as Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner, Sibi, during the period from the 22nd to the 28th October 1918, inclusive.

No. 3278-Est. A.—Major R. H. Chenevix Trench, of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner, Sibi, with effect from the 29th October 1918.

No. 3285-Est. A.—The services of Mr. P. M. Baker, Indian Civil Service, Assistant Commissioner, Peshawar, are replaced at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, with effect from the 28th November 1918.

No. 3288-Est. A.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel S. F. Bayley, of the Political Department, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 14th December 1918.

No. 3289-Est. A.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. F. T. O'Connor, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is appointed to be a Resident of the 2nd class, and is posted as Resident in Nepal, with effect from the 14th December 1918.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.**LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.**

Delhi, the 18th December 1918.

No. 213-G1. (F. E.).—The following promotions and reversions of officers in the Indian Finance Department are notified :—

With effect from the 1st August 1918.

Mr. F. D. Gordon to officiate in Class III of Accountants General.

With effect from the 31st August 1918.

Mr. V. C. French to officiate in Class II of Accountants General.

Mr. U. L. Majumdar to officiate in Class III of Accountants General.

Mr. P. G. Jacob to officiate in Class I of the General List.

With effect from the 9th October 1918.

Mr. V. C. French to revert to Class III of Accountants General.

Mr. U. L. Majumdar to revert to Class I of the General List.

Mr. P. G. Jacob to revert to Class II of the General List.

With effect from the 12th August 1918.

Mr. F. P. B. Wood to officiate in Class I of the Public Works List.

With effect from the 15th November 1918.

Mr. F. P. B. Wood to revert to Class II of the Public Works List.

No. 1561-F. E. — Mr. J. E. C. Jukes, I.C.S., has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department with effect from the 4th December 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1563-F. E. —The privilege leave granted to Mr. C. E. Gwyther, in Notification No. 1385-F. E., dated the 1st November 1918, published on page 1773 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 2nd November 1918, has been extended by twenty-one days.

No. 1564-F. E.—Mr. Jham Rai, an Accountant in the office of the Chief Auditor, North Western Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Audit Officer, Class II, in that office with effect from the 28th November 1918 and until further orders.

No. 1565-F. E.—Mr. B. B. De, an Accountant in the office of the Chief Auditor, Eastern Bengal Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Audit Officer, Class II, in that office with effect from the 29th November 1918 and until further orders.

H. F. HOWARD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.**CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.**

Delhi, the 21st December 1918.

No. 1032-D.—Mr. G. N. Bower, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, has been placed on special duty, for a period not exceeding six months, in the office of the Agent to the Shipping Controller, Bombay, with effect from the 21st October 1918.

GENERAL.*The 21st December 1918.*

No. 13583.—Mr. G. S. Hardy, I.C.S., resumed charge of the office of Under Secretary to the Government of India in this Department with effect from the 4th December 1918.

GEOLOGY AND MINES ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 21st December 1918.

No. 13591.—Dr. G. E. Pilgrim, D.Sc., F.G.S., Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent from October 21st to November 7th, 1918, inclusive, *vice* Dr. L. L. Fermor, A.R.S.M., D.Sc., F.G.S., who was absent on privilege leave and special duty under the Indian Munitions Board during the period.

No. 13634.—Mr. J. J. Turnbull, Junior Inspector of Mines in India, is permitted to resign the service with effect from the 31st January 1919.

POST AND TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 21st December 1918.

No. 13649.—Mr. Ramani Mohan Ghosh, Superintendent of Post Offices, 1st grade, and officiating Deputy Postmaster General, 3rd grade, Madras, is appointed Deputy Postmaster General, 3rd grade, on probation for one year with effect from the 27th November 1918.

SHIPPING CONTROL.

The 21st December 1918.

No. 1100-D.—Mr. S. H. Fremantle, C.I.E., I.C.S., is appointed Controller of Passages with effect from the 17th December 1918.

C. E. LOW,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 20th December 1918.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 2937.—Lieutenant J. C. Steele, 5th Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while employed as Assistant Commandant, Prisoners of War Camp, Thayetmyo. Dated 17th September 1918.

No. 2938.—Lieutenant C. E. Kent, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 5th December 1918.

No. 2939.—Lieutenant G. T. Wrench, Royal Army Medical Corps (T. C.), to be temporary Captain subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 6th November 1918.

No. 2940.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Colonels.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Hubert Walter Codrington, Indian Army. Dated 25th May 1918.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Lionel Nicholson Beatty, Indian Army. Dated 3rd June 1918.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Charles Oriel Oliphant Tanner, Indian Army. Dated 3rd June 1918.

Lieutenant-Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) David Henry Drake-Brockman, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 16th June 1918.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Walter Clarence Black, Indian Army. Dated 23rd June 1918.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Alexander Montagu Spears Elmie, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 4th August 1918.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Patrick Cumberlege Hennessy, C.M.G., Indian Army. Dated 27th August 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2941.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Richard Percival Wemyss Quin, Commandant, Dated 12th September 1918.
41st Dogras.

Captains to be Majors.

Roy Neil Boyd Campbell, 23rd Sikh Pioneers.	} Dated 10th October 1918.
Robert Francis Woodward, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).	
Charles Alfred Montanaro Paske, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force).	Dated 28th November 1918.
Alfred Lethbridge, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force)	Dated 12th December 1918.
Richard Martin Forsythe Patrick, M.C., 42nd Deoli Regiment.	Dated 16th December 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

William Reginald Bridgewater Williams, 7th Gurkha Rifles.	} Dated 1st October 1918.
Robert Louis Victor Flemming, 116th Mahrattas.	
Roger Gillies Ekin, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).	
Maurice Henry Howard Smith, 6th Gurkha Rifles.	
Joseph Osborne Hanwell, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).	
Alfred John Hume Ross, 7th Gurkha Rifles.	Dated 11th November 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

John Stephenson, attached 106th Hazara Pioneers.	} Dated 27th October 1918.
Reginald Pilkington Rouse, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles.	
George Thwaites Weir, attached 8th Gurkha Rifles.	Dated 21st November 1918.
Eugene Daniel McCarthy, attached 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).	Dated 11th December 1918.

No. 2942.—The promotion of the undermentioned officers will have effect from the dates specified below, and not from the dates notified in Army Department Notification No. 589, dated the 20th April 1917 :—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Noel Hyde Edwards, 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 20th January 1916.
Hugh Maxwell Pim, M.C., 24th Punjabis. Dated 24th August 1916.
(Without pay and allowances prior to the 1st September 1916.)

No. 2943.—Major V. P. B. Williams, 4th Cavalry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 6th October 1918.

No. 2944.—Captain J. F. Meiklejohn, 33rd Cavalry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General. Dated 30th November 1918.

No. 2945.—Lieutenant F. W. O. Robinson, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Station Staff Officer, 1st class. Dated 23rd November 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2946.—The undermentioned officers to be acting Lieutenant-Colonels, subject to His Majesty's approval, under the provisions of Army Instruction (India) No. 62 of 1918, while commanding Medical Units in the field, for the periods stated :—

Major (now Lieutenant Colonel) T. B. Kelly, Officer Commanding, No. 105 Indian Field Ambulance, from 18th November 1914 to 24th May 1916.

Major J. N. Walker, Officer Commanding, No. 121 Indian Field Ambulance, from 20th February 1915 to 25th November 1915.

Major W. B. A. K. Cullen, Officer Commanding, No. 160 Indian Field Ambulance, from 1st June 1918 to 18th June 1918.

Major G. A. Jolly, Officer Commanding, No. 45 Indian General Hospital, from 1st June 1918 to 24th June 1918.

Major G. H. Stewart, Officer Commanding, No. 165 Indian Field Ambulance, from 29th March 1918 to 25th April 1918.

Major H. M. Inman, Officer Commanding, No. 139 Indian Field Ambulance, from 21st September 1918 to 5th October 1918.

Major J. Anderson, Officer Commanding, No. 139 Indian Field Ambulance, from 6th October 1918 (present appointment).

No. 2947.—In Army Department Notification No. 2839, dated the 6th December 1918, for "Mysore Sheshagiri Rao Krishnaswami Rao" read "Mysore Seshagiri Rao Krishnaswami Rao."

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 2948.—Commissary and Honorary Captain Harry Watts, late of the India Miscellaneous List, temporarily re-employed, is granted the honorary rank of Major, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 16th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2949.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

*Cavalry Branch.**Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Archibald Malcolm Wallace.	Dated 14th October 1917.
Charles Walter Horne.	} Dated 17th February 1918.
Edward Brymer Belcher.	
Walter William Macdonald Murray.	Dated 25th February 1918.
Robert Little.	Dated 28th March 1918.
Thomas Cooper.	Dated 10th April 1918.
Noel Meeson Morris.	Dated 16th April 1918.
Gerald Courtenay Phillips.	Dated 29th April 1918.
Hugh Roberts Pilcher.	Dated 30th April 1918.
Stuart Gray.	Dated 16th May 1918.
James Cuthbert de Vere Biss.	Dated 30th May 1918.
Claud Lestock Reid	} Dated 30th July 1918.
Donald Harry Ferguson, M.C.	
Claud William Collyer Bentfield.	} Dated 6th August 1918.
Charles Kenneth Nicholl.	
Theobald Seymour Stewart Martin.	Dated 17th August 1918.
Fergus Patrick O'Connor.	Dated 20th August 1918.
Hugh Francis Lang.	} Dated 30th August 1918.
Lesnee Armand Rayneau.	
Arthur Lloyd Danby.	
Frederic Hugh Rust.	
John Fettes Falconer.	
Frederick Ewart Robertson.	
Douglas Colin Rowland Hindley.	
John William Hardin Bradshaw.	
Robert Phillip Hawkins.	
Newell Budd Wilson.	
Garnet Beauchamp Walter.	
Harold Reginald West Watson.	
Vaughan Augustus Herbert, M.C.	} Dated 27th October 1918.
Ralph William Fremlin.	

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Douglas Pearse Hewett.	Dated 1st November 1918.
Thomas Clear.	Dated 3rd November 1918.
Leslie Hugh Taffs.	Dated 7th November 1918.
Thomas George Rutherford.	Dated 8th November 1918.
Percy Brereton Hudson.	Dated 12th November 1918.
Donald Stuart Fraser.	Dated 15th November 1918.
Maurice Stewart Collis.	Dated 20th November 1918.
Walter Samuel Powell.	Dated 21st November 1918.

*Infantry Branch.**Captain to be Major.*

George Alexander Phillips, V.D.	Dated 11th December 1918.
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Lieutenants to be Captains.

Andrew Stuart Burnett.	Dated 3rd October 1918.
Featherstone Hargrave-Carroll.	Dated 13th October 1918.
George Alexander.	Dated 1st November 1918.
Leslie Arthur Bennett.	} Dated 13th November 1918.
William Malcolm Campbell Marshall.	
Edward Claude le Patourel, M.C.	
Arnold Roy Ubesdell.	} Dated 20th November 1918.
Edward John Alexander Hart.	
Duncan Gaunt MacGillivray.	} Dated 27th November 1918.
Bernard Hastings Liloart, M.C.	
Arthur Percy I Stone.	} Dated 29th November 1918.
Norman Arthur Stove.	
Stanley Lewin Nathan.	Dated 4th December 1918.
Richard Martin Tildar.	Dated 18th December 1918.
Alexis George Ashborton Dunning, M.C.	

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Lancelot Doyer Wilson.	Dated 20th October 1916.
Reginald George Biteman Lawson.	Dated 27th November 1916.
Henry Whiting Darney.	Dated 9th Jun 1917.
Jeffrey St. Hill Cleburne.	} Dated 30th March 1918.
Francis Herbert Fearnby-Whittingstall.	
Guy Joseph Harvey.	Dated 4th April 1918.
Richard Gordon Bathgate Prescott.	Dated 6th April 1918.
Arthur George Adams.	Dated 8th April 1918.
Henry Donald Grantham.	Dated 18th May 1918.
Maurice Osborne Tanner.	Dated 4th August 1918.
William James Cox.	} Dated 1st November 1918.
Theodore Stuart Brunton.	
Frank Cecil Pine.	
Howard Richard Frost.	
Albert Henry Bailey.	} Dated 2nd November 1918.
Fred Hyde Frost.	
Frederick Swynnerton.	} Dated 3rd November 1918.
Reginald Willows Hildyard-Marris.	
Guy Lynn.	
Henry McIntire Shepton.	

William Somerset Erskine Mannes-Abbott.
William Thomas Matthew Rowe.
Guy Gunning Ratcliffe Hunter.
Sydney Patrick Jennings.
Alfred Herbert Jones.
Neil Alfred Patrick Brewin.
Joseph Wallingford Tate.
Leslie George Handsecomb.
Edwin Edwards.
Harold Plassey Smith.
Arthur Pryor Keelan.
Timothy Francis Finnigan.
Charles Hamilton Dale.
John Maurice Kilburn.
Leslie Malcolm Thompson.
Gilbert Gordon.
Edgar Walter Shenton.
William Aubrey Aylmer Battle.
Owen Joseph Egan-Wyer.
Frederick Raoul Virgo.
John Douglas Wisher.
Reginald James Hanney.
Alexander James Dirks.
Hector Vivian Gordon.
Stanley Gilbert Charles Nash.
John Samuel Rogers.
Edward Leslie Godley.
Andrew Balfour.
Reginald Roy Plumptre.
Bertie St. Clair Wilks.
Walter Charles Savage.
Richard Sharran Harper-Collins.
Richard Wilton Lewis Kelly.
Leonard Arthur Hinton Smith.
William Joseph Pannett.
Arthur Keith Wilson.
Sydney Hugh Moffatt.
George Reginald Pippet.
Ernest John Alfred Cook.
John Wallace Brodie.
Walter Colin Dickson.
Frederick Wilton Spragg.
Harry Somerville Thomas Dalmeier.
William Foster Inman.
Edward Chayter Watson.
George Frederick Horace Girling.
Ronald Hudson Yorke.
Archibald Robert Anderson.
Alexander Lowry.
Leonard James Roach.
Francis Upton Rose.
John McIntyre Robertson.
Percy Seymour Sawyer.
Gilbert Alfred Hamilton Searle.
Henry John Gasson.
Walter Casling.

Dated 5th November 1918.

Reginald Castelman Jeffreys.	}	Dated 5th November 1918.
Dennis Blake.		
George Powell Connor.		
John Birtwhistle Brooks.		
Edward William Perry.		
Alfred George Milward.		
Herbert Cecil Smith.		
Ivon Hope Taunton.		
Elder Gaul Barter.		
Benjamin George Holdsworth.		
Lionel Elles Stanley Teague.		
Bertram Godard Everard.		
Richard Joseph Hallahan.	}	Dated 6th November 1918.
Frank Herbert Dracott.		
Arthur Johnson.		
Arthur Wesley Robinson.		
Vincent Robert Seed Threlfall.	}	Dated 7th November 1918.
Charles Stewart Campbell.		
Robert James Douglas Graham.		
George Staley.		
Claude Herbert Oldall.	}	Dated 8th November 1918.
William Joseph Johnson.		
Frederick George Alexander Hill.		
Frank Sidney Chappell.		
Harold George Gruer.	}	Dated 10th November 1918.
Bertram Edward Mitchell.		
William Joseph Jackson.		
William Francis Byrnes.		
Ernest Raymond Allen.	}	Dated 11th November 1918.
Edward Gibson Fleming.		
George Robinson Cockman.		
Alfred Sydney Hannah Boucher.		
James Frederick Holmes.	}	Dated 12th November 1918.
Stephen Patrick Toomey.		
Walter Frank Street.		
Richard Francis O'Hara Fitzgerald Day.		
Louis Davidson Burns.	}	Dated 15th November 1918.
Graham Parsons Earwaker.		
John Edward Walsh.		
Frederick Gerald Rappoport.		
Harold Bull.	}	Dated 19th November 1918.
Harry Linskill.		
Albert Henry Williams.		
Frederick Leopold Dawes.		
Allan John Walsh.	}	Dated 20th November 1918.
Edward Robins.		
Richard George Cunliffe.		
Herbert Edward Walmisley.		
Arthur Lloyd Walmisley.	}	Dated 21st November 1918.
Thomas Logan.		
Alexander Robertson Mercer.		
Leonard Alfred Pickard.		
Ernest Walter King.	}	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Charles Stewart.		
	}	Dated 23rd November 1918.
	}	Dated 24th November 1918.
	}	Dated 26th November 1918.
	}	Dated 27th November 1918.
	}	Dated 28th November 1918.
	}	Dated 1st December 1918.
	}	Dated 19th December 1918.
	}	Dated 21st December 1918.

*Veterinary Branch.**Lieutenant to be Captain.*

Sidney George Middleton Hickey. Dated 13th December 1918.

No. 2950.—Captain J. P. Wildeblood, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Major, while employed as an Officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers. Dated 11th July 1918.

No. 2951.—Lieutenant G. S. V. Paterson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 14th November 1918.

No. 2952.—Lieutenant P. Teehan, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while holding an appointment as Treasure Chest Officer. Dated 19th November 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

37th Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

No. 2953.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Ernest Augustus John Chapman. Dated 15th November 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

No. 2954.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Royal Field Artillery.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. A. H. Phillips relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of second-in-command of a battery of Royal Field Artillery. Dated 2nd November 1918.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Second Lieutenant C. D. Grant to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd August 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. F. Hennessy, transferred with effect from the 5th August 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. F. Hennessy relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to perform the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 31st August 1918.

Captain M. J. Curry to be acting Major while commanding a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Major A. J. T. Farfan, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Lieutenant A. H. Foddy, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain, while performing the duties of Captain of a battery of Indian Mountain Artillery. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Captain M. J. Curry, vacated with effect from the 1st October 1918.

Royal Artillery.

Captain T. H. Humphris, Royal Field Artillery, to be acting Major while commanding a Royal Artillery Depot. Dated 23rd July 1918.

INFANTRY.

REGULAR FORCES.

The Royal Sussex Regiment.

Lieutenant F. H. Haigh to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 3rd December 1918, *vice* Captain W. Holderness, vacated with effect from the 3rd December 1918.

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

The Buffs (East Kent Regiment).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. F. Whittfield relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 5th September 1918.

Lieutenant G. H. Igglesden to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 20th September 1918 to 6th October 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. F. Whitfield, relinquished acting rank with effect from the 5th September 1918.

Army Department Notification No. 2790, dated the 29th November 1918, so far as it relates to the relinquishment of acting rank by Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. R. McDonnell, The Buffs (East Kent Regiment), Territorial Force, is cancelled.

Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. N. Price relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 14th November 1918.

Lieutenant T. M. Pulman to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. N. Price, relinquished acting rank with effect from the 14th November 1918.

The South Wales Borderers.

Lieutenant J. L. French, The Essex Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 17th September 1918, *vice* Captain E. F. Cockcroft, appointed second-in-command with effect from the 2nd September 1918.

The Royal Sussex Regiment.

Lieutenant N. E. Bannatyne to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st August 1918, *vice* Captain F. B. Johnson, vacated with effect from the 9th July 1918.

The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment).

Lieutenant L. C. Landragin to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 25th September 1918, *vice* Captain B. Bramall, vacated.

The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own).

Captain (acting Major) H. D. Cann relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to be employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. H. Mann relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 18th October 1918.

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

The Lincolnshire Regiment.

Lieutenant J. C. Foster, The Suffolk Regiment, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 27th November 1918, *vice* Captain H. W. Dallison, extra-regimentally employed with effect from the 12th November 1918.

The Royal Scots Fusiliers.

Lieutenant G. C. G. Munro to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 7th July 1918, *vice* Captain O. E. Gray extra-regimentally employed with effect from the 22nd June 1918.

Lieutenant G. C. W. Broad to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th September 1918, *vice* Captain A. R. Colquhoun, vacated with effect from the 8th September 1918.

The Gordon Highlanders.

Captain W. Home to be acting Major while employed as second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 10th November 1918, *vice* Major W. C. H. Bunbury, vacated with effect from the 26th October 1918.

RESERVE BATTALIONS (INDIA).

Lieutenant A. L. Proctor, The Gordon Highlanders, attached The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th October 1918, *vice* Captain W. N. V. Bickford Smith, M.C., The South Wales Borderers, assumed duties of second-in-command of battalion, with effect from the 21st September 1918.

Lieutenant R. R. Spence, The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, attached The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 4th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. J. Newman, The Manchester Regiment, attached The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, vacated with effect from the 29th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. J. Newman, The Manchester Regiment, attached The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 20th October 1918.

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

Captain R. B. Leach, M.C., to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Company. Dated 19th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. B. Bakewell to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Company. Dated 19th November 1918.

Captain T. G. Bennett to be acting Major while commanding a Machine Gun Company. Dated 19th November 1918.

MECHANICAL TRANSPORT (ARMY SERVICE CORPS).

Lieutenant S. M. Thompson to be acting Captain while holding the appointment of Workshop Officer in a Mechanical Transport Company, Army Service Corps. Dated 13th December 1917.

BRITISH DETAILS DEPÔT, MEERUT.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) P. W. Crawshaw, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th October 1918.

Lieutenant M. Grinstead to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant P. W. Crawshaw, vacated with effect from the 16th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2955.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. G. Drummond, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 24th November 1918.

Lieutenant H. J. Morel, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 24th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. G. Drummond, vacated with effect from the 24th November 1918.

16th Cavalry.

Lieutenant C. E. Hobbs, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 28th July 1918, *vice* Captain E. H. Whitford-Hawkey, vacated with effect from the 28th July 1918.

33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. O. Cook, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a squadron. Dated 15th October 1918.

Lieutenant A. E. Booth, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 30th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. O. Cook, vacated with effect from the 15th October 1918.

37th Lancers (Baluch Horse).

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) J. St. C. D. Stewart relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a regiment. Dated 29th October 1918.

Major J. P. Benn to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a regiment. Dated 13th November 1918, *vice* Major J. St. C. D. Stewart, vacated with effect from the 29th October 1918.

45th Indian Cavalry Regiment.

Major A. M. Forteach, 36th Jacob's Horse, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a regiment, from 3rd August 1918 to 28th August 1918, inclusive.

Captain T. K. Wilson, 20th Deccan Horse, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a regiment, from 3rd August 1918 to 28th August 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant G. C. Phillips, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron, from 3rd August 1918 to 28th August 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant V. W. Murray, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 3rd August 1918.

Major E. M. Taylor, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force), attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a regiment. Dated 13th September 1918.

Indian Signal Service.

Lieutenant C. H. Mocatta, Indian Army, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles, to be acting Captain while commanding an Army Corps Signal Company. Dated 9th October 1918, *vice* Captain A. G. J. Copeland, transferred with effect from the 24th September 1918.

No. 3 Wireless Signal Squadron.

Second Lieutenant P. Ryan to be acting Captain while commanding a troop. Dated 1st November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant B. Mead, vacated with effect from the 17th October 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. G. Butcher relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 30th October 1918.

19th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. Unsworth, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 6th October 1918.

Lieutenant E. G. Savage, 112th Infantry, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant, from 6th October 1918 to 16th October 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant N. Unsworth, vacated with effect from the 6th October 1918.

Second Lieutenant J. Peffers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. G. Savage, vacated with effect from the 17th October 1918.

26th Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. L. Raven-Hill, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 9th September 1918.

Lieutenant H. T. Hughes, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 17th November 1918.

Lieutenant H. J. Farminger, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 21st September 1918 to 10th October 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant A. L. Raven-Hill, vacated with effect from the 9th September 1918.

27th Punjabis.

Captain (acting Major) R. Todd relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a *dépôt*. Dated 29th October 1918.

Captain M. E. de B. Goldman-Monk, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry), attached, to be acting Major while commanding a *dépôt*. Dated 13th November 1918, *vice* Captain R. Todd, vacated with effect from the 29th October 1918.

30th Punjabis.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) T. R. H. Keppel relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 11th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) K. L. F. Armitage, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to hold the appointment of second-in-command of a battalion, but retains the acting rank of Captain while commanding a company. Dated 11th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. Y. Jones, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 11th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. F. Pearson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 9th September 1918.

Lieutenant G. N. Saunders, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant T. F. Pearson, vacated with effect from the 9th September 1918.

Lieutenant B. S. Horner to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. H. Gilligan, vacated with effect from the 31st October 1918.

Second Lieutenant G. W. Price, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 1st July 1918 to 6th July 1918, inclusive.

Second Lieutenant J. W. Beadham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 2nd July 1918 to 18th August 1918, inclusive.

Second Lieutenant R. C. Jeffreys, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 24th July 1918 to 29th September 1918, inclusive; *vice* Lieutenant A. V. Askwith, vacated with effect from the 9th July 1918.

Lieutenant J. A. Scroggie, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 31st July 1918 to 28th August 1918, inclusive; *vice* Second Lieutenant J. W. Beedham, vacated with effect from the 16th July 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. O. de Gale, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. A. Scroggie, vacated with effect from the 19th July 1918.

Lieutenant C. G. Crawford, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 3rd September 1918 to 12th September 1918, inclusive; *vice* Second Lieutenant J. W. Beedham, vacated with effect from the 19th August 1918.

Lieutenant J. R. Hoad, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. G. Crawford, vacated with effect from the 13th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. V. Askwith, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th October 1918.

Lieutenant P. A. Green, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 7th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. V. Askwith, vacated with effect from the 7th October 1918.

Lieutenant C. G. Crawford, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 15th October 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant R. C. Jeffreys, vacated with effect from the 30th September 1918.

31st Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. E. Hunt, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a *dépôt*. Dated 11th October 1918.

33rd Punjabis.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. H. B. B. Hart, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 9th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. H. H. Duffus, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 6th November 1918.

Lieutenant E. J. Winnall, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 6th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. H. B. B. Hart, vacated with effect from the 9th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant F. A. Farley, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 6th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. H. H. Duffus, vacated with effect from the 6th November 1918.

35th Sikhs.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) T. G. Mugford, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th November 1918.

Lieutenant T. G. Mugford, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 1st December 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. T. Ridlington, vacated with effect from the 16th November 1918.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant H. H. Johnson, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 30th October 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant B. L. Wilder, vacated with effect from the 15th October 1918.

53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Second Lieutenant E. K. J. Cleese, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 3rd November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant A. B. Carter, vacated with effect from the 19th October 1918.

59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Captain H. L. Cooper, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a *dépôt*. Dated 17th June 1918, *vice* Major H. W. Martin (deceased), vacated with effect from the 2nd June 1918.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Lieutenant R. L. Herbert, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 25th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant I. P. Massy, vacated with effect from the 10th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. A. Kenworthy, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 10th November 1918.

72nd Punjabis.

Lieutenant H. C. Drnett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a Special Bahawalpur Company. Dated 1st May 1918.

123rd Outram's Rifles.

Lieutenant C. L. D'Albani to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 28th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. S. M. McEntire, Indian Army Reserve, attached, vacated with effect from the 28th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. S. M. McEntire, Indian Army Reserve, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 28th October 1918.

Lieutenant J. S. Steele, M.C., to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. L. D'Albani, vacated with effect from the 15th November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. L. D'Albani relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 15th November 1918.

131st United Provinces Regiment.

Lieutenant G. A. Anderson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 28th August 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant H. J. C. Molony, vacated with effect from the 13th August 1918.

140th Patiala Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. A. Dubois, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 25th October 1918.

Lieutenant N. L. Jenkins, 33rd Punjabis, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant H. A. Dubois, vacated with effect from the 25th October 1918.

150th Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant W. E. Godwin, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 29th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. L. Holmes, vacated with effect from the 29th September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. L. Holmes relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 29th September 1918.

151st Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant A. MacLachlan, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 23rd September 1918.

1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Lieutenant R. W. Copland, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 30th September 1918, *vice* Captain C. F. M. Birch, vacated with effect from the 15th September 1918.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. B. Brooks, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a Special Brahman Company. Dated 13th November 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. F. Norris, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a Special Brahman company. Dated 28th November 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant J. B. Brooks, vacated with effect from the 13th November 1918.

3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. M. West relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 4th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant J. A. E. Upton, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 4th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. M. West, vacated.

8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) B. M. Jones, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) M. D. Graham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 7th October 1918.

Lieutenant A. W. Duncan, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant B. M. Jones, vacated with effect from the 7th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. H. Vetch, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 22nd October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant M. D. Graham, vacated with effect from the 7th October 1918.

9th Gurkha Rifles.

Major B. H. Bignell to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 9th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel C. McL. Porteous, vacated with effect from the 25th October 1918.

Captain F. S. Poynder to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 9th November 1918, *vice* Major B. H. Bignell, vacated with effect from the 25th October 1918.

Lieutenant R. B. Fawcett, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 9th November 1918, *vice* Captain F. S. Poynder, vacated with effect from the 25th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) C. K. Noad relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 25th October 1918.

Lieutenant C. D. Pritchard, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant C. K. Noad, vacated with effect from the 25th October 1918.

Captain (acting Major) H. R. Harington, 8th Gurkha Rifles, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to hold the appointment of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 24th July 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. M. E. King, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 24th July 1918.

Major A. C. B. Mackinnon, attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 8th August 1918, *vice* Brevet Major A. H. Jukes, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 24th July 1918.

Brevet Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) A. H. Jukes, D.S.O., attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 24th July 1918.

Brevet Major A. H. Jukes, D.S.O., attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 8th August 1918, *vice* Captain H. R. Harington, vacated with effect from the 24th July 1918.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

No. 2956.—In Army Department Notification No. 2673, dated the 15th November 1918, so far as it relates to Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. B. Woakes, M.C., for "17th October 1918" read "19th October 1918."

25th Punjabis.

No. 2957.—Army Department Notification No. 1969, dated the 30th August 1918, so far as it relates to Lieutenant A. K. Friday and Lieutenant A. S. Hibberd, respectively, is hereby cancelled, and the following substituted :—

Lieutenant A. K. Friday to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 29th June 1918, *vice* Captain N. G. R. Coats, extra-regimentally employed with effect from the 14th June 1918.

Lieutenant A. S. Hibberd to be acting Captain while commanding a special company of Bannuchis and Marwats, attached. Dated 19th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. C. Allen, transferred with effect from the 4th June 1918.

109th Infantry.

No. 2958.—In Army Department Notification No. 2493, dated the 25th October 1918, so far as it relates to Captain M. E. De B. G. Monk, *for "9th September 1918" read "25th August 1918."*

No. 2959.—In Army Department Notification No. 2493, dated the 25th October 1918, so far as it relates to the grant of the acting rank of Captain to Lieutenant F. B. Webb, 8th Gurkha Rifles, *delete "Indian Army Reserve of Officers."*

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2960.—The undermentioned officers whose admission to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 1958, dated the 9th November 1917, No. 2020, dated the 22nd November 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, No. 2128, dated the 14th December 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 2244, dated the 23rd December 1917, No. 58, dated the 12th January 1918, No. 216, dated the 1st February 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 712, dated the 12th April 1918, No. 823, dated the 26th April 1918, No. 1050, dated the 24th May 1918, No. 1116, dated the 31st May 1918, No. 1193, dated the 7th June 1918, No. 1315, dated the 21st June 1918, No. 1518, dated the 12th July 1918, No. 1576, dated the 19th July 1918, No. 1638, dated the 26th July 1918, No. 1715, dated the 2nd August 1918, No. 1778, dated the 9th August 1918, No. 2005, dated the 6th September 1918, and No. 2676, dated the 15th November 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lionel Henry Tinney.	Dated 2nd October 1918.
Vere Elliot Ward Simpson.	Dated 24th October 1918.
Cyril Stancomb Cay.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
John Spencer Trevor Andrews.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Cuthbert William Free.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Arthur Reginald Jefferis.	Dated 20th December 1918.
John Martin, M.C.	Dated 1st October 1918.
Thomas James Gordon, M.C.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Bertie Cecil Marsh.	Dated 17th December 1918.
Cyril George Toogood.	Dated 16th August 1918.
Edward Clennell Fenwicke-Clennell, M.C.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Cyril Francis Shaw Nicholson, M.C.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Charles Edward Frank Osborne.	Dated 22nd August 1918.
Albert Edwin Phelps.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Charles Sydney William Rayner.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Lionel Leverett Ogier.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Charles Fleming Aitken.	Dated 29th July 1918.
Alfred Rea.	Dated 11th September 1918.
John Kerr Cross Brownlie.	Dated 1st October 1918.
John Reginald O'Bryen Steward.	Dated 2nd June 1918.
Ian Symington Torrance.	Dated 1st October 1918.
Cornelius Howden Denis O'Callaghan.	Dated 8th July 1918.
Stuart Davies Webb, M.C.	Dated 23rd November 1918.
Herbert Stanley Seecombe.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Edward Stepto.	Dated 6th June 1918.
Frank Eric Sheppard.	Dated 6th October 1918.
Leslie Harry Westwood Axtell.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
John William Young.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Albert Leslie Gannicliff.	Dated 29th July 1918.
Cecil John Hoskins.	Dated 27th August 1918.
Cecil Frank Meehan.	Dated 29th July 1918.
Wilfred George Holmes Wells.	Dated 5th December 1918.

James Morrison Stirling.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Vernon Thomas Smith.	Dated 17th October 1918.
Archibald Downie.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Henry Leslie Baker.	Dated 5th December 1918.
John McDonald McIntyre.	Dated 17th September 1918.
James Currie.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Hugh Wrigley, M.C.	Dated 1st October 1918.
John Beatson.	Dated 23rd November 1918.
John Brookman.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
John Herbert Delamain.	Dated 12th June 1918.
Frank Hollamby Skinner.	Dated 26th September 1918.
John Adams Coventon.	Dated 2nd August 1918.
Eugene Daniel McCarthy.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Percy Westrupp.	Dated 6th December 1918.

No. 2961.—Army Department Notification No. 1467, dated the 5th July 1918, so far as it relates to the admission of Lieutenant Andrew Romilly Langlands to the Indian Army on probation, is cancelled.

UNATTACHED LIST.

No. 2962.—The undermentioned Gentlemen Cadets from the Cadet College, Wellington, to be Second Lieutenants, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to their appointment to the Indian Army. Dated 16th December 1918 :—

Ian Cesnola Byrne.
 Maurice Cahill Howard.
 Richard Alfred Cropper.
 Thomas Francis Henry John Joseph Kelly.
 James Frederick Matthews.
 Eric John Denholm-Young.
 Walter Francis Homer Scutt.
 Owen Alan Denholm Fraser.
 John Fiddian Peart.
 Robert de la Condamine Ozanne.
 Duncan Northwood Turner.
 Arthur Templemore Cooke.
 Standish Andrew Lee.
 Dominick Fitzgerald Dalton.
 Derrick Norris Hill.
 Harold Aytoun Somerville.
 Bernard Charles Hamilton Gerty.
 Frederick Campbell O'Connell.
 Herbert Reginald Elgood.
 Thomas Frederick Shaw Sawyer.
 Horatio John Hare.
 William Michael McCreery.
 Edwin Fraser Tucker.
 John Oscar Lawrence Mason.
 Cecil Robert Wilkinson.
 Herbert Sydney Pratt.
 Gilbert Cecil Gaunt Lewis.
 Adrian Kenneth Roberts.
 Cecil Francis Somerton Langridge.
 Ronald John Wilby.
 David Quentin Hope Agnew.
 Donald Robert Bayly Gillespie.
 Eric Joseph Fitzgerald Waters.
 Norman Dighton Douglas.
 Frederick Walton.

Brian Edwin O'Gorman.
 Henry Lewis Tett.
 Thomas Richard Owen Field.
 Edward Langley Wilson Hill Alms.
 Reginald Hubert Neville Whiting.
 Guildford Hanson Tapp.
 Edmund John Edser.
 Alexander Raff, M. M.
 John Shaw Hasted.
 George Warren Bomford.
 Frank Erle Fear.
 Kenneth Goddard.
 Hugh Tufnell-Barrett.
 Kenneth Angus Murray.
 John Patrick Leonard Eustace.
 Richard Albert Haman Massy.
 John Gilbert Bingham.
 William Pasley Robinson Black.
 Frederick Stanley Kidd.
 Douglas Lorrain Powell Rees.
 William Desmond Carew.
 Cecil Leigh Trafford.
 Tom Geoffrey Llewellyn-Evans.
 Percy Aloysius Kelly.
 Albert William Nunn Whitehead.
 George Albert Lineker.
 Powlett Francis Hungerford Pennell.
 Gilbert Pawson.
 Charles Rupert Henry Cour-Palais.
 Robert Kennedy Emerson.
 Ralph Lincoln Brookes Maiden.
 Robert Vivian Grey.
 John Shelley Dodgson.
 Cormac Furney.
 Charles Dudley Honey.

No. 2963.—George Herbert Dobson to be temporary Second Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 15th November 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2964.—In Army Department Notification No. 2795, dated the 29th November 1918, for "temporary Lieutenant Krishnaji Nilkan Chhatre" read "temporary Lieutenant Krishnaji Nilkant Chhatre".

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 2965.—Arthur George Blake (Lieutenant, The East Surrey Regiment), to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 28th September 1918, but to rank from the 16th April 1916.

No. 2966.—Army Department Notification No. 1530, dated the 22nd December 1916, is hereby cancelled and the following substituted :—

James Macfie (Lieutenant, The Rifle Brigade, The Prince Consort's Own), to be Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 16th December 1916, but to rank from the 4th June 1915.

No. 2967.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

*Infantry Branch.**To be Lieutenant.*

George James Arthur, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 98th Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 8th July 1917.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Michael Daly Austin Grey Du Pro, General List, attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 5th December 1917, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Philip Edward Gudgeon, General List, attached 112th Infantry. Dated 13th January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

William Joseph Segar, General List, attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Clement John Hogbin, General List, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 6th December 1917, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Frank Leslie Sheridan, General List, attached 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

John Stevenson, General List, attached The Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Cecil Gambling Burton, General List, attached 41st Dogras. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

John Charles Aubrey Hickson, General List, attached 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Percy William Buckley, General List, attached 71st Punjabis. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 31st October 1917.

Dudley Trevor Morgau, General List, attached 98th Infantry. Dated 10th January 1918, but to rank from the 25th December 1917.

Frank Bower, General List, attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 27th April 1918, but to rank from the 30th December 1917.

Alfred William Leslie Hipsey, General List, attached 8th Rajputs. Dated 27th April 1918, but to rank from the 21st March 1918.

No. 2968.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

*Infantry Branch.**To be Second Lieutenants.*

George Albert Morgan.

Dated 15th November 1918.

Albert George Valentine Smith.

Dated 24th November 1918.

Thomas Frederick Brook.

Dated 28th November 1918.

Eustace Gerald Dunbar-Mackay.

Dated 30th November 1918.

Leonard George Corley.

} Dated 2nd December 1918.

Cyril Goldney Lee.

Joseph Brearley.

} Dated 3rd December 1918.

Charles Mark Douthwaite.

Travers Home Morrison.

No. 2969.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, whilst serving with the Burma Military Police, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Infantry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenants.

Lancelot Dover Wilson. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 20th October 1915.

Reginald George Bateman Lawson. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 27th November 1915.

Henry Whiting Darney. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 9th June 1916.

Jeffrey St. Hill Cleburne. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 30th March 1917.

Francis Herbert Fearnley-Whittingstall. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 30th March 1917.

Guy Joseph Harvey. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 4th April 1917.

Richard Gordon Bathgate Prescott. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 6th April 1917.

Arthur George Adams. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 8th April 1917.

Henry Donald Grantham. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 18th May 1917.

Maurice Osborne Tanner. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 4th August 1917.

Allan John Walsh. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 1st December 1917.

Val Ardern Hulme Beaman. Dated 15th October 1918, but to rank from the 1st October 1918.

Roy King Anderson. Dated 23rd October 1918.

William Ernest Jones. Dated 27th October 1918.

Edmund George Robertson. Dated 12th November 1918.

No. 2970.—Army Department Notification No. 2273, dated the 5th October 1918, in as far as it relates to William Hynes, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2971.—Thomas Charles Fitzherbert to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 25th June 1918, and is granted the acting rank of Captain while employed with the Irrigation Directorate, Mesopotamia, with effect from the 7th August 1918.

No. 2972.—John Robert Frederick Fitzherbert to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 15th July 1918, and is granted the acting rank of Captain while employed with the Irrigation Directorate, Mesopotamia, with effect from the 28th August 1918.

No. 2973.—John Hussey Sullivan to be Second Lieutenant in the Infantry Branch of the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 29th June 1918, and is granted the temporary rank of Lieutenant while employed with the Irrigation Directorate, Mesopotamia, with effect from the 28th August 1918.

No. 2974.—In Army Department Notifications No. 1278, dated the 10th August 1917 and No. 1916, dated the 30th August 1918, for "Stephen Alexander Martin" read "Stephen Alexander Marten".

No. 2975.—In Army Department Notification No. 1904, dated the 9th November 1917, for "George Gunning Ratcliffe Hunter" read "Guy Gunning Ratcliffe Hunter" and for "Reginald James Hannay" read "Reginald James Hanney".

No. 2976.—In Army Department Notification No. 2500, dated the 29th November 1918, so far as it relates to Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Frederick Charles Marks, India Miscellaneous List, for "1st November 1918" read "28th November 1918."

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

8th (Northern) United Provinces Horse.

No. 2977.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Captain (Supernumerary List).

Frederick George Quarry. Dated 1st April 1917.

21st Burma Railways Battalion.

No. 2978.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Lieutenant (Supernumerary List).

William Edward Lowry. Dated 1st April 1917.

21th North Western Railway Battalion.

No. 2979.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Hubert Percy Raynor Goulding. Dated 1st April 1917.

37th Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

No. 2980.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted a temporary commission, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Ernest Augustus John Chapman. Dated 1st April 1917.

MEDICAL CORPS.

No. 2981.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned are granted temporary Commissions, with effect from the 1st April 1917 :—

To be Major.

John Hewan.

To be Captains.

Thomas Scoresby-Jackson.

William Roy Macdonald.

John Dunlop.

DISMISSALS, REMOVALS, AND DISCHARGES.

No. 2982.—Under the provisions of paragraph 10, Appendix III, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the Governor-General in Council directs that, subject to His Majesty's approval, the services of Lieutenant Frederick Mervyn Hosking, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, shall be dispensed with ; with effect from the 20th December 1918.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2983.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Second Lieutenant Alfred Ernest James, Indian Army, is permitted to resign the service, with effect from the 15th December 1918.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 2984.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Lieutenant-Colonel James Morwood, M.D., I.M.S., Bengal, is permitted to retire from the service on account of ill-health, with effect from the 11th November 1918.

RANK.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2985.—Harry Baker Norton is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Captain, on resigning his commission in the Indian Army Reserve of Officers on account of ill-health contracted on active service, with effect from the 30th September 1918.

PART B.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 2986.—The following retired Indian officers have been re-employed in the Indian Army, with effect from the date stated against their names :—

Rank and Name.	Former Regiment.	How employed.	Date of re-employment.
Subadar and Honorary Lieutenant Hakim Khan. <i>Sardar Bahadur.</i>	72nd Punjabis . . .	Depôt, 72nd Punjabis . . .	30th September 1918.
Subadar-Major Kamin Ali . . .	44th Merwara Infantry . . .	Labour Corps War Hospital, Dadar.	26th November 1916.
Subadar-Major Shatkh Farid . . .	97th Deccan Infantry . . .	Depôt, 97th Deccan Infantry	23rd November 1916.
Subadar-Major Bakht Bali Singh.	99th Deccan Infantry . . .	Depôt, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.	24th August 1918.
Risaldar Muhammad Abad . . .	32nd Lancers . . .	Combined Labour Corps Depôt, Dadar.	13th August 1918.
Subadar Daga Singh . . .	Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).	13th Labour Corps, Deolali . . .	15th April 1918.
Subadar Nand Lal . . .	9th (Delhi) Infantry . . .	Combined Labour Corps Depôt, Jubbulpore.	13th September 1918.
Subadar Dhani Ram . . .	12th Pioneers (The Kelati-Ghilzie Regiment).	Combined Labour Corps Depôt, Jubbulpore.	17th August 1918.
Subadar Guruswami Pillai . . .	14th Madras Infantry . . .	Marine Lines Camp, Bombay	27th August 1918.
Subadar Muhammad Bakhsh . . .	17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).	Depôt, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment).	21st October 1918.
Subadar Isha Singh . . .	21st Punjabis . . .	21st Punjabis . . .	15th November 1917.
Subadar Sher Singh . . .	34th Sikh Pioneers . . .	Depôt, 32nd Sikh Pioneers . . .	20th September 1918.
Subadar Bahadur Khan . . .	43rd Erinpura Regiment . . .	Combined Labour Corps Depôt, Jubbulpore.	3rd September 1918.
Subadar Mona . . .	43rd Erinpura Regiment . . .	Combined Labour Corps Depôt, Jubbulpore.	3rd September 1918.
Subadar Kehr Singh . . .	58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).	13th Labour Corps, Deolali . . .	28th March 1918.
Subadar Lal Singh . . .	58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).	13th Labour Corps, Deolali . . .	22nd March 1918.
Subadar Said Ali Khan . . .	69th Punjabis . . .	Followers' Central Depôt, Rawalpindi.	1st October 1918.

Rank and Name.	Former Regiment.	How employed.	Date of re-employment.
Subadar Rambrich Singh	94th Russell's Infantry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.	17th August 1918.
Subadar Muhammad Jan	107th Pioneers	Lady Hardinge War Hospital, Bombay.	14th June 1918.
Subadar Ramchanda Sarwa	116th Mahrattas	Marine Lines Camp, Bombay	15th May 1918.
Subadar Arjun Kandarkar	117th Mahrattas	117th Mahrattas	11th October 1918.
Subadar Arjun Bhagat	119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Dadar.	4th August 1918.
Subadar Jumma Bakhsh Khan	121st Pioneers	Depot, 121st Pioneers	15th October 1918.
Subadar (Honorary Subadar-Major) Shabaz Khan.	122nd Rajputana Infantry	Depot, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.	18th February 1917.
Subadar Jai Bahadur Karki	1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).	Labour Corps Depot, Gauhati	25th September 1918.
Subadar Santibir Alo	6th Gurkha Rifles	Indian Details Camp, Deolali	7th September 1918.
Subadar Barsing Gurung	6th Gurkha Rifles	Labour Corps Depot, Gauhati	3rd September 1918.
Subadar Mahoudhoj Rai	6th Gurkha Rifles	Labour Corps Depot, Gauhati	28th September 1918.
Subadar Budhiman Lama	8th Gurkha Rifles	Labour Corps Depot, Gauhati	6th October 1918.
Jemadar Ranjit Singh	16th Cavalry	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.	18th October 1918.
Jemadar Umed Khan	32nd Lancers	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.	2nd September 1918.
Jemadar Gulab Khan	3rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.	Indian Details Camp, Deolali	27th June 1918.
Jemadar Fazal Dad	13th Brigade, Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore	30th August 1918.
Jemadar Tatayya	2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.	Combined Porter and Labour Corps Depot, Kamptee.	6th September 1918.
Jemadar Uttam Singh	45th Rattray's Sikhs	13th Labour Corps, Deolali.	28th April 1918.
Jemadar Nanel Singh	47th Sikhs	13th Labour Corps, Deolali.	8th April 1918.
Jemadar Ishar Singh	87th Punjabis	Depot, 153rd Punjabis	4th August 1918.
Jemadar Dhanwat Mee	109th Infantry	Depot, 101st Genadiers	27th June 1917.
Jemadar Dukhu Savant	116th Mahrattas	13th Labour Corps, Deolali.	28th April 1918.
Jemadar Abdul Hamid Khan	116th Mahrattas	Followers' Central Depot, Kirkee.	27th August 1918.
Jemadar Jeevan Ram	125th Napier's Rifles	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.	3rd September 1918.
Jemadar Ashraf Khan	128th Pioneers	Combined Labour Corps Depot, Jubbulpore.	13th September 1918.
Jemadar Moubir Gurung	5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).	Labour Corps Depot, Gauhati	9th October 1918.
Jemadar Panchahang Limbu	6th Gurkha Rifles	Labour Corps Depot, Gauhati	28th September 1918.
Jemadar Gagonasing Pun	8th Gurkha Rifles	Labour Corps Depot, Gauhati	24th September 1918.
Jemadar Joge Thapa	8th Gurkha Rifles	Labour Corps Depot, Gauhati	26th October 1918.

No. 2987.—The following direct appointments are made :—

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Muhammad Yaquub to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 16th July 1918; Haider Rahman to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 24th July 1918 and Abdul Aziz to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 17th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 2988.—The following promotions are made :—

Governor General's Body-Guard.

Kot-Dafadar Mehta b Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

6th King Edward's Own Cavalry.

Ressaidar Jai Singh, M.C., to be Risaldar, with effect from the 7th July 1918 ; Ressaidars Dani Ram and Bishan Singh to be Risaldars, with effect from the 4th August 1918 ; Ressaidar Lakh Pat Singh to be Risaldar and Jemadar Man Singh to be Ressaidar, with effect from the 3rd September 1918 ; Kot-Dafadar Badlu Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th April 1918 and Dafadar Fazal Ali Khau to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's) (Infantry).

Havildar Bhagat Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

36th (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Havildar-Major Monsha Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Belgaum.

Havildar Ghulamulla to be Jemadar, with effect from the 9th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Jemadars Velanganni and Appu Rao to be Subadars ; Havildars Rangasami, Appalasami Shaikh Hussain, Qadir Velu, Ramasami and Lingayya to be Jemadars, with effect from the 9th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Mir Alam Shah to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

3rd Brahmans.

Havildar Govindparshad Aginhotri to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

8th Rajputs.

Jemadars Ramswaarath Singh, Pudan Singh and Preg Singh to be Subadars, with effect from the 11th September 1918 ; Havildars Shiuparshad Singh, Surajbakhsh Singh, Patch Bahadur Singh, Raghunandan Singh, Lal Bahadur Singh and Shiv Sewak Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

15th (Ludhiana) Sikhs.

Company Havildar-Major Bishan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

18th Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Imdad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

20th Punjabis.

Havildar Nur Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd May 1918 ; Havildar Mewa Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 26th June 1918 and Havildar Jagtu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

21st Punjabis.

Havildar Waryam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 24th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

23rd Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadar Sant Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 12th June 1918 ; Havildars Dayal Singh and Desa Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 26th September 1918 ; Havildars Sawan Singh and Sundar Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 29th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

25th Punjabis.

Jemadar Nadir Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 15th October 1918; Jemadar Feroz Khan to be Subadar, Havildars Santa Singh, Sher Jang and Muhammad Azim to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis.

Jemadars Tor Khan, Pala, I.O.M., and Mustafa to be Subadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

28th Punjabis.

Jemadar Diwan Ali to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; Jemadar Ram Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 23th September 1918; Colour-Havildar Niaz Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; Havildar Rajwali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918 and Colour-Havildar Alam Sher to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

36th Sikhs.

Jemadar Sant Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Surain Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th July 1918 and Havildar Bhagat Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

48th Pioneers.

Havildar Ganga Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th September 1918; Havildar-Major Ram Chand and Havildar Amar Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Pensioner (re-employed) Colour-Havildar Rikhi to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st April 1918; Havildar Nikka Singh, I.O.M., to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th September 1918, and Havildar Prem Singh, I.O.M., to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Pensioner (re-employed) Havildar Ilahi Bakhsh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 18th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Karam Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 16th September 1918; Havildar Nur Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th October 1918 and Havildar Kambal Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 15th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Jemadar Duraisami to be Subadar, with effect from the 6th July 1917; to complete the establishment.

69th Punjabis.

Havildar Shivdayal to be Jemadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918, and Havildar Muhammad Amir to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

71st Punjabis.

Quartermaster-Havildar Kishan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th October 1918 and Havildar Nawab Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

Colour-Havildar N. N. Hussain Kutti, Havildars Munirathnam, Sayyid Shah Rafiuddin and Naik Sirdar Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

75th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Chowriappan to be Subadar, with effect from the 3rd October 1918; Jemadar Munisami to be Subadar and Havildar Suriyanarayana to be Jemadar, with effect from the 4th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

Havildar-Major Dharmalingham, Havildars Thatasami Nayudu and Sitaramulu to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

81st Pioneers.

Jemadar Kondayya to be Subadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Kodandera Chinnappa to be Subadar ; Havildars Mandapandra Karumtayya, Bittiandra Muddayya, Cheppadira Puvayya and Apparandra Ganapati to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

92nd Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Rahmat Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

96th Berar Infantry.

Quartermaster-Havildar Mahes Singh, Havildars Nur Ali, Inayatullah Khan, Juglal and Bisandeo Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Havildar-Major Karamat Khan, Colour-Havildar Hubai Khan, Havildars Chandar Bhan Singh, Pohkar Singh, Pir Bakhsh and Nahar Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 25th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

97th Deccan Infantry.

Jemadar Bishan Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 16th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

The 101st Grenadiers.

Havildar Ambaji Kamble to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

112th Infantry.

Havildar Jan Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 14th June 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

114th Mahrattas.

Havildar Ananda Thorat to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

116th Mahrattas.

Jemadars Sayyid Shams-ud-din, Krishna Holkar, Shaikh Gul Muhammad, Kesharao Sinde, Eshwanta Jadhao and Naragan Parab to be Subadars, with effect from the 15th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

117th Mahrattas.

Havildars Laxuman More, Baburao Ghag, Nanujirao Kadam, Hari Warute and Hiru Bhatose to be Jemadars, with effect from the 27th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

123rd Outram's Rifles.

Havildar-Major Gulab Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 7th September 1918, Colour-Havildar Bhani Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th September 1918 and Colour-Havildar Nanig Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Jemadar Ghulam Rasul to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Hadayatullah Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th September 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Colour-Havildar Rahim Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th August 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

Jemadar Mir Zaman to be Subadar, with effect from the 11th October 1918 and Havildar Fateh Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 13th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

No. 2996.—In the third line of Army Department Notification No. 1826, dated the 9th August 1918:—

For "28th Mountain Battery" read "22nd Derajat Mountain Battery."

RESIGNATIONS.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers.

No. 2997.—Major Algernon Haslehurst Smith resigns his commission. Dated 31st March 1917.

London Gazette.

No. 2998.—The following extracts are published for information:—

Seventh Supplement, dated the 23rd August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th August 1918, page 9817.

*India Office,
23rd August, 1918.*

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The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia:—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Eminent Order.

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Lieutenant Francis Beta Davern, Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers.

Supplement, dated the 25th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 21st September 1918, pages 11391, 11395, 11396, 11399 and 11400.

*War Office,
25th September, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made:—

GENERAL STAFF.

G.S.O., 2nd Grade.—Bt. Maj. R. E. Partridge, M.C., Dorset. R., *vice* Maj. K. H. Henderson, D.S.O., Ind. Army. 4th Sept. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Captain H. C. James, Welsh R. Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of Lt. (on prob.). 14th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 14th July 1916.

Temp. Capt. H. V. Henrotin, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List as temp. Lt. for duty with Ind. Army (on prob.). 19th July, 1918, with seniority from 28th Aug. 1916.

The undermentioned Lts. are apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.):—

A. T. Devis, R. Fus., Spec. Res. 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 25th Dec. 1916.

J. H. A. G. St. Aubyn, R. Fus., Spec. Res. 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 10th Mar. 1917.

G. Briggs, S. Staff R. Spec. Res. 14th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 22nd Mar. 1917.

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Lt. A. E. St. J. Adams, R. Fus., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of 2nd Lt. (on prob.). 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 25th Jan. 1917.

SPECIAL RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

RESERVE UNITS.

INFANTRY.

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North'n. R.—2nd Lt. A. C. Kempster is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.) 14th Aug. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY (ATTD.).

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Lan. Fus.

Tem. Maj. G. T. Hunter-Gray (Capt., ret. Ind. Army) relinquishes his commission on account of ill-health, and is granted the hon. rank of Maj. 26 Sept. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

J. A. Holmes, from a Bn., Durh. L.I. 1 Mar. 1917.

J. Campbell, from R. Highrs. (attd.). 26 Sept. 1917.

F. W. Sisley, from a Serv. Bn. Essex R. 28 Nov. 1917.

Temp. 2nd Lt. W. Cruise, from L. Lanc. R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 30 Jan. 1918.

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Second Supplement, dated the 26th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 24th September 1918, pages 11405, 11408, 11409, 11411 and 11412.

*War Office,
26th September, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned appts. are made :—

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. G.G.—The date of the relinquishment of his appt. by Col. E. H. Rodwell, C.B., Ind. Army, is 28th Nov. 1917, and not as in the Gazette of 21st Aug. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Lt. R. H. Hughesdon, from D. of Corn. L.I. to be temp. Lt. for serv. with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.) 4th July 1918, with seniority from 10th July 1916. (Substituted for the notification in the Gazette of 15th Aug. 1918.)

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SPECIAL RESERVE OF OFFICERS.

RESERVE UNITS.

INFANTRY.

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Suff's R.—2nd Lt. S. A. Bowden is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 29th Aug. 1918, in his original order of seniority.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.—

The undermentioned temp. Lts. to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

W. E. C. Spencer, from R. Suss. R. (attd.). 31 Dec. 1916.

R. M. Lunt, from L'pool R. (attd.) 2 Mar. 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appts. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

A. Harrison, from Ches. R. (attd.) 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 29 Aug. 1917.

G. M. Haworth, from Shrops. L.I. (attd.). 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 18 Dec. 1917.

J. F. Sawle, from Welsh R. (attd.) 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 27 Feb. 1918.

R. G. Toms, from R. Fus. (attd.). 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority 30 May 1917.

Temp. Lt. H. A. Porteous from a Serv. Bn., Devon. R. to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army, 14 Aug. 1918.

The undermentioned temp. Lts. to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

J. D. Lewis, from a Serv. Bn., R. Suss. R. 29 July 1918, with seniority 7 Nov. 1917.

P. H. Harrold, from Bord. R. (attd.). 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 29 Jan. 1917.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

R. M. Peddie, from a Serv. Bn., R. Innis. Fus. 29 July 1918, with seniority 22 Jan. 1917.

J. C. Gemmell, from Lab. Corps. 25 Aug. 1918, with seniority 15 July 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

F. Layfield, from a Res. Bn., R. Innis. Fus. 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 26 Sept. 1917.

G. W. Lomax, from Lanc. R. (attd.). 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 27 Feb. 1918.

C. Holmes, M.M., from Worc. R. (attd.). 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

W. G. Frizzel, from R. Innis. Fus. (attd.) 29 July 1918, with seniority 30 Jan. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 27th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 24th September 1918, pages 11420, 11423 and 11424.

*War Office,
27th September, 1918*

REGULAR FORCES.

INFANTRY.	*	*	*	*	*
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General List.

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The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 29 July 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

N. E. Cooper, from R. W. Kent R. (attd.). 1 Aug. 1917.

J. W. Morrison, from Yorks. L. I. (attd.). 30 Jan. 1918.

F. Burns, from R. Lanc. R. (attd.). 30 Jan. 1918.

N. McL. Merry, from Midd'x R. (attd.). 30 Jan. 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. R. W. McIntosh, from R. Berks. R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

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Supplement, dated the 28th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 27th September 1918, pages 11507, 11508, 11509, 11512 and 11515.

*War Office,
28th September, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

(COMMANDS AND STAFF.

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The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

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Asst. Dir. of Port Traffic (Cl. X).—Capt. E. H. Keeling, Ind. Army Res. of Off. (actg. Lt.-Col., R.E.). 29th June 1918.

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CAVALRY.

Res. Regts. of Cav.—The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. are transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.) :—

G. de L. B. Tinkler. 14th Aug. 1918, and to be temp. Lt., with seniority from 8th July 1918 whilst so empld.

W. E. Howell. 29th July 1918, and to be temp. Lt., with seniority from 1st May 1918 whilst so empld.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned to be temp. Capts. :—

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Lt. W. Davis, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Capt. whilst empld. with A. S. C. 18th Apr. 1918.

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Temp. Capt. J. R. Saywell, A.S.C. (Hon. Lt., R.A.M.C., T.F.), is transfd. to Gen. List as a temp. Lt. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 14th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 13th Mar. 1916.

Temp. Lt. C. A. Stansfeld, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 25th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 3rd Aug. 1916.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Lt. E. R. Lodge, from Austrln. Imp. Force, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority 1 June 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. E. J. Elson, from M. G. Corps, to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Aug. 1918.

Temp. Capt. G. W. Smith, from a Serv. Bn., York & Lanc. R. to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 29 July 1918, with seniority 13 Nov. 1915.

The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. on appts. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

Temp. 2nd Lt. G. L. Kellaway, from Dorset. R. (attd.). 29th July 1918, with seniority 19 Dec. 1917.

Temp. Lt. R. W. P. Greengrass, from Manch. R. (attd.). 25 Aug. 1918, with seniority 16 Nov. 1916.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

J. McGourley, from a Res. Bn., R. Innis. Fus. 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 30 Jan. 1918.

R. E. Leonard, from R. Lanc. R. (attd.). 29 July 1918, with seniority 27 Feb. 1918.

F. Gray, from R. Lanc. R. (attd.). 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 27 Mar. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 30th September 1918, to the London Gazette of the 27th September 1918, pages 11529, 11530, 11532, 11533, 11534 and 11537.

War Office,

30th September, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

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ROYAL FLYING CORPS.

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CAVALRY.

Res. Regts. of Cav.—Temp. 2nd Lt. S. Leader is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. 29th July 1918, with seniority from 24th Nov. 1917.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. N. E. J. Gourlio, from Cam'n Highrs., to be temp. 2nd Lt. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 14th Aug. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

PERSONAL STAFF.

A.D.C. (Extra).—Hon. Maj. Gurnam Singh, Ind. Army. 16th Apr. 1918.

GENERAL STAFF.

G.S.O's, 1st Grade.—Maj. C. A. Milward, D.S.O., Sikhs, Ind. Army, from the 2nd Grade, and to be temp. Lt.-Colonel, whilst so empld., vice Bt. Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) E. W. Costello, V.C., C.M.G., D.S.O., Punjabis, Ind. Army. 4th May 1918.

2nd Grade.—Maj. C. W. G. Walker, D.S.O., Dogras, Ind. Army, vice Maj. J. C. Freeland, Sikhs, Ind. Army. 26th Apr. 1918.

Maj. B. C. Penton, Punjabis, Ind. Army, vice Maj. (temp. Lt.-Col.) C. A. Milward, D.S.O., Sikhs, Ind. Army. 14th May 1918.

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D.A.A.G.—Maj. J. C. Freeland, Sikhs, Ind. Army. 26th Apr. 1918.

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D.A.Q.M.G.—Capt. F. A. G. Roughton, Ind. Inf., and to be temp. Maj. while so empld., vice Maj. C. W. G. Walker, D.S.O., Dogras, Ind. Army. 26th Apr. 1918.

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

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Cl. G.G.—Lt. L. H. Perch, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 4th Apr. 1918.

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ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

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Brig. Comdr.—Bt. Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) E. W. Costello, V.C., C.M.G., D.S.O., Punjabis, Ind. Army. 4th May 1918.

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Staff Cpts.—Capt. C. E. G. B. Goad, M.C., Pnrs., Ind. Army. 7th May 1918.

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Staff Lt., 2nd Cl.—2nd Lt. (actg. Capt.) H. E. Caunter, Pathans, Ind. Army, and to relinquish his actg. rank, vice Lt. F. G. Stewart, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 23rd Apr. 1918.

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HD.-QRS. FOR EMBARKATION DUTIES.

Embarkation Comdts. (Cl. X).—Lt. Col. C. A. F. Hocken, Ind. Cav., from an A.A. and Q.M.G. 14th Apr. 1918.

CAVALRY.

Remt. Serv.

Dept. Div. Remts.—Maj. J. F. H. Anderson, D.S.O., Army Remt. Dept., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 7th Apr. 1918.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

PHYSICAL AND BAYONET TRAINING.

The undermentioned temp. appt. is made :—

Asst. Supt.—Lt. C. C. H. Smith, Ind. Army Res. Off., and to be temp. Capt. (with pay and allces. as Lt.) whilst so empld. 9th Apr. 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Capt. L. Leicester, from a Serv. Bn., Midd'x R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority 19 Apr. 1917.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. H. Robinson, from R. Lane. R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 29th July 1918, with seniority 30 Jan. 1918.

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Fourth Supplement, dated the 1st October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 27th September 1918, pages 11541, 11541, 11545, 11546 and 11548.

*War Office,
1st October, 1918.*

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned to be temp. Brig.-Gens. :—

Col. R. G. Burton, Ind. Army, whilst empld. as a Col. on the Staff in India temporarily. 16th Aug. 1918.

Lt.-Col. A. C. McCreas, C.M.G., Ind. Army, whilst specially empld. 24th Aug. 1918.

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Capt. R. M. Clarkson, High L. I., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 29th July 1918 in the rank of Lt., with seniority from 13th Jan. 1916.

Capt. H. G. Watkin, Ches. R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 6th Sept. 1918 in the rank of Lt., with seniority from 5th May 1916.

Lt. H. Selway, W. Rid. R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 29th July 1918, with seniority from 25th July 1918. (Substituted for the notification under "Special Reserve of Officers" in the Gazette of 4th Sept. 1918.)

Temp. Capt. H. Mackenzie, A.S.C., is transfd. to Gen. List as temp. Lt. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 29th July 1918, with seniority from 15th Sept. 1915.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Lt. C. L. Bayliss, from a Serv. Bn., York. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 22 Apr. 1917.

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Temp. 2nd Lt. F. R. Hamer (Br. W.I.R.) to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 26 Aug. 1918.

Temp. Lt. S. N. Cowern, from Notts. & Derby. R. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 29 July 1918, with seniority 8 Dec. 1916.

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Second Supplement, dated the 2nd October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 1st October 1918, pages 11637, 11638, 11640, 11641 and 11643.

*War Office,
2nd October 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

* * * *

ROYAL FLYING CORPS.

Mil. Wing.—The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * *

Flying Officers (Observers).

1st Mar. 1918.

2nd Lt. S. L. Matthews, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

Lt. J. W. W. Tregale, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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Lt. J. B. Case, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 18th Mar. 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Temp. Lt. D. W. G. Cowie, Lab. Corps, is transfd. to Gen. List for duty with R.A. Ind. Personnel. 1st June 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts., Lab. Corps, are transfd. to Gen. List for duty with R.A. Ind. Personnel, and to be temp. Lts. :—

1st June 1918.

A. E. Duchesne.

G. Scoones.

F. H. Spittle.

W. J. Lander.

H. F. Dupius.

H. Lee. 8th June 1918.

C. W. Dover. 13th June 1918.

A. Thompson. 20th June 1918.

W. D. Stewart. 21st June 1918.

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Temp. Lt. F. F. Wadeson, from A. P. Dept., to be temp. Lt., Gen. List, for duty with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.) 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 7th Jan. 1916.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. Capt. L. V. C. Hawkes, from York R. (attd.) to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority 12th June 1916.

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Third Supplement, dated the 3rd October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 1st October 1918, pages 11650, 11651, 11653, 11654 and 11657.

*War Office,
3rd October, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

PERSONAL STAFF.

A. D. C.—Lt. A. M. Wallace, Ind. Army. Res. of Off. 17th June 1918.

Lt. J. A. Ewart, M.C., Ind. Army Res. of Off. 4th July 1918.

GENERAL STAFF.

G. S. Os.

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3rd Grade.

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Capt. H. R. Stranack, Punjabis, Ind. Army, *vice* Bt. Maj. W. H. Lang, Ind. Cav. 2nd July 1918

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ATTD. TO HD.-Q.R. UNITS.

Brig. Maj.—Bt. Maj. W. H. Lang, Ind. Cav., from a G. S. O., 3rd Grade, *vice* Maj. E. S. C. Willis, D.S.O., Rif., Ind. Army. 3rd July 1918.

Staff Capt.—Capt. D. St. J. Baxter, Punjabis, Ind. Army, *vice* Maj. J. Martin, M.C., Ind. Inf. 24th June 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned to be temp. Cpts. with pay and allowances as Lt. :—

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Lt. R. A. Robertson, Ind. Army Res. of Off. whilst empld. as an Adj. of a Base Depot. 27th Mar. 1918.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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INFANTRY.

* * * * *

General List.

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The undermentioned temp. Lts. to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

O. Couldrey, M.C., from M.G.C. (Inf.). 25 Aug. 1918, with seniority 27 June 1917.

J. S. Thompson, from a Serv. Bn., York and Lanc. R. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority 21 Oct. 1916.

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MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned, from R. E., to be 2nd Lts. for empl. with Ind. Sig. Ser. :—

Qr.-Mr.-Sjt. Alexander Garcia Henry. 4th Sept. 1918.

Staff Sjt. John Thomas Lego. 16th Sept. 1918.

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TERRITORIAL FORCE RESERVE.

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General List.

Maj. H. G. Taylor (Capt., late Indian Army) relinquishes his commission on ceasing to be empld. and is granted the hon. rank of Maj. 4th Oct. 1918.

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Fifth Supplement, dated the 4th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 1st October 1918, pages 11691, 11694, 11695, 11697, 11699 and 11700.

War Office,
4th October, 1918.

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MEMORANDA.

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Lt. G. Maltby, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Capt. whilst empld. with A. S. C. 1st May 1918.

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2nd Lt. J. P. W. Robertson, R. Lanc. R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.). 29th July 1918, with seniority from 25th Nov. 1917.

Lt. J. W. A. Clarke, Manch. R., Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army in the rank of 2nd Lt. (on prob.). 25th Aug. 1918.

The undermentioned Cadets to be temp. 2nd Lts., Gen. List, for duty with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.) :—

14th Aug. 1918.

Charles Webster Emmett.
Richard Pennington.

28th Aug. 1918.

Cecil Hudleston Dent.
Frederick Charles Wren.
Arthur Charles Lower Adams.
James Buchanan Bowman.
John Mackinnon Macmunn.
Horace Manson.
Frederick Hubert Solman.
Herbert Walter Warner. 29th Aug. 1918.

11th Sep. 1918.

Douglas Barlow.
Francois Jullian Gravelet Blondin.
Charles Harold William Brougham.
William Thomas Collins.
Fred Cook.
Walter John Gibson.
George John Graham.
Ernest Harris.
Arthur Chittenden Moore.
Edwin Christian Corkhill.
Robert Jackson.
Ralph Liley.
Arthur Munday.

Harold Selby Piper.
 Benjamin Thomas Tinton.
 James Henderson Barclay.
 William Gould.
 David Durran McCarthy.
 Thomas Wardropper.
 Joseph Harvey Bower.
 John Ernest Chaplin.
 George Albert Cooke.
 Norman Iredale.
 William Ascaster.
 Henry Bates.
 Duncan Lindsay Clark.
 Hugh Jeffree.
 Brian Kinnell.

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REGULAR FORCES.

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 TANK CORPS. * * * * *

Maj. H. L. Dyce, M.C. (Ind. Army), to be Maj. 28 July 1918, with seniority 1 Sept. 1915.

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 INFANTRY. * * * * *

General List.

Temp. Lt. G. Pitt, from Tank Corps, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army. 29 July 1918.

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OVERSEA FORCES.

CANADA. * * * * *

Can. Mach. Gun Corps.

Temp. Lt. A. W. Coulter relinquishes his commn. on appt. to the Ind. Army. 10 Sept. 1918.

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Third Supplement, dated the 5th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 4th October 1918, pages 11785, 11788, 11789, 11792, 11793 and 11794.

*War Office,
 5th October, 1918.*

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 MEMORANDA. * * * * *

The undermentioned Officers, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Lt.-Cols. whilst empld. with R. E. 1 May 1918 :—

Capt. (actg. Maj.) A. M. Berkeley.

Lt. (actg. Maj.) J. Izat, C.I.E.

Lt. (actg. Capt.) G. C. Stowell, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Maj. whilst empld. with R. E. 1 June 1918.

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The undermentioned Officers, Ind. Army Res. of Off., to be actg. Capts. whilst empld. with R. E. 1st June 1918 :—

Lt. W. E. G. Bender.

Lt. G. Wishart.

Lt. J. A. Bell.

Lt. L. J. Marriott.

2nd Lt. W. H. Webb.

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The undermentioned Lts. are apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.) :—

L. P. Moffat, K.E. Horse, Spec. Res. 29th July 1918, with seniority from 10th Sept. 1917.

R. MacI. Stobart, R. Dub. Fus., Spec. Res. 25th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 18th Sept. 1916.

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REGULAR FORCES.

	*	*	*	*	*
INFANTRY.					
	*	*	*	*	*
Service Battalions.					
	*	*	*	*	*
R. Ir. Rif.					

Captain H. W. Seton (Ind. Army) relinquishes the appt. of Adj. on ceasing to be empld. with a Bn. 15 May 1918.

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INFANTRY.					
	*	*	*	*	*

General List.

Temp. 2nd Lt. E. R. Seth, from R. Berks. R. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as prob. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

J. J. Hardie, from S. Wales Bord. (attd.). 27 Mar. 1918.

H. L. Hill, from R. War. R. (attd.). 1 May 1918.

A. W. Ellis, M.M., from R. Fus. (attd.). 29 May 1918.

* * * * *

No. 2999.—In Army Department Notification No. 2542, dated the 25th October 1918, publishing the Fifth Supplement, dated the 26th August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 23rd August 1918, insert the following above the name of Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick William Gee, I.M.S.:

“CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS
OF KNIGHTHOOD.

*St. James's Palace, S. W.,
26th August, 1918.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia :—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Eminent Order.”

A. H. B. LEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 20th December 1918

RANK.

No. 74.—The undermentioned gentleman is granted the temporary honorary rank of Lieutenant-Commander in the Royal Indian Marine for the period of the war and demobilisation :—

Mr. H. E. Johnson, Senior Dock Master, Alexandra Docks, Bombay.

DISCIPLINE.

No. 75.—The services of Temporary Lieutenant F. Bailey, Royal Indian Marine, are dispensed with, with effect from the 16th November 1918.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following amendments are made in the list of names of persons brought to the notice of the Government of India for valuable services in connection with the war and issued with the "Gazette of India Extraordinary," dated the 3rd June 1918, and the "Gazette of India," Part I, dated the 17th August 1918:—

"Gazette of India Extraordinary," dated the 3rd June 1918.

On page 377—

- (1) *For "Blakestock, Mr. G., Manager, Messrs. Rowe & Co., Rangoon,"*
read "Blackstock, Mr. G., Manager, Messrs. Rowe & Co., Rangoon."
- (2) *For "Naidu, Mr. C. B., Trader, Moulmein,"*
read "Naidu, Mr. G. V., Trader, Moulmein."

"Gazette of India," Part I, dated the 17th August 1918.

On page 1308—

For "Ma On Thein, wife of Maung E Maung, Myoók, Yenangyaung, Burma,"
read "Ma On Kywè, wife of Maung E Maung, Myoók, Yenangyaung, Burma."

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.*Delhi, the 14th December 1918.*

No. 427-F.—18.—In pursuance of Sub-Section (1) of Section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the Assam Bengal Railway shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the schedule hereto annexed, the tax specified in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Local authority.	Tax.
Netrokona Municipality	Rate on holdings.

The 16th December 1918.

No. 1426-E.—18.—Mr. J. A. Tomlinson, District Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class II, grade 5 (Provisional), of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, will hold sub. *pro tem.* rank in class II, grade 4, of that establishment with effect from the 1st October 1918 and until further orders.

The 20th December 1918.

No. 442-S.—18.—Railway Department (Railway Board) Notification No. 442-S.—18, dated the 3rd October 1918, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 5th October 1918, is hereby cancelled.

No. 811-T.—18.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the Freight (Railway and Inland Steam Vessel) Tax Act, 1917 (XIII of 1917), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following classes of goods shall be exempt from the tax imposed under the said Act, namely :—

1. Fodder carried at concession rates sanctioned by Government ;
2. Food-grains or flour covered by a certificate issued by a Director of Civil Supplies ;
and
3. Food-grains or flour carried under the authority of the Foodstuffs Commissioner.

No. 1371-E.—18.—Mr. Dhan Raj Sethi, who has been appointed as an Assistant Engineer, State Railways, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, is posted to the North Western Railway.

No. 1918-E.—18.—The services of Lieutenant D. H. Harrison, I.A.R.O., Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 507-T.—18.—The following is published for general information :—

No. 507-T.—18.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

*Dated Delhi, the 20th December 1918.***RESOLUTION.**

Relaxation in favour of the North Western Railway of the rule prohibiting the loading of more than two carbonic acid gas cylinders in any one vehicle.

Owing to the difficulty experienced in dealing with consignments of carbonic acid gas cylinders the Administration of the North Western Railway

has asked for the relaxation of the rule prohibiting the loading of more than two such cylinders in any one vehicle. This rule is contained in Schedule I of the rules to regulate the packing and carriage by railway of offensive and dangerous goods which were promulgated with Railway Board's Resolution No. 1025-R. T., dated the 10th June 1912 and published under their Notification No. 71, dated the 13th June 1912, as amended by Railway Board's Resolution No. 1555-T., dated the 5th October 1914 and published under their Notification No. 267, dated the 13th October 1914. The Railway Board are advised that in the circumstances stated, the permission asked for might be given.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred by the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, the Railway Board sanction, under Section 47, Sub-Section (4) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the exemption of the North Western Railway from the provisions of the rule referred to above so as to permit of the loading on that railway of six cylinders, instead of two, in any one vehicle with other goods, which are not explosives and not dangerous goods.

Order.—Ordered that this Resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India* as required by Section 143 (1) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and that a copy thereof be kept open for inspection at railway stations as directed by Sub-Section (2) of the same Section; also that a copy of the Resolution be communicated to the Agent, North Western Railway, the Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No 4, Lahore, the Chief Inspector of Explosives, and the Secretary, Indian Railway Conference Association, for information.

F. A. HADOW,
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 13th December 1918.

No. E.-586.—Mr. C. F. Randall is appointed Assistant Controller (Munitions Manufacture), Simla, with effect from the 9th December 1918.

The 16th December 1918.

No. E.-820.—Lieutenant H. E. Bailey, Royal Field Artillery, is appointed Assistant Controller (Oils and Paints), Calcutta, with effect from the 16th November 1918.

No. E.-901.—Mr. W. S. Henderson is appointed temporarily to the Army Clothing Department and is posted as an Assistant Inspector of Clothing, Alipore Circle, with effect from the 7th November 1918.

No. E.-908.—Captain W. L. Sellers, Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Alipore, is appointed Deputy Director of Army Clothing Factories, with effect from the 18th November 1918.

The 18th December 1918.

No. E.-450.—Mr. J. D. Withinshaw is appointed Tanning Adviser to the Indian Munitions Board, with effect from the 18th November 1918.

No. E.-497.—The services of Mr. J. C. Nixon, I.C.S., Assistant Controller of Munitions, Bengal Circle, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. E.-895.—Mr. J. J. Harker is temporarily appointed to the Army Clothing Department and is posted as Assistant Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Alipore, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

No. E.-899.—Mr. T. C. H. Shaw is temporarily appointed to the Army Clothing Department and is posted as Assistant Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Shahjahanpur, with effect from the 12th November 1918.

No. E.-900.—Mr. V. E. Towlson is temporarily appointed to the Army Clothing Department and posted as Assistant Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Shahjahanpur, with effect from the 12th November 1918.

No. E.-902.—Mr. F. Oldfield is temporarily appointed to the Army Clothing Department and is posted as Assistant Superintendent, Army Clothing Factory, Alipore, with effect from the 7th November 1918.

No. E.-929.—Mr. E. Collier is temporarily appointed to the Army Clothing Department and is posted as District Assistant Controller (Clothing Contracts), Lucknow, with effect from the 4th October 1918.

The 20th December 1918.

No. E.-670.—Lieutenant H. C. B. Jollye, I.A.R.O., of the Forest Department, Central Provinces, is appointed Assistant Controller (Timber Supplies) at the headquarters of the Indian Munitions Board with effect from the 4th December 1918.

T. RYAN,

Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 19th December 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A disturbance in the extreme north occasioned rain and snow in Kashmir, the north and central Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province. Rainfall was of almost daily occurrence in the southern half of the Peninsula, and a few falls were reported from deltaic Bengal and the east of the Central Provinces.

2. *Burma*.—No rain fell.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Calcutta and Narayanganj had light falls of rain.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Light rain fell at Mussoree, Chakrata, Raipur and Jagdalpur.

Northwest India.—Local precipitation occurred in the north and central Punjab on the 12th, in Kashmir on the 12th and 18th, and in the North-West Frontier Province on the 18th.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was nearly general on the east Madras coast from Masulipatam southwards on the 12th, and local in southeast Madras on the 18th, 17th and 18th. A few falls occurred during the week in Malabar and the Madras Deccan.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

December 12th. Srinagar 1.25", Sonamarg 0.75", Lahore 0.21", Sialkot 0.43", Rawalpindi 0.28", Masulipatam 1.25" and Nellore 1.05".

" 13th. Sonamarg 1.04", Murree 1.10", Rawalpindi 1.16" and Kodaikanal 0.95".

" 14th. Khushab 0.65" and Iyallpur 0.85".

" 16th. Negapatam 0.77" and Madras 0.61".

" 17th. Madras 1.91", Trivandrum 1.85", Kodaikanal 0.95" and Pamban 0.75".

" 18th. Cuddalore 0.82" and Kodaikanal 0.78".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in the Punjab, Kashmir, Malabar and the Madras Coast North; and was 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Burma, Assam, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces West, the Bombay Deccan and Mysore. It was within 20 per cent of the normal in Bengal, the Central Provinces East, Madras Southeast and the Madras Deccan. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Baluchistan, Rajputana and the Madras Coast North. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar and Madras Southeast. No rain is expected during this period of the year in Gujarat; in the remaining divisions rainfall differed from the normal by less than 20 per cent.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 19TH DECEMBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 28TH NOVEMBER TO 19TH DECEMBER 1918.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	1.4	-1.4	7.1	5.9	+1.2	+20	+51
Lower Burma	0	0.2	-0.2	1.7	0.6	+1.1	+188	+321
Upper Burma	0	0.2	-0.2	0.4	0.5	-0.1	-20	+81
Assam	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.3	-0.3	-100	-100
Bengal	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0.3	-0.2	-67	-100
Orissa	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.3	-0.2	-67	-50
Chota Nagpur	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.2	-0.2	-100	-100
Bihar	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	
United Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	-
United Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.2	0	0	+100
Punjab, East and North	0.3	0.2	+0.1	0.3	0.3	0	0	-100
Punjab, South-West	0.2	0.1	+0.1	0.2	0.2	0	0	-100
Kashmir	0.7	0.5	+0.2	0.9	0.8	+0.1	+13	-81
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0.1	-0.1	0.3	0.2	+0.1	+50	+200
Baluchistan	0	0.2	-0.2	0.2	0.6	-0.4	-67	-50
Sind	0	0	0	0.1	0	+0.1	-	-
Rajputana, West	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	
Rajputana, East	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.1	-50	
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Central India, West	0	0	0	0.1	0.1	0	0	
Central India, East	0	0.2	-0.2	0.8	0.3	+0.5	+167	+700
Berar	0	0.2	-0.2	1.3	0.3	+1.0	+433	+1500
Central Provinces, West	0	0.2	-0.2	1.4	0.3	+1.1	+367	+1300
Central Provinces, East	0.1	0.1	0	0.7	0.1	+0.6	+600	-
Konkan	0	0	0	0.2	0	+0.2	-	-
Bombay Deccan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.3	0.2	+0.1	+50	+200
Hyderabad, North	0	0	0	1.3	0.1	+1.2	+1500	+1500
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	1.5	0	+1.5	-	-
Mysore	0	0.1	-0.1	1.0	0.4	+0.6	+150	+231
Malabar	0.6	0.3	+0.3	2.2	1.1	+1.1	+100	+100
Madras, South-East	1.2	1.1	+0.1	5.9	3.6	+2.3	+64	+81
Madras Deccan	0.1	0.1	0	0.4	0.4	0	0	
Madras Coast, North	0.5	0.3	+0.2	0.9	1.2	-0.3	-25	-50

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 19th December 1918.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 14th December 1918.

Burma.—Light rain was general throughout the province in Lower Burma. Reaping of winter rice is becoming general in Upper Burma. Harvesting of groundnut, late sesamum and cotton and cultivation of island crops and spring rice are progressing. Reaping of winter rice has begun. Condition of standing crops is generally good. Health of cattle is generally satisfactory. Price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has fallen further to Rs. 128 but is still above normal. The market for white rice is steady at Rs. 385 per hundred baskets for specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Harvesting of winter rice, plucking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane are in progress. Rain is wanted for spring crops. Prospects of crops are poor. Cattle disease is reported from three districts. The price of common rice continues to rise.

Bengal.—The week was practically rainless, excepting scanty showers in a few places. Standing crops are suffering from drought. Transplantation of tobacco seedlings is nearing completion. Harvesting of winter paddy and sugarcane continues, and that of *kalai* has commenced in places. Sowing of spring crops is well advanced. Damage to standing crops by insects is reported from some southern and eastern districts. Fodder is reported to be insufficient in Bankura, Rajshahi, Bogra and Tippera. The average price of common rice rose by about 1·3 per cent.

Bihar and Orissa.—There was no rain during the week except light showers in parts of Balasore, Puri, Hazaribagh and Ranchi. Harvesting of winter paddy and pressing of sugarcane continue. Outturn of rice has been poor in most districts. Sowing of spring crops is in progress but rain is urgently wanted for the growth of the crops which are withering in several districts. In Angul test works are going on at 12 centres. Gratuitous relief was given to 582 persons. The price of common rice has risen in six districts, fallen in four and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from nine districts. Reports from the Feudatory States of Orissa and Chota Nagpur have not been received.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless with the exception of light rain in Himalayan districts and Rampur State. Rain is badly needed. Damage to crops for want of rain is general. Insects have slightly damaged the crops in parts of Rae Bareilly and Ballia. Preparation of land for spring crops and poppy and their sowing still continue. Harvesting of autumn crops is nearing completion. Irrigation of spring and extra crops continues. Pressing of sugarcane is going on. Picking of cotton is almost complete. Standing crops are generally fair. Prospects are mostly unfavourable. Agricultural stock is good on the whole but some cattle disease is still reported. Fodder is scarce and dear. Water and market supplies are adequate. Prices are almost stationary with a tendency to rise.

Punjab.—Light rain fell in nearly all the reporting districts except those in the Southeast and was useful for standing crops and spring sowings. More rain is badly wanted everywhere. Picking of cotton, pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of other autumn crops continue. The yield is generally normal on irrigated and much below normal on unirrigated areas. Sowings of wheat and other spring crops are proceeding and are below normal to normal. Standing irrigated crops are average to good and unirrigated crops are much below average. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is scarce in most districts. Sugarcane is being used as fodder in some districts. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary, and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat:—Ambala 6, Lahore and Lyallpur 6½, Ferozepore and Rawalpindi 6½ seers per rupee.

North-West Frontier Province.—Rain fell in parts. More rain is greatly needed throughout the province. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan but are restricted in Bannu. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Maize and *chari* are being reaped with average outturn. Prices of wheat:—Peshawar 7½ and Dera Ismail Khan 7½ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—It rained in some parts. Prices are stationary.

Kashmir.—Report not received.

Rajputana.—The weather was cold. Spring sowings are late and restricted. Condition of cattle is fair. Scarcity of fodder is general. Water is sufficient. Prices are rising in places.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. It was insufficient in Gwalior and Bundelkhand. Autumn crops are being harvested and cotton is being picked in Gwalior, Indore and Southern States. Spring crops are being sown in Gwalior and Bundelkhand. Sugarcane is being sown in Malwa. Standing crops have withered in Bundelkhand, are bad in Gwalior except certain districts where they are good and fair elsewhere. Probable outturn is not satisfactory in Gwalior and Bundelkhand, average in Bhopal except ten annas in Bhopal itself, below average in Dhar and Jhabua and fair elsewhere except Jaora and Rutlam. They have been damaged from insufficient rain in Bhopal, Maihar and Kothri. Agricultural stock is bad in Gwalior and fair to good elsewhere except where cattle disease prevails. Scarcity of fodder prevails in Gwalior, Indore, Bundelkhand, parts of Baghelkhand, Malwa and Southern States. Prices are high. Poppy cultivation is in progress in Gwalior and Indore.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be cool with occasional clouds. Only Raipur had 15 cents of rain. Reaping, threshing and winnowing of autumn crops and picking of cotton are in progress. Condition of spring crops is generally satisfactory and prospects are favourable except in the case of linseed. Recent rain has considerably benefited them. Additional land is being sown with spring crops in eight districts. Deficiency of fodder and water is reported from parts of Hoshangabad, Betul, Udhindwara and Berar. Cattle are fairing well. In Sironcha Tehsil the number of persons on gratuitous relief has increased while the number on works is low owing to weakness of labourers after influenza. Distribution of village relief is in progress in Jubbulpore. Influenza has almost subsided. Gram in Betul and Nagpur, rice in Mandla and Drug and juar in Betul fell and rice in Seoni rose by one to 1½ seers per rupee. Other variations are unimportant but indicate downward tendency. Crops are doing well.

The weekly report on Sironcha is as follows:—Influenza still continues in villages in Sironcha but has almost subsided in Jubbulpore. Public health is otherwise good. Owing to weakness of labourers numbers on village gratuitous relief are larger in Sironcha. Distress is slight in affected tracts in Jubbulpore and relief to needy Kotwars there continues. Wandering is insignificant. Distribution of loans is in progress in Jubbulpore. Prices of food grains are high but stationary. Numbers on works:—Sironcha 332, Jubbulpore 11, total 332. Numbers on gratuitous relief:—Sironcha 1,277, Jubbulpore 1,099, total 2,376. Dainoh report not received.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of Sind. Standing crops have been damaged by rats in Karachi and Hyderabad, have improved by recent rain in several districts and are withering elsewhere. Autumn harvesting continues in Sind and some places in the presidency. Spring sowing is progressing wherever moisture is sufficient. Cotton picking continues in Hyderabad, Thar and Parker, Nawabshah, Broach, Surat, Rewa Kantha, Baroda, East Khandesh and Sholapur. Fodder supply is generally deficient but is being supplemented under control arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in most districts. Irrigation is deficient in parts of Sind and presidency proper. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Demand for labour is sufficient. Small test works continue in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Ahmednagar.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. Autumn harvest is almost completed, except cotton which is being picked. Early rice harvest continues, the crop has suffered in some districts. Spring crops are generally fair to good. They have been damaged by insects and need rain in parts of Nalgonda district. Cattle are healthy. Fodder is scarce. Prices of grains continue to be abnormally high. Juar is selling at two seers per rupee in the Parbhani district.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Standing crops are in fair condition. Harvested crops outturn is poor to fair. Rice and sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The weather was cloudy. Reaping of rice has commenced in parts. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was good in Chingleput, Madras, Tanjore and Tinnevely; fair in Banganapalle, Nellore, South Arcot, Trichinopoly, Pudukkottai, Ramnad, Coshin and the hills; unreported in South Kanara; and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been lost or are withering in parts owing to excess or deficiency of rainfall. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of sixteen districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in places for want of rain. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient, except in Bellary, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Malabar and the hills. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of three districts. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of eight districts. Though prices have risen in parts, they are stationary or have fallen in majority of cases. Prospects are fair generally. Condition in Salem and Bellary is improving, but is bad in major taluks of Godavari, Upper Agency. No test works are required immediately anywhere. Relief of weavers in one centre in Anantapur is under consideration.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.
(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 30th November 1918.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.						TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."		
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.		Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	Dependents of relief-workers, relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	8	9	10	11
					UNITED PROVINCES.					
	Gazhwal	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	206
	Total	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	206
					CENTRAL PROVINCES.					
	Sironcha (Chanda district).	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	181	281
	Total	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	181	281

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 20th December 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 7th December 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SYND.	Northern	Bombay City	1	1
		Thana District	1	1
	Central	Satara District	75	64
		Nasik District . . . . .	...	2
		Poona Town	8	2
		Poona District	20	9
		Sholapur District	7	10
	Southern	Belgaum District	25	19
		Bijapur District	103	52
	Political Charges.	Baroda State . . . . .	...	1
		Kathiawar Agency	2	1
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	28	16
		Mundra Port	1	2
	TOTAL		271	179
MAHARASHTRA PRESIDENCY	...	Anantpur District	10	6
		Bellary District	7	6
		Coimbatore District	150 (a)	86
		Salem District	13	5
		Guntur District	42	20
		Kurnool District	0	3
	TOTAL		229	126
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna District	2	2
		Shahabad District	10	4
	Tirhut	Saran District	7	13
		Champaran District	8	5
		Darbhanga District	25	24
	Bhagalpur	Bhagalpur District	1	1
		Monghyr District	3	3
	TOTAL		56	52

(a) Two imported.

In the return for the week ending 30th November 1918, the following addition should be made :—
Baroda State add 4 cases, 1 death.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.	
UNITED PROVINCES.	Benares	Ghazipur District	18	13	
		Ballia District	29	21	
	Gorakhpur	Basti District	17	10	
		Asamgarh District	15	14	
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	18	11	
		TOTAL	97	69	
PUNJAB.	Ambala	Hissar District	22	12	
		Rohtak District	20	14	
	Jullundur.	Ferozepur District	4	4	
	Lahore	Gurdaspur District	3	2	
		Gujranwala District	4	1	
	Rawalpindi.	Jhelum District		1	
		Rawalpindi District	4	3	
	Multan	Multan District	2	2	
		TOTAL	59	39	
	BURMA.	Pegu	Tharrawaddy District	0	5
Prome District			1	2	
Mandalay		Maymyo Town	21	15	
		Bhamo District	1	...	
Sagaing.		Katha District	10	8	
		Shwebo District	4	4	
Magwe		Sagaing District	3	3	
		Lower Chindwin District	3	1	
Meiktila		Magwe District	3	3	
		Meiktila District	4	2	
Native States.		Yamethin District	8	6	
		Myingyan District	2	2	
CENTRAL PROVINCES.		Jubbulpore.	Northern Shan States	1	...
			Southern Shan States	6	6
			TOTAL	78	57
	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	56	51	
		Jubbulpore District	17	9	
		Seoni District	6	7	
		TOTAL	79	67	
	MYSORE STATE.	"	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	19	18
			Bangalore City	8	3
			Bangalore District	12	4
Mysore City			8	6	
Mysore District			15	6	
Shimoga District			7	4	
Kolar District			20	11	
	TOTAL	84	52		

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	..	Galburgah District	7	7
		Belohur District	7	6
		Bidar District . . . . .	...	1
		Medak District	41	18
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	30	28
		Secunderabad	4	4
		Atrafbaldah Sarfikhaz District	3	3
		TOTAL	92*	67*
		GRAND TOTAL	1,040	708

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending December 7th were 78 and 53, respectively.

In the return for the week ending 30th November 1918, the following addition should be made:—

Central India . Gwalior State 2 cases, 2 deaths.

The reported incidence of plague in India continues to be abnormally low. Approximately four thousand plague deaths were reported in November, as compared with 68,706 in the corresponding month of 1917, and 27,481 the mean incidence of plague mortality, for the month of November during the last twenty years.

DELHI:

The 21st December 1918

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

II. SHARP,

Offg Secretary to the Government of India.

**Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.**

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

N.B.—As regards the figures in column *Total earnings*, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK	MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.			TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK ENDING			EARNINGS PER MEAN MILE WORKED PER WEEK			TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1st APRIL TO			COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1913-14, +2 DAYS.		COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1912-13.	
		1913.	1917.	1918.	5th December 1913.	7th December 1917.	7th December 1918.	1913.	1917.	1918.	5th December 1913.	7th December 1917.	7th December 1918.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
State Railways.	Rs.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal-Nagpur (including 3' 6" gauge lines)	402	2,669	2,696	2,695	8,55,294	12,08,026	11,67,000	320	448	433	2,69,24,740	3,70,75,599	1,05,87,000	1,38,55,280	...	35,11,471	...
Bewarwa Extension	479	91	21	21	7,433	8,793	9,200	373	419	438	2,54,053	3,56,426	3,32,000	77,938	...	...	24,426
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	983	1,003	1,003	7,05,216	9,26,820	8,70,000	717	924	805	2,30,96,379	3,01,77,214	3,34,32,000	1,03,28,621	...	31,44,786	...
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	423	1,573	1,582	1,581	7,59,411	7,41,357	7,71,000	493	469	498	2,55,23,118	2,34,37,089	2,56,67,000	1,43,882	...	32,29,911	...
East Indian	865	2,540	2,618	2,612	20,42,081	27,06,192	23,94,000	801	1,034	916	6,39,16,295	7,88,90,060	9,31,84,705	1,37,84,705	...	1,43,10,940	...
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,512	2,512	18,61,780	24,22,853	23,04,000	734	948	882	5,37,54,332	6,79,35,457	7,74,12,000	2,45,57,048	...	86,16,543	...
Agra-Delhi Chord	514	286	126	126	45,611	73,749	74,100	364	530	558	14,88,298	21,02,216	19,43,000	14,54,703	...	8,40,784	...
Baran-Kotah	78	40	40	40	2,519	3,479	4,700	63	7	117	1,06,740	1,30,389	1,47,000	39,250	...	26,611	...
Bharat-Nagpur (British Section)	1,594	537	12	12	26,643	20,974	20,400	469	1,747	1,700	11,11,671	6,14,674	7,75,000	1,60,335	3,36,671	1,60,335	...
Cawnpore-Banda	78	33	76	76	749	5,739	6,000	23	76	70	42,887	4,08,336	2,18,000	1,78,613	...	6,684	...
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 6" gauge lines)	387	2,385	2,551	2,550	6,84,406	10,44,374	9,65,000	365	410	395	2,47,58,381	3,45,70,906	3,71,45,000	1,23,86,719	...	25,74,094	...
North-Western (including 3' 6" gauge lines)	579	4,019	4,055	4,001	14,95,945	22,91,406	19,40,000	373	565	485	5,88,11,999	8,37,28,443	8,90,55,000	2,52,43,002	...	53,26,987	...
Oudh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Bharat-Nagpur 3' 6" link)	345	1,600	1,594	1,582	4,43,004	5,05,597	4,20,000	277	319	264	1,57,69,372	1,92,19,617	2,15,93,000	58,28,638	...	32,76,388	...
Assam-Bengal	159	812	895	888	1,37,934	1,36,475	1,43,000	170	193	159	45,73,355	49,53,554	49,29,000	3,56,745	...	75,146	...
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	387	1,986	1,940	1,840	6,47,733	7,40,573	6,87,000	300	407	363	1,90,78,457	2,27,87,317	2,77,34,000	83,48,543	...	49,56,088	...
Burma	519	1,553	1,543	1,543	4,50,943	4,59,763	4,96,000	297	326	370	1,53,44,919	1,89,29,431	1,69,40,000	16,95,081	...	30,10,569	...
Burma Extension	121	...	70	70	...	7,044	7,000	...	100	...	...	...	3,33,000	...	3,33,000	...	25,680
Southern Shan States	72	...	39	32	...	2,763	2,400	...	86	75	...	88,427	99,900	...	99,900	...	18,473
Jodhpur-Hyderabad (British Section)	311	124	124	124	35,713	39,876	26,100	191	318	210	9,18,892	15,51,910	14,40,000	6,11,108	...	78,000	...
Lucknow-Bareilly	166	287	302	287	33,549	45,364	61,800	116	150	214	14,68,268	17,12,658	21,28,000	6,54,742	...	4,10,313	...
Myore	191	411	401	401	76,487	74,672	74,500	184	196	186	25,57,353	26,70,806	29,21,000	8,63,748	...	3,50,094	...
South India (including 3' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,461	1,467	1,587	4,64,203	6,77,734	5,83,000	320	425	367	1,90,38,916	2,44,86,456	2,44,80,000	54,41,084	...	6,456	...
Travancore Branch	151	108	108	140	16,399	19,810	23,800	152	175	156	6,24,494	7,77,732	9,85,000	3,60,476	...	2,47,376	...
Tirhoot	228	785	804	804	3,15,533	2,16,238	1,70,000	272	269	211	66,66,543	59,61,872	68,17,000	1,60,358	...	6,55,138	...
Broach-Jambur	90	...	30	30	...	2,310	2,500	...	77	...	...	91,193	95,700	...	95,700	...	4,508
Jabal (Provincial)	83	32	33	33	2,006	2,857	2,400	62	81	73	87,387	99,462	83,800	...	4,567	...	16,668
TOTAL	496	36,174	36,737	36,807	1,09,04,917	1,44,08,265	1,31,71,400	417	539	493	37,03,27,745	45,88,28,520	51,20,04,400	14,16,76,655	...	5,38,75,880	...
All other Railways.	171	56	56	56	15,353	10,668	10,600	274	190	189	4,98,133	3,26,944	3,41,000	...	1,57,123	14,056	...
Amritsar-Patli	519	...	45	45	...	36,499	24,800	...	567	547	...	7,50,651	9,41,000	...	9,41,000	...	1,90,940
Bhopal-Nagpur (Native State Section)	181	114	114	114	20,368	16,416	17,700	178	144	155	6,80,801	6,02,815	7,16,000	16,190	...	1,13,135	...
Bhopal-Ujjain	167	140	140	140	11,445	9,987	10,000	78	66	67	3,66,861	3,21,899	3,80,000	...	...	17,008	...
Hisar-Gurgaon	90	...	30	30	...	5,476	5,400	...	369	369	...	22,08,745	30,58,333	31,37,000	9,27,355	...	78,627
Delhi-Mathura	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
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Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000	...	314	344	...	3,29,323	3,76,612	...	1,56,178	...	71,888
Delhi-Mathura-Kalka	144	...	16	16	...	9,882	11,000										

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, by the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, Delhi.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

DELHI, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1918.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 19th December 1918.

No. 165-I. E.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to, and promotions in, the said Order, for services brought to notice in His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's Despatch No. 17445-1, dated 20th August 1918, which was published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 7th December 1918, under Army Department Notification No. 2856 :—

To be Knights Commanders

The Hon'ble Major-General ALFRED HORSFORD BINGLEY, C.B., C.I.E.,
Indian Army.

The Hon'ble MR. GODFREY BUTLER HUNTER FELL, C.S.I., C.I.E., Indian
Civil Service

Lieutenant-General THOMAS JOSEPH O'DONNELL, C.B., D.S.O., Army
Medical Service.

Major-General GODFREY WILLIAMS, C.B., British Service.

To be Companions.

Colonel HERBERT JAMES BARRATT, Army Medical Service.

Colonel SAMUEL COWELL PHILSON, Army Medical Service (since
deceased).

Brevet-Colonel ROWLAND HILL MARTIN, C.B., C.M.G., The Norfolk
Regiment.

Brevet-Colonel The EARL OF RADNOR, T.D., Territorial Force Reserve.
 Major (temporary Colonel) HARRY JOHN MAHON, Indian Defence Force
 Lieutenant-Colonel FREDERICK WILLIAM BAGSHAW, Indian Army.
 Lieutenant-Colonel FRANCIS EDWARD GEOGHEGAN, Supply and Transport Corps
 Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) HAROLD WHITEMAN WOODALL, The Dorsetshire Regiment.
 Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) HERBERT GRENVILLE LE MESURIER, Royal Engineers.
 Major ROLLO ST JOHN GILLESPIE, Royal Engineers.

By Order of the Grand Master,

J. B. WOOD,

*Secretary to the Most Eminent Order
 of the Indian Empire.*

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 19th December 1918

No. 3988-I. C.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for services brought to notice in His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's Despatch No. 17445-1, dated the 20th August 1918, which was published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 7th December 1918, under Army Department Notification No. 2856 :—

To be Commanders

Colonel WILLIAM MOLESWORTH, C.I.E., M.B., V.H.S., Indian Medical Service
 Colonel ALFRED WILLIAM SHEEN, M.B., Royal Army Medical Corps. (T. F.)
 Colonel CHARLES HERBERT SHEPHERD, D.S.O., The Lincolnshire Regiment.
 Colonel WALTER WILLIAM MARRIOTT SMITH, Royal Artillery.
 Brevet-Colonel ATTWELL HENRY WOOD, The Royal Irish Rifles.

To be Officers.

Lieutenant-Colonel ALFRED PERCY DRAYSON, The East Surrey Regiment.
 Lieutenant-Colonel GEORGE KEMP WALKER, C.I.E., F.R.C.V.S., Indian Defence Force
 Major ALBERT ELIJAH WALTER, Indian Medical Service.
 Lieutenant (temporary Major) GEORGE HERBERT RAMSAY HALLAN, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.
 Captain (temporary Major) ARTHUR JOHN CLIFTON, The Durham Light Infantry.

J. B. WOOD,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 19th December 1918

REWARDS.

No. 2935.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, for services brought to notice in His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's Despatch No. 17445-1, dated the 20th August 1918, which was published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 7th December 1918, under Army Department Notification No. 2856:—

To be Members of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, of the said Most Honourable Order.

Major-General EDWARD SINCLAIR MAY, C.B., C.M.G., British Service.

Major-General (temporary Lieutenant-General) Sir GEORGE MACAULAY KIRKPATRICK, K.C.S.I., C.B., British Service.

No. 2936.—His Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for services brought to notice in His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's Despatch No. 17445-1, dated the 20th August 1918, which was published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 7th December 1918, under Army Department Notification No. 2856:—

To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major (temporary Brigadier-General) WILLIAM DESMOND VILLIERS-STUART, Indian Army.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) PERCY LYNES GROVE, The Cheshire Regiment.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) GEORGE BURNET ABERCROMBIE RIND, Indian Army.

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) RONALD CAMPBELL ROSS, D.S.O., Indian Army.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, by the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, Delhi.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901.—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J P HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India "

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Postage	3 0 0
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Rules and Notifications issued under Legislative Acts, and having the force of law, may be obtained separately at 2 pice per page	

By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Département or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within 2 week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 21st December 1918.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 528-D.—Whereas by a license, dated the 9th day of January 1915 the Governor General authorised all persons residing, being, or carrying on business in British India to pay any fees necessary for obtaining the grant, or for obtaining the renewal, of patents, or for obtaining the registration of trade marks or designs, or the renewal of such registrations in an "enemy country,"

And also to pay on behalf of an "enemy" any fees payable in British India on application for, or renewal of, the grant of a patent or on application for the registration of designs or the renewal of such registration;

And whereas it appears to the Governor General in Council that such payments should no longer be authorised,

Now therefore I, Frederick John Napier Thesiger, Baron Chelmsford, hereby revoke the said License and give notice that all such payments as aforesaid are from the date hereof prohibited under the Proclamations relating to Trading with the Enemy.

CHELMSFORD,

Viceroy and Governor General.

In view of this order, no further proceedings of any kind will be permitted in connection with applications for Patents, or applications for the Registration of Designs by Alien Enemies.

CORRIGENDUM.

The following entry which appeared in the Notification published by this office in Part II of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 30th November 1918, under the heading "Renewal Fees Paid" is hereby cancelled —

182 of 1908 Sheffield & Co. (To 21 November 1918)

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

December 9.

- 4061. M. L. Kapoor *Paper glazed cloth bag flat to fold with the folding appliance*
- 4062. E. Box. *Improvements in and connected with the destruction of house and other refuse and the recovery therefrom of useful materials.*
- 4063. D. L. Cecil. *Variable speed gear.*

December 10.

- 4064. Alphaero Engines, Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to internal combustion engines.*

December 14

- 4065 K. Chakravarti. *Bina.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may, at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India*, give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money-order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

- 3167. S. Satow. *Improvements in process of recovering proteids from vegetable proteid containing material for use in the industrial arts.*
- 3168. S. Satow. *Improvements in proteid products and process of making the same.*
- 3169. J. Takamine and S. Satow. *Improvements in or relating to process for obtaining vegetable proteids.*
- 3342. Pacific Evaporated Co. *Improvements in driers chiefly used for preparing vegetable food products.*
- 3498. T. A. Boyd and J. & T. Boyd Ltd. *Improvements in pin and cop winding machines.*

3504. W. A. Fraymouth. *Improvements in the tanning or finishing of hides, skins or the like.*
3529. T. A. Boyd, H. A. Boyd, J. Boyd and J. & T. Boyd, Ltd. *Improvements in mechanism for doffing full bobbins from and putting empty bobbins upon the spindles of spinning, twisting and like frames.*
3547. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ltd. *Improvements in or relating to moulds for the production of printers' strips material or elements for printing forms.*
3629. T. A. Boyd, H. A. Boyd and J. & T. Boyd, Ltd. *Improvements in and relating to the controlling of the unwinding of yarns from hanks carried on reels.*
3678. General Electric Co. *Improvements in constant current transformers and the like.*
3686. D. H. Remfry. *Glazing reinforced concrete.*
3702. T. A. Boyd, H. A. Boyd, J. Boyd and J. and T. Boyd, Ltd. *Improvements in mechanism for doffing full bobbins from and putting empty bobbins upon the spindles of spinning, twisting and like machines.*
3713. Heatly and Gresham Ltd. *Improved water softening plant.*
3747. J. R. Kinney. *Improvements in power transmission device.*
3792. Fastnut, Limited. *Improvements in locking devices for nuts, bolts and the like.*
3841. A. C. Sinha. *Improvements in wall facing tiles.*
3974. R. H. Roberts and P. N. Kingswell. *Improvements in collapsible boxes, cases or crates.*
3982. Singer Manufacturing Co. *Sewing machine.*
4016. R. A. G. Russell. *Improvements in feed-water purifiers for steam generators.*
4017. E. T. Worswick. *A new or improved apparatus for throwing confetti or the like.*
4018. National Lead Co. *Improvements in smelting furnaces.*
4021. Miss V. Hansen. *Resilient single, twin or the like rim for automobiles or the like.*
4022. C. A. Parsons. *Turbine blade attachments.*
4024. General Electric Co. *Improvements in and relating to circuit interrupters.*
4025. A. C. Diehl. *Improvements in sound boxes for talking machines.*
4026. I. F. Burton, W. W. Moyer and L. Y. Squibb. *Improvements in flexible connections for shafts of talking machines.*
4027. H. H. Waller. *Improvements in openers, scutchers, willows and rag tearing and the like machines.*
4028. A. Newton-Smith. *Improvements in the picking mechanism of looms.*
4029. R. Redman, J. W. Parkinson and C. T. Walker. *Improvements appertaining to shuttle and picker checking mechanism for looms.*
4031. G. W. Beldam and A. U. B. Ryall. *Improvements in or connected with the soles and heels of boots and shoes.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATION PUBLISHED.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

3392. J. Westerbeek and Naamloose Vennootschap "Technica." *A method of drying goods of any kind such as grain, fruit, vegetables, fish or the like by means of hot air, hot gases or normal or cooled atmospheric air and apparatus therefor.*
3431. R. Roy. *Improvements in differential gearing.*
3760. A. G. Dubern. *Improved settling and scrubbing chambers for boiler flue smoke dust and ashes of light combustibles.*
3790. J. P. O'Donnell. *Improvements in and relating to apparatus for the use of fuel in a powdered or in an atomized condition in the furnaces of locomotive and other boilers.*
3805. W. T. Hoofnagle. *Method of and apparatus for treating gases and vapors electrically.*
3809. A. C. Ionides Jr. *Improvements in or relating to gaseous combustion.*
3881. F. R. Morgan. *Creep anchor for rails.*
3892. C. A. Parsons. *Improvements in carbon glands.*
3894. S. Grossman. *Improvements in resilient wheels.*
3895. A. Poulson and W. C. A. Mate. *Improvements in smelting furnaces or cupolas.*
3899. V. Mardon. *Rubber seed-removing knife.*
3903. E. Bullock-Webster. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for the propulsion of vehicles and for the prevention of skidding.*
3906. S. A. Pollock. *Improvements in or relating to the rectification of alternating currents of electricity.*
3917. G. A. Overstrom. *Improvements in ore concentrators.*
3918. National Lead Company. *Mechanically operated Scotch hearth.*
3921. E. Graham and G. Bowman. *Improvements relating to fluid pressure jacks.*
3922. F. W. Simpson and R. Simpson. *Improvements in presses for pressing food such as cheese, meat, fruit and the like.*
3923. American Linseed Co. *An improved artificial fuel and process and apparatus for manufacturing same.*

3924. American Linseed Co. *Apparatus for containing and consuming fuel.*
 3925. A. Newton-Smith. *Improvements in or in connection with the picking mechanism of looms.*
 3929. A. Newton-Smith. *Improvements in picking mechanism for looms.*
 3930. Society of Chemical Industry in Basle. *Manufacture of acetaldehyde.*
 3933. W. A. Rye. *Envelope machine quick drying gum.*
 3935. G. H. Wallace. *Improvements in electrically operated totalisators.*
 3939. D. H. Stent. *An improved means of fixing rails to concrete sleepers.*
 3940. D. H. Stent. *An improved reinforced concrete sleeper for railways and the like.*
 3941. F. H. Addis. *Improvements in buffer and draw bar gear for railway vehicles.*
 3942. R. Kenny. *Improved leather-proof coat.*
 3945. O. C. Roberts. *An improved arsenical solution for the destruction of prickly pear or the like.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7 accompanied by the fee, Rs. 30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3830. Dutt and Dutt	3831. Dutt and Dutt.
3831. Dutt and Dutt.	3835. Dutt and Dutt.
3832. Dutt and Dutt	3836. Doran.
3833. Dutt and Dutt.	3838. Powell.

PATENTS SEALED.

2930. Aiyer.	3775. Datta.
309. Honegger	3784. Moss.
3075. Titan Co. A/S	3811. The firm of N. B. Md Siddiq.
3561. Everdingen.	3813. Grip Nut Co.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

- 441 of 1905. Wheatley. (To 12 December 1919)
 504 of 1907. Lamont & anr. (To 19 December 1920)
 235 of 1908. Gresham & anr. (To 16 December 1919.)
 95 of 1909. Pollen & anr. (To 16 December 1919)
 246 of 1909. A. G. Brown Boyer & Co. (To 14 December 1919.)
 255 of 1909. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co., Ltd. (To 14 December 1919.)
 161 of 1909. Webb & anr. (To 8 December 1919.)
 261 of 1910. Polivit Manufacturing Co. Ltd. (To 21 December 1919.)
 636 of 1912. White. (To 4 December 1919.)
 1356 of 1913. Donald. (To 15 December 1919.)
 1158 of 1913. deVains & anr. (To 2 September 1919.)
 1360 of 1913. Auto Strop Co. (To 15 December 1919.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES.

The public are warned that entries under this heading must not be accepted as final, as under the provisions of Rules 9 and 11 of "The Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915," the Controller may extend the time prescribed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, and by the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, for paying the necessary renewal fees.

The Patent Office will supply on request definite information, so far as possible, as to the position of any particular Patent or Exclusive Privilege.

1906.

89, (Burrowes).

1913.

1175, (Mackay).

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

1. All communications relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. Directions for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911,

the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.*

3. *Advice.* The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provisional patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in cash and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

AHMEDABAD . . .	R C Technical Institute.	HYDERABAD . . .	Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
ALLAHABAD . . .	Public Library.	JALPAIGURI . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division
BANGALORE . . .	Indian Institute of Science	KARACHI . . .	Office of City Deputy Collector
BOMBAY . . .	Record Office	LAHORE . . .	Punjab Public Library
" . . .	Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.	LONDON . . .	The Patent Office 2, Southampton Buildings, W C
" . . .	The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A Sussex Road, Parel.	MADRAS . . .	Record Office, Egmore.
CALCUTTA . . .	Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street	MYSORE . . .	College of Engineering
" . . .	Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.	" . . .	Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department
CAWNPORE . . .	Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.	NAGPUR . . .	Victoria Technical Institute.
CHINSURAH . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.	POONA . . .	College of Engineering
CHITTAGONG . . .	Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.	RANGOON . . .	Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma
DACCA . . .	Office of the District Board, Dacca.	ROOSEE . . .	Thomson College.
DELHI . . .	Office of the Deputy Commissioner.	SHOLAPUR . . .	Office of the Collector.
		WASHINGTON (U.S.A.)	The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. Publications on sale at the Patent Office:—

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M. Muhammad Din, 2999, Pir Gilavian Street, Lahore.

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M. Mohd. Ashfaq Husain, Regimental Munshi, 1/10th Middlesex Regiment, Lucknow.

M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.

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CALCUTTA,

O. F. JENKINS,

The 21st November 1918.

Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

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For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 30 "

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For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs. (Only small quantities available when in stock.)	" 12 "

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For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	" 6 "

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	" 7 "

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and Residual Alkaloids.

" 4 "

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	" 7 "

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[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	Rs. A. 0 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	" 1 0 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	" 1 8 0

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THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD.

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.
NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India,
 and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
 The 30th October 1918.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 18th December 1913

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th December 1918.

[illegible]

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th December 1918. There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 15th December 1918.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 8TH TO 15TH DECEMBER 1918.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

NAME OF MINTS.	COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.										COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.	
	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN				Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Currency balance.	Piastres Closing and paid over. Bul- lion.	Receipt of Bullion for coinage transferred from Bul- lion coinage. over.	Closing balance.
	Pur- chased silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States	TOTAL.	New coin ready for delivery	Currency Bullion	Other Govern- ment Bullion	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.		
Calcutta . . .	175	2	..	177	110	.	110	29	0.375	7	2	4.3	..	..
Bombay . . .	...	...	...	...	95	...	95	...	0.154	1	.	185	..	1 54

(a) Exclusive of 510 of purchased silver brought in the Mint premises but not yet received.
(b) Exclusive of 160 of purchased silver brought in the Mint premises but not yet received.

His Majesty's Mint; }
Calcutta, the 18th Dec. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

A. F. G. MOSCARDI,
Director.

ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL, BENGAL.

Notice of deaths sent to the Administrator-General of Bengal, under section 54 of Act III of 1913.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported and when.	REMARKS
William Sinclair Cameron Macpherson, Superintendent of Bengal River Police, Naraingunj.	Dacca	4th September 1918.	District Judge, Dacca, on 13th September 1918.	The deceased left no will. Mr W. H. Wares, I.C.S., intends to apply for Letters of Administration to the estate.
David Buchanan Bryson, an Assistant of Matelli Tea Estate, Jalpaiguri.		6th August 1918.	District Judge, Dinajpur, on 28th September 1918.	It is stated that deceased has left a will by which everything has been bequeathed to his father residing in England. The Administrator-General is in communication with the father to obtain his views regarding administration of the estate.
John William Lambert, an employee in the Equitable Coal Company, Ltd.	General Hospital, Howrah.	6th May 1918	District Judge, Hooghly, on 5th September 1918.	The deceased does not appear to have left any will and the Administrator-General is in communication with the District Judge regarding administration of the estate.
J. W. McEwan, an Assistant, Dimdima Tea Estate, Jalpaiguri.	Dimdima Tea Estate	2nd April 1918	District Judge, Dinajpur, on 22nd and 24th April 1918.	The deceased committed suicide and he left no will. The Administrator-General does not propose to take any action as the assets are under Rs 1,000, in value.

ALEX. KINNEY,

No. 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA;
The 25th November 1918.

Offg. Administrator-General of Bengal.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Lahore Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of claimant
D-1 of 1918-19	E. C. 53223	10	Sergeant J. A. Miller, Ordnance Department, The Arsenal, Rawalpindi.
	74		
	E. C. 53224	10	
	74		
	E. C. 53227	10	
	74		
	E. C. 53228	10	
	74		
	E. C. 53229	10	
	74		
	TOTAL	50	

T. MALAN.

Currency Officer.

PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE,
Lahore, 12th December 1918.

The following Currency Notes of the Calcutta Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.—

NOTES WHOLLY DESTROYED

Register No	No of notes	Value.	Name of Claimant.
011695, H-462 of 1918-19	YL 82005 . . . 39 VB 2118 . . . 79 VI 17976 76 VI 9600 38 VI 77414 78 VI 34283 . 67 VI 25513 38 88055 VI 24122 37 YB 90061 10 VB 15805 . 78 YB 13130 . . . 31 " 13131 . . . " 13132 . . . YB 38079 . 10 YP 86370 to . 59 " 86379 .	100 each	Abdul Kaseem, Pensioner, Post Office Gaighat, Gulzarbagh, Patna.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
Calcutta, the 19th December 1918

N B. DEANE,
Deputy Controller, In charge Paper Currency.

The following Currency Notes of the Cawnpore Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY LOST OR DESTROYED.

Register No	No of Notes	Value	Name of claimant.
WD 2 of 1918-19	P B 81384 . . . 3 " 81386 . . . " 81387 . . . " 81390 . . . " 81392 . . . " 81393 . . . " 81394 . . . D B 97408 . . . 41 D B. 08474 . . . 13	Rs. 100 each	M Abdul Kaim, Government Pensioner, Gai Ghat—Post Office, Gulzarbagh, Patna.

PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE,
Cawnpore, the 18th December 1918.

J. W. KELLEY,
Currency Officer.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 12th December 1918.

No. 1622—1044.—The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to approve of the Mine Manager, Shivrajpur Syndicate, Ltd., Shivrajpur, Panch Mahals, as a candidate for a license to prospect and mine for minerals in the British district of Ajmer-Merwara.

The 14th December 1918

No. 1627—4.—In accordance with the provisions of section 25 of the Ajmer-Municipalities Regulation, V of 1886, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to notify the re-appointment of Bohra Kalu Ram as a member of the Municipal Committee, Kekri, for a further period of three years, with effect from the 8th October 1918.

By order,

H. C. GREENFIELD,

for First Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent, Rajputana,
and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

Ajmer, the 16th December 1918.

No. 1698-C.—156-A.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, on the report of the Magistrate of the District, that cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land in the Beawar Municipality and damage crops or other produce thereon, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1 of 1871, as amended by Act 1 of 1891, to direct that on and after the 1st January 1919 for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the said section which may be seized within the limits of the Beawar Municipality and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act 1 of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Lt.-Col.,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 12th December 1918.

No. 1701-B.—In pursuance of rule 11J of the Defence of India (Consolidation) Rules, 1915, as subsequently amended and as applied to the Administered Areas in Central India, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased:—

- (i) Under sub-rule 2, clause (a) to order that all traders, producers, warehouse-keepers or vendors, wholesale or retail, in the Administered Areas in Central India hereinafter mentioned who hold stocks of rice, wheat, gram jowar, pulse, maize or bajra exceeding in the aggregate a total amount of 50 maunds shall, by the 31st day of December 1918, make a return in writing, showing the amount of such stocks held by them, to the authority hereinafter specified in this behalf, *viz.*:—

If the stocks are held in the Cantonments of Mhow, Nimuch or Nowgong.	To the Cantonment Magistrate.
If the stocks are held in the Cantonment of Agar .	To the Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India at Agar.
If the stocks are held in the Cantonment of Guna .	To the Political Assistant, Guna.
If the stocks are held in the Cantonment of Sehore .	To the Superintendent, Sehore.
If the stocks are held in the Indore Residency Bazars.	To the Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India in charge of the Indore Residency Bazars.

- (ii) Under sub-rule 2, clause (d) to direct that the aforesaid grains shall not be exported from any of the said areas, other than Sehore, excepting:—

- (a) Under a license granted by the Director of Civil Supplies for Central India or by the authority aforesaid or
(b) In quantities not exceeding in value one rupee in the aggregate for all the aforesaid grains.

No. 3890-D.—The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to declare the days specified below to be public holidays in Central India during the year 1919 —

List of General Holidays sanctioned by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India for the year 1919

Christian, Hindu, Muhammadan or Parsi	Designation	Date.	Days of week.	No of days	REMARKS.
C	New Year's Day .	1st January .	Wednesday .	1	
H	Til Sankranti .	14th " .	Monday .	1	
H.	Basant Panchmi .	5th February .	Wednesday .	1	
H	Shivaratri .	25th " .	Friday .	1	
H	Holi or Dol Jatra .	17th and 18th March .	Monday & Tuesday .	2	
P	Jamshed i Nauroz .	21st March .	Friday .	1	For Parsis only.
H	Gudipawa .	1st April .	Tuesday .	1	
H	Ram Navmi .	8th " .	Tuesday .	1	
C	Good Friday .	19th " .	Friday .	1	
C	Saturday before Easter .	19th " .	Saturday .	1	
C	Easter Monday .	21st " .	Monday .	1	
M	Shah-i-Buzd .	16th May .	Friday .	1	If the moon be visible on Thursday, the 1st May 1919, then on Thursday, the 15th May 1919
GENERAL	King-Emperor's Birthday .	...	...	1*	
P.	Zoroaster's Zee .	18th Jun .	Wednesday .	1	For Parsis only
M	Alvin, last Friday in Ramzan .	27th " .	Friday .	1	For Muhammadans only.
M.	Id ul Fit .	30th " .	Monday .	1	If the moon be visible on Saturday, the 28th June 1919, then on Sunday, the 29th June 1919
H	Nag Panchmi .	1st August .	Friday .	1	
H.	Rishi Bandhan .	11th " .	Monday .	1	
H	Jarum Ashtami .	18th " .	Monday .	1	
M.	Id ul-Zuha .	6th September .	Saturday .	1	If the moon be visible on Tuesday the 26th August 1919, then on Friday, the 5th September 1919.
H	Anant Chaudas .	9th " .	Tuesday .	1	
P	Nauroz .	11th " .	Thursday .	1	
P	Khumarsaul .	16th " .	Tuesday .	1	
P	Amadali .	17th " .	Wednesday .	1	For Parsis only.
H	Dasra .	2nd to 11th October .	Thursday to Saturday .	3	
M	Meharman .	4th to 6th " .	Saturday to Monday .	3	If the moon be visible on Thursday, the 25th September 1919, then from Friday to Sunday, 3rd to 5th October 1919
H	Diwali .	23rd to 25th " .	Thursday to Saturday .	3	
M	Parvafat .	6th December .	Sunday .	1	If the moon be visible on Sunday, the 23rd November 1919, then on Friday, the 5th December 1919.
C	Christmas .	22nd to 31st December .	Tuesday to Wednesday .	9	

NOTE — 1) Sundays and the last Saturday in each month at there are no arrears of work, are general holidays, also each day of Solar Eclipse and the day following each Lunar Eclipse

During the year 1919 there will be a Lunar Eclipse on Friday, the 7th November.

(2) Heads of offices are empowered to grant holiday on extraordinary occasions or at the times of local fairs and religious festivals, provided that no undue delay in the disposal of public business will thereby occur

* The date for the celebration of His Majesty the King Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately.

The 14th December 1918.

No. 3918-D.—Mr B Barnes, assumed charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, Nimach, with effect from the afternoon of the 30th November 1918.

By order,

A. R. JELF,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 5th December 1918.

No. 8425-Financial.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 13 of the Indian Income-Tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), and delegated to him by the notification of the Government of India, Finance Department, No. 778-F., dated 28th March 1918, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to make the following rules under the said Act, in supersession of all rules now in force under the Act as published in the notifications Nos. 3382, 3383, 3384, 3385, dated 6th May 1918, No. 3613, dated 14th May 1918, and No. 3748, dated 21st May 1918, and No. 5807, dated the 7th August 1918, and to direct that these rules shall come into force from 1st January 1919. Any action taken or any form issued under the notifications above cited shall be deemed to have been taken, or issued under the rules notified below.

RULES.

1. Under section 43 it is prescribed that in calculating under section 14 (2) the amount of tax payable the amount due on any fraction of a rupee shall be neglected, whether that fraction is more or less than eight annas. Thus the tax to be realised on a month's salary of Rs. 166-10-8 is Rs. 4-5-2 only.

2. Under section 43 it is prescribed that any sum liable to tax or in respect of which an exemption from tax is permissible, when payable or due to an assessee or payable by him in a currency other than that of British India shall be reckoned for the purposes of assessment as (a) equal to the actual amount received by the assessee in the currency of British India or expended by him in such currency as the actual cost of remittance, or (b) if the assessee is unable to prove such actual amount as equal to the value of such sum in the currency of British India, in the case of sterling at the official rate of exchange and in any other case at the market rate of exchange in force during the period in which it was received, due or paid.

3. Under section 43 it is prescribed that any person other than an officer in charge of a treasury or sub-treasury who deducts income tax from the interest of securities at the time of the payment of such interest shall within a week of such deduction send the amount so deducted to the nearest Government Treasury with a statement in the Form No. I appended to these rules.

4. Under section 43 it is prescribed that—

I. A claim to exemption preferred under section 6, sub-section (1), clause (ii) of the Act on that portion of income taxable under the head 'Salaries' which is paid as premium to an Insurance Company shall not be entertained if the claim is made after the expiration of six months from the last day of the financial year during which the premium was paid.

II. A claim to exemption preferred under section 12 (2) of the Act on that portion of income which is paid as a premium to an Insurance Company or as a contribution to a Provident Fund shall not be entertained if the claim is made after the expiration of one year from the end of the financial year during which the premium or contribution was paid.

III. A claim to exemption must be supported—

(1) by the original receipt granted by the Insurance Company or the Manager or Secretary of the Provident Fund; or

(2) by a duplicate receipt given by the Insurance Company or the Manager or Secretary of the Provident Fund; or

(3) by a certificate of payment given by the Insurance Company or the Manager or Secretary of the Provident Fund, or by a Banker.

IV. The receipt duplicate or certificate shall be presented to the officer or person who pays the salary, pension or annuity.

V. Any original receipt presented under clause (IV) of this rule shall be returned to the presenter as soon as the fact of payment is admitted in due course of audit.

5. When any private employer enters into an agreement with the Collector under section 6 (1) to recover on behalf of Government the tax payable by an assessee in respect of any sum paid to him by such private employer under the head 'Salaries' the following conditions shall be observed :—

(a) The Collector shall in agreement with the private employer allow him as remuneration for the collection of the tax a commission which shall be fixed with reference to the circumstances of each case but shall not in any case exceed 5 per cent. of the tax collected.

(b) The private employer shall enter into an agreement with the Collector by forwarding to him an undertaking executed in Form No. II appended to these rules. This agreement is exempt from stamp duty.

(c) When an agreement has been entered into with a private employer, the Collector shall issue to him an authority to collect the tax in Form No. III appended to these rules. If the private employer is a single individual the authority shall be addressed to him personally. If the private employer is a partnership the authority shall be addressed to the partnership and shall state the names of all the partners.

(d) The authority issued by the Collector shall remain in force till it is cancelled. It may be cancelled at any time by the Collector at his discretion or on the application of the private employer.

(e) The private employer shall collect the tax due under the head 'Salaries' at the rate prescribed by the Act at the time of payment on any payment made by him which amounts to or exceeds Rs. 83-5-4 per mensem or Rs. 1,000 per annum.

(f) He shall pay into such Treasury or Sub-Treasury as the Collector may prescribe within a week of the payment by him of any sum on which the tax is deducted the amount of tax deducted less the commission due to him, and he shall at the same time furnish a statement of the details of the payment so made in Form No. IV appended to these rules.

6. Under section 15 (4) it is prescribed that the amount deducted on account of Income-Tax under section 15 (2) of the Act under the head of 'Salaries' shall be paid to the credit of Government—

(a) on the day of the deduction, if made by an officer in charge of a treasury; and

(b) within one week from the day of the deduction, if made by any other person.

7 (a) Under section 16 it is prescribed that the annual return to be delivered to the Collector shall, if submitted—

(1) by a prescribed person in the case of a Government office, be in Form No. V appended to these rules, and

(2) by any other person in Form No. VI appended to these rules.

(b) In the case of a return submitted by any person other than the prescribed person in the case of a Government office the return shall comprise the names of all employees wherever employed. The Collector shall forward a copy of the entries in the return which relate to a person employed or resident in another district to the Collector of the district in question.

(c) Under section 16 (a) it is prescribed that the return shall in every case include the name of every person to whom the payment made in the year to which it relates has amounted to not less than Rs. 600 chargeable under the head "Salaries."

(d) The prescribed persons in the case of Government offices shall be the following:—

(1) Civil audit officers for all gazetted officers and others who draw their pay from audit offices on separate bills; and also for all pensioners who draw their pensions from audit offices.

(2) Treasury officers for all gazetted officers and others who draw their pay from treasuries on separate bills; and also for all pensioners who draw their pensions from treasuries.

(3) Heads of offices for all non-gazetted officers whose pay is drawn on establishment bills.

(4) Forest disbursing officers, and Public Works Department disbursing officers in all cases where direct payments from treasuries have not yet been introduced, for themselves and their establishments.

(5) Head postmasters for themselves and their establishments; heads of telegraph offices (other than combined post and telegraph offices) for themselves and their establishments; Superintendents of Telegraphs for themselves and their establishments.

(6) Controllers of Military Accounts (including Divisional, Military Supply, Marine, Field and War Controllers) for all military employees under their audit excepting the non-gazetted establishments employed under the Indian Munitions Board in whose case the return in question will be furnished to the Collector by the heads of offices instead of by the Central War Controller.

(7) Disbursing officers in the Military Works Department for themselves and their establishments.

(8) Chief Examiners of Accounts or Chief Auditors of the railways concerned for all railway employees under their audit.

8. (a) Under section 28 (1) the amount prescribed is Rs. 600 per annum.

(b) Form No. VII appended to these rules is prescribed as that in which a return may be required under section 28(1).

9. Under section 43 and section 28 (2) it is prescribed that a requisition for a return shall be made in Form No. VIII appended to these rules.

10. Under section 43, Form No. IX, appended to these rules is prescribed as the form of notice for issue when deemed necessary under section 2 (12) and section 34.

11. Under section 43 (2) (b) the following rules are prescribed:—

(a) The assessment on any Insurance Company shall be made for the financial year or for any other period of 12 months ending within the said financial year for which the accounts of the Company are audited and passed by the shareholders.

(b) The taxable income of a Life Assurance Company shall be assessed on a profit equal to the annual average profit disclosed by the last preceding valuation:

Provided that any deductions made from the gross income in arriving at the actuarial valuation, which are not admissible for the purpose of income tax assessment, shall be added to the net profit disclosed by the valuation:

and provided also that if there has been no periodical actuarial valuation, or if the last valuation took place more than five years previous to the year in which the assessment falls to be made, the taxable income shall be determined with reference to the interest dividends and rents received by the Company during the previous year.

(c) If the tax deducted at the source from interest on investments exceeds the tax on profits calculated under rule 2 a refund may be made of the amount by which the deductions from interest on investments exceed the tax payable on profits.

(d) The taxable income derived from the Annuity and Capital Redemption business of a company, the profits of which may equitably be ascertained from the results of an actuarial valuation, shall also be determined in accordance with the method of application applicable to the determination of the taxable income of a Life Assurance Company.

(e) In the case of an Insurance Company other than a Life Assurance Company, i.e., a Fire, Marine, Personal, Accident, Employers Liability, Fidelity Guarantee, Burglary, Third Party or other company, for the ascertainment of the taxable profits of the company, the amounts actually credited by the company in the ordinary accounts of its business for the year of assessment to any fund established for the sole purpose of forming a reserve to meet outstanding or unexpired liabilities to policy-holders (including therein risk of exceptional losses) shall be treated as expenditure incurred solely for the purpose of earning the profits of the business in determining the taxable income of the company in that year, provided that—

(1) any sum on account of unexpired risks, which a company wishes to have treated as expenditure for income tax purposes, must actually be credited to a fund in the accounts of the company;

(2) such sum must also be specifically appropriated to meet liabilities under an existing contract; and

(3) such contract must be with a policy-holder.

(f) Any sum actually credited by an Insurance Company in the accounts of its business for the year of assessment to an Investment Reserve Fund for the purpose of meeting depreciation in the value of its securities shall not be chargeable with tax and shall be treated as expenditure incurred for the purpose of earning the profits of the business.

(g) The taxable income of a company carrying on Dividing Society or Assessment business shall be assessed at 15 per cent. of the premium income in the year of assessment.

(h) The foregoing rules relate to the determination of taxable income from different classes of insurance business. The actual assessment of an Insurance Company carrying on more than one class of business shall, in accordance with the Act, be determined as to its rate and amount by its aggregate taxable income from all the classes of business which it carries on.

12. Under section 43 it is prescribed that when the Collector learns that an assessee other than a Company having his principal place of business in the Delhi Province has a branch of his business in another district he shall request the Collector of the latter district to communicate to him an estimate of the taxable income of the assessee in the latter district. The Collector, Delhi, shall not require the production of accounts or documents relating to a branch business in another district, but shall in making his assessment take into consideration the proceedings forwarded to him by the Collector of any district in which the assessee has a branch business and he shall accept the conclusions of such Collector with such modifications as he may deem necessary for reasons to be recorded by him in writing.

13.(a) Under section 8 (vi) the allowance for collection charges in respect of income derived from house property shall be the amount actually expended on such charges, provided that it shall not exceed 6 per cent. of the gross annual rental, and provided further that no allowance shall be made if the assessee has any source of income other than house property for which he has to maintain an establishment, unless he proves to the satisfaction of the Collector that he has maintained a distinct and separate establishment for the collection of the income derived by him from his house property.

(b) Under section 8 (vii) if a property be unoccupied both by owner and tenant for a proportion of the year not less than that shown in the first column below an allowance shall be made on the scale shown in the second column—

Column I.

One-sixth.
One-third
One-half
Two-thirds.
Five-sixths.
Whole.

Column II.

One-sixth of annual value.
One-third do.
One-half do.
Two-thirds do.
Five-sixths do.
Whole.

14. Under section 9 (2) (vi), proviso (a), it is prescribed that if an allowance is claimed for depreciation of buildings, machinery or plant, the assessee making the claim shall submit with it a statement in Form No. X appended to these rules.

15. Under section 43 (2) (d) the following rules are prescribed:—

(a) An application for composition of the assessment of income-tax may be made in writing to the Collector in any financial year before the tax on the applicant is assessed by the Collector in that year.

(b) No agreement for composition shall be made with any company or to cover income chargeable under the heads of 'Salaries' and 'Interest on Securities.'

(c) No agreement for composition shall be entered into unless the income in regard to which such composition is entered into is in the opinion of the Collector likely to be stable during the next three years.

(d) No agreement for composition shall ordinarily cover a period of more than three years. In exceptional circumstances the Collector is authorized to permit a composition for a period of five years; but the compounded income should not be less than what is essential as the average income for the whole period.

(e) An agreement for composition shall determine the income other than that excluded under rule (b) and the tax on the income fixed by composition shall be levied provisionally at

the rate applicable to such income, but such rate shall year by year be revised and eventually fixed at the rate applicable to the total income of the assessee, including his income under the heads excluded from composition, being determined year by year after such total income has been ascertained.

(f) On receipt of an application under rule (a) the Collector shall institute inquiries as to the probability of a future increase or decrease in the applicant's income, and shall determine whether a composition shall be made, and if so, the amount on which the tax shall be compounded. Such amount shall not be less than the full amount which is estimated as the average income of the applicant during the period for which the composition is made.

(g) If the application is sanctioned the applicant shall execute an agreement in Form No. XI appended to these rules within one month from the date on which the amount of composition is notified to him. If he fails to execute the agreement within the above period, the Collector may proceed to assess him as if no application for composition had been made and sanctioned.

(h) The agreement shall be made in two parts. One of such parts executed by the compounding party shall be retained by the Collector and the other part signed by the Collector shall be made over to the compounding party.

NOTE.—The stamp duty on an agreement for composition is eight annas under article 5 (b) of Schedule I of the Indian Stamp Act, 11 of 1899, and a stamp of the same amount is requisite for the counterpart of the agreement under article 25 of the said schedule.

(i) If the party, who has compounded, dies or becomes bankrupt or insolvent or, in the case of a firm, goes into liquidation (whether voluntarily or under the orders of a competent authority) before the expiration of the period comprised in the agreement, then subject to the provisions of the second proviso of section 19 of the Act, the agreement shall cease to have force on the 31st day of March next after such death, bankruptcy, insolvency or liquidation proceedings, save and except as to any portion of the amount of tax which before the said day shall have become payable and shall then be unpaid.

(j) If the Collector is at any time satisfied that the party compounding has obtained the composition fraudulently by understating his income or otherwise, he may cancel his agreement.

(k) If any person before any tax has been assessed in respect of his income offer his accounts for examination by an accountant (munim) nominated by the Collector, and consents to be assessed on the result of such examination, the Collector may direct such examination to be made and after such examination make a composition with such person as to the amount of income on which his tax shall be assessed for the year in respect of which his accounts have been examined.

(l) Where a composition has been made, the application for composition shall be deemed to be the return under section 17 (2) of the Act, and the order of the Collector making the composition shall be deemed to be the notice of demand under section 20 or notice of summary assessment under section 30 (2).

16. Under section 43 the following rules are prescribed :—

(a) The Collector shall unless he sees reason to the contrary, accept as complete and correct with regard to the facts certified in it a statement of profit and loss certified as complete and correct by any member of the undermentioned institutions, *viz.* :—

- (1) The Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales.
- (2) The Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors.
- (3) The Society of Accountants in Edinburgh.
- (4) The Institute of Accountants and Actuaries in Glasgow.
- (5) The Society of Accountants in Aberdeen.
- (6) The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland, and
- (7) any Accountant who holds a certificate under the Indian Companies Act entitling him to audit accounts within the Delhi Province.

(b) A statement of profit and loss prepared for the purposes of these rules by an Accountant qualified under rule (a) shall be prepared in the form prescribed for a return under section 17 (2) of the Act, and the Accountant shall append to it a certificate that it has been prepared with strict regard to the law and rules in force and applicable to the calculation of incomes for the ascertainment of the rate of income tax chargeable and the amount of income taxable.

(c) When a statement of profit and loss prepared by an approved Accountant under these rules and certified as prescribed by rule (b) is filed by an assessee the Collector shall dispense with a scrutiny of the accounts of such assessee unless in his opinion there are reasons which make such scrutiny desirable.

17. Under section 30 (2) it is prescribed as follows :—

(a) The Collector shall issue a notice to all persons assessed under Chapter III of the Act by means of a notice with a list of such persons attached in Form No. XII appended to these rules.

(b) The notice and list shall be published by being posted up in the district cutcherry and Town Hall and the notice with an extract from the list relating to the assessors resident outside the Municipal boundaries shall also be published by being posted up in the tahsil office and in such conspicuous place or places in the towns and villages of the province as the Collector or Tahsildar may consider necessary.

(c) In addition to the notice prescribed above, notice shall be given in Form No. XIII appended to these rules individually to any assessee :—

- (i) who was not taxed in the previous year ;
- (ii) whose assessment is not the same as in the previous year ; or
- (iii) who in the Collector's opinion is an assessee to whom it is necessary or desirable to give individual notice.

(d) The period within which an application may be made to the Collector shall be 30 days from the date on which the notice and list are published in the district cutcherry.

(e) An assessee who files a return under the proviso to section 30 (3) shall do so in the form prescribed under section 17 (2) and shall verify it as prescribed for that form.

18. Under section 17(1) it is prescribed that the return to be submitted by a company shall be in Form No. XIV appended to these rules and shall be verified by the signature of the principal officer of the Company, and accompanied by a copy, certified by the signature of such principal officer, of the accounts of the Company duly audited and passed by the shareholders for the year for which they were last made up.

19. (a) Under section 17 (2) it is prescribed that the return of income which every assessee other than a company as defined in section 2(7) of the Act may be required to furnish shall be in form No. XVI appended to these rules and that it shall be verified as prescribed in the form.

(b) The Collector in requiring an assessee to furnish him with the return shall issue to the assessee a notice in Form No. XV appended to these rules.

(c) If the notice is sent to any person assessed under the provisions of Chapter IV the Collector shall add to it a note that such person is required to make the return for the income of the minor or other person on whose behalf he will be assessed.

20. Under section 20 Form No. XVII appended to these rules is prescribed for a notice of demand.

21. Under section 21 (1) Form No. XVIII appended to these rules is prescribed as the form of petition to the Chief Commissioner.

22. Under section 43 and section 45 the following rules are prescribed :—

(a) Payment of any demand under the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, may be made at the office of the Collector, Delhi or of the Tahsildar or Naib-Tahsildar of a Tahsil or Sub-Tahsil in which the assessee has been assessed or to which a recovery certificate has been forwarded by the Collector, Delhi.

(b) Payment may be made—

- (i) by personal tender of cash ; or
- (ii) by remittance made by money order or in currency notes to the officer-in-charge of the treasury or sub-treasury concerned ; or
- (iii) by cheque in favour of the Collector when the assessee has ascertained from the Collector that payment by cheque as proposed by the assessee is permissible.

(c) In deciding whether payment by cheque is permissible or not, the Collector shall permit such payment when the cheque is one which can be encashed without the payment of discount, or if discount is payable for an amount including the discount, at a bank situated at the headquarters of the district.

(d) Every Naib-Tahsildar and Tahsildar in charge of a Sub-Treasury, every officer in charge of a District Treasury, and every officer invested with any powers under the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, is empowered to give a receipt for any payment made under that Act.

(e) For every payment made under section 15 (1) a receipt shall be granted in the general form prescribed for receipts on account of payments of Government demands other than land Revenue.

(f) Every other payment tendered, whether in cash, by money order, by currency note remittance, or by cheque shall before the amount tendered is credited to Government be scrutinised by the Income Tax Clerk of the district or tahsil at which the tender is made.

(g) If after such scrutiny the Income Tax Clerk is satisfied that the payment tendered is due either in total or in partial payment of a demand, he will certify to this effect in Form No. XIX of chalan appended to these rules.

(h) He shall retain one copy of the chalan in a bound register. In the case of a cash payment tendered personally he shall hand the counterfoils of the chalan to the payer for presentation with the payment at the treasury. In the case of any payment not personally tendered, he shall send the counterfoils with the remittance to the Treasury Officer.

(i) The Treasurer after receipt of any payment tendered with counterfoil chalans shall sign such chalans and return one to the Income Tax Clerk who shall file it, retaining the other for use in the Treasury.

(j) The Income Tax Clerk shall, in accordance with the details noted on a chalan returned to him under rule (i), prepare in duplicate a receipt in Form No. XX appended to these rules for every payment made. One copy of the receipt shall be retained in a bound volume. The other copy, after it has been duly signed by a person authorized to do so under rule 22(d) shall be given to the payer in the case of a payment made personally and in the case of a payment made otherwise shall be forwarded to the payer.

(k) In case a payment made is more or less than the demand standing against the assessee, the Income Tax Clerk shall note on the Receipt Form the balance still due or the excess payment made.

(b) If the payment tendered is less than the demand, it shall be applied to the liquidation of the demand first for process fee, secondly for penalty, and lastly, for the tax assessed. A note in any receipt granted under these rules of any balance still due shall be deemed to be a notice of demand for the amount in question.

(m) Any excess payment shall be entered to the credit of the assessee and shall be refunded to him on his application or accounted for as a payment of any future demand that may be made against him under the Income Tax Act.

23. Under section 43 (2) (c) the following rules are prescribed :—

(a) An application for a refund shall not be entertained after the expiry of the financial year succeeding that in which the amount of which refund is claimed was paid.

(b) An application for refund shall not be entertained by the Collector unless the tax in respect of which a refund is claimed has been assessed in the Delhi Province, or in the case of an assessment under the head 'Salaries' or 'interest on securities' unless the assessee resides in the Delhi Province.

(c) No refund shall be granted on any fraction of a rupee.

(d) An application for a refund consequent on a modification of assessment made by a competent authority whether on adjustment, petition or otherwise, or for any excess payment made by an assessee may be made free of stamp duty to the Collector who after satisfying himself that the refund is due shall issue a refund certificate in the form prescribed for refunds of land revenue.

(e) In any case in which an assessee claims that an adjustment of his assessment should be made and that a refund should thereafter be made to him, he shall submit to the Collector an application free of stamp duty setting forth briefly the circumstances under which his claim is made.

(i) He shall submit also the treasury receipt or receipts issued to him on account of the payment of the tax in reference to which his application is made or a certificate of such payment which the Treasury Officer shall furnish on a petition to him which sets forth correctly the date and amount of any payment in respect of which a certificate is required.

(ii) He shall submit also a return of his income in the form prescribed for a return under section 17(1) or 17(2) of Act VII of 1918 setting forth his total income for the period in which the tax in reference to which his application is made was paid to Government.

(iii) In the case of a refund of tax claimed in respect of a security of the Government of India the applicant shall submit also a certificate in Form No. XXI appended to these rules from the Treasury Officer or Bank at which interest on such security was paid to him.

(iv) In the case of a refund of tax claimed in respect of a dividend or the interest on a security of any company or local authority the applicant shall submit also a certificate of the principal officer of such company or local authority in Form No. XXII appended to these rules in support of the claim that the applicant has been charged with income tax in respect of such dividend or the interest of such security.

(v) In the case of a refund of tax claimed in respect of a share of the profits of a firm divided between the partners the applicant shall submit also a certified extract of the registered deed of partnership or other proof showing the share he holds in the firm.

(f) On receipt of an application to which the prescribed documents are attached, the Collector shall satisfy himself after such enquiry as he may deem necessary, what was the actual income of the applicant during the period to which the application relates.

(g) If the Collector is satisfied that a claim for a refund has been established he shall either—

(i) issue to the person entitled to it a certificate of refund in the form prescribed for refunds of land revenue; or

(ii) in the case of an abatement due in respect of tax chargeable on interest on securities grant such person a certificate in Form No. XXIII appended to these rules.

(h) The applicant or person duly authorised by him in this behalf on receipt from the Collector of the certificate in Form No. XXIII appended to these rules may present it at the Bank or Government Treasury concerned for the purpose of obtaining the abatement at the time of the payment to him of the interest due.

(i) A refund may at the request of an applicant be remitted to him by money order at the cost of the applicant.

(j) Against the order of a Collector on an application for refund under rule (e) a petition shall be allowed to the Chief Commissioner. The petition shall ordinarily be presented within 30 days of the receipt by the petitioner of the Collector's order, but the Chief Commissioner may receive a petition after the expiration of that period if he is satisfied that the petitioner had sufficient cause for not presenting it within that period.

(b) If the applicant for a refund is the Collector competent to sanction the refund, the application shall be made to and disposed of by the Chief Commissioner.

(c) The Collector shall keep on record returns in Forms XIV, XVI, applications under rule 23 (d) and (e) and on Form XXI, copies of certificates of refunds under rule 23 (g) and on Form XXIII issued by him for three years from the end of the financial year in which such returns have been received or certificates issued.

24. Under section 43 it is prescribed as follows :—

(a) Any claim under section 3(2) (ii) of the Act to exemption from the levy of tax on the interest of securities applicable solely to religious or charitable purposes within the meaning of that clause must be supported by a certificate from the Collector which shall be in Form No. XXIV appended to these rules.

(b) Upon the authority of such a certificate granted by the Collector the person who pays the interest on the securities specified shall not deduct tax from it.

25. Under section 43 the following rules are prescribed :—

(a) Any witness who attends to give evidence or produce any account or document in any proceeding under the Income Tax Act VII of 1918 shall be entitled to the payment of expenses under the procedure and on the scale in force for the payment of such expenses to witnesses who attend a Civil Court.

(b) Any payment made to any witness summoned by the Collector or Chief Commissioner shall be recoverable as an arrear of income tax from the assessee when such witness has been summoned in a proceeding in which the assessee has failed to substantiate a case put forward by him. When the case put forward by an assessee wholly or partially succeeds, the officer before whom the proceedings are held may direct that any payment made to any witness may be wholly or partially paid by Government and if he directs that a part shall be paid by the assessee such part shall be recoverable as an arrear of income tax.

26. Under section 43 the following rules are prescribed :—

(a) Any reference made to the Chief Commissioner under section 51(1) of the Act or otherwise in any matter relating to the Act shall be made through the Collector.

(b) Any petition to the Chief Commissioner praying him to exercise the power conferred on him by section 23 of the Act shall be presented to the Collector who, in the exercise of his discretion, shall withhold such petition unless he is of opinion that the grounds on which it is based call for consideration by higher authority, in which case he shall forward the petition to the Chief Commissioner whose decision shall be final.

27. Under section 43 the following rules are prescribed for the determination of the income of certain assessee non-resident in British India :—

I.—Indian Branches of Non-resident Firms—

(a) Indian branches of non-resident firms shall ordinarily be assessed on the actual profits disclosed from the balance sheet and profit and loss accounts of the branches.

(b) Except as provided in rule (c) in cases of firms in which the form adopted for the accounts and balance sheets of the head office or of the Indian branches does not enable the share of the profits properly due to the Indian branches to be accurately gauged or which keep no accounts at all either at their head office abroad or at their branch offices in India, the Collector may either fix as the incomes of the Indian branches for the assessment purposes a percentage of the turnover of the business done by the branches or, if that be not suitable, determine such incomes on the basis of any other method of calculation which he considers to be more reliable.

(c) The profits of the Indian Branches of non-resident Insurance Companies (Life, Marine, Fire, Accident, Burglary, Fidelity, Guarantee, etc.) shall be based on the proportion of the total profits of the companies corresponding to the proportion which their Indian premium income bears to their total premium income.

II.—Indian Firms allied to Non-resident Firms of which they are not technically branches or agencies—

(d) Except as provided in section 33, sub-section (2), the procedure prescribed by rules (a) and (b) shall also apply in the case of Indian firms allied to non-resident firms of which they are not technically branches or agencies.

28. Under section 43 the following rule is prescribed :—

If among persons engaged in any business, profession or vocation in partnership together, any change shall take place in any such partnership, either by death or dissolution of partnership as to one or any of the partners or by admitting any other partner therein, before the time of making the assessment, or within the year for which the assessment ought to be made under the Act, or if any person shall have succeeded to any business, profession or vocation within such periods as aforesaid, the tax payable in respect of such partnership, or any such partners, or any person succeeding to such business, profession or vocation, shall be computed on the profits derived from such business, profession or vocation, during the previous year in accordance with the provisions of the Act notwithstanding such change therein or succession to such business, profession or vocation. The assessment so made will in all cases be subject to adjustment under the provisions of section 19 of the Act.

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM NO. I.

(SEE RULE 3.)

To the Treasury Officer at _____

In accordance with the provisions of section 15(4) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, I herewith forward for credit to Government the sum of Rs. _____ * being income tax on interest on securities deducted by me according to the details entered below:—

1	2	3	4	5	6
Serial No.	Name of holder of security.	Description and amount of security	Interest payable to holder.	Date of payment.	Tax deducted.
			Rs. A P.		Rs. A. P.

* In words.

Place
DatePerson responsible.
Designation.

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM NO. II.

[SEE RULE 5(b).]

To

The Collector of Income Tax,

District.

I undertake to collect on behalf of Government by deduction at the time of payment income tax at the rate prescribed by the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, from any salary, wages annuity, pension or gratuity and from any fee, commission or profit received in lieu of or in addition to salary or wages, of every employee paid by me, whose salary amounts to or exceeds Rs. 83-5-4 a month, or Rs. 1,000 per year. As remuneration for my collections I agree to accept a commission of _____ per cent. of the amount of the tax recovered by me. I undertake to forward the amount collected less the commission due to me within one week of the payment of any salary, etc., from which tax is deducted to the ^{Treasury} Sub Treasury at _____ together with details of the payment in the prescribed form.

Place
DateSignature.
Designation.

Witness

{ Signature
Designation

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM NO. III.

[SEE RULE 5 (c).]

Serial No. _____

Volume No. _____

Whereas _____, a private employer, has entered into an agreement to collect from any person in his employ whose total income chargeable under the head 'Salaries' amounts to or exceeds Rs. 83-5-4, per mensem or Rs. 1,000 per annum the amount of tax payable by such person under the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, this authority to make such collections is hereby issued by me to the said private employer. The said private employer is entitled to a commission of _____ per cent on the amount of tax collected by him, and is responsible of payment into the ^{Treasury} Sub-Treasury at _____ of the amount of such tax less the commission to which he is entitled within one week of the date on which any payment liable to tax under the head 'Salaries' is made by him.

It is hereby brought to the notice of the said private employer that under section 16 of Act VII of 1918, he is responsible for the preparation and delivery to me before the 15th day of April in each year of a statement of which the form should be obtained by application at my office in due time.

This authority shall remain in force until it is duly cancelled.

Date
PlaceCollector.
District.

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM NO. IV.

[SEE RULE 5 (f).]

Statement of income tax paid into the Treasury at _____ on _____
by _____ a private employer who has entered with the Collector of
into an agreement under section 6 (1) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, registered as
Serial No. _____ in the said Collector's register of such agreements.

Serial No.	Name and particulars of employee.	Month or period for which employee was paid.	Date of payment.	Nature of payment.	Amount of payment.	Deductions if any, permissible.	Balance assessed to tax.	Rate of tax.	Amount of tax.	REMARKS
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Pies.	Rs.	

Rs.

Total tax deducted
Commission at - - - per cent on total tax deducted . . .
Net tax credited to Government
(In words) _____

Date _____
Place _____

Private employer.

1. In column 5 state whether the payment is on account of salary, wages, annuity, pension or gratuity or on account of fee, commission, perquisite or profit in lieu of or in addition to any salary or wages.

2. In column 7 give details of deductions and enter only deductions on account of any sum paid by an employee to effect an insurance on his own life or on the life of his wife or in respect of a contract for a deferred annuity on his own life or on the life of his wife or as a contribution to any Provident Fund which complies with the provisions of the Provident Insurance Societies Act, V of 1912, or has been exempted from the provisions of that Act. No deduction may be made unless it is supported by the original receipt for the sum on account of which deduction is made issued by the Company or Fund to which the sum was paid or by a duplicate receipt given by such Company or Fund or by a certificate of payment given by such Company or Fund or by a banker. The receipt copy or certificate must be attached to this statement. If an original receipt is so attached, it will be returned after any deduction made on it has been checked and passed. The deductions made in the case of any employee shall not exceed 1-6th of the salary, etc., paid to him in the year.

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM NO. V.

[SEE RULE 7 (a) (1).]

Return under section 16, Act VII of 1918, for the Government office of
at _____ for the year ending 31st March 19 _____

Serial No.	PAYEE.			Period for which recurring payments and dates on which other payments were made	Total payment made	Total income tax deducted.	REMARKS
	Name.	Designation	Address.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
					Rs.	Rs.	

Prescribed Person.

Date _____

Place _____

Designation _____

Income-tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. VI.

[SEE RULE 7 (a) (2).]

Return under section 16, Act VII of 1918, of persons paid by _____
at _____ district _____ for the year ending 31st March 19 .

The return must include particulars of every person who was receiving on the 31st March 19 or has received during the year ending on that date any payment not less than Rs 600 in the year in respect of any salary or wages, any annuity, pension or gratuity, or any fee, commission, perquisite or profit in lieu of or in addition to any salary or wages.

Serial No.	PAYEE				Period for which recurring payments or dates on which other payments were made	Total sums paid.	Total deductions allowed on account of premia for life insurance, etc.	Balance assessed to income tax.	REMARKS.
	Name.	Designation	Residence.	District in which employed					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
						Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	

Rs.

Total tax deducted
Total commission retained for collection
Total tax credited to Government

In words) _

I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above return is a complete and accurate statement of all payments of which a statement is prescribed and that no such payment has been omitted from the above return.

Date _____ Signed _____

Place _____ Designation _____

Income-tax Department, Delhi.

FORM NO. VII.

[SEE RULE 8 (b).]

Volume No _____

Serial No. _____

To _____

You are hereby required to furnish within 15 days of the date of this requisition, in the form attached, a return containing, to the best of our belief, the name and address of every person employed in your service who is receiving in virtue of such employment any income of an amount not less than Rs. 600, per annum not chargeable under the head 'Salaries' i. e., not taxed at the time of payment as any salary or wages, any annuity, pension or gratuity, or any fee, commission, perquisite or profit in lieu of or in addition to any salary or wages.

Place _____ Collector.

Date _____ District.

Form attached to Income Tax Form No. VII.

Name of person employed.	Residence.	Designation.	SUM RECEIVED IN THE YEAR ENDING _____ ON ACCOUNT OF		REMARKS.
			Character of payment.	Amount.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
				Rs.	

I _____ hereby declare that the information given in this return is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and complete.

Place _____ Signature _____
Date _____ Designation _____

Income-tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. VIII.

(SEE RULE 9.)

Volume No. _____

Serial No. _____

To _____

Under section 28 (2) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, you are hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to me at _____ on or before the _____ day of _____ next, a list in the attached form containing to the best of your knowledge and belief the names of all the partners of your Firm or of all the adult male members of your Hindu undivided family.

Place _____ Collector.
Date _____ District.

Form attached to Income tax Form No. VIII.

Name of the Firm or the principal members of the undivided family.	Name of the partners of the Firm or of all adult male members of the undivided family with address.	Share held by each partner or each adult male member of the family.	REMARKS
1	2	3	4

I _____ declare that the information given in this return is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and complete.

Place _____ Signature _____
Date _____ Designation _____

Income-tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. IX.

(SEE RULE 10.)

Volume No. _____

Serial No. _____

To _____

Notice is hereby given to you under section ^{2 (xii)}₃₄ of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, that it is my intention to treat you as the principal officer of _____ agent of _____ a local authority, company, body or association _____ a person residing out of British India _____ under the provisions of the said Act. If you have any objection to being so treated you are directed to appear before me on _____ at _____ and the question of so treating you will then be determined by me after you have been given an opportunity to put before me any objection you may have regarding your liability to be so treated.

Place _____ Collector.
Date _____ District.

Income-tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. X.

(SEL. RULE 11.)

Particulars of depreciation claimed for buildings, machinery or plant under section 9 (2) (vi) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918.

Building, machinery and plant on account of which an allowance for depreciation is claimed.	Date of erection or of purchase.	Original cost to the assessee.	Aggregate of the sums allowed for depreciation up to and including the previous tax year.	Amount on account of depreciation actually debited in the assessee's accounts for the previous tax year.	Allowance claimed.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	

I, —————, hereby certify that the particulars entered in the above statements are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and complete.

Place

Signature

Date

Designation

NOTE.—The Collector may require the applicant to produce documentary or other evidence in support of any entry made in this statement.

Income tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XI

[SEL. RULE 15 (g).]

Volume No. —

Serial No. —

Agreement for composition under the Income-tax Act, VII of 1918, between the Collector of ———— and ———— hereinafter called the 'compounding party'.

It is hereby agreed—

1. That for each and every year for a period of ———— years from the 1st day of April 19 ———, the income of the compounding party on which income-tax will be assessed, excluding any income that he may derive under the head of 'Salaries' or 'Interest on securities' which is separately assessable, shall be computed at Rs. ———.

2. That on or before the 30th day of September in each year of the said period the compounding party shall pay to the Officer in charge of the Government Treasury at ———— the tax on the amount of such composition assessed provisionally at the rate applicable thereto, but subject to adjustment in due course at the rate applicable to the aggregate income of the compounding party ascertained by adding to the income fixed by this composition the income excluded therefrom.

3. That if default be made in payment of the said tax or any part of the same on the date fixed for payment thereof, such amount shall be recoverable in the same manner and by the same means as an arrear under Act, VII of 1918.

4. If the compounding party dies or becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or in the case of a firm goes into liquidation or voluntarily closes its business before the expiration of the period of this agreement, the agreement shall determine on the 31st day of March next after such death, bankruptcy, insolvency or other proceedings, save and except as to any portion of the tax on the income compounded for which before the said day shall have been payable and shall then be unpaid.

5. If the agreement is shown to the satisfaction of the Collector to have been obtained by fraud on the part of the compounding party in stating his income or otherwise, it shall be void and of no effect, and the Collector shall proceed to assess income-tax upon him in accordance with law.

In witness whereof, the Collector hath signed one part of this agreement and the compounding party hath signed or affixed his seal to and duly executed the other part thereof this ——— day of ——— 19 ——— at ———.

Witness to the signature of the Collector.

Collector.

District.

Signature.

Designation.

Witness to the signature of _____ Compounding party.

The compounding party. _____ Designation.

Signature.

Designation.

Income-Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XII.

(SEE RULE 17 (a)).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 (2) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, to the persons whose names are entered in the subjoined list that under section 30 (1) of the Act the amount of income tax payable by each such person has been summarily assessed as entered in the list in respect of the year ending on the 31st of March 19 .

Each such person is required to pay the tax assessed on him within 60 days from the date of the publication of this notice below recorded, to the officer in charge of the Government Treasury at Delhi or of the Sub Treasury of the tahsil in which the assessee resides.

Every person entered in the list has the right to apply to the Collector within 30 days from the date of the publication of this notice recorded below for the cancellation or revision of his assessment. If such application is made, the Collector after such enquiry as is necessary will determine by order in writing the tax, if any, payable by the applicant, and such determination shall be final.

Every person entered in the list has also the right within the said 30 days to file a return of his income in the prescribed form of which a copy can be obtained on application to the undersigned or to the Tahsildar or Naib Tahsildar, of the assessee's tahsil or Sub-tahsil, and on his submitting such return duly filled in and verified in the prescribed manner the tax payable by him will be determined under section 15 of the Act.

If any person entered in the list does not pay the tax assessed upon him within the said period of 60 days or apply to the Collector or file a return within the said period of 30 days he is liable under section 36 (1) of the Act to an order for the recovery by summary process of twice the tax assessed upon him.

Place _____

Collector.

Date _____

District.

LIST.

Name of assessee.	Particulars and residence of assessee.	Income on which the tax is assessed.	Amount of tax assessed.
1	2	3	4
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.

Published in the district cutcherry on

Signed

Designation _____

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XIII.

(SEE RULE 17 (c)).

To _____ Under Section 30 (2) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, notice is hereby given that a summary assessment of Rs. _____ in respect of an income of Rs. _____ has been made upon you for the year ending on the 31st of March 19 . You are, therefore required to pay the said assessment to the officer in charge of the Government Sub-treasury at _____ Treasury within 60 days from _____ on which date notice of your assessment was published in the district cutcherry.

And you are hereby informed that within a period of 30 days from the date of publication above noted you have the right to apply to me either (a) for the cancellation or revision of your assessment in which case after such investigation as may be necessary I will determine by order in writing the amount of tax payable by you and such determination shall be final ; or (b) for assessment under section 18 of the Act in which case you must file a return of your income in the prescribed form which may be obtained by application to the undersigned or to the Tahsildar, Delhi, and verified in the prescribed manner in which case your income will be determined after such proceedings as may be necessary under section 18 of the Act

If you do not, within the said period of 60 days pay the tax assessed upon you, or within the said period of 30 days make an application to me, you are liable, under section 36 (1) of the Act, to an order for the recovery by summary process of twice the tax assessed upon you.

Place _____ Collector.

Date _____ District

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XIV.

(SEE RULE 18).

Return under section 17 (1) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, of the total income of Company _____ having its principal office at _____ for the year 19 _____ to 19 _____

Head.	Amount.
	Ra.
1. Profits as shown in accounts submitted	
2. Total amount placed to any reserve fund or of the nature of capital expenditure debited to the revenue account.	
3. Amount of interest credited to reserve and other funds and debited to the accounts	
4. Amount of income-tax and super-tax debited to the accounts	
5. Amount of interest realised on Government or other securities and accounted for in the accounts.	
6. Amount of interest realised on debentures issued by the Company and accounted for in the accounts.	
7. Amount of depreciation actually debited in the accounts, on account of buildings, machinery and plant.	

I, _____ the principal officer of the _____ Company, declare that the sums entered against each head in this return are correct according to the figures which appear in the books of the Company and in the accounts which have been duly audited by the auditors of the Company and duly adopted by the shareholders. A separate statement in the form No X prescribed under section 9 (2) (vi), proviso (a) of the Act is appended in connection with the allowance claimed for depreciation.

Date _____

Place _____

Signature _____

Designation _____

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XV.

(SEE RULE 19 (b)).

Notice.

Income Tax year 19 _____

To _____

In accordance with the provisions of section 17 (2) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, you are required to furnish to me, within 30 days of the date of this notice, a return in the form enclosed and to verify it in the manner prescribed in the said form.

The income to be returned is your total income from all sources either—

- (1) during the 12 months ending on the 31st day of March 191 _____, or
- (2) if your accounts have been made up within the said 12 months in respect of a year ending on any date other than the said 31st day of March, then at your option during the year ending on the day on which your accounts have so been made up, provided that if a date other than the 31st day of March has been once adopted in this connexion at your option, such date cannot be changed without my consent.

Attention is invited to the notes appended hereto. The statement prescribed should be filled up after you have carefully studied the notes.

You will see that the details of your income must be given separately under 6 heads. The notes indicate separately for each head the manner in which the income included under it should be calculated. The names of your creditors and debtors and of the persons with whom you do business need not be noted unless this is necessary for the purpose of explaining any particular which is relevant to your assessment. Details by which your taxable income is calculated must be entered in the statement of details concerned and the income chargeable with tax shown in the statement of details under each head must then be entered in the summary of taxable income, and in that summary should also be noted the allowances, if any, claimed by you on account of premia, etc., paid for life insurance, etc. If you desire further information or assistance to enable you to fill up the return you should apply for it to the Income Tax Department of my office.

Failure to furnish the return on the due date will render you liable to assessment by me to the best of my judgment in the absence of the return, in which case you will not have the right to petition the Chief Commissioner against the amount to which you are assessed. It will also render you liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine which may extend to Rs. 10 for every day during which the return is not submitted.

You are bound in filling in this return to make entries which are correct according to the best of your knowledge and belief. If in making your return you conceal particulars of your income or deliberately furnish inaccurate particulars and thereby return your income below its real amount, you are liable to pay on the difference between your income as finally ascertained and the amount returned by you, income tax at double rate.

The particulars entered in your return will be treated as confidential. Any official who discloses any of them is liable to conviction and punishment under section 42 of the Act.

Under the rules issued under the Act your return may be prepared and certified by a qualified Accountant. If it is so prepared and certified a scrutiny of your accounts will be dispensed with unless there are reasons which make such scrutiny desirable.

Date _____

Collector of Income Tax.

Place _____

District.

NOTES.

HEAD 1 OF SUMMARY OF INCOME.

1. The return must show the total gross income from salary, etc., without any deduction on account of any payment for any life insurance, provident fund, etc.

2. Any portion of a salary paid outside British India for services in British India is assessable and must be included in the return.

3. Except for an allowance made under special conditions such as those to which the Simla Hill Allowance Code applies, an allowance for house rent or the value of rent free quarters enjoyed by an employee is assessable to income-tax and must be included in the return.

HEAD 2 OF SUMMARY OF INCOME.

If a security is issued with interest payable in British India, the amount of such interest is liable to tax in British India even if by any special agreement it is actually paid outside British India, *e.g.*, by the encasement of Government of India promissory notes for payment in London.

The Companies of which the securities must be entered under this head in table A of the summary are any Company as defined in the Indian Companies Act, 1913, or formed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament or of an Act of the Legislature of a British possession and any foreign Association carrying on business in British India which has been declared by the Government of India to be a Company for the purposes of the Income Tax Act.

A local authority of which the securities must be entered under this head in table A of the summary is a Municipal Committee, District Board, body of Port Commissioners or other authority legally entitled to, or entrusted by the Government of India or a Local Government with, the control or management of a municipal or local fund in India.

If in respect of any security on which the tax is not deducted on the interest when it is paid, such as the bonds of a foreign government, the interest is paid in a currency other than that of British India, the equivalent amount should be entered in terms of the British Indian currency at the current rate of exchange.

HEAD 3 OF SUMMARY OF INCOME.

Details must be given separately for every house, whether situated within or without British India, of which the rent is received in British India.

The *bond fide* annual value may differ from the actual rent as it is the full market value for which each house may reasonably be expected to let from year to year irrespective of any charges by way of municipal rates or taxes thereon. It is important that such *bond fide* annual value should be fully estimated and returned.

The assessee must give full particulars of mortgages, insurances and other charges on account of which allowances are claimed.

HEAD 4 OF SUMMARY OF INCOME.

Under this Head is taxable income derived from any trade, commerce or manufacture or any adventure or concern in the nature of trade, commerce or manufacture, and from any business such as that of a retail or wholesale merchant, a banker, a regular stock broker, or a regular speculator in *satta* or *badni*, as well as income derived from a mortgage (including a mortgage without possession of agricultural land) or as interest on money lent—even if the assessee has only a single sum out on loan—and interest on fixed deposits and current accounts.

No deduction may be made for—

- 1 any sum paid for the purchase of a good will and other similar expenditure of a capital nature;
- (2) any payment made to form an insurance fund against future losses;
- (3) any amount sent off out of the profits of the year on account of ascertained losses of previous years;
- (4) any bad debt not actually written off;
- (5) interest on the capital of the owner or owners of a business;
- (6) any payment or drawing on account of personal expenditure or of any allowance to a relative or dependant;
- (7) any payment made on account of income tax or super-tax;
- (8) any sum given by way of commission not in the regular course of business;
- (9) any sum expended on charity or as a present; or
- (10) expenditure not incurred in the regular course of business.

The Act exempts all agricultural income from taxation, but profits derived from business in such agricultural produce are subject to taxation. It has been prescribed that any person who makes a profit by business in his own agricultural produce which is exempt from taxation and for which he has not actually paid the market value may deduct that market value in calculating the taxable profits of his business.

Allowances are claimable in respect of—

- (a) the rent paid for the premises in which a business is carried on, or where the premises are owned by the assessee for the *bond fide* annual market value at which such premises may reasonably be expected to be let; provided that if the assessee lives in the premises the allowance to be made will be determined by the Collector with regard to the proportionate part of the premises which the assessee uses as a residence;
- (b) the sum actually expended by the assessee on repairs to premises which he rents for his business on a repairing lease, provided that if he lives in the house the allowance to be made will be proportional part of such sum to be determined by the Collector;
- (c) interest on capital borrowed for a business if the payment of such interest is not in any way dependent on the earning of profits;
- (d) any premium paid for the insurance of the buildings, machinery or plant of a business;
- (e) any sum actually expended on current repairs to the buildings, machinery or plant of a business;
- (f) such sum on account of depreciation of buildings, machinery or plant as may be admitted on a claim in the prescribed form which may be obtained from the Collector's office;
- (g) in respect of any machinery or plant sold or discarded as obsolete the difference between its original cost to the assessee less the aggregate of allowances made for depreciation and the amount for which the machinery or plant was sold or its scrap value;
- (h) any sum paid for land revenue, local rates or municipals' taxes on account of business premises;
- (i) any expenditure—not in the nature of capital expenditure—incurred solely for the purpose of earning the profits of the business, including replacements necessary for carrying on the business.

HEAD 5 OF SUMMARY OF INCOME.

1. The tax on professional earnings is due on the profits of any profession or vocation.
2. Professional fees paid in any part of India to a person ordinarily resident in British India must be included in the income taxable.
3. An allowance can be made for expenditure not in the nature of capital expenditure incurred solely for the purpose of the vocation or profession.
4. An allowance can be made on such items as lawyers' books or dentists' instruments only on account of replacements. Other expenditure on this account must be treated as capital expenditure.
5. No allowance can be made on account of any personal expenses of the assessee.

HEAD 6 OF SUMMARY OF INCOME.

All income derived from any source other than those returned under the preceding heads is taxable under this head. Examples of such income are—

- (i) ground rent;

- (ii) income from agricultural land not paying land revenue to the British Government;
- (iii) language rewards;
- (iv) a fee for the conduct of an examination paid to an officer whose ordinary duty does not include such conduct;
- (v) director's fees;
- (vi) survey fees.

An allowance may be made for any expenditure incurred solely for the purpose of making such income, provided that it is not of the nature of capital expenditure or any personal expenses of the assessee.

EXEMPTIONS.

The Act does not apply to the following classes of income :—

- (i) Any income derived from property held under trust or other legal obligation wholly for religious or charitable purposes, and in the case of property so held in part only for such purposes, the income applied, or finally set apart for application, thereto.
 - (ii) Any income of a religious or charitable institution derived from voluntary contributions and applicable solely to religious or charitable purposes.
- In clauses (i) and (ii) a charitable purpose includes relief of the poor, education, medical relief, and the advancement of any other object of general public utility.
- (iii) The income of local authorities.
 - (iv) Interest on securities which are held by, or are the property of, any Provident Fund to which the Provident Funds Act, 1897, applies, or any Provident Insurance Society to which the Provident Insurance Societies Act, V of 1912, is, or but for an exemption under that Act, would be, applicable.
 - (v) Any capital sum received in commutation of the whole or a portion of a pension, or in the nature of consolidated compensation for death or injuries, or in payment of any insurance policy, or as the accumulated balance at the credit of a subscriber to any such Provident Fund.
 - (vi) Any special allowance, benefit or perquisite specifically granted to meet expenses wholly and necessarily incurred in the performance of the duties of an office or employment of profit.
 - (vii) Legacies.
 - (viii) Any receipts not being receipts arising from business or the exercise of a profession, vocation, or occupation, which are of a casual and non-recurring nature, or are not by way of addition to the remuneration of an employé.
 - (ix) Any perquisite or benefit which is neither money nor reasonably capable of being converted into money.

Certain exemptions are allowed to military and civil officers of Government and to other special classes which need not be detailed here, but the following exemptions by the Government of India are of general interest, *viz.*—

- (a) Fees and other receipts of a similar character received by a University or other educational institution existing solely for educational purposes and not for purposes of profit.
- (b) Scholarships granted to meet the cost of education.
- (c) The allowances attached to—
The Victoria Cross.
The Military Cross.
The Order of British India.
The Indian Order of Merit.
- (d) The yield of Post Office cash certificates.
- (e) The interest on deposits in the Post Office Savings Bank.

The Government of India has directed that the following class of income shall be exempt from the tax payable under the said Act, but that it shall be taken into account in determining the total income of an assessee for the purposes of the said Act :—

- (a) The interest on Government securities purchased through the Post Office, and held in the custody of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs.
- (b) The interest on the 5½ per cent. War Bonds of 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1925 and 1929 which were issued free of income-tax.
- (c) An assessee will not be charged with tax on account of any income which he enjoys as a member of a company or of a firm or of an undivided Hindu family where the company, the firm or the family is taxed but the assessee must return such income for the determination of the rate at which he himself is chargeable.
- (d) There may be excluded from the amount charged but not from the total income calculated for ascertaining the rate of tax any sum which in the aggregate shall not exceed of the total income so calculated paid by an assessee to effect an insurance on his own life or on the life of his wife, or in respect of a contract for a deferred annuity on his own life or on the life of his wife, or as a contribution to any provident fund to which the Provident Funds Act, V of 1897, applies, or to any provident fund which complies with the provisions of the Provident Insurance Societies Act, V of 1912, or has been exempted from the provisions of that Act.

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XVI.

SEE RULE 19 (a).

Confidential.

Return of Income.

Under Section 17 (2) of the Income-Tax Act, VII of 1918 for the year ending_____

1. Name _____
 2. Parentage and caste _____
 3. Principal place of residence and business _____
 4. Source or sources of income in detail, e.g., house property, retail trade in piece goods, or money lending as the case may be _____
 5. Total capital employed in securing the income returned as income derived from business (head 4) _____
 6. If you are a member of a Hindu joint family, the names and addresses of the other adult male members _____
- NOTE—If you share with relatives the income of ancestral property or business which has remained undivided, but do not share with them your own and their incomes derived from your individual occupations or properties, it will be sufficient to give here details of the joint property, and of the income which accrues to you from it as your share, such income being included by you in this return as income for the assessment of which you are personally liable.
7. If you are concerned in any partnership, the name and address of every business in which you have an interest as a partner. _____
 8. If you have more than one business, except as noted under 6 and 7 have, the name and address of every such business _____
 9. If you are in employment, the name and address of your employer _____

HEAD 1.

SALARY, ETC.

Statement of Details.

	Gross Total	Total tax deducted
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
All sums received in British India which were earned or fell due in British India as salary, wages, annuity, pension, gratuity, or as fee, commission, perquisite or profit received in lieu of or in addition to any salary or wages, and on which the tax was deducted at the time of payment		
Salary, etc., on which the tax has not been deducted at time of payment.		
Total salary, etc.		

HEAD 2.

INTEREST ON SECURITY.

Statement of Details.

A. —Securities issued tax free or on which the tax is deducted when the interest is paid.

	Brief description and amount of security with rate of interest.	INTEREST OR DIVIDENDS.	
		Total inclusive of tax deducted.	Amount of tax deducted.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
I. Securities of the Government of India payable in British India.			
II. — Securities issued by a Company			
III. — Securities of an Indian local authority.			
Total			

B.—Securities on which the tax is not deducted when the interest is paid including securities on which the interest or dividend though paid elsewhere is payable in British India.

Brief description and amount of security with rate of interest.	Interest or Dividends actually received or receivable in British India.		
	Total	Amount exempt from tax as already charged in the income of a firm, etc., or of a Hindu undivided family.	Balance now taxable.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Total			

HEAD 3.

INCOME DERIVED FROM HOUSE PROPERTY.

Statement of details.

TABLE A.

Serial No. of house in this table.	Town or village in which the house is situated.	Details by which the house can be identified, e.g., name of street, municipal No., etc.	Bond fide annual value.	Name of occupier or tenant.	Annual rent pay- able by tenant.	Note whether owner or tenant pays for annual repairs.	REMARKS
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		

TABLE B.

Total bond fide annual value as shown in Table A	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Deductions claimed—		
1. One-sixth annual value of house of which the owner undertakes repair		
2. In the case of houses of which the tenant undertakes repairs, the difference between the rent and annual value, not exceeding $\frac{1}{3}$ of the annual value.		
3. Annual premium for insurance against risk of damage or destruction		
4. Interest on mortgage on the property		
5. Ground rent payable by assessee		
6. Land revenue on the property payable in British India		
7. Actual charges incurred in the collection of rents, not exceeding 6 per cent. of the gross annual rental.		
8. Claim in respect of vacancies		
9. Total deductions claimed		
Net income taxable		

HEAD 4.

INCOME DERIVED FROM BUSINESS.

Statement of details.

Kind of business, e.g., retail trade, money lending; and so forth, as the case may be.	Total gross profits derived from business, inclusive of allowances claimable, separately for each kind of business carried on by the assessee, and for each branch of his business.		
	Total.	Amount exempt from tax as already charged in the income of a firm, etc., or of a Hindu undivided family.	Balance now taxable.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Total			

	Amount.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
Allowances claimed on account of—			
(a) rent of business premises			
(b) repair of business premises			
(c) interest on capital borrowed			
(d) insurance charges			
(e) current repairs of buildings, machinery or plant			
(f) depreciation			
(g) discarded or obsolete plant			
(h) land revenue, rates and taxes			
(i) other expenditure with details			
Total allowance claimed			
Net taxable profits			

HEAD 5

INCOME DERIVED FROM PROFESSIONAL EARNINGS.

Statement of details

Total income derived from professional earnings including sums liable to deduction as below.			
Particulars of profession or vocation	Total.	Amount exempt from tax as already charged in the income of a firm, etc., or of a Hindu undivided family.	Balance now taxable.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Total.			
		Rs. A. P.	
Deductions claimed with full particulars			
Total deductions claimed			
Net income taxable.			

HEAD 6.

INCOME DERIVED FROM OTHER SOURCES

Statement of details

Details of each source of income	Total income from each source.		
	Total	Amount exempt from tax as already charged in the income of a firm, etc., or of a Hindu undivided family.	Balance now taxable.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Total			
		Rs. A. P.	
Deductions claimed with full particulars			
Total deductions claimed			
Net taxable income.			

Deductions claimed on account of premia, etc., paid for life insurance, etc.

Statement of details.

Name of person insured, etc.	Office of Insurance, etc.	PREMIUM, ETC., PAID.		
		RECEIPT.		
		No.	Date.	Amount.
				Rs. A. P.
	TOTAL			

Summary of Total Income for the year ending _____

Serial No.	Head	Total	Amount of income on which tax has been deducted at its source, or charged in the income of a firm, etc., or of a Hindu undivided family.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
1	Salary, etc.				
2	Interest on securities				
3	Income derived from house property				
4	Income derived from business				
5	Income derived from professional earnings				
6	Income derived from other sources				
	TOTAL				
	Net amount on which tax has not been deducted at its source, or charged in the income of a firm, etc., or of a Hindu undivided family.				
	Deductions claimed on account of premia, etc., paid for life insurance, etc.				
	Income returned as taxable				

I _____ hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief

- (i) the information given in this return is correct;
- (ii) that the income shown in the return is truly estimated on each of the sources therein mentioned;
- (iii) that the income shown has actually accrued within the period for which it is given, i.e., in the year ending _____; and
- (iv) that I have no other source of income.

Place _____

Signed _____

Date _____

Designation _____

NOTE.—Any public servant who discloses any particulars contained in this return is punishable under section 42 of Act VII of 1918 with 6 months' imprisonment and fine.

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XVII.

(SEE RULE 20.)

Volume No. _____

Serial No. _____

Notice of demand under section 20, Income Tax Act, VII of 1918.

To _____

Notice is hereby given to you that in accordance with an ^{assessment} ~~adjustment~~ of Income Tax for the year ending _____ made under ^{section 18} ~~section 19~~ of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, you are required within 30 days of the date of this notice to pay to the officer in

charge of the Treasury at _____ the sum of Rs.* _____
Sub-treasury
 assessed on an income of Rs. _____ as follows:—

- (i) On salaries.
- (ii) On interest on securities
- (iii) On income derived from house property.
- (iv) On income derived from business.
- (v) On professional earnings
- (vi) On income derived from other sources.

Total _____

Payment may be made by personal tender of cash, or by a remittance sent by money order or in currency notes to the officer named above.

Payment may also be made by cheque in favour of myself if you have ascertained from me that payment by cheque as proposed by you is permissible.

If (in the case of an assessment) you have been assessed after submitting a return of your income and (in the case of both assessment and adjustment) have complied with such orders as have been issued to you in connection with an enquiry into the correctness of your ^{return} adjustment, you may within 30 days of the date of your receipt of this notice petition the

Chief Commissioner for a consideration of the ^{assessment} adjustment made. If you desire to do so you must submit a petition in the form prescribed and attach a court-fee stamp of 1 anna. If necessary a copy of the form can be obtained at my office.

If you do not pay the tax on or before the date specified above it will be liable to recovery by process under the Act and double the amount of the tax may be so recovered under my orders.

Place _____ Collector.

Date _____ District

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XVIII.

(SEE RULE 21.)

To

The Chief Commissioner of Delhi.

The petition of _____

Sheweth as follows:—

- (i) Under the Income Tax Act, Act VII of 1918, your petitioner has been assessed (on adjustment) in the sum of Rs. _____ for the year ending on _____
- (ii) The notice of demand was served on him on _____
- (iii) Your petitioner's income taxable under the said Act for the year aforesaid amounted to Rs. _____ as set forth in the attached statement.
- (iv) During the year aforesaid your petitioner had no other income.
- (v) Your petitioner made a return of his income to the Collector of Income Tax at _____ under section 17, sub-section _____ of the said Act, and he has complied with all the terms of the notice served on him by the Collector under section 18.
- (vi) Your petitioner therefore prays that he may be assessed according to the income set forth in the statement (or that he may be declared not to be chargeable under the Act).

Place _____

Signed _____

Date _____

Designation _____

I _____ the petitioner named in the above petition do hereby declare that what is stated herein is true to the best of my information and belief.

Place _____

Signed _____

Date _____

Designation _____

* In words.

Statement of income.

Head of income.	Place at which derived.	Gross income from each head.	Allowance claimed.	Income chargeable with tax under each head.	Income as assessed under each head by the Collector	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	

Place

Signed

Date

Designation

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No XIX

[SEE RULE 22 (g).]

Chalan on account of a payment tendered under Act VII of 1918.

Volume No. _____

Serial No. _____

Name _____

Parentage _____

Caste _____

Residence _____

in respect of a demand recorded against the assessment bearing serial No. _____
 in the assessment list noted for the _____ District
 ending on the 31st March 19 _____ has tendered the sum of Rs. _____

in figures

in words _____

namely, on account of income tax assessed Rs. _____

on account of penalty Rs. _____

on account of process fee Rs. _____

Total Rs. _____

Tahsil
District.

Income Tax Clerk.

Place _____

Date _____

On the counterfoil add the following:—

Returned to the Income Tax Clerk with the intimation that the money has been credited.

Treasurer.

Treasury Accountant
Treasury Officer.

Place _____

Date _____

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XX.

[(SEE RULE 22 (j).)]

Income Tax Receipt.

Volume No. _____

Receipt No. _____

District
Tahsil.

Received payment from

Name _____

Parentage _____

Residence _____

	On account of demand outstanding.	Balance still due after credit of payment now made.	Excess payment now made.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
On account of income tax assessment.			
On account of penalty			
On account of process fee			
To AL			

Total received Rs. _____

Total received (in words) _____

Collector
Tahsildar.

Place _____

Date _____

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XXI.

[SEE RULE 23 (e) (iii).]

I _____ hereby certify that _____ an applicant for the refund of income tax deducted on the interest of the Government of India securities noted in the subjoined form is the holder of those securities in the year 19— on which the income tax has been deducted by me for that period.

FORM.

DETAILS OF SECURITIES.

Description.	No.	Date.	Amount.
1	2	3	4
			Rs.

Place _____

Date _____

Signature _____

Designation _____

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XXII.

[SEE RULE 23 (e) (iv).]

I _____ hereby certify that income tax at the rate of 12 pies per rupee was deducted at the time of payment on the dividend or interest paid in the year 19— in respect of the stock, share or security noted in the form below of which the holding of _____ is as stated in that form.

FORM.

Description of stock, share or security.	Amount of such stock, share or security held by the person named in the year 19 .
1	2
	Rs.

Place _____

Date _____

Signature _____

Principal Officer of _____

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM No. XXIII.

[SEE RULE 23 (g) (ii).]

Volume No. _____

Serial No. _____

I, Collector of the _____ District, certify that the income of the owner of the securities specified below, is liable in the year 19 _____ to income tax at the rate of _____ pies per rupee, and that the tax on the aforesaid securities should be deducted at the time of the payment of interest thereon at the said rate of _____ pies. This certificate will be in force till the 31st of March 19 _____

Descript on of securities.	No.	Date.	Amount.
1	2	3	4
			Rs.

Place _____

Collector.

Date _____

District.

Income Tax Department, Delhi.

FORM NO. XXIV

[SEE RULE 24(a)]

Volume No. _____

Serial N _____

I, Collector of the _____ District, do hereby certify that the interest on the securities specified below, standing in the name of _____ is applied solely to religious and charitable purposes within the meaning of section 3 (2) (ii) of the Income Tax Act, VII of 1918, and is not liable to tax:—

1	2	3	4
Description of security.	No.	Date.	Amount.
			Rs.

Place _____

District.

Date _____

Collector.

Delhi, the 12th December 1918.

No. 8589-Education—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 (1) (r) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 (III of 1911), the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to make the following amendment to the Directions for the assessment and collection of Terminal Tax in the Delhi Municipality and the Delhi Civil Station Notified Area, published with Notification No. 8136-Education, dated the 21st September 1917. The direction shall come into force six weeks after the publication of this Notification :—

For the existing Direction No. 29 substitute the following :—

“29 No goods shall be imported unless accompanied by a Terminal Tax receipt. In cases where payment has been made before importation and the receipt lost no refund of the second payment will be given unless the importer (1) at the time of importation has submitted full particulars in writing of the No., date, etc., of the lost receipt together with a written declaration to the effect that he will not misuse the lost receipt if subsequently found but will forward it at once to the Head Terminal Tax Office, and (2) within 15 days of the second payment produces clear proof of the first payment to the satisfaction of the Secretary. No such refund, if sanctioned will be paid within 3 months of the date of the first payment, except on production of the lost receipt.”

Any person found misusing a lost Terminal Tax receipt will be prosecuted under section 5 of the Terminal Tax By-laws.

The 14th December 1918.

No 8648-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 7th December 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16		17		
No.	Name of Municipal Towns	Population of 1911	Births			Deaths			Cause of Death										Infants under one year of age			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum		Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum	
			Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Cholera	Small-pox	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoea	Respiratory	In urines	All other causes	Measles and chicken-pox	Males	Females	Total	Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum			
	Delhi	225,471	80	103	183	92	96	188				79	7	87		15		4	12	66	42.20	43.35			
	Notified Area	1,673	1	1	2	2	1	3				3									42.47	42.47			
	Total	229,144	81	104	186	94	97	191				82	7	87		15		4	12	66	42.20	43.34			

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 13th December 1918.

No. 7815-R—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 (b) of the Quetta Municipal Law, 1896, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General is pleased to nominate the following persons to be members of the Quetta Municipal Committee during the year 1919 :—

1. The Assistant Political Agent, Quetta.
2. The Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta.
3. The Civil Surgeon, Quetta.
4. The Superintendent of Police, Quetta-Pishin and Sibi.
5. The Executive Engineer, N. W. R., Sind-Pishin Section.

6. The Extra Assistant Commissioner, Quetta.
7. The Head Master of the Sandeman High School, Quetta, and Superintendent of Education in Baluchistan.
8. Major A. M. Anscomb, I.S.O., V.D.
9. Khan Bahadur Arhab Khudadad Khan, Kasi.
10. Khan Bahadur Malik Wazir Muhammad, Kasi.
11. Khan Bahadur Ardeshir Dosabbhoj Marker.
12. Rai Bahadur Diwan Jamiat Rai, C.I.E.
13. Mr. Shiawak Shaw Pheroz Shaw, Merchant, Quetta.
14. Seth Gagla Mal, Merchant, Quetta.
15. Hafiz Syed Ahmed, Imam of the Juma Masjid, Quetta.
16. Hakim Gopal Dass.
17. Colonel C. F. Peirse.
18. Khan Bahadur Ain-ud-Din Khan, General Merchant, Quetta.
19. Khan Sahib Abdulla Asghar Ali, General Merchant, Quetta.
20. Bhagat Choochar Mal.
21. Bhai Gopal Singh.
22. Seth Kimat Rai, Banker, Quetta
23. Seth Hassan Ali Noorbhai.
24. Bhai Natha Singh.
25. Seth Abdul Sattar.

No. 7816-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 (1) of the Quetta Municipal Law, 1898, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General is pleased to appoint the Assistant Political Agent, Quetta, to be Vice-chairman of the Quetta Municipal Committee during the year 1919.

By order,

G. HARRIS, MAJOR,
First Assistant.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Gordon Highlanders, dated at Rawalpindi, this 7th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—3-19523, L-Cpl, Christopher Muir.
Age—Not known.
Height—Not known.
Colour of—Complexion, hair, eyes—Not known.
Trade—Carpenter.
Date of Enlistment—7th October 1916.
Place of Enlistment—Not known.

Parish and County in which born—Not known.
Date of Desertion or Absence—7th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Between Wellington and Rawalpindi.
Marks—Not known.
On furlough to Soldiers' Home, Wellington.
Under three years' service.

A. D. WOOD, Capt. and Adjt., for Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding, 1st Garr. Battn, Gordon Highlanders.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, dated at Calcutta, this 12th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—32596, Private J. Smith.
Age—35 years.
Height—5 feet 7½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, flesh; hair, fan; eyes, blue.
Trade—Labourer.

Date of Enlistment—1st January 1915.
Place of Enlistment—York.
Date of Desertion or Absence—12th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or Absence—Calcutta.
Under four years' service.

C. H. SHEPHERD, Colonel,
Commanding, 1st Garr. Battn., Lincolnshire Regt.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Pusa, the 17th December 1918.

No. 2379—Mr. F. M. Howlett, B.A., F.E.S., Imperial Pathological Entomologist, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th December, 1918.

J. MACKENNA,
Agricultural Adviser to the Govt. of India.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
570-1918 571-1918	Belaji Bapuji Porabha Shankarlal Dahyabhai Ganatra .	Hindu . "	10th Kamatipura lane Khalakowza .	Clerk, in the employ of Messrs. Indap & Co. Lately doing business as Shroffs and Commission Agent in partnership with Vithaldas Bhajibhai and Gowri Shankar Lakhmiram at Bombay in the name of Shankarlal D. Ganatra & Co. and at Nadiad in the name of Bhaji Jugji Wandas & Co. and now unemployed.	10th "	December "	1918 "	10th "	December "	1918 "
572-1918 573-1918	Shirinbai, wife of Dinshaji Nasser-Parai wasji Karanjia. Mahadu alias Keson Raghunath Kale. Mahomed Sab Abdulrahman alias Abdul Rajak Mahomedshah Shaik and . Hoesam Abdulrehman Shaik.	Hindu . Hindu . Mahomedan Mahomedan	3rd Marine lines . Jacob Circle . New Nagpada .	Lately Commission Agent in diamonds and now unemployed Extra Carpenter . Lately tailors in the name of Abdul Rajak Mahomedshah and now unemployed.	" 10th 11th	" October December	" " "	" " 11th	" " "	" " "
576-1918 577-1918 579-1918	Mahomed Haji Shariff Memon Fakir Mahomed Shaik Ebrahim Shaik Abdul Rehman Fakir Mahomed Satkoot.	" " "	Sandhurst Road near Nall Bazar. New Nagpada . Maragon Dockyard Road .	Lately dealer in onions, potatoes and ghee and now unemployed. Driver in the Bombay Port Trust Lately extra fitter and now unemployed .	12th 13th 14th	" " "	" " "	12th 13th 14th	" " "	" " "

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 14th day of December 1918. }

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.

No. 574 of 1918.

Dated the 12th day of December 1918.

Re Aref Ismail Yakooballi, Ahmed Ismail Yakooballi, Ajam Ismail Yakooballi, Isap Ismail Yakooballi and Ismail Yakooballi, lately carrying on buffalo and milk business in partnership in the name, style and firm of Aref Ismail at Belasis Road outside the Fort, adjudged Insolvents.

Ex parte Essac and Abdul Rehman, a firm, Petitioning Creditors.

Whereas the abovenamed Aref Ismail Yakooballi, Ahmed Ismail Yakooballi, Ajam Ismail Yakooballi, Isap Ismail Yakooballi and Ismail Yakooballi have been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.

No. 575 of 1918.

Dated the 12th day of December 1918.

Re Messrs. Jethabhai Raghowji & Co. a firm, up to recently carried on business in Bombay as Merchants and Commission Agents in Hessian and Gunny Bags and Twines, etc., adjudged Insolvents.

Ex parte Madhowji Kallianji & Co., Petitioning Creditors.

Whereas the abovenamed Messrs Jethabhai Raghowji & Co., a firm, have been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE No. 166 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 28th November 1918.

In the matter of Frederick John D'zalazar, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Frederick John D'zalazar, unemployed, residing at No. 12, 37th Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of November 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Frederick John D'zalazar.

CASE No. 167 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 4th December 1918.

In the matter of R. P. De'Clozete, Insolvent

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Rene Piere De'Clozete, Foreman, residing at Fire Brigade, Sule Pagoda Road, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Rene Piere De'Clozete.

CASE No. 168 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 4th December 1918.

In the matter of Kanta Mariah, Insolvent

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Kanta Mariah, unemployed, residing at No 75 in 15th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of December 1918 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Kanta Mariah

CASE No. 169 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 5th December 1918.

In the matter of S Money Moodaliar, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by S Money Moodaliar, unemployed, residing at No. 60 in 31st Street, Rangoon, on the 5th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said S. Money Moodaliar.

CASE No. 93 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 2nd December 1918.

In the matter of Leason Robert Francis, clerk, residing at No. 59, in 37th Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Leason Robert Francis an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 102 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 8th December 1918.

In the matter of Palloo, sweeper, residing at No. 22, Theekai Maung Tawlay Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Palloo an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 104 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 2nd December 1918.

In the matter of Gazaffar Hoosin, Municipality Police, residing at Kalabasty, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Gazaffar Hoosin an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 111 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 3rd December 1918.

In the matter of Mohamed Khan and Rahim Khan, Stallkeepers, residing at No. 102, in Dalhousie Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Mohamed Khan and Rahim Khan an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 115 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 2nd December 1918.

In the matter of Mohamed, Pin-man, residing at Chaungee Road, Kemmendine, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Mohamed an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 119 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 2nd December 1918.

In the matter of P B Lall Singh, unemployed, residing at 122nd Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said P. B. Lall Singh an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 20th day of November 1918.

CASE No. 157 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 10th December 1918.

In the matter of P. S. S. Chelliah Pillai, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by P. S. S. Chelliah Pillai, unemployed, residing at No. 83, 30th Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 4th day of December 1918 against the said P. S. S. Chelliah Pillai.

CASE No. 170 of 1918.

Rangoon, the 12th December 1918.

In the matter of Maung Kyin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Kyin, Surveyor, residing at No. 141, Montgomery Street, Rangoon, on the 9th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Kyin.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

**IN THE COURT OF LALA JESHTA RAM SAHAB, B.A., MUNSIFF,
1ST CLASS, SONEPAT, DISTRICT ROHTAK.**

CASE No. 1034 of 1918.

Moola, son of Bella Jat of Ladhod, Tahsil Rohtak,

versus

Mohar Singh, son of Tokha Jat of Ladhod, Tahsil Rohtak, District Rohtak.

Suit for recovery of Rs. 584 on the strength of a bond deed.

In the above case Defendant cannot be served in the ordinary way ; this advertisement is therefore published under O 5 R. 20 of the Civil Procedure Code for the information of the Defendant that if he will not appear to defend the case on the 22nd of January *ex-parte* proceedings will be taken against him.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 7th day of December 1918.

JESHTA RAM,
Munsiff, 1st class, Sonapat, District Rohtak.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, AJMER.

No. 157 of 1918.

Ganesh, son of Sheo Lal Agerwala Mahajan of Ajmer, Applicant, *Insolvent*.*against*

	Debt.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Mohamed Noor Khan, son of Alla Noor Khan, Deggi Bazar, Ajmer.	450	0	0
2. Wilayati Khan Lal Kotthi of Ajmer	10	0	0
3. Nathulal, son of Narain Duss of Ajmer	78	0	0
	538	0	0

The applicant has filed an application under section 11 of Act III of 1907 (Insolvency Act) and the application will be heard on the 11th January 1919 at 10-30 A.M. on the forenoon. The creditors are hereby informed that they must appear on the date fixed either in person or through an authorised agent to oppose the application. In default the application will be heard *ex-parte*.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 12th day of December 1918.

No. 158 of 1918.

Eshu Prasad, son of Nathu Lodha of Ajmer, Applicant, *Insolvent*,
against

Debt.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Banorsidass Mahajan, Ajmer	59	8	0
2. Lakhmi Chand Mahajan, Ajmer	27	0	0
3. Ganga Ram Sheo Naran, Ajmer	99	0	0
4. Chand Khan Pallian, Ajmer	21	0	0
5. Sarwat Khan Pathan, Ajmer	18	0	0
6. Shiv Charan Kahar, Ajmer	10	0	0
7. Karim Khan, Ajmer	20	0	0
	529	8	0

In the case noted above the Insolvent has filed an application under section 11, Act III of 1907. The application will be heard on the 9th January 1919 at 11 A. M. The creditors are hereby informed that they must appear either in person or through an authorised Mukhtar. In default the application will be heard *ex parte*.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court this 18th December 1918.

S. ABDUL WAHED KHAN,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Ajmer.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM
IN BENGAL.
In Insolvency.**

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 142 of 1915.

Dated the 16th December 1918.

Re Norendra Nath Bose*Ex parte* the debtor.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of Court, dated the 5th day of June, 1917, the order of adjudication made herein on the 15th day of June, 1915, was annulled.

No. 145 of 1918.

Dated the 13th December 1918.

Re Champalal Maganlal and Moolchand, lately residing at No. 7-1, Armenian Street, in the town of Calcutta, but whose present whereabouts are unknown and Chaganlal, residing at No. 7-1, Armenian Street in Calcutta, aforesaid carrying on business as merchants in copartnership with each other in the name and style of Champalal Chaganlal at No 7-1, Armenian Street, Calcutta.

Ex parte Balkishan Dass Mohon Lall, the creditor.

On the 22nd day of November 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 146 of 1918.

Dated the 16th December 1918.

Re Jiaran, residing at No. 52, Strand Road, in the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on business in copartnership in borax, hessian and cotton at No. 8-3, Jugmohon Mullick Lane in Calcutta, aforesaid under the name, style and firm of Lalchand Jugger Nath and sole proprietor of the firm of Jiaran Satyanaryan, a firm carrying on business also in borax, hessian and cotton at No. 8-3, Jugmohon Mullick Lane, aforesaid, but at present of no occupation.

Ex parte the debtor. Messrs. Khaitan & Co.—Attorneys for the Insolvent.

On the 23rd day of November 1918 an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 153 of 1918.

Dated the 13th December 1918.

Re Ismail Kazveni, residing and carrying on business as merchant at No. 43-1, Bow Bazar Street, in the town of Calcutta.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 10th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 155 of 1918.

Dated the 13th December 1918.

Re Charles August Hillic, residing at No. 47, Gora Chand Road, Entally, in the suburbs of the town of Calcutta and employed under Messrs. Macneil and Company, Calcutta, as Commander of the S. S. "Sandwip."

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 11th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER,

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDGE, INSOLVENCY COURT, DELHI.

Delhi, the 16th December 1918.

Notice is hereby given under Section 12 (3) of Act III of 1907 that the undermentioned persons have applied to this Court to be adjudicated Insolvents and that their applications having been admitted will be heard on the dates specified in column 4 of the statement below.

Any creditor willing to oppose the same may appear on the date fixed, either in person or by pleader.

Number of the case.	NAME, PARTNAGE, OCCUPATION AND PLACE OF RESIDENCE OF THE		Date fixed for hearing the application.
	Petitioners.	Creditors.	
19	Hargobind, son of Baij Nath, Khatri, Delhi.	Srikishan Das and 3 others . . .	3rd January 1919.
20	Sedhu pro. of Jhutta Sedhu of Delhi.	Firm, H. Abdul Ghani Mohammad Farug and 16 others of Delhi.	Ditto.
21	Abdul Rahim, son of Kallar Sheikh of Delhi.	Panna Lal and 11 others of Delhi Province.	Ditto.
22	Fahim Baksh, son of Rahim Baksh Sheikh of Delhi.	Fakhr Uddin and 8 others of Delhi .	Ditto

FORM NO. 4.

Order of Adjudication.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 11, 1918.

Dated this 14th day of December 1918.

In the matter of Imam Khan, son of Ahmad Khan, Caste Pathan, of Shahdara, Delhi Province, Debtor.

Pursuant to a petition dated 19th June 1918 on behalf of the debtor named above and on reading the said petition and hearing the creditors it is ordered that the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent.

H G.

FORM NO. 4.

Order of Adjudication.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 12 of 1918.

Dated this 6th day of December 1918.

In the matter of Mr. F. Ratz of Ratz & Co., of Delhi, Debtor.

Pursuant to a petition dated 2nd August 1918 on behalf of the above named debtor and on reading the said petition and hearing the creditors it is ordered that the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent. Creditors are hereby requested to prove their debts as soon as possible.

TOPAN RAM,

Judge, Insolvency Court, Delhi.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 14th December 1918.

No. 299-G.—Camp.—Mr. A. N. Auditto, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 3rd (Lahore) Division, is appointed as a temporary Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 22nd October 1918.

No. 300-G.—Camp.—Mr. C. P. Bhide Accountant, 1st grade, sub. *pro tem.*, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 5th (Mhow) Division, was appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 29th October 1918 to the 28th November 1918.

No. 301-G.—Camp.—2nd-Lieutenant G. S. B. Barry-Briant, 222nd Brigade, R.F.A., attached to the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is granted leave under the provisions of India Army Order 291 of 1917, for 60 days, with effect from the 29th November 1918.

The 18th December 1918.

No. 383-G.—Camp.—Mr. G. C. Chatterjee, Accountant, 1st grade, temporary and supernumerary, and Messrs. N. N. Sen and J. J. Brown, Accountants, 1st grade, sub. *pro tem.*, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 7th (Meerut) Division, are appointed to officiate as Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 18th October 1918.

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,

Military Accountant General.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th December 1918.

No. 25.—The services of 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kishan Chand, "Bahadur," I.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director of Medical Services in India, with effect from the 11th November 1918.

W. D. H. STEVENSON, Major, M.D., I.M.S.,

for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 28th November 1918.

No. 219.—Mr. A. Gardner, Officiating Assistant Superintendent, Farrukhabad Circle Upper Division, Internal Branch, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 3rd September 1918.

No. 220.—M. Zawar Husain, Inspector, is appointed to officiate as An Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. Gardner, Officiating Assistant Superintendent, or until further orders.

The 7th December 1918.

No. 233.—The following promotions and reversions of officers in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department are ordered during the month of October 1918:—

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	With effect from
1. In the vacancy caused by the absence on combined leave up to 15th January 1919 of Mr. P. C. Scott O'Connor, Deputy Commissioner, from 13th May 1917—				
Mr. Shiv Charan Das	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Reversion	24th.
2. In the vacancy caused by the absence on one year 5 months and 21 days combined leave of Mr. W. O. Davey, Superintendent (4th grade, substantive promoted to 3rd grade from 11th August 1915, but the promotion to take effect on his return from leave), from 10th July 1917—				
Mr. Abdus Samad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, on Rs. 125	Reversion	24th.
3. In the vacancy caused by the absence on 5 months' combined leave of Mr. N. Daly, Superintendent, from 11th August 1918—				
Mr. Bhagwan Das	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, on Rs. 60.	Reversion	13th.
Mr. Ghulam Husain, Khan Sahib.	Inspector, on Rs. 125	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade	Promotion	13th.
4. In the vacancy caused by the absence on 1 month and 2 days' privilege leave of Mr. H. A. H. Scott, Superintendent, from 4th September 1918 to 5th October 1918—				
Mr. Saiyed Mohammad	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Reversion	6th.
Mr. Ghulam Husain, Khan Sahib.	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Inspector, on Rs. 125	Do.	6th.
5. In the vacancy caused by the absence in transit from Kohat to Jatta of Mr. H. A. H. Scott, Superintendent, from 6th to 12th October 1918—				
Mr. Saiyid Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion	6th.
Mr. Ghulam Husain, Khan Sahib.	Inspector, on Rs. 125	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Do.	6th.
6. In the vacancy caused by the absence in transit from Sambhar to Nawa of Mr. Mohammad Ibrahim, Superintendent, on 16th October 1918—				
Mr. Saiyed Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion	16th only.
7. In the vacancy caused by the absence in transit from Nawa to Sambhar of Mr. Sri Kishan Munshi, Rai Sahib, Superintendent, on 17th October 1918—				
Mr. Saiyed Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion	17th only.

Name.	From	To	Promotion or Reversion.	With effect from
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8. In the vacancy caused by the absence on one year combined leave of Mr. E. D. Wilson, Superintendent, from 18th October 1918.

Mr. Saiyed Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion . .	18th to 23rd.
Mr. Saiyed Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Do. . .	24th.
Mr. Bhagirath Lal Jha	Inspector, on Rs. 125	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Do. . .	31st.

9. In the vacancy caused by the absence on military duty of Mr. R. M. Ifaygrath, Superintendent, from 21th October 1918

Mr. Shiv Charan Das .	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Promotion . .	24th.
Mr. Saïved Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Do. . .	24th.
Mr. Abdus Samad .	Inspector, on Rs. 125	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, sub. <i>pro tem</i> .	Do. . .	24th.

10. In the vacancy caused by the absence on transit from Jatta to Malgin of Mr Ghulam Husain Khan Sahib, officiating Assistant Superintendent, from 13th to 18th October 1918.

Mr. Shagwan Das .	Inspector, on Rs. 60 .	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Promotion . .	13th.
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11. In the vacancy caused by the absence on one month and 5 days' privilege leave of Mr. Abdul Rahim Khan, Superintendent, 4th grade, from 7th October 1918.

Mr. Saiyed Mohammad	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	Promotion . .	13th to 15th.
Mr. Phani Shah .	Inspector, on Rs. 50 .	Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade.	Do. . .	7th.

(439 P. of 1918.)

J. C. FERGUSSON,

Offg. Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS. POST OFFICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 17th December 1918.

No. 3034-*Ap*.—Mr. Subodh Kumar Das, 3rd Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs. 200—300, and officiating 1st Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs. 300—400, is appointed to officiate as 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta, pay Rs. 300—400, with effect from the 30th November 1918 and until further orders.

The 19th December 1918.

No. 3056-*Ap*.—Mr. V. W. Coombes, Postmaster, Allahabad, pay Rs. 400-500 and sub. *pro tem*. Postmaster, Cawnpore, pay Rs. 500-600, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 24th November 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 20th December 1918.

No. 7044-T.—Reports of opening and closing of offices received during the period 12th December to 18th December 1918.

Name of Office	Where situated	Date.	REMARKS.
<i>Government Telegraph Offices.</i>			
Anandi Camp	Bombay	21st November 1918 . .	Opened.
Be'eli Camp	Punjab	25th November 1918 . .	Closed.
Kotda Sangani	Bombay	19th November 1918 . .	Do.
Prabhas Patan	Ditto	5th November 1918 . . .	Do.
Ramtirth	Ditto	9th November 1918 . . .	Opened.
Yarik	North-Western Frontier . .	5th December 1918 . . .	Closed.

M. A. THOMPSON,

Deputy Director-General, Telegraph Traffic

Calcutta, the 20th December 1918.

No. 7046-T.—Mr A. H. Raikes, Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 21st November 1918.

Mr G. C. Moses, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. Raikes or until further orders.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.
(TELEGRAPH ENGINEERING.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 18th December 1918.

No. 4782-E-E.—Mr. J. J. Harvey, Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, is granted a further extension of medical leave for one month with effect from the 29th November 1918 in continuation of his leave granted to him in this Department Notification No. 4326 E-E. dated the 19th November 1918.

No. 4786-E-E.—Mr J. M. Whitting, Superintendent, Telegraph Engineering, is granted special (field) leave for three months combined with leave on half-pay for 28 days on medical certificate, with effect from the 15th July 1918 under Government of India, Finance Department letter No. 511-C.S.R., dated the 4th September 1917.

Calcutta, the 20th December 1918.

No. 4828-E-E.—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified:—

Name	From	To	With effect from
Mr. C. D'Cruz	Inspecting Telegraphist .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	9th October 1918.

No 4831-*E-E*—The following officiating promotion in the Upper Subordinate Establishment (Engineering Branch) is sanctioned with effect from the date specified :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. J. M. Brun on . . .	Inspecting Telegraphist .	Deputy Superintendent, Engineering, 2nd class, officiating.	28th September 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST.

The upper half of the Government Promissory Note No. B.-082381 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of the Accountant General, Bombay, and last endorsed to the District Superintendent of Police, Nawabshah, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**Z. D. AHMED,**

Residence—**Ag. District Superintendent of Police,
Nawabshah.**

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 149205 of 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-13 for Rs. 500 (Rupees five hundred) endorsed by Mr. N. R. Macdonald to the Chairman, District Board, Gaya, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned Government Promissory Note.

KHWAJA MOHAMMAD NOOR,

Vice-Chairman, District Board.

GAYA,
The 5th October 1918.

LOST, STOLEN, OR DESTROYED.

The upper halves of the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 181115 and 181116 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Mrs. F. Shepherd, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen, or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA,**
Residence—**Mussoorie.**

LOST.

The Allotment Certificates Nos 137, ^{U. P.}_{T & J} of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds for Rs. 7,000 originally issued in the name of Raghubar Singh, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificates and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**RAJ RAGHUBAR SINGH, Talukdar,**
Residence—**Jhandipurwa estate, C-o Sham Lal Pleader, Khor, Lakhimpur.**

LOST.

The lower half of Government Promissory Note No. 021276 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 3,600 originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to H K Kirpalani, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**H K KIRPALANI, I C. S.,**
Residence—**Surat.**

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ^{1469 Bom}_{F J} of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1922 for Rs. 200 originally issued in the name of Dhondiram Bahadarmal, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**DHONDIRAM BAHADARMAL MARWADI,**
Residence—**Pimpal Taluka O handor, District Nasik**

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. Bo. 59837 and Bo. 38333 of the 3½ per cent. loans of 1865 and 1842-43 respectively for Rs. 1,000 each, the former originally standing in the name of the Bank of India Limited and the latter in the name of Gajanan Vinayek and last endorsed to Balabhai Motilal, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, NOTICE is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in the favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—**BALABHAI MOTILAL, Contractor,**
Residence—**Ahmedabad, Malini Polo.**

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 028489 and 020638 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 and 1922 for Rupees 1,000 each originally standing in the name of Shree Rajkunwar, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

THAKURAIN SHREE RAJKUNWAR OF

Udrabra (Rajaman),

Resident of Village Rajaman, Pargna Bashhrawan, P. O. Rajaman, District Rai Bareilly (Judh).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 3095 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1922 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Ma Hpaaw, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MA HPAW,

Residence—Gaungwe Village, Tadau Township.

STOLEN.

The Government Promissory Note No. 023973 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 800, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to Mohamed Hussein Allahibux, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MOHAMED HUSSEIN ALLAHIBUX,

Skin Merchants,

Residence—Hide Market, Amritsar.

DESTROYED.

The Allotment certificate No. ^{421-B.}_{I.} of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 1,000 originally issued in the name of Khetshidas Jaluram, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—KHETSHIDAS JOLURAM,

Residence—P. O. Mohimaganj (Rangpur).



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 51. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees five per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

The following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule II (except molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *first*, the total imports into India in the month of November 1918, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt. so far established. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911, in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1920:—

Description of sugar.	IMPORTED DURING THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1918.		IMPORTED SINCE 1st OCTOBER 1918.	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	Cwt.	Rs. a.	Cwt.	Rs. a.
" " and soft, refined in China . . .	6	18 8	6	18 8
" " " " from Egypt . . .	1,491	27 4	4,588	28 4
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 23 Dutch Standard and above.	374,922	15 4	1,033,576	15 8
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 16 to 22 Dutch Standard.	103,563	13 12	206,788	13 12
" " " " from Java or Japan,* 16 Dutch Standard and under.	"	"	"	"
" " " " from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over.	97,896	15 12	149,045	16 0

* This revised classification has been adopted with effect from January 1918, in accordance with the classification of Japanese Sugar in item No. 18 of the Import Tariff Schedule prescribed by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 1547-D., dated the 15th December 1917. The imports of Sugar from Japan during the three months, October to December 1917, were 2,691 cwt., and the average value per cwt. was Rs. 17-8.

H. A. F. LINDSAY,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.
C. E. LOW,
Secretary to the Government of India.

CALCUTTA:
21st December 1918.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

Joint Stock Companies.

NOVEMBER, 1918.

During the month under report, 20 companies were registered with an aggregate authorised capital of about R98 lakhs, as against 24 companies with an aggregate authorised capital of R4,47 lakhs in the corresponding month of the preceding year. Bengal alone accounted for 17 companies (over R90 lakhs). For the eight months, April to November, 1918, the number of companies registered was 157 with an authorised capital of R6,69 lakhs, as against 162 companies with R8,71 lakhs of authorised capital in the corresponding period of the preceding year. The largest flotation in October was that of the Indian Standard Wagon Company, Calcutta (R60 lakhs).

Table 1.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of November, 1918, and in the corresponding month of 1917.

Classification of Companies	November, 1917		November, 1918	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital
		R(1,000)		R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	5	2,90	1	1,00
Trading—				
Printing, publishing, and stationery	1	20	1	50
Others	13	4,11,73	9	75,90
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton and jute screws and presses	2	4,50	...	...
Other mills and presses . . . . .	...	...	2	3,00
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	2	7,50	1	6,00
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal . . . . .	...	...	5	5,50
Others . . . . .	...	...	1	1,00
Companies other than those specified above	1	20,00	...	...
TOTAL	24	4,46,83	20	92,90

Table 2.

Abstract Statement of Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the eight months, April to November, 1918, and in the corresponding period of 1917.

Classification of Companies	April to November, 1917		April to November, 1918	
	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital	Number of Companies	Aggregate authorised capital
		R(1,000)		R(1,000)
Banking, Loan, and Insurance—				
Banking and loan	27	24,05	13	27,63
Insurance . . . . .	...	...	1	10,00
Trading—				
Railways and tramways	3	28,00	...	...
Co-operative association	1	2,50	1	20
Shipping, landing, and warehousing	1	5,00	...	...
Printing, publishing, and stationery	10	4,30	8	5,69
Others	64	5,50,85	69	2,54,25
Mills and Presses—				
Cotton mills	1	35,00	8	51,00
Mill for wool, silk, hemp, etc.	1	1,00	...	...
Cotton and jute screws and presses	3	6,50	1	5,00
Paper mill	1	3,00	...	...
Rice mills	2	1,70	2	90,00
Saw and lumber mill . . . . .	...	...	1	10,00
Other mills and presses	2	14,60	4	10,00
Tea and other planting companies—				
Tea	22	51,63	19	48,60
Coffee and cinchona	1	2,00	...	...
Others	4	5,48	6	12,90
Mining and quarrying—				
Coal	6	16,30	11	24,00
Others	5	56,50	9	23,12
Land and building	1	1,00	1	6,00
Breweries	1	6,08	2	1,72
Ice manufacturing	1	20	...	...
Sugar manufacturing . . . . .	...	...	1	6,00
Companies other than those specified above	7	52,25	5	27,55
TOTAL	162	8,71,44	157	6,69,08

Table 3.

Detailed statement showing particulars of Joint Stock Companies incorporated in British India and in the Mysore State and registered in the month of November, 1918.

No.	Class and Name	Situation of Registered Office	Objects	Authorized capital
	I.—Banking, Loan, and Insurance			Rs.
1.	Thiruvall Bank	Coimbatore Taluq, Madras	Banking and loan . . .	1,00,000
	II.—Trading			
	(a) <i>Printing, publishing and Stationery</i>			
2	Burma Observer*	Rangoon, Burma . . .	Carrying on business of printers, publishers, etc.	50,000
	(b) <i>Others</i>			
3	Nagpur Clay Co.	Calcutta	Manufacturing cement and dealing in clay, etc.	6,00,000
4	Bengal Bunkers*	"	Carrying on business of coal and coke merchants, etc.	1,00,000
5	Standard Engineering and Brass Works.*	Lahpur, Bengal . . .	Moulding, manufacturing, etc., all sorts of copper and brass articles.	50,000
6	Elliot & Co.*	Bengal	Merchants, importers, exporters, factors, etc.	2,50,000
7	Indian Standard Wagon Co. .	Calcutta	Purchasing, hiring, building, or manufacturing railway carriages, wagons, etc.	60,00,000
8	Woodhouse & Co.*	"	General merchants and agents.	1,50,000
9	Herbert Parrott & Co.* . .	"	Wine and spirit merchants, etc.	3,20,000
10	Zenith Engineering Co. . .	"	Engineering, etc. . . .	1,00,000
11	Eastern Planters*	"	General merchants . . .	20,000
	Total, Others . . . . .	.....	.....	75,90,000
	Total, Trading . . . . .	.....	.....	76,40,000
	III.—Mills and Presses			
12	Bengal Oil Mills	Calcutta	Extracting, purifying, manufacturing, oils, etc.	1,00,000
13	Ganges Oil Refinery* . . .	Calcutta	Manufacturing oils, etc. .	2,00,000
	Total, Mills and Presses . .	.....	.. ..	3,00,000
	IV.—Tea and other Planting Companies			
	(a) <i>Tea</i>			
14	Dauracherra Tea Company .	Calcutta	Planting tea, etc. . . .	6,00,000
	V.—Mining and Quarrying			
	(a) <i>Coal</i>			
15	Birbhum Colliery Co.* . . .	Lahpur, Bengal . . .	Acquiring and leasing out collieries, etc.	1,00,000
16	Pandaveswar Colliery . . .	Calcutta	Mine:s and colliery proprietors.	1,00,000
17	Sinideh Coal Concern* . . .	"	"	1,50,000
18	Enfield Colliery	"	"	1,00,000
19	Indian Limber Syndicate* .	"	Miners, colliery proprietors, and timber merchants, etc.	1,00,000
	Total, Coal . . . . .	.....	.....	5,50,000
	(b) <i>Others</i>			
20	Rajputana Minerals Syndicate*	Bombay	Mining	1,00,000
	Total, Mining and Quarrying .	.....	... ..	6,50,000
	GRAND TOTAL . . . . .	.....	.....	92,90,000

* Registered as a private company.

CALCUTTA :
December 13, 1918

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE.

PREFATORY NOTE.

The returns of Indian imports and exports, including re-exports of merchandise, (exclusive of treasure and Government stores), by sea during the six months, April to September, 1918, show a trade balance (excluding treasure) in favour of India of over R39 crores or about 6 per cent below that of the corresponding period of the previous year. In the six months, April to September, 1917, the balance in favour of India was nearly R42 crores.

India's Balance of Trade in the six months, April to September, 1916, 1917, and 1918, was as follows :—

	Six months, April to September.		
	1916 R (Lakhs)	1917 R (Lakhs)	1918 R (Lakhs)
Exports of merchandise, including re-exports (private)	118,51	110,62(a)	121,97(a)
Imports "	75,33	68,81	82,50
Excess of Exports over Imports	38,18	41,81	39,47
Net Imports of Treasure (private)	—	—	—
Council Bills and Telegraphic transfers paid in India	10,28	31,26·7	28,18
Sterling Bills on London sold in India	11	64·5	3·5
Enfaced Rupee paper (net imports)	14·9	14·3	18
Interest on Enfaced Rupee paper	—	—	—
Balance of Trade	—	—	—

As the publication of the treasure figures has been temporarily discontinued, it is not possible to give here the net (private) exports from April to September, nor the net balance of trade in the same period. It may be of interest to note that the net (private) exports, including treasure, are greater than those of 1917, and also than those of 1916. The balance of trade, so far as shown by the statistics of merchandise, treasure, Council Bills, and Enfaced Rupee paper, in the six months ended September, 1918, was in favour of India, but not to so large an extent as in 1916, while in the corresponding period of 1917 it was against India.

The total exports of Indian merchandise in the six months ended September, 1918, amounted to nearly R117 crores, of which over R65 crores went to ports within the British Empire and about R52 crores to ports outside the Empire. The United Kingdom took 27 per cent of the exports, followed by the United States 15 per cent, Japan 12 per cent, Italy 3 per cent, and France 2 per cent. Egypt took nearly 11 per cent, but a considerable portion of the shipments to Egypt was transit trade, the exports being consigned to Port Said "for orders." During the same period there were imported into India goods of the value of over R82 crores. Of this amount over R50 crores were sent from ports within the Empire, R41 crores alone coming from British ports. The principal exporter to India, apart from the United Kingdom (R41 crores or 50 per cent), was Japan, which exported goods to the value of over R15 crores (19 per cent). The United States were the third largest exporter (9 per cent), and Java the fourth (5 per cent).

The following figures showing India's trade with the British Empire and Allies, and Neutral countries during the six months (April to September) of the years 1916, 1917, and 1918, are interesting :—

*Trade with the British Empire and Allies**April to September.*

	1916 R	1917 R	1918 R
Total Imports	66,70,90,000	62,25,68,000	75,83,59,000
Total Exports of Indian merchandise	1,00,32,39,000	99,28,48,000(a)	1,05,17,85,000(a)
Balance (net exports)	33,61,49,000	37,02,80,000	29,34,26,000

*Trade with Neutral countries**April to September.*

	1916 R	1917 R	1918 R
Total Imports	8,62,58,000*	6,55,79,000*	6,66,81,000*
Total Exports of Indian merchandise	9,62,96,000	7,94,27,000(a)	11,61,25,000(a)
Balance (net exports)	1,00,38,000	1,38,48,000	4,94,44,000

*Include cargoes of prize vessels.

(a) The figures of exports are subject to correction and include the value of articles of national importance exported on Government account.

	VALUE OF TRADE IN MERCHANDISE (APRIL TO SEPTEMBER)				BALANCE OF TRADE *			
	1917		1918		1917		1918	
	Exports of Indian merchandise (a)	Imports of foreign merchandise (b)	Exports of Indian merchandise (a)	Imports of foreign merchandise (b)	Against India	In favour of India	Against India	In favour of India
BRITISH EMPIRE—	₹ (000)	₹ (000)	₹ (000)	₹ (000)	₹ (000)	₹ (000)	₹ (000)	₹ (000)
United Kingdom	36,72,95	40,34,52	31,54,41	40,84,91	13,61,57	—	9,30,50	—
Gibraltar	44	30	2,43	42	—	14	—	2,01
Aden and Dependencies	39,89	33,14	85,58	50,81	—	6,75	—	34,77
Ceylon	4,52,26	23,33	5,41,54	1,37,46	—	3,58,93	—	4,04,18
Straits Settlements (including Labuan)	2,86,95	2,30,62	3,91,26	3,07,20	—	56,33	—	84,06
Hongkong	2,16,46	67,09	1,54,73	98,63	—	1,49,37	—	56,10
Egypt	14,31,55	38,28	12,45,24	91,24	—	14,43,27	—	11,51,00
Cape Colony	37,81	3	42,34	68	—	37,78	—	41,96
Natal	79,15	444	1,12,67	10,17	—	74,71	—	1,02,50
Mauritius and Dependencies (including Seychelles)	53,19	30,11	64,87	76,97	—	23,08	12,10	—
East African Protectorate	30,72	22,17	36,22	65,88	—	8,55	29,66	—
Zanzibar and Pemba	18,48	10 41	22,82	22,05	—	7,87	—	77
Canada	1,13,80	3,30	1,75,93	4,31	—	1,10,00	—	1,71,62
British West India Islands	10,07	...	24,56	...	—	10,07	—	24,56
Australia (including New Zealand)	2,87,28	36,83	3,58,91	53,36	—	2,50,45	—	3,03,55
Other British Possessions	1,20,49	26,37	1,07,29	10,39	—	94,12	—	96,90
TOTAL BRITISH EMPIRE	59,00,99	46,31,31	65,19,20	50,17,48	13,61,57	26,31,22	9,72,26	24,73,98
FOREIGN COUNTRIES—								
Russia	63,15	2,39	—	60,76	—	—
Sweden	17,71	4,61	10,14	17,71	—	5,53	—
Norway	17,83	26,56	14,13	28,50	8,73	—	14,37	—
Germany	1,07(a)	...	2(a)	1,07	—	2	—
Holland	7,73	24,61	...	12,92	16,88	—	12 92	—
Belgium	46	...	22	46	—	22	—
France	5,15,35	1,08,56	2,35,19	90,40	—	4,11,79	—	1,44,79
Spain	19,37	8,32	11,83	11,69	—	11,05	—	14
Switzerland	27,03	23,97	14,32	24,88	—	3,06	10,56	—
Italy	2,75,01	1,26,95	3,48,18	56,68	—	1,48,06	—	2,91,50
Austria-Hungary	5,56(a)	5,56	—	—	—
Turkey, Asiatic	81,29	7,96	1,43,96	8,33	—	78,33	—	1,35,63
Arabia	58,15	7,90	67,87	9,52	—	50,25	—	57,85
Persia	1,08,86	40,70	1,47,49	52,08	—	68,16	—	95,41
Borneo (Dutch)	1,57	12,36	1,22	9,29	10,79	—	8,07	—
Java	1,45,39	4,18,98	1,77,51	4,33,80	2,73,54	—	2,61,29	—
Sumatra	45 25	5,04	26,26	3,50	—	40,21	—	22,76
Siam	73,70	28,63	61,34	17,67	—	45,07	—	43,67
Indo-China, etc.	62,44	3	1,10,37	5,82	—	62,41	—	1,04,55
China (exclusive of Hongkong and Macao)	2,70,71	1,04,65	86,25	1,34,69	—	1,66,06	48,44	—
Japan	13,89,07	7,18,70	14,14,84	15,88,73	—	9,20,37	1,23,89	—
Portuguese East Africa	31,07	4,98	50,16	4,64	—	28,09	—	45,52
Italian East Africa	6,13	8,70	1,13	11,12	2,57	—	9,99	—

(a) Cargo on of prime vessels

(b) The figures of exports are subject to correction and include the value of articles of national importance exported on Government account.

* The figures in the last four columns represent the excess of imports of foreign merchandises over exports of Indian merchandise, and vice versa.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 52.} DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, etc.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 19th December 1918.

No. 657-C.—In pursuance of sub-section 2(a) of section 101 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Cap. 61), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. Justice C. F. Napier, Barrister-at-Law, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice C. V. Kumaraswami Sastri to act as Additional Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Madras for the period from the 1st January to the 30th June 1919, both days inclusive.

MEDICAL.*The 21st December 1918.*

No. 685-C.—The services of Major A. C. Ingram, M.D., I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his present duties.

POLICE.*The 21st December 1918.*

No. 686-C.—Mr. H. G. Nettelfield, an Assistant Superintendent of Police in the Madras Presidency, and officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police in Coorg, is confirmed in the latter appointment, *vice* Mr. G. V. Stanbury, whose services are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras, with effect from the date of his return from leave.

PUBLIC.*The 21st December 1918.*

No. 691-C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 39, sub-section (1), of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, Ch. 61), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the Governor-General's Executive Council shall assemble at Calcutta in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal on the 30th December 1918, and shall, after the 3rd January 1919, reassemble at Delhi.

J. H. DuBOULAY,

*Secretary to the Government of India.***DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.****NOTIFICATIONS.****EXAMINATIONS.***Delhi, the 21st December 1918.*

No. 62.—Mr. O. F. Jenkins, I.C.S., Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

No. 63.—In consequence of the grant of the above leave to Mr. O. F. Jenkins, Mr. A. H. Harley, M.A., Principal, Calcutta Madrasa, is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, in addition to his own duties.

GENERAL**ARCHAEOLOGY AND EPIGRAPHY***The 23rd December 1918.*

No. 171.—Pandit V. Natesa Aiyar, B.A., Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Frontier Circle, sub. *pro tempore*, is granted privilege leave for 19 days combined with leave on private affairs for 5 months and 11 days, with effect from the 2nd January 1919, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 172.—Khan Sahib Mian Wasi-ud-Din, Personal Assistant to the Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Frontier Circle, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the Office of the Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, Frontier Circle, during the absence on combined leave of Pandit V. Natesa Aiyar or until further orders.

H. SHARP,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.**FORESTS.**

Delhi, the 23rd December 1918.

No. 151-C.—Mr. W. A. Robertson, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Burma, is appointed as Instructor at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st November 1918, the date on which he relieved Mr. J. A. G. Douglas-Hamilton.

Mr. J. A. G. Douglas-Hamilton was on special duty at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, from the 1st to the 6th November 1918, and his services were replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay from the latter date.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 26th December 1918.

No. 3331-Est. A.—Mr. A. T. Holme, Resident in Mewar, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Political Agent, Southern Rajputana States, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 21st August 1918 and until further orders.

J. B. WOOD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.**LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.**

Delhi, the 24th December 1918.

No. 1578-F. E.—Mr. J. C. Mitra has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Postal Branch, Calcutta, with effect from the 12th December 1918.

No. 1579-F. E.—Mr. B. L. A. Laville has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, United Provinces, with effect from the 3rd November 1918.

No. 1580-F. E.—Mr. E. H. Burke has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Telegraph Branch, Calcutta, with effect from the 12th December 1918.

No. 1581-F. E.—Mr. D. N. Sinha, a senior Accountant in the office of the Deputy Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs, Postal Branch, Calcutta, was appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, in that office from the 5th December 1918 to the 11th December 1918.

No. 1582-F. E.—Mr. F. C. Rosair, Assistant Accounts Officer, class II (Provisional), and Assistant Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, Burma, has been granted privilege leave for one month and seventeen days with effect from the 7th November 1918.

Mr. H. M. Roy, a senior Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Burma, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Accounts Officer, class II, and Assistant Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, Burma, with effect from the 27th November 1918 and during the absence on leave of Mr. F. C. Rosair.

H. F. HOWARD,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPORT AND EXPORT REGULATIONS—SUSPECTED FIRMS.

Delhi, the 28th December 1918.

No. 1213-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations shall be made in the schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 2604-D., dated the 2nd March 1918, as subsequently amended, *vis.* :—

ADDITIONS.

ARGENTINE, PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY.

Abdala, Yabo y Hermano, Calle Patricios 770, Buenos Aires.
 Aspiri Stein & Company, Calle Rivadavia 870, Buenos Aires, Argentina
 Balot, J. Roger, Calle Corrientes 3106-3126, Buenos Aires.
 Barbiero, Alberto, Dyachcho.
 Boocker, Carl, Asuncion, Paraguay.
 Boria, Pedro, Montevideo, Uruguay.
 Burbanks, Adolphos G., Buenos Aires
 Cantarero & Gonzalez, Calle Bartolome Mitre 1084, and Calle Las Heras 617, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Carreras & Bech, Montevideo, Uruguay.
 Castro, Ventura, Buenos Aires.
 Cohen, Mauss, Levy & Company, Buenos Aires.
 Compania Vinicella, Calle Pueyrredon 1136, Buenos Aires.
 Deurer Gustavo, Calle Sariniano 630, Rosario, Argentina.
 Duek & Cohen, Calle Azeuenaga 645, Buenos Aires, Argentina
 Duce, Simon, Buenos Aires
 Frese, K., & Company, San Antonio Oeste.
 Friz, Theodoro, Calle Piedras 730, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Geron, Armando, Buenos Aires.
 Gomez Boglietti & Company, Buenos Aires.
 Gonzalez, Tomas, Calle Alsina 434, and P.O. Box 1451, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Guilbert (or Guibert), David, & Company, Buenos Aires.
 Herber, Gustav, Buenos Aires.
 Homad, Felipe, Calle Tres Sargentos 492, Buenos Aires.
 Huegel, Walter, Concordia.

Hulsteyn, Van, Voecke & Company, Buenos Aires.
 Jacobi & Marx, Buenos Aires.
 Jacobi, Sigismundo, Calle 25 de Mayo 267, Buenos Aires.
 Liendo, Arturo, Montevideo, Uruguay.
 Martinez & Cunche, Buenos Aires.
 Marx, Mauricio (of Jacobi & Marx, Calle Rivadavia 1815, Buenos Aires.
 Molino, Hijos de José Cru, Buenos Aires.
 Mussi, Francisco, Buenos Aires.
 Mutz, Santiago, Calle Vera 851, Buenos Aires.
 Nolle, Usinas de, Calle Florencio Varela 69, Buenos Aires.
 Pernas, Hermanos, Santa Cruz.
 Refinadoro, La, de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires.
 Reverchon, Carlos, Villarcia, Paraguay.
 Rudolphi, Alfredo, Avenida de Mayo 968, Buenos Aires.
 Sartorio & Company, Calle Pueyrredon 1130, Buenos Aires.
 Scapusio, Juan B., & Company, Viamonte 933, and Doblas 147, Buenos Aires.
 Schopflocher & Sichel, Calle Alsina 2110, Buenos Aires.
 Stocker & Company (late Hoffmann & Stocker), Calle Moreno 443, and Paseo Colon, Buenos Aires.
 Torta, José B., Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Ullmann, H., & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Usinas de Nolle (*see under Nolle*).
 Veiroj, Mauricio, Montevideo, Uruguay.
 Vendrell, Delfin, Calle Solis 945, Buenos Aires.
 Willers, F. & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Zeitune (or Seitune) & Asbani, Buenos Aires.

BOLIVIA.

Boliviana de Wolfram, Compania, Sucre.
 Empresa Prospera (Quiebra A. Metting).
 Estrella, La (*see* Schultz, H.)
 Guteirrez, Pablo, Cochabamba and Oruro.
 Lehman, Waldemar, La Paz.
 Metting, A., Quiebra (Metting Bankruptcy), Colavi & Ocavi Mines.
 Montano, Venancio, Cochabamba.

Monterde, Manuel, Sucre.
 Pastor, Juan Manuel, La Paz.
 Prospera, Empresa (Quiebra A. Metting).
 Quiebra A. Metting (Metting Bankruptcy), Colavi & Ocavi Mines.
 Ramirez, Luis, Villazon.
 Rasdil, Alejandro, Oruro.
 Rubarth, Juan, Potosi.

Schuetz & Company, La Paz

Schultz, G., La Paz.

Schultz, H., "La Estrella," La Paz.

Zavala & Company, La Paz.

Vasquel, Juan, Potosi.

Voss, Juan, Velasco San Ignacio.

Yarur and Lolas, Oruro.

BRAZIL.

Alves, J. B., Rua Primeiro de Marco 53, Rio de Janeiro.

Barroso, M. S., & Company, Rua do Rosario 153, Rio de Janeiro.

Bercht, Adolfo, Rio Grande do Sul.

Bloch, Eugen, Sao Paulo.

Blohm, F., Blumenau.

Boujunga, H. C., Rue General Setto 354, Pelotas, South Brazil.

Chame, Jorge, Rua Silveira Martins 139, Rio de Janeiro.

Costa, Fernando, & Company, Santos and Sao Paulo.

Gerechter & Levinthal, Para.

Institutos de Artes Graphicas (Turnauer & Machado), Rua 13 de Maio, Rio de Janeiro.

Levy, Rafael (or Raphael), Rua Galeria de Crystal 17-19, Sao Paulo.

Loeser, Carlos, Aracaju.

Montana, Establecimiento Industrial, S.-A., Rua da Alfandega, Rio de Janeiro.

Pinatel, Luis, Sao Paulo.

Schuman & Company, Porto Alegre.

Ramos, Antonio (or Angelino), Rua da Constituicao 14, Rio de Janeiro and Bomfim, Minas Geraes.

Samuel, Mauricio, Manaus.

Schaitza, Oscar, & Company, Porto Alegre.

Simon, Heinrich, Rua de Hospicio 47, Rio de Janeiro.

Souza, R. & Company, Rio de Janeiro.

Tavares, M. & Arruda, Corumba.

Wahnschaffe, Rudolfo, Sao Paulo.

Wiedman, Alfredo, Rua do Commercio 3, Porto Alegre.

CHILE.

Anwandter & Bentjerodt, Almirante Prat 1, and Casilla 50, Valdivia.

Bentjerodt, Arturo, Santiago.

"Casa Rusa" (owner, David Yudilevich), Santiago de Chile.

Frank, Dr. Miguel, Santiago.

Grote & Company, Calle Esmeralda 47 and Casilla 396, Valparaiso; and Ahumada 307, Santiago.

Hirsch & Sylvester (successor, Rodolfo Sylvester), Huerfanos 975, Santiago.

Hubenbecker, Teodoro, Santiago.

Mally & Reccius, Valdivia.

Olivares, Miguel, Angol 1162, Concepcion.

Roeschmann, Carlos (Partner in Grote & Company, q. v.).

Rose, Walter, Valparaiso.

Schüler, Eisendecker & Company, Calle Condell 42, Valparaiso; Calle Arauco, corner of Perez Rosales, and Calle 610, Valdivia.

Sylvester, Rodolfo (*see* Hirsch & Sylvester).

Yudilevich, David ("Casa Rusa"), Santiago de Chile.

Wohlrath, A., Santiago.

COLOMBIA.

Bellingrodt, Wilhelm (Guillermo), Barranquilla.

Cristo, Jorge, & Company, San José de Cucuta.

Mutis Dazo & Soto, Cucuta.

Pinckert, Wilhelm, Tumaco.

COSTA RICA.

Chavez, Maximo, San José.

Compania Agricola de Turrialba, San José and Turrialba.

Friese, Carl, & Company, San José.

Guido, Estela de, Punta Arenas.

Herman, Friederich, Santa Cruz and San José.

Himmel and Von Storren, San José.

Kopper, Eusebio Otto, & Company, Grecia.

Kumpel, Juan, Sarchi de Grecia.

Lohrengel, C. W., Tres Rios and San José.

Luthmer, Federico, San José.

Reimers, Ferdinand, San José.

Rodriguez, José, Port Limon.

Ruin Debo, Francisco, San José.

Turrialba, Compania Agricola (*see under* Compania).

Will, Carlos, San José.

CUBA.

Bernal, Federico, Amargura 11, Havana.

Cardenas, Tuya F. Gonzales.

Compania Cubana de Comisiones y Representaciones (partners, Frederick Wagner and Carlos Oswald), Sol 74, Havana.

Gutmann, R. S., Calle Habana 150, Havana.

Heilbut, Enrique (Partner in Heilbut & Company), Calle San Ignacio 54, Havana.

Holz, Alfredo (*see* Orenstein & Koppel).

Ibern & Company (partners, Jose A. Ibern & G. Adolph Kirberg), Calle Mercaderes 42, Havana.

Ibern, Jose A. (*see* Ibern & Company).

Kaupp & Company, Arturo, Calle Industria 130, Havana.

Kirberg, G. Adolph (*see* Ibern & Company).

Koppel, Arthur (*see* Orenstein & Koppel).

Oren-tein & Koppel S/A. (Arthur Koppel) (representative, Alfredo Holz), Lonja del Comercio 217, Havana.

Oswald, Carlos (*see* Compañía Cubana de Comisiones y Representaciones).

Wagner, Frederick (*see* Compañía Cubana de Comisiones y Representaciones).

Quintana, A., & Company, Calle San Isidro 24, Havana.

Upmann, Hermann (of H. Upmann & Co.), Amargura 1, and Mercaderes 34, Havana.

DENMARK.

Dansk Handels & Industri A/S. (Directors, Jacob Anton Hansen, V. G. A. Walther, and K. Kiefer), Frederiksberg-gade 16, Copenhagen.

Hansen, Jacob Anton (*see* Dansk Handels & Industri A/S).

Hansen, Peter (*see* Nordiske Forfatteres Forlag A/S.), Prinsesse Maries Allé 16, Copenhagen.

Kiefer, K. (*see* Dansk Handels & Industri A/S).

Kohl, Louis von (*see* Nordiske Forfatteres Forlag A/S.), Studiestraede 45, and Vesterfælledvej 58, Copenhagen.

Nordiske Forfatteres Forlag A/S. (partners, Louis von Kohl, Einar Rasmussen and Peter Hansen), Juernbanegade and Prinsesse Maries Allé 16, Copenhagen.

Rasmussen, Einar (*see* Nordiske Forfatteres Forlag A/S.), Fredensborg.

Walthey, V. G. A. (*see* Dansk Handels & Industri A/S).

ECUADOR.

Bastida, Tlmo, Esmeraldas

Brandes, Alfred (*see* Landahl, Brandes & Company)

"Esquisita, La" (*see* Landahl, Brandes & Company).

Gomez Rufino, Esmeraldas

Gabriel, M., Manta.

Kaiser, Guillermo, Calle Octava 131, Pichincha 125, and Avenida Segundo 118, Guayaquil.

Landahl, Brandes & Company ("La Esquisita") (partner, Alfred Brandes), Calle Venezuela 59, Quito.

Pinckert, Wilhelm, Bahia.

Ponce, Adel Francisco, Guayaquil.

Ponce, Francisco Martinez, Guayaquil.

Rena, Martin, Guayaquil.

Sieria, José, Guayaquil.

Vacacela, Juan, Rio Bamba.

Wendt, Hans O., Quito and Ibarra.

GREECE.

Commerciale du Pirée, Société Anonyme (President, Joseph Vazyrantzikis), Piraeus.

Société Anonyme Commerciale du Pirée (*see* Commerciale du Pirée, Soc. Anon)

Vazyrantzikis, Joseph (President of the Société Anonyme Commerciale du Pirée).

GUATEMALA.

Alvarado & Company, Quezaltenango.

Candelaria Plantations, Xolhuitz, Quezaltenango

Chang, Antonio, & Company, Guatemala City.

Chocola Plantagen Gesellschaft, Mazatenango, Suchitepequez.

Engel & Sons, J., Guatemala City.

Esmeraldas Plantation (or Finca Esmeraldas) (Owner, Enrique Heiman), Costa Cuci.

Hochmayer Hermanos, San Marcos and Quetzaltenango.

Kirsch, B., & Company, Guatemala City.

Libertad Plantation, La (Owners Deutsche Treuhand Gesellschaft), Costa Cuci.

Mathies, José, Tumbador.

Monterros Hermanos, Guatemala City.

"Paqueteria, La" (J. Engel & Sons), Guatemala City.

Pactau, Max, Guatemala City.

Sociedad Comercial de Centro America, Guatemala City.

Ton Ley Lon & Company, Guatemala City.

Victor, Frank & Company, Chamerico.

Wing on Tay, Guatemala City.

Wong, Eugenio, & Company, Guatemala City.

HAYTI AND DOMINICAN REPUBLICS

Guzman, Juan Z, & Company, San Pedro de Macoris, Santo Domingo

Helmcke, Edmund, Port au Prince, Hayti.

Huen, Dr (*see* Pharmacie Centrale, Aux Cayes).

Lemos (*see* Lemos, J. E. de, Suc.), San Domingo.

Pharmacie Centrale, (manager, Dr. Huen,) Aux Cayes, Hayti.

Seidel, Karl, Aux Cayes, Hayti.

Sociedad Anonima Bancaria Sucesores de J. de.

HONDURAS.

Abarca, R. Justo, Amapala

Compania Nacional de Agencias, Amapala.

Davidson, Adolfo, Tegucigalpa.

Eyl. Wilhelm, Tegucigalpa.

Kohncke, Enrique, Amapala.

Voeggler, Karl, San Pedro Sula.

MEXICO.

- Aachen & Munich, Mexico City.
- Abastecedor Electrico, El (Mendoza and Lillanos), Mexico City.
- Acacia, La (Enrique del Rio), Vera Cruz.
- Agencia Agricola Commercial S/A., Salto-de-agua.
- Agencia Commercial Mexicana, Mexico City.
- Agencia Ruelas, Manzanillo.
- Agupito, Acriago, Orizaba.
- Albingia, Mexico City.
- Albuerno, José, Mexico City.
- Alianz, La, Mexico City.
- Almacen de Ropa (Mendez y Hermano), Orizaba, Chihuahua.
- Andresen, Juan, Uruapan.
- Andresen, Luis, Morelia.
- Ayub, Felipe (La Palestina), Chihuahua.
- Ayub, G., & Company (La Casa Blanca, Chihuahua).
- Ayub, Hermanos (La Ciudad de Constantinople).
- Ayub, Salamon (La Violeta), Chihuahua.
- Barata, La (owned by Carlos Deeg), Mexico City.
- Barnstorf, German, Puebla.
- Basol, Juan (El Telegrapho), Torreon.
- Bassler, G., Mexico City.
- Bauer, Alfredo, Mexico City.
- Berzenger, Emilio, Mexico City.
- Bettinger, Ernest, Torreon.
- Beyer, F., Acaponeta.
- Blanco Cayetana, Jr., y Cia., Mexico City and San Gerónimo.
- Boehring, Ernest, Torreon.
- Botica Alemana (Jorge Dorn), Orizaba.
- Botica Iturbe (Emilio Kentzler), Mexico City.
- Botica Nueva (owned by Julio Jackens), Monterey.
- Bremer, William, Monterey.
- Budjudy y Jaliff, Torreon.
- Burchard, Benjamin, Monterey.
- Burchard, Juan F., Monterey.
- Calvo, J. B., Vera Cruz.
- Canavati, A., Hermanos, Chihuahua.
- Canavati, Hermanos, Torreon.
- Canavati, Juan (La Ciudad de Londres), Chihuahua.
- Cangas, Hermanos, Vera Cruz.
- Carper & Eppstein, Mazatlan.
- Carstens, Augustin, Guadalajara.
- Carstensen, Eduardo, Mexico.
- Carstensen Guillermo, Mexico City.
- Casa Alemana, Orizaba.
- Casa Blanca, La, Chihuahua.
- Cauterio, El, Mexico City.
- Cavasos, Garcia Manuel, Nuevo Laredo.
- Cavasos, Manuel, Jr., Nuevo Laredo.
- Cavasos, Manuel, Sr., Nuevo Laredo.
- Cayares, G. de (of Ritter & Boch).
- Cayetana, Blanco (*see under* Blanco).
- Chabin, Felipe, Saltillo.
- Chabin, Julio, Saltillo.
- Charuca, Moises, Saltillo.
- Classing, Juan, Merida.
- Club Aleman, Guadalajara.
- Compañia Comercial de Monterey, Monterey.
- Compañia de Industria y Comercio de Anilinas y Productos Quimicos, Mexico City.
- Compania de Seguros contra Incendio, Mexico City.
- Compania de Tugamapam, Vera Cruz.
- Compania Manufactura de Botones S/A., Monterey.
- Compania Mexicana de Electricidad S/A., Mexico City.
- Constantinople, La Ciudad de, Chihuahua.
- Coppel, Isaac, Mazatlan.
- Coppel, Luis, Mazatlan.
- Cram, J., Jr., Monterey.
- Dam, Max, & Company, Durango.
- Del Rio, Enrique (La Acacia), Vera Cruz.
- Deutsche Haus, Orizaba.
- Deutsche Zeitung von Mexico, Mexico City.
- Dia, El, Monterey.
- Diez y Cia, Vera Cruz.
- Dorn, Jorge (Botica Alemana), Orizaba.
- Drogueria de Coliseo, La, Mexico City.
- Eckhoff, Ernesto, Calle Bolivar 44, Mexico City.
- Elholo, José, Mexico City.
- Etrella, La (José Soliveras & Company Sues.), Mexico City.
- Fabrica Villa Union, S. A., Villa Union.
- Faist, Oscar, Colimar.
- Fatuch & Nogaim (La Palma), Chihuahua.
- Fatuch, Salim, Chihuahua.
- Femmerliog, Guillermo, Torreon.
- Fernandi, A. (*see* Princesa Teatro, La).
- Fichtner, Dr. Carlos, Mexico City.
- Franke, Alfredo, Puebla.
- Franssen, Siebo, Mexico City.
- Friedeberg, Guillermo, Mexico City.
- Freitag, Carlos, Guadalajara.
- Fritsch, W. E., Mexico City.
- Fundicion de Simalon, Guadalajara and Maxella.
- Garcia, Manuel Z., Frontera.
- Garza, Austacio de la, Monterey.
- Gehehd, Caesar, Monterey.
- Gillman, Paul, Vera Cruz.
- Ginder, A., Guadalajara.
- Gonzalez, Regilio, Tampico.
- Gottlieb, Leon, P. (La Princesa), Torreon.
- Gottschalk, W., Mexico City.
- Grauert, Ernesto, Mexico City.
- Grossman, Bruno, Mexico City.
- Grossmann & Pabst, Revillagigedo 3A, Mexico City.
- Guerra Garcia, José ("La Tampiquena"), Tampico.
- Gugenheim & Balarasque, Mexico City.
- Gugenheim, Leon, Mexico City.
- Haas, Robert, Merida.
- Haas, Rudolfo (owner of La Relojeria Suiza), Monterey.
- Haberkorn, Edmundo, Monterey.
- Hadad, Alfredo, Tampico.
- Hageman, William, Mexico City.
- Hahn, Guillermo & Company, Monterey.
- Hahn, Hugo, Mexico City.
- Hajen, Ernesto, Mexico City.
- Hale, C., & Company (Refrigeradora Veracruzana), Vera Cruz.
- Hanseatica Norddeutscher, Mexico City.
- Hardt, Carlos, Morelia.
- Haupt & Giffenig, Mexico City.
- Hecht, Enrique, Guadalajara.
- Heintze, Eduardo, Mexico City.

- Hemken, Enrique, Mexico City.
 Herald, El, San Luis, Potosi.
 Heuer, Adolfo, Mexico City.
 Hofmann, Arturo, Puebla.
 Hofmann y Cia., Puebla.
 Holste, Alex., Mexico City.
 Huseman & Grebe (La Perla), Tampico.
 Informaciones Inalambricas Mexico City.
 Islas, Pedro, Mexico City.
 "Jawater, Al" (newspaper), Mexico City.
 Jackens, Julio (owner of Botica Nueva),
 Monterey.
 Julil, Ali, Saltillo.
 Kahle, Guillermo, Talachula.
 Karan, Salamon, Uruapam.
 Karlbuch, Max, Orizaba.
 Kentzler, Ernesto, Mexico City.
 Ketelsen, Carlos, Chihuahua.
 Kladt, Federico, Mexico City.
 Klaeger, Federico, Monterey.
 Klostermand, E. K., Torreon.
 Knapp, Roberto, Mexico City.
 Korte, Enrique, Merida.
 Kramer, Theodor, Mexico City.
 Kregliner, Francisco, Mexico City.
 Krueger Bros., San Geronimo.
 Kuhlman, Frederico, Mexico City.
 Lange, Oswald, Colima.
 Lapiz Rojo, El (see Ortega, Aurelio, e
 Hijos).
 Laue & Cia. (partner, Juan Lane), Puebla.
 Laue, Juan (partner in Laue & Cia.),
 Puebla.
 Lederman, Arturo, Puebla.
 Ledgerman, Enrique, Mexico City.
 Lehmacher, Johan, Mexico City.
 Leitner, Joseph, Villa Hermosa.
 Leon Sanchez, Manuel, Mexico City.
 Leycegui, Luciana I., Vera Cruz.
 Lindacher, Gustavo, Morelia.
 Londres, La Ciudad de (Juan Canavati),
 Chihuahua.
 Lopez, Federico ("La Perla"), Orizaba.
 Louvier & Company, Suers., Puebla.
 Maassm, Ernesto, Orizaba.
 Madgeburgunsa, Mexico City.
 Mancha Fausto (agent for Pacific Hido
 Co.), La Cruz.
 Mannheimer Versicherungs Gesellschaft,
 Mexico City.
 Mantilla, V., & Company, Mexico City.
 Mendoza & Llanos (El Abastecedor Elec-
 trico), Mexico City.
 Menendez y Hermano (Almacen de Ropa),
 Orizaba.
 Meus, Carlos, Mexico City.
 Meyer, Franz, Mexico City.
 Meyer, Hans, Vera Cruz.
 Meyer, Rodolfo, Mexico City.
 Mochalam, Roberto, Saltillo.
 Molina Amiteca S/A, Ocotlan.
 Molina Germania S/A. (Guillermo Collig-
 non & Company), Guadalajara.
 Mueller, Eduardo, Colimar.
 Müller, Otto, Guayamas.
 Mumin, Carlos, Monterey.
 Murguruza & Munis, Tampico.
 Musswitz, Guillermo, Vera Cruz.
 Nahle, Manuel, Saltillo.
 Najara Nahoul, Torreon.
 Nassar Hermanos, Torreon.
 National Prussian, Mexico City.
 Navarro Hermonos, Uruapam.
 Neumaier, Otto, Orizaba.
 Neumoller, Teodora, Saltillo.
 Nieman, Kurt, Mexico City.
 Ochou, Leopoldo, Manzanilla.
 Ortega, Aurelio, e Hijos ("El Lapiz
 Rojo"), Orizaba.
 Ortiz, Augustin, Merelia.
 Otto, Max, S. en C., Mexico City.
 Owling, Federico, Mexico City.
 Padilla Gomez, Jose, Guadalajara and
 Colimar.
 Palestina, La (Ayub, Felipe), Chihuahua.
 Palma, La (Fatuch & Nogaim), Chihuahua.
 Pena Pobre Paper Factory, Mexico City.
 Perez y Arce, Tampico.
 Perla, La (Huseman & Grebe), Tampico.
 Perla, La (see Lopez, Federico).
 Pesquira Sues., Vera Cruz.
 Peters, Emilio, Mexico City.
 Petterson, Alberto (El Standard), Orizaba.
 Poinsett, Gilberto, Monterey.
 Princessa Teatro, La (A. Fernandi),
 Tampico.
 Puente, José R., Monterey.
 Raesfeld, Ernesto von, Puebla.
 Refrigeradora Veracruzana (Hale & Com-
 pany), Vera Cruz.
 Reimers, Pablo, Zacatecas, Aguascalientes.
 Relojeria Suiza, La (owned by Rudolfo
 Haas), Monterey.
 Rojo y Cualda Mexico City.
 Romero y Scapacchini, Jorge, Mexico City.
 Rosenstein, Hans, Mexico City.
 Ruiz, Ovidio, Frontera.
 Rupp, Erwin, Mexico City.
 Salaman, X. N., & Company, San Luis
 Potosi.
 Saleme, Felipe, Merelia.
 Saloon Berlin (Hauser & Muschwitz), Vera
 Cruz.
 Sapag, Abraham, Saltillo.
 Sapag, Salomon, Saltillo.
 Schefold, Adolf, Monterey.
 Schneider, Franz, Mexico City.
 Schulte, Carlos, Colima.
 Schwartz, German, Mexico City.
 Schwarz, Juan C., Monterey.
 Schweitzer, Leon, Monterey.
 Segundo Alonso, & Company, Mexico
 City.
 Senac, Santos, Guaymas.
 Serur & Joakil, Vera Cruz.
 Sirena, La, Mexico City.
 Slim, Elias, Mexico City.
 Slim, Jorge, Mexico City.
 Soliveras, José, & Company, S. en C. (La
 Estrella), Mexico City.
 Soliveras, José, Mexico City.
 Son, M. S. von, Mexico City.
 Spieler, Ricardo, Tampico.
 Standard, El (Alberto Petterson), Orizaba.
 Stein, Carlos, Mexico City.
 Stephan, Carlos, & Company, Mexico City.
 Strassburger, Carlos, Mexico City.
 Sundberg, Gustavo, Mexico City.
 Tampusquena, La (see Guerra Garcia, José).
 Telegrapho, El (Basol, Juan), Torreon.
 Torre, C. G., Merida.
 Tugamapam, Compania de (see under
 Compania).
 Uihlein, Jose, Sucesores, Calle Delcaliseo 3,
 and Apartado 139, Mexico City.
 Valquarts, Conrad, Puebla.

Vehrmeren, Julio, Mexico City.
 Venning, Julio, Orizaba.
 Viau, Pablo, Mexico City.
 Vila, José Gestels, Puebla.
 Violeta, La, Chihuahua.
 Wagner, Federico, Mexico City.
 Walters, F., Mexico City.
 Warnholtz, Carlos, Mexico City.

Zinzer, Julio, Mexico City.

Warnholtz, E., Mexico City.
 Watty, Ricardo, Mexico City.
 Westendorp, Oscar & Francis, Monterey
 Westphal, Pablo, Mexico City.
 Wichman, Ernesto, Mexico City.
 Wöern, Alberto, Mexico City.
 Wolff, Guillermo, Uruapam.
 Ziegler, Julio, Puebla.

MOROCCO.

Benarroch, Moses J., Melilla.

I Martinez, Claudio, Tangier,

NETHERLANDS.

Bruckman, Willem, Utrechtschestraat 30,
 and P. C. Hoofstraat 124, Amsterdam.
 Cahn, Rudolf O., Gabriel Metsustraat 24b,
 Amsterdam.
 Dietrich, O. A., Reguliersgr. 23, Amster-
 dam and Apeldoorn.
 Gaillet De Beukelaer, A. J. F., van der
 Does de Willeboissingel 46, s'Hertogen
 bosch.
 Gazan's A., Huiden en Goederen Mij.,
 N/V., Amsterdam-Gouda, Lang Tien-
 deweg 61, Gouda; and Vendelstr. 26,
 Amsterdam.
 Geerling, A., De Clercqstraat 92,
 Amsterdam.
 Hagens, W., Valeriusstraat 217, Amster-
 dam.
 Holland-Deli Handel Maatschappij, N. V.
 (Formerly Toe Laer & Co.), Amsterdam.
 Koppen & Frings (see under Nederland-
 sche Fabrik van Kunstmaalsteenen en
 Compleete Maalinrichtingen, N/V.)
 Lecuw-Hoornstra, S. de, Van Breestraat
 138, Amsterdam.

Lenders & Company, Wilhelminakade 38,
 Rotterdam.
 Nederlandsche Fabrik van Kunstmaals-
 teenen en Compleete Maalinrichtingen,
 N. V., v/h, Koppen & Frings, Henger-
 merweg, Maastricht.
 Reyers, H. J. J., De Wetstraat 6, Arnhem
 Rotterdamsche Stempelfabriek (see Sluis,
 B. L. van der).
 Rotterdamsche Victualienhandel, N/V.,
 Boompjes 65-66, Rotterdam.
 Sauter, Aug. F. M., Wolfstraat 32, Maast-
 richt.
 Seinfeld, B. H., Vondelstraat 26, Amster-
 dam
 Sluis, B. L. van der (Rotterdamsche
 Stempelfabriek), Viisschersdijk 43, Rot-
 terdam.
 Stinnes, Hugo, Transport Maatschappij,
 N/V., Boompjes 70, Rotterdam.
 Stranb, C., Saftlovenstraat 33, Rotterdam.
 Toe Laer & Company (see Holland-Deli
 Handel Maatschappij, N. V.)

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

Bandoengsche Tegelfabriek, N/V., Bandoeng, Java.
 Begoor, Koninklijke Utrechtsche Fabrik
 Van Juweelen, Zilverwerken en Pennin-
 gen, van C. J., Samarang.
 Bizzeveld, H. P., Katia Wetan 33, Bandoeng.
 Boerma, Bernardus Franciscus, Jr., Kon-
 ingsplein Zuid 7, Weltevreden, Batavia.
 Braun, P., Sibolga, Sumatra.
 Busselaar, Max, Samarang.
 Cramer, P. C. M., or Pierre, Sourabaya
 and Medan.
 Djie Hong Swie, Sourabaya.
 Eigen, O. von, Lago Boti, Tobo, Sumatra.
 Fareh, M. A., Batavia.
 Fuhrmann, A. (alias Furman), Medan.
 Furman, A. (see Fuhrmann, A.).
 Guan Mo (or Guan Moh), Medan.
 Holland Deli Maatschappij, N. V. (Toe
 Laer & Co.), Medan.
 Hoyer, E., Medan and Batavia.
 Huster, K. E., Menado.
 Jo Giok Tjoang, Paloppo Celebes Islands.
 "Juliana" Distributies Mij., N/V.,
 Medan.
 Kasinder Estate Marihat Sumatra (Plan-
 tagen Compagnie), Sumatra.
 Meper, J., Hotel Preanger, Bandoeng.
 Kie Lie, W. (alias W. Kielich), Batavia.
 Kraaz, Joh., Lebong Soelit, Benkoelen.

Laer, Toe, & Company, Medan.
 Lenshoek, Wolff (see Nederlandsche im en
 Export Maatschappij).
 Lie Hien, Menado.
 Lütringhaus, P.
 Menadosche Handelsvereeniging, Menado,
 and Macassar.
 Marihat Boris Estate, Sumatra.
 Marihat Oelde Estate, Sumatra.
 Meerwalt, J. H., Tobo, Tapanuli, Sumatra.
 Nederlandsche im en Export Maatschappij
 (owner, Wolff Lenshoek), Sourabaya.
 Nio Kok Kie, Macassar.
 Nio Tjoan Kiat, Saleier.
 Ong Tjeng Ae (or Ong Tjing Ae), Goron-
 talo.
 Oriental Tabak Industrie Company,
 Plomer.
 Pangalian Cultuur Maatschappij, Indra-
 giri, Sumatra.
 Sachs, Coil, Samarang.
 Schadd & Korteling, Sourabaya.
 Schröter, Dr. G.
 Soetekouw, Lieutenant H. A., Batang Hari
 Estate, Djambi, Sumatra.
 Steffens, H. F. (manager of Carl Schlie-
 per & Company), Kramatlaan 36, Wel-
 tevreden, Batavia.
 Stianny (see Stiassny, W).
 Stiassny (alias Stianny), W., Gorontalo.
 Stibbe, Fr. (see Fr. Stubbe).

Stubbe, Fr. (*alias* Stibbe), Tandjong Balei, Sumatra.
 Tan Liong Tijoan, Batavia.
 Thai Seng.
 Thio Tjin Tong & Company, Menado.
 Thoeng Jeng, Siang.
 Thoeng Tjeng Yong.

Thoeng Tjeng Ting.
 Thoeng Tjeng Ting & Company.
 Tjo Toen Bwie, Sourabaya.
 Toe Laer & Company (*see* Laer, Toe, & Co.).
 Ydens, H., Silindoeng, Tapanuli, Sumatra.
 Zechentmayer, Dr. K. (or Ch.), Samarang.

NICARAGUA.

Bunge, F., Managua.
 Dorn, Enrique & Company, Matagalpa

Junge, Fritz (Frederick), Bluefields.
 Lehmann, Otto, Cabo Gracias

PANAMA.

Freundlich, Max, Colon.
 Galindo, Dr. I., Panama City.
 Gebert, Otto, Bocas del Toro.
 Hofmann & Company, Colon

Hoffmann, Dr. K., Panama City.
 Leer, Herbert, Bocas del Toro.
 Neumann, Ernst F., Panama City.

PERSIA.

Abu Taleb Shirazi (trading as Islamieh Company), Teheran.
 Agha Muhammad Yusuf Khabbez Beglaroff (*see under* Beglaroff).

Beglaroff, Agha Muhammad Yusuf Khabbez, Kazvin.
 Islamieh Company (*see* Abu Taleb Shirazi).

PERU.

Alaru & Eskenazi, Lima.
 Benavides, Aurelio, Mollendo.
 Cerveceria Alemana, S/A (manager, Ernesto Guuther), Arequipa, Puno and Cuzco.
 Cockburn, Manoel Santiago, Ica.
 Cortez, Ramon G., Pacasmayo.
 Cuglievan, Juan, y Cia, Chiclayo.

Gamboa, A. S., Ascope.
 Gunther, Ernesto (*see* Cerveceria Alemana, S/A).
 Ledgard, Carlos, E. B., Lima.
 Lizazaburu, J., Trujillo.
 Martensen, Arturo, Espaderos 560, Lima.
 Martensen, Roberto, Callao.

SALVADOR.

Gasteazoro, Dr. Jose C., San Salvador.
 Hecht, Bruno, San Salvador.
 Meyer, Marcello, San Miguel.

Rosenblum Hermanos, San Salvador.
 Sosa, Domingo, San Salvador.

SPAIN.

Amann, Santiago, Bilbao and Densto.
 Asbert, Francisco (of Asbert, Janot & Co.), Folgarolas 52, Barcelona.
 Avundano, Luciano, Plaza Mercado Encasanche 9, and P. O. Box 134, Bilbao.
 Baldes, Otto, Calle Maderuelas, Antequera, Malaga.
 Banco Hispano Austro-Hungaro Avenida del Conde de Penalver 24, and Calle de Coballaro de Gracia 23, Madrid.
 Baquera Segalerva, Vicente, Calle de las Pisas 2, and Paseo del Salon 11, Guadalupe.
 Borowski, Pablo, Balmes 149, Barcelona.
 Cabot, M. (*see* Winizki).
 Candil, Rollo (*see* Rollo Candil, Camilo).
 Cotonificio de Badalona, S/A. (manager, Teofilo Lee Wyss), Llauder 1, Barcelona.
 Cruz y Ochoa, Eibar.
 Damian, Wilhelm (or Willy), Calle Velasquez 62, Madrid.
 Deu, Luis (*see* Joyeria de Mata, La).
 Dominguez, Antonio R., Calle Loyola 13, San Sebastian.
 Eckhardt, Dr., Repitan 16, Aranjuez, Madrid.
 Editorial Tibidabo (*see* Tipografía Xalapeña).
 Electricité, J. Schwab (*see* Jaime Schwab).

Elvig (or Helbig), Alfredo, Calle de Hortaleza 9, Madrid.
 Fabrica Malaguena de Sulfato de Cobre (manager, Eduardo Deutsch), Malaga.
 Falcone, Torello, Calle Albijeso 9, Valcarlos, Barcelona.
 Frommel, Erich, Calle Lagasca 117, Madrid.
 Flemming (or Glemming), Ernest, Calle Hortaleza 9, Madrid.
 Gaertner (or Jardinero), H., Calle Ronda 2, San Sebastian.
 Glemming, E. (*see* Ernest Flemming).
 Goudsebaal, Hikko, Rambla 11 de Febrero, Santa Cruz de Tenerife.
 Hafner, Ernest (late Hafner & Wienken), Calle Alamos 49, 2° Malaga.
 Helbig, Alfredo (*see under* Elvig).
 * Heredia Guerrero, Eduardo, Sucesor de M. Heredia y Hermanos, Malaga.
 Herold, O., & Company, Madrid, Carreteras and Palamos.
 Hispano-Americano Express (*see* Metal, Julio & Company), Rambla Santa Monica 33, Barcelona.
 Hornemann (or Ornnemann), Oscar, Conde de Romanonas 12, Madrid.
 Iberica Comercial, S/A., Barcelona.
 Industria Electrica de Cornellá (Siemens Schuckert & Co.), Calle Barquillo 23,

* (No connection with Heredia, M., y Hermano.)

Madrid, and Barcelona.
 "Jardinero" (*see* Gaertner, II.), Calle Martin 11, San Sebastian.
 Joyeria de Mata, La (partners, Fritz and Otto Kehrman and Luis Deu, Calle Santa Ana 28, Barcelona.
 Kehrman, Fritz (*see* Joyeria de Mata, La).
 Kehrman, Otto (*see* Joyeria de Mata, La).
 Keifer, José, Calle Hurtado de Amezaga 14, Bilbao.
 Klimsch y Schulz, Ricardo, Calle Serrano 98, Madrid.
 Klinge, Hans W., Teror, Las Palmas.
 Kramer, W. O., Calle Luis Taboada 30, Vigo.
 Krcfft, Walter, Calle Cortes 648, Barcelona.
 Kroeber, Ricardo, Faubourg de Begona, Bilbao.
 Larrea y Keifer, Calle Hurtado de Amezaga 14, Bilbao.
 Lee Wyss, Teofilo (*see* Cotonificio de Badalona S/A).
 Lowenthal, Hugo (*alias* Hugh Leon del Valle), Grand Hotel des 4 Nations, Barcelona.
 Lussnig, Rodolfo, Passo del Principe 2, Almeria.
 Maquinaria Moderna, La (Rodriguez y Bernaola), Gran Via 44, Bilbao.
 Maso, José (*see* Maso).
 Maso (or Maso) José, Fontanella 4, Barcelona.
 Meinhardt, Heinrich, Calle Cortes 648, Barcelona.
 "Mercedes," Sociedad Española de Automobiles (*see under* Sociedad).
 Metal, Julio, & Company (Hispano-Americano Express), Rambla Santa Monica 33, Barcelona.
 "Minera, La," S/A. (chairman, Eduardo Ilorens y Casamitjana), Paseo de Gracia 93, Barcelona.
 Miranda, José, Antequera, Malaga.
 Winizki (or Cabot), M., Peris y Valera 4, Valencia.

Moyano y Esteban, Agustin, Calle Barquillo 28, and Calle Zurbano 17, Madrid.
 Olsen, Olaf, Sociedad, Pasajes.
 Ornemann, Oscar (*see under* Hornemann).
 Paschen, Hans, Calle de la Trinidad 13, Madrid.
 Ramos & Montilla, Malaga.
 Riquer y Aloma, Eduardo, Plaza de la Villa 1, Madrid.
 Rollo Candil, Camilo (address for correspondence, Hotel Ingles), Madrid.
 Royalty Jam Factories (Ernesto Stierlen), Carcagente and Silla.
 Sanner, Hugo (El Convento), Palamos.
 Sanner, Wilhelm (El Convento), Palamos.
 Schafer, Francisco, Lagasca 117, Madrid.
 Schönfeld Hertel, Maximo, Aribau 45, Vergara 5, and Rambla Santa Monica 33, Barcelona.
 Schmidt, Bruno and Eduardo, Herrera, near Pasajes; Calle Juan de Mena 12, and Calle Serrano 7, Madrid.
 Schwab, Jaime, Electricité, Calle Moreta 5, and Calle Alcala 30, Madrid.
 Serra Lunell, Federico, Paseo San Juan 22, Barcelona.
 Siljeström, August, Plaza de Valarino Togados 17, Cartagena.
 Sociedad Española de Automobiles "Mercedes," Ponzano 51, Madrid.
 Sommer, Kurt, Calle de Hortaleza 14 and 16, and Calle Preciados 34, Madrid.
 Stettiner, Oscar, Consejo de Ciento 159, Barcelona.
 Tipografía Xalapeira (Editorial Tibidabo), Arco de San Silvestre 4, Barcelona.
 Torello Falsone (*see* Falsone, Torello).
 Ullmann, Guillermo, Calle Felipe IV. 5, Madrid.
 Valle, Hugh Leon del (*see* Lowenthal, Hugo).
 Xalapeira, Tipografía (*see under* Tipografía).
 Wienken, Eduardo (late Hafner & Wienken), Calle Alfonso XII 14, Malaga.
 Winizki (or Cabot), M., Peris y Valera 4, Valencia.

SWEDEN.

Albeck & Mann, Malmö, Gothenberg and Hälsingborg.
 Ericson, Rudolf, & Company, Drottningg. 48, Stockholm.
 Holmberg, Hermann, Ovre Husarg 25, Gothenberg.
 Kroeck, E. J., Sibyllegatan 13, Stockholm.
 Lion, Adolph, Riddaregatan 7, and Banérg. 51, Stockholm.
 Nordiska Handels Syndikatet A/B., Skeppsbron 5, Malmö.

Nordiska Hartslimfabriken, Peters & Company (*see* Peters & Company).
 Peters & Company, Nordiska Hartslimfabriken, Landskrona.
 Pöhler & Company, Svenska Atlaswerken A/B., Mälartorget 13, and Kungsholmsstrand 13, Stockholm.
 Skandinaviska Raprodukts A/B., Stadsgården 12, Stockholm.
 Svenska Atlaswerken (*see under* Pöhler & Co).

VENEZUELA.

Sanchez, Elias, Santa Ana.

Vargas, Eduardo, Maracaibo.

REMOVALS.

ARGENTINA, PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY.

Barbagelata, R., Calle Defensa 375, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Duzer, Van, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Morrison, Julio, Montevideo, Uruguay.

BRAZIL.

Acherinto & Hugo, Rua Conselheiro Sarai-
va 45 sobrado Rio de Janeiro.
Carvalho, Onofre, & Company, Roneador.
Casa Alfredo, Sao Paulo (*see also* Kruger
& Arentz).
Giannini, Acherinto (of Acherinto &
Hugo), Rio de Janeiro
Gomes, David (of Kruger & Arentz), Sao
Paulo.
Joachimsthal, Hugo (of Acherinto &
Hugo), Rio de Janeiro.
Josephson, Constanz, Porto Alegre.
Kiernan, Cyril F., Manaos and Para.

Kruger & Arentz (Kruger & Company)
(Casa Alfredo), Rua José Bonifacio 5,
Sao Paulo.
Kruger & Company, Sao Paulo (*see also*
Kruger & Arentz).
Lisboa, Carlos, Santos.
Lohner, F. A., Rua Riachuela 87, Rio de
Janeiro.
Montenegro, Alfredo (*see* Schwarzenber-
ger, Alfredo).
"Município," Sao Francisco do Sul.
"Noyidaes," Stajahy.
Schwarzenberger, Alfredo (*alias* Alfredo
Montenegro), Sao Paulo.

CHILE.

Petruschkin Sigal & Company.

COLOMBIA.

Arbini, Arturo (Sombreria la Pica Pica),
Barranquilla.

Kino Univesal, Cartagena.
Willson Cook, W., Cucuta.

CUBA.

Suarez, Francisco, Cadenas 32, Guanadacoa.

DENMARK.

Hommel, Valdemar, Hestemollestiaede 6,
Copenhagen.

Jensen, Chr. Ruge, Aalborg.

GREECE.

Anatoli Insurance Company, The, Athens.

HAYTI AND DOMINICAN REPUBLICS.

Auxila, Paul E. (or Paul N), Port au Prince, Hayti.

MEXICO.

Aguiar, D. G., Suc., San Blas, Tepic,
Mazatlan.
Arrieta, Arturo, Vera Cruz.
Basenez, Pedro, Vera Cruz.
Bley Hermanos, Hermosillo.
Cia, Navegacion del Pacifico, Mazatlan.
Del Campo, Q. M., Guadalajara.
Diez, Augustin Ranero, Vera Cruz.
Felix, Ernesto La Francesa Cananea.

Francesa, La, Cananea and Guaymas.
Gangoiti, E., San Blas and Tepic.
Gangoiti, G., San Blas and Tepic.
Gomez, Fernando C., El Telegraphe,
Saltillo.
Muller, G. Suc. (Drogueria Vera Cruz),
Vicaro 21, Vera Cruz.
Sabastian, R., Vera Cruz.
Valdes Hermanos, Vera Cruz

MOROCCO.

Cantos Nadal, Francisco, Laraiche.

NETHERLANDS.

* Marx, J. P. J. A. B., Johann Verhulststraat 98, Amsterdam.

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

Have, P. W. C. Ten, Batavia.
Hazenber, C. F., Sourabaya.

Molenkamp, G., Pajacombo, Sumatra.

NICARAGUA.

Independiente, Managua.

PERU.

Ludowieg, Co, and Company, Ucayali 800, Lima.

SALVADOR.

Arnold, Frederick, San Salvador.

SPAIN.

Albiach, Manuel, Tarragona.
 Barcelo, Antonio, Torrijos 31, Malaga.
 Barcelo, Haijoo de Antonio, Torrij 31, Malaga.
 Barcelo, Luis and Juan, Malaga.
 Rosch, José, Alicante.
 Chinchilla, Jose, Gran Via de Colon 59, Granada.
 Espinos Garcia, Federico, Calle Guzman el Bueno 24, Madrid.

Garcia, Federico Espinos (*see* Espinos Garcia, Federico).
 Gimenez Diaz, Jose, Duquesa 31 Granada.
 Koopman, A., Barcelona.
 Orell, Augustin, Malaga.
 Orell, Juan, Malaga.
 Pagelsen, Otto.
 Ugarte, Vinda y Sobrinos de, Colegiata 13, Madrid.
 Varo, Francisco, Alicante.

SWEDEN.

Lugamills A/B., Tinsfors.
 Larsson, L. E., & Company, A/B., Uppsala.

Nya Banken, A/B., Vasag. 6, Kornhamnstorg 6, and Barnhusg. 16, Stockholm.

VENEZUELA.

Baasch & Römer, Puerto Cabello.

1 Manuel, Franco, La Merida and Maracaibo.

VARIATIONS.

Corrections in the names and additions to addresses of the persons or firms whose names have been included in the schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 2604-D., dated the 2nd March 1918, as subsequently amended, are made as under:—

ARGENTINA, PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY.

Adler & Sas, Calle Balcaroo 518, Buenos Aires.
 Aust, Alfonso, Calle San Martin 345 and Calle Suarez 1921, Buenos Aires, Argentina,
should read
 Aust, Alfonso, Calle Sarmiento 385, and Calle Aristobolo del Valle 1936 Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Austro American Steamship Company, Calle San Martin 470, Buenos Aires, Argentina; Montevideo, Uruguay, and all branches in Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay,
should read
 Austro American Steamship Company, Calle 25 de Mayo 347, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and all Branches in Argentina and Uruguay.
 Banco Aleman Transatlantico (Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank), Calle Reconquista corner of Bartolome Mitre, Buenos Aires, Argentina,
should read
 Banco Aleman Transatlantico (Deutsche Ueberseeische Bank), Calle Reconquista corner of Calle Bartolome Mitre, Calle Corrientes 1800, Calle Santa Fe 2401, Calle Lima 1666, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Bennevitz, R., Buenos Aires, Argentina,
should read
 Bennewitz, R. (Rhodius & Company, q.v.), Calle Patagones 570, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Bleyer, Carlos, Cangallo 1264, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Bocker & Company, Calle Maipu 463, Buenos Aires, Argentina, and all branches,
should read
 Boeker & Company, Calle Maipu 463, Calle Santa Rosalia 2656, Buenos Aires; and all other branches in Argentina.
 Boiso, Manuel, Calle Sarmiento 643, Buenos Aires, Argentina,
should read
 Boiso, Manuel, Calle Sarmiento 643, Calle Provincias Unidas 2171, Buenos Aires, Argentine.
 Brauss, Mahn & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina, and Calle Cerrito 407, Montevideo, Uruguay,
should read
 Brauss, Mahn & Company, Florida 171 (Pasaje General Guemes), Buenos Aires, Argentina; Calle Cerrito 407, Montevideo, Uruguay.
 Bromberg & Company, Calle Moreno 401, Buenos Aires, Argentina,
should read
 Bromberg & Company, Calle Moreno 401; Calle Salta 1525, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Buddensieg, Juan, Calle Sarmiento 385, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Bunge, Ernesto A., & Born, J., Calle 25 de Mayo 340, Calle Entre Rios 1676, and Calle Herrera 1253, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 Bustamante, Miguel, Calle Alsina 974, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
 "Continental" Compañia Transatlantica de Caoutchouc, Calle Viamonte 758, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Delfino, A. M., & Hermano, Calle Sarmiento 442-448, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Delfino, A. M., & Hermano, Calle Reconquista 335-339, Calle Bouchard 484, Calle Paraguay 1858, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Elkan, Pablo S., & Company, Avenida de Mayo 941, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Elkan, Pablo S., & Company, Calle Alsina 1147, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Fuhrmann, H., & Company, Calle Peru 1182-1188, and Calle Cochabamba 102, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Fuhrmann, H., & Company, Calle Peru 1182-1188, Calle Cochabamba 102-120, Calle Azopardo 1303-1335, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Gasmotorenfabrik Deutz, Calle Moreno 550-554, Buenos Aires, Argentina, and all branches,

should read

Gasmotorenfabrik Deutz, Pasco Colon 476-482, Calle General Urquiza 350, Buenos Aires, Argentina, and all branches in Argentina and Uruguay.

Hansa Steamship Line (Deutsche Dampfschiff Gesellschaft), Calle Sarmiento 320, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Hansa Steamship Line (Deutsche Dampfschiff Gesellschaft, Bremen), Calle Sarmiento 320, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hardt, Engelbert, & Company, Calle Bartolome Mitre 853-871, and Calle Patricios 1937, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Montevideo, Uruguay,

should read

Hardt, Engelbert, & Company, Calle Bartolome Mitre 853-871, Calle Patricios 1937, Calle Mejico 243, Calle Cochabamba 153-175, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hasenclever & Company, Calle Belgrano 673, Calle Ayolas 455, Calle Herrera corner of Calle Ituzaingo, Calle Chile 40, Calle Australia 1245, Calle Azopardo 728, Calle Patricios 1916, Calle Azara 1245, Calle España 1226, and Calle P. Mendoza 1657, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Heinlein & Company, Avenida de Mayo 1402-1500, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Heinlein & Company, Avenida de Mayo 1402-1509, Calle Garay 2450, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hellmuth, Otto Carl, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Hellmuth, Otto Carl (Standt & Co., q. v.), Calle Lima 467, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hermann, Edmundo, c/o Banco Germanico de la America del Sud, Calle O'Higgins 2030, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Hermann, Edmundo (Banco Germanico de la America del Sud, q. v.), Loreto 2592, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hirsch, Alfredo (of Sociedad Financiera e Industrial Sud Americana),

should read

Hirsch, Alfredo, Calle Sarmiento, corner of Calle 25 de Mayo, Calle Conde 2084, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hoffmann & Stocker, Calle Moreno 443, Buenos Aires,

should read

Stocker & Company (late Hoffmann and Stocker), Calle Moreno 443, and Paseo Colon, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Hosmann, Julio & Coy., Calle Cangallo 319, Buenos Aires,

should read

Hosmann, Julio, Calle Cangallo 319, Calle Santa Fé 2851, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Ingenio Azucarero Germano Argentino, Cruz Alta, Tucuman, Argentina,

should read

Ingenio Azucarero Germano-Argentino, Cruz Alta, Galeria General Guemes, Buenos Aires; and at Cruz Alta, Argentina.

Jaenecke Hermanos & F. Schnoemann, Calle Independencia 986-1000, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Junghans Hermanos, Calle Alsina 1156, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Kobelt, G. (of "La Germano-Argentina"), Calle Avellaneda 1914, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Kobelt, G. (of "La Germano-Argentina"), Calle Avellaneda 1914, Calle Olleris 2999, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Koerting Brothers, Calle Bolivar 292, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Koerting Hermanos Limitada, Calle Bolivar 292-300, Calle Moreno 199, Calle Rincon 450, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Kozel, Federico (partner of Guillermo Stahringer & Company),

should read

Kozel, Federico (Partner of Guillermo Stahringer & Company), Galeria General Guemes, Calle Callao 86, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Lasker & Company, Calle Florida 355, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Calle Misiones 1430, Montevideo, Uruguay,

should read

Lasker & Company, Calle Florida 355, Calle Saavedra 476-480, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Latté, Curt, & Company, Calle Muñiz 1066, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Lubeck Servos & Company, Calle Uruguay 769 and Calle Rincon 522, Montevideo, Uruguay,

should read

Lubeck, Servos & Company, Calle Sarmiento 385, Buenos Aires, Argentina; Calle Uruguay 769, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Mampoy, Jules, Calle Corrientes 685, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Martinez de Hoz, Florencio, & Company, Calle Reconquista 43, Calle Peru 475, and Calle Pueyrredon 320-326, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Martinez de Hoz, Florencio, & Company, Calle Sarmiento 385, Avenida Alvear 3076, Buenos Aires, Argentina

Mey, Hugo, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Mey, Hugo (of Curt Berger & Co.), Calle Esmeralda 184, Calle Loreto 1748, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Meyer, L. D., & Company, Calle Moreno 772, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Muller, A. H., Calle Alsina 430-434, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Muller, A. H., Calle Alsina 430, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and all Branches in Paraguay.

Mutzenbecher & Company, Calle San Martin 223, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Mutzenbecher & Company, Calle San Martin 170 (Galeria General Guemes), Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Nobel, Hugo, Calle Cangallo 303, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Nobel, Hugo, Calle Cangallo 309, Calle Buchardo 1040, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Novara, Francisco, Bahia Blanca, Argentina,

should read

Novaro, Francisco, Bahia Blanca, Argentina.

Oster, Jorge (of Sociedad Financiera e Industrial Sud Americana),

should read

Oster, Jorge (of Bunge & Born), Calle Arcos 1661, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Pallavicini, Erwin, & Company, Pasco Colon 1212, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Pels & Lakatos, Calle Bartolome Mitre 363, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Pels & Lakatos, Calle 25 de Mayo 294, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Petersen & Gutierrez, Calle Cangallo 499, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Petersen & Gutierrez, Calle Sarmiento 385, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Plate, Juan F., Calle Balcarce 470-474, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Plate, Juan F., Calle Balcarce 470-474, Calle Guemes 4450, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Rathje & Company (late Rathje & Muller), Calle Caseros 840, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Rathje & Company (formerly Rathje & Muller), Calle Chile 914, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Rhodium & Company, Calle Rivadavia 842, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Rhodium & Company, Calle Rivadavia 842, Calle Herrera 2250, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Roehrs, E., & Company, Calle San Martin 195 and Avenida Montes de Oca 604, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Calle Agraciada 2412, Montevideo, Uruguay,

should read

Roehrs, E., & Company, Calle San Martin 170 (Pasaje General Guemes), Calle Montes de Oca 604, Avellaneda, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Calle Agraciada, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Salinas, S. V., Calle Rio Cuarto 99, and Convencion 499, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Salinas, S. V., Calle Rio Cuarto 99, Calle Directorio 551, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Sociedad Tubos Mannesmann Limitada, Calle Defensa 383, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Mannesmann Sociedad Tubos Limitada, Calle Defensa 383, Calle Azara 1309, and Calle Espana 1292, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Stahringer, Guillermo, & Company, Calle Florida 171, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Stahringer, Guillermo, & Company, Galeria Guemes, Calle Montes de Oca 73, Casilla de Correo 672, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Stahringer, Guillermo (partner of Guillermo Stahringer & Co.),

should read

Stahringer, Guillermo (partner of Guillermo & Co., q. v.), Calle Sucre 3467, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Starapolski, Franz, Calle Bartolome Mitre 1871, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Starapolski, Franz, Calle Mejico 181, Calle Carlos Pellegrini 340, Calle Bartolomeo Mitre 1871, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Svensson, Ohlsson & Company, Cerrito 36, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Svensson, Ohlsson & Company, Calle Cerrito 36, Calle Venezuela 792, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Szulo & Raedler, Calle Victoria 851, Buenos Aires, Argentina; and Calle Florida 1430, Montevideo, Uruguay.

Truyol, Heidler & Company, Moreno 1127 and Paracas 245, Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Truyol, Heidler & Company, Calle Alsina 637, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Warburg, Jorg (partner of Warburg & Goldschmidt, Buenos Aires),

should read

Warburg, Jorg (partner of Warburg & Goldschmidt), Calle Canning 2844, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Wayss & Freytag, Calle Moreno 508,
Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Wayss & Freytag, Calle Peru 375, Calle
Neuquen 701, Buenos Aires, Argentina

Weiss, J., y Preusche, Calle Patricios 243,
Buenos Aires, Argentina,

should read

Weiss, J., y Preusche, Calle Patricios
241—249, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Wulff, Otto, Calle Peru 399, Calle Terrero
109, and Rivadavia 6245, Buenos
Aires, Argentina; and Asuncion Para-
guay,

should read

Wulff, Otto, Calle Peru 399, Calle Donato
Alvarez 112, Calle Terrero 109, Rivada-
via 6245, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

BRAZIL.

Bayer, Federico, Travessa Santa Rita
22—24, Rio de Janeiro.

Compania Lithographica Hartmann
Reichenbach, Rua Gusmoes 93, Sao
Paulo; Avenida Rio Branco 59, Rio de
Janeiro; and Santos.

Compania Lithographica Ypiranga, Rua
Gusmoes 93, Sao Paulo; Avenida Rio
Branco 59, Rio de Janeiro; and Santos
Dannemann & Company, Sao Felix; Rua
da Quitanda 52, Rio de Janeiro, and
Largo das Princezas 15, Bahia.

Haas, Frederico, Rua Theophilo Ottoni
30, Rio de Janeiro.

Haupt & Company, Rua da Alfandega 60,
Rio de Janeiro; and Rua Boa Vista 25,
Sao Paulo.

Jurghens, John, & Company, Rua da
Alfandega 120, and Caixa do Correio
191, Rio de Janeiro.

Marx, W. (alias "Norbert Hertz," alias
"Nils Nissen"), Rua da Alfandega 42,
Rio de Janeiro.

Merat, Frederico, & Company, Rua Theo-
philo Ottoni 20, Rio de Janeiro.

Müller, Paul (late Müller, Costa & Co.),
Rua da Alfandega 90, Rio de Janeiro.

Ribeiro, Abrahao.—Rua da Alfandega 91,
Rio de Janeiro.

Schlesinger & Company, Rua da Alfandega
91, Rio de Janeiro.

Sociedad Tubos Mannesmann, Limitada,
Rua Sao Pedro 89, Rio de Janeiro.

Thomas, Carlos, A., & Company, Rua
Theophilo Ottoni 98, 1st Floor, Rio de
Janeiro.

Turnauer & Machado (Institutos de Artes
Graphicas), Rua 13 de Maio, Rio de
Janeiro.

Wöbeken, Adolpho, & Krebs, Rua da
Alfandega 74, Rio de Janeiro.

CHILE.

Muller, E., & Company, Iquique, (*no con-
nection with Muller, Ernesto, & Com-
pany, Valparaiso.*)

Wunge, Arthur, Valparaiso,

should read

Junge, Arthur, Concepcion and Valparaiso

Wunge, Otto, Valparaiso,
should read

Junge, Otto, Concepcion and Valparaiso.

ECUADOR.

Borchert, W. (partner of Jeremias &
Borchert), Guayaquil,
should read

Borchert, Walter, Quito

Chanange, Gustavo, Guayaquil,
should read

Chanange, Gustavo, Guayaquil and Quito.

MEXICO.

Deeg, Carlos (owner of "La Barata"),
Mexico City.

Degener, Hans, Saltillo, Piedras Negras
and Vera Cruz.

Kentzler, Emilio, Botica del Iturbide, Av.
San Francisco 21, Mexico City.

Schäfer, Enrique G., Suos ("La Joya"),
Av. San Francisco 71, Mexico City.

MOROCCO.

Bakkali, Ahmed (Hamed, Mohammed),
Tetuan.

Benmergui, Vidal E., Tetuan,
should read also as

Vidal S. Benmergui, Tetuan

Tarnow, Max L., & Coy.,
should read

Tornow, Max L., & Company, Tetuan and
Ceuta.

NETHERLANDS.

Gimborn, H. van, Emmastr. 52, Arnhem,
Zevenaar; s'Heerenberg, and Emmerich,
should read

Gimborn, H. van, Emmastr. 52, Arnhem,
Zevenaar; and s'Heernberg.

Spoorenberg & Company Stoomzeepfabriek
"Iris" V/H., Schiedam.

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

Jongeneel, R. D., Medan.
 Noi Giok Thie, Macassar,
should read
 Nio Giok Tie, Macassar.

Sion, John Van, Gorontalo,
should read
 Tansiong, John van (*alias* John van Sion),
 Gorontalo.
 Yap King Sen, Macassar.

NICARAGUA.

Imparcial, La Tribuna, El, Managua,
should read
 "Imparcial, El," Managua.

"Tribuna, La," Managua.

NORWAY.

Rieber, G. C., & Company A-S, C
 Sundtst 29 and 35, Bergen,
should read
 Rieber, G. C., & Company A/S, Vognman-
 dsgt 14, Christiania; and C. Sundtst
 29 and 35, Bergen.

Scheuder, Arnold (*see* Vaagan Preserving
 Company A/S), Bergen,
should read
 Schreuder, Arnold (*see* Vaagan Preserving
 Company), Bergen

PERU.

Agencia Maritima de Casagrande, Salaverry.

SPAIN.

Cao Maure, Jose, Calle de Principe 30,
 Vigo.
 Crom, S/A., Calle Buenos Aires 6 and
 Carretera de Ribas, Barcelona
 Ferrer, Ricardo, S/A., Calle Mendez
 Nunez 8, Barcelona; and Coso 11,
 Zaragoza.
 Flix, Sociedad Electro-Quimica de, Calle
 Valencia 236, and Calle Princesa 21,
 Barcelona; and Flix
 Genlen (or Geulen), Enrique, Calle Mal-
 lorea 321, Barcelona
 Geulen, Enrique, *see* (Genlen).
 Goldstruck, Hainze, Calle Mallorca 284,
 and Plaza del Teatro 8, Barcelona,
should read
 Goldstück Hainze & Company, Plaza del
 Teatro 8, Barcelona.
 Hesperides, Sociedad Commercial Hispano-
 Alemana (*see* Productos Ibericos S/A.),
 Calle Pascual y Genis 2, Valencia.

Industrias Forb, S/A., Calle Lauria 104;
 Calle Valencia 293 and Travesera 316,
 Barcelona.
 Productos Ibericos, S/A. (*see* Hesperides,
 Sociedad Commercial Hispano-Alemana),
 Madrid and Valencia.
 Rafols, Jaime, & Compañia, Dormitorio
 San Francisco 5; Vila y Vila, Barcelona;
 and Port Bou
 Rodriguez y Bernaola (La Maquinaria
 Moderna), Gran Via 44, Bilbao.
 Sociedad Vinicola, Calle Reballedo 9, Tar-
 ragona (*not connected with Societe*
Vinicole, Pasajes).
 Stierlen, Ernesto, Pascual y Genis 22, and
 Gran Via del Marques de Turia 27,
 Valencia; and at Royalta Jam Factories,
 Carcaganta and Silla.
 Streitberger, Otto, Calle Universidad 123,
 1^a, and Calle Pelayo 5, Barcelona.

VENEZUELA.

Cerveceria National, La, Caracas,
should read

Compañia Anonima Cerveceria Nacional, Caracas.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The 28th December 1918.

No. 1176-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as subsequently amended, and in supersession of Notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 1547-D., dated the 15th December 1917, and No. 3920, dated the 25th May 1918, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to fix, with effect from the 1st January 1919, for the articles specified in column 2 of the schedule hereto annexed, the tariff values stated in column 4 of the said schedule.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco.				
FISH.				
1	FISH, SALTED, wet or dry	Indian maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois weight.	R A. ...	Such rate or rates of duty not exceeding twelve annas as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , from time to time prescribe.
2	FISHMAWS, including singly and mortils, and sharkfins.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
3	FISH, excluding salted fish (see No. 1) . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.				
4	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, all sorts, fresh, dried, salted or preserved—			
	Almonds without-shell	cwt.	150 0	7½ per cent.
	" in the shell	"	80 0	7½ " "
	" (kagari) { Persian	"	145 0	7½ " "
	" { European, including half-hard round almonds.	"	54 0	7½ " "
	Cashew or cajoo kernels	"	17 8	7½ " "
	Cocoanuts, Straits	thousand	80 0	7½ " "
	" other	"	45 0	7½ " "
	" kernel (khopra)	cwt.	15 0	7½ " "
	Currents	"	125 0	7½ " "
	Dates, dry, in bags	"	10 0	7½ " "
	" wet " baskets and bundles	"	8 0	7½ " "
	" " in pots, boxes, tins and crates	"	13 0	7½ " "
	Figs, Persian, dried	"	25 0	7½ " "
	Garlic	"	7 0	7½ " "
	Pistachio nuts	"	80 0	7½ " "
	Prunes, Bussora (alu-Bokhara) . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Raisins, black	"	"	7½ " "
	" kishmish, Persian (gulf	"	"	7½ " "
	" Munakka " "	cwt.	32 0	7½ " "
	" other sorts . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Walnuts, all descriptions . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	All other sorts of fruits and vegetables, fresh, dried, salted or preserved.	...	"	7½ " "
GRAIN, PULSE AND FLOUR.				
5	GRAIN AND PULSE, all sorts, including broken grain and pulse, but excluding flour (see No. 6).	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
6	FLOUR . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
LIQUORS.				
7	ALE, Beer, and Porter	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	R A. P. 0 4 6
8	CIDRE and other fermented liquors	"	...	0 4 6
9	LIQUEURS, Cordials, Mixtures and other preparations containing spirit—			
	(a) Entered in such a manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested.	"	...	14 10 0
	(b) If tested	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	...	11 4 0 and the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof.
10	PREFUMED SPIRITS	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	18 12 0
11	SPIRIT, which has been rendered effectually and permanently unfit for human consumption.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco—<i>contd.</i>				
LIQUORS—<i>contd.</i>				
12	All other sorts of SPIRIT	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	...	R A. P. 11 4 0 and the duty to be increased or re- duced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof.
13	WINES— Champagne and all other sparkling wines not con- taining more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	R A. P. 4 6 0
	All other sorts of wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit. Provided that all sparkling and still wines contain- ing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit shall be liable to duty at the rate applicable to "All other sorts of Spirit."	"	...	1 12 0
PROVISIONS AND OILMAN'S STORES.				
14	VINEGAR, in casks . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
15	PROVISIONS, OILMAN'S STORES, AND GROCERIES, all sorts, excluding vinegar in casks (see No. 14)—			
	Bacon . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
	Beef and Pork . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Bêche de mer . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Butter	lb.	2 12	7½ " "
	Cassava, Tapioca or Sago	cwt.	10 0	7½ " "
	Cheese . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	China preserves in syrup	box of six large or twelve small jars.	9 0	7½ " "
	" " dry, candied	lb.	0 8	7½ " "
	Cocum	cwt.	8 8	7½ " "
	Ghi	"	100 0	7½ " "
	Margarine . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Vinegar not in casks— Persian . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Indian . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	All other sorts of provisions, oilman's stores and groceries.	...	"	7½ " "
SPICES.				
16	SPICES, all sorts—			
	Betelnuts, raw, whole, split, or sliced, also red whole from Goa.	cwt.	13 0	7½ per cent.
	Betelnuts, raw, whole, split, or sliced, also red whole from Straits.	"	13 0	7½ " "
	Betelnuts, boiled, split or sliced	"	17 0	7½ " "
	" whole, from Ceylon	"	13 0	7½ " "
	" raw, split (sun-dried) from Ceylon	"	30 0	7½ " "
	" all other sorts . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Chillies, dry	cwt.	20 0	7½ " "
	Cloves	"	75 0	7½ " "
	" exhausted	"	20 0	7½ " "
	" stems and heads	"	7 0	7½ " "
	" in seeds, narlavang	"	20 0	7½ " "
	Ginger, dry	"	25 0	7½ " "
	Mace	lb.	1 2	7½ " "
	Nutmegs	"	0 8	7½ " "
	" in shell	"	0 4	7½ " "
	Pepper, black	cwt.	46 0	7½ " "
	white	"	68 0	7½ " "
	All other sorts of spices . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
SUGAR.				
17	CONFECTIONERY . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
18	SUGAR, all sorts, including Molasses and Saccharine produce of all sorts, but excluding confectionery (see No. 17)—			
	Sugar, crystallised, beet	cwt.	20 4	10 per cent.
	" " and soft, refined in China	"	20 4	10 " "
	" " " " from Egypt	"	15 4	10 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
I. —Food, Drink and Tobacco <i>concl'd.</i>			R A.	
SUGAR — <i>contd.</i>				
	All other sorts of Sugar —			
	Sugar, crystallised, and soft, from Java or Japan, 23 Dutch standard and above.	cwt.	15 4	10 per cent
	" " " " from Java or Japan, 16 to 22 Dutch standard.	"	13 0	10 " "
	" " " " from Java or Japan, 15 Dutch standard and under.	"	13 0	10 " "
	" " " " from Mauritius, equal to 16 Dutch standard and over.	"	17 0	10 " "
	Molasses from Java	"	6 0	10 " "
	" " other countries	"	6 0	10 " "
	Sugar, all other sorts, including saccharine produce of all kinds.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
TEA.				
19	TEA—			
	Tea, black	lb.	0 12	7½ per cent.
	" green	"	0 14	7½ " "
OTHER FOOD AND DRINK.				
20	COFFEE	cwt.	55 0	7½ per cent.
21	HOPS	...	...	Free
22	SALT	Indian maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois weight.	...	The rate at which excise duty is for the time being leviable on salt manufactured in the place where the import takes place.
23	SALT imported into British India and issued, in accordance with rules made with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, for use in any process of manufacture; also salt imported into the port of Calcutta and issued with the sanction of the Government of Bengal to manufacturers of glazed stone-ware; also salt imported into any port in the provinces of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa and issued, in accordance with rules made with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council for use in curing fish in those provinces.	.	...	Free.
24	ALL OTHER SORTS OF FOOD AND DRINK not otherwise specified	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
TOBACCO.				R A.
25	TOBACCO, unmanufactured	lb	...	1 0
26	CIGARS AND CIGARETTES	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	60 per cent.
27	All other sorts of TOBACCO, manufactured	lb.	...	R A. 1 8
II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured.				
COAL, ETC.				
28	COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL	ton	...	0 8 6

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
GUMS, RESINS AND LAC.				
			R A.	
29	GUMS, RESINS AND LAC, all sorts—			
	Copal . . . . .	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
	Cutch		<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Gambier, block	cwt	27 8	7½ " "
	" cube	"	39 0	7½ " "
	" other sorts	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Gamboge	lb	2 6	7½ " "
	Gum Ammoniac	cwt.	30 0	7½ " "
	" Arabic	"	50 0	7½ " "
	" Bdellium	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	" Benjamin, ras	cwt	12 0	7½ " "
	" " cowrie	"	80 0	7½ " "
	" Benzoin (coarse myrrh)	"	65 0	7½ " "
	" Olibanum or frankincense	"	12 0	7½ " "
	" Persian (false)	"	13 0	7½ " "
	Myrrh	"	65 0	7½ " "
	Rosin	"	25 0	7½ " "
	All other sorts of gums, gum-resins, and articles made of gum or gum-resin.	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
HIDES AND SKINS, RAW.				
30	HIDES AND SKINS, raw or salted . . . . .	...	...	Free.
METALLIC ORES, AND SCRAP IRON OR STEEL FOR RE-MANUFACTURE.				
31	IRON OR STEEL, old	cwt	1 0	2½ per cent.
32	METALLIC ORES, all sorts . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
OILS.				
				R A. P.
33	PETROLEUM, including also naphtha and the liquids commonly known by the names of rock-oil, Rangoon oil, Burma oil, kerosene, paraffin oil, mineral oil, petrolene, gasoline, benzol, benzoline, benzine, and any inflammable liquid which is made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, peat or any other bituminous substance, or from any products of petroleum, but excluding the following classes of petroleum.	Imperial gallon	...	0 1 6
	Petroleum which has its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs to be intended for use exclusively for the batching of jute or other fibre, or for lubricating purposes.	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
	Petroleum which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs to be intended for use exclusively as fuel or for some sanitary or hygienic purpose.	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
34	All other sorts of animal, essential, mineral, and vegetable non-essential OILS— Coconut oil All other sorts of oil	cwt	26 0 <i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent. 7½ " "
SEEDS.				
35	OIL-SEEDS, imported into British India by sea from the territories of any Native Prince or Chief in India.	...	...	Free.
36	SEEDS, all sorts, excluding oil-seeds specified in No. 35.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
II. - Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
* TALLOW, STEARINE AND WAX.				
37	TALLOW AND STEARINE, including grease and animal fat, and WAX of all sorts, not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
TEXTILE MATERIALS.				
38	COTTON, raw . . . . .	...	...	Free.
39	WOOL, raw . . . . .	...	...	Free.
40	TEXTILE MATERIALS, the following:—			
	Silk waste and raw silk including cocoons.—			
	Bokhara	lb.	7 8	7½ per cent.
	Floss . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Raw silk—Yellow Shanghai, including re-reeled	lb.	6 12	7½ " "
	" from Indo-China, and places in China other than Shanghai including re-reeled.	"	6 12	7½ " "
	Mathow	"	4 8	7½ " "
	Panjam	"	3 12	7½ " "
	Persian	"	5 0	7½ " "
	Siam	"	5 0	7½ " "
	White Shanghai, Thonkoon or Duppon	"	4 8	7½ " "
	" " other kinds including re-reeled.	"	7 0	7½ " "
	" other kinds of China, including re-reeled.	"	8 8	7½ " "
	Waste and Kachra . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	All other sorts, including cocoons . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Raw Flax, Hemp, Jute and all other unmanufactured textile materials not otherwise specified	...	"	7½ " "
WOOD AND TIMBER.				
41	FIREWOOD . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
42	WOOD AND TIMBER, all sorts, not otherwise specified, including all sorts of ornamental wood.	...	"	7½ " "
MISCELLANEOUS.				
43	CANES AND RATTANS . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
44	COWRIES AND SHELLS, including Tortoise-shell—			
	Chanks—large shells, for cameos . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	" white, live . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	" " dead . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Cowries . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Cowries, bazar, common	cwt.	5 0	7½ " "
	" yellow, superior quality	"	6 0	7½ " "
	" Maldiva	"	7 0	7½ " "
	" Sankhli	"	110 0	7½ " "
	Mother-of-pearl, nacre	"	24 0	7½ " "
	Nakhla	"	100 0	7½ " "
	Tortoise-shell	lb.	9 0	7½ " "
	" nakh	"	5 0	7½ " "
	All other sorts, including articles made of shell, not otherwise described.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
45	IVORY, unmanufactured—			
	Elephants' grinders	cwt.	800 0	7½ per cent.
	" tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points), each exceeding 20 lb in weight, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing 10 lb. and over	"	990 0	7½ " "
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points), not less than 10 lb. and not exceeding 20 lb. each, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing less than 10 lb	"	775 0	7½ " "
	Elephants' tusks, each less than 10 lb. (other than hollows, centres, and points).	"	100 0	7½ " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured—<i>concl'd</i>			R A.	
MISCELLANEOUS—<i>cont'd.</i>				
	Sea-cow or moys teeth, each not less than 1 lb.	cwt	225 0	7½ per cent
	Sea-cow or moys teeth, each not less than 3 lb. and under 4 lb.	"	170 0	7½ " "
	Sea-cow or moys teeth, each less than 3 lb.	"	120 0	7½ " "
	All other sorts unmanufactured not otherwise specified	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
46	MANURES, all sorts, including animal bones and the following chemical manures.—Basic slag, nitrate of soda, muriate of potash, sulphate of potash, kainit salts, nitrate of lime, calcium cyanamide and mineral superphosphates *	"	.	Free.
47	PRECIOUS STONES AND PEARLS, unset	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
48	PULP OF WOOD, RAGS and other paper-making materials.	"	..	Free.
49	ALL OTHER RAW MATERIALS, and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured, not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured				
APPAREL.				
50	APPAREL, including diapers, boots and shoes, and military and other uniforms and accoutrements, but excluding uniforms and accoutrements exempted from duty (No. 51) and silver thread (No. 50).	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
51	UNIFORMS AND ACCOUTREMENTS appertaining thereto, imported by a public servant for his personal use.	...	...	Free.
ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES				
52	Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 55, ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES, that is to say,—			
	(1) Firearms other than pistols, including gas and air guns and rifles	each	...	50 0
	(2) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	"	...	30 0
	(3) Pistols	"	...	15 0
	(4) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	"	...	10 0
	(5) Main springs and magazine springs for firearms, including gas guns and rifles.	"	...	8 0
	(6) Gun stocks and breech blocks	"	...	5 0
	(7) Revolver cylinders, for each cartridge they will carry.	"	...	2 8
	(8) Actions (including skeleton and waster), breech bolts and their heads, cocking pieces, and locks (for muzzle-loading arms).	"	...	1 8
	(9) Machines for making, loading or closing cartridges for rifled arms.	"	...	10 0
	(10) Machines for capping cartridges for rifled arms.	"	...	2 8
<i>Proviso 1.</i> —No duty in excess of 20 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> shall be levied upon any of the articles specified in items Nos. 1 to 10 of this entry when they are imported in reasonable quantity, for his own private use, by any person lawfully entitled to possess the same.				or 20 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> whichever is higher.

* Under the Government of India Notification No 330-C. D., dated the 23rd December 1916, sulphate of ammonia and mineral phosphates have been exempted from payment of duty.

† Pearls unset and unset precious stones imported unset have been exempted from payment of duty by Government of India Notifications No. 2102-W., dated the 16th March 1910, and No. 7955-213, dated the 2nd September 1916, respectively.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES <i>contd.</i>				
<p><i>Proviso 2.</i>—When any articles which have been otherwise imported, and upon which duty has been levied or is leviable under items Nos. 1 to 10, are purchased retail from the importer by a person lawfully entitled as aforesaid, in reasonable quantity for his own private use, the importer may apply to the Collector of Customs for refund or remission (as the case may be) of so much of the duty thereon as is in excess of 20 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i>; and if such Collector is satisfied as to the identity of the articles and that such importer is in other respects entitled to such refund or remission, he shall grant the same accordingly.</p>				
53	GUNPOWDER for cannons, rifles, guns, pistols and sporting purposes.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	20 per cent.
54	Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 55 all ARTICLES, other than those specified in entry No. 52, which are ARMS OR PARTS OF ARMS within the meaning of the Indian Arms Act (excluding springs used for air-guns which are dutiable as hardware, under No. 55), all tools used for cleaning or putting together the same, all machines for making, loading, closing or capping cartridges for arms other than rifled arms and all other sorts of ammunition and military stores, and any articles which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , declare to be "ammunition" or "military stores" for the purposes of this Act.	...	"	20 " "
55	The following classes of ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES:— (a) Articles falling under the 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th or 10th item of No. 52 when they appertain to a firearm falling under the 1st or 3rd item and are fitted into the same case with such firearm; (b) Arms forming part of the regular equipment of an officer entitled to wear diplomatic, military, naval or police uniform; (c) A sword, a revolver, or a pair of pistols, when accompanying an officer of His Majesty's regular forces, or a commissioned officer of a volunteer corps, or certified by the commandant of the corps to which such officer belongs, or, in the case of an officer not attached to any corps, by the officer commanding the station or district in which such officer is serving, to be imported by the officer for the purpose of his equipment; (d) Swords and revolvers which are certified by an Inspector-General of Police to be part of the ordinary equipment of members of the Police force under his charge; (e) Swords forming part of the equipment of Indian commissioned officers of His Majesty's army; (f) Swords for presentation as army or volunteer prizes; (g) Arms, ammunition, and military stores imported with the sanction of the Government of India for the use of any portion of the military forces of a Native State in India which may be maintained and organized for Imperial Service; (h) Morris tubes and patent ammunition imported by officers commanding British and Indian regiments or volunteer corps for the instruction of their men.	...	...	Free.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>			R A.	
ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES—<i>concl'd.</i>				
56	EXPLOSIVES, namely, blasting gunpowder, blasting gelatine, blasting dynamite, blasting tobacco, blasting tonite, and all other sorts, including detonators and blasting fuse.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
CARRIAGES AND CARTS				
57	CARRIAGES AND CARTS including motor-cars, motor-vehicles and motor-wigons, bicycles, tricycles, jinrikshas, bath chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheelbarrows, and all other sorts of conveyances and component parts thereof.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES				
58	ANTI-PLAGUE SERUM . . . . .	.	...	Free
59	COPPERAS, green . . . . .	.	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
60	OPIUM and its alkaloids	Seer of 80 tolas	..	R A. 24 0
61	QUININE and other alkaloids of cinchona . . .	...	...	Free.
62	CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES, all sorts not otherwise specified—			
	Acid, sulphuric	cwt.	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent
	Alkali, Indian (sajji-khar)	"	8	7½ "
	Alum	"	13 0	7½ "
	Arsenic (China mansil)	"	23 0	7½ "
	" other sorts	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	Sal ammoniac	"	7 0	7½ "
	Soda ash	cwt.	7 0	7½ "
	Soda Bicarbonate	"	11 8	7½ "
	Sulphate of copper	"	12 0	7½ "
	Sulphur (brimstone), flowers	"	13 0	7½ "
	" " roll	"	13 0	7½ "
	" " rough	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	All other sorts of chemical products and preparations not otherwise specified.	.	"	7½ "
	Aloes, black . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
	" Socotra . . . . .	.	"	7½ "
	Aloe-wood . . . . .	.	"	7½ "
	Asafoetida (hing)	cwt	125 0	7½ "
	" coarse (hingra)	"	42 0	7½ "
	Atary, Persian . . . . .	.	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	Banslochan (bamboo camphor)	lb.	0 9	7½ "
	Brimstone (amalsara) . . . . .	.	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	Calumba root	cwt	30 0	7½ "
	Camphor, refined, other than powder . . .	lb	3 5	7½ "
	" in powder . . . . .	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	Cassia lignea	cwt.	35 0	7½ "
	China root (choochini), rough	"	11 0	7½ "
	" " " scraped	"	25 0	7½ "
	Cocaine . . . . .	.	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	Cubets	cwt	175 0	7½ "
	Galangal, China . . . . .	.	16 0	7½ "
	Pellitory (akalkara) . . . . .	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	Peppermint, crystals . . . . .	.	"	7½ "
	Salep	cwt	250 0	7½ "
	Senna leaves . . . . .	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	Storax, liquid (rosa mellos or salaras) . . .	cwt	121 0	7½ "
	All other sorts of drugs, medicines, and narcotics.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS.				
63	The following AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power, namely, winnowers, threshers, mowing and reaping machines, elevators, seed-crushers, chaff-cutters, root-cutters, horse and bullock gears, ploughs, cultivators, scarifiers, harrows, clod-crushers, seed-drills, hay-tedders, and rakes.	...	...	Free

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS—<i>contd.</i>				
64	CLOCKS AND WATCHES, and parts thereof . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
65	CUTLERY . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
66	The following DAIRY APPLIANCES, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power, namely, cream separators, milk sterilizing or pasteurizing plant, milk aerating and cooling apparatus, churns, butter dryers, and butter workers.	...	...	Free.
67	ELECTROPLATED WARE . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
68	HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY AND TOOLS, all sorts, not otherwise specified.	...	"	7½ " "
69	INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS, AND APPLIANCES, imported by a passenger as part of his personal baggage and in actual use by him in the exercise of his profession or calling.	...	...	Free.
70	TELEGRAPHIC INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS, and parts thereof, imported by or under the orders of a railway company.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
71	WATER-LIFTS, SUGAR-MILLS, OIL-PRESSES, and parts thereof, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power.	...	...	Free.
72	All other sorts of IMPLEMENTS, INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS AND APPLIANCES, and parts thereof, not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
DYES AND COLOURS.				
73	DYEING AND TANNING SUBSTANCES, all sorts, and PAINTS AND COLOURS and painters' materials, all sorts—		R. A.	
	Alizarine dye, dry, 40 per cent.	lb.	40 0	7½ per cent.
	" " " 60 "	"	48 0	7½ " "
	" " " 60 "	"	57 0	7½ " "
	" " " 70 "	"	66 0	7½ " "
	" " " 80 "	"	72 0	7½ " "
	" " " 100 "	"	90 0	7½ " "
	" " moist, 10 "	"	1 8	7½ " "
	" " " 16 "	"	1 12	7½ " "
	" " " 20 " but not exceeding 30 per cent.	"	2 0	7½ " "
	Aniline " moist	"	3 8	7½ " "
	" " dry	"	5 8	7½ " "
	" salts . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Avar bark	cwt.	5 8	7½ " "
	Buzgand (gulpista) . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Cochineal	lb.	1 14	7½ " "
	Gallnuts (myrabolans) . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	" Persian	cwt.	100 0	7½ " "
	Madder or manjit . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Orchilla weed . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Sappan wood and root . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Turneric . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	All other sorts of dyeing and tanning materials . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Lead, red, dry	cwt.	55 0	7½ " "
	" white, dry	"	65 0	7½ " "
	Ochre, other than European, all colours	"	1 8	7½ " "
	Paints, composition . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	" patent driers . . . . .	...	"	7½ " "
	Turpentine	Imperial gallon.	9 0	7½ " "
	Verdigris . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Vermilion, Canton	box of 80 bundles.	855 0	7½ " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
DYES AND COLOURS—<i>contd.</i>				
	Zinc, white, dry	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
	All other sorts of paints, colours and painters' materials not otherwise specified, including glue and putty.	...	"	7½ " "
FURNITURE, CABINETWARE AND MANUFACTURES OF WOOD.				
74	FURNITURE, CABINETWARE, and all manufactures of wood not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE.				
75	GLASS AND GLASSWARE, all sorts, Chinese and Japanese ware, lacquered ware, earthenware, China and porcelain.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
HIDES, SKINS AND LEATHER.				
76	HIDES AND SKINS not otherwise specified. LEATHER AND LEATHER MANUFACTURES, all sorts, not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
MACHINERY.				
77	MACHINERY, namely, prime-movers and component parts thereof, including boilers and component parts thereof; also including locomotive and portable engines, steam-rollers, fire-engines, and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
	MACHINERY (and component parts thereof), meaning machines or sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire or other power not being manual or animal labour or which, before being brought into use, require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts; and including belting of all materials for driving machinery. Provided that the term does not include tools and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour, and provided also that only such articles shall be admitted as component parts of machinery as are indispensable for the working of the machinery and are, owing to their shape or to other special quality, not adapted for any other purpose. <i>Note.</i> —This entry includes machinery and component parts thereof made of substances other than metal, but excludes the articles exempted under Nos. 78, 79 and 80.	...	"	2½ "
78	MACHINERY AND COMPONENT parts thereof as defined in No. 77 imported by the owner of a cotton spinning or weaving mill and proved to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs to be intended for use in a cotton spinning or weaving mill.	...	...	Free.
79	The following ARTICLES USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF COTTON, namely, bobbins (warping), forks for looms, healds, heald cords, heald knitting needles, laces, lags and needles for dobbies, pickers (buffalo and others), picking bands, picking levers, picking sticks (over and under), reed pliers, reeds, shuttles (for power looms), springs for looms, strappings, and weft forks.	...	...	Free.
80	DRAWING-IN-FRAMES imported by the owner of a cotton weaving mill and proved to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs to be intended for use in the weaving of cotton.	...	...	Free.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
MACHINERY - <i>contd.</i>				
81	MACHINERY and component parts thereof, meaning machines or parts of machines to be worked by manual or animal labour.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
METALS, IRON AND STEEL.				
IRON—				
82	ANGLE—			
	Angle, T, Best Yorkshire or Swedish and similar qualities.	ton	800 0	2½ per cent.
	" other than Best Yorkshire or Swedish and similar qualities.	"	400 0	2½ " "
	" other than Best Yorkshire or Swedish and similar qualities, if galvanized, tinned, or lead coated.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	All other sorts	...	"	2½ " "
	BAR, ROD AND CHANNEL, INCLUDING CHANNEL FOR CARRIAGES—			
	Bar, Best Yorkshire and similar qualities	ton	800 0	2½ " "
	" Swedish and similar qualities	"	500 0	2½ " "
	" " " nail-rod, round-rod, and square under ½ inch in diameter.	"	500 0	2½ " "
	" Swedish and charcoal, if galvanized, tinned, or lead coated.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	" other kinds	ton	400 0	2½ " "
	" " " nail-rod, round-rod and square under ½ inch in diameter.	"	450 0	2½ " "
	" " " if galvanized, tinned, or lead coated.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	Channel, including channel for carriage.	ton	500 0	2½ " "
	All other sorts	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	Pig	...	"	2½ " "
	RICE BOWLS	...	"	2½ " "
IRON OR STEEL—				
83	ANCHORS AND CABLES	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
	BEAMS, JOISTS, pillars, girders, screw-piles, bridge work and other such descriptions of iron or steel imported exclusively for building purposes; including also ridging, guttering and continuous roofing.	...	"	2½ " "
	BOLTS and nuts, including hook bolts and nuts for roofing.	...	"	2½ " "
	HOOPS AND STRIPS—			
	Hoops, Best Yorkshire or Swedish and similar qualities.	ton	900 0	2½ " "
	" other than Best Yorkshire or Swedish, if galvanized, tinned, or lead coated.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	" other kinds	ton	550 0	2½ " "
	Strips, Best Yorkshire or Swedish and similar qualities.	"	900 0	2½ " "
	" if galvanized, tinned, lead coated, aluminium coated, chequered or planished.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	" other kinds	ton	500 0	2½ " "
	NAILS, RIVETS AND WASHERS, ALL SORTS—			
	Iron or steel nails, rose, wire and flat-headed	cwt.	95 0	2½ " "
	" " " other kinds, including galvanized, tinned or lead coated.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	Rivets and Washers, iron or steel	...	"	2½ " "
	PIPES AND TUBES, and fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges and the like.	...	"	2½ " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured— <i>contd.</i>				
METALS, IRON AND STEEL— <i>contd.</i>			R A.	
IRON OR STEEL— <i>contd.</i>				
	RAILS, CHAIRS, sleepers, bearing and fish plates, spikes (commonly known as dog spikes), switches, and crossings, other than those described in No. 94, also lever boxes, clips, and tie-bars.	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
	SHEETS AND PLATES, all sorts, excluding discs and circles which are dutiable under No. 85.			
	Sheets and plates, Best Yorkshire and similar qualities.	ton	1,200 0	2½ " "
	" " Swedish and charcoal	..	1,000 0	2½ " "
	" " Swedish and charcoal, if galvanized, tinned, or lead coated.	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	Plates, other kinds, above ½ inch thick	ton	700 0	2½ " "
	Sheets " " up to ½ " "	..	700 0	2½ " "
	Sheets (other than corrugated), and plates, other kinds, if galvanized, tinned, lead coated, aluminium coated, chequered or planished.	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	Sheets, corrugated, galvanized or black	ton	550 0	2½ " "
	WIRE, including fencing wire and wire rope, but excluding wire-netting (which is dutiable under No. 85).	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
84	STEEL—			
	ANGLE—			
	Angle, T	ton	400 0	2½ " "
	" " if galvanized, tinned or lead coated	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	" " all other sorts	..	"	2½ " "
	BAR, ROD, AND CHANNEL, including channel for carriages—			
	Bar (other than cast steel)	ton	100 0	2½ " "
	" Swedish and similar qualities	"	500 0	2½ " "
	" nail-rod, round-rod, and square, other than Swedish or similar qualities, under ½ inch in diameter.	ton	450 0	2½ " "
	" galvanized, tinned, lead coated, planished or polished.	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	" all other sorts	..	"	2½ " "
	Channel including channel for carriages	ton	500 0	2½ " "
	CAST including spring, blistered and tub steel	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ " "
	INGOTS, BLOOMS, BILLETS AND SLABS	..	"	2½ " "
85	All sorts of IRON AND STEEL and manufactures thereof, not otherwise specified			
	Iron or steel cans or drums, when imported containing petroleum, which is separately assessed to duty under No. 33, namely:—			
	(1) Iron or steel cans, tinned	can	0 8 7	" "
	(2) Iron or steel cans or drums, not tinned, of two gallons capacity—			
	(a) with faucet caps	can or drum	1 12 7½	" "
	(b) ordinary	"	0 4 7½	" "
	(3) Iron or steel drums of four gallons capacity—			
	(a) with faucet caps	drum	2 8 7½	" "
	(b) ordinary	"	1 0 7½	" "
	Iron or steel cans or drums when imported not containing petroleum.	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ " "
	Iron or steel, all other sorts, including discs or circles and wire-netting.	..	"	7½ " "
METALS, OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL.				
86	CURRENT SILVER, NICKEL, BRONZE, AND COPPER COIN of the Government of India.	..	..	Free
87	GOLD BULLION AND COIN	..	..	Free.
88	LEAD, sheets, for tea-chests	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent. R A.
89	SILVER, BULLION OR COIN, not otherwise specified* (See Nos. 86 and 136).	ounce	..	0 4
90	SILVER PLATE, SILVER THREAD and wire, and SILVER MANUFACTURES, all sorts.	..	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 per cent.

* Under the Government of India Notification No. 8156, dated the 14th July 1917, all silver bullion and silver coin in respect of which an order in writing has been made under section 3 (i) of the Silver (Import) Ordinance, 1917 (Ordinance No. LV of 1917), are exempted from the import duty.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
METALS, OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL—<i>contd.</i>				
81	ALL SORTS OF METALS OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL, and manufactures thereof, not otherwise specified—			
	Flint, onyx and leaves, European		<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
	" " China		"	7½ "
	" patent or yellow metal, sheets and sheathing, weighing 1 lb. or above per square foot, and bracers, and plates.	cwt.	150 0	7½ "
	" patent or yellow metal, old	"	62 0	7½ "
	" sheets, flat or in rolls, and sheathing, weighing less than 1 lb. per square foot	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	" zinc	"	"	7½ "
	" all other sorts	"	"	7½ "
	Copper, bolt and bar, rolled	"	"	7½ "
	" brasses, sheets, plates and sheathing	cwt.	155 0	7½ "
	" nails and composition nails	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	" old	cwt.	70 0	7½ "
	" pigs, bars, ingots, cakes, briquets, and slabs	"	25 0	7½ "
	" China, white, copperware	lb	3 0	7½ "
	" foil or damiana, white 10 to 11 in. x 4 to 5 in.	hundred leaves.	0 0	7½ "
	" foil or damiana, coloured, 10 to 11 in. x 4 to 5 in.	"	"	7½ "
	" wire, including phosphor-bronze	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	" all other sorts, unmanufactured and manufactured except current coin of the Government of India, which is free.	"	"	7½ "
	German silver	"	"	7½ "
	Gold leaf	"	"	7½ "
	Lametta	"	"	7½ "
	Lead, all sorts (except sheets for tea chests)	"	"	7½ "
	Quicksilver	lb.	5 0	7½ "
	Shot, bird	cwt.	50 0	7½ "
	Tin, block	"	225 0	7½ "
	" foil, and other sorts	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	Zinc or spelter, nails	"	"	7½ "
	" " tiles or slab	cwt.	15 0	7½ "
	" " all other sorts, including boiler tiles.	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
	All other sorts of metals, and manufactures thereof	"	"	7½ "
PAPER, PASTEBOARD AND STATIONERY.				
82	TRADE CATALOGUES AND ADVERTISING CIRCULARS imported by packet, book, or parcel post.	"	"	Free
83	PAPER AND ARTICLES MADE OF PAPER AND PAPER-MACHE, PASTEBOARD, MILLEBOARD, AND CARDBOARD, SLICES, AND STATIONERY, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card albumes and calendars, Christmas, Easter and other cards, including cards in booklet form, including also waste-paper and old newspapers for packing; but excluding trade catalogues and advertising circulars imported by packet, book, or parcel post.	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
RAILWAY PLANT AND ROLLING STOCK.				
84	RAILWAY MATERIAL for permanent-way and rolling-stock, namely, cylinders, girders, and other material for bridges, rails, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, fish-bolts, chains, spikes, crossings, sleeper fastenings, switches, interlocking apparatus, brake gear, couplings and springs, signals, turn-tables, weigh-bridges, cranes, tenders, carriages, wagons, traversers, trolleys, trucks, and component parts thereof, also the following articles when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, namely, cranes, water cranes, water tanks and standards, wire and other materials for fencing.	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
RAILWAY PLANT AND ROLLING STOCK—<i>contd.</i>				
<p>Provided that for the purpose of this entry "railway" means a line of railway subject to the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, and includes a railway constructed in a Native State under the suzerainty of His Majesty and also such tramways as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i>, specifically include therein.</p> <p>Provided also that only such articles shall be admitted as component parts of railway material as are indispensable for the working of railways and are, owing to their shape or to other special quality, not adapted for any other purpose.</p>				
YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS.				
96	COTTON TWIST AND YARN, and COTTON SEWING OR DARNING THREAD.	...	...	Free.
96	COTTON piece-goods, thread other than sewing or darning thread, and all other manufactured cotton goods not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
97	SECOND-HAND OR USED GUNNY BAGS made of jute	...	...	Free.
98	YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS, that is to say:—	...	...	...
	Flax, twist and yarn and manufactures of flax	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
	Haberdashery and Millinery	...	"	7½ "
	Hemp manufactures	...	"	7½ "
	Hosiery	...	"	7½ "
	Jute twist and yarn and jute manufactures, excluding second-hand or used gunny bags (see No. 97).	...	"	7½ "
	Silk yarn, noils, and warps, silk thread, silk piece-goods and other manufactures of silk.	...	"	7½ "
	Woollen yarn, knitting wool and other manufactures of wool including felt.	...	"	7½ "
	All other sorts of yarns and textile fabrics, not otherwise specified.	...	"	7½ "
MISCELLANEOUS.				
99	ART, the following works of:—(1) statuary and pictures intended to be put up for the public benefit in a public place, and (2) memorials of a public character intended to be put up in a public place, including the materials used, or to be used in their construction, whether worked or not.	...	...	Free.
100	ART, works of, excluding those specified in No. 99	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
101	BOOKS, printed, including covers for printed books, maps, charts, and plans, proofs, music and manuscripts.	...	...	Free.
102	BRUSHES AND BROOMS	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
103	BUILDING AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS, including asphalt, bricks, cement, chalk and lime, clay, pipes of earthenware, tiles and all other sorts of building and engineering materials not otherwise specified.	...	"	7½ "
104	CANDLES	...	"	7½ "
105	CORDAGE AND ROPE AND TWINE OF VEGETABLE FIBRE	...	"	7½ "
106	FIREWORKS	...	"	7½ "
107	FURNITURE, TACKLE AND APPAREL, not otherwise described, for steam, sailing, rowing and other vessels.	...	"	7½ "
108	IVORY, manufactured	...	"	7½ "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>				
MISCELLANEOUS—<i>contd.</i>				
			R A.	
109	JEWELLERY AND JEWELS, including gold plate and other manufactures of gold, but excluding silver plate and other manufactures of silver (<i>see</i> No. 90).	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
110	MATCHES . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
111	MATS AND MATTING . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
112	OILCAKES . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
113	OILCLOTH AND FLOOR CLOTH . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
114	PACKING—ENGINE AND BOILER—all sorts, excluding packing forming a component part of any article included in No. 77 and No. 94.	...	"	7½ "
115	PERFUMERY, excluding perfumed spirits (<i>see</i> No. 100)			
	Gowla husked and unhusked cwt.		150 0	7½ "
	Kapurkachi (zedoary) "		20 0	7½ "
	Patch leaves (patchouli) "		26 0	7½ "
	Rose-flowers, dried "		25 0	7½ "
	Rose-water Imperial gallon.		8 0	7½ "
116	PITCH, TAR AND DAMMER . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ "
117	POLISHES AND COMPOSITIONS . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
118	PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING MATERIAL, namely, presses, type, ink, brass rules, composing sticks, chases, imposing tables, and lithographic stones, stereo-blocks, roller moulds, roller frames and stocks, roller composition, standing screw and hot presses, perforating machines, gold blocking presses, stereo-typing apparatus, metal furniture, paper folding machines, and paging and numbering machines, but excluding paper (<i>see</i> No. 93).	...	"	2½ "
119	PRINTS, ENGRAVINGS AND PICTURES, including photographs and picture-cards.	...	"	7½ "
120	PACKS for the withering of tea leaf . . . . .	...	"	2½ "
121	RUBBER tyres for motors and motor cycles, and rubber tubes for tyres, and other manufactures of rubber, not otherwise specified.	...	"	7½ "
122	SHIPS AND OTHER VESSELS for inland and harbour navigation, including steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections.	...	"	2½ "
123	SMOKERS' REQUISITES, excluding tobacco (<i>see</i> Nos. 25 to 27.)	...	"	7½ "
124	SOAP . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
125	STARCH AND FARINA . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
126	STONE AND MARBLE, and articles made of stone and marble.	...	"	7½ "
127	TEA-CHESTS of metal or wood whether imported entire or in sections, provided that the Collector of Customs is satisfied that they are imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk.	...	"	2½ "
128	TOILET REQUISITES, not otherwise specified . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
129	TOYS, playing cards and requisites for games and sports.	...	"	7½ "
130	UMBRELLAS, including parasols and sunshades, and fittings therefor.	...	"	7½ "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*concl'd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>concl'd.</i>				
MISCELLANEOUS—<i>concl'd.</i>				
131	The following ARTICLES, when imported by the owner of a cotton weaving mill and proved to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs to be INTENDED FOR USE IN THE WEAVING OF COTTON or the baling of woven cotton goods :— Aniline blue, Bisulphate of soda, China clay, Chloride of magnesium, Chloride of zinc, Dreswalin, Epsom salts, Farina, Farinina, Flannel taping, Glauber salts, Glutina, Glycerine substitutes, Heald varnish, Hoop iron, Hoop steel, Rivets for bales, Sewing needles, Sizing paste, Sizing wax, Soda ash, Starch, Velvet pulp.	...	...	Free.
132	ALL OTHER ARTICLES wholly or mainly manufactured, not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
IV.—Miscellaneous and unclassified—				
133	ANIMALS, living, all sorts . . . . .	...	...	Free.
134	CORAL . . . . .	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
135	FODDER, bran and pollards . . . . .	...	"	7½ "
136	SPECIMENS illustrative of natural science, including also antique coins and medals.	...	...	Free.
137	ALL OTHER ARTICLES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, including articles imported by post.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.

COMMERCE — WAR.

The 28th December 1918.

No. 1172-D.—The following extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 14th November 1918, is published for general information :

GOVERNMENT NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT AND IMPORT SECTION.

Relaxation of export and import prohibitions.

The Board of Trade announce that the following relaxation of the existing prohibitions of export and import have been brought into force from to-day. Further relaxations will be announced in subsequent issues of the "Journal."

A.—EXPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The following is a list of the articles affected and of the changes made in the nature of the prohibitions applicable to each. In explanation of the changes it should be noted that goods on List A are prohibited to all destinations, and goods on List B to all destinations outside the British Empire, while goods on List C are prohibited only to countries neighbouring enemy countries.*

It will of course be understood that the existing position regarding trading with enemy countries is in no way affected by these notifications.

*All Destinations in European and Asiatic Russia and in other Foreign Countries in Europe and on the Mediterranean, except France and French Possessions, Italy and Italian Possessions, and Portugal, and to all Ports in any such Foreign Countries.

B.—IMPORT PROHIBITIONS.

A General Licence has been issued to permit of the import of any quantity of the following articles.* The licence will be valid for three months.

*The General Licence above referred to does not for the present relieve importers from the necessity for procuring a "permit to purchase" if the goods are imported from the United States. A further intimation in regard to this requirement will be made as soon as possible.

A.—EXPORT PROHIBITIONS

HEADINGS TO BE TRANSFERRED *EN BLOC* FROM ONE LIST TO ANOTHER.

Heading.	Present List.	New List.
Algin and its compounds	B	C
Bedding, parts thereof	B	C
Belting, woven hair	B	C
Canes, unmounted	A	C
Carbon, Brazilian	A	C
Carpets and carpet rugs, wool or hair	B	C
Carts, two-wheeled (and their component parts)	B	C
Celluloid, articles wholly or partly manufactured of	A	C
Cutch and extracts thereof	A	B
Diamonds suitable for industrial purposes	A	C
Fish bones	B	C
Gloves, men's, made wholly or partly of leather	A	C
Gloves, made wholly or partly of leather not otherwise specifically prohibited	B	C
Hair, Human and tops (yarns thereof)	B	C
Harness and metal fittings therefor	A	C
Hides, manufactures of the following :—		
Pickers and drop box pickers	A	C
Pinions centres (not otherwise specifically prohibited)	B	C
Leather goods of the following description :—		
Articles of personal equipment suitable for military purposes	A	C
Bandoliers	A	C
Belting, leather manufactures (pump purposes)	A	C
Belts	A	C
Laces	A	C
Pouches	A	C
Goods manufactured wholly or partly of leather, not otherwise prohibited	B	C
Moss, Carrageon	A	C
Rattan, woven	B	C
Rubies, natural or synthetic	B	C
Saddlery, and metal fittings therefor	A	C
Sapphires, natural or synthetic	B	C
Size and sizings (made from glue)	B	C
Sticks, unmounted	A	C
Waggons, four-wheeled (and their component parts)	B	C

Chemicals, etc.

Acetones and their compounds and preparations	A	C
Aconite Root	A	B
Alcohol absolute	A	C
Alcohol ethylic mixtures and preparations containing (not otherwise prohibited)	A	C
Alcohol methylic and its esters	A	C
Amyl alcohol	A	C
Aloes	A	B
Alumino-ferrio	B	C
Amidol and mixtures containing amidol	A	B
Anthracene Oil and mixtures and preparations containing anthracene oil	A	C
Araroba or Goa Powder	A	B
Arsenical Ore	B	C
Arsenic, compounds of arsenic, and mixtures containing arsenic	B	C
Balsams	A	C*

*With the exception of Balsam of Tolu, which must remain on List A.

A.—EXPORT PROHIBITIONS—*contd.*

Heading.	Present List	New List.
Belladonna and its preparations	A	B
Belladonna alkaloids and their salts and preparations	A	B
Bismuth Nitrate	A	C
Bleaching Powder	A	C
Caffeine and its salts	A	B
Calabar Beans	A	B
Carbolic acid and compounds thereof, and preparations containing carbolic acid	A	C
Carbon disulphide	A	B
Carbon tetrachloride and its preparations	A	C
Catechu	A	B
Cerium, oxide and salts of	B	C
Chloroform	A	C
Chlorates, all metallic	A	B†

† Except potassium chlorate, which must remain on List A.

Chlorine	B	C
Chromium acetate	A	B
Chromium chlorate	A	B
Chromium nitrate	A	B
Chrysarobin	A	B
Citrates, not otherwise prohibited	B	C
Chiretta	A	B
Coal Tar	A	C
Cobalt, oxides and salts of and such mixtures containing such oxides or salts of cobalt	B	C
Cobalt nitrate	A	C
Coca leaves and their preparations	A	C
Collodion	A	C
Copper Acetate	A	C
Copper nitrate	A	C
Copper iodide	B	C
Copper sub-oxide and mixtures containing copper sub-oxide	B	C
Cotton Wool and articles containing cotton wool	A	B
Cresote and creosote oils and mixtures and preparations containing such creosote and creosote oils	A	C
Cresol, compounds and preparations of cresol and nitro-cresol	A	C*

* Except meta-cresol and para-cresol, which must remain on List A.

Cubeb	A	B
Cyanamide	A	C
Cylinders, metal, capable of use for the storage of gases or liquids under pressure	A	B
Damiana	A	B
Diatomite or infusorial earth	A	C
Diethylbarbituric acid (veronal) and veronal sodium	A	B
Emetine and its salts	A	B
Ether, acetic	A	C
Ether formic	A	C
Ether, sulphuric	A	C
Eucaïne, hydrochloric eucaine (benzamine) lactate and their preparations	A	C
Explosives, industrial	A	C
Fustic (chips and extracts)	A	B
Gelsemium root	A	B
Gentian root	A	B
Glycerine and preparations containing glycerine not otherwise specifically prohibited	A	C
Green Oil and mixtures and preparations containing green oil	A	C
Hydrochloric acid	B	C
Hydrocyanic (prussia) acid and solutions thereof	A	C
Iodoform	A	C
Ipecacuanha root	A	B
Iridium compounds	B	C
Jaborandi leaves	A	B
Kola seeds	A	C
Logwood (chips, extract and preparations)	A	C

A.—EXPORT PROHIBITIONS—*concl'd.*

Heading.	Present List.	New List.
Manna	A	C
Molybdic Acid and its salts	B	C
Naphthalene and its compounds and preparations	A	C
Nickel nitrate	A	B
Nitrates, all metallic (not otherwise prohibited)	A	C
Nitric Acid	A	C
Nitro-toluol	A	C
Novocain and its preparations	A	C
Nux Vomica, preparations of	B	C
Oil, blast furnace	A	C
Oil, wood tar	B	C
Osmium compounds	B	C
Palladium compounds	B	C
Paraldehyde	A	C
Pencils, copying ink	A	C
Perechlorates, all metallic not otherwise prohibited	A	C
Phenacetin and its preparations	A	B
Phosphorus	A	C*
Phosphorus compounds to remain on List A.		
Picric Acid and its components	A	C
Pyridine	A	C
Quassia wood	A	B
Quercitron bark and extracts thereof	A	C
Respirators and self-contained breathing sets intended to afford protection to the wearer against toxic atmospheres	A	C
Rhatany root	A	B
Rhodium compounds	B	C
Rhubarb, medicinal	A	B
Ruthenium compounds	B	C
Salicylic acid and its preparations	B	C
Salt, other than rock salt	A	B
Rock Salt	A	C
Silkworm Gut (surgical)	A	B
Soda, caustic and mixtures containing caustic soda	A	C
Sodium	B	C
Sodium bicarbonate	B	C
Sodium bicarbonate in all forms, including sodium sesqui-carbonate and mixtures containing any of these substances	A	C†
† Except soda crystals, which must remain on List A.		
Sodium cyanide, and mixtures containing sodium cyanide	A	C
Sodium prussiates and mixtures containing sodium prussiates	A	B
Sodium Salicylate and its preparations	B	C
Sodium sulphide	B	C
Spent oxide	A	C
Spirits, methylated, and mixtures containing methylated spirits	A	C
Spirits of a strength of not less than 43 degrees above proof	A	C
Strontium compounds and mixtures containing strontium compounds	A	C
Sulphur and preparations containing sulphur	A	C
Sulphur, chlorides of	A	C
Sulphur dioxide liquefied	A	C
Sulphuric acid, and mixtures containing sulphuric acid	A	C
Sulphuric acid, fuming (oleum)	A	C
Surgical bandages and dressings	A	B
Tar wood	A	C
Terebenc, and articles containing terebene	A	C
Theobromine sodium salicylate	B	C
Tin, chlorides of	A	C
Titanium compounds	A	C
Toluol and its compounds and preparations	A	C
Tungsten compounds	B	C
Urea and its compounds	B	C
Xylol and its compounds and preparations	A	C
Zinc chloride and sulphate and mixtures containing zinc chloride or sulphate	B	C

HEADINGS REQUIRING ALTERATION.

DELETE.	SUBSTITUTE.
(A) Brooms and Brushes.	(A) Tooth Brushes.
(A) Boots and shoes with solos or uppers of leather.	(A) Boots and shoes (children's) with solos or uppers of leather.
(A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts not otherwise specifically prohibited, fish bladders and fish skins.	(A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts not otherwise specifically prohibited, fish bladders.
(A) Resins, Resinous gums and resinous substances (except such as contain caoutchouc) and articles containing them.	(A) Resins, Resinous gums and resinous substances (except such as contain caoutchouc).
(B) Wool, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations.	(B) Wool, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations, and except the following :— Bedding, carpets and carpet rugs, hats and caps, ready-made wearing apparel.
(B) Hair, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations.	(B) Hair, all manufactures, mixtures and products of, except such as are prohibited to all destinations, and, except the following :— Bedding, belting, carpets and carpet rugs, hats.
(A) Leather.	(A) Leather, except chamois, skivers and seal.
(A) Typewriters and parts thereof.	(A) Typewriters.

B.—IMPORT PROHIBITIONS.

LIST 1.—PART I : ARTICLES PROHIBITED WITH A VIEW TO SAVING TONNAGE.

Aerated mineral and table waters (unsweetened.)

*Almonds.
Aluminium, manufactures of.
Aluminium powder.
Apparel, not waterproofed.
*Apples.
Art, works of.
*Bananas.
Baskets and basketware of all kinds.
Baths of metal.
Birds, live.
Bladders, casing and sausage skins.
Brooms and brushes.
Cement.
Cocoa, raw.
Diatomite or infusorial earth.
Fatty acids.
Fire extinguishers.
Flowers, fresh.
Gloves of leather.
Hats and bonnets.
Horns and hoofs.
Incandescent gas mantles.
Ivory, vegetable.
Lawn mowers.
Linen yarns and manufactures of.

Mops.
Methyl alcohol.
*Nuts.
Oilcloth.
Perfumery and toilet preparation.
Photographic apparatus.
Pictures, prints, engravings, and photographs.
Plated gilt wares.
Salt.
Sewing machines.
Skins and furs, manufactures of.
Stereoscopes.
Stoves and ranges.
Straw envelopes for bottles.
Sugar cane.
Spectacles and eyeglasses complete (not containing gold).
Time recording instruments of all kinds and movements and parts thereof.
Vacuum cleaners.
Wringers and mangles.
Weighing machines, scales and balances of all descriptions.
Wood flour.

*Subject to control of price.

Telegraphic information has also been received of the following further relaxations made by the Board of Trade :—

Removed to Class C in the United Kingdom Export Prohibition List.—

Block steel sheets less than $\frac{1}{8}$ inch thick.
 Bobbins and shuttles and their component parts.
 Bolts, nuts and rivets of iron and steel.
 Emery and corundum.
 Galvanized sheets, corrugated or flat.
 Steel articles, containing chrome, cobalt, nichel or vanadium.
 Tools or other articles made from steel containing Tungsten or molybdenum.
 Various small tools.

Removed to Class B.—

Ferro-manganese.
 A general licence, valid until 1st March 1919, has also been issued for the import of—
 Mats and matting.
 Plaiting of all descriptions including plaiting of straw.

Full lists have been sent by mail and will be published as soon as received.

CUSTOMS—WAR.

The 28th December 1918.

No. 1208-D.—The following Royal Proclamation is published for general information :—

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

RELATING TO THE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN ARTICLES INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

GEORGE R. I.

Whereas by section forty-three of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, it is provided that the importation of arms, ammunition, gunpowder, or any other goods may be prohibited by Proclamation :

And whereas by certain Proclamations entitled Prohibition of Import Proclamations the importation of certain goods has been prohibited accordingly :

And whereas it is expedient that the importation into the United Kingdom of certain other goods should be prohibited :

Now, therefore, We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby proclaim, direct and ordain as follows :—

As from and after the date hereof, subject as hereinafter provided, the importation into the United Kingdom of the following articles is hereby prohibited, *viz.* :—

Oleo stearine and tallow.
 Olive oil.
 Onions.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that this prohibition shall not apply to any such goods which are imported under licence given by or on behalf of the Board of Trade, and subject to the provisions and conditions of such licence.

This Proclamation may be cited as the Prohibition of Import (No. 28) Proclamation, 1918.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the Ninth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

No. 1243-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Import and Export of Goods Act, 1916 (XI of 1916), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Schedule appended to this Department Notification No. 3075, dated the 11th May 1918, as subsequently amended :—

Delete the following entries :—

- (A) Beans, white Haricot.
- (A) Beans, Rangoon.
- (C) Capsicum.
- (B) Corundum of all kinds, including rubies and sapphires.
- (B) Carbonado.
- (B) Carborundum.
- (C) Casings.
- (B) Diamonds.
- (B) Garnets.
- (C) Hemp.
- (C) Pepper.
- (C) Rubber, raw and manufactured.
- (B) Silk noils and waste.

CUSTOMS—ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 28th December 1918.

No. 1218-D.—On his return from leave on the forenoon of the 11th December 1918, Mr. F. D. Lalkaka, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, assumed charge of his duties in the Bombay Custom House.

The unexpired portion of furlough granted to him in the Notification of the Government of India in this Department, No. 9962, dated the 21st September 1918, is hereby cancelled.

EXPLOSIVES.

The 28th December 1918.

No. 13771.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following amendments in rule 12 of the Indian Explosives Rules, 1914, published with the Notification in this Department No. 4013—38, dated the 6th June 1914 :—

1. To the list of ports in the said rule, at which importation by sea is permitted, Chittagong shall be added ; and

2. After proviso (iii) to the said rule, the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

“(iv) An explosive shall not be imported into the port of Chittagong save with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council and subject to such conditions and restrictions as he may in any particular case impose.”

TRADING BY FOREIGNERS.

The 28th December 1918.

No. 1204-D.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Enemy Trading Act, 1916 (X of 1916), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Enemy Trading (Winding up) Order, 1916, published with this Department's Notification (Commerce and Trade) No. 6200-W.-II, dated the 22nd July 1916, namely :—

After rule 7 of the said Order, the following rule shall be inserted, namely :—

“7A. In any case where the affairs of a hostile firm which is a company within the meaning of section 2 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), have been completely wound up, the Government may make an order that the company be dissolved.”

A. H. LEY,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 27th December 1918.

PART A.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 3000.—Captain (temporary Major) T. H. Wheelwright, General List, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 26th October 1918.

No. 3001.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while holding special appointments, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant A. C. H. Cutler, Royal Field Artillery. Dated 26th November 1918.

Lieutenant R. P. Adams, 1st Brecknockshire Battalion, The South Wales Borderers. Dated 30th November 1918.

Lieutenant H. B. Hulbert, 9th Worcestershire Regiment. Dated 30th November 1918.

No. 3002.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) F. G. Hall, The Dorsetshire Regiment, is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to retain the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 1st December 1918.

No. 3003.—Second Lieutenant J. F. Calder, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as Adjutant and Quartermaster at a Physical and Bayonet Training School. Dated 12th December 1918.

No. 3004.—Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. Parselle, Royal Engineers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding an appointment as Staff Captain. Dated 25th October 1918.

No. 3005.—Army Department Notification No. 2754, dated the 29th November 1918, so far as it relates to Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) W. P. Robinson, D.S.O., is cancelled, and the following substituted :—

Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) W. P. Robinson, D.S.O., Army Service Corps, is permitted to retain, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Deputy Director. Dated 1st September 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 3006.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel William St. Clair Muscroft, Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 17th December 1918.

Captain to be Major.

David Benjamin Gray, 48th Pioneers. Dated 23rd December 1918.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Roland Richardson, M.C., 55th Coy's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jasper Searle Lloyd, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Drury Ronald Critchley, 32nd Sikh Pioneers.

Sydney Henry Woolf, 19th Punjabis.

} Dated 11th November 1918.

} Dated 23rd December 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Joshua Rowland Brookes, attached 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse).

Claude Morgan Hutchings, Indian Army.

Roy Bourne Grieves, attached 32nd Sikh Pioneers.

George Hubert Wentworth Kitson, attached 10th Jats.

} Dated 12th January 1917.

} Dated 27th October 1918.

Arthur Theodore Baron Littlebury, attached 34th Sikh Pioneers. Dated 21st December 1918.

Roland Nicholas Higgs, attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 25th December 1918.

No. 3007.—Major J. G. McConaghy, D.S.O., 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force), is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General. Dated 2nd October 1918.

No. 3008.—Major (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) H. C. Duncan, 9th Gurkha Rifles, is permitted, subject to His Majesty's approval, to retain the temporary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel while holding an appointment as Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 9th December 1918.

No. 3009.—Captain A. B. McPherson, M.C., 6th Jat Light Infantry, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General. Dated 10th December 1918.

No. 3010.—The undermentioned officers are granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain while holding appointments as Platoon Commanders at an Officer Cadet Unit, with effect from the dates shown against their names :—

Lieutenant F. G. Butcher, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 30th October 1918.

Lieutenant C. K. Noad, 9th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 1st November 1918.

No. 3011.—The promotion of Captain (now Major) Willoughby Lugard Hogg, 3rd Brahmans, to the rank of Major, notified in Army Department Notification No. 499, dated the 6th April 1917, is antedated to the 1st September 1915 (but without pay and allowances prior to the 1st September 1916), with seniority next below Major Douglas Vere Willoughby, D.S.O., 1st Brahmans, and next above Major Harold Ernest Weekes, 10th Gurkha Rifles, his previous forfeited service having been restored, for good service in the field.

(Army Department Notification No. 1798, dated the 9th August 1918, is hereby cancelled.)

No. 3012.—The promotion of Lieutenant (now Brevet Major) Ernest Samuel Vicary, 16th Cavalry, to the rank of Captain notified in Army Department Notification No. 681, dated the 31st July 1914, is antedated to the 27th January 1913, his previous forfeited service having been restored for good service in the field.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 3013.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Hamilton Maxwell Cruddas, C.M.G. Dated 28th July 1918.

Temporary Captain to be Captain.

Philip Verdon. Dated 1st December 1918.

Temporary Lieutenants to be temporary Captains.

Ranjit Sen, M.B.	Dated 7th February 1918.
Mohamad Nawaz, M.B.	Dated 8th February 1918.
Anil Chandra Chatterji, M.B.	Dated 17th April 1918.
Framroz Dhunjibhoy.	Dated 14th May 1918.
Naval Maneckji Pestonji Dotivala, M.B.	Dated 23rd June 1918.
Vishwa Nath, M.B.	Dated 3rd July 1918.
Henry Saumarez Hensman.	Dated 4th July 1918.
Jehangir Cursetji Bharucha, M.B.	Dated 7th July 1918.
Hirnya Kumar Sen.	Dated 24th July 1918.
Nripendranath Basu.	Dated 1st August 1918.
Vishnu Tatyaji Korke.	} Dated 2nd August 1918.
Shankar Lal Patney, M.B.	
Nuserwanji Framji Masters.	
Dabir-ud-din Ahmad.	
Mohammad Amir Khan.	

Pramatha Nath Sen.	}	Dated 3rd August 1918.
Narendra Nath Chatterji, M.B.		
Brij Beharilall Saxena, M.B.	}	Dated 5th August 1918.
Bijitendra Basu.		
Hirji Dorabji Gimi.	}	Dated 6th August 1918.
Christian John Prabhakar		
Sita Nath Ghosh, M.B.	}	Dated 7th August 1918.
Nripendra Nath Chatterje, M.B.		
Mohammad Afeet Khan.	}	Dated 8th August 1918.
Harish Chandra Sen, M.B.		
Pande Uma Shankar.	}	Dated 9th August 1918.
Lalit Kumar Ray.		
Kanan Behari Sen Roy.	}	Dated 10th August 1918.
Erechamvittal Kesava Menon.		
Chandiprasad Mukerjee, M.B.	}	Dated 11th August 1918.
Shama Charan Shaw, M.B.		
Abraham Issac Simon, M.B.	}	Dated 12th August 1918.
Suchindra Nath Banerjee.		
Sonat Kumar Mukerjee, M.B.	}	Dated 13th August 1918.
Pratul Pati Ganguli.		
Rajeswar Bhattacharyya, M.B.	}	Dated 14th August 1918.
Kshitish Chandra Das Gupta, M.B.		
Sanat Kumar Palit, M.B.	}	Dated 15th August 1918.
Ram Sarup Gupta, M.B.		
Kaikhushro Hormusji Elchidana.	}	Dated 16th August 1918.
Angelo Maria Freitas.		
Khagendra Mohan Basu, M.B.	}	Dated 17th August 1918.
Pramatha Nath Mallik, M.B.		
Bejoyananda Sen Gupta.	}	Dated 18th August 1918.
Chuni Lal Nandli.		
Amulya Charan Pal, M.B.	}	Dated 19th August 1918.
Homewell Lyngdoh.		
Jitendra Kumar Banerji, M.B.	}	Dated 20th August 1918.
Anil Krishna Mukerji.		
Lalit Prosad Ghosh, M.B.	}	Dated 21st August 1918.
Kshitish Chandra Mitra.		
Prandhan Ghosh, M.B.	}	Dated 22nd August 1918.
Sidhi Charan Mitter.		
Bama Charan Munshi, M.B.	}	Dated 23rd August 1918.
Jitendra Mohan Ghosh, M.B.		
Bhupendra Nath Chaudhuri, M.B.	}	Dated 24th August 1918.
Asa Nand Kapur.		
Narendranath Ghosh, M.B.	}	Dated 25th August 1918.
Bishambar Nath Luthra, M.B.		
Narananmalpuran Swamiasyer Subramaniam, M.B.	}	Dated 26th August 1918.
Upendra Nath Das, M.B.		
Moses Solomon	}	Dated 27th August 1918.
Bankim Chandar Sen Gupta.		
Chhaganlal Motiehand Contractor, M.B.	}	Dated 28th August 1918.
Fidelis Conceicao.		
Surendra Nath Ghosh.	}	Dated 29th August 1918.
Atma Ram Khanna, M.B.		
Karumacheril Itty John.	}	Dated 30th August 1918.
Eruchshah Burjorji Mazagonwala, M.B.		
Chackalyil Chandu Ittycheria, M.B.	}	Dated 31st August 1918.

Niranjan Chakravarty, M.B.	
• Arthur-Gonsalves, M.B.	} Dated 25th August 1918.
Vithaldas Jiaraj Doshi, M.B.	
Binod Bihari Hajra, M.B.	
Mohamed Aon Jafarej, M.B.	
Sourendra Mohan Pathak, M.B.	} Dated 27th August 1918.
Jogendro Nath Basu.	
Harendra Nath Bose.	
Victor Edmund Mascarenhas.	} Dated 28th August 1918.
Herbert Wilcox Knight, M.D.	
Shankar Abaji Nimonkar.	} Dated 29th August 1918.
Ramendra Krishna Basu.	
Samuel Newman Mukand, M.B.	
Manchersha Sorabji Kapadia.	} Dated 31st August 1918.
Nadirshaw Dossabhoy Mullan.	
Amar Nath Ray Chaudhury.	
Yotindra Mohan Bose, M.D.	} Dated 31st August 1918.
Maniklal Mukherji, M.B.	
Rama Shankkar Bhargava, M.B. (since deceased).	
Joachim Paul Menezes.	} Dated 1st September 1918.
Mohkam Chand Madhok, M.B.	
Hari Dhan Banarji, M.B.	
Panikulam Varghese Francis, M.B.	} Dated 3rd September 1918.
Sankaranaimarkok Chidambaranatha Alagappan, M.B.	
Moreshvar Gopal Oka.	
Kiran Lal Sen.	} Dated 4th September 1918.
Kshitindranath Dasgupta, M.B.	
Ramchandra Subbarama Iyer, M.B.	
Dattatraya Mangesh Moolky, M.B.	} Dated 5th September 1918.
Vasant Rajaram Masurekar.	
Granadickam Ira Benjamin.	
Byomkesh Chatterjee, M.B.	} Dated 6th September 1918.
Koka Venugopaul.	
Wallanjatti Curyan Thomas.	
Dattatraya Sitaram Dhavle.	} Dated 8th September 1918.
Austin D'Silva.	
Nathan Elijah.	
Coimbatore Subramania Venkataramanan.	} Dated 9th September 1918.
Amulya Prasad Maitra, M.B.	
Gianchand Bhavandas Advani, M.B.	
Shivshankar Vithalji Trivedi.	} Dated 10th September 1918.
Vellathusseri Chakalanbil Govinda Menon.	
Dhirendra Prasad Bose, M.B.	
Aswini Kumar Nandi, M.B.	} Dated 11th September 1918.
Krishna Venkatachalam.	
Dhan Raj Bhasin, M.B., B.S.	
Nibaran Chandfa Mitra, M.B.	} Dated 12th September 1918.
Enathikal John Koshi.	
Frank deNetto.	
Mundkur Sanjiv Rau, M.B.	} Dated 13th September 1918.
Tekkam Divakara Rao, M.B.	
Narayan Das Mehta, M.B.	
Ragarchia Kanagasabapathy, M.B.	} Dated 14th September 1918.
Arcot Ramalinga Parasuram.	
Shakar Narain Dojiba Gore.	

Narendra Nath Chowdhury.	} Dated 25th September 1918.
Joseph Lawrence Saldanha, M.B.	
Ratneswar Chatterji.	
Sabhakar De.	} Dated 26th September 1918.
Manmatha Nath Chatarji, M.B.	
Vadakke Kurupath Kochukrishna Menon, M.B.	
Hanumanthayya Krishnan, M.B.	} Dated 27th September 1918.
Viaculathoor Ramasami Sundaresan.	
Giddu Siva Ram, M.B.	Dated 28th September 1918.
Chakyat Govinda Menon.	Dated 29th September 1918.
Devindra Singh Otto.	} Dated 30th September 1918.
Chiman Lall Dhingra, M.B.	
Keshab Chandra Sen Gupta.	} Dated 1st October 1918.
Edakolathur Kuriakku Thomas.	
Rugh Nath Rai.	
Khushbakht Rai, M.B.	Dated 3rd October 1918.
Jamna Das.	Dated 4th October 1918.
Kandathil Mathew Mathulla.	} Dated 6th October 1918.
Nanak Chand Mohan.	
Ram Nath Sharma.	Dated 8th October 1918.
Lal Gopal Banerjee, M.B.	Dated 9th October 1918.
Puthukkeril Koshy Kashy.	} Dated 11th October 1918.
Ganga Bishan.	
Gorur Shrinivasamurti.	Dated 12th October 1918.
Villumpurum Rajaratna Natesan.	Dated 15th October 1918.
Sivasubramanya Pillay Kanthimathinathan.	Dated 17th October 1918.
Bagepalli Venkatavarada Acharya, M.B.	} Dated 18th October 1918.
Koladi Gopal Menon.	
Ravanasamudram Sundaramayyar Harihara Ayyar.	Dated 20th October 1918.
Padamji Ardeshir Dastoor.	} Dated 21st October 1918.
Kandathel Eapen Pothan.	
Pattathil Balakrishna Menon.	Dated 27th October 1918.
Kali Prasad Bagehi, M.B.	Dated 28th October 1918.
Bulchand Ratanmal Malkani, M.B.	Dated 29th October 1918.
Kaikhushru Ardeshir Jamsetji Lalkaka.	Dated 30th October 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 3014.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

*Cavalry Branch.**Lieutenants to be Captains.*

Nicholas Howard Thomas Homer.	Dated 4th December 1918.
George Tusco Vivian Peppe.	Dated 24th December 1918.
Jaffrey Hugh Summers Allen.	Dated 24th December 1918.

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Frank Leitch Walker.	Dated 19th December 1918.
Robert George Hall.	Dated 25th December 1918.

*Infantry Branch.**Lieutenants to be Captains.*

James Macfie.	Dated 4th June 1916.
Dinis Mahon Turner.	Dated 13th November 1918.
Herbert Edwin Giles.	Dated 20th November 1918.

Donald Owen O'Reilly.	Dated 27th November 1918.
Edward Stephen Hearn.	} Dated 4th December 1918.
Hugh Rahere Panckridge.	
Robert Fisher Martin.	Dated 15th December 1918.
Robert Harold Stewart.	} Dated 24th December 1918.
Henry Courtney Bracher.	

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Henry Alfred Meggett.	} Dated 30th May 1918.
Albert Charles Cooper.	
John Clark.	Dated 1st June 1918.
William Barton.	Dated 27th June 1918.
Maclean Newson Burder.	Dated 27th June 1918.
Gilbert William Steel	Dated 1st August 1918.
Cecil Robert Porrett.	Dated 10th August 1918.
Michael Daly Austin Grey Du Pre.	} Dated 29th August 1918.
Philip Edward Gudgeon.	
William Joseph Segar.	
Clement John Hogbin.	
Frank Leslie Sheridan.	
Arthur Hancock.	
Harold Edwards.	
Frank Murphy.	} Dated 26th September 1918.
John Stevenson.	
Cecil Gambling Burton.	
John Walter Peter Jonkin Jenkins.	} Dated 31st October 1918.
John Charles Aubrey Hickson.	
Percy William Buckley.	Dated 25th November 1918.
Reginald Edward Knatchbull.	} Dated 21st December 1918.
William Lockhart Greenwood.	
Francis Patrick Collins.	} Dated 25th December 1918.
Harold Hays.	
Henry Reginald Corbett.	
Dudley Trevor Morgan.	
Duncan William Cochrane.	

No. 3015.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Temporary Second Lieutenants to be temporary Lieutenants.

P. E. Perry.	Dated 22nd March 1918.
G. S. Davies.	Dated 1st April 1918.
T. L. Borrett.	Dated 5th April 1918.
E. W. Lucas.	} Dated 15th April 1918.
W. P. Reid.	
E. C. Walker.	Dated 22nd May 1918.
T. Metcalfe.	Dated 1st June 1918.
S. J. Oates.	Dated 11th June 1918.
W. Place.	Dated 15th June 1918.
W. E. Kingsley.	Dated 18th June 1918.

No. 3016.—In Army Department Notification No. 2667, dated the 15th November 1918, against the name of Arthur Edward Kingett, for "11th October 1918" read "27th June 1918."

No. 3017.—Lieutenant (temporary Captain) William Louis Lindsay Read, V.D., Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major, while commanding the Followers' Central Depot, Meerut. Dated 19th September 1918.

No. 3018.—Captain G. T. Lemon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Deputy Assistant Director General of Military Works. Dated 25th October 1918.

No. 3019.—Second Lieutenant J. C. H. Morby, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Major while holding an appointment as Assistant Inspector of Machinery. Dated 25th November 1918.

No. 3020.—Lieutenant S. H. Bigsby, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Major while employed as an Officiating Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers. Dated 29th November 1918.

No. 3021.—Second Lieutenant Michael Reginald Foster, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the temporary rank of Captain, while employed as Commandant, 147th Labour Corps. Dated 15th November 1918.

No. 3022.—Second Lieutenant H. G. Haggett, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Captain while holding a special appointment. Dated 30th November 1918.

No. 3023.—Second Lieutenant F. R. M. Gordon, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is granted, subject to His Majesty's approval, the acting rank of Lieutenant while employed as Adjutant, 110th Labour Corps. Dated 1st August 1918.

No. 3024.—The promotion of Lieutenant Edward Francis Marriott to his present rank, notified in Army Department Notification No. 685, dated the 4th May 1917, is antedated to the 11th March 1915.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

42nd Assam Bengal Railway Battalion.

No. 3025.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Second Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Alan Stappylton. Dated 13th December 1918.

TERRITORIAL FORCE.

No. 3026.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

INFANTRY.

The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment).

Captain (acting Major) G. R. Blake to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a battalion. Dated 30th July 1918, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel F. G. Parsons, D.S.O., extra-regimentally employed with effect from the 15th July 1918.

Captain A. S. Hoare to be acting Major while performing the duties of second-in-command. Dated 30th July 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) G. R. Blake, commanding a battalion with effect from the 15th July 1918.

Lieutenant A. C. Barnett to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 30th July 1918 to 8th August 1918, *vice* Captain (acting Major) A. S. Hoare second-in-command, with effect from the 15th July 1918.

Lieutenant S. G. Robson to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 23rd August 1918 to 18th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. G. Barnett, relinquished acting rank with effect from the 8th August 1918.

Lieutenant G. G. Hoare to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 3rd October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) S. G. Robson, relinquished acting rank with effect from the 18th September 1918.

Captain (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) G. R. Blake relinquishes his acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 1st November 1918 and reverts to the acting rank of Major while second-in-command of a battalion.

Captain (acting Major) A. S. Hoare relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to perform the duties of second-in-command. Dated 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Crosbie relinquishes his acting rank of Captain on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st November 1918.

The Prince Albert's (Somerset Light Infantry).

Lieutenant R. B. Marsh to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 31st May 1918, *vice* Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) W. H. Speke, commanding a battalion with effect from the 16th May 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Major) R. B. Marsh relinquishes his acting rank of Major on ceasing to perform the duties of second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 16th August 1918.

GARRISON BATTALIONS.

The Lincolnshire Regiment.

Major (acting Lieutenant-Colonel) O. Cooper, T.D., relinquishes his acting rank of Lieutenant-Colonel on ceasing to command a battalion. Dated 1st November 1918.

RESERVE BATTALIONS (INDIA).

Lieutenant (acting Captain) R. L. Godfrey, The Welsh Regiment, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 28th October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) N. A. S. Brown, The Hampshire Regiment, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 11th November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 3027.—The following acting promotions and relinquishments of acting rank are notified, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

43rd Indian Cavalry Regiment.

Major G. Marchant, Squadron Commander, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse), attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a regiment, from 3rd August 1918 to 27th August 1918, inclusive.

Captain E. V. F. Seymour, Squadron Officer, 9th Hodson's Horse, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a regiment, from 3rd August 1918 to 27th August 1918.

Lieutenant F. G. Webster, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron, from 3rd August 1918 to 27th August 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant J. O. C. Fitzpatrick, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding an appointment as Adjutant. Dated 3rd August 1918.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel G. A. S. Gordon, Squadron Commander, 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse), attached, to be acting Lieutenant-Colonel while commanding a regiment. Dated 12th September 1918, *vice* Major G. Marchant, relieved with effect from the 28th August 1918.

Lieutenant F. G. Webster, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 27th September 1918, *vice* Captain E. V. F. Seymour, vacated with effect from the 12th September 1918.

Lieutenant W. A. A. Searle, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a squadron. Dated 5th October 1918, *vice* Captain J. A. C. May-Somerville, vacated with effect from the 20th September 1918.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Lieutenant O. R. Scott, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, to be acting Captain while commanding a detachment. Dated 22nd October 1918.

8th Rajputs.

Lieutenant C. J. Metcalfe, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a special company. Dated 1st August 1918. (First appointment.)

Second Lieutenant H. E. Hicks, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a special company. Dated 6th August 1918. (First appointment.)

Lieutenant C. A. Witts, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a special company. Dated 1st September 1918. (First appointment.)

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. Green, attached, relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 5th September 1918.

19th Punjabis.

Captain (acting Major) A. D. Bennett, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a depot. Dated 4th December 1918.

70th Burma Rifles.

Lieutenant F. M. Smith, M.C., to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 18th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. D. Tucker, relinquished with effect from the 3rd September 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) J. D. Tucker relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 3rd September 1918.

Second Lieutenant D. P. Hewett to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 7th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. M. Smith, M.C., relinquished with effect from the 23rd October 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. M. Smith, M.C., relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 23rd October 1918.

88th Carnatic Infantry.

Captain G. St. J. Robinson to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 9th September 1918, *vice* Major A. H. Ommanney, transferred with effect from the 25th August 1918.

Captain (acting Major) G. St. J. Robinson relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to be second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 28th September 1918.

Second Lieutenant W. Harley to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 16th November 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. C. Freeman, vacated with effect from the 1st November 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. C. Freeman relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 1st November 1918.

99th Deccan Infantry.

Second Lieutenant F. O. Tennant to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 30th March 1918.

Second Lieutenant H. Harvey to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 30th March 1918.

Lieutenant G. C. O. Hall to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 4th June 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. O. Tennant, relieved with effect from the 20th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) F. O. Tennant relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 20th May 1918.

Lieutenant D. A. Hutchings to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 4th June 1918, *vice* Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Harvey, relieved with effect from the 20th May 1918.

Second Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. Harvey relinquishes his acting rank on ceasing to command a company. Dated 20th May 1918.

Army Department Notification No. 1536, dated the 12th July 1918, so far as it relates to the 99th Deccan Infantry, is hereby cancelled.

117th Mahrattas.

Captain G. H. Lane, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry, attached, to be acting Major while commanding a depôt. Dated 16th September 1918.

Lieutenant C. E. Shelly, Indian Army Reserve, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of a depôt. Dated 16th September 1918.

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Lieutenant L. W. Guiton, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 13th June 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) W. Gordon-Smith relinquishes his acting rank with effect from the 29th May 1918.

Lieutenant R. Barker, Indian Army Reserve of Officer, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company, from 16th June 1918 to 31st July 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. E. Hawkes, M.C., attached, retains his acting rank (with pay) while commanding a company. Dated 1st August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant R. Barker, relieved.

Lieutenant E. G. Steel, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 24th July 1918. (First appointment.)

Lieutenant J. J. O. Wickham, attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 16th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) G. E. Hawkes, appointed temporary Company Commander with effect from the 1st August 1918.

Lieutenant H. McKinstry, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 9th September 1918, *vice* Lieutenant E. G. Steel, relieved with effect from 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. G. Steel, attached, retains his acting rank (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 25th August 1918, *vice* Lieutenant J. J. O. Wickham relinquishes his acting rank with effect from 25th August 1918.

Lieutenant L. W. Guiton, attached, retains his acting rank (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. G. Steel, vacated.

Lieutenant (acting Captain) E. G. Steel, attached, retains his acting rank (with pay) while commanding a company. Dated 1st October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) L. W. Guiton, relieved.

151st Indian Infantry.

Lieutenant J. A. McLaren, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 30th November 1918, *vice* Major M. Wace, vacated with effect from the 15th November 1918.

4th Gurkha Rifles.

Captain C. H. M. Dennys, attached, to be acting Major while second-in-command of a battalion. Dated 13th November 1918, *vice* Major L. P. Collins, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 29th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. H. Bunning, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 5th October 1918, *vice* Lieutenant (acting Captain) H. E. Giles, vacated with effect from the 20th September 1918.

Lieutenant W. L. Curtler, attached, to be acting Captain (additional), from 6th March 1918 to 13th April 1918, inclusive.

Lieutenant W. L. Curtler, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 13th November 1918, *vice* Major L. P. Collins, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 29th October 1918.

Lieutenant R. A. Lawson, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, attached, to be acting Captain while commanding a company. Dated 14th November 1918, *vice* Major C. D. Roe, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 30th October 1918.

Lieutenant A. M. L. Harrison, M.C., attached, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant. Dated 17th July 1918, *vice* Captain J. R. Hartwall, D.S.O., vacated with effect from the 2nd July 1918.

Labour and Porter Corps.

Lieutenant J. J. Booth to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of an Indian Labour Corps. Dated 6th October 1918.

Lieutenant W. Trounson, The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, to be acting Captain while commanding No. 8 Works Company, Labour Corps, with effect from the 4th December 1918.

In Army Department Notification No. 2718, dated the 22nd November 1918, so far as it relates to the acting promotion of Lieutenant A. H. Greening, *vice* Lieutenant C. J. Fitzpatrick vacated for "27th October 1917" read "11th November 1917", and so far as it relates to the subsequent acting promotion of Lieutenant A. H. Greening, for "19th August 1918" read "18th July 1918" and so far as it relates to the relinquishment of acting promotion by Lieutenant (acting Captain) A. V. Stevens, for "3rd August 1918" read "18th July 1918", and so far as it relates to the acting promotion of Lieutenant S. C. Pain for "1st October 1918" read "30th August 1918."

Leave Details Camps.

Lieutenant L. W. N. White, 113th Infantry, to be acting Captain (with pay and allowances as for a Lieutenant), while holding the appointment of Adjutant of an Indian Details Camp. Dated 14th November 1918.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 3028.—The undermentioned officers whose appointment to the Indian Army on probation, was notified in Army Department Notifications No. 1795, dated the 26th October 1917, No. 1958, dated the 9th November 1917, No. 2020, dated the 22nd November 1917, No. 2076, dated the 7th December 1917, No. 2128, dated the 14th December 1917, No. 2187, dated the 21st December 1917, No. 2244, dated the 28th December 1917, No. 58, dated the 12th January 1918, No. 262, dated the 8th February 1918, No. 416, dated the 1st March 1918, No. 656, dated the 5th April 1918, No. 770, dated the 19th April 1918, No. 823, dated the 26th April 1918, No. 1050, dated the 24th May 1918, No. 1315, dated the 21st June 1918, No. 1392, dated the 28th June 1918, No. 1518, dated the 12th July 1918, No. 1715, dated

the 2nd August 1918, No. 1778, dated the 9th August 1918, No. 1950, dated the 30th August 1918, are admitted to the Indian Army, with effect from the dates specified :—

John Brough Girling.	Dated 4th December 1918.
Richard Boyd Ledward.	Dated 29th August 1918.
Walter Laurence Curtler.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Henry Youle Huthwaite, M.C.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Gordon Shelley Lightfoot.	Dated 23rd November 1918.
William Maxson Collingwood Wilson.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Robert Harley Wordsworth.	Dated 3rd November 1918.
Thomas Percy Roper.	Dated 29th July 1918.
Ronald Stanley Brewis.	Dated 14th August 1918.
Harry Heaton Crawshaw.	Dated 1st October 1918.
Horatio Frederick Gillmore.	Dated 29th July 1918.
Rees Stanley Jones.	Dated 20th August 1918.
John Andrew Theodore Seed.	Dated 29th July 1918.
William Balfour Campbell.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Edward Arthur Howard Lowe.	Dated 17th September 1918.
Gordon Blackburne Kane.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Walter de Bois Maclaren.	Dated 24th September 1918.
Gerard Alphonsus Capes.	Dated 16th August 1918.
Ernest Cecil Hale.	Dated 6th May 1918.
Edgar Cyril Walters.	Dated 6th November 1918.
Frederick Arthur Montagu Beirtram Jenkins.	Dated 6th May 1918.
Victor Wilson Bratton.	Dated 20th August 1918.
Kenneth Burrell.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Herbert Armstrong.	Dated 21st July 1918.
Alexander Stalker Lancaster.	Dated 20th October 1918.
Laurence Gamble.	Dated 25th September 1918.
Howard Frank Newman Powell.	Dated 26th November 1918.
James Campbell.	Dated 25th November 1918.
Kenneth Paterson.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
Frederick Oscar Edwards.	Dated 5th December 1918.
Albert Edward Dossett, M.C.	Dated 26th November 1918.
James Albert Lewis, M.C.	Dated 25th September 1918.
Wilfrid Arthur Blyde.	Dated 29th July 1918.
William Albus Power.	Dated 5th November 1918.
Felix William Keenan.	Dated 28th July 1918.
Luke William Newbold White.	Dated 22nd November 1918.
Robert Knights.	Dated 9th December 1918.
Brian Rolton Harman.	Dated 5th October 1918.
Francis Caleb Coy.	Dated 3rd December 1918.
James Gordon Lightbody.	Dated 22nd November 1918.

No. 3029.—The following are appointed to the Indian Army on probation, subject to His Majesty's approval, with a view to permanent appointment, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Captain.

Captain John Bradshaw Smalley, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 26th November 1918, but to rank from the 20th September 1915.

To be Lieutenants.

Captain Bernard Stuart Horner, The East Surrey Regiment, attached 30th Punjabis. Dated 5th October 1918, but to rank from the 5th May 1916.

Captain Herbert Hervey Sperling, The Bedfordshire Regiment, attached 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 16th May 1916.

Captain Algernon Ransome Wallis, City of London Battalion, The London Regiment, attached 35th Sikhs. Dated 5th December 1918, but to rank from the 3rd January 1917.

Lieutenant Arnold James Jack, The Royal Irish Fusiliers, attached 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry. Dated 5th December 1917, but to rank from the 20th April 1917.

Lieutenant Walter Beale Cornock, The Gloucestershire Regiment, attached 31st Punjabis. Dated 3rd November 1918, but to rank from the 5th June 1918.

Lieutenant Leonard Walter Wood, The Coldstream Guards, attached 58th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 7th December 1918, but to rank from the 28th August 1918.

To be Second Lieutenants.

* Second Lieutenant Thomas Martin, M.C., The King's Royal Rifle Corps, attached 89th Punjabis. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 26th January 1918.

Second Lieutenant Alec Harrison, The Cheshire Regiment, attached 21st Punjabis. Dated 26th November 1918, but to rank from the 29th May 1918.

No. 3030.—The following are admitted to the Indian Army from the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Captain.

Ethelbert George Bland, attached 92nd Punjabis. Dated 7th November 1918.

To be Lieutenants.

Howard Stedman, M.C., attached 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 2nd November 1918, but to rank from the 20th August 1916.

Thomas Llewellyn Marshall Fuge, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 4th November 1918, but to rank from the 27th August 1916.

Richard Henry Stevens, attached 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 19th November 1918, but to rank from the 8th October 1916.

George Hales, attached 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 28th October 1918, but to rank from the 5th December 1916.

Charles Alexander Grant, attached 61st King George's Own Pioneers. Dated 4th October 1918, but to rank from the 23rd January 1917.

William Aird Smith, attached 123rd Outram's Rifles. Dated 16th December 1918, but to rank from the 28th May 1917.

Charles William Theo Harman, attached 98th Infantry. Dated 12th October 1918, but to rank from the 30th August 1917.

Edmund Robertson Page, attached Supply and Transport Corps. Dated 29th August 1918, but to rank from the 25th October 1917.

Robert Hastings Rogers, attached 39th King George's Own Central India Horse. Dated 22nd November 1918, but to rank from the 5th July 1918.

John Garnet Millar, attached 19th Punjabis. Dated 9th December 1918, but to rank from the 6th July 1918.

Felix Lionel Edge, attached 42nd Cavalry. Dated 21st October 1918, but to rank from the 28th July 1918.

James Robert Kenneth Wallace, attached 95th Russell's Infantry. Dated 24th October 1918, but to rank from the 10th August 1918.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 3031.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the undermentioned to be temporary Lieutenants, with effect from the dates specified :—

Salvadore Christian. Dated 23rd November 1918.

Kallankarai Narayana Pisharoty. Dated 7th December 1918.

No. 3032.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Burjor Pirozsha Banaji to be an honorary temporary Captain for the period of his honorary service in Bombay, with effect from the 28th November 1918.

INDIAN ARMY RESERVES.

No. 3033.—The following officers are admitted to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Infantry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenants.

John Clark, General List, attached 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles. Dated 20th August 1917, but to rank from the 1st June 1917.

Macleod Newson Burder, General List, attached 75th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 23rd November-1917, but to rank from the 27th June 1917.

Arthur Hancock, General List, attached 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 6th December 1917, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

Harold Edwards, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 95th Russell's Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

John Walter Peter Jenkin Jenkins, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers, attached 95th Russell's Infantry. Dated 9th February 1918, but to rank from the 26th September 1917.

Duncan William Cochrane, General List, attached 39th King George's Own Central India Horse. Dated 9th January 1918, but to rank from the 25th December 1917.

Herbert Henry Ryall, General List, attached 36th Sikhs. Dated 23rd January 1918, but to rank from the 29th August 1917.

No. 3034.—The following is appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Infantry Branch.

To be Second Lieutenant.

Percival Harold Cooper. Dated 7th March 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

No. 3035.—His Excellency the Right Honourable Freeman Freeman-Thomas Baron Willingdon of Ratton, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., G.B.E., resigns the appointment of Honorary Commandant of the 36th Poona Battalion. Dated 14th December 1918.

No. 3036.—His Honour Sir Reginald Henry Claddock, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., Lieutenant-Governor of Burma, is appointed Honorary Commandant of the 34th Upper Burma Battalion. Dated 3rd December 1918.

No. 3037.—Lieutenant-Colonel George Anson Bayley is appointed Honorary Commandant of the 42nd Assam Bengal Railway Battalion. Dated 30th August 1918.

6th Bangalore, Coorg and Mysore Battalion.

No. 3038.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenants.

Arthur John Lavender.

James Perry Hill.

} Dated 27th May 1918.

42nd Assam Bengal Railway Battalion.

No. 3039.—The undermentioned gentlemen are granted temporary commissions, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenant.

Royston Cecil Cumberlege. Dated 13th December 1918.

To be Captain (Supernumerary List).

Alfred James. Dated 1st April 1917.

Medical Corps.

No. 3040.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, Dr. Reginald John Lambart Sladen to be a temporary Lieutenant, with effect from the 20th July 1918.

No. 3041.—In Army Department Notification No. 2851, dated the 6th December 1918, opposite Charles Ainslie Stone for "6th December 1918" read "1st October 1918".

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 3042.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, temporary Captain Richard Charles Palmer Berryman, Indian Medical Service, is permitted to resign his commission, with effect from the 3rd December 1918.

INDIAN DEFENCE FORCE.

16th Rangoon Battalion.

No. 3043.—Lieutenant Albert Ernest Bellars resigns his commission, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 13th November 1918.

REWARDS.

No. 3044.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned departmental officers with honorary rank, for services in the field during the present War. The promotions will have effect from the 1st January 1918 :—

Ordnance Department, Northern Army.

Conductor William Ernest Richards to be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

India Miscellaneous List.

Conductor Arthur William Peel to be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

No. 3045.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned warrant officer, in recognition of his services in India in connection with the war :—

Ordnance Department, Southern Army.

Conductor John Malcolm to be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, with effect from the 12th September 1918.

PART B.**APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.****INDIAN ARMY.**

No. 3046.—The following direct appointment is made :—

8th Rajputs.

Kalika Singh to be Jemadar, on probation, with effect from the 1st October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

No. 3047.—The following temporary appointments are made :—

30th Punjabis.

Anar Khan and Dina Nath to be Subadars, on probation, Alam Shah, Muhammad Din, Jagan Nath and Surkhru Khan to be Jemadars, on probation, with effect from the 2nd July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

131st United Provinces Regiment.

Bashir Husain, Mulchand Singh, Gyan Singh and Muhammad Naqi Khan to be Subadars, on probation, Sant Singh, Baramdeo Singh, Gajraj Singh, Ujagar Singh, Babban Singh and Indarjit Singh to be Jemadars, on probation, with effect from the 13th July 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

No. 3048.—The following promotions are made :—

4th Cavalry.

Jemadar Kartar Singh to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Hardawari Lal to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

27th Light Cavalry.

Ressaidar Kaghbir Singh to be Risaldar, with effect from the 20th March 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumaden's) (Infantry).

Jemadar Khushal to be Subadar and Lance Naik (temporary Havildar) Lal Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Sukhbir Gurung to be Subadar, with effect from the 31st August 1918 and Jemadar Wadhawa Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 19th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

• Havildar-Majors Jahan Khan and Sultan Muhammad to be Jemadars, with effect from the 19th October 1918 ; to complete the establishment.

221st Brigade, Ammunition Column, Royal Field Artillery.

Jemadar Shah Alam Khan to be Subadar with effect from the 4th August 1918; supernumerary to the establishment.

37th (Reserve) Mountain Battery.

Jemadar Nur Muhammad to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Royal Artillery Depot, Ahmednagar.

Havildar Nihal Singh (Royal Artillery Depot, Roorkee) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Muhammad Hayat to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

No. 14 (Divisional Signal) Company.

Colour-Havildar Abdul Qadir (73rd Carnatic Infantry) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

8th Rajputs.

Jemadars Jagratan Singh and Brijpal Singh to be Subadars, Havildars Sarabjit Singh, Janghbadur Singh, Brijlal Singh and Shiunath Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilsie Regiment).

Subadar Hari Ram to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 25th October; *vice* Udmi Ram transferred to the pension establishment.

Jemadar Har Narain to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st November 1918; *vice* Dewak Ram transferred to the pension establishment.

Jemadar Balwant Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 25th October 1918; Havildar Jai Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918 and Company Quartermaster-Havildar Sarjit to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Havildars Gagan, Akhe Ram and Colour-Havildar Ganda Singh to be Jemadars, with effect from the 22nd August 1918; to complete the establishment.

13th Rajputs (The Shekhawati Regiment).

Havildar Takht Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th May 1918; Havildars Surat Singh and Maluk Singh (2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry) to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

26th Punjabis.

Havildars Budha Khan, Beli Ram, Gurdit Singh and Bishambar Das to be Jemadars, with effect from the 18th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

27th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Gulab Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd September 1918; to complete the establishment.

30th Punjabis.

Havildar Indar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

33rd Punjabis.

Subadar Atar Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., to be Subadar-Major, with effect from the 1st October 1918; *vice* Maluk Singh, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., transferred to the pension establishment.

Jemadar Maluk to be Subadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; Jemadar Shan Baz to be Subadar, with effect from the 25th October 1918; Colour-Havildar Dhian Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 27th June 1918; Colour-Havildar Sher Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; Colour-Havildar Hayat Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; Colour-Havildar Sohna Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 6th October 1918; Quartermaster-Havildar Sultan Muhammad to be Jemadar, with effect from the 25th October 1918; and Colour-Havildar Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

34th Sikh Pioneers.

Colour-Havildar Bishan Singh (32nd Sikh Pioneers) to be Jemadar, with effect from the 10th August 1918 and Havildar Ishar Singh, I.D.S.M. (32nd Sikh Pioneers), to be Jemadar, with effect from the 19th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

35th Sikhs.

Havildar Dani Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 16th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

43rd Brinpura Regiment.

Havildar Kishan Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 31st July 1918; Havildars Panna Singh and Panna to be Jemadars, with effect from the 2nd September 1918; Havildar Abdul Hakim to be Jemadar, with effect from the 11th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

47th Sikhs.

Havildar Ganda Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Haqdad Khan to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st October 1918; to complete the establishment.

54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Harnam Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

67th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Basant Singh (74th Punjabis) and Havildars Ram Singh and Ghulam Ahmad (69th Punjabis), to be Jemadars, with effect from the 12th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

Havildar-Major Maula Bakhsh and Colour-Havildar Muhammad Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st August 1918, and Havildar Mulu to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

72nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Phuman Singh to be Subadar, Colour-Havildars Roda Singh and Nawab Ali to be Jemadars, with effect from the 7th August 1918, and Colour-Havildar Barkat Ali to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar S. David (71st Punjabis) to be Subadar, and Havildar N. F. Symons (71st Punjabis), to be Jemadar, with effect from the 5th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

76th Punjabis.

Company Quartermaster-Havildar Tokh Ram and Havildar-Major Gulab Khan to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

89th Punjabis.

Jemadar Sewa Singh to be Subadar, Havildars Muhamad Qasim and Allah Ditta to be Jemadars, with effect from the 1st November 1918; to complete the establishment.

91st Punjabis.

Jemadar Sundar Singh to be Subadar, with effect from the 17th September 1918 and Havildar Ali Bakhsh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 21st September 1918; to complete the establishment.

119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Company Havildar-Major Sagar Singh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 23rd May 1918; to complete the establishment.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Jemadar Bab Din, I.D.S.M., to be Subadar, with effect from the 11th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Jemadar Hakim Khan, I.D.S.M., to be Subadar, and Colour Havildar Jai Ram to be Jemadar, with effect from the 20th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Acting Havildar Dani Bakhsh to be Jemadar, with effect from the 29th October 1918; to complete the establishment.

152nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Jahan Khan to be Subadar, with effect from the 5th August 1918; to complete the establishment.

2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles.)

Havildar Hari Sing Thapa to be Jemadar, with effect from the 1st February 1917; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Kharki Gharti to be Subadar, with effect from the 8th November 1918, *vice* Subadar Lachman Gurung transferred to the pension establishment.

Havildars Dil Bahadur Rana, Parbal Thapa and Chandra Sing Gurung to be Jemadars, with effect from the 15th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Rup Sing Thapa to be Subadar, with effect from the 20th September 1918; Havildar Bhagatbir Pun to be Jemadar, with effect from the 22nd June 1918; Havildar-Major Parsai Gurung to be Jemadar, with effect from the 8th September 1918; Havildars Bhagatbir Gurung and Kesar Sing Thapa to be Jemadars, with effect from the 20th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadars Hari Sing Thapa and Narsain Sing Rana to be Subadars, and Havildars Bahadur Rai, Kalu Ale, Nain Sing Gurung, Karnabir Thapa, Bar Sing Gurung and Atibal Thapa to be Jemadars, with effect from the 22nd June 1918; to complete the establishment.

Jemadar Ran Pati Gurung to be Subadar, with effect from the 31st October 1918, and Havildar Man Bahadur Gurung to be Jemadar, with effect from the 12th September 1918; to complete the establishment.

Labour Corps Depot, Secunderabad.

Pensioners Dafadars Muhammad Wazir and Muhammad Abdul Karim to be Jemadars, with effect from the 5th November 1918; to complete the establishment.

33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

No. 3049.—The promotion of Jemadar Khan Muhammad Khan, as published in Army Department Notification No. 2397, dated the 11th October 1918, has effect from the 1st July 1918 and not from the 1st July 1917, as therein stated.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 3 Mule Depot.

No. 3050.—Quartermaster Dafadar Diwan Singh, 11th Mule Corps, Kot-Dafadar Saif Ali, 13th Mule Corps, Kot-Dafadar Karam Elahi, 30th Mule Corps, to be Jemadars, to complete the establishment; with effect from the 5th November 1917.

APPOINTMENTS.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 3051.—The undermentioned Military pupils having passed their final examination, are admitted into the service as 4th class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 7th October 1918 :—

Charles Joseph Coshan.

Eric Bertram Jago Wynne.

JUDICIAL.

No. 3052.—Under paragraphs 52 and 53 of the Regulations under the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, notice is hereby given :—

First.—That information has been received by me of the deaths of the officers named and described in the subjoined table.

Secondly.—That there have been received by me, as the surplus of their respective properties, the amounts set opposite their respective names in the same table.

Thirdly.—That all claims by creditors against the respective properties of the deceased are to be lodged with the official referred to in the column of remarks within two calendar months from the date of this notice.

Rank and name.	Corps or Department.	Place of death.	Date of death.	Testate or intestate.	Amount of surplus.	REMARKS.
					Rs. A. P.	
Captain T. W. Bone	1st Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.	Rawalpindi.	6th August 1918.	Not known.	2,815 9 7	
Captain F. A. Lawrie.	1st Garrison Battalion, Scottish Rifles, attached Highland Light Infantry.	Bangalore	25th September 1918.	Do.	522 2 11	

RETENTIONS.

Ordnance Department—Southern Army.

No. 3053.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Frederick William Kaye is retained in the service after the age of 55 years, with effect from the 14th December 1918 until further orders, and will be borne as supernumerary in his rank and grade.

REWARDS.

No. 3054.—A Supplementary Royal Warrant, dated the 1st August 1918, providing for the award of "The Military Medal" to Warrant Officers, is published below, in continuation of Gazette of India, Army Department, Notification No. 513, dated the 12th May 1916 :—

GEORGE R. I.

WHEREAS We did by Royal Warrant under Our Sign Manual dated 25th March, 1916, institute and create a silver medal entitled "The Military Medal" to be awarded to non-commissioned officers and men for bravery in the Field :

And Whereas We are desirous that Warrant Officers shall be eligible for the award of the said medal :—

It is Our Will and Pleasure and We do hereby ordain that "The Military Medal" may be awarded to Warrant Officers, Class I and Class II for acts of bravery in the Field, under the same conditions as are prescribed for other ranks.

Given at Our Court at St. James's this First day of August 1918, in the Ninth year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command,
MILNER.

No. 3055.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India has been pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon Captain Eric Mackenzie Burn, 26th Hyderabad Rifles, Indian Defence Force.

No. 3056.—With the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the special promotion of the undermentioned departmental officers with honorary rank, warrant and non-commissioned officers and men, for services in the field during the present war. The promotions will have effect from the 1st January 1918 :—

Ordnance Department—General List.

Sub-Conductor William Welton to be Conductor.

Supply and Transport Corps—Amalgamated List.

Sub-Conductor James Ingram to be Conductor, Staff-Serjeants Harry Cooper and Robert Paul Munden to be Sub-Conductors.

Military Works Services.

Sub-Conductors Alexander Neville Jameson and Robert Vernon Young to be Conductors; Staff-Serjeants Alexander Henley MacGuffie and John Townsend to be Sub-Conductors.

India Miscellaneous List.

Staff-Serjeant Benjamin Rigby to be Sub-Conductor.

Indian Telegraph Department.

Staff-Serjeant Percy William Brown to be Sub-Conductor.

Corps of Military Staff Clerks.

Serjeants John Shannon, George Wilkinson, James Henry Lanfear, and Edward Wood, to be transferred to the India Miscellaneous List (Supernumerary) in the rank of Staff-Serjeant.

Indian Subordinate Veterinary Department.

Farrier Staff-Serjeant Sidney Nunn to be Farrier Quartermaster Serjeant.

Soldier Clerks.

No. 51353 Corporal John William Kooymans, "V" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, No. 9346 Private Arthur Robert Oakes, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment), Private H. Hubble, 14th (King's) Hussars, No. 47872 Acting Serjeant Alexander McIntyre Hutchinson, "W" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, No. 10537 Private William Entwistle, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment), No. 1907 Acting Serjeant Ernest Walter Delamere, 7th (Princess Royal's) Dragoon Guards, No. 1180 Private Frank Gilbert Hobbs, The King's (Liverpool) Regiment, and No. 8911 Private William George Johnson, The Royal West Kent Regiment, to be appointed to the Corps of Military Staff Clerks, 3rd Grade, supernumerary to the establishment.

1st Sappers and Miners.

No. 3158 Quartermaster Serjeant Henry Thomas Henley to be Serjeant-Major, supernumerary to establishment.

London Gazette.

No. 3057.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

Seventh Supplement, dated the 23rd August 1918, to the London Gazette of the 20th August 1918, page 9817.

*India Office,
23rd August, 1918.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India in recognition of meritorious services rendered in connection with Military Operations in Mesopotamia :—

To be Additional Companions of the said Most Exalted Order.

*	*	*	*	*	*
Major Alexander James Anderson, Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers.					
*	*	*	*	*	*

London Gazette, dated the 17th September 1918, page 11100.

*India Office,
17th September, 1918.*

The KING has approved the grant of temporary or acting rank to the following Officers of the Indian Medical Service :—

To be tempy. Colonels.

*	*	*	*	*	*
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Maj. and Brevet Lt.-Col. F. A. F. Barnardo, while holding an appointment as A.D.M.S., 1st May 1918.

To be tempy. Lt.-Colonels while holding appointments as Asst. Directors-General, Indian Medical Service.

25th Apr. 1918.

Maj. R. A. Needham, D.S.O.

Maj. H. Ross.

To be Acting Major whilst employed as Major with a Casualty Clearing Station.

Capt. J. G. B. Shand. 4th Jan. 1918.

Fourth Supplement, dated the 7th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 4th October 1918, pages 11803, 11804, 11805 and 11807.

War Office,
7th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * * *

GENERAL STAFF.

Brig.-Gen.—Bt. Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) C. A. C. Godwin, D.S.O., Ind. Cav., from a Brig.-Comdr., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld., *vice* Bt. Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) R. G. H. Howard-Vyse, C.M.G., D.S.O., Household Cav. 17th July 1918.

G.S.Os., 2nd Grade.—Maj. E. S. C. Willis, D.S.O., Rif., Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. H. B. D. Willcox, D.S.O., M.C., Notts. & Derby R., who relinquishes the temp. rank of Maj. 1st July 1918.

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A.G's. AND Q.M.G's. STAFF.

* * * * *

D.A.A.G.—Maj. D. B. Ross, Punjabis, Ind. Army, *vice* Capt. C. M. Phillips, Suff. R., T.F., who relinquishes the temp. rank of Maj. 29th July 1918.

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

* * * * *

Cl. G.G.—18th Feb. 1918.

Lt. H. J. L. Fremlin, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt. (with pay and allos. as Lt.) whilst so empld.

Lt. J. J. Mather, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

Lt. C. J. Cleary, Ind. Army Res. of Off., *vice* Lt. H. Thorne, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 1st May 1918.

* * * * *

7th May 1918.

* * * * *

Lt. B. H. Cates, Ind. Army Res. of Off.

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ATTD. TO HD.-Qs. UNITS.

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Brig. Majors.—

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Maj. G. H. T. Mackintosh, Ind. Cav. 20th May 1918.

* * * * *

Maj. T. Milne, Rif., Ind. Army. 19th July 1918.

* * * * *

Staff Captains.—

* * * * *

Capt. J. A. Ferguson, Rajputs, Ind. Army. 6th May 1918.

* * * * *

Lt. D. C. R. Hindley, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt. whilst so empld. *vice*
Lt. (temp. Maj.) J. G. Bell, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 20th June 1918.

* * * * *

Maj. E. B. L'Estrange, Inf., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 7th May 1918.

* * * * *

*Asst. Comdt. (Cl. CC).—*Maj. A. K. Norris, Rif., Ind. Army, and to be temp. Lt.-Col.
whilst so empld. 27th May 1918.

HD.-QRS. OF ADMIN. SERVS. AND DEPTS.

*Dep. Asst. Dir. of Trans. (Cl. BB).—*Capt. G. V. Comyn, S. & T. Corps, Ind. Army, and
to be temp. Maj. whilst so empld. 27th July 1918.

*Asst. Dir. of Supplies & Trans.—*Maj E. H. Lancaster, S. & T. Corps. Ind. Army, and
to be temp. Lt.-Col. whilst so empld., from 17th Nov. to 5th Dec. 1917.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

Capt. R. Denning, Ind. Cav., to be temp. Maj. whilst empld. as a D.A.A.G. 13th June
1918.

* * * * *

Lt. E. J. Johnson, Ind. Cav., to be temp. Capt. (with pay and allces. of Lt.) whilst empld.
as an Adj. and Qr.-Mr. of a Disciplinary Camp. 22nd Apr. 1918.

* * * * *

INFANTRY.

General List.

Temp. Lt. R. W. Crampin, from a Serv. Bn., R. Berks. R., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as
probr. to Ind. Army. 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority 25 May 1918.

The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off.
11 Sept. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. E. Smerdon, from a Serv. Bn., K.R. Rif. C. 22 Nov. 1917.

Temp. Lt. T. G. Johnson, from a Serv. Bn., R. Innis. Fus. 11 Dec. 1915.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind.
Army Res. of Off. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

V. P. F. Walsh, from E. Kent R. (attd.). 27 Feb. 1918.

H. Cottrell, from S. Wales Bord. (attd.). 1 May 1918.

R. Robertson, from E. Kent R. (attd.). 26 June 1918.

* * * * *

*Fifth Supplement, dated the 7th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 4th October
1918, pages 11813, 11814, 11816, 11817 and 11818.*

War Office,
7th October, 1918.

The names of the undermentioned have been brought to the notice of the Secretary of
State for War for valuable services rendered in connection with Military Operations in
Hedjaz :—

* * * * *

INDIAN ARMY.

Hassan Shah, Jemadar.

Mohammed Sherif, 2687 Sowar, Cav.

* * * * *

The names of the undermentioned Officers, Warrant and Non-commissioned Officers, and Men are to be added to those brought to notice for distinguished and gallant services and devotion to duty by General Sir E. H. Allenby, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force, in his despatch of the 3rd April, 1918. (Published in the Supplement of the London Gazette, dated 14th June, 1918, No. 30746) :—

* * * * *

Barrow, Maj.-Gen. G. do S., C.B., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Channer, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) G. K., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Duberly, Capt. M. R. W., Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

* * * * *

Findlay, Lt. (A.-Capt.) A. J., I.A.R.O. and Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

* * * * *

Hill, Lt.-Col., and Bt.-Col. (T.-Maj.-Gen.) J., D.S.O., A.-D.-C., Ind. Army.

Hogge, Capt. A. H. F., Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

* * * * *

Lind, Maj. (T.-Lt.-Col.) A. G., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Nicolas, Maj. R. Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Oates, Lt. (A.-Capt.) W. J. S., Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

* * * * *

Ottley, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) W. J., Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Palin, Lt.-Col. and Bt. Col. (T.-Maj.-Gen.) P. C., C.B., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Rawlins, Lt.-Col. A. K., C.I.E., D.S.O., Punjabis.

* * * * *

Shea, Maj.-Gen. J. S. M., C. B., D.S.O.

* * * * *

Treloar, Lt. (A.-Capt.) R. M., I.A.R.O. and Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

* * * * *

Binda Singh, Subadar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Hira Singh, I.D.S.M. Subadar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Jaideo Singh, Capt., Bikanir Camel Corps, I.S.T.

Jhanda Singh, Subadar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Kala Singh, Subadar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Sohan Singh, Subadar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Harnam Singh, 4255 Colour-Havildar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Hazara Singh, 401 Havildar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Kehar Singh, 627 Naik, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Mangal Singh, I.O.M., 3985 Havildar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Pala Singh, 4469 Havildar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Ruran Singh, 125 Havildar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

Sadhu Singh, 4444 Havildar, Sikh Pnrs., I. A.

The names of the undermentioned Officers are to be added to those brought to notice for distinguished services by Lieutenant-General Sir J. L. Van Deventer, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of the British Forces in East Africa in his despatch of the 21st January, 1918 (published in the Supplement of the London Gazette, dated 6th August, 1918, No. 30829) :—

* * * * *

Fagan, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) B. J., Ind. Army.

* * * * *

Kennedy, Maj. R. S., M.C., M.B., Ind. Med. Serv.

* * * * *

Kinloch, T.-Maj. G., Calcutta Vol. Arty.

* * * * *

O'Gorman, Lt.-Col. P.W., Ind. Med. Serv.

* * * * *

AMENDMENTS TO MENTIONS IN DESPATCHES.

The undermentioned are now correctly described :—

London Gazette, dated 18th May, 1918 (No. 30689).

Beynon, Maj.-Gen. Sir W. G. L., K.C.I.E., C.B., D.S.O.

* * * * *

London Gazette, dated 20th May, 1918 (No. 30691).

* * * * *

Thomson, Col. W. D., Ind. Army (Staff).

* * * * *

London Gazette, dated 15th August, 1917 (No. 30233),

Dost Akhmad, 2125 Sepoy, Punjabis, I. A.

Harnam Singh, 115 Naik, Punjabis, I. A.

Karam Ilahi, 1175 Naik, Punjabis, I. A.

Suraj Pershad Missir, 2745 Havildar, Bhopal Inf., I. A.

Vaishno Ram, 422 Senr. Sub-Aest. Surg., Gde. (Civil), Ind. Sub-Med. Dept.

London Gazette, dated 12th March, 1918 (No. 30570).

* * * * *

Mabbett, Capt. P. W., I.A.R.O. (Staff and Headquarters).

London Gazette, dated 27th August, 1918 (No. 30856).

* * * * *

Nangle, Lt.-Col. K. E., I. A.

Pennell, Capt. K. E. L., R.E. (S.R.), attd. Sappers and Miners, I. A.

Rowan-Robinson, Maj. (A.-Lt.-Col.) J. R., D.S.O., Supply and Transport Corps, I. A.

* * * * *

London Gazette, dated 14th June, 1918 (No. 30746).

Hartford, Maj. (T.-Brig.-Gen.) C. R., Ind. Cav. (Staff).

* * * * *

Seventh Supplement, dated the 8th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 4th October 1918, pages 11813, 11844, 11850 and 11851.

*War Office,
8th October, 1918.*

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * *

ROYAL FLYING CORPS.

* * * *

CAVALRY.

Res. Regts. of Cav.—

* * * *

Temp. 2nd Lt. W. Gordon is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.) 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 6th Apr. 1918.

* * * *

INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

* * * *

Temp. 2nd Lt. F. W. Douglas (Ind. Army Res. of Off.) to be actg. Cap. while comdg. a Co. 10 Sept. 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 18 June 1918, incorrectly specifying date.)

* * * *

General List.

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. 2nd Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. :—

W. H. Houghton, from Glouc. R. (attd.). 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 29 May 1918.

H. D. Sales, from Norf. R. (attd.). 29 Aug. 1918, with seniority 1 May 1918.

R. De S. Veale, from Lab. Corps. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 18 Dec. 1917.

* * * *

Supplement, dated the 9th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th October 1918, pages 11919, 11921, 11922, 11924 and 11927.

*War Office,
9th October 1918.*

* * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * *

Lt. W. Gray, High. L. I., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army Res. of Off. (on prob.) 29th Aug. 1918, with seniority from 22nd Nov. 1917.

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Temp. Lt. J. S. Morrow, from R. Innis. Fus., to be temp. Lt. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.) 29th July 1917.

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REGULAR FORCES.

* * * *

INFANTRY.

* * * *

General List.

Temp. Capt. E. W. Moran, from Leins. R. (attd.), to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 29 July 1918, with seniority 11 Nov. 1915.

The undermentioned temp. Sub-Lts., from R.N.V.R., to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army. Res. of Off. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority specified against their names :—

L. C. Matcham. 18 June 1916.

R. Barclay-Brown. 26 Aug. 1916.

W. Marlow. 21 Sept. 1916.

T. M. Lawrie. 22 Nov. 1917.

D. G. Chapman. 28 Mar. 1918.

L. J. E. Buckland. 27 June 1918.

Temp. Lt. A. W. Coulter, from Can. M.G.C., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind Army Res. of Off. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 29 Sept. 1916.

Temp. 2nd Lt. H. J. Wykes, from Lab. Corps, to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 18 Dec. 1917.

* * * *

Second Supplement, dated the 10th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th October 1918, pages 11935, 11936, 11938 and 11940.

War Office,
10th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * *

Staff Lt.—Maj.-Gen. D. C. F. Macintyre, C.B., Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 1st Oct. 1918.

* * * *

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

* * * *

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

GENERAL STAFF.

G. S. Os., 2nd Grade.—Maj. G. D. Martin, M.C., Bhopal Inf., Ind. Army, from a Brig. Maj., *vice* Maj. C. M. G. Withers, Punjabis, Ind. Army. 29th May 1918.

* * * *

SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Cl. FF.—2nd Lt. (temp. Capt.) A. G. H. Sievwright, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to retain his temp. rank whilst so empld. 20th March 1918.

Cl. GG.—Lt. H. K. Head, Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to be temp. Capt. whilst so empld., *vice* Lt. E. M. Ashton, Ind. Army Res. of Off. 15th Feb. 1918.

2nd Lts. (temp. Lts.), Ind. Army Res. of Off., and to retain their temp. rank whilst so empld. 20th Feb. 1918 :—

N. V. Ringron.

V. H. Hoogwerf.

S. V. Guest.

* * * *

ATTD. TO H.D.-QR. UNITS.

* * * *

Brig. Majors.—Capt. H. Mullaly, Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army, and to relinquish the actg. rank of Maj., *vice* Maj. G. D. Martin, M.C., Bhopal Inf., Ind. Army. 25th May 1918.

Capt. W. L. Hailes, M.C., Jat L. I., Ind. Army, *vice* Bt. Maj. R. L. Petre, D.S.O., M.C., S. Wales Bord. 30th May 1918.

* * * *

Staff. Lts., 2nd Cl.

* * * *

2nd Lt. H. E. Caunter, Pathans, Ind. Army, relinquishes his appt. 19th May 1918.

* * * *

General List.

Temp. Lt. J. A. Tetley, from a Cyclist Corps, to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 9 Jan. 1917.

Third Supplement, dated the 10th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 8th October 1918, pages 11943, 11944, 11945, 11946, 11947, 11948 and 11950.

War Office,
10th October, 1918.

The following are among the Decorations and medals awarded by the Allied Powers at various dates to the British Forces for distinguished services rendered during the course of the campaign :—

His Majesty the KING has given unrestricted permission in all cases to wear the Decorations and medals in question.

Decorations conferred by

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

Légion d'Honneur.

* * * *

Croix d'Officier.

* * * *

Brevet Major (temporary Brigadier-General) Cyril Louis Norton Newall, Indian Army.

* * * *

Croix de Guerre.

* * * *

Major Mervyn Doyne Vigors, M.C., Indian Cavalry.

* * * *

Médaille Militaire.

* * * *

2059 Daffadar Nur Khan, Indian Cavalry.

* * * *

Légion d'Honneur.

* * * *

Croix d'Officier.

* * * *

Brevet Colonel Alfred William Fortescue Knox, C.B., Indian Army.

* * * *

Croix de Chevalier.

* * * *

Major John Dymoke Seale, D.S.O., Indian Army.

* * * *

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Cudbert John Massy Thornhill, D.S.O., Indian Army.

* * * *

CORRECTIONS

London Gazette, 24 Feb., 1918.

Croix de Guerre.

Page 2070.—1434 Sepoy Nihal Singh, Punjabis, Indian Army, is now correctly described.

* * * *

London Gazette, dated the 11th October 1918, pages 11974, 11978, 11979, 11980 and 11983.

Air Ministry,

11th October, 1918.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.

* * * *

ADMINISTRATIVE BRANCH.

* * * *

L. J. Torrie (Capt. Ind. Army) is granted a temp. Commn. as Capt. 11th Aug. 1918.

* * * *

India Office,

11th October, 1918.

* * * *

The KING has approved the retirement of the following officers of the I.A. and I.M.S. :—

I.A.

* Capt. H. T. de la Motte, M.C., in consequence of wounds. 17th Augt. 1918.

* * * *

The KING has approved the grant of honorary rank as shown below to the following gentlemen on relinquishment of their commissions :—

* * * *

To be Honorary Lieut.

S. R. Kapoor, late tempy. Lieut. I.M.S., 4th May 1916.

* * * *

Supplement, dated the 12th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 11th October 1918, pages 12025, 12026, 12027, 12028 and 12030.

War Office,

12th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The undermentioned appts. are made :—

* * * *

ATTD. TO HD.-QR. UNITS.

Brig. Comdrs.

* * * *

Bt. Lt.-Col. F. G. Marsh, C.M.G., Gurkha Rif., Ind. Army, and to be temp. Brig.-Gen whilst so empld. 27th Sept. 1918.

* * * *

ROYAL FLYING CORPS.

* * * *

CAVALRY.

Res. Regts. of Cav.—Temp. 2nd Lt. H. H. Jacob is transfd. to Gen. List for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 11th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 24th Nov. 1917.

* * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * *

The undermentioned to be actg. Capts :—

* * * *

Temp. 2nd Lt. (actg. Lt.) F. A. Malcolm, Ind. Army Res. of Off., whilst empld. on Works Directorate. 22nd May 1918.

* * * *

Temp. Lt. J. R. Meikle relinquishes his commn. on ceasing to be empld. with R. A. Ind. Personnel. 13th Oct. 1918.

* * * *

The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be actg. Lts. :—

F. A. Malcolm, Ind. Army Res. of Off., whilst empld. on Works Directorate. 2nd Oct. 1917.

* * * *

INFANTRY.

Labour Corps.

Temp. Lt.-Col. J. Lang (2nd Lt., Ind. Army Res. of Off.) relinquishes the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. on ceasing to be empld. with the Corps. 5 Sept. 1918.

* * * *

General List.

Temp. Lt. R. W. P. Greengrass, from Manch. R. (attd.) to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 25 Aug. 1918, with seniority 16 Aug. 1917. (Substituted for Gaz. notification 28 Sept. 1918, page 11515, incorrectly specifying dates and transfer to Ind. Army Res. of Off.)

The undermentioned to be temp. Lts. on appt. as probrs. to Ind. Army :—

Temp. Lt. A. Felix-Williams, from R. W. Fus. (attd.). 11 Sept. 1918, with seniority 7 Apr. 1918.

Temp. 2nd Lt. J. Gault, from a Res. Bn. R. Ir. Rif. 16 Aug. 1918, with seniority 27 Nov. 1916.

Temp. Lt. C. J. H. Samuels, from a Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Rif., to be temp. Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army Res. of Off. 14 Aug. 1918, with seniority 15 Dec. 1915.

* * * *

Second Supplement, dated the 14th October 1918, to the London Gazette of the 11th October 1918, pages 12035, 12038, 12059, 12040 and 12044.

War Office,
14th October, 1918.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * *

ARMY CHAPLAINS DEPARTMENT.

The Rev. R. J. B. Irwin, L.S.O., M.C. (Chapln. of the Ind. Ecclesiastical Dept.), to be transfd. to the Army Chaplains' Dept., and to be temp. Chapln. to the Forces, 4th Cl., without other alterations in the conditions of his service. 11th June 1917.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * *

The undermentioned Lts., Spec. Res., are apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 11th Sept. 1918 :—

A. P. Beatty, R. Ir. Fus., with seniority from 22nd Aug. 1918.

W. F. Charter, M.C., Sco. Rif., with seniority from 26th Oct. 1917.

* * * * *

2nd Lt. R. H. Byerley, York & Lanc. R. Spec. Res., is apptd. for service with Ind. Army (on prob.). 11th Sept. 1918, with seniority from 1st May 1918.

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INFANTRY.

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General List.

Temp. 2nd Lt. P. J. Don, M.M., from Sea. Highrs. (attd.), to be temp. 2nd Lt. on appt. as probr. to Ind. Army. 11th Sept. 1918, with seniority 1st May 1918.

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No. 3058.—In Army Department Notification No. 1905, dated the 23rd August 1918, publishing the 3rd Supplement, dated the 3rd June 1918, to the *London Gazette* of the 31st May 1918, for "Awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal" substitute "His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased, on the occasion of His Majesty's Birthday, to approve of the award of the Meritorious Service Medal to the undermentioned Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men in recognition of valuable services rendered with the forces in Egypt :—"

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General*,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 27th December 1918.

SHIPS.

No. 76.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 5 of the Impressment of Vessels Ordinance, 1914 (II of 1914), read with the Emergency Legislation Continuance Act, 1915 (I of 1915), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rules for the assessment of compensation for vessels impressed under the said Ordinance :—

Short title.

Definitions.

1. These rules may be called the Impressment of Vessels (Compensation) Rules, 1918.

2. In these rules—

"Board" means a Board of Arbitration constituted under rule 3, and, in the case of any act to be done or decision taken, the majority of the members of that Board.

"The Ordinance" means the Impressment of Vessels Ordinance, 1914, as continued by the Emergency Legislation Continuance Act, 1915.

"Port of impressment" in reference to any vessel means the port where such vessel was impressed under the Ordinance, provided that in the case of vessels impressed in any port of Burma other than Rangoon, the port of impressment shall be deemed to be Rangoon.

3. In default of agreement as to the compensation payable under the Ordinance in respect of any vessel impressed thereunder, such compensation shall be assessed by a Board of Arbitration to be constituted in the case of each vessel. The Board shall consist of three persons of whom one shall be a Judge of the High Court or Chief Court exercising jurisdiction at the port of impressment and shall be nominated by the Chief Justice or Chief Judge of such High Court or Chief Court; one shall be nominated by the Governor-General in Council, and one by the owner of the vessel.

Any Judge nominated under this rule shall be deemed to be so nominated for every arbitration held at such port.

4. The arbitration shall be held in every case at the port of impressment, provided that if the principal place of business of the owner of the vessel is at any one of the following ports, *vis.*, Madras, Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta or Rangoon, and the vessel was not impressed at such port, it shall be held either at the port of impressment or at such port, at the option of the owner.

5. In the case of any vessel in respect of which compensation is to be assessed under these rules, the Governor-General in Council shall, as soon as may be after publication thereof, cause to be forwarded to the owner by registered post a notice calling upon him within one month.—

- (a) to nominate a person to act as arbitrator on his behalf;
- (b) to communicate the name and address of the person so nominated by him to such office of Government as may be specified for that purpose in the notice; and
- (c) if he is entitled to an option under rule 4, to inform such officer where he desires the arbitration to be held.

6. If on the expiration of one month after the receipt of such notice by him or at his principal place of business, the owner has not so nominated and communicated the name and address of his arbitrator, or if such arbitrator, when notified of the place and time where and when the arbitration is to be held, is unwilling or unable to act, the Board may be completed by nomination by the Governor-General in Council, and a Board so constituted shall be deemed to have been constituted in accordance with the provisions of rule 3.

7. The Board shall determine the procedure to be followed at the arbitration, and may hear, or refuse to hear, counsel for the parties as it may think fit.

8. In determining the compensation to be paid to the owner of a vessel, the Board shall not be bound to have regard to the rate of profit earned by the vessel at the time of, or immediately prior to, its impressment, but shall have regard to the rate of profit usually earned before the war by similar vessels, and to whether such rate of profit was unreasonable or excessive and to any other circumstances of the case.

9. The compensation to be awarded may include any sum which the Board may consider to be properly payable to the owner in respect of the costs of the arbitration.

Provided that no costs shall be included where in the opinion of the Board a reasonable offer of compensation has been made to the owner of the vessel.

10. Every award under these rules shall be made within three months from the constitution of the Board, provided that such period may be extended in any case by the Governor-General in Council.

Award to be written and signed.

11. The Board shall make its award in writing and shall sign the same.

12. The award shall declare the total amount (if any) to be paid to the owner as compensation and shall be communicated to the parties.

13. The Board shall have power to correct in an award a clerical mistake or error arising from any accidental slip or omission.

14. Every award made under these rules shall be final and binding upon the parties and upon all persons claiming under them or either of them.

A. H. BINGLEY, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st December 1918.

No. 39-P.—16.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Railway Board have sanctioned a reconnaissance survey being carried out by the Agency of the Eastern Bengal Railway for a Chord line of Railway on the metre gauge from Parbatipur to Bonarpara, a distance of about 50 miles.

2. This survey will be known as the Parbatipur-Bonarpara Chord Railway reconnaissance survey.

The 24th December 1918.

No. 705-P.—16.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a reconnaissance survey being carried out by the agency of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway for the following lines of Railway on the 2' 6" gauge in Bundelkhand, viz. :—

- (1) Nowgong to Chhatarpur, a distance of about 17 miles.
- (2) Chhatarpur to Rajgarh, a distance of about 24 miles.
- (3) Chhatarpur to Bijawar, a distance of about 20 miles.

2. This survey will be known as the Nowgong-Chhatarpur, Chhatarpur-Rajgarh and Chhatarpur-Bijawar railways reconnaissance survey.

Delhi, the 24th December 1918.

No. 1982-E.—18.—Mr. F. R. B. August, District Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in Class II, grade 4 (provisional), of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is confirmed in that rank, with effect from the 30th October 1918.

No. 2037-E.—18.—Mr. O. W. Watkins, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, and Assistant Works Manager, North Western Railway, in Class III, grade 1, sub. *pro tem.*, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as District Locomotive Superintendent and Works Manager, in Class II of that Establishment, with effect from the 30th October 1918 and until further orders.

No. 2037-E.—18 II.—With reference to Railway Board's notification No. 1677-E.—18, dated the 14th October 1918, Mr. E. G. Townshend, officiating District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, in Class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 24th November 1918.

The ^{24th}/_{26th} December 1918.

No. 1967-E.—18.—Sir Robert R. Gales, Agent, North Western Railway, is granted combined leave for 9 months and 29 days (privilege leave for 2 months and furlough for the remaining period) under Articles 233, 260 and 308 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd January 1919.

No. 1967-E.-2—18.—With reference to Railway Board's notification No. 1967-E.—18, dated the 14th December 1918, Mr. E. A. S. Bell, Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is transferred to the North Western Railway and appointed to officiate as Agent of the railway until further orders.

No. 1967-E.-3—18.—With reference to Railway Board's notification No. 1967-E.-2—18, dated the 14th December 1918, Mr. J. Coates, Deputy Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed to officiate as Agent of the railway, until further orders.

F. A. HADGW.
Secretary, Railway Board.

INDIAN MUNITIONS BOARD.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 24th December 1918.

No. E-545 (1).—Mr. R. J. Oates, Assistant Controller (Indian Indents), is appointed Assistant Controller (Hardware, Implements and Metals), Calcutta, with effect from the 10th December 1918.

No. E-545 (2).—Lieutenant J. D. Stark, I.A.R.O., is appointed Assistant Controller (Hardware, Implements and Metals), Calcutta, with effect from the 2nd December 1918.

No. E-930.—Mr. J. T. Lever, a retired Deputy Collector, Madras Presidency, is appointed temporarily to the Army Clothing Department and is posted as a District Assistant Controller (Clothing Contracts), Bangalore Depôt, with effect from the 1st November 1918.

T. RYAN,

Secretary, Indian Munitions Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 26th December 1918, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Disturbed conditions in the northwest gave rain and snow in Baluchistan, upper Sind, the North-West Frontier Province and Kashmir. With the exception of a few falls of rain in the extreme south of the Peninsula and on the south Burma coast, weather was dry throughout the remainder of the country.

2. *Burma.*—Rain fell at Mergui and Tavoy.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.— } Weather was dry.

Northwest India.—Rainfall was nearly general in northeast Baluchistan on the 21st and 22nd and in Kashmir on the 19th. A few falls occurred during the week in the North-West Frontier Province and upper Sind.

The Peninsula.—Cuddalore and Tinnevely had light falls of rain.

3. The chief amounts of rainfall reported were as follows :—

December 19th. Sonamarg 1·12", Srinagar 0·41", Robat 0·55" and Tinnevely 0·45".

„ 20th. Tavoy 0·84", Sonamarg 1·03", Dras 0·44" and Cuddalore 0·37".

„ 21st. Kalat 0·70", Chaman 0·53", Quetta 0·26" and Jacobabad and Dera Ismail Khan each 0·10".

„ 22nd. Fort Sandeman 0·26".

„ 23rd. Mergui 1·34".

4. The week's rainfall was 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Kashmir and Baluchistan; and 20 per cent or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan, Mysore and the Madras Presidency. It was normal in the North-West Frontier Province. No rain usually falls at this time of year in the remaining divisions.

The rainfall from the 29th November to date is 20 per cent or more in defect in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the United Provinces, the Punjab, Rajputana, Central India West, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North. It is 20 per cent or more in excess in Lower Burma, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Central India East, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Malabar and Madras Southeast. No rain is expected in Gujarat during this period. Rainfall is equal to the normal in the remaining divisions.

Division.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 26TH DECEMBER 1918.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 26TH NOVEMBER TO 26TH DECEMBER 1918.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
							This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0.1	1.8	-1.2	7.2	7.2	0	0	+20
Lower Burma	0.3	0.1	+0.2	2.0	0.7	+1.3	+186	+188
Upper Burma	0	0.1	-0.1	0.4	0.6	-0.2	-33	-20
Assam	0	0.1	-0.1	0	0.4	-0.4	-100	-100
Bengal	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.4	-0.3	-75	-67
Orissa	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.4	-0.3	-75	-67
Chota Nagpur	0	0	0	0	0.2	-0.2	-100	-100
Bihar	0	0	0	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	-100
United Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.1	-50	0
United Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.3	-0.1	-33	0
Punjab, East and North	0	0.1	-0.1	0.3	0.4	-0.1	-25	0
Punjab, South-West	0	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.3	-0.1	-33	0
Kashmir	0.7	0.5	+0.2	1.6	1.3	+0.3	+23	+13
N.-W. Frontier Province	0.1	0.1	0	0.4	0.3	+0.1	+33	+50
Baluchistan	0.5	0.1	+0.4	0.7	0.7	0	0	-67
Sind	0	0	0	0.1	0	+0.1	—	—
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0	0.1	-0.1	-100	-100
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	0.1	0.2	-0.1	-50	-50
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.2	-0.1	-50	0
Central India, East	0	0.1	-0.1	0.6	0.4	+0.4	+100	+167
Berar	0	0.2	-0.2	1.6	0.5	+1.1	+220	+433
Central Provinces, West	0	0.1	-0.1	1.4	0.4	+1.0	+250	+367
Central Provinces, East	0	0.1	-0.1	0.7	0.2	+0.5	+250	+600
Konkan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.1	+0.1	+100	—
Bombay Deccan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.3	0.3	0	0	+50
Hyderabad, North	0	0	0	1.6	0.1	+1.5	+1500	+1500
Hyderabad, South	0	0	0	1.5	0	+1.5	—	—
Mysore	0	0.1	-0.1	1.0	0.5	+0.5	+100	+150
Malabar	0	0.3	-0.3	2.2	1.4	+0.8	+57	+100
Madras, South-East	0.2	1.0	-0.8	6.1	4.6	+1.5	+33	+54
Madras Deccan	0	0.1	-0.1	0.4	0.5	-0.1	-20	0
Madras Coast, North	0	0.2	-0.2	0.9	1.4	-0.5	-36	-25

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director General of Observatories.

Dated the 26th December 1918.

R. A. MANT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for week ending Saturday, 21st December 1918.

Burma.—The week was practically rainless. In Lower Burma reaping of winter rice is progressing. In Upper Burma cultivation of island crops and spring rice continues. Harvesting of cotton, groundnut, late sesamum and winter rice is proceeding. Standing crops are generally good. Cattle are generally healthy. Price of unhusked rice in Rangoon has risen slightly but is considerably above normal. The market for white rice is steady at Rs. 845 per hundred baskets for old-crop specials.

Assam.—The weather was seasonable. Rain is wanted generally for spring crops. Harvesting of winter rice, plucking of cotton and pressing of sugarcane continue. Harvesting of pulses and pruning of tea have begun. Outturn of winter rice is middling to fair, and that of cotton is fair. Prospects of other crops are not good. Cattle disease is reported from four districts. The price of common rice is practically stationary.

Bengal.—During the week light scattered showers fell in a few districts. More rain is wanted for the growth of standing spring crops. Prospects are generally reported unfavourable. Reaping of winter paddy is in full swing. Threshing continues in eastern districts. Pressing of sugarcane is going on. Owing to influx of new rice into market average price of common rice has fallen.

Bihar and Orissa.—Scanty showers fell in parts of Cuttack and Angul. There was no rain in the rest of the Province. Harvesting of winter paddy and pressing of sugarcane continue. Prospects are bad. Sowing of spring crops is in progress but the crops are suffering from want of moisture and rain is urgently wanted. In Angul test works are going on at 13 centres. Gratuitous relief was given to 879 persons. The price of common rice has risen in four districts, fallen in three and remained stationary in the remaining districts as compared with that of the preceding week. Cattle disease is reported from eight districts. Report from the Feudatory States of Orissa and Chota Nagpur has not been received.

United Provinces.—Except for light rain at Robertsganj, in Mirzapur and Rurki, the week was rainless. Damage to crops by drought is reported from some districts. Preparation of land for and sowing of spring crops and poppy are nearing completion. Harvesting of autumn crops is nearly over. Irrigation of spring and extra crops is in progress. Pressing of sugarcane is going on. Condition of standing crops is fair. Prospects of spring crops on area sown are at present fair. Condition of agricultural stock is good but cattle disease is still prevalent in some places. Fodder is scarce and dear. Water and market supplies are generally sufficient. Prices are almost stationary but show a tendency to rise in a few places.

Punjab.—The weather remained dry. Rain is badly wanted everywhere. Picking of cotton, pressing of sugarcane and harvesting of maize, and other autumn crops continue. The yield is normal or below normal on irrigated and poor on unirrigated lands. Sowings of wheat and other spring crops are in progress and are generally below normal. Irrigated crops are average to good and unirrigated crops are much below average. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is scarce in most districts. Sugarcane is being used as fodder in some districts. Water is generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary and above scarcity rates. Prices of wheat:—Ambala and Lyallpur 6, Ferozepore 6½ and Rawalpindi 6½ seers per rupee.

North West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. Rain is greatly needed throughout the province. Sowing of spring crops is in progress in Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan, but restricted in Bannu. Prospects of standing crops are average on irrigated and below average on unirrigated areas in Peshawar and Bannu, and poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to drought. Maize and *chari* are being reaped with average outturn. Prices of wheat:—Peshawar 7½ and Dera Ismail Khan 7¼ seers per rupee.

Jammu.—Report not received.

Kashmir.—The week was generally wet, cloudy and cold. Spring crops are being sown. Cattle disease is mostly prevalent. Prices are high.

Rajputana.—The weather was cold. Sowings and irrigation of spring crops are going on. The condition of cattle is poor owing to scarcity of fodder in most places. Water is sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Central India.—No rain fell during the week. It was insufficient in Gwalior and Bundelkhand. Autumn crops are being harvested. Cotton is being picked in Gwalior, Indore, Malwa and the Southern States. Spring crops are being sown in Gwalior, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand, Malwa and the Southern States. Standing crops are suffering from want of rain in Bhopal, are unsatisfactory in Gwalior except certain districts where they are good and fair elsewhere. Probable outturn is not satisfactory in Gwalior; average in Bhopal, except 12 annas in Bhopal itself; below average in Dhar and Jhabua; and fair elsewhere, except in Jaora, Rutlam and Sailana. They have been damaged in Maihar and Kothi from insufficient rain. Agricultural stock is bad in Gwalior and fair to good elsewhere except where cattle disease prevails. There is scarcity of fodder in Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal, Bundelkhand, and parts of Baghelkhand, Malwa and the Southern States. Prices are high. Poppy cultivation is in progress in Gwalior and Indore. Number on gratuitous relief 117 in Lugasi and 55 in Bajna.

Central Provinces.—There was no rain during the week. The weather has been cool and occasionally cloudy. Picking of cotton is in progress. Harvesting of autumn crops is approaching completion but threshing and winnowing continue. Spring crops, except linseed, are generally in good condition and prospects are favourable. Fodder is dear or scarce in parts of seven districts. Cattle are healthy. Distribution of village relief continues in Jubbulpore. In Sironcha gratuitous relief has been extended to those agricultural labourers who have been rendered weak by influenza. Rice and *juar* in Betul rose by about a seer while wheat, rice and *juar* in Chhindwara; *juar* in Nagpur; rice in Chanda; wheat in Raipur; and *juar* in Akola, Amraoti and Yeotmal, fell by one to two seers per rupee. Elsewhere prices remained stationary or fluctuated slightly exhibiting a downward course.

Feudatory States.—Condition of standing crops is generally good.

Bombay.—Slightly beneficial rain fell during the week in parts of Upper Sind Frontier and Sholapur. Standing crops are fair to good in several districts. Autumn harvesting continues in some places in the presidency. Spring sowing is progressing wherever moisture is sufficient. Cotton picking continues in parts of Sind, Broach, Surat, East Khandesh, Sholapur and Baroda. Fodder supply is generally deficient but is being supplemented under control arrangements. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient but cattle are deteriorating in most districts. Irrigation is generally deficient. Prices of food grains are high but generally steady. Demand for labour is sufficient. Small test works continue in Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals and Ahmednagar.

Hyderabad.—There were slight showers in parts of some districts. The average was 6 cents. Autumn cotton is being picked. Early rice harvesting continues, the crop has suffered in some districts. Spring crops are generally fair to good. They need rain and are being weeded. Late rice lands are being prepared and sown. There is adequate water in wells and tanks. Cattle are healthy. Fodder is scarce. Prices of grains continue to be abnormally high. *Juar* is selling at two seers per rupee in the Parbhani District.

Mysore.—The week was rainless. Standing crops are in a fair condition. Harvested *ragi* outturn is poor to fair. Rice and sugarcane outturn is fair. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are generally steady.

Coorg.—The weather was cold. Reaping of rice continues. Picking of cardamom and coffee continues. Cattle disease prevails in some villages. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. Public health is fair. Prices of food grains are high.

Madras.—Rainfall was good in Madras, South Arcot, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Travancore, and fair in Vizagapatam Agency, Nellore, Chingleput, Pudukkottai, the Hills, Bellary, and unreported, light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops are fair generally but have been lost or are withering in parts owing to excess or deficiency of rainfall. Harvests of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops are limited with outturn sometimes fair but poor in parts of fifteen districts. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding but are restricted in places for want of rain. Condition of cattle is good generally. Water is insufficient except in Ouddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Kanara and the Hills. Pasture is sufficient except in parts of three districts. Fodder is sufficient except in parts of seven districts. Prices though fallen in parts are stationary or have slightly risen in majority of cases. Prospects are fair generally. Conditions in Nagar Taluk of Godavari, Upper Agency, are still bad. Relief measures are not required immediately in any tract except weavers' relief in one centre in Anantapur.

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

(FAMINE.)

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 7th December 1918.

No.	Name of District or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.						TRACTS UNDER "SCARCITY" AND "OBSERVATION AND TEST."	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.		Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependents of relief-workers, relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	11
				UNITED PROVINCES.					
	Garhwal	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	316
	Total	295	81,919	...	...	...	...	...	316
				BIHAR AND ORISSA.					
2	Angul	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	446
				CENTRAL PROVINCES.					
3	Bironoh (Chanda district).	Not known.	Not known.	...	...	...	...	...	735
	Total . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	735

R. A. MANT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Delhi, the 27th December 1918.

The following statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 14th December 1918 is published for general information :—

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND.	Northern	Bombay City	1	1
		Kaira District	9	7
	Central	Satara District	117	99
		Poona District	20	17
		Sholapur Town	1	2
		Sholapur District	8	1
	Southern	Belgaum District	27	18
		Dharwar District	21*	55*
		Bijapur District	67	33
	Political Charges	Satara Agency	8	..
		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States	7	4
		Mundra Port	3	2
	TOTAL		339	234
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.	..	Madras City	2	2
		Anantpur District	45	17
		Bellary District	4	4
		Coimbatore District	101	70
		Salem District	3	..
		Guntur District	129	101
		Kurnool District	1	2
		Nilgiris District	1	..
	TOTAL		286	196
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna	Patna District	7	7
	Tirhut	Saran District	17	14
		Champaran District	6	7
		Darbhangha District	43	38
		Munaffarpur District	22	18
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr District	34	24
	TOTAL		129	103

* For two weeks.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague measures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES.	Benares	Ghasipur District	18	12
		Ballia District	12	12
	Gorakhpur	Basti District	5	4
		Asamgarh District	24	24
	Fyzabad	Gonda District	9	9
		TOTAL	78	71
PUNJAB.	Ambala	Hissar District	14	23
		Rohtak District	26	23
	Jallundur	Ferozepur District	4	4
	Lahore	Gurdaspur District	1	1
	Rawalpindi.	Jhelum District . . . . .	..	1
		Rawalpindi District	8	..
		TOTAL	49	52
BURMA.	Pegu	Rangoon Town	5	6
		Tharrawaddy District	3	2
		Prome District	4	3
	Tenasserim	Amherst District	1	1
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	0	..
		Bhamo District . . . . .	..	..
		Katha District	17	19
	Sagaing.	Shwebo District	4	2
		Sagaing District	5	2
		Lower Chindwin District	3	1
	Magwe	Magwe District	5	5
	Meiktila.	Meiktila District	3	2
		Yamethin District	9	5
		Myingyan District	17	17
	Native States.	Southern Shan States	3	1
		TOTAL	92	66
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Jubbulpore.	Jubbulpore Town	16	14
		Jubbulpore District	8	3
		Seoni Town	4	4
		TOTAL	28	21
MYSORE STATE.	..	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	23	20
		Bangalore City	8	4
		Bangalore District	11	3
		Mysore City	6	3
		Mysore District	2	1
		Shimoga District	1	2
		Tumkur District	24	24
		Kolar District	26	26
		TOTAL	121	93

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Gulburgah District	1	1
		Usmanabad District	5	3
		Medak District	65	6
		Hyderabad City and Suburbs	15	8
		Secunderabad	1	1
		Atrafbaldah Sarfikhah District	11	10
		TOTAL	98*	29*
CENTRAL INDIA.	...	Rewa State	11	5
		TOTAL	11	5
		GRAND TOTAL	1,225	374

* Includes previous weeks. The actual number of cases and deaths during the week ending December 14th were 51 and 13, respectively.

In the return for the week ending 7th December 1918, the following addition should be made:—

Central India . Gwalior State 1 case, 1 death.

DELHI: }
The 27th December 1918.

F. NORMAN WHITE, MAJOR, I.M.S.,

Sanitary Commissioner with the
Government of India.

H. SHARP,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

**Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian
Railways.**

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

F.B.—As regards the figures in column Total earnings, audited figures have been used as far as possible.

RAILWAYS.	AVERAGE EARNINGS PER MILE PER WEEK.			MEAN MILEAGE WORKED.			TOTAL EARNINGS FOR WEEK.			EARNINGS PER MILE WORKED FOR WEEK.			TOTAL EARNINGS FROM 1ST APRIL TO—			COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1913-14.		COMPARED WITH CORRESPONDING PERIOD, 1912-13.																
	During official year 1917-18.			1913.			1913.			1913.			1913.			Increase.		Decrease.																
	1913.	1917.	1918.	1913.	1917.	1918.	1913.	1917.	1918.	1913.	1917.	1918.	1913.	1917.	1918.	1913.	1917.	1918.																
State Railways.																																		
Bengal-Nagpur (including 3' 6" gauge lines)	403	2,669	2,696	2,696	9,45,253	12,49,284	11,48,000	384	439	2,78,79,992	3,33,24,763	4,17,55,000	1,38,65,008	...	...	34,10,237	...	...														
Bombay Extension	470	31	21	21	5,931	7,794	8,900	282	419	2,59,883	3,55,220	3,41,000	81,017	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	874	698	1,008	1,008	7,20,715	9,09,858	9,84,000	720	901	9,28,17,094	3,10,81,079	3,50,61,000	1,12,49,908	...	...	89,79,928	...	...														
Eastern Bengal (including 3' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	422	1,872	1,882	1,881	8,21,881	7,09,130	7,06,000	542	444	2,65,74,999	2,41,39,339	2,53,74,000	...	...	999	32,14,761	...	...														
East India	865	2,549	2,612	2,612	20,04,903	25,18,039	24,77,000	736	962	7,13,21,198	8,14,08,099	8,55,08,000	2,41,39,802	...	...	1,40,99,901	...	...														
Great Indian Peninsula	781	2,537	2,612	2,612	19,04,927	23,71,105	23,15,000	712	903	6,45,59,839	7,11,66,297	7,97,27,000	1,51,97,141	...	...	86,59,438	...	...														
Agra-Delhi-Chand	514	126	126	126	43,449	75,681	75,000	60	120	15,30,747	21,77,297	30,19,000	1,48,583	...	...	8,44,708	...	...														
Bombay-Kohat (British Section)	78	40	40	40	2,836	3,581	4,800	59	90	1,11,076	1,32,980	1,59,000	40,924	...	...	15,000	...	...														
Cawnpore-Banda	1,594	757	12	12	24,563	21,167	20,900	423	1,742	11,36,224	6,35,641	7,96,000	...	...	3,40,224	1,00,159	...	...														
Madras and Southern Mahratta (including 3' 6" gauge lines)	397	2,585	2,581	2,581	6,96,789	10,60,977	9,79,000	266	416	3,54,45,070	3,56,31,888	3,81,14,000	1,26,58,980	...	...	34,82,117	...	...														
North-Western (including 3' 6" gauge lines)	370	4,012	4,055	4,055	16,17,211	20,81,897	19,40,000	403	516	6,04,29,380	8,49,19,940	8,99,95,000	2,96,65,991	...	...	51,75,000	...	...														
Outh and Rohilkhand (including Cawnpore-Bachawal 3' 6" line)	345	1,800	1,822	1,822	4,35,224	4,94,018	4,65,000	304	310	1,52,54,396	1,97,13,635	2,30,51,000	67,96,104	...	...	32,27,265	...	...														
Amritsar-Bathinda	160	812	893	893	1,32,081	1,31,796	1,45,000	164	169	47,04,336	49,95,630	51,64,000	4,63,654	...	...	1,72,450	...	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	367	1,896	1,840	1,840	5,80,021	7,56,933	8,06,000	317	411	1,95,85,478	2,35,59,549	2,59,53,000	99,04,528	...	...	54,39,161	...	...														
Bombay	219	1,553	1,543	1,543	4,59,433	4,65,754	4,95,000	283	369	1,37,89,343	1,45,39,185	1,74,28,000	16,45,658	...	...	30,29,808	...	...														
Bombay Extension	212	...	70	70	...	7,665	7,000	...	114	...	3,05,295	3,38,000	3,38,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Southern Mahratta	181	...	32	32	...	2,720	3,400	...	67	...	86,307	1,02,000	1,02,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Delhi-Karnal	91	124	124	124	34,753	39,476	22,700	199	319	9,43,645	13,91,386	14,55,000	5,12,335	...	...	64,614	...	...														
Delhi-Hydrabad (British Section)	166	287	303	303	33,086	40,139	60,800	116	163	13,01,844	17,61,597	23,97,000	7,26,558	...	...	4,75,713	...	...														
Delhi-Bombay	191	941	401	401	975,998	76,033	75,200	185	187	26,35,260	37,45,393	39,96,000	8,62,750	...	...	3,60,081	...	...														
South India (including 3' 6" and 2' 6" gauge lines)	429	1,451	1,387	1,387	3	6,62,804	6,34,000	338	418	1,95,87,729	2,51,49,360	2,53,08,000	65,45,271	...	...	53,740	...	...														
Tamil Nadu	151	108	108	108	77,923	18,749	28,400	164	174	6,49,567	7,56,471	9,99,000	5,65,618	...	...	3,49,240	...	...														
Tamil Nadu Extension	238	798	804	804	2,15,235	3,01,193	3,05,000	274	360	68,81,967	61,64,064	71,10,000	2,39,083	...	...	9,49,940	...	...														
Trichinopoly	90	...	80	80	...	2,310	2,500	...	77	...	93,509	96,400	96,400	...	...	2,598	...	...														
Trichinopoly Extension	83	83	83	83	2,391	2,537	2,100	71	81	89,658	1,04,119	84,900	...	...	...	4,788	...	17,919													
TOTAL																			406	26,159	26,737	26,737	1,12,32,710	1,29,48,968	1,35,59,500	429	507	35,15,50,466	47,35,77,498	53,69,50,900	14,28,99,949	5,49,28,512
All other Railways.																																		
Andhra Pradesh	171	86	86	86	17,958	13,124	8,600	321	286	5,16,079	3,46,188	3,50,000	1,00,679	...	...	9,828	...	...														
Assam (including 3' 6" gauge lines)	119	...	45	45	...	25,385	25,100	...	376	...	7,76,586	9,66,000	9,66,000	...	...	1,98,242	...	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	181	114	114	114	20,795	16,036	17,500	183	141	7,30,536	6,18,811	7,39,000	12,404	...	...	1,14,240	...	...														
Bombay Extension	90	...	149	149	11,447	8,297	10,500	79	66	7,99,289	3,30,255	3,40,000	...	...	...	18,771	...	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	387	182	223	223	63,769	1,14,236	82,800	278	478	26,88,880	31,73,449	32,53,000	9,60,594	...	...	20,298	...	...														
Bombay Extension	328	...	33	33	...	10,845	11,500	...	347	...	1,29,027	6,49,000	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	70	...	47	47	...	6,328	4,900	...	121	...	1,94,888	1,25,000	1,25,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay Extension	188	...	34	34	...	1,00,436	1,20,484	...	161	...	63,40,401	47,08,800	47,08,800	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	129	...	34	34	...	8,992	7,077	...	108	...	3,09,874	2,41,006	2,41,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay Extension	79	...	47	47	...	7,573	6,400	...	163	...	1,36,513	1,20,000	1,20,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	285	...	108	108	...	97,993	67,354	...	438	...	15,83,876	10,00,000	10,00,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay Extension	67	...	4	4	...	313	400	...	78	...	6,00,000	19,300	19,300	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	95	...	53	53	...	5,010	9,000	...	86	...	1,84,369	3,45,000	3,45,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay Extension	114	...	38	38	...	4,530	3,900	...	119	...	1,37,993	1,58,000	1,58,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	329	...	428	428	...	1,94,185	1,39,409	...	292	...	87,24,044	50,72,210	50,72,210	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay Extension	90	...	123	123	...	8,661	8,574	...	126	...	1,52,824	1,07,000	1,07,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	159	...	155	155	...	32,034	34,300	...	139	...	1,63,424	1,36,000	1,36,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay Extension	194	...	165	165	...	42,993	37,136	...	178	...	9,20,337	9,20,337	9,20,337	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	84	...	34	34	...	2,321	2,300	...	69	...	69,141	1,09,549	1,09,549	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay Extension	78	...	39	39	...	8,950	5,645	...	66	...	2,62,191	3,24,000	3,24,000	...	...	...	...	...											
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	188	1,339	1,244	1,244	1,24,042	2,24,149	2,50,000	153	198	74,29,065	80,59,594	1,03,38,000	29,93,499	...	...	32,37,416	...	...														
Bombay Extension	215	...	153	153	...	37,544	38,966	...	245	...	11,94,567	12,85,438	14,44,000	1,49,333	...	...	68,563	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	137	...	59	59	...	6,355	7,249	...	141	...	2,42,745	2,42,745	2,42,745	...	...	4,745	...	...														
Bombay Extension	149	...	249	249	...	27,733	28,667	...	129	...	10,91,010	10,91,010	10,91,010	...	...	5,64,761	...	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	167	...	33	33	...	5,431	5,954	...	164	...	1,96,533	1,96,533	1,96,533	...	...	10,461	...	...														
Bombay Extension	322	...	86	86	...	28,281	26,303	...	374	...	9,99,704	9,99,704	9,99,704	...	...	10,704	...	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	90	...	209	209	...	15,117	17,778	...	94	...	6,64,426	6,64,426	6,64,426	...	...	2,47,418	...	...														
Bombay Extension	150	...	251	251	...	37,704	36,219	...	199	...	12,29,175	12,29,175	12,29,175	...	...	5,79,883	...	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	179	...	441	441	...	67,100	67,100	...	343	...	26,21,379	26,21,379	26,21,379	...	...	4,48,200	...	...														
Bombay Extension	90	...	121	121	...	1,07,211	9,200	...	75	...	2,06,379	2,06,379	2,06,379	...	...	7,540	...	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	135	...	54	54	...	6,316	7,069	...	110	...	1,99,304	2,62,796	2,62,796	...	...	68,304	...	...														
Bombay Extension	139	1,030	1,106	1,106	1,06,493	1,45,909	1,19,000	102	128	38,14,389	50,75,010	60,30,000	24,05,711	...	...	4,44,900	...	...														
Bombay, Baroda and Central India	129	...	121	121	...	19,064	14,535	...	107	...	4,04,317	5,49,210	6,62,000	2,47,000	1,02,000															
Bombay Extension	242	...	30	30	...	7,690	5,959	...	205	...	2,12,126	2,12,126	2,12,126	...	...																	

Printed and Published for the GOVT. OF INDIA, by the SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, Delhi



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller-General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 11th November 1918.

On and after 23rd November and until further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published in Delhi. Parts II and III will continue to be published in Calcutta. All notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Publisher at Delhi and Calcutta, respectively.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette* and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777-79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 p.m. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J P HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India "

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J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

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M. Sh. Abdul Rabb, E(d) Section, No. 1 Barrack of 1/10th Middlesex Lines, Lucknow.

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LYALLPUR.—M. S. Sadiq Ally, Munshi Fasil—D. M. A. S. High School, Lyallpur.

MADRAS.—M. Mubiddin Hussain Sahib, 15/16, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapettah, Madras.

MEERUT.

M. Ahmad Bux, Regimental Munshi, British Reserve Cavalry Regiment, Meerut.

M. S. M. Aminuddin, C/o M. Amir Hassan Khan, Regimental Kotwal, Jamal Mohalla Lal, Kurti Bazar, Meerut.

MHOW.—Mr. Thomas Shah Son of Shaikh Mahomed Shah, C/o Commandant, Machine Gun Centre, Mhow.

MOZUFFERPORE.—M. Mohd. Shuaib, Arabic Teacher, Zilla School, Mozufferpore.

MULTAN.—M. Sultan Mohammad, Regimental Munshi, Multan Cantonment.

MURREE HILLS.

M. S. C. Bagchi, Munshi, Lawrence Government European School, Ghoragali, P. O. Murree Hills.

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd North Staffordshire Regiment (summer only).

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (summer only).

M. Abdul Karim Khan, Regimental Munshi, 2/4th Borderers, Lower Gharial, Murree Hills.

NAINI TAL.—M. Faqir Ulla, St. Joseph's College, Naini Tal.

PANIPAT.—M. Jiya Lal, C/o L. Shadi Ram, Petition writer, Panipat (Karnal).

PATNA.—†M. S. Fasihuddin Balkhi, Bakhshi Muhalla, Patna City.

PESHAWAR.

M. Ahmed Din, Regimental Munshi, 1st Royal Sussex Regiment, opposite the Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

M. Abdur Rahim, Head Master, Islamia High School, Peshawar.

M. Ajab Shah Anand, Officers' Munshi, Daki Nama, Peshawar City.

M. Kazi Ghulam Nabi, opposite General Post Office, Sadar Bazar, Peshawar.

*M. Salyid Zafar Shah Bukhari, Head clerk, office of the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, N.-W. F. P., Peshawar.

QUETTA.

M. Mohd. Rahim Shah, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Karim Bukhsh, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mohamed Sarwar, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

Pt. Hirday Narayan, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. S. Abdul Aziz, The Kings Regiment, Quetta.

M. Syed Inam Ali, Mission Road, Quetta.

M. Sher Mohamed, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Sita Ram Mehta, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.

M. Jawala Prashad, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.

*M. S. Barkat Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.

M. Dittu Ram, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Quetta.

M. Farzand Ali Khan (of Patna), Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Hadi Hussain, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Mahmud Hasan Israili, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College.

M. Syed Aulad Hussain, Cadet College, Quetta.

M. Abdul Hakim Khan, Nishtar—Shahr Mansil, (M. W. S., Military District).

RAWALPINDI.

M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din, Regimental Munshi, 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, Rawalpindi (winter only).

M. Ghulam Rasul, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

M. K. R. Mehta, Regimental Munshi, 1st F. S. Garrison Battalion, Somerset Light Infantry.

M. Bodh Raj, Regimental Munshi (winter only).

†M. Fazi Elahi, C/o Ellahi Buksh & Co., Polo Sports Works, near Massy Gate, Rawalpindi.

M. Mohd. Abdul Khaliq, C/o Munshi Ali Ahmad, Butcher's Street, Sadar Bazar, Rawalpindi.

RISALPUR.—M. Kazi Abdul Haqq Khan, Regimental Munshi, Royal Flying Corps, Risalpur Cantonment.

ROORKEE CITY.—M. Fazl-i-Haq, Muhalla Satti, Roorkee City.

SIALKOT.—M. Abdul Hamid Khan, Officers' Munshi, Mori Gate, New Street, Sialkot.

SAUGOR.—M. Safdar Khan, Pro. Sub-Inspector, Officers' Police Training School, Saugor.

SUBATHU.

*M. Mohd. Yaqub Khan (Munshi Fasil), Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Mohd. Musharraf Ali, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Amar Nath Varma, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Haji Ahmad Fakhriy, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

*M. S. Aulad Ali Gilani, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Anand Swarup, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Md. Khalil-ur-Rahman, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Md. Miyan Khan Haidari, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Amir Bukhsh Gyani, M. F., Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

*M. Habib Ullah, Syed, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

M. Mool Chand Saihgal, Officers' School of Instruction, Subathu.

WELLINGTON.

M. Syed Khurshad Ali, Urdu Instructor, Cadet College, Wellington.

Qualified Bengali Teachers.

CALCUTTA.—Babu Suresh Chandra Chatterjee, 6, Muktarom Row, Calcutta.

RUNGPUR.—Babu Mukunda Lal Das Gupta, Kakina, District Rungpur.

Qualified Canarese Teacher.

BANGALORE.—M. B. Ry. K. Hanumantha Rao, No. 1, Main Road, Seshadripuram, Bangalore.

Qualified Malayalam Teacher.

ADICHANALLORE.—M. B. Ry. N. Sankara Pillai, First Assistant, H. O. E. School, Adichanallore.

KOTTAYAM.—M. B. Ry. A. I. Pothan, Malayalam Munshi, Basel Mission High School, Kottayam.

Qualified Marathi Teachers.

EAST KHANDESH.—Mr. Laxman Narayan Phandis, B.A., C/o Mr. M. N. Phandis, Editor, Kavya-Ratnawali, Jalgaon.

POONA CITY—

Mr. Govind Krishna Modak, Sanskrit Teacher, New English School, Poona City.
Mr. D. K. Pathak, 442, Sadashiv, Peth, Poona City.
Mr. V. L. Deshpande, 570, Kasba Peth, Poona City.

RATNAGIRI—Mr. Waman Vishnu Vaidya, C/o Mr. R. K. Bal, B.A., LL.B., Sub-Judge, Malwan, District Ratnagiri.
SHOLAPUR—Mr. Vishnu Anant Salgarkar, C/o Mr. Harichand Amichand Shah, Sholapur.

Qualified Punjabi Teacher.

LAHORE—Mr. Muhammad Zafar Ali, Student, Forman Christian College, Lahore

Qualified Tamil Teachers.**MADRAS—**

Mr. R. Ry. K. Raghavachari, Senior Tamil Pandit, Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.
Mr. R. Ry. A. M. Satakoparamanuja Acharya, Senior Tamil Pandit, National High School, Teppakulam, Trichinopoly.

Qualified Telugu Teacher.

GODAVARI—Mr. R. Ry. V. Subba Rao, Stewartpetta, Pithapuram, Godavari District.

N.B.—Whenever any teacher changes his address, he is requested to communicate his new address to the Board of Examiners.

Teachers whose names are preceded by an asterisk (*) are considered especially competent to give advanced instruction in the language.

Teachers whose names are preceded by a cross (†) are out of India.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st November 1918.

O. F. JENKINS,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

**SULPHATE OF QUININE, SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE,
CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE, RESIDUAL ALKALOID
AND QUINOIDINE.**

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona Alkaloids. QUININE can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards for Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Punjab and Assam on indents duly countersigned by the Civil Surgeon of their Districts. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bona fide* public purposes. It is never sold to private persons or firms. CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE both in powder and 3½ grain tablet forms and CINCHONIDINE can be purchased by Government officers and the general public. It is also sold by the Principal Druggists in Calcutta. QUINOIDINE or *pure Amorphous Alkaloid* and *Residual Alkaloid* or *Amorphous Cinchona Alkaloid*, which contains about 40 per cent. of *Pure Amorphous Alkaloid*, are for sale to Missionaries and Government Institutions only. *These drugs are sold strictly cash and in advance but private purchasers may use the V. P. P. system*, and are obtainable from the SUPERINTENDENT, JUVENILE JAIL, ALIPORE.

The rates for these drugs from 1st April 1918 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

For quantities 60 lbs. and above in one delivery	Rs. 28 per lb.
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. but below 60 lbs. in one delivery	„ 29 „
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 30 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 11 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 12 „

(Only small quantities available when in stock.)

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 5 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs.	„ 6 „

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For any quantity less than 6 lbs.	„ 7 „

QUINOIDINE in non Tablet form (when in stock) and **Residual Alkaloids.** Rs. 4 „

QUINOIDINE TABLETS.

For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	Rs. 6 per lb.
For quantities less than 6 lbs. in one delivery (when in stock)	„ 7 „

Quinine is available in 1-oz., ¼-lb., ½-lb., 1-lb. and 4-lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Cinchona Febrifuge is available in ¼-lb., ½-lb. and 1-lb. tin.

Residual Alkaloid is available in 1-lb., 5-lb. and 10-lb. tins.

Quinoidine is available in 1-lb. tin.

Quinoidine Tablets are available in 1-lb. tin.

Transit charges are in addition to the above prices in every case.

Local sale at the Jail gate from 7 to 10 A.M. and 2 to 4 P.M.

Drugs are sold for cash or by V. P. Post. Price of Postage must accompany the price of the drug (when the drug is required by Post). The name of the Railway and Steamer Station or Post Office must be written distinctly when the parcels are required by Rail Steamer or by Post. A scale of Postage is given below:—

[For ¼ and ½ lb. 4 As.; 1 lb. 6 As.; 2 lbs. 10 As.; 3 lbs. 12 As.; 4 lbs. 1 Re.; 5 lbs. Re. 1 As. 4; and for 6 lbs. Re. 1 As. 6.]

Quinoidine tab: 1 lb. Weg. 3 lbs. Postage	Rs. 10 0
Quinoidine tab: 2 lb. Weg. 6 lbs. Postage	1 0 0
Quinoidine tab: 3 lbs. Weg. 9 lbs. Postage	1 8 0

N.B.—Postage stamps are not accepted as revenue.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 23rd December 1918.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 22nd December 1918.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE.										REMARKS.	
In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	COIN AND BULLION.					SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).				TOTAL.		
			In India.		In His Majesty's Dominions, England, and His Majesty's Possessions.			In transit between India, England, and His Majesty's Possessions.		Silver Bullion held in the U. S. A. and in transit therefrom.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
59,66,909	37,91,21,247	37,80,88,156	2,78,53,836	2,36,48,842	8,17,16,640	12,35,865	...	...	...	...	9,56,29,185	9,99,99,946	82,49,05,636	1,15,49,89,950
...	11,57,41,352	11,57,41,352	63,92,352	52,29,683	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,16,22,065
...	11,40,75,429	11,40,75,429	98,93,632	1,79,54,729	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,78,48,411
24,34,195	46,25,91,967	46,47,26,162	2,28,05,583	14,03,05,877	6,90,85,394	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53,15,47,354
...	7,32,85,042	7,32,85,042	25,56,392	21,89,700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46,95,002
8,43,665	19,20,83,453	19,29,32,118	1,01,74,651	40,42,446	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,42,17,129
...	10,96,22,630	10,96,22,630	89,68,308	84,63,795	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,24,52,103
92,49,703	1,45,91,71,120	1,46,84,20,829	8,63,45,174	19,63,04,074	15,07,52,234	12,35,865	...	...	...	...	9,56,29,185	9,99,99,946	82,49,05,636	1,45,76,72,014
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circles of Issue		1,07,43,875	Deduct—Amount due on T. Ts. drawn by one Circle on another										TOTAL RESERVE H	
TOTAL CIRCULATION H		1,45,76,72,014	TOTAL RESERVE H										1,45,76,72,014	

There was no transfer between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 22nd December 1918.
There was no gold in the Indian branch of the Gold Standard Reserve on the 22nd December 1918.

E. M. COOK,
Offg. Controller of Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th December 1918.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS				4 PER CENT.		INDIAN WAR LOAN.		2ND INDIAN WAR LOAN.		TOTAL
		of 1843-43.	of 1854-55	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	Terminable Loan of 1915-16.	Conversion Loan of 1916-17.	5 per cent. War Loan 1922-1947.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920.	5½ per cent. War Bonds 1922.	
Balance of 30th Novr. 1918	27,63,800	91,80,300	3,81,62,600	1,42,04,000	62,09,800	19,55,500	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	7,42,34,800
<i>Add—</i>												
Amount of Loan Certificate transferred to Stock in London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6201-A dated 3rd November 1908 into 3½% loan of 1900-01	...	...	...	...	...	900	...	...	...	...	...	900
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 191	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Deduct—</i>												
Amount written off in the London Registers	1,000	7,300	70,200	8,000	24,500	40,000	...	...	...	...	...	1,51,000
Balance on 15th Dec. 1918	27,62,800	91,73,000	3,80,92,400	1,41,96,000	61,85,300	19,16,400	4,700	100	7,77,000	6,200	15,800	7,40,84,700

NOTE.—From 9th June 1897 to 15th Oct. 1918 Enfaced from India 12,429 lakhs, re-transferred from London 18,036 lakhs.

16th Oct.	"	31st	"	"	ditto	1 lakh.
1st Novr.	"	15th Novr.	"	"	ditto	1 "
16th	"	30th	"	"	ditto	1 "
1st Dec.	"	15th Dec.	"	"	ditto	2 lakhs.
						18,040

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, 19th December 1918.

N. H. Y. WARREN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(Corner of Hare Street and Strand Road, Calcutta.)

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
 { Sundays and Holidays, from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

J. A. CHAPMAN,

Librarian.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.**NOTIFICATION.**

Roorkee, the 21st March 1917.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Sub-Surveyors.
5. Tracers.
6. Men trained in—
 - (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
 - (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

W. G. WOOD,

Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES IN INDIA, DHANBAD P. O., MANBHUM.
Indian Mines Act, 1901.

NOTICE.

An examination for first class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency under the rules applicable to coal mines will be held on the 17th, 18th and 19th February 1919. An examination for second class Coal Mine Managers' Certificates of Competency will be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th February 1919. Both examinations will be held at the Railway Institute, Dhanbad.

Rules 32 and 33 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901, require that a candidate for a first class certificate must be at least 23 years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience in a coal mine, and for a second class certificate be at least 21 years of age and have had at least 3 years' practical experience in a coal mine. The periods of practical experience may be reduced to three years and one year respectively, in the case of a candidate who has received a diploma in scientific and mining subjects after a course of study of at least two years at an educational institution approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, or who has taken a degree in scientific and mining subjects at a University approved in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council.

The fees are Rs. 15 in the case of first class certificates and Rs. 8 in the case of second class certificates. By rule 34 of Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 2968-82, dated the 21st April 1906, "these fees shall be paid, not less than one month prior to the date of the examination, to the Chief Inspector of Mines at his office." The fees may be remitted by money order or paid in any other manner.

Applications and fees should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Mines in India, Dhanbad P. O., E. I. Railway, and not to any officer by name. No candidate will be permitted to sit at the examination unless his application and fee is received on or before the 17th January 1919.

G. F. ADAMS,

Chief Inspector of Mines in India,

and Ex-Officio President of the Board of Examiners.

DHANBAD,
 The 30th October 1918.

RAJPUTANA ADMINISTRATION, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 19th December 1918.

Local Administration's Orders.

No. 268-C.S.—Mr. C. E. Hall, on return from 7 months and 14 days' combined leave, resumed charge of the Office of the Superintending Engineer, and Secretary in the Public Works Department, Rajputana, from Mr. H. J. Hope, with effect from the forenoon of the 19th December 1918.

C. E. HALL,

Secretary to A.G.G. in the P.W.D., Rajputana.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.

Dated, the 14th December 1918.

With reference to Chapter XL, Regulations 12 and 21 of Regulations of the Benares Hindu University, it is hereby notified that private candidates for the admission and Prave-shika Examinations of the University should apply to the Registrar for permission to appear at the said Examinations, six months before the date of the commencement, instead of six weeks, as is provided for in the above Regulations. It is further notified that for applications for the Examinations for 1919, the above period of six months, has been reduced to three months. It has already been notified that the next Admission Examination begins on the 19th March, 1919, and the next Praveshika Examination on the 21st April, 1919.

BRAJ NARAIN GURTU,

Registrar.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 20th December 1918.

No. 12.—Mr. D. P. Frenchman, Probationary Assistant Controller of Stores, was granted combined leave for 1 month and 19 days, *viz.*, privilege leave for 15 days and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period, with effect from the 9th October 1918.

The 23rd December 1918.

No. 13.—In this Office Notification No 11 of the 3rd December 1918, please read " 25 9-1918 " instead of " 24-9-1918 " as the date from which the combined leave granted to Mr. Wazir Singh, Agarwal, Assistant Engineer, took effect.

J. H. WHITE,

for Agent, North Western Railway.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATION.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 19th December 1918.

No. 10—The undermentioned officer is granted leave out of India on medical certificate with effect from the date and for the period specified against his name :—

Temporary Engineer-Lieutenant R. N. Ashton, R.I.M., 6 months with effect from 11th December 1918.

B. H. JONES,

for Offg. Director, Royal Indian Marine,

SURVEY OF INDIA.

MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE.

Agents for Sale of Maps.

LONDON.—Edward Stanford, Limited, 12, 13 and 14, Long Acre, London, W.C.

CALCUTTA.—Maps can be obtained from the Office, 18, Wood Street, or from Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., No. 3, Esplanade, East; Messrs. Newman & Co., No. 4, Dalhousie Square; The Manager, The Indian School Supply Depot, No. 300, Bow Basar Street; and Messrs. Lal Chand & Sons, No. 76, Lower Circular Road.

DACCA.—The Manager, The Indian School Supply Depot, No. 226, Nawabpur.

BOMBAY.—Messrs. Thacker & Co., Limited, and Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co.

KASHMIR.—Cookburns Agency, Srinagar.

LAHORE.—Messrs. Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons.

MADRAS.—Higginbothams, Limited.

MUSCOORE.—The Proprietor, Mafasilite Printing Works.

MUZAFFARPUR.—Messrs. Burman & Co.

RANGOON.—The Curator, Government Book Depot, Burma.

SIMLA.—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co.

A Catalogue of maps corrected up to 1st October 1917 is available at Re. 1 per copy.

All published maps are sold at the Map Record and Issue Office, Survey of India, Calcutta, for cash with postage prepaid.

Agents cannot issue maps on the Public Service except on cash payment.

The following is a list of the more important "General" and other maps which are available for the quarter ending 30th September 1918.

EXPLANATION.

All Maps from Surveys after 1905 called "Modern" are printed in 4 or 5 colours, i.e., water forms in blue, towns and roads in red, forests and jungle in green, cultivation in yellow, hill contours in brown with shading to emphasize the hills, and other details in black.

All Maps from Surveys prior to 1905 are printed in black only or in black with hills in brown.

All Maps on scales $1''=4$ miles, $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ or nearly $1''=16$ miles and $\frac{1}{2,000,000}$ or nearly $1''=32$ miles are printed in either one or two of the following editions, except those marked "Provisional Issue" which are from old surveys:—

- (1) *Layered edition*, printed in colours with contours and graduated layer tints to show altitudes and shading to emphasize the hills. (Colour ribands along boundaries cannot be added to this edition.)
- (2) *Political edition*, printed in colours with colour ribands along boundaries, contours to show altitudes and shading to emphasize the hills.
- (3) *Provisional issue*, generally printed in black or in black with hills in brown. Colour ribands along boundaries are added by hand when required at an extra cost of 2 annas per sheet.

Description of Maps.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	PRICE.		REMARKS.
					Boundaries uncoloured.	Boundaries coloured.	
GENERAL MAPS OF INDIA.					Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
India and adjacent countries (Uncoloured Edition).	1913	$1''=32$ m.	12	32×25	6 0	...	The map is published (i) without hills, and (ii) with hills in contours.
India and adjacent countries, Political Edition (without hills).	1915	$1''=32$ m.	12	31×25	...	12 0	
India and adjacent countries, Layered Edition.	1917	$1''=32$ m.	12	32×27	12 0	...	
India (without hills), showing Railways with stations.	1916	$1''=32$ m.	6	44×30	8 0	...	Corrected to 31st March 1916.
India, Telegraph map of . . .	1914	$1''=32$ m.	6	44×30	6 0	...	Corrected to 30th September 1914.
India and adjacent countries (with hills).	1883	$1''=64$ m.	4	23×23	4 8	6 0	Additions to Railways up to 1917.
India showing Railways (open and under construction on 31st March 1918).	1918	$1''=64$ m.	1	38×32	...	1 8	
India, Contour map of . . .	1886	$1''=64$ m.	1	40×32	1 8	...	
India, District map of (skeleton)	1908	$1''=64$ m.	2	40×27	2 0	2 8	Corrected to 1912

Description of Maps.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.		REMARKS.
					Boundaries uncoloured.	Boundaries coloured.	
GENERAL MAPS OF INDIA					Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
India and adjacent countries (without hills).	1911	1"=128 m.	1	28×27	1 12	2 0	With additions and corrections up to 1917.
India and adjacent countries (with hills).	1902	1"=128 m.	1	29×24	1 12	2 0	Ditto.
India, showing Provinces and Districts (skeleton).	1915	1"=160 m.	1	18×16	0 8	...	
India, Cotton map of	1917	1"=160 m.	1	18×16	0 8	0 10	
India, population map of	1918	1"=180 m.	1	18×13	...	0 8	With additions and corrections up to 1918.
India and adjacent countries (without hills).	1906	1"=192 m.	1	18×16	0 8	0 12	
India, Mountains of	1918	1"=192 m.	1	19×17	0 8	...	Layered only.
India (without hills)	1894	1"=256 m.	1	16×13	0 8	0 8	Corrected to 1904.
PROVINCIAL MAPS.							
Assam (with hills)	1910	1"=1,000,000	2	40×27	3 0	3 8	Corrected to 1915.
Bengal (without hills)	1912	1"=16 m.	1	39×32	1 8	2 0	Reprinted in 1918 with additions and corrections.
Bengal (without hills)	1915	1"=32 m.	1	26×20	...	1 4	Corrected to 1915.
Bengal and Bihar and Orissa (with hills).	1888	1"=80 m.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	Corrected to 1912
Berar (with hills)	1885	1"=8 m.	1	38×27	2 0	2 8	With additions to 1906.
Bihar and Orissa (with hills)	1917	1"=16 m.	1	44×28	...	1 12	
Bihar and Orissa (without hills).	1918	1"=32 m.	1	25×18	...	1 4	
Bombay Presidency, exclusive of Sind (with hills).	1908	1"=32 m.	1	40×27	1 0	1 8	
Central India Agency (with hills).	1886	1"=16 m.	2	32×22	...	3 8	Corrected to 1912.
Central India Agency (with hills).	1900	1"=80 m.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	
Central Provinces (without hills)	1908-09	1"=32 m.	1	28×24	1 0	1 8	
Central Provinces (without hills)	...	1"=80 m.	1	13×9	...	0 8	
Delhi Province	1915	1"=4 m.	1	13×13	0 6	0 8	Corrected to 1905.
Gujarat (without hills)	1896	1"=16 m.	1	32×30	2 0	2 8	
Hyderabad (with hills)	1908	1"=32 m.	1	20×18	0 12	1 0	
Madras Presidency, Mysore, Coorg and Ceylon (without hills)	1908	1"=16 m.	6	40×27	7 0	8 0	Corrected in 1916.
Mysore and Coorg (with hills)	1897	1"=16 m.	1	27×24	1 8	1 12	Ditto.
Mysore and Coorg (without hills)	1893	1"=16 m.	1	27×24	1 8	1 12	Ditto.
North-West Frontier Province (with hills).	1903	1"=16 m.	1	32×24	2 0	2 0	Corrected to 1910
Punjab (with hills)	1915	1"=32 m.	1	27×27	1 0	1 4	
Punjab (with hills)	1890	1"=80 m.	1	12×9	0 8	0 10	Corrected to 1910.
Punjab (without hills)	1912	1"=80 m.	1	12×9	0 3	0 10	
Rajputana Agency (with hills)	1900	1"=16 m.	2	40×27	3 0	3 8	Corrected to 1915.
United Provinces (without hills)	1897	1"=16 m.	2	40×27	2 0	2 8	Corrected to 1913.
MISCELLANEOUS MAPS.							
Aden Protectorate	1914	1"=4 m.	1	45×36	2 0	...	Corrected to 1916.
Arabia and the Persian Gulf	1916	1"=32 m.	1	40×30	4 0	5 0	
Arabia and the Persian Gulf	1917	1"=18 m.	2	36×25	2 0	...	Reprinted in 1913.
Chamba Territory	1872	1"=2 m.	4	31×28	2 0	3 0	
Chih-li Province, China	1903	1"=8 m.	1	41×30	1 8	1 12	Corrected to 1917.
City of Calcutta	1911	6"=1 m.	4	30×27	3 0	5 0	Corrected to April 1914.
City of Calcutta	1910	3"=1 m.	1	32×26	1 0	2 0	
Delhi and Vicinity	1912	2"=1 m.	1	40×27	...	1 8	
Eastern Turkistan	1908	1"=32 m.	1	24×19	...	1 0	
Kashmir with part of adjacent mountains.	...	1"=2 m.	4	40×27	2 0	2 8	
Kaing-Su Province, China	1908	1,000,000	1	40×27	1 0	...	Corrected to 1910.
Mercara Hunt Map	1914	3"=1 m.	1	27×24	1 0	1 9	
Ootacamund Hunt Map	1913	3"=1 m.	2	40×27	2 0	2 2	
Periyar and Pambiyar catchment areas (Travancore State).	1913	2"=1 m.	4	40×27	...	4 0	
Perso-Afghan Mountains	1918	1"=128 m.	1	21×14	0 8	...	Layered only.
Regions between Leh and Karghalik mapped by Cav. F. DeFilipi's Expedition in 1913-14.	1916	1"=8 m.	1	36×26	...	1 0	
Sikkim	1908	1"=4 m.	1	27×19	1 0	1 4	Republished in 1916.
Simla and adjacent country	1909	1"=1 m.	1	30×27	1 8	...	Layered.
Simla, Guide Map of	1917	8"=1 m.	1	40×30	...	1 0	

Description of Maps.	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches.	PRICE.		REMARKS.
					Boundaries uncoloured	Boundaries coloured.	
MISCELLANEOUS MAPS— <i>contd.</i>							
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Simla	1916	1"=220ft.	32	21×17	..	Per sheet 1 0	
Sundarbans	1874	1"=4 m	2	41×30	3 8	5 0	Layered.
Tenasserim	1868	1"=4 m.	6	44×30	6 0	7 8	
Tibet and adjacent countries .	1914	$\frac{1}{2,500,000}$	4	30×20	8 0	...	
Western Tibet, portion of .	1904	1"=12 m. 1	1	34×28	1 8	1 12	
Yun-nan	1905	1,000,000	2	40×27	2 0	2 8	

Description.	Date of current edition	Size per sheet in inches.	Price	REMARKS.
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS				
SOUTHERN ASIA SERIES				
Scale $\frac{1}{2,000,000}$ (nearly 1"=32 m.)			Rs. A.	
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Andaman Sheet Lat 8°–16° North Long 84°–96° East	1915	33×24	1 8	British India
Baluchistan Sheet Lat 24°–32° North Long 60°–72° East	1914	34×27	3 0	Persia, Afghanistan and British India Corrected in 1918 Index to names 4 annas extra
Kathiawar Sheet Lat 16°–24° North Long 60°–72° East	1915	33×24	1 8	British India and Portuguese Possessions
Northern Persia Sheet Lat 32°–40° North Long. 44°–60° East	1914	38×24	3 0	Persia, Russian Dominions and Turkey in Asia Index to names 8 annas extra.
Southern Persia Sheet Lat. 24°–32° North Long 44°–60° East	1912	ditto	3 0	Persia, Arabia and Turkey in Asia Index to names 8 annas extra.
INTERNATIONAL MAPS.				
Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ (nearly 1"=16 m.)				
"Bombay" N. E. 43	1914	29×25	1 0	Layered, without hill shading
"Kathiawar" N. E. 42	1915	ditto	1 0	Ditto
"Godavari" N. E. 44	1916	ditto	1 0	Ditto
"Jagannath" N. E. 45	1917	ditto	1 0	Ditto
"Madras" N. D. 44	1916	ditto	1 0	Ditto

Description	Date of current edition	REMARKS.
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS <i>contd</i>		
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES SERIES.		
Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ (nearly 1"=16 m.)		
Price Rs. 1 per sheet (size 24"×19").		
Sheet No. 2	1917	Baghdad Turkey in Asia and Persia
" " 9	1917	Tehran Persia.
" " 10	1915	Persia, Arabia and Turkey in Asia.
		Index to names 2 annas extra.

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Description.	Date of current edition.	REMARKS.
GEOGRAPHICAL MAPS—contd		
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES SERIES—contd		
<i>Scale</i> $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$ (nearly 1" = 16m.).		
Price Re. 1 per sheet (size 21" x 19")		
Sheet No. 14	1917	<i>Mukalla</i> Hadhramant (Layered edition only)
" " 17	1916	Persia.
" " 18	1914	Persia and Arabia.
" " 24	1916	Persia.
" " 25	1915	Persia and Arabia.
" " 29	1916	Persia, Afghanistan and Russian Turkistan.
" " 30	1918	<i>Sistan</i> Persia Afghanistan and Baluchistan.
" " 31	1917	<i>Rampur</i> Persia and Baluchistan.
" " 33	1916	Afghanistan
" " 34	1917	<i>Quetta</i> Afghanistan (Farah and Kandahar), Baluchistan and Sind
" " 37 (Rough Provisional Issue)	1918	<i>Balakhshan</i> Afghanistan, Russian Turkistan and North-West Frontier Province
" " 38	1917	<i>Kabul</i> Afghanistan, Punjab and North-West Frontier Province The <i>Political Edition</i> is republished with additions and corrections in 1918
" " 39	1916	<i>Mooltan</i> Punjab, North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Rajputana, Baluchistan and Afghanistan. (Kandahar) The <i>Political Edition</i> is republished with additions and corrections in 1918.
" " 40	1904	<i>Bombay</i> Punjab and Rajputana Agency. (<i>Provisional Issue</i>)
" " 41	1916	<i>Bombay</i> , <i>Sind</i> , Baroda and <i>Diu</i>
" " 43	1916	North-West Frontier Province, Punjab and Kashmir and Jammu
" " 44	1910	Punjab and Rajputana (<i>Political Edition</i>) (<i>Provisional Issue</i>)
" " 45	1917	<i>Ajmer</i> Rajputana, Punjab, Central India, Bombay, Baroda and Ajmere-Merwara
" " 46	1917	<i>Baroda</i> Bombay, Rajputana, Central Provinces, Central India, Hyderabad, Baroda and Daman.
" " 47	1916	<i>Bombay</i> , <i>Berär</i> and Hyderabad
" " 48	1917	<i>Goa</i> Bombay, Hyderabad, Goa, Mysore, Coorg and Madras
" " 49	1915	<i>Madras</i> , Coorg and Mahé
" " 51 (Preliminary Edition)	1917	<i>Yarland</i> Eastern Turkistan (<i>Political Edition</i>)
" " 52	1916	Eastern Turkistan, Kashmir, Punjab and Tibet
" " 53	1915	Punjab, Rajputana, United Provinces, Delhi and Tibet
" " 54	1918	<i>Agra</i> Central India, Central Provinces, Punjab, Rajputana, and United Provinces
" " 55	1912	Central India, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Central Provinces, Bombay and Berär. (<i>Political Edition</i>) (<i>Provisional Issue</i> .)
" " 56	1916	Hyderabad, Bombay, Berär, Central Provinces and Madras
" " 57 and part of 56	1914	<i>Bombay</i> , Hyderabad, Coorg, Madras, Mysore and Pondicherry.
" " 58 and part of 49	1916	<i>Madras</i> , Mysore, Coorg, Ceylon, Pondicherry, Karikal and Mahé
" " 60 (Preliminary Edition)	1917	<i>Eastern Turkistan</i> . (<i>Political Edition</i>)
" " 61	1918	<i>Thok Jalung</i> Chinese Turkistan and Tibet
" " 62	1916	Tibet, Nepal and United Provinces.
" " 63	1916	United Provinces, Central Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, Central India and Nepal.
" " 64	1916	Central Provinces, United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, Central India and Madras
" " 65 and part of 66	1914	Hyderabad, Bihar and Orissa, Central Provinces and Madras.
" " 70	1918	<i>Thok Daurakpa</i> Tibet.
" " 71	1904	Nepal and Tibet. (<i>Provisional Issue</i>)
" " 72	1917	<i>Kaimindu</i> Nepal, Bihar and Orissa, Bengal and United Provinces.
" " 73	1917	Index to names 6 annas extra. <i>Outack</i> Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Madras and Central Provinces.
" " 74	1915	Madras and Bihar and Orissa
" " 77	1913	Tibet, Sikkim and Bhutan. (<i>Provisional Issue</i> .)
" " 78	1917	<i>Darjeeling</i> Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Assam Bhutan, Nepal, Sikkim and Tibet.

NOTE.—The Geographical maps are usually available in 2 editions, viz. :—(1) Layered, and (2) Political, except those marked *Provisional Issue*.

Description.	Date of current edition.	REMARKS.
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Sheet No. 79	1917	Calcutta Bengal and Assam
" " 83	1918	Bengal, Assam and Burma. (Provisional Issue)
" " 84	1904	Bengal, Assam and Burma. Boundaries corrected to 1918. (Provisional Issue)
" " 85 and part of 86	1918	Burma. (Provisional Issue)
" " 86	1906	Burma and the Andaman Islands. (Provisional Issue.)
" " 87	1906	Andaman and Nicobar Islands (Provisional Issue)
" " 91	1904	Assam Tibet and China (Yun-nan and Szech'uan Provinces). (Provisional Issue.)
" " 92	1914	Assam, Burma and Yun-nan (China). (Provisional Issue)
" " 93	1904	Burma, Siam and Yun-nan (China) (Provisional Issue) Corrected in 1916.
" " 94	1918	Burma and Siam (Provisional Issue.)
" " 95	1906	Burma and Siam. Corrected to 1909. (Provisional Issue)
" " 96	1906	Burma and Siam. Corrected to 1913. (Provisional Issue)
" " 100	1911	Tibet and China (Provisional Issue)
" " 101	1910	China. (Provisional Issue)
" " 102	1904	Burma, Siam, Tonking and Yun-nan (China). Corrected to 1910. (Provisional Issue)

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O. H. B. TRENCHARD, Major, R. E.,
Officer in Charge, Map Record and Issue Office.

SURVEY OF INDIA,
MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE;
Calcutta, 19th December 1918

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Mussoorie, the 19th December 1918.

No. 5 — Mr A. A. Graham, Extra Assistant Superintendent, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for 19 days with effect from 28th October 1918 to 15th November 1918 under articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

R. T. CRICHTON, Lt.-Col., C.I.E., J.A.,
Superintendent, Northern Circle.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA IN THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Camp Ajmer, the 22nd December 1918.

Agra-Karachi Railway Survey.

No. 347.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, that a survey of a line from Agra to Karachi on the Broad gauge system is going to be surveyed in the following villages in the District of Ajmer-Merwara, and land is likely to be needed for the public purpose, in accordance therefore with section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that it shall be lawful for any officer either generally or specially authorized by Government in this behalf and for his servants and workmen;—

- to enter upon the survey and take levels of any land in such locality;
- to dig or bore into the sub-soil;
- to do all other acts necessary to ascertain whether the land is adapted for such purpose;
- to set out the boundaries of the land proposed to be taken and the intended line of the work (if any) proposed to be made thereon;
- to mark such levels, boundaries, and line by placing marks and cutting trenches;
- and, where otherwise the survey cannot be completed and the levels taken and the boundaries and line marked, to cut down and clear away any part of any standing crop, fence or jungle;

Provided that no person shall enter into any building or upon any enclosed court or garden attached to a dwelling house (unless with the consent of the occupier thereof) without previously giving such occupier at least seven days' notice in writing of his intention to do so.

Names of Villages.

Ajmer	Mangaliawas.	Bhawani Khara
Smalpurā	Jethana.	Nasirabad.
Domara	Nageilas.	Dharakhu.
Masina.	Alipore	Sanod.
Bhonta	Dhanaria	Raiusar.
Nayagoan.	Karwas.	Massia.
Nuriawas.	Ratangah.	Nipoli.
Dabla.	Nayagaon	Srinagar (along the P. W.
Pisangaon.	Bhimputa	D. Road).
Richmalia.	Bithur.	Rani Sagar Tank
		Gobaria.

C. E. HALL,

Secretary to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, and
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, in the Public Works Department.

THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 19th December 1918.

No. 7908.—In accordance with rule 10 of the rules for the grant of licenses to prospect for minerals and of mining leases published in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 7552-7531—121, dated the 15th September 1913, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred on him by rule 19 of Agent to the Governor General's order No. 4695 R. M., dated 31st December 1915, the Revenue Commissioner is pleased to renew the certificate of approval granted to Khan Bahadur B. D. Patel, C.I.E., of Quetta, under the above mentioned rules.

A. DEW,

Revenue Commissioner in Baluchistan.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Indore, the 21st December 1918.

No. 1749-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898) as applied to the Administered Areas in Central India, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to authorise Mr. Manchershah Bazonji Raghina, Honorary Magistrate, to exercise within the limits of the Indore Residency Bazar the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd class, as described in the said Code.

The Central India Agency Notification No. 781-B., dated the 4th July 1918, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1752-B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), and section 15, sub-section (3), of the Provincial Small Cause Court Act, 1887 (IX of 1887), as applied to the Cantonment of Mhow, and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2582-I., dated the 31st July 1894, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased (1) to appoint Mr. H. A. Gibbon, Extra Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, to be the Judge of the Court of Small Causes in the Cantonment of Mhow, and (2) to direct that all suits of a civil nature which are cognizable by a Court of Small Causes and of which the value does not exceed one thousand rupees shall be cognizable by the said Court.

This notification supersedes the Central India Agency Notification No. 1896-D., dated the 15th June 1917.

No. 3995-D.—The services of the Reverend K. C. Horwood, Chaplain of Mhow, who was granted* eight months' combined leave with effect from the afternoon of the 3rd April 1918, have been placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces, with effect from the 21st November 1918.

* Under Central India Agency Notification No. 1199-D., dated the 13th April 1918.

By order

A. R. JELF,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India

CHIEF COMMISSIONER, DELHI.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 19th December 1918.

No. 8736-Education.—The following bye-laws framed by the Notified Area Committee, Delhi, under the provisions of sections 188 (p) and 199 of Act III of 1911 (the Punjab Municipal Act) to regulate or prohibit any description of traffic in the streets within the limits of the Notified Area, Delhi, in supersession of those published with Notification No. 3505-Education, dated the 10th of May 1918, are approved by the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, and are hereby published for general information. The bye-laws will come into force six weeks after the publication of this notification.

BYE-LAWS.

1. No person shall take an elephant along a street or road without the previous sanction in writing of the Superintendent of Police.
Elephants.
2. No person under the age of fifteen years, unless accompanied by a competent instructor, shall drive a vehicle of any description drawn by an animal or worked by mechanical power.
Age limit of drivers.
3. No person shall take a cart used for carrying bricks, kankar, earth, stone, metal, or other loose material along any public road or street unless the cart is protected by side, front and back boards, which shall be at least 6 inches higher than the level of the material in the cart.
Side Boards.

4. The drivers of all vehicles, cyclists, motor cyclists and all persons in charge of animals passing along any public road or street shall keep to the left unless there be reasonable cause for divergence and shall pass other vehicles, cycles, motor cycles or animals going to the same direction which they may overtake, to the right of such vehicles or animals.

5. The driver of any conveyance, cyclist or motor cyclist intending to stop such conveyance, cycle or motor cycle shall, unless there be some reasonable cause for not doing so, pull up at the extreme side of the road, street, or thoroughfare, i.e., on the edge of the carriage way or if there is no footpath than parallel with and immediately on the edge of the street along which the conveyance is proceeding.

6. The driver of any conveyance, or motor cyclist intending to turn to his right shall extend his arm to his right hand side in such a manner that his intention may be known to drivers of any conveyances, which may be affected by the aforesaid turn to the right.

7. No person shall keep any animal or conveyance of any kind standing longer than is necessary for loading or unloading or for taking up or setting down passengers or leave any conveyance in such a manner as to cause inconvenience to the public in any road, street or thoroughfare.

8. When loading or unloading a cart in a street the person in charge of the cart shall cause it to stand parallel with the footpath and immediately on the edge of the carriage way, or if there is no footpath then parallel with and immediately on the edge of the street.

9. No driver of any vehicle, except a motor vehicle, shall keep on his vehicle, any horn of the kind usually kept for warning purposes on motor vehicles.

10. No person shall drive any vehicle in a public road or street after dark unless the vehicle carries a light or lights placed as follows:—

For bicycles or tricycles	One bright light affixed to the machine in front.
For ekkas, thelas, bullock carts or hand carts.	One bright light placed on the right hand side of the vehicle visible from the front.
For all other vehicles	One bright light placed on each side of the vehicle and visible from the front.

NOTE.—For the purpose of this section "Lighting up" notices exhibited in the streets by the Superintendent of Police shall be taken as determining at what time it becomes dark.

11. No person in charge of a vehicle or animal shall take his vehicle or animal or part of his vehicle on to any footpath ordinarily reserved for foot-passengers.

12. No person shall drive or cause to be driven on the public highway a thela which has any tyre less than 2½ inches wide or of which an axle or axle box is so worn as to cause unnecessary damage to the road.

13. No person shall drive on a public road any thela of which any wheel is less than 1'—9" in diameter.

14. Any person committing a breach of any of the above bye-laws shall be liable on conviction by a Magistrate to a fine which may amount to twenty rupees.

No. 8745-Home.—It is hereby notified that the holidays to be observed in public offices under the Chief Commissioner of the Province of Delhi during the year 1919, which are specified in the schedule hereto annexed, are public holidays within the meaning of section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881. These holidays should be given to all Government servants, subject to the single condition that it should be open to the head of an office to stop a holiday notified under the Act in the case of any individual guilty of idleness or inattention to duty, unless the day in question is deemed specially sacred by the members of the religion which the offender professes.

2. In addition to the holidays specified in the schedule all Government offices will be closed from the 28th to the 30th December 1919.

Heads of offices may also, subject to the condition that there are no arrears of work, permit the last Saturday of every month to be observed as a holiday in the English and Vernacular Offices. In such cases all establishments should be allowed, subject to the condition laid down in the case of public holidays, under the Negotiable Instruments Act, to take full advantage of the holidays.

3. This Notification does not apply to holidays to be observed in Civil Courts.

SCHEDULE.

List of holidays for public offices during the year 1919 for the Delhi Province.

Names of holidays.	Date on which they fall.	Day or days of the week.	No of days.	REMARKS.
<i>General holidays.</i>				
All Sundays			52	
Proclamation day	1st January	Wednesday	1	
* King Emperor's Birthday . . . . .	...	...	1	
<i>Christian holidays.</i>				
Easter holidays	18th, 19th and 21st April	Friday, Saturday and Monday.	3	(4 days including Sunday).
Christmas Vacation	24th to 27th and 31st December.	Wednesday to Saturday and Wednesday.	5	
<i>Hindu holidays.</i>				
Rasant Panchmi	5th February	Wednesday	1	
Sheeratri	1st March	Saturday	1	
Holi	16th March	Sunday	1	
Dulandhi	17th March	Monday	1	
Baisakhi	13th April	Sunday	1	
Solono	11th August	Monday	1	
Janam Ashtami	18th August	Monday	1	
Dusehra	1st to 4th October	Wednesday to Saturday	4	
Diwali	23rd October	Thursday	1	
<i>Muhammadan holidays.</i>				
Shab-i-barat	15th May	Thursday	1	
'Id-ul-Fitr	30th June or 1st July	Monday or Tuesday	1	Subject to the appearance of the moon
'Id-ul-Zuha	5th or 6th September	Friday or Saturday	1	Do do.
Muharram	3rd, 4th and 5th October	Friday, Saturday and Sunday.	3	Do. do
Bara Wafat	6th December	Saturday	1	

* The day fixed for the celebration of the King Emperor's Birthday will be notified separately hereafter.

No. 8754-Home.—The following return of deaths registered in the Province of Delhi during the half month ending the 30th November 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Rural Circles in the Province.	Deaths registered in previous half months	Total in present half month.	Deaths registered in the half month										Infants under one year of age
			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Snake-bite	Hydrophobia.	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.	
P. S. Alipur	2117	644	.	1	...	613	...	28	...	...	.	...	36 31 67
Nangloi	1493	734	...	2	...	730	...	12	...	...	...	...	36 32 65
Najafgarh	1251	615	.	.	...	606	...	9	...	...	.	...	14 14 28
Subsidiary	63	24	...	...	...	24	...	...	.	.	.	...	5 . 5
Paharganj	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	.	...	.. ...
Mehrauli	1793	360	...	...	...	324	...	36	...	...	...	...	25 13 38
Balsina	447	185	...	...	...	185	...	...	.	...	...	...	4 1 5
Shahdara	317	285	...	...	...	285	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 4 18
New Cantonment	878	165	...	...	...	163	...	2	...	...	...	...	6 9 15
Total of the District	8361	2962	...	5	...	2870	...	87	...	...	...	...	140 104 244

Delhi, the 20th December 1918.

No. 8790-Education.—The following addition to the Bye-laws to regulate the Business of the Municipal Committee of Delhi, published with Notification No. 8951-Education, dated the 4th December 1918, has been passed by the Municipal Committee of Delhi, and being approved by the Chief Commissioner, is hereby published for general information.

Addition.

At end of Bye-law No. 36 add—

“No servant of the Committee may be dismissed or removed as the result of misdemeanour unless the charges against him have previously been reduced to writing and communicated him and his reply recorded.”

The 21st December 1918.

No. 8802-C & I—The following draft amendment, which it is proposed to make in the rules made under section 9 of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899, and issued in Punjab Government Notification No 90, dated the 15th February 1909, as applied to the Delhi Province, is published for criticism. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 22nd January 1919, together with any remarks or suggestions received on or before that date :—

Draft Amendment.

In Chapter III of Part II of the said rules, after rule 5 the following shall be inserted as rule 5-A :—

“5-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 5, the Local Government may, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, omit, alter or add to any of the conditions specified in the prescribed form of license.”

No. 8828-Home.—The following return of births and deaths at the undermentioned Municipal towns in the Province of Delhi for the week ending the 14th December 1918, is published for information :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17						
No.	Name of Municipal Towns	Population of 1911	Births			Deaths			Cause of Death.						Infants under one year of age.			Ratio of births per 1,000 of population per annum.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population per annum.			
			Males.	Females	Total.	Males	Females	Total	Cholera	Small-pox	Typhoid	Fever	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Respiratory.	Injuries	All other causes.	Measles and chicken-pox.			Males	Females	Total.
	Delhi .	235,471	125	123	248	88	85	173	.	.	87	4	63	2	17	.	22	23	45	57.19	39.89	
	Notified Area	3,673		..	..	2		2	.	..	1	..	..	.	1	1		..	..	..	..	28.31
	Total .	239,144	125	123	248	90	85	175	.		88	4	63	2	18	1	32	23	45	56.27	39.71	

The 23rd December 1918.

No. 8863-Home.—Bhai Gyan Singh, Munsiff, was granted 20 days' leave on medical certificate, with effect from the forenoon of the 18th October 1918.

No. 8864-Home.—On return from the leave granted him in Notification No. 8863 of to-day's date, Bhai Gyan Singh, Munsiff, resumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 7th November 1918, relieving M Karam Elahi Qureshi.

C. A. BARRON,
Offg. Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL AND
CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 19th December 1918.

No. 3262.—The services of Rev. R. MacOmish, Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Quetta, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay with effect from the date of handing over charge of the duties of Chaplain at Quetta.

By order,
G. HARRIS, Major,
First Assistant.

**THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL
IN BALUCHISTAN.**

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 21st December 1918.

No. 7947-B.—Khan Sahib M. Sultan Hussain, *s.p.t.*, Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 6th grade, and on deputation as Indian Assistant to the Political Agent, Sarhad, was granted privilege leave for a period of one month and 19 days, with effect from the 22nd November 1918.

By order,
H. HARRIS,
First Assistant.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 19th December 1918.

No. 438-G-Camp.—Mr. A. K. Sunderosa Iyer, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, reverted to his own grade with effect from the 2nd November 1918, and is re-appointed to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from 6th November 1918, in place of Mr. J. R. King, granted privilege leave.

No. 439-G-Camp.—Mr. R. Davies, Accountant, 3rd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 8th (Lucknow) Division, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 6th November 1918.

No. 440-G-Camp.—Mr. A. P. C. Cody, Superintendent, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, Burma Division, was appointed to officiate as a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, in that office, with effect from the 18th to the 25th November 1918.

Delhi, the 21st December 1918.

No. 463-G-Camp.—Mr. Allan Grant, an officer of the Provincial Service, United Provinces, who is on deputation in the office of the Field Controller of Military Accounts, Poona, is granted privilege leave for three months, on medical grounds, with effect from the 25th September 1918.

Delhi, the 24th December 1918.

No. 535-G-Camp.—In Military Accounts Department Notification No. 301-G-Camp, dated the 14th December 1918, sanctioning War Leave to 2nd-Lieutenant G. S. B. Barry Briant, for "60 days" read "34 days."

No. 536-G-Camp.—Messrs. N. N. Sen and J. J. Brown, Officiating Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, in the office of the Controller of Military Accounts, 7th (Meerut) Division, reverted to their own grades with effect from the 4th and 2nd December 1918 respectively.

No. 537-G-Camp.—In Military Accounts Department Notification No. 299-G-Camp, dated the 14th December 1918, regarding the appointment of Mr. A. N. Auditto as temporary Deputy Examiner for "22nd October 1918" read "18th October 1918."

B. W. MARLOW, Colonel,
Military Accountant General.

CURRENCY NOTES.

The following Currency Notes of the Karachi Circle are stated to have been lost in the sinking of the S. S. "Mongolia" and the payment of their value has been claimed by the firm named below. Any other person claiming a right to the notes is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY LOST.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of claimant.
WD1 (18-19)	G A 79-52217	Rs. 5	Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, Bankers, England.
	" 79-52219	5	
	" 94-70229	10	

PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE,
Karachi, the 18th December 1918.

C. W. LAUDER,
Currency Officer.

The following Currency Notes of the Lahore Circle are stated to have been destroyed and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned.

NOTES WHOLLY LOST OR DESTROYED.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of claimant.
D3-18-19	E C. 55817 98	Rs. 100	M. Abdul Karim, Government Pensioner, Gai Ghat Post Office, Gulzarbagh, Patna.

PAPER CURRENCY OFFICE,
Lahore, 18th December 1918.

T. MALAN,
Currency Officer.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, dated at Fort William, this 14th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—19809, Private Weld
Age—36 years.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fair, hair, brown, eyes, blue.
Trade—Carter.

Date of Enlistment—22nd July 1915
Place of Enlistment—Smithwick
Date of Desertion or Absence—14th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Calcutta.
Under four years' service

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, dated at Fort William, this 15th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—19664, Private G. Moore.
Age—39 years.
Height—5 feet 5½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, dark brown; eyes, blue
Trade—China Rivetter.

Date of Enlistment—19th November 1914.
Place of Enlistment—Nottingham.
Date of Desertion or Absence—15th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or Absence—Calcutta.
Marks—Scar Left Groin.
Under five years' service.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, dated at Fort William, this 15th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—32102, Private H. Gill.
Age—28 years.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, pale, hair, fair; eyes, grey.
Trade—Miner.
Date of Enlistment—7th September 1914,

Place of Enlistment—St. Helens.
Parish and County in which born—St. Helens.
Date of Desertion or absence—15th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Calcutta.
Under five years' service.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment, dated at Fort William, this 20th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—32606, Pte., W. Mulvenan.
Age—35 years.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fair; hair, brown.

Trade—Labourer.
Date of Enlistment—28th August 1914.
Place of Desertion or absence—Calcutta.
Under five years' service.

C. W. SHEPHERD, Colonel,
Commanding, 1st Garrison Battalion, Lincolnshire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, 150th Indian Infantry, dated at Chaklala, this 17th day of December 1918.

Number and Name—101, Ram Singh.
Age—29 years.
Height—5 feet 10 inches.
Father's name—Kalkhera.
Caste—Hindu Jat.

Village—Akwai, Thana Malpura, Telegraph Office Marakar, Tehsil Karauli, District Agra.
Date of Desertion or absence—17th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Chaklala.
Marks—Scar posterior surface, left wrist.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, 150th Indian Infantry, dated at Chaklala, this 17th day of December 1918.

Number and Name—456, Bhanwar Singh.
Age—26 years.
Height—5 feet 5 inches.
Father's name—Jivan.
Caste—Hindu Jat.

Village—Idalpur, Thana and Tehsil Sadabad, Telegraph Office Mursana, District Mathura.
Date of Desertion or absence—17th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Chaklala.
Marks—A large scar inner side above right knee.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, 150th Indian Infantry, dated at Chaklala, this 18th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—361, Sepoy, Ballu.
Age—19 years.
Height—5 feet 3½ inches.
Father's Name—Nanwa.
Caste—Hindu Jat.

Village—Matara, Thana Ghaziabad, District Meerut, Post Office Daashana.
Date of Desertion or absence—18th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Chaklala.
Marks—A scar on right side of chest below minor end of collar bone.

W. LEGGAT, Lieut.,
Commanding, C Company, 2-150th Infantry.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Dorsetshire Regiment, dated at Poona, this 18th day of December 1918.

Number, Rank and Name—15841, Private, Phillip R. Ellis.
Age—27 years.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, black; eyes, black.
Trade—Clerk.
Date of Enlistment—24th December 1915.

Place of Enlistment—Lucknow.
Parish and County in which born—No record.
Date of Desertion or absence—12th December 1918.
Place of Desertion or absence—Poona.
Marks—Mole left fore arm.
Under 3 years' service.

M. J. KENNEY, Captain.
Commanding, 3rd Divisional Details Depôt.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.**

No. 582 of 1918.

Bombay, the 17th day of December 1918.

Re Mathuradas Morarji of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu, Inhabitant, dealing in pieco-goods in his own name at Mulji Jetha Market, Gopal Gully, without the Fort of Bombay, an adjudged Insolvent.

Ex parte. Messrs. Tullockchand Jetha, a firm, Petitioning Creditors.

Whereas the abovenamed Mathuradas Morji have been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvent do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said insolvent do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon him, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay	Description.	DATE OF PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS.			DATE OF THE ADJUDICATION.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
580—1918	Bhaichand Javerchand Sha.	Hindu	Slak Memon Street	Lately pearl merchant in partnership with Karanchand Harjiwan under the name of Bhaichand Karanchand and Company and now unemployed	17th	December	1918	17th	December	1918
581—1918	Rasulbhai Omer Ghachi	"	Ghogari Molla	Lately milk vendor and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
583—1918	Nagsey Nensey Sha	"	Khadak	Lately doing partnership business with Hira Varja & Sojpal Jetha and Poonja Jetha as dealers in grains in the name of Hira Varjang & Co., and now servant in the employ of Kharsadi Aldesur Divecha.	"	"	"	"	"	"
584—1918	Abraham Ezekiel Joshua Abraham.	Jewish	Esplanade Road No 101	General merchant	"	"	"	"	"	"
585—1918	Fida Hoosein Esmailji, Contractor.	Mahomedan	Dhabu Street	Lately doing business as petty Government Contractor under the name and style of F. Esmailji & Co., and now unemployed	18th	"	"	18th	"	"
586—1918	Hemchand Nanabhai Sha	Hindu	Sootar Chawl	Lately pearl stringer and speculator in shares of different Joint Stock Companies, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
587—1918	Joseph Hemingway	Anglo-Indian	Devulla	Motor mechanic in the service of Ford Automobile Company	"	"	"	"	"	"
588—1918	Senoo Dhandia Pachpoota	Hindu	32, Frete Road	Commission Agent in Kerosine Oil	"	"	"	"	"	"
589—1918	Hirnal Dayabhai Jarwala	"	Koombarwada 3rd Lane	Lately embryo orderer and now unemployed.	19th	"	"	19th	"	"
590—1918	Ramshankar alias Ramkishan Kesoram Pandia.	"	28th, 2nd Fanaawadi	Lately Mucadam in grocery, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
591—1918	Khushiram Thakordas Mooltani; Bholaram Thakordas Mooltani and Maniram Thakordas Mooltani.	"	1st Debtor at Chipiwada Barabhai Molla, and the 2nd and 3rd Debtors at Shikarpore	Lately carrying on business in partnership as Cloth Merchants and Commission Agents in the name of Bholaram Khushiram, and now unemployed.	20th	"	"	20th	"	"
593—1918	John William Sydney Crawford.	European	Apollo Bunder, Bombay	Engine Driver in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway.	"	"	"	"	"	"
594—1918	Gangadhar Geber, Bai Amrat, widow of Mayaram Tribhovan and Rewashankar Geber.	Hindu	1st Debtor at Gaiwadi Kalbadevi and the 2nd and 3rd Debtors at Shor, in Kathiawar.	Carrying on business at Bombay as silver merchants in the name and style of Mayaram Tribhovan a firm	"	"	"	"	"	"
595—1918	Shait Makbool Shaik Mahomed.	Mahomedan	Tankar Molla	Lately playing on hire motor cars in partnership with Amirkhan Hakimkhan, and now Chauffeur in the employ of Messrs. Ralli Brothers.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignees of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Bombay, this 21st day of December 1918.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.
Insolvency Jurisdiction.**CASE No. 157 OF 1918.**

Rangoon, the 10th December 1918.

In the matter of P. S. S. Chelliah Pillai, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by P. S. S. Chelliah Pillai, unemployed, residing at No. 83, 30th Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of October 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 4th day of December 1918 against the said P. S. S. Chelliah Pillai.

CASE No. 170 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 12th December 1918.

In the matter of Maung Kyin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Kyin, Surveyor, residing at No. 141, Montgomery Street, Rangoon, on the 9th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Kyin.

CASE No. 171 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 16th December 1918.

In the matter of Theerathram, son of Tahalram (deceased), Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Theerathram, unemployed, residing at No. 83, Fraser Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Theerathram.

CASE No. 172 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 17th December 1918.

In the matter of Ko Bein, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ko Bein, Cigar Trader, residing at No. 24, 61st Street, Botataung, Rangoon, on the 17th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ko Bein.

CASE No. 173 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 18th December 1918.

In the matter of Rajah Khan, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Rajah Khan, Hospital Khalasee, of Government House Dispensary, Rangoon, on the 17th day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Rajah Khan.

CASE No. 175 OF 1918.

Rangoon, the 19th December 1918.

In the matter of Abdul Rahman, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Abdul Rahman, Fitter Maistry, residing at No. 30, in 59th Street, Rangoon, on the 3rd day of December 1918, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 18th day of December 1918 against the said Abdul Rahman.

CASE No. 63 OF 1918.**Rangoon, the 15th December 1918.****In the matter of John Moorthy, Fitter, residing at No. 77, Tiger Ally Road, Rangoon.**

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said John Moorthy, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 10th day of December 1918.

CASE No. 89 OF 1918.**Rangoon, the 20th December 1918.****In the matter of Raghudas Chintamani, Milk Seller, Halpin Road, Rangoon.**

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Raghudas Chintamani, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 17th day of December 1918.

CASE No. 112 OF 1918.**Rangoon, the 20th December 1918.****In the matter of Hori Ahir, Cooly, residing at No. 151, Merchant Street, Rangoon.**

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Hori Ahir, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 19th day of December 1918.

CASE No. 131 OF 1918.**Rangoon, the 20th December 1918.****In the matter of Bhibhubiti Bhosan Dutta, Rangoon.**

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Bhibhubiti Bhosan Dutta, an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 18th day of December 1918.

E. W. W. XAVIER,
Offg. Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.
In Insolvency.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee.

No of Petition	Date of Presentation.	Name, address and description of Insolvent.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination
203 of 1918 .	14th November 1918.	Wulchi Ranganayak du Chetty, residing at No 174, Govindappa Naicken Street, George Town, Madras.	14th November 1918 .	24th January 1919.
204 of 1918 .	18th November 1918.	P. Guruvappa Chetty, residing at No. 6, Guruvappa Chetty Street, Old Washermanpett. Madras.	18th November 1918 .	" " "
205 of 1918 .	Ditto .	Rowth Mull Chavan, residing at No. 20, Parayanakaran Street, George Town, Madras	Ditto. .	" " "
212 of 1918 .	29th November 1918.	Mohamed Raza Sahib, residing at No. 11, Iyemperumal Coil Street, Royapett, Madras.	29th November 1918 .	3rd February 1919.
214 of 1918 .	11th December 1918.	Abdul Samath Sahib, residing at No. 13, Abbu Maistri Street, George Town, Madras.	4th December 1918 .	" " "
215 of 1918 .	Ditto .	V. M. A. Chinnappa Chetty and Sons and A. Ponnusalai Chetty, General Merchants, carrying on business in Mint Street, Madras.	16th December 1918 .	" " "

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE,
Madras, 18th December 1918.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM
IN BENGAL.
In Insolvency.**

Notice of Adjudication Order.

No. 152 of 1918.

Dated the 19th December 1918.

Re Charles De Rozario, residing at No. 36, Metcalfe Lane, in the town of Calcutta, formerly without employment but at present temporarily employed as a clerk in the District Intelligence Branch at Alipore.

Ex parte the debtor.—Mr. E. P. Swinhoe—Debtor's Solicitor.

On the 4th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 154 of 1918.

Dated the 20th December 1918.

Re Murlidhar Amarchand, a mercantile firm of No. 16, Puggypattee, in the town of Calcutta.

Ex parte Balkissen Dass Champo Lall—the creditor. Messrs. Khaitan & Co —Creditor's Solicitors.

On the 11th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me

No. 156 of 1918.

Dated the 19th December 1918.

Re Bhojraj and Baijnath, both residing at No. 192, Cross Street, in the town of Calcutta, and lately carrying on business in piece goods with Nand Lal and Mohun Lal at No. 90, Cross Street in Calcutta aforesaid under the name, style and firm of Baijnath Mohun Lal but at present the former being employed as a servant in the firm of Sewnarain Moheswari and the latter as a servant with the firm of Choom Lal Goberdhone.

Ex parte the debtors. Messrs. B. N. Basu & Co —Debtor's Solicitors

On the 12th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as Insolvents.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 157 of 1918.

Dated the 19th December 1918.

Re Clarence Ernest Michael, residing at No. 16, Moti Seal's Street, in the town of Calcutta, lately employed as an Assistant of Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw and Company in Chowringhee in Calcutta aforesaid but at present unemployed.

Ex parte the debtor.

On the 16th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

No. 158 of 1918.

Dated the 21st December 1918.

Re Bhairordan Rukhleha, lately residing and carrying on business as traders under the names and styles of Protapmull Lakhmi Chand and Ram Chand Bhairordan at No. 113, Monohar Das Katra, in the town of Calcutta.

Ex parte Sujan Chand Kanhya Lal—the creditors.—Babu P. N. Banerjee—Attorney for the creditors.

On the 19th day of December 1918, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed as an Insolvent.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

G. McD. FALKNER, & Co.

Official Assignee of Calcutta.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 16TH TO 22ND DECEMBER 1918.

(In Lakhs of Standard Toles.)

COINAGE OF BRITISH INDIA GOVERNMENT COINS.																
NAME OF MINTS.	RECEIPTS.			COINAGE.			BALANCE OF BULLION AND COIN					COINAGE FOR EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.		SUBSIDIARY COINAGE FOR THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS GOVERNMENT.		
	Pur- chased silver	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	TOTAL.	New rupees small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States	TOTAL	New coin ready for delivery	Currency Bullion	Other Govern- ment Bullion	With- drawn and un- current coins.	TOTAL.	Receipt of Bullion coinage transferred from Currency silver.	Piastres Closing and paid over. Bul- lion.	Receipt of Subsi- diary coin for coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta . . .	123	2	...	123	114	...	114	38	a 375	6	2	421	...	...	...	...
Bombay . . .	...	...	...	...	81	...	81	...	(b) 103	1	...	101	...	...	...	54

(a) Exclusive of 620 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

(b) Exclusive of 183 of purchased silver brought on the Mint premises but not yet received.

His Majesty's Mint; }
Calcutta, the 26th Dec. 1918.

J. J. BOURKE, Lt.-Colonel, I.M.S.,
Offg. Master of the Mint.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**POST OFFICE.**

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 19th December 1918.

No. 3075-*Ap*.—Mr. Chandra Nath Sarbadhicary, Investigating Inspector, Bengal and Assam Circle, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, from the 31st October 1918 to 30th November 1918 inclusive.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.**(TELEGRAPH TRAFFIC.)****NOTIFICATIONS**

Calcutta, the 23rd December 1918.

No. 7120-*T*.—Mr. G. Barton, Superintendent of Post Offices, Traffic, Punjab and N. W. F. Circle, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 9th December 1918.

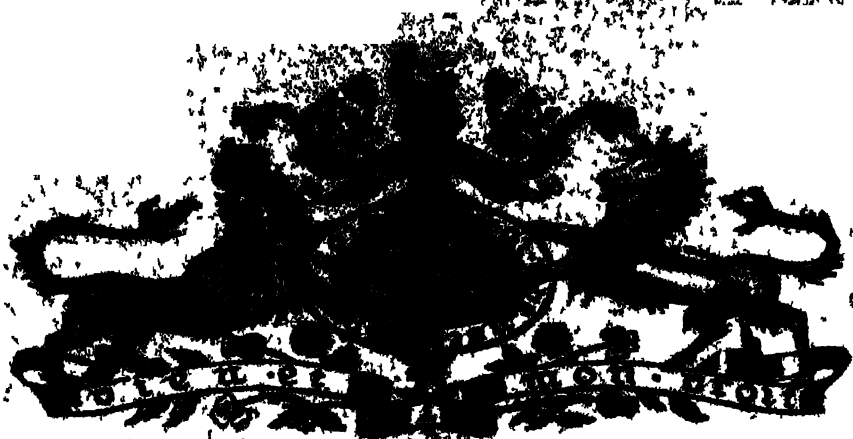
Mr. J. J. Wood, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate in the 2nd Division of the Superior Traffic Branch as Superintendent of Post Offices, Traffic, Punjab and N. W. F. Circle, with effect from the 9th December 1918, *vice* Mr. Barton.

Calcutta, the 24th December 1918

No. 7140-*T*.—The deputation of Mr. H. Sur, with the East Indian Railway Company, sanctioned in Notification No. 5733-*T*., dated the 8th October 1918, is extended to the 12th November 1918.

G. R. CLARKE,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1918.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

LOST, STOLEN, OR DESTROYED.

The upper halves of the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 161115 and 161116 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for Rs. 1,000 each originally standing in the name of Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Mrs. F. Shepherd, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, stolen, or destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA,
Residence—Mussoorie.

LOST.

The Allotment Certificates Nos. 137 ^{U. P.} _{1 A 2} of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds for Rs. 7,000, originally issued in the name of Raghubar Singh, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificates and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—RAJ RAGHUBAR SINGH, Talukdar,
Residence—Jhansi, C/o Sham Lal Pleader, Kheri-Lakhimpur.

(135)

LOST.

The lower half of Government Promissory Notes No. 824375 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 3,000, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to H. K. Kirpalani, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—H. K. KIRPALANI, I.C.S.,
Residence—Barat.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ^{1469 Bom.}_{P.1} of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1922 for Rs. 200, originally issued in the name of, Dhondiram Bahadarmal; the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—DHONDIRAM BAHADARMAL MARWADI,
Residence—Pimpal Taluka Chandor, District Nashik.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. Bo. 59637 and Bo. 38333 of the 5½ per cent. loans of 1865 and 1842-43 respectively for Rs. 1,000 each, the former originally standing in the name of the Bank of India Limited and the latter in the name of Gajanan Vinsyek and last endorsed to Balabhai Motilal, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, NOTICE is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in the favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—BALABHAI MOTILAL, Contractor,
Residence—Ahmedabad, Malini Pole.

LOST.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 029489 and 020638 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 and 1922 for Rupees 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Shree Rajkunwar, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

THAKURAIN SHREE RAJKUNWAR of,
Udrahra (Rajaman),

Resident of Village Rajaman, Pargana Bachhrawan, P. O. Rajaman, District Rai Bareilly (Oudh).

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. 3095 of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1922 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Ma. Hpaw, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—MA. HPAW,
Residence—Gungwa Village, Taluk Ferozshah.

The Government Promissory Note No. B. 000070 and 023485 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500 respectively, the former originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Mohamed Hussein Allahibux, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**MOHAMED HUSSEIN ALLAHIBUX,**
Skin Merchants,
Residence—Hills Market, Amritsar.

DESTROYED.

The Allotment Certificate No. ^{421-B} of the 5½ per cent. loan of 1920 for Rs. 1,000 originally issued in the name of Khetshidas Jaluram, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed, notice is hereby given that the payment of the above Allotment Certificate and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**KHETSHIDAS JOLURAM,**
Residence—P. O. Mohimaganj (Bangpur).

LOST.

The Allotment Certificates Nos. ^{1923 B.}_{1 & 2} of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs. 400, originally issued in the name of Kanakprova Devi, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Certificates and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**RANI KANAK PROVA DEVI,**
Residence—Chanchra Raj Bati.

LOST.

The Allotment Letter No. ^{6466 Bom.}_{P. 1.} of the 5½ per cent. War Bond 1920 for Rs. 100, originally issued in the name of Uma Kanta Mitter, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Allotment Letter and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—**UMA KANTA MITTER,**
Residence—29, Husaingunj Road, Lucknow.

LOST.

The upper halves of Government Promissory Notes No. B. 000070 and 023485 of the 5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920 for Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500 respectively, the former originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and the latter in the name of the Central Bank of India, Limited, and last endorsed to Miss A. M. Gilmore, the proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietress. The Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—**AGENT, ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.**

Residence—Lahore.

Abstract statement of the Unrequented Service Family Pension Fund for the quarter ending 31st January 1918, being the third quarter of the year, 1917-18, compared with the corresponding quarter of the year 1916-17.

PARTICULARS	For the quarter ending 31st January 1918.		For the quarter ending 31st January 1917.		Income.	Decrease.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance in favour of the Fund at the end of the previous quarter	1,38,08,781	9 11	1,40,94,788	15 10	.. ..	2,85,937 5 11
ADD INCOME—						
Subscriptions from 1st November to 31st January in the Widows' Fund	65,637	5 0	70,410	9 0	.. ..	4,873 4 5
Subscriptions from 1st November to 31st January in the Children's Fund	22,474	13 0	24,268	5 0	.....	1,893 9 0
Fees and stamps . . . . .	.. .	.. .	8 0 0	.. .	.....	8 0 0
Income and outlay on Office buildings and grounds	914	16 0	990	10 0	.	75 11 0
Amount at credit of subscribers under Rule 55 transferred to Divisible surplus . . . . .	.	.. .	916	8 0	.. .	916 8 0
Amount of fine imposed on subscriptions in arrears	7	11 4	.	.. .	7 11 4	.. .
Total Income	88,984	13 4	96,668	0 0	7 11 4	7,780 15 0
GRAND TOTAL	1,38,97,716	6 3	1,41,91,456	15 10	A 7 11 4	2,93,718 4 11
Deduct EXPENDITURE—						
Pensions payable to incumbents in the Widows' Fund	1,88,124	15 3	1,88,957	2 11	4 167 12 4	.
Ditto ditto in the Children's Fund	1,00,797	14 0	92,663	15 11	8,134 14 1	..
Establishment and contingencies	6,820	13 1	6,898	13 3	.	68 0 2
Loss by exchange on remittances out of India	9,870	9 7	9,378	14 3	491 11 4	.
Commission paid for money-orders	614	0 0	580	0 0	34 0 0	.
Commission to Messrs Coutts & Co.	4,429	7 0	4,006	8 0	423 15 0	.
Total Expenditure	3,15,657	10 11	3,02,473	6 4	B 12,363 4 9	68 0 2
Balance in favour of the Fund	1,35,82,058	11 4	1,39,88,983	9 8	C —12,944 9 5	2,93,650 4 9
GRAND TOTAL	1,38,97,716	6 3	1,41,91,456	15 10	7 11 4	2,93,718 4 11
Proportion of divisible surplus payable to qualified members of more than five years' standing	71,536	5 0	70,815	15 0	720 6 0	..
	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.
Number of subscribers (on 31st January)	619	302	667	330	..	..
Number of incumbents (on 31st January)	749	614	736	606	11	4
Number of subscribers sharing abatement (on 1st May)	654	313	697	350	..	..

	Rs. A. P.
A.—Net decrease in grand total of income	2,09,710 9 7
B.—Net increase in total expenditure	12,184 4 7
C.—Decrease in balance	2,06,524 14 2

B. THOMSON,
Accountant.

NORMAN HAMILTON & Co.,
Chartered Accountants. } Auditors.
R. A. PARITAB

Published by order of the Directors,

J. M. MANNING,
Secretary.

Estate S. Klingenstein, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Sidney Klingenstein of the Indian Civil Service, Jessore, who died on 15th February 1918 at Dignagore, near Jessore, B. Bengal, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to George Henry McCausland of Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 26th January next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized.

G. H. McCAUSLAND.

CALCUTTA ;

The 4th December 1918.



SUPPLEMENT TO
The Gazette of India.

No. 52. } CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1918.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such official papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees eight if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by Law or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

IMPORTS INTO CHIEF PORTS DURING OCTOBER, 1918

RETURN SHOWING the QUANTITIES of the PRINCIPAL STAPLES of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE IMPORTED into CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, KARACHI, and MADRAS PORTS by RAIL, RIVER, and SEA during OCTOBER, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

December 24, 1918

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics.

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN SELECTED ARTICLES IN OCTOBER, 1918.

The object of the tables appended is to show the quantities of the principal staples of agricultural produce imported from the various provinces, etc., and from foreign countries into the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, and Karachi, and into the Madras ports during the month of October, 1918, and for the seven months, April to October, 1918, as compared with the corresponding periods of 1917. The statistics include sea-borne foreign and coasting trade as well as inland (rail and river-borne) trade. They have been furnished by Collectors of Customs, Steamer Companies, Railway Audit Officers, the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, etc.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN OCTOBER, 1917 AND 1918.

It will be seen from Table I that the imports by rail, river, and sea in October, 1918, as against the corresponding month of 1917, show (in round numbers) a decrease of—

- 60 per cent in wheat (excluding wheat flour)
(38,600 tons as against 91,600 tons last year),
- 39 per cent in gram and pulse
(35,100 tons as against 58,100 tons last year),
- 22 per cent in jute
(572,900 bales as against 733,100 bales last year), and
- 6 per cent in rape and mustard seed
(7,100 tons as against 7,500 tons last year).

The imports of linseed by rail, river, and sea into ports show an increase of 455 per cent (40,300 tons as against 7,300 tons last year), due mainly to larger exports from Bihar and Orissa and the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. The increase of 30 per cent (66,300 bales as against 51,100 bales last year) in the imports of raw cotton is accounted for by an increase in exports mainly from the Punjab, Sind and British Baluchistan, Madras and non-British ports in India. There was an increase of 10 per cent (87,920,900 lbs as against 34,384,900 lbs last year) in tea on account of larger exports from Bengal and an increase of 8 per cent (82,800 tons as against 76,500 tons last year) in rice (including paddy) due to the same cause.

It will be seen from Table IV (wheat, excluding wheat flour) that the principal source of the imports in October, 1917, was the Punjab. During October, 1918, the principal sources of the imports were the Punjab (52 per cent) and Behar and Orissa (22 per cent of the total).

NOTE.—One bale of cotton or jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

One maund is equivalent to 82½ lbs.

One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

GENERAL RESULTS—SEVEN MONTHS' IMPORTS INTO THE PORTS FROM UP-COUNTRY, ETC., THIS YEAR AND LAST YEAR.

The seven months' figures in table I show (in round numbers) an increase of—

- 75 per cent in linseed
(190,700 tons as against 108,700 tons last year),
- 32 per cent in jute
(2,911,200 bales as against 2,208,600 bales last year),
- 25 per cent in gram and pulse
(580,800 tons as against 466,100 tons last year),
- 12 per cent in tea
(167,069,000 lbs as against 148,095,700 lbs last year), and
- 9 per cent in rice (including paddy)
(583,200 tons as against 536,700 tons last year)

The imports of wheat (excluding wheat flour) by rail, river, and sea into ports show a decrease of 51 per cent (735,800 tons as against 1,515,400 tons last year), mainly on account of smaller exports from the Punjab, the Central Provinces and Berar, Rajputana and Central India, and Sind and British Baluchistan. The imports of raw cotton show a fall of 25 per cent (1,398,200 bales as against 1,855,300 bales last year), owing to smaller exports, principally from Bombay, the Central Provinces and Berar, Rajputana and Central India, and Madras. The decrease of 6 per cent (77,000 tons as against 82,000 tons last year) in rape and mustard seed is accounted for by smaller exports from the United Provinces.

TRADE FLUCTUATIONS IN OCTOBER, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS MONTH.

As compared with September, 1918, the imports in October, 1918, into the ports referred to above show (in round numbers) a decrease of—

- 59 per cent in gram and pulse
(35,400 tons as against 85,300 tons previous month),
- 54 per cent in rape and mustard seed
(7,100 tons as against 15,300 tons previous month),
- 35 per cent in wheat (excluding wheat flour)
(36,600 tons as against 56,700 tons previous month),
- 12 per cent in rice (including paddy)
(82,800 tons as against 94,100 tons previous month),
- 4 per cent in raw cotton
(66,300 bales as against 69,200 bales previous month),

and an increase of—

- 50 per cent in jute
(572,900 bales as against 380,900 bales previous month),
- 39 per cent in linseed
(40,300 tons as against 28,900 tons previous month), and
- 26 per cent in tea
(37,920,000 lbs as against 30,104,800 lbs previous month),

The Statistics for October, 1917 and 1918, as also for the seven months ending October, 1917 and 1918, together with those for September and October, 1918, are summarised below:—

SUMMARY TABLE I.

(1) Articles	(2) Imports, October, 1917	(3) Imports, October, 1918	(4) Imports, April to October, 1917	(5) Imports, April to October, 1918	(6) Increase (+) or decrease (—) of im- ports in October, 1918, as compared with October, 1917	(7) Increase (+) or decrease (—) of im- ports in seven months, April to October, 1918, as com- pared with seven months April to October, 1917
	bales	bales	bales	bales	Per cent	Per cent
Cotton, raw	51,110	66,256	1,855,267	1,898,236	+80	—25
	tons	tons	tons	tons		
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	91,589	36,641	1,515,393	735,812	—60	—51
Rice (including paddy) .	76,492	82,763	536,703	583,227	+8	+9
Gram and Pulse . . .	58,108	35,411	466,119	580,805	—39	+25
Linseed	7,255	40,286	108,720	190,731	+455	+75
Rape and Mustard seed .	7,532	7,068	81,990	77,044	—6	—6
	bales	bales	bales	bales		
Jute	783,065	572,915	2,203,567	2,911,170	—22	+32
	lbs	lbs	lbs	lbs		
Tea	34,381,901	37,920,912	148,695,723	167,069,007	+10	+12

SUMMARY TABLE II.

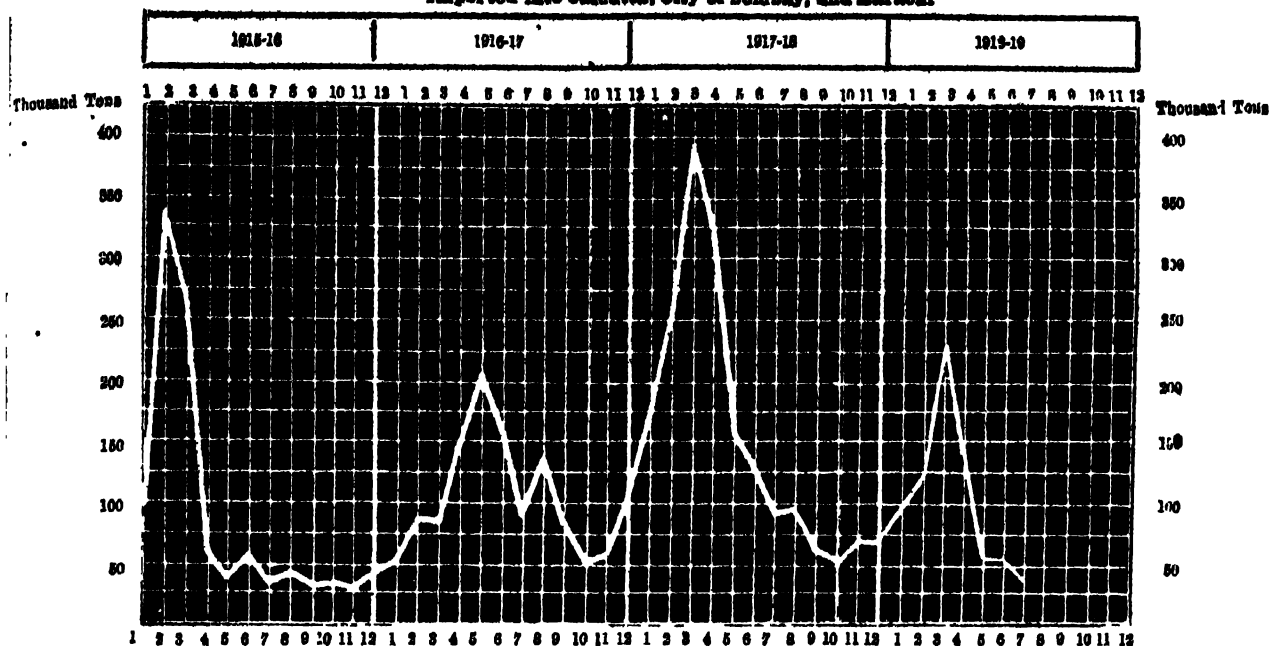
Articles	Imports, September 1918	Imports, October, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—) of Imports in October, 1918, as compared with September, 1918
	bales	bales	Per cent
Cotton, raw	69,216	66,256	—4
	tons	tons	
Wheat (excluding wheat flour)	56,689	36,641	—35
Rice (including paddy)	94,135	82,763	—12
Gram and Pulse	85,349	35,411	—59
Linseed	28,940	40,286	+39
Rape and Mustard seed	15,284	7,068	—54
	bales	bales	
Jute	380,948	572,915	+50
	lbs	lbs	
Tea	30,104,802	37,920,912	+26

The annexed charts show the course of the monthly imports of wheat, cotton, and jute from April, 1915, to October, 1918:—

**IMPORTS BY RAIL, RIVER, AND SEA OF WHEAT, COTTON, AND JUTE
FROM APRIL, 1915, TO OCTOBER, 1918**

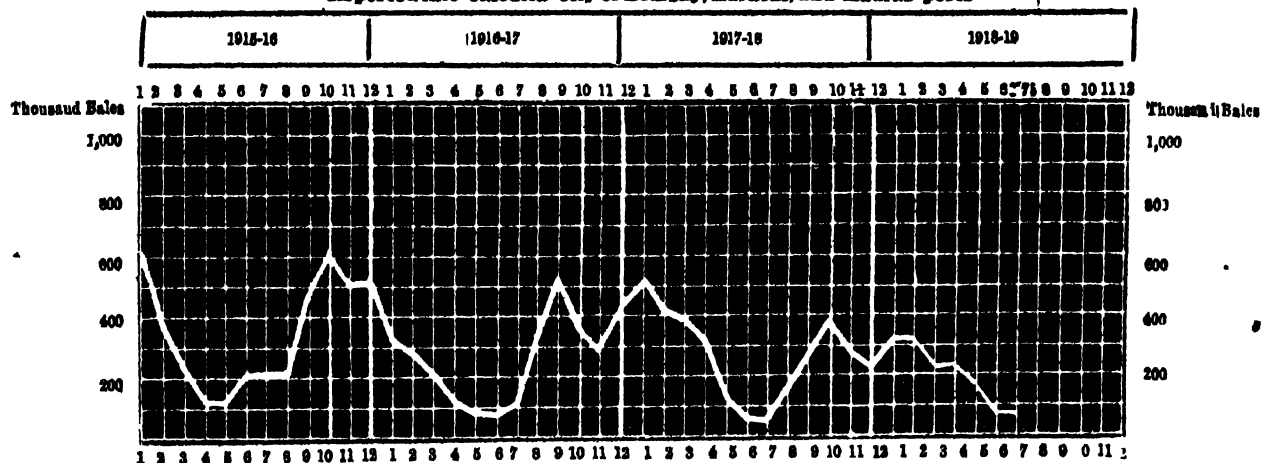
WHEAT

Imported into Calcutta, City of Bombay, and Karachi!



COTTON (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta City of Bombay, Karachi, and Madras ports



JUTE (RAW)

Imported into Calcutta

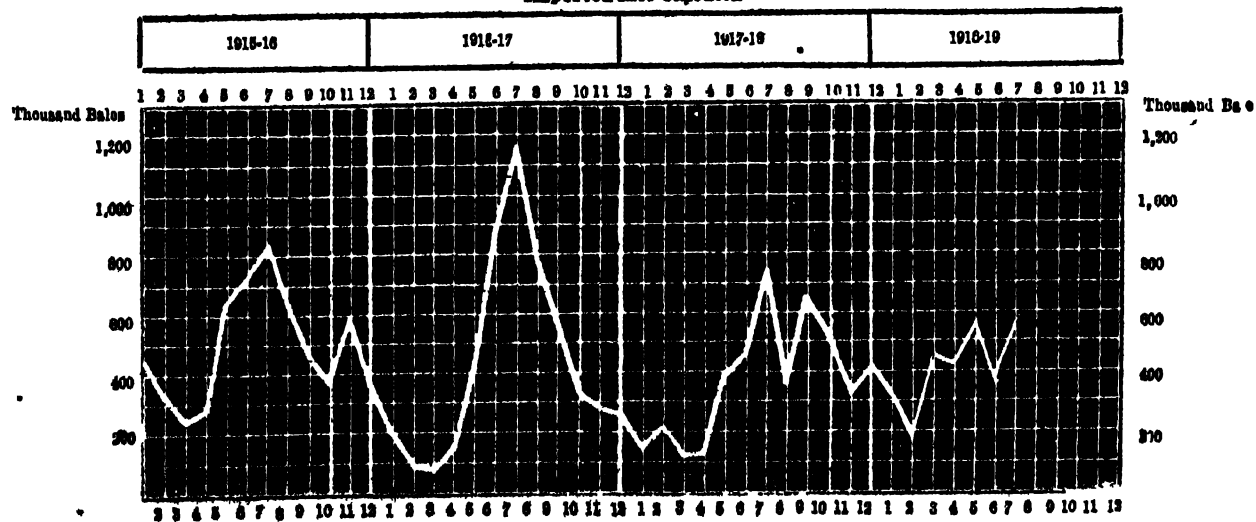


TABLE III.—Cotton, raw

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in October										
<i>By Rail and River—</i>	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales	bales
Assam	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...
Bengal	98	79	397	417	...	...	...	...	495	496
Bihar and Orissa	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	407	400	7,997	8,667	...	...	...	...	8,864	9,167
Punjab	...	...	407	3,978	...	42	...	...	407	4,080
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	2	3,971	...	...	2	3,971
Rajputana and Central India	...	...	829	176	...	...	...	...	829	176
Bombay	753	531	14,001	3,968	...	...	435	291	15,189	4,785
Central Provinces and Berar	1,231	269	1,417	110	...	...	...	...	2,688	379
Nizam's Territory	...	...	877	929	...	...	8	...	885	929
Madras	159	7	7,862	16,880	...	...	8,564	8,111	16,525	24,998
Mysore	...	...	451	85	...	...	...	29	451	114
TOTAL	2,635	1,890	34,288	35,225	2	4,013	8,047	8,431	45,922	49,059
<i>By Sea—</i>										
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	208	...	...	...	146	...	...	...	444
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	153	2,101	...	...	...	...	153	2,101
Madras	398	1,839	2,225	846	...	...	1	13	2,624	2,698
Burma	...	1,807	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,807
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	1,648	7,161	...	...	...	1	1,648	7,162
Foreign Countries	...	...	763	3,485	...	...	...	...	763	3,485
TOTAL	398	3,444	4,789	13,593	146	1	14	5,188	17,197	17,197
TOTAL IMPORTS	3,033	4,834	39,077	48,818	2	4,159	8,061	8,445	51,110	66,256
Imports from April to October										
<i>By Rail and River—</i>										
Assam	1,321	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,321	90
Bengal	22,908	11,665	3,335	2,851	...	...	...	95	26,264	16,611
Bihar and Orissa	940	434	...	...	...	...	...	...	940	434
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	6,828	1,924	27,659	14,349	...	4	...	89	33,997	16,386
Punjab	1,845	3,078	26,660	105,701	17,242	1,525	...	...	45,256	110,304
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	27,236	12,210	...	...	27,236	12,210
Rajputana and Central India	188	63	132,871	28,328	...	...	...	...	134,059	28,391
Bombay	19,157	7,341	640,176	473,966	...	...	9,508	3,966	677,841	484,278
Central Provinces and Berar	11,808	3,101	149,243	33,861	...	...	...	...	161,051	36,462
Nizam's Territory	...	121	44,950	35,892	...	...	2,850	3,740	47,800	39,752
Madras	6,855	5,326	104,522	157,582	...	...	166,699	100,373	308,070	263,221
Mysore	...	...	14,199	5,483	...	...	3,089	83	17,288	5,571
TOTAL	70,850	35,143	1,183,644	857,498	44,978	13,789	212,091	107,316	1,481,063	1,013,696
<i>By Sea—</i>										
Bengal	...	380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	380
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	20	1,874	2,602	91	...	189	...	3,137	2,682	5,221
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	81,963	37,002	...	...	...	...	81,963	37,002
Madras	11,023	7,844	38,416	21,251	1	...	11	13	49,448	29,108
Burma	6,770	16,934	79	...	...	...	...	...	6,849	16,984
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	229,782	286,768	...	...	...	1	229,782	286,769
Foreign Countries	...	...	5,466	20,075	...	24	...	5	5,466	20,104
TOTAL	17,811	26,035	356,378	355,117	1	233	11	3,156	374,394	384,340
TOTAL IMPORTS	88,661	61,178	1,540,022	1,212,615	44,979	13,971	212,102	110,472	1,855,267	1,398,036

NOTE.—(1) Provinces named in the first column include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the port of Madras, French Ports (Pondicherry with its suburb Villamur and Karikal, exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cochin, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Manipal, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, Badagora, and Dhannakhedi.

(2) For the purpose of rail and river borne trade the North-West Frontier Province and the Delhi Province are included in the Punjab.

(3) One bale of cotton is equivalent to 400 lbs.

TABLE IV.—Wheat (excluding wheat flour)*

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in October								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	462	726	...	11	...	...	462	737
Bihar and Orissa	5,278	6,914	...	10	...	1,298	5,278	8,150
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	12,012	8,442	1,925	843	7,118	117	21,455	6,402
Punjab	9	439	8,276	6,410	37,064	10,358	40,849	19,203
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	3,351	501	3,351	501
Rajputana and Central India	272	...	4,549	27	637	77	5,458	104
Bombay	...	...	2,654	233	...	...	2,654	233
Central Provinces and Berar	4,168	203	6,823	1,093	19	...	11,010	1,296
Nizam's Territory	...	...	40	4	...	...	46	4
Madras	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4
Mysore	...	...	25	...	...	...	25	...
Kashmir	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	22,196	13,724	19,198	10,685	48,689	12,274	90,088	36,633
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	8
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	1,484	...	22	...	1,506	...
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	1,484	8	22	...	1,506	8
TOTAL IMPORTS	22,196	13,724	20,682	10,693	48,711	12,274	91,594	36,641
Imports from April to October								
By Rail and River—								
Assam	2	114	...	...	...	...	2	114
Bengal	10,076	15,120	...	79	...	...	10,076	15,199
Bihar and Orissa	51,128	50,363	...	1,674	108	2,924	51,236	54,960
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	120,201	63,881	30,486	76,725	124,402	150,856	275,089	291,473
Punjab	597	1,527	19,855	33,101	762,655	279,380	783,107	814,008
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	69,575	8,919	69,575	8,919
Rajputana and Central India	5,663	171	96,855	13,172	8,028	1,771	110,546	15,114
Bombay	71	...	28,638	4,412	...	49	28,694	4,461
Central Provinces and Berar	46,876	2,334	126,213	26,856	98	12	173,167	29,202
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1,305	4	...	...	1,305	4
Madras	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	11
Mysore	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	...	50	...	...	...	50	...
TOTAL	234,643	133,509	303,888	156,034	964,866	443,921	1,502,897	733,464
By Sea—								
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	26	126	...	263	33	389
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	3	828	...	...	3	828
Madras	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	9,413	1,125	3,042	...	12,455	1,125
Foreign Countries	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	6
TOTAL	...	6	9,419	2,079	3,047	263	12,456	2,348
TOTAL IMPORTS	234,643	133,515	313,307	158,113	967,913	444,184	1,515,353	735,812

* The publication of Table XI, showing the exports of wheat and wheat flour by sea to foreign countries, has been temporarily discontinued.

TABLE V.—Rice (including paddy)*

Whence exported	Calcutta		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in October								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	1	252					1	252
Bengal	17,105	34,780		5,984	4,207	2,035	21,312	42,799
Bihar and Orissa	1,415	201			4,020	4,350	5,435	4,551
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	10	15		63			10	78
Punjab	52	7	89	27			135	34
Sind and British Baluchistan			6,174	8			6,174	8
Rajputana and Central India								
Bombay					1		1	
Central Provinces and Berar	2	19		7			2	26
Nizam's Territory					80	5	80	5
Madras	6	34			13,152	7,073	13,152	7,107
Mysore					159	1	159	1
Kashmir								
TOTAL	18,591	35,308	6,257	6,089	21,569	13,464	46,417	54,861
By Sea—								
Bengal						232		232
Bihar and Orissa	73						73	
Bombay			10	8	135	52	145	60
Sind and British Baluchistan			391	190			391	190
Madras					4	19	4	19
Burma	24,837	5,580			4,405	21,506	29,302	27,386
Non-British Ports in India				8				8
Foreign Countries	40	5			120	2	160	7
TOTAL	24,950	5,585	401	208	14,724	21,811	30,075	27,902
TOTAL IMPORTS	43,541	41,193	6,658	6,295	26,293	35,275	76,492	82,763
Imports from April to October								
By Rail and River—								
Assam	7	605					7	605
Bengal	103,904	200,375†		18,539	9,303	10,477†	113,207	229,691
Bihar and Orissa	11,000	5,201	10	485	16,427	32,497	27,437	33,183
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	207	67	4	927		84	211	1,078
Punjab	335	340	5,503	3,395		39	5,338	3,780
Sind and British Baluchistan	2		64,157	27,832			64,159	27,832
Rajputana and Central India	90	10					90	10
Bombay		2			20	1,009	20	1,011
Central Provinces and Berar	1,113	22		603	90	39†	1,203	663
Nizam's Territory	2				31		31	31
Madras	1,854	107			150,711	123,792	152,555	125,899
Mysore					1,320	316	1,320	316
Kashmir								
TOTAL	118,514	206,735	69,674	52,081	178,183	170,283	366,371	429,099
By Sea—								
Bengal					572	6,602	572	6,602
Bihar and Orissa	1,854	121					1,854	121
Bombay			139	1,799	789	323	920	2,121
Sind and British Baluchistan			2,088	2,310	83		2,174	2,310
Madras			1	1	121	1,588	122	1,589
Burma	100,860	54,672			62,774	36,639	168,634	141,311
Non-British Ports in India				8				8
Foreign Countries	160	49		3	895	14	1,055	66
TOTAL	102,878	54,842	2,218	4,121	63,237	95,165	170,331	154,123
TOTAL IMPORTS	221,390	261,577	71,892	56,202	241,420	265,448	536,702	583,222

*One maund of paddy is taken as equivalent to 35 seers of rice.

† Revised figures.

TABLE VI.—Gram and Pulse

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Kardahi		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in October								
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
By Rail and River—								
Assam	18	8	..	..	..	..	18	8
Bengal	2,951	7,114	..	28	..	376	2,952	7,513
Bihar and Orissa	7,548	7,271	1,459	1,835	215	..	7,316	9,206
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	5,923	1,828	11,858	1,869	4,323	685	22,104	3,880
Punjab	122	331	3,614	1,803	11,304	9,480	15,040	11,771
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	..	..	483	236	483	236
Rajputana and Central India	103	9	2,429	45	968	..	3,504	54
Bombay	..	..	1,924	356	..	..	1,924	356
Central Provinces and Berar	192	320	4,249	1,508	30	..	4,471	1,828
Nizam's Territory	96	..	17	16	..	..	113	16
Madras	166	124	..	8	..	..	166	127
Mysore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kashmir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	15,112	16,698	25,661	7,317	17,318	10,777	57,991	64,792
By Sea—								
Bengal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	8	1	5	31	13	32
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	65	75	25	43	90	118
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burma	7	376	..	25	..	..	7	401
Non-British Ports in India	..	..	..	65	..	..	..	65
Foreign Countries	..	..	7	2	..	1	7	3
TOTAL	7	376	80	168	30	75	117	619
TOTAL IMPORTS	15,119	17,074	25,641	7,485	17,348	10,852	58,108	65,411
Imports from April to October								
By Rail and River—								
Assam	85	20	..	..	..	..	85	20
Bengal	32,686	44,046	339	121	..	662	33,025	44,834
Bihar and Orissa	36,324	7,653	3,159	7,175	2,568	2,433	42,040	47,261
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	48,953	20,470	42,991	59,548	8,904	21,070	129,850	103,486
Punjab	290	840	19,084	51,201	143,791	257,744	163,135	309,785
Sind and British Baluchistan	3	..	8	10	13,399	8,144	13,410	8,154
Rajputana and Central India	1,198	145	20,015	10,138	21,747	23,764	42,960	34,047
Bombay	..	7	9,171	9,222	..	..	9,171	9,229
Central Provinces and Berar	2,646	1,138	25,194	15,635	40	15	27,880	16,788
Nizam's Territory	220	..	264	28	..	..	484	28
Madras	353	188	13	104	..	..	366	242
Mysore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kashmir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	122,710	104,400	120,238	152,580	219,444	316,832	462,392	578,872
By Sea—								
Bengal	..	..	..	23	..	..	..	23
Bihar and Orissa	..	47	..	..	..	..	..	47
Bombay	..	..	91	437	357	265	449	702
Sind and British Baluchistan	..	..	1,094	2,553	561	713	1,855	3,266
Madras	..	..	59	..	..	..	59	..
Burma	544	1,703	15	69	..	..	559	1,772
Non-British Ports in India	..	..	932	664	9	110	941	1,071
Foreign Countries	30	7	12	41	23	1	65	49
TOTAL	574	1,757	2,308	4,087	950	1,080	3,727	6,933
TOTAL IMPORTS	123,284	106,157	122,441	156,667	220,394	317,921	466,119	585,805

TABLE VII.—Linseed

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in October						
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
<i>By Rail and River—</i>						
Assam	1	2	...	...	1	2
Bengal	117	532	...	...	117	532
Bihar and Orissa	2,253	19,517	1,638	68	3,891	19,585
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	297	0,908	1,938	2,336	2,335	9,243
Punjab	...	0	...	8	...	14
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	129	71	4,879	71	5,008
Bombay	...	...	60	2,186	60	2,186
Central Provinces and Berar	8	22	692	4,581	640	4,603
Nizam's Territory	...	...	167	4,837	167	4,837
Madras	68	...	1	177	69	177
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	2,744	21,104	4,507	19,062	7,251	40,166
<i>By Sea—</i>						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	4	...	4	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	...	120	...	120
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	4	120	4	120
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,744	21,104	4,511	19,182	7,255	40,286
Imports from April to October						
<i>By Rail and River—</i>						
Assam	631	18	...	...	631	18
Bengal	3,287	4,078	41	119	3,338	4,197
Bihar and Orissa	23,110	59,968	7,070	16,359	30,789	76,325
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	4,463	18,121	31,082	82,608	35,545	50,789
Punjab	...	22	1	81	1	53
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	57	260	14,329	17,088	14,386	17,348
Bombay	...	...	3,480	8,074	3,480	8,074
Central Provinces and Berar	53	766	10,861	17,508	10,914	18,274
Nizam's Territory	...	...	8,374	14,541	8,374	14,541
Madras	85	518	216	301	301	816
Mysore	...	...	4	1	4	1
TOTAL	31,686	83,746	75,967	106,830	107,653	190,376
<i>By Sea—</i>						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	8	...	...	...	8	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	354	...	354	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	670	355	670	355
Foreign Countries	...	...	35	...	35	...
TOTAL	8	...	1,059	355	1,097	355
TOTAL IMPORTS	31,694	83,746	77,026	106,935	108,750	190,731

TABLE VIII.—Rape and Mustard Seed

Whence exported	Calcutta		City of Bombay		TOTAL	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Imports in October						
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
<i>By Rail and River—</i>						
Assam	8	8	...	...	8	8
Bengal	8	89	...	...	8	89
Bihar and Orissa	893	189	...	...	893	189
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	3,470	1,454	7	291	3,477	1,745
Punjab	2,814	2,527	...	...	2,814	2,527
Sind and British Baluchistan	233	233	...	...	233	233
Rajputana and Central India	470	159	217	20	687	179
Bombay	150	187	105	1,354	255	1,541
Central Provinces and Berar	65	49	44	95	109	144
Nizam's Territory	...	...	1	1	1	1
Madras	47	60	...	...	47	60
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	7,153	4,950	374	1,761	7,527	6,711
<i>By Sea—</i>						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	352	...	352
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	5	5	5	5
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	...	5	357	5	357
TOTAL IMPORTS	7,153	4,950	379	2,118	7,532	7,068
Imports from April to October						
<i>By Rail and River—</i>						
Assam	2,456	168	...	...	2,456	168
Bengal	523	171	...	14	523	185
Bihar and Orissa	3,407	1,825	...	...	3,407	1,825
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	35,843	8,678	510	418	36,353	9,096
Punjab	15,015	44,221	50	42	15,065	44,263
Sind and British Baluchistan	1,536	1,878	...	2	1,538	1,880
Rajputana and Central India	6,789	2,424	1,905	1,971	8,694	4,395
Bombay	409	6,248	6,916	4,591	7,325	10,849
Central Provinces and Berar	4,070	1,743	278	264	4,348	2,007
Nizam's Territory	...	...	63	34	63	34
Madras	1,491	794	...	22	1,491	816
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	71,599	68,150	9,722	7,948	81,321	75,498
<i>By Sea—</i>						
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	15	...	...	...	15
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	639	1,428	639	1,428
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	...	...	30	103	30	103
Foreign Countries	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	...	15	669	1,531	669	1,546
TOTAL IMPORTS	71,599	68,165	10,391	8,879	81,990	77,044

TABLE IX.—Jute

Whence exported	Calcutta	
	1917	1918
	Imports in October	
	bales	bales
<i>By Rail and River—</i>		
Assam	9,887	18,412
Bengal	669,438	517,825
Bihar and Orissa	53,397	37,987
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh . . . . .	...	...
Punjab . . . . .	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...
Rajputana and Central India . . . . .	...	...
Bombay . . . . .	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar . . . . .	...	...
Nizam's Territory . . . . .	...	...
Madras . . . . .	...	...
Mysore . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL	782,667	571,924
<i>By Sea—</i>		
Bengal . . . . .	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	6	991
Bombay . . . . .	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...
Madras . . . . .	...	...
Burma . . . . .	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	392	...
Foreign Countries . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL	398	991
TOTAL IMPORTS	783,065	572,915
	Imports from April to October	
<i>By Rail and River—</i>		
Assam	53,761	97,908
Bengal	1,985,022	2,562,340†
Bihar and Orissa	152,199	235,488
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh . . . . .	...	...
Punjab . . . . .	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...
Rajputana and Central India . . . . .	...	...
Bombay . . . . .	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar . . . . .	...	...
Nizam's Territory . . . . .	...	...
Madras . . . . .	...	...
Mysore . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL	2,130,982	2,897,971
<i>By Sea—</i>		
Bengal . . . . .	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	5,994	13,199
Bombay . . . . .	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...
Madras . . . . .	...	...
Burma . . . . .	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	6,591	...
Foreign Countries . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL	12,585	13,199
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,308,567	2,911,170

NOTE.—One bale of jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

By "Calcutta" is meant the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Dock. The imports exclude, therefore, imports into those jute mills which are outside this area. Such mills form the large majority of the total number of mills manufacturing jute.

† Revised figures.

TABLE X.—Tea

Whence exported	Calcutta	
	1917	1918
	Imports in October	
	lbs.	lbs.
By Rail and River—		
Assam	17,227,090	16,755,264
Bengal	15,395,904	20,980,882
Bihar and Orissa	43,213	39,497
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	4,361	9,956
Punjab	165	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	...
Bombay	...	494
Central Provinces and Berar	...	1,070
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	...	...
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	32,669,733	37,787,168
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	...	820
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	1,715,168	1,33,429
TOTAL	1,715,168	133,749
TOTAL IMPORTS	34,384,901	37,920,912
	Imports from April to October	
By Rail and River—		
Assam	82,404,535	94,548,343
Bengal	68,849,603	71,421,180
Bihar and Orissa	177,902	174,940
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	16,866	1,33,221
Punjab	12,837	21,811
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	575	906
Bombay	2,715	14,071
Central Provinces and Berar	493	1,817
Nizam's Territory	...	1,152
Madras	323,136	128,859
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	146,788,663	166,445,239
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	13,555
Bihar and Orissa	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	240	420
Burma	9,460	5,693
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	1,897,360	601,098
TOTAL	1,907,060	623,763
TOTAL IMPORTS	148,695,723	167,069,007

NOTE.—One maund is equivalent to 82½ lbs.

TABLE IX.—Jute

Whence exported	Calcutta	
	1917	1918
	Imports in October	
<i>By Rail and River—</i>	bales	bales
Assam	9,887	16,412
Bengal	669,433	517,525
Bihar and Orissa	58,397	37,987
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh . . . . .	...	...
Punjab . . . . .	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...
Rajputana and Central India . . . . .	...	...
Bombay . . . . .	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar . . . . .	...	...
Nizam's Territory . . . . .	...	...
Madras . . . . .	...	...
Mysore . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL	782,667	571,924
<i>By Sea—</i>		
Bengal	6	991
Bihar and Orissa . . . . .	...	...
Bombay . . . . .	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...
Madras . . . . .	...	...
Burma . . . . .	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	392	...
Foreign Countries . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL	398	991
TOTAL IMPORTS	783,065	572,915
Imports from April to October		
<i>By Rail and River—</i>		
Assam	53,761	97,206
Bengal	1,985,022	2,562,340†
Bihar and Orissa	152,199	238,425
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh . . . . .	...	...
Punjab . . . . .	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...
Rajputana and Central India . . . . .	...	...
Bombay . . . . .	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar . . . . .	...	...
Nizam's Territory . . . . .	...	...
Madras . . . . .	...	...
Mysore . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL	2,190,982	2,897,971
<i>By Sea—</i>		
Bengal . . . . .	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	5,094	13,199
Bombay . . . . .	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan . . . . .	...	...
Madras . . . . .	...	...
Burma . . . . .	...	...
Non-British Ports in India	6,591	...
Foreign Countries . . . . .	...	...
TOTAL	12,585	13,199
TOTAL IMPORTS	2,203,567	2,911,170

NOTE.—One bale of jute is equivalent to 400 lbs.

By "Calcutta" is meant the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks. The imports exclude, therefore, imports into those jute mills which are outside this area. Such mills form the large majority of the total number of mills manufacturing jute.

† Revised figures.

TABLE X.—Tea

Whence exported	Calcutta	
	1917	1918
	Imports in October	
	lbs.	lbs.
By Rail and River—		
Assam	17,237,090	10,755,364
Bengal	15,395,904	20,980,832
Bihar and Orissa	42,213	39,197
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	4,361	9,956
Punjab	165	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	...	...
Bombay	...	494
Central Provinces and Berar	...	1,070
Nizam's Territory	...	...
Madras	...	...
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	32,669,733	37,787,168
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	...	820
Non-British Ports in India	...	...
Foreign Countries	1,715,168	1,33,420
TOTAL	1,715,168	183,749
TOTAL IMPORTS	34,384,901	37,920,912
Imports from April to October		
By Rail and River—		
Assam	82,404,535	94,548,343
Bengal	68,849,802	71,421,190
Bihar and Orissa	177,902	174,940
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	16,866	133,221
Punjab	12,837	21,311
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Rajputana and Central India	575	905
Bombay	2,715	14,071
Central Provinces and Berar	493	1,817
Nizam's Territory	...	1,152
Madras	323,136	128,850
Mysore	...	...
TOTAL	148,788,663	168,445,239
By Sea—		
Bengal	...	13,555
Bihar and Orissa	...	...
Bombay	...	...
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...
Madras	...	...
Burma	240	420
Non-British Ports in India	9,460	5,695
Foreign Countries	11,897,980	604,098
TOTAL	1,907,060	623,764
TOTAL IMPORTS	148,695,723	167,069,007

NOTE.—One maund is equivalent to 82½ lbs.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL (FORTNIGHTLY) PRICES

RETURN SHOWING the WHOLESALE and RETAIL PRICES of CEREALS, PULSES,
OILSEEDS, SUGAR (RAW), SALT, ETC., in INDIA by DISTRICTS for the
FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 30TH NOVEMBER 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

December 24, 1918

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 1.

Comparison with previous year—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 30th November, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917.

Province	RICE (Common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer aristatum</i>)		ARHAR Dāl (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending 30th November of																			
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma . . .	100	160	100	131	...	...	100	114	...	...	100	116	100	124	100	143	...	...	100	101
Assam . . .	100	170	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	120	100	91	100	6
Bengal . . .	100	134	100	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	139	100	153	100	116	100	94	100	54
Bihar and Orissa	100	167	100	147	100	161	..	..	100	197	100	174	100	146	100	94	100	90	100	53
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh .	100	151	100	151	100	178	100	191	100	208	100	179	100	170	100	112	100	88	100	44
Delhi . . .	100	128	100	120	100	108	...	...	100	171	100	166	100	214	100	110	100	150	100	6
Punjab . . .	100	173	100	129	100	126	100	156	100	148	100	118	100	122	100	118	100	131	100	110
North-West Frontier Province . . .	100	187	100	117	100	131	100	141	100	160	100	124	100	109	100	121	100	162	100	14
Sind and Baluchistan	100	220	100	108	100	138	100	146	100	112	...	...	100	110	100	121	...	...	100	7
Bombay . . .	100	164	100	160	100	146	100	258	...	...	100	162	100	131	100	138	100	96	100	97
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	100	224	100	169	..	...	100	342	...	...	100	171	100	189	100	138	...	...	100	114
Madras . . .	100	163	...	...	...	...	100	146	...	...	100	160	100	149	100	144	100	98	100	104
Average India {	100	168	100	140	100	148	100	187	100	154	100	181	100	147	100	123	100	111	100	81
	Unweigh- ted	100	159	100	143	100	165	100	238	100	181	100	156	...	...	..	...	100	98	...
Weighted	100	159	100	143	100	165	100	238	100	181	100	156	...	...	..	...	100	98	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the corresponding fortnight of the preceding year, the rise in the prices of all food grains in all the reporting provinces, except in the case of maize in the North-West Frontier Province, continues; the most noticeable increases were in rice in the Central Provinces and Berar and in Sind and Baluchistan, in wheat and jawar in the Central Provinces and Berar and the Bombay Presidency, in barley, maize and gram in the United Provinces and in arhar dāl in Delhi. The rise in the price of ghi in the Madras Presidency and in Burma and of raw sugar (gur) and salt in the North-West Frontier Province is noteworthy. The fall in the price of salt in the United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, Bengal, Delhi, Assam and Sind and Baluchistan is also noticeable.

SUMMARY TABLE NO. 2.

Comparison with previous fortnight—

WHOLESALE PRICES in India, province by province, of certain articles of food during the fortnight ending the 30th November, 1918, as compared with the previous fortnight

Province	RICE (common) (<i>Oryza Sativa</i>)		WHEAT (<i>Triticum Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum Vulgare</i>)		JAWAR (<i>Andropogon Sorghum</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		GRAM (<i>Cicer arabianum</i>)		ARHAR Dāl (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		GHI		RAW SUGAR (<i>Gur</i>)		SALT	
	Index number of prices during the fortnight ending																			
	15th Nov 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	30th Nov. 1918	15th Nov. 1918	30th Nov. 1918
Burma . . .	100	100	100	100	...	...	100	100	...	...	100	100	100	98	100	114	...	...	100	96
Assam . . .	100	118	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	101	100	96	100	96
Bengal . . .	100	107	100	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	100	100	103	100	100	100	100	100	93
Bihar and Orissa	100	99	100	97	100	100	...	...	100	109	100	102	100	104	100	94	100	107	100	93
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh .	100	100	100	99	100	104	100	88	100	108	100	99	100	102	100	98	100	96	100	103
Delhi . . .	100	110	100	100	100	114	...	...	...	...	100	110	100	107	100	95	100	97	100	100
Punjab . . .	100	99	100	101	100	100	100	100	100	104	100	94	100	114	100	101	100	116	100	101
North-West Frontier Province . . .	100	107	100	100	100	100	100	75	100	96	100	104	100	100	100	102	100	95	100	113
Sind and Baluchistan	100	97	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	102	100	100	100	100	100	111	100	100
Bombay . . .	100	107	100	91	100	100	100	87	...	...	100	106	100	112	100	91	100	114	100	88
Central Provinces and Berar . . .	100	106	100	98	..	...	100	130	...	...	100	94	100	106	100	90	...	...	100	100
Madras . . .	100	94	...	...	...	...	100	97	...	...	100	120	100	109	100	94	100	100	100	106
Average India { Unweigh-	100	103	100	99	100	102	100	97	100	103	100	103	100	105	100	98	100	103	100	100
India { Weighted	100	102	100	99	100	103	100	100	100	107	100	98	...	...	...	...	100	101	...	...

NOTE.—Compared with the previous fortnight, the rise in the price of rice in Assam, of jawar in the Central Provinces and Berar, of gram in the Madras Presidency and of raw sugar in the Punjab is noticeable. The fall in the price of jawar in the North-West Frontier Province is also noteworthy.

WHOLESALE PRICES (per maund of 82½ lbs.) of wheat, rice (common), jawar, bajra, and gram at certain selected markets during the fortnight ending 30th November of the years 1916, 1917 and 1918.

PLANTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)			RICE (common) (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)			JAWAR (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)			BAJRA (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)			GRAM (<i>Cicer aristatum</i>)		
	1915	1917	1918	1915	1917	1918	1915	1917	1918	1915	1917	1918	1915	1917	1918
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta . . .	7 4 0	5 0 0	4 14 0	5 12 0	5 0 0	6 3 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 8 0	3 8 0	3 10 0
Bombay . . .	10 9 4	6 10 8	5 1 3	7 3 9	5 3 10	4 15 11	0 0 0	4 0 0	2 14 0	12 11 2	4 10 0	3 9 7	5 11 3	3 14 8	3 9 7
Kanachi . . .	6 12 6	5 8 0	4 12 0	11 4 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	...	3 2 0	3 0 0	...	3 8 0	3 4 6	...	...	...
Madras . . .	...	...	...	0 8 8	5 1 7	5 10 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 1	4 9 5	4 3 4
Rangoon . . .	...	...	...	4 12 5	2 5 0	3 8 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 7 0	3 8 0	3 14 1
Dacca . . .	...	...	...	7 12 0	4 0 0	5 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Patna . . .	5 11 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	5 11 0	3 3 0	3 6 0	...	2 3 0	2 3 0	...	...	...	4 12 0	2 6 6	3 1 0
Ranohi . . .	7 8 0	5 8 0	4 4 0	6 0 0	3 6 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0 0	3 8 0	4 1 0
Outlook . . .	8 3 3	5 1 3	4 1 2	5 9 0	3 6 2	3 15 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 6	4 11 3	3 12 11
Benares . . .	6 14 1	4 5 5	3 14 11	6 5 2	4 8 8	5 1 6	...	...	...	6 10 8	2 11 5	...	5 2 11	2 8 6	3 1 7
Cawnpore . . .	6 10 8	4 7 0	4 9 0	7 0 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 6 0	2 8 0	2 7 0	6 10 0	3 7 6	3 0 0	5 2 0	3 1 0	3 0 0
Meerut . . .	6 10 9	4 11 4	5 2 9	6 14 9	4 11 4	5 12 6	...	3 3 2	2 15 6	...	...	...	5 6 0	3 11 6	3 7 0
Agra . . .	6 15 3	5 0 0	5 5 4	8 9 11	6 10 3	6 6 4	7 9 11	3 0 3	2 12 1	7 4 10	3 14 5	3 1 3	5 5 1	3 7 9	3 6 5
Lucknow . . .	6 15 3	4 11 3	4 9 2	6 6 9	4 0 0	4 3 4	5 8 3	2 12 2	2 6 9	6 2 5	3 3 2	2 12 9	5 5 4	2 3 9	2 13 9
Ferozepur . . .	6 2 6	4 11 3	4 1 9	9 6 6	5 11 6	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 7 0	3 10 3	3 3 3
Lahore . . .	6 2 6	4 9 3	4 9 3	8 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	...	3 1 3	3 3 3	5 11 6	3 4 3	3 10 3	4 9 0	3 10 3	3 6 3
Amritsar . . .	5 12 9	4 8 0	4 6 0	8 5 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 9 6
Rawalpindi . . .	6 4 6	4 11 0	4 10 0	8 14 3	4 14 0	5 8 0	4 9 0	2 13 0	2 8 0	6 2 6	3 3 0	3 7 0	4 11 3	3 11 0	3 10 0
Lyallpur . . .	5 15 0	4 11 0	4 6 0	8 0 0	5 1 0	5 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 5 0	3 13 0	3 8 0
Ambala . . .	6 10 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	9 0 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	...	2 8 0	2 12 0	...	3 0 0	3 10 0	5 0 0	3 10 0	3 6 0
Delhi . . .	6 15 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	8 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	...	3 8 0	2 15 0	10 0 0	3 15 6	3 3 0	5 8 0	3 5 0	3 3 0
Peshawar . . .	5 1 3	4 8 0	4 4 8	10 0 0	5 5 4	5 9 5	...	...	...	...	3 0 1	3 3 9	4 4 9	3 9 10	3 9 0
Quetta . . .	4 13 6	5 4 0	5 0 3	...	...	...	4 12 0	3 4 0	3 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Foona . . .	9 1 7	...	4 11 9	9 9 11	5 14 7	5 12 4	...	...	...	11 15 1	4 7 1	3 10 4	6 7 4	4 0 0	3 10 5
Ahmednagar . . .	8 15 5	4 15 1	3 10 9	8 1 10	5 7 10	...	9 4 5	3 10 5	...	...	...	...	6 14 11	3 15 3	3 9 8
Ahmedabad . . .	8 8 0	6 0 0	4 9 0	9 0 0	7 4 6	7 0 0	...	...	...	10 0 0	4 8 0	2 15 0	6 8 0	4 0 0	3 10 0
Nagpur . . .	8 6 4	4 11 4	4 5 0	12 5 0	4 9 10	4 6 8	...	3 9 2	2 11 10	...	...	...	7 2 4	3 14 0	3 7 6
Jubbulpur . . .	6 15 4	4 14 10	4 6 0	7 9 11	4 0 0	4 3 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 11 5	3 10 2	3 10 2
Gonnada . . .	...	...	...	...	4 12 0	4 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutt . . .	...	...	...	8 10 3	5 6 11	5 4 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma* —															
<i>Tenasserim</i> —															
Mergui	...	...	45.71	33.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	32.99	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	43.84	37.47	80	71.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (deltaic)</i> —															
Rangoon	...	...	47.76	28.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	47.06	26.89	136 17	95.52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	42.67	28.88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Pegu (inland)</i> —															
Kennada	...	...	48.48	27.47	108.47	75.29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toangoo	...	...	37.21	25.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Upper Burma</i> —															
Mandalay	...	...	41.29	27.47	94.21	42.67	...	...	...	...	22.38	19.69	...	...	...
Pakokka	...	...	46.72	32.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Arakan</i> —															
Akyab	...	...	40	33.33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam* —															
<i>Burma</i> —															
Sylhet (Balaganj)	21.35	15.82	48.75	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Brahmaputra</i> —															
Goalpara	20	16.25	38.75	31.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Garhadi	25	20	50	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal* —															
<i>Eastern</i> —															
Chittagong	26.25	...	50	36.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	37.5	18.12	77.5	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Delhi</i> —															
Calcutta	27.5	25	57.5	50	78.5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Western</i> —															
Burdwan	25	18.75	58.75	35	...	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	27.5	{ 16.25 to 18.75 }	50	{ 35 to 41.25 }	85	57.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Northern</i> —															
Pabna	27.5	15	51.25	42.5	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	25	20	55	48.75	60	51.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa* —															
<i>Bihar, north</i> —															
Bhagalpore	29.37	20.62	60	36.25	68.75	45	...	...	35.62	21.25	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	30	20.94	61.56	44.37	61.56	40	...	...	38.12	23.19	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Bihar, south</i> —															
Patna	29.37	17.5	56.87	31.87	36.87	37.5	...	...	38.12	22.5	...	22.19	...	...	...
<i>Orissa</i> —															
Cuttack	23.23	12.81	55.62	38.85	82.03	50.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces* —															
<i>(a) AGRA</i> —															
<i>Eastern</i> —															
Banaras	38.59	22.92	63.23	45.42	68.8	48.36	77.24	45.83	46.91	27.66	...	...	66.67	27.13	...
<i>Central</i> —															
Cawnpore	35.62	20.62	70	50	66.67	44.37	68.75	53.12	50.62	28.75	58.75	25	66.67	24.69	...
Jhansi	...	...	72.81	47.03	{ 71.09 and 76.25 }	{ 48.44 and 51.56 }	...	...	50.78	36.72	55.16	30.78	...	...	...
<i>Western</i> —															
Morut	...	...	68.22	47.06	66.72	47.08	78.12	53.33	48.44	29.63	...	31.98	...	...	...
Agra	75	...	86.2	66.41	69.58	50	83.75	61.56	50.62	39.37	76.2	30.16	78.02	39.01	...
<i>Submontane, west</i> —															
Shahjahanpur	42.5	20	72.5	40	78.75	42.66	83.75	80	80	27.19	...	...	68.37	26.56	...
<i>(b) OUDH</i> —															
<i>Southern</i> —															
Lucknow	...	...	64.22	40	69.58	47.08	81.56	55.16	50	...	55.16	27.6	61.51	31.98	...
<i>Northern</i> —															
Fyzabad	38.75	23.44	65	44.53	63.59	40.62	...	...	45.62	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from the fortnightly returns furnished by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the wholesale prices in the principal markets (not necessarily district headquarters) in each province on the last (or nearest next) day of each fortnight.

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

RACE	MAIZE		GRAM		ANAR DAL		OATS		COTTON SEED		LUSSEED		MUSTARD AND RAPESEED		DISTRICTS
	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
															Burma—
...	Tenasserim—
...	61'54	61'54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mergui
...	66'82	65'08	66'67	68'82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tavoy
...	Moulmein and Amherst
...	54'7	54'97	90'14	51'61	63'82	52'03	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	68'82	55'17	68'82	61'54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangoon
...	48'84	34'41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
...	Bassein
...	57'14	46'72	94'12	75'29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pegu (inland)—
...	Hennada
...	Toungoo
...	...	18'71	56'14	84'41	75'29	60'95	65'98	53'78	...	...	...	...	...	...	Upper Burma—
...	34'41	86'49	71'91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mandalay
...	Pakokku
...	86'88	76'19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Arakan—
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	90	...	...	...	Burma—
...	Sylhet (Balaganj)
...	82'5	68'75	Brahmaputra—
...	110	100	95	87'5	Golapara
...	Ganhati
...	57'5	45	77'5	70	...	...	...	...	100	100	95	65	Bengal—
...	90	47'5	...	...	...	...	70	60	110	70	Eastern—
...	Chittagong
...	45	35	67'5	50	...	...	...	...	75	50	85	55	Dacca
...	53'75	33'5	75	45	...	...	...	...	...	60	125	52'5	Deltaic—
...	57'5 to 70	38'75 to 43'75	85	50 to 65	...	...	...	...	100	45	110 to 125	62'5 to 75	Calcutta
...	83'75	60	...	...	...	...	80	52'5	110	65	Western—
...	70	52'5	70	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	67'5	Burdwan
...	Midnapur
...	Northern—
...	Pabna
...	Bangpur
...	Bihar and Orissa—
...	Bihar, north—
...	35'62	19'37	40	27'5	63'75	45	47'5	26'25	...	...	82'5	48'12	70 to 85	59'37 to 66'25	Bhagalpur
...	38'12	20'62	46'56	26'56	61'56	44'37	46'56	33'44	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muzaffarpur
...	38'12	17'5	47'5	24'06	63'87	37'5	42'5	23'12	...	...	90	45	85	60	Bihar, south—
...	60'94	47'03	80'90	47'03	...	38'07	...	...	...	...	71'87	...	Patna
...	Orissa—
...	Cuttack
...	United Provinces—
...	41'98	22'92	51'82	25'42	66'67	33'59	...	...	...	...	81'41	41'77	79'74	46'41	(a) AGRA—
...	Eastern—
...	41'87	22'5	51'25	30'62	63'75	36'25	...	33'75	42'5	35	80	48'75	90	48'75	Benares
...	46'87	...	56'09	32'66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Central—
...	Cawnpore
...	46'44	28'59	53'75	37'19	63'75	33'07	...	...	...	...	80	...	76'25	51'61	Jhansi
...	53'59	30'16	53'18	34'84	72'55	50	...	...	43'26	33'33	80	50	92'08	40	Western—
...	Meerut
...	46'75	23'12	56'25	29'75	...	36'25	...	...	...	31'41	77'5	41'72	...	53'38	Agra
...	Submontane, west—
...	Shahjahanpur
...	47'03	23'49	53'33	23'59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	66'67	(b) OUDH—
...	44'39	21'25	53'5	27'51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
...	Lucknow
...	Northern—
...	Fyzabad

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM Tel or linjah		GHI		SUGAR RAW (Gur)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Burma—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergal . . .	...	...	914 29	881 82	...	...	35 75	37 47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy . . .	...	...	840	840	...	...	25 7	25 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst . . .	...	...	711 11	487 14	...	...	31 68	24 63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Bangoon . . .	...	...	914 29	588 38	...	...	32 89	35 75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maulin . . .	...	...	840	840	...	...	41 08	49 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	45 71	15 71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—															
Hensada . . .	...	...	914 29	711 11	...	...	42 95	35 75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	40 23	40 51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay . . .	...	...	711 11	711 11	...	...	15 71	41 83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakokku . . .	...	...	914 29	711 11	...	...	45 39	15 39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—															
Akyab . . .	...	...	914 29	711 11	...	...	33 16	47 06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—															
Burma—															
Sylhet (Balaganj) . . .	...	...	750	610	15	87 1	8 12	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—															
Gaighata . . .	...	...	660	600	90	80	39 17	56 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati . . .	...	...	720	610	80	90	40	62 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong . . .	...	...	750	600	85	70	35	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca . . .	...	...	640	...	100	100	42 5	77 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—															
Calcutta . . .	...	...	700	650	85	90	37 5	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—															
Burdwan . . .	...	...	650	550	80	{ 70 to 100 }	5	42 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . .	...	...	{ 700 to 800 }	{ 580 to 630 }	77 5	110	36 25	67 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Patna . . .	...	...	1170	830	80	86 25	40	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangpur . . .	...	...	650	700	80	105	43 75	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—															
Bihar, north—															
Bhagalpur . . .	130	5 5	533 44	620	65	75	35	55	110	80	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur . . .	...	...	533 12	533 12	50	44 17	31 67	66 56	200	266 56	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—															
Patna . . .	100	51 87	540	120	50	55	30 78	20	20	25	...	...	5	...	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack . . .	93 75	...	647 6	608 45	58 18	64 74	30 73	10	120 47	91 41	...	...	6 25	6 25	6 25
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Benares . . .	104 74	5 78	601 56	533 44	61 84	72 19	40 73	77 24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Cawnpore . . .	125	69 37	620	500	60	80	...	61 25	140	160	155	185	...	...	...
Jhansi . . .	114 22	64 01	556 25	478 44	...	70	90	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western—															
Morad . . .	...	...	575	609 53	88 75	19 27	33 75	57 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . .	123 23	72 71	636 65	533 33	68 59	94 11	31 61	50	113 33	120	180	180	17 4	10	14 17
Bulmoneins, west—															
Bulmoneins . . .	...	66 25	550	530	...	...	33 12	73 28	180	180	{ 180 to 200 }	{ 180 to 190 }	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow . . .	...	...	580	500	...	...	36 35	88 91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Fyzabad . . .	...	...	533 44	460	46 87	...	33 75	57 5	...	...	...	...	5	3 5	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

TREAD			JAWAN STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BEAN		COAL (BENGAL)		SWEET, PER SCOON		PLOWH BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	
					19'04	16'19									3'31	3	Burma—
					11'9	11'9									3'31	2	Tenasserim—
															2'44	2'75	Mergui Tavoy Moulmein and Amherst
								15'43							2'12	2	Pegu (deltaic)—
						7'14									2'44	2'06	Bangoon Maubin Bassein
																	Pegu (inland)—
																	Henzada Toungoo
					55'65	34'97									2'37	2'19	Upper Burma— Mandalay Pakokka
								9'18	9'18						3'19	2'94	Arahan— Akyab
															2'66	2'36	Assam— Burma—
															2'81	3'62	Sylhet (Balagan) Brahmaputra— Goalpara
								8'75	5'62						3'69	2'25	Gauhati
															2'37	2	Bengal— Eastern— Chittagong
															4'5	3'5	Dacca
								5	6'87						5'12	3'10	Deltaic— Calcutta
								5	5						3'33	3'09	Western— Burdwan
															4'19	3	Midnapur
															1'87	5'5	Northern— Patna
															4'62	3'25	Rangpur
					30	22'5									2'77	2'37	Bihar and Orissa— Bihar, north— Bhagalpur
			10	10	33'28	25									2'60	2'43	Muzaffarpur
			8'75	11'25	32'5	20									2'66	3'17	Bihar, south— Patna
6'25					6'87	7'5									2'8	3'25	Orissa— Cuttack
																	United Provinces—
					42'08	21'61	13'75	{ 6'25 to 8'75 }							4'75	3'75	(a) AGRA— Eastern— Benares
			20	10	44'37	22'5	8'12	8'75	65	65					4'31	3'31	Central— Cawnpore
																3'31	Jhansi
			20	13'33	46'97	25	7'5	10								8'44	Western— Meerut
12'5	15	10	22'71	10	39'48	25	15'62	10	84	60	108'8	100			4'44	3'69	Agra
			18'12	11'25		30	10	6'25	{ 80 to 120 }	120	{ 50 and 100 }	{ 60 and 150 }			4'75	3'44	Submontane, west— Shahjahanpur
			14'06	11'41	30	17'5										3'37	(b) OUDH— Southern— Lucknow
				10	35	29'37	15	13'75				60	60		3'25	3'25	Northern— Fyzabad

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		Ls
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	
Rajputana—															
Eastern—															
Ajmer	26 67	26 67	...	...	80	50	..	..	58 59	31 38	65 31	33 23	28 07	43 02	
Delhi—															
Delhi . . . . .	...	...	80	62 5	69 87	16 25	73 12	53 75	55	33 5	...	35	100	89 69	
Punjab—															
Southern—															
Ferozepur	44 37	28 59	94 06	57 19	61 56	47 03	69 53	50	44 87	36 41	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Lahore	47 34	26 72	80	48 44	61 56	45 78	71 09	53 28	36 41	39 69	...	36 78	57 19	32 06	
Submontane—															
Amritsar	48 75	27 5	83 12	52 5	57 97	45	65	52 5	...	38 85	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rawalpindi . . . . .	...	...	88 91	48 75	62 81	46 87	69 53	51 25	40	28 12	45 62	28 12	61 56	31 37	
Western—															
Lyallpur . . . . .	...	30	80	50 62	59 37	46 87	65	52 5	40	32 5	...	...	...	...
Multan	48 75	26 25	90	48 75	58 12	47 5	64 37	52 5	43 12	31 87	50	33 12	78 12	36 25	
N.-W. Frontier Pro-															
vince—															
Peshawar . . . . .	...	...	100	53 33	50 78	45	57 68	50 75	31 51	26 48	...	...	80 94	80 05	
Dera Ismael Khan . . . . .	...	...	113 59	60 94	53 66	48 49	58 59	47 86	42 03	29 54	39 37	27 97	60 94	29 44	
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Kardahi . . . . .	...	...	112 5	51 25	67 81	55	...	...	56 25	...	...	81 25	...	35	
Shikarpur . . . . .	...	...	80	...	70	...	...	...	53 12	...	82 5	...	85	...	
Quetta . . . . .	...	...	...	...	46 25 to 50 62	51 25 to 53 75	107 5	85	49 9	39 06	47 5	32 5	...	...
Bombay—															
Konkan—															
Bombay	50 63	33 8	72 34	52 4	105 83	66 67	...	...	50 78	34 0	100	46 25	126 98	46 65	
Deccan and Karnatak—															
Dharwar (Hubli) . . . . .	...	...	97 81	...	83 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	90 83	...	...
Sholapur . . . . .	...	...	91 15	53 7	74 06	47 71	...	...	...	...	94 11	34 95	...	...
Poona . . . . .	...	...	96 2	59 11	90 99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	119 43	44 48	
Khandesh and N.-E.															
Deccan—															
Ahmednagar . . . . .	...	...	81 15	54 0	89 68	49 43	...	...	...	...	92 76	36 51	...	38 7	
Dhulia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	93 73	...	...	...	...	...	...	34 52	68 02	...	
Gujarat—															
Surat . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	59 84	...	...	...	...	88 59	...	...	39 68	
Ahmedabad . . . . .	...	...	90	72 5	85	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	45	
Central Provinces*															
Western—															
Nagpur . . . . .	...	34	123 12	46 12	83 94	47 06	114 31	57 5	...	...	...	35 75	...	...
Central—															
Jubbulpore . . . . .	...	...	76 19	40	69 56	49 25	88 87	61 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern—															
Raipur	55	40	65	85	75	37	80	42	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar—															
Akola . . . . .	...	...	94 19	42 12	98 5	...	...	...	...	...	100 08	28 44	...	...
Amritoti . . . . .	...	...	100	44 44	100	47 08	...	...	...	...	113 5	38 75	...	...
Madras—															
South, central—															
Coimbatore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	39 3	...	39 1	
Salem . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55
Central—															
Bellary . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65 9	33 9	...	...
Ouddapah	54 2	36 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37 6	80	31 7	
Kannur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central—															
Nellore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—															
Madras	49 0	28 8	95 4	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore . . . . .	...	31 7	75 8	54 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49
Southern—															
Madura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52 5	38 8	54 9	44 6	
Mysore—															
Mysore	38	26	88	64	132	60	164 58	65	...	...	60	34	...	...	40
Bangalore	52	21	128	60	128	54	...	67 75	...	...	...	23	...	...	36

* The figures under "Rice, husked," represent the price of cleaned rice

TABLE NO. 4.—WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER—continued.

DISTRICTS	SERAMUM (Til or Jangli)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (Gér)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURNERIE		Grass		STRAW
	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918
Rajputana— Eastern— Ajmer	106 56	72 97	640	474 06	80	43 51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Delhi— Delhi	145	75	690	630	97 5	65	30	49 84	80	80	200	210	30	12 5	...
Punjab— Southern— Ferozepur	133 28	66 72	656 41	595 81	97 03	80	50	44 37	177 81	160	180	160	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	145 47	66 72	711 09	640	80	72 06	47 34	40	160	133 28	153 34	188 28	11 41	10	...
Submontane— Amritsar	127 5	67 5	740	620	80	63 75	44 37	40	110	100	160	170	...	...	...
Northern— Bawalpindi	...	...	609 53	540	88 91	47 19	47 03	44 37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Western— Lyallpur	110	57 5	690	572 5	68 75	58 75	50	42 5	200	140	160	140	...	...	...
Multan	1 5	60	690	505	61 86	56 87	48 12	45 12	122 5	100	195	210	15	10	...
N. W. Frontier Province— Peshawar	...	...	610	568 91	98 44	58 7	30 05	21 67	98 44	94 11	...	...	...	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan	...	...	825 16	640	83 89	58 59	42 08	26 75	...	...	...	...	...	12 03	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karachi	...	...	725	...	120	...	17 5	32 5	...	...	...	...	35 99	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	720	...	80	...	21 41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	700 to 770	570 to 640	...	...	23 44	23 44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay— Konkan— Bombay	135 73	81 41	885 73	600	84 37	95 26	26 25	80	...	...	150 78	178 28	20 78	17 6	...
Deccan and Karnatak— Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	...	74 01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	733 33	500	71 09	85 66	47 5	36 25	...	181 25	...	...	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	771 98	505 26	80 68	...	39 48	...	348 85	210 53	...	...	...	...	...
Shandesh and N. E. Deccan— Ahmednagar	151 93	...	...	525	86 07	88 33	36 15	34 27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	163 98	...	...	...	...	...	31 67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	821 61	589 17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad	...	...	710	560	...	...	17 19	16 56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces— Western— Nagpur	...	80	800	590	...	...	50	38 75	135 31	108 31	171 44	...	11 81	9 37	...
Central— Jubbulpore	...	69 56	660	500	...	...	28 31	80	180	180	180	177 75	10	6 69	...
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	680	520	...	...	48	38	195	160	150	120	...	...	...
Berar— Akola	...	...	838 12	571 44	...	...	44	42 87	188 31	123 81	...	...	...	...	...
Amravati	...	74 25	720	490	...	...	34	29	288 31	177 81	...	...	...	...	...
Madras— South, central— Coimbatore	139 6	83 8	731 7	487 8	70 4	157 9	24 9	22 6	...	...	144	222 2	...	...	12 8
Salem	...	...	684 9	488	...	...	...	...	205 5	171 3	116 6	127	...	...	...
Central— Bellary	110 8	73 1	1015 9	507 9	71 4	71 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	728 7	559 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	107 1	173	...	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	333 3	100	...	125 3	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	533 3	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 1
East Coast, south— Madras	108 7	...	790	548 1	59 3	62 6	18 9	25 6	362 1	141 9	127 5	164 7	...	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	600	466 7	...	...	28 4	25 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	610 7	608 1	...	...	25	23 1	123 4	123 4	...	...	...	...	...
Southern— Madura	133 4	66 8	945 9	675 7	...	...	...	...	217 7	141 1	...	...	...	...	15
Mysore— Mysore	120	60	780	582 86	77 13	93 75	...	...	274 27 6	205 73 6	154 32	154 27	4 43	4 43	4 43
Bangalore	120	72	1 131 41	617 13	80	77 13	...	...	240 6	240 6	127 13	120	8 6	8 6	14 69

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 108 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

STRAW		JAWAR STALKS		BRUSA (WHITE)		BRAN		COAL (BENGAL)		SHEEP, PER SCORE		PLOWN BULLOCKS, PER PAIR		KEROSENE OIL, PER TIN		DISTRICTS
1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	1917	1918	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	...	{ 100 to 180 }	90	3.75	3.25		Rajputana Eastern—Ajmer
...	25	15.31	25	16.25	40	17.5	12.5	7.5	100	80	300	250	3.7	2.58		Delhi—Delhi
...	...	...	13.28	8.91	66.41	22.19	...	...	113	142.5	225	225	...	3.5		Punjab—Southern—Ferozepur
...	...	...	16.72	14.84	35.62	28.59	12.5	10	206	160	170	170	5.75	3.87		Central—Lahore
...	10	...	16.75	13.28	38.75	20	10	10	160	140	...	...	4.12	3.02		Sulmontane—Amritsar
...	...	...	28.59	17.5	...	...	13.75	...	120	100	140	130	4	3.75		Northern—Bawalpindi
...	...	...	13.75	10	42.5	20	15	12.5	...	130	270	180	5	3.69		Western—Lyallpur
...	...	...	12.5	8.91	41.25	24.37	...	...	120	105	...	...	5.12	3.5		Multan
...	...	...	...	7.5	33.33	23.65	15	13.33	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 100 }	{ 60 to 200 }	{ 60 to 200 }	5	3.87		N.W. Frontier Province—Peshawar
...	...	...	17.5	10	46.41	27.29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.94		Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	...	...	47.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.58	3.08		Sind and Baluchistan—Karachi
...	...	...	25	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.62	...		Shikarpur
...	...	...	13.12	15	42.5	28.44	15.42	12.86	{ 120 to 220 }	{ 120 to 220 }	...	...	4.87	3.47		Quetta
...	...	...	...	...	40.16	19.63	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.31	3.06		Bombay—Konkan—Bombay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	...	...	...	4.58	...		Deccan and Karnatak—Dharwar (Habl)
...	...	...	...	...	45.68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.64	2.66		Sholapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.37	3.11		Poona
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.75	2.39		Khandesh and N.E. Deccan—Ahmednagar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.49	3.25		Dhulia
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		Gujarat—Surat
...	...	...	...	...	40	26.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.5		Ahmedabad
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		Central Province—Western—Nagpur
7.5	10	21	...	...	...	...	10	9.25	{ 75 to 80 }	80	{ 120 to 175 }	125	3.06	2.75		Central—Jubbulpore
7	...	...	...	...	40	26.69	...	...	60	60	70	70	2.69	2.37		Eastern—Raipur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.94	2.62		Berar—Akola
...	11.06	...	...	...	...	...	12.5	8.87	95	95	64	64	3.06	2.62		Amravati
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	70	50	70	3.62	2.62		Madras—South, Central—Coimbatore
...	10.4	6	...	...	102.90	90.50	...	...	...	...	60	60	5.88	3.24		Salem
7.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100†	100†	...	...	...	...		Central—Bellary
...	12.5	10.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	120†	100†	150	150	4.57	3.35		Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.44	3.19		Karnal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3.5		East Coast, Central—Nellore
5.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.38	2.11		East Coast, South—Madras
...	...	...	...	...	79.4	36.5	9.2	14.4	225†	302.5†	...	...	2.25	...		Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	10.4	10.6	...	...	150†	150†	...	...	5.82	2.97		Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	41.1	38.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.76	3.53		Southern—Madura
15	...	...	...	...	20.4	20.4	...	...	...	...	60	60	3.75	3.5		Mysore—Mysore
4.48	3.75	4.43	...	...	...	40	...	15.42	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	{ 50 to 100 }	4.75	3.75		Bangalore
3.8	4.27	4.27	...	...	32.5	32.5	...	...	100	100	{ 160 to 200 }	{ 160 to 200 }	6	3.25		

* Superior quality

† Sheep or goats

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER, 1918

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon <i>sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR JUMBU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoidesum</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...	..	..	...	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	..	..	...	10 2	10 2	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	3 8	3 8	...	..	8 1	8 1	8 9	8 9	...	..	...	..
Pegu (deltic)—												
Pegu	...	..	..	..	7 4	7 4	8 9	9 1	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	...	..	..	..	7 10	7 7	7 15	7 13	...	...	...	...
Maubin	2 13	2 13	...	...	7 8	7 11	8 5	8 9	...	...	...	...
Basse'n	...	..	..	..	9 1	9 1	9 1	9 1	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	..	..	..	6 12	6 12	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Hensada	3 8	3 8	..	..	7 10	7 14	8 1	8 9	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	..	..	7 4	5 4	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	..	..	8 11	9 5	9 12	10 7	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	..	..	..	6 15	6 15	8 2	7 12	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	4 9	4 9	..	..	7 10	7 10	9 1	9 1	16 5	16 5	..	...
Bhamo	...	..	..	..	10 8	9 12	10 12	10 7	...	...	...	...
Pakokku	...	...	..	..	7 5	8 2	8 2	8 9	...	...	...	...
Meiktila	...	..	..	..	9 2	9 2	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	...
Avalan—												
Sandoway	2 —	2 —	..	..	12 12	15 4	15 4	21 3	...	...	..	...
Kyaukpada	2 12	2 12	..	...	12 —	12 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	..	...
Akyab	...	...	..	...	8 8	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Burma—												
Sylhet	...	...	..	..	8 12	10 8	9 12	...	...	...	...	...
Cachar	4 —	4 —	..	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	11 6	...	...	...	...
Hill Tracts—												
Kháel and Jaintia Hills	5 —	5 —	..	..	4 —	4 —	5 6 to 6 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
Garo Hills	...	..	...	..	3 —	3 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	6 —	5 —	..	..	27 —	27 —	30 —	30 —	...	...	...	...
Naga Hills	...	..	..	..	10 —	10 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Jashal Hills	...	..	..	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	...	...	..	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goalpara	8 —	7 —	...	...	4 8	4 4	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrup (Gauhati)	5 —	6 4	..	..	5 12	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	..	...
Darrang	...	..	..	..	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	..
Nowgong	...	..	..	..	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Sibsagar	...	..	..	..	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	..	...
Lakhimpur	5 8	5 8	..	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 8	...	..	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	..	..	..	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	..	..	...
Noakhali	...	..	..	..	...	..	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	...	..	..	..	...	..	6 2	7 —	...	...	..	...
Maimensingh	...	..	..	..	...	...	5 8	6 10	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 9	7 12	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	..	..	..	...	...	5 2	...	...	...	...	...
Deltic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	..	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
24 Parganas	...	..	...	...	...	...	6 6	7 2	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	..	...	...	...	...	5 —	6 4	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	..	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	...	...	...	...
Hooghly	...	..	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krisnagarh)	...	...	..	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	...	...
Jessore	...	...	..	...	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	8 —	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by District Officers to Local Governments and Administrations, etc. They relate to the retail prices in the district headquarters on the last (or nearest next) day of each fortnight.

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR RASI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANGNI OR KAKUN, ITALIAN MILLET (<i>Scleria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, OROLA, KADALAY OR SUNAGA (<i>Oryza arifolium</i>)		MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)		ARHAR DÁL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	6 6	6 6	...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	Burma—
...	5 10	5 10	...	...	5 10	5 10	9 5	9 5	Tenasserim—
...	5 1	5 1	...	...	4 7	4 1	10 2	10 2	Mergui
...	7 2	6 12	...	...	4 5	4 2	9 7	9 7	Tavey
...	5 —	4 11	...	...	5 10	4 11	9 5	8 —	Moulmein and
...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Amherst
...	6 11	6 11	...	...	7 14	7 13	8 —	8 —	Pegu (deltaic)—
...	6 4	6 4	...	...	4 —	4 2	8 —	8 —	Pegu
...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 2	8 2	Bangoon
...	5 12	5 12	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	Maubin
...	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 —	7 —	Bassala
...	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	7 —	7 7	Pegu (inland)—
...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Tharawadi
...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	Hensada
...	10 11	12 13	32 1	32 1	12 7	12 7	9 6	9 6	Prome
...	2 10	2 10	11 6	11 6	Toungoo
...	3 4	3 4	12 —	12 —	Thayetanyo
...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	Upper Burma—
...	Mandalay
...	Bhamo
...	Pakokku
...	Meiktila
...	Arakan—
...	Sandoway
...	Kyaukpada
...	Akyab
...	Assam—
...	Burma—
...	Sylhet
...	Cachar
...	Hill Tracts—
...	Khasi and Jaintia
...	Hills
...	Garo Hills
...	Manipur
...	Naga Hills
...	Lushai Hills
...	Brahmaputra—
...	Goalpara
...	Kamrup (Gauhati)
...	Darrang
...	Nowgong
...	Sibsagar
...	Lakhimpur
...	Bengal—
...	Nasir—
...	Chittagong
...	Noakhali
...	Backerganj
...	Maimonsingh
...	Tippers
...	Dacca
...	Deltaic—
...	Khulna
...	24 Parganas
...	Howrah
...	Calcutta
...	Hooghly
...	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	Jessore
...	Faridpur

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR OUMBU (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—continued												
Western—												
Bankura . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Burdwan . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...
Midnapur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 12	8 —	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 4	7 14	...	...	...	...
Malda . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	8 6	...	...	...	...
Rangpur . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 4	5 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Bhagalpur	6 4	6 —	10 4	10 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	7 2	7 2	11 —	12 1	...	...	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	5 12	6 4	9 —	11 —	...	...	5 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Champaran	5 12	5 12	11 —	11 —	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	5 4	5 4	8 —	7 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	6 5	6 5	11 9	9 8	...	...	5 4	5 4	...	...	...	...
Gaya	6 —	6 —	9 8	9 8	...	...	8 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	...	...
Patna	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	7 —	...	...	...	...
Shahabad	6 8	7 —	11 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	5 8	5 —	...	...	...	...	6 8	6 —	...	...	...	...
Manbhum	5 8	5 8	8 —	10 —	...	...	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...
Ranchi	5 —	4 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	5 —	...	...	...	...
Palamanu	6 3	6 7	10 2	10 2	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
Hazaribagh	5 8	5 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	5 12	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	4 9	4 10	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 14	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	4 14	4 14	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	...	...	...	...
Balasore	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 12	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...	{ 9 — to 9 12 }	8 4	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	5 8	5 8	7 8	8 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	4 8	9 —	7 8	7 8
Bonares	5 7	5 14	7 13	8 6	4 6	4 12	5 7	5 11	6 12	...	5 11	7 5
Ghazipur	5 12	5 12	8 14	8 14	4 11	4 11	6 3	6 6	9 3	...	7 3	7 14
Jaunpur	5 12	6 —	7 8	8 3	3 12	3 12	5 2	5 2	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	5 10	5 8	7 10	7 12	4 4	4 8	5 2	5 12	7 12	7 4	6 6	7 —
Central—												
Randa	6 —	5 14	7 2	7 2	8 8	3 8	5 6	5 —	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	6 —	6 2	7 4	7 4	3 —	3 —	6 —	5 —	...	...	6 —	6 4
Hamirpur	5 14	5 12	6 —	5 10	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	6 12	6 12	6 4	6 —
Jalau	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	8 —	3 —	8 12	8 12	...	...	5 —	6 —
Cawnpore	5 12	5 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 7	5 7	6 12	7 4	5 14	5 —
Jhansi	5 7	5 7	7 10	...	8 8	3 8	5 2	5 2	...	...	...	...
Etawah	6 —	6 —	6 13	6 14	3 8	3 8	5 4	4 10	7 3	7 5	5 15	5 15
Farrukhabad	5 8	5 9	7 8	7 6	3 8	3 8	4 6	5 8	...	...	5 10	5 13
Mainpuri	5 15	5 12	7 —	7 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	4 12	7 —	...	5 12	6 4
Etah	5 12	5 12	8 —	7 12	2 8	2 8	5 —	5 4	7 8	...	5 12	6 —
Western—												
Meerut	5 12	5 12	...	8 —	3 —	3 —	3 6	5 8	...	...	...	...
Agra	5 9	5 7	7 12	7 12	8 9	3 12	...	...	...	5 4	...	...
Muttra	5 10	5 6	8 4	8 4	3 —	3 —	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —
Aligarh	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	7 12	7 12	5 12	6 8
Bulandshahr												
Bulandshahr	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	{ 5 — to 5 — }	3 —	5 —	{ 5 — to 5 — }	6 —	6 —	5 —	5 —
Submontane, east—												
Balla	6 4	7 13	9 12	11 11	4 8	4 8	6 14	6 8	...	...	...	...
Amangah	6 8	6 8	9 —	9 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	6 4	6 10	9 4	10 —	5 4	4 12	6 10	7 —	...	...	...	...
Basti	6 8	7 —	10 —	10 8	4 12	4 12	5 8	7 —	...	...	...	...

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER, 1918—*continued*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (<i>Triticum</i> <i>Sativum</i>)		BARLEY (<i>Hordeum</i> <i>vulgare</i>)		RICE				JAWAR OR OHOLUM (<i>Andropogon</i> <i>sorghum</i>)		BAJRA OR CHHNU (<i>Pennisetum</i> <i>typhoides</i>)	
	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Best sort	Common	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month	Half-month of report	Pre- vious half-month
United Provinces— continued												
(a) AGRA—continued												
<i>Submontane, west—</i>												
Shahjahanpur	5 4	5 12	2 —	8 —	2 8	3 —	5 —	5 8	...	...	5 12	7 8
Budann	5 1	5 10	7 4	7 2	3 4	4 —	5 —	5 —	7 8	6 10	5 4	6 2
Filibit	5 4	5 8	7 8	7 12	3 14	8 14	5 8	5 12	...	...	6 —	...
Baroli	5 3	5 8	7 14	7 7	3 7	8 2	5 8	5 4	...	...	6 1	7 —
Moradabad	5 6	5 12	7 14	7 12	3 4	3 12	...	5 10	...	...	...	...
Bijnor	5 4	5 4	7 10	7 14	2 12	2 12	4 8	4 8	...	...	5 12	6 —
Muzaffarnagar	6 —	6 —	8 12	8 12	4 8	4 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 8	5 —	...
Saharanpur	5 10	5 10	8 —	8 —	2 11	2 11	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
Dehra Dun	5 4	5 8	8 —	8 —	2 9	2 10	5 6	5 12	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 —
<i>Hills—</i>												
Naini Tal	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	2 12	2 12	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 —
Almora	4 10	4 6	6 4	6 —	2 8	2 8	4 8	4 4	...	...	...	...
Garhwal	3 12	4 —	6 —	6 4	2 4	...	3 8	3 12	...	...	...	...
(b) OUDH—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Partabgarh	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	4 —	4 —	5 4	4 12	8 —	8 —	6 —	6 8
Sultanpur	6 8	6 8	8 8	8 12	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Rae Bareilly	6 —	6 4	8 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 8	4 8	8 —	8 —	6 —	8 —
Unao	5 10	5 10	7 8	7 8	3 12	3 12	5 10	5 12	7 —	7 —	5 2	7 —
Lucknow	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 4	3 —	3 —	5 4	5 4	7 2	7 8	6 4	6 —
Hardoi	5 12	6 —	7 8	7 12	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	...	...	6 —	7 8
<i>Northern—</i>												
Fyzabad	6 —	6 2	8 4	8 8	...	...	5 10	6 2	8 —	8 8	5 12	6 4
Barabanki	6 3	6 8	8 4	8 6	4 —	4 —	6 3	6 8	8 6	9 4	6 6	7 —
Gonda	6 —	6 2	8 —	7 12	4 —	4 —	6 8	6 8	8 8	8 8	6 6	9 6
Bahraich	5 12	5 12	9 —	9 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	9 —	10 4	6 8	7 —
Sitapur	5 12	6 —	7 12	8 8	2 8	2 8	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	5 8	7 8
Kheri	6 12	7 —	11 —	11 —	2 4	2 8	5 4	...	8 12	9 —	6 8	8 —
Rajputana—												
<i>Eastern—</i>												
Mewar (Udaipur)	6 —	6 —	7 7	7 7	3 4	3 4	5 4	5 4	8 4	8 7	5 4	5 4
Ajmer	5 —	5 —	6 12	...	4 4	4 4	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	3 9
Kishangarh*	...	5 —	...	8 —	...	2 8	...	4 —	...	7 1	...	4 4
Tonk	5 2	4 14	7 14	7 11	4 3	4 3	5 4	5 4	6 13	6 4	...	...
Jaipur	5 —	...	7 —	...	4 4	...	...	...	5 4	...	5 4	...
Karauli	5 5	5 5	6 6	6 6	4 1	3 12	4 6	4 6	...	...	5 10	5 10
Dholpur	6 4	6 4	6 13	7 12	3 12	3 12	4 —	4 —	4 11	5 4	6 —	6 4
Bharatpur*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alwar	7 —	7 11	9 —	9 12	4 —	4 —	4 8	4 9	6 —	7 —	6 4	7 —
Nasirabad	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	5 —	5 —	6 —	7 —	4 —	4 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Bikaner	5 —	5 —	7 4	7 —	2 12	2 8	3 8	3 6	...	...	3 —	3 —
Jaisalmer	3 4	4 —	...	...	2 8	2 8	2 12	2 12	...	...	4 —	3 12
Jodhpur	{ 5 — and 5 8 }	5 —	6 7	6 —	3 12	3 12	4 6	...	...	...	5 5	5 —
Central India—												
Indore*	...	6 4	...	8 —	...	5 —	...	6 —	...	...	...	...
Neemuch	5 12	5 12	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 8	5 8	...	...	...	...
Gwalior	5 8	5 8	8 7	7 —	3 13	3 8	4 11	4 8	7 8	6 4	6 2	9 —
Delhi—												
Delhi	5 8	5 8	7 —	8 —	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 8	...	...	3 12	3 12
Punjab—												
<i>Southern—</i>												
Hissar	6 —	5 12	8 —	8 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	3 9	...
Ferozepur	6 4	6 4	8 8	8 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	...	...
<i>Central—</i>												
Lahore	6 4	6 4	10 12	10 12	...	...	4 8	4 10	...	...	6 8	8 8
Gujranwala	6 6	6 4	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	4 12	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	...	6 4	...	7 8	...	...	...	4 12	...	...	...	...
Jhelum	6 4	6 4	7 8	...	...	...	4 8	4 6	7 —	...	6 —	...

* Figures have not so far been reported

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (Triticum Sativum)		BARLEY (Hordeum vulgare)		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLU (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR GURRU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Best sort		Common		Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month
					Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month				
Punjab—continued												
<i>South-eastern—</i>												
Gurgaon	6 —	5 8	7 —	7 —			4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	4 —	4 —
Rohtak	6 —	5 12	8 8	7 12	..	..	5 8	5 8	5 —	7 —	4 —	5 —
Karnal	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	..	..
<i>Submontane—</i>												
Ambala	6 —	6 —	7 12	7 12	..	..	4 4	4 4	..	..	5 —	5 —
Ludhiana	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	..	..	4 —	4 8	5 —	5 —	5 —	5 —
Jullundur	6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	..	..	4 4	4 4	5 —	5 —	..	..
Hoshiarpur	5 10	5 14	8 —	8 —	..	..	4 8	4 8	..	..	..	..
Gurdaspur	5 8	5 12	7 8	8 —	..	..	5 —	5 —	6 —	7 —	..	..
Amritsar	6 8	6 8	8 12	8 12	..	..	4 12	4 12	10 —	..	4 12	..
Shikot	6 —	6 —	8 8	8 8	..	..	4 8	4 8	..	..	..	..
<i>Hills—</i>												
Simla	5 4	5 —	5 8	7 —	..	..	4 4	4 4	4 12	4 12	2 8	4 4
Kangra	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 8	..	..	5 8	5 8	..	..	..	..
<i>Northern—</i>												
Bawalpindi	6 2	6 6	9 12	9 12	..	..	4 4	4 4	8 8	8 8	6 4	6 4
Attock	6 8	6 8	10 8	10 2	..	..	4 8	4 8	..	..	8 —	7 —
<i>Western—</i>												
Shahpur	6 10	6 13	9 —	8 14	..	..	4 —	4 8	..	..	5 10	..
Jhang	6 14	7 —	10 —	10 —	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	..	..
Lyalpur	6 8	6 8	9 8	9 8	..	..	4 8	4 4	..	..	..	..
Multan	6 12	6 12	9 —	9 —	..	..	..	..	7 12	7 12	5 4	5 12
Montgomery	6 14	7 2	10 —	10 —	..	..	4 —	4 8	..	..	..	..
Muzaffargarh	6 10	6 14	8 8	8 —	..	..	4 8	4 8	8 8	8 8	8 —	8 —
Dera Ghazi Khan	7 —	7 8	9 —	9 11	..	..	4 11	4 8	7 —	7 —	6 4	6 4
N.-W. F. Province—												
Hazara	6 —	5 14	9 3	9 4	2 14	2 14	4 10	4 12	..	..	5 14	5 14
Peshawar	7 13	7 13	12 5	12 11	3 5	3 5	3 15	3 15	..	..	..	..
Kohat	6 14	6 14	9 15	9 15	2 4	..	..	..	..	..	7 8	7 8
Bannu	8 6	8 6	11 —	10 15	3 2	3 2	3 5	5 —	..	..	8 8	..
Dera Ismail Khan	7 8	7 8	9 6	9 6	3 —	2 8	3 8	..	10 —	7 8	6 8	7 8
Toohi	6 —	5 8	9 8	9 8	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	..	..
Korram	6 12	7 4	10 —	11 —	5 4	5 12	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malakand	8 —	8 4	14 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	6 —	..	..	..	..
Wano	6 —	6 3	10 —	10 —	2 5	2 5	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karachi	5 12	5 12	..	..	4 —	4 8	..	..	..	..	6 —	..
Hyderabad	4 8	4 8	..	..	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	4 4	4 4
Thar and Parkar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(Mirpur Khas)	4 12	4 12	..	..	2 12	2 12	3 4	3 4	..	..	4 —	3 12
Shikarpur	5 12	..	..	..	4 8	4 —	5 —	..	4 8	5 —	4 8	5 —
Upper Sind Frontier	5 4	5 4	..	..	8 —	3 —	3 8	3 8	5 —	4 12	4 12	4 12
Quetta	..	..	7 10	7 8	3 12	2 12	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	5 —	5 —
Bombay—												
<i>Konkan—</i>												
Karwar	3 3	3 6	..	..	4 1	4 1	4 11	4 6	..	..	..	..
Ratnagiri	3 7	3 7	..	..	3 14	3 14	4 10	4 10	..	..	..	..
Alibag	3 4	3 4	..	..	3 4	3 4	4 3	3 11	..	..	..	..
Bombay	3 3	3 6	..	..	3 —	3 —	4 7	4 7	3 6	3 1	3 9	2 9
Thana	4 7	4 7	..	..	4 3	4 3	4 10	4 10	..	..	4 7	4 7
<i>Deccan and Karnatik—</i>												
Dharwar	4 12	4 8	..	..	3 7	3 7	4 6	..	4 1	4 1	4 9	..
Belgaum	4 2	..	..	..	3 11	..	4 —	..	4 2	..	5 6	..
Satara	4 3	4 3	..	..	..	3 5	4 5	3 9	4 3	4 3	4 3	4 3
Sholapur	4 8	4 1	..	..	3 8	3 3	4 4	4 4	4 —	4 7	..	..
Bijapur	4 10	4 3	..	..	3 12	3 12	4 6	4 6	3 15	3 11	..	..
Poona	3 14	..	..	..	3 —	..	3 10	..	3 10	..	3 5	..
<i>Khandesh and N.-E.</i>												
Deoran	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ahmednagar	4 5	4 5	..	..	4 3	4 9	4 9	4 15	3 15	3 15	3 8	3 8
Nasik	4 1	4 1	..	..	3 11	3 11	4 1	4 1	..	..	3 10	3 5
Dhule	3 8	3 8	..	..	4 3	4 3	4 9	4 9	3 8	3 8	3 9	3 9
Jalgaon	3 15	4 6	..	..	4 4	4 12	4 11	5 10	3 12	4 3	3 8	3 8
<i>Gujarat—</i>												
Surat	3 11	3 11	..	..	3 4	3 4	4 10	4 10	4 10	3 4	3 1	..
Broach	4 8	4 8	..	..	5 —	5 —	5 8	5 8	5 —	5 —	4 —	..
Kaira	3 12	3 12	..	..	..	..	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 4	3 4
Baroda	4 10	4 4	..	..	4 3	4 3	4 12	4 10	..	..	3 4	3 4
Ahmedabad	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	4 —	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 8
Godhra	4 —	4 —	..	..	4 —	3 8	4 8	4 8	..	..	4 —	3 8
Dasa	4 12	4 —	..	..	3 8	3 8	3 12	3 12	..	..	4 12	4 4
<i>Kathiawar—</i>												
Rajkot	4 8	4 4	..	..	2 12	2 10	4 —	4 —	4 4	..	3 2	2 4
Central Provinces—												
Nimar	4 4	4 12	..	..	3 6	3 6	4 8	5 1	4 12	4 12	..	..
Hoshangabad	5 2	5 2	..	..	2 6	2 8	6 2	5 11	8 2	8 12	..	..
Betul	4 10	4 10	..	..	3 12	2 12	6 —	6 —	7 9	5 11	..	..
Chhindwara	4 6	4 6	..	..	3 12	3 2	4 6	3 12	7 2	6 —	..	..
Nagpur	3 14	3 11	..	..	2 10	2 10	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wardha	3 12	3 12	..	..	2 9	2 11	4 8	4 8	..	..	..	..

* Relates to Khandwa wheat

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

BAGI OR HARUA (Blouina coronata)		KANONI OR KANUN, ITALIAN MILLET (Setaria italica)		GRAN, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUBAGA (Oryza aristatum)		MAHAI (Ses Mays)		ANNAH DIL (Cajanus Indicus)		SALT		DISTRICTS
Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	7 8	7 8	7 —	...	5 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	Punjab—continued
...	7 4	7 12	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	South-eastern—
...	7 12	7 8	...	...	...	...	12 —	...	Gurgaon
...	Rohtak
...	Karnal
...	...	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 12	...	...	6 1	6 1	9 4	9 4	Submontane—
...	...	8 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	8 —	7 8	5 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	Ambala
...	...	8 —	8 —	7 14	7 12	6 14	6 8	...	...	8 5	8 —	Ludhiana
...	7 4	7 4	7 4	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Jullundur
...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	7 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	Hoshiarpur
...	...	9 —	9 —	8 8	8 4	7 12	...	4 12	...	8 12	8 8	Gurdaspur
...	8 —	8 —	7 —	6 8	...	...	8 —	9 8	Amritsar
...	Shikot
...	6 8	6 4	6 4	6 12	4 —	3 12	6 8	6 —	Hills—
...	6 12	6 12	7 8	...	4 8	4 8	11 —	11 —	Simla
...	Kangra
...	8 4	8 4	9 8	9 8	3 14	5 4	8 4	9 12	Northern—
...	9 —	9 —	9 9	9 8	5 —	5 —	21 —	21 —	Rawalpindi
...	Attock
72 —	14 —	11 —	11 —	9 —	8 14	7 14	7 —	6 12	6 12	4 —	8 8	Western—
...	8 12	8 8	9 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	Shahpur
...	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 12	Jhang
...	...	9 —	9 —	8 12	8 12	7 12	8 4	...	...	8 —	8 12	Lyallpur
...	9 16	9 10	10 —	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Multan
...	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	Montgomery
...	9 1	9 8	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	Muzaffargarh
...	Dera Ghazi Khan
...	...	7 —	7 —	7 10	7 6	9 —	8 8	...	...	7 10	8 4	N.-W. F. Province—
...	...	8 13	10 7	9 2	9 2	12 6	11 11	8 8	8 8	13 —	15 10	Hazara
...	18 15	15	8 —	8 —	...	...	15 8	16 —	Peshawar
...	10 15	...	12 13	13 —	...	...	16 4	17 8	Kohat
...	8 12	9 8	...	...	...	...	9 6	10 —	Banna
...	10 6	9 8	...	...	14 —	14 —	Dera Ismail Khan
...	8 —	8 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	Tochi
...	7 —	7 —	14 —	12 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	Kurram
...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	Malakand
...	Wano
...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	21 8	Sind and Baluchistan—
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 8	5 —	16 —	16 —	Karachi
...	Hyderabad
...	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Thar and Parkar
...	7 4	7 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	(Mirpur Khas)
...	7 8	7 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	16 —	16 —	Shikarpur
...	4 11	4 11	...	...	Upper Sind Frontier
...	6 15	6 12	8 —	8 —	5 5	5 5	16 —	16 —	Quetta
...	Bombay—
...	Konkan—
...	6 4	...	...	5 5	5 5	...	...	4 1	4 13	11 14	10 —	Karwar
6 12	6 12	...	...	5 15	5 15	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 12	8 2	Ratnagiri
...	5 10	5 10	...	...	4 8	5 6	7 3	7 3	Alibag
8 2	4 8	...	...	4 13	4 8	...	...	4 5	4 14	10 8	9 7	Bombay
...	6 5	6 5	...	...	5 5	5 5	7 14	7 14	Thana
5 13	5 8	...	...	5 10	5 8	...	...	3 14	3 14	9 —	8 3	Deccan and Karnatak—
...	6 —	...	...	...	4 4	...	8 4	...	Dharwar
...	6 7	6 7	...	...	4 1	4 3	8 6	8 6	Belgaum
...	6 8	6 10	...	...	5 4	5 4	7 8	6 12	Satara
...	5 12	5 12	...	...	5 2	5 2	6 14	6 14	Sholapur
...	5 15	...	...	...	4 5	...	7 6	...	Bijapur
...	Poona
...	5 5	5 10	...	...	4 13	4 13	10 1	8 11	Khandesh and N.-E.
4 10	4 10	...	...	5 12	5 12	...	...	5 1	4 11	5 10	8 10	Deccan—
...	6 1	6 1	...	...	4 —	4 —	10 9	6 13	Ahmednagar
...	5 12	6 3	...	...	4 4	5 2	7 3	6 11	Nasik
...	Dhulia
...	6 15	6 —	...	...	4 10	4 10	9 4	9 4	Jaigdon
...	5 —	5 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	Gujarat—
...	Surat
5 —	5 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Broach
...	Kaira
...	Baroda
...	Ahmedabad
...	Godhra
...	Dism
...	4 8	4 8	...	...	3 8	4 —	50 —	40 —	Kathiawar—
...	Rajkot
...	Central Provinces—
...	6 15	6 6	...	...	4 13	5 5	8 12	8 12	Western—
...	7 8	6 8	...	...	4 9	4 9	16 —	16 —	Nimar
...	6 12	5 15	...	...	3 8	3 3	13 —	13 —	Hoshangabad
...	6 4	5 6	...	...	3 6	3 6	13 —	13 —	Betul
...	4 15	...	...	...	4 4	...	6 12	6 12	Chhindwara
...	4 12	4 12	...	...	4 2	4 2	9 7	8 7	Nagpur
...	Wardha

TABLE NO. 5.—RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF NOVEMBER 1918—continued

DISTRICTS	WHEAT (Triticum Sativum)		BARLEY (Hordeum vulgare)		RICE				JAWAR OR SORGHUM (Andropogon sorghum)		BAJRA OR CENHU (Pennisetum typhoides)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half month
Central Provinces—												
<i>continued</i>												
Central—												
Narsinghpur . . .	5 1	5 10			8 —	8 —	4 12	4 12	8 1	8 1		..
Sangor . . .	6 —	5 8			2 12	2 12	4 —	4 4	8 —	7 —		..
Damoh . . .	5 9	5 3			4 —	4 —	4 11	4 11	8 9			..
Jubbulpore . . .	5 8	4 15			3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	8 —			..
Mandla . . .	6 —	5 8		..	3 —	3 —	6 —	5 —		..		..
Seoni . . .	5 —	4 12			4 —	3 13	6 —	5 8		..		..
Balaghāt . . .	4 1	4 1		..	4 4	4 5	7 —	5 10		..		..
Bhandāra . . .	4 13	4 13					4 14	4 14				..
Chānda . . .	3 4	3 15			3 —	3 15	5 13	4 8	4 5			..
Eastern—												
Bilāspur . . .	5 12	6 —			3 8	5 12	6 4	6 8				..
Raipur . . .	5 —	5 —			4 —	5 —	5 12	6 4				..
Drug . . .	6 —	6 1			4 9	6 —	6 —	6 8				..
Berar												
Baldana . . .	3 14	4 —			3 14	3 14	4 9	5 9	4 6	4 —		..
Akola . . .	3 5	3 5			2 14	2 10	3 7	3 7	3 7	4 —		..
Amrāoti . . .	3 12	3 7			2 1	2 4	3 15	4 —	3 8	3 8		..
Yectmal . . .	4 4	3 3			2 13	2 13	5 10	3 6	3 11			..
Hyderabad—												
Secunderabad . . .	3 2	3 11			3 —	3 2	4 1	4 —	4 8	4 11	..	..
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar . . .							4 12	4 9		..		..
S. Canara . . .	..						6 —	6 14		..		..
South, central—												
Coimbatore . . .							4 15	4 15	7 1	..		..
Nilgiris . . .							4 5	4 15		..		..
Salem . . .							4 2	4 11	6 11	6 4	6 14	6 3
Central—												
Bellary . . .							4 2	4 2	5 12	5 12		..
Anantapur . . .							6 1	6 1	8 5	8 5		..
Cuddapah . . .							5 —	4 15		8 10		..
Karnul . . .							4 9	3 11	6 2	6 4		..
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam . . .							4 14	5 1				..
Visagapatam . . .							5 —	5 7			8 7	8 —
Godāvari . . .							4 15	6 1			10 —	12 —
East Coast, central—												
Kistna . . .							6 1	6 8	4 14	4 10		..
Guntur . . .							4 15	5 8	7 —	6 —	6 —	..
Nellore . . .							6 5	6 10	7 13	7 13		..
East Coast, south—												
Maīras . . .							3 15	3 13				..
Chingloput . . .							4 1	4 7				..
N Arcot . . .							4 15	4 15				..
S. Arcot . . .							4 9	5 6			7 9	8 4
Tanjore . . .							..	..			7 9	7 9
Trichinopoly . . .							5 6	5 6	7 1	7 1	7 9	6 14
Southern—												
Tinnevely . . .					..	..	4 —	4 13	..	..	6 7	7 2
Madura . . .					..	..	4 3	4 9	7 7	7 7	7 3	7 3
Mysore—												
Mysore . . .	3 —		2 12	2 12	4 2	4 —	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8		..
Bangalore . . .	3 —	3 —		..	3 —	3 —	..	..	..	..		..
Goorg—												
Coorg . . .	3 —	3 —		..	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	..	..		..
Aden*		4 5		..	..	4 —	..	4 4	..	5 —	..	2 1

* Figures have not so far been reported

[The figures state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

MARUA OR MARI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)		KANKRI OR KAKRI ITALIAN BULLETT (<i>Seteria italica</i>)		GRAM, CHENNA, CHOLA, KADALAY, OR SUBASA (<i>Oryza aristatum</i>)		MAISR (<i>Sec Mays</i>)		ANBAR DAL (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		SALT		Districts
Half-month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	Half- month of report	Pre- vious half- month	
...	...	...	...	7 14	7 15	...	...	4 7	5 —	12 13	12 13	Central Provinces— continued
...	...	...	...	8 —	7 8	...	...	5 4	5 8	15 8	15 8	Central—
...	...	...	...	8 7	6 14	...	...	4 —	4 —	17 —	10 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	6 12	6 —	...	...	4 4	4 8	13 —	13 —	Saugor
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	13 —	13 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	3 —	3 —	11 8	11 8	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	5 7	5 7	...	...	3 11	4 5	7 15	7 15	Mandla
...	...	...	...	5 15	5 15	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 12	6 13	Seoni
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 8	5 2	9 9	7 7	Balaghat
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	11 8	11 8	Bhandara
...	...	...	...	7 8	7 12	...	...	5 12	6 —	8 —	8 —	Chanda
...	...	...	...	6 9	7 —	...	...	5 8	5 —	7 2	7 —	Eastern—
...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	3 13	4 —	6 9	7 3	Bilaspur
...	...	...	...	5 5	5 5	...	...	4 7	4 7	7 —	7 —	Balpur
...	...	...	...	4 14	5 2	...	...	3 12	...	11 7	13 —	Drng
...	...	...	...	4 13	4 13	...	...	4 3	4 3	8 8	8 8	Berar—
7 —	7 —	...	...	5 10	5 12	...	...	6 11	7 —	8 3	7 10	Buldana
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 1	10 1	Akola
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 9	9 9	Amritoti
8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	Yotmal
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	Hyderabad—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 15	8 15	Secunderabad
6 15	6 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	Madras—
9 14	9 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 6	10 6	Malabar Coast—
9 4	10 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 9	11 11	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 12	9 4	S. Canara
10 6	11 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	South, central—
10 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 —	13 —	Colimbatore
8 15	9 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 9	20 9	Nilgiris
7 13	7 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 11	15 8	Salem
8 14	9 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 9	18 —	Central—
...	9 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 —	16 10	Bellary
7 11	8 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 4	17 —	Anantapur
8 4	8 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 10	19 6	Cuddapah
8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 12	14 12	Karnul
8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12 3	13 —	East Coast, north—
8 2	8 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 10	14 10	Ganjam
8 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Vinayapatam
8 —	8 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Godavari
8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 7	15 7	East Coast, central—
10 —	10 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	Kistna
11 —	8 —	...	...	4 12	4 12	...	...	3 4	3 4	8 —	8 —	Guntur
9 8	9 8	...	...	7 —	6 8	...	...	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	Nellore
...	...	...	...	...	4 3	...	...	...	4 7	...	32 —	East Coast, south—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chingleput
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	N. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	S. Arcot
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Southern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tinnevely
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Madura
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bangalore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Coorg
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Aden

WHEAT PRICES IN INDIA

RETURN SHOWING THE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF WHEAT IN INDIA
FROM THE SECOND HALF OF JULY, 1914, TO THE SECOND HALF OF
NOVEMBER, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA }

December 24, 1918

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	FORTNIGHT ENDING							
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.		
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
Port	Karachi (white)*	3 15 2	4 7 9	5 8 10	5 4 3	4 4 3	4 12 3		
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Peasey)	4 1 9	4 2 1	5 1 6	4 7 7	...	5 0 3		
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 5 10	4 8 3	5 10 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	5 1 0		
Punjab	Lahore	3 10 3	3 11 6	4 13 6	5 0 0	3 11 6	4 7 0		
	Ferozepur	3 5 3	3 14 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	3 13 0	4 7 0		
	Lyalpur	3 6 0	3 14 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	3 12 0	4 4 0		
	Amritsar	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 10 0	5 0 0	3 12 0	4 8 0		
	Multan	3 6 0	3 14 6	4 12 0	4 7 0	3 10 0	4 8 0		
	Rawalpindi	3 4 3	3 11 3	4 4 0	4 5 0	3 14 0	4 7 0		
	Ambala	3 10 3	3 14 6	5 0 0	5 13 0	3 15 6	4 12 0		
Delhi	Delhi	3 14 0	4 5 0	5 5 0	6 6 0	4 3 0	4 12 6		
United Provinces	Benares	4 2 10	4 3 5	5 1 7	5 8 10	4 6 5	4 10 6		
	Aligarh (Hathras)	4 0 9	4 6 0	5 2 8	5 11 2	4 3 5	4 9 3		
	Cawnpore	4 3 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 14 0		
	Meerut	4 0 0	4 5 0	5 0 0	6 2 6	3 13 0	4 7 0		
	Shahjahanpur	4 0 0	4 5 3	5 0 0	4 9 0	4 0 0	4 10 0		
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 8 3	6 6 4	4 9 1	5 2 6		
	Fyzabad	4 3 3	4 3 3	5 1 0	4 12 3	4 9 0	4 13 0		
	Lucknow	4 1 9	4 7 1	5 8 4	4 13 6	4 7 1	4 13 6		
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	4 1 1	4 1 11	4 11 4	4 6 7	4 5 0	4 12 10		
	Jubbulpore	4 5 1	4 7 1	5 2 7	4 11 4	4 8 2	4 13 7		
	Raipur	3 14 5	3 14 5	4 14 5	3 14 5	4 4 10	4 11 2		
	Akola	4 12 0	5 5 7	5 13 7	4 12 5	3 15 7	3 15 7		
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	3 6 6	3 11 6	4 3 10	4 3 10	3 8 10	4 6 3		
Baluchistan	Quetta	3 15 5	4 0 0	4 9 1	5 5 2	4 7 3	4 3 3		
Bombay	Poona	5 4 1	...	6 11 7	6 2	5 1 4	5 8 11		
	Ahmednagar	5 2 9	4 13 3	6 14 4	4 6 6	4 10 1	4 15 6		
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 14 0	5 9 0	4 12 0	5 5 4		
	Dharwar (Hubli)	4 8 4	4 8 4	4 1 5	3 1 6	3 11 9	3 12 1		
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	3 18 0	4 0 0	5 4 0	5 6 0	4 6 0	6 0 0		
	Bhagalpur	4 3 0	4 3 0	5 4 0	4 13 0	4 8 0	5 9 7		
	Muzaffarpur	4 7 0	4 0 0	5 5 0	6 10 6	4 7 0	5 0 0		
	Ranchi	4 7 0	4 14 0	6 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	6 12 0		
	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 11 3	5 9 0	6 1 6	4 11 3	5 1 3		
Bengal	Dacca	4 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	...	...	...
	Rangpur	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	6 4 0	5 8 0	5 4 0		
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein).	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0	6 5 5	6 5 5	6 5 5		
	Mandalay	4 3 0	4 14 9	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7		
(Median Average)		4 2 3	4 5 0	5 2 8	5 0 0	4 6 2	4 12 10		
Index Numbers (a).		100	104	125	121	106	116		

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

NOTE.—These statistics are compiled from fortnightly returns furnished by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the wholesale prices in the markets referred to above, which prevailed on the last (or nearest mart) day of each fortnight. The statistics for Karachi, Bombay, and Calcutta are compiled from the Chambers of Commerce Market Reports.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

India per maund of 82½ lbs

FORTNIGHT ENDING											
31st December 1918.	31st March 1916.	30th June 1916.	30th Septem- ber 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.	15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.	15th April 1917.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 9 3	3 15 3	3 10 2	4 4 3	4 14 9	5 1 3	5 1 3	4 12 9	4 13 6	4 13 3	4 12 3	4 13 3
5 0 5	4 6 9	4 2 10	4 5 10	4 11 1	4 12 7	4 8 9	4 10 7	4 9 10	4 10 9	4 9 10	4 10 11
5 3 0	3 15 0	4 1 6	4 4 6	...	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 13 0	4 14 6	4 9 0	4 11 0
4 7 0	3 9 0	3 3 3	3 11 6	4 5 3	4 7 0	4 9 3	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 3 3
4 5 3	3 10 0	3 5 3	3 10 3	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 1 9	4 5 3	4 5 3	4 1 9	3 14 6
4 2 0	3 4 0	3 1 6	3 11 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 4 6	4 2 0	4 3 0	4 3 6	4 0 0	4 1 0
4 5 0	3 6 0	3 2 9	3 7 0	4 2 0	4 6 0	4 3 6	4 2 0	4 2 0	4 1 0	3 13 6	3 15 0
4 3 6	3 7 0	3 2 0	3 11 6	4 1 6	4 5 3	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6
4 8 0	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0
4 9 0	3 10 0	3 6 0	3 13 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 6 0	3 14 0	3 15 0
4 12 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 11 0	4 9 0	4 10 6	4 9 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 14 3	4 2 10	3 14 7	4 0 8	4 12 11	4 10 6	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 9 4	4 5 10	4 5 0	4 3 1
4 15 8	4 6 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 8 11	4 8 11	4 5 2	4 5 4	4 5 5	4 5 4	4 3 8	3 14 6
5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 5 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 14 0
4 9 0	3 12 9	3 6 3	3 10 3	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 5 0	4 1 6
4 12 0	3 12 0	3 10 0	3 11 9	4 5 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 4 0	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 1 9	3 12 0
5 5 4	4 7 1	4 1 7	4 5 2	5 2 8	5 5 4	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	4 13 6	3 13 6	4 9 1
5 2 8	3 10 3	3 13 3	3 14 9	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 5 6	4 7 0	4 6 0	4 1 9	4 1 7	4 0 0
5 0 0	3 14 6	3 11 6	4 0 0	4 9 8	4 9 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 7 1	4 0 0	3 12 11
4 9 7	3 12 10	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 6	4 1 11	3 13 2	4 0 4
4 14 10	3 11 6	3 8 11	3 14 5	4 6 0	4 9 1	4 7 1	4 4 4	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 5 2	4 1 8
4 6 5	3 7 2	3 7 2	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 4 10	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 12 10	3 12 10
4 12 2	3 15 6	3 14 0	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 7 10	3 4 8	3 4 8	3 7 6
4 7 7	3 13 4	3 9 10	3 8 3	4 9	4 5 8	4 4 9	4 8 7	4 9 3	4 9 3	4 8 7	4 10 2
4 10 6	4 9 4	4 7 0	4 19	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0	5 5 0
5 6 8	4 9 4	4 3 9	4 2 8	...	4 11 7	4 10 5	...	4 11 7	4 13 9	4 11 7	...
3 10 9	3 11 8	3 11 2	9 10	3 8 1	3 8 11	3 4 5	4 1 1	3 13 6	3 13 0	3 9 11	3 15 5
5 5 4	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 4 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 8 0
3 13 8	3 0 10	3 0	3 3 10	3 11 11	3 4 10	3 2 4	3 8 2	4 0 2	3 5 11	3 3 10	3 9 4
5 0 0	4 0 0	3 10 0	3 7 6	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	4 6 0	3 15 0
6 8 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 15 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 12 0	4 4 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	3 12 0
5 5 0	5 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
6 0 0	4 8 0	4 0 0	4 2 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 12 0
5 9 0	4 5 9	3 12 11	4 1 4	5 1 5	5 1 5	5 1 5	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 11 3	4 5 8	4 5 8
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1
5 7 6	4 8 1	4 14 9	4 14 9	4 4 3	3 14 1	3 8 7	3 5 7	3 8 7	3 10 10	3 14 1	3 14 1
4 14 3	3 15 0	3 11 6	3 14 9	4 7 0	4 9 0	4 7 1	4 6 2	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 5 0	4 0 8
118	95	90	95	107	110	107	108	106	106	104	98

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	Market.	Fortnight ending							
		30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Port	Karachi (white)*	4 13 3	4 5 3	4 7 3	4 7 3	4 7 3	4 7 9	4 10 9	
	Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Peasey).	4 9 10	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 12 11	4 15 4	4 14 7	4 13 2	
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).	4 4 0	4 5 6	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 8 6	4 8 6	4 11 0	
Punjab	Lahore	4 3 3	3 13 0	3 14 3	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 9	
	Ferozepur	3 14 6	3 10 3	3 11 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 13 0	
	Lyallpur	4 2 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 11 0	3 12 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	
	Amritsar	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 10 0	3 11 6	3 12 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	
	Multan	3 12 0	3 10 6	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 14 6	
	Rawalpindi	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 2 5	4 4 0	4 1 6	4 3 3	
Delhi	Ambala	4 0 0	3 11 6	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 6	
	Delhi	3 13 0	3 14 6	3 15 3	4 0 9	4 0 0	4 0 9	4 2 0	
United Provinces	Benares	4 3 1	4 1 2	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 3 5	4 3 5	4 2 10	
	Aligarh (Hathras).	3 13 0	3 11 5	3 14 4	3 14 5	3 14 0	3 14 6	3 14 6	
	Cawnpore	3 11 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 2 0	4 1 6	
	Meerut	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	3 12 9	3 12 9	3 12 9	
	Shahjahanpur	3 8 3	3 9 0	3 11 0	3 11 0	3 11 3	3 11 6	3 12 6	
	Agra	4 1 7	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	
Central Provinces and Berar.	Fyzabad	3 14 0	3 14 0	3 13 0	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 4	
	Lucknow	3 12 1	3 14 0	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	
	Nagpur	3 11 7	3 11 7	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 1 11	4 3 5	
	Jubbulpore	3 14 5	3 11 6	3 15 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
North-West Frontier Province.	Raipur	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	
	Akola	3 10 1	3 7 3	3 11 11	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	
Baluchistan	Peshawar	4 2 1	4 2 10	4 2 11	2 1	4 0 4	4 0 4	4 0 4	
Bombay	Quetta	5 5 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	4 1 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 13 0	
Bihar and Orissa	Poona	4 10 5	4 9 4	4 14 11	4 13 5	5 3 4	5 4 5	5 4 5	
	Ahmednagar	3 13 7	3 12 8	4 0 5	4 2 2	4 4 1	4 7 9	4 5 11	
	Ahmedabad	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	
	Dharwar (Hubli)	3 2 6	3 7 11	3 6 1	3 11 8	3 11 8	3 11 8	4 1 7	
Bengal	Patna	4 0 0	3 5 0	3 1 0	3 5 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	3 9 0	
	Bhagalpur	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	
	Muzaffarpur	4 0 0	3 5 3	3 5 3	3 10 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	
	Ranchi	4 14 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	
Barma	Cuttack	4 5 8	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 3	4 1 4	4 4 8	4 4 8	
	Rangpur	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	
Index Numbers (a)	Amherst (Moul- mein).	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	
	Mandalay	3 14 1	3 7 3	3 3 5	3 8 7	3 14 1	3 14 1	4 8 1	
(Median Average) .		4 0 0	3 13 0	3 14 6	4 1 6	4 0 2	4 0 11	4 2 10	
Index Numbers (a)		97	92	94	99	97	98	101	

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 92% red.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100

India per maund of 82½ lbs—contd.

PORTLAND CEMENT

15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
4 3 3	4 9 3	4 11 9	4 11 9	4 12 3	4 14 3	5 2 3	5 6 4	5 3 9	5 6 4	5 4 4	4 14 9
...	4 6 6	4 10 7	4 11 8	4 12 6	5 2 3	4 15 6	5 1 7	5 0 10	5 1 2	5 0 10	5 0 1
4 9 0	4 9 0	4 8 0	4 12 6	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 11 0	5 6 0	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 10 0	5 11 6
4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 3	4 9 3	4 11 3	4 9 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 13 6
3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	3 14 6	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 11 3
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 2 0	4 2 6	4 3 0	4 6 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0	4 14 0
3 13 0	3 12 0	3 18 0	3 15 0	3 14 0	4 4 3	4 5 3	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 8 0
3 14 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 12 0	4 14 6	4 13 0	4 12 6	4 14 6
4 6 0	4 6 0	4 6 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 2	4 11 0	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6	5 2 6
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 3 0	4 10 0	4 10 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0	4 15 0
4 1 6	4 1 6	4 2 3	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 3 0	4 7 0	4 10 0	5 0 0	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 0
4 2 10	4 2 10	4 2 10	4 1 7	4 3 5	4 3 10	4 3 10	4 5 5	4 10 3	4 11 5	4 11 5	4 11 5
3 14 6	3 14 6	4 1 9	3 14 6	4 1 8	4 5 3	4 5 2	4 9 5	4 12 7	4 14 9	4 11 6	4 13 6
4 1 6	4 1 6	4 1 6	4 3 3	4 3 3	4 5 0	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 14 0
3 12 11	3 12 11	3 14 5	3 12 11	3 14 5	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 11 4	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 13 7
3 11 0	3 11 6	3 11 0	3 14 0	3 14 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 4 3	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 14 0	4 15 0
4 5 2	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 7 1	...	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4
4 2 0	3 15 3	3 15 3	3 15 3	...	4 1 0	4 0 0	4 1 0	4 5 3	4 12 0	4 13 6	4 11 3
4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 3 4	4 5 2	1 5 2	1 5 2	4 11 3	4 11 3	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 2 6
4 3 5	4 1 10	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 3 2	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	5 1 6	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5
3 14 5	3 10 10	4 0 0	4 5 2	4 7 1	1 7 1	4 14 10	4 14 10	5 0 0	5 2 7	5 3 11	5 9 10
3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2	3 11 2
4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 3 6	4 11	...	...	...	...	...	5 15 11	5 15 11
4 0 4	4 2 6	4 2 6	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 13 7	4 15 4	4 15 4	5 1 3
4 18 6	4 12 10	4 14 6	5 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	5 4 0	5 5 0	5 7 0	5 9 0	5 13 0
5 2 2	5 4 5	5 3 4	5 2	5 18 4	5 15 7	5 8 11	...	6 2 11	...	7 6 11	...
4 6 10	4 11 5	4 6 10	4 5 1	5 2 9	4 9 7	4 13 3	4 16 1	5 11 11	5 13 10	...	6 0 7
4 8 0	4 8 0	4 6 0	8 0	4 12 0	5 5 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	5 12 0
4 1 8	4 1 8	3 11 8	4 8 11	4 6 0	4 5 1	4 1 8	...	4 8 11	...	4 1 8	4 1 8
3 9 0	3 10 0	3 8 0	3 8 0	4 0 0	3 15 0	3 15 0	3 12 0	4 6 0	4 12 0	4 6 0	4 7 0
3 12 0	3 12 0	3 12 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 6 0	4 8 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
4 12 0	4 12 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	5 8 0
4 4 8	4 4 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	4 5 8	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 5 4	5 5 4	5 5 4
5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	4 12 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0
7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 3 1	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2
4 18 7	4 18 7	4 13 7	4 10 2	4 8 1	4 8 1	4 4 3	4 4 3	4 6 2	4 13 7	4 13 7	4 8 1
4 1 10	4 1 10	4 2 10	4 3 3	4 5 2	4 5 2	4 6 6	4 11 2	4 14 9	4 15 4	5 0 0	4 14 7
99	99	101	102	104	104	106	113	119	120	121	119

A—Wholesale prices of Wheat in

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING								
		15th February 1918.	28th February 1918.	15th March 1918.	31st March 1918.	15th April 1918.	30th April 1918.	15th May 1918.	31st May 1918.	15th June 1918.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Port (a)	Karachi (white)*	5 3 3	5 5 4	5 4 4	5 3 3	5 3 3	5 4 4	5 4 4	5 5 4	5 4 4
	Bombay (Delhi)	5 1 11	5 2 10	5 1 4	5 1 9	5 3 9	5 2 10	5 7 10	5 8 2	5 13 8
	No. 1 White Paddy	5 12 6	6 6 6	5 1 0	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 1 0	5 2 0
	Calcutta (Club No. 2).									
Punjab	Lahore	5 0 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	4 18 6	4 18 6	4 10 3	4 1 8	4 7 0	4 7 0
	Ferozepur	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	3 10 3
	Lyalpur	4 11 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 2 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	4 5 0
	Amritsar	4 8 0	4 11 0	4 10 0	4 8 0	4 4 0	4 2 0	4 0 0	4 5 0	4 5 0
	Multan	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 13 0	4 10 0	4 13 0	4 6 3	3 13 0	3 13 0	4 0 0
	Rawalpindi	5 5 3	5 14 9	5 14 9	6 2 6	5 2 8	5 11 6	4 13 6	4 11 8	5 6 2
	Ambala	5 1 0	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 7 0	4 8 0	3 12 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 0
Delhi	Delhi	5 1 0	5 8 0	5 3 8	4 15 0	5 0 8	4 9 0	4 7 0	4 5 0	4 5 0
United Provinces	Banars	5 3 6	5 3 6	5 1 11	4 10 9	4 1 2	4 3 2	4 4 0	4 6 3	4 7 1
	Aligarh (Hathras)	5 7 2	5 8 8	5 8 2	4 11 2	4 3 8	4 1 8	4 1 8	4 2 6	4 7 2
	Cawnpore	5 3 0	5 5 0	4 14 0	4 11 0	4 14 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 9 0
	Meerut	5 5 4	5 5 3	4 13 9	5 0 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 1 8	4 1 8	4 1 6
	Shahjahanpur	5 2 0	5 2 0	4 8 0	4 8 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 3 6	4 1 0	4 3 6
	Agra	5 8 3	5 11 5	5 14 5	5 5 4	5 11 5	5 5 4	4 13 6	4 18 6	5 0 0
	Fyzabad	4 12 0	4 15 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 1 6	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 1 9
Central Provinces and Berar	Lucknow	5 8 3	5 5 4	4 5 3	4 7 1	4 7 1	4 3 4	4 5 2	4 7 1	4 9 2
	Nagpur	4 14 5	4 14 5	4 14 5	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 12 8	5 14 1	5 14 1
	Jubbulpore	5 5 5	5 1 4	5 1 4	4 6 1	4 6 1	4 9 1	4 9 1	4 13 10	5 2 7
	Raipur	3 11 2	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 10	4 6 5	4 6 5	4 6 5
North-West Frontier Province	Skola	3 15 11	5 15 11	5 15 4	5 9 11	3 11	5 3 10	5 3 11	5 3 11	5 4 10
	Peshawar	5 1 3	5 6 9	5 1 3	5 1 11	4 5 4	4 11 4	4 11 4	4 10 9	4 3 9
Baluchistan	Quetta	5 12 0	5 8 0	5 2 3	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6
Bombay	Poona	5 13 10	5 15 2	5 10 1	6 10 8	6 10 8	6 1 8	5 15 8	5 3 4	6 5 1
	Ahmednagar	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	7 4 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 6 0	6 2 0
	Ahmedabad	5 12 0	4 8 11	4 13 3	4 8 11	4 12 1	5 6	6 2 6	...	5 15 0
	Dharwar (Hubli)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	5 0 0	5 8 0	5 0 0	4 7 0	3 8 0	3 7 0	3 10 0	3 7 0	3 9 0
	Bhagalpur	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0
	Muzaffarpur	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	5 11 6	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0	4 7 0
	Ranchi	5 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	5 11 0	5 11 0
	Cuttack	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	6 1 6	6 1 6	5 9 0	5 9 0	5 9 0
Bengal	Rangpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	4 9 2	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0
	Mandalay	4 13 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	4 13 7	5 2 7	5 2 7	5 7 6	5 13 1
	(Median Average)	5 1 11	5 8 2	5 1 0	4 15 0	4 13 7	4 10 3	4 9 1	4 8 11	4 9 1
Index Numbers (b)		124	126	123	119	117	112	110	110	110

* 5% barley, 3% dirt, and 30% red.

(a) Prices at ports after 30th November 1918, are as follows:—

Ports	Rate per	On 6th December 1918.	On 18th December 1918.
Karachi (white)	Mand	6 14 8	6 13 4
Bombay (Delhi No. 1 White Paddy)	"	8 2 2	8 2 9
Calcutta (Club No. 2)	"	8 12 0	8 12 0

(b) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

India, per maund of 82½ lbs.—*consolid.*

Fortnight ending												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 30th November 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight.
30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	30th November 1918.		
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Per cent	
5 8 3	5 5 3	5 8 4	5 8 4	5 8 4	5 10 4	6 8 4	6 10 4	6 10 4	6 12 4	6 13 4	+1	
6 0 7	6 3 11	6 5 11	7 0 0	6 14 11	7 7 5	7 12 2	7 1 27	2 10	8 8 8	8 5 9	-2	
5 1 0	5 10 0	5 11 6	5 15 6	6 0 6	6 0 0	9 1 0	7 8 0	8 4 0	7 12 0	8 14 0	+15	
4 9 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 0 0	5 8 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
8 14 6	4 1 6	4 9 1	4 11 6	4 13 0	5 5 3	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
4 0 1	4 5 0	4 8 0	4 10 6	4 12 0	5 4 0	5 12 0	5 11 0	5 12 6	5 14 0	5 15 0	+1	
4 7 0	4 10 0	4 11 3	4 13 6	4 15 6	5 6 0	6 0 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 14 6	5 12 9	-2	
4 1 6	4 5 0	4 7 0	4 13 6	5 0 0	5 2 6	5 8 3	5 10 0	5 8 3	5 13 0	5 13 0	Nil	
5 1 3	5 2 8	5 2 6	5 11 6	5 6 9	5 8 3	5 14 9	6 0 0	6 0 6	6 0 6	6 4 6	+4	
4 1 0	4 5 0	4 9 0	4 12 0	4 14 0	5 8 0	6 4 0	6 9 0	6 9 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	Nil	
4 7 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	5 8 0	5 8 0	6 10 0	7 0 0	6 10 0	6 10 0	6 15 0	6 15 0	Nil	
4 10 6	4 8 3	5 0 1	5 1 6	5 9 3	6 6 0	6 10 8	6 7 9	6 2 7	6 7 1	6 14 1	+7	
4 14 6	5 1 4	5 3 0	5 8 0	6 0 7	6 10 0	7 4 8	7 4 8	6 5 6	6 12 0	6 11 0	-1	
4 14 0	5 8 0	5 5 4	5 15 0	5 8 3	6 10 0	7 4 0	6 15 0	6 13 0	6 15 3	6 10 8	-4	
4 7 9	4 11 3	5 0 6	5 8 3	5 11 6	6 6 0	7 0 9	6 6 0	6 6 0	6 10 9	6 10 9	Nil	
5 5 4	5 11 5	5 14 10	5 12 2	5 10 2	6 7 1	7 4 8	7 4 7	7 3 2	7 1 6	7 6 0	-2	
4 1 9	4 5 0	5 0 0	5 1 3	5 2 9	5 8 0	6 15 3	7 1 3	6 2 9	6 5 9	6 5 9	Nil	
4 9 2	4 14 0	5 2 6	5 5 4	5 8 4	6 6 4	8 0 0	6 10 0	6 6 4	6 15 4	6 15 3	Nil	
5 10 8	5 7 10	5 7 10	6 3 1	6 6 4	7 3 1	7 3 1	7 7 4	8 6 2	8 6 4	8 6 4	Nil	
5 2 7	5 2 7	5 5 5	5 9 10	5 11 5	6 6 5	6 10 8	7 1 10	6 15 4	7 12 11	6 15 4	-11	
4 8 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	11 2 6	6 0 0	6 9 2	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	7 8 0	Nil	
5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 4 10	5 1 0	6 13 1	7 0 2	7 0 2	9 1 6	9 13 7	9 13 7	Nil	
4 1 2	4 1 2	4 5 8	4 8 0	4 12 5	4 13 7	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	5 1 3	Nil	
4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	4 13 6	N	
7 6 11	7 15 9	8 0 11	8 0	8 3 1	8 14 3	...	9 7 1	...	9 11 7	9 1 7	-6	
6 5 1	6 7 11	6 14 4	7 5 8	...	9 2 1	...	8 11 9	8 11 9	8 4 5	8 15 5	+8	
5 12 0	6 2 0	6 6	7 0 0	6 10 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	8 8 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	Nil	
5 8 7	5 14 11	7 3	7 9 1	7 11 5	9 4 0	9 10 3	...	8 15 10	9 7 11	8 5 0	-19	
8 9 0	8 9 0	4 12 0	4 7 0	4 12 0	5 0 0	6 10 0	6 0 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	5 11 0	Nil	
4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	4 8 0	5 6 0	6 0 0	6 6 0	6 10 0	6 6 0	-4	
4 7 0	4 7 0	4 10 6	4 10 6	5 5 0	6 10 6	6 10 6	6 10 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	6 2 6	Nil	
5 11 0	5 11 0	6 0 0	6 0 0	6 8 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 8 0	8 8 0	7 8 0	-12	
5 5 4	5 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 1 6	6 12 11	6 12 11	8 3 3	8 3 3	8 3 3	Nil	
5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 4 0	5 8 0	5 12 0	5 12 0	6 0 0	+4	
8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	Nil	
5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	5 13 1	6 7 5	7 1 9	7 12 11	8 1 7	8 6 9	8 6 9	Nil	
4 14 3	5 2 0	5 2 6	5 8 0	5 8 2	6 6 0	6 12 11	6 10 6	6 8 0	6 14 6	6 14 1	Nil	
118	124	125	133	124	154	164	161	157	167	166		

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 30th November, as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917:—

	1918.			1917.		
	15th November.	30th November.	Increase or Decrease.	15th November.	30th November.	Increase or Decrease.
			Per cent			Per cent
India	100	100	Nil	100	107	+7
Punjab	100	102	+2	100	106	+6
United Provinces	100	100	Nil	100	105	+5
Central Provinces and Berar	100	98	-2	100	100	Nil

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India

Port or province.	District.	FOURTEENTH ENDING					
		31st July 1914.	30th September 1914.	31st December 1914.	31st March 1915.	30th June 1915.	30th September 1915.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	9 8	8 0	7 0	7 8	8 8	8 0
	Bombay	6 13	6 8	5 14	5 9	5 14	5 8
	Calcutta	9 0	8 4	6 5	...	...	...
Panjab	Lahore	10 12	10 4	8 0	7 13	10 8	8 12
	Ferozepur	11 8	10 0	8 8	7 13	10 4	8 12
	Amritsar	12 4	10 8	8 8	7 13	10 4	8 12
	Rawalpindi	12 4	10 12	9 0	9 0	10 0	8 8
	Lyallpur	11 4	10 4	8 4	8 4	11 0	9 0
	Multan	11 8	10 0	8 4	8 13	10 12	8 14
	Ambala	10 12	10 0	8 0	6 8	9 12	8 2
Delhi	Delhi	9 12	9 0	7 4	6 0	9 4	8 0
United Provinces	Benares	9 3	9 1	7 7	7 5	8 8	7 15
	Cawnpore	9 8	8 12	7 4	7 13	8 8	8 0
	Meerut	10 12	9 0	7 12	6 4	10 0	8 12
	Agra	9 12	9 0	7 0	6 0	8 8	7 8
	Lucknow	9 12	8 12	7 0	8 0	8 12	8 0
	Aligarh	9 4	9 0	7 0	5 14	10 0	9 0
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	9 8	7 14	7 4	10 0	8 12
	Fyzabad	9 4	9 4	7 12	8 2	8 10	8 0
Central Provinces and Berar	Nagpur	9 9	8 15	8 4	8 15	8 15	8 2
	Jubbulpore	9 0	8 12	7 8	8 1	8 8	8 0
	Raipur	10 0	10 0	7 8	10 0	8 12	8 0
	Akola	8 6	7 6	6 5	7 6	8 6	9 7
North-West Frontier Province	Peshawar	11 6	10 0	9 2	9 2	10 0	8 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	10 2	10 0	8 12	7 8½	9 0	9 8½
Bombay	Poona	7 7	7 7	6 8	7 2	7 7	7 3
	Ahmednagar	8 2	8 1	6 14	8 2	7 6	7 6
	Ahmedabad	8 8	7 12	6 8	7 8	8 0	7 0
	Dharwar	9 9	8 2	8 2	10 0	10 8	9 15
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	9 6	7 12
	Bhagalpur	9 8	9 8	7 8	8 4	8 12	6 14
	Muzaffarpur	9 0	9 0	7 0	5 8	8 8	7 8
	Ranchi	9 2	8 4	6 12	8 0	7 0	6 12
	Cuttack	9 3	8 8	7 3	6 9	8 8	7 14
Bengal	Dacca	8 14	8 8	6 0	...	...	...
	Murshidabad	10 8	10 0	8 8	...	...	...
	Malda	10 0	9 8	7 8	...	...	...
Burma	Amherst (Moul- mein)	6 13	6 13	6 13	5 10	5 10	5 10
	Mandalay	8 14	7 12	7 8	7 12	7 5	7 5
	(Median Average)	9 9	9 0	7 8	7 12	8 13	8 0
Index Numbers(a).		100	106	127	128	109	120

NOTE.—These statistics are entirely compiled from returns furnished fortnightly by Local Governments and Administrations. They relate to the retail prices in the headquarters of the districts and in the ports referred to above.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Relates to Khamwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 80 telas.]

FOURTEENTH ENDING										
31st December 1916.	31st March 1917.	30th June 1916.	30th September 1916.	31st December 1916.	15th January 1917.	31st January 1917.	15th February 1917.	28th February 1917.	15th March 1917.	31st March 1917.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
8 0	8 0	9 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
5 3	6 14	7 10	7 10	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
...
8 12	11 0	12 4	10 8	9 0	8 12	8 8	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4
9 0	11 0	11 12	10 12	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 0	9 0	9 8
9 0	11 8	12 4	11 8	9 8	9 1	9 4	9 7	9 7	9 9	10 0
8 8	10 4	10 12	10 6	8 14	8 14	8 10	8 4	8 4	8 4	8 4
9 8	12 0	12 8	10 8	9 4	8 12	9 4	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 12
9 4	11 8	12 4	10 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 8	9 8
8 12	10 8	11 8	10 6	8 10	8 6	8 6	8 8	8 8	8 14	10 0
8 0	9 8	11 0	10 4	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 12
7 11	9 1	9 12	9 8	7 15	8 4	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 12	9 1
7 12	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 8	8 8
8 0	10 0	10 8	10 8	8 8	8 6	8 8	8 8	8 4	8 4	9 0
7 4	8 12	9 4	9 0	7 8	7 0	7 12	7 8	7 12	8 0	7 12
7 12	10 0	10 8	9 12	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	8 12	9 12
7 4	9 12	10 4	10 0	7 8	7 4	8 0	10 0	8 4	9 4	9 4
8 0	11 0	11 8	10 8	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 4	9 4	9 8	9 8
7 8	10 6	10 0	9 14	8 10	8 6	8 10	8 10	8 14	8 14	9 12
8 2	10 0	10 8	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 3
7 14	10 4	11 8	10 0	9 0	8 8	8 12	9 2	9 4	9 4	9 0
8 8	11 4	11 4	11 8	10 0	10 0	9 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 2
7 6	9 8	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	9 11	10 12	10 12
8 11	10 0	10 0	10 4	9 8	9 2	9 8	8 11	8 10	8 10	8 12
8 9	8 11	9 0	8 6	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
7 3	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 12	7 12	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6
8 14	9 9	9 9	9 9	10 2	10 2	10 2	9 7	9 7	10 2	10 2
7 0	8 0	8 8	8 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 7	11 5	11 5	11 8	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5	10 4	10 11
8 0	10 0	10 12	11 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	9 0
6 4	10 12	10 12	10 2	8 8	8 8	8 6	9 4	9 8	9 4	9 0
7 0	7 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 0	9 8	9 8	9 8
6 6	7 8	9 8	9 12	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4
7 8	9 8	10 8	9 8	7 14	7 14	7 14	8 8	8 8	8 8	9 8
...
...
...
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
6 14	8 4	7 12	7 12	8 14	9 9	10 5	10 12	10 5	10 5	9 9
8 0	10 0	10 4	10 0	8 10	8 8	8 10	8 12	8 14	8 14	9 8
120	96	93	96	111	112	111	109	108	108	104

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—contd

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING							
		15th April 1917.	30th April 1917.	15th May 1917.	31st May 1917.	15th June 1917.	30th June 1917.	15th July 1917.	31st July 1917.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 8
	Bombay*	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
Punjab	Lahore	9 4	9 4	10 4	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 8
	Ferozepore	10 0	10 0	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4	10 4	10 0
	Amritsar	9 14	9 12	11 2	10 8	10 4	10 8	10 0	10 0
	Rawalpindi	8 8	8 12	8 12	9 0	8 4	9 4	9 8	9 4
	Lyallpur	9 12	9 8	10 8	10 4	10 8	10 4	10 0	10 0
	Multan	9 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	10 4	10 4	10 4	10 0
	Ambala	9 12	9 10	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12
Delhi	Delhi	9 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 10	9 12	9 12	9 7
United Provinces	Benares	9 1	9 10	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 1	9 1	9 1
	Cawnpore	10 0	10 4	9 12	9 12	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 4
	Morut	9 8	10 4	10 8	10 0	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 0
	Agra	8 4	9 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	8 8	8 8	9 0
	Lucknow	10 4	10 4	10 0	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4
	Aligarh	10 12	11 4	11 4	10 12	10 8	10 7	10 8	10 8
	Shahjahanpur	10 0	11 4	11 4	11 0	10 12	10 12	10 10	10 8
	Fyzabad	9 12	10 0	10 0	9 14	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 8
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	9 9	10 3	10 8	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 9	9 4
	Jubbulpore	9 8	10 0	10 12	10 8	9 14	9 12	9 12	9 12
	Raipur	10 2	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
	Akola	10 12	9 11	10 9	9 7	8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	8 9	9 10	9 7	9 7	9 10	9 14	9 14	9 14
Baluchistan	Quetta	7 8	7 8	7 12	8 0	8 3	8 3	8 3	8 5
Bombay	Poona	8 8	8 8	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 3	7 3	7 3
	Ahmednagar	9 7	9 7	9 7	9 7	8 11	8 11	8 11	8 11
	Ahmedabad	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 0
	Dharwar	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	9 5	9 5	9 5	9 5
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	10 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	10 8	10 8	11 0
	Bhagalpur	10 8	10 12	11 3	11 3	10 8	10 0	10 8	10 8
	Muzaffarpur	9 8	9 8	12 0	12 0	11 0	9 8	9 8	9 8
	Ranchi	7 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 4
	Cuttack	9 3	9 8	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 8	9 8
Purma	Amherst (Moulmein)	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1
	Mandalay	9 9	9 9	10 13	11 5	10 5	9 9	9 9	8 4
(Median Average)		9 8	9 10	10 4	9 14	9 9	9 8	9 8	9 5
Index Numbers (a)		101	99	93	97	100	100	100	103

* Related to Khandwa wheat.

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 56 tolas.]

Fortnight ending											
15th August 1917.	31st August 1917.	15th September 1917.	30th September 1917.	15th October 1917.	31st October 1917.	15th November 1917.	30th November 1917.	15th December 1917.	31st December 1917.	15th January 1918.	31st January 1918.
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
7 8	7 8	7 8	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8
7 0	7 0	7 0	6 6	6 6	6 6	5 12	5 12	5 7	5 2	5 2	5 2
9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 8	8 0	8 0	7 12	8 0
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	8 8	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	8 0
10 4	10 7	10 4	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	8 8	8 4	8 6	8 10	8 8
9 0	9 0	9 0	8 14	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 8	7 8	7 8
9 12	9 12	9 8	9 8	9 4	9 4	9 0	8 4	8 0	7 8	8 0	8 0
10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 10	8 2	7 14	8 2	8 2	7 14
10 0	10 0	9 12	9 12	9 12	9 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 0
9 8	9 8	9 6	9 4	9 4	9 1	8 7 1/2	8 10	7 12	7 12 1/2	7 12	8 0
9 3	9 4 1/2	9 4 1/2	9 6 1/2	9 2 1/2	8 15	8 15	8 13	8 4	8 1 1/2	8 1 1/2	8 1 1/2
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	8 12	8 12	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0
10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 12	9 0	8 4	8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0
9 0	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 1	8 0	7 8	7 8	7 8	7 4	7 0
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 0	9 0	9 0	8 4	7 8	7 14	7 8	7 8
10 8	10 8	10 8	10 12	10 8	9 8	9 4	9 8	8 8	9 8	8 8	8 8
10 10	10 8	10 8	10 4	10 4	9 14	0 12	9 2	8 11	8 14	8 4	8 1
9 0	9 10	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 8	9 12	...	8 14	8 4	8 0	8 2
9 4	9 4	9 4	9 4	8 15	8 5	8 5	8 5	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11
10 0	10 10	9 12	9 0	8 12	8 12	7 11	7 14	7 12	7 8	7 6	6 14
11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
8 15	8 15	8 15	8 15	7 18				..		5 9	5 9
9 14	9 9	9 9	9 10	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 18	8 2	8 0	8 0	7 13
...
7 3	7 3	7 3	7 3	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 6	5 6	5 6
8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 10	7 10	7 10	7 4	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8
8 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8
8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 6	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15
11 0	10 8	11 0	11 0	9 12	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 8	9 0	9 0
10 8	10 8	10 8	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	8 12	8 8	8 14	9 0	9 0
9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 8	8 0	8 0
8 4	8 4	8 8	8 8	7 12	7 12	7 12	7 0	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 0
9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	9 3	7 11	7 11	7 8	7 8	7 8
5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	5 1	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
7 12	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 4	8 4	8 14	8 14	8 9	7 12	7 12	8 4
9 4	9 6 1/2	9 4 1/2	9 4	9 2 1/2	9 0	8 12	8 4 1/2	7 14	7 12	7 12	7 15 1/2
108	102	108	108	106	106	109	116	121	123	123	120

B—Retail prices of Wheat in India—continued.

Port or province.	District.	FORTNIGHT ENDING							
		15th February 1913.	28th February 1913.	15th March 1913.	31st March 1913.	15th April 1913.	30th April 1913.	15th May 1913.	31st May 1913.
		sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.
Port	Karachi	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	6 8
	Bombay*	5 2	5 2	5 2	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7	4 7
Punjab	Lahore	7 12	8 0	7 12	8 0	8 0	8 8	9 8	8 12
	Ferozepore	8 8	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	10 0	10 0	10 0
	Amritsar	8 10	8 4	8 8	8 10	9 0	9 8	9 10	9 0
	Rawalpindi	7 4	6 8	6 8	6 4	7 8	6 12	8 0	8 4
	Lyallpur	8 8	8 4	8 8	9 8	9 0	9 4	10 0	10 0
	Multan	8 2	8 2	8 2	8 6	8 2	8 14	10 4	10 4
	Ambala	7 12	7 12	8 0	8 14	8 8	10 4	10 0	10 0
Delhi	Delhi	7 10	7 0	7 6	7 14	7 11	8 6	8 8	8 12
United Provinces	Benares	7 5½	7 5½	7 7½	8 10	9 8	8 15	8 14½	8 13
	Cawnpore	7 8	7 4	8 0	8 4	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 8
	Meerut	7 0	7 4	8 0	7 8	8 12	10 0	9 8	9 8
	Agra	6 12	6 8	6 8	7 0	7 0	7 8	8 4	8 4
	Lucknow	7 0	7 4	9 0	8 12	8 12	9 4	9 0	8 12
	Aligarh	8 4	7 12	7 12	9 0	9 0	10 8	10 0	9 12
	Shahjahanpur	7 10	7 10	8 10	8 10	8 14	10 0	9 9	9 14
	Fyzabad	8 0	7 14	9 2	9 10	9 6	9 12	9 12	9 10
Central Provinces and Berar.	Nagpur	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 11	7 10	7 0	6 11
	Jubbulpore	7 4	7 10	7 10	7 10	8 14	8 8	8 8	7 14
	Raipur	10 0	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	9 8	8 8	8 12
	Akola	5 9	5 9	5 9	5 14	6 11	6 11	6 11	6 11
North-West Frontier Province.	Peshawar	7 13	7 8	7 13	7 10	8 6	8 8	8 5	8 8
Bombay	Poona	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	4 18	4 13
	Ahmednagar	6 8	6 8	6 8	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13
	Ahmedabad	6 8	6 8	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 8	5 8	6 0
	Dharwar	8 6	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 15	7 0	6 8	6 8
Bihar and Orissa	Patna	7 8	7 0	8 0	8 12	10 8	11 0	10 8	11 0
	Bhagalpur	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Muzaffarpur	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	9 0	9 0	9 0
	Ranchi	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0
	Cuttack	7 14	7 14	7 14	7 14	6 9	6 9	7 3	7 8
Burma	Amherst (Moulmein)	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	4 10	4 10	4 10	4 10
	Mandalay	7 12	7 12	7 5	7 5	7 12	7 5	7 5	6 14
(Median Average)		7 9	7 6½	7 12	7 14	8 0	8 8	8 8	8 10
Index Numbers (a)		126	129	123	121	120	112	113	111

(a) Based on the price for the fortnight ending the 31st July, 1914, which is taken as 100.

* Related to Khandwa wheat.

[The figures state quantity per rupee in seers of 83 tolas.]

Fortnight ending												Increase or decrease in fortnight ending 30th November 1918 as compared with preceding fortnight
15th June 1918.	30th June 1918.	15th July 1918.	31st July 1918.	15th August 1918.	31st August 1918.	15th September 1918.	30th September 1918.	15th October 1918.	31st October 1918.	15th November 1918.	30th November 1918.	
sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	sr. ch.	Per cent.
6 8 4 12	6 8 4 12	7 4 4 12	7 4 4 12	7 4 4 7	7 0 4 7.	7 0 3 13	7 0 3 13	6 0 3 13	6 0 3 11	5 12 3 6	5 12 3 3	Nil +6
8 12 10 8	8 8 10 4	8 0 9 8	7 12 8 8	7 8 8 4	7 12 8 0	7 0 7 4	6 4 6 4	6 4 6 8	6 4 6 4	6 4 6 4	6 4 6 4	Nil Nil
9 0 7 8	8 12 7 10	8 8 7 8	8 4 7 8	8 0 6 13	8 0 7 2	7 4 7 0	6 4 6 8	6 8 6 8	6 8 6 6	6 8 6 6	6 8 6 2	Nil +4
10 0 9 12	9 8 9 8	9 4 9 0	8 6 8 12	8 2 8 0	8 4 7 12	7 8 7 8	6 10 7 0	6 12 6 14	6 10 7 0	6 8 6 12	6 8 6 12	Nil Nil
9 12 8 12	9 12 8 8	9 2 7 8	8 12 7 8	7 12 7 0	7 12 7 0	7 2 5 12	6 5 5 8	6 1 5 12	6 1 5 12	6 0 5 8	6 0 5 8	Nil
8 12 8 11	8 8 8 4	7 8 8 8	7 8 7 10	7 0 7 9	7 0 6 14	5 12 6 8	5 8 5 12	5 1 5 11	5 1 6 1	5 8 5 14	5 8 5 7	Nil +8
8 8 9 8	8 0 8 12	7 0 8 4	7 4 7 8	6 8 7 0	7 0 6 12	5 12 6 0	5 4 5 8	5 8 6 0	5 14 6 0	5 8 5 12	5 12 5 12	Nil
8 0 8 8	7 8 8 8	7 0 8 0	6 12 7 8	7 0 7 4	7 1 7 0	6 2 6 0	5 6 4 12	5 4 5 12	5 10 6 0	5 7 5 12	5 9 5 12	-2
8 8 9 12	8 8 9 8	8 0 8 12	7 8 8 0	7 4 7 12	7 0 7 4	6 0 6 12	4 12 6 0	5 12 5 12	6 0 6 4	5 12 6 0	5 12 6 0	Nil
9 6 9 4	8 14 9 4	8 7 9 0	8 0 7 12	6 14 7 8	6 14 7 0	5 6 7 0	5 6 5 8	6 6 5 6	6 2 6 4	5 12 6 2	5 4 6 0	+10 +2
6 11 7 8	6 11 7 8	7 0 7 8	7 0 7 4	6 6 6 14	6 1 6 12	5 12 6 9	5 12 5 12	4 14 5 6	4 11 5 8	3 14 4 15	3 14 5 8	Nil -10
8 12 6 10	8 8 6 10	7 12 6 10	7 12 6 10	7 12 6 10	6 2 6 13	6 4 5 8	6 0 5 1	5 0 6 4	5 0 3 9	5 0 3 5	5 0 3 5	Nil Nil
9 5	9 10	9 10	9 2	8 13	8 5	8 2	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 13	7 13	Nil
4 13 5 13	4 13 5 13	4 13 5 13	4 13 5 7	4 13 5 1	4 13 4 11	3 14 4 5	3 14 4 5	3 14 4 5	3 14 4 5	3 14 1 5	3 14 4 5	Nil Nil
6 0 6 8	6 8 6 8	6 0 6 8	6 0 5 9	5 0 5 2	5 8 5 2	4 8 4 14	4 0 5 2	4 8 4 11	4 8 4 12	4 0 4 8	1 0 4 12	-5
11 0 9 0	11 0 9 0	11 0 9 0	9 0 9 0	9 0 8 8	8 8 8 8	8 0 7 0	6 0 5 8	7 0 6 8	7 8 6 0	7 0 6 0	7 0 6 0	Nil -4
9 0 7 0	9 0 7 0	9 0 6 12	8 8 6 4	8 8 6 4	8 8 6 0	7 0 6 0	5 8 5 0	6 8 4 8	6 0 4 8	6 0 4 8	6 0 5 0	Nil -10
7 8	7 8	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	6 9	5 14	5 14	4 14	4 14	4 14	Nil
4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 6 11	4 10 5 14	4 10 5 6	4 10 4 15	3 8 4 12	3 8 4 9	3 8 4 9	Nil Nil
8 9½	8 6	7 10	7 8	7 0	7 0	6 3	5 10	5 11½	6 0	5 12	5 10½	+2
111	114	125	127	137	137	155	170	167	159	166	169	

Variations expressed in Index Numbers during the fortnight ending the 30th November as compared with those in the previous fortnight in 1918 and 1917 :—

	1918.			1917.		
	15th November	30th November	Increase or Decrease.	15th November	30th November	Increase or Decrease
			Per cent.			Per cent.
India . . .	100	102	+2	100	106	+6
Punjab . . .	100	102	+2	100	100	Nil
United Provinces .	100	100	Nil	100	106	+6
Central Provinces and Berar.	100	99	-1	100	100	Nil

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.

IN INDIAN PORTS.

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914 = 100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 White Freest).		CALCUTTA CLUB No. 2.	
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 3% DIET, AND 30% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 3% DIET, AND 92% RED).		Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.				
Week ending 30th July 1914	s. d. 31 6	100	s. d. 31 3	100	s. d. 32 9	100	s. d. 34 9½	100
" 6th August	31 3	99	31 0	99	32 10½	100	34 9½	100
" 3rd September	31 6	110	34 3	110	...	...	34 10½	100
" 1st October	35 9	113	35 1½	113	33 7	103	...	...
" 5th November	38 9	123	38 0	123	34 9½	106	41 8½	120
" 3rd December	40 0	127	39 0	125	35 10½	110	44 4	127
" 30th "	44 3	140	41 6	133	40 7½	124	...	...
" 7th January 1915	42 6	135	39 6	126	41 0	125	47 4	136
" 4th February	45 0	143	43 0	138	42 1	128	48 10	140
" 25th "	50 0	159	48 0	154	41 2	126	50 10	146
" 4th March	14 6	111	42 6	136	38 4	117	49 10	143
" 1st April	42 0	133	39 0	125	35 8½	109	40 10½	117
" 6th May	37 6	119	36 9	118	38 5	117	34 4½	99
" 3rd June	36 6	116	35 9	114	39 7½	121	34 10½	100
" 2nd July	34 0	108	33 3	108	...	...	35 10½	103
" 23rd "	34 9	110	34 0	109	38 6½	118	37 1½	107
" 6th August	34 9	110	34 0	109	...	...	38 7½	111
" 27th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	39 4½	126	39 4½	113
" 3rd September	36 3	115	35 3	113	40 1	128	40 10	117
" 29th "	38 0	121	37 3	119	40 0	123	40 4½	116
" 8th October	37 6	119	36 9	118	39 5½	120	40 10½	117
" 5th November	37 9	120	37 3	119	40 4	123	42 4	122
" 3rd December	38 9	117	36 6	117	39 6	121	41 10	120
" 7th January 1916	37 4½	119	37 1½	119	39 11	122	42 4	122
" 4th February	34 9	110	34 6	110	38 9	118	37 10	109
" 3rd March	33 9	107	33 6	107	37 5	114	38 10	113
" 7th April	30 9	98	30 6	98	35 3	106	33 11	95
" 5th May	28 10½	92	28 7½	92	33 8	103	32 11	95
" 12th "	34 3	109	30 0	96	33 8	103	32 5	93
" 2nd June	30 3	96	30 0	96	34 7	106	33 3	96
" 30th "	29 0	92	28 9	92	33 4	102	33 8	94
" 7th July	29 9	94	29 5	94	34 0	104	32 5	93
" 14th "	32 0	102	31 9	102	33 8	103	33 2	95
" 28th "	33 6	106	33 3	106	35 6	108	33 4½	96
" 4th August	34 0	108	33 9	108	35 6	108	33 10½	94
" 11th "	35 0	111	34 6	110	36 0½	110	34 1½	98
" 25th "	35 10½	114	34 10½	112	36 5	111	34 4½	99
" 31st "	36 3	116	34 3	113	36 2½	111	35 4½	96
" 8th September	35 4½	112	34 4½	110	36 7½	112	34 1½	96
" 22nd "	34 0	108	33 0	106	35 6	108	34 1½	98
" 13th October	35 6	113	34 6	110	34 9½	106	34 1½	98
" 20th "	34 3	109	33 3	106	34 4	105	34 1½	98
" 27th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	35 2	107	34 1½	98
" 3rd November	36 3	116	35 3	113	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 10th "	36 9	117	35 9	114	37 0	113	34 11	100
" 17th "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 7	112	36 10	106
" 24th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	39 2	120	37 10	109
" 1st December	38 6	123	37 6	120	39 3	120	41 1	113
" 8th "	38 9	123	37 9	121	39 4	120	40 7	117
" 22nd "	39 0	124	38 0	122	39 0	116	39 10	112
" 29th "	39 3	125	38 3	122	37 6	114	...	...
" 5th January 1917	39 0	124	38 0	122	39 1	114	39 4	113
" 12th "	40 6	130	39 6	126	38 2	117	39 4	110
" 19th "	40 3	128	39 3	126	37 6	114	37 4	107
" 26th "	40 6	129	39 6	126	35 3	111	36 10	108
" 2nd February	40 0	127	39 0	125	36 5	112	36 10	108
" 9th "	39 6	125	38 6	123	37 3	113	36 10	108
" 16th "	38 3	121	37 3	119	37 2	112	37 4	108
" 23rd "	39 0	124	38 0	122	37 2	112	37 10	109
" 2nd March	38 7½	123	37 7½	120	36 9	112	36 4	110
" 9th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 0	112	37 10	109
" 30th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	36 9	112	36 4	104

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*

IN LONDON.

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DELHI.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
10th July, 1914	s. d. 39 6 July-Aug.	100	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...	s. d. ...	...
1st August "	41 0	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd September, 1914	46 0	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st October "	44 9	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th November "	48 3	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd December "	50 6	128	50 0	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16th " "	Nominal	...	...	...	50 9	100	...	...	...	...	50 6 April-May sellers.	100
30th " "	61 6 May-June.	130	58 0	106	52 0	102	...	...	...	...	52 0 April-May.	108
8th January, 1915	62 3 Do.	132	...	...	53 3 May-June.	105	...	...	...	...	53 6 Do.	106
4th February "	61 0 Do.	154	Nominal	...	61 4 1/2 Do.	121	...	...	...	...	Nominal	...
26th " "	60 3 Do.	153	Do.	...	60 6 April-May.	119	...	...	...	...	64 6 Mar.-April.	128
4th March "	59 0 Do.	149	Do.	...	59 3 Do.	117	...	...	...	...	59 6 April-May.	118
8th April "	58 0 Do.	147	Unoffered	...	Unoffered	...	...	...	...	...	64 3 Do.	127
6th May "	66 3 June-July.	168	64 0 June-July.	128	65 0 May-June.	128	...	...	...	...	65 0 Do.	129
12th " "	68 9 Do.	161	63 3 Do.	126	64 3 Do.	127	68 0	100	67 0	100	...	...
4th June "	61 0 Do.	154	60 9 Do.	121	61 6 June-July.	121	62 9 June-July.	92	62 0 June-July.	93	61 0 June-July.	121
2nd July "	58 0 June	184	52 9 June.	105	53 3 June	105	53 9 Do.	79	53 3 Do.	79	53 9 Do.	104
23rd " "	56 0 July	142	55 7 1/2 July.	111	56 3 July	111	56 9 July	83	56 3 July	84	56 9 July	110
6th August "	56 6	143	56 1 1/2	112	56 9	112	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
27th " "	54 0	137	56 1 1/2	112	56 6	111	57 3 Do.	84	56 9	85	56 1 1/2	111
3rd September "	54 0 July, Sellers.	137	53 7 1/2 July, Sellers.	107	...	...	Nominal	...	56 9 July, Sellers.	85	...	...
24th Sept., '15 to 18th Apl., '16	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th April, 1916	61 0	154	60 0	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th April to 15th May 1916.	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th May, 1916	63 0 May-June.	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd and 9th June, 1916	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th June, 1916	67 0 June-July.	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23rd " "	55 0 June, Sellers.	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	55 6, Sellers.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30th " June to 7th July, 1916.	Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th July, 1916	58 6 July-Aug.	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	59 0 Do.	149	58 6 July-Aug. Sellers.	117	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	61 3 Do. Sellers.	155	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4th August "	65 0 Aug.-Sept.	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11th " "	71 0 Do.	180	70 6 Aug.-Sept.	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18th " "	69 3 Do. Sellers.	175	68 9 Do., Sellers.	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26th " "	72 0 Do. Sept.-Oct.	182	Nominal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31st " "	72 6 Sept., Sellers.	184	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9th September, "	73 0 Oct., Paid.	185	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15th " "	72 8 Oct., Sellers.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd " "	71 0 Do.	108	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28th " "	71 9, Sellers.	182	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6th October "	72 3 Oct., Paid.	183	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14th " "	73 9 Oct.-Nov. Sellers.	187	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21st " "	75 6 Do.	191	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27th " "	No sellers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd November "	79 0, Paid	200	Nominal.	...	79 6 Sellers.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
10th " "	80 0, Passage	203	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th " "	80 8 Nov.-Dec., Sellers.	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
24th " "	81 0, Paid	205	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st December "	82 0 Buyers	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
8th and 15th Dec. 1916	No sellers	...	...	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th December, 1916	82 0 Paid	208	81 6 Paid.	163	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
22nd to 29th Dec., 1916.	No sellers	...	Nominal.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
5th to 12th Jan. 1917.	No sellers	...	Do.	...	79 6 Noml.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
19th and 26th Jan. 1917.	83 0	208	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd February to 30th March 1917	83 0 Feb.-Mar. & Mar.-April.	208	No sellers.	...	79 6 Do.	157	...	...	...	...	...	...

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*
IN INDIAN PORTS—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Prices for the week ending the 30th July, 1914=100.]

Date.	KARACHI.				BOMBAY (DELHI No. 1 WHITE PEST).		CALCUTTA CLUB No. 1.	
	WHITE (5% BARLEY, 5% DIET, AND 50% RED).		RED (5% BARLEY, 5% DIET, AND 50% RED).					
	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.	Price.	Index Numbers.
Week ending 6th April 1917	s. d.	121	s. d.	118	s. d.	116	s. d.	107
" 13th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	37 4	114	37 4	107
" 4th May "	37 0	117	36 0	115	36 7	112	34 2	98
" 11th "	36 0	111	34 0	109	37 8	115	34 3	98
" 18th "	34 6	110	33 6	107	37 2	113	34 3	100
" 25th "	35 0	111	34 0	109	37 6	114	35 3	102
" 1st June "	35 6	113	34 6	110	37 8	115	35 10 1/2	103
" 8th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 2	120	35 2	101
" 15th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	35 5	102
" 22nd "	35 6	113	34 6	110	38 10	119	36 1	104
" 29th "	35 6	113	34 6	110	39 6	121	36 1	104
" 6th July "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 6	121	36 1	104
" 13th "	35 9	113	34 9	111	39 2	120	36 1	104
" 20th "	36 9	117	35 9	114	39 6	121	36 7	106
" 27th "	37 3	118	36 3	116	38 5	117	37 4	107
" 3rd August "	37 0	117	36 0	115	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 10th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	..	..	35 8	103
" 17th "	36 0	114	35 0	112	..	..	35 4	104
" 24th "	36 6	116	35 6	114	36 3	111	36 4	104
" 31st "	36 6	116	35 6	114	35 2	107	36 4	104
" 7th September "	37 3	118	36 3	116	36 3	111	35 10	103
" 14th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 2	112	35 10	103
" 21st "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	35 10	103
" 28th "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 8	115	38 2	110
" 5th October "	37 9	120	36 9	118	37 11	116	37 4	107
" 12th "	38 0	121	37 0	118	38 1	116	37 4	107
" 19th "	38 6	122	37 6	120	38 1	116	37 7	108
" 26th "	38 9	123	37 9	121	40 8	124	..	..
" 2nd November "	39 0	124	38 0	122	41 0	125	37 10	109
" 9th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 1	122	37 1	107
" 16th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	39 7	121	37 4	107
" 23rd "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 1	122	39 4	113
" 30th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 8	124	42 10	123
" 7th December "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	42 4	123
" 14th "	41 9	133	40 9	130	40 3	123	40 10	117
" 21st "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 2	123	41 7	120
" 28th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	..	..
" 4th January, 1918 "	43 3	134	41 3	132	40 5	123	45 10	133
" 11th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 0	125	46 4	133
" 18th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 3	123	44 10	129
" 25th "	40 0	127	39 0	125	40 2	123	45 7	131
" 1st February "	39 3	125	38 3	122	39 11	122	45 7	131
" 8th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	40 5	123	44 10	129
" 15th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 10	125	46 1	133
" 22nd "	42 6	135	41 6	133	40 10	125	48 10	140
" 1st March "	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 3	126	51 1	147
" 8th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	41 1	125	48 4	139
" 15th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	40 4	116
" 22nd "	42 0	133	41 0	131	40 6	124	39 4	113
" 29th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	40 9	124	40 10	117
" 5th April "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 2	126	40 10	117
" 12th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	41 9	127	41 1	118
" 19th "	41 0	130	40 0	128	41 10	128	42 10	123
" 26th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	41 3	126	40 4	116
" 3rd May "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 1	128	39 4	113
" 10th "	42 0	133	41 0	131	43 5	133	39 10	114
" 17th "	43 0	133	41 0	131	43 9	134	40 4	116
" 24th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 7	133	41 1	118
" 31st "	42 6	135	41 6	133	43 11	134	40 4	116
" 7th June "	42 0	133	41 0	131	42 6	130	41 1	118
" 14th "	43 0	133	41 0	131	46 8	143	40 10	117
" 21st "	41 6	132	40 6	130	42 10	131	40 10	117
" 28th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	48 1	147	40 4	116
" 5th July "	41 6	132	40 6	130	47 8	146	41 7	120
" 12th "	41 6	132	40 6	130	49 8	152	43 4	125
" 19th "	42 6	135	41 6	133	49 9	152	44 10	129
" 26th "	43 0	137	42 0	134	50 7	154	45 1	130
" 2nd August "	44 0	140	43 0	138	50 9	155	45 7	131
" 9th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 9	164	45 4	133
" 16th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 10	170	47 7	137
" 23rd "	44 0	140	43 0	138	53 7	164	51 10	140
" 30th "	44 0	140	43 0	138	55 3	169	48 1	133
" 6th September "	44 0	140	43 0	138	56 2	173	50 10	145
" 13th "	45 0	143	44 0	141	59 6	183	50 10	146
" 20th "	46 0	146	45 6	146	60 5	184	55 10	160
" 27th "	52 0	165	51 6	165	61 10	189	73 3	205
" 4th October "	52 0	165	51 6	165	56 11	174	70 3	203
" 11th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 7	173	59 9	173
" 18th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	56 4	172	..	..
" 25th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	59 4	171
" 1st November "	53 0	168	52 6	168	57 3	175	65 9	180
" 8th "	53 0	168	52 6	168	58 1	205	62 9	180
" 15th "	54 0	171	53 6	171	58 1	205	61 9	177
" 22nd "	54 6	173	54 0	173	58 1	205	59 5 1/2	173
" 29th "	54 6	173	54 0	173	58 8	204	70 9	203
" 6th December "	55 0	175	54 6	174	55 8	199	69 9	200
" 13th "	54 6	173	54 0	173	55 2	199	69 9	200

C.—Comparative prices of Wheat in Indian ports and London per quarter of 492 lbs.—*contd.*
IN LONDON—*contd.*

[Index Numbers—Price on 30th July, 1914, in the case of Choice White Karachi and that on the first date available in the case of other grades taken as 100.]

Date.	CHOICE WHITE KARACHI.		RED KARACHI.		DURUM.		CHOICE WHITE BOMBAY.		CLUB No. 1.		CLUB No. 2.	
	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.	Price.	Index Num- bers.
	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
4th April 1917	83 0 April-May	210	No Sellers	...	79 6 Noml	157	"	...	...	...	..	...
13th Apl. to 4th May '17	85 0 " "	215	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
5th to 11th May 1917	86 9 May-June quoted.	220	Do.	...	79 6 Do.	157	87 6	129	...	...	...	...
18th May to 6th July.	86 9 "	220	86 3	172	86 9	171	87 6	129	86 9	129	...	..
13th to 20th July	86 9 "	220	86 3 afloat	172	86 9 afloat	171	89 6	132	86 9	129	...	...
27th July to 10th Aug. 1917	No sellers. Nominal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17th to 24th Aug. '17	86 9 sellers	220	86 3 sellers	172	86 9 sellers	171	89 6 sellers	132	86 9 sellers	129	...	...
31st Aug. 1917	86 9 Nominal	220	86 3 Nom.	172	86 9 Nom.	171	89 6 Nom.	132	86 9 Nom.	129	...	...
7th September '17 to 2nd Jan. '18	78 0	197	77 6	155	77 6	153	79 0	116	...	...	78 0	154
3rd January to 17th October '18	80 0	203	80 6	159	79 6	157	81 0	119	...	...	80 0	158
18th October to 13th December '18	80 0 afloat	203	80 0 afloat	100	80 0 afloat	158	80 0 afloat	118	...	...	80 0 afloat	158

Note.—The Indian price quotations are market, and not F. O. B., prices. The source of these quotations is the Prices Current published weekly by the Chambers of Commerce. The statistics for London are compiled from Reuter's telegrams.

FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE DURING NOVEMBER, 1918.

REVIEW of the SEA-BORNE TRADE of BRITISH INDIA for the month of
- NOVEMBER, 1918, and for the eight months ended November, 1918.

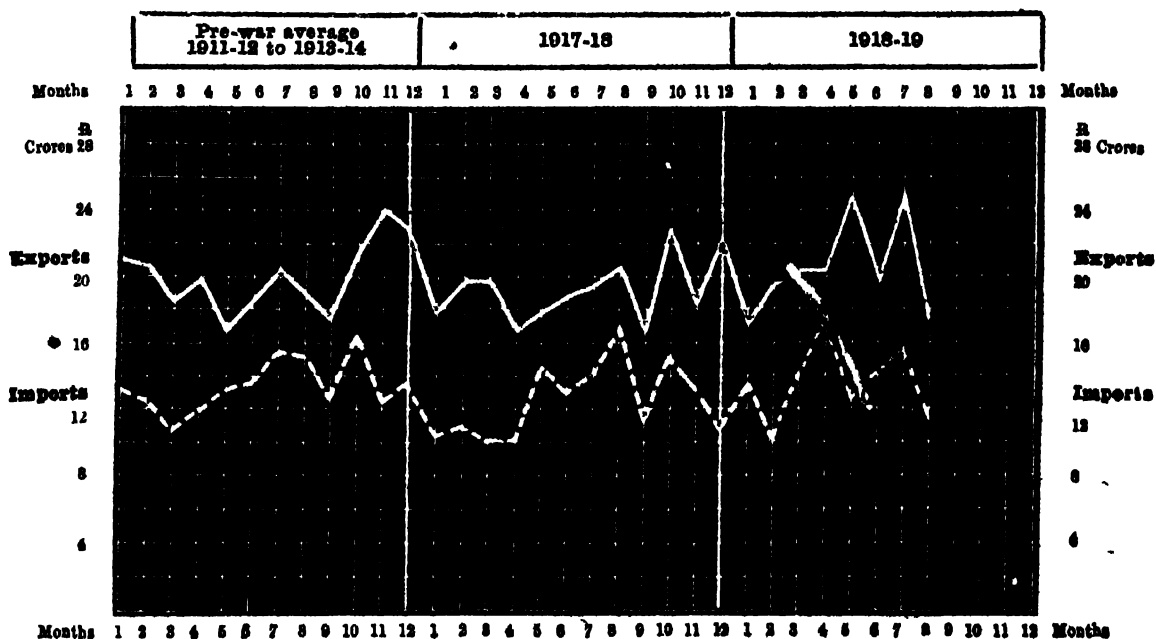
FOREIGN COMMERCE.**FOREIGN SEA-BORNE TRADE DURING NOVEMBER, 1918.**

The trade returns of British India for November, 1918, as compared with its immediate predecessor, showed considerable decreases in the import and export trade. The total imports of merchandise in November, 1918, were valued at over R11 crores as against nearly R16 crores in the preceding month, and the value of the exports was R16 crores as against R24 crores, and of the re-exports R1.15 lakhs as against R1.14 lakhs. Imports decreased by 27 per cent and exports by 32 per cent, while re-exports increased by nearly 1 per cent. As compared with November, 1917, imports showed a decrease of 32 per cent and exports of 19 per cent, while re-exports showed an increase of 43 per cent. A review of the trade of the eight months ended November, 1918, will be found on page 6.

The chart showing the course of monthly imports and exports, including re-exports, from April, 1917, to November, 1918, as compared with the pre-war average, is appended below :—

MONTHLY IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FROM APRIL, 1917, TO NOVEMBER, 1918, AS COMPARED WITH THE PRE-WAR AVERAGE.

(Private merchandise only)



The actual net excess of exports, including re-exports, over imports was R5.72 lakhs in November, 1918, and R9.08 lakhs in October, 1918. The statement below shows the figures of imports and exports, including re-exports, during October and November of the years 1916, 1917, and 1918, and the actual net excess of exports over imports during the same periods :—

	1916		1917		1918		Actual net excess of export over imports		
	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	1916	1917	1918
	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)
October	12.27	20.47	14.01	19.58	15.78	24.86	8.80	5.53	9.08
November	14.29	22.93	16.80	20.56	11.40	17.81	8.44	2.76	5.72

Comparisons with October 1918.—As compared with October, 1918, the most noticeable changes * were:—

Under imports: There were no noticeable increases as compared with October 1918, but *decreases* under liquors—spirit (—R11 lakhs), sugar 16 D. S. and above (—R38 lakhs), mineral oil, other than kerosene (—R16 lakhs), raw cotton (—R10 lakhs), cotton, twist and yarn (—R18 lakhs), cotton piece goods, grey (—R81 lakhs), white (—R38 lakhs) and coloured (—R27 lakhs), silk piece goods (—R18 lakhs), and woollen piece goods (—R10 lakhs).

Under exports: *increases* under seeds (+R87 lakhs), rubber, raw (+R29 lakhs), cotton twist and yarn (+R72 lakhs), but *decreases* under grain, pulse, and flour (—R2,06 lakhs), tea (—R1,28 lakhs), lac (—R13 lakhs), raw skins (—R23 lakhs), raw cotton (—R89 lakhs), raw jute (—R20 lakhs), raw silk (—R17 lakhs), raw wool (—R63 lakhs), and jute manufactures (—R1,91 lakhs).

Comparisons with November, 1917.—As compared with November, 1917, the most noticeable changes * were:—

Under imports: *increases* under steel, bars and channel (+R21 lakhs), cotton yarn (+R39 lakhs), and articles imported by post (+R17 lakhs), but *decreases* under dates (—R10 lakhs), liquors, spirit (—R18 lakhs), salt (—R17 lakhs), sugar, 16 D. S. and above (—R1,00 lakhs), glass and glassware (—R12 lakhs), iron or steel sheets and plates (—R13 lakhs), tobacco-cigarettes (—R12 lakhs), chemicals (—R11 lakhs), paper (—R13 lakhs), cotton piece goods, grey (—R32 lakhs), white (—R33 lakhs), and coloured (—R1,00 lakhs), woollen piece goods (—R12 lakhs), cement (—R10 lakhs), and matches (—R19 lakhs).

Under exports: *increases* under seeds (+R1,10 lakhs), raw jute (+R56 lakhs), raw rubber (+R17 lakhs), opium (+R13 lakhs), paraffin wax (+R11 lakhs), cotton twist and yarn (+R41 lakhs), cotton piece goods (+R18 lakhs), and jute manufactures (+R71 lakhs), but *decreases* under grain, pulse, and flour (—R2,16 lakhs), tea (—R53 lakhs), raw hides (—R13 lakhs), raw skins (—R34 lakhs), wool, raw (—R47 lakhs), raw cotton (—R2,80 lakhs), hides, tanned (—R47 lakhs), and lac (—R12 lakhs).

VARIATIONS IN CLASSES.

The variations in November, 1917 and 1918, as compared with October, 1917 and 1918, respectively, according to the four main classes of merchandise, are as follows:—

	October, 1917	November, 1917	Increase (+) or decrease (—)	October, 1918	November, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—)
	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)	R(lakhs)
IMPORTS						
1. Food, drink, and tobacco	2,46	3,62	+1,16	2,57	2,11	—46
2. Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured	1,25	83	—42	99	55	—44
3. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	10,01	12,01	+2,00	11,78	8,26	—3,52
4. Miscellaneous and unclassified	29	34	+5	44	57	+13
	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	14,01	16,80	+2,79	15,78	11,49	—4,29
	—	—	—	—	—	—

* The articles of which the fluctuations were less than R10 lakhs are not especially noticed.

Exports	October, 1917	November, 1917	Increase (+) or decrease (—)	October, 1918	November, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—)
	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)	₹(lakhs)
1. Food, drink, and tobacco	7,56	6,75	—81	7,49	4,02	—3,47
2. Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured	5,34	7,20	+1,86	6,91	5,25	—1,66
3. Articles wholly or mainly manufactured	5,80	5,64	—16	9,17	6,59	—2,58
4. Miscellaneous and unclassified	16	17	+1	15	20	+5
Total	18,86	19,76	+90	23,72	16,06	—7,66

**COMPARISON WITH THE IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE
PRECEDING MONTH (OCTOBER, 1918)***

I.—Imports.

**A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF SUGAR AND AN INCREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF
DATES.**

Sugar.

The imports of Food, drink, and tobacco in November, 1918, decreased by ₹46 lakhs, as compared with the preceding month, to ₹2,11 lakhs, due mainly to smaller imports of liquors and sugar. The imports of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, in November, 1918, decreased to 28,981 tons from 40,886 tons in the preceding month (October, 1918), and the value thereof decreased by ₹37 lakhs to ₹90 lakhs. Imports from Java and the Straits Settlements decreased, while those from Mauritius increased. In the eight months ended November, 1918, the imports of sugar, 16 D. S. and above, amounted to 287,905 tons, valued at ₹8,53 lakhs, as against 254,256 tons, valued at ₹8,51 lakhs, in the corresponding period of the previous year. The imports of liquors in November, 1918, amounted to 192,019 gallons as against 389,151 gallons in the preceding month. The imports of dates in November, 1918, increased to 137,837 cwts from 113,318 cwts in October 1918.

Liquors.
Dates.

**A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF MINERAL OIL (OTHER THAN KEROSENE) AND
OF RAW COTTON.**

Mineral oil.

The value of the imports of Raw materials in November, 1918, decreased by ₹44 lakhs to ₹55 lakhs. The quantity of mineral oil, other than kerosene, imported from abroad in November, 1918, decreased to 1 million gallons from 5 million gallons in the preceding month. The value of these imports was nearly ₹6 lakhs, as against nearly ₹22 lakhs in October, 1918. The imports of kerosene oil in November 1918 amounted to 29 gallons only as against *nil* in the preceding month. The quantity of cotton, raw, imported in November, 1918, decreased to 6,992 cwts from 12,449 cwts in the preceding month.

Cotton, raw.

**A DECREASE IN THE IMPORTS OF COTTON YARN AND COTTON PIECE GOODS
AND OF SILK PIECE GOODS.**

The value of the imports of Manufactured articles in November, 1918, decreased by ₹3,52 lakhs to ₹8,26 lakhs. The quantity of cotton yarn imported in November, 1918, decreased to 4,229,484 lbs from 4,893,301 lbs in the preceding month. The imports of cotton piece goods, including fents, in November, 1918, decreased to 72 million yards, valued at ₹3,18 lakhs, from 99 million yards, valued at ₹4,69 lakhs, in the preceding month. Grey goods decreased by 18 million yards to 39 million yards, white goods by 6 million yards to 14 million yards, and coloured goods by 2 million yards to 18 million yards. In the eight months ended November, 1918, the total imports of cotton piece goods amounted to 7,76 million yards, valued at ₹85 crores, as against 1,122 million yards, valued at ₹34 crores, in the corresponding period of the previous year. Silk piece goods fell from 2,294,685 yards in the preceding month to 1,062,808 yards in November, 1918.

Silk piece goods.

*Comparison is made with the previous month and not with the corresponding month of last year, owing to the present abnormal circumstances brought about by the war.

II.—Exports.

A DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF FOOD STUFFS.

The exports of Food, drink, and tobacco decreased in November, 1918, by Rs.47 lakhs, as compared with the preceding month, to Rs.4,02 lakhs. Exports of grain, pulse, and flour showed a decrease in November, 1918, and amounted to Rs.2,37 lakhs, as against Rs.4,43 lakhs in the preceding month. In the eight months ended November, 1918, the value of the exports amounted to Rs.33,94 lakhs, as against Rs.86,95 lakhs in the corresponding period of the previous year.

Grain, pulse, and flour.

Rice.

Wheat.

Exports of rice, not in the husk, decreased in November, 1918, to 1,12,539 tons, valued at Rs.1,48 lakhs from 244,264 tons, valued at Rs.2,89 lakhs, in the preceding month. Exports to the United Kingdom, France, Ceylon, Java, Mauritius, and the West Indies decreased. In the eight months, ended November, 1918, the exports of rice, amounted to 1,618,940 tons, valued at Rs.18 crores as against 1,040,570 tons, valued at Rs.12 crores. Exports of wheat decreased in November, 1918, to 7,886 tons, valued at Rs.13 lakhs, as against 16,613 tons, valued at nearly Rs.29 lakhs, Italy took 6,426 tons as against nil in the preceding month. In the eight months, ended November, 1918, the total exports of wheat amounted to 498,389 tons as against 1,291,911 tons in the corresponding period of the previous year.

A DECREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF RAW COTTON, OF RAW JUTE, AND OF RAW WOOL.

The value of the exports of Raw materials decreased by Rs.1,66 lakhs to Rs.5,25 lakhs. The shipments of raw cotton decreased in November, 1918, to 2,895 tons, valued at Rs.58 lakhs, from 7,059 tons, valued at Rs.1,47 lakhs, in the preceding month, Italy and Japan taking smaller quantities. In the eight months ended November, 1918, the exports amounted to 97,259 tons, valued at Rs.16,18 lakhs, as against 239,789 tons, valued at Rs.25,17 lakhs, in the corresponding period of 1917.

Raw cotton.

Raw jute.

Raw wool.

The exports of raw jute in November, 1918, decreased to 33,746 tons from 39,786 tons in the preceding month, and the value thereof amounted to Rs.1,28 lakhs as against Rs.1,48 lakhs. Exports to the United Kingdom decreased while those to the United States and Brazil increased. In the eight months ended November, 1918, the exports amounted to 261,993 tons, valued at Rs.7,20 lakhs, as against 147,997 tons, valued at Rs.3,65 lakhs, in the same months of 1917. The exports of raw wool in November, 1918, decreased to 811,776 lbs from 6,139,998 lbs in the preceding month.

AN INCREASE IN THE EXPORTS OF JUTE MANUFACTURES.

The value of the exports of Manufactured articles decreased by Rs.2,58 lakhs to Rs.6,59 lakhs. Exports of jute manufactures (including twist and yarn) amounted to 56,970 tons and were valued at Rs.4,10 lakhs as against 80,595 tons, valued at Rs.6,00 lakhs in the preceding month. In the eight months ended November, 1918, the value of the exports amounted to nearly Rs.30 crores, as against Rs.24 crores in the corresponding period of the previous year. Exports of jute gunnybags amounted to 45 millions equivalent to 32,951 tons in weight as against 75 millions and 49,994 tons in the preceding month. Jute gunny cloth amounted to 90 million yards equivalent to 23,329 tons as against 106 million yards and 28,732 tons in the preceding month.

Jute manufacture.

EIGHT MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER, 1918.

The summary of the results for the eight months ended November, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1913 (pre-war eight months) and 1917, is as follows:—

	1913 (pre-war eight months),		1917		1918		ACTUAL NET EXCESS OF EXPORTS OVER IMPORTS		
	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	Imports	Exports, including re-exports	1913	1917	1918
	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)	R (lakhs)
Merchandise (private)	1,21,85	1,55,55	99,63	1,50,70	1,09,77	1,64,04	36,70	51,08	54,27

NOTE.—The export figures for the eight months ended November, 1917 and 1918 are subject to correction.

In the eight months ended November, 1918, exports, including re-exports, were higher by Rs13,84 lakhs or 9 per cent than in 1917, and by Rs5,49 lakhs or 3 per cent than in 1913. In the same period imports were higher by Rs10,15 lakhs or 10 per cent than in 1917, but less by Rs12,08 lakhs or 10 per cent than in 1913. The net excess of exports over imports in these eight months was over Rs54 crores, as compared with Rs51 crores in 1917 and nearly Rs37 crores in 1913. The total value of merchandise increased by Rs23 crores, or over 9 per cent, to Rs2,74 crores.

TRADE IN THE EIGHT MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER, 1918.

In the eight months ended November, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year, the quantity of imported cotton piece goods decreased by 346 million yards, while the value showed an increase of Rs1 crore. The value of cotton twist and yarn imported increased by over Rs3,74 lakhs, of articles imported by post by Rs1,14 lakhs, of salt by Rs47 lakhs, of silk piece goods by Rs79 lakhs, of cotton, raw, by Rs87 lakhs, of dyes by Rs17 lakhs, of paper by Rs14 lakhs, of betelnuts by Rs26 lakhs, of spirit by Rs19 lakhs, of steel bars and channel by Rs1,13 lakhs, and of ale, beer, and porter by Rs17 lakhs, of cotton mill machinery by Rs20 lakhs, while motor cars and motor cycles decreased by Rs44 lakhs, iron or steel sheets and plates by Rs42 lakhs, jute mill machinery by Rs31 lakhs, cotton hosiery by Rs28 lakhs, and wood (timber) by Rs49 lakhs. Under exports, the value of grain, pulse, and flour decreased by over Rs3,00 lakhs. The quantity of raw cotton exported decreased by 142,530 tons, and the value thereof by Rs8,99 lakhs. The value of jute manufactures exported increased by Rs14,62 lakhs. The quantity of raw jute exported showed an increase of 115,896 tons, and the value thereof increased to Rs7,29 lakhs. The value of tea increased by Rs3,49 lakhs, of hides, tanned, by Rs53 lakhs, and of seeds by Rs89 lakhs. The value of raw hides decreased by Rs1,03 lakhs, raw skins by Rs86 lakhs, and of skins, tanned, by Rs1,24 lakhs.

Comparing the values of the imports and exports during the eight months ended November, 1918, with those in the corresponding period of 1917, the chief increases and decreases are as follows:—

I.—Imports.

Increases		Decreases	
	Rs (thousands)		Rs (thousands)
Cotton—raw	87,48	Liquors—ale, beer, and porter	16,72
„ grey piece goods	3,76,85	„ „ spirit	18,70
„ twist and yarn	3,78,81	Spices—betelnuts	25,94
Metals—steel bars and channel	1,13,45	Machinery, textile (cotton)	19,61
„ iron or steel—pipes, etc.	10,59	Tea	19,46
„ tin, unwrought, etc.	10,50	Dyeing and tanning substances	17,09
Articles imported by post	1,14,49	Mineral oil, other than kerosene	16,68
Silk piece goods	79,41	Railway carriages, etc.	15,36
„ yarn, nolls, and warps	18,37	Paper (excluding pasteboard)	13,65
Salt	46,89	Coal, coke, and patent fuel	11,25
Cotton piece goods, coloured	2,66,50	Cement	25,01
„ „ white	35,15	Glass and glassware	23,34
Wood (timber)	49,06	Kerosene oil	15,48
Motor cars and motor cycles	44,38	Chemicals	18,71
Metals—iron and steel—sheets and plates	42,11	Dates	12,78
Precious stones and pearls, unset	34,95	Woolen piece goods	12,40
Machinery, etc.—textile (jute)	31,28	Gold and silver thread	11,86
Cotton, hosiery	27,93		

II.—Exports.

Increases		Decreases	
	Rs (thousands)		Rs (thousands)
Jute manufactures	14,62,30	Wool, raw	31,53
Jute, raw	3,63,86	Articles exported by post	23,51
Tea	3,48,55	Silk (raw)	22,72
Cotton piece goods	1,06,65	Paraffin wax	14,86
Seeds	86,22	Indigo	46,60
Hides, tanned	52,95	Rubber (raw)	10,43
Opium	42,84	Oil cakes	10,37
Cotton—raw	8,99,68	Hides and skins—contd.	
„ twist and yarn	1,39,45	Skins, tanned	1,23,88
Hides and skins—		Grain, pulse, and flour	3,00,23
Hides, raw	1,03,52	Hemp, raw	29,00
Skins, raw	86,47	Coir goods	19,85
		Coal, coke, and patent fuel	14,49

NOTE.—The export figures for the eight months ended November, 1917 and 1918, are subject to correction.

Imports of Foreign Merchandise.

In the following table are shown the quantities and values of the principal articles of import during the eight months ended November, 1918, as compared with the figures for the corresponding period of 1917:—

Principal Articles	Quantity		Value		Increase (+) or decrease (-) in the eight months ended November, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1917	
	1917	1918	1917	1918	Quantity	Value
	(thousands)	(thousands)	₹ (thousands)	₹ (thousands)	(thousands)	₹ (thousands)
Apparel (excluding haberdashery, hosiery, and boots and shoes)	—	—	96,14	1,03,69	—	+ 7,55
Carriages and carts (including cycles and motor cars)	—	—	81,83	24,28	—	- 45,55
Chemicals	—	—	1,78,70	1,65,00	—	- 13,70
Coal, coke, and patent fuel . . . tons	19	41	5,91	17,16	+ 25	+ 11,25
Drugs and medicines	—	—	88,08	87,72	—	- 33
Dyeing and tanning substances . .	—	—	87,45	1,04,51	—	+ 17,09
Fruits and vegetables	—	—	63,01	45,17	—	- 17,84
Glass and glassware	—	—	1,07,26	84,02	—	- 23,34
Hardware	—	—	1,81,54	1,86,62	—	+ 5,08
Instruments, apparatus, etc. . . .	—	—	1,17,98	1,28,69	—	+ 10,71
Liquors gals.	2,298	2,402	1,71,55	2,11,04	+ 104	+ 40,09
Machinery of all kinds, including belting for machinery	—	—	3,55,08	3,24,26	—	- 30,82
Matches gross	10,152	8,728	1,32,06	1,28,22	- 1,424	- 3,84
Metals, iron and steel tons	114	109	5,50,62	7,55,24	- 5	+ 2,04,62
.. copper cwts	20	44	29,61	50,99	+ 24	+ 21,38
Oils—mineral gals.	41,493	41,799	2,38,79	2,40,04	+ 306	+ 1,25
Paper and pasteboard	—	—	1,46,18	1,67,72	—	+ 21,59
Provisions and oilman's stores . .	—	—	1,18,57	1,24,25	—	+ 10,68
Railway plant and rolling-stock . .	—	—	38,67	59,57	—	+ 19,90
Salt tons	186	265	1,13,21	1,60,10	+ 79	+ 46,89
Spices lbs	88,819	97,685	1,16,36	1,38,98	+ 9,366	+ 22,62
Stationery	—	—	43,31	43,59	—	+ 28
Sugar, 16 D. S. and above . . . cwts	5,085	5,758	8,50,73	8,53,08	+ 673	+ 2,35
Tea lbs	5,673	7,011	35,55	55,01	+ 1,336	+ 19,46
Textiles—						
Cotton, raw cwts	25	79	18,99	1,06,42	+ 54	+ 87,43
.. twist and yarn lbs	11,669	26,998	2,48,15	6,21,96	+ 15,129	+ 3,73,81
.. grey piece goods yards	425,039	360,871	11,52,15	15,28,50	- 64,168	+ 3,76,35
.. white	377,942	217,292	10,23,12	9,86,98	- 160,650	- 35,14
.. coloured	296,610	178,845	11,85,22	9,18,71	- 117,765	- 2,66,51
.. other sorts of manufactures	—	—	2,47,98	2,19,77	—	- 28,21
Silk, raw lbs	1,352	1,130	84,63	82,55	- 222	- 2,08
.. manufactures	—	—	1,91,80	2,76,98	—	+ 85,08
Woolen manufactures	—	—	1,57,18	1,49,31	—	- 7,87

to Rs. 26,17 lakhs. In the eight months ended November, 1917, the amount was Rs. 39,66 lakhs, of which Rs. 2,14 lakhs were paid through the Gold Standard Reserve, Rs. 12,99 lakhs through the Paper Currency Reserve, and Rs. 24,53 lakhs through the Treasuries. In the eight months ended November, 1916, the amount of Council Bills paid was Rs. 23,98 lakhs. As regards Enfaced Rupee paper, Rs. 10 lakhs represented the amount of paper enfaced to London and Rs. 15 lakhs the amount re-transferred from London in the eight months, April to November, 1918, while in the corresponding period of 1917, Rs. 8 lakhs represented the amount of paper enfaced to London and about Rs. 70 lakhs the amount re-transferred from London.

DECLARED VALUE PER UNIT OF SELECTED ARTICLES.

The declared values per unit of certain selected articles imported and exported during November, 1913, 1917, and 1918, are noted below :—

Imports	NOVEMBER						Exports	NOVEMBER											
	1913			1917				1918			1913			1917			1918		
	R	A	P.	R	A	P.		R	A	P.	R	A	P.	R	A	P.	R	A	P.
Sugar, 16 D S. and above owt	8	12	1	16	7	10	15	8	0										
Cotton, twist and yarn lb	0	15	1	2	9	0	2	1	8										
" grey, piece-goods yard	0	2	8	0	5	1	0	6	4	Indigo . . . owt	215	14	4	519	3	8	423	15	6
" white " "	0	2	9	0	4	11	0	7	10	Cotton, raw . . "	38	1	9	57	9	8	100	3	0
" coloured " "	0	3	4	0	7	9	0	8	0	Jute, raw . . . bales	76	15	1	39	3	9	67	15	2

As compared with the corresponding month of the previous year (November, 1917), under imports, the declared unit value of cotton piecegoods, grey, rose in November, 1918, by 25 per cent, white by 59 per cent, and coloured by 3 per cent, while that of sugar fell by 6 per cent, and cotton twist and yarn by 18 per cent. Under exports, raw cotton showed an increase of 74 per cent and raw jute of 73 per cent, while indigo showed a decrease of 18 per cent.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.*

The following table shows the gross Indian sea customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) collected on principal articles in November, 1918, as compared with October, 1918, and November, 1917 and 1913 :—

IMPORT DUTY	November, 1913 (pre-war month)	November, 1917	October, 1918	November, 1918	Increase (+) or decrease (—) in November, 1918, as compared with		
	R	R	R	R	October, 1918	November, 1917	November, 1918
	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)
Special duties							
Arms	57	41(a)	48(a)	19(a)	—29	—22	—38
Liquors	11,66	12,31	10,29	9,09	—1,20	—3,22	—2,57
Petroleum	5,29	3,12(b)	25(b)	62(b)	+ 87	—2,50	—4,67
Silver bullion and coin	5,24	50			—	—50	—5,24
" manufactures	—	8	18	3	—15	—5	—
Sugar	11,20	18,76(c)	13,22(c)	12,21(c)	—1,01	—6,55	+ 1 01
Tobacco	2,77	5,67	7,69	7,69	+ 30	+ 2,72	+ 5,22
Duty at 2½ per cent							
Machinery	—	1 07	71	67	—4	—40	—
Metals—Iron and steel	1,49	1,61	2,56	1,61	—95	—	+ 12
Railway plant and rolling stock	—	12	37	8	—29	—4	—
Duty at 7½ per cent							
Articles of food and drink, excluding sugar and vinegar	3,45	7,00	5,95	6,33	+ 58	—47	+ 3,08
Raw materials, etc.	1,45	4,10	2,36	2,66	+ 30	—1,44	+ 1,21
Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—							
Cotton manufactures	18,12	40,93	34,76	20,58	—14,18	—20,35	+ 2,46
Others	19,66	29,68	28,66	20,70	—7,96	—8,98	+ 1,04
Total Import duty (including other articles)	81,87	1,28,11	1,10,03	85,75	—24,28	—42,36	+ 3,98
EXPORT DUTY							
Jute	—	21,76	21 87	18,20	—3,67	—3,56	—
Rice	7,15	8,62	11 06	6,47	—4,59	—2,15	—88
Tea	—	5,74	5,90	3,99	—1,91	—1,75	—
TOTAL EXPORT DUTY	7,15	36,12	33,83	28,66	—16,17	—7,46	+ 21,51

* The Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, IV of 1916, took effect from 1st March, 1916.

(a) Excludes the 7½ per cent duty on explosives.
(b) " " petroleum.
(c) " " confectionery.

The customs duty figures are an index to the volume of the import trade only, since under exports jute, rice, and tea only are subject to duty. In the eight months ended November, 1918, the import duties increased to nearly Rs. 20 lakhs from nearly Rs. 17.95 lakhs in the eight months ended November, 1917, and the export duties rose to over Rs. 2.57 lakhs from nearly Rs. 1.86 lakhs. The grand total of gross Indian sea and land customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) in the eight months, April to November, 1918, amounted to over Rs. 11.96 lakhs, as compared with nearly Rs. 10.49 lakhs in the same period of last year.

SHIPPING.

The following table shows the number and tonnage (net register tonnage) of vessels, which entered and cleared with cargoes at ports in British India during November 1918, as compared with October, 1918, and November, 1917 and 1913.

Entered with cargoes.

	STEAMERS.		SAILING VESSELS.		TOTAL.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
November, 1918	150	303,224	121	13,431	271	316,655
October, 1918	173	305,462	160	15,060	333	320,522
November, 1917	175	302,570	239	21,865	414	324,435
November, 1913 (pre-war month)	196	566,596	84	8,602	280	575,198

Cleared with cargoes.

November, 1918	155	309,611	182	20,886	337	330,497
October, 1918	211	452,647	169	20,085	380	472,732
November, 1917	241	409,471	325	25,094	566	434,565
November 1913 (pre-war month)	226	643,245	80	3,608	306	646,853

The total tonnage entered and cleared with cargoes in November, 1918, as compared with that in the preceding month (October, 1917) and in the corresponding month of 1913, and 1917, is shown in the last column of the table above. In the month of November, 1918, there were 271 arrivals* and 313 sailings† with cargoes, in and from India. As regards tonnage, if a comparison be made with November, 1913, the corresponding pre-war month, it will be seen that there is a decrease in the tonnage of vessels cleared with cargoes of 316,366 tons or 49 per cent. The decrease in the entries (with cargoes) amounted to 256,633 tons or 45 per cent.

The shipping clearances with cargoes in foreign trade from the ports of British India in the eight months, April to November, 1918, as compared with the corresponding period of 1913,—i.e., before the war broke out, were as follows:—

	TONNAGE (NET REGISTERED TONNAGE) CLEARANCES IN THE EIGHT MONTHS APRIL TO NOVEMBER.	
	1913 (Pre-war period).	1918
British ships (including British Indian)	4,188,666	2,276,921
Foreign ships	1,202,042	1,121,384
TOTAL	5,390,708	3,408,305

In 1918, as against 1913, the total tonnage clearances with cargoes have declined 37 per cent. In 1913 the British (including British Indian) tonnage was 78 per cent and foreign tonnage 22 per cent of the total, while in 1918 the British (including British Indian) tonnage is 67 per cent and foreign tonnage 33 per cent.

* The details were as follows:—Bengal 24, Bombay 68, Sind 80, Madras 69, and Burma 20.

† The details were as follows:—Bengal 41, Bombay 60, Sind 135, Madras 24, and Burma 30.

RAILWAY STATISTICS.

Railway statistics, like the import and export statistics above, are a valuable index to the general movement of trade throughout the country, and show that the earnings from 1st April to 30th November, 1918, were Rs55.84 lakhs, as against Rs49.42 lakhs in the corresponding period of 1917, or an increase of Rs6.42 lakhs.

TRADE OF ADEN.

The grand total value of the imports and exports of merchandise, by sea, into and from the port of Aden amounted to Rs1.01 lakhs in the month of October, 1918, and Rs8.53 lakhs in the seven months, April to October, 1918. The value of the principal articles of imports and exports was as follows:—

	OCTOBER, 1918		SEVEN MONTHS, APRIL TO OCTOBER, 1918	
	Imports into Aden	Exports from Aden	Imports into Aden	Exports from Aden
	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)	R (thousands)
Cotton manufactures	19.87	25.06	2,26.23	2,25.56
Hides and skins, raw	3.70	6.78	19.70	26.73
Grain and pulse	4.82	3.02	22.83	20.26
Coffee	2.01	1.33	28.82	31.54
Coal	8.12	—	40.85	—
Tobacco, unmanufactured	1.59	4.43	24.01	18.22
Provisions	44	49	3.91	78
Sugar	36	—	4.91	—
Spices	2.55	—	12.90	—
Oil—kerosene	—	—	2.38	—
Salt	—	12	—	10.01
Other articles	8.34	8.65	63.95	63.52
TOTAL VALUE	51.80	49.58	4,33.49	3,96.62

PUBLICATION OF STATISTICAL INFORMATION.

The following press note has been issued:—It has been decided to remove the restrictions on the publication of Sea-borne Trade Statistics, except in respect of treasure. The monthly accounts of the Sea-borne trade and navigation of British India will, in future, contain the particulars of the countries of consignment and final destination and the details of the movement of shipping, which were temporarily discontinued on account of the war. Collectors of Customs and Chambers of Commerce have been informed accordingly.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

December 26, 1918

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,

Director of Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, DECEMBER 21, 1918

Second RICE Forecast, 1918-19

This forecast is based on reports received from provinces, which contain about 99 per cent of the total area under rice in British India. It refers practically to the whole rice crop (early and late) in all the reporting provinces, with the exception of the crop in Coorg, and the late (spring) crop of Bombay. The reports relate to conditions up to and including the beginning of December.

2 The total area reported amounts to 74,868,000 acres as against 77,987,000 acres (the revised figure) at the corresponding date of last year, or a decrease of 5 per cent. As compared with the revised final estimate of last year (79,712,000 acres), the present estimate shows a decrease of 7 per cent. The season has, on the whole, been unfavourable owing mainly to scanty rains.

3 The following table gives the acreage and estimated outturn as far as available. The table of outturn is incomplete owing to the absence of estimates from Madras and the United Provinces. These latter provinces furnish outturn figures for the final forecast published in February.

Second Forecast

A—ACREAGE

Provinces	1918-19	1917-18	Increase + or Decrease—
Bengal (a)	21,399,000	20,917,000	+482,000
Bihar and Orissa (a)	15,020,000	15,567,000	-547,000
Madras	8,347,000	10,005,000	-1,658,000
Burma	10,675,000	10,720,000	-45,000
United Provinces (a)	6,068,000	7,368,000	-698,000
Central Provinces and Berar	5,221,000	5,228,000	+5,000
Assam (a)	4,184,000	4,342,000	-178,000
Bombay (including Indian States)	1,983,000	(b) 2,597,000	-614,000
Sind (including Indian States)	876,000	(b) 1,187,000	-291,000
Total	74,868,000	77,987,000	-3,624,000

B—OUTTURN

Provinces	1918-19	1917-18	Increase + or Decrease—	Yield per acre.	
				1918-19.	1917-18.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	lbs.	lbs.
Bengal (a)	7,290,000	(b) 8,525,000	-1,235,000	763	909
Bihar and Orissa (a)	4,761,000	(b) 8,521,000	-3,760,000	710	1,328
Madras	(c)				
Burma	4,897,000	4,800,000	+99,000	923	1,003
United Provinces	(c)				
Central Provinces and Berar	668,000	1,647,000	-979,000	383	708
Assam (a)	1,248,000	1,717,000	-469,000	671	886
Bombay (including Indian States)	613,000	(b) 1,312,000	-699,000	496	1,045
Sind (including Indian States)	228,000	(b) 317,000	-89,000	609	808

(a) Includes summer, autumn, and winter rice
(b) Revised figure
(c) Not yet available.

The provincial reports are summarised below :—

Bengal (26·3 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—(i) The area sown with autumn (*aus*) rice is reported to be 5,067,000 acres as against 5,076,000 acres reported at this time last year. For the province as a whole, the average outturn for autumn rice is estimated at 77 per cent of the normal, and on this basis the gross yield of cleaned rice works out to 1,505,000 tons, as against 1,641,000 tons last year, or a decrease of 8 per cent. The abnormal rise of the rivers in July and excessive rain in August considerably damaged the crop in most of the eastern and northern districts, Rajshahi, Bogra, Patna, Maimensingh, and the Chittagong Hill Tracts being the worst sufferers. The season, on the whole, was an unfavourable one for *aus* paddy.

(ii) The area under winter (*aman*) rice is estimated at 15,962,000 acres, which is 8 per cent above the estimate at this time last year. The average outturn per acre is at present estimated at 77 per cent of the normal, as against 98 per cent at this time last year. On this basis the gross yield is estimated at 5,644,000 tons, which is 16 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The weather, on the whole, continued seasonable up to the middle of September, in spite of the heavy rainfall which caused floods in Eastern and Northern Bengal. The rainfall in the latter half of the month was, however, scanty and badly distributed. The October rains, which are the mainstay of the crop in Bengal, were practically a total failure, the only districts receiving anything like an adequate supply being Jalpaiguri, Bakarganj, Noakhali, and Chittagong. November was practically rainless, and the season which opened in a promising manner ended badly. The deep-water *aman* paddy, where not damaged by floods, has suffered least, but the crop is a poor one both on high lands, and on lands transplanted late in the season.

(iii) An area of 370,000 acres was reported in March last to be under summer (*boro*) rice with an estimated yield of 141,000 tons, as against 375,000 acres and 166,000 tons last year.

Bihar and Orissa (20·5 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—(i) The area under autumn rice is estimated at 3,732,000 acres which is 2 per cent below the area of last year. The average outturn for the province works out to 75 per cent of the normal, and on this basis the total yield is calculated at 1,028,000 tons, as against 1,395,000 tons, the revised estimate of last year, or a decrease of 26 per cent. Excessive rain in June, deficient rainfall in July, and the entire cessation of rains from the middle of September seriously affected the outturn of the crop in many districts. Floods also caused damage in Patna, Darbhanga, Purnea, and Cuttack.

(ii) The area under winter rice is now estimated at 11,248,000 acres, which is 4 per cent below the estimate made at this time last year. According to the estimates of the District Officers, the average outturn for the province works out to 53 per cent of the normal; but the provincial Director estimates this an underestimate and raises it to 57 per cent. On this basis the total yield is estimated at 3,719,000 tons, which is 48 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The growing of earlier monsoon in mid-September in the rainfall of July, deficiencies and irregular winter rice crop, which gravely prejudiced the year, and good late rains, and entirely dependent.

it has suffered severely on high lands and unirrigated areas, especially in the Patna and Chota Nagpur divisions, and in that portion of the Bhagalpur division lying south of the river. The light rainfall received at the end of October did very little good to the crop, except in Puri and in the north of the river in a belt near the frontier.

(iii) An area of 40,000 acres was reported in March last to be under summer rice, which is about 3 per cent above the corresponding estimate of last year. The outturn was estimated at 14,000 tons, the same as in last year.

Madras (14.1 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The area sown up to the 1st December is estimated at 8,347,000 acres, which is 17 per cent below the estimate at this date last year. The decrease is general and is most marked in the central and southern districts. It is due to the failure of the south-west monsoon in July and August, and the late receipt of the north-east monsoon. The heavy north-east monsoon rains in November have saved the crop in many tracts, and have enabled large areas to be planted late with short duration varieties. There will also be much second crop in the east-coast districts. The final area, however, is likely to be below 10 million acres, in place of last year's 11½ millions. Outturns are expected to be below normal everywhere, except on the small area in the Deccan. On the average the outturn is estimated at 80 per cent of the normal.

Burma (13.3 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The total area sown is reported to be 10,675,000 acres, as compared with 10,720,000 acres, the corresponding estimate of last year. For the province as a whole, the average outturn per acre is estimated at 90 per cent of the normal, and the total yield at 6,563,000 tons of unhusked rice (= 4,397,000 tons of cleaned rice). In Lower Burma the early and middle rains were timely and sufficient, but the shortage of ripening showers affected the crop in almost all districts. Extensive damage was also caused by floods in Maubin, Insein, Thaton, and Tharrawaddy. In Upper Burma the rains were satisfactory in Minbu, Mandalay, Katha, and Yamethin. In Shwebo, however, the crops in unirrigated areas, suffered badly from want of rain and a very large area was also destroyed by insects. The surplus available for export is expected to be 2,974,000 tons of unhusked rice (equivalent to 2,350,000 tons of cargo rice or 2 million tons of cleaned rice), as against 3,600,000 tons of unhusked rice (equivalent to 2,850,000 tons of cargo rice or 2,415,000 tons of cleaned rice) estimated at this time last year.

United Provinces (8.3 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—(i) The total area now reported is 6,643,000 acres, which is 9 per cent below the estimate at this time last year. There was some rain in the first week of September, but the greater part of that month was rainless. There was no rain in the plains districts during October. Under these conditions the late (winter) crop suffered severely and was a partial failure where irrigation was not available. The early (autumn) crop was fair in the Gorakhpur and Benares Divisions, but withered in parts of Rohilkhand and Oudh. The outturn of early rice for the province as a whole is estimated at 60 per cent of the normal and that of late rice at 40 per cent.

(ii) The area under hot weather (summer) rice was reported in October last to be 25,000 acres and

12,000 tons, as against 24,000 acres and 11,000 tons last year.

Central Provinces and Berar (6.4 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The total area is estimated at 5,231,000 acres (39,000 acres being in Berar) as against 5,228,000 acres estimated at this time last year. The total yield is estimated at 658,000 tons (2,000 tons being in Berar) as against 1,647,000 tons for last year, or a decrease of 60 per cent. From the second week of September to the end of the third week of November there was practically a drought, which seriously damaged the crop and considerably reduced its outturn in several districts.

Assam (6 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—(i) The total area sown with autumn rice is estimated at 647,000 acres, which is about 23 per cent less than last year's area. The average outturn for the province is estimated at 70 per cent of the normal, and the total yield at 143,000 tons, which is 40 per cent below the estimate of last year. The decrease in area and outturn is attributed to insufficient rain at sowing time, and subsequent heavy floods and insect pests.

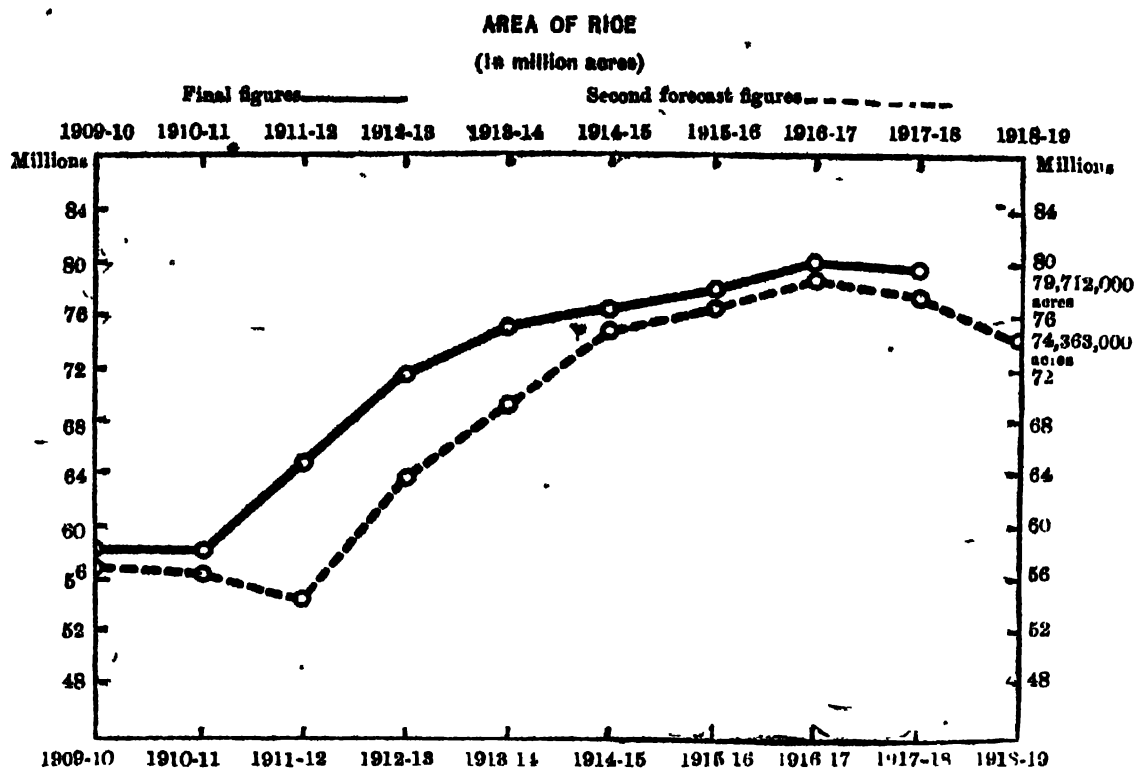
(ii) The area under winter rice is estimated at 3,267,000 acres, as against 3,256,000 acres reported at this time last year. The average outturn for the province is estimated at 73 per cent of the normal and the total yield at 1,015,000 tons, which is 27 per cent below the estimate made at this date last year. Since the issue of the first forecast the weather conditions have been very unfavourable. The rainfall in September was generally normal, but in October there was a considerable shortage, which retarded the growth of transplanted rice. Insects have damaged the crop in several districts.

(iii) An area of 250,000 acres was reported in March to be under summer rice, this being the same as reported in the preceding year. The outturn was estimated at 90,000 tons, as against 96,000 tons last year.

Bombay (2.3 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The total area is reported to be 1,983,000 acres (532,000 acres being in the Indian States), which is 24 per cent less than the area of last year. The total yield is estimated at 413,000 tons (121,000 tons being in the Indian States) as against 1,212,000 tons last year, or a decrease of 66 per cent. The crop suffered more or less everywhere from long breaks and insufficient rains after planting, particularly at the seed-forming period, which injuriously affected the outturn to a considerable extent.

Sind (1.5 per cent of the total area under rice in British India).—The total area is estimated at 876,000 acres (8,000 acres being in the Khairpur State), which is 25 per cent below last year's area. The total yield is estimated at 288,000 tons (3,000 tons being in the Khairpur State), which is also 25 per cent less than the estimate of last year. The crop suffered from insufficient water supply and has yielded a poor outturn in the south and a fair outturn elsewhere.

Chart.—The chart below shows the variations in the second forecast as compared with those in the final figures for the last nine years. It should be borne in mind that the large increases from 1911-12 to 1913-14 are due to a considerable extent to the addition of reporting tracts from year to year.



Rice crop in foreign countries.—From the latest available information published by the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, it appears that the area sown with the rice crop in Italy in 1918 is estimated at 321,000 acres, which is 5 per cent below the estimate of last year. In Japan the total area in 1918 (7,556,000 acres) is about the same as in the previous year. According to the Monthly Crop Report (September, 1918) published by the Bureau of Crop Estimates, United States of America, the estimates of the rice crop of 1918 are 1,120,000 acres and 821,000 tons.

Information, specially obtained for this forecast

through Consulates, shows that the area sown with rice in Indo-China is estimated at 11,641,000 acres. The estimates for Cochin-China are 4,326,000 acres and 1,377,000 tons. The area under rice in Java is estimated at 8,304,000 acres. The rice crop in Korea is reported to be favourable this year, and the yield is estimated at 1,379,000 tons, which is 13 per cent above the estimate of 1917.

From unofficial sources it appears that the estimated yield of rice in Japan is 7,807,000 tons (55,783,000 *koku*). The crop in Siam is estimated unofficially at 1,100,000 tons.

G. FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics.

Estimate of the Rice crop of 1918-1

Provinces	Area (acres)		Increase + or Decrease —		Yield (tons)		Increase + or Decrease —		
	Current year (1918-19)	Previous year (1917-18)	Actual	Per cent	Current year (1918-19)	Previous year (1917-18)	Actual	Per cent	
Bengal	Summer	370,000	375,000	—5,000	—1.3	141,000	(a) 168,000	—27,000	—16.1
	Autumn	5,067,000	5,076,000	—9,000	0.2	1,506,000	1,641,000	—136,000	—8.3
	Winter	15,962,000	16,546,000	+416,000	+2.7	5,644,000	6,716,000	—1,072,000	—16.0
Bihar and Orissa	Summer	40,000	39,000	+1,000	+2.6	14,000	14,000	..	..
	Autumn	3,732,000	3,706,000	—26,000	—0.7	1,028,000	(a) 1,395,000	—367,000	—26.3
	Winter	11,248,000	11,783,000	—485,000	—4.1	3,719,000	7,112,000	—3,393,000	—47.7
Madras		8,347,000	10,005,000	—1,658,000	—16.6	(b)	..	..	..
Burma		10,675,000	10,720,000	—45,000	—0.4	4,397,000	4,800,000	—403,000	—8.4
United Provinces		(d) 6,668,000	(d) 7,366,000	—698,000	—9.5	(e) 12,000	(c) 11,000	+1,000	+9.1
Central Provinces and Berar		5,231,000	5,226,000	+5,000	+0.1	658,000	1,647,000	—989,000	—60.0
Assam	Summer	250,000	250,000	..	..	90,000	98,000	—8,000	—8.2
	Autumn	647,000	836,000	—189,000	—22.6	143,000	237,000	94,000	—39.6
	Winter	3,267,000	3,256,000	+11,000	+0.3	1,015,000	1,384,000	—369,000	—26.7
Bombay (including Indian States)		1,983,000	(a) 2,597,000	—614,000	—23.6	413,000	(a) 1,212,000	—799,000	—65.9
Sind (including Indian States)		874,000	(a) 1,167,000	—291,000	—24.9	238,000	(a) 317,000	—79,000	—24.9
Total	74,363,000	77,997,000	—3,624,000	—4.6	..	..	..	..

(a) Revised figure.

(b) Not yet available.

(c) Summer rice only.

(d) Includes summer, autumn, and winter rice

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA

CALCUTTA, DECEMBER 18, 1918.

Third COTTON Forecast, 1918-19.

This forecast is based on reports furnished by provinces, which comprise the entire cotton area of India. It deals with reports on both the early and late varieties of cotton up to the beginning of December 1918. A fourth and final report will, as usual, be published in the third week of February, 1919.

The total area this year amounts to 19,677,000 acres, as against 23,789,000 acres (the revised figure) on this date last year, or a decrease of 17 per cent. As compared with the final estimate of last year (24,781,000 acres), the present estimate shows a decrease of 21 per cent.

The total estimated yield is 3,282,000 bales of 400 lbs each, as against 3,939,000 bales (the revised figure) on this date last year, or a decrease of 17 per cent. The present estimate of outturn, as compared with the sum of actual exports (net) abroad, mill consumption, and extra-factory consumption in 1917-18 (3,860,000 bales),* shows a decrease of 15 per cent.

The present figures for the provinces are as follows (the figures for previous years are given on page 5):—

Provinces and States ^(a)	Acres (thousands)	Bales— 400 lbs. (thousands)	Yield per acre lbs.
Bombay (a)	4,618 ^(b)	519	48
Central Provinces and Berar	4,212	780	75
Madras (a)	2,732	519	76
Punjab (a)	1,580	501	127
United Provinces (a)	863	178	81
Sind (a)	270	98	145
Burma	338	70	83
Bengal (a)	73	26	142
Bihar and Orissa	77	19	99
North-West Frontier	38	9	95
Assam	33	12	145
Ajmer-Merwara	30	14	187
Hyderabad	2,381	200	84
Central India	1,261	183	42
Baroda	796	81	41
Rajputana	292	61	84
Mysore	93	26	112
TOTAL	19,677	3,282	67

On the basis of these figures, the average outturn per acre of the present crop for all India is 67 lbs. as against 66 lbs. last year. The crop was seriously affected by deficient rainfall in many of the important cotton growing provinces. The condition of the crop is reported to be good in the Central Provinces and Berar, Madras, Punjab, Burma, Bengal, and Bihar and Orissa. Elsewhere it is reported to be less satisfactory, and in Bombay, Hyderabad and parts of Central India (where rainfall was scanty) the crop is reported to be poor.

A statement showing the present estimates of area and yield according to the recognised trade descriptions of cotton is given below:—

Description of cotton	Acres (thousands)		Bales (thousands)	
	1918-19	1917-18	1918-19	1917-18
Oomras—				
Khandesh	1,281	1,406	143	194
Central India	1,261	1,994	133	174
Bardi and Nagar (h)	2,431	3,606	203	171
Berar	2,887	3,214	494	428
Central Provinces	1,325	1,350	295	183
Total	9,185	10,969	1,268	1,430
Dholleras	1,630	3,141	105	393
Bengal-Sind—				
United Provinces	508	1,816	175	198
Rajputana	352	(i) 564	80	(d) 123
Sind-Punjab (c)	1,888	1,908	608	369
Others	82	71	20	17
Total	3,185	3,049	883	706
Broach	1,289	1,288	156	320
Westerns and Northern	1,566	1,343	191	199
Cocanadas	257	270	58	50
Tinnevelly	1,165	614	91	130
Salams and Cambodias	027	512	280	
Oompta-Dharwars	478	1,368	194	506
Comillas, Burmas and other sorts.		387	111	
GRAND TOTAL	19,677	23,789	3,282	3,939

The provincial reports are summarised below:—

•Bombay (27 2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area under both early and late cotton is estimated up to 1st December at 4,618,000 acres (including 1,554,000 acres in the Indian States, but excluding 796,000 acres in Baroda), which is 31 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease is attributed partly to inadequate sowing rains and partly to greater attention being paid to food and fodder crops, for which there was a more pressing local need. The yield is at present estimated at 549,000 bales (including 114,000 bales in the Indian States, but excluding 81,000 bales in Baroda), which is 56 per cent below the estimate made at this date last year. In Gujarat the crop suffered from the beginning owing to deficient rain, particularly in the north, and also severe heat in October. Unfavourable winds and cloudy weather in November further damaged what was already poor crop. In south Gujarat flowering and the formation of bolls set in early on account of the absence of cold and dew, which are very essential at the maturing period. Elsewhere the crop is not yet ready and is being irrigated in places. In the Deccan the crop suffered from prolonged drought in July. It partially revived with opportune rain in August, but was again adversely affected at the flowering stage by deficient rain in September. The yield has been moderate in East Khandesh in a few favourably situated localities or where the crop was helped by irrigation, but

(a) Includes Indian States.

(b) Includes Hyderabad.

*Net exports abroad from September, 1917 to August, 1918 were 1,400,000 bales, the mill consumption (as estimated by this Department) according to a method adopted in consultation with the Bombay Millowners' Association and the Bombay Cotton Trade Association) 1,701,000 bales, and the estimated extra-factory consumption 760,000 bales, as accepted by the latter Association.

(c) Includes Punjab American cotton grown in the Punjab

(d) Revised figure.

elsewhere the yield is generally poor. In the south, the crop is somewhat better as it was benefited to some extent by the late rains. In the Karnatak, although sowings were somewhat late, the season has been fairly good, and the crop is doing well particularly in Dharwar, where recent rains have been specially beneficial. In parts of Belgaum and Bijapur further rain is wanted. The area and outturn of cotton by trade descriptions in the Bombay Presidency (including Baroda but excluding Sind) are:—

	Acres.	Bales.
Oomras . { Khandesh	1,281,000	143,000
{ Barot and Nagar	50,000	3,000
Dholeras	1,630,000	105,000
Bengal-Sind (Rajputana)	30,000	5,000
Broach	1,280,000	156,000
Coompta-Dharwar	870,000	180,000
Westerns and Northern	264,000	88,000

Central Provinces and Berar (20·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown is reported to be 4,212,000 acres (2,887,000 acres being in Berar), which is 8 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The shrinkage is attributed to high prices of grain and fodder and general shortness of foodstocks, which induced the cultivators to place larger areas under foodgrains. The yield is estimated at 789,000 bales (494,000 bales being in Berar), which is 34 per cent above the corresponding estimate of last year. The distribution of rainfall in August was very good for the crop, except in the Akola district, where there was a break till the middle of the month. September was practically rainless. The prospects of the crop were quite satisfactory till the end of August over the greater part of the heavy cotton tract, and bumper yields might have been obtained had the crop been favoured by rainfall in the first fortnight of September. The tracts which received sufficient rain up to the end of August fared better, and should yield average outturns. The dry character of the season caused the crop to mature rapidly, and picking started early.

Madras (10·3 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown up to 1st December is estimated at 2,722,000 acres (25,000 acres being in the Banganapalle State), which is 8 per cent above the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The increase is attributed to the high price of cotton and the restriction of the area under groundnut owing to late rains. The total yield is now estimated at 519,000 bales (3,000 bales being in the Banganapalle State), which is 4 per cent above the estimate at this date last year. The season has been marked by very late rains in the north, most of the crop not being sown until the end of September or October. The north-east monsoon rains were also late in the south, but have since been plentiful. The season since sowing has been favourable to the crop everywhere. The area and outturn according to trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales.
Tinnevelly	1,140,000	91,000
Salem		11,000
Cambodias		209,000
Northerns and Westerns	1,802,000	158,000
Cocanadas	257,000	58,000
Others	28,000	2,000

Punjab (6·7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is reported to be 1,580,000 acres (144,000 acres being in the Indian States), which is 9 per cent below the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The decrease, which occurred in every district except in the colonies where the American types of cotton are becoming popular, is attributed to unfavourable weather conditions at sowing time. The total yield is estimated at 501,000 bales (including 57,000 bales in the Indian States), which shows an increase

of 78 per cent, as compared with the estimate made at this date last year, which was a very bad year for the crop. Owing to the insufficiency of the monsoon rainfall, the season was not favourable, especially for the unirrigated crop. The result is that the yield is generally normal on the irrigated but poor on the unirrigated area. The American cotton, which is largely grown in the colony tracts, fared better than ordinary cotton.

United Provinces (5·7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown is reported to be 863,000 acres (11,000 acres being in the Rampur State), which is 34 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The decrease is attributed to unfavourable weather conditions. The yield is estimated at 175,000 bales (including 3,000 bales in the Rampur State), which is 12 per cent below the yield of last year, the season generally has been unfavourable for the crop. Sowing rains were insufficient throughout the Doab and Bundelkhand, which constitute the principal cotton growing tracts of the province. A normal area was sown in Rohilkhand and in parts of Oudh, but the plants suffered owing to the holding off of the rains. The situation considerably improved in the second half of August, when most of the cotton growing districts had a well distributed rainfall. There was some rain in the first week of September, but the greater part of the month was rainless, and the late sowings, which were put down on the August rain, failed to mature. The crop was unusually early and late pickings yielded little.

Sind (1·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is reported to be 270,000 acres (6,000 acres being in the Khairpur State), which is 23 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. The increase is attributed to high prices. The yield is estimated at 98,000 bales (including 2,000 bales in the Khairpur State), which is 26 per cent above the corresponding estimate of last year. The crop suffered from the exceptionally hot weather in October and the absence of cold in November. The water-supply in the canals also proved insufficient. It is also stated that the Influenza epidemic paralysed agricultural operations just at the cotton picking season, and considerable areas have not been properly picked.

Burma (1·1 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area sown is reported to be 338,000 acres, which is 43 per cent above the area reported at the corresponding date of last year. The increase is attributed to high prices obtained for the crop in the last two years. The yield is estimated, at 70,000 bales, being double that reported at this date last year. Sowings generally were normal, but the shortage of rain affected the crop especially in the Meiktila, Myingyan, Sagaing, and Pakokku districts.

Bengal (0·4 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is estimated at 78,000 acres, being 3 per cent above last year's area at this date. The yield is estimated at 26,000 bales, which is 30 per cent above the corresponding estimate of last year. The weather conditions were generally favourable although some damage was reported from Hill Tippera to the early crop through excessive rainfall in July and August; subsequently the late crop suffered somewhat from absence of rain. On the whole a fairly good outturn is expected. The area and outturn of cotton according to trade descriptions are:—

	Acres.	Bales.
Bengal-Sind	5,000	1,000
Cornillas	68,000	25,000

Bihar and Orissa (0·3 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is estimated at 77,000 acres, which is 15 per cent above the area reported at this date last year. The increase is attributed to high prices of cotton and dearness of piece-goods. The yield is estimated at 19,000 bales, which is 19 per cent above the corresponding estimate of last year. For the early crop, weather conditions were generally favourable in the early part of the season, but latterly insufficient rainfall hampered the growth of the crop especially in Chota Nagpur. For the late crop, weather conditions were favourable in North Bihar and the condition of the crop is reported to be generally good in this tract. Sowings of the crop have not yet begun in Outback.

North-West Frontier Province (0·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is reported to be 38,000 acres, being the same as reported at this date last year. The estimated yield is 9,000 bales, as compared with 10,000 bales reported at this time last year. The outturn is average on both the irrigated and unirrigated lands of Peshawar and Bannu, and generally below average elsewhere.

Assam (0·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown is estimated at 33,000 acres, which is 3 per cent above the area reported at this date last year, but the estimated yield (12,000 bales) is the same as the corresponding estimate of last year. The weather was on the whole favourable and the prospects of the crop good, except in Sylhet and the Lushai and Garo Hills, where an outturn below normal is expected.

Ajmer-Merwara (0·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The area sown is estimated at 30,000 acres, which is 52 per cent below the revised figure at this date last year. The yield is estimated at 14,000 bales, being the same as the revised figure at this date last year.

Hyderabad (14·7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area is reported to be 2,331,000 acres, which is 31 per cent below the area reported at this date last year. The yield is estimated at 200,000 bales, which is 56 per cent below the corresponding estimate of last year. The season has been very unfavourable especially in the Mahrattwara districts comprising the best cotton growing areas of the State. The detailed district figures of area are as follows:—

	1918-19 acres	1917-18 acres
Aurangabad	209,925	417,829
Bir	109,620	343,194
Parbhani	607,442	705,892
Nander	312,336	413,413
Gulbarga	15,306	34,467
Rajshur	363,909	361,032
Umanabad	18,264	36,805
Bidar	106,077	121,788
Medak	1,891	2,979
Mahbubnagar	4,744	8,530
Nalgunda	4,395	10,477
Nizamabad	10,695	15,194
Warangal	20,490	25,135
Adilabad	111,196	197,873
Karimnagar	43,839	48,126
Non-Government Estates	442,314	705,036
Total	2,331,493	3,445,417

Central India (6 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total yield is estimated at 133,000 bales on an area of 1,361,000 acres. These

figures indicate a decrease of 24 per cent in yield and 9 per cent in area.

	1918-19 acres	1917-18 acres
Gwalior	465,149	543,109
Indore	423,937	450,420
Bhopal	151,814	133,937
Baghelkhand	23,454	24,289
Bundelkhand	14,894	24,119
Malwa	68,933	97,534
Southern States	114,183	120,881
Total	1,260,984	1,394,247

Baroda (3·2 per cent of the total area under cotton in India) reports 796,000 acres under cotton as compared with 827,000 acres at this date last year. The yield is estimated at 81,000 bales, which is 63 per cent below the estimate at this date last year.

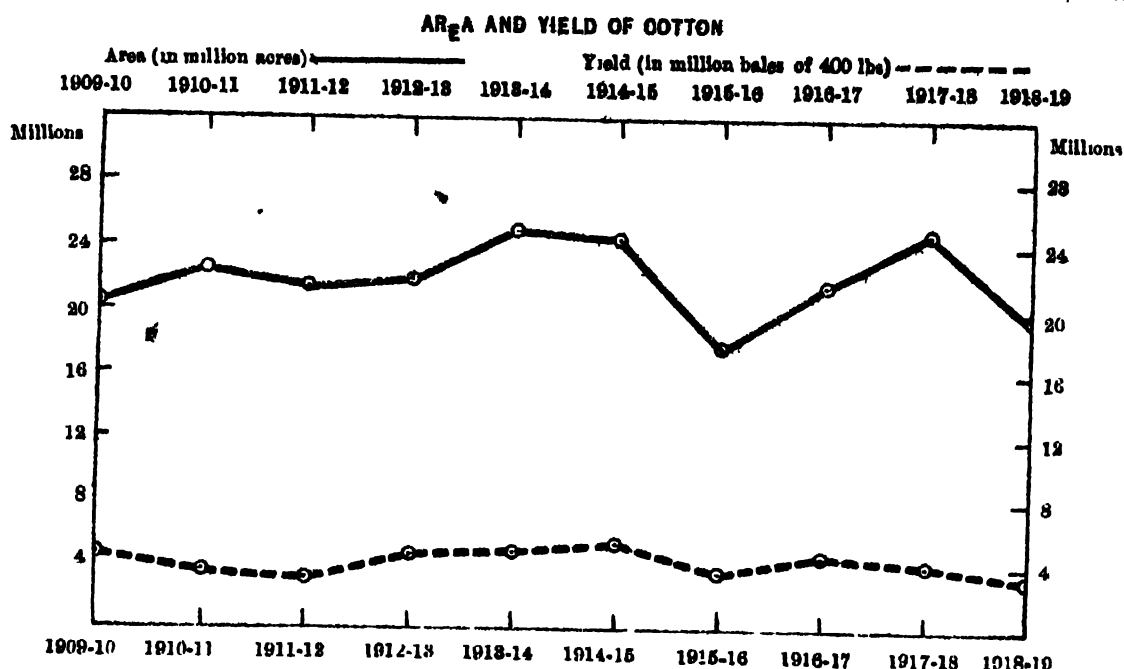
Rajputana (1·7 per cent of the total area under cotton in India).—The total area and yield are at present estimated at 292,000 acres and 61,000 bales, as compared with 432,000 acres (revised figure) and 85,000 bales at this date last year. The crop suffered from deficient rainfall in most of the States. The detailed figures of area for the States are as follows:—

	1918-19 acres	1917-18 acres
Bikaner	..	66
Jaisalmer	..	..
Marwar	28,898	37,008
Sirohi	500	400
Mewar	70,000	115,000
Dungarpur	348	103
Banswara	..	551
Patthargarh	3,732	5,685
Kushalgarh	38	400
Shahpura	10,095	8,915
Tonk	29,853	31,834
Bundi	1,890	5,500
Kotah	18,368	30,810
Jhalawar	14,821	14,890
Kishangarh	3,115	8,820
Jaipur	33,082	(a) 50,038
Alwar	54,545	54,545
Karauli	2,082	3,663
Bharatpur	10,741	40,360
Dholpur	10,577	22,961
Total	291,998	431,840

Mysore (0·5 per cent of the total area under cotton in India) returns 93,000 acres, as compared with 150,000 acres, reported at this date last year. The yield is estimated at 26,000 bales, being 44 per cent above the yield at the corresponding date of last year. The area and yield according to the descriptions are:—

	Acres	Bales
Coompta-Dharwar	57,000	14,000
Salem (including Cambodias)	25,000	10,000
Other sorts	11,000	2,000

Chart.—The chart on next page shows the present estimates of area and yield for all India, as compared with the final figures of the preceding nine years. The curve for area represents millions of acres and that for yield million of bales.



Cotton crop in Foreign Countries —The latest information published by the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, shows that in the United States of America the area cultivated with cotton in 1918 is 37,058,000 acres, as against 33,827,000 acres in the previous year. It appears from the Monthly Crop Report of the United States Department of Agriculture for September, 1918, that the crop is at present estimated at 11,137,000 bales (of 500 lbs each) on an area of 37,073,000 acres.

From the Bulletin of the Ministry of Agriculture,

Cairo, for November, 1918, it appears that in Egypt the weather generally was warmer than usual and beneficial to the late crop. Some damage was, however, caused to the unpicked cotton in parts of Lower Egypt by heavy rainstorm. Water supply was sufficient. The attack of the pink boll worm is still somewhat lighter in Lower Egypt than in past seasons. The second picking is approaching completion, except in the northern Delta, and has given disappointing results in certain tracts. The yield is generally below average, but the quality is comparatively good.

G FINDLAY SHIRRAS,
Director of Statistics

December estimate of the Cotton crop of India

Provinces and States	1918-19		1917-18		1916-17	
	Area (acres)	Yield (bales)	Area (acres)	Yield (bales)	Area (acres)	Yield (bales)
Bombay (a)	4,618,000	549,000	6,670,000	1,241,000	5,307,000	1,352,000
Central Provinces and Berar	4,212,000	789,000	4,564,000	591,000	4,402,000	(c) 691,000
Madras (a)	2,722,000	519,000	2,524,000	498,000	2,114,000	485,000
Punjab (a)	1,580,000	501,000	1,740,000	281,000	1,174,000	324,000
United Provinces (a)	863,000	175,000	1,316,000	198,000	1,184,000	309,000
Sind (a)	270,000	98,000	220,000	78,000	232,000	74,000
Burma	338,000	70,000	236,000	35,000	216,000	41,000
Bengal (a)	73,000	26,000	71,000	20,000	73,000	21,000
Bihar and Orissa (b)	77,000	19,000	67,000	16,000	67,000	16,000
North-West Frontier Province	38,000	9,000	38,000	10,000	28,000	6,000
Assam	33,000	12,000	32,000	12,000	32,000	11,000
Ajmer-Merwara	30,000	14,000	(c) 68,000	(c) 11,000	47,000	20,000
Hyderabad	2,851,000	200,000	3,445,000	450,000	3,200,000	500,000
Central India	1,261,000	133,000	1,394,000	174,000	1,265,000	200,000
Baroda	796,000	81,000	827,000	218,000	706,000	170,000
Rajputana	292,000	61,000	(c) 132,000	85,000	334,000	133,000
Mysore	93,000	38,000	150,000	18,000	121,000	17,000
Total	19,677,000	3,282,000	23,789,000	3,939,000	20,702,000	4,322,000

Note.—A bale contains 400 lbs. of cleaned cotton

(a) Including Indian States within provincial boundaries

(b) Excluding Indian States for which the yield is roughly estimated at 1,000 bales

(c) Revised figure

